

Revised and Enlarged Edition of

PRIN V. S. APTE'S

THE PRACTICAL

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Vol. III - [य-ह and 6 Appendixes]

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Vyākaraṇa-chūdāmaṇi

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PRASAD PRAKASHAN, POONA

ग्रन्थ - प्रशस्तिः

— १ —

लोके विश्रुत ' आपटे ' - विरचितः प्राक् षष्ठिसंवत्सरात्
मान्यः " संस्कृत-शब्दकोश " इति यो जातोऽधुना दुर्लभः
सर्वेषां समवाप्तयेऽस्य च ' महत् कार्यं ' यदङ्गीकृतं
निर्व्यूढं ननु तत् ' प्रकाशन ' मिदं भूयान्मुदे वीमताम् ॥

— २ —

प्राचीनाधुनिक प्रबुद्धलिखित-ग्रन्थान् समीक्ष्य श्रुतान्
आङ्ग्लायैः सह ' नूतनशब्दनिचयं ' सगृह्य सारस्वतात् ।
उत्कृष्टानि बहूनि चावतरणान्युद्धृत्य संपूरितं
' कोषो 'ऽयं च ' परिष्कृतो नवमवो ' विद्वद्वरैर्निर्मितः ॥

— ३ —

नैकार्थान्वित- ' नव्यशब्द-भरणे ' कार्यं पुनर्मुद्रणे
प्रारम्भ्याविरतोद्यमेन च बुधैर्ग्रन्थस्य संपादने ।
आलोच्याखिल- ' मूलकोश ' मनिशं सशोध्य विस्तारितः
ससिद्धः ' परिशिष्टषट्क ' सहितः ' कोष ' खिखण्डात्मकः ॥

PUBLISHER'S NOTE

With this, is being published the third and last volume of Principal Waman Shivaram Apte's Sanskrit-English Dictionary-Revised and enlarged-edited by Dr P K Gode, Curator, Bhandarkar Research Institute, and Shri C G Karve, Lexicographer, with the assistance and collaboration of other scholars. For the co-operation given by other scholars, the editors have already offered their thanks in which I join whole-heartedly.

Though not versed in Sanskrit, still I desire keenly to study the language even at the age of 58, out of a deep-rooted liking, although it has not been possible for me to do so so far due to my business activities. In early boyhood my elder brother taught me some Sanskrit verses. Due to his premature death, not only the further studies in Sanskrit, but all my school-education came to an abrupt end. But the few verses I had studied then, kept me attracted to the everlasting charm and glory of the language, and on account of that attraction I was tempted to undertake the publication of this Dictionary, involving sustained labour, strenuous scholarly work and a heavy financial burden.

In life I advocate the Joint Family System and admire Co-operation in work, without personal pride. I may record here with gratification that none of those concerned with the bringing out of this Edition, acted in a mercenary manner. All of us worked with great zeal for a common purpose, as members of one family in complete harmony.

It would be a futile attempt to describe and I find no adequate words to describe the co-operation I received from the Editors - Dr P. K. Gode and Shri C G Karve. With a sense of appreciation of the financial needs for such a gigantic scheme, many persons have kept amounts in deposit with me and with

their timely material co-operation, I could provide for the necessary funds.

The owners of the Pratibha Printing Press, Messrs Joshi and Lokhande, their assistants, Madhu and Dinkar Lokhande, manager Shri Kale, Head compositors Shri Omale, Vaze, Purohit and Shankarrao Acharya spared no pains and gave no room for complaint, while the work was through the Press for an inordinately long period.

The most arduous job of reading and correcting the proofs was very efficiently carried out, as would be evident from the work, by (1) Shri Mahajan, Proprietor, Jai Hind Press, (2) Prof R N Gadre, M A, LL B, (3) Shri G K Deshmukh, M A, LL B, B T, (4) Shri M P Apte B A, (5) Shri G R Matapurkar, B A, (6) My nephew Shri G K Ketkar, B Sc, Kāvya-tīrtha and (7) Shri Narayan Shastri Abhyankar who worked tirelessly out of their devotion to the Sanskrit language.

From the start to the finish, every one concerned acted with a spirit of co-operation for the achievement of this common purpose. Not only this but my colleagues in other activities of the Prasad Prakashan like Prin S V Dandekar, Shri S A Joglekar and Shri P M Shintre were very helpful to me in the completion of this work.

I am a staunch believer and to me the success in the undertaking is a gift from God. With His grace, I hope to be able to undertake many more such publications in future on behalf of the Prasad Prakashan.

Prasad Prakashan, }
Poonn

Y. G. Joshi.

A Supplementary List of Abbreviations

| I | |
|----------------|--|
| Abh Chun | Abhidhāna-Chintāmaṇi-Kośa |
| At Ār | Āitareya Āraṇyaka |
| At Up | Āitareya Upaniṣad |
| Aman Up | Amanasopaniṣad |
| AVP | Atharva Veda Prātisākhya |
| Buddh | Buddhist literature |
| Chola - Champū | Edited by Dr Raghavan |
| CP | Copper - plates |
| Dharmābhyudaya | |
| Mahākāvya | Edited by Dr Raghavan |
| Dhyān Up | Dhyānabindūpaniṣad |
| EI, Ep Ind | Epigraphia Indica |
| GI | Gupta Inscriptions by Fleet |
| IB | Inscriptions of Bengal, Vol III by N G Mujumdar |
| Insci | Inscriptions |
| Jag | Jagannātha Pandit |
| K R | Kavi-Rahasya |
| Lm | Laghu - mañjūsā |
| Mahānār Up | Mahānārāyaṇopaniṣad |
| Naigh | Naighantuka by Yāska |
| Nigh Ratn | Nighanta - Ratnākara |
| Nrī P Up | Nṛisimhapūrvatāpinyupaniṣad |
| Parī Śekh, Pbh | Paribhāṣenduśekhara |
| Pb | Paribhāṣā |
| Pradīp | Mahābhāṣya-Pradīp (Kaiyata) |
| Pś | Paṇiniya Śikṣā |
| PS | Paṇiniya Sūtra |
| Pur Pv | Purusottama - Paribhāṣāvr̥tta |
| Rs | R̥tusamhāra |
| Śāhendra | Śāhendravilāsa, edited by Dr Raghavan |

| | |
|-------------------|--|
| Śālihotra | Śālihotra of Bhoja, edited by Dr E D Kulkarni |
| Śānti | Śāntisātaṭaka |
| Śārang S | Śārangdhara Samhitā |
| SB on MS | Śābarabhāṣya on Mīmāṃsā Sūtras |
| Śik s | Śikṣā - Sangraha |
| Sinhās | Sinhāsana - dvātr̥ṃśikā |
| Sir Pv | Sirdeva's Paribhāṣāvr̥tta |
| Svapna | Svapnavāsavadatta |
| Ss | Srauta - sūtra |
| Taitt Sam | Taittirīya Samhitā |
| Tp | Taittirīya Prātisākhya |
| Un | Uṇādisūtras (N B New refer- ences from the letter ॡ in this edition are taken from the work edited by T R. Chintamani, University of Madras Publication, 1933) |
| Vai Bhū (वै भू) | Vaiyākaranabhūsanasāra |
| Vbh | Vaidikābharana (a commentary on वै० प्रातिशाख्य) |
| Vp | Vājasaneyī Prātisākhya |
| II | |
| Circ | Circa, about (with dates) |
| Com ,com | Commentary |
| Geom | Geometry |
| cl | Class |
| Ref | Refer, Reference |
| Scil | Scilicet, that is to say |

P R E F A C E

1 We feel a great relief and satisfaction at the completion of the enormous task, undertaken by us some six years ago, of bringing out the revised edition of Prin Apte's Sanskrit-English Dictionary. The urgent necessity of revising this Dictionary has been mentioned in the Preface to the first volume of the edition. We indicate below only the procedure followed by us in bringing out this edition.

2 When the Prasad Prakashan management finally decided to undertake the publication of the Revised and Enlarged Edition of Prin Apte's Sanskrit-English Dictionary, we were entrusted with the work of editing it, at the end of the year 1952. Accordingly, we issued the following appeal and sent it to some fifty renowned scholars—

“Dear Sir,

The Prasad Prakashan Samstha of Poona has undertaken the publication of a revised edition of Prin V S Apte's Sanskrit-English Dictionary, which is now out of print. The Publishers have entrusted to us the editing of this publication. We expect to complete the press-copy of this work in about six months.

As the Deccan College Research Institute has already been engaged in the stupendous work of preparing a Sanskrit Dictionary on historical principles, which will take many years for its completion, we have confined our revision plan to the inclusion of some new words and some new meanings of words, not recorded in Prin Apte's edition. Our object in bringing out the revised edition of the Dictionary is to cater mainly to the needs of the school and college students.

With a view to facilitating our work we are approaching many Sanskrit scholars to provide us with lists of new Sanskrit words which they may have come across during the course of their study. We want in particular new words which are not already recorded by Prin Apte in his edition, as also new meanings of old words in Prin Apte's dictionary.

We have now to request you earnestly to co-operate with us in the way indicated above and let us know very early the names of the books from which you can supply us new words or new meanings of words, for being added to the proposed revised edition. On getting these names we shall be in a position to draw up a consolidated list of works from which new matter can be added to the Dictionary. The names of works from which you are to supply us new matter will be finally communicated to you to enable you to start your work of preparing the required list. This arrangement will prevent duplication of work.

The publishers are willing to pay some honorarium to each scholar, collaborating with us in the above work, as a token of their gratitude.

As the work of preparing the press copy of the Dictionary has to be completed within six months, we require the lists of new words etc. from our collaborators on or before 1st April 1953.

We shall feel much obliged if you kindly express your willingness to collaborate with us to proceed further in this matter.

Thanking you in anticipation,
Yours Sincerely

P. K. Gode

C. G. Karve”

We are glad to note that there was a satisfactory response to this appeal from some scholars. Although a few of them could not fulfil their assurance given to us willingly, on account of their unforeseen difficulties, more than a dozen scholars promptly sent their quota as agreed to.

The names of these contributors and the nature of their contributions will be clear from the following statement.

[1] Shri C. G. Karve

- (a) भाट्टिकाव्यम्, cantos I-IV
- (b) धनुर्वेदसंहिता
- (c) अलङ्कारशेखर of काव्यमिश्र

- (d) बिल्हणचरितम्
- (e) भारतमञ्जरी of क्षेमेन्द्र
- (f) New words and quotations from epics

[2] Dr V G Rahurkar

- (a) मातङ्गलीला of नीलकण्ठ
- (b) मानसार (A work on Architecture)
- (c) लीलावती
- (d) भट्टिकाव्यम्, cantos V-XXII
- (e) शालिहोत्र of भोज
- (f) अर्थशास्त्र of कौटिल्य
- (g) एकार्थनाममाला of सौभरि
- (h) नानार्थमञ्जरी of राघव
- (i) Words from मञ्जूषा, ed by क्षितीशचन्द्र चतर्जी

[3] Dr G V Devasthali

Words from the शाबरभाष्य

[4] Prof Dinesh Chandra Bhattacharya

- (a) शब्दरूपद्रुम
- (b) धातुवृत्ति (मनोरमा) by रमानाथ
- (c) अनेकार्थसंग्रह of हेमचन्द्र
- (d) शब्दमुक्तामहारण्य by रघुमणि विद्याभूषण

[5] Dr A D Pusalkar - Select words from the following sources—

- (a) Gupta Inscriptions by Fleet
- (b) Epigraphia Indica
- (c) Copper-plates
- (d) Inscriptions of Bengal, Vol III, by Mujumdar
- (e) Kautilya Arthashastra
- (f) Rajatarangini
- (g) Taittiriya Samhita

[6] Prof N. A Gore

- (a) सूक्तिमुन्दर
- (b) चोलचम्पू ed by Dr Raghavan
- (c) शाहेन्द्रविलास „ „ „
- (d) धर्माभ्युदयमहाकाव्य „ „ „

[7] Dr M. Y. Apte - His articles on names of persons in सहास्रनाम and Annals (B O R I)

[8] Prof Bhabatosh Bhattacharya

- (a) दण्डविषय
- (b) दानसागर
- (c) राजधर्मकौस्तुभ

[9] Prof S D Joshi - Grammatical Concordance

[10] Dr G B Palsule

- (a) पाणिनि (वार्तिक and काशिका), a few peculiar words
- (b) महाभारत, a few words

[11] Prof. Y. R Agashe

- (1) भासनाटकचक्रम्
 - (a) स्वप्नवासवदत्तम्
 - (b) प्रतिमा
 - (c) प्रतिज्ञायौगन्धरायणम्
 - (d) मध्यमव्यायोग
 - (e) चारुदत्तम्
 - (f) पञ्चरात्रम्
 - (g) अभिषेकनाटकम्
 - (h) अविमारकम्
 - (i) दूतवाक्यम्
 - (j) कर्णभारम्
 - (k) बालचरितम्

- (2) शिवभारतम् of परमानन्द
- (3) पर्णालपर्वतग्रहणाख्यानम् of जयराम
- (4) युवराजकविकृत रामचरितम्
- (5) बुद्धचरितम् of अश्वघोष
- (6) नागानन्दम् of श्रीहर्ष

[12] Shri V M. Bedekar - साङ्ख्यकारिका

[13] Prof M D Sathe - पातञ्जलयोगदर्शन

[14] Prof R N Gadre - Nyāya Glossary

[15] Shri D G Padhye - Many lists and notes on metres, grammatical terms &c

Besides the above collaborators, Dr K C Chatterji (Calcutta), Prof C H Chakravarti (Calcutta), Prof Bhabatosh Bhattacharya (Bhatpara), Prof K V Abhyankar and Prof M D Sathe of Poona, and many others have made useful suggestions for this work and helped us in many other ways. We are really very grateful to all these friends.

3 We have to do here the painful duty of recording the sad demise of our learned friend Prof D C. Bhattacharya (Calcutta). He supplied to us more than one thousand words from the sources noted above and we are very sorry that he passed away before seeing the second volume out.

4 For reference purposes, we were in need of almost all works on Sanskrit literature made use of by Prin Apte, and many other works for use in connection with the additions made by us to the original edition. We have to express our heart-felt thanks to the following gentlemen for lending books from their libraries

- (1) Shri S A Joglekar, Advocate, Poona
- (2) Shri D S Joglekar, Secretary, Saraswati Mandir Society, Poona
- (3) Dr M P Joshi, Medical Practitioner, Poona
- (4) Dr V G Rahurkar, Sub Editor, Dictionary Dept Deccan College, Poona
- (5) Shri D G Padhye, Sanskrit Pandit, Bombay
- (6) Shri K N Ketkar, Advocate, Nasik
- (7) Shri K V Karve, Retired Engineer, Bangalore
- (8) Prof N. A. Gore, Librarian, Asiatic Society, Bombay
- (9) Dr P K Gode, Curator, Bhandarkar Oriental Research Institute, Poona
- (10) Shri O G. Karve, Poona.

5 It is our very pleasant duty to acknowledge the help of Dictionaries of this type, published previously and especially of the following works—

As Prin Apte had made ample use of the Sanskrit-English Dictionary of Professor Monier Williams and had gratefully acknowledged its debt in the Preface (given fully in the first volume of this edition), we also are duty-bound to do the same for the same reason. We have frequently adopted additional shades of classical meanings and compound words from Prof M Williams' new edition of 1951.

The गीर्वाणलघुकोश (Sanskrit-Marathi Dictionary) of the late Janardan Vinayak Oka, published in 1911, gives sources of ample new quotations from texts like Upanishads, Rāmāyaṇa, Mahābhārata, Bhāgavata, Sukranīti, Stotras &c, from which we could happily and easily give innumerable quotations. Botanical terms and their Marathi equivalents from this lexicon have enriched our edition to some extent.

From the list of abbreviations given in the first and the last volume, it may be seen that quite new books like Vocabularies of Saubhari and Rāghava, शिवभारत,

पणालर्पितग्रहणाख्यान, विश्वगुणादर्शचम्पू, शाहेन्द्रविलास, शालिहोत्र, &c have been used for selecting words.

6 We are also very grateful to the authorities of the Union High School, Bombay, for giving every kind of facility to Shri D G Padhye, the Sanskrit Teacher of the school and for allowing him to make a free use of the school library, for our editorial work.

Prof H D Velankar, Joint Director of the Bharatiya Vidya Bhavan, Bombay, allowed us to use his book 'Jayadāman', a classified list of Sanskrit metres for our Appendix A. For the Appendixes B and C we have made ample use of 'the History of Sanskrit Literature' (Vol I) of De and Dasgupta, and the Geographical Dictionary of Nundolal Dey, respectively. We have to express our indebtedness to all these authors.

7 When the preliminary arrangements for the printing of this edition were complete and the editorial work on the original manuscript of Prin Apte's Dictionary had advanced, the management of the Prasad Prakashan requested Dr Harekrushna Mahtab, the then Governor of Bombay, to visit our Dictionary Department and formally give his blessings to the printing of this edition. The Governor was very kind to do so on the 27th December 1955, when the first printed sample form was kept ready. This sample form was then despatched to some scholars for inspection and suggestions and we are glad to note that we received many valuable suggestions and remarks from them.

8 In such lexicographic printing, proof-correction plays an important part. Reference works like scholar dictionaries should have no faults of any kind. Hence expert proof-correctors were sought after by us, as there are very few persons well-trained in this job. But we were fortunate enough to get for this work even Sanskrit scholars like Prof K V Abhyankar and Prof M D Sathe for the first volume and Prof R N Gadre, Shri G K Deshmukh (ex-superintendent, Phaltan High School) and Shri M P Apte, a retired Government officer, for the rest. Shri Mahajan, a press-owner having insight in the printing line had for sometime helped us in proof-correcting, but owing to his sudden and grave illness we had to lose his willing cooperation. However, in spite of all such possible care, some mistakes have crept in for which the editors are very sorry.

9 Even though the press-matter was ready, its printing took a long time and the first volume covering 631 pages was not out till the beginning of August 1957. The 9th of August was the 65th anniversary day of Prin V S. Apte and on this memorable date, Dr R P Paranjapye, Vice-Chancellor of the University of Poona and himself a student of Prin Apte in the Fergusson College, announced the publication of this volume at a ceremonial meeting, held for this purpose. The second volume (up to page 1296) was formally published on the 29th June 1958, when Dr S M Katre, Director and Editor, Sanskrit Dictionary Department, Deccan College, Poona, kindly presided over the function. The third and the last volume took about 10 months thereafter, as it incorporated some Appendixes covering over hundred pages.

10 We feel satisfaction at some appreciative remarks on the volumes so far out, from savants in India and abroad, a few of which are given below

(1) Dr Imanuël Olsvanger of Jerusalem—

“ It is a splendid publication indeed, and I can see from a few words which I looked up, how much scholarly skill has been applied to this dictionary, far exceeding the original production of the late Apte ”

(2) Prof Bhabatosh Bhattacharya (Bhatpara)—

“ Though Prin Apte completed in the short span of his life, the preparation and publication of this and other works, yet he is fortunate enough to leave behind him such a devoted and persevering group of scholars as Dr Gode and Shri Karve, who have not only perpetuated his name but also added lustre to its glory by making this lexicon upto-date and more useful to Sanskrit scholars all over the world ”

(3) Dr V S Agravala of the Banaras University—

“ It is a magnificent production not only resuscitating Apte's Magnum Opus, but also recording

through words, the progress of Sanskrit studies during this long interval ”

Only after the publication of this last volume, scholars can form a just opinion about this revised edition. We have done our duty and it is now left to them to accept it in whatever manner it appeals to them.

11 The Honourable Chief Ministers of Bombay State—Shri Morarji Desai and his present successor, Shri Yeshwantrao Chavan—and the then Director of Education—Shri S S Bhandarkar had been very kind to visit our Dictionary Department at our request and the Government of Bombay have been pleased to accord a grant of Rs 5000 towards the publication of this edition. So also the Universities of Poona and Banaras were pleased to sanction publication-grants of Rs. 2000 and Rs 1000 respectively. Some other Universities expressed their inability to help the work but showed their willingness to buy a few copies afterwards. We are very grateful to all these great friends and institutions.

12 We cannot close this Preface without expressing our gratefulness to all the members of our Assisting Board of Editors for their willing and enthusiastic co-operation in this work.

13 In conclusion, we have to record here our great appreciation of the spirit of public service displayed by our publisher, Shri Y G Joshi, in shouldering the entire financial burden of organising, preparing and publishing this edition, in spite of the risk involved in this work. We are personally grateful to him for all the courtesy and kindness showed to us throughout our protracted labour of six years on this edition.

P. K Gode,
C. G. Karve.
Chief Editors—

य

यः 1 One who goes or moves, a goer, mover -2 A carriage -3 Wind, air -4 Union -5 Fame -6 Barley -7 Restraint -8 Light -9 Abandoning -10 One of the eight syllabic feet (गण) consisting of one short syllable followed by two long ones -11 N. of Yama -या 1 Gong -2 A carriage -3 Restraining -4 Religious meditation (ध्यान) -5 Obtaining -6 An epithet of Laksmī -7 Pudendum mulhebre

यकन् *n* The liver. (This word has no forms for the first five inflections, and is optionally substituted for यकृत् after acc dual)

यकृत् *n*. [य यसम करोति कृ किप् तुक् च Tv] The liver or any affection of it, सिन्धवो गुदा यकृच्च क्लेमानश्च पर्वता Bri Up 1 1 1, Mv 3 32 -Comp -आत्मिका a kind of cockroach -उदरम् enlargement of the liver -कोषः the membrane enveloping the liver -वैरिन् *m*. N of a plant (Mar रकरोहिडा)

यक्ष I 10 Ā (यक्षयते) To honour, worship, adore, रक्षाम इति तत्रान्यैर्यक्षाम इति चापरै Ram 7.4 12 -II 1 P (यक्षति) To stir, move

यक्षः [यक्षयते, यक्ष-कर्मणि घञ्] 1 N of a class of demigods who are described as attendants of Kubera, the god of riches, and employed in guarding his gardens and treasures, यक्षोत्तमा यक्षपतिं घनेश रक्षन्ति वै प्रासगदादिहस्ता Hariv, Me 68, Bg 10 23, 11 22 -2 A kind of ghost or spirit, तत्र व्यजानन्त किमिदं यक्षमिति Ken 3 2. -3 N of the palace of Indra -4 N of Kubera -5 Worship -6 A dog -क्षम् 1 A ghost -2 Sacrifice -3 Anything honoured -क्षी 1 A female Yakṣa -2 N of Kubera's wife -3 The Yakṣa class, अल्पवीर्या यदा यक्षी भ्रूयते मुनिपुंगव Ram 1 25 2 -Comp. -अधिपः, -अधिपतिः, -इन्द्रः Kubera, the lord of Yakṣas -आमलकम् the fruit of the पिण्डखजूर tree -आवासः the fig-tree -कर्मः an ointment consisting of camphor, agallochum, musk and Kakkola (according to others, also sandal and saffron) mixed in equal proportions, यक्षकर्ममृदून्मृदिताङ्ग सिधितुरुच्चकुचास्तम् N 21 7, (कर्पूरागुरु-कस्तुरीकक्षौलेर्यक्षकर्म Ak, कुङ्कुमागुरुकस्तूरी कर्पूरं चन्दनं तथा । महासुगन्धमित्युक्तं नामतो यक्षकर्म ॥) -ग्रहः the being possessed by Yakṣas or evil spirits, a kind of insanity -तरुः the fig-tree -धूपः resin, incense -बलिः a particular nuptial ceremony -रसः a kind of intoxicating drink -राज् *m* 1 N of Kubera, प्रतिस्मिन् विचिक्रीडि यक्षीभिर्यक्षराडि Bhaḡ 10 90 9 -2 a place prepared for wrestling and boxing -राजः N of Kubera -रात्रिः *f* the festival called Dipāh, q v -वित्तः one who is like a Yakṣa, *e* the guardian of wealth, but who never uses it, तस्यैवं यक्षवित्तस्य च्युतस्योभयलोक्त Bhaḡ. 11. 23 9

स इ. को. १६३

यक्षिन् *a* Ved 1 Living, existing. -2 Adorable, fit to be honoured

यक्षिणी 1 A female Yakṣa -2 N of the wife of Kubera -3 A certain female fiend in the service of Durgā -4 A sylph or fairy (holding intercourse with mortals)

यक्ष्मः, -यक्ष्मन् *m* [यक्ष्-मनिन्] Pulmonary disease in general, वेगरोधात् क्षयाच्चैव साहसाद् विषमश्विनात् । त्रिदोषो जायते यक्ष्मा गदो हेतुचतुष्टयात् ॥ Charaka -Comp -ग्रहः an attack of consumption. -ग्रस्त *a* consumptive -ग्री grapes

यक्ष्मन् *a* One who is affected by or suffers from consumption, यक्ष्मी च पशुपालश्च परिवेत्ता निराकृति Ms 3 154, Mb 13 90 6

यङ् A term for the sign of the Frequentative -Comp -अन्तम् *a* term for the Ātm frequentative, *e* g बोभूयते from भू. -लुक् the omission of यङ् : *e* the Paras frequentative, *e* g. बोभवीति from भू

यज् 1 U (यजति-ते, इयाज, ईजे, अयाक्षीत्-अयष्ट, यक्षयति-ते, यष्टुम्, इष्ट, pass इज्यते, desid यियक्षति-ते) 1 To sacrifice, worship with sacrifices (often with instr of words meaning 'a sacrifice'), यजेत राजा क्रतुभि Ms 7 79, 5 53, 6 36, 11 40, Bk 14 90, so अश्वमेधेनेजे, पाक्यज्ञेनेजे &c -2 To make an oblation to (with acc of the deity and instr of the means of sacrifice or oblation), पशुना रुद्र यजते Sk, यस्तिर्लैर्यजते पितृन् Mb, Ms 8 105, 11 119 -3 To worship, adore, honour, revere -4 To consecrate, dedicate -5 To give, bestow -Caus (याजयति-ते) 1 To cause to sacrifice -2 To assist at a sacrifice -3 To perform the office of the sacrificing priest, 'स वेदो याजयितुं ययौ Bm 1 42

यजः 1 A sacrifice -2 Fire See यजुस्

यजत *a* 1 Holy, divine -2 Adorable -3 Dignified, sublime -तः 1 An officiating priest (at a sacrifice) -2 An epithet of Śiva -3 The moon.

यजतिः 1 A technical name for those sacrificial ceremonies to which the verb यजति is applied, (see जुहोति for further information) -2 The act of offering something with reference to some deity, द्रव्यदत्ताक्रियार्थे यजतिशब्देन प्रत्यायनं क्रियते । SB on MS 4 2 27 -Comp -देशः, -स्थानम् a place south of the sacrificial altar

यजत्रः [यज्-अत्र] A Brahmana who maintains the sacred fire (अग्निहोत्रिन्) -त्रम् Maintenance of the sacred fire.

यजनम् [यज्-त्युट्] 1 The act of sacrificing -2 A sacrifice, देवयजनसम्भवे देवि सीते U 4 -3 A place of sacrifice, उत्पत्तिर्देवयजनाद् ब्रह्मवादी नृप पिता ।

यजमान *a* [यज्-शानच्] Sacrificing, worshipping -**नः** 1 A person who performs a regular sacrifice and pays its expenses, जगाम यज्वा यजमानलोकम् R 18 12, ततः प्रविशति कुशानादाय यजमानशिष्यः S -2 A person who employs a priest or priests to sacrifice for him -3 (Hence) A host, patron, rich man -4 The head of a family -5 The head of a tribe -**Comp** -**शिष्यः** the pupil of a sacrificing Brāhmaṇa (of one who himself performs a sacrifice), S 4

यजमानकः = यजमान

यजस् *n* Ved 1 Worship, इन्द्राग्नी यजसा गिरा Rv 8 40. 4 -2 A sacrifice

यजाक *a* 1 Liberal -2 Worshipping

यजिः [यज्-इच्] 1 A sacrificer -2 The act of sacrificing -3 A sacrifice, दानमध्ययन यजि Ms 10 79

यजिन् *a* 1 A worshipper, sacrificer -2 Honouring, adoring

यजुस् *n* [यज्-उसि] 1 A sacrificial prayer or formula, ता कामयाना भगवानुवाह यजुषा पति Bhag 4 1 6 -2 A text of the Yajurveda, or the body of sacred *mantras* in prose muttered at sacrifices, वृत्तगीतिवर्जितत्वेन प्रलिख्यपठिता मन्त्रा यजुषि Sayana, of मन्त्र -3 *N* of the Yajurveda -4 Ved Worship, oblation -**Comp** -**उदरः** Ved an epithet of Brāhmaṇa -**पतिः** *N* of Visnu -**विद्** *a* knowing the sacrificial formulæ -**वेदः** the second of the three (or four, including the Atharvaveda) principal Vedas, which is a collection of sacred texts in prose relating to sacrifices, it has two chief branches or recensions — the तैत्तिरीय or कृष्ण-यजुर्वेद and वाजसनेयी or शुक्लयजुर्वेद

यज्ञः [यज्-भावे न] 1 A sacrifice, sacrificial rite, any offering or oblation, यज्ञेन यज्ञमयजन्त देवा, तस्माद्यज्ञात् सर्वहुत &c, यज्ञाद् भवति पजन्यो यज्ञ कर्मसमुद्भव Bg 3 14 -2 An act of worship, any pious or devotional act (Every householder, but particularly a Brāhmaṇa, has to perform five such devotional acts every day, their names are — भूतयज्ञ, मनुष्ययज्ञ, पितृयज्ञ, देवयज्ञ, and ब्रह्मयज्ञ, which are collectively called the five 'great sacrifices', see महायज्ञ, and the five words separately.) -3 *N* of Agni -4 Of Visnu, ऋषयो ये पराभाव्य यज्ञघ्नान् यज्ञमीजिरे Bhag 2 22 30 -**Comp** -**अंशः** a share of sacrifice -**भुज्** *m* **भुजः** a god, निबोध यज्ञाशुजासिदानीम् Ku 3 14 -**अ** (आ) **गार्ग्य** *m* a sacrificial hall -**अङ्गम्** 1 a part of a sacrifice -2 a sacrificial requisite, a means of a sacrifice, यज्ञाङ्गयोगान् यज्ञस्य Ku 1 17. (-**गः**) 1 the glomerous figtree (यजुर्वेद) -2 the Khadira tree -3 *N* of Visnu -4 the black-spotted antelope -**अन्तः** 1 the completion of a sacrifice -2 an ablation at the end

of a sacrifice for purification -3 a supplementary sacrifice -**कृत्** *m* *N* of Visnu -**अरिः** an epithet of Śiva -**अर्ह** *a* 1 deserving sacrifice -2 fit for a sacrifice (-*m* dual) an epithet of the Aśvins -**अवयवः** *N* of Visnu -**अशानः** a god -**आत्मन्** *m* -**ईश्वरः** *N* of Visnu -**आयुधम्** an implement of a sacrifice These are said to be ten in number, स्फ्यश्च कपालानि च अग्निहोत्रहवणी च शूर्पं च कृष्णाजिनं च शम्या चोदुखलं च मुसलं च दृषच्चोपल एतानि वै दश यज्ञायुधानीति (quoted in SB on MS 4 7) -**ईशः** 1 *N* of Visnu -2 of the sun -**इष्टम्** a kind of grass (दीर्घरोहितवृत्) -**उपकरणम्** any utensil or implement necessary for a sacrifice -**उपवीतम्** the sacred thread worn by members of the first three classes (and now even of other lower castes) over the left shoulder and under the right arm, see Ms 2. 63, वामासावलम्बिना यज्ञोपवीतनोद्भासमान K, कौश सूत्र त्रिजिवृत यज्ञोपवीतम् Bandhāyana, (originally यज्ञोपवीत was the ceremony of investiture with the sacred thread) -**उपासक** *a* performing sacrifices -**कर्मन्** *a*. engaged in a sacrifice (-*n*) a sacrificial rite -**कल्प** *a*. of the nature of a sacrifice or sacrificial offering -**कालः** the last lunar day of every fortnight (full-moon and new-moon) -**कालिकः** a post to which the sacrificial victim is fastened -**कुण्डम्** a hole in the ground made for receiving the sacrificial fire -**कृत्** *a* performing a sacrifice (-*m*) 1 *N* of Visnu -2 a priest conducting a sacrifice -**कृतुः** 1 a sacrificial rite, At Br 7 15 -2 a complete rite or chief ceremony -3 an epithet of Visnu, ईजे च भगवन्त यज्ञकृत्वरूपम् Bhag 5 7 5 -**क्रिया** a sacrificial rite -**गम्य** *a* accessible by sacrifice (Visnu) -**गुह्य** *N* of Kṛiṣṇa -**घ्नः** a demon who interrupts a sacrifice -**त्राट्** *m* *N* of Visnu -**दक्षिणा** a sacrificial gift, the fee given to the priests who perform a sacrifice -**दीक्षा** 1 admission or initiation to a sacrificial rite -2 performance of a sacrifice, (जननम्) तृतीय यज्ञदीक्षाया द्विजस्य भुक्तिचोदनात् Ms 2 169 -**द्रव्यम्** anything (e g a vessel) used for a sacrifice -**दुह** *m* an evil spirit, a demon -**धीर** *a* conversant with worship or sacrifice -**पतिः** 1 one who institutes a sacrifice. See यजमान -2 *N* of Visnu -**पत्नी** the wife of the institutor of a sacrifice -**पशुः** 1 an animal for sacrifice, a sacrificial victim -2 a horse -**पात्रम्**, -**भाण्डम्** a sacrificial vessel -**पुंस्**, -**पुमान्** *m* *N* of Visnu -**पुरुषः**, -**फलदः** epithets of Visnu -**बाहुः** *N* of Agni -**भागः** 1 a portion of a sacrifice, a share in the sacrificial offerings -2 a god, deity -**ईश्वर** *N* of Indra -**भुज्** *m* a god, deity -**भावनः** *N* of Visnu -**भावित** *a* honoured with sacrifice, इष्टान् भोगान् हि वो देवा दास्यन्ते यज्ञभाविता Bg 3 12 -**भुज्** *m* a god -**भूमिः** *f* a place for sacrifice, a sacrificial ground -**भूषणः** white *darbha* grass. -**भृत्** *m* an epithet of Visnu -**भोक्तृ** *m* an epithet of Visnu or Kṛiṣṇa -**महोत्सवः** a great sacrificial ceremony -**योगः** the Udumbara tree -**रसः**, -**रेतस्** *n*.

Soma -वराहः Visnu in his boar incarnation -वाह्निः, -ह्नी f the Soma plant -वाटः a place prepared and enclosed for a sacrifice -वाह् a conducting a sacrifice -वाहनः 1 an epithet of Visnu -2 a Brahmana -3 N of Siva -वीर्यः N of Visnu -वृक्षः the fig-tree -वेदिः, -दी f the sacrificial altar -शरणम् a sacrificial shed or hall, a temporary structure under which a sacrifice is performed, M 5 -शाला a sacrificial hall -शिष्टम्, -शेषः -षम् the remains of a sacrifice, यज्ञशिष्टाग्निं सन्तो मुच्यन्ते सर्वकिल्बिषे Bg 3 13, यज्ञशेषं तथामृतम् Ms 3 285 -शील a zealously performing sacrifice, यद् धनं यज्ञशीलानां देवस्य तद् विदुर्बुधा Ms 11 20 -श्रेष्ठा the Soma plant -संस्तरः the act of setting up the sacrificial bricks, यज्ञ-संस्तरविद्विष्व Mb 1 70 42 -सदस् n a number of people at a sacrifice -संभारः materials necessary for a sacrifice -सारः an epithet of Visnu -सिद्धिः f the completion of a sacrifice -सूत्रम् see यज्ञोपवीत, अन्य कृष्णाजिन-मदाद् यज्ञसूत्रं तथापरं Rām 1 4 21 -सेनः an epithet of king Drupada -स्थाणुः a sacrificial post -हन् m, -हनः epithets of Siva -हुत् m a sacrificial priest

यज्ञायज्ञीयम् N of various Sāmāns, यज्ञायज्ञीयमङ्गेषु प्रोक्तम् Ch Up 2 19 1

यज्ञिकः The Palāśa tree

यज्ञिन् a Full of sacrifices -m N of Visnu

यज्ञिय a [यज्ञाय हित च] 1 Belonging to or fit for a sacrifice, sacrificial, अथर्ववेदप्रवरा पूगयज्ञियसामगा Mb 1 70 40 -2 Sacred, holy, divine -3 Adorable, worthy of worship -4 Devout, pious -यः 1 A god, deity -2 The third or Dvāpara age -3 The Udumbara tree -यम् Implements or materials for sacrifice (यज्ञसामग्री), यज्ञियं च कृतं सर्वं पुरुषैः सुसमाहितैः Rām. 1 13 37 -Comp -देशः the land of sacrifices, कृष्णसारस्तु चरति मृगो यत्र स्वभावतः । स ज्ञेयो यज्ञियो देशो म्लेच्छदेशस्ततः परः ॥ Ms 2 23 -शाला 1 a sacrificial hall -2 a temple

यज्ञीय a [यज्ञ-छ] Sacrificial, प्रशस्तेऽहनि यज्ञीये Mb 3 124 6 -यः The Udumbara tree -Comp -ब्रह्मपादपः the tree called विकङ्कत

यज्य a Fit to be worshipped, adorable -ज्या, -ज्यम् 1 Worshipping -2 A sacrifice

यज्यु a 1 Pious, devout -2 Worshipping, adoring, honouring -3 Sacrificing -ज्युः 1 A priest familiar with the Yajurveda (अध्वर्युः) -2 The institutor of a sacrifice (यजमान) -3 An adherent to the यजु शाखा

यज्वन् a (-यज्वरी f) [यज्-कनिप्] Sacrificing, worshipping, adoring &c -m 1 One who performs sacrifices in accordance with Vedic precepts, a performer of sacrifices, नीपान्वयं पार्थिव एष यज्वा R 6 46, 1 4, 3 39, 11 12, Ku 2 46, hence यज्वना पति, = The moon -2 N. of Viṣṇu

यत् 1 A (यतते, यतित) 1 To attempt, endeavour, strive, try (usually with inf or dat), सर्वं कल्ये बयसि यतते लब्धुमर्थान् कुटुम्बी V 3 1 -2 To strive after, be eager or anxious for, long for, या न ययौ प्रियमन्यवधुभ्यः सारतरा-गमना यतमानम् Śi 4 45, R 9 7 -3 To exert oneself, persevere, labour -4 To observe caution, be watchful, यततो ह्यपि कौन्तेय पुरुषस्य विपश्चित Bg 2 60 -5 Ved To excite, stir up, rouse -6 To join, associate with -7 To go, proceed. -Caus (यातयति-ते) To return, repay, requite, recompense, restore -2 To despise, censure -3 To encourage, animate -4 To torture, distress, annoy -5 To prepare, elaborate -6 Ved To join, unite -7 To cause to be returned or restored

यत् a Going, moving, स्थित च यच्च (ब्रह्मणो रूपे) Bri Up 2 3 1

यतनम् Exertion, effort

यतित p p Tried, attempted, endeavoured, striven after

यत्त a [यत्-क्त] 1 Exerting, watching -2 Taking pains or care -3 Prepared, ready, यत्ता भवतः सयुगे Rām 7 19 13, यत्तित्विजये यत्त स्यान्नि सङ्गोऽपरिग्रहः Bhāg 7 15 30 -4 Resolved -5 Cared for, attended to, यत्त स्तेनं शिष्टेन बहुशो दृष्टकर्मणा Mb 5 178 76

यत्नः [यत्-भावे नञ्] 1 An effort, exertion, attempt, endeavour, trial, यत्ने कृते यदि न सिध्यति कोऽत्र दोषः H Pr 31, Bh 2 5 -2 Diligence, assiduity, perseverance -3 Care, zeal, watchfulness, vigilance, महान् हि यत्नस्तव देवदारौ R 2 56, प्रतिपात्रमाधीयता यत्नः Ś 1 -4 Pains, trouble, labour, difficulty, शेषाङ्गनिर्माणविधौ विधातुर्लवण्य उत्पाद्य इवास यत्नः Ku 1 35, 7 66, R 7 14 (यत्नेन and with great effort, diligently, carefully यत्नतः carefully, zealously, sedulously, गुणवदगुणवद् वा कुर्वता कार्यमादौ परि-णतिरवधार्या यत्नतः पण्डितेन Bh 2 99 यत्नात् 1 with great effort -2 diligently, vigorously, zealously -3 in spite of every effort -4 necessarily) -Comp -आक्षेपः (in Rhet) an objection raised even though there be an attempt to stop it

यत्नवत् a With care, कोशदासेन यत्नवदत्युदारं स्नान-भोजनादिकमनुभाविताऽस्मि Dk 2 6

यत् p p [यम्-क्त] 1 Restrained, curbed, controlled, subdued, निराशीर्यतचित्तात्मा Bg 4 21 -2 Striving, diligent, तात्त्वानुसंचार्यं ततः कृतार्था, पतन्ति विप्रेषु यत्नेषु भूय Mb 12 301 111 -3 Limited, moderate, see यम्. -तम् The spurring of an elephant by means of the rider's feet, Mātanga L -Comp -आत्मन् a governing oneself, self-restrained, curbing the senses, (तस्मै) यत्तात्मने रोचयितुं यत्स्व Ku 3 16, 1 54 -आहार a moderate or temperate in eating, abstemious -इन्द्रिय a one who has restrained his senses or subdued his passions, pure, chaste -गिर a silent -चित्त, -मनस्, -मानस a subdued in mind -मैथुन a abstaining from

sexual intercourse -वाच् *a* restraining one's speech, observing silence, reticent, see वाग्यत -व्रत *a* 1 observing vows, इन्द्रोऽन्य सर्वदेवाना भवेदिति यतवत् Mb 1 31 13 -2 keeping to one's engagements or promised observances

यतम *a* (-मत् *n*) [यद्-उतमच्] Who or which of many

यतर *a* (-रत् *n*) [यद्-उतरच्] Who or which of two

यतस् *ind* [यद्-तसिच्] (often used merely for the abl of the relative pronoun यद्) 1 From whence (referring to persons or things), from what, from which place or quarter, यतस्त्वया ज्ञानमशेषमाप्तम् R 5 4 (यत = यस्मात् from whom), यतश्च भयमाशङ्कत् प्राची ता कल्पयेद् दिशम् Ms 7 189 -2 For which reason, wherefore, in consequence of which -3 As, since, for, because, उवाच चैन परमार्थतो हर न वेत्ति नून यत एवमात्थ माम् Ku 5 75, R 8 76, 13 61, oft with तत as correlative -4 From which time forward, ever since -5 That, so that, (यतस्तत means 1 from which place soever, from any quarter whatever -2 from any person whatever -3 anywhere soever, on all sides, in any direction, न विद्यमानेष्वर्थेषु नास्मिन्मपि यतस्तत Ms 4 15 यतो यत 1 from whatever place -2 from whomsoever, from any person whatever -3 wherever, in whatever direction, यतो यत षट्चरणोऽभिवर्तते S 1 23, यतो यतो निश्चरति मनश्चञ्चलमस्थिरम् Bg 6 26 यत प्रसृति from which time forward) -Comp. -भव *a* arising from which -मूल *a* originating in, or sprung from which

यति *pron a* [यद्-परिमाणेऽति] (declined only in pl, nom acc यति) As many, as often, how many

यतिः *f* [यम्-क्तिन्] 1 Restraint, check, control -2 Stopping, ceasing, rest -3 Guidance -4 A pause in music, स्थानत्रय यतीना च षडास्यानि रसा नव Pt 5 55 -5 (In prosody) A caesura, यतिजिह्वेष्टविश्रामस्थान कविभिरुच्यते। सा विच्छेदविरामाद्यै पदवर्ध्या निजेच्छया ॥ Chand M 1, अन्वयेना त्रयेण त्रिमुनियतियुता खगधरा कीर्तितयम्, यतिभङ्गप्रवृत्तस्य यतिभङ्गो न दोषभाक् Samkaradigvijaya -6 A widow -तिः *m* [यतते मोक्षाय यत्-इच्] 1 An ascetic, one who has renounced the world and controlled his passions, यथा दानं विना हस्ती तथा ज्ञानं विना यति Bv 1 119 -2 N of Viṣṇu -Comp -चान्द्रायणम् N of a particular kind of penance, अष्टावष्टौ समश्रीयात् पिण्डान् मध्यदिने स्थिते। नियतात्मा हविष्याशी यतिचान्द्रायणं चरन् ॥ Ms 11 218 -पात्रम् an ascetic bowl for collecting alms -मैथुनम् the unchaste life of ascetics

यतिन् *a* An ascetic

यतिनी *A* विधवा विश्वस्ता यतिनी यति Śabda-ratnāvalī

यत्, -यत्न See under यत्

यत्र *ind* [यद्-त्रच्] Where, in which place, whither, सैव सा (यौ) चलति यत्र हि चित्तम् N: 5 10 Ku 1 7, 10

-2 When, as in यत्र काले -3 Whereas, because, since, as (यत्र यत्र means 'wherever', यत्र यत्र धूमस्तत्र तत्र वह्नि T S, यत्र तत्र in whatever place, everywhere, यत्रकुत्र or यत्रक्वचन-कापि 1 wheresoever, in whatever place -2 whensoever, at whatever time -3 whenever, as often as -4 hither and thither) -Comp -कामम् *ind* wherever one pleases -कामावसाय the supernatural power (of yogins) for transporting one's self anywhere one likes -सायंगृह, -सायंप्रतिश्रय *a* taking up an abode wherever evening overtakes one

यत्रत्य *a* Of which place, dwelling in which place

यथा *ind* [यद् प्रकारे याच्] 1 Used by itself यथा has the following senses — (a) as, in the manner mentioned, यथाज्ञापयति महाराज 'as Your Majesty orders,' (b) namely, as follows, तद् यथानुश्रूयते Pt 1, U 2 4, (c) as, like (showing comparison, and used to express the point of similarity), आसीदिय दशरथस्य गृहे यथा श्री U 4 6, Ku 4 34, प्रभावप्रभव कान्त स्वाधीनपतिका यथा (न सुञ्चति) K P 10, (d) as, as for example, for instance, यत्र यत्र धूमस्तत्र तत्र वह्निर्यथा महानसे T S, कुर्यु कृत्यमकृत्य वा उष्ट्रे काकादयो यथा Pt 1 288, (e) that (used to introduce direct assertions with or without इति at the end), अकथितोऽपि ज्ञायत एव यथायमाभोगस्तपोवनस्येति S 1, विदित खलु ते यथा स्मर क्षणमप्युत्सहते न मा विना Ku 4 36, (f) so that, in order that, दर्शय त चौरसिंह यथा व्यापादयामि Pt 1 -2 Used correlatively with तथा, यथा has the following senses — (a) as, so (in which case एवम् and तद्वत् often take the place of तथा), यथा वृक्षस्तथा फलम् or यथा बीज तथाष्टकुर, Bg 11 29, in this case एव is frequently added to either यथा or तथा or to both to make the equality of relation more marked or striking, वधूचतुष्केऽपि यथैव शान्ता प्रिया तनूजास्य तथैव सीता U 4 16, न तथा बाधते स्कन्धो (or शीतम्) यथा बाधते बाधते, (as much-as, as-as), Ku 6 70, U 2 4, V 4 33 In this sense तथा is often omitted, in which case यथा has sense (c) in 1 above (b) so-that, तथा standing for 'so', and यथा for 'that', यथा बन्धुजनशोच्या न भवति तथा निर्वाह्य S 3, तथा प्रयतेथा यथा नोपहस्यसे जनै K 109, तस्मान्मुच्ये यथा तात सविवातु तथार्हसि R 1 72, 3 66, 14 66, 15 68 (c) since-therefore, as (because)-so, यथा इतोसुखागतैरपि कलरुल श्रुनस्तथा तर्कयामि &c Mā 1 8, sometimes तथा is omitted, मन्द मन्द नुदति पवनश्चानुकूले यथा त्वा सेविष्यन्ते भवन्त बलाका Me 9 (d) if-then, as surely as-so surely (a strong form of assertion or adjuration), वाङ्मन कर्मणि पत्यौ व्यभिचारो यथा न मे। तथा विश्वभरे देवि मामन्तर्धातुमर्हसि R 15 81, यथा यथा-तथा तथा the more-the more, the less the less, यथा यथा भाषसि धर्मसमित तथा तथा मे त्वयि भक्तिरुत्तमा Mb, S: 17 43, यथा यथा यौवनमतिचक्राम तथा तथावर्धतास्य सताप K 59; Ms 8 286, 12 73, यथा तथा in any manner, in whatever way, यथा तथा यापयंस्तु सा ह्यस्य कृतकृत्यता Ms 4 17, यथैव just as, यथा तथा as much 'as, यथा तथा भवतु whatever

may be the case, यथा कथञ्चित् anyhow, somehow or other *N B* As the first member of *Avyayibhāva* comp यथा is usually translated by 'according to, according as, in accordance with, in conformity to, in proportion to, not exceeding', see compounds below
-Comp -अंशम् -अंशतस् *ind* in due proportions, proportionately -अधिकारम् *ind* according to authority -अधीत *a* as read or studied, conformable to the text (-तम्) *ind* according to the text -अनुपूर्वम्, -अनुपूर्वम्, -अनुपूर्वम् *ind* in regular order or succession, successively -अनुभूतम् *ind* 1 according to experience -2 by previous experience -अनुरूपम् *ind* in exact conformity, properly -अनूक्तम् *ind* as said or told, मया यथानूक्तमवादि ते हरे कृतावतारस्य सुमित्र चेष्टितम् Bhāg 3 19 32 -अभिप्रेत, -अभिमत, -अभिलषित, अभीष्ट *a* as wished, intended or desired, agreeably to desire (-तम् &c) *ind* according to one's wish, at pleasure, agreeably to one's desire -अभिरुचित *a* pleasant, agreeable -अर्थ *a* 1 conformable to truth, true, real, correct, सौम्येति चाभाष्य यथार्थभाषी R 14 44, so यथार्थानुभव 'correct or right perception', यथार्थवक्ता &c -2 conformable to the true meaning, true to the sense, right, appropriate, significant, करिष्यन्निव नामास्य (ः *e* शत्रुघ्न) यथार्थमरिनिग्रहात् R 15 6, (करिष्यते) युधि सद्य चिन्तुपालता यथार्थम् S 16 85, K 1 8 48, Ku 2 16 -3 fit, suitable (-यम्, -अर्थतः *ind* truly, rightly, fitly, suitably, properly) °अक्षर *a* significant or true to the syllable, यस्मिन्नीश्वर इत्यन्यविषय शब्दो यथार्थाक्षर V 1 1 °नामन् *a* one whose name is true to its meaning or fully significant (whose deeds are according to his name), ध्रुवसिद्धिरपि यथार्थनाम्न सिद्धि न मन्येत M 4, परतपो नाम यथार्थनामा R 6 21 °वर्ण *a* spy (see यथार्हवर्ण). (यथार्थता 1 suitability, fitness. -2 propriety -3 accuracy, genuineness, correctness) -अर्ह *a* 1 according to merit, as deserving -2 appropriate, suitable, just -3 as agreeable, यथार्हजलेन हृद्यगन्धेन स्नात Dk 2 7 °वर्ण *a* spy, an emissary -अर्हम्, -अर्हतः *ind* according to merit or worth, यथार्हमयैरनुजीवलोके सभावयामास यथाप्रधानम् R 16 40 -अर्हणम् *ind* 1 according to propriety -2 according to worth or merit -अवकाशम् *ind* 1 according to room or space -2 as occasion may occur, according to occasion, leisure or propriety -3 in the proper place, प्रालम्बमुक्त्वय यथावकाश निनाय R 6 14 -अवस्थम् *ind* according to the condition or circumstances -आख्यात *a* as mentioned before, before mentioned -आख्यानम् *ind* as before stated. -आगत *a* foolish, stupid (-तम्) *ind* as one came, by the same way as one came, यथागत मातलिसारधिर्यौ R 3 67 -आगमम् *ind* according to tradition, as handed down from generation to generation -आचारम् *ind* as customary or usual -आम्नातम्, आम्नायम् *ind* as laid down in the Vedas -आरम्भम् *ind* according to the beginning, in regular order or succession -आवासम् *ind* according to one's dwelling, each to his own dwelling. -आशयम्

ind 1 according to wish or intention -2 according to the agreement -आश्रमम् *ind* according to the Āśrama or period in one's religious life -आश्रयम् *ind* according to substratum, चित्र यथाश्रयमृते Sāṅkhya K 41. -इच्छ, -इष्ट, -ईप्सित *a* according to wish or desire, agreeably to one's desire, as much as desired, as desired or wished for (-च्छम्, -ष्टम्, -तम्) *ind* 1 according to wish or desire, at will or pleasure, यथेष्टं चेष्टन्ते स्फुटकुचतटा पश्य कुलटा Udb -2 as much as may be wanted, to the heart's content, यथेष्टं बुभुजे मासम् Oh P 3 -ईक्षितम् *ind* as personally seen, as actually perceived -उक्त, -उदित *a* as said or told above, aforesaid, above-mentioned, यथोक्ता सवृत्ता Pt 1, यथोक्तव्यापारा S 1, R 2 70, तत स्वगृहमेत्य यथोक्तमर्थत्यागं कृत्वा Dk 2 2 -उचित *a* suitable, proper, due, fit (-तम्) *ind* duly, suitably, properly, आगत तु मय वीक्ष्य नर कुयीद् यथोचितम् H -उत्तरम् *ind* in regular order or succession, one after another, सबन्धोऽत्र यथोत्तरम् S D 729, श्रेष्ठ्यमेषा यथोत्तरम् Ms 12 38, यथोत्तरेच्छा हि गुणेषु कामिनि K 1 8 4 -उत्साहम् *ind* 1 according to one's power or might -2 with all one's might -उदगत *a* without sense, stupid -उदगमनम् in ascending proportion -उद्दिष्ट *a* as indicated or described (-ष्टम्) or -उद्देशम् *ind* in the manner indicated -उपचारम् *ind* as politeness or courtesy requires -उपजोषम् *ind* according to pleasure or desire, यथोपजोष वासासि परिधायाहतानि ते Bhāg 8 9. 15 -उपदिष्ट *a* as indicated -उपदेशम् *ind* as advised or instructed -उपपत्ति *ind* 1 as may be fit -2 as may happen -उपपन्न *a* just as happened to be at hand, natural, यथोपपन्नरज्जुबद्ध Dk 2 4 -उपमा (in Rhet) a comparison expressed by यथा -उपयोगम् *ind* according to use or requirements, according to circumstances -उपाधि *ind* according to the condition or supposition -औचित्यम् propriety, suitability, fitness -ऋतु *ind* according to the right season, यथर्तुवर्षा भगवान् न तथा पाकशासन Mb 3 188 50 -कथित *a* as already mentioned -कर्तव्यम् what is right to be done -कर्म *ind* according to one's duties or circumstances -कल्पम् *ind* according to rule or ritual -काम *a* conformable to desire (-मम्) *ind* agreeably to desire, at will or pleasure, to the heart's content, यथाकामाचिताधिनाम् R 1 6, 4 51 -कामिन् *a* free, unrestrained -कारम् *ind* in whatever way, P III 4 28 -कालः the right or due time, proper time, यथाकालप्रबोधिनाम् R 1 6 (-लम्) *ind* at the right time, opportunely, seasonably, सोपसर्पज्जागार यथाकाल स्वपन्नपि R 17 51 -कृत *a* as agreed upon, done according to rule or custom, customary, स यदि प्रतिपद्येत यथान्यस्त यथाकृतम् Ms 8 183 (-तम्) *ind* according to the usual practice -कृत्स्नि *ind* in a suitable way. -क्रमम्, -क्रमेण *ind* in due order or succession, regularly, in due form, properly, यथाक्रम पुसवनादिका क्रिया R 3 10, 9 26 -क्षमम् *ind* according to one's power, as much as possible -क्षिप्रम् *ind* as quickly as possible -क्षमेण *ind* safely, comfortably,

-खेलम् *ind* playfully, V -गुणम् *ind* according to qualities or endowments, Ch Up -चित्तम् *ind* according to will, Māl -जात *a*. 1 foolish, senseless, stupid. -2 barbarous, outcast -ज्ञानम् *ind* to the best of one's knowledge or judgment -ज्येष्ठम् *ind* according to rank, by seniority -तत्त्वम् *ind* 1 according to actual facts, actually, as the case really may be -तथ *a* 1 true, right -2 accurate, exact (-थम्) *a* narrative of the particulars or details of anything, a detailed or minute account (-थम्) *ind* 1 exactly, precisely, विभाव्यन्ते यथातथम् Bhāg -2 fitly, properly, as the case really may be, Mb 3 -तथ्यम्, -तथ्येन *ind* truly, really -तृप्ति *ind* to the heart's content -दर्शनम् *ind* according to observation -दिक्, -दिशम् *ind*. in all directions -निकायम् *ind* according to body, Svet Up -निर्दिष्ट *a* 1 as mentioned before, as specified above, यथानिर्दिष्टव्यापारा सखी -2 as prescribed or laid down, यथानिर्दिष्ट सपादित व्रतम् V 3 -न्यायम् *ind* justly, rightly, properly, प्रतिपूज्य यथान्यायम् Ms 1 1 -न्यासम् *ind* according to the text of a Sūtra, as written down -न्युत्त *a* as placed on the ground or offered, अवजिज्ञेव तान् पिण्डान् यथान्युत्तान् समाहित Ms 3 218 -पण्यम् *ind* according to the (value or kind of) commodities, शुल्क-स्थानेषु कुशला यथापण्यविचक्षणा Ms 8 398 (v 1) -पुरम् *ind*. as before, as on previous occasions, यथापुरमविज्ञाय स्वार्थलिप्सुमपण्डिताम् Rām 2 10 20 -पूर्व, -पूर्वक *a* being as before, former, R 12 41 (-र्वम्) -पूर्वकम् *ind* 1 as before, सर्वाणि ज्ञातिकार्याणि यथापूर्वं समाचरेत् Ms 11. 187 -2 in due order or succession, one after another, एते मान्या यथापूर्वम् Y 1 35 -प्रत्यर्हम् *ind* according to merit -प्रदिष्टम् *ind* as suitable or proper -प्रदेशम् *ind* 1 in the proper or suitable place, यथाप्रदेश विनिवेशितेन Ku 1 49, आसज्जयामास यथाप्रदेश कण्ठे गुणम् R 6 83, Ku 7 34 -2 according to direction or precept -3 on all sides -प्रधानम्, -प्रधानतः *ind* according to rank or position, according to precedence, आलोकमात्रेण सुरानशेषान् समावयामास यथाप्रधानम् Ku 7 46 -प्रयोगम् *ind* 1 according to usage or practice -2 as found by experiment -प्रस्तावम् *ind* on the first suitable occasion -प्रस्तुतम् *ind* 1 at last, at length -2 conformably to the circumstances -प्राणम् *ind* according to strength, with all one's might. -प्राप्त *a* 1 suitable to circumstances -2 following from a previous grammatical rule, Kāsi on P III 2 135 (-प्तम्) *ind* regularly, properly -प्रार्थितम् *ind* as requested -बलम् *ind* 1 to the best of one's power, with all one's might, यथाबल च विभज्य शत Dk 2 8. -2 according to the (condition of) arms, number of forces, Ms -बुद्धि, -मति *ind* to the best of one's knowledge -भक्त्या with entire devotion -भागम् *ind* 1 according to the share of each, proportionally, यथाभागशोऽमी वो गन्धा -2 each in his respective place, यथाभागमवस्थिता Bg 1 11 -3 in the proper place, यथाभागादित्येऽपि R 6 19 -भावः 1 destiny, -2 proper relation. -विम् *ind* according

to what has taken place, according to truth, truly, exactly -भूयस् *ind* according to seniority -मुखीन *a* looking straight at (with gen), (सृग) यथामुखीन सीताया पुच्छवे बहु लोभयन् Bk 5 48 -मूल्य *a* worth the price, accordant with the price -यथम् *ind* 1 as is fit, fitly, properly, यथायथ ता सहिता नभश्चरै Ki 3 2 -2 in regular order, severally, each in its proper place, respectively, असक्तमाराधयतो यथायथम् Ki 1. 11, बीजवन्तो मुखाद्यर्था विप्रकीर्णा यथायथम् S D 837 -3 by degrees, gradually, सर्वे मायामानवा यथायथमन्तर्भाव गता Dk 1 5 -युक्तम्, -योगम् *ind* according to circumstances, fitly, suitably -योग्य *a* suitable, fit, proper, right -रसम् *ind* according to the sentiments -रुचम्, -रुचि *ind* according to one's liking or taste, वदन्ति चैतत् कवयो यथारुचम् Bhāg 2 5 21 -रूपम् *ind* 1 according to form or appearance -2 duly, properly, fitly -लब्ध *a* as actually in hand -वस्तु *ind* as the fact stands, exactly, accurately, truly -विच *a* of such kind or sort -विधि *ind* according to rule or precept, duly, properly, यथाविधि हुताग्नीनाम् R 1 6, सचस्कारोभयप्रीत्या मेथिलेयो यथाविधि 15 31, 3 70, Ms 11 191 -विनियोगम् *ind* in the succession or order stated -विभवम् *ind* in proportion to one's income, according to means -वीर्य *a* of whatever strength (-र्थम्) *ind* in respect of manliness or courage -वृत्त *a* as happened, done or acted (-त्तम्) 1 the actual facts, the circumstances or details of an event -2 a former event -वृद्धम् *ind* according to age or seniority, गगनादवतीर्णा सा यथावृद्धपुर सरा Ku 6 49 -व्युत्पत्ति *ind* 1 according to the degree of education or culture -2 according to the derivation -शक्ति, -शक्त्या *ind* to the best of one's power, as far as possible -शब्दार्थम् *ind* in keeping with or according to the sense conveyed by the (sacred) text, इह शब्द-लक्षणे कर्मणि यथाशब्दार्थं प्रवृत्ति SB on MS 11 1 26 -शास्त्रम् *ind* according to the scriptures, as the law ordains, सर्वेऽपि क्रमशस्त्वैते यथाशास्त्र निषेविता Ms 6 88 -शीघ्रम् *ind* as quickly as possible -शीलम् *ind* in accordance with one's temper -श्रुत *a* according to the report -श्रुतम् -ति *ind* 1 as heard or reported -2 (यथाश्रुति) according to Vedic precepts, अस्मात् पर वत यथाश्रुति सभृतानि को न कुले निवपनानि करिष्यतीति S 6 25 -श्रेष्ठम् *ind* in order of precedence or merit -श्लक्ष्ण *a* behaving in such a way that the weaker is placed first -संस्थम् *ind* according to circumstances -संख्यम् *a* figure of speech in Rhetoric, यथासंख्य क्रमेणैव क्रमिकाणां समन्वय K P 10, e g शत्रु-मित्र विपत्ति च जय रजय भजय Chandr 5 107 (-ख्यम्), -संख्येन *ind* according to number, respectively, number for number, हृत्कण्ठतालुगामिस्तु यथासंख्य द्विजातय (शु-धेरन्) Y 1 21. -समयम् *ind* 1 at the proper time. -2 according to agreement or established usage -संभव *a* possible. -संभावित *a* suitable, appropriate -सर्वम् *ind*. in all particulars -सवनम् *ind* according to the time or season -सारम् *ind* according to quality or goodness,

-सुखम् *ind* 1 at will or pleasure -2 at ease, comfortably, pleasantly, so as to give pleasure, अङ्के निवाय करभोर यथासुख ते सवाहयामि चरणाबुत पद्मताम्रौ S 3 20, R 9 48, Ms 4 43 -स्थानम् the right or proper place (-न्म्) *ind* 1 in the proper place, duly, properly -2 instantly -3 according to rank -स्थित *a* 1 according to circumstances or actual facts, as it stands, राम यथास्थित सर्वं भ्राता श्रूते स्म विह्वल Bk 6 8 -2 right, proper, fit (-तम्) *ind* 1 truly, properly -2 according to circumstances -स्थिति *ind* as usual, according to state or circumstances -स्थूलम् *ind* without details -स्व *a* each according to (his or her) own, यथास्वान् जग्मुरालयान् Mb 12 44 14 -स्वम् *ind* 1 each his own, respectively, अध्यासते चिरभूतो यथास्वम् R 13 22, K1 14 43 -2 individually, यथास्वमाश्रमैश्चक्रे वर्णैरपि षड्शभाक् R 17 65 -3 duly, properly, rightly, यथास्व ग्राहकान्येषा शब्दादीनामिमानि तु Mb 3 211 13

यथावत् *ind* 1 Duly, fitly, properly, rightly, oft with the force of an adjective, अध्यापिपद् गाधिसुतो यथावत् Bk 2 21, लिपेर्यथावद् ग्रहणेन R 3 28 -2 According to rule or precept, as enjoined by rules, ततो यथावद् विहित-ध्वराय R 5 19, Ms 6 1, 8 214 -3 Exactly, truly

यद् *pron. a* (Nom sing *m* य, *f* या, *n* यत्-द्) The relative pronoun corresponding to 'who', 'which' or 'what' in English (*a*) Its proper correlative is तद्, यस्य बुद्धिर्बलं तस्य, but sometimes इदम्, अदम्, एतद्, take the place of तद्, sometimes the relative is used alone, its antecedent being supplied from the context Not unfrequently two relatives are used in the same sentence, या यस्य युज्यते भूमिका ता खलु भावेन तथैव सर्वे वर्ग्यो पाठिताः Mā 1, यदेव रोचते यस्मै भवेत् तत् तस्य सुन्दरम् (*b*) When repeated, the relative pronoun has the sense of 'totality', and may be translated by 'whoever', 'whatever', in which case the correlative pronoun is generally repeated, यो य शत्रु विभर्ति स्वभुजगुरुबल पाण्डवीना चमूना कोधान्धस्तस्य तस्य स्वयमिह जगतामन्तकस्यान्तकोऽहम् Ve 3 30, कियते यद् यदेवा कथयति U 1, य य पश्यसि तस्य तस्य पुरतो मा ब्रूहि दीन वच Bh 2 51 When joined with the interrogative pronoun or its derivatives with or without the particles चिद्, चन, वा, or अपि, it expresses the sense of 'whatever', 'any whatsoever', 'any', सूतो वा सूतपुत्रो वा यो वा को वा भवाम्यहम् Ve 3 33, येन केन प्रकारेण anyhow, somehow or other, यत्र कुत्रापि, यो वा को वा, य कश्चन &c, यत् किंचिदेतद् 'this is a mere trifle', यानि कानि च मित्राणि &c -*ind* As an indeclinable यद् is frequently used 1 to introduce a direct or subordinate assertion with or without इति at the end, सत्योऽयं जनप्रवादो यत् सप्त सपदमनुबन्धातीति K. 73, तस्य कदाचिच्छिन्ता समुत्पन्ना यद्येतत्सुपायाश्चिन्तनीया कर्तव्याश्च Pt. 1 or -2 in the sense of 'because', 'since', प्रियमाचरितं लते त्वया मे .यदियं पुनरप्यपाङ्गनेत्रा परिवृत्तार्धमुखी मयाद्य दृष्टा V 1 17, or किं शेषस्य भवत्यथा न वपुषि क्ष्मा न क्षिपत्येष यत् Mu 2 18, R 1 27, 87, in this sense यद् is often followed by तद् or तत् as its correlative, see यत् प्रीति-

मङ्गिर्वदनै स्वसाम्यात् ततस्तदीयाधरयावयोगात् N 22 46 -Comp -अपि *ind* although, though, वक् पन्था यदपि भवत Me 27 -अर्थम्, -अर्थे *ind* 1 for which, wherefore, why, on which account, श्रूयता यदर्थमस्मि हरिणा भवत्सकाशं प्रेषित S 6, Ku 5 52 -2 since, because, नूनं दैव न शक्य हि पुरुषेणातिवर्तितुम्। यदर्थं यत्नवानेव न लभे विप्रता विभो॥ Mb -अवधि *ind* since which time -आत्मक *a* having which essence or existence -कारणम्, -कारणात् *ind* 1 wherefore, on which account -2 since, because -कृते *ind* wherefore, why, for which person or thing -भाविष्यः a fatalist (one who says 'what will be will be'), यद्भाविष्यो विनश्यति Pt 1 318 -वद् *a* talking anything -वा *ind* or else, whether, नैतद्विद्य कतरन्नो गरीयो यद्वा जयेम यदि वा नो जयेयु Bg 2 6, (often used by commentators in suggesting an alternative meaning) -वृत्तम् an adventure -सत्यम् *ind* to be sure, to speak the truth, truly, forsooth, अमङ्गलशसया वो वचनस्य यत् सत्यं कम्पितमिव मे हृदयम् Ve 1, Mu 1, Mk 4

यदीय *a* Whose, of whom or what

यदा *ind* [यद् काले दाचु] 1 When, at the time when, यदा यदा whenever, यदैव तदैव at the very time, as soon as, यदाप्रभृति-तदाप्रभृति from what time-from that time forward -2 If (= यदि), पत्र नैव यदा करीरविटपे दोषो वसन्तस्य किम् Bh 2 93 -3 Whereas, since, as

यदि *ind* 1 If, in case (showing condition, and in this sense generally used with the potential mood, but sometimes also with the future or present tense, it is usually followed by तर्हि and sometimes by तत्, तदा, तद् or अत्र), प्राणैस्तपोभिरथवाभिमतं मदीये कृत्य घटेत सुहृदो यदि तत् कृतं स्यात्॥ Mā 1 9, वदसि यदि किंचिदपि दन्तशचिकौमुदी हरति दरतिमिरमतिघोरम् Git 10, यत्ने कृते यदि न सिद्धयति कोत्र (= कस्तर्हि) दोष H Pr 31 -2 Whether, if, वद प्रदोषे स्फुटचन्द्रतारका विभावरी यद्यस्मिन् कल्पते Ku. 5. 44 -3 Provided that, when -4 If perchance, perhaps, यदि तावदेव क्रियताम् 'perhaps you might do so', पूर्वं स्पृष्टं यदि किल भवेदङ्गमेभिस्तवेति Me 107, Y 3 104 (यद्यपि means 'though', 'although', Si 16 82, यद्यप्येते न पश्यन्ति लोभोपहतचेतस Bg 1 38, S 1 30 यदि वा or, यद्वा जयेम यदि वा नो जयेयु Bg 2 6, Bh 2 83, or perhaps, or rather, and if necessary, oft expressed by the reflexive pronoun, स्नेहं दया च सौख्यं च यदि वा जानकीमपि। आराधनाय लोकानां सुखतो नास्ति मे व्यथा॥ U 1 12, 4 5).

यदीय *a* relating to whom, whose, बागभूगौर्यादिभेदैर्विदु-रिह मुनयो या यदीयश्च पुंसाम् Visnupāda S 8, यदीयानां वाचा-ममृतमयमाचामति रसम् Bv

यदुः 1 N of an ancient king, the eldest son of Yayāti and Devayāni and ancestor of the Yādavas -2 N of a country near Mathurā -Comp. -कुलोद्भवः, -नन्दनः, -श्रेष्ठः epithets of Kṛiṣṇa

यदृच्छा [यद् ऋच्छ-अ टाप् Tv] 1 Acting as one likes, self-will, independence (of action), यदृच्छयास्यति

यस्तपस्यते K1 14 21 -2 Chance, accident, usually used in the instrumental singular in this sense and translated by 'accidentally', 'by chance', किन्नरमिथुन यदृच्छयाऽप्राक्षीत् K 'chanced or happened to see' &c, वसिष्ठेन शुभं यदृच्छयाऽऽगता श्रुतप्रभावा वदशेऽथ नन्दिनी R 3 40, V 1 10, Ku 1 14, U 5 16 -Comp -अभिज्ञः voluntary or self-offered witness -शब्दः a proper name, a word like द्विष्य, यज्ञवत् &c which denotes neither a genus nor species, nor any quality, action &c, असपादयत् कचिदर्थं जातिक्रियागुणै । यदृच्छाशब्दवत् पुस सज्ञायै जन्म केवलम् Si 2 47 -संवादः 1 accidental conversation -2 spontaneous or incidental intercourse, accidental meeting

यदृच्छातस् ind Accidentally, by chance

यदृच्छिकः A son who offers himself for adoption

यन्त्र a [यन्-वृत्] 1 Restraining, curbing, controlling -2 Guiding, directing -m 1 A director, governor, ruler -2 A driver (as of an elephant, carriage &c), coachman, charoteer, यन्ता गजस्याभ्यपतद् गजस्थम् R 7 37, अयं यन्तारमादिश्य धुर्यान् विश्रामयेति स 1 54, Bhāg 8 11 17, K1 7 32, सव्योऽपि सानुनयमाकलनाय यन्त्रा Si -3 An elephant-driver or rider

यन्त्र 1, 10 U (यन्त्रतिन्ते, यन्त्रयतिन्ते) 1 To restrain, curb, check, शापयन्त्रितपौलस्त्यबलात्कारकचग्रहै R 10 47 -2 To bind, fasten -3 To force, oblige, compel

यन्त्रम् [यन्त्र-अच्] 1 That which restrains or fastens, any prop or support, a stay, as in गृहयन्त्र (see the quotation under this word) -2 A fetter, band, fastening, tie, thong, rein, छेदने चैव यन्त्राणाम् Ms 8 292 -3 A surgical instrument, especially a blunt instrument (opp शस्त्र) -4 Any instrument or machine, an appliance, a contrivance, implement in general, कूपयन्त्र Mk 10 60 'a machine for drawing up water from a well', so तैल (of यन्त्र तिलपीडनकम् Ohandu Paṇḍita on N 10 6, 22 87), जल &c -5 A bolt, lock, key, यन्त्रैरुद्घाटयामास सोऽपश्यत् तत्र बालकम् Mb 3 309 6 -6 Restraint, force -7 An amulet, a mystical or astronomical diagram used as an amulet -8 A boring machine, दन्तौघयन्त्रोद्भवश्चाली N 22 150 -Comp -आरूढ a mounted on the revolving engine, आमयन् सर्वभूतानि यन्त्रारूढानि मायया Bg -आलयः a printing-press -उपलः a mill, mill-stone -करण्डिका a kind of magical basket, -कर्मकृत् m. an artist, artisan -कोविदः a mechanist, Rām 2 80 2 (com यन्त्रकोविदा क्षेपणीयादियन्त्राणां कला) -गृहम् 1 an oil-mill -2 a manufactory, torture-chamber, Buddh -गोलः 1 a kind of pea -2 a ball -वेष्टितम् any magical work, an enchantment -यन्त्रकृत् m. 1 a constructor of machines -2 a preparer of charms -यन्त्रोरणम् a mechanical arch (fitted with contrivance to move it) -दृढ a secured by a bolt (as a door) -यन्त्रागारा a room fitted with

shower-bath, a bath-room -नालम् a mechanical pipe or tube -पुत्रकः, -पुत्रिका a mechanical doll, a puppet furnished with contrivances, such as strings, for moving the limbs -पेषणी a hand mill -प्रवाहः an artificial stream of water, यन्त्रप्रवाहै शिशिरै परीतात् R 16 49 -बद्ध a having a mechanical contrivance, यन्त्रबद्धतलावपात कारयेत् Kau A 1 20 -मार्गः a canal or an aqueduct -मुक्तम् a kind of weapon -विधिः m the science of surgical instruments -शरः an arrow or any missile shot off by means of machinery -सञ्चन n an oil-mill -स्त्रम् the cord attached to the mechanism of a doll or puppet

यन्त्रकः [यन्त्र-वृत्] 1 One well acquainted with machinery. -2 A mechanist, Rām 2 80 1 (com यन्त्रका जलप्रवाहादियन्त्रणसमर्था) -3 A restrainer, controller, subduer -कम् 1 A bandage (in medic) -2 A turner's wheel or lathe -3 A hand-mill -4 A sack, निधीयमाने भरभाजि यन्त्रके Si 12 9

यन्त्रणम्, -णा [यन्त्र-ल्युट् वा टाप्] 1 Restraining, curbing, stopping, करयन्त्रणदन्तुरान्तरे व्यलिखत्स्वप्नुतेन पक्षती N 2 2 -2 A restraint, restriction, check, हीयन्त्रणा तल्लणमन्वभूवन्नन्योन्यलोलानि विलोचनानि Ku 7 75, R 7 23, गुरुजनयन्त्रणा K 94 -3 Fastening, binding (बन्ध), निबिडपीनकुचद्वययन्त्रणा तमपराधमधात् प्रतिबन्धती N 4 10 -4 Force, compulsion, constraint, trouble, pain or anguish (arising from compulsion), अलमल्लुपचारयन्त्रणया M 4 -5 Guarding, protecting -6 A bandage

यन्त्रणी, -यन्त्रिणी A wife's younger sister

यन्त्रिका (= यन्त्रणी above) कनिष्ठा श्यालिका हाली यन्त्रिका केलिबुद्धिका Hemachandra

यन्त्रित p p [यन्त्र-क्त] 1 Restrained, checked, curbed, controlled, confined -2 Fastened, bound, धन्या वयं यदस्माकं स्नेहकारुण्ययन्त्रिता Mb 3 1 33 -3 Fettered, chained -4 Subject to -5 Instigated, तेनैव शत्रु जहि विष्णु-यन्त्रित Bhāg 6 11 20 -6 Disciplined by rules, ब्राह्मण यन्त्रिता राज्ञुपस्थास्यामि पूजया Mb 3 304 1 -7 Drawn well (दृढाकृष्ट), तत् शरैर्दोषमुखैर्यन्त्रितैरनुमन्त्रितै Mb 3 167 26 -8 Attracted, अथवा मदभिस्नेहाद् भक्त्यो यन्त्रिताशया Bhāg 10 29 23 -Comp -कथ, -वाच् a 'tongue-tied', forced to be silent

यन्त्रिन् a or s 1 Furnished with harness or trappings (as a horse) -2 One who pains, a tormentor -3 One who possesses an amulet

यम् 1 P (यमति) To cohabit, have sexual intercourse with, देवा क जहसुर्वीक्ष्य सुता यमितुमुद्यतम् Bhāg 10 85 47, 3 20 26, यमस्व नित्यं यदि शक्तिरस्ति चेत् दिने दिने गच्छति नाथ यौवनम् Subhas

यमनम् Sexual intercourse, copulation

यम् 1 P (यच्छति, ययाम, अयसीत्, यस्यति, यन्तुम्, यत्, desid यियसति) 1 To check, curb, restrain, control, subdue, stop, suppress, यच्छेद् वाङ्मनसी प्रज्ञ Kath, यत्-चित्तात्मन् Bg 4 21, see यत् -2 To offer, give, bestow -3 Ved To support, sustain -4 To raise, lift up -5 To extend, stretch -6 To go -7 To exhibit, show -Caus (यमयति-ते) To restrain, check &c

यम a [यम्-वञ्] 1 Twin, twinborn -2 Coupled. -मः 1 Restraining, controlling, curbing, यमो राजा धार्मिकाणां मान्वात् परमेश्वर Mb 12 91 42 -2 Control, restraint -3 Self-control -4 Any great moral or religious duty or observance (opp नियम), तस्य यमेन नियमेन तपोऽमुनैव N 13 16, यमनियमकृशोकृतरिथराज्ञ K1 10 10 (यम and नियम are thus distinguished —शरीरसाधनापेक्ष नित्य यत् कर्म तद् यम । नियमस्तु स यत् कर्म नित्यमागन्तुसाधनम्॥ Ak 2 49, see Malli on Śr 13 23 and K1 10 10 also The yamas are usually said to be ten, but, their names are given differently by different writers, e g ब्रह्मचर्यं दया क्षान्तिर्दानं सत्यमकल्मषता । अहिंसाऽस्तेयमाधुर्यं दमश्चेति यमा स्मृता ॥ Y 3 312, or आतृशस्य दया सत्यमहिंसा क्षान्तिरार्जवम् । प्रीति प्रसादो माधुर्यं मार्दवं च यमा दश ॥, sometimes only five yamas are mentioned —अहिंसा सत्यवचनं ब्रह्मचर्यमकल्मषता । अस्तेयमिति पञ्चेति यमाख्यानि व्रतानि च ॥) -5 The first of the eight *angas* or means of attaining Yoga, the eight *angas* are —यमनियमासनप्राणायामप्रत्याहारधारणाध्यानसमाधयोऽष्टाङ्गानि, Śāṇḍilya Up 1 1 2 -6 The god of death, death personified, regarded as a son of the sun, he presides over the *pitṛs* and rules the spirits of the dead, दत्तात्रेय त्वयि यमादपि दण्डधारे U 2 11 -7 A twin, धर्मात्मज प्रति यमौ च (ः e नकुलसहदेवौ) कथैव नास्ति Ve 2 25, यमयो-श्चैव गर्भेषु जन्मतौ ज्येष्ठता मता Ms 9 126. -8 One of a pair or couple, a fellow -9 N of Saturn -10 A crow -11 A symbolical expression for the number 'two' -12 Ved A rein, bridle, पृष्ठे सदी नसोर्यम् Rv 5 61 2 -13 Ved A driver, charioteer, अग्निं रथानां यमम् Rv 8 103 10 -14 N of a deity who chastises beings for their misdeeds, यम कालं च मृत्युं च स्वर्गं सपूज्य चाहत Mb 12 200 3 -मम् 1 A pair or couple -2 (In gram) The twin letter of any consonant -3 Pitch of the voice -मी N of the river Yamunā -मौ (m du) 1 Twins, कथं त्वमेतौ धृतिसयमौ यमौ K1 1 36 -2 N of the *Asvins*, यमौ यमोपमौ चैव ददौ दानान्यनेकश Mb 14 61 38 -3 Nakula and Sahadeva, भीमार्जुनयमा-श्चापि तद्युक्तं प्रतिपेदिरे Mb 3 6 14. मैथुनौ twins of different sex -Comp -अनुगः, -अनुचरः a servant or attendant of Yama -अनुजा N of the river Yamunā, मघोनि वर्षत्य-सकृद् यमानुजा Bhāg 10 3 51 -अन्तकः an epithet of 1 Śiva -2 of Yama -अरिः, -घ्नः, -रिपुः &c N of Viṣṇu -ईशम् the Nakṣatra Bharanī -किङ्करः a messenger of death -कीटः 1 a wood-louse -2 an earth-worm. -कीलः N of Viṣṇu, -कीटिः, -टी N of a mythical town to the east of Lankā, लङ्का कुम्भे यमकीटिरस्याः Siddhāntaśrōmanī -घण्टः N of an astrological Yoga

स. इ. को. ११४

(this is inauspicious) -जः a twin-born, twin, यमजौ चापि भद्रं ते नैतद्व्यग्रं विद्यते Mb 3 140 19, आतरौ आवा यमजौ U 6, 4, also यमजात-जातक -दंष्ट्रा 'Yama's tooth', the jaws of death (-प्लः pl) the last eight days of the month *Āsvina* and the whole of Kārtika (regarded as a period of general sickness) -दिश् f the south -दूतः, -दूतकः 1 a messenger of death -2 a crow -दूतिका tamarind -देवता the asterism Bharanī -द्रुमः Bombax Heptaphyllum (Mar सावरी) -द्वितीया the second day in the bright half of Kārtika when sisters entertain their brothers (Mar भाऊबीज), of आतृद्वितीया -धानी the abode of Yama, नर ससारान्ते विद्यति यमधानीजवनिकाम् Bh 3 112 -धारः a kind of double-edged weapon -पटः, -पट्टिका a piece of cloth on which Yama with his attendants and the punishments of hell are represented (Mar यमपुरी), याव-देतद् गृहं प्रविश्य यमपटं दर्शयन् गीतानि गायामि Mu 1 18/19 -पदम् a repeated word. -पाशः the noose of Yama -पुरुषः Yama's servant or minister -प्रियः the fig tree -भगिनी N of the river Yamunā -यातना the tortures inflicted by Yama upon sinners after death, (the word is sometimes used to denote 'horrible tortures', 'extreme pain') -रथः a buffalo -राज् m Yama, the god of death -वाहनः = यमरथः q v -व्रतम् 1 an observance or vow made to Yama -2 an impartial punishment (as given by Yama), यथा यम प्रियद्वेष्यौ प्राप्ते काले नियच्छति । तथा राज्ञा नियन्तव्या प्रजास्तद् हि यमव्रतम् ॥ Ms 9 307 -शासनः the lord Śiva, यशो यदीयं यमशासनालय-क्षमाधर. स्पर्धनमाचचार स Rām Ch 2 12, (यमशासनालय = हिमालय) -आयम् the abode of Yama, यात यूयं यमत्राय दिशं नायेन दक्षिणाम् Bk 7 36 -सभा the tribunal of Yama -सूर्यम् a building with two halls, one facing the west and the other facing the north -स्वसृ f 1 N of the river Yamunā, क्षणमिव पुल्ले यमस्वसृस्ताम् Bhāg 3 4 27 -2 N of Durgā

यमक a [यम-स्वार्ये क] 1 Twin-born, twin -2 Two-fold, double. -कः 1 A restraint, check -2 A twin, one of a pair, a fellow -3 A great moral or religious duty, see यम (4) -कम् 1 A double bandage -2 (In Rhet) Repetition in the same stanza (in any part of it) of words or syllables similar in sound, but different in meaning, a kind of rhyme, (of which various kinds are enumerated, see Kāv 3 2-52), समा नलश्रीयमकैर्यमाचैर्नल विनाभूद् धृतदिव्यरत्नै N 10 24, आश्रुतिं वर्णसघातगोचरा यमकं विदुः Kāv 1 61, 3 1, S D 640. -Comp. -काव्यम् N of an artificial poem (ascribed to घटकर्पर) -भारतम् a summary of the Mahā-Bhārata made by आनन्दतीर्थ

यमदग्निः (v 1 for जमदग्नि q v)

यमन a (-नी f) [यम् ल्यु ल्युद् वा] Restraining, curbing, governing &c -नम् 1 The act of restraining, curbing or binding -2 Stopping, ceasing. -3 Cessation, rest -4 Governing, managing -नः The god of death, Yama

यमनिका A curtain, screen, of जवनिका

यमल a Twin, one of a couple -लः The number 'two' -लौ (dual) A pair -लम्, -ली A pair, couple -ला A kind of hiccough -ली A dress consisting of two pieces -Comp -अर्जुनौ two Arjuna trees (uprooted by Krisna in childhood), Bhāg 10 10 23-24 -छद्. Bauhinia Variegata (Mar काचन-आपटा) -पत्र. N of two trees (कोविदार and अश्मन्तक) -पत्रम् The treaty of alliance

यमवत् a 1 One who has restrained his passions, self controlled, यमवतामवता च धुरि स्थित R 9 1 -2 Temperate, moderate

यमसात् ind In the hands of Yama, to the power of Yama, यमसात् कृ 'to hand over to death'

यमानिका, -यमानी Ptychotis Ajowan (Mar ओजा)

यमायते Den A To be like Yama

यमिका A kind of hiccough.

यमित a [यम्-णिच्-क्] 1 Restrained, curbed, checked -2 Tied, held together, स्कन्धे ससिनि चैकहस्तयमिता पर्याकुल मूर्धजा S 1 29

यमिन् a [यम्-णिनि, यम-इनि वा] Restraining, curbing &c -m One who has restrained his passions, यतिर्वैशिष्टो यमिनां वरिष्ठ Bk 1 15, अहिंसासत्यमस्तेय ब्रह्मचर्यमकल्मषम् । इति पञ्च यमा येषां सन्तीति यमिनः स्मृता ॥ J N V, दधत्यन्त-स्तत्त्वं किमपि यमिनस्तत् किल भवान् Siva-mahimna 25

यमुना 1 N of a celebrated river (regarded as a sister of Yama) -2 N of Durgā -Comp -पतिः N of Visnu -भिद् m N of Balarāma -भ्रातृ m Yama, the god of death

यमेस्का A kind of gong on which the hours are struck

यस्य a Restrained, to be curbed, P III 1 100 -स्या Night, Naigh 1 7

ययातिः [यस्य वायोरिव याति सर्वत्र रथगतिर्यस्य Tv] N of a celebrated king of the lunar race, son of Nahusa, ययातेरिव शर्मिष्ठा भर्तुर्वेहुमता भव S 4 7 [He married Devayānī, daughter of Sukra, and Śarmisthā, daughter of the king of Asuras, was told by her father to be her servant as a sort of recompense for her insulting conduct towards her on a previous occasion (the Devayānī) But Yayāti fell in love with this servant and privately married her Aggrieved at this, Devayānī went to her father and complained of the conduct of her husband, on whom, therefore, Sukra inflicted premature infirmity and old age Yayāti, however, propitiated him and obtained from him permission to transfer his kingdom to any one who would consent to take it He asked his five sons, but

all refused except Puru, the youngest Yayāti accordingly transferred his infirmity to Puru, and being once more in the prime of youth, passed his time in the enjoyment of sensual pleasures This he did for 1000 years, and yet his desire was not satisfied At last, however, with a vigorous effort he renounced his sensual life, restored his youth to Puru, and having made him successor to the throne, repaired to the woods to lead a pious life and meditate upon the Supreme Spirit]

ययावरः = यायावर q v

ययिः, -यी m [cf Un 3 159] 1 A horse fit for the Asvamedha (or any) sacrifice -2 A horse in general -3 A road -4 N of Siva -5 A cloud

ययिन् m N of Siva

ययुः [Un 1 21] 1 A horse fit for a sacrifice, तूर्ण-मथ ययुमिवानुययु S 15 69 -2 A horse (in general)

यहिं ind [यद्-हिंल्, cf P V 3 21] 1 When, while, whenever -2 Because, as, since, (its proper correlative is तर्हि or एतर्हि, but it is seldom used in classical literature), अनुग्रहायास्त्वपि यहिं मायया लसतुलस्या तनुवा विलक्षित Bhāg 3 21 20, यर्हन्मुजाक्ष न लभेय भवत्प्रसादम् 10 52 43

यवः [यु-अच्] 1 Barley, यवा प्रकीर्णा न भवन्ति शालय Mk 4 17 -2 A barley-corn or the weight of a barley-corn, Ms 8 134 -3 A measure of length equal to $\frac{1}{6}$ or $\frac{1}{8}$ of an angula -4 A mark on the fingers of the hand resembling a barley corn and supposed according to its position to indicate wealth, progeny, good fortune &c, समग्रयवमच्छिद्र पाणिपाद च वर्णवत् Rām 6 48 13 -5 The first half of a month, also याव -6 N of a particular astronomical Yoga -7 Speed, velocity, cf. जव -8 A double convex lens -9 N of an island -Comp -अङ्कुरः, -प्ररोहः a shoot or blade of barley -अग्रजः 1 =यवक्षार -2 N of a plant (यवानि) -अन्नम् boiled barley -अम्लजम् sour barley-gruel -आग्रयणम् the first fruits of barley -क्षारः, -आह्वः, -अपत्यम्, -नालजः, -जः salt-petre, nitre, nitrate of potash, सौवर्चल यवक्षार सजिका च हरीतकीम् Siva B 30 17 -क्षोदः, -चूर्णम्, -पिष्टम् barleymeal -तिका N of a plant (शङ्खिनी) -द्वीपः the modern Jāvā island -नालः a kind of cereal plant and its grain (Mar जोंधळा) -फलः 1 a bamboo -2 spikenard -3 the Kutaja tree -4 the Plaksa tree -5 an onion -मध्यः a kind of drum (-ध्यम्, -ध्यमम्) 1 a kind of चान्द्रायण or lunar penance, एतमेव विधिं कृत्स्नमाचरेद् यवमध्यमे । शुक्लपक्षादिनियतश्चरश्चान्द्रायण व्रतम् ॥ Ms 11 217 -2 a measure of length -लास. saltpetre, nitre -शूकः, -शूकजः an alkaline salt prepared from the ashes of burnt barley-straw, nitre -सुरम् malt-liquor, beer.

यवकः Barley.

यवक्य *a* [यव-यत् कुक् च] Sown with or fit for barley (as a field), P V 2 3

यवमत् *a* Containing or mixed with barley

यवनः [यु-युच्] 1 A Greek, an Ioman -2 Any foreigner, or barbarian, Ms 10 44, (the word is applied at present to a Mahomedan or a European also) -3 A carrot -4 Olibanum -5 A courser or swift horse -6 Speed -7 Wheat -8 A kind of grass -**नाः** (*m pl*) 1 The Ionians or Greeks -2 The Greek astrologers -**नम्** Mixing, mingling (esp with water) -**Comp** -**अरिः** N of Krisna -**आचार्यः** the reputed author of astronomical book called Tājak -**इष्टः** 1 a kind of garlic -2 a kind of onion -3 the Numba tree (-ष्टा) the wild date-tree (-ष्टम्) 1 lead -2 an onion or garlic -3 pepper -**देशजम्** benzoin -**द्विष्टः** bdellium -**प्रियम्** pepper

यवनानी (यवनाना लिपि , यवन-आनुक् ङीप् च) The writing of the Yavanas

यवनिका, -**यवनी** 1 A Yavana female, a Greek or Mahomedan woman, यवनी नवनीतकोमलाङ्गी Jag, यवनीमुख-पद्माना सेहे मधुमदं न स R 4 61, (from dramas it appears that Yavana girls were formerly employed as attendants on kings particularly to be in charge of their bows and quivers, cf एष बाणासनहस्ताभिर्यवनीभिः परितृत इत एवागच्छति प्रियवयस्य S 2, प्रविश्य शाङ्गहस्ता यवनी S 6, प्रविश्य चापहस्ता यवनी V 5 &c) -2 A curtain, काञ्चुकीयो यवनिकास्तरण करोति Pratimā 2, cf जवनिका -3 A veil, पश्यामस्तावद् रूपसादृश्यम् । सक्षिप्यता यवनिका

यवसम् Grass, fodder, meadow grass, नागेन्द्रा यवसामि-लाषविमुखा Pratimā 2 2, Kau A 1 4, यवसेन्यनम् Pt 1, Y 3 30, Ms 7 75, (गा) यवसमिच्छतीम् Bhāg 1 17 3

यवागू *f* [यूयते मिश्रयते यु-आगू] Rice gruel, sour gruel made from rice or from any other kind of grain, such as barley, यवागूविरलद्रवा Susr, Mb 12 193 22, मृत्राय कृत्पते यवागू Mbh -**Comp** -**चारकः** the lay brother who prepares यवागू

यवानिका, -**यवानी** 1 A kind of bad barley, (दुष्टो यवो यवानी) -2 See यवनिका -3 Ptychotic Ajowan (Mar ओवा), यवानी पाचनी रुच्या तीक्ष्णोष्ण कटुका लघु Bhāva P

यवासः 1 A kind of Khadira -2 Alhagi Maurorum (Mar घमासा) -**Comp** -**शर्करा** a kind of sugar

यवासिनी A district abounding in Yavāsa

यविष्ठ *a* Youngest, very young, (superl of युवन् q. v), भ्रातुर्यविष्ठस्य सुतान् Bhāg, त्रिनयन यविष्ठाय च नम Śiva-mahimna 29 -**छः** 1 The youngest brother -2 N of Agni

यवीयस् *a* 1 Younger, very young (compar of युवन् q. v), अवाच्यो दीक्षितो नाम्ना यवीयानपि यो भवेत् Ms 2 128

-2 Lesser, worse (हीन), पापायैव हि दृष्टोऽसि कर्मणेह यवीयसे Mb 12 150 13 -*m* 1 A younger brother -2 A Sūdra

यव्य *a* [यवाना क्षेत्रं यव-यत्] 1 Sown with or consisting of barley -2 Suitable or fit for barley -**व्यः** A month -**व्यम्** A field of barley

यशदम् A kind of mineral, zinc

यशस् *a* [अश् स्तुतौ असुर धातो ल्युट् च Un 4 190] 1 Lovely, agreeable, worthy -2 Honoured -*n* Fame, reputation, glory, renown, विस्तीर्यते यशो लोके तैलबिन्दु-रिवाम्भसि Ms 7 34, यशस्तु रक्ष्य परतो यशोधनै R 3 48, 2 40 -2 An object of glory or respect, a person of distinction -3 Ved Beauty, splendour -4 Favour, partiality -5 Wealth -6 Food -7 Water -8 An assemblage of rare merits, यावद् हि प्रथते लोके पुरुषस्य यशो भुवि । तावत् तस्याक्षया कीर्तिर्भवतीति विनिश्चिता ॥ Mb 12 54 32 (*com* यश परचित्तचमत्कृतिजनको गुणौघ) -9 An indirect fame (परोक्षकीर्ति), तपति च कीर्त्या यशसा ब्रह्मवर्चसेन Ch Up 3 18 3 -**Comp** -**कर** *a* (यशस्कर) conferring glory, glorious, साम्राज्यकृत् मजात्येषु लोके चैव यशस्कर Ms 8 387 -**काम** *a* (यशस्काम) 1 desirous of getting fame -2 aspiring, ambitious -**कायम्**, -**शरीरम्** body in the form of fame, यश शरीरे भव मे दयालु R 2 24, नास्ति येषा यश काये जगमरणज भयम् Bh -**द** *a* (-यशोद) conferring fame (-दः) (येन वायुना शीयते शब्द अच्) quicksilver, यशद रजसदृश रीतिहेतुश्च तन्मतम् Bhāva P (-दा) N of the wife of Nanda and foster-mother of Krisna -**धन** *a* or *s* one whose wealth or valued treasure is fame, rich in fame, very renowned, अपि स्वदेहात् किमुतेन्द्रियायाद् यशो-धनाना हि यशो गरीय R 14 35, 2 1 -**धर** *a* (यशोधर) keeping up or preserving glory -**धा** *a* conferring fame, कश्चिद् यशो वा रथयूथपाना गाण्डीवधन्वोपरतारिरास्ते Bhāg 3 1 38 -**पटहः** (यशःपटहः) a double drum -**प्रख्यापनम्** (यशःप्रख्यापनम्) spreading or proclaiming the glory -**भृत्** *a* (यशोभृत्) famous, renowned -**शेष** *a* remaining only in fame, having nothing left behind except glory, *e* dead, cf कीर्तिशेष (-षः) death -**हर** *a* (यशोहर) taking away fame, dishonouring, ignominious

यशस्य *a* [यशसे हित यत्] 1 Leading to glory or distinction, आयुष्य प्राङ्मुखो भुङ्क्ते यशस्य दक्षिणामुख Ms 2 52 -2 Renowned, famous, glorious, वन्य यशस्यमायुष्य स्वर्ग्य वातिथिपूजनम् Ms 3 106 -**स्या** N of a plant (जीवन्ती)

यशस्यति, **यशस्कास्यति** Den P To long for fame

यशस्विन् *a* [यशस्-विनि] 1 Famous, glorious, renowned, विप्राणा वेदविदुषा गृहस्थाना यशस्विनाम् Ms 10 331 -2 Excellent, best -**नी** The wild cotton tree

यष्टिः, -**ष्टी** *f* [यज्-क्तिन् नि० न सप्रसारणम्] 1 A stick, staff -2 A cudgel, mace, club -3 A column, pillar, pole; सक्रमभ्वजयष्टीना प्रतिमाना च भेदक Ms 9 285 -4 A

perch, as in वासयष्टि -5 A stem, support -6 A flag staff, as in ध्वजयष्टि -7 A stalk, stem -8 A branch, twig, कदम्बयष्टि स्फुटकोरकेव U 3 42, so चूतयष्टि Ku 6 2, सालस्य यष्टि Rām 2 20 32, सहकारयष्टि &c -9 A string, thread (as of pearls), a necklace, विसुच्य सा हारमहायै-निश्चया विलोययष्टिप्रविलसत्तन्दनम् Ku 5 8, क्वचित् प्रभालेपिभिरेन्द्र नीले सुतामयी यष्टिरिवावुविद्धा R 13 54 -10 Any creeping plant -11 Anything thin, slim, or slender (at the end of comp after words meaning 'the body'), त वीक्ष्य वेपथुमती सरसाङ्गयष्टि Ku 5 85 'with her slender or delicate frame perspiring' -12 A reed -13 The arm -14 Liquorice -15 Sugar-cane -Comp -आघातः cudgeling, beating -उत्थानम् rising with the help of a staff -ग्रहः a club-bearer, staff-bearer, P III 2 9 Vārt -निवासः 1 a stick or rod serving as a perch for peacocks &c, वृक्षेराया यष्टिनिवासभङ्गात् R 16 14 -2 a pigeon-house resting on upright poles -प्राण a 1 feeble or powerless -2 out of breath -मधु n, मधुका liquorice -यन्त्रम् a a particular astronomical instrument

यष्टिकः 1 A lap-wing -2 A kind of water fowl

यष्टिका 1 A staff, stick, pole, club -2 A pearl-necklace (of one string) -3 An oblong pond or tank -4 Liquorice, also यष्टीकम्

यष्टी See यष्टि

यष्टृ m [यज्-तृच्] A worshipper, sacrificer

यस् 1, 4 P (यसति, यस्यति, यस्त) To strive, endeavour, labour -Caus (यासयति-ते) *To put to trouble

यस्त a Entrusted, deposited

यस्मात् ind 1 From which, since, as -2 That, in order that

यहु a Ved Great -हुः A child, offspring (पुत्र)

यह्व a Ved 1 Great, powerful -2 Active, restless, continually moving -m An employer of priests for sacrifices, L D B -ह्वी A river -f (dual) An epithet of 1 Heaven and earth -2 Of night and day -3 Of morning and evening.

या 2 P (याति, ययौ, अयासीत्, याम्यति, यातुम्, यात) 1 To go, move, walk, proceed, ययौ तदीयामवलम्ब्य चाङ्गुलिम् R 3 25, अन्वग्ययौ मध्यमलोकपालः 2 16 -2 To march against, invade, तदा यायाद् विगृह्यैव व्यसने चोत्थिते रिपो Ms 183 -3 To go to, march towards, set out for (with accompaniment or with प्रति) -4 To pass away, withdraw, depart, प्रस्तुतमनुसधीयताम् H 3 'let it go or pass, never mind' -5 To vanish, disappear, यातस्तवापि च विवेक Bv 1. 60, अयमेव हि धनानि भवन्ति यान्ति Mk 1 13 -6 To pass away, go by, elapse (as time), यौवनमनिवर्ति यातुं K. P 10, -7 To last -8 To happen, come to pass -9 To go or be reduced to any state, be or become (usually with the abstract noun)

-10 To undertake, न त्वस्य सिद्धौ यास्यामि सर्गव्यापारमात्मना Ku 2 54 -11 To have carnal intercourse with -12 To request, implore -13 To find out, discover -14 To behave, act (The meanings of या, like those of गम्, are variously modified according to the noun with which it is connected, e g नाश या to be destroyed, वाच्यता या to incur blame or censure, लघुता या to be slighted, प्रकृति या to regain one's natural state, निद्रा या to fall asleep, वश या to submit, go into one's possession, उदय या to rise, अस्त या to set, decline, पार या to reach the other side of, to master, surmount, get over, पद या to attain to the position of, अग्रे या to go before, take the lead, lead, अधो या to sink, विपर्यास या to undergo a change, to be changed in appearance, शिरसा मही या to bend the head down to the ground &c) -Caus (यापयति-ते) 1 To cause to go or proceed -2 To remove, drive away, प्रमदया मदयापितलज्जया R 9 31 -3 To spend, pass (time), तावत् कोकिल विरसान् यापय दिवसान् Bv 1 7, Me 91 -4 To live or spend time with, विनयादिव यापयन्ति ते धृतराष्ट्रमात्मजमात्मसिद्धये Ki 2 45 -5 To support, nourish -6 To give send-off, स्नेहप्रक्रिन्नहृदयो यापयामास कोशल Bhāg 10 58 52 -Desid (यियासति) To wish to go, to be about to go &c -With अति 1 to go beyond, transgress, violate -2 to surpass -अधि to go away or forth, escape, कुतोऽधियास्यसि क्रूर निहतस्तेन पत्रिभि Bk 8 90

यात p p 1 Gone, marched, walked -2 Passed, departed, gone away -3 Passed by, elapsed -4 Attained, reduced or gone to (a state &c). (See या) -तम् 1. Going, motion, विद्वान् विदामास शनैर्न यातम् Si 3 32, यात यच्च नितम्बयोर्युस्तथा S 2 2 -2 A march -3 The act of driving an elephant with a goad, Mātanga L 8 22 -4 The past time -Comp -याम, यामन् a 1 stale, used, spoiled, rejected, become useless, (द्विराज्य) नैतानि यातयामानि कुर्वन्ति पुनरध्वरे Rām 2 61 17, छन्दास्ययातयामानि योजितानि धृतत्रै Bhāg 4 13 27, अयातयामं वय Dk -2 raw, half cooked (as food), यातयाम गतरस पूति पशुषि च यन् Bg. 17 10 -3 aged, exhausted, worn out, यातयाम विजितवान् स राम यदि किं तत् Bk 5 39, अयातयामास्तस्यासन् यामा स्वान्तरयापना Bhāg 3 22 35

यागः [यज् घञ् कुत्वम्] 1 An offering, a sacrifice, an oblation, इष्टियाग SB on MS 6 8 7 -2 Any ceremony in which oblations are presented, with a direct reference to a deity, प्रत्यक्षदेवतासम्बद्धो हि त्यागो याग SB on MS 9 4 47, ऋषिदेवगणस्वधामुजा श्रुतयागप्रसवै स पाथिव (अनृणत्वमुपेयिवान्) R 8 30 -3 Presentation, grant -Comp -ईश्वरः a certain crystal phallus of Śiva, यस्यासौ जलदेवतास्फटिकभूर्जागतिं यागेध्वर N 12 38 -कण्टकः a bad sacrificer -करणम् a sacrificial ceremony. -संतानः N of Jayanta -संप्रदानम् the recipient of a sacrifice Kāśi on P IV 2 24 -सूत्रम् the sacrificial sacred thread

याच् 1 Ā. (याचते, rarely याचति, याचित) 1 To beg, ask, solicit, request, entreat, implore (with two acc.),

बलिं याचते वसुधाम् Sk , पितरः प्रणिपत्य पादयोरपरित्यागमयाच-
तात्मन R 8 12, Bk 14 105, R 11 1 -2 To demand
in marriage, ता याचते नरपतेर्नमसुहृन्नन्दनो नृपमुखेन Mal 1 11

याचकः (-की f) [याच्-ण्वल्] 1 A mendicant, beggar,
तृणादपि लघुस्त्रूलस्तूलादपि च याचकः Subhās -2 A petitioner,
suppliant -Comp -वृत्तिः the occupation or profession
of a beggar

याचनम्, -ना [याच्-ल्युट्] 1 Asking, begging, entrea-
ting, soliciting -2 A request, an entreaty, a petition,
याचना माननाशाय, बन्धतामभययाचनाञ्जलि R 11 78

याचनकः A beggar, suitor, petitioner

याचिष्णु a Disposed to beg, habitually begging or
soliciting

याचिष्णुता the habit of soliciting favours, याचिष्णुता
प्रमादश्च तामस गुणलक्षणम् Ms 12 38

याचित p p 1 Asked, solicited, begged, entreated,
requested -2 Requisite, necessary -तम् 1 The profes-
sion of a beggar -2 Begging, asking (याचना), कर्तु-
मिच्छति न याचितं दृष्टा K1 13 60 -3 Alms obtained by
begging

याचितकम् A thing got by begging, anything borro-
wed for use, अभ्यर्थ्य घत्त खलु पद्मचन्द्रौ विभूषण याचितकं कदाचित्
N 7 56, याचितकमण्डनमिव छन्दावुर्वर्ती परिजन Yasastulaka
chapt 4

याचित m 1 A beggar -2 A petitioner -3 A suitor
(for a girl), अयाचितारं न हि देवदेवमद्रि सुता प्राहयितुं शशाक
Ku 1. 52

याच्चा [याच्-न्] 1 Begging, asking -2 Mendicancy
-3 Request, solicitation, entreaty, याच्चा मोघा वरमधिगुणे
नाधमे लब्धकामा Me 6 -4 Making an offer of marriage
-Comp. -जीवनम् subsisting by begging -भङ्गः use-
less request

याच्यम् Making a request, याच्यमाहुरनीशस्य अभिहार च
भारत Mb 13 60 4.

याच्यता To be wooed or honoured (प्रार्थनीयता), यदा
याच्यन्ति पुरुषा स्त्रियो नार्हन्ति याच्यताम् Mb 12 266 36.

याजः [यज्-घञ्] 1 A sacrificer. -2 Boiled rice -3
Food in general

याजकः [यज्-ण्वल्] 1 A sacrificer, a sacrificing priest,
अयाजयन् महाराज याजका देववर्चसः Bhāg 10 74 16 -2 A
royal elephant -3 An elephant in rut

याजनम् [यज्-णिच्-ल्युट्] The act of performing or
conducting a sacrifice, अध्यापनमध्ययनं यजनं याजनं तथा ।
दानं प्रतिग्रहं चैव ब्राह्मणानामकल्पयत् ॥ Ms 1 88, 3 65

याजमानम् That part of a sacrifice which is per-
formed by the Yajamāna himself.

याजयितु m The officiating priest at a sacrifice.

याजिः The institutor of a sacrifice -f A sacrifice

याजिन a 1 (At the end of comp) Sacrificing,
सोमयाजिन् -2 Worshipping, adoring.

याजुकः A sacrificer (as इष्टियाजुकः), Br1 Up 1 5 2

याजुष a (-वी f) [यजुस्-अण्] Relating to the
Yajurveda -षः 1 A follower of the Yajurveda -2 A
partridge (तिक्षिर)

याज्ञवल्क्यः N of a celebrated ancient sage, the
first reputed teacher of वाजसनेयी संहिता (शुक्ल यजुर्वेद) and
the author of a well-known code of laws only next in
importance to that of Manu

याज्ञसेनः, -निः A patronymic of Śikhandin, Mb.
7 14 44

याज्ञसेनी A patronymic of Draupadī, याज्ञसेनीं पुरस्कृत्य
षडेवाय प्रववजु Mb, वल्गु चित्रपदं शृङ्गं याज्ञसेनि त्वया वच
Mb 3 31 1

याज्ञिक a (-की f) [यज्ञाय हितम्, यज्ञं प्रयोजनमस्य वा ठक्]
Belonging to a sacrifice, Bhāg 4 31 10 -कः 1 A
sacrificer or a sacrificing priest -2 A ritualist -3
The Kusa grass -4 N of several trees अश्वत्थ, खदिर,
पलाश, &c -Comp -आश्रयः N of Viṣṇu

याज्ञिय a 1 Sacrificial -2 Fit for a sacrifice -यः
One skilled in sacrificial rites

याज्य a 1 To be sacrificed -2 Sacrificial -3 One
for whom a sacrifice is performed -4 One who is
allowed by Śāstras to sacrifice -ज्यः 1 A sacrificer,
the institutor of a sacrifice, याज्यात्मजमथो दृष्ट्वा Mb 13
98 27 -2 The performer of a sacrifice for another
-ज्यम् The presents or fee received for officiating at a
sacrifice -ज्या a sacrificial text or verse, Rik (recited
at the offering of an oblation), याज्यया यजनकर्मिणोऽयजन्
Ś1 14 20

याज्वनः The son of a sacrificer

यातनम् 1 Return, requital, recompense, retaliation,
as in वैरयातनम् -2 Vengeance, revenge -ना 1 Requi-
tal, recompense, return -2 Torment, acute pain,
anguish -3 The torments inflicted by Yama upon
sinners, the tortures of hell (pl) अर्थीयं destined to
suffer the torments of hell, शरीरं यातनार्थीयम् Ms 12. 16.
गृह torture-chamber

यातिकः A traveller, of यात्रिक.

यातुः 1 A traveller, a way-farer -2 Wind -3 Time
-4 An evil spirit, a demon, Rākṣasa -न 1 An evil
spirit, a demon -2 A weapon -Comp. -घ्नः Bdhūm
-घ्नानः an evil spirit, a demon, निघातायिष्यन् युधि यातुघ्नान्
Bk 2 21, R 12 45 -नारी a female demon, बभ्राव
त्रिजगति यातु यातुनारी Rām Ch 7. 10

यादृ *f* [Un 2.96] A husband's brother's wife
-*m* 1 A goer, a traveller -2 A driver, coachman -3
Ved A destroyer -4 An avenger

यादृकः A traveller, way-farer

यादृत्यः An inhabitant of hell

यात्रा [या-धृन्] 1 Going, motion, journey, यात्रा तौ
परिवर्तितु किसलय मारोचमायाविधि Mv 6 1, R 18 16 -2 The
march of an army, expedition, invasion, स्थिता हि यात्रा
वसुधाधिपानाम् Rām 4 28 15, मार्गशीर्ष शुभे मासि यात्रायात्रा
महीपति Ms 7 182, Pt 3 37, R 17 56 °काल time
for invasion, Kau A -3 Going on a pilgrimage, as
in तीर्थयात्रा. -4 A company of pilgrims -5 A festival,
fair, festive or solemn occasion, कालप्रियनाथस्य यात्राप्रसंगेन
Māl 1, U 1 -6 A procession, festive train, प्रवृत्ता
खलु यात्राभिमुख मालती Māl 6, 6 2 -7 A road -8 Sup-
port of life, livelihood, maintenance, यात्रामात्रप्रसिद्धयर्थम्
Ms 4 3, शरीरयात्रापि च ते न प्रसिद्धेदकर्मण Bg 3 8 -9
Passing away (time) -10 Intercourse, यात्रा चैव हि
लौकिकी Ms 11 185, लोकयात्रा Ve 3, Ms 9 27 -11
Way, means, expedient -12 A custom, usage, practice,
way, एषोदिता लोकयात्रा नित्य स्त्रीपुंसयो परा Ms 9 25 (लोका-
चार Kull) -13 A vehicle in general -14 A kind of
dramatic entertainment -Comp -उत्सवः a festive
procession -कर a supporting life -करणम् an expe-
dition, a march -प्रसंगः going on a pilgrimage -फलम्
success of a campaign -आद्यम् a आद्य performed before
setting out on a journey, V P.

यात्रिक *a* (-की *f*) 1 Marching -2 Relating to a
journey or campaign -3 Requisite for the support of
life, तापमेवेव विप्रेषु यात्रिक भैक्षमाहरेत् Ms 6 27 -4 Usual,
customary -कः 1 A traveller -2 A pilgrim -कम् 1 A
march, an expedition or campaign, न मार्दवं शत्रुषु यात्रिक
सदा Mb. 12 103 40 -2 Provisions, supplies (for a
march), कृत्वा विधानं मूले तु यात्रिक च यथाविधि Ms 7 184

यात्रिन् *a* 1 Being on a march -2 Being in a pro-
cession

याथाकथाचम् 1 That which happens under any
circumstances, P V 1 98 -2 What happens
occasionally

याथाकामी, -कास्यम् Acting according to one's own
will

याथातथ्यम् 1 Reality, truth -2 Rectitude, propriety

याथात्म्यम् Real nature or essence, भक्तिज्ञान विरक्तिश्च
याथात्म्यस्यैव हरे Bhāg 7 10 43

याथावयवम् 1 Just, right -2 True, real

याथार्थ्यम् 1 Right or correct nature, truth, true
character, न सन्ति याथार्थ्यविदः पिनाकिन Ku 5 77, याथार्थ्य
क्व कस्तव R. 10 24 -2 Fitness, suitableness -3
Accomplishment or attainment of an object.

यादवः [यदोरपत्यम् अण्] A descendant of Yadu -2
N of Krishna -ची 1 N of Durgā -2 Of Kuntī, मद्र ते
यादवीमातर्वचश्चेद निबोध मे Mb 15 3 30 -3 Of Subhadrā,
कर्ण द्रक्षति कुन्ती च सौमद्र चापि यादवी Mb 15 31 2 -चम् A
stock of cattle -Comp -कोशः N of a dictionary
(वैजयन्ती)

यादवस् *n* 1 Any (large) aquatic animal, a sea-mon-
ster, यादासि जलजन्तव Ak, वरुणो यादवसामहम् Bg 10 29,
Kū 5 29, R 1 16' -2 Water -3 A river -4 Semen
-5 Desire -Comp -पतिः, -नाथः (also यादसापति and
यादसानाथ) 1 the ocean -2 N of Varuna, यादोनाथ
शिवजलपथ कर्मणे नौचराणाम् R 17 81

यादुः A fluid, water, Naigh 1 12

यादृक्ष *a* (-क्षी *f*), -यादृक्ष, -यादृक्ष *a* (-क्षी *f*)
What like, of which sort or nature, येषां तु यादृक्ष कर्म Ms
1 42, तत् क्षेत्रं यच्च यादृक् च यद् विकारि यतश्च यत् Bg 13 3
-Comp -गुण (-यादृगुण) *a* of whatever qualities,
यादृगुणेन भद्रो ह्य सयुज्येत यथाविधि Ms 9 22

यादृच्छिक *a* (-क्षी *f*) 1 Voluntary, spontaneous,
independent -2 Accidental, unexpected -3 Acting
as one likes (स्वेच्छाचारी), (आमन्त्र्य) वीणा रणयन् ययौ
यादृच्छिको मुनि Bhāg 1 7 38 -कः An officiating priest
who acts as he likes

यानम् [या भावे-ल्युट्] 1 Going, moving, walking, riding,
as गजयानम्, उष्ट्र°, रथ° &c -2 A voyage, journey, समुद्र-
यानकुशला Ms 8 157, Y 1 84 -3 Marching against,
attacking (one of the six Gunas or expedients in
politics), अहितान् प्रत्यभीतस्य रणे यानम् Ak, Ms 7 160
-4 A procession, train -5 A conveyance, vehicle,
carriage, chariot, यान सस्मार कौबेरम् R 15 45, 13 69,
Kū 6 76, Ms 4 120 -6 A litter, palanquin -7 A
ship, vessel -8 (With Buddhists) The method of
arriving at knowledge, the means of release from
repeated births, of महायान, हीनयान -9 An aeroplane
(विमान), Bhāg 4 3 6 -नः Ved A road, way -Comp
-आसनम् marching and sitting quiet, Ms 7 162
-आस्तरणम् a carriage cushion, Mk -करः a carpenter
-ग *a* riding in a carriage, न यानग Ms 4 120 -पात्रम्
a ship, boat -पात्रकम्, -पात्रिका a small boat -भङ्गः
shipwreck -मुखम् the forepart of a carriage, the part
where the yoke is fixed -यात्रा a sea-voyage, Buddh
-यानम् driving or riding in a carriage -शाला a coach-
house, यानशाला जगाम ह Rām 3 35 3 -स्वामिन् the
owner of a vehicle, यानस्य चैव यातुश्च यानस्वामिन् एव च
Ms 8 290

यानकम् A vehicle, conveyance.

यान्त्रिक *a* (-की *f*) 1 Relating to instruments or
machines -2 Mechanically worked out (as refined
sugar) -3 Artificial

यापक *a* 1 Causing to go -2 Giving, bestowing, इदं शुक्रत तीर्थमाशिषा यापकं नृणाम् Bhāg 3 23 23

यापन *a* (-नी *f*) 1 Causing to go or go away -2 Curing -3 Mitigating -4 Supporting (life), ग्राम्य-माहारमाद्यादस्वाद्रपि हि यापनम् Mb 12 212 13 -**नम्**, -**ना** 1 Causing to go away, driving out, expulsion, removal -2 Cure or alleviation (of a disease) -3 Spending or passing time, as in कालयापनम् -4 Delay, procrastination -5 Support, maintenance, देवतातिथिशेषेण कुरुते देह-यापनम् Mb 3 260 6, 12 213 17 -6 Practice, exercise, तत्र न व्यवधातव्यं परोक्षा धर्मयापना Mb 12 134 2 (com वर्मयापना वर्मोपदेश) -7 Loitering

यापित *a* 1 Spent, passed (time) -2 Expelled, removed &c

याता Twisted hair.

याप्य *a* 1 To be removed, expelled or rejected -2 Low, contemptible, trifling, unimportant -**प्यः** The father's elder brother -**Comp** -**यानम्** a litter or palanquin, तिरस्कृतविमानानि याप्ययानान्यनेरुधा Siva B 17 43, याप्ययानादिदानेन नानावह्नैरलकृत Parnā 3 18

यामः Sexual union, copulation, पीवान् स्मश्रुल प्रेष्ठं मीढ्वास यामोविदम् Bhāg 9 19 5

याम *a*. (-मी *f*) Relating to Yama, तेनानुभूयता यामी शरीरेणैव यातना Ms 12 17, मा भैर्मन्द मनो विचिन्त्य बहुवा यामीश्चिरं यातना Mukundamālā 10

यामः [यम्-घञ्] 1 Restraint, forbearance, control, लेखा सुयामास्तुषिता ब्रह्मकाया Mb 13.18 74. -2 A watch, one eighth part of a day, a period of three hours, अविदितगतयामा रात्रिरेव व्यरसीत् U 1 27, पश्चिमाद् यामिनीयामात् प्रसादमिव चेतना R 17 1, so यामवती, त्रियामा &c -3 Going, proceeding -4 Motion, course -5 Ved A road -6 Progress -7 A car, carriage -8 A class of gods, यामैः परिवृतो देवैर्हवाऽशासत् त्रिविष्टपम् Bhāg 8 1 18 -**Comp** -**घोषः** 1 a cock -2 a gong or metal-plate on which night-watches are struck -**घेटी** a female servant on guard, Hch 7 -**तृयम्**, -**दुन्दुभिः**, -**नाली**=यामघोष (2), मन्द्रध्वनित्याजितयामतूर्य R 6 56 सुवर्णकोणाभिहत प्राणदद् यामदुन्दुभि Rām 2 81 2 -**नादिन्** a cock -**पालः** a watchman, असौ परस्परालाप मन्दुरायामपालयो Dharmābhyudāya-mahākāvya 2 42 -**भद्रः** a kind of pavilion -**यमः** a stated occupation for every hour -**वृत्तिः** *f* being on watch or guard

यामक *m* dual N of the Nakṣatra पुनर्वसु

यामन् *n* Ved 1 Going, motion. -2 Flight -3 Coming, arrival -4 A march, an expedition -5 Invocation -6 Offering, oblation

यामवती Night, तारावितानतरला इव यामवत्यः Kī 8 56

यामिक- A watchman, one on duty or guard at night; also यामिकभट, यामिकाननुपमृद्य च माहृक् N. 5 110.

यामिका, -**यामिनी** 1 Night, सविता विधवति विदुरपि सवि-तरति दिनन्ति यामिन्य । यामिन्यन्ति दिनानि च सुखदुःखवशीकृते मनसि ॥ K P 10, Kī 11 48 -2 Turmeric -**Comp** -**चरः** 1 a demon -2 an owl -**पतिः** 1 the moon, यामिनी-पतिरिवैव दिनान्ते Bhāg -2 camphor

यामिनयाति Den P To appear like night

यामीरः The moon -**रा** Night

यामलम् 1 A pair, couple -2 N of a class of Tantra works, of रुद्रयामल

यामात् *m* (See जामात्)

यामि, -**मी** *f* 1 A sister (see जामि), यामिहरणजनितातु-शय Sī 15 53 -2 Night -3 A daughter-in-law, Ms 4 180 -4 A noble woman -5 The south -6 Hell-torture (यमयातना) -7 The Bharanī constellation

यामुन *a* (-नी *f*) [यमुना-अण्] Belonging to or coming from, or growing in, the Yamunā, गाङ्गमम्बु सितमम्बु यामुन कज्जलभमुभयत्र मज्जत K P 10 -**नम्** A kind of collyrium, चक्षुष्य यामुन पुन Siva B 30 18, also यामुनेयम्

यामुनेष्टकम् Lead

यामेयः A sister's son

याम्य *a* [यमो देवतास्य तस्येद वा प्य] *f* Southern, द्वार ररुघुतुर्याम्यम् Bk 14 15. -2 Belonging to or resembling Yama -**स्यः** 1 A servant of Yama, भगवत्युरूपै राजन् याम्या प्रतिहतोद्यमा Bhāg 6 3 3 -2 N of Agastya -3 Of Siva -4 Of Viṣṇu -5 Sandal-wood -**स्यम्** The Bharanī Nakṣatra -**Comp** -**अयनम्** the winter solstice -**उत्तर** *a* going from south to north ^{वृत्तम्} the solstitial colure

याम्या 1 The south, दिश याम्यामभिमुखो रुद्रन् वचनमब्रवीत् Rām 2 103 26 -2 Night

यायजूकः [यज् यङ् ऊक्] A performer of frequent sacrifices, one who constantly performs sacrifices (इज्या-शील), त यायजूक सह भिक्षुमुख्यै Bk 2 20, राजा महात्मा तेजस्वी यायजूक सता गतिम् Rām 2 72 15

यायावर *a* Frequently going, vagrant, having no fixed abode -**रः** 1 A vagrant mendicant, saint, याया-वरा पुष्पफलेन चान्ये प्राणचर्युर्यो जगदचरनीयम् Bk 2 20, महा-सागस्तस्मिन्नयमजनि यायावरकुले B R 1 13 (where यायावर is the name of a family) -2 A horse selected for a horse-sacrifice. -3 N of the sage जरत्कार -4 N of a family (to which Rājasekhara belonged) -**रम्** The life of a vagrant mendicant

यायिन *a* 1 Going, moving, travelling (at the end of comp) -2 Driving in, riding or going in -3 Leading to, चित्रकूटयायिनि वर्त्मनि U 1 -4 Going to war (applied to planets opposite to each other)

याव *a* Relating to, consisting of or prepared from barley -**च**. 1 Food prepared from barley -2 Lac-red dye

यावकः, -कम् 1 Food prepared from barley, भुज्जानो यावक रूक्ष दीर्घकालमरिदम् Mb 12 300 44, Mb 12 215 22, 12 321 49, Ms 11 125 -2 Lac, red lac, लभ्यते स्म परिरक्तयात्मा यावकेन वियतापि युवत्या S1 10* 9, 5 13, 7 67, K1 5 40, उत्क्षिप्य यावकरस किरती तथान्या B1 Oh 79 -3 Half-ripe barley, अपक्व एव यावके पुरा प्रलीयसे त्वरम् Mb 12 321 49 -4 Awnless barley -5 Forced rice -6 A kind of kidney-bean -7 A kind of observance (व्रत) in which one lives only on the grains of barley found in cow-dung, गवा निर्हारनिर्मुक्ताद् यावकात् तद्विशिष्यते Mb 13 26 38

यावत् *a* (-ती *f*) (As a correlative of तावत्) 1 As much as, as many as, (यावत् standing for 'as' and तावत् for 'as much' or 'as many'), पुरे तावन्तमेवास्य तनोति रविरातपम्। दीर्घिकाक्रमलोन्मेषो यावन्मात्रेण साध्यते Ku 2 33, ते तु यावन्त एवाजौ तावाश्च ददृशे स तै R 12 45, 17 17 -2 As great, as large, how great or large, यावानर्थ उदपाने सर्वत सच्छ्रुतोदके। तावान् सर्वेषु वेदेषु ब्राह्मणस्य विजानत ॥ Bg 2 46, 18 55 -3 All, whole (where the two together have the sense of totality or साकल्य), यावद् दत्त तावद् भुक्तम् G M -*ind* 1 Used by itself यावत् has the following senses -(a) as far as, for, up to, till, (with acc), स्तन्यत्याग यावत् पुत्रयोरवेक्षस्व U 7, कियन्तमवधि यावदस्म-चरित चित्रकारेणालिखितम् U 1, सर्पकोटर यावत् Pt 1 (b) just, then, in the meantime (denoting an action intended to be done immediately), तद् यावत् गृहिणीमाहूय सगीतक-मनुतिष्ठामि S 1, यावदिमा छायामाश्रित्य प्रतिपालयामि S 3 (c) As much as (d) That, in order that (e) Even, just -2 Used correlatively यावत् and तावत् have these senses -(a) as long as, so long as, यावद् वितोषार्जनशक्तस्ताव-न्निजपरिवारो रक्त Moha M 8 (b) as soon as, scarcely-when, no sooner-than, एकस्य दुःखस्य न यावदन्त गच्छामि तावद् द्वितीयं समुपस्थित मे H 1 177, Me 107, Ku 3 72 (c) while, by the time, आश्रमवासिनो यावदेवेद्याहमुपावर्ते तावदाद्रष्टुं क्रियन्ता वाजिन S 1, often with न when यावन्न is translated by 'before', यावदेते सरसो नोत्पतन्ति तावदेतेभ्य प्रवृत्तिरवगमयितव्या V 4 (d) when, as (= यदा), यावदुत्थाय निरीक्षते तावद् हसोऽवलोकित H 3 -Comp -अध्ययनम् *ind* during the recitation, अनुब्रज्या च शुश्रूषा यावदध्ययन गुरो Ms 2 241 -अन्तम्, -अन्ताय *ind* upto the end, to the last -अन्त्य *a* life-long -अभीक्ष्णम् *ind* for a moment's duration -अर्थ *a* corresponding to require-ment, as many as may be required to convey the mean-ing (said of words), न प्रीतियुक्ता यावदर्थश्च लोके Bhāg 5 5 3, यावदर्थपदा वाचमेवमादाय माधव बिरराम S1. 2 13 (-र्थम्) *ind* 1 as much as useful -2 in all senses, यद्यपि च गिरामीशमहे यावदर्थम् Bh 3 30 v 1. -इष्टम्, -इष्टाय *ind* as much as is desired -इत्थम् *ind* as much as necessary -कालम् *ind* as long as -गमम् *ind* as fast as one can go, यावद्गम रुद्रभयाद् यथा क Bhāg. 1 7 18 -जीवम्, -जीवने *ind* for life, throughout life, for the rest of one's life, यावज्जीव त्रयो वन्था वेदान्तो गुरुरीश्वर Subhās. यावज्जीवं सुख जीवेत् Subhās.

-प्रमाण *a* as great or big -बलम् *ind* to the best of one's power -भाषित or उक्त *a* as much as said -मात्र *a* 1 as large, extending as far, of which size or extent, दीर्घिकाक्रमलोन्मेषो यावन्मात्रेण साध्यते Ku 2 33 -2 insignifi- cant, trifling, little -शक्यम्, -शक्ति *ind* as far as possible, to the best of one's power, so यावत्सत्त्वम् -संपातम् *ind* as long as possible

यावतिथ *a* 1 To whatever place or point -2 In howmany soever (degree advanced), यो यो यावतिथश्चैषा स स तावद्गुण स्मृत Ms 1 20

यावन् *m* Ved 1 A rider, horseman -2 An inva-der -3 Going, driving &c (at the end of comp)

यावन् *a* (-ती *f*) [यवन-अण्, युणिच् ल्यु वा] Belonging to the Yavanas, न वदेद् यावनी भाषा प्राणै कण्ठगतैरपि Subhās -नः Incense -नम् Mixing, mingling

यावनीप्रिया The betel-plant, Gīrvāna

यावनालः A kind of corn -ली Sugar extracted for Yavanāla

यावनीयः N of a medical plant (Mar किरमणी ओंवा)

यावशूकः Salt-petre

यावसः 1 A heap of grass -2 Fodder, provisions

यावसिकः A mower of grass

याष्टीक *a* (-की *f*) [यष्टि प्रहरणमस्य ईकक्] Armed with a club -कः 1 A warrior armed with a club, तथा कार्णाटयाष्टीकै Śiva B 25 22. -2 A door-keeper with a cane, मासुपास्त दिदृक्षावान् याष्टीकव्याहतो हरि Bk 5 24

यासः 1 Effort, endeavour -2 Alhagi Maurorum (Mar धमासा)

यास्कः N of the author of the Nirukta

यियक्षमाण *a* Desirous of performing a sacrifice, यियक्षमाणेनाहूत पार्थेनाथ द्विषन्मुरम् S1 2 1

यियासा Desire of going

यियासु *a*. Wishing to go, move, ride &c, जवादहपूर्विकया यियासुभि K1 14 32

यु I 2 P (यौति, युत, caus यावयति, desid यियविषति or युयूषति) 1 To join, unite -2 To mix, combine -II 3 P. (युयोति) To detach, separate, as in युतसिद्ध -III 9 U (युनाति, युनीते) 1 To bind, fasten -2 To join, unite -3 To mix, combine -4 Ved To give, grant -5 To acquire -6 To worship, respect -IV. 10 A (यावयते) To censure -With व्यति to mix, अन्योन्य स्म व्यतियुत शब्दाश्च शब्दैस्तु भीषणान् Bk 8 6

युक्त *p p* [युज्-क] 1 Joined, united -2 Fastened, yoked, harnessed -3 Fitted out, arranged, उदतिष्ठन् महाराज सर्व युक्तमशेषत Mb 6 16 4. -4 Accompanied, युक्त प्रमासि K1. 11 29 -5 Furnished or endowed

with, filled with, having, possessing (with instr or in comp) -6 Fixed or intent on, absorbed or engaged in, devoted to (with loc), कौस्तुभ्यां यथा युक्तौ जनन्या वर्तते सदा Rām 2 20 3, युक्त प्रजानामनुरज्जे स्या U 1 11, Pt 1 284 -7 Used, employed -8 Adapted, fitted -9 Appointed (a government servant), अपि शक्या गतिज्ञातु पतता खे पतत्रिणाम् । न तु प्रच्छन्नभावानां युक्तानां चरता गति ॥ मत्स्या यथान्तं सलिले चरन्तो ज्ञातु न शक्या सलिलं पिबन्त । युक्तास्तथा कार्यविधौ नियुक्ता ज्ञातु न शक्या धनमाददाना ॥ Kau A 2 9 -10 Connected with -11 Proved, inferred -12 Active, diligent -13 Skilful, experienced, clever, सुग्रीवमन्त्रिते युक्तौ मम चापि हिते रतौ Rām 7 39 18 -14 Fit, proper, right, suitable (with gen or loc) -15 Primitive, not derived (from another word) -16 = योग-युक्त q v, अनि श्वसन्तं युक्तं तम् Rām 7 106 16, of युक्तचेतस् -17 = नियमवान्, श्रद्धान् सदा युक्तं सदा वर्मपरायण Mb 1 1 261 -18 (In astr) Being in conjunction with -क्तः 1 A saint who has become one with the Supreme Spirit -क्तम् 1 A team, yoke -2 Money lawfully obtained -3 Junction, connection -4 Fitness, propriety -क्तम् ind Fitly, properly, justly, duly, well -Comp -अर्थ a sensible, rational, significant. -कर्मन् a entrusted with some duty -चेतस् a योगयुक्त or योगाभ्यासी q v, प्रयाणकालेऽपि च मा ते विदुर्युक्तचेतस Bg 7 30 -चेष्ट a behaving properly -दण्ड a punishing justly, स हि सर्वस्य लोकस्य युक्तदण्डतया मन (आदे) R 4 8 -मनस् a attentive -योग a (in astrol) being in conjunction -रथः 1 a kind of elixir -2 N of a particular enema -रूप a 1 fit, proper, worthy, suitable (with gen or loc), जन्म यस्य पुरोर्वशे युक्तरूपमिदं तव S 1 12, अनुकारिणि पूर्वेषां युक्तरूपमिदं त्वयि 2 17 -2 Fit for, corresponding to -वादिन् a speaking properly

युक्तकम् A pair

युक्तिः f [युज्-क्तिन्] 1 Union, junction, combination -2 Application, use, employment -3 Yoking, harnessing -4 A practice, usage -5 A means, an expedient, a plan, scheme -6 A contrivance, device, trick -7 Propriety, fitness, adjustment, aptness, suitability -8 Skill, art -9 Reasoning, arguing, an argument -10 Inference, deduction -11 Reason, ground -12 Arrangement (रचना), यत्र खल्विय वाचोयुक्तिः Mā 1 -13 (In law) Probability, enumeration or specification of circumstances, such as time, place &c, युक्तिप्राप्तिक्रियाचिह्नसम्बन्धाभोगहेतुभि Y 2 92, 212 -14 (In dramas) The regular chain or connection of events, of S D 343 -15 (In Rhet) Emblematical or covert expression of one's purpose or design -16 Sum, total -17 Alloying of metal -18 Charm, spell -19 (In gram) A sentence -20 (In astr) A conjunction (युक्त्या ind 1 by means or virtue of -2 cleverly, skilfully -3 properly, fitly, duly) -Comp. -कथनम् statement of reasons. -कर a 1 suitable, fit -2 proved -क्ष a skilful in expedients, inventive -युक्त a 1 suitable, fit.

सं. इ. को... १६५

-2 expert, skilful -3 established, proved -4 argumentative -शास्त्रम् the science of what is suitable

युक्तिः ind 1 Cleverly, skilfully, artfully -2 Duly, properly

युक्तिमत् a 1 Clever, ingenious, fertile in using expedients, inventive -2 Based on argument, logical -3 Joined, united

युगम् 1 A yoke (m also in this sense), युगव्यायतबाहु R 3 34, 10 87, Si. 3 68 -2 A pair, couple, brace, कुचयोर्युगेन तरसा कलिता Si 9 72, स्तनयुग S 1 19 -3 A couple of stanzas forming one sentence, see युग्म -4 An age of the world, (the Yugas are four — कृत or सत्य, त्रेता, द्वापर and कलि, the duration of each is said to be respectively 1,728,000, 1,296,000, 864,000, and 432,000 years of men, the four together comprising 4,320,000 years of men which is equal to one Mahā-yuga q v, it is also supposed that the regularly descending length of the Yugas represents a corresponding physical and moral deterioration in the people who live during each age, Kṛita being called the 'golden' and Kali, or the present age the 'iron' age), धर्मसंस्थापनार्थाय सप्तवामि युगे युगे Bg 4 8, युगशतपरिवर्तान् S 7 34 -5 (Hence) A long period of years (कालचक्र), युगं वा परिवर्तते यद्येव स्याद् यथाऽऽत्य माम् Mb. 5 160 99 -6 A generation, life, आ सप्तमाद् युगात् Ms 10 64, जात्युत्कर्षो युगे ज्ञेय पञ्चमे सप्तमेऽपि वा Y 1 96 (युगे = जन्मनि Mit) -7 An expression for the number 'four', rarely for 'twelve' -8 A period of five years -9 A measure of length equal to four Hastas -10 A part of a chariot or plough -11 N of a particular configuration of the moon -Comp -अंशकः a year -अध्यक्षः 1 N of Prajāpati -2 of Śiva -अन्तः 1 the end of the yoke -2 the end of an age, end or destruction of the world, युगान्तकालप्रति-सहतात्मनो जगन्ति यस्या सविकासमासत Si 1 23, R 13 6 -3 meridian, mid-day -अन्तर 1 a kind of yoke -2 a succeeding generation -3 another division of the sky, युगान्तरमारुढ सविता S 4 -अवधिः end or destruction of the world, पयस्यभिद्रवति भुव युगावधौ Si 17 40 -आद्या the first day of a Yuga -कीलकः the pin of a yoke. -क्षयः destruction of the world -धरः the pole of a carriage -धुर, f the pin of a yoke -पत्रः, -पत्रकः the mountain ebony -पार्श्वग a going to the side of the yoke, (said of an ox while being broken in to the yoke) -बाहु a long-armed, युगपद्युगबाहुभ्य प्राप्तेभ्य प्राज्यविक्रमा Ku 2 18 -मात्रम् the length of a yoke (= 4 hands) -चरत्रम् a yoke strap, युगवत्रे उपदशित ईषाचक्रादिसनिधाने चेद् अक्षमानयेत्युच्यते तदा यानाक्षमधिकृत्य श्रूते इति गम्यते, न तु विदेवनाक्षमिति SB on MS 6 8 35

युगधरः, -रम् The pole of a carriage to which the yoke is fixed -रः a particular magical formula spoken over weapons.

युगपद् *ind* Simultaneously, all at once, all together, at the same time, सहस्रमक्षणा युगपत् पपात Ku 3 1, oft in comp, तेजोद्वयस्य युगपद्व्यसनोदयाभ्याम् S 4 2

युगलम् A pair, couple, बाहु°, हस्त°, करण° &c

युगलकम् 1 A pair -2 A couple of verses forming one sentence, of युग्म

युगलायते Den A To be like a pair

युगी Abundance, अक्षेण योधयुग्या च सर्वे स्म समाजातीया Mb 5 63 3 (com योधयुग्या शूरसमृद्ध्या—युजेरौणादिक कि—कृत्यमार्थम्)

युग्म *a* Even, युग्मासु पुत्रा जायन्ते जिन्योऽयुग्मासु रात्रिषु । तस्माद् युग्मासु पुत्रार्थं सविशेषादिति जिन्यम् Ms 3 48, Y 1 79 -**गमम्** 1 A pair, couple, see अयुग्म -2 Junction, union -3 Confluence (of rivers) -4 Twins -5 A couple of stanzas forming one grammatical sentence, द्वाभ्या युग्ममिति प्रोक्तम् -6 The sign *Gemini* of the zodiac, युग्मान्ते सूर्यमाहत्य महोत्केव दिवश्च्युता Mb 10 6 14 -7 Mixing, uniting -**Comp** -**चारिन्** *a* going about in pairs -ज *a* twin, twin-born -**पत्रः** mountain ebony -**विपुला** *a* kind of metre -**शुक्लम्** two white spots in the eye

युग्मक = युग्म above.

युग्य *a* [युगाय हित यत्] 1 Fit to be yoked, शकटापण-वेशाश्च यानयुग्य च सर्वश Mb 5 151 58 -2 Belonging to a yoke -3 Yoked, harnessed -4 Drawn by, as in अश्वयुग्यो रथ -**ग्यः** Any yoked or draught animal, especially a chariot-horse, हरियुग्य रथ तस्मै प्रजिघास पुरदर R 12 84 -**ग्यम्** A vehicle, carriage -**Comp** -**चाहः** *a* coachman -**स्थ** *a* being in a carriage, युग्यस्था प्राजके-ऽनाति Ms 8 294

युद्धन् 1 P To give up, desert

युजिन् *m* N of a mixed tribe

युद्ध, -**युच्छ** 1 P 1 To err, to go astray, L D B -2 To go away, depart

युज् I 7 U (युनाकि, युक्ते, युयोज, युयुजे, अयुजत्, अयौक्षीत्, अयुक्त, योक्षयित्ते, योक्तुम्, युक्त) 1 To join, unite, attach, connect, add, तमर्थमिव भारत्या सुतया योक्तुमर्हसि Ku 6 79, see *pass* below -2 To yoke, harness, put to, भातु सकृद्युक्ततुरङ्ग एव S 5 4, तत श्वेतैर्हयैर्युक्ते महति स्यन्दने स्थितौ Bg 1 14 -3 To furnish or endow with, as in गुणयुक्त -4 To use, employ, apply, प्रशस्ते कर्मणि तथा सच्छब्द पार्थ युज्यते Bg 17 26, Ms 7 204 -5 To appoint, set (with loc), प्रजासु वृत्तिं यमयुक्त वेदितुम् K1 1 1 -6 To direct, turn or direct upon (as the mind &c) -7 To concentrate one's attention upon, मन सम्यग् मन्त्रितो युक्त आसीत् मत्पर Bg 6 14, युज्येव सदात्मानम् 15 -8 To put, place or fix on (with loc) -9 To prepare, arrange, make ready, fit -10 To give, bestow, confer, दध्यक्षताद्विर्युजु सदाशिष Bhaḡ 10 25. 29, युज्ये -11 To adhere

or cleave to -12 To enjoin, charge, उवाच चैन मेधावी युद्धश्चात्मानमिति प्रभो Mb. 15 37 30 -13 To put in, insert -14 To think or meditate upon -*Pass* (युज्यते) 1 To be joined or united with, रविपीत-जला तपात्यये पुनरोधेन हि युज्यत नदी Ku 4 44, R 8 17 -2 To get, be possessed of, इष्टैर्युज्यथाम् Mv. 7, इष्टेन युज्यस्व S 5, R 3 65 -3 To be fit or right, be proper, to suit (with loc or gen), या यस्य युज्यते भूमिका ता खलु भावेन तथैव सर्वे नगर्या पाठिता Mal 1, त्रैलोक्यस्यापि प्रभुत्व त्वयि युज्यते H 1 -4 To be ready for, ततो युद्धाय युज्यस्व Bg 2 38, 50 -5 To be intent on, be absorbed in, be directed towards, दैवकर्मणि युक्तो हि विभर्ताद चराचरम् Ms 3 75, 14 35, K1 7 13 -6 To be fastened or harnessed -7 To adhere, to be in close contact -8 To attain to, possess, obtain -9 To be made ready -*Caus* (योजयति-ते) 1 To join, unite, bring together, परस्परेण स्पृहणीयशोभ न चेदिदं द्वन्द्वयोजयिष्यत् R 7 14 -2 To present, give, bestow, चरोरर्धाभिभाग-या तामयोजयतामुभे R 10 56 -3 To appoint, employ, use, शत्रुभिर्योजयेच्छत्रुम् Pt 4 17 -4 To turn or direct towards, पापान्नवारयति योजयते हिताय Bh 2 72 -5 To excite, urge, instigate -6 To perform, achieve -7 To prepare, arrange, equip -8 To yoke, harness -9 To apply, fix, set, place -10 To furnish or endow with -11 To surround -12 To despise, think lightly of -13 To appoint to -*Desid* (युज्यति-ते) To wish to join, yoke, give &c -II 1 P, 10 U (योजति, योजयति-ते) To unite, join, yoke &c, see युज् above -III 4 A (युज्यते) To concentrate the mind (identical with the *pass* of युज् I) -IV 10 A (योजयते) To censure

युज् *a* (At the end of comp) 1 Joined or united with, yoked, drawn by &c, रथा सर्वे चतुर्युज Mb 12 29 66 -2 Furnished or filled with, possessed of -3 Exacting, setting on -4 Even, not odd, युक्षु कुर्वन् दिनक्षेपु सर्वान् कामान् समश्नुते Ms 3 277, कामानुकूलानयुजो युजश्च Mb 3 34 5 -*m* 1 A joiner, one who unites or joins -2 A sage, one who devotes himself to abstract meditation -3 A pair, couple (*n* also in this sense) -*m* dual 1 The sign *Gemini* of the zodiac -2 The two *Asvins*

युज्य *a* Ved 1 Connected, united -2 Related to -3 Proper, fit, suitable -4 Of the same class or kind -**ज्यः** A kinsman -**ज्यम्** 1 Union, connection -2 Relationship

युज्जान *a* 1 Joining, uniting -2 Proper, fit -3 Prosperous, successful -**नः** 1 A driver, charioteer -2 A Brāhmana who is engaged in the practice of Yoga to obtain union with the Supreme Spirit -3 A Brāhmana

युज्ज् 1 P See युज्

युजिन् *m* See युजिन्

युत् 1 A (योतते) To shine.

युत *p p* [यु-क्] 1 United, joined or united with -2 Provided or endowed with, as in गुणगणयुतो नर -3 Fastened or attached to -4 Accompanied or attended by -5 Filled or covered with -6 Separated -7 ('यु मिश्रणामिश्रणयो' क), भव लघु युताकान्त N 19 22 -तम् A measure of length (= 4 *hastas*)

युतक *a* Connected, joined, united -कम् 1 A pair -2 Union, friendship, alliance -3 A nuptial gift -4 A sort of dress worn by women -5 The edge of a woman's garment, सज्जे युतकमिवान्तरीयमूर्वो K1 7 14 -6 Forming friendship -7 Refuge -8 The edge of a winnowing-basket -9 The foremost part of the feet -10 Doubt

युतिः *f* [यु-क्तिर्] 1 Union, junction -2 Being endowed with -3 Gaining possession of -4 Sum, addition -5 (In *astr*) Conjunction -6 The total number

युध 4 *A* (युध्यते, युद्ध) 1 To fight, struggle, contend with, wage war, योत्स्यमानानवेक्षेऽहं य एतेऽत्र समागता Bg 1 23, Bk 5 101 -2 To conquer or overcome in fight -*Caus* (योधयति-ते) 1 To cause to fight -2 To oppose or encounter in fight with, सा बाणवर्षिण राम योधयित्वा सुरद्विषाम् R 12 50 -3 To vanquish, conquer -*Desid* (युयुस्ते) To wish to fight -*With* नि to wrestle, box. -प्रति to encounter in fight, oppose

युद्ध *p p* 1 Fought, encountered -2 Conquered, subdued -द्धम् [युध्-भावादौ क] 1 War, battle, fight, engagement, contest, struggle, combat, वत्स केयं भार्ता युद्ध युद्धमिति U 6 -2 (In *astr*) The opposition or conflict of planets -*Comp.* -अवसानम् cessation of hostilities, a truce -अवहारिकम् booty, युद्धावहारिक यच्च पितु स्यात् स हरेत् तु तत् Mb 13 47 49 -आचार्यः a military preceptor, Ms 3. 162 -उद्योगः, -उद्यमः vigorous or warlike preparations -उपकरणम् a war-implement -उन्मत्त *a* frantic in battle -कारिन् *a* fighting, contending -गान्धर्वम् battle-music -तन्त्रम् military science -द्युतम् chance of war -ध्वानः battle-cry -भूः, -भूमिः *f* a battle-field -मार्गः military stratagems or tactics, manoeuvres -योजक *a* eager for battle -रङ्गः 1 a battle-field, battle arena -2 N of Kārtikeya -वर्णः a sort of battle. -वस्तु *n* an implement of war -विद्या, -शास्त्रम् military science or art, science of war -वीरः 1 a warrior, hero, champion -2 (in *Rhet*) the sentiment of heroism arising out of military prowess, the sentiment of chivalrous heroism, see S D 234 and R G under युद्धवीर -व्यतिक्रमः violation of the rules of combat -शालिन् *a* heroic, valiant -सारः a horse -*a* provoking (as speech)

युद्धकम् War, battle

युध् *f* War, battle, fight, contest, निघातायिष्यन् युधि यातुधानान् Bk 2 21, सदसि वाक्पटुता युधि विक्रम Bh 2 63, Mb 5 23 20 -*m*, A hero, soldier.

युधाजित् *m* N of a king of the Kekayas and maternal uncle of Bharata, मातुलस्य नगरे युधाजित प्रेषितो भरतलक्ष्मणानुजौ Rāmāyanachampū

युधानः 1 A warrior, a man of the warrior caste -2 An enemy

युधिक *a* Fighting, contending

युधिष्ठिरः 'Firm in battle', N of the eldest Pāṇḍava prince, also called 'Dharma', 'Dharmarāja', 'Ajātasatru' &c [He was begotten on Kuntī by the god Yama He is known more for his truthfulness and righteousness than for any military achievements or feats of arms He was formally crowned emperor of Hastināpura at the conclusion of the great Bhārati war after eighteen days' severe fighting, and reigned righteously for many years For further particulars about his life, see दुर्योधन]

युध्म *a* Ved Martial, warlike -ध्म 1 A warrior. -2 A battle -3 An arrow -4 A bow

युयुत्सा Desire of fighting, hostile intention

युयुत्सु *a* 1 Wishing to fight, hostile, bellicose, धर्मक्षेत्रे कुरुक्षेत्रे समवेता युयुत्सव Bg 1 1 -रसुः A combatant

युयुधान 1 N of Indra -2 A Ksatriya, warrior -3 N of Satyaki, युयुधानो विराटश्च हृपदश्च महारथ Bg. 1 4

योद्धु *m* A fighter, soldier.

युन्थ 1 P (यु 1 for युन्थ) 1 To kill, to injure -2 To suffer, L D B

युप् 4 P (युप्यति) 1 To efface, blot out -2 To trouble -3 To make level or smooth -*Caus* (योपयति) To destroy, obliterate, blot out

युयुः A horse

युयुक्खुरः A species of a small tiger or wolf, a hyena (सुदृग्याम्)

युवन् *a* [यौतीति युवा, यु-कनिन् Un 1 154] (युवति -ती or यूनी *f*, compar यवीयस् or कनीयस्, superl यविष्ठ or कनिष्ठ) 1 Young, youthful, adult, arrived at puberty -2 Strong, healthy -3 Excellent, good -*m* (nom युवा, युवानौ, युवान, acc pl यून्, instr pl युवभि &c) 1 A young man, a youth, सा यूनि तस्मिन्नाभिलाषबन्ध शशाक शालीनतया न वक्तुम् R 6 81 -2 A younger descendant (the elder being still alive), जीवति तु वर्ये युवा P IV 1. 163, I 2 65, II 4 58, IV 1 90 -3 An elephant 60 years old -4 N of a सबसर. -*Comp* -खलती *a* (-तिः-ती *f*) bald in youth -गण्डः an eruption on the cheeks or face of young men -जरत् *a* (-ती *f*) appearing old in youth, prematurely old -जानिः one whose wife is young, युवजानि धनुष्पाणि Bk 5 13 -पलित *a* grey-haired in youth, P II. 1 67 com -राज् *m*,

राजः an heir-apparent, a prince-royal, crown-prince, (असौ) वृषेण चक्रे युवराजशब्दभाक् R 3 35 -हन् infanticide

युवकः A youth, young man

युवतिः, -ती f [युवन्ति ङीप् वा] 1 A young woman, any young female (whether of men or animals), सुर-युवतिसंभव किल मुनेरपत्यम् S 2 9, युवतिजनकथामूकभाव परेषाम् Bh, so इमयुवति -ती 1 The sign *virgo* of the zodiac -2 Turmeric (also युवति) -Comp -इष्टा yellow jasmine -जनः a young woman

युवानक a Young

युष्मद् The base of the second personal pronoun, (nom त्वम्, युवाम्, यूयम्) Thou, you, (at the beginning of several compounds) -Comp -अर्थम् ind for you -आयत्त a at your disposal -वाच्यम् (in gram) the second person -विद्य a like you

युष्मदीय a Your, yours -य A countryman of yours, Ratn

युष्मादृश, -श a Like you

यू m, f See यूप (= soup)

यूकः, -का A louse, स्वेदज दशमशक यूकामक्षिकमत्कुणम् । ऊष्मणश्चोपजायन्ते Ms 1 45

यूकालिक्षम् 1 A louse and its egg -2 The egg of a louse (as a measure of length)

यूतिः f Mixing, union, junction, connection, करोमि नो बहिर्यूतीन् पिघद्ध्व पाणिभिर्दृश Bk 7 69

यूयम् [यु-यक् षष्ठी० दीर्घ] 1 A herd, flock, multitude, a large number or troop (as of beasts), क्षीरलेषु ममो-र्वशी प्रियतमा यूये तवेय वशा V 4 25, S 5 5 -Comp -चारिन् a going about in troops (as monkeys) -नाथः, -पः, -पतिः 1 the leader of a troop or band -2 the head of a flock or herd (usually of elephants), a lordly elephant, मृगेन्द्रविक्रीडितयूथपा इव Bhāg 4 10 20, गजयूथप यूथिकाशबलकेशी V 4 46 -परिभ्रष्ट a fallen out from a herd -बन्धः a flock, herd, troop -मुख्यः the chief of a troop or herd (as of elephants &c)

यूथश ind In troops, gregariously

यूथ्य a [यूथ-यत्] 1 Belonging to a troop or herd (at the end of comp), सिंहेन कुदेन यथायूथ्या महाबला भीम-बलेन तद्वत् Mb 8 89 80 -2 Belonging to a herd or flock, being at the head of a herd -य्या A herd, flock

यूथिका, -गी A kind of jasmine or its flower, यूथिकाशबलकेशी 46, Me 26, Mā 9 15

यूपः [यु-यक् षष्ठी०] Un 3 27] 1 A sacrificial post (usually made of *Khadrira* wood) to which the victim is fastened -2 A place of immolation,

अपेक्ष्यते साधुजनेन वैदिकी स्मशानशूलस्य न यूपसक्तिया Ku 5 73, ग्रामेष्वात्मविसृष्टेषु यूपचिह्नेषु यज्वनाम् R 1 44 -2 A trophy -Comp -आहुतिः f an oblation at the erection of the sacrificial post -कटकः a wooden ring at the top of the Yūpa -कर्णः that part of the Yūpa which is sprinkled with ghee -कर्मन्यायः the rule according to which the उत्कर्ष or अपकर्ष of some detail belonging solely to the विकृति will be restricted to that particular detail alone, so that the तदादितदन्तन्याय will not apply in that case This is discussed and established by जैमिनि and शबर in MS 5 1 27 -द्रुः, -द्रुमः the *Khadrira* tree -द्विपः, -हस्तिन् a cloth wrapped round the sacrificial post in certain rites, मीमांसामासलप्रज्ञास्ता यूपद्विपदापिनीम् N 17 61 -ध्वजः the sacrifice personified -लक्ष्यः a bird (?) -वस्कः the cutter of the sacrificial post

यूष् 1 P (यूषति) To injure, kill, hurt

यूषः The Indian mulberry tree

यूषः, -षम्, -यूषन् m, n Soup, broth, pease-soup (यूपन् has no forms for the first five inflections, and is optionally substituted for यूष after acc dual)

येन ind (Strictly instr sing of यद् used adverbially) 1 Whereby, by which, wherefore, on which account, by means of which, किं तद् येन मनो हर्तुमल स्याता न शृण्वताम् R 15 64, 14 74 -2 So that, दर्शय त चौरसिंह येन व्यापादयामि Pt 4 -3 Since, because

येष् I 1 Ā (येषते) To try, strive, attempt -II 1 Ā Ved 1 To bubble -2 To flow

योक्त्र m [युज् वृत्] 1 One who yokes, joins, unites &c -2 A coachman -3 An exciter, instigator

योक्त्रम् 1 A cord, rope, thong, halter -2 The tie of the yoke of a plough -3 The rope by which an animal is tied to the pole of a carriage, छेदने चैव यन्त्राणां योक्त्ररश्म्योस्तथैव च Ms 8 292 -4 A churning cord, ततो निश्चित्य मथन योक्त्रं कृत्वा च बासुकिम् Rām 1 45 18, 19

योगः [युज् भावादौ घञ् कृत्वम्] 1 Joining, uniting -2 Union, junction, combination, उपरागान्ते शशिनः समुपगता रोहिणी योगम् S 7 22, गुणमहता महते गुणाय योग K1 10 25, (वा) योगस्तद्धितोयदयोरिवास्तु R 6 65 -3 Contact, touch, connection, तमङ्कमारोप्य शरीरयोगजै सुखैर्निषिञ्चन्तमिवाभूत त्वचि R 3 26 -4 Employment, application, use, एतै-रुपाययोगैस्तु शक्यास्ता परिरक्षितुम् Ms 9 10, R 10 86 -5 Mode, manner, course, means, ज्ञानविज्ञानयोगेन कर्मणा-मुद्धरन् जटा Bhāg 3 24 17, कथायोगेन बुध्यते H 1 'In the course of conversation' -6 Consequence, result, (mostly at the end of comp or in abl), रक्षायोगादयमपि तपः प्रत्यह सचिनोति S 2 15, Ku 7 55 -7 A yoke -8 A conveyance, vehicle, carriage -9 (a) An armour (b) Put-ting on armour -10 Fitness, propriety, suitableness -11 An occupation, a work, business. -12 A trick,

fraud, device, योगाधमनविकीत योगदानप्रतिग्रहम् Ms 8 165
 -13 An expedient, plan, means in general -14 Endeavour, zeal, diligence, assiduity, ज्ञानमेकस्थमाचार्ये ज्ञान योगश्च पाण्डवे Mb 7 188 45, इन्द्रियाणां जये योग समातिष्ठेद्विद्वानिहम् Ms. 7 44 -15 Remedy, cure -16 A charm, spell, incantation, magic, magical art, तथाख्यातविधान च योग सचार एव च Mb 12 59 48 -17 Gaining, acquiring, acquisition, बलस्य योगाय बलप्रदानम् Rām 2 82 30 -18 The equipment of an army -19 Fixing, putting on, practice, सत्येन रक्ष्यते धर्मो विद्या योगेन रक्ष्यते Mb 5 34 39 -20 A side, an argument -21 An occasion, opportunity -22 Possibility, occurrence -23 Wealth, substance -24 A rule, precept -25 Dependence, relation, regular order or connection, dependence of one word upon another -26 Etymology or derivation of the meaning of a word -27 The etymological meaning of a word (opp रुढि), अवयवशक्तियोग -28 Deep and abstract meditation, concentration of the mind, contemplation of the Supreme Spirit, which in *Yoga* phil is defined as चित्तवृत्तिनिरोध, स ब्रह्मयोगयुक्तात्मा सुखमक्षयमश्नुते Bg. 5 21, सती सती योगविसृष्टेर्देहा Ku 1 21, V 1 1, योगेनान्ते तदुत्पत्तयाम् R 1. 8 -29 The system of philosophy established by Patañjali, which is considered to be the second division of the Sāmkhya philosophy, but is practically reckoned as a separate system, एक साख्य च योग च य पश्यति स पश्यति Bg 5 5 (The chief aim of the *Yoga* philosophy is to teach the means by which the human soul may be completely united with the Supreme Spirit and thus secure absolution, and deep abstract meditation is laid down as the chief means of securing this end, elaborate rules being given for the proper practice of such *Yoga* or concentration of mind) -30 A follower of the *Yoga* system of philosophy, जापकैस्तुल्यफलता योगाना नात्र सहाय Mb 12 200 23 -31 (In arith) Addition -32 (In astr) Conjunction, lucky conjunction -33 A combination of stars -34 N of a particular astronomical division of time (27 such *Yogas* are usually enumerated) -35 The principal star in a lunar mansion -36 Devotion, pious seeking after god -37 A spy, secret agent -38 A traitor, a violator of truth or confidence -39 An attack, योगमाज्ञापयामास शिवस्य विषय प्रति Śiva B 13 7 -40 Steady application, श्रुताद् हि प्रज्ञा, प्रज्ञया योगो योगदात्मवत्ता Kau A 1 5, मयि चानन्ययोगेन भक्तिरव्यभिचारिणी Bg 13 10 -41 Ability, power, एता विभूतिं योग च मम यो वेत्ति तत्त्वत Bg 10 7, पश्य मे योगमैश्वरम् 11 8 -42 Equality, sameness, समत्व योग उच्यते Bg 2 48 -Comp. -अङ्गम् a means of attaining *Yoga*, (these are eight, for their names see यम 5) -अञ्जनम् a healing ointment -अनुशासनम् the doctrine of the *Yoga* -अभ्यासिन् a practising the *Yoga* philosophy -आख्या a name based on mere casual contact, स्याद् योगाख्या हि माधुरवत् MS 1 3 21 (cf एषा योगाख्या योगमात्रापेक्षा न भूतवर्तमानमविध्यत्स-

बन्धापेक्षा ŚB on ibid) -आचारः 1 the practice or observance of *Yoga* -2 a follower of that Buddhist school which maintains the eternal existence of intelligence or विशान alone -3 An act of fraud or magic, ततोऽनेन योगाचारन्यायेन दूरमाकृष्य Mv 4 -आचार्यः 1 a teacher of magic -2 a teacher of the *Yoga* philosophy -आधमनम् a fraudulent pledge, योगाधमनविकीतम् Ms 8 165 -आपत्तिः modification of usage -आरूढ a engaged in profound and abstract meditation, योगारूढस्य तस्यैव शमः कारणमुच्यते Bg 6 3 -आवापः the first attitude of an archer -आसनम् a posture suited to profound and abstract meditation -इन्द्रः, ईशः, ईश्वरः 1 an adept in or a master of *Yoga* -2 one who has obtained superhuman faculties -3 a magician -4 a deity -5 an epithet of Śiva -6 a Vetāla -7 an epithet of Yājñavalkya -इष्टम् 1 tin -2 lead -कक्षा = योगपट्टम् below -कन्या N of the infant daughter of Yaśodā (substituted as the child of Devakī for Kṛṣṇa and killed by Kamsa) -क्षेमः 1 security of possession, keeping safe of property -2 the charge for securing property from accidents, insurance, Ms 7 127 -3 welfare, well-being, security, prosperity, तेषां नित्याभियुक्तानां योगक्षेमं वहाम्यहम् Bg 9 22, मुग्धाया मे जनन्या योगक्षेमं वहस्व M 4 -4 property, profit, gain -5 property designed for pious uses, of Ms 9 219 -मौ, मे or -मम् (i e m or n dual or n sing) acquisition and preservation (of property), gain and security, preserving the old and acquiring the new (not previously obtained), अलभ्यलभो योग स्यात् क्षेमो लब्धस्य पालनम्, see Y 1 100 and Mit thereon; तेन भूता राजान प्रजानां योगक्षेमवहा Kau A 1 13, आन्वीक्षिकीत्रयीवातानां योगक्षेमसाधनो दण्डः तस्य नीति दण्डनीति Kau A 1 4 -गतिः f 1 primitive condition -2 the state of union -गामिन् a going (through the air) by means of magical power -चक्षुस् m a Brāhmaṇa -चरः N of Hanumat -चूर्णम् a magical powder, a powder having magical virtues, कल्पितमनेन योगचूर्णमिश्रितमौषधं चन्द्रगुप्ताय Mu 2. -जम् agallochum -तल्पम् = योगनिद्रा -तारका, -तारा the chief star in a *Nakṣatra* or constellation -दण्डः a magic wand, Śinhās -दानम् 1 communicating the *Yoga* doctrine -2 a fraudulent gift -धारणा perseverance or steady continuance in devotion -नाथः 1 an epithet of Śiva -2 of Datta -नाविका, -कः a kind of fish, -निद्रा 1 a state of half contemplation and half sleep, a state between sleep and wakefulness, i e. light sleep, गर्भे प्रणीते देवक्या रोहिणीं योगनिद्रया Bhāg 10 2 15, योगनिद्रा गतस्य मम Pt 1, H 3 75, ब्रह्मज्ञानाभ्यसनविधिना योगनिद्रा गतस्य Bh 3 41 -2 particularly, the sleep of Viṣṇu at the end of a Yuga, R 10 14, 13 6 -3 N of Durgā -4 the great sleep of Brahman during the period between प्रलय and उत्पत्ति of the universe -निद्रालुः N of Viṣṇu -निलय N of Śiva or Viṣṇu -पट्टम् a cloth thrown over the back and knees of an ascetic during ab-

abstract meditation, क्षणनिरवया यया निशि श्रितवप्रावलययोगपट्टया N 2 78, एकान्तावलम्बितयोगपट्टिकाम् युद्धाम् K Pūrvabhāga -**पतिः** an epithet of Viṣṇu -**पदम्** 3 state of self-concentration -**पादुका** a magical shoe (taking the wearer anywhere he wishes) -**पानम्** a liquor adulterated with narcotics -**पारगः** N of Śiva -**पीठम्** a particular posture during Yoga meditation -**पीडः**, -**डम्** a kind of posture of the gods -**पुरुषः** a spy, यथा च योगयुसैरन्यान् राजावितिष्ठति Kau A 1 21 -**बलम्** 1 the power of devotion or abstract meditation, any supernatural power -2 power of magic -**भावना** (in alg) composition of numbers by the sum of their products -**भ्रष्ट** a one who has fallen from the practice of Yoga -**माया** 1 the magical power of the Yoga -2 the power of God in the creation of the world personified as a deity, (भगवत् सर्जनार्थं शक्तिः), नाह प्रकाश सर्वस्य योगमायासमावृत Bg 7 25 -3 N of Durgā -**यात्रा** the way to the union with the Supreme Spirit, the way of attaining Yoga -**युक्त** a immersed in deep meditation, absorbed, योगयुक्तो भवार्जुन Bg 8 27, 5 6-7 -**रङ्गः** the orange -**रत्नम्** a magical jewel -**राजः** 1 a kind of medicinal preparation -2 one well-versed in Yoga -**रूढ** a 1 having an etymological as well as a special or conventional meaning (said of a word), e g the word पङ्कज etymologically means 'anything produced in mud', but in usage or popular convention it is restricted to some things only produced in mud, such as the lotus, of the word आतपत्र or 'parasol' -2 engaged in meditation (s v -**भारूढ**), ध्यायन्ते योगिनो योगरूढा Brav. P ब्रह्मखण्ड 1 3 -**रोचना** a kind of magical ointment said to have the power of making one invisible or invulnerable, तेन च परितुष्टेन योगरोचना मे दत्ता Mk 3 -**वर्तिका** a magical lamp or wick -**वरः** an epithet of Hanumant, L D B -**वामनम्** secret contrivances, Kau A -**वासिष्ठम्** N of a work (treating of the means of obtaining final beatitude by means of Yoga) -**वाहः** a term for the sounds विसर्जनीय, जिह्वामूलीय, उपध्मानीय and नासिक्य q q v v -**वाहक** a resolving (chemically) -**वाहिन** a assimilating to one's self -m, n medium for mixing medicines (such as natron, honey, mercury), नानाद्रव्यात्मरूपाश्च योगवाहि परमधु Suśr -**वाही** 1 an alkali -2 honey -3 quicksilver -**विक्रयः** a fraudulent sale -**विद्** a 1 knowing the proper method, skilful, clever -2 conversant with Yoga (-m) 1 an epithet of Śiva -2 a practiser of Yoga -3 a follower of the Yoga doctrines -4 a magician, -5 a compounder of medicines -**विद्या** the science of Yoga -**विधिः** practice of Yoga or mental abstraction, योगविधेर्नैवेतर स्थिरवीरा परमात्मदर्शनात् (विरराम) R 8 22 -**विभागः** separation of that which is usually combined together into one, especially, the separation of the words one into two, the splitting of one rule into two or more (frequently used by Patañjali in

his Mahābhāṣya, e g see अदसो मात् P I 1 12) -**शब्दः** a word the meaning of which is plain from the etymology -**शायिन्** a half asleep and half absorbed in contemplation, cf योगनिद्रा -**शास्त्रम्** the Yoga philosophy, esp the work of Patañjali -**संसिद्धिः** perfection in Yoga -**समाधिः** the absorption of the soul in profound and abstract contemplation, तमस परमापदव्ययपुरुष योगसमाधिना रघु R 8 24 -**सारः** a universal remedy, a panacea -**सिद्धिः** f achievement in succession : e by separate performance, पर्यायो योगसिद्धिः SB on MS न्याय the rule according to which when an act (e g दर्शपूर्णमास) is said to yield all desired objects, what is meant is that it can yield them only one at a time and not all simultaneously This is established by जैमिनि and शबर in MS 4 3 27-28 Thus for the achievement of each separate काम, a separate performance of the याग is necessary, (see दर्शपूर्णमासन्याय) -**सूत्रम्** aphorisms of the Yoga system of philosophy (attributed to Patañjali) -**सेवा** the practice of abstract meditation

योगतः ind 1 In consequence of, by means of, तपोबलयोगतः &c -2 Suitably, properly -3 Conjointly -4 Conformably to, in accordance with -5 In due time, opportunely -6 Through devotion -7 By the power of magic -8 With application of effort, with all one's powers, सर्वान् ससाधयेदर्थानक्षिपन् योगतस्तनुम् Ms 2 100

योगस् n 1 Meditation, religious abstraction -2 The half of a lunar month

योगिक a Used for practice, प्रथम योगिक चाप युद्धचाप द्वितीयकम् Dhanur 30

योगित a. 1 Charmed, enchanted -2 Mad, crazy

योगिन a [युज्-घिनुण्, योग-इनि वा] 1 Connected or endowed with -2 Possessed of magical powers -3 Endowed or provided with, possessing -4 Practising Yoga -m 1 A contemplative saint, a devotee, an ascetic, आत्मौपम्येन सर्वत्र सम पश्यति योऽर्जुन । सुखं वा यदि वा दुःखं स योगी परमो मतः ॥ Bg 6 32, see the sixth adhyāya *inter alia*, सेवावर्मे परमगहनो योगिनामप्यगम्य Pt 1 285, बभूव योगी किल कार्त्तवीर्ये R 6 38 -2 A magician, sorcerer -3 A follower of the Yoga system of philosophy -4 N of Yājñavalkya -5 Of Arjuna -6 Of Viṣṇu -7 Of Śiva -8 N of a mixed caste -नी 1 A female magician, witch, sorceress, fairy -2 A female devotee -3 N of a class of female attendants on Śiva or Durgā, बलीनदात् योगिनीभ्यो दिक्पालेभ्योऽप्यनेकधा Śiva B 6 51, (they are usually said to be eight) -4 N of Durgā -**Comp** -**इन्द्रः**, -**ईशः** 1 the chief of saints -2 N of Yājñavalkya -**ईश्वरी** the chief of magicians -**इष्टम्** lead -**दण्डः** a kind of reed -**निद्रा** light-sleep, wakefulness, -**मार्गः** the air, atmosphere,

योग्य *a* [योगमर्हति यत्, युज् व्यत् वा] 1 Fit, proper, suitable, appropriate, qualified, योग्योऽय इत्येते नर -2 Fit or suitable for, qualified for, capable of, able to (with loc, dat or even gen or in comp) -3 Useful, serviceable -4 Fit for Yoga or abstract meditation -5 (In Nyāya phil) Amenable to the senses, capable of being directly cognized -**ग्यः** 1 A calculator of expedients -2 The asterism Pusya -3 A draught animal -**ग्या** 1 Exercise or practice in general, तद् यथा भूमिरथिको भूमौ रथमालिख्य योग्या करोति। सा तस्य योग्या प्रयोगकाले सौकर्यमुत्पादयति। SB on MS 7 2 15, योग्या-मुपास्ते नु युवा युयुक्षु N 3 117, अपर प्रणिधानयोग्यया मरुत पञ्च शरीरगोचरान् R 8 19, so मानयोग्या Kāv 2 243, वनु-योग्या, अन्नयोग्या Rām 2 1 12 &c -2 Martial exercise, drill -3 The earth -4 N of a wife of Sūrya -**ग्यम्** 1 A conveyance, carriage, vehicle -2 Sandal wood -3 A cake -4 Milk

योग्यता 1 Ability, capability, न युद्धयोग्यतामस्य पश्यामि सह राक्षसै Rām -2 Fitness, propriety -3 Appropriateness -4 (In Nyāya phil) Fitness or compatibility of sense, the absence of absurdity in the mutual connection of the things signified by the words, *e g* in अभिना सिद्ध्यति there is no योग्यता, it is thus defined — एकपदार्थेऽपरपदार्थसंसर्गो योग्यता Tarka K, or पदार्थानां परस्पर-सम्बन्धे बाधामात्र S D 2, पदार्थे तत्र तद्वत्ता योग्यता परिकीर्तिता Bhāṣāparīkṣhedā -5 Purity (पवित्रता), व्यक्ति कालत्रित-येऽपि योग्यताम् Śi 1 26

योजक *a* [युज्-ञ्वल्] 1 One who yokes or harnesses -2 Joining, uniting, providing &c -3 A joiner, arranger, contriver, योजकस्तत्र दुर्लभ Subhās

योजकम् [युज्-भावादौ ल्युट्] 1 Joining, uniting, yoking -2 Applying, fixing -3 Preparation, arrangement -4 Grammatical construction, construing the sense of a passage -5 A measure of distance equal to four *Krośas* or eight or nine miles, स्याद् योजनं क्रोशचतुष्टयेन, प्रथममगमद्वयं योजने योजनेऽथ Līlā, न योजनशतं दूरं बाह्यमानस्य तृणया H 1 146 -6 Exciting, instigation -7 Concentration of the mind, abstraction (= योग q v) -8 Erecting, constructing (also योजना in this sense) -9 Ved Effort, exertion -10 A road, way -11 The Supreme Spirit of the universe -12 A finger -**ना** 1 Junction, union, connection -2 Grammatical construction -3 Use, application -**Comp** -**गन्धा** 1 musk -2 N of Satyavati, mother of Vyāsa -3 of Sītā

योजनिक *a* Measuring so many Yojanas

योजनीय *a* 1 To be joined or united -2 To be added -3 Useful, serviceable -4 To be appointed, commissioned -5 To be grammatically corrected or arranged

योजयित् *a* 1 Joining, combining -2 An employer, setter, भवति योजयितुर्वचनीयता Pt 1 75 -*m.* A setter (of precious stones)

योजित *p p* 1 Yoked, harnessed -2 Used, employed -3 Joined, connected -4 Supplied, furnished

योटकः A combination of stars

योटुः 1 A measure (in general) -2 Cleaning, purifying

योत्रम् See योक्त्रम्

योद्धृ *m* [युध्-वृत्] A warrior, combatant

योधः [युध्-अच्] 1 A warrior, soldier, combatant, सहा-स्मदीयैरपि योधमुख्यै Mb, वसन्तयोव समुपागत भ्रिये Rs 6 1, Bg 11 26 -2 War, battle -**Comp** -**अगारः**, -**रम्** a soldier's dwelling, a barrack -**धर्मः** the law of soldiers, a military law, योधधर्म सनातन Ms 7 98 -**मुख्य** a chief warrior, leader -**सरावः** mutual defiance of combatants, a challenge

योधनम् [युध्-भावे-ल्युट्] 1 War, battle, contest, ते तु शूरा महाराज कृतचित्ताश्च योधने Mb 9 18 4 -2 A weapon -**नः** A warrior, combatant

योधिन् *m* [युध्-णिनि] A warrior, soldier, combatant

योधेयः 1 A warrior -2 N of a race (यौधेय)

योन *a* Regarding race, तैर्यग्योनश्च पञ्चवा भवति Sāṅkhya K 53

योनलः = यवनाल

योनिः *m f* [यु-नि Un 4 51] 1 Womb, uterus, vulva, the female organ of generation -2 Any place of birth or origin, generating cause, spring, fountain, स्वासु योनिषु शान्मयति Ms 9 321, सा योनिः सर्ववैराणा सा हि लोकस्य निश्च्येति U 5 30, जगद्योनिरयोनिस्त्वम् Ku 2 9, 4 43, oft at the end of comp in the sense of 'sprung or produced from', ये हि सस्पर्शजा भोगा दुःखयोग्य एव ते Bg 5. 22 -3 A mine -4 An abode, a place, repository, seat, receptacle -5 Home, lair -6 A family, stock, race, birth, form of existence, as मनुष्ययोनि, पक्षि, पशु &c -7 The asterism पूर्वफल्गुनी -8 Water -9 The base (of a सामन्) : *e* the ऋक् which is set to music and sung as सामन्, योनिश्चासौ शस्या च योनिशस्या SB on MS. 7 2 17 -10 Copper, L D B -11 The primary cause, कला पञ्चदशी योनिस्तद्धाम प्रतिबुध्यते Mb 12 304 4 -12 The source of understanding, एषा धर्मस्य वो योनिः समासेन प्रकीर्तिता Ms 2 25 (com योनिर्ज्ञानकारण 'वेदोऽखिलो धर्ममूलम्' इत्यादिनोक्तमित्यर्थ) -13 Longing for, desire (वासना), ससार-सागरगमा योनिपातालदुस्तराम् Mb 12 250 15 -14 Seed, grain पोषणम् the growing of seed -**Comp** -**गुणः** the quality of the womb or place of origin -**ज** *a* Kūrn of the womb, viviparous -**देवता** the asterism पूर्वफल्गुनी. -**दोषः** 1 Sexual defilement -2 A defect of the female organ -**नासा** the upper part of the female organ. -**भ्रंशः** fall of the womb, prolapsus uteri -**मुक्त** *a*. released from birth or being born again -**मुखम्** the

orifice of the womb -मुद्रा a particular position of fingers -रञ्जनम् the menstrual discharge -लिङ्गम् the clitoris -शस्या a Rigvedic verse which is both a योनि as well as a शस्या (q v), योनिशस्याश्च तुल्यवदितराभिर्विधीयन्ते MS 7 2 17 -संवरणम्, -संवृत्तिः Contraction of the vagina -संकटम् rebirth -संकरः mixture of caste by unlawful intermarriage, कुले मुख्येऽपि जातस्य यस्य स्याद् योनिस्कर Ms 10 60 -सम्बन्धः relation by marriage, connection

योनी See योनि

योपनम् 1 Effacing, blotting out -2 Anything used for effacing -3 Confusing, preplexing -4 Molesting, oppressing, destroying

योषणा A young girl, maiden

योषा, -योषिद् f, -योषिता [Up 1 97] A woman, a girl, young woman in general, गच्छन्तीना रमणवसति योषिता तत्र नक्तम् Me 89, Si 4 42, 8 25, योषा योषिद् योषिता च जोषा जोषिच्च जोषिता Śabdaratnāvalī -Comp -ग्राहः (योषिद्ग्राहः) one who takes the wife of deceased man -प्रिया turmeric -रत्नम् an excellent woman

यौक्तिक a (-की f) [युक्ति आगत ठक्] 1 Suitable, fit, proper -2 Logical, based on argument or reasoning -3 Deducible -4 Usual, customary -कः A king's companion, cf नर्मसचिव

योगः A follower of the Yoga system of philosophy

योगपदम्, -द्यम् 1 Simultaneity, तुल्याना तु योगपद्यम् etc MS 11 1 54, Bhāg 4 4 20 -2 Simultaneous perception of one and the same thing in many more places than one, आदित्यवद् योगपद्यम् MS 1 1 5 'येन ind simultaneously, न हि योगपद्येन विधातु शक्यते लक्षणत्वेन चोच्चारयितुम् SB on MS 3 1 14

यौगिक a (-की f) [योग ठक्] 1 Useful, serviceable, proper -2 Usual -3 Derivative, etymological, agreeing with the derivation of the word (opp रूढ or 'conventional') -4 Remedial -5 Relating to or derived from Yoga -Comp -रूढ a etymological and conventional, as उद्भिद्

यौद् (-इ) 1 P (यौद्-इ-ति) To join together

यौतक a (-की f) [युते विवाहकाले अधिगत वृण्] Forming the rightful or exclusive property of any one, rightfully belonging to any one, विभागभावना ज्ञेया प्रह-येनैश्च यौतके Y 2 149 -कम् 1 Private property in general, मातुश्च यौतक यत् स्यात् कुमारीभाग एव स Mb. 13 45 12 -2 A woman's dowry, a woman's private property (given to her at marriage), मातुस्तु यौतक यत् स्यात् कुमारीभाग एव स Ms. 9 18, यो मिश्रणे इति धात्वनुसाराद् विवाहकाले एकासनोप-विष्टयोर्बन्धवरयोर्द्वयं यौतकमिति व्युत्पत्त्या यौतकमित्युच्यते । Viramam, also यौतक in this sense

यौतकम् A measure in general

यौथिक a Belonging to a flock or troop -कः A companion, comrade, मातापितरौ भ्रातृबन्धुजातीन् यौथिकाश्चैवो-पेयाय Bhāg 5 8 9

यौध a (-धी f) Warlike -धः An elephant in the fifth decade of his age, Mātanga L 5 15

यौन a (-नी f) [योनिन योनिर्बन्धात् आगतम् अण्] 1 Uterine -2 Resulting from marriage, matrimonial, नैते ब्राह्मन् यौनाश्च सबन्धानाचरेद् ब्राह्मण सह Ms 2 40 -नम् 1 Marriage, matrimonial alliance, Ms 11 180 -2 The origin (योनि), यत्रामियौनाश्च वसन्ति लोका Mb 13 102 25 -3 The ceremony on conception -Comp -अनुबन्धः blood-relationship, यौनानुबन्ध च समीक्ष्य कार्ये लेख विदध्यात् पुरुषानुरूपम् Kau A 2 10 -संबन्धः relationship by marriage, affinity

यौनिकः Moderate wind

यौवतम् [युवतीना समूह अण्] 1 An assemblage of young women, अवश्यं दिवोऽपि यौवतेर्नसहाधीतवतीमिमामहम् N 2 41, 11 90, मनुष्यनारीजनतोऽपि यौवत दिवौकसा श्रेष्ठतम वदन्ति Rām Ch 2 3 -2 The quality of a young woman (beauty &c), the state of being a young woman, अहो विबुधयौवत वहसि तन्वि पृथ्वीगता Git 10 (सुरसुन्दरीरूपम्)

यौवतेयः The son of a young woman

यौवन a (-नी f) [युनो भाव अण्] Young, juvenile -नम् 1 Youth (fig also), youthfulness, prime or bloom of youth, puberty, सुगन्धस्य च यौवनस्य च सखे मध्ये मधुश्री स्थिता V 2 7, यौवनेऽभ्यस्तविद्यानाम् R 1 8, 6 50, दिन-यौवनोत्थान् 13 20 -2 Any youthful or juvenile act -3 A number of young persons, especially women -Comp -अन्त a ending in youth, being a prolonged youth, यौवनान्त वयो यस्मिन् नान्तक कुसुमायुधात् Ku 6 44 -अवस्था, -दशा youthfulness, puberty -आरम्भः prime of youth, budding youth, Māl 3 -आरूढ a one who has arrived at adolescence or puberty -उद्देहः 1 ardour of youthful passions -2 sexual love -3 N of Cupid -कण्टकः, -कम्, -पिडका an eruption or pimples on the face indicative of youth -दर्पः 1 youthful pride -2 indiscretion natural to youth -दशा the period of youth -प्रान्तः the verge of youth -लक्षणम् 1 a sign of youth -2 charm, loveliness -3 the female breast -श्री the beauty of youthfulness -स्थ a. 1 youthful -2 marriageable -3 fresh, यौवनस्थस्य गौरस्य कपित्थस्य सुगन्धिन Rām 2 91 72

यौवनकम् Youth

यौवनीय a Youthful, juvenile

यौवनाश्वः N of Māndhātṛi, son of Yuvanāśva.

यौवराज्यम् The rank or rights of an heir-apparent, यौवराज्येऽभिषिक्त 'crowned heir-apparent', निखिल सचिवैः सार्धं यौवराज्यमन्यत Rām. 2. 1 42

यौषिण्यम् Womanhood -2 Action, gesture of women, Bhāg 5 1 29.

यौष्माक a (-की f), यौष्माकीण (पा f) a Your,

yours, यौष्माकीणे समन्तात् प्रसरति नितरा दिक्षु कीर्तितानि Sūkti 5 86

च्वागुली Sour scum of boiled rice, of यवाग्

र

रः 1 Fire -2 Heat -3 Love, desire -4 Speed -5 (In prosody) A syllabic foot (रण) consisting of a short syllable between two long syllables -6 The number 'forty' -**रा** 1 Giving -2 Gold -3 Amorous play -**री** Going, motion -**रम्** Brightness, lustre -**Comp** -**विपुला** N of metre

रंसु a Ved Cheerful, delightful, स चित्रेण चिकित्ते रसु भासा Rv 2 4 5

रंह 1 P (रहति) 1 To move or go with speed, hasten, न ररंश्चकुञ्जरम् Bk 14 98 -2 To flow -**Caus** (रहयति-ते, according to some 10 U) 1 To cause to move rapidly, urge on -2 To cause to flow -3 To go -4 To speak

रहणम् Going swiftly, hastening.

रंहतिः f 1 Speed, velocity -2 The speed of a chariot

रंहस् n [रह-असुन् हुक्च Un 4 221] 1 Speed, velocity, न पादपोन्मूलनशक्ति रह शिलोच्चये मूर्च्छति मारुतस्य R 2 34, Si 12 7, K1 2 40 -2 Eagerness, violence, vehemence, impetuosity य पर रहस साक्षात् Bhāg 4 24 28 -3 N of Śiva -4 Of Viṣṇu

रंहिः f Ved 1 A running stream, spring -2 Running, flowing -3 Hunting, pursuing -4 Haste

रक् 10 U (राकयति-ते) 1 To taste -2 To get, obtain.

रकः 1 The sun-stone -2 Crystal -3 A hard shower.

रकसा A form of leprosy

रक्त p p [रञ्ज्-करणे क्त] 1 Coloured, dyed, tinged, painted, आभाति बालातपरक्तसातु R 6 60 -2 Red, crimson, blood-red, सान्ध्य तेज प्रतिनवजपापुष्परक्त दधान Me 36, so रक्ताशोक, रक्ताशुक &c -3 Enamoured, impassioned, attached, affected with love, यावद् वित्तोपार्जनसक्तस्तावन्नजपरिवारो रक्त Charpata-Pañjarikā 3, अयमेन्द्रीमुख पश्य रक्तशुम्बति चन्द्रमा Chandr 5 58 (where it has sense 2 also) -4 Dear, liked, beloved -5 Lovely, charming, sweet, pleasant, श्रोत्रेषु समूर्च्छति रक्तमासा गीतानुग वारिमृदङ्गबावम् R 16 64, रक्त च नाम मधुर च समं स्फुट च Mk 3 4: -6 Fond of play, sporting, playful -7 Nasalized (said of a vowel) -**क्त** 1 Red colour -2 Safflower

सं. इ. को... १६६

-3 N of Śiva -4 N of a tree (हिज्जल) -5 The planet Mars -**क्ता** 1 Lac -2 The plant गुग्गा -3 One of the 7 tongues of fire -4 (In music) N of a ध्रुति -**क्तम्** 1 Blood, रक्त सर्वशरीरस्य जीवस्याधारमुत्तमम् Bhāva P -2 Copper -3 Cinabar -4 Saffron -5 Vermilion -6 Dried Emblic Myrobalan, L D B -7 A disease of the eyes -8 The menstrual fluid -9 Red sandal, रक्त पीत गुरु स्वादु छर्दितृष्णाक्षपित्तमुत् । पित्तनेत्रहित वृष्यं ज्वरव्रण-विषापहम् Bhāva P -**Comp** -**अक्त** a 1 dyed red, tinged -2 smeared with blood (-**क्तम्**) red sandal -**अक्ष** a 1 red-eyed -2 fearful (-**क्षः**) 1 a buffalo -2 a pigeon -3 a crane (सारस) -4 N. of a संवत्सर -5 the Chakora bird -**अङ्कः** a coral -**अङ्गः** 1 a bug -2 the planet Mars -3 the disc of the sun or moon (-**ङ्गम्**) 1 a coral (also m and f) -2 saffron -**अति** (ती) **सारः** dysentery, bloody flux, पित्तकृत तु यदात्यर्थं द्रव्यमश्नाति पैतिके । तद्दोषाज्जायते शीघ्र रक्तातीसार उत्स्रज ॥ Bhāva P -**अधरा** a Kinnari -**अधि-मन्थः** inflammation of the eyes -**अपहम्** myrrh -**अम्बर** a clad in red garments (-**रम्**) a red garment (-**रः**) a vagrant devotee wearing red garments -**अर्बुदः** a bloody tumour -**अर्शस्** n a form of piles -**अशोकः** the red-flowered Asoka, रक्ताशोकश्चा विशेषितगुणो बिम्बाधरा-लक्तक M 3 5 -**आकारः** coral -**आधारः** the skin -**आभ** a red-looking -**आशयः** any viscous containing or secreting blood (as the heart, spleen, or liver) -**उत्पलम्** the red lotus -**उपलम्** red chalk, red earth -**कण्ठः** -**कण्ठिन्** a sweet-voiced (-m) the cuckoo, हाविते रक्तकण्ठानां कृजितैश्च पतत्रिणाम् Bhāg 4 6 12 -**कन्दः**, -**कन्दलः** coral -**कदम्बः** the red-flowering Kadamba -**कमलम्** the red lotus -**कुमुदम्** a red lily -**केसरः** the coral tree -**कैरवः**, -**कोकनदः** a red lotus-flower -**गन्धकम्** myrrh -**ग्रन्थिः** a particular form of urinary disease -**ग्रीवः** 1 a demon -2 a kind of pigeon -**घ्नः** the Rohitaka tree. (-**घ्नी**) the Dūrvā grass -**चन्दनम्** 1 red-sandal -2 saffron -**चूर्णम्** vermilion -**छद** a. red-leaved -**छर्दिः** f vomiting blood -**जिह्वः** a lion -**तुण्डः** a parrot -**तेजस्** n flesh -**दन्तिका**, -**दन्ती** N of Durgā, स्तुवन्तो व्याहरिष्यन्ति सततं रक्तदन्तिकाम् Devimāhātmyam -**दृश** m a pigeon -**धातुः** 1 red chalk, orpiment -2 copper -**नाडी** a fistulous ulcer on the gum caused by a bad state of blood -**नासिक**, an owl -**पः** a demon, an evil spirit (-**पा**) 1 a leech -2 a Dāhri.

-पक्षः N of Garuda -पटः a kind of mendicant, केचिद् रक्तपटीकृताश्च जटिला कापालिकाश्चापरे Pt 4 34 (esp Jains), धर्म इत्युपधर्मेषु नम्ररक्तपटादिषु । प्रायेण सज्जते भ्रान्त्या पेशलेषु च वाग्मिषु ॥ Bhāg 4 19 25 -पद्मम् A red lotus -पल्लवः the Aśoka tree -पातः blood-shed -पाता a leech -पाद a red-footed (-द.) 1 a bird with red feet, a parrot -2 a war-chariot -3 an elephant -पायिन् m a bug -पायिनी a leech -पारदः, -दम् cinnabar -पिण्डम् 1 a red pimple -2 a spontaneous discharge of blood from the nose and mouth -पित्तम् derangement of the blood produced by bile, संयोगाद् दूषणात् तत् तु सामान्याद् गन्धवर्णयो । रक्तं च पित्तमाख्यात रक्तपित्त मनीषिभिः Bhāva P -पुष्पः N of several plants — करवीर, रोहितक, दाडिम, बन्धूक, पुनाग &c -ष्पा N of the plant Punarnavā, पुनर्वा परारक्ता रक्तपुष्पा परारिका Bhāva P -पूयम् N of a hell -पूरकम् = वृक्षाम्ल q v -प्रमेहः the passing of blood in the urine -फलः the figtree -विन्दुः N of a demon, रक्तविन्दुर्यदा भूमौ पतत्यस्य शरीरत । ससुप्तति मेदिन्यास्तत्प्रमाणस्तदासुर Devīmāhātmyam -बीजः the pomegranate tree -मत्स्यः a kind of red fish -भवम् flesh -भाव a 1 red. -2 loving, amorous -मञ्जरः the Nichula tree -मण्डलम् a red lotus-flower -मेहः the voiding of blood with urine, विस्त्रुण्ण सलवण रक्ताभ रक्तमेहत Bhāva P -मोक्षः, -मोक्षणम् bleeding, letting out blood -राजिः a particular disease of the eye -रेणुः 1 vermillion -2 the Punnāga tree -3 an angry man -4 a bud of the Palāśa tree -लोचनः a pigeon -वटी, -वरटी small-pox -वर्गः 1 lac -2 the pomegranate tree -3 safflower -वर्ण a red-coloured (-णः) 1 red-colour -2 cochineal insect (-णम्) gold -वर्धनः Solanum Melongena (Mar डोरली वागी) -वसन, -वासस् a clothed in red, Ms 8 256 (-m) a Brāhmaṇa in the fourth order of life -वालुकम्, -का vermillion -विकारः deterioration of blood -विद्रधिः a boil filled with blood -वृष्टिः a shower of blood forboding evil, रक्ते (वर्षिते) शस्त्रोद्योग Jyotiśattvam -वीजः the pomegranate tree, (see रक्तबीज above) -शासनम् vermillion -शीर्षकः a kind of heron -शृङ्गिकम् a kind of poison -छीवी the spitting of blood -संकोचः safflower -संकोचकम् a red lotus-flower -संक्षम् saffron -संदंशिका a leech -संध्यकम् the red lotus -सारम् red sandal -स्रावः hemorrhage

रक्तक a 1 Red -2 Impassioned, enamoured, fond of -3 Pleasing, amusing -4 Bloody -कः 1 A red garment -2 An impassioned man, amorous person -3 A sporter -कम् 1 Blood -2 A red garment

रक्तम् [रञ्जित्] 1 Pleasingness, loveliness, charm- ingness -2 Attachment, affection, loyalty, devotion

रक्तिका The *Quercus* plant or its seed used as a weight

रक्तिमन् m Redness

रक्ति m A painter, dye

रक्ष 1 P (रक्षति, रक्षित) 1 To protect, guard, take care of, watch, tend (as cattle), rule, govern (as earth), भवानिमा प्रतिकृति रक्षतु S 6, ज्ञास्यसि कियद् भुजो मे रक्षति मौर्वीकिणाङ्क इति S 1 13, अरक्षित तिष्ठति दैवरक्षित सुरक्षित तद्विहत विनश्यति । Bh -2 To keep, not to divulge, रहस्य रक्षति -3 To preserve, save, keep away from, spare (often with abl), सखीजनादुपहसनीयता रक्षामि Mk 4, दर्शनपथाद्रक्ष्यते Ratn 1, अलब्धं चैव लिप्सेत लब्धं रक्षेदवक्ष्यात् H 2 8, आपदर्थे वन रक्षेत् H 1 42, R 2 50, 11 87 -4 To avoid, रक्षन्ती बाष्पमोक्षम् K, Mu 1 2 -5 To observe (as a law, duty) -6 To beware of

रक्षः [रक्षन्त्यस्मात् इत्यर्थे असुन् Un 4 196] 1 A guard, protector -2 Preserving, guarding, watching -Comp. -पालः, -पालकः a guard, protector

रक्षक a (-क्षिका f) [रक्ष्णुल्] Guarding, protect- ing -कः A protector, guardian, guard, watchman

रक्षणम् [रक्ष-ल्युट्] Protecting, protection, preserva- tion, watching, guarding &c (Also रक्षणम्) -णी A rein, bridle -णः 1 A protector -2 N of Viṣṇu -णा Protecting

रक्षणा (णी) रकः Morbid retention of urine

रक्षस् n [रक्ष्यते हविरस्मात्, रक्ष-असुन्] 1 An evil spirit, a demon, an imp, a goblin, चतुर्दशसहस्राणि रक्षसा भीमकर्म- णाम् । त्रयश्च दूषणखरत्रिमुर्धानो रणे हता ॥ U 2 15 -2 Ved Hurt, injury -Comp. -ईशः, -नाथः an epithet of Rāvana -म्रः white mustard (-म्रम्) sour rice-gruel. -जननी night. -पाशः a contemptible demon -प्रकाण्डकः the best of the demons (प्रशस्त रक्षस), दण्डकान्ध्यावाता यौ वीर रक्ष प्रकाण्डकौ Bk 5 6 -सभम् an assembly of demons

रक्षस्त्वम् Demoniacal nature, fiendish cruelty, malignity

रक्षा [रक्ष-भावे अ टाप्] 1 Protection, preservation, guarding, मयि स्रष्टिर्हि लोकाना रक्षा युष्मास्ववस्थिता Ku 2 28, S 2 15, R 2 4, 8, Me 45 -2 Care, security -3 A guard, watch -4 An amulet or mystical object used as a charm, any preservative, as in रक्षाकरण्ड q v below -5 A tutelary deity -6 Ashes -7 A piece of silk or thread fastened round the wrist on particular occasions, especially on the full-moon day of Śrāvana, as an amulet or preservative, (रक्षी also in this sense) -7 Lac -Comp -अधिकृतः 1 one who is entrusted with protection or superintendence, a superintendent or governor, Ms 7 123, 9 272 -2 a magistrate -3 the chief police officer -अपेक्षकः 1 a porter, doorkeeper -2 a guard of the women's apartments -3 a catamite -4 an actor -करण्डः, -करण्डकम् a preservative cas- ket, an amulet, a magical or charmed casket, अहो रक्षाकरण्डकमस्य मणिबन्धे न दृश्यते S 7 -गृहम् a lying-in chamber, रक्षागृहगता दीपा प्रत्यादिष्टा इवामवन् R 10 68. -पट्टोलिका a cluster of amulets. -पत्रः a species of birch

tree -परिचः a protective bar -पालः, -पुरुषः a watchman, guard, police -प्रतिसरः an amulet, दत्तरक्षाप्रतिसरामन्वाल्भनशोभनाम् Mb 3 39 4 -प्रदीपः a lamp kept burning as a sort of protection against evil spirits -भूषणम्, -मणिः, -रत्नम् an ornament or jewel worn as an amulet or preservative against evil spirits -मङ्गलम् a ceremony performed for protection (against evil spirits &c) -महौषधिः a sovereign preservative remedy -सूत्रम् a carrying-girth

रक्षिकः 1 A protector, guard -2 A policeman

रक्षिका 1 A female guardian -2 An amulet, charm &c (worn as a preservative)

रक्षिजनः A force of guards, हेला दधौ रक्षिजनेऽस्रसजे N 6 10

रक्षितकम् Safety, आत्मरक्षितकम् Kau A

रक्षित्, रक्षिन् a Protecting, guarding, ruling &c, निपीय यस्य क्षितिरक्षिण कथा N 1 1 -m 1 A protector, guardian, saviour -2 A guard, watchman, sentinel, policeman, अये पदशब्द इव मा नाम रक्षिण Mk 3

रक्षणः Protection, रक्षण करोषि कस्मात् त्वम् Bk 7 66

रख् 1 P (रखति) To go, move

रग् 1 P (रगति) To doubt

रघु a Ved 1 Quick, rapid -2 Light, nimble -3 Fickle -4 Eager -धुः 1 N of a celebrated king of the solar race, son of Dilīpa and father of Aja [He appears to have been called Raghū from ragh or rangh 'to go', because his father foresaw that the boy would 'go' to the end of the holy learning as well as of his enemies in battle, cf R 3. 21 True to his name, he commenced the conquest of the directions, went over the whole of the then known world, overcame kings in battle, and returned covered with glory and laden with spoils He then performed the Visvajit sacrifice in which he gave away everything to Brāhmanas and made his son Aja successor to the throne.] -2 (pl) The Raghus or descendants of Raghu, रघुणामन्वय वक्ष्ये तनुवाग्विभवोऽपि सन् R 1 9 -Comp -उद्धः the best of the Raghus : e Rāma -कारः the author of Raghuyamśa : e Kālidāsa, पूर्वैर्विभिनवृत्ता गुणाढ्यभवभूतिबाणरघुकारे Govardhanasaptasatī, क इह रघुकारे न रमते Subhāsa -नन्दनः, -नाथः, -पतिः, -श्रेष्ठः, -सिंहः &c epithets of Rāma, रघुनाथोऽप्यगस्त्येन मार्गसदृशितात्मना R, Rāma-raksā S -प्रतिनिधिः the image or representative of Raghu, : e Aja, R 5 68 -वंशः the family of the Raghus, रघुवंशप्रदीपेन तेनाप्रमिततेजसा R 10 68 (-राम) N of a celebrated classical poem by Kālidāsa describing the family of the Raghus in nineteen cantos तिलक. N of Rāma, जयति रघुवंशतिलक कौसल्यानन्दवर्धनो राम Rām.

रङ्क a 1 Mean, poor, beggarly, wretched, miserable -2 Slow -कः A beggar, wretch, any hungry or half-starved being, प्रेतरङ्क Māl 5 16 'the famished or half-starved spirit', रङ्कस्य वृषतेर्वापि जिह्वासौख्यं सम स्मृतम् Pt 1 254

रङ्कुः [रमते वने Un 3 86] A deer, an antelope, मुखचन्द्रेषु कलङ्करङ्कुव N 2 83, श्रयत्यय च श्रवणावतस्रश्यामारविन्द-श्रियमङ्करङ्कु Rām Ch 6 78

रङ्ख् 1 P (रङ्खति) To go

रङ्ग् 1 P (रङ्गति) To go, move

रङ्गः [रञ्ज्-भावे घञ्] 1 Colour, hue, dye, paint -2 A stage, theatre, play-house, an arena, any place of public amusement, as in रङ्गविमोपशान्तये S D 281, यदा-श्रौष द्वोपदी रङ्गमध्ये Mb 1 1 154, आनर्चु पुरुषा रङ्गम् Bhag 10 42 33 -3 A place of assembly -4 The members of an assembly, the audience, अहो रागबद्धचित्त-वृत्तिरालिखित इव सर्वतो रङ्ग S 1, रङ्गस्य दर्शयित्वा निवर्तते नर्तकी यथा नृत्यात्। पुरुषस्य तथात्मानं प्रकाश्य विनिवर्तते प्रकृति ॥ Sarva S -5 A field of battle -6 Dancing, singing, acting -7 Mirth, diversion -8 The nasal modification of a vowel, सरङ्ग कम्पयेत् कम्प रथीवेति निदर्शनम् Sik 30, see 26, 27, 28 also -9 An extract of Khadira -गः, -गम् Tin -Comp -अङ्गानम्, -णम् an arena, an amphitheatre -अङ्गा alum -अवतरणम् 1 entrance on the stage -2 an actor's profession -अवतारकः, -अवतारिन् m an actor, कर्मारस्य निषादस्य रङ्गावतारकस्य च Ms 4 215 -आजीवः 1 an actor -2 a painter, रङ्गाजीवाश्च भूरिश Siva B 31 19, so, -उपजीविन् m, -कारः, -जीविकः a painter -क्षारः borax -चरः 1 an actor, a player -2 a gladiator -जम् red lead -जीविकः 1 an actor -2 a dyer, colourist -तालः a kind of measure (in music) -दः 1 borax -2 an extract of Khadira -दा, ददा alum -देवता the goddess supposed to preside over battlefield, sports and public diversions generally, आतेन बलमिव रङ्गदेवताभ्य Ki 17 62 -द्वारम् 1 a stage door -2 the prologue of a play -पत्री, -पुष्पी the indigo plant -पीठ a place for dancing, महति रत्नरङ्गपीठे स्थिता प्रथम ताम्रोष्ठीम-पश्यम् Dk 2 6 -प्रदीपकः (in music) a kind of measure -प्रवेशः 1 entering on the stage -2 engaging in theatrical performance -बी (वी) जम् silver -भूतिः f 1 the night of full moon in the month of Āśvina -भूमिः f 1 a stage, theatre -2 an arena, battle-field -मङ्गलम् a festive ceremony on the stage -मण्डपः a theatre -मल्ली a lute -माद् f 1 lac, red-dye, or the insect which produces it -2 a bawd, procuress -वस्तु n a paint -वाटः an arena, a place enclosed for plays, dancing &c -विद्या the art of dancing and acting, theatrical profession -शाला a dancing-hall, theatre, play-house -संगरः a contest on the stage

रङ्गणम् Dancing

रज्जिन् *a* 1 Colouring, dyeing -2 Attached or devoted to, fond of -3 Passionate, impassioned -4 Acting on a stage

रज्ज् I 1 U (रज्ज्यति-ते) 1 To go -2 To go quickly, hasten, द्वार ररज्ज्यतुर्याम्यम् Bk 14 15 -II 10 U (रज्ज्यति-ते) 1 To shine -2 To speak

रज्ज्वस् *f* Speed, haste, cf रहस्, रज्ज्व सञ्चोऽसुराणा जगदुपकृतये नित्यमुक्तस्य यस्य Sūryaśataka

रच् 10 U (रचयति-ते, रचित) 1 To arrange, prepare, make ready, contrive, plan, पुष्पाणां प्रकर स्मितेन रचितो नो कुन्दजात्यादिभिः Amaru 45, रचयति शयन सचकितनयनम् Git 5 -2 To make, form, effect, create, produce, माया-विकल्परचितैः स्यन्दने R 18 75, माधुर्यं मधुबिन्दुना रचयितु क्षाराम्बु-वेरीहते Bh 2 6, मौलौ वा रचयाञ्जलिम् Ve 3 40 -3 To write, compose, put together (as a work), अश्ववाटीं जग-न्नाथो विश्वहयामरीरचत् Aśvad 26, S 3 14 -4 To place in or upon, fix on, रचयति चिकुरे कुरबककुसुमम् Git 7, Ku 4 18, 34, S 6 17 -5 To adorn, decorate, Me 68 -6 To direct (the mind &c) towards

रचनम्, -ना [रच्-युच्] 1 Arrangement, preparation, disposition, अभिषेक, संगीत &c -2 Formation, creation, production, अन्यैव कापि रचना वचनावलीनाम् Bv 1 69, so झुकुटिरचना Me 52, शृङ्गारोत्तरसत्प्रमेयरचनैराचार्यगोवर्धन Git. -3 Performance, completion, accomplishment, effecting, कुरु मम वचन सत्वररचनम् Git 5, R 10 77 -4 A literary work or production, work, composition, सक्षिता वस्तुरचना S D 422 -5 Dressing the hair -6 An array or arrangement of troops -7 A creation of the mind, an artificial fancy -8 Stringing together (flowers &c) -9 Contrivance, invention -10 Fixing the feathers on an arrow.

रचायितु *m f* A composer, author

रचित *p p* 1 Arranged -2 Prepared -3 Made, formed -4 Strung together -5 Composed, written -6 Adorned -7 Furnished with -8 Directed towards (as the mind) -9 Invented -Comp. -अर्थ *a* one who has obtained his object -धी *a* one whose mind is intent upon -पूर्व *a* what has been performed before

रजः See रजस्

रजकः [रज्ज्-पुल् नलोप] 1 A washerman -2 A parrot. -की 1 A washerwoman, also रजिका in this sense -The wife of a washerman -3 An epithet of a woman on the third day of her courses

रजत *a* [रज्ज्-पुल् नलोप Un 3 110] 1 Silvery, made of silver, Whitish -तम् 1 Silver, शुक्लो रजत-मिदमिति ज्ञान भ्रम, R 1 41, N 22 52 -2 Gold -3 A pearl-ornament or necklace -4 Blood -5 Ivory -6 An asterism, a constellation -7 A mountain -Comp -अद्रिः N of Kailāsa. -कूटः N of the Malaya

mountain -द्युतिः N of Hanumat. -प्रस्थः N of Kailāsa

रजनः [रज्ज्-क्युन् Un 2 75] A ray -नम् 1 Colouring, dyeing -2 Safflower (also रजनी in this sense)

रजनिः, -नी *f* [रज्यतेऽत्र, रज्ज्-कनि वा ङीप् Un 2 101] 1 Night, हरिरभिमानी रजनिरिदानीमियमपि याति विरामम् Git 5, रतिश्रान्ता शेते-रजनिरमणी गाढमुरसि K P -2 Turmeric -3 Red lac, यथा रजनी मे कण्डूयति, तिलको मे स्पन्दते इति। रागाभावे तिलकाभावे च तद्देशलक्षणया भवन्ति वक्तार इति SB on MS 8 4 28 -4 N of Durgā -Comp -करः 1 the moon -2 camphor -चरः 1 a nightstalker, demon, goblin -2 a thief -3 a night-watcher -4 N of the moon -जलम् night-dew, hoar-frost -नाथः, -पतिः, -रमणः the moon -पुरन्ध्री a form of the upamā (उपमा-रूपक), Kāvya 4 3 32 (com) -मुखम् nightfall, evening, प्रदोषो रजनीमुखम् Ak -हंसा a Sēphālī flower

रजनिमन्य *a* Passing for or looking like night (as a day), निन्दको रजनिमन्य दिवस ह्लेशको निशाम् Bk 7. 18

रजयित्री A female painter

रजस् *n* [रज्ज्-अद्युन् नलोप Un 4 224] 1 Dust, powder, dirt, धन्यास्तदङ्गरजसा मलिनीभवन्ति S 7 17, आत्मोद्धतैरपि रजोभिरलङ्घनीया 1 8, R 1 42, 6. 33 -2 The dust or pollen of flowers, भूयात् कुशेशयरजोमदुरेणुरस्या (पण्या) S 4 11, Me 35, 67, S 7 42 -3 A mote in a sun-beam, any small particle (of matter), of Ms 8 132, जाल-सूर्यमरीचिस्थ त्रसरेणू रज स्मृतम् Y 1 362 -4 A ploughed or cultivated land, arable field -5 Gloom, darkness -6 Foulness, passion, emotion, moral or mental darkness, अपथे पदमर्पयन्ति हि श्रुतवन्तोऽपि रजोनिमीलिता R 9 74 -7 The second of the three Guṇas or constituent qualities of all material substances (the other two being सत्त्व and तमस्, रजस् is supposed to be the cause of the great activity seen in creatures, it predominates in men, as Sattva and Tamas predominate in gods and demons), अन्तर्गतमपास्त मे रजसोऽपि पर तम Ku 6 60, Bg 6 27, रजोजुषे जमनि K, Māl 1 20 -8 Menstrual discharge, menses, रजसाभिषृक्तां नारीं नरस्य ह्युपगच्छत। प्रज्ञा तेजो बल चक्षुरायुश्चैव प्रहीयते॥ Ms 4 41, 5 66 -9 Safflower -10 Tin -11 Ved Air, atmosphere -12 A division of the world -13 Vapour -14 Cloud or rain water -15 Sin (पाप), प्रायश्चित्तं च कुर्वन्ति तेन तच्छाम्यते रज Rām 4 18 34 -Comp. -गुणः see (7) above -जुष् *a* one who is addicted to Rajoguna, रजोजुषे जन्मानि सत्त्ववृत्तये K -तमस्क *a* being under the influence of both *rajas* and *tamas* -तोकः -कम्, -पुत्रः 1 greediness, avarice, मुनये प्रेषयामास रजस्तोकमदौ तथा Bhāg 12 8. 16 -2 'the child of passion', a term applied to a person to show that he is quite insignificant -दर्शनम् the first appearance of the menstrual excretion, first menstrual flow -निमीलित *a* blinded by passion, अपथे पदमर्पयन्ति हि श्रुतवन्तोऽपि रजोनिमीलिता R 9 74 -पटलम् a coating of

dust -बन्धः suppression of menstruation -मूर्तिः the god Brahma -मेघः a cloud of dust -रसः, -व (ब) -लम् darkness -शयः a dog, L D B -शुद्धिः f pure condition of the menses -सारथिः wind, L D B -हरः 'dirt-remover', a washerman

रजसानुः 1 A cloud -2 Soul, heart

रजस्यति Den P To be scattered as dust

रजस्वल a [रजस्-वलच्] 1 Dusty, covered with dust, अङ्गना इव रजस्वला दिशो नो बभूवुरवलोकनक्षमा R 11 60, S1 17 61 (where it also means 'being in menses') -2 Full of passion (रजस्) or emotion, रजस्वलमनित्यं च भूतावासमिमं त्यजेत् Ms 6 77 -लः A buffalo -ला 1 A woman during the menses, रजस्वला परिमलिनाम्बरश्रिय S1 17 61, Y 3 229, R 11 60. -2 A marriageable girl

रज्जुः (Un 1 15) f A rope, cord, string -2 N of a sinew proceeding from the vertebral column -3 A lock of braided hair -Comp -दालकः a kind of wild fowl, so रज्जुवाल, Ms 5 12 -पेडा a rope-basket

रज्जुकः See रज्जु, व्याकुलमुक्तरज्जुके S1 12 24

रज्जुक 8 U To use as a rope, in सर्प रज्जुकरोति

रञ्ज् 1, 4 U (रजति-ते, रज्यति-ते, रक्त, pass रज्यते, desid रिरक्षति) 1 To be dyed or coloured, to redden, become red, glow, कोपरज्यन्मुखश्री U 5 3, नेत्रे स्वयं रज्यत 5 36, N 3 120, 7 60, 22 52 -2 To dye, tinge, colour, paint -3 To be attached or devoted to (with loc) देवानि निषधराजस्वस्यजन्ती रूपादरज्यत नले न विदर्मसुभू N 13 38, S D 111 -4 To be enamoured of, fall in love with, feel passion or affection for -5 To be pleased, satisfied, or delighted -Caus (रज्यति-ते) 1 To dye, tinge, colour, redden, paint, सा रज्यित्वा चरणौ कृताशी Ku 7 19, 6 81, K1 1 40, 4 14 -2 To please, gratify, propitiate, satisfy, ज्ञानलवदुर्विदग्ध ब्रह्मापि नरं रज्यति Bh 2 3, (रज्यति also in this sense, see K1 6 25), स्फुरतु कुचकुम्भयोरुपरि मणिमञ्जरी रज्यतु तव हृदयदेशम् G1t 10 -3 To conciliate, win over, keep contented, समीक्ष्य स धृतं सम्म्यक् सर्वो रज्यति प्रजा Ms 7 19 -4 To hunt deer (रज्यति only in this sense) -5 Ved To worship

रञ्जक a [रज्यति रञ्ज्-णिच् ण्वल्] 1 Colouring, painting, dyeing -2 Exciting love or passion -3 Pleasing, amusing -कः 1 A painter, dyer, Ms 4. 216 -2 An exciter, a stimulus -कम् 1 Red sandal -2 Vermilion

रञ्जन a (-नी f) 1 Colouring, dyeing -2 Pleasing, gratifying, delighting -3 Exciting passion -4 Conciliating, keeping contented -नम् [रज्यतेऽनेन रञ्ज्-करणे ल्युट्] 1 Colouring, dyeing, painting -2 Colour, dye -3 Pleasing, delighting, keeping contented, gratifying, giving pleasure, राजा प्रजारञ्जनलक्ष्मण R 6 21, तथैव सोऽभूदन्वयो राजा प्रकृतिरञ्जनात् 4 12 -4 Red sandal-wood

-5 The Munja grass -6 (In gram) Nasalizing (a sound)

रञ्जनी 1 The Indigo plant -2 Turmeric -3 Red arsenic -4 Saffron -5 (In music) A particular Sruti

रञ्जित p p 1 Coloured, dyed -2 Moved, excited -3 Delighted, pleased, amused

रद् 1 P (रटति, रटित) 1 To shout, scream, yell, cry, roar, howl, चोराश्चारादिषु शिवा Bk 15 27, पपात राक्षसो भूतौ रराट च भयकरम् 14 81 -2 To call out, proclaim loudly -3 To shout with joy, applaud -4 To ring, sound, कर्णे रटन् कटु कथं न बहुर्विषह्य Mv 3 31 -5 To lament, wail -6 To crash (as an axe)

रटनम् [रट्-ल्युट्] 1 The act of crying, screaming or shouting -2 A shout of applause, approbation

रटन्ती N of the fourteenth day in the dark half of Māgha, माघे मास्यसिते पक्षे रटन्त्यास्या चतुर्दशी। तस्या प्रदोष-समये पूजयेत् सुण्डमालिनीम्॥

रटितम् A scream, shout, yell, cry, Mu 1 21

रट् 1 P (रटति) To speak

रण् 1 P (रणति, रणित) 1 To sound, ring, tinkle, jingle (as anklets &c), रणद्विराघट्टनया नभस्वत पृथग्विभिन्न-श्रुतिमण्डलै स्वै S1 1 10, चरणरणितमणिनूपुरा परिपूरितसुरत-वितानम् G1t 2 -2 To go -3 Ved To rejoice

रणः, -णम् [रण्-अप्] 1 War, combat, fight, रणं प्रवृत्ते तत्र भीमं ह्यवगरक्षसिम् R 12 72, वनोजीवितयोरसीद्वहिर्नि सरणे रणं Subhās -2 A battle-field -णः 1 Sound, noise -2 The quill or bow of a lute -3 Motion, going -4 Delight, joy (Ved) -Comp -अग्रम् the front or van of a battle -अङ्गम् any weapon of war, a weapon, sword, सस्यन्दे शोणितं व्योम रणाङ्गानि प्रजज्वलन् Bk 14 98 -अङ्गणम्, -नम् a battle field -अजिरम् a battle-field, arena -अतिथिः a battle-guest, आच्य प्राप्ते रणातिथिं Pañcharātram 2 13 -अन्तर्कृत् m N of Viṣṇu -अपेत a flying away from battle, a fugitive, स बभार रणापेता चमू पश्चादवस्थिताम् K1 15 33 -अभियोग engaging in battle -अलंकरणः a heron -आतोद्यम्, -तूर्यम्, -दुन्दुभिः a military drum -आयुधः a cock -उत्साहः prowess in battle -कर्मन् n fighting -क्षितिः f, -क्षेत्रम्, -भूः f, -भूमिः f, -स्थानम् a battle-field -गोचर a engaged in battle -धुरा the front or van of battle, the brunt of battle, ताते चाप द्वितीये वहति रणधुरा को भयस्यावकाश Ve 3 5 -पण्डित 1 a warrior -2 a skilled in warfare, अभीषयन्त ये शक राक्षसा रणपण्डिता Bk 8 42 -प्रिय a fond of war, warlike (-यः) a falcon -मत्तः an elephant. -मार्ग-कोविद् a experienced in the art of war -म, -शिरस् n 1 the front of battle, the head or van of fight, पुत्रस्य ते रणशिरस्यममयायी S 7 26, 6 29, -2 the van of an army -1 the space between the

tusks of an elephant -2 an elephant cowardly in battle, L D B -रङ्गः a battle-field -रणः 1 a gnat, mosquito -2 a warrior who gives out a loud cry in a war, अव्याद्ध करणो रणो रणरणो राणो रणो रावण Udb (-णम्) 1 longing, anxious desire -2 regret for a lost object -रणकः, -कम् 1 anxiety, uneasiness, regret (for a beloved object), affliction or torment (as caused by love), रणरणकविद्विद्धि विभ्रदावर्तमानम् Māl 1 41, अतिभूमिं गतेन रणरणकेनार्यपुत्रशून्यमिवात्मानं पश्यामि U 1 -2 love, desire (-कः) the god of love -रणायित a rattling or sounding aloud -रसिक a fond of fighting -लक्ष्मीः 1 The goddess of war -2 The fortune of war -वाद्यम् a military instrument of music -वृत्ति a having war for a profession -शिक्षा military science, the art or science of war -शूरः a hero in war, warrior -शौण्ड a skilled in war -सरम्भः the fury of battle -संकुलम् the confusion of battle, a tumultuous fight, melee -सज्जा military accoutrement -सहायः an ally -स्तम्भः a monument of war, trophy

रणत्कारः 1 A rattling, clanking, or jingling sound, उत्ताल किङ्किणीनामनवरतरणात्कारहेतु पताका Māl 5 4. -2 A sound in general -3 Humming (as of bees)

रणितम् Rattling, ringing, a rattling or jingling sound, शृष्टे लीलावलयरणित चामरग्राहिणीनाम् Bh 3 61

रणेस्वच्छः A cook

रण्ड a. [रम्-ड तस्य नेत्वम् Un 1 107] 1 Maimed, Mutilated -2 Faithless -ण्डः 1 A man who dies without male issue -2 A barren tree -3 Cunning, L D B. -ण्डा 1 A slut, whore, a term of abuse used in addressing women, रण्डे पण्डितमानिनि Pt 1 392 v 1, प्रतिकूलामकुलजा पापा पापानुवर्तिनीम् । केशेष्वाकृष्य ता रण्डा पाखण्डेषु नियोजय ॥ Prab 2 -2 A widow, रण्डा पीनपयोधरा कति मया नोद्गाढमालिङ्गिता Prab 3 -3 A kind of metre -Comp-आश्रमिन् m one who loses his wife after the forty-eighth year.

रण्डकः A barren tree

रण्व 1 P (रन्वति) To go, L D B

रत p p [रम्-कर्तरि क] 1 Pleased, delighted, gratified -2 Pleased or delighted with, fond of, enamoured of, fondly attached to -3 Inclined to, disposed -4 Loved, beloved -5 Intent on, engaged in, devoted to, गोब्राह्मणहिते रत Ms 11 78 -6 Having sexual intercourse (see रम्) -तम् 1 Pleasure -2 Sexual union, coitus, अन्वभूत् परिजनाङ्गनारतम् R 19 23, 25, Me 91 -3 The priv parts -Comp -अन्ध्री (अन्ध्री ?) f mist, fog -अन्धुकः, -अन्धुः a dog -अयनी a prostitute, harlot -अर्थिन् a lust., lascivious -उद्धः the (Indian) cuckoo -कृद्विक 1 -2 the eight auspicious objects -3 bathing for penis -कृजितम् lustful or la

husband -गृहम् pudendum muliebre -ज्वर a crow -तालिन् m a libertine, sensualist -ताली a procuress, bawd -नाराचः, -नारीचः 1 a voluptuary -2 the god of love, Cupid -3 a dog -4 lascivious murmur -निधिः the wagtail -बन्ध sexual union -मानस a having a delighted mind -विशेषाः various kinds of sexual union व्रणः, -शायिन् m a dog -हिण्डक 1 a ravisher or seducer of women -2 a voluptuary

रतिः f [रम् किन्] 1 Pleasure, delight, satisfaction, joy, अकृतार्थेऽपि मनसिजे रतिमुभयप्रार्थना कुरुते S 2 1 -2 Fondness for, devotion or attachment to, pleasure in (with loc), प्रीति परा तात रतिश्च जाता Mb 3 112 11, पापे रति मा कृया Bh 2 77, स्वयोषिति रति 2 62, R 1 23, Ku 5 65 -3 Love, affection, S D thus defines it, रतिर्मनोनुकूलेऽर्थे मनस प्रवणायितम् 207, of 206 also, (it is the Sthāyibhāva of the rasa called शृङ्गार q v) ससत्त्व-रतिदे नित्य सदरामर्षनाशिनि K1 15 27 -4 Sexual pleasure, दाक्षिण्योदकवाहिनी विगलिता याता स्वदेश रति Mk 8 38, so रति-सर्वस्वम् q v below -5 Sexual union, coition, copulation -6 The goddess of love, the wife of Kāma or Cupid, साक्षात् काम नवमिव रतिमालिनी माधव यत् Māl 1 15, Ku 3 23, 4 45, R. 6 2 -7 The pudenda -8 N of the sixth digit (कला) of the moon -9 Ved Rest, cessation -10 N of magical incantation recited over weapons, Rām -Comp -अङ्गम्, -कुहरम् pudendum muliebre -कर a 1 giving pleasure, रमो रतिकर पितु Rām 1. 18 24 -2 enamoured -रः a particular Samādhi -कर्मन्, -क्रिया sexual union -खिदः the languor of sexual enjoyment -गृहम्, -भवनम्, -मन्दिरम् 1 a pleasure house -2 a brothel -3 pudendum muliebre -तस्कर, a seducer, ravisher -वृत्तिः, -ती f a love messenger, रतिवृत्तिपदेषु कोकिलम् (आदिश) Ku 4 16 -नागः a mode of coitus -पतिः, -प्रियः, -रमणः the god of love, अपि नाम मनागवतीणोऽसि रतिरमणबाणगोचरम् Māl 1, दधति स्फुट रतिपतेरिषव शितता यदुत्पलपलाशदृश S1 9 66, पूर्व यत्र सम त्वया रतिपतेरासादिता सिद्धय Git -पाश (-कः) a mode of coitus -बन्धः a mode of coitus -मदा f an Apsaras -मित्रः a mode of coitus -रसः sexual pleasure -रहस्यम् N of an erotic work by Kokkoka -लक्षम् sexual union -लम्पट a lustful, libidinous. -शक्तिः f manly or virile power -शूरः a man of great procreative power -सर्वस्वम् the all-in-all or highest essence of sexual pleasure, कर व्याधुन्वत्या पिबासि रतिसर्वस्वमधरम् S 1 23 -सुन्दरः a mode of coitus

रतूः f 1 A celestial river -2 Truthful words or speech, रतू पान्थे सत्यवाचि देवतया च कथ्यते Unādikōśa. But according to कोशकल्पतरु of विश्वनाथकवि (अमुद्रित) 'रतू' स्यात् सत्यभाषक

रत्नम् [रमतेऽत्र रम् न तान्तादेश Un 3 14] 1 A gem, jewel, a precious stone, किं रत्नमच्छा मति Bv 1 86, न रत्नमन्विष्यति मृग्यते हि तत् Ku 5 45 (The ratnas are said to be either five, nine or fourteen, see the

words पञ्चरत्न, नवरत्न, and चतुर्दशरत्न respectively) -2 Anything valuable or precious, any dear treasure -3 Anything best or excellent of its kind, (mostly at the end of comp), जातो जातो यदुत्कृष्टं तद् रत्नमभिधीयते Malli, कन्यारत्नमयोनिजन्म भवतामास्ते वयं चार्थिनः Mv 1 30, अग्रेसरीभवतु काञ्चनचक्ररत्नम् Nāg 5 37, सो पुत्रो, स्त्री V 4 25, अपल्यो &c -4 A magnet -5 Water -Comp -अङ्गः N of Visṇu's car -अङ्गः coral -अचलः, -रोहणः legendary mountain located in Ceylon and supposed to produce jewels at the rumbling of clouds for the benefit of all comers, श्रेणीवर्जनदुर्यशोनिविडितवीडस्तु रत्नाचल N 12 67 -अधिपतिः a superintendent of precious stones -अनुविद्ध a set or studded with jewels -आकरः 1 a mine of jewels -2 the ocean, रत्नेषु छिप्तेषु बहुध्वमत्यैरथापि रत्नाकर एव । सन्धु Vikr 1 12, रत्नाकर वीक्ष्य R 13 1 -आभरणम् an ornament of jewels -आलोकः the lustre of a gem -आवली 1 a necklace of jewels -2 N of a Nāṭikā attributed to Śrīharṣa -कन्दलः coral -करः N of Kubera -कर्णिका an ear-ring with jewels -कुम्भः a jar set with jewels -कूटः N of a mountain -खचित a set or studded with gems -गर्भः 1 Kubera -2 the sea (-मो) the earth -च्छाया splendour of jewels -त्रयम् 1 (with Buddhists) बुद्ध, धर्म and सध -2 (with Jainas) सम्यग् दर्शन, सम्यग् ज्ञान and सम्यक् चरित्र -दर्पणः a mirror studded with jewels -दीपः, -प्रदीपः 1 a jewel-lamp -2 a gem serving as a lamp, अर्चिस्तु ज्ञानभिमुखमपि प्राप्य रत्नप्रदीपान् Me 70 -धेनुः a cow symbolically represented by jewels -नखः a poniard with its hilt set with jewels, कटितटनिविष्टरत्नख Dk 2 1 -नाभः N of Viṣṇu -नायकः a ruby -निधिः 1 the ocean -2 N of Viṣṇu -3 of Meru -4 a wag-tail -पञ्चकम् the 5 jewels (viz gold, silver, pearls, the राजावर्त diamond and coral) -पारायणम् the sheet-anchor of all jewels, रत्नपारायण नाम्ना लङ्घेति मम मेथिलि Bk 5 89 -प्रभा the earth. -माला a jewel-necklace -मुख्यम् a diamond -राज m a ruby -राशिः 1 a heap of gems -2 the ocean -वरम् gold -वषुकम् the Puspaka car -षष्ठी a vow or fast to be observed on the 6th day of a particular fortnight, it is a ग्रीष्मव्रत, अहं खलु रत्नषष्ठीमुपोषितासम् Mk 3 -सातुः N of the mountain Meru -सू a producing jewels, न मामवति सद्दीपा रत्नसूरपि मेदिनी R 1 65 -सूः, -सूतिः f the earth

रत्नवत् a Abounding in, or full of, precious stones -2 Decorated with jewels, आसेदिवान् रत्नवदासन स R -ती The earth

रत्निः m f 1 The elbow -2 The distance from the elbow to the end of the closed fist, a cubit, अष्टरत्निर्महाबाहु Mb 8 72 30 -m The closed fist (This word appears to be a corruption of अरलि q. v)

रथः [रम्यतेऽनेन अत्र वा, रम्-कथन्, of Un 2. 2] 1 A carriage, chariot, car, vehicle, especially, a war-chariot -2 A hero (for रथिनः); अपयातेषु पार्थेषु त्रयस्तेऽभ्यायन् रथा

Mb 1 2 92 -3 A foot -4 A limb, part, member -5 The body, of आत्मान रथिन विद्धि शरीर रथमेव तु Kath 1 3 3 -6 A reed -7 Pleasure, delight -Comp -अक्षः 1 a carriage axle -2 a measure of length (=104 angulas) -अङ्गम् 1 any part of a carriage -2 particularly, the wheels of a carriage, रथो रथाङ्गध्वनिना विजज्ञे R 7 41, S 7 10 -3 a discus, especially of Viṣṇu, चक्रधर इति रथाङ्गमद सतत विमर्षि भुवनेषु रूढये S 15 26 -4 a potter's wheel (-ङ्गः) the ruddy goose आह्वय, आह्वान, नामक, नामन् m the ruddy goose (चक्रवाक), रथाङ्गनामन् वियुतो रथाङ्गश्रोणिबिम्बया । अयं त्वा पृच्छति रथी मनोरथशतैश्चत ॥ V 4. 18, Ku 3 37, R 3 24, रथाङ्गाह्वानाना भवति विधुरम् Udb, (the male bird is said by poets to be separated from the female at night, and to be united at sun-rise) पाणिः N of Viṣṇu, रथाङ्गपाणे पटलेन रोचिषा S 1 21, दुरन्तवीर्यस्य रथाङ्गपाणे Bhāg -अभ्रः a reed cane -अर्थकः a small carriage -अश्वः a carriage-horse -आयुधकः a kind of bow -आरोहः one who fights from a chariot -ईशः a warrior fighting from a chariot -ईषा, -शा the pole of a carriage, रथेषाश्च रथेषामि सगते सहिता Mb 4 46 5 -उडुपः, -पम् the body of a chariot -उद्ग्रहः, -उपस्थः the seat of a chariot, the driving-box, रथोपस्थ उपाविशत् Bg 1 47 -कट्या, -कड्या an assemblage of chariots -कल्पकः an officer who is in charge of a king's chariots -करः, -कारः 1 a coachbuilder, carpenter, wheel-wright, रथकार स्वका भार्या सजारा शिरसावहत् Pt 4 54 -2 N of a caste called सौधन्वन (q. v), तस्मादत्रैवर्णिको रथकारः SB on MS 6 6 47, परिशेषादत्रैवर्णिको रथकारः स्यात् SB on MS 6 1 44 न्याय The rule according to which the रूढ अर्थ is stronger than the यौगिक अर्थ, of योगाद्विद्विषयसी This is discussed and established in connection with the word रथकार by Jaimini and शबर in MS 6 1 44-50 -कुटुम्बिकः, -कुटुम्बिन m a charioteer, coachman कूबरः, -रम् the pole or shaft of a carriage, कूबरा रथकूबरे सगते सहिता Mb 6 46 5 -केतुः the flag of a chariot -क्षोभः the jolting of a chariot, रथक्षोभपरिश्रमम् R 1 58 -गणकः an officer who counts chariots -गर्भकः a litter, palanquin -गुप्तिः f a fence of wood or iron with which a chariot is provided as a protection from collision -घोषः the rattling of a chariot -चरणः, -पादः 1 a chariot-wheel, धृतरथचरणोऽभ्ययाच्चलद्गु Bhāg 1 9 37, Dk 2 7 -2 the सुदर्शन wheel, रथाङ्गे चन्द्राकौ रथचरणपाणि शर इति Śivamahimna 18 -2 the ruddy goose -चर्या chariot-exercise, the use of a chariot, travelling by carriage, अनभ्यस्त-रथचर्या U 5, सारथे रथचर्यासु सज्जो भव सुशिक्षित Bm 1. 684 -जङ्घा the hinder part of a chariot -ज्वरः a crow -दुर्गम् the throng of chariots -धुर, f the shaft or pole of a chariot -नाभिः f the nave of the wheel of a chariot; रथनाभिरिवाभिख्यायेत At Up 2 4 5. -नीडः the inner part or seat of a chariot -पुंगवः a chief or distinguished warrior -बन्धः 1 the fastenings or harness of a chariot -2 a league of warriors. -महोत्सवः,

-यात्रा the solemn procession of an idol placed in a car (usually drawn by men) -मुखम् the forepart of a carriage -युद्धम् 'a chariot fight', a fight between combatants mounted on chariots -योगः a team (of horses etc) on a chariot, Bri Up -योजकः a chariot-
eer, harnesser of a chariot -वंशः a number of chariots -वर्त्मन् *n*, -वीथिः *f* highway, main road -वारकः son of a Sūdra and a Sairandhrī -वाहः 1 a carriage-horse -2 charioteer -विज्ञानम्, -विद्या the art of driving chariots -शक्तिः *f* the staff which supports the banner of a war-chariot, रथशक्तिं मुमोचासौ दीप्तामभि-
शिखामिव Mb 10 6 13 -शाला a coach-house, carriage-
shed -शास्त्रम्, -शिक्षा the art of driving a chariot, coachmanship -सप्तमी the seventh day in the bright half of Māgha

रथन्तरम् A Vedic Sāma, स्वरादिविशेषानुपूर्वमात्रस्वरूपे ऋगक्षरव्यतिरिक्त यद् गानं तद् रथन्तरम् । (सामर्चिकभाष्यम्), एतद्रथन्तरमसौ श्रोतम् Ch Up 2 12 1, रथन्तरेण त तात वसिष्ठ प्रत्यबोधयत् Mb 14 11 19 (com रथो मायारूपो विग्रहः त तरत्यनेन तद्रथन्तरम् । 'अहं ब्रह्मास्मि' इति वाक्येन तेन वसिष्ठो गुरुस्त प्रत्यबोधयत्)

रथारथि *ind* 'Chariot against chariot', in closest fight

रथिक *a* (-की *f*) [रथ-उन्] 1 Riding in a carriage -2 The owner of a carriage -कः A cartwright

रथिन् *a* [रथ-इन्] 1 Riding or driving in a carriage -2 Possessing or owning a carriage -*m*. 1 An owner of a carriage -2 A warrior who fights from a chariot, आत्मानं रथिनं विद्धि शरीरं रथमेव तु । बुद्धिं तु सारथिं विद्धि मनः प्रग्रहेन च ॥ Katha Up 1 3 3, R 7 37 -3 A man of क्षत्रिय caste -4 A driver -नी A number of carriages or chariots

रथिन *a* See रथिन् above.

रथिर *a* 1 Possessing a carriage -2 Riding in a carriage -3 Quick, speedy -रः = रथिन् *m*

रथी Ved 1 Riding in a chariot -2 Furnished with a carriage -3 A coachman -4 A guide, leader

रथ्यः [रथं वहति यत्] 1 A chariot-horse, वाहन्यमी मृगजवाक्षमयेव रथ्याः Ś 1 8, Si 4 14 -2 A part of a chariot. -Comp -चयः a team of horses -विरथ्यः *N* of Śiva

रथ्या 1 A road for carriages, (hence) a high-way, main road, भूयो भूय सविधनगरीरथ्यया पर्यटन्तम् Mā 1 15. -2 A place where many roads meet -3 A number of carriages or chariots, रथ्याघोषैर्वृहणेवोरणानाम् Śi 18 3, अश्वधैरोक्षकैर्मानुष्यकैः धर्मोद्भूतैः Dharmābhyudaya-Mahākāvya 2 26 -Comp -पङ्क्तिः a row of streets -मुखम् entrance to a road -पुङ्गवः a dog

रद् 1 P (रदति) 1 To split, rend -2 To scratch -3 To gnaw -4 To dig

रदः [रद्-अच्] 1 Splitting, scratching -2 A tooth, tusk (of an elephant), याताश्च पराञ्चन्ति द्विरदाना रदा इव Bv 1 65 -3 A symbolical expression for the number 'thirty-two' -Comp -आयुधः a wild boar -खण्डनम् tooth-bite, जनय रदखण्डनम् Git 10 -छदः A lip

रदनः A tooth -नम् The act of splitting, gnawing, scratching

रदनिन्, -रदिन् *m* An elephant

रदः (In astrol) *N* of the eleventh Yoga

रद्, -रन्ध्र 4 P (रन्ध्रति, रद्, *caus* रन्ध्रयति, *desid* रिरिषिषति or रिरिस्सति) 1 To hurt, injure, torment, kill, destroy, अक्ष रधितुमारभे Bk 9 29 -2 To subdue -3 To become subject to (any one) -4 Ved To die -5 Ved To be completed -*Caus* (रन्ध्रयति) 1 To hurt, injure, भरत शोकसततं भूय शोकैररन्ध्रयत् Rām 2 81 3 -2 To oppress, torment -3 To dress, cook or prepare (as food)

रद्ध *p p* 1 Hurt. -2 Subdued, conquered

रद्धृ *m* 1 A conqueror -2 An oppressor

रधसः [Up 3. 116] A kind of demon

रध्र *a* Ved 1 Rich, liberal -2 Happy -3 Worshiping -4 Injuring

रन्ध्रन्, -रन्धिः *f* [रध्-पाके ल्युट् नुमागम] 1 Injuring, tormenting, destroying, यदनुस्मर्यते काले स्वबुद्ध्याऽभद्ररन्ध्रनं Bhāg 4 30 28 -2 Cooking, रन्ध्रनाय स्थाली Sk, स्थाल्यमितापात् पयसोऽभितापस्तत्तापस्तत्तुल्यगर्भरन्धिः Bhāg 5 10 22

रन्धित *p p* 1 Dressed, cooked -2 Destroyed, योग-रन्धितकर्माणो हृदि योगविभाविते Bhāg 8 3 27 -3 Subdued

रन्तव्य *a* 1 To be enjoyed -2 To be toyed with -व्यम् Pleasure, play, मा विहासिष्टं समरं समरन्तव्यसयत्. Ki 15 8

रन्ता *f* A cow, इडे रन्ते etc, ŚB on MS 10 3. 49.

रन्तिदेवः 1 *N* of a king of the lunar race, sixth in descent from Bharata [He was very pious and benevolent. He possessed enormous riches, but he spent them in performing grand sacrifices. So great was the number of animals slaughtered during his reign both in sacrifices as well as for use in his kitchen that a river of blood is supposed to have issued from their hides which was afterwards appropriately called चर्मण्वती, सोतोमूर्त्या भुवि परिणता रन्तिदेवस्य कीर्तिम् Me 47 and Malli. thereon] -2 *N* of Viṣṇu -3 A dog

रन्तुः 1 A way, road -2 A river.

रन्ध्रम् [Un 2 28] 1 A hole, an aperture, a cavity, an opening, a chasm, fissure, रन्ध्रविवाल्क्षणम् प्रदेशा R 13 56, 15 82, नासाग्ररन्ध्रम् Māl 1 1, कौश्वरन्ध्रम् Me 59 -2 (a) A weak or vulnerable point, assailable point. रन्ध्रोपनिपातिनोऽनर्था S 6, रन्ध्रान्वेषणदक्षाणा द्विषामामिषता ययौ R 12 11, 15 17, 17 61, रन्ध्र च प्रकृतीनाम् Kau A 1 16 (b) A defect, fault, an imperfection -3 A symbolical expression for the number 'nine', (there being nine openings in the human body) -4 The vulva -5 N of the 8th astrological mansion, Bri S -6 A mischief, रन्ध्रदर्शनासहे Dk 2 7 -**Comp** -**अन्वेषिन्**, -**अनुसारिन्** a searching or watching for weak points, रन्ध्रानुसारी विषम कृतान्त Mk 8 27 -**आगतम्** a disease which attacks the throat of horses, रन्ध्रागत-मयाश्वाना शिखोद्धेदश्च बहिणाम् Mb 12 283 54 -**गुप्तिः** conceal- ing one's weak points -**प्रहारिन्** a attacking (one) in his weak points -**बभ्रुः** a rat -**वंशः** a hollow bamboo

रप् 1 P (रपति) 1 To speak distinctly. -2 Ved. To praise

रपस् n Ved 1 Defect, fault -2 Sin -3 Injury, harm

रफ्, -**रम्फ** 1 P (र-रम्फति) 1 To go -2 To hurt, kill

रम् 1 Ā. (रमते, रम्ध, caus रम्भयति-ते, desid रिप्ते) 1 To begin -2 To clasp, embrace -3 To long for, be eager -4 To act rashly

रमस् n 1 Violence, zeal, vehemence -2 Rashness, precipitation -3 Force, strength

रमस a [रम्-असच् Un 3. 116] 1 Violent, impetuous, fierce, wild -2 Strong, intense, vehement, powerful, ardent, eager (as desire &c), रमसया नु दिगन्तदिदृक्षया Ki 5 1, R 9 61, Mu 5 24 -3 Rash, precipitate -4 Joyful, glad -5 Ved Strengthening -स 1 Violence, force, impetuosity, haste, speed, hurry, vehemence, आलीषु केलीरभसेन बाला मुहुर्ममालापमुपालपन्ती Bv 2 12, त्वमि-सरणरभसेन वलन्ती Git 6, Si 6 13, 11 23, Ki 9 47, Bhāg 7 9 15 -2 Rashness, precipitateness, headlong haste, अतिरभसकृताना कर्मणामाविपन्नैर्भवति हृदयदाहो शल्यतुल्या विपाक Bh 2 99, त्यजति न मृगव्याधरभसः Śiva-mahimna 22 -3 Anger, passion, rage, fury, रक्तेक्षणेन च मनाग्रभस दधानौ Bhāg 3. 15 28 -4 Regret, sorrow -5 Joy, pleasure, delight, मनसि रभसविभवे हरिरुदयतु सुकृतेन Git 5 -6 Ardent desire, eagerness -7 Poison. -8 N of a magical incantation recited over weapons

रभूः A messenger

रम् 1 Ā (रमते, but Paras when preceded by वि, आ, परि and उप, रेमे, अरस्त, अरसीत् P रस्यते, रन्तुम्, रत) 1 To be pleased or delighted, rejoice, be gratified, रहसि रमते Māl 3 2, Ms 2 223, U 2 18 -2 To re-joice at, be pleased with, take delight in, be fond of (with instr or loc), लोलापाज्यैर्दि न रमसे लोचनैर्बन्धितोऽसि सं इ. को... १६७

Me 27, व्यजेष्ट षड्वर्गमरस्त नीतौ Bk 1 2 -3 To play, sport, dally, amuse oneself with, राजप्रिया कैरविष्यो रमन्ते मधुपै सह Bv 4 126 (where the next meaning is also hinted), Bk 6 15, 67, ररम्यते (अतिशयेन रमते) सरस-नागरिकण नाम्ना श्रीविह्वलेन कविना क्षितिपालपुत्री Bil Ch 48 -4 To have sexual intercourse with, सा तत्पुत्रेण सह रमते H 3, विशङ्कमाना रमित कयापि जनार्दनम् Git 7 -5 To remain, stay, pause -6 To take rest, remain quiet -7 To gladden, delight -Caus (रमयति-ते) To please, delight, satisfy -Desid (रिरसते) To wish to sport &c, Si 15 18

रम a [रम्-अच्] 1 Pleasing, delightful, gratifying -2 Dear, beloved -मः 1 Joy, delight -2 A lover, husband -3 The god of love. -4 The Asoka tree

रमक a Sporting -कः A lover

रमठम् [रमे अठ Un. 1 97] Asa Foetida (हिङ्गु) -**Comp** -**ध्वनिः** Asa Foetida

रमण a (-णी f) [रमयति-रम्-णिच् ल्यु ल्युट् वा] Pleas- ing, gratifying, delightful, charming, नन्दनानि मुनीन्द्राणा रमणानि वनौकसाम् Bk 6 72, Bhāg 5 7 12 -णः 1 A lover, husband, प्रायेणैते रमणविरहेष्वङ्गनाना विनोदा Me 89, 39, पप्रच्छ रामा रमणोऽभिलाषम् R 14 27, Ku 4 21, Si 9 60 -2 The god of love -3 N of Aruṇa -4 An ass -5 A testicle -णम् 1 Sporting -2 Dalh- ance, pastime, amorous sport -3 Love, sexual union -4 Joy or pleasure in general -5 The hip and the loins

रमणा 1 A wife, mistress. -2 A lovely woman.

रमणी 1 A lovely young woman, लता रम्या सेय अमर-कुलरम्या न रमणी Bv 2 90 -2 A wife, mistress, भोग को रमणी विना Subhas -3 A woman in general -4 The aloe tree

रमणीय a [रम्यतेऽत्र रम्-आवारे अनीयर्] 1 Pleasant, delightful, enjoyable -2 Lovely, charming, hand- some, स्मित नैतत्किं प्रकृतिरमणीय विकसितम् Bv 2 90, क्षणे क्षणे यन्नवतामुपैति तदेव रूप रमणीयताया Si 4 17 -**Comp**. -**चरण** of pleasant conduct -**जन्मन्** of auspicious birth

रमणीयते Den Ā To represent a wife

रमण्या f A female

रमति. [रम्-अतिच् Un 4 65] 1 The god of love -2 A lover -3 Heaven -4 Time -5 A crow

रमा [रमयति रम्-अच्] 1 A wife, mistress -2 N of Lakṣmī, wife of Viṣṇu and Goddess of wealth, रमा यत्र न वाक् तत्र यत्र वाक् तत्र नो रमा Udb -3 Good luck, fortune -4 Riches -5 Splendour -6 N of the eleventh day in the dark half of Kārtika -**Comp** -**आस्पदः**, -**कान्तः**, -**नाथः**, -**पतिः** epithets of Viṣṇu, Bhāg 10 55 40 -**प्रियः** Viṣṇu (-यम्) a lotus. -**वेष्टः** turpentine.

रम्भ 1 A (रम्भते) To sound, bellow, to low (as cows)

रम्भः 1 Sounding, roaring &c -2 A support, prop -3 A stick -4 A bamboo -5 Dust

रम्भा 1 A plantain tree, विजितरम्भमूखद्वयम् Git 10, पिबोर रम्भातरुपीवरोर N 22 43, 2 37 -2 N of Gauri -3 N of an *apsaras*, wife of Nalakūbara and considered as the most beautiful woman in the paradise of Indra, तस्मैरुयुगेन सुन्दरी किमु रम्भा परिणाहिना परम् । तस्मैमपि जिष्णुरेव ता धनदापत्यतप फलस्तनीम् ॥ N 2 37 -4 A harlot -5 Sounding, roaring -6 The lowing of cows -7 A kind of rice -Comp -ऊरु a (-रु or -रू f) having thighs like the interior of a plantain tree, i. e. full, round, and hence lovely, रम्भोरुवरतरितु सरस्यनिच्छु S 8 19, R 6 35 -Comp -तृतीया N of the 3rd day of the bright half of मार्गशीर्ष (ज्येष्ठ ?) and the observance of the day

रम्य a [रम्यतेऽत्र यत्] 1 Pleasing, pleasant, delightful, agreeable, रम्यास्तपोधनानां क्रियां समवलेक्य S 1 13 (v 1) -2 Beautiful, lovely, handsome, सरसिजमनुविद्ध शैवलेनापि रम्यम् S 1 20, 5 2 -रम्यः The tree called चम्पक -रम्या 1 Night -2 A land-growing lotus, L D B -3 (In music) A kind of Sruti -रम्यम् Semen virile -Comp. -अन्तर a having the intervening spaces made pleasant, रम्यान्तर कमलिनीहरितैः सरोभिः S 4 11 -पुष्पः the Sālmālī tree -श्रीः N of Viṣṇu

रम्भः 1 Tawny colour -2 Beauty, L D B

रम्भ 1 A (रम्यते, रमित) To go, move

रम्यः [रम्य-अच्] 1 The stream of a river, current, जम्बूकुञ्जप्रतिहतरय तोयमादाय गच्छे Me 20 -2 Force, speed, velocity, तोयस्येवाप्रतिहतरय सैकत सेतुमोच U 3 36, Bhāg 5 3 14 -3 Zeal, ardour, vehemence, impetuosity

रमि m, n Ved 1 Water -2 Wealth, एष वै रयिरात्मा वैश्वानर Oh Up 5 16 1 -3 Stuff, material, food, रयि च प्राण चेत्येतौ Praśna Up 1 4

रमिष्ठः 1 N of Kubera -2 Agni -3 Brahman. -ष्टम् N of various Sāmans

रम्फ 1 P (रफति) To go

रराटम्, -रराटी = ललाट q v, तपो रराटीं विदुरादिपुत्र Bhāg 2 1 28

रल्लकः 1 A woollen cloth, blanket -2 An eye lash, युवतिरल्लकमल्लसमाहतो भवति को न युवा गतचेतन, सीतारल्लकमल्लमम-हृदय स्वस्थो न लङ्घेत्तर Hanūmannātakam -3 A kind of deer

रवः [र-अप्] 1 A cry, shriek, scream, yell, roar (of animals &c); नरवरो रवरोषितकेसरी R, रव श्रवणभैरव Ve 3 4 -2 Singing, humming sound (of birds), R 9 29 -3 Clamour -4 Noise or sound in general, घण्टा, भूषण, चाप &c -5 Thunder

रवण a [र-युच् Un 2 71] Crying, roaring, screaming -2 Sonorous, sounding, उत्कण्ठावर्धने शुभ्र रवणेरम्बर ततम् Bk 7 14 -3 Sharp, hot -4 Fickle, unsteady -5 Jestang -णः 1 A camel, स्वनाम निन्ये रवण स्फुटार्थताम् S 12 2 -2 The cuckoo -3 A bee -4 Sound -5 A big cucumber -णम् Brass, bell-metal

रवणकः A filter of bamboo

रवयः (र-अय Un 3 112) The Indian cuckoo

रविः [of Un 4 150] 1 The sun, सहस्रगुणमुत्सृष्टमादत्ते हि रस रवि R 1 18 -2 A mountain -3 The Arka plant -4 The number 'twelve' -Comp -इष्टः an orange -कान्तः, -प्रावन् the sun-stone (सूर्यकान्त) -चक्रम् a particular astronomical diagram -जः, -तनयः, -पुत्रः, -सूनुः 1 the planet Saturn -2 epithets of Karna, रवितनयोऽयहनाच्छनिप्रवीरम् Mb 8 30 9 -3 of Vāli -4 of Manu Varvasvata -5 of Yama -6 of Sugrīva -दिनम्, -वारः, -वासरः, -रम् Sunday -दीप्त a lighted by the sun -ध्वजः day -नेत्रः N of Viṣṇu -प्रियम् 1 a red lotus flower -2 copper -विम्बः the sun's disk -मासकः a solar month -रत्नम् a ruby -लोचनः N of 1 Viṣṇu -2 Śiva -लोहम्, -संज्ञकम् copper -वंशः the solar race (of kings) -संक्रान्तिः f the sun's entrance into any zodiacal sign -सारथिः 1 N of Aruna -2 the dawn

रवीशुः The god of love

रशना, -रसना [अश्-युच् रशादेश of अश्रुते जघनम् Up. 2 75] 1 A rope, cord -2 A rein, bridle -3 A zone, girdle, woman's girdle, तान् वीक्ष्य वातरशनाश्चतुर कुमारान् Bhāg 3 15 30, रसतु रसनापि तव घनजघनमण्डले घोषयतु मन्मथनिदेशम् Git 10, R 7 10, 8 58, Me 37 -4 The tongue, वदने विनिवेशिता भुजङ्गा पिशुनानां रसनामिषेण धात्रा Bv 1 111, tongue as an organ of taste, रसनया भाव्यमाना मधुराम्लतिक्तकटुकषायलवणभेदा बद्धरसा Bhāvanopaniṣad 2. -Comp -उपमा a variety of the figure उपमा, it is 'a string or series' of comparisons, which consists in making the Upameya in the first comparison the Upamāna in the second, and so forth, see S D 664 -गुणः the cord of a girdle -पदम् the hip

रश्मिः [अश्-मि धातो रुद्, रश्-मि वा, of Un 4 46] 1 A string, cord, rope, अपतद्देवराजस्य मुक्तरश्मिरिव ध्वज Rām 4 17 2 -2 A bridle, rein, मुक्तेषु रश्मिषु निरायतपूर्वकाया S 1 8, रश्मिसयमनात् S 1, K 1 7 19 -3 A goad, whip -4 A beam, ray of light, ज्योतीषि वर्तयति च प्रविभक्त्यरश्मि S 7 6, N 22 56, so हिमरश्मि &c -5 An eye-lash -6 A measuring cord, परि यो रश्मिना दिवो Rv 8. 25 18 -7 A finger (Ved) -Comp -कलापः a pearl-necklace of 54 threads -केतुः a particular comet -ग्राहः a charioteer (सारथि), रश्मिग्राहश्च दाशार्ह सर्वलोकनमस्कृत Mb 8 31 55 -मालिन, -मुचः the sun, अभिरश्मिमालि विमलस्य धृतजयधृतेरनाशुष K 1 12 2, चण्डवातोद्धुतान् मेघान् निघ्नन् रश्मिमुचो यथा Mb. 7. 153 43.

रश्मिम (च) त् *m* The sun

रस् I 1 P (रसति, रसित) 1 To roar, yell, cry out, scream, करीव वन्य पुरुष ररास R 16 78, S 3 41 -2 To sound, make a noise, tinkle, jingle &c, राजन्योपनिमन्त्रणाय रसति स्फीतु यशोदुन्दुभि Ve 1 25, रसता निर्भर नूपुराणाम् Ratn 1 19, रसतु रसनाफितव घनजघनमण्डले Git 10 -3 To resound, reverberate -4 To sing -5 Ved To praise -II 10 U (रसयति-ते, रसित) 1 To taste, relish, रसती रसना रसान् Mb 12 285 19, सद्दीका रसिता Bv 4 13, S 10 27, Mv 7 30 -2 To feel, perceive -3 To love

रसः [रस्-अच्] 1 Sap, juice (of trees), इक्षुरस, कुसुमरस &c -2 A liquid, fluid, यष्टव्य पशुभिर्मुख्यैरथो बीजै रसरिति Mb 14 91 21, न्यस्ताक्षरा घातुरसेन यत्र Ku 1 7 -3 Water, सहस्रगुणमुत्तुष्टुमादत्ते हि रस रवि R 1 18, Bv 2 144 -4 Liquor, drink, Ms 2 177 -5 A draught, potion -6 Taste, flavour, relish (fig also) (considered in Vais phil as one of the 24 *gunas*, the *rasas* are six, कटु, अम्ल, मधुर, लवण, तिक्त and कषाय), परायत्त प्रीते कथमिव रस वेत्तु पुरुष Mu 3 4, U 2 2 -7 A sauce, condiment -8 An object of taste, मनो बन्धान्यरसान् विलब्धय सा R 3 4 -9 Taste or inclination for a thing, liking, desire, रसवर्ज रसोऽयस्य पर दृष्ट्वा निवर्तते Bg 2 59, इष्टे वस्तुन्युपचितरसा प्रेमराशीभवन्ति Me 114 -10 Love, affection, जरमा यस्मिन्नह्यार्यो रस U 1 39, प्रसरति रसो निर्द्विचन 6. 11 'feeling of love', रसादृते V 2 21, Ku 3 37 -11 Pleasure, delight, happiness, चिरात्सुतस्पर्श-रसज्ञता ययौ R 3 26 -12 Charm, interest, elegance, beauty -13 Pathos, emotion, feeling -14 (In poetic compositions) A sentiment, नवरसरुचिरा निर्मितीमादधती भारती कवेर्जयति K P 1 (The *rasas* are usually eight — शुक्लारहास्यकरुणारौद्रवीरभयानका । बीभत्साद्भुतसङ्गौ चेत्यष्टौ नाट्ये रसा स्मृता ॥ but sometimes शान्तरस is added, thus making the total number 9, निर्वेदस्थायिभावोऽस्ति शान्तोऽपि नवमो रस K P 4, sometimes a tenth, वात्सल्यरस, is also added *Rasas* are more or less a necessary factor of every poetic composition, but, according to Visvanātha, they constitute the very essence of poetry, वाक्य रसात्मक काव्यम् S D 3) -15 Essence, pith, best part, ब्रह्म तेजोमय शुक्र यस्य सर्वमिदं रस Mb 12 240 9 -16 A constituent fluid of the body -17 Semen virile -18 Mercury -19 A poison, poisonous drink, as in तीक्ष्णरस-दायिन, रसविधानकौशलै Dk 2 8 -20 Any mineral metallic salt -21 Juice of the sugar-cane -22 Milk -23 Melted butter -24 Nectar, मय कूपरसेऽक्षिपत् Bhāg 7 10 59-60 -25 Soup, broth -26 A symbolical expression for the number 'six' -27 Green onion -28 Myrrh -29 Gold -30 A metal in a state of fusion -31 See रसातल, अनेन नूनं वेदाना कृतमाहरणं रसात् Mb 12 347 67 -32 The tongue (as the organ of taste), वाण्या च छन्दासि रसे जलेशम् Bhāg 8 20 27, जित सर्वं जिते रसे 11 8 21 -33 (With Vaisnavas) Disposition of the heart or mind (the five *Rasas* are शान्ति,

दास्य, साख्य, वात्सल्य and माधुर्य) -Comp -अग्रजम् an ointment prepared from the calx of brass -अञ्जनम् vitriol of copper, a sort of collyrium -अधिक *a* 1 tasty -2 abounding in pleasures, splendid, S 7 20 (v 1) (-कः) borax -अन्तरम् 1 a different taste -2 different feelings or sentiments -अभिनिवेशः intentness of affection -अम्लः 1 a kind of sorrel -2 sour sauce -अयनम् 1 an elixir of life (elixir vitae), any medicine supposed to prolong life and prevent old age, निखिलरसायनमहितो गन्धेनोप्रेण लघुन इव R G -2 (fig) serving as an elixir vitae, i. e. that which gratifies or regales, आनन्दनानि हृदयैकरसायनानि Māl 6 8, मनसश्च रसायनानि U 1 37, श्रोत्रं, कर्णं &c -3 alchemy or chemistry -4 any medicinal compound -5 butter-milk -6 poison -7 long pepper (-नः) 1 an alchemist -2 N of Garuda श्रेष्ठ mercurium (-नी f) 1 a channel for the fluids of the body -2 N of several plants -गुडची, काकमाची, महाकरञ्ज, गोरक्षदुग्धा and मासच्छदा -आत्मक *a* 1 consisting of juice or sentiment -2 elegant, beautiful -3 having taste or flavour -4 ambrosial, रसात्मकस्योदुपतेश्च रसमय Ku 5 22 -5 fluid, liquid, watery, सोमो भूत्वा रसात्मक Bg 15 13 -आदानम् absorption of fluid, suction -आधारः the sun -आभासः 1 the semblance or mere appearance of a sentiment, अनौचित्यप्रवृत्तत्वे आभासो रसभावयो S D -2 an improper manifestation of a sentiment -आश्रय *a* embodying or representing sentiments -आस्वादः 1 tasting juices or flavours -2 perception or appreciation of poetic sentiments, a perception of poetical charm, as in काव्यामृतरसास्वाद, आस्वादिन् *m* a bee -आहः turpentine -इक्षुः sugar cane -इन्द्रः 1 mercury -2 the philosopher's stone (the touch of which is said to turn iron into gold), देवजम्, सजातम् the gold -उत्तमम् milk (-मः) 1 quicksilver -2 Phaseolus Mungo (Mar मृग) -3 milk -उत्पत्तिः 1 production of taste -2 development of passion or sentiment -3 generation of the vital fluids -उद्भवम् 1 a pearl -2 vermilion -उपलम् a pearl -ऊनम् garlic, also ऊनक -ओदनम् rice boiled in meat broth -कर्पूरम् sublimate of mercury -कर्मन् *n* preparation of quicksilver -केसरम् camphor -क्रिया the inspissation and application of fluid remedies -गन्धः, -न्धम् gum-myrrh -गन्धकः 1 myrrh -2 sulphur -गर्भम् 1 = रसाञ्जन -2 vermilion -गुण *a* possessing the quality of taste, ज्योतिषश्च विदुर्वाणा-दापो रसगुणा स्मृता Ms 1 78 -ग्रह *a* 1 perceiving flavours -2 appreciating or enjoying pleasures (-हः) the organ of taste -घन *a* full of juice -घ्नः borax -जः 1 sugar, molasses -2 an insect produced by the fermentation of liquids -जम् blood -*a* bred in fluids, Ms 11 143 -जातम् an ointment prepared from the calx of brass -ज्ञ *a* 1 one who appreciates the flavour or excellence of, one who knows the taste of, सासारिकेभु च सुखेषु वयं रसज्ञा U 2 22 -2 capable of discerning the beauty of things (-ज्ञः) 1 a man of taste or feel-

ing, a critic, an appreciative person, a poet -2 an alchemist -3 a physician, or one who prepares mercurial or other chemical compounds (-ज्ञा) the tongue, सखि मा जल्प तवायमी रसज्ञा Bv 2 59, (रसज्ञता, त्वम् means 1 poetical skill -2 alchemy -3 knowledge of flavours -4 discrimination) -ज्ञानम् a branch of medical science -ज्येष्ठः 1 the sweet taste -2 the love sentiment -तन्मात्रम् the subtle element of taste -तेजस् n blood -दः 1 a physician, Mb 12 121 45 -2 a spy who administers poison, Kau A 1 12 -द्राचिन् a kind of citron -धातु n quicksilver -धेनुः a cow consisting of fruit-juice -नाथः mercury -नायकः N of Śiva -निवृत्तिः loss of taste -नेविका red arsenic -पाकजः molasses -पाचकः a cook -प्रबन्धः any poetical composition, particularly a drama -फलः the coconut tree -भङ्गः the interruption or cessation of a sentiment -भवम् blood -भस्मन् n oxide of mercury -भेदः a preparation of quicksilver -मलम् impure excretions -मातृका the tongue -योगः juices mixed scientifically -राजः, -लोहः 1 = रसाजन -2 quick-silver -वादः alchemy -विक्रयः sale of liquors -विद्धम् artificial gold -शास्त्रम् the science of alchemy -शोधनः borax (-नम्) purification of mercury -सरोरुहम् a red lotus -सिद्धिः 1 accomplished in poetry, conversant with sentiments, जयन्ति ते सुकृतिनो रससिद्धा कवीश्वरा Bh 2 24 -2 skilled in alchemy -सिद्धिः f skill in alchemy -सिन्दूरम् a cinnabar made of zinc, mercury, blue vitriol and nitre -स्थानम् vermilion

रसकम् Soup made from meat.

रसनम् [रस्-त्युद्] 1 Crying, screaming, roaring, sounding, tinkling, noise or sound in general -2 Thunder, rumbling or muttering of clouds -3 Taste, flavour -4 The organ of taste, the tongue, इन्द्रिय रसग्राहक रसनं जिह्वाप्रवर्ति TS, Bg 15 9, न ज्येद्वसन यावज्जित सर्वं जिते रसे Bhāg 11 8 21 -5 Perception, appreciation, sense, सर्वेऽपि रसनाद्रसा S. D 244 -नः Phlegm

रसना See रशना -Comp -मलम् any impurity on the tongue -मूलम् the root of the tongue -रदः a bird -लिह् m a dog

रसमय a (-यी f) 1 Consisting of juice or flavour -2 Juicy, liquid -3 Savoury -4 Charming, elegant, graceful -5 Proceeding from love, U 5

रसयतिः f Taste, flavour.

रसवत् a 1 Juicy, succulent -2 Tasteful, savoury, sapid, well-flavoured, यदेवोपनतं दुःखात्सुखं तद्रसवत्तरम् V 3 21, संसारसुखदुःखस्य द्वे एव रसवत्फले। काव्यामृतरसास्वादं सर्पकं सज्जने सह ॥ -3 Moist, well-watered -4 Charming, graceful, elegant -5 Full of feeling or sentiment, impassioned -6 Full of affection, possessed of love -7 Spirited, witty -ती 1 A kitchen -2 A meal

रसवत्ता 1 Tastefulness. -2 Beauty, elegance

रसा 1 The lower or infernal regions, hell -2 The earth, ground, soil, यद् आवेव रसातलं पुनरसौ यातो गजग्रामणी Bv 1 59, रसादिपञ्चकृतभूतसम्भवम् A Rām 7 5 28, स्मरस्य युद्धरज्ञता रसाऽऽर सारसारसा Nalod 2 10 -3 The tongue -4 A vine or grapes -5 Ved Moisture -Comp -ओकस् m an inhabitant of the lower world -खनः a cock -तलम् 1 N of one of the seven (अतल, वितल, सुतल, रसातल, तलतल, महातल and पाताल) regions below the earth, see पाताल -2 the lower world or hell in general, राज्य यातु रसातलं पुनरिदं न प्राणितुं कामये Bv 2 63, or जातिर्यातु रसातलम् Bh 2 39 -3 = रसा (2) -4 the fourth astrological mansion -पायिन् m a dog -पुष्पः a bee

रसालः [रसमालाति आ-ल-क ष० त०] 1 The mango tree, मृङ्गा रसालकुसुमानि समाश्रयन्ते Bv 1 10 -2 The olibanum tree -3 The bread-fruit tree -4 Wheat -5 The sugarcane -6 A kind of mouse -ला 1 The tongue -2 Curds mixed with sugar and spices, रसालकर्मदा नद्यो बभूवुर्भरतर्षभ Mb 14 89 40 -3 Dūrvā grass -4 A vine or grape -लम् 1 Gum-myrrh -2 Frankincense -3 A preparation of butter-milk (तकविशेष), हृदा पूर्णा रसालस्य दध्न श्वेतस्य चापरे Rām 2 91 73 -Comp -वनी f a mango grove, रसालवन्या मधुपातुविद्धम् N 3 46. -सालः a mango tree, रसालसालं समदृश्यतामुना N 1 89

रसालसा 1 A tubular vessel of the body -2 A vein -3 A nerve

रसाली Sugar

रसिक a [रसोऽस्त्यस्य ठन्] 1 Savoury, sapid, tasteful -2 Graceful, elegant, beautiful -3 Impassioned -4 Apprehending flavour or excellence, possessed of taste, appreciative, discriminating, तद् वृत्तं प्रवदन्ति काव्यरसिका शार्दूलविक्रीडितम् Śrut 40 -5 Finding pleasure or taking delight in, delighting in, devoted to (usually in comp), इयं मालती भगवता सदृशसयोगरसिकेन वेधसा मन्मथेन मया च तुभ्य दीयते Māl 6, so कामरसिक Bh 3 112, परोपकाररसिकस्य Mk 6 19 -6 Humorous, witty -7 Fanciful -8 Lustful -क 1 A man of taste or feeling, an appreciator of excellence or beauty, cf अरसिक -2 A libertine -3 An elephant -4 A horse -5 The Śārāsa bird -का 1 The juice of sugar-cane, molasses -2 The tongue -3 A woman's girdle, see रसाल also

रसिकता, -त्वम् 1 Taste, feeling -2 Tastefulness -3 Appreciative power

रसित p p 1 Tasted -2 Having flavour or sentiment -3 Gilded -4 Sounded, making indistinct sound -तम् 1 Wine or liquor -2 A cry, roar, roaring noise, sound or noise in general, हेरम्बकण्ठरसितप्रतिमानमेति Māl 9 3 -3 Thunder, जीमूतजालरसितानुकृतिर्निनाद Māl. 6 4

रसिन् a 1 Juicy, liquid -2 Impassioned, full of feeling. -3 Tasteful, savoury.

र (सु) सोनः A kind of garlic, of लसोन

रस्य *a* Juicy, savoury, sapid, palatable, रस्या
लिंगवा स्थिरा हृद्या आहारा सात्विकप्रिया Bg 17 8. -स्यम्
Blood

रस्नम् *A* thing, object -*m* [रसे नित् कित् Un 3 12]
A horse -रस्ना *A* tongue

रह् 1 P, 10 U (रहति, रहयति-ते, रहित) To quit, leave,
abandon, forsake, desert, रहयत्यापदुपेतमायति K₁ 2 14
9 16, रहयति वृष स्वार्थपरता Mu 3 4, Mā 9 8, Mv 1 44

रहणम् [रह-ल्युट्] Desertion, quitting, separation,
सहकारवृत्ते समये सहका रहणस्य के न सस्मार पदम् Nalod 2 14

रहस्य *n* [रह-अङ्गु Un 4 222] 1 Solitude, privacy,
loneliness, retirement, secrecy, अथ राजा दशरथ कदाचि-
द्रहसि स्थित A Rām 2 2 1, रहसि रमते Mā 2 2, R 3
3, 15 92, Pt 1 138 -2 A deserted or lonely place,
hiding-place -3 A secret, mystery, कथ्यता न रहौ यदि
Bhāg 9 9 19 -4 Copulation, coition -5 Truth -6
Swiftness -7 A privy -*and* Secretly, clandestinely,
privately, in private or secret, अतः परीक्ष्य कर्तव्य विशेषात्स-
गत रह S 5 24, oft in comp, वृत्त रह प्रणयमप्रतिपद्यमाने 5 23

रहस्य *a* [रहसि-भव यत्] 1 Secret, private, clandest-
ine, रहस्य च प्रकाश च यद् वृत्त तस्य धीमत (कथ्य) Rām 1
2 38, रोमाणि च रहस्यानि सर्वाण्येव विवर्जयेत् Ms 4 144 -2
Mysterious -स्यम् 1 A secret (fig also), स्वयं रहस्यभेद
कृत V 2 -2 A mystic spell or incantation, the mys-
tery (of a missile), सरहस्यानि जृम्भकाङ्गाणि U 1 -3 The
mystery or secret of conduct, mystery, रहस्य साधूना-
मनुषाधि विशुद्धं विजयते U 2, 2, सरहस्यो वनुर्वेद Bhāg 1 7
44 -4 A secret or esoteric teaching, a mystic doctrine,
भक्तोऽसि मे सखा चेति रहस्य ह्येतदुत्तमम् Bg 4 3, साङ्गोपाङ्गोपनिषद्
सरहस्य प्रदीयताम् Rām 1 55 16 -5 An Upaniṣad,
चतुर्भ्यः सरहस्येभ्यो वेदेभ्यो ह्यधिकं यदा Mb 1 1 272, Ms 2
165 -स्यम् *and* Secretly, privately, अनभिख्यातदोषस्तु
रहस्यं व्रतमाचरेत् Y 3 300 (where it may be taken as
an adj also) -Comp -आख्यायिन् *a* telling a secret,
रहस्याख्यायीव स्वनसि मृदु कर्णान्तिकचर S 1 23 -त्रयम् the
three categories of Rāmānuja school-ईश्वर, चित् and अचित्
composing the universe -भेदः, विभेदः disclosure of
a secret or mystery -व्रतम् 1 a secret vow or penance
-2 the mystic science of obtaining command over ma-
gical weapons

रहित *p p* [रह-कर्मणि क्] 1 Quitted, left, abandon-
ed, deserted -2 Separated from, free from, deprived
or destitute of, without (with instr or at the end of
comp), रहिते भिक्षुभिर्ग्रामे Y 3 59, गुणरहित, सत्वरहित
&c -3 Lonely, solitary -तम् Secrecy, privacy,
नोपासितव्यौ रहिते कदाचित् Mb 3 234 10 -Comp -असुर *a*,
destitute of divinity -आत्मन् one without आत्मा (i. e.
शून्यात्मा), शंसन्तु कृष्णपदवीं रहितात्मनां न Bhāg 10 30 9,

रहीभूत *a* In privacy with, दृष्ट्वा दयितया सार्धं रहीभूतं
दशाननम् Bk 8 55 'retired'

रहाटः 1 A minister -2 A spring -3 A ghost

रा 2 P (राति, रात) To give, grant, bestow, वयं ते
अथ ररिमा हि कामम् Rv 3 14 5, स रातु वो दुश्च्यवनो भावुकानां
परंपराम् K P 7, Bhāg 8 3 19

राका [रा-क तस्य नेत्वम् Un 3 40] 1 The full-moon
day, particularly the night, दारिद्र्य भजते कलानिधिरय राका-
धुना म्लायति Bv 2 72, 94, 165, 175, 3 11, राकायामकलङ्क
चेदमृताशोर्भवेद्द्रु K P -2 The goddess presiding over
the full-moon day -3 A girl in whom menstruation
has just commenced -4 Itch, scab -5 N of the
mother of खर and शूर्पणखा -6 N of a river, L D B
-Comp -ईशः 1 full moon, दृष्ट वन कुमुदित राकेशकरराजितम्
Bhāg 10 29 21 -2 N of Siva -चन्द्रः, -पतिः,
-रमणः full moon, राकापतिर्जैष्यति Bv 2 54, राकारमणस्य
हन्त साम्राज्यम् 2 150

राक्षस *a* (-सी *f*) [राक्ष इवम् अण्] Belonging to or
like an evil spirit, demoniacal, partaking of a demon's
nature, सुनयो राक्षसीमाहुर्वाचमुन्मत्तदूसयो U 5 30, ततस्तद्राक्षस
सैन्यम् Rām 3 22 17, राक्षसीमासुरीं चैव प्रकृति मोहिनीं श्रिता
Bg 9 12 -सः 1 A demon, an evil spirit, a goblin,
fiend, imp -2 One of the eight forms of marriage in
Hindu Law, in which a girl is forcibly seized and carri-
ed away after the defeat or destruction of her relatives
in battle, हत्वा छित्वा च भित्त्वा च क्रोशन्ती रुदती गृह्णात्। प्रसह्य
कन्याहरणं राक्षसो विविस्म्यते॥ Ms 3 33, राक्षसो युद्धहरणात्
Y 1 61 (Kṛiṣṇa carried away Rukmī in this
manner) -3 One of the astronomical Yogas -4 N of
a minister of Nanda, an important character in the
Mudrārākṣasa -5 A king of the Rākṣasas -6 N
of the 30th Muhūrta -7 N of a सवत्सर -सी 1 A
female demon -2 Lankā or Ceylon -3 Night -4 A
larger tooth, tusk -Comp -इन्द्रः N of Rāvana
-ग्रहः N of a particular insanity or seizure -ज्ञः N
of Rāma

राक्षा See लक्षा, (perhaps an incorrect form)

राख् 1 P (रायति) 1 To be dry -2 To adorn
-3 To prevent, ward off -4 To be able -5 To suffice,
be competent

राखडी A kind of ornament

रागः [रञ्ज्-भावे घञ् नि०नलोपकुत्वे] 1 (a) Colouring,
dyeing, tinging (b) Colour, hue, dye, वचस्तत्र प्रयोक्तव्य
यत्रोक्तं लभते फलम्। स्थायीभवति चात्यन्त राग शुक्रपटे यथा॥
Pt 1 33 -2 Red colour, redness, अधर किसलयराग
S 1 21, S₁ 8 15, K₁ 16 46 -3 Red dye, red lac,
रागेण बालारुणकोमलेन चूतप्रवालोष्ठमलचकार Ku 3 30, 5 11
-4 Love, passion, affection, amorous or sexual feeling,
मल्लिऽपि रागपूर्णम् Bv 1 100 (where it means 'redness'
also), S₁ 17 2, अथ भवन्तमन्तरेण कीदृशोऽस्या दृष्टिराग S, 2,

see चक्षुराग also, चरणयुगलादिव हृदयमविशद्वाग K 142 -5 Feeling, emotion, sympathy, interest -6 Joy, pleasure -7 Anger, wrath, निधनज्ज्वहारीभा भेजे, रागरसात्तम Si 19. 34 -8 Loveliness, beauty -9 A musical mode or order of sound, (there are six primary *Rāgas*, भैरव कौशिकश्चैव हिन्दोलो दीपकस्तथा। श्रीरागो मेघरागश्च रागा षडिति कीर्तिता Bharata, other writers give different names. Each *raga* has six *rāginis* regarded as its consorts, and their union gives rise to several musical modes) -10 Musical harmony, melody, तवास्मि गीतरागेण हारिणा प्रसमं हृत S 1 5, अहो रागपरिवाहिणी गीति S 5 -11 Regret, sorrow -12 Greediness, envy, 'रागस्तु मात्सर्यं लोहिता दिषु' Medinī, राजकामस्य मूढस्य रागोपहतचेतस Mb 7 85 54 -13 The quality called *Rajas* q v -14 Nasalization -15 A process in the preparation of quicksilver -16 A king, prince -17 The sun -18 The moon -19 Inflammation -20 Seasoning, condiment, Mb 4 -Comp -अङ्गी, -आढ्या Rubia Munjista (Mar मजिष्ठा) -अशानिः a Buddha or Jina -आत्मक a impassioned, रजो रागात्मक विद्धि Bg 14 7 -आयातम्, -उद्रेकः excess of passion -खाडव, -खाण्डव See रागखाडव, a kind of sweet rice preparation, रागखाण्डवमोज्यैश्च मत्ता पतिषु शेरते Mb 7 61 8 (com रागखाण्डव गुडोदन पर्पटिकेति वैदर्भी) -चूर्णः 1 Acasia Catechu or Khadira tree -2 red lead -3 lac -4 red powder thrown by people over one another at the festival called *holi* -5 the god of love -छन्नः the god of love -द्रव्यम् a colouring substance, a paint, dye -दा crystal -दालिः a kind of pulse (मसूर) -दङ्ग a ruby -पट्टः a kind of precious stone (-द्दी) the chinese rose -पुष्पः, -प्रसवः the red globe-amaranth -बन्धः manifestation of feeling, interest created by a proper representation (of various emotions), भावो भाव उदति विषयाद्वागबन्ध स एव M 2 9 -रुज् m a ruby -रज्जुः the god of love -रुता N of Ratu, wife of Cupid -लेखा a streak or mark of paint -वर्धनः (in music) a kind of measure -वृन्तः the god of love -षाडवः a kind of sweetmeat -सूत्रम् 1 any coloured thread -2 a silk-thread -3 the string of a balance

रागमय, -रागवत् a 1 Red, coloured -2 Dear, beloved -3 Impassioned

रागा, -गी A sort of gram (Mar नाचणी)

रागाय a One who raises hopes of a gift, but does not fulfil them

- रागिता 1 The state of being coloured -2 Being impassioned -3 Fondness or desire for

रागिन् a [राग-इनि] 1 Coloured, dyed -2 Colouring, painting -3 Red -4 Full of passion or feeling, impassioned, रागिणापि विहिता तव भक्त्या K1 18 27 -5 Full of love, subject to love -6 Passionately fond of, devotedly attached to, desirous of, yearning after (at the end of comp), रागी कर्मफलप्रेप्सु Bg 18 27 -7 Delighting,

rejoicing -m 1 A painter -2 A lover, एको रागिषु राजते प्रियतमादेहाधारी हर Bh 3 121 -3 A libertine, sensualist -णी 1 A modification of a musical mode (राग), of which 30 or 36 kinds are enumerated -2 A wanton and intriguing woman, a lustful woman

राघ् 1 A To be able, to suffice

राघ् m An able or efficient person, ननु हो मयना राघो घोरा नाथमहो नु न K1 15 20

राघवः [राघोगोत्रापत्यम् अण्] 1 A descendant of Raghu, especially Rāma -2 A kind of large fish, क्रीडे क्रीडतु कस्य केलिकलहत्यक्तार्णवो राघव Bv 1 55 -3 Sea, ocean

राघवायणम् The Rāmāyana

राघवीयम् The poem composed by Rāghava

राङ्गलः A thorn

राङ्गव a (-वी f) [रङ्कोरय विकारो वा तल्लोमजातत्वात् अण्] Belonging to the species of deer called *ranku*, or made from its hair, woollen, ता कस्तूरीपरिमलमुच पट्टिका राङ्गवाणम् Vikr 18 31, राङ्गवाणि तथैर्णानि Śiva B 30 21 -वम् 1 A woollen cloth made of deer's hair, a woollen garment, Mb 12 171 10 -2 A blanket -Comp -अजिनम् a woollen skin -आस्तरणम् a woollen coverlet

राज् 1 U (राजति-ते, राजित) 1 (a) To shine, glitter, appear splendid or beautiful, be eminent, रेजे ग्रहमयीव सा Bh 1 17, तस्या प्रविष्टा नतनाभिरन्ध्र रराज तन्वी नवलोमराजि Ku 1 48, राजन् राजति वीरवैरिवानितावैधव्यदस्ते भुज K P 10, R 3 7, K1 4 24, 11 6 (b) To appear or look (like), shine (like), तौयान्तभस्करालीव रेजे मुनिपरपरा Ku 6 49 -2 To rule, govern -3 To direct, regulate -4 To be the first or chief, be at the head -Caus (राजयन्ति-ते) To cause to shine, illuminate, brighten

राज् m, -राजः 1 A king, chief, prince -2 Anything best of its kind, सोऽम्बुजो हरिणाभात सर्वप्राणेन शङ्खराद् Rām 7 7 10, (adjective also in this sense)

राजकः A little king, a petty prince -कम् A number of kings or princes, a collection of sovereigns, सहते न जनोऽप्यव क्रिया किमु लोकाविक्रयाम राजकम् K1 2 47, राजकाय विषया विभेजिरे Si 14 43, यत्पादौ मुकुटज्योत्स्नाजलैर्नेनेति राजकम् Śabda ch

राजकीय a Kingly, royal

राजत a (-ती f) [रजत इदम् अण्] Silvery, made of silver, लीला दधौ राजतगण्डशैल Si 4 18 -तम् Silver

राजन् m [राज्-कनिन् रजयति रज्ज्-कनिन् निन्वा Un 1 145] A king, ruler, prince, chief (changed to राज at the end of Tat comp), वज्रराज, महाराज &c, तथैव सोऽभूदन्वर्थो राजा प्रकृतिरञ्जनात् R 4 12, पित्रा न रञ्जितास्तस्य प्रजास्तेनानु-रञ्जिताः। अनुरागात्तस्तस्य नाम राजेत्यभाषत ॥ V. P., -2 A

man of the military caste, a Ksatriya, Si 14 14 -3 N of Yudhisthira. -4 N of Indra -5 The moon, राजप्रिया कैरवियो रमन्ते मधुपै सह Bv 1 126 -6 Lord, master -7 N of Prithu -8 A Yaksha, त राजराजानुचरोऽस्य सुक्षात् Ki 3 30 -9 The Soma plant, ऐन्द्रश्च विधिवद्भक्तो राजा चाभिपुतोऽनघ Rām 1 14 6, Brī Up 1 3 24 -Comp -अग्निः wrath of a king -अङ्गनम् a royal court, the court-yard of a palace -अदनः 1 the Piyāla tree -2 The seed of the tree Chirongia Sapida, राजादन कन्दारालम् Siva B 30 15 -अधिकारिन्, -अधिकृतः 1 a government officer or official -2 a judge -अधिराजः, -इन्द्रः a king of kings, a supreme king, paramount sovereign, an emperor -अधिष्ठानम् the capital of a king, metropolis, -अध्वन् m a principal or royal road, main street, highway -अनकः 1 an inferior king, a petty prince -2 a title of respect formerly given to distinguished scholars and poets -अन्नम् 1 rice grown in Āndhra -2 food obtained from a king, राजान तेज आदत्ते Ms 4 218 -अपसदः an unworthy or degraded king -अभिषेकः coronation of a king -अम्लः a kind of vegetable plant Rumex Vesicarius (Mar चुका) -अर्कः Calotropis Gigantea (मन्दार, Mar रई) -अर्हम् 1 aloewood, a species of sandal -2 a kind of rice (राजान) -अर्हणम् a royal gift of honour -अहिः a large snake (having two mouths) -आज्ञा a king's edict, an ordinance, a royal decree -आभरणम् a king's ornament -आम्रः a superior kind of mango -आवर्तः a diamond of an inferior quality -2 a diamond from Virāta country -आवलिः, -ली a royal dynasty or genealogy -आसनम् a throne -आसन्दी Ved a stand on which the Soma is placed -इन्दुः an excellent king, दिलीप इति राजेन्द्रिन्दु क्षीरनिघाविव R 1 12 -इष्ट a kind of onion (-ष्टम्) = राजान q v -उपकरणम् (pl) the paraphernalia of a king, the insignia of royalty -उपसेवा royal service, Ms 3 64 -ऋषिः (राजऋषिः or राजर्षिः) a royal sage, a saint-like prince, a man of the Ksatriya caste who, by his pious life and austere devotion, comes to be regarded as a sage or *rishi*, e g पुरुवरुष, जनक, विश्वामित्र -कन्या, -कन्यका a princess -करः a tax or tribute paid to the king -करणम् a law-court -कर्णः an elephant's tusk -कर्तृ m a person who assists at a coronation, समेत्य राजकर्तार सभाभीयुर्द्विजातय Rām 2 67 2 -कर्मन् n 1 the duty of a king -2 royal service, of Ms 7 125 -कला a crescent of the moon (the 16th part of the moon's disc) -कलिः a bad king, of अश्वरथ्य प्रजाना य स राजा कलिरुच्यते Mb 12 12 29 -कार्यम्, -कृत्यम् 1 state-affairs. -2 royal command -कुमारः a prince -कुलम् 1 a royal family, a king's family, अभिराप ब्रियो मूर्ख सपौ राजकुलानि च H, नदीना शङ्खपाणीना नखिना द्युष्टिणा तथा । विश्वासो नैव कर्तव्य स्त्रीषु राजकुलेषु च ॥ Mb 12 -2 the court of a king, आ दास्या पुत्रि राजकुल खल्वेतत् Nāg. 3 12/13 -3 a court of justice, (राजकुले कथ

or निविद् *caus* means 'to sue one in a court of law, lodge a complaint against) -4 a royal palace -5 a king, master (as a respectful mode of speaking) -6 a royal servant, बध्नन्ति घ्नन्ति छुम्पन्ति दूष राजकुलानि वै Bhāg 10 41 36 -कोशानिघण्टुः also -व्यवहारकोशः N of a dictionary in Shiva's time compiled by his minister Raghunātha Pandita -क्षवकः a kind of mustard -गामिन् 1 a escheating to the sovereign (as the property of a person having no heir) -2 brought before the king (as slander), Ms 11 55 -गिरिः N of a mountain in Magadha -गुरुः a royal counsellor -गुह्यम् a royal mystery, राजविद्या राजगुह्य पवित्रमिदमुत्तमम् Bg 9 2 -गृहम् 1 a royal dwelling, royal palace -2 N of a chief city in Magadha (about 75 or 80 miles from Pataliputra) -ग्रीवः a kind of fish -घ a sharp, hot (-घ.) a king-killer, regicide -चिह्नम् 1 insignia of royalty, regalia -2 the stamp on a coin -चिह्नकम् the organ of generation (उपस्थ) -जक्ष्मन् = राजयक्ष्मन् q v -तरङ्गिणी N of a celebrated historical poem treating of the kings of Kāśmīra by Kalhana -तरुः the कर्णिकार tree -तालः, ताली the betel nut tree, राजतालीवनध्वनि R -दण्डः 1 a king's sceptre -2 royal authority -3 punishment inflicted by a king -4 fine payable to a king -दन्तः (for दन्ताना राजा) the front tooth, राजौ द्विजानामिह राजदन्ता N 7 46, 'राजन्ते सुतनोर्मनोरमतमास्ते राजदन्ता पुर' (शृङ्गारधनदशतकम् 67) -दूतः a king's ambassador, an envoy -दृशद् f the larger or lower millstone -देयम्, -भागम् the royal claim, tax, न वृत्त्या पारितुष्यन्ति राजदय हरन्ति च Mb 12. 56 59 -दौवारिकः 1 = राजद्वारिकः q v -2 a royal messenger, Hoh 4 -द्रोहः high treason, sedition, rebellion -द्रोहिन् m a traitor -द्वार् f, -द्वारम् the gate of royal palace, राजद्वारे श्मशाने च यस्तिष्ठति स बान्धव Subhās -द्वारिकः a royal porter -धर्मः 1 a king's duty -2 a law or rule relating to kings (oft in pl) -धानम्, -धानकम्, -धानिका, -धानी the king's residence, the capital, metropolis, the seat of government, तौ दम्पती स्वा प्रति राजधानी (प्रस्थापयामास) R 2 70 -धान्यम् Panicum Frumentaceum (Mar सावा) -धामन् n a royal palace -धुद् f, -धुरा the burden or responsibility of government. -नयः, -नीतिः f administration of a state, administration of government, politics, statesmanship -नामन् m Trichosanthes Dioeca (Mar पडवळ) -नारायणः (in music) a kind of measure -निघण्टुः N of a dictionary of Materia Medica -नीलम् an emerald -पट्टः 1 a diamond of inferior quality -2 a royal fillet -पट्टिका f the Chātaka bird -पदम् royalty, sovereignty -पथः, -पद्धतिः f = राजमार्ग q v -पिण्डः the maintenance given by a king, अवश्य राजपिण्डस्तैर्निवेश्य इति मे मति Mb 3 36 16 -पिण्डा a species of date -पुंस् m a royal servant -पुत्रः 1 a prince -2 a Ksatriya, a man of the military tribe -3 the planet Mercury -4 N of a mixed caste -5 a Rajpoot -6 a kind of mango -पुत्रिका 1 a kind of bird. -2 princess.

-पुत्री 1 a princess -2 a female of the Rajpoota tribe -3 N of several plants —जाती, मालती, कटुतुम्बी &c -4 a kind of perfume (रेणुका) -5 a musk, rat -6 a kind of metal, also राजपत्नी -पुरम् a royal city -पुरुषः 1 a king's servant -2 a minister -पुष्पः the नागकेसर tree -पूगः a kind of Areca-nut palm, Bhāg 4 6 17 -पौरुषिकः a royal servant, Mb 13 126 24 -प्रकृतिः a king's minister -प्रसादः royal favour -प्रेष्यः a king's servant (-व्यम्) royal service (more correctly राजप्रेष्य) -फणिज्झकः an orange tree -वदरम् salt -बीजिन्, -वंश्य a a scion of royalty, of royal descent. -भट्टिका a species of water-fowl -भृत. a king's soldier -भृत्यः 1 a royal servant or minister -2 any public or government officer. -भोगः a king's meal, royal repast -भोग्यम् nutmeg -भौत. a king's fool or jester -मणिः a royal gem -मन्त्रधरः, -मन्त्रिन् m a king's counsellor -महिषी the chief queen -मार्गः 1 a highway, high road, a royal or main road, principal street -2 the way, method or procedure of kings -मार्तण्डः, -मृगाङ्कः (in music) a kind of measure -माष. a kind of bean -मुद्रा the royal seal यक्ष्मः, -यक्ष्मन् m 'consumption of the moon', pulmonary consumption, consumption in general, राजयक्ष्मपरिहानिराययौ कामयानसमवरथया तुलाम् R 19 50, राजयक्ष्मेव रोगाणां समूहः स महीभृताम् Śi 2 96, (for explanation of the word see Malli thereon, as well as on Śi 13 29) -यानम् a royal vehicle, a palanquin -युध्वन् m 1 a king's soldier -2 one who fights with a king, P III 2 95 -योगः 1 a configuration of planets, asterisms &c at the birth of a man which indicates that he is destined to be a king -2 an easy mode of religious meditation (fit for kings to practise), as distinguished from the more rigorous one called हठयोग q v -रङ्गम् silver -राक्षसः a bad king -राज् m 1 a supreme king -2 the moon -राज 1 a supreme king, sovereign lord, an emperor -2 N of Kubera, अन्तर्बाष्प-श्चिरमनुचरो राजराजस्य दध्यौ Me 3 -3 the moon -राज्यम् the state or dignity of Kubera, स्वर्लोके राजराज्येन सोऽभिषिच्येत भार्गव Mb 13 85 53 -रीतिः f bell-metal -लक्षणम् 1 any mark on a man's body indicating future royalty royal insignia, regalia -लक्ष्मन् n royal insignia (-m) N of Yudhisthira -लक्ष्मीः, -श्रीः f the fortune or prosperity of a king (personified as a goddess), the glory or majesty of a king, स न्यस्तविहामपि राजलक्ष्मीम् R 2 7 -लिङ्गम् a kingly mark -लेखः a royal edict -लोकः a collection of princes or kings -वंशः a dynasty of kings -वंशावली genealogy of kings, royal pedigree -वर्चसम् kingly rank or dignity -वर्तः cloth of various colours -वल्लभः 1 a king's favourite -2 a kind of mango. -3 a kind of Jujube -वसतिः 1 dwelling in a king's court -2 a royal palace -वाहः a horse -वाह्यः a royal elephant -विः the blue jay -विजयः (in music) a kind of Rāga -विद्या 'royal policy', king-craft, state-policy, statesmanship; Bg 9 2, (cf. राजन्य),

so राजशास्त्रम्, वीराश्च नियतोत्साहा राजशास्त्रमनुष्ठिता Rām 1 7 12 -विहारः a royal convent -वृक्षः the tree Cassia Fistula, गुच्छै कृतच्छविरराजत राजवृक्ष Rām Ch 5 9 -वृत्तम् the conduct or occupation of a king, (कवित्) प्रजा पालयसे राजन् राजवृत्तेन वार्मिक Rām 1 52 7. -वृत्तिः the works of a king, प्रत्यक्षाप्रत्यक्षानुमेया हि राजवृत्ति Kau A 1 9 -शफरः a Hilsā fish, L D B -शासनम् a royal edict, दिवा चरेयु कार्यार्थं चिह्निता राजशासनै Ms 10 55 -शुङ्गम् a royal umbrella with a golden handle -शेखरः N of a poet -संसद f, -सभा f a court of justice. -सदनम् a palace -सर्पः a kind of snake-devouring snake -सर्षपः black mustard (the seed used as a weight, त्रसरेणवोऽष्टौ विज्ञेया लिङ्गिका परिमाणत । ता राजसर्षपस्तिस्त्रयो गौरसर्षप ॥ Ms 8 133) -सायुज्यम् sovereignty -सारसः a peacock -सूयः, -यम् 1 a great sacrifice performed by a universal monarch (in which the tributary princes also took part) at the time of his coronation as a mark of his undisputed sovereignty, राजा वै राजसूयेनेष्ट्वा भवति Śat Br, of सम्राट् also, राजा तत्र सूयते तस्माद् राजसूय । राज्ञो वा यज्ञो राजसूय ŚB on MS 4 4 1 -2 a lotus -3 a mountain -सौघः a king's palace -स्कन्धः a horse -स्थानाधिकारः Viceroyalty -स्थानीयः a viceroy, governor -स्वम् 1 royal property, राजस्व श्रोत्रियस्व च न भोगेन प्रणश्यति Ms 8 149 -2 tribute, revenue -स्वर्णः a kind of thorn-apple -स्वामिन् m N of Viṣṇu -हंसः a flamingo (a sort of white goose with red legs and bill), सप्तस्यन्ते नभसि भवतो राजहसा सहाया Me 11, कूजित राजहसानां नेदं नूपुरशिञ्जितम् V -हत्या regicide -हस्तिन् m a royal elephant, e a lordly and handsome elephant -हासकः a kind of fish, L D B.

राजता, -त्वम् Royalty, sovereignty, royal rank or position

राजनम् A particular Sāma, एतद् राजन् देवतासु श्रोतम् Ch Up 2 20 1, Bhāg 11 27 31

राजन्य a [राजन्-यत् नलोप] Royal, kingly -न्यः 1 A man of the Kṣatriya caste, royal personage, राजन्यान् स्वपुरनिवृत्तयेऽनुमेने R 4 87, सप्रति करणीयो राजन्येऽपि प्रश्रय U 6, R 3 48, Me 50 -3 N of Agni -4 A noble or distinguished personage -न्या A lady of royal rank -Comp -बन्धुः Kṣatriya, राजन्यबन्धोर्द्वाविंशे (केशान्त विधीयते) Ms 2 65

राजन्यकम् A collection of warriors or Kṣatriyas

राजन्वत् a Governed by a just or good king (as a country, as distinguished from राजवत् which simply means 'having a ruler'), (पुराणि देशे राजन्वान् स्यात् ततोऽन्यत्र राजवान् Ak), राजन्वतीमाहुरनेन भूमिम् R. 6 22, Kāv 3 6

राजमान a Shining, radiant

राजायते Den A To act like a king, consider oneself a king

राजसात् ind To the state or in the possession of a king

राजित a Illuminated, brilliant

राज्ञी 1 A queen, the wife of a king -2 Yellowish-red brass -3 N of the wife of the sun -4 N of the western quarter, राज्ञी नाम प्रतीची Oh Up 3 15 2

राज्यम् [राज्ञो भाव कर्म वा, राजन् यत् नलोप] 1 Royalty, sovereignty, royal authority, राज्येन किं तद् विपरीतवृत्ते R 2 58, 4 1 -2 A kingdom, country, an empire, R 1 58 -3 Rule, reign, government, administration of a kingdom -Comp -अङ्गम् a constituent member of the state, a requisite of regal administration, (these are usually said to be seven -स्वाम्यमात्यसुहृत्कोषराष्ट्रदुर्गबलानि च Ak) -2 a stronghold -3 an army -अधिकारः 1 authority over a kingdom -2 a right to sovereignty -अधिदेवता the tutelary deity of a kingdom -अपहरणम् usurpation -अभिषेकः inauguration or coronation of a king -आश्रममुनिः a pious king, the sage living in the hermitage in the form of the kingdom, पप्रच्छ कुशल राज्ये राज्याश्रममुनि मुनि R 1 58 -उपकरणम् (pl) the paraphernalia of government -करः the tribute paid by a tributary prince -कर्तृ m 1 an administrator or officer of government -2 a king. -खण्डम् a country -व्युत a deposed or dethroned -तन्त्रम् the science of government, system of administration, the government or administration of a kingdom, Mu 1 -द्रव्यम् a requisite of sovereignty -धुरा, -भारः the yoke or burden of government, the responsibility or administration of government -परिक्रिया administration -भाज् a king -भङ्गः subversion of sovereignty -भोगः the possession of sovereignty -भ्रंशः deposition from kingdom, loss of sovereignty -लक्ष्मीः, -श्रीः the glory of sovereignty -लोभः greed of dominion, desire of territorial aggrandizement -विभूतिः power of royalty -व्यवहारः administration, government business -सुखम् the sweets of royalty -स्थितिः government

राजस a (-सी f) [राजसा निर्मितम् अण्] Relating to or influenced by the quality *rajas*, endowed with the quality *rajas* or passion, ऊर्ध्वं गच्छन्ति सत्त्वस्था मध्ये तिष्ठन्ति राजसा Bg 14 18, 7 12, 17. 2

राजिः, -जी f [राज् इन् वा ङीप् Un 4 136] A streak, line, row, range, सर्वे पण्डितराजराजितिलकेनाकारि लोकोत्तरम् Bv 4 44, दानराजि R 2 7, राजीवराजीवश्लोमृद्भम् Śi 4 9 Ki 5 4 -2 Black mustard -3 The soft palate, uvula -4 A striped snake -5 A field -Comp. राजिफला(-ली) a kind of cucumber (Mar. टरकाकडी)

राजीफलः Trichosanthes Dioeca (Mar पडवल)

राजिका 1 A line, row, range -2 A field -3 Black mustard, न राजिकराद्धमभोजि तत्र N 16 73 -4 Mustard (used as a weight)

स. इ. को... १९८

राजिलः [राज्-इल्च्] 1 A species of innocent and poisonless snakes, किं महोरगाविसर्पविक्रमो राजिलेषु गरुड प्रवर्तते R 11 27, of इण्डुम -2 An elephant

राजीवः [राजी दलराजी अस्त्यस्य व] 1 A kind of deer -2 A crane -3 An elephant -4 A species of fish, Ms 5. 16 -चम् A blue lotus, Nymphaea lotus, प्रफुल्ल-राजीवमिवाङ्गमध्ये Ku 3 45 -Comp -अक्ष, -नेत्र, -लोचन a lotus-eyed, ऊनषोडशवर्षे मे रामो राजीवलोचन Ram

राजीविनी 1 The lotus plant -2 A group of lotuses

राटिः A bird -f War, battle

राडिः A kind of bird, L D B

राढा 1 Lustre -2 N of a district in Bengal, as also of its capital, गौड राष्ट्रमुत्तम निरुपमा तत्रापि राढापुरी Prab 2

राणम् 1 A leaf -2 A peacock's tail

राणायनीयः N of a preceptor -याः The school of राणायन

राणिका A bridle.

राण्डीरः = रण्डीपुत्र, Hch 7.

रात a Given, bestowed, रातो वोऽनुग्रहार्थं विष्णुना प्रमविष्णुना Bhāg 1 12 16.

रातन्ती A festival on the fourteenth day of the second half of Pausa

राति a Ved 1 Liberal, favourable, generous -2 Ready -तिः A friend (opp to अराति) -f 1 Giving, bestowing, presentation -2 Wealth, विज्ञानमानन्द ब्रह्म रातिर्दातु परायणम् Bri Up 3 9 28, Bhāg 5 5 3. -3 A favour -4 A gift, present -Comp -साच् a. (-पाच्) bestowing gifts, liberal, bountiful

रात्रिः, -त्री f [राति सुख भय वा रा-त्रिप् वा ङीप् Un 4 69] 1 Night, रात्रिर्गता मतिमता वर सुख शय्याम् R 5 66, दिवा काकरवाद् भीता रात्रौ तरति नर्मदाम्, -2 The darkness of night -3 Turmeric, Mb 13 136 25 -4 One of the four forms or bodies of Brahmā -5 Day and night, अह शब्दोऽपि अहोरात्रवचन । रात्रिशब्दोऽपि SB on MS 8 1 16, या रात्रि जायते जीवो या रात्रि च विनश्यति Mb 13 9 4 -Comp -अटः 1 a goblin, demon, ghost -2 a thief. -अन्धः a night-blind -आगमः, -उपायः the approach of night -करः 1 the moon -2 camphor -चरः (also रात्रिचर) (-री f) 1 'a night-rover', robber, thief. -2 a watchman, patrol, guard -3 a demon, ghost, evil spirit, (त) यान्त वने रात्रिचरी डुडौके Bk 2 23 -चर्या 1 night-roving -2 a nightly act or ceremony -जम् a star, constellation -जलम् dew -जागरः 1 night-watching, wakefulness or sitting up at night, आरुह कुसुदा-करोपमा रात्रिजागरपरो दिवाशय R 19 34 -2 a dog 'द' a gnat -तरा the dead of night -तिथिः f a lunar night.

-द्विष the sun -नाथः the moon -नारायणः the sun
-पशुषित a stale -पुष्पम् a lotus-flower opening
at night -बलः a demon -भुजङ्गः the moon
-मणिः 1 the moon -2 camphor -योगः night-fall
-रक्षः, -रक्षकः a watchman, guard -रागः darkness,
obscurity -वासस् n 1 night dress -2 darkness
-विगमः 'end of night', break of day, dawn, day-
light -विश्लेषगामिन् m the ruddy goose -वेदः,
-वेदिन् m a cock -सत्रन्यायः the rule according to
which an act, for which no fruit is stated directly in
the injunctive text, should be held as yielding the
result spoken of in the अर्थवाद text connected with it
This rule is discussed and established by Jaimini
and Sabara in MS 4 3 17-19 -हासः the white
lotus -हिण्डकः 1 a guard of the women's apartments
-2 a night-stalker

रात्रक a Nocturnal, nightly -कः A man who takes
up his abode in a harlot's house for one year -कम्
A period of five nights taken collectively (?)

रात्रिक a (At the end of comp) Lasting or suf-
ficient for a certain number of nights, as पञ्चरात्रिक
उत्सव -का Night

रात्रिदिवम्, -रात्रिदिवा ind By night and day, con-
stantly, ceaselessly, रात्रिदिव गन्धर्वह प्रयाति

रात्रिमटः A night-rover, a demon

रात्रिमन्य a Looking like night (as a cloudy or
dark day), cf. रज्जिमन्य

रात्रीण a Lasting for a certain number of nights

रात्रौ, -रात्र्याम् ind At night, by night

रात्रौ शयनम् A festival on the 11th day of the first
half of आषाढ, regarded as the night of the gods,
beginning with the summer solstice

राष्ट्र I 5 P (राष्ट्रोति, राष्ट्र, desid. रिरात्सति, but रित्सति
to 'wish to kill') 1 To propitiate, conciliate, please
-2 To accomplish, effect, complete, perform, achieve
-3 To prepare, make ready -4 To fall to the lot of
any one (also 4 P) -5 To injure, destroy, kill,
exterminate, वानरा भूधरान् रेधु Bk 14 19 -II 4 P
(राध्यति, राष्ट्र) 1 To be favourable or merciful -2 To
be accomplished or finished -3 To propitiate, look to
the welfare of (any one, with dat), कृण्वाय राध्यति गर्ग
Sk (ः e पृष्ठे गर्ग शुभाशुभ पर्यालोचयति) -4 To be success-
ful, to succeed, prosper -5 To be ready -6 To kill,
destroy -Caus (राध्यति-त्ते) 1 To propitiate -2 To
accomplish, complete -3 To make ready

राष्ट्र p p [राध्य-कर्तरि कर्मणि वा क्त] 1 Propitiated,
pleased, conciliated -2 Effected, accomplished, achie-
ved, performed, राष्ट्र नि श्रेयसं प्राप्तम् Bhāg. 8. 9 41 -3

Dressed, cooked (as food) -4 Prepared, equipped, स
यो मनुष्याणां राष्ट्र समृद्धो भवति Bri Up 4 3 33 -5 Obtained,
got -6 Successful, fortunate, happy -7 Perfect in
magical power -8 Fallen to the lot of -Comp -अन्तः
a proved or established fact, a demonstrated conclusion
or truth, an ultimate conclusion, doctrine, dogma,
सर्ववैनाशिकराष्ट्रान्तो नितरामनेपक्षितन्य इतीदानीमुपपादयाम S B,
समस्ततन्त्रराष्ट्रान्ते भवान् भागवततत्त्ववित् Bhāg 12 11 1
-अन्तित a demonstrated, established by proof, logical-
ly proved -अन्नम् dressed food

राष्ट्रिः f 1 Accomplishment, perfection -2 Suc-
cess, prosperity

राघः The month called Vaisākha -घः, -घम् 1
Favour, kindness -2 Prosperity -घी The day of full
moon in the month of Vaisākha -Comp. -रङ्गः 1 a
plough -2 thin rain -3 hail

राघनम् [राघ-ल्युट्] 1 Propitiating, conciliating -2
Pleasure, satisfaction -3 Accomplishing, effecting,
completion -4 Acquisition, going -5 The means of
accomplishing anything -ना Speech -नी Worship

राघस् n Ved 1 Food -2 Kindness, favour -3 A
gift, present -4 Liberality -5 Wealth, riches -6
Accomplishment of one's wishes, success, तस्मा अप्यनु-
भावेन स्वेनैवावातराघसे Bhāg 4 7 57 -7 Desire; ईश्वरालम्बन
चित्त कुर्वतोऽनन्यराघस Bhāg 9. 21 17 -8 Power, soverei-
gnty, निरस्तसाम्यातिशयेन राघसा Bhāg 2 4 14 -9 Device,
proper application, बुद्ध्या वा किं निपुण्या बलेनेन्द्रियराघसा Bhāg
4 31. 11 -10 Maintaining, keeping (पालनम्), आत्मारामोऽपि
यस्त्वस्य लोककल्पस्य राघसे Bhāg 4 24 18 -10 The sensual
pleasure, कृष्णे कमलपत्राक्षे सन्यस्ताखिलराघस Bhāg 10 65 6

राघा 1 Prosperity, success -2 N of a celebrated
Gopi or cowherdess loved by Krishna (whose amo-
urs have been immortalized by Jayadeva in his
Gitagovinda), तदिम राघे गृह प्रापय Git 1. -3 N of the
wife of Adhiratha and foster-mother of Karna -4 The
lunar mansion called विशाखा -5 Lightning -6 An
attitude in shooting -7 Emblem Myrobalan -8 The
full-moon day in the month of Vaisākha -9 Devoted-
ness -10 N of a plant (Clytorea Ternatea, Mar
विष्णुकान्ता) -Comp. -कान्तः, -पतिः, -रमणः N of
Krishna -भेदिन्, -वेदिन् m N of Arjuna -सुतः N
of Karna

राघिका See राघा above

राघेयः An epithet of Karna, पुत्रस्य मे सुहृत् प्रेयान् राघेय
सोऽप्यय हत Ve 5 12

राभस्यम् 1 Delight, joy -3 Impetuosity -3 Vio-
lence, force

राम a [रम् कर्तरि घञ् ण वा] 1 Pleasing, delighting,
rejoicing -2 Beautiful, lovely, charming -3 Obscure,

dark-coloured, black -५ White -मः 1 N of three celebrated personages, (a) Paraśurāma, son of Jama-dagni, (b) Balarāma, son of Vasudeva and brother of Kṛṣṇa, q q v v, (c) Rāmachandra or Sītārāma, son of Daśaratha and Kausalyā and the hero of the Rāmāyaṇa, (the word is thus derived in Purāṇas — राशब्दो विश्ववचनो मन्वापीश्वरवाचक । विश्वाधीनेश्वरो यो हि तेन राम प्रकीर्तितः ॥) of also राकारोच्चारमात्रेण सुखान्निर्याति पातकम् । पुनः प्रवेशशङ्काया मकारोऽस्ति कपाटवत् ॥ [When quite a boy, he with his brother was taken by Viśvāmītra, with the permission of Daśaratha, to his hermitage to protect his sacrifices from the demons that obstructed them. Rāma killed them all with perfect ease, and received from the sage several miraculous missiles as a reward. He then accompanied Viśvāmītra to the capital of Janaka where he married Sītā having performed the wonderful feat of bending Siva's bow, and then returned to Ayodhyā. Daśaratha, seeing that Rāma was growing fitter and fitter to rule the kingdom, resolved to install him as heir-apparent. But, on the eve of the day of coronation, his favourite wife Kaikeyī, at the instigation of her wicked nurse Mantharā, asked him to fulfil the two boons he had formerly promised to her, by one of which she demanded the exile of Rāma for fourteen years and by the other the installation of her own son Bharata as Yuvarāja. The king was terribly shocked, and tried his best to dissuade her from her wicked demands, but was at last obliged to yield. The dutiful son immediately prepared to go into exile accompanied by his beautiful young wife Sītā and his devoted brother Lakṣmana. The period of his exile was eventful, and the two brothers killed several powerful demons and at last roused the jealousy of Rāvaṇa himself. The wicked demon resolved to try Rāma by carrying off his beautiful wife for whom he had conceived an ardent passion, and accomplished his purpose being assisted by Mārīcha. After several fruitless inquiries as to her whereabouts, Hanumat ascertained that she was in Lankā and persuaded Rāma to invade the island and kill the ravisher. The monkeys built a bridge across the ocean over which Rāma with his numerous troops passed, conquered Lankā, and killed Rāvaṇa along with his whole host of demons. Rāma, attended by his wife and friends in battle, triumphantly returned to Ayodhyā where he was crowned king by Viśiṣṭha. He reigned long and righteously and was succeeded by his son Kuśa. Rāma is said to be the seventh incarnation of Viṣṇu, of Jayadeva.—वितरसि दिक्षु रणे दिक्पतिकमनीयं दशमुखमौलिबलिं रमणीयम् । केशव धृतरघुपतिरूपं जय जगदीश हरे Gīt 1.] -2 A kind of deer -3 N of Arana -४ A lover, of Śi 4 59 -५ A horse -६ Pleasure, joy -मम् 1 Darkness -2 Leprosy (कुष्ठम्) -३ A tamāla leaf -Comp -अनुजः N of a celebrated

reformer, founder of a Vedāntic sect and author of several works. He was a Vaiṣṇava. -अयनम् (-णम्) 1 the adventures of Rāma -2 N of a celebrated epic by Vālmīki which contains about 24000 verses in seven Kāṇḍas or books -ईश्वरः N of a sacred place of pilgrimage -काण्डः a species of cane -किल्बिषम् an offence against Rāma -कृत् (in music) N of a Rāga -क्री N of a Rāga -गिरिः N of a mountain, (चक्रे) स्निग्धच्छाया-तरुषु वसति रामगिर्याश्रमेषु Me 1 -चन्द्रः, -भद्रः N of Rāma, son of Daśaratha -जन्मन् n the birth or birth-day of Rāma -तापन, -तापनी, -तापनीय उपनिषद् N of a well-known उपनिषद् (belonging to the अथर्ववेद) -दूतः 1 N of Hanumat -2 a monkey (-ती) a kind of basil -नवमी the ninth day in the bright half of Chaitra, the anniversary of the birth of Rāma -पूगः a kind of betel-nut tree -लीला N of a dramatic performance, on the story of Rāma -वल्गुः the birch-tree (-भम्) cinnamon -शरः a kind of sugar cane -सखः N of Sugriva -सेतुः 'the bridge of Rāma', a bridge of sand between the Indian peninsula and Ceylon, now called Adam's bridge

रामक a Delighting, gratifying, pleasing -कः a particular form of a temple

रामठः, -ठम् Asa Foetida (दिग्गु)

रामणीयक a (-की f) Lovely, beautiful, pleasing -कम् Loveliness, beauty, सर्वत्र दयिताधीन सुव्यक्त रामणीयकम् Bk 6 75, सा रामणीयकान्धिराधिदेवता वा Mal 1 21, 9 47, तरुणीस्तन एव शोभते मणिहारवलिंरामणीयकम् N 2 44, K 1 39, 4 4

रामण्यकम् Loveliness, beauty, वनरामण्यक यत्र जलराम-ण्यक तथा Rām 3 15 5

रामा [रमतेऽनया रम् करणे षच्] 1 A beautiful woman, a charming young woman, अथ रामा विकसन्मुखी बभूव Bv 2 16, 3 6 -2 A beloved, wife, mistress, रामो रामावबोधित R 12 23, पप्रच्छ रामा रमणोऽभिलाषम् 14 27 -३ A woman in general, रामा हरन्ति हृदय प्रसभ नराणाम् Rs 6 25 -४ A woman of origin. -५ Vermilion -६ Asa Foetida -७ A kind of pigment (गोरोचना) -८ Ruddle -९ A river -10 An accomplished woman (versed in fine arts) -11 A kind of metre -12 (In music) A kind of measure

रामिलः 1 A lover, husband -2 The god of love. -३ N of a poet

राम्भः A bamboo-staff carried by a religious student or ascetic, यतिहस्तस्थितैस्तस्य राम्भैराम्भ तर्जना N 17 187

रायः A king, prince (often at the beginning or end of proper names, it is a corruption of राजन्). -Comp -रङ्गालम् a kind of dance

रायणम् 1 Sounding, making noise -2 Pain,

रायभाटी The stream of a river

रालः The resin of the Sāla tree -**Comp** -**कार्यः** the Sāla tree

रावः [रु-घञ्] 1 A cry, scream, shriek, roar, the cry of any animal -2 Sound in general, मुरजवाद्यराव, मधुरिपुरावम् Git 11

रावण a [रु-णिच् ल्यु] Crying, screaming, roaring, bewailing, इत्युक्त्वा पश्य वाक्य रावण शत्रुरावण Rām 3 56 26 (com शत्रून् रावयति क्रोशयति शत्रुरावण) -**णः** N of a celebrated demon, king of Lankā and the chief of the Rākshasas, स रावणो नाम निकामभीषण बभूव रक्ष क्षत्ररक्षण दिव Śi 1 48 [He was the son of Viśrava by Keśinī or Kaikaśī and so half-brother of Kuber He is called *Paulastya* as being a grandson of the sage Pulastya Lankā was originally occupied by Kubera, but Rāvana ousted him from it and made it his own capital He had ten heads (and hence his names Daśagrīva, Daśavadana &c) and twenty arms, and according to some, four legs (cf R 12 88 and Malli) He is represented to have practised the most austere penance for ten thousand years in order to propitiate the god Brahman, and to have offered one head at the end of each one thousand years Thus he offered nine of his heads and was going to offer the tenth when the God was pleased and granted him immunity from death by either god or man On the strength of this boon he grew very tyrannical and oppressed all beings His power became so great that even the gods are said to have acted as his domestic servants He conquered almost all the kings of the day, but is said to have been imprisoned by Kārtavīrya for some time when he went to attack his territory On one occasion he tried to uplift the Kailāsa mountain, but Śiva pressed it down so as to crush his fingers under it He, therefore, hymned Śiva for one thousand years so loudly that the God gave him the name *Rāvana* and freed him from his painful position But though he was so powerful and invincible, the day of retribution drew near While Rāma—who was Viṣṇu descended on earth for the destruction of this very demon—was passing his years of exile in the forest, Rāvana carried off his wife Sītā and urged her to become his wife but she persistently refused and remained loyal to her husband At last Rāma assisted by his monkey troops invaded Lankā, annihilated Rāvana's troops and killed the demon himself He was a worthy opponent of Rāma, and hence the expression -रामरावणयोर्युद्धं रामरावणयोरिव।] -**णम्** 1 The act of screaming -2 N of a Muhūrta -**Comp** -**अरिः** N of Rāma -**गङ्गा** N. of a river in Lankā

रावणिः [रावणस्यापत्यम् इञ्] 1 N of Indrajit, रावणिश्चाव्यथो योद्धुमारब्धं च महीं गत Bk 15 78, 89 -2 Any son of Rāvana, प्रादुर्भवस्तत् कुद्धा सर्वे रावणयोऽङ्गदम् Bk. 15 79-80.

रावितम् Sound, noise, स्यन्दनेभ्यश्च्युता वीरा शङ्करावितदुर्बला Rām 7 7 12.

राशिः m, f [अश्नुते व्याप्नोति, अश इच् धातोर्दङागमश्च, cf Un 4 132] 1 A heap, mass, collection, quantity, multitude, मनुनि मृगशरीरे तूलाशाविवाभि S 1? धनराशि, तोयराशि, यशोराशि &c -2 The numbers or figures put down for any arithmetical operation (such as adding, multiplying &c) -3 A sign of the zodiac -4 Mathematics, Ch Up 7 1 2 -5 One-twelfth part of the ecliptic -6 An astrological house -**Comp** -**अधिपः** the regent of an astrological house -**गत** a 1 heaped, piled up -2 summed up -3 algebraical or arithmetical -**चक्रम्** the zodiac -**त्रयम्** the rule of three -**नामन्** n a name given to a child taken from the Rāśi under which he is born -**पः** the regent of an astrological house -**भागः** a fraction अनुबन्ध the addition of fractions -**भेदः** a division of a zodiacal sign or astrological house -**भोगः** the passage of the sun, moon, or any planet through a sign of the zodiac -**मण्डलम्** (= -चक्रम् above) -**वर्धन** a 1 adding to the number (संख्यापूरक) -2 (fig) useless, राशिवर्धनमात्रं स नैव जी न पुन प्रमान् Mb 5 133 23. -**व्यवहारः** (in Arith) the method for finding the quantity contained in a heap -**स्थ** a accumulated

राशीकृ 8 U To pile up, heap together, accumulate

राशीकृत, -**भूत** Heaped together, accumulated

राष्ट्रम् [राज् घञ् Un 4 167] 1 A kingdom, realm, empire, राष्ट्रदुर्गबलनि च Ak, सामदण्डो प्रशसन्ति नित्यं राष्ट्राभि-वृद्धये Ms. 7 109, 10 61 -2 A district, territory, country, region, as in महाराष्ट्र, नगराणि च राष्ट्राणि वनधान्य-युतानि च Rām 1 1 93, स्वराष्ट्रे न्यायवृत्त स्यात् Ms 7 32 -3 The people, nation, subjects, तस्य प्रभुर्भयते राष्ट्रम् Ms 9 254 -**घ्नः**, -**घ्नम्** Any national or public calamity -**Comp** -**अभिवृद्धिः** increase of a kingdom -**कर्षणम्** distressing a kingdom, तथा राज्ञामपि प्राणा क्षीयन्ते राष्ट्रकर्षणात् Ms 7 112 -**तन्त्रम्** administration -**पतिः**, -**पालः** a sovereign -**भेदः** division of a kingdom

राष्ट्रकः = राष्ट्रिक q v., निरीक्ष्य तावुत्तमपूरुषौ जना मन्त्रस्थिता नागरराष्ट्रका वृष Bhāg 10 43 20

राष्ट्रीः f, -**ष्ट्री** 1 A female ruler -2 Proprietress

राष्ट्रिकः 1 An inhabitant of a kingdom or country, a subject, राष्ट्रिके सह तद्वाष्ट्र क्षिप्रमेव विनश्यति Ms 10 61 -2 The ruler of a kingdom, governor

राष्ट्रिय, -**राष्ट्रीय** a [राष्ट्रे भव च] Belonging to a kingdom -**यः** 1 The ruler of a kingdom, king, as in राष्ट्रिय-श्याल Mk 9 -2 The brother-in-law of a king (queen's brother), श्रुत राष्ट्रियमुखाद् यावदङ्गुलीयकदर्शनम् S 6 -3 An heir-apparent -4 An officer in the kingdom, तत्, सप्रेषयेद् राष्ट्रे राष्ट्रीयाय च दर्शयेत् Mb 12 85 12,

रास् 1 A (रास्ते) To cry, scream, yell, sound, howl

रासः 1 An uproar, a din, confused noise -2 A sound in general -3 Speech -4 A kind of dance practised by Krishna and the cowherds but particularly the *gopas* or cowherdesses of Vrindavana, तत्रारभत गोविन्दो रासक्रीडामनुव्रतै । छरितैरान्वित प्रीतैरन्योन्याब्धबाहुभि ॥ Bhāg 10 33 2, उत्सृज्य रासे रस गच्छन्तीम् Ve 1 2, रासे हरिमिह विहितविलास स्मरति मनो मम कृतपरिहासम् Git 2, also Git 1 -5 A chain -6 A sport, play -Comp -ईश्वरी N of Rādhā -उत्सवः, -क्रीडा, -मण्डलम् a sportive dance, the circular dance of Krishna and the cowherdesses of Vrindavana, रासोत्सव सप्रवृत्तो गोपीमण्डलमण्डित Bhāg 10 33 3 -गोष्ठी = रासक्रीडा q v -यात्रा f a festival in honour of Krishna on the Kārtiki Paurṇamī

रासकम् A kind of minor drama, see S D 548

रासेरसः, रासेवासः 1 The Rāsa dance -2 Pastime, sport -3 A company, party, assembly -4 The love sentiment (शृङ्गार) -5 The sixth night after delivery (षष्ठीजागर) -6 Jesting, joking -7 Skill in alchemy

रासन a (-नी f) 1 Relating to the tongue -2 Savoury, palatable

रासमः [रासे अभञ् Un 3 124] An ass, a donkey

रासायन, रासायनिक Relating to रासायन

रास्ना [Un 3 15] 1 N of a plant, नाडुली सुरसा रास्ना Bhāva P -2 A rope -3 Ved A girdle

राहडी (In music) A kind of composition

राहित्यम् Being without any thing, destitution, destituteness

राहुः [रहु-उण् Un 1 3] 1 N of a demon, son of Vipracitti and Simhikā and hence often called *Saimhikēya*, प्रसते हि तमोपह सुहुर्नु राहाहमहर्षति तम S 16 57, विधुरपि विधियोगाद् प्रस्यते राहुणासौ H [When the nectar, that was churned out of the ocean, was being served to the gods, Rāhu disguised himself and attempted to drink it along with them. But he was detected by the sun and the moon who informed Visnu of the fraud Visnu, thereupon, severed his head from the body, but as he had tasted a little quantity of nectar the head became immortal, and is supposed to wreak its vengeance on the sun and moon at the time of conjunction and opposition, cf Bh 2. 34. In astronomy Rāhu is regarded, like Ketu, as one of the nine planets, or only as the ascending node of the moon] -2 An eclipse, or rather the moment of occultation -3 Abandoning -4 One who abandons -5 The regent of the southwest quarter -Comp -उन्निष्ठम्, -उत्सृष्टम् = लघुन q v -गतः a darkened, eclipsed, also राहुग्रस्त -ग्रसनम्, -ग्रासः, -दर्शनम्, -पीडा, -संस्पर्शः an eclipse (of the sun or moon).

-छत्रम् green ginger -पीडा an eclipse -भेदिन् m N of Visnu -रत्नम् a kind of gem (= गोमेद) -शत्रुः the moon, राहुशत्रौ प्रिया पत्नी ग्रहेणाभ्युदितेनैका रोहिणीमिव पीडिताम् Rām 2 114 3 -सूतकम् 'the birth of Rāhu', i. e. an eclipse (of the sun or moon), Y 1 146, of Ms 4 110 -हन् m N of Krishna, L D B

रि (for ऋषभ) The second note of the Indian Gamut

रि I 6 P (रियति, रीण) To go, move -II 5 P. (रिणोति) To hurt -III 9 U (रिणाति-ते) 1 To drive out, expel -2 Ved To separate -3 To emit -4 To give, grant -5 To go, move -6 To hurt

रिक्त p p [रिच्-क्] 1 Emptied, cleared, evacuated, रिक्त सर्वो भवति हि लघु पूर्णता गौरवाय Me 20 -2 Empty, void, devoid or deprived of, without, रिक्तभाण्डानि यत् किञ्चित् पुमासश्चापरिच्छदा Ms 8 405 -4 Hollowed (ashands) -5 Indigent, poor, हाहेति जल्पति जने सुकृतीव रिक्त Bhāg 9 10 23 -6 Divided, separated -7 Worthless, useless -8 Unloaded, see रिच् -कम् 1 An empty space, vacuum -2 A forest, desert, wilderness -Comp -अर्कः a Sunday falling on one of the रिक्ता days -पाणि, -हस्त a empty-handed, bringing no present (of flowers &c), रिक्तपाणिर्न पश्येत् राजान देवतां पुंश्च Subhās, अहमपि देवीं प्रेक्षितुमरिक्तपाणिर्भवामि M 4 -मति a empty-minded

रिक्तक a See रिक्त, Ms 8 404

रिक्ता N of the fourth, ninth, and fourteenth days of a lunar fortnight

रिक्तीकृ 1 To make empty -2 To leave -3 To take away, steal -4 To recover

रिक्थम् [रिच्-थक् Un 2 7] 1 Inheritance, bequest, property left at death, (in law) unobstructed property, विभजेरन् सुता पित्रोर्हर्ष रिक्थमृण समम् Y 1 117, Ms 9 104, ननु गर्भे पित्र्य रिक्थमर्हति S 6 -2 Property in general, wealth, possessions, बालदायादिक रिक्थ तावद् राजानुपालयेत् Ms 8 27 -3 Gold -Comp -आद, -ग्राह, -भागिन्, -हर a receiving an inheritance, inheriting property (-m) an heir, a son, त नारद प्रियतमो रिक्थादाना-मनुव्रत Bhāg 2 9 40 -जातम् the aggregate estate (of a deceased person) -विभागः partition of property -हारिन् m 1 an heir, किं रिक्थहारै स्वजनाख्यदस्युभि Bhāg 8 22 9 -2 a maternal uncle -3 the seed of the fig-tree

रिक्थिन् a 1 Inheriting property -2 Wealthy, rich -m 1 An heir -2 A testator, Y

रिक्थन् m Ved A thief

रिक्षा 1 A nit (लिखा) -2 The mote in a sun-beam

रिङ्ख -रिङ्ग (रिङ्गति, रिङ्गति) 1 To crawl, creep, यद्विज्ञानान्तरगतेन दिविस्पृशोर्वा Bhāg 2 7 27, जानुभ्या सह

पाणिभ्या रिङ्गमाणौ विजहतु 10 8 21, जानुभ्या रिङ्गतस्तस्य
Siva B 7 7 -2 To go slowly

रिङ्गः, -रिङ्गा 1 Creeping, sliding -2 Dancing -3 One
of a horse's paces -4 A horse's hoof -5 Deceiving,
disappointing

रिङ्गणम्, -रिङ्गणम् 1 Crawling, creeping (of children
who creep on all fours) -2 Deviating (from rectitude),
swerving

रिङ्गिः f Going, moving, creeping, सुरेतसाद पुनराविश्य
चष्टे हस गृध्राण वृषद्विगिरामिम Bhāg 5 7 14

रिङ्गितम् Motion, surging (of waves)

रिक् I 7 U (रिणाक्ते, रिक्ते, रिक्) 1 To empty, eva-
cuate, clear, purge, रिणक्तिम जलधेस्तोयम् Bk 6 36, आवि-
र्भूते शशिनि तमसा रिच्यमानेव रात्रि V 1 8, तिमिररिच्यमानं
पूर्वदिङ्मुखमालोकसुभग दृश्यते V 3 -2 To deprive of, make
destitute of -3 To separate, divide -4 To give or
deliver up, part with -5 To bequeath (usually in p
p, see रिक्) II 1, 10 P (रेचति, रेचयति, रेचित) 1 To
divide, separate, disjoin -2 To abandon, leave -3 To
join, mix -Caus 1 To evacuate, make empty -2 To
discharge, emit (as breath) -3 To leave, abandon

रिज् 1 Ā (रेजते) To fry, parch

रितिः 1 The crackling of flames -2 Black salt -3
A musical instrument -4 N of an attendant of Siva,
of भृङ्ग (जे) रिति

रिण्व् 1 P (रिण्वति) To go

रिधमः 1 Spring -2 Love

रिपुः [रप् उन् वृषो Un 1 26] 1 An enemy, a foe,
an opponent -2 A hostile planet -3 N of the sixth
astrological house -4 Ved A cheat, rogue -Comp
-कालः the god of death, Buddh -घातिन्, -घ्न, -जय,
-निपातिन्, -सूदन a killing or vanquishing foes
-भवनम्, -स्थानम् N of the 6th astrological house

रिप् [Un 5 67] a Bad, vile -प्रप् 1 Sin -2 Dirt,
impurity

रिफ् 6 P (रिफति, रिफित) 1 To utter a rough grating
sound -2 To revile, blame -3 To speak, say -4 To
boast -5 To give -6 To fight. -7 To hurt, kill

रिम् 1 Ā (रेमते) 1 To crackle, creak -2 To mur-
mur (as a stream &c) -3 To sound in general -4
To chatter -5 Ved To praise, worship -6 To shout
with joy.

रिभ्वन् m. Ved. A thief, Naigh 3 24

रिम्फ् 6 P. (रिम्फति) To hurt, kill

रिम्फ The zodiac.

रिम्ब् 1 P To go, L D. B.

रिरसा 1 Desire to be pleased or to sport -2 Desire
of pleasure or sexual union, lustfulness, libidin-
ousness

रिरी or रीरी Yellow or pale brass

रिश् 6 P Ved 1 To tear, rend -2 To eat, feed on
-3 To hurt, injure

रिरिक्षत् m Ved An enemy

रिशाः A foe

रिश्यः (-श्यः) A kind of antelope

रिष् 1, 4 P (रेषति, रिष्यति, रिष्ट) 1 To injure, hurt,
harm, तस्येहाथौ न रिष्यते Mb, तेन यायात् सर्ता मार्गं तेन गच्छन्
न रिष्यते Ms 4 178 -2 To kill or destroy, रेष्टार रेषित
व्यास्यन् Bk 9 31 -3 To give offence -4 To perish,
be injured (4 P) -5 To meet with a reverse or mis-
fortune -6 To fail

रिष् f An injury, hurt, harm.

रिष a Injuring, destroying

रिषण्यति Den P Ved. 1 To injure, harm -2 To
reject -3 To fail, miscarry

रिष्ट p p 1 Injured, hurt -2 Unlucky -ष्टम् 1
Mischievous, injury, harm -2 Misfortune, ill-luck -3
Destruction, loss -4 Sin -5 Good luck, prosperity -6
Welfare (क्षेम), शान्तिरिष्टेन पोषयेत् Mb 13 9 23 -ष्टः 1 A
sword -2 The soap plant

रिष्टिः f [रिषे ति Un 4 191] See रिष्टम् above,
Bri Up 1. 4 16 -m A sword

रिष्व a Injurious, hurtful

रिषिः m (= ऋषि)

रिह् 1 P (रेहति) 1 To hurt, kill, see रिफ् -2 Ved
A form of लिह् q v

रिहायस्, -रिहन् m Ved A thief

री I 4 Ā (रीयते) To trickle, drip, distil, ooze,
flow -II 9 U (रिणाति, रिणीते, रीण, caus रेपयति-ते)
1 To go, move -2 To hurt, injure, kill -3 To howl

रीण p p 1 Oozed, flowed, dripped &c -2 Vanished

रीज्या 1 Censure, reproach, blame -2 Shame,
modesty

रीठा A species of करञ्ज

रीढकः The back-bone

रीढा Disrespect, contempt, irreverence; गुरुरीढावलीढ
प्रागभूत् N 17 111, 128

रीतिः f [री-क्तिन्] 1 Moving, flowing. -2 Motion,
course -3 A stream, river -4 A line, boundary -5

A method, mode, manner, way, fashion, course, general way, रीतिं गिरामृतवृष्टिकरीं तदीयाम् Bv 3 19, पुत्रादपि धनभाजा भीति सर्वत्रैषा विहिता रीति Moha M 2, उत्करीत्या, अनयैव रीत्या &c -6 Usage, custom, practice -7 Style, diction, पदसंघटना रीतिरङ्गसंस्थाविशेषवत् । उपकर्त्री रसादीनां सौ पुन स्याच्चतुर्विधा ॥ वेदभीं चाथ गौडी च पाश्चात्ती लाटिका तथा । S D 624-5 -8 Brass, bell-metal, (रीती also in this sense) -9 Rust of iron -10 The oxide formed on the surface of metals -11 Calx of brass -12 Natural property or disposition -Comp -कुसुमम्, -जम्, -पुष्पम् calx of brass -बद्ध a inlaid with brass

रीतिकम् Calx of brass -का Brass

रीतीभूत a Being or standing in a line

रीच् 1 U (रीवति-ने) 1 To take -2 To cover

रु I 2 P (रौति, रवीति, रुत) 1 To cry, howl, scream, yell, shout, roar, to hum (as bees), to sound in general, कर्णे कल किमपि रौति शनैर्विचित्रम् H 1 81, Bk 3 17, 12 72, 14 21 -Caus To make sound, यस्माल्लोकत्रय चैतद् रावित भयमागतम् Ram 7 16 37 -II 1 Ā (रुते) 1 To go, move -2 To hurt, kill -3 Ved To break to pieces

रुः 1 Sound, noise -2 Fear, alarm -3 War, battle -4 Cutting, dividing

रुत p p [रु-क्त] 1 Sounded -2 Broken to pieces -तम् A cry, yell, roar, sound or noise in general, neigh (of horses), note (of birds), humming (of bees), पक्षि, हंस, कोकिल, अलि, समदशिखिस्तानि K1 10 25, आमत्तकोकिलस्तव्यथिता Māl 8 4 -Comp -श्वः an augur -व्याजः 1 simulated cry -2 mimicry

रुच a Liberal, bountiful

रुचम् a [रु-मन् नि० कुचम् Un 1 135] 1 Bright, radiant -2 Golden, गरुडो रुचमपक्षो वै Ram 1 14 29 -कम् 1 A golden ornament, परितश्च धौतमुखरुचमविलसत् S1 15 78 -2 A thorn apple -कम् 1 Gold, निक्षेपस्यापहरणं रुचमस्तेयसम स्मृतम् Ms 11 57 -2 Iron -Comp -अङ्गद a wearing golden armlets -आम a shining like gold, bright, Ms 12 122 -कारकः a goldsmith -पात्री a golden dish, भुङ्क्ते रुचमपात्रीषु युधिष्ठिरनिवेशने Mb 3 233 42 -पुङ्ख a gold-shafted -पृष्ठक a gilded, coated with gold -रथः, -वाहनः N of Drona

रुचिमन् a 1 Wearing golden ornaments -2 Gilded -m N of the eldest son of Bhīsmaka and brother of Rukmini

रुचिमणी The daughter of Bhīsmaka of Vidarbha [She was betrothed by her father to Śisupāla, but she secretly loved Kṛṣṇa and sent him a letter praying him to take her away Kṛṣṇa with Balarāma came and snatched her off after having defeated her

brother in battle She bore to Kṛṣṇa a son named Pradyumna]

रुक्ष a 1 Ved Shining, brilliant -2 = रुक्ष q v

रुग्ण p. p [रु-क्त] 1 Broken, shattered, करिरुग्णचन्दन-रसारुण पय K1 12 49 -2 Thwarted -3 Bent, curved -4 Injured, hurt, पद विण्णोर्भ्राम्यद् भुजपरिघरुग्णग्रहणम् Sivamahimna 16 -5 Diseased, sick, (see रुच्) -Comp -रथ a checked in an onset, fouled in an attack

रुच् 1 Ā (रोचते, रुचते, अरुचत्-अरोचिष्ठ, रोचिष्यते, रुचित) 1 To shine, look splendid or beautiful, be resplendent, रुचिरे रुचिरेक्षणविभ्रमा S1 6 46, Ms 3 62 -2 To like, be pleased with (said of persons), be agreeable to, please (of things), used with dat of the person who is pleased and nom. of the thing, न सजो रुचिरे रमणीभ्यः K1 9 35, यदेव रोचते यस्मै भवेत् तत् तस्य सुन्दरम् H 2 53, sometimes with gen of person, दारिद्यान्मरणाद् वा मरण मम रोचते न दारिद्र्यम् Mk 1 11 -Caus (रोचयति-ने) 1 To cause to like, make pleasant or 'agreeable, यतात्मने रोचयितु यतस्व Ku 3 16 -2 To illuminate, irradiate -3 To like, find pleasure in -4 To resolve -Desid (रु-रो-चिषते) To wish to like &c

रुच्, रुचा f [रु-क्विप् वा टाप्] 1 Light, lustre, brightness, क्षणदासु यत्र च रुचैकता गता S1 13 53, 9 23, 25, शिखरमणिरुच K1 5 43, Me 46 -2 Splendour, loveliness, beauty -3 Colour, appearance (at the end of comp), चलयन्मृङ्गरुचस्तवालकान् R 8 53, Ku 3 65, S 1 15, K1 5 45 -4 Likang, desire -5 Lightning -6 The note of the parrot or Mainā

रुचक a [रु-क्वुन् Un 2 36] 1 Agreeable, pleasing -2 Stomachic -3 Sharp, acrid -कः 1 The citron, पूर्णान्यक्षतपात्राणि रुचकं रोचनास्तथा Mb 7 82 21 -2 A pigeon -3 A type of column with four rectangular sides, समचतुरस्रो रुचक Bri 8 5 28 -कम् 1 A tooth -2 A golden ornament especially for the neck -3 A tonic, stomachic -4 A wreath, garland -5 Sochal salt -6 A curl on a horse's neck -7 A lucky object -8 A building having terraces on three sides and closed on the north only -9 Alkali -10 A stone for grinding sandalwood, L D B

रुचा See रुच्

रुचिः (-ची f) [रु-क्वि वा ङीप्] 1 Light, lustre, splendour, brightness, वियद्व्यापी ताराङ्गगुणितफेनोद्गमरुचि Sivamahimna 17, रुचिमिन्दुदले करोत्यज परिपूर्णन्दुरुचिर्महीपति S1 16. 71, R 5 67; Me 15 -2 A ray of light, as in रुचिभर्तु q v -3 Appearance, colour, beauty (usually at the end of comp), पटल बहिर्बहलपङ्कुरुचि S1 9 19, सिन्दूरै कृतुरुचय सहैकस्या K1 7 8 -4 Taste, relish, as in रुचिकर -5 Zest, hunger, appetite -6 Wish, desire, pleasure, स्वस्य 'at will or pleasure' -7 Likang, taste, विमार्गगायाश्च रुचि स्वकान्ते Bv 1 125 'likang or love';

न स क्षितोऽशो रुचये बभूव, R 6 44, भिन्नरुचिर्हि लोक 30, नाट्य भिन्नरुचेर्जनस्य बहुधाप्येक समाराधनम् M 1 4, oft in comp in the sense of 'indulging in', 'devoted or addicted to', हिंसा रुचे Mā 5 29, अर्थरुचे Mu 1 -8 Passion, close application to any object -9 A kind of yellow pigment (गोरोचना) -10 A kind of cortus -m N of a प्रजापति, जातो रुचेरजनयतस्यमान् सुयज्ञ Bhāg 2 7 2 -Comp -कर a 1 tasteful, savoury, palatable -2 exciting desire, रुचिकरमपि नार्थवद् बभूव Kī 10 62 -3 stomachic, tonic. -धामन् m the sun -प्रद a appetizing -फलम् a pear -मर्तु m 1 the sun, रुचिर्भर्तुरस्य विरहाधिगमात् Śi 9 17 -2 a husband

रुचित [रुचि-कितच् Un 4 193] p p 1 Bright, shining -2 Sweet, dainty -3 Pleased, delighted -4 Digested -तम् an exclamation of satisfaction (used at a श्राद्ध), देवे रुचितमित्यपि (वाच्यम्) Ms 3 254

रुचिर a [रुचि राति ददाति रुचि-किरच् Un 1 50] 1 Bright, shining, brilliant, radiant, ऐमरुचिराम्बर Oh P 14, कनकरुचिरम्, रत्नरुचिरम् &c -3 Tasteful, palatable -4 Sweet, dainty 5 Stomachic, exciting appetite -6 Cordial, restorative -7 Pleasant, pleased (प्रसन्न), अथ वासवस्य वचनेन रुचिरवदनस्त्रिलोचनम् Kī 12 1 -रा 1 A kind of yellow pigment -2 N of a metre, see App -रम् 1 Saffron -2 Cloves -3 A radish -Comp -अङ्गदः N of Visnu

रुचिष्य [रुचि-किष्यन् Un 4 186] a. 1 Pleasing, agreeable -2 Tonic -3 Sweet, dainty -4 Appetizing. -च्यम् White salt

रुच्य a Bright, lovely &c, see रुचिर -च्यः 1 A lover, husband -2 Rice -च्यम् 1 A tonic -2 Sochal salt

रुज् I 6 P (रुजति, रुग्ण) 1 To break to pieces, destroy, वायुरुग्णान् R 9 63, शैलरुग्णमतङ्गाज 12 73, Bk 4 42 -2 To pain, injure, disorder, afflict with disease, (sometimes with gen), रावणस्येह रोक्ष्यन्ति कपयो भीमविक्रमा Bk 8 120 -3 To bend -II 10 U (रोजयति-ते) To hurt, kill

रुज्, रुजा f [रुज्-किप् वा टाप्] 1 Breaking, fracture -2 Pain, torment, pang, anguish, अनिशमपि मकरकेतु-मनसो रुजमावहन्नभिमतो मे S 3 4, क रुजा हृदयप्रमाथिनी M 3 2, चरण रुजापरीतम् 4 3 -3 Sickness, malady, disease, इत्यदर्शितरुजोऽस्य मन्त्रिण R 19 52 -4 Fatigue, toil, effort, trouble -5 A ewe -6 Leprosy -Comp -कर a causing pain, sickening (-रः) a disease, sickness, illness -(जः) कृत्या trouble, ब्राह्मणस्य रुज कृत्या घ्राति-रमेयमवयो Ms 11 67 -प्रतिक्रिया counteraction or treatment of disease, curing, practice of medicine -मेघजम् a medicine -सञ्चने feces, excrement

रुजायते Den A 1 To be sick or ill -2 To ache, be pained

रुद् I 1 Ā (रोटते) 1 To strike against, resist -2 To shine -3 To suffer pain -II 10 U (रोटयति-ते) 1 To obstruct, resist -2 To shine -3 To speak

रुद् I 1 P (रोठति) To strike, strike down -II 1 Ā (रोठते) 1 To resist, oppose -2 To torment, pain -3 To suffer pain

रुणस्करा A cow easily milked, a gentle cow

रुण् 1 P (रुणति) To rob, steal, cf रुण्

रुण् 1 P (रुणति) 1 To go -2 To steal -3 To be lame -4 To be idle -5 To oppose, resist

रुण्ड [Un 1 108] a Maimed, mutilated -ण्डः, -ण्डम् A headless body, trunk, वेङ्गद्वैरवण्डमुण्डनिकरैर्वीरो विधत्ते सुवम् U 5 6, Mā 3 17 -ण्डः the offspring of a mule and a mare

रुण्डिका 1 A field of battle -2 A female messenger or go-between -3 The threshold of a door -4 Super-human power

रुद् 2 P (रोदिति, रुदित, desid रुदिषति) 1 To cry, weep, lament, mourn, shed tears, निराधारो हा रोदिमि कथय केषामिह पुर G L 4, अपि प्राणा रोदित्यपि दलति वज्रस्य हृदयम् U 1 28 -2 To howl, roar, scream -With प्र to weep bitterly

रुद् f 1 A cry, wail. -2 Sound, noise -3 Grief, pain, affliction. -4 Disease

रुदयः 1 A child -2 A dog -3 A cock

रुदनम्, रुदितम् Weeping, crying, wailing, lamentation, अत्यन्तमासीद् रुदित वनेऽपि R 14 69, 70, Me 86

रुद्र a [रोदिति रुद्र-रक् Un 2 22] 1 Dreadful, terrific, frightful, formidable -2 Great, large -3 Driving away evil -4 Praiseworthy -द्रः 1 N of a group of gods, eleven in number, supposed to be inferior manifestations of Śiva or Śamkara, who is said to be the head of the group, रुद्राणां शकरश्चास्मि Bg 10 23, रुद्राणामपि मूर्धन क्षतहुकारशसिन् Ku 2 26 -2 N of Śiva -3 Fire -4 The number 'eleven' -5 (pl) प्राणा and इन्द्रिय, Mb 12 316 5 (com) -6 N for the hymns addressed to Rudra -Comp -अक्षः a kind of tree (-क्षम्) 1 a rosary -2 the berry of this tree, used for rosaries, भस्मोद्धूलन भद्रमस्तु भवते रुद्राक्षमाले शुभम् K P 10 -अरिः the god of love -आक्रीडः a cemetery -आवास. 1 'the abode of Rudra', the mountain Kailāsa -2 N of Benares -3 a cemetery, of पितृसद्मगोचर Ku 5 77 -गर्भः N of Agni -जः quicksilver -दर्शन a terrific -पत्नी 1 the goddess Durgā -2 linseed -प्रयागः the sacred place where the मन्दाकिनी joins the गङ्गा -प्रिया 1 Pārvatī -2 The yellow myrobalan tree -भूः f a cemetery. -यामलम् N of a Tantra (a dialogue between भैरव and भैरवी). -रोदनम् gold, यत्तेव्याभैरवि रुद्रोदनम् Bhāg.

8 24 48 -वीणा a kind of lute -सखः N of Kubera
-समित a equal to eleven -सावर्णिः N of the 12th
Manu -सूः f a mother giving birth to eleven children

रुद्रटः N of a writer on rhetoric

रुद्राणी 1 The wife of Rudra, N of Pārvatī, रुद्राण्या
भगवान् रुद्रो ददर्श स्वगणैर्दृष्ट Bhāg 12 10 3 -2 Epithet of
a girl 11 years old

रुद्रिय a 1 Belonging to or coming from Rudra -2
Fearful, dreadful -3 Ved Uttering praise or giving
pleasure -यम् Pleasure, delight

रुद्री (= रुद्रवीणा above), L D B

रुद् I 7 U (रुणद्धि, रुद्धे, रुरोध, रुद्धे, अरुधत्-अरौत्सीत्-अरुद्ध,
रोत्स्यति-ते, रोद्धुम्, रुद्ध, desid रुत्स्यति-ते) 1 To obstruct,
stop, arrest, check, oppose, hinder, impede, prevent,
इद रुणद्धि मा पद्मन्त कृजितषट्पदम् V 4 21, रुद्धालोके नर-
पतिपथे Me 39, प्राणापानगती रुद्ध्वा Bg 4 29 -2 To hold
up, preserve, sustain (from falling), आशाबन्ध कुसुम-
सदृश प्रायशो ह्यज्ञाना सद्य पाति प्रणयि हृदय विप्रयोगे रुणद्धि Me
10 -3 (a) To shut up, lock or block up, close up,
shut or close, (with loc, but sometimes with two acc),
Bk 6 35, व्रज रुणद्धि गाम् Sk (b) To surround, fence
or hem in -4 To bind, confine, व्याले बालमृणालतन्तुभिरसौ
रोद्धुं समुज्जृम्भते Bh 2 6 -5 To besiege, invest, blockade,
रुन्धन्तु वारणघटा नगर मदीया Mu 4. 17, अरुणद् यवन साकेत
or माध्यमिकान् Mbh, Bk 14 29 -6 To hide, cover,
obscure, conceal -7 To oppress, torment, afflict exces-
sively -Caus 1 To cause to stop, detain, impede,
obstruct -2 To fetter, confine, chain -3 To oppress,
torment, harass -II 1 P (रोधति) To grow, germi-
nate, of रुद्

रुद्ध p p 1 Obstructed, impeded, opposed -2 Be-
sieved, enclosed, hemmed -3 Shut up -4 Kept,
detained -5 Held, withheld -6 Covered -द्धा A siege
-Comp -मूत्र a suffering from retention of urine
-वक्त्र a having the face covered

रुधिर a [रुध्-किरिच् Up 1 50] Red, red-coloured
-रम् 1 Blood -2 Saffron -र 1 The red colour -2
The planet Mars, रोहिणीशकटमर्कनन्दनश्चेद् भिनति रुधिरौऽथवा
शशी Pt 1 213 -3 A kind of precious stone -Comp
-अन्धः N of a hell -अशन 'a blood-eater', a demon,
an evil spirit -आख्य, a kind of precious stone
-आननम् one of the five retrograding motions of Mars
-आमयः hemorrhage, piles -उद्गारिन् a 1 emitting
blood -2 N of a सक्त्सर -पायिन् m. a demon -प्लावित
a soaked in blood -लालस a sanguinary -लेपः a
spot of blood -सार a sanguine

रुद् 4 P (रुध्यति) 1 To confound, disturb. -2 Ved
To suffer violent pain

स. इ. को. १९९

रुमा [Un 1 137] 1 N of the wife of Sugriva -2
A salt mine or salt lake

रुम्र a 1 Tawny -2 Bright -3 Beautiful

रुः [रौति रु-कृन् Un 4 113] 1 A kind of deer,
विरुचे रुचेष्टितभूमिषु R 9 51, 72 -2 A dog -3 A kind
of savage animal, कन्यादा नाम रुव Bhāg 5 26 12

रुत्सा The wish to obstruct, check

रुवथः (रु-अथ कित् Un 1 115) A dog

रुवुः, -रुबु (बू) कः The castor-oil tree

रुव 6 P (रुयति) 1 To hurt, kill, destroy, वारितो
मदन्याऽपो रुयतीः पादयोर्जहौ Bhāg 9 9 24 -2 To tease, vex

रुदात् a 1 Hurting, disagreeable, displeasing (as
words), छिन्यात् प्रसह्य रुयतीमस्ती प्रमुञ्चेत् Bhāg 4 4 17, 6
10 28 -2 Ved Bright, white

रुद् I 4 P (रुध्यति, rarely रुयते, रुषित, रुध) To be
angry, to be vexed or annoyed, be offended, ततोऽरुध्यद-
नर्दच्च Bk 17 40, मा मुहो मा रुषोऽधुना 15 16. 9 20 -II
1 P (रोषति) 1 To hurt, injure, kill -2 To vex, annoy
-3 Ved To be offended -Caus To provoke, engage,
exasperate

रुध्, रुषा f Anger, wrath, rage, निर्बन्धसजातरुषा
R 5 21, प्रह्वेन निर्बन्धरुषो हि सन्तः 16 80, 19 20

रुषित, रुध p p Angry, enraged, provoked, स्वसैन्य
रुषितो बबन्ध ह Bhāg

रुष्टिः f Anger, wrath

रुद् 1 P (रोहति, रुरोह, अरुक्षत्, रोक्ष्यति, रोद्धुम्, रुढ) 1 To
grow, spring up, shoot forth, germinate, रुद्रागप्रवाल
M 4 1, केसरैरर्धरुद्धै Me 21, छिन्नोऽपि रोहति तरु Bh 2
87. -2 To grow up, be developed, increase, रुढ क्षुधादिता
वत्सा चरन्तु तृणम् Bhāg 10 18 6 -3 To rise,
mount upwards, ascend -4 To grow over, heal up (as
a wound), रोहते सायकैर्विद्ध न सरोहति वाक्क्षतम् Pt 3 111
-5 To reach to, attain -Caus (रोपयति-ते, रोहयति-ते) 1
To cause to grow, plant, put in the ground, तारयेद्
वृक्षरोपी च तस्माद् वृक्षाश्च रोपयेत् Mb 13 58 26 -2 To raise
up, elevate -3 To entrust, devolve upon, commit to
the care of, गुणवत्सुतरोपितश्रिय R 8 11 -4 To fix upon,
direct towards, cast at, R 9 22 -5 To fix, fasten
-Desid (रुक्षति) To wish to grow &c

रुह्, रुह a (At the end of comp) Growing or
produced in, as महीरुह्, पङ्केरुह् &c

रुहकम् A hole, cave, chasm

रुहा The Dūrva grass

रुहन् m [रुह्-क्वनिप् Un 4 124] A plant, tree

रुढ p p [रुह्-क्त्] 1 Grown, sprung up, shot forth,
germinated -2 Born, produced, विषयव्यासगृह्णात्मना

Mu 2 5 -3 Grown up, increased, developed, जनस्य रुढप्रणयस्य चेतसः K1 8 54 -4 Risen, ascended -5 Large, great, grown, strong -6 Diffused, spread about -7 Commonly known, become current or widely known, क्षतात् किल त्रायत इत्युदग्र क्षत्रस्य शब्दो भुवनेषु रुढ R 2 53, (here क्षत्र has a sense which is योगरुढ q v) -8 Popularly accepted, traditional, conventional, popular (as the meaning of a word, or the word itself, as opposed to यौगिक or etymological sense), व्युत्पत्तिरहिता शब्दा रुढा आखण्डलादयः, नाम रुढमपि च व्युत्पादि S1 10 23. -9 Certain, ascertained -10 Obscure -11 Mounted, laden, व्रजान् स्वान् स्वान् समायुज्य ययू रुढपरिच्छदा Bhāg 10 11 30 -12 Famous, widely known, आसक्ता धूरिय रुढा K1 11 77 -Comp -ग्रन्थि a having formed a knot, व्रणो रुढग्रन्थि स्फुटित इव हृन्मर्मणि पुन U 2 26 -यौवन a one who has attained to youth -वंश a of a high family -व्रण a one whose wounds are healed -सौहृद a firm in friendship, of deep-rooted friendship, सखीजनस्ते किमु रुढसौहृद V 1 10 (v 1)

रुढिः f [रुढ-क्तिन्] 1 Growth, germination -2 Birth, production -3 Increase, development, growth, spread -4 Rise, ascent -5 Fame, celebrity, notoriety, चक्रधर इति रथाङ्गमद सतत विभर्षि भुवनेषु रुढये S1 15 26 -6 A tradition, custom, customary or traditional usage, शास्त्राद् रुढिर्बलियसी 'custom prevails over precept' -7 General prevalence, common currency -8 Popular meaning, conventional acceptation of a word, मुख्यार्थवाधे तद्योगे रुढितोऽय प्रयोजनान् K P 2, समुदायशक्ति रुढि -9 Decision -Comp -शब्दः a word which conveys its sense by रुढि (usage) as opposed to योग (etymology), बहुषु कुशानां लातु गुणेषु सत्सु निपुणतायामेव कुशलशब्दो रोहाद् रुढिशब्द एव भवति SB on MS 6 7 22 -शब्दता the state of being used in a conventional sense

रुहुरुहिका, रुहिरुहिका Longing, anxiety

रुक्ष 10 U (रुक्षयति-ते) 1 To be rough or harsh -2 To be unkind -3 Ved To make dry

रुक्ष a (written as रुक्ष also) 1 Rough, harsh, not smooth or soft (as touch, sound &c), पुस्कोक्लिगिर श्रुत्वा रुक्षा भ्वाङ्गस्य वागिव Mb 1 2 384, रुक्षस्वर वाशति वायसोऽयम् Mk 9 10, Ku 7 17 -2 Astringent (taste) -3 Rough, uneven, difficult, austere -4 Sullied, soiled, dirtied, रथतुरगरजोभिस्तस्य रुक्षालकाप्रा R 7 70, Mu 4 5 -5 Cruel, unkind, harsh, नितान्तरुक्षाभिनिवेशमीशम् R 14 43, सरम्भरुक्षमिव सुन्दरि यद् यदासीत् V 3 20, S 7 32, Pt 4 91 -6 Arid, parched up, dry, dreary, ज्विग्धश्यामा कचिदपरतो भीषणाभोगरुक्षा U 2 14 -7 Not only (as food), Bg 17 9 (रुक्षीकृ means 'to make rough', 'soil', 'besmear') -क्षः 1 A tree -2 Harshness, hardness -क्षा 1 Croton Polyandrum (Mar दन्ती) -2 Honey sugar. -क्षेप 1 The thick part of curds -2 A good kind of iron -3 Black pepper -Comp -गन्धः, -गन्धकः bdellium -पत्रः the Sakhotā tree -पेषम् ind

without the addition of any liquid, as in रुक्षपेषं पिनष्टि, P III 4 35 -भावः unfriendly behaviour -वर्ण a dark-coloured (as clouds) -वालुकम् honey of a small bee -स्वरः an ass

रुक्षणम् 1 Making dry or thin -2 (In Medic) A treatment for reducing fat (of the body)

रुक्षणीयः Spirit distilled from molasses

रुक्षित a 1 Made rough -2 Soiled, covered with dirt -3 Offended

रूप 10 U (रूपयति-ते, रूपित) 1 To form, fashion -2 To represent on the stage, act, gesticulate, रथवेग निरूप्य S 1 -3 To mark, observe carefully, behold, look at, सर्वेषामपि वस्तूनां भावार्थो भवति स्थितः । तस्यापि भगवान् कृष्ण किमतद्वस्तु रूप्यताम् Bhāg 10 14 57 -4 To find out, seek -5 To consider, ponder over -6 To settle, fix upon -7 To examine, investigate -8 To feign -9 To appoint -10 To describe, सर्विस्मय रूपयतो नभश्चरान् K1 8 26

रूप a = अनुरूप q v (शचीश्वर करवालाश्च स्वदेहरूपाण्यादाय गदाश्वोत्प्रदर्शना Mb 1 30 49

रूपम् [रूप क भावे अच् वा Un 3 28] 1 Form, figure, appearance, विरूप रूपवन्त वा पुमानित्येव भुजते Pt 1 143, so सुरुप, कुरुप &c -2 Form or the quality of colour (one of the 24 gunas of the Vaiśeṣikas), चक्षुर्मात्रप्राज्ञजातिमान् गुणो रूपम् Tarka K, (it is of six kinds —शुक्र, कृष्ण, पीत, रक्त, हरित, कपिल, or of seven, if चित्र be added) -3 Any visible object or thing -4 A handsome form or figure, beautiful form, beauty, elegance, grace, मातुषीषु कथं वा स्यादस्य रूपस्य सभव S 1 25, विद्या नाम नरस्य रूपमविकम् Bh 2 20, रूप जरा हन्ति &c -5 Natural state or condition, nature, property, characteristic, essence, circumstances (opp to 'time' and 'place'), देश रूप च काल च व्यवहारविधौ स्थित Ms 8 45 -6 Mode, manner -7 A sign, feature -8 Kind, sort, species -9 An image, a reflected image -10 Similitude, resemblance -11 Specimen, type, pattern -12 An inflected form, the form of a noun or a verb derived from inflection (declension or conjugation) -13 The number one, an arithmetical unit -14 An integer -15 A drama, play, see रूपक -16 Acquiring familiarity with any book by learning it by heart or by frequent recitation -17 Cattle -18 A sound, a word -19 A known quantity. -20 A beast -21 A verse -22 A name -23 The white colour -24 A particular coin (as a rupee), कस्यचिद् गृहे चोरयित्वा रूपान्निग्राहितो बद्ध Dk 2 4. -25 Silver, मसारगल्वर्कसुवर्णरूपे Mb 7 16 54 (रूप is frequently used at the end of comp in the sense of 'formed or composed of', 'consisting of', 'in the form of', 'namely', 'having the appearance or colour of', तपो रूप धनम्, धर्मरूप सखा &c) -m. -पः a deer -Comp.

-अधिबोधः the perception of form or colour of any object by the senses -अभिग्राहित *a* caught in the act, caught red-handed -अरुः Cupid -आजीवा, -जीवना *a* harlot, prostitute, courtesan, रूपाजीवाश्च वादिन्यो वणिजश्च महाधना Rām, रूपाजीवा स्नानप्रवर्षशुद्धशरीरा Kau A 1 20 -आवली *a* list or series of variations of grammatical forms -आश्रय *a* exceedingly beautiful, त्वष्टा रूपाश्रय रथम् Bhāg 4 15, 17 -इन्द्रियम् the organ which perceives form and colour, the eye -उच्चयः *a* collection of lovely forms, रूपोच्चयेन मनसा विधिना कृता तु S 2 10 -उपजीवनम् the gaining a livelihood by *a* beautiful form, रङ्गावतरणं चैव तथा रूपोपजीवनम् Mb 12 294 5 (com रूपोपजीवन जलमण्डपिकेति दाक्षिणात्येषु प्रसिद्धम् । यत्र सूक्ष्म-वस्त्र व्यवधाय चर्ममयैरुकारै राजामात्यादीना चर्या प्रदर्श्यते) -कारः, -कृत् *m* *a* sculptor, रूपकारोऽपि शस्त्रेण क्रीडयैवोल्लिख ताम् Ks 37 8 9 -गुणः the quality of colour, वायोरपि विकृर्वाणाद्विरोचिष्णु तमोनुद्म् । ज्योतिरुपघते भास्वत्तद्रूपगुणमुच्यते Ms 1 77 -ग्रहः the eye -ज्ञ *a* perceiving forms, distinguishing visible objects, त्व तु प्रत्यक्षदर्शी च रूपज्ञश्च महा-भुज Mb 14 60 2 -तत्त्वम् inherent property, essence -तर्कः an assay-master or inspector of mint (?) -धर *a* of the form of, disguised as, जुगोप गोरूपधरामिवोर्वाम् R 2 3 -धारिन् 1 having a form or shape -2 Possessed of beauty, lovely (-*m*) an actor -ध्येयम् beauty -नाशनः an owl -परिकल्पना the assuming of a shape, Rām -भागानुबन्धः the addition of a fraction to a unit -भागपवादः the subtraction of a fraction from a unit -भेदः (in gram) diversity of phonetic form or sound -लावण्यम् exquisiteness of form, elegance -विपर्ययः disfigurement, morbid change of bodily form -विभागः the dividing of an integer number into fractions -शालिन् *a* beautiful -संपद्, -संपत्तिः *f* perfection or excellence of form, richness of beauty, superb beauty, उदपादि चास्या रूपसपदा आविर्भूतविस्मयस्य तस्य मनसि K

रूपक *a* [रूप-पुल्ल] Bodily, corporeal -2 Figurative (as words &c) -कः *A* particular coin, *a* rupee -कम् 1 Form, figure, shape (at the end of comp) -2 Any manifestation or representation -3 *A* sign, feature -4 *A* kind, species -5 *A* statue, चित्रतत्तदनुकार्यविभ्रमाधाय-नेकविधिरूपरूपकम् N 18 12, द्वारशाखोपशोभारूपकमात्रम् Ks -6 *A* drama, play, *a* dramatic composition, (one of the two main subdivisions of dramatic compositions, it is divided into ten classes, there are eighteen minor divisions of it called उपरूपक), दृश्यं तत्राभिनेयं तद्रूपारोपातु रूपकम् S D 272-3, also नाटकमय प्रकरण भागव्यायोगसमव-कारदिमा । ईहामृगाङ्गवीथ्य प्रहसनमिति रूपकाणि दश S D, उच्चैरुच-रितपदा पपाठ नान्दी प्रारम्भे द्रुतमपयानरूपकस्य Śiva B 24 68 -7 (In Rhet) *A* figure of speech corresponding to the English *metaphor*, in which the *upameya* is represented as being identical with the *upamāna*, तद्रूपकमभेदो य उपमानोपमेययो K P 10 (see *ad loc* for details) -8 *A* kind of weight (= three *gunjas*) -Comp. -तालः *a*

particular time in music -नृत्यम् *a* kind of dance -रूपकम् *a* particular kind of रूपक -शब्दः *a* figurative or metaphorical expression

रूपणम् [रूप-ल्युट्] 1 Metaphorical or figurative description -2 Investigation, examination

रूपवत् *a* 1 Having form or colour -2 Bodily, corporeal -3 Embodied -4 Handsome, beautiful -5 (Mīmāṃsā) Possessed of रूपः *e* where are mentioned द्रव्य, देवता etc which form the रूप of *a* sacrificial act, स एष रूपवतोऽसनिधायरूप शब्द श्रूयमाण समुदायवाचक समधिगत SB on MS 4 4 1 -ती *A* beautiful woman

रूपिकः Coin, money

रूपिन् *a* [रूप-इनि] 1 Appearing like -2 Embodied, incarnate, सिन्धु शिरस्यर्हण परिगृह्य रूपी Bhāg 9 10 13, रूपी कोप इव व्याघ्र Dk -3 Beautiful

रूपीकृ To make rough, to soil

रूप्य *a* [रूप-यत्] 1 Beautiful, lovely, P V 2 120 -2 Stamped, impressed -प्यम् 1 Silver -2 Silver (or gold) bearing stamp, *a* stamped coin, *a* rupee -3 Wrought gold, यथा हिरण्यकर्ता वै रूप्यमग्नौ विशोधयेत् Mb 12 280 11 -4 Collyrium -Comp -अचलः N of the mountain Kailāsa -अध्यक्षः *a* master of the mint -द *a* one who gives silver, रूप्यदो रूपमुत्तमम् (आप्नोति) Ms 4 230 -धौतम् silver -शतमानम् *a* particular weight (= 3½ palas)

रूवुकः The castor-oil tree

रुष् I 1 P (रुषति, रुषित) 1 To adorn, decorate -2 To smear, anoint, cover, overlay (as with dust) -II 10 U (रुषयति-ते) 1 To tremble -2 To burst -III 10 P To hurt, to kill, L D B

रुष *a* Bitter and sour

रुषणम् 1 Decoration. -2 Smearing, soiling

रुषित *p p* 1 Adorned -2 Smeared, covered, over-spread, बाहून् प्रगृह्य रुचिरान् रक्तचन्दनरुषितान् Mb 5 162 16 -3 Soiled -4 Made rough or rugged -5 Pounded -6 Perfumed, सरोऽनिल पङ्कजरेणुरुषितम् Bhāg 8 2 24 -7 Inlaid

रुस्तम् [उप 3 93 com.] Skirts of cloth

रे *ind* *A* vocative particle, रे रे शकरगृहाविवासिनो जानपदा Māl 3, रे रे चातक सावधानमनसा मित्र क्षण श्रूयताम् Bh

रेक् 1 *A* (रेक्ते) To doubt, suspect

रेकः 1 Suspicion, doubt -2 *A* low man, an outcast, कृता भिक्षा रेकै Pt 1 11 -3 Emptying, loosening, pur-ging -4 *A* frog -5 *A* kind of fish.

रेकणस् *n* Gold.

रेक्णस् *n* [रिचे असुन्, तुद् च Un 4. 206] Ved Property left by a deceased person

रेखा [लिख्-अच् लस्य र] 1 A line, streak, मदरेखा, दानरेखा, रागेरेखा &c -2 The measure of a line, small portion, as much as a line, न रेखामात्रमपि व्यतीयु R 1 17 -3 A row, range, line, series, सुदाशु मोक्षसे क्षिप्र मेघरेखेव वार्षिकी Rām 2 44 27 -4 Delineation, sketch, drawing, लावण्यरेखया किञ्चिद्वितम् S 6 13 -5 The first or prime meridian of the Indian astronomers drawn from Lankā to Meru and passing through Ujjayinī -6 Fulness, satisfaction -7 Deceit, fraud -8 A straight position of all limbs in dancing -Comp. -अशः a degree of longitude -अन्तरम् distance east or west from the first meridian, longitude of a place -आकार a lineal, formed in lines, striped -गणितम् geometry -न्यासः the marking down of lines -मात्रम् and even by a line

रेखायते Den A 1 To praise, flatter -2 To vex, annoy, exasperate

रेच See रेचक.

रेचक *a* (-चिका *f*) [रेचयति रिच्-णिच् ण्वल्] 1 Emptying, purging -2 Purgative, aperient -3 Emptying the lungs, emitting the breath -कः 1 Emission of breath, breathing out, exhalation, especially through one of the nostrils (opp पूरक which means 'inhaling breath', and कुम्भक 'suspending breath'), प्राणापानौ सनिहन्ध्यात् पूरकुम्भकरेचकै Bhāg 7 15 32 -2 A syringe, सिच्यमानोऽच्युतस्ताभिर्हसन्तीभि स्म रेचकै Bhāg 10 90 9 -3 Nitre, salt-petre -कम् A purgative, cathartic

रेचनम्, -ना [रिच्-ल्युट्] 1 Emptying -2 Loosening, diminishing -3 Emitting the breath -4 Purging -5 Evacuation -नी N of various plants (such as Ipomoea Turpethus, Mai नैझ, Croton Polyandrum, Mar दती)

रेचित *a* Emptied, cleared, किरातसैन्यैरपिधाय रेचिता K1 14 33, बवल्लिरे वल्लिरेचितमध्यमा Si 6 38 -तम् horse's gallop

रेज् 1 A (रेजते) 1 To shine -2 To shake, tremble (Ved)

रेज् *m* N of Agni

रेद् 1 U (रेदति-ते) 1 To speak -2 To ask, request

रेणु. *m*, *f* [रीयते णु निट् Un 3 38] 1 Dust, an atom of dust, sand &c, तुरगखरहतस्तथा हि रेणु S 1 32 -2 The pollen of flowers -3 A particular measure -Comp -उत्पानः rising of dust -गर्मः an hour-glass -पदवी a path of dust -रुषित *a* soiled with dust (-तः) an ass -बोसः a bee -सारः, -सारकः camphor

रेणुकः A particular mantra (formula) recited over weapons, Rām

रेणुका 1 The wife of Jamadagni and mother of Parāsurāma, see जमदग्नि -2 A kind of medicinal substance -Comp. -तनयः, -सुतः an epithet of Parāsurāma

रेतस् [री-असुन् तुद् च Un 4 209] 1 Semen virile, seed -2 Ved A flow, current. -3 Progeny, offspring -4 Quicksilver -5 Sin (mostly Ved in the last sense) -Comp -धाः [Un 4 238] *m* a father, रेतोधा पुत्रो नयति नरदेव यमक्षयात् Bhāg 9 20 22 -मार्गः the seminal duct or canal -सैकः sexual intercourse, रेत-सैक स्वयोनीषु गुरुतल्पसम विदु Ms 11 58. -स्खलनम् effusion of semen

रेतम् Semen virile -Comp -जम् an offspring or child, रेतजो वा भवेत् पुत्रस्त्यक्तो वा क्षेत्रजो भवेत् Mb 13 49 13 -जा sand

रेतनम् Semen

रेत्यम् Bell-metal.

रेत्रम् [री-त्र] 1 Semen, sperm -2 Quicksilver -3 Nectar -4 Perfumed powder

रेप् 1 A (रेपते) 1 To go, move -2 To sound

रेप *a* 1 Contemptible, low, vile -2 Cruel

रेप्स् *a* [Un 4 244] 1 Low, vile -2 Wicked, a wretch -3 Miserly -4 Cruel, savage -*n* 1 A spot, stain -2 Fault, sin

रेफ् *a* Low, vile, contemptible -फः 1 A burr, grating sound -2 The letter र् -3 Passion, affection -4 A word, कण्ठे च सामानि समस्तरेफान् Bhāg 8 20 25 -8 (In prosody) A cretic (- - -) -Comp -विपुत्रा a kind of metre -संधि the euphonic junction of र्

रेफस् = रेपस्, Un 5 65

रेब् (ब्) 1 A (रेब-वते) 1 To go -2 To jump, leap

रेभ् 1 A (रेभते) 1 To sound, make a noise -2 To low (as cows)

रेभ *a* Ved 1 Crackling -2 Sounding loudly, of K1 15 16 -भः 1 A praiser -2 A talker

रेभणम् The lowing of kine

रेरिचन् = रेरयित् q v, अहं वृक्षस्य रेरिवा T Up. 1 10

रेरिहाणः 1 N of Śiva -2 A thief -3 A demon

रेव् 1 A (रेवते) 1 2 To go, move -2 To leap, jump

रेवटः 1 A boar -2 A bamboo cane -3 A whirlwind -टम् A kind of conch shell.

रेवतः The citron tree

रेवती 1 N of the 27th constellation which contains thirty-two stars -2 N. of the wife of Balarāma, Si 2,

16 -3 A cow -4 N of the Sāman formed from the Rig verse रेवतीर्न सधमाद् Rv 1 30 13, एता रेवत्य पशुषु प्रोता Ch Up 2 18 1 -Comp -भवः the planet Saturn -रमणः N of Balarāma

रेवन्तः [रिवे ङच् Un 3 126] The son of the sun and chief of the गुह्यकः

रेवा 1 N of the river Narmadā, रेवारोधसि वेतसीतस्तले चेत समुत्कण्ठते K P 1, R 6 43, Me 19 -2 The indigo plant -3 N of Ratn

रेष् 1 A (रेषते, रेषित) 1 To roar, howl, yell -2 To neigh

रेषणम्, रेषा Roaring, neighing

रै 1 P (रायति) 1 To sound -2 To bark at

रै m [राते है Un 2 63] (Nom रा, रायौ राय) 1 Wealth, property, riches, अग्ने नय सुपथा राये Ísop 18 राय कलत्र पशव सुनादय Bhāg 7 7 39 -2 Gold -3 A sound

रैवत a (-ती f) 1 Rich, wealthy -2 Plentiful, abundant -3 Splendid, beautiful -तः 1 N of Śiva -2 Saturn -3 N of a mountain -4 A cloud -5 N of the 5th Manu, Ms 1 62

रैवतकः N of a mountain near Dvārakā, (for a description of this mountain, see Śi 4) -कम् A species of date

रैतिक, रैत्य a Brazen, made of brass

रैमयम् Gold, Rām Ch 4 34

रोकम् 1 A hole -2 A boat, ship -3 Moving, shaking -कः 1 Brightness -2 Buying with ready money, cash transaction

रोक्यम् Blood

रोगः [रुच्-घञ्] 1 A disease, sickness, malady, distemper, infirmity, सन्तापयन्ति कमपथ्यभुज न रोगा H 3 110, भोगे रोगभयम् Bh 3 35 -2 A diseased spot -3 Costus Speciosus (Mar कोष्ठ) -Comp. -अन्तकः, -हृत् m a physician -आयतनम् the body -आर्त, -अन्वित, -ग्रस्त, -भाज् a afflicted with disease, sick -उपशमः cure or alleviation of disease -उल्लङ्घना the raging of diseases -घ्न a curative, medicinal. -घ्नम् 1 a medicine -2 the science of medicine -ज्ञः a physician -ज्ञानम् knowledge of disease -पालकः one who has the care of the sick -प्रेष्ठः fever (v 1 for रोगप्रेष्ठ) -भूः f the body -राज् fever -राजः consumption -लक्षणम् the symptoms of a disease, pathology -शमः recovery from sickness -शान्तकः a physician -शान्तिः 1 alleviation or cure of a disease -शिला red arsenic -श्रेष्ठः fever. -संघातः an attack of fever -हम् a drug -हन् m,

a physician -हर a curative, ससाररोगहरमौषधमद्वितीयम् Stotra (-रम्) a medicine -हारिन् a curative (-m) a physician, also रोगहृत्

रोगित a 1 Diseased -2 Mad (as a dog)

रोगिन् a Sickly, ill, diseased -Comp -तरुः the Āśoka tree -वल्लभम् medicine, a drug

रोग्य a Unwholesome, unhealthy

रोच a Illuminating, enlightening

रोचक a [रुच्-वृल्] 1 Brightening, enlightening -2 Pleasant, agreeable -3 Exciting appetite -कम् 1 Hunger -2 Any medicine serving as a tonic or restoring lost appetite, a stimulant, tonic -3 The plantain. -कः 1 A worker in glass or artificial ornament, Rām 2 83 13 -2 A kind of onion.

रोचन a (-ना or -नी f) [रुच्-ल्यु रोचयति वा ल्यु Un 2 74] 1 Enlightening, illuminating, irradiating -2 Bright, splendid, beautiful, lovely, pleasing, agreeable, कीर्त्यमान यशो यस्य सङ्क्रदाकर्ण्य रोचनम् Bhāg 1 10 11, रोचने-भूषिता पम्पामस्माक हृदयाविधम् Bk 6 73 -3 Stomachic -नः 1 A stomachic -2 N of one of the five arrows of Cupid -3 N of several plants — पलाण्डु, आरग्वध, दाडिम, करञ्ज, अङ्गोष्ठ &c -नम् 1 Raising a desire for, नैष्कर्म्या लभते सिद्धि रोचनार्था फलश्रुति Bhāg 11 3 46 -2 The bright sky, firmament -Comp -फल, the citron tree.

रोचनकः The citron tree

रोचना 1 The bright sky, firmament -2 A handsome woman -3 A kind of yellow pigment (=गोरोचना q v), त्वं रोचनागौरशरीरयष्टि R 6 65, 17 24, कनकचषकमेतद्रोचना-लोहितेन Śi 11 51 -4 A red lotus-flower -5 Dark Salmali

रोचनी Red arsenic

रोचमान a. 1 Shining, bright -2 Lovely, beautiful, charming -नः A tuft of hair on a horse's neck

रोचिष्णु a [रुच्-इष्णुच्] 1 Bright, resplendent, shining, brilliant, रोचिष्णुरिति वा अहमेतमुपास Bri Up 2 1 9 -2 Gay, gaily or elegantly dressed, blooming -3 Exciting appetite

रोचिस् n [रुचे इसि Up 2 107] Light, splendour, brightness, flame, शरच्चन्द्रमरीचिरोचिषम् Śi 1 5, तत्सधद्वा-द्विचदितवृहत्खण्डमुच्चरुचि Mv 1 45

रोटिका, रोटी Bread.

रोड् 1 P (रोडति) To despise

रोड a Satisfied -डः Crushing, grinding

रोद a One who grows or ascends

रोदनम् [रुद्-ल्युद्] 1 Weeping, see रुदन -2 or tears.

रोदनिका, रोदनी Alhagi Maurorum (Mar धमासा)

रोदस् *n*. [रुद-असुन्] (in dual), रोदसी *f* Heaven and earth, एते पृष्ठानि रोदसीर्विप्रयन्तो व्यानशु Rv 9 22 5, रव श्रवणभैरव स्थगितरोदसीकन्दर Ve 3 2, वेदान्तेषु यमाहुरेकपुरुष व्याप्य स्थित रोदसी V 1 1, Śi 18 15

रोधः [रुध-घञ्] 1 Stopping, arresting, hindering, Śi 10 89, मरुदोधादिनिर्मुक्तास्ता प्रजा मुदिताभवन् Rām 7 36 6 -2 Obstruction, stoppage, hindrance, prevention, prohibition, suppression, शापादसि प्रतिहता स्मृतिरोधश्चे S 7 32, उपलरोध Ki 5 15, Y 2 220 -3 Closing, shutting up, blocking up, blockade, siege, चैत्यदुमावमदश्च रोध कर्मावशासनम् Mb 12 59 63, प्रीतिरोधमसहिष्ठ सा पुरी R 11 52. -4 A dam, bank, नर्मदा रोधवद्बुध्वा क्रीडापयति योषित Rām 7 32 18 -5 Sprouting, growing -Comp -कृत् N of a सवत्सर -वक्रा, -वेदी a river

रोधक *a* Stopping, checking &c

रोधनः [रुध-ल्यु ल्युद् वा] The planet Mercury -नम् Stopping, checking, confining, restraint, check &c

रोधस् *n*. [रुध-असुन्] 1 A bank, an embankment, a dam, गङ्गा रोध पतनकलषा गृह्णीतव प्रसादम् V 1 8, R 5 42, Me 43 -2 A shore, high bank, अथ रोधसि दक्षिणोदधे R 8 33 -3 A mountain slope, स दण्डस्तत्र राजाभूदन्वे पर्वतरोधसि Rām 7 79 17, Ki 16 55 -4 The brink of a well, Bhāg -5 A woman's hips, of तट -Comp -वक्रा, -वती 1 a river -2 a rapid river -वप्रः a rapid river

रोधिन् *a* 1 Stopping, blocking up, obstructing -2 Filling, covering

रोध्रः A kind of tree (=लोध्र q v) -ध्रः, -ध्रम् Sin -ध्रम् Offence, injury -Comp -पुष्पः 1 Bassia Latifolia (Mar मोह) -2 a kind of ringed snake -पुष्पकः a kind of grain (Mar सालोची जात), also पुष्कशूक

रोपः [रुह-णिच् हस्य प कर्मणि अच्] 1 The act of raising or setting up -2 Planting, एता जात्यस्तु वृक्षाणां तेषां रोपे गुणास्त्वित् Mb 13 58 24 -3 An arrow, एकौधै समकाल-मभ्रमुदयी रोपैस्तदा तस्तरे Śi 19 120 -4 A hole, cavity -Comp -शिखी fire produced from arrows, स्मररिपोरिव रोपशिखी पुरा दहतु ते जगतामपि मा त्रयम् N 4 87

रोपकः 1 A planter, वृक्षारोपक Ms 3 163 -2 A weight, a coin (= $\frac{1}{10}$ of a Suvarna)

रोपणम् [रुह-णिच् हस्य प ल्युद्] 1 The act of erecting, setting up or raising -2 Planting -3 Healing -4 A healing application (used for sores) -णः An arrow

रोपितः *p*, *p* 1 Planted, set up -2 Erected, raised -3 Aimed (as an arrow) -4 Set (as a jewel). -5 Entrusted, deposited on, see रुह-ओस

रोमः A hole, cavity -Comp -निलयः the skin, -रोमम् Water.

रोमकः 1 The city of Rome -2 A Roman, an inhabitant of Rome (usually in pl), Mb 2 51 17 -3 N of an astronomer -कम् 1 A kind of salt (पाशुलवण) -2 A kind of magnet -Comp -पत्तनम् the city of Rome -सिद्धान्तः one of the five chief Siddhāntas (so called because it was probably derived from the Romans)

रोमन् *n*. [रु-मनिन् Un 4 150] 1 The hair on the body of men and animals, especially, short hair, bristles or down, रोमाणि च रहस्यानि सर्वाण्येव विवर्जयेत् Ms 4 144, 8 116, Bhāg 11 18 3 -2 The feathers of birds -3 The scales of a fish -Comp -अङ्कः a mark of hair, बिभ्रती श्वेतरोमाङ्कम् R 1 83 -अङ्कुरः, -अञ्जः a thrill (of rapture, horror, surprise &c), horripilation, हर्षाद्भुतभयादिभ्यो रोमाञ्चो रोमविक्रिया S D 167 -अञ्जित *a* with the hair erect or thrilled with joy -अन्तः the hair on the back or upper side of the hand -आली, -आवलिः, -ली *f* 1 a line of hair on the abdomen (above the navel), शिखा धूमस्येय परिणमति रोमावलिषु K P 10, रोमराजि also -2 Puberty -उद्गमः, -उद्गदः erection of the hair (on the body), thrill, horripilation, रोमोद्गम प्रादुरभूदुमाया Ku 7 77 -कर्णकः a hare -कूपः -पम्, -गर्तः a pore of the skin, सोऽसृजद्रोमकूपेभ्यो रोम्या-नाम गणेश्वरान् Mb 12 284 35 -केशरम्, -केशरम्, -गुच्छम् whisk, chowrie -पुलकः bristling of the hair, thrill, उद्भिन्नरोमपुलकैर्बहुभि समन्ताज्जागर्ति रक्षति विलोकयति स्मरामि Oh P 34 -भूमिः *f* 'the place of the hair', *e* the skin -रन्ध्रम् a pore of the skin -राजिः, -जी, -लता *f* a line of hair on the abdomen (above the navel), रराज तन्वी नवरो (लो) मराजि Ku. 1 38, Śi 9 22 -वाहिन् *a* cutting-off hair -विकारः, -विक्रिया, -विभेदः thrill, horripilation, शसति स्म घनरोमविभेद Ki 9 46, प्रतिक्षण सा कृत्तरोमविक्रियाम् Ku 5 10 -विध्वंसः a louse -शातनम् a depilatory for removing the hair -सूची a hair-pin -हर्षः bristling of the hair, thrill, वेपथुश्च शरीरे मे रोमहर्षश्च जायते Bg 1 29 -हर्षण *a* causing thrill or horripilation, thrilling, awe-inspiring, एतानि खलु सर्वभूतरो (लो) महर्षणानि दीर्घारण्यानि U 2, सवादमिम-मश्रौषमद्भुत रोमहर्षणम् Bg 18 74 (-णः) N of Sūta, a pupil of Vyāsa who narrated several Purāṇas to Saunaka (-णम्) erection of hair on the body, thrill -हत् *n* sulphuret of arsenic

रोमन्थः [रोग मश्नाति मन्थ-अण् पृषो० गलेप Tv] 1 Ruminating, chewing the cud, उद्गीर्णस्य वा अवगीर्णस्य वा मन्थो रोमन्थ Mbh, छायाबद्धकदम्बक मृगकुल रोमन्थमभ्यस्यतु S 2 6 -2 (Hence) Frequent repetition

रोमश *a* [रोमाणि सन्त्यस्य श] 1 Hairy, shaggy, woolly -2 Applied to a faulty pronunciation of vowels -शः 1 A sheep, ram -2 A hog, boar -शी A squirrel -शम् The pudenda, न सेशे यस्य रोमशम् Rv 10 86. 17

रोरुदा Violent weeping, excessive lamentation, लुब्धन् सशोको भुवि रोरुदावान् Bk 3, 32

रोलः Green ginger

रोलम्बः A bee, महानेवालम्बो हरिनयनरोलम्बवरयो Lakṣmī-laharī 19, तस्या रोलम्बावली केशजालम् Dk, Bv 1 118

रोषः [रुष्-चञ्] Anger, wrath, rage, रोषोऽपि निर्मलधिया रमणीय एव Bv 1 71, 44 -Comp -आक्षेपः an angry expression of dissent

रोषण a (-णी f) [रुष्-युञ्] Angry, irascible, wrathful, passionate -णः 1 A touchstone -2 Quicksilver -3 A desert soil containing salt

रोषणता Anger, wrath, भर्तुर्विप्रकृतापि रोषणतया मा स्म प्रतीप गम S 4 18

रोषित a Enraged, irritated, provoked

रोह a [रुह-अञ्] 1 Growing, springing up -2 Rising, ascending -3 Riding on, as in अश्वरोह 'a rider' -हः 1 Rising, height, altitude -2 The raising of anything (as of a number from a smaller to a higher denomination) -3 Growth, development (fig) -4 Bud, blossom, shoot, बीज चैक रोहसहस्रमेति Mb 12 120 38 -5 The generating cause, क्षिते रोह प्रवह शश्वदेव Mb 13 76 10 -6 A rider, बाणाक्षितारोहशून्यासनानाम् S 18 56 -Comp -पूर्व a having the accents ascending

रोहण [रुह-ल्युट् Un 2 74] N of a mountain in Ceylon, मणिप्ररोहेण विवृष्य रोहण N 12 90, जनश्च वान्मुधा-सूतिर्मणिस्तुतिश्च रोहण B R 10 49 -णम् 1 The act of mounting, riding, ascending -2 Growing over, healing -3 Proceeding or arising from, consisting of -4 Semen virile -Comp -गिरिः, -नगेन्द्रः The Rohana mountain, रोहणगिरि सकलगुणरत्नसमूहस्य Vas -द्रुमः the sandal tree

रोहन्तः [रुहे ञच् Un 3 127] A tree in general -न्ती A creeper

रोहिः [रुह-इच् Un 4 130] 1 A kind of deer -2 A religious man -3 A tree -4 A seed

रोहिण a Born under the asterism Rohini -णः 1 N of Visnu -2 N of several plants -वट, रोहितक, भूतृण, नगराद्वहिरतिमहतो रोहिणद्रुमस्य Dk 2 1 -णम् N of the 9th muhūrta (in which श्राद्धs are performed)

रोहिणिः = रोहिणी q v

रोहिणिका 1 A woman with a red face. -2 Inflammation of the throat

रोहिणी 1 A red cow -2 A cow in general, वर्षिष्णु-धारावनि रोहिणी पय S 12 40 -3 N of the fourth lunar mansion (containing five stars) figured by a cart, she was one of the several daughters of Dakṣa and is regarded as the most favourite consort of the moon, उपरागान्ते शशिना समुपगता रोहिणी योगम् S. 7. 22

-4 N of a wife of Vasudeva and mother of Balarāma -5 A young girl in whom menstruation has just commenced, नववर्षी च रोहिणी -6 Lightning -7 Inflammation of the throat -8 A kind of steel -9 A particular श्रुति or मूर्च्छना (in music) -Comp -अष्टमी the eighth day in the month of Bhādrapada (when the moon is in conjunction with Rohiṇī) -तनयः Balarāma -पतिः, -प्रियः, -वल्लभः the moon -योगः the conjunction of the moon with the Nakṣatra रोहिणी -रमणः 1 a bull -2 the moon -शकटः the constellation Rohiṇī figured by a cart, रोहिणीशकटमर्कनन्दनश्चेद्विनति रुधिराऽयवा शशी Pt 1 23 (= Bri S 47 14) -सुतः, -भवः Mercury

रोहित m [रुह-इति Un 1 94] 1 The sun -2 A kind of fish -f Ved 1 A red mare -2 A doe, a deer, रोहिद्भूता सोऽन्वधावदक्षरूपी हतत्रप Bhāg 3 31 36

रोहित a (-रोहिता or -रोहिणी f) [रुहे इत्च्, रुक् लो वा Un 3 95] Red, red-coloured, विदर्भसुभ्रूपयोधरे रोहित रोहितश्री N 7 76 -तः 1 Red colour -2 A fox -3 A kind of deer -4 A red horse -5 N of Harischandra's son. -6 A kind of fish, पाठीनरोहितावाद्यौ नियुक्तौ हव्यकव्ययो Ms 5 16 -तम् 1 Blood -2 Saffron -3 A straight rain-bow, विद्युतोऽज्ञानिमेधाश्च रोहितेन्द्रधनुषि च Ms 1 38 -Comp -अश्वः fire, लोक विलोलाचिषि रोहिताश्वे K 1 16 54

रोहिन् a (-णी f) 1 Rising, growing -2 Long, tall -m N of several trees -रोहितक, वट, अश्वत्थ

रोहिषः 1 A kind of fish -2 A kind of deer -3 A kind of fragrant grass

रौक्म a (-कमी f) Golden, रश्मीन् हयाना जग्राह रौक्मै रथशतैर्वृत Bhāg 10 1 30

रौक्मिणेयः N of Pradyumna, son of Rukminī, नान्य हि प्रतियोद्धार रौक्मिणेयादते प्रभो Mb 7 111 22

रौक्ष्यम् 1 Hardness, dryness, aridity -2 Roughness, harshness, cruelty, प्रतिषेधरौक्ष्यम् R 5 58, निदेश 14 58 -3 Poverty, अकल्ककस्य विप्रस्य रौक्ष्यात् करकृतात्मनः Mb 13 23 53

रौचनिक a (-की f) Yellowish, बृहत्किामिव रौचनिकी रुचम् K 1 5 45 -कम् The tartar of the teeth.

रौच्य 1 A staff of Bilva wood -2 An ascetic with a Bilva staff

रौद्र (द्र) 1 P (रौट-ड-ति) To despise

रौद्र a (-द्रा-द्री f) [रुद्र-अण्] 1 'Rudra-like', violent, irascible, wrathful -2 Fierce, savage, terrible, wild -3 Addressed to Rudra (as a hymn) -4 Bringing misfortune, calamitous -5 Relating to Rudra, रौद्र व्रत समास्थाय नियतो नियतेन्द्रिय Rām 7 13 21 -द्र 1 A w shipper of Rudra -2 Heat, ardour, warmth, रौद्रः, रौद्रः, रौद्रः wrath -3 The sentiment of wrath or furor

क्रोधस्थायिभावो रक्तो रुद्राधिदेवत S D 232 or K P 4 -4 N of Yama -5 Winter -6 N of a सवत्सर -द्रम् 1 Wrath, rage -2 Formidableness, fierpiness, savageness -3 Heat, warmth, solar heat -Comp -कर्मन् a doing dreadful acts (-n) a terrible magic rite -दर्शन a frightful-looking, terrific

रौद्रता Wild state, dreadfulness

रौधिर a (-री f) [रुधिर-अण्] 1 Bloody, समन्तपञ्चके पञ्च चकार रौधिरान् हृदयम् Mb 1 2 4 -2 Caused by blood

रौप्य a Made of silver, silver, like silver -प्यम् Silver -Comp -माषकः a particular weight, द्वे कृष्णले समष्टौ विज्ञेयो रौप्यमाषक Ms 8 135

रौमम् A kind of salt

रौमक a Roman -कम् A kind of salt

रौरव a (-वी f) 1 Made of the hide of *Buru*, त्वच स मेभ्यां परिधाय रौरवीम् R 3 31 -2 Dreadful, terrible

-3 Fraudulent, dishonest -वः 1 A savage -2 N of one of the hells, Ms 4 88, रौरवे कूटसाक्षी तु याति यश्चावृत्तो नर Markandeya P, यदा रौरवादीन् स्मरन्नेव भीत्या Samkarāchārya

रौहिण a (-णी f) Born under the Nakṣatra Rohini -णः 1 The sandal tree -2 The fig-tree, तमुवाच खगश्चेष्ट तत्र रौहिणपादप Mb 1 29 42 -3 N of Agni

रौहिणिकम् A jewel

रौहिण्यः 1 A calf -2 N of Balarāma, अभिवाद्य स्थिता राजन् रौहिण्य महाबलम् Mb 9 34 11 -3 The planet Mercury -4 The planet Saturn -यम् An emerald

रौहिषः See रोहिष [रोहति गिरिशृङ्गम् Un 1 46] -षम् A kind of grass -पी 1 A doe of the Rohiṣa kind -2 A creeper -3 A kind of Dūrva grass

रौही The female of रोही kind of deer

ल

लः 1 An epithet of Indra -2 A short syllable (in prosody) -3 A technical term used by Pāṇini for the ten tenses and moods (there being ten lakāras) -4 (In astr) The number '50', Gīrvāna

लक् 10 U (लकयति-ते) 1 To taste -2 To obtain

लकः 1 The forehead -2 An ear of wild rice

लकचः, लकुचः A kind of breadfruit tree -चम् The fruit of this tree

लकुटः A club, cudgel, of ल्युट

लक्तकः 1 Lac -2 A tattered cloth, a rag

लक्तिका A lizard

लक्ष् I 1 Ā (लक्षते, लक्षित) To perceive, apprehend, observe, see -II 10 U (लक्षयति-ते, लक्षित) 1 To notice, observe, see, find, perceive, आर्यपुत्रः शून्यहृदय इव लक्ष्यते V 2, R 9 72, 16 7 -2 To mark, denote, characterize, indicate, सर्वभूतप्रसूतिर्हि बीजलक्षणलक्षिता Ms 9 35 -3 To define, इदानीं कारण लक्षयति &c -4 To indicate secondarily, mean or signify in a secondary sense, यथा गङ्गा-याः स्रोतसि सबाध इति तट लक्षयति तद्वत् यदि तटेऽपि सबाधः स्यात्तर्हि स्रोतसि लक्षयेत् K P 2, अत्र गोशब्दो बाह्यकार्यं लक्षयति S D 2 -5 To aim at -6 To consider, regard, think

लक्षम् [लक्ष-अण्] 1 One hundred thousand (m also in this sense), इति शती सहस्र सहस्री लक्षमीहते Su-
-भाष्ये, ययो लक्षास्तु विज्ञेया Y 3 102 -2 A mark, butt,

aim, target, प्राप्नोत्याशु पर स्थान लक्ष मुक्त इवाशुग Mb 12. 300 37, प्रत्यक्षवदाकाशे लक्ष बद्ध्वा Mu 1 -3 A sign, token, mark -4 Show, pretence, fraud, disguise, लक्षमुप्त स्थितोऽस्मि Dk 'feigning sleep' -4 A pearl -Comp -अधीशः a person possessing a lac or lacs. -होमः a particular sacrifice offered to the planets

लक्षक a [लक्ष-णुल्] Indicating indirectly, expressing secondarily -कम् One hundred thousand

लक्षणम् [लक्ष्यते-नेन लक्ष-करणे ल्युट Up 3 8] 1 A mark, token, sign, indication, characteristic, distinctive mark, बहुबुक्कल कलहसलक्षणम् Ku 5 67, अनारम्भो हि कार्याणां प्रथम बुद्धिलक्षणम् Subhāṣ, उपकारापकारौ हि लक्ष्य लक्षण-मेतयो H 4 15, अव्याक्षेपो भविष्यन्त्या कार्यसिद्धेर्हि लक्षणम् R 10 6, 19 47, गर्भलक्षण S 5, पुंसलक्षणम् 'the sign or organ of virility' -2 A symptom (of a disease) -3 An attribute, a quality -4 A definition, accurate description, असाधारणधर्मो लक्षणम्, नामधेयेन पदार्थमात्रस्याभिधानमुद्देश, तत्रोद्दिष्टस्यातत्त्वव्यवच्छेदको धर्मो लक्षणम् Vātsyāyana Bhāṣya 1 1 2 -5 A lucky or auspicious mark on the body (these are considered to be 32), द्वात्रिंशलक्षणोपेत, लक्षणसंपन्ना गवामघ सस्नौ K 64 -6 Any mark or features of the body (indicative of good or bad luck), क तद्विधस्त्व क च पुण्यलक्षणा Ku 5 73, केशावहा भर्तुरलक्षणाहम् R 14 5 -7 A name, designation, appellation (oft at the end of comp), विदिशालक्षणा राजधानीम् Me 24 -8 Excellence, merit, good quality, as in आदितलक्षण R 6 71 (where Mall renders it by प्रख्यातगुण and quotes

Ak — गुणैः प्रतीते तु कृतलक्षणाहितलक्षणौ) -9 An aim, a scope, an object -10 A fixed rate (as of duties), नदीतीरेषु तद्विधात् समुद्रे नास्ति लक्षणम् Ms 8 406 -11 Form, kind, nature -12 Effect, operation -13 Cause, occasion -14 Head, topic, subject -15 Pretence, disguise (= लक्ष), प्रसुप्तलक्षण Mal 7 -16 A line, spot -17 Observation, seeing -18 Indicatory characteristic, लक्ष्यते येन तल्लक्षणम्, धूमो लक्षणमभेरिति हि वदन्ति SB on MS 1 1 2 -19 A chapter, धर्मो द्वादशलक्षण्या व्युत्पाद्य -20 A sexual organ, लक्षण लक्षणैर्नैव वदन वदनेन च Mb 13 40 58 -णः 1 N of Lakṣmana -2 The crane -णा 1 An aim, object -2 (In Rhet) An indirect application or secondary signification of a word, one of the three powers of a word, it is thus defined — मुख्यायैवाधे तद्योगे रुढितोऽथ प्रयोजनात् अन्वयोऽर्थो लक्ष्यते यत् सा लक्षणारोपिता क्रिया K P 2, लक्षणा शक्यसम्बन्धस्तात्पर्यानुपपत्तिः Bhāṣā P, see S D 13, also श्रुतिलक्षणाविषये च श्रुतिन्याय्या न लक्षणा SB on MS 6 2 20, A Rām. 7 5 26-27 -3 A goose -4 N of Duryodhana's daughter -Comp -अन्वित a possessed of auspicious marks, उद्गृहेत द्विजो भार्यां सवर्णा लक्षणा-न्विताम् Ms 3 4 -कर्मन् n. definition -क्ष a able to interpret or explain marks (as on the body) -अष्ट a deprived of good qualities, ill-fated, unlucky, जायन्ते लक्षणब्रष्टा वरिष्ठा पुरुषाधमा Y 3 217 -लक्षणा = जहल्लक्षणा q v -संनिपातः branding, stigmatizing -संपद् f a multitude of marks

लक्षणिन् a Possessing marks &c, लक्षणिभ्यो द्विजातिभ्य श्रुत्वाह वचन गृहे Rām 2 29 9

लक्षण्य a 1 Serving as a mark -2 Having good marks -ण्यः A diviner, Buddh

लक्षशस् ind By hundreds of thousands, : e in large numbers

लक्षित p p [लक्ष-क्त] 1 Seen, observed, marked, beheld, ये सादिता लक्षितपूर्वकेतून् R -2 Denoted, indicated -3 Characterized, marked, distinguished -4 Defined -5 Aimed at -6 Indirectly expressed, indicated, hinted at -7 Inquired into, examined. -8 Considered, regarded -Comp -लक्षणा indication based on indication, indicative indication, a secondary indication, इतरथा रथन्तरसामनि अभ्यवसीयमाने श्रद्धा पद लक्ष्यते पदेन साम सैषा लक्षितलक्षणा स्यात् SB on MS 10 5 58 It should be observed that लक्षितलक्षणा is a दोष and hence inadmissible

लक्षिन् a (-लक्षिणी f) Having good marks or signs; लक्षिण्यो रत्नभूताश्च देवदानवरक्षसाम् Rām 7. 25 17

लक्षीकृ 8 U 1 To aim at, direct -2 To point to, refer or allude to, इयं कथा मामेव लक्षीकरोति S 7

लक्ष्मण a [लक्ष्मन् अण् न वृद्धि] 1 Having marks. -2 Possessed of good or auspicious marks, fortunate, lucky -3 Prosperous, thriving -णः 1 The crane -2

च. इ. को...१००

N of a son of Daśaratha by his wife Sumitrā [He was so much attached to Rāma from his very childhood that he became ready to accompany him during his travels, and took no small part in the several events that took place during the fourteen years of Rāma's exile In the war of Lankā he killed several powerful demons, but particularly Meghanāda, the most heroic of the sons of Rāvana He was at first mortally wounded by Meghanāda by means of a magical weapon, but was restored to life by Suseṣa by means of the medicinal drugs fetched by Māruti One day, Time in the disguise of a hermit came to Rāma and said that he who should happen to see them converse in private should be immediately abandoned, which was agreed to Lakṣmana on one occasion intruded on their privacy and made the word of his brother true by throwing himself into the Sarayū, (see R 15 92-95) He married Ūrmilā by whom he had two sons, Angada and Chandraketu], अथ लक्ष्मणानुगतकान्तवपुः Śi 9 31 -णा 1 A goose (सारसा), 'हसस्य योषिद्वरटा सारसस्य तु लक्ष्मणा' Śi 4 59 -2 A kind of pot-herb -णम् 1 A name, an appellation -2 A mark, sign, token -Comp -प्रसू. N of Sumitrā, mother of Lakṣmana

लक्ष्मन् n [लक्ष्-मनिन्] 1 A mark, sign, token, characteristic, प्रकटमलिनलक्ष्मा सुष्ठुपत्रावलीके Śi 11 30, 8 41, Kī 11 18, 14 64, R 19 30, Ku 7 43 -2 A speck, spot, मलिनमपि हिमाशौर्लक्ष्म लक्ष्मीं तनोति Ś 1 20, Māl 9 25 -3 Definition -क्ष The chief, principal (प्रधान), 'लक्ष्म चिह्ने प्रवर्तते च' इति विश्व, शोक दैन्य च दुःख च प्राजहात् पुत्रलक्ष्मणि Mb 6 14 43 -6 A good or bad mark -6 A pearl -m 1 The crane or Sārāsa bird -2 N of Lakṣmana

लक्ष्मी f [लक्ष्-ई सुट् च Un 3 158, 160] 1 Fortune, prosperity, wealth, सा लक्ष्मीरुपकुर्वते यया परेषाम् Kī 8 13, मातर्लक्ष्मि तव प्रसादवशातो दोषा अमी स्युर्गुणा Subhāṣ, Bh 3 64, तृणसिंह लघुलक्ष्मीर्नैव तान् सरणद्धि Bh 2 17 -2 Good fortune, good luck -3 Success, accomplishment, U 4 10 -4 Beauty, loveliness, grace, charm, splendour, lustre, श्याम सदापीच्यवयोऽङ्गलक्ष्म्या स्त्रीणा मनोज्ञ रुचिरस्मितेन Bhāg 1 19. 28, मलिनमपि हिमाशौर्लक्ष्म लक्ष्मीं तनोति Ś. 1 20, U 6 24, Māl 9 25, लक्ष्मीमुवाह सकलस्य वाशाङ्कमूर्तेः Kī. 2 59, 5 39, 52, 9 2, Ku 3 49 -5 The goddess of fortune, prosperity and beauty, regarded as the wife of Viṣṇu (She is said to have sprung from the ocean along with the other precious things or 'jewels' when it was churned for nectar by the gods and demons), इयं गेहे लक्ष्मी U 1 39; प्रत्यब्दं पूजयेत्तु लक्ष्मीं गुरुपक्षे गुरोर्दिने । नापराहं न रात्रौ च नासिते न व्यहस्पृशि ॥ Skanda P -6 Royal or sovereign power, dominion, (oft personified as a woman), wife of the king and regarded as a rival of the goddess (Lakṣmī), तामेकभार्यां परिवादभीरो साध्वीमपि त्यक्तवतो नृपस्य ।

वसन्ती रेजे सपत्नीरहितेव लक्ष्मी ॥ R 14 86, 12 26 -7 The wife of a hero -8 A pearl -9 N of turmeric -10 Superhuman power -11 N of the eleventh digit of the moon -Comp -ईशः 1 an epithet of Visnu -2 the mango tree -3 a prosperous or fortunate man -कल्पः a particular period of time -कान्तः 1 an epithet of Visnu -2 a king -गृहम् the red lotus-flower -तालः 1 a kind of palm -2 (in music) a kind of measure -नाथः an epithet of Visnu -निकेतनम् the bathing with fragrant myrobalan powder -निरीक्षित a favoured by Laksmi, rich, लक्ष्मीनिरीक्षिता क्षिप्र भजन्ते चक्रवर्तिताम् Bm 1 676 -पतिः 1 an epithet of Visnu -2 a king, विहाय लक्ष्मीपतिलक्ष्म कासुकम् K1 1 44 -3 the betel-nut tree -4 the clove tree -पुत्रः 1 a horse -2 N of Kusā and Lava -3 N of Cupid or Kāma -4 a wealthy man -पुष्पः a ruby -पूजनम् the ceremony of worshipping Laksmi (performed by the bridegroom in company with his bride after she has been brought home) -पूजा the worship of Laksmi performed on the day of newmoon in the month of Āśvina (chiefly by bankers and traders whose commercial or official year closes on that day) -फलः the Bilva tree -रमणः an epithet of Visnu. -वसतिः f 'Laksmi's abode', the red lotus-flower -वारः Thursday -विवर्तः change of fortune -वेष्टः turpentine -सखः a favourite of Laksmi -सनाथ a endowed with beauty or fortune -सहजः, -सहोदरः 1 epithets of the moon -2 camphor -3 N of the horse of Indra -समाह्वया N of Sitā, L D B

लक्ष्मीवत् a 1 Possessed of good fortune, fortunate, lucky -2 Wealthy, rich, thriving, लक्ष्मीवन्तो न जानन्ति प्रायेण परवेदनाम् Udb -3 Handsome, lovely, beautiful -m The bread-fruit tree

लक्ष्य pot p [लक्ष्-यत्] 1 To be looked at or observed, visible, observable, perceptible, बभ्रमुस्तदाविज्ञाय लक्ष्य पतनकारणम् Bhāg 10 11 2, दुर्लक्ष्यचिह्ना महता हि वृत्ति K1 17 23 -2 Indicated or recognizable by (with instr or in comp), दूरालक्ष्य सुरपतिवनुश्चारुणा तोरणेन Me 77, प्रवेपमानाधरलक्ष्यकोपया Ku 5 74, R 4 5, 7 60 -3 To be known or found out, traceable, यमामनन्त्यात्मभुवोऽपि कारणं कथं स लक्ष्यप्रभवो भविष्यति Ku 5 81, cf अलक्ष्य also -4 To be marked or characterized -5 To be defined -6 To be aimed at -7 To be expressed or denoted indirectly -8 To be regarded or considered as -क्ष्यः N of a magical formula recited over weapons, Rām -म 1 An aim, a butt, mark, target, mark aimed at (highly), उत्कर्षं स च धन्विना यदिषव सिध्यन्ति लक्ष्ये चले S 2 5, दुर्लक्ष्यो बभ्रन् Mu 1 2, दर्पेण कौतुकवता मयि बदलक्ष्य U 5 11, R 6 11, 9 67, Ku 3 47, 64, 5 49, लक्ष्य चतुर्विधं ज्ञेयं किञ्चिच्चैव चल तथा । चलाचल द्वयचल वेधनीय क्रमेण तु ॥ Dhanur 94 -2 A sign, token -3 The thing defined (opp लक्षण), लक्ष्यो लक्षणस्यावर्तनमव्याप्ति Tarka

K -4 An indirect or secondary meaning, that derived from लक्षणा q v, वाच्यलक्ष्यव्यङ्ग्या अर्थः K P 2 -5 A pretence, sham, disguise, इदानीं परीक्षे किं लक्ष्यसुप्तसुत परमार्थ-सुप्तमिदं द्वयम् Mk 3, 3 18, कन्दर्पप्रवणमना सखीसिसिक्षालक्ष्येण प्रतियुवमज्जलि चकार S1 8 35, R 6 81 -6 A lac, one hundred thousand -Comp -अभिहरणम् the carrying off of a prize -अलक्ष्य a scarcely visible -क्रमः a the method or order of which is (indirectly) preceptible, as a dhvāni -ग्रहः taking aim -भेदः, -वेधः hitting the mark, अपतित्वा नु चकार लक्ष्यभेदम् K1 13 27 -चीयिः f the visible road (ब्रह्मलोकमार्गः) -सिद्धिः the attainment of an object -सुप्त a feigning sleep -हन् a hitting the mark (-m) an arrow.

लग्, लङ् 1 P (लखति, लङ्खति) To go, move

लग् I 1 P (लगति, लग्न) 1 To adhere or stick to, cling to, attach oneself to, श्यामाय हंसस्य करानवासेर्मन्दाक्षलक्ष्या लगति स्म पश्चात् N 3 8, गमनसमये कण्ठे लग्ना निरुध्य निरुध्य माम् Māl 3 2 -2 To touch, come in contact with, लगितुमिव कृतप्रयत्ना K 193, कर्णे लगति चान्यस्य प्राणैरन्यो वियुज्यते Pt 1 305, यथा यथा लगति शीतवात Mk 5 10 -3 To touch, affect, have an effect on, go home, विदितेज्जिते हि पुर एव जने सपदीरिता खलु लगन्ति गिर S1 9 69 -4 To become united, to meet, cut (as lines) -5 To follow closely, ensue or happen immediately, अनाद्यष्टि सपद्यते लग्ना Pt 1 -6 To engage, detain, occupy (one), तत्र दिनानि कतिचिन्नगिष्यन्ति Pt 4 'I shall be detained there for some days' -II 10 U (लागयति-ते) 1 To taste -2 To obtain

लगति a 1 Adhered or clung to -2 Connected with, attached to -3 Got, obtained

लग्न p p 1 Adhered or clung to, stuck, held fast, लता-विटपे एकावली लग्ना V 1 -2 Touching, coming in contact with -3 Attached to, connected with -4 Clinging or sticking to, remaining on, उवाच राम संप्रेक्ष्य पङ्कलम् इव द्विप Rām 4 18 49 -5 Outtāng, meeting (as lines) -6 Following closely, impending -7 Busy with, closely occupied about, परे ब्रह्मणि कोऽपि न लग्न Skanda P -8 Fastened on, directed towards -9 Ashamed -10 Consumed, spent, Ms 7 127 (com) -11 Auspicious, (see लग्) -ग्रः 1 A bard, minstrel -2 An elephant in rut -ग्रम् 1 The point of contact or intersection, the point where the horizon and the ecliptic or the path of planets meet -2 The point of the ecliptic which at any given time is at the horizon or on the meridian -3 The rising of the sun or of the planets -4 The moment of the sun's entrance into a zodiacal sign -5 A figure of the twelve zodiacal signs -6 An auspicious or lucky moment -7 (Hence) A decisive moment, time for action -Comp -अहः, -दिनम्, -दिवसः, -वासरः an auspicious day, a day chosen as lucky for the performance of any work -कालः, -मुहूर्तः, -वेला, -समयः auspicious time,

the time fixed upon (by astrologers &c) as auspicious for the performance of any work (marriage &c) -ग्रह a tenacious, insisting firmly on anything -नक्षत्रम् an auspicious asterism -भुजः (in astr) ascensional difference -मण्डलम् the zodiac -मासः an auspicious month -शुद्धिः f auspiciousness of the zodiacal signs &c for the performance of any work

लघकः A surety, bail, bondsman, किं चास्माकनरेन्द्र-भूषणगतासभूतये लघकमाशीर्वच N 15 90, 16 61, खादको वित्हीन स्याल्लघको वित्तवान् यदि Subhās

लघिका Incorrect form of लभिका q v

लग (In prosody) An iambus.

लगड a Lovely, handsome, beautiful.

लगणः A particular disease of the eyelid

लगुडः, लगुरः, लगुलः A club, stick, staff, cudgel -Comp -हस्त a staff-bearer

लघद् m [लघ्वे अटि, नलोपश्च Un 1 127], लघाटः Wind

लघु a (-घु or स्वी f) [लघ्वे कु, नलोपश्च Un 1 29] 1 Light, not heavy, तृणादपि लघुस्तूलस्तूलादपि च याचक Subhās, रिक्त सर्वो भवति हि लघु पूर्णता गौरवाय Me 20 (where the word means 'contemptible' also), R 9 62 -2 Little, small, diminutive, धर्मोऽय गृहमेविना निगदित स्मार्तैर्लघु स्वर्गद Pt 1 253, Si 9 38, 78 -3 Short, brief, concise, लघुसदेशपदा सरस्वती R 8 77 -4 Trifling, trivial, insignificant, unimportant, कायस्थ इति लघ्वी मात्रा Mu 1 -5 Low, mean, despicable, contemptible Si 9 23, Pt 1 106, कय प्रत्याख्यानलघुमित्रावसु पुनरपि मन्त्रयते Nāg 2 10/11 -6 Weak, feeble -7 Wretched, frivolous -8 Active, light, nimble, agile, लघु भवत्युत्थानयोग्य वपु S 2 5 -9 Swift, quick, rapid, किञ्चित् पश्चाद् ब्रज लघुगति Me 16, R 5 45 -10 Easy, not difficult, महार्णवपरिक्षेप लङ्काया परिखालघुम् (मेने) R 12 66 -11 Easy to be digested, light (as food) -12 Short (as a vowel in prosody) -13 Soft, low, gentle -14 Pleasant, agreeable, desirable, दर्शनेन लघुना यथा तयो प्रीतिमापुरुभयो-स्तपस्विन R 11 12, 80 -15 Lovely, handsome, beautiful -16 Pure, clean -17 Sapless, pithless -18 Young, younger, दीव्यत्युच्चैर्लघुरघुपति किं नु वा स्वात् किमन्यत् Mv 6 53 -19 Without attendance or retinue, अनेकशायी लघुरल्पप्रचारश्चरन् देशानेकचर स भिक्षु Mb 1 91 5 -m N of the Naksatras Hasta, Pusya, and Āśvinī -n 1 A particular measure of time (=15 Kāsthas) -2 Agallochum, or a particular variety of it -and 1 Lightly, meanly, contemptuously, लघु मन् 'to think lightly of, despise, slight', प्रथमोपकृत मन्वत प्रतिपत्त्या लघु मन्यते भवान् S 7 1 -2 Quickly, swiftly, लघु लघ्वृत्तिता S 4 'risen early'. -Comp -आशिनः, -आहार a eating little, moderate in diet, abstemious -उक्तिः f. a brief mode of expression, Kull on Ms. 5. 64 -उत्थानः, -समुत्थान a,

working actively, doing work rapidly -काय a light-bodied (-यः) a goat -कोष्ठ a 1 having a light stomach -2 having little in the stomach -कौमुदी N of an epitome of the सिद्धान्तकौमुदी by Varada-rāja -क्रम a having a quick step, going quickly -खट्विका a small bedstead -गर्गः a kind of fish -गोधूमः a small kind of wheat -चित्तः, -चेतस्, -मनस्, -हृदय a 1 light-minded, low-hearted, little-minded, mean-hearted, अय निज परो वेति गणना लघुचेतसाम् Mb -2 frivolous -3 fickle, unsteady -चिर्मिटा colocynth -जङ्गलः a kind of quail (लवक) -तालः (in music) a kind of measure -दुन्दुभिः a kind of drum -द्राक्षा a small stoneless grape -द्राविन् a melting easily -नामन् m agallochum -नालिका a musket -पत्रिका the Rochara plant -पर्णी, -कर्णी N of a plant (Mar मोरवेल्) -पाकः, -पाकिन् a easily digested -पाकः digestibility -पुष्पः a kind of Kadamba -प्रमाण a short -प्रयत्न a 1 pronounced with slight articulation (as a letter) -2 indolent, lazy -बदरः, -बदरी f a kind of jujube -भवः humble birth or origin भावः ease, facility -भोजनम् a light repast -मांसः a kind of partridge -मात्र a having small property -मूलम् the lesser root of an equation -मूलकम् a radish -मेरुः (in music) a kind of measure -लयम् a kind of fragrant root (वीरणमूल) -राशि a composed of fewer terms (as the side of an equation) -वासस् a wearing light or pure clothes, Ms 2 70 -विक्रम a having a quick step, quick-footed -वृत्ति a 1 ill-behaved, low, vile -2 light, frivolous -3 mismanaged, ill-done -वेदिन् a making a clever hit -शेखरः (in music) a kind of measure -सत्त्व a weak or fickle-minded -समुत्थान a 1 rising quickly -2 swift of foot, अलघुना लघुसमुत्थानेन सैन्यचक्रेणाभ्यसरम् Dk 2 3 -सार a worthless, insignificant -हस्त a 1 light-handed, clever, dexterous, expert, शिक्षाविशेषलघुहस्ततया निमेषात् तूणीचकार शरपूरितवक्त्ररन्ध्रान् R 9 63 -2 active, agile (-स्तः) an expert or skilful archer

लघयति Den P 1 To make light, lighten (lit), नितान्तगुर्वी लघयिष्यता बुरम् R 3 35 -2 To alleviate, lighten, lessen, mitigate, रहसि लघयेदारब्धा वा तदाश्रयिणी कथा V 3 10, R 11 62 -3 (a) To make light of, slight, despise, लघयन् खलु तेजसा जगत् Ki 2 18 (b) To make inferior or insignificant, लघयता शरदम्बुदसहतिम् Ki 5 4, 13 38

लघिमन् m [लघोर्भाव इमनिच् लिच्] 1 Lightness, absence of weight -2 Littleness, smallness, insignificance -3 Lightness, levity, lowness or meanness of spirit, मानुषताल्लभो लघिमा प्रशङ्कर्मणि मा नियोजयति K -4 Thoughtlessness, frivolity -5 The supernatural power of assuming excessive lightness at will, one of the eight Siddhis q. v

लघिष्ठ a Lightest, lowest, very light &c (superlative of लघु q. v).

लघीयस् a 1 Lighter, lower, very light &c, (compar of लघु q v) -2 Involving less labour, less laborious, अदृष्टार्थच्छन्दश्चिर्लघीयसी SB on MS 11 1 48

लघुता, -त्वम् 1 Lightness, levity -2 Smallness, littleness -3 (a) Insignificance, unimportance, contempt, absence of dignity, इन्द्रोऽपि लघुता याति स्वयं प्रख्यापितैर्गुणैः (b) Obscurity of birth, humbleness of origin -4 Dishonour, disrespect, लघुत्व याति सर्वत Pt 1 140, येन स्याल्लघुता तत्कर्म न कुर्यात् कुलसेवक 353 -5 Activity, quickness -6 Shortness, brevity -7 Ease, facility -8 Thoughtlessness, frivolity -9 Wantonness

लघू 8 U 1 To despise, think meanly of, slight -2 To make light, reduce in weight -3 To lessen, shorten (days)

लघूकृत p p 1 Despised, condemned, slighted -2 Lessened, abbreviated, shortened -3 Reduced in weight or importance

लघ्वी 1 A delicate woman, -2 A light carriage, 'लघ्वी लाघवयुक्तानां प्रभेदे रयन्दनस्य च' इति हैम, लघ्वीं करभौ बभञ्जतु -a short, लघ्वी पुरा वृद्धिमती च पश्चात् Bh, Śi 12 24

लङ् A technical term used by Pāṇini to denote the Imperfect tense or its terminations

लङ्का [लक्-अच् सुम् च] 1 N of the capital and residence of Rāvana and identified with the island of Ceylon or the chief town in it, according to some Lankā was much larger than the present island of Ceylon It was originally built for Māyavat q v, विजितव्या लङ्का चरणतरणीयो जलनिधि Udb -2 An unchaste woman, a prostitute, harlot -3 A branch -4 A kind of grain (Mar लक) -Comp. -अधिपः, -अधिपतिः, -ईशः, ईश्वरः, -नाथः, -पतिः 'lord of Lankā, i. e. Rāvana or Bibhīṣana लङ्कानाथ पवनतनय चोभय स्थापयित्वा कीर्तिस्तम्भद्वयमिव गिरौ दक्षिणे चोत्तरे च R 15 103, लङ्केशसंपूजितपादपद्म पायादनादि परमेश्वरो न -अरिः an epithet of Rāma -उदयः the equivalents of the signs in right ascension -दाहिन m an epithet of Hanumat

लङ्कनी The bit of a bridle

लङ्ग 1 P (लङ्गति) 1 To go -2 To go lame, limp

लङ्गः 1 Lameness -2 Union, association -3 A lover, paramour

लङ्गकः A lover, paramour

लङ्गनी A stick or rope on which to hang clothes

लङ्गलम् A plough

लङ्गिमन् m लङ्गो इमनिच्] 1 Beauty, कियदवयवैरेषा-मलङ्गिताङ्गुलिलङ्गिमा N 53 -2 Union

लङ्गूलम् The tail of an animal, cf लङ्गूल.

लङ्घ 1 U (लङ्घति-ते, लङ्घित, desid लिलङ्घिषति-ते) 1 To spring, leap, go by leaps -2 To mount upon, ascend, अन्ये चालङ्घिषु शैलान् Bk 15 32 -3 To go beyond, transgress, लङ्घते स्म मुनिरेष विमानान् N 5 4 -4 To fast, abstain from food -5 To dry, dry up (P) -6 To diminish, lessen -7 To seize upon, attack, eat up, injure, पल्लवान् हरिणो लङ्घितुमागच्छति M 4 -Caus or 10 U (लङ्घयति-ते) 1 To leap or spring over, go beyond, सागरं प्लवगेन्द्रेण क्रमेणैकेन लङ्घित Mb, Ms 4 38 -2 To pass over, traverse (as distance), अपि लङ्घितमन्वानं बुधुधे न बुधोपम R 1 47 -3 To mount upon, ascend, नितम्बमिव मेदिन्या सस्ताशुकमलङ्घयत् R 4 52 -4 To violate, transgress, disobey, स हि निदेशमलङ्घयतामभूत् सुहृदयोद्दय प्रतिगर्जताम् R 9 9, Y 2 187 -5 To offend, insult, disrespect, disregard, हस्त इव भूतिमलिनो यथा यथा लङ्घयति खलं सुजनम्। दर्पणमिव तं कुस्ते तथा तथा निर्मलच्छायम् ॥ Vās -6 To prevent, oppose, stop, avoid, avert, भाग्यं न लङ्घयति कोऽपि विधिप्रणीतम् Subhāṣ, Mk 6 2 -7 To attack, seize upon, injure, hurt, एषा खलु केसरिणी त्वा लङ्घयति Ś 7, नास्ति खलु विधेरलङ्घनीयम् V 4, R 11 92 -8 To eat, browse -9 To excel, surpass, outshine, eclipse, (यथा) जगत्प्रकाशं तदशेषमिज्यया भवद्गुरुलङ्घयितुं मनोयत R 3 48 -10 To cause to fast -11 To shine -12 To speak

लङ्घक a. Ved A transgressor, violator, offender &c

लङ्घनम् [लङ्घ-ल्युट्] 1 Leaping, jumping -2 Going by leaps, traversing, passing over, going, motion in general, यूयमेव पथि शीघ्रलङ्घना Ghat 8 -3 Mounting, ascending, rising up to (fig also), नभोलङ्घन R 16 33, जनोऽयमुच्चैः पदलङ्घनोत्सुक Ku 5 64 'wishing to attain or aspire to a high position' -4 Assaulting, storming, capturing, as in दुर्गलङ्घनम् -5 Exceeding, going beyond, overstepping, violating, transgression, आश्लि-लङ्घनम्, नियमलङ्घनम् &c -6 Disregarding, despising, treating with contempt, slighting, प्रणिपातलङ्घनं प्रमार्ष्टुकां V 3, M 3 22 -7 An offence, affront, insult -8 A harm, an injury, as in आतपलङ्घनम् q v -9 Fasting, abstinence, प्रचक्रमे लङ्घनपूर्वकं क्रम Śi 12 25 (where it means 'leaping' also) -10 One of the paces of a horse -11 Sexual union, impregnating

लङ्घनीय, लङ्घ्य a 1 To be traversed or passed over, passable -2 To be violated -3 To be overtaken, आत्मोद्धतैरपि रजोभिरलङ्घनीया Ś 1 8 -4 To be neglected, or disregarded, सुदुर्हि राजा सततं लङ्घ्यो भवति सर्वश Mb 12. 56 21 -5 To be fasted, see लङ्घ

लङ्घित p p [लङ्घ-क्] 1 Lept over, passed over. -2 Traversed -3 Transgressed, violated -4 Disregarded, insulted, disrespected -5 Attacked, seized, afflicted, लङ्घित एष भूयोऽपि शकुन्तलाव्याधिना Ś 6

लङ्घ 1 P. (लङ्घति) To mark, see, cf लङ्घ

लज् 1 6 Ā (लजते) To be ashamed -II 1 P (लजति) To blame &c, see लज् -I. -III 10 P (लजयति)

1 To seem, appear, shine -2 To cover, conceal (according to some लज्जयति also in this sense)

लज्ज 6 Ā (लज्जते, लज्जिन) To be ashamed, to blush, cf लज्ज्

लज्जका The wild cotton-tree

लज्जरी A white sensitive plant

लज्जा [लज्ज् भावे अ] 1 Shame, कामातुराणा न भय न लज्जा Subhās ; विहाय लज्जाम् R 2 40, Ku 1 48 -2 Bashfulness, modesty, शुष्कारलज्जा निरूपयति S 1, Ku 3 7, R 7 35, लज्जे त्व मज्ज सिन्धौ Subhās -3 N of the sensitive plant -Comp -अन्वित a modest, bashful -आवह, -कर a (-रा or री f) causing shame, shameful, disgraceful, ignominious, सर्वमलज्जाकरमिह यत् कुर्वन्तीह परिपूर्णा Pt 5 10 -कृतिः feigning modesty -शील a bashful, modest -रहित, -शून्य, -हीन a shameless, impudent, immodest

लज्जालु a Modest, bashful -m, f N of the sensitive plant (also लज्जरी), लज्जालु स्यात् शमीपत्रा समज्ञाञ्जलि-कारिका। रक्तपादी नमस्कारी नाम्ना खादकेत्यपि ॥ लज्जालु शीतला तिका कषाया कफपित्तजित्। रक्तपित्तमतीसार योनिरोग विनाशयेत् ॥ Bhāva P

लज्जावत् a 1 Bashful, modest -2 Embarrassed, perplexed

लज्जित p p 1 Modest, bashful -2 Ashamed, abashed -तम् A bashful act, इत्युपालभत सभुजिक्रियारम्भ-विघ्नघनलज्जितैर्जितम् N 18 64

लज्ज्या=लज्जा

लज्जा A present, bribe

लज्ज् I 1 P (लज्जति) 1 To blame, censure, traduce -2 To roast, fry -II 10 U (लज्जयति-ते) 1 To injure, strike, kill -2 To give -3 To speak -4 To be strong or powerful -5 To dwell -6 To shine -7 To be manifest

लज्जः [लज्ज्-अच्] 1 A foot -2 The end of a lower garment tucked into the waist-band, cf कक्षा -3 A tail

लज्जा 1 A current -2 An adulteress -3 N of Laksmī -4 Sleep

लज्जिका A prostitute, barlot

लज्ज 1 P (लज्जति) To be a child, -2 To act like a child -3 To talk like a child, prattle -4 To cry

लज्ज A technical term used by Pāṇini to denote the Present tense or its terminations

लज्जः 1 A fool, blockhead -2 A fault, defect -3 A robber -Comp. -पर्णम् large cinnamon.

लज्जकः A cheat, rogue, rascal, villain

लज्जम् a (Connected with the Prākṛita लज्ज which appears to be derived from it) Charming, handsome, beautiful, attractive, lovely, अतिक्रान्त कालो लज्जमल्लना-भोगसुलभ Bh 3 32 (where commentators render लज्जम् by सलवण्य), तस्या पादनखध्रेणि शोभते लज्जमभ्रुव Vikr 8 6 Bilhana has used this word in three more places of the same book, where it appears to mean 'a young pretty woman', 'a handsome woman', e g किं वा वर्णनया समस्तलज्जमल्लकारतामेव्यति 8 86, अनर्घ्यलवण्यनिधानभूमिर्न कस्य लोभ लज्जमा तनोति 9 68, केशव-विभवैर्लज्जमाना पिण्डतामिव जगाम तमिस्त्रम् 11 18

लज्जह, लज्जह a Beautiful, handsome (a Prākṛita word), see लज्जम्

लज्जः A rogue, rascal, see लज्जक

लज्जुः [लजे क्वन् Un 1 140] 1 A horse -2 A dancing boy -3 N of a Rāga in music -4 N of a caste -द्वा 1 A kind of bird -2 A curl on the forehead -3 A sparrow -4 A kind of musical instrument -5 A game -6 Safflower -7 An unchaste woman

लज्जवाका A kind of bird, न त्व स्मरसि वारुण्या लज्जवाकाना च पक्षिणाम् Mb 12 180 31

लज्ज I 1 P (लज्जति) To play, sport, dally -II 1 P, 10 P (लज्जति, लज्जयति) 1 To throw, toss -2 To blame -3 To loll the tongue -4 To harass, annoy -III 10 U (लज्जयति-ते) 1 To fondle, caress -2 To annoy

लज्जु = लज्जक q v

लज्जुः, लज्जुकः A kind of sweetmeat (a round ball of sugar, wheat or rice-flour, ghee, and spices)

लज्ज 1 P, 10 U (लज्जति, लज्जयति-ते) 1 To toss upwards, throw up -2 To speak

लज्जम् Excrement, ordure See लेज्ज.

लज्जः London (a modern formation, probably from French Londres)

लता [लत्-अच्] 1 A creeper, creeping plant, लताभावेन परिणतमस्या रूपम् V 4, लतेव सनद्धमनोऽपल्लवा R 3 7 (often used as the last member of compounds, especially with words meaning 'arm', 'eyebrow', 'lightning', to denote beauty, tenderness, thinness &c, सुजलता, बाहुलता, झूलता, विद्युलता, so खड्ग°, अलक°, &c, cf Ku 2 64, Me 49, S 3 14, R 9 46 -2 A branch, मधुसुराभिणि षट्पदेन पुष्पे सुख इव शाललतावधूधुचुम्बे K1 10 34, Rām 2 80 6 -3 The creeper called *Priyangu* -4 The Mādhavi creeper -5 Musk-creeper -6 A whip or the lash of a whip -7 A string of pearls -8 A slender woman -9 A woman in general -10 The *Dūrvā* grass, -Comp. -अङ्गुलि. f. a branch serving as a

finger -अन्तम् a flower बाण the god of love, लतान्त-
बाणबाणलक्ष्यतामयासिषम् Dk 1 4 -अम्बुजम् a kind of
cucumber -अर्कः a green onion -अलकः an elephant
-आननः a particular position of the hands in dancing
-उद्गमः the upward winding or climbing of a
creeper -करः a particular position of the hands in
dancing -कस्तूरिका, कस्तूरी musk creeper, लनाकस्तूरिका
निका हवा शीतास्यरोगहृत् Rajavallabha -गृह. -हम् a bo-
wer surrounded with creepers, an arbour, लतागृहद्वारगतो
स्थ नन्दी Ku 3 41 -जिह्वः, -रसनः a snake -तरुः, -द्रुमः
1 the Sāla tree -2 the Tālī tree -3 the orange tree
-पनसः the water-melon -पर्णः N of Visnu -प्रतानः
the tendril of a creeper, लताप्रतानोद्ग्रथितैः स केशरधिज्यघ्नवा
विचचार दावम् R 2 8 -भवनम् an arbour, a bower
-मणिः coral -मण्डपः a bower, an arbour -मृगः a
monkey -यष्टिः f Bengal madder -यावकम् a shoot,
sprout -रदः an elephant -वलयः, -यम् an arbour
-वृक्षः 1 the cocoa-nut tree -2 the Sāla tree -वेष्टः a kind
of coitus or mode of sexual enjoyment, बाहुभ्या पाद-
युग्माभ्या वेष्टयित्वा स्त्रिय रमेत् । लघुलिङ्गताडन योनौ तल्लतावेष्टमुच्यते ॥
Rasamanjarī -वेष्टनम्, -वेष्टितकम् a kind of embrace,
अपि भ्रमी भङ्गिभिराघताङ्ग वासो लतावेष्टितकप्रवीणम् N 7 97
(' उपविष्ट प्रिय कान्ता सुप्ता वेष्टयते यदि । तल्लतावेष्टित ज्ञेय कामानुभव-
वेदिभि Narāyaṇa's com)

लतिका 1 A small creeper, हा कष्ट ललिता लवङ्गलतिका
दावाभिना दहते Bv 1 56 -2 A string of pearls

लसिका [लते तिकन् कित् Un 3 147] A kind of lizard

लवृषकः A kind of bird

लप् 1 P (लपति) 1 To speak, talk in general -2 To
prate, chatter -3 To whisper, कपोलतले मिलिता लपितु
किमपि श्रुतिमूले Git 1 -4 To wail, lament -Caus (लाप-
यति-ते) To cause to talk &c With उद् to call out
loudly to

लपनम् [लप्-भावे ल्युट्] 1 Talking, speaking -2 The
mouth

लपित p p Spoken, said, chattered &c -तम् Spe-
ech, voice

लप्सिका A kind of prepared food (Mar लापशी),
लप्सिका बृहणी वृष्या बरया पित्तानिलापहा Bhāva P

लबः Ved A quail

लभ् 1 A (लभते, लेभे, अलब्ध, लप्स्यते, लब्धुम्, लब्ध) 1
To get, obtain, gain, acquire, लभेत सिकतासु तैलमपि
यत्नव पीडयन् Bh 2 5, चिराय याथाथर्मलम्भि दिग्गजैः S 1
64 -2 To have, possess, be in possession of -3 To
take, receive, -4 To catch, take or catch hold of, प्राशु-
लभ्ये फले लोभादुत्पन्नहरिव वामन R 1 3 -5 To find, meet
with, यत्किंचिदलभतः -6 To recover, regain -7 To
know, learn, perceive, understand, भ्रमण गमनादेव
लभ्यते Bhāsa P 6, सत्यमलम्बयन् Kull on Ms. 8 109.

-8 To be able or be permitted (to do a thing) (with
inf), मर्तुमपि न लभ्यते, नाधर्मो लभ्यते कर्तु लोके वैद्याधरे
(The senses of लभ् are modified according to the noun
with which it is used, e.g. गर्भे लभ् to conceive,
become pregnant, पद or आस्पद लभ् to gain a footing,
take a hold on, see under पद, अन्तर लभ् to get a foot-
ing, enter into, लेभेऽन्तर चेतसि नोपदेश R 6 66 ' was not
impressed on the mind, ' चेतना-सज्ञा लभ् to regain
one's consciousness, जन्म लभ् to be born, K 1 5 43,
स्वास्थ्य लभ् to enjoy ease, be at ease, दर्शन लभ् to get an
audience of &c) -Caus (लम्भयति-ते) 1 To cause to get
or receive, cause to take, मधुरैरवशानि लम्भयन्नपि तिर्यञ्चि
शम निरीक्षितैः K 1 2 55 -2 To give, confer or bestow
upon, मोदकशराव माणवक लम्भय V 3 -3 To cause to
suffer -4 To obtain, receive -5 To find out, discover
-Desid (लिप्सते) To wish to get, long for, अलब्ध चैव
लिप्सत H 2 8

लब्ध p p [लभ् कर्मणि क्] 1 Got, obtained, acquired
-2 Taken, received -3 Perceived, apprehended -4
Obtained, (as by division &c), see लभ् -ब्धा A wo-
man whose husband or lover is faithless (perhaps for
विप्रलब्धा) -ब्धम् 1 That which is secured or got, लब्ध
रक्षेदवक्ष्यात् H 2 8, R 19 3 -2 A profit, gain,
लब्धाच्च सप्तम भाग तथा शृङ्गे कला खुरे Mb 12 60 25
-Comp. -अनुज्ञ 1 one who has obtained leave of absence
-2 one who is free from ब्रह्मचारी duties of उपनयन,
Gīrvāṇa -अन्तर a 1 one who has found an oppor-
tunity -2 one who has got access or admission, लब्धा-
न्तरा सार्वरणेऽपि गेहे R 16 7 -अवकाश, -अवसर a. 1
one who has found an opportunity -2 (anything)
that has gained a scope (for work), लब्धावकाशा मे प्रार्थना
S 1 -3 one who has obtained leisure, being at leisure,
so लब्धलक्षण -आस्पद a one who has gained a footing
or secured a position, लब्धास्पदोऽस्मीति विवादभीरो M 1 17
-उदय a 1 born, produced, sprung, लब्धोदया चान्द्रमसीव
लेखा Ku 1 25 -2 one who has got prosperity or
elevation, स त्वत्तो लब्धोदय ' he owes his rise or eleva-
tion to you ' -काम a one who has got his desired ob-
ject, याचना मोघा वरमधिगुणे नाधमे लब्धकामा Me 6 -कीर्ति a
become widely known, famous, celebrated -चेतस्,
-सज्ञ a one who has come to his senses, restored to
consciousness -जन्मन् a born, produced -तीर्थ a one
who has gained an opportunity -धन a wealthy
-नामन्, -शब्द a renowned, celebrated -नाशः the loss
of what has been acquired, लब्धनाशो यथा मृत्यु -प्रतिष्ठ
a one who has acquired fame -प्रत्यय a one who has
won confidence -प्रशमनम् 1 securing or keeping safe
what has been acquired -2 bestowing on a worthy
recipient, Kull on Ms 7 56 -प्रसर a moving at liberty,
unimpeded, श्रीलब्धप्रसरेव वेशवनिता दु खोपचर्या मृशम् Mu 3 5
-प्रसाद a favourite, अन्येभ्यश्च वसन्ति येऽस्य भवने लब्धप्रसादा
विदा Mu 3 14 -लक्ष, -लक्ष्य a 1 one who has hit the
mark. -2 skilled in the use of missiles, अन्ये च बहु.

शूरा लब्धलक्षा निशाचरा Rām 3, 36 3 -लक्षण a one who has gained an opportunity -वर्ण a 1 learned, wise, चित्र त्वदीये विषये समन्तात् सर्वेऽपि लोका किल लब्धवर्णा Rāj P, यत्राहु स्थितममृतं च लब्धवर्णा Rām Oh 7 17 -2 famous, renowned, celebrated, Mk 4 26 भाज् a respecting the learned, कृच्छ्रलब्धमपि लब्धवर्णाभाक् त दिदेश मुने सलक्ष्मणम् R 11 2 -विद्य a learned, educated, wise -श्रुत्, -श्रुत a well-versed, learned (बहुश्रुत), लब्धश्रुता धर्मश्रुता वरिष्ठ Mb 12 167 42 -संज्ञ a restored to consciousness -सिद्धि a one who has attained perfection or his desired object

लब्धिः f [लभ्-क्तिन्] 1 Acquisition, gaining, acquirement, समाश्रयेत् सद्गुरुमात्मलब्धये A Rām 7 5 7 -2 Profit, gam -3 (In Arith) The quotient

लब्धिम a Obtained, acquired, received

लभनम् [लभ्-ल्युट्] 1 The act of getting, obtaining &c -2 Act of conceiving

लभसः 1 Wealth, riches -2 One who solicits, a solicitor -सम् A rope for tying a horse (-m also)

लभ्य a [लभ्-कर्मणि यत्] 1 Capable of being acquired or obtained, attainable, obtainable, to be reached, प्राशुलभ्ये फले लोभादुद्बाहुरिव वामन R 1 3, 4 88, Ku 5 18 -2 To be found, सृणालसूत्रान्तरमयलभ्यम् Ku 1 40 -3 Fit, suitable, proper -4 Intelligible -5 To be furnished or provided with, Mb 13

लभकः A lover, paramour

लम्पट a 1 Greedy, covetous, hankering after, दधिभक्तलम्पट इव Ratn 2 -2 Lustful, libidinous, dissolute, addicted to licentious pleasures, देशे देशे लम्पटा पर्यटन्तः Viś Guṇā 143 -टः A libertine, profligate, rake

लम्पाकः 1 A libertine -2 (pl) N of a country.

लम्पापटहः A kind of drum, L D B

लम्फः A leap, jump, spring

लम्फनम् Leaping, jumping

लम्ब् 1 Ā (लम्बते, लम्बित) 1 To hang down, hang from, dangle, ऋषयो ह्यत्र लम्बते Mb -2 To be attached to, stick to, hold on to, rest on, ललम्बिरे सदसिलता प्रिया इव Si 7 25, प्रस्थान ते कथमपि सखे लम्बमानस्य भावि Me 43 (where लम्ब् means 'hanging down towards' or 'resting upon' the back or hips) -3 To go down, sink, decline or hang down (as the sun), fall down, लम्बमाने दिवाकरे, Si 9 20, Ki 9 1, त्वदधरचुम्बनलम्बितकज्जलमुज्ज्वलय प्रिय लोचने GIt 12 (= गलित) -4 To fall or lag behind -5 To delay, tarry -6 To sound -Caus (लम्बयति-ते) 1 To let down, cause to hang down -2 To hang up, suspend -3 To stretch out, extend (as the hand), करेण वातायन-लम्बितेन R 13 21, को लम्बयेदाहरणाय हस्तम् 6 75. -4 To

cause to be attached, join -5 To depress -With उद् to stand up, stand erect पादेनैकेन गगने द्वितीयेन च भूतले । तिष्ठाम्युल्लम्बितस्तावथावतिष्ठति भास्कर Mk 2 10

लम्ब a [लम्ब्-अच्] 1 Hanging down, hanging from, pendent, dangling, पाण्ड्योऽयमसापितलम्बहार R 6 60, 84, शतबुद्धि कृतोनाम सलम्बश्च सहस्रवी Pt 5 45, Me 86 -2 Hanging upon, attached to -3 Great, large -4 Spacious -5 Long, tall -म्बः 1 A perpendicular -2 Co-latitude, the arc between the pole of any place and the zenith, complement of latitude -3 A bribe -4 N of a particular throw or move (at a kind of chess) -म्बी 1 A kind of food prepared from grain -2 A flowering branch -Comp -उदर a big-bellied, pot-bellied, portly (-रः) 1 N of Ganeśa -2 a glutton जननी N of Pārvatī, निरालम्बो लम्बोदरजननि क यामि शरणम् Ā L 11 (-री) N of the goddess Tārā -ओष्ठः (लम्बो-म्बी-ष्ठः) a camel -कर्णः 1 an ass -2 a goat -3 an elephant -4 a falcon -5 a demon or Rākṣasa -गुणः, -ज्या, -रेखा the sine of the co-latitude, स्वाबाधाभुजकृतयोरन्तरमूल प्रजायते लम्ब । लम्बगुण भूम्यर्ध स्पष्ट त्रिभुज फल भवति Līlā -जठर a pot-bellied, portly -दन्ता, -बीजा a kind of pepper -पयोधरा a woman with large pendent breasts -स्फिच् a having fat or protuberant buttocks

लम्बकः 1 A perpendicular (in geom) -2 The complement of latitude, colatitude (in astr) -3 A particular implement or vessel

लम्बनः [लम्ब्-ल्यु ल्युट् वा] 1 An epithet of Śiva -2 The phlegmatic humour -3 A camp-follower -नम् 1 Hanging down, depending, descending &c -2 Fringe -3 The parallax in longitude (of the moon) -4 A sort of long necklace, also लम्बमाना -5 A mode of fighting -Comp -विधिः (in astr) the rule for calculating the moon's parallax in longitude

लम्बरा A variety of blanket, Kau A 2 11

लम्बरः A kind of drum, Bri Up

लम्बा 1 An epithet of Durgā -2 Of Lakṣmī -3 A present, bribe

लम्बिका The soft palate or uvula

लम्बित p p 1 Hanging down, pendent -2 Suspended -3 Sunk, gone down -4 Resting on, attached to (see लम्ब), अन्योन्य लम्बितकौ ततस्तौ हरिराक्षसौ Rām 7 34 43

लम्बुषा A necklace of seven strings

लम्भः 1 Attainment, acquirement, अपि त्वा न लभेत् कर्ण राज्यलम्भोपपादनम् Mb. 5 142 2 -2 Meeting with -3 Recovery -4 Gain -म्मा A sort of enclosure

लम्भनम् 1 Attainment, acquirement -2 Recovery

लम्बनीय a To be obtained, attainable रामा सरथा सत्या न हीदृशा लम्बनीया मनुष्ये. Kath. 1.25

लम्भित *p p* 1 Procured, got, obtained -2 Given, विपक्षगोत्र दयितेन लम्भिता K1 8 14 -3 Improved -4 Employed, applied -5 Cherished -6 Spoken to, addressed -7 Born, विप्रा स्वभार्यामप्रौढा कुले महति लम्भिताम् Bhāg 6 1 65

लम्भुको *a* One who is accustomed to receive, लम्भुको ह वासो भवति Oh Up 5 2 2

लभ् 1 *Ā* (लभते) To go, move

लयः [ली-अच्] 1 Stacking, union, adherence -2 Lurking, hiding -3 Fusion, melting, solution -4 Disappearance, dissolution, extinction, destruction, universal destruction (प्रलय), लय या 'to be dissolved or destroyed' -5 Absorption of the mind, deep concentration, exclusive devotion (to any one object), पश्यन्ती शिवरूपिण लयवशादात्मानमभ्यागता Māl 5. 2, 7, ध्यानलयेन Git 4 -6 Time in music (of three kinds- द्रुत, मध्य, and विलम्बित), किसलयै सलयैरिव पाणिभि R 9 35, पादग्यासो लय-मनुगत M 2 9, मध्यलम्बितपरिच्छिन्नस्त्रिधाय लय Nāg 1 14 -7 A pause in music -8 Rest, repose -9 A place of rest, abode, habitation, अलया S1 4 57 'having no fixed abode, wandering' -10 Slackness of mind, mental inactivity, (also used in adjectival sense, यदा जये-द्रज सत्त्व तमो मूढ लय जडम् Bhāg 11 25 15) -11 An embrace -12 The Supreme Being -13 The union of song, dance, and instrumental music, गायत मधुरं गेय तन्त्रोलयसमन्वितम् Rām 7 93 15 -14 A swoon -15 The quick (downward) movement of an arrow -Comp -अर्कः the sun at the destruction of the universe -आरम्भः, -आलम्भः an actor, a dancer -कालः the time of destruction (of the world) -गत *a* dissolved, melted away -नालिकः a Buddhist or Jain temple -पुत्री an actress, a female dancer -मध्य *a* to be performed in moderate time (a piece of music) -शुद्ध *a* to be performed in right time -स्थानम् *a* place of dissolution

लयनम् [ली-ल्युट्] 1 Adhering, clinging, stacking -2 Rest, repose -3 A place of rest, house

लर् 1 *P* (लर्वति) To go, move

लल I 1 *U* (ललति-ते) To play, move about, sport, dally, frolic, पनसफलानीव वानरा ललन्ति Mk. 8 8, गजकलभा इव बन्धुला ललाम 4 28, ललजगरघोरकोटराणाम् Māl 5 15, युधि ललितमनायुधेन तेन Avimāraka 6. 9 -II 10 *U* or *Oaus* (लालयति-ते, लालित) 1 To cause to sport or play, caress, fondle, coax, dandle, लालने बहवो दोषास्ताडने बहवो गुणा । तस्मादपुत्र च शिष्य च ताडयेन्न तु लालयेत् ॥ Subhās, Ku 5. 15 -2 To desire -III 10 *U*. (ललयति-ते) 1 To fondle, परशुहल्लिता परानपुष्टा Mk. 4 28 -2 To loll the tongue -3 To desire

लल *a*. 1 Playful, sportive -2 Lolling -3 Wishing, desirous -लम् 1 *A* shoot, sprout -2 *A* garden. -Comp. -जिह्व = ललजिह्व *ṣ* v.

ललत् *a* 1 Playing, sporting -2 Shaking, flashing, moving about, ललन्नरजाङ्गल Māl 5 5 -3 Lolling -Comp -अम्बुः the citron tree -जिह्व *a* (ललजिह्व) 1 lolling the tongue -2 savage, fierce (-ह्वः) 1 *a* dog -2 *a* camel -डिम्बम् *a* top (भवरा in Mar) बालेन नक्तसमयेन सुक्त रौप्य ललङ्घिम्बमिवेन्दुबिम्बम् (लसङ्घिम्बम् v 1) N 22 53

ललनम् [लल्-ल्युट्] 1 Sport, play, pleasure, dalliance -2 Lolling the tongue -चः 1 *A* child -2 The Sāla and Piyāla trees

ललना 1 *A* woman (in general), शठ नाकलोकललनाभिर-विरतरत रिरससे S1 15 88 -2 *A* wanton woman -3 The tongue -Comp -प्रियः the Kadamba tree -वरूथिन *a* surrounded by a troop of women

ललनिका *A* little or miserable woman, Kāv 3 50

ललन्तिका 1 *A* long necklace, कण्ठसक्तगुच्छार्धगुच्छरत्न-ललन्तिकाम् Siva B 20 7 -2 *A* lizard or chameleon

ललाक The penis

ललाटम् [लङ्-अच् डस्य ल, ललमटति अद्-अण् वा Tv] The forehead, लिखितमपि ललाटे प्रोज्झितु क समर्थ H 1 19, N 1 15 -Comp अक्षः an epithet of Siva -तटम् the slope of the forehead, the forehead itself -पट्टः, -पट्टिका 1 the flat surface of the forehead -2 *a* tūra, fillet -रेखा 1 *a* line on the forehead -2 *a* wrinkled brow -3 *a* coloured sectarian mark on the forehead -लेखा the line on the forehead

ललाटकम् 1 The forehead -2 *A* beautiful forehead

ललाटतप *a* 1 Burning or scorching the (fore) head, ललाटतपस्तपति तपन Māl 1, U 6 'the sun is shining right overhead', ललाटतपसप्तसति R 13 41 -2 (Hence) Very painful, लिपिल्ललाटतपनिष्ठुराक्षरा N 1 138 -पः The sun

ललाटिका 1 *A* gold chain ornament worn on the forehead (Mar बिंदी), सुतनु ललाटनिवेशितललाटिके Aryā S. 529 -2 *A* mark made with sandal or any other fragrant powder on the forehead, ललाटिकाचन्दनधूसरालका Ku 5 55, भस्मललाटिका K 139, तेन रसेन ललाटिकामकल्पयम् 157, ललाटिकासीमनि चूर्णकुन्तला बभु N 15 33

ललाटूल *a* Having a high or handsome forehead

ललाम *a*. (-मी *f*) 1 Beautiful, lovely, charming -2 Having a mark on the forehead marked with a blaze -मम् 1 An ornament for the forehead, an ornament or decoration in general, (*m* also in this sense), सद्य पुनाति सहचन्द्रललामलोकान् Bhāg. 3 16 9, अह तु तामाश्रमललाम-भूता शकुन्तलामधिकृत्य ब्रवीमि S 2, S1 4 28 -2 Anything the best of its kind -3 *A* mark on the forehead. -4 *A* sign, symbol, mark in general -5 *A* banner, flag -6 *A* row, series, line -7 *A* tail 8- *A* mane. -9

Eminence, dignity, beauty -10 A horn -मः A horse, Mb 7 23 13 (com 'श्वेत ललाटमध्यस्थ तारारूप हयस्य यत् । ललाम चापि तत्प्राहुर्ललामाश्वस्तदन्वित ॥')'

ललामकम् A chaplet of flowers worn on the forehead -Comp -रूपकम् (in Rhet) a flowery metaphor

ललामन् a [लल्-इमनिन् Up 4 162, 164] 1 An ornament, a decoration -2 (Hence) Anything the best of its kind, कन्याललाम कमनीयमजस्य लिप्सो R 5 64 'the best or ornament of girls' -3 A banner, flag -4 A sectarial mark, token, sign, symbol -5 A tail -6 A species of stanza (having 10 syllables in the first two Pādas, 11 in the third and 13 in the fourth), see ललाम

ललित a [लल्-क्त] 1 Playing, sportang, dallying -2 Amorous, sportive, wanton, voluptuous, ललित गीतमन्वर्थं काचित् सामिनय जगौ Bu Ch 4 37 -3 Lovely, beautiful, handsome, elegant, graceful, ललितललितैर्ज्योत्स्नाप्रायैरङ्गविभ्रमै (अङ्गकै) U 1 20, विवाय सृष्टि ललिता विवातु R 6 37, 19 39, 8 1, Mal 1 15, Ku 3 75, 6 45, Me 34, 66 -4 Pleasing, charming, agreeable, fine, प्रियशिष्या ललिते कलाविधौ R 8 6, सदक्षितिव ललिताभिनयस्य शिक्षा M 4 9, V 2 18 -5 Desired -6 Soft, gentle, अवसितललितक्रियेण बाहोर्ललिततरेण तनीयसा युगेन S 1 7 64 -7 Tremulous, trembling -तः 1 N of a musical scale -2 A particular position of hands in dancing -तम् 1 Sport, dalliance, play -2 Amorous pastime, gracefulness of gait, any languid or amorous gesture in a woman, सुकुमारतयाज्ञाना विन्यासो ललित भवेत् S D, Si. 9 79, K 1 10 52, ता भूमि प्रेक्षितैर्भावैर्हसितैर्ललितैर्गते Bu Ch 4 25 -3 Beauty, grace, charm -4 Any natural or artless act, स्मितललितवता दिव्यनारीजेनेन Nāg 1 1-2 -5 Simplicity, innocence -Comp.-अभिनय a consisting of graceful gesticulations or acting, ललिताभिनय तमद्य भता मरुता द्रष्टुमना सलोकपाल V 2 18 -अर्थ a having a pretty or amorous meaning, तुल्यानुरागपिशुन ललितार्थबन्ध पत्रे निवेशितमुदाहरण प्रियाया V 2 14 -पद a 1 elegantly composed, S 3 -2 consisting of amorous words बन्धनम् an amorous composition -प्रहारः a soft or gentle blow -प्रियः (in music) a kind of measure -ललित a excessively beautiful, ललितललितैर्ज्योत्स्नाप्रायैरङ्गविभ्रमै U 1 20 -लुलित a unnerved yet charming, गाढोत्कण्ठा ललितलुलितैरङ्गकैस्ताम्यतीति Mal. 1 15 (v 1) -वनिता a lovely woman -विस्तरः N of a work on Buddha's life

ललिता 1 A woman (in general) -2 A wanton woman -3 Musk -4 A form of Durgā -5 N of various metres -6 A kind of मूर्च्छना, also राग -Comp. -पञ्चमी the fifth day in the bright half of Āśvina -सप्तमी the seventh day in the bright half of Bhādrapada

लवः [ल-अप्] 1 Plucking, mowing -2 Reaping, gathering (of corn) -3 A section, piece, fragment, but, कुशमुष्टिमुपादाय लव वैव तु स द्विज Rām. 7 66 6 -4 A

particle, drop, small quantity, a little, oft at the end of comp in this sense, जललवमुच Me 21, 72, आचामति स्वेदलवान् मुखे ते R 13 20, 6 57, 16 66, अश्रु 15 97, अमृत K 1 5 44, भूक्षेपलक्ष्मीलवकीर्ते दास इव Git 11, so तृण, अपराध, ज्ञान, सुख, वन &c &c -5 Wool, hair, धान्ये सदे लवे बाह्वे नातिक्रामति पञ्चताम् Ms 8 151 -6 Sport -7 A minute division of time (=the sixth part of a twinkling), त्व मुहूर्तस्तिथिस्त्वं च त्व लवस्त्व पुन क्षण Mb 1 25 14 -8 The numerator of a fraction -9 A degree (in astr) -10 Loss, destruction -11 N of a son of Rama, one of the twins, the other being Kuśa q v He with his brother was brought up by the sage Vālmiki, and they were taught by the poet to repeat his Rāmāyana at assemblies &c, (the derivation of his name, is given as— स तौ कुशलवोन्मुष्टगर्भेभौ तदाख्यया । कवि कुशलवावेव चकार किल नामत ॥ R 15 82) -12 A kind of quail -वम् 1 Cloves -2 Nutmeg -वम् ind A little, लवमपि लवङ्गे न रमते Sar K 1 -Comp -अपवाहः (in alg) subtraction of fractions -इप्सु a wishing to out or reap

लवकः A reaper, P III 1 14

लवङ्गः A kind of tree, स्फुटलवङ्गमशिश्रयदध्रमध्वनिकरो निकरो मधुपायिनाम् Rām Oh 4 88

लवङ्गः [ल-अङ्गच् Un. 1 112] The clove plant, द्वीपान्तरा-नीतलवङ्गपुष्पे R 6 57, ललितलवङ्गलतापरिशीलनकोमलमलयसमीरे Git 1 -गम् Cloves. -Comp -कलिका cloves

लवङ्गकम् Cloves

लवण a [ल-र्युट् पृषो^० णत्वम्] 1 Saline, saltish, briny, यतो यतस्त्वाददीत लवणमेवैवम् Bri Up 2 4 12 -2 Lovely, handsome -णः 1 Saline taste -2 The sea of salt water -3 N of a demon, son of Madhu, who was killed by Satrugna, लवणेन विहृतेज्यास्तामिणेन तमभ्ययु R 15 2, 5, 17, 26 -4 N of a hell -णम् 1 Salt, sea salt -2 A factitious salt -Comp -अन्तकः an epithet of Satrugna -अग्निः the salt ocean जम् sea-salt -अम्बुराशिः the ocean, आभाति वेला लवणाम्बुराशे R 13, 15, V 1 17 -अम्मस् m the ocean, स सेतु बन्धयामास लवणैर्लवणाम्भसि R 12 70, 17 54. (-n.) salt water -आकर. 1 a salt-mine. -2 a receptacle of salt water, i e the sea -3 (fig) a mine of beauty -आलयः the ocean -उत्तमम् 1 rocksalt -2 nitre -उदः 1 the ocean -2 the sea of salt water -उदकः, -उदधिः, -जलः &c the ocean, निनदमतिमृश नरा प्रचकुलवणजलोद्भवसिंहनादमिश्रम् Mb 7. 39 31 -क्षारम् a kind of salt -2 A particular preparation made of sugar-cane juice -जलोद्भवः a muscle, shell -त्रयम् a combination of three kinds of salt, namely सैन्धव, विड and रुचक, L D B -धेनुः a cow symbolically represented with salt -पाटलिका a salt-bag, Buddh -प्रगाढ a strongly impregnated salt -मदः a kind of salt -मेहः a kind of urinary disease -शाकम् pickles, Gīrvāṇa -समुद्र the salt-sea, the ocean.

लवणयति Den P To salt, season with salt

लवणस्यति Den P To wish for salt, भूधरभवशिला-
लेहायेहाचणो लवणस्यति तुरगसमज N. 19 18

लवणा Lustre, beauty

लवणित a Salted, seasoned with salt

लवणिमन् m 1 Saltiness -2 Beauty, loveliness,
grace

लवनम् [ल-भावे कर्मणि च ल्युट्] 1 Mowing, cutting,
reaping (of corn &c) -2 An instrument for mowing,
a sickle, scythe

लवली A kind of creeper, मया लब्ध पाणिर्ललितलवली-
कन्दलनिभ U 3 40, निचयिनि लवलीलताविकासे K1. 10 29

लवाकः [ल आक Un. 4 14] 1 A sickle, a reaping
instrument. -2 The act of cutting or mowing -3
A reaper.

लवाणकः A sickle, scythe

लवि a Sharp, edged -विः = लवित्र.

लवित्रम् An instrument for mowing, a sickle,
P. III 2 184

लवेटिका Corn

लश् 10 U (लशयति-ते) To exercise or practise any
art, of लस्

लशु (शु)नः -नम् (अशे लुन्, लशश्च Un 3 55)
Garlic, निखिलरसायनमहितो गन्धेनोप्रेण लशुन इव R G (= Bv
1 81), यथासौरभ्यलशुन Bv 1 93.

लष् I 1, 4 P (लषति-ते, लष्यति-ते, लषित) To wish,
desire, long for, be eager for, रामाच्युतौ नो लषतो बुभुक्षितौ
Bhāg 10 23 7, (usually with the preposition अभि q. v)
-II 10 U (लषयति-ते) = लष् q v

लषित p p Wished, desired

लष्वः [लष्-वन् Un 1 142] An actor, a dancer

लस् I. 1 P (लसति, लसित) 1 To shine, glitter, flash,
मुक्ताहरेण लसता हसतीव स्तनद्वयम् K P 10, करवाणि चरणद्वयं
सरसलसदलककरागम् Git 10, Amaru 19, बालिन नक्तसमयेन
मुक्त रौप्य लसद्विम्बमिवेन्दुविम्बम् N 22 53 (v 1) -2 To
appear, arise, come to light -3 To embrace -4 To play,
frolic about, skip about, dance -5 To sound,
resound -Caus (लसयति-ते) 1 To cause to shine, grace,
adorn -2 To cause to dance -3 To exercise an art

लसकः = लसक q v

लसकम् Having flashing rays (as the sun),
मध्यमोपलनिभे लसकम् K1 9. 2

लसा [लसति लस्-वन्] 1 Saffron -2 Turmeric

लसिका Spit, saliva.

लसित p p [लस्-क्त] Played, sported, appeared,
manifested, skipping about &c, see लस्

लसीका 1 Saliva -2 Pus, matter -3 The juice of
the sugar-cane -4 Lymph -5 A tendon, muscle

लसुष a [लस्-उषच् Un 4 79] Shining

लस्त a 1 Embraced, clasped -2 Skilful, skilled

लस्त् 1 A (लजते, लजित) 1 To be ashamed, feel sha-
me (oft. with instr or inf), क्षीजन प्रहरन् कथं न लज्जसे
Ratn 2, Bk 15 33 -2 To blush -Caus (लज्जयति-ते)
To put to shame, नर्तकीरभिनयातिलज्जिनीः पार्श्ववर्तिषु गुरुष्व-
लज्जयत् R 19 14

लस्तकः The middle of a bow, that part which is
grasped

लस्तकिन् m A bow

लहरिः -री f A wave, a large wave or billow, करेणो-
क्षितास्ते जननि विजयन्ता लहरय G L 40, इमा पीयूषलहरी
जगन्नाथेन निर्मिताम् 53, so आनन्द°, करुणा°, सुधा° &c

लक्षा A kind of bird

ला 2 P (लति) To take, receive, obtain, take up,
लब्ध लङ्गान् Bk 14 92, 15 53

ला f 1 Taking, receiving -2 Giving

लाकुटिक a (-की f) [लकुट प्रहरणमस्य ठक्] Armed
with a club or cudgel -कः A sentinel, watchman,
Pt 4

लाक्षकी N of Sita

लाक्षणिक a (-की f) [लक्षणया बोधयति ठक्] 1 One who
is acquainted with marks or signs -2 Characteristic,
indicatory -3 Having a secondary sense, used in a se-
condary sense (as a word, as distinguished from वाच्य
and व्यञ्जक q q v v), स्याद्वाचको लाक्षणिक शब्दोऽत्र व्यञ्जक-
त्रिधा K P 2 -4 Expressing indirectly or figurative-
ly -5 Secondary, inferior, साक्षात् सुधाशुसुखमेव भोग्या
दिन स्फुट लाक्षणिक शशाङ्क N 10 115 6 Technical -कः
A technical term

लाक्षय a [लक्षण वेत्ति ज्य] 1 Relating to signs,
indicative -2 Conversant with, or able to explain or
interpret signs

लक्षा [लक्ष्यतेऽनया लक्ष् अच् पृषो० वृद्धि] 1 A kind of red
dye, lac, (largely used by women in ancient times as
an article of decoration, especially for the soles of the
feet and lips, of अलक, it is said to be obtained from
the cochineal insect and from the resin of a particular
tree), निष्ठपूतश्चरणोपभोगसुलभो लक्षारस केनचित् (तरुणा) S
4 5, Rs 6 14, लक्षागृहानलविषाभसभाप्रवेशे Ve 1 8,
K1 5 23 -2 The insect which produces the red dye
-Comp. -तरुः, -वृक्षः N. of a tree, Butea Frondosa.

-प्रसादः, -प्रसादनः the red *Lodhra* tree (the infusion of its bark is used to fix colour) -रक्त a dyed with lac

लाक्षिक a (-की f) 1 Relating to, made of, or dyed with lac -2 Relating to a lac (लक्ष)

लाख 1 P. (लाजति) 1 To be dry or arid -2 To adorn -3 To suffice, be competent -4 To give -5 To prevent

लागुडिक See लाकुटिक

लाघ 1 A (लाघते) To be equal to, to suffice or be competent

लाघरकोलसः A particular form of jaundice

लाघवम् [लघोर्भाव अण्] 1 Smallness, littleness -2 Levity, lightness, अलसग्रहण प्राप्ते दुर्मेधावी तथोच्यते। बुद्धिलाघवयुक्तेन जनेनादीर्घदर्शना ॥ Mb 12 166 6 (com लाघव नीचता), of बुद्धिलाघव -3 Thoughtlessness, frivolity -4 Insignificance -5 Disrespect, contempt, dishonour, degradation, सेवा लाघवकारिणी कृतधिय स्थाने श्रवृत्ति विदु Mu 3. 14, यास्यसि लाघवम् Bg 2 35 -6 Quickness, speed, rapidity, गतिवैगम्य तेजश्च लाघव च महाकपे। पितुस्ते सदृश वीर मारुतस्य महौजस ॥ Rām 4 44 5 -7 Ease, facility -8 Health, soundness of constitution -9 Activity, dexterity, readiness, वियदभिपातलाघवेन Kī 7 21, हस्तलाघवम् -10 Versatility, बुद्धिलाघवम्, -11 Brevity, conciseness (of expression), प्रसादरम्यमोजस्वि गरीयो लाघवान्वितम् Kī 11 38 -12 An explanation which is in consonance with the principle of economy of nature and involves simplicity of reasoning, (अल्पोपस्थितिसपेक्षत्वं लाघवम्), आकाशो लाघवादेक Tarka K -13 Shortness of a syllable (in prosody) -Comp -कारिन् disgraceful

लाघविन् n A juggler.

लाङ्गलम् [लङ्ग कलच् पृषो० वृद्धि भुवि गच्छति Un 1 105] 1 A plough, लाङ्गलम्पितमीवा सुसलैर्भिन्नमस्तका Rām 7 7 47 -2 A plough-shaped beam or timber -3 The palm tree -4 The membrum virile -5 A kind of flower -6 A particular appearance of the moon -7 A kind of timber (used in building houses) -8 A pole for gathering fruit from a tree, Rām -लः A kind of rice -ला The cocoa-nut tree -Comp -ग्रहः a ploughman, peasant -दण्डः the pole of a plough -वजः N of Balarāma. -पङ्क्तिः f a furrow, also लाङ्गलकर्मणि -फालः a ploughshare

लाङ्गलिक a. (-की f) Belonging to a plough. -कः A kind of poison, L D B

लाङ्गलिन् m. [लाङ्गलमस्यास्ति इति] 1 N. of Balarāma, बन्धुप्रीत्या समरविमुखो लाङ्गली या सिधेवे Me 51 -2 The cocoa-nut tree -3 A snake.

लाङ्गली The cocoa-nut tree.

लाङ्गलीषा [for लाङ्गल-ईषा] The pole of a plough

लाङ्गुलम् 1, A tail -2 Membrum virile

लाङ्गुलम् [लङ्ग-कलच् पृषो० Un 4 96] 1 A tail, लाङ्गुलचालनमधश्चरणानपात श्वा पिण्डस्य कुस्ते Bh 2 31 'wags his tail' -2 The membrum virile -3 A granary -Comp -चालनम्, -विक्षेपः wagging or waving the tail, Bh 2 31

लाङ्गुलिन् m A monkey, an ape

लाज्, लाज्ज 1 P (लाजति, लाजति) 1 To blame, censure -2 To roast, fry

लाजः [लाज्-अच्] Wetted grain -जाः (pl) Parched or fried grain (f also), (तम्) अवाकिरन् बाललता प्रसूते-राचारलाजैरिव पौरकन्या R 2 10, 4 27, 7. 25, Ku 7 69, 80 -जम् = उशीर q v, लाजोलापिकधूमाब्जमुच्चप्राकारतोरणम् Mb 5 191 21 -Comp -पेयाः rice-gruel -मण्डः the scum of parched grain

लाञ्छ 1 P (लाञ्छति) 1 To distinguish, mark, characterize -2 To deck, decorate

लाञ्छनम् [लाञ्छ-कर्मणि ल्युट्] 1 A sign, mark, token, characteristic mark, नवाम्बुदानीकमुद्धर्तलाञ्छने (धनुषि) R 3 53, U 4 20, Mv 1 18, oft at the end of comp in the sense of 'marked with', 'characterized by' &c, जातिऽथ देवस्य तथा विवाहमहोत्सवे साहसलाञ्छनस्य Vikr 10 1, R 6 18, 16 84, so श्रीकण्ठपदलाञ्छन Māl 1 'bearing the characteristic epithet श्रीकण्ठ' -2 A name, an appellation -3 A stain, stigma, a mark of ignominy -4 The spot on the moon, दिवापि निष्ठुतमरीचिभासा बाल्यादना-विष्कृतलाञ्छनेन Ku 7 35 -5 A landmark

लाञ्छित p p [लाञ्छ-क्त] 1 Marked, distinguished, characterized. -2 Named, called -3 Decorated -4 Furnished with

लाट m pl N of a country and its inhabitants, एष च (लाटानुप्रास) प्रायेण लाटजनप्रियत्वात्लाटानुप्रास S D 10 -टः 1 A king of the Lātas -2 Old, worn out, or shabby clothes, ornaments &c -3 Clothes in general -4 Childish language -5 A learned man -Comp -अनुप्रासः one of the five kinds of अनुप्रास or alliteration, the repetition of a word or words in the same sense but in a different application, it is thus defined and illustrated by Mammata -शाब्दस्तु लाटानुप्रासो भेदे तात्पर्यमात्रत, e g वदन वरवर्णिन्यास्तस्या सत्य सुधाकरः। सुधाकर क तु पुन कलङ्क-विकलो भवेत्, or यस्य न सविधे दयिता दवदहनस्तुहिनदीधितिस्तस्य। यस्य च सविधे दयिता दवदहनस्तुहिनदीधितिस्तस्य ॥ K P 9

लाटक a (-टिका f) Relating to the Lātas

लाटिका, लाटी 1 A particular style of composition see S D 629 -2 N of a Prākṛita dialect see Kāv 1 35

लाइ 10 U (लाइयति-ते) 1 To fondle, caress -2 To blame, censure -3 To throw, toss, of लइ

लाण्ठनी An unchaste woman (कुलटा)

लात p p Taken, received

लातिः f Taking, receiving

लापः 1 Speaking, talking -2 Chattering, prating

लापिका A sort of enigma or riddle

लाबः, लाबकः A sort of quail

लाबुः (बूः) A kind of gourd

लाबुकायनः N of an old authority on philosophy quoted by Jaimini, MS 6 7 37

लाबुकी A kind of lute

लाभ 10 P To send, L D B

लाभः [लभ्-भावे षञ्] 1 Gaining, obtaining, acquirement, acquisition, शरीरत्यागमात्रेण शुद्धिर्लाभमन्यत R 12 10, श्रीरत्नलाभम् 7 34, 11 92, क्षणमप्यवतिष्ठते श्वसन् यदि जन्तुर्ननु लाभवानसौ R 8 87 -2 Gain, profit, advantage, सुखदुःखे समे कृत्वा लाभालाभौ जयाजयौ Bg 2 88, Y 2 259 -3 Enjoyment -4 Capture, conquest -5 Perception, knowledge, apprehension -6 Treasure-trove, सप्त वित्तागमा धर्म्या दायो लाभ Ms. 10. 115 -7 Wealth, riches, मित्रलाभमनु लाभसंपद K1 18 52 -Comp -कर, -कृत् a profitable, advantageous -लिप्सा desire of gain, avarice, covetousness -लिप्सु a. 1 greedy, covetous -2 desirous of gain

लाभ्य a = लाभार्ह, लभ्यो लाभ्य स्याद्वलिभ्य प्रशस्त Mb 13 1 28

लाभकः Gain, profit

लामज्जकम् The root of a particular fragrant grass (वीरणमूल)

लाम्पट्यम् Lasciviousness, lustfulness, lewdness

लालम् 1 Persuasion -2 A secret matter.

लालक a (-लिका f) Fondling, coaxing -कः A king's jester

लालन a (-नी f) Fondling, coaxing, caressing -नः A sort of poisonous mouse -नम् [लल्-ल्युट्] 1 Caressing, fondling, coaxing, सुतलालनम् &c -2 Indulging, over-indulgence, fondling too much, लालने बहवो दोषास्तादने बहवो गुणा, Pt. 1 169, Bh 2 42

लालस a 1 Ardently longing for, eagerly desirous of, hankering after, प्रणामलालसा K. 14, ईशानसदर्शनलालसानाम् Ku. 7 56, Si. 4 6 -2 Taking pleasure in, devoted to, fond of, absorbed in, विलासलालसम् Git 1, स्वती शोकलालसौ Rām 2 21 20, Mb 1 2 229, मृगया &c -सः = लालसा q̄ y below

लालसा [लस् स्पृहायौ संज्ञकं भावे अ] 1 Longing or ardent desire, extreme desire, eagerness -2 Asking, solicita-

tion, entreaty -3 Regret, sorrow -4 The longing of a pregnant woman (दीहद)

लालसीकम् Sauce

लाला [लल्-णिच् अच् टाप्] Saliva, spittle, कृमिकुलचित लालाक्लिन्नम् Bh 2 9 -Comp -भक्षः N of a hell -मेहः passing mucous urine -विषः a spider and other insects having a poisonous saliva, L D B -स्रवः a spider -स्रावः 1 a flow of saliva -2 a spider

लालायते Den A To emit saliva, वक्त्र च लालायते Pt 4 78

लालाटिक a (-की f) [लालट प्रभोर्भाल पश्यति ठञ्] 1 Being on or relating to the forehead -2 Arising from or dependent on fate, प्राप्तस्तु लालाटिकी Udb -3 Useless, low, vile -4 Attentive, vigilant -कः 1 An attentive servant (lit one who watches his master's countenance and learns by it what is necessary to be done) -2 An idler, a careless or useless person -3 A kind of embrace

लालाटी The forehead

लालाघः Epilepsy

लालिकः A buffalo -का A jesting reply

लालित p p 1 Caressed, fondled, coaxed, indulged -2 Seduced -3 Loved, desired -तम् Pleasure, love, joy

लालितकः A fondling or darling, pet, little favourite

लालित्यम् [ललितस्य भाव षञ्] 1 Loveliness, charm, beauty, grace, sweetness, दण्डिन पदलालित्यम् Udb, लीला-मन्दिरद्वारकदलीलालित्येन Dk 1 5 -2 Amorous gestures

लालिन् m A seducer

लालिनी A wanton woman

लालुका A kind of necklace

लाव a (-वी f) [ल कर्तरि षञ् Un 1 141] 1 Cutting, lopping, cutting off, कुशसूचिलवम् R 13. 43 -2 Plucking, gathering -3 Cutting down, killing, destroying, म शत्रुलावो मन्वान Bk 6 87 -वः 1 Cutting -2 A quail -3 A bird

लावकः 1 A cutter, divider -2 A reaper, gatherer -3 A quail, योध्यन्ते लावका Mk 4

लावण a (-णी f) [लवणे सस्कृतम् अण्] 1 Salt -2 Salted, dressed with salt, लावणस्य समुद्रस्य विष्कम्भो द्विगुण स्मृत Mb 6. 11 6 -Comp -सैन्धव a situated on the sea-coast.

लावणिक a (-की f) [लवणे सस्कृत ठञ्] 1 Salted, dressed with salt -2 Dealing in salt -3 Lovely, beautiful, charming, लील्यैव सुतनोस्तुल्यित्वा गौरवाद्यमपि लावणिकेन Si 10 38 (where it means 'a salt-merchant' also) -कः A salt-merchant -कम् A salt-vessel, salt-cellar,

लावण्यम् [लवणस्य भावः व्यञ्ज] 1 Saltiness -2 Beauty, loveliness, charm, तथापि तस्या लावण्यं रेखया किञ्चिदन्वितम् S 6 13, 7 18, (लावण्य is thus defined in Śabdak -मुक्ताफलेषु छायायास्तरल्वमिवान्तरा । प्रतिभाति यदङ्गेषु तल्लावण्यमिहोच्यते ॥). Shri Kṣhitishachandra points out in his Mañjūsā that the word does not seem to have any connection with लवण (salt) The word रामण्यक (= beauty) occurs in the Rāmāyaṇa (वनरामण्यक यत्र जलरामण्यक तथा Aranya-kāṇḍa 25 5) ' रलयोरभेद इति न्यायेन सन्निहितयोरनुनासिकयो-रेकस्य विषयीकरणप्रक्रियया चाननुनासिकीकरणेन लावण्यमिति निष्पन्नमिति प्रतिभाति ' । Amaruśāṭaka gives a verse containing a pun on the word लावण्य (saltiness, loveliness) - पीता यत - प्रभृति कामपिपासितेन तस्या मयावरस प्रचुर प्रियायाः । तृष्णा तदा प्रभृति मे द्विगुणत्वमेति लावण्यमस्ति बहु तत्र किमत्र चित्रम् ॥ -Comp -अर्जितम् the private property of a married woman given to her at her marriage by her father or mother-in-law -कलित a endowed with beauty -लक्ष्मीः great beauty

लावण्यमय, लावण्यवत् a Lovely, handsome

लावाणकः, लवानकः [ल-आनकः Un 3 84] N of a district near Magadha

लाविकः A buffalo

लावु See लावु

लाषुक a (-का or की f) Covetous, greedy, avaricious, P III 2 154

लासः [लस्-चञ्] 1 Jumping, sporting, skipping about, dancing, मदनजनितलासै Rs 6 30 -2 Dalliance, wanton sport -3 Dancing as practised by women -4 Soup, broth

लासक a (-सिका f) [लस्-चञ्] 1 Playing, frolicking, sporting -2 Moving hither and thither -3 Causing to dance, लासकः पादपाना नभस्वान् Rs 2 26 (the commentator Amarakīrti, however, says, "लासक ससर्गवान्") -कः 1 A dancer -2 A peacock -3 Embracing -4 N of Śiva -कम् A room on the top of a building, turret

लासकी A female dancer

लासनम् Moving hither and thither, तोमराङ्कुशालासै Mb 7 142 45

लासिक a Dancing, सविलासलासिकविलासिनीजन Śi 13 66

लासिका 1 A female dancer -2 A harlot, wanton or unchaste woman -3 A kind of dramatic performance

लास्यम् [लस्-भ्यत्] 1 Dancing, a dance, आस्ये धास्यति कस्य लास्यमधुना . वाचा विपाकी मम Bv 4 42, R 16. 14 -2 A dance accompanied with singing and instrumental music -3 A dance in which the emotions of love

are represented by means of various gesticulations and attitudes, अरुणाधरकिरणबालकिसलयलास्यहेतुभिः Dk 2 5 -स्यः A dancer, an actor -स्या A dancing girl

लास्फोटनी A gimlet

लिः 1 Fatigue -2 Destruction, loss -3 End -4 Equality -5 A bracelet

लिङ्गुचः See लङ्गुच

लिङ्गा, -लिङ्ग्या [रिषे स कित् Un 3 66] 1 A nit, the egg of a louse -2 A very minute measure of weight (said to be equal to 4 or 8 trasarenu), जालान्तरगते भानौ यच्चानुर्द्वयते रज । तैश्चतुर्भिर्भवेद्विङ्गा, or त्रसरेणवोऽष्टौ विङ्गेया लिङ्गेका परिमाणत Ms 8 133, See Y 1 362 also

लिङ्गिका A nit

लिख् 6 P (लिखति, लिखित) 1 To write, write down, inscribe, draw a line, engrave, अरसिकेषु कवित्वनिवेदन शिरसि मा लिख मा लिख मा लिख Udb , ताराक्षरैर्यामसिते कठिन्या निशालिखद् व्योम्नि तम प्रशस्तिम् N 22 54, Y 2 87, Ś 7 5, लीनेव प्रतिबिम्बितेव लिखितेव Mā 5 10 -2 To sketch, draw, portray, delineate, paint, मृगमदतिलक लिखति सपुलक मृगमिव रजनीकरे Git 7, मत्सादृश्य विरहतनु वा भावगम्य लिखन्ती Me 87, 82, Ku 6 48, स्मिता पाणौ खड्गलेखा लिलेख K P 10, केगग्रह खलु तदा द्रुपदात्मजाया द्रोणस्य चाद्य लिखितैरिव वीक्षितो ये Ve 3 11 -3 To scratch, rub, scrape, tear up, न किञ्चिद्देवे चरणेन केवल लिलेख बाष्पाकुललोचना भुवम् K1 8 14, मूर्ध्ना दिवमिवालेखीत् Bk 15 22 -4 To lance, scarify -5 To touch, graze -6 To peck (as a bird) -7 To make smooth -8 To unite sexually with a female

लिखकः [लिख्-कृन् Un 2 32] A writer.

लिखनम् [लिख्-भावादौ ल्युट्] 1 Writing, inscribing -2 Drawing, painting -3 Scratching -4 A written document, a writing or manuscript

लिखित p p [लिख्-क] Written, painted, scratched &c, see लिख् -तः N of a writer on law (mentioned along with शब्ध) -तम् 1 A writing, document -2 A picture, द्रोणस्य चाद्य लिखितैरिव वीक्षितो ये Ve 3 13 -3 Any book or composition -Comp -पठित a written and read about, described, लिखितपठिता राज्ञो दारा कविप्रतिभासु ये शृणुत शृणुतासूर्यपद्या न सा किल भाविनी N 19 36, इक्ष्वाकूणा लिखितपठिता स्वर्धूगण्डपीठकीडापत्रप्रकरमकरीपाशुपाल्य हि वृत्ति A R 1. 31 -पाठः learning from books -स्मृतिः N of a law-book

लिखित् m A painter

लिङ्ग्यः A nit, the egg of a louse, cf. लिङ्गा

लिङ्ग्य 1 P (लिङ्ग्यति) To go, move

लिङ्गुः [लिङ्गु Un 1 36] 1 A deer. -2 A fool, block-head. -3 A sage -n. The heart

लिङ् A technical term used by Pāṇini to denote the Potential and Benedictive moods or their terminations (the two moods being distinguished as विधिलिङ् and आशीर्लिङ्)

लिङ्गम् I 1 P (लिङ्गति, लिङ्गित) To go, move -II 10 U (लिङ्गयति-ते) 1 To paint, variegate -2 To inflect (a noun) according to its gender

लिङ्गम् [लिङ्ग-अच्] 1 A mark, sign, token, an emblem, a badge, symbol, distinguishing mark, characteristic, यतिपार्थिवलिङ्गधारिणौ R 8 16, अथवा प्रावृष्येरेव लिङ्ग-मम राजोपचार सप्रति V 4, मुनिर्दोहदलिङ्गदर्शी 14 71, Ms 1 30, 8 25, 252 -2 A false or unreal mark, a guise, disguise, a deceptive badge, लिङ्गमुद सवृतविक्रियास्ते R 7 30, क्षपणकलिङ्गधारी Mu 1, न लिङ्ग धर्मकारणम् II 4 85 See लिङ्गिन् below -3 A symptom, mark of disease -4 A means of proof, a proof, evidence -5 (In logic) The *hetu* or middle term in a syllogism, particularly the assertion of the *hetu*'s being found in the पक्ष or minor term coupled with the statement of the invariable concomitance between this *hetu* and the major term, it is thus defined — व्याप्तिपक्षधर्मतावलिङ्गम् Tarka K -6 The sign of gender or sex -7 Sex, गुणा पूजास्थान गुणेषु न च लिङ्ग न च वय U 4 11 -8 The male organ of generation -9 Gender (in gram) -10 The genital organ of Śiva worshipped in the form of a Phallus -11 The image of a god, an idol, धत्तेऽसावात्मनो लिङ्ग मायया विसृजन् गुणान् Bhāg 7 2 22 -12 One of the relations or indications (such as सयोग, वियोग, साहचर्य &c) which serve to fix the meaning of a word in any particular passage, e.g. in कुपितो मकरध्वज the word कुपित restricts the meaning of मकरध्वज to 'Kāma', see K P 2 and commentary *ad loc*, तदेव सक्त सह कर्मणैति लिङ्ग मनो यत्र निषक्तमस्य Bri Up 4 4 6 -13 (In Vedānta phil) The subtle frame or body, the indestructible original of the gross or visible body, of पञ्चकोष, य योगिनो योग-समाधिना रहो व्यायन्ति लिङ्गदुष्टतो सुसुक्ष्मया Bhāg 3 19 28 -14 A spot, stain -15 The nominal base, the crude form of a noun (प्रातिपादिक) -16 (In Sān phil) Pradhāna or Prakṛti, q v -17 The effect or product (that which is evolved out of a primary cause and itself becomes a producer) -18 Inference, conclusion, अव्यक्तमिति विज्ञेय लिङ्गग्राह्यमतीन्द्रियम् Mb 12 189 15 -19 =उपाधि, योगेन धृत्ययमसत्त्वयुक्तो लिङ्ग व्यपोहेत् कुशलोऽहमाख्यम् Bhāg 5 5 13 -Comp -अग्रम् the glans penis -अनु-शासनम् the laws of grammatical gender -अर्चनम् the worship of Śiva as a *liṅga* -अर्शस् n a particular disease of the genital organs -आख्यः Name of one of the sub-divisions of the production according to Sāṅkhya, लिङ्गाख्यो भावाख्य Sān K. 52 -देहः, -शरीरम् the subtle frame or body, see लिङ्ग (13) above -धारिन् a wearing a badge -नीचाः 1 loss of the characteristic marks, -2 loss of penis -3 loss of vision, a particular

disease of the eye -परामर्शः the finding out or consideration of a sign or characteristic (in logic), (e.g. that smoke is a sign of fire), as वह्निव्याप्यधूमवानय पर्वत इति लिङ्गपरामर्श -पीठम् the pedestal of a शिवलिङ्ग -पुराणम् N of one of the 18 Purāṇas -प्रतिष्ठा the establishment or consecration of a *liṅga* -वर्धन a causing erection of the male organ -विपर्ययः change of gender -वृत्ति a hypocritical -वृत्तिः a religious hypocrite -वेदी the base or pedestal of a *liṅga* -शास्त्रम् a grammatical treatise on gender -शोफः swelling on the penis -स्थः a religious student, न श्रोत्रियो न लिङ्गस्थ (साक्षी कार्य) Ms 8 65

लिङ्गकः The *Kapittha* tree

लिङ्गनम् Embracing, an embrace

लिङ्गवत् a 1 Having marks -2 Having various sexes or genders -3 Wearing a *Liṅga* (as a Jangama)

लिङ्गालिका A kind of small mouse

लिङ्गिन् a [लिङ्गमस्त्यस्य इनि] 1 Having a mark or sign -2 Characterized by -3 Wearing the marks or badges of, having the appearance of, disguised as, hypocritical, wearing false badges (at the end of comp), स वर्णिलिङ्गी विदित समाययौ युधिष्ठिर द्वैतवने वनेचर K1 1 1, so आर्यलिङ्गिन् -4 Furnished with a *liṅga* -5 Having a right to wear signs or badges -6 One whose outward form corresponds with his inward character -7 Having a subtle body -m 1 A religious student, Brāhmaṇa ascetic, अलिङ्गी लिङ्गिवेषेण यो वृत्तिमुपजीवति। स लिङ्गिना हरत्यनस्तिर्यग्यौनौ च जायते ॥ Ms 4 200, स्त्रीलिङ्गविप्रबालानां प्रवर्तव्यं न कर्हिचित् Pt 4 39 -2 A worshipper of Śiva's *liṅga* -3 A hypocrite, pretending devotee, pseudo-ascetic -4 An elephant -5 (In logic) That which possesses the *liṅga* or middle term, i.e. वह्नि is the लिङ्गिन् in the familiar instance पर्वतो वह्निमान् धूमान् -6 (Hence) The subject of a proposition -7 The Supreme Being (as the sustainer of *liṅga*) -8 The cause or source -9 N of a Śaiva sect -Comp -वेष the dress of a religious student

लिच्छ (च्छि) विः N of a regal race

लिट् A technical term in grammar used by Pāṇini to denote the Perfect tense or its terminations

लिट् A technical term in grammar used by Pāṇini for nominal verbs

लिन्दु a Ved Slumy, slippery (पिच्छिल), लिन्दु मासिगाम् Ch. Up. 8 14 1

लिप् 6 U (लिप्पति-ते, लिप्) 1 To anoint, smear, besmear, लिप्पतीव तमोऽङ्गानि Mk 1 34 -2 To cover, over-spread, plaster, लिप्तेषु मासा इदं देहलीनाम् Si 3. 48 -3 To

stain, pollute, defile, taint, contaminate, य करोति स
लिप्यते Pt 4 64, न मा कर्माणि लिम्पन्ति Bg 4 14, 18 17,
Ms 10 106 -4 To inflame, kindle, तस्यालिपत शोकमि
स्वान्त काष्ठमिव ज्वलन् Bk 6 22 -Caus 1 To cast blame
on anyone -2 To smear anything

लिपिः Smearing, anointing

लिपिः, -पी f [लिप् इक् वा णीप्] 1 Anointing, smearing
-2 Writing, hand-writing. -3 The written characters,
letters, alphabet, यवनालिप्याम् Vart, लिपेर्यावद्ग्रहणेन
बाह्यमय नदीमुखेनेव समुद्रमाविशत् R 3 28, 18 46 -4 The art
of writing -5 A writing (as a letter, document, ma-
nuscript &c), अय दरिद्रो भवितेति वैधर्षी लिपिं ललाटेऽर्थिजनस्य
जाग्रतीम् N 1 15, 138 -6 Painting, drawing -7 Out-
ward appearance. -Comp -करः 1 a plasterer, white-
washer, mason -2 a writer, scribe -3 an engraver
(also लिपिकर) -कर्मन् n drawing, painting -ज्ञानम्
the art of writing -कारः a writer, scribe -ज्ञा a one
who can write -न्यासः the art of writing or transcri-
bing -फलकम् a writing tablet or board -शाला a
writing school -सज्जा writing materials or apparatus
-संनाहः a belt worn on the fore-arm

लिपिकः A scribe, clerk

लिपिका See लिपी

लिप्त p p [लिप्-क्] 1 Anointed, smeared, besmeared,
covered -2 Stained, soiled, polluted, defiled. -3 Poison-
ed, envenomed (as an arrow) -4 Eaten -5 United,
joined -सम् n Phlegm, the phlegmatic humour of the
body -Comp -वासित a anointed and perfumed
-हस्त a having the hands smeared or stained

लिप्तकः A poisoned arrow

लिप्ता, -लिप्तिका A minute, the sixtieth part of a degree

लिप्सा [लम्-सन्-भावे अ] 1 Desire of getting or regain-
ing, मृतस्य लिप्सा कृपणस्य दिप्सा न हि दृष्टपूर्वा Bv 1 125.
-2 Desire in general

लिप्सु a Desirous of getting &c

लिपिः, -वी f = लिपि q v

लिपिकरः A scribe, writer, copyist

लिम्पः Smearing, anointing, covering

लिम्पट a Libidinous, lustful. -टः A libertine, lecher

लिम्पाकः [लिप् आकन् पृषो०] 1 The citron or lime tree.
-2 An ass -कम् A citron or lime

लिम्पिः, -लिपिः f = लिपि q v.

लिङ्क्षयिषित (desid of लक्ष्, p p) Had in view, meant.

लिङ् I 6 P (लिङ्गति) 1 To go, move -2 To hurt,
see रिङ् -II 4 U (लिङ्गति-ते) To become small, be
decreased

लिङ् p p Become small, lessened, decreased.

लिङ्गः [लिङ्-वन् Up 1 142] An actor, a dancer

लिङ् 2 U (लेदि, लीडे, लिङ्ग-लिङ्गि, अलिङ्गित-त, अलीड,
लेङ्गति-ते, लेडुम्, लीड, desid लिङ्गति-ते) 1 To lick, कपाले
मार्जारं पय इति करौलिङ्गि शशिन K P 19, Bv 1 99, K1 5
38, S1 12 40 -2 To lick up, taste, sip, lap, लिङ्गि-
बहुधा सुधाकरम् N 2 99, लिङ्गि स्वरुचा पताकया निशि जिह्वानिमया
सुधाकरम् 100

लिङ्गः, -लेडु m Mild wind

लीड p p [लिङ्-आस्वादे-क्] Licked, sapped, tasted,
eaten &c, See लिङ्

ली I 1 P (लयति) To melt, dissolve -II 9 P
(लीनाति) 1 To adhere -2 To melt, usually with वि
-III 4 A (लीयते, लीन) 1 To stick or adhere firmly
to, cling to -2 To clasp, embrace -3 To lie or rest
on, recline, stay or dwell in, lurk, hide, cower down,
(मृत्नाङ्गना) लीयन्ते मुकुलान्तरेषु शनकै संजातलज्जा इव Ratn 1
26, हरिश्चिद्रूपतितु द्रागङ्गान्याकुञ्च्य लीयते निमृत्तम् Bv 1 106,
R 3 9, S 6 16, Ku 1 12, 7 21, Bk 18 18, K1 5
26 -4 To be dissolved, melt away -5 To be sticky
or viscous -6 To be absorbed in, be devoted or at-
tached to, माधव मनसिजविशिखभयादिव भावनया त्वयि लीना
Git 4 -7 To vanish, disappear -Caus (लपयति-ते,
लययति-ते, लीनयति-ते, लालयति-ते) To melt, dissolve, liquefy
(The form लपयते is used in the sense of 'to honour',
'cause to be honoured', जटाभिर्लीपयते = पूजामधिगच्छति,
of P I 3 70)

लीः f 1 Adhering, clinging to -2 Embracing -3
Melting, dissolving

लीन p p [ली-क्] 1 Clung or adhered to, stuck to
-2 Lurking, hid, concealed -3 Resting or reclining
on, कार्यो सैकतलीनहंसमिथुना क्षोतोवहा मालिनी S 6 17 -4
Melted, dissolved, लीनेव प्रतिबिम्बितेव सा नखेतसि कीलितेव
Mal 5 10 -5 Completely absorbed or swallowed up
in, intimately united with, नद्यः सागरे लीना भवन्ति -6
Devoted or given up to -7 Disappeared, vanished,
(see ली)

लीक्षा A nit, see लिक्षा

लीला [ली-किप् लिय लाति ल्य-क् वा Tv] 1 Play, sport,
pastime, diversion, pleasure, amusement, कर्म ययो कन्दुक-
लीलापि या Ku 5 19, oft used as the first member
of comp, लीलकमलम्, लीलशुक &c -2 Amorous pastime,
wanton, amorous or playful sport, उत्सृष्टलीलागति R 7
7, 4 22, 5 70, क्षुभ्यन्ति प्रसभमहो विनापि हेतोर्लीलाभि किमु
सति कारणे रमण्य S1 8 24, Me 37; (लीला in this sense is
thus explained by उज्ज्वलमणि - अप्राप्तवल्लभसमागमनायिकाया
सख्या पुरोऽत्र निजचित्तविनोदबुद्ध्या । आलापवेशगातिहृत्पयविलोकनाद्यै
प्राणेश्वराबुद्धिमाकलयन्ति लीलाम् ॥) -3 Play, frolic, merriment,
sport, child's play, लीलया जवान 'killed with ease' -4

Appearance, semblance, air, mien, य सयति प्राप्तपिनाकि-
लील R 6 72 'appearing like Pinākin' -8 Beauty,
charm, grace, सुहृद्वलेकितमण्डनलील Git-6, R 6 1, 16
71 -8 Pretence, disguise, dissimulation, sham, as,
लीलामनुष्य, लीलानट &c -7 Frivolity, disrespect, दातव्य-
मन्न विधिवत् सत्कृत्य न तु लीलया Rām 1 13 14 -8 Action
-Comp -अ (आ) गारः -रम्, -गृहम्, -वेश्मन् n a
pleasure-house, लीलगारेष्वरमत पुनर्नन्दनाभ्यन्तरेषु R 8 95
-अङ्ग a having graceful limbs, वयोपपन्न लीलङ्ग सर्वरत्न-
समन्वितम् Mb 13 79 22 -अञ्चित a sportively hand-
some -अञ्जम्, -अञ्जुजम्, -अरविन्दम्, -कमलम्,
-तामरसम्, -पद्मम् &c 'toy-lotus', a lotus-flower held
in the hand as a plaything, लीलारविन्द भ्रमयाञ्चकार R 6
13, हस्ते लीलकमलमलके बालकुन्दानुविद्धम् Me 67, Ku 6 84
-अवतारः the descent (of Viṣṇu) on the earth for
amusement -आभरणम् an ornament worn for mere
pleasure (of no value) -उद्यानम् 1 a pleasure-garden
-2 the garden of gods, Indra's paradise -कलहः
'sportive quarrel', a sham or feigned quarrel, cf
प्रणयकलह -चतुर a sportively charming, ता वीक्ष्य लीला-
चतुरामनङ्ग स्वचापसौन्दर्यमद सुमोच Ku 1 47 -तनुः a form
assumed for mere sport -दग्ध a burnt without
effort -नटनम्, -नृत्यम् a sportive dance -मनुष्यः a
sham man, a man in disguise -मात्रम् mere sport or
play, child's play, absence of the least effort -रतिः
f diversion, sport -वज्रम् an instrument like Indra's
thunderbolt -वापी a pleasure-tank -शुकः a parrot
kept for pleasure -साध्य a to be effected with ease,
easy of accomplishment

लीलायति -ते Den U To sport, play, divert oneself

लीलायितम् Play, sport, amusement, pleasure

लीलावत् a 1 Sportive, playful -2 Beautiful, grace-
ful -ती 1 A charming or handsome woman -2 An
amorous or wanton woman -3 N of Durgā -4 N of
a wellknown mathematical work by Bhāskarācārya
-8 N of the wife of the demon Maya

लुक् ind A technical term used by Pāṇini to
express the dropping or disappearance of affixes

लुङ् A technical term used by Pāṇini to denote the
Aorist or its terminations

लुञ्च 1 P (लुञ्चति, लुञ्चित) 1 To pluck, pull, peel,
pare -2 To tear off, pluck or pull out

लुञ्च f 1 Plucking out -2 Dropping out

लुञ्चः, -लुञ्चनम् Peeling, plucking out

लुञ्चना Clonose speech

लुञ्चित p 1 Peeled -2 Plucked, plucked out,
torn off -Coll. केशः one having the hair torn out,
जटिलो मुण्डी लुञ्चितकेश Charpat S 4

लुञ्ज 10 U To speak -2 To shine, see लञ्ज

लुद् I 1 Ā (लोडते) 1 To resist, repel, oppose -2 To
shine -3 To suffer pain -II 10 U (लोडयति-ते) 1 To
speak -2 To shine -III 1, 4 P (लोडति-लुड्यति) 1
To roll, wallow on the ground, cf लुद् -2 To take
away, rob, plunder (perhaps for लुद् or लुड्)

लुद् A technical term used by Pāṇini to denote the
First or Periphrastic Future or its terminations

लुद् I 1 P (लोडति) To strike, knock down -II
1 Ā (लोडते) 1 To roll on the ground -2 To go,
move -3 To resist, oppose -III 10 U (लोडयति-ते)
To rob, plunder -IV 6 P (लुडति) 1 To roll about,
roll on the ground, wallow, welter, move to and
fro, मणिर्लुडति पदेषु काच शिरसि धार्यते H 2 67, लुडति
न सा हिमकराकिरेण Git 7, हारोऽय हरिणाक्षीणा लुडति स्तन-
मण्डले Amaru 100, गृहे गृहे पश्य तवाङ्गवर्णा सुग्धे सुवर्णावल्लो लुडन्ति
Bv 2 176, Bk 14 54 -2 To agitate, move, stir -3
To touch, पृषदपृषदविषाणाग्रेण लुडति Bhāg 5 8 21

लुठनम् [लुड-ल्युट्] Rolling, wallowing, moving to
and fro

लुठित p p Rolled down, rolling or wallowing on the
ground -तम् The rolling on the ground (of a horse)

लुड् I 1 P (लोडति) To stir, agitate, churn, disturb
-Caus (लोडयति-ते) To stir, churn, agitate (used with
वि in the same sense), कलशमुदधिगुर्वी बल्लवा लोडयन्ति
Śi 11 8, गज पृथुकराकृष्टशतपत्रमलोडयत् 19 69 -II 6 P
(लुडति) 1 To adhere -2 To cover

लुण्द् I 1 P (लुण्ठति) 1 To go -2 To steal, rob,
plunder -3 To be lame or crippled -4 To be idle or
lazy -II 1 P, 10 U (लुण्ठयति-ते) 1 To rob, plunder,
steal; कटक लुण्ठयामास स कृष्णो भास्करात्मज Parṇāl 5 106
-2 To disregard, despise

लुण्ठा 1 Robbing -2 Rolling

लुण्ठाक a (-की f) Stealing (fig. also), robbing,
plundering, तरुणानां हृदयलुण्ठाकीं परिष्वक्कमाणा निवारयति K P
10-569, आ सितशकुनय केय लुण्ठाकता B R 5 -कः 1 A
thief, इतो लुण्ठाकानां समुदय इत कण्टकचय Viś Guṇa. 208
-2 A crow

लुण्ठ 1 P (लुण्ठति) 1 To go, -2 To stir up, agitate,
set in motion -3 To be idle -4 To be lame -5 To
rob, plunder, युध्यन्त शिवसैन्येन लुण्ठिताश्चावकुण्ठिता Śiva
B 29. 44 -6 To resist

लुण्ठकः [लुण्ठ-ल्युट्] A robber, plunderer, thief.

लुण्ठनम् [लुण्ठ-ल्युट्] 1 Plundering, robbing, stealing,
यदस्य देखा इव लुण्ठनाय काव्यार्थचौरा प्रगुणीभवन्ति Vikr 1. 11.
-2 Opposing, obstructing, भक्तप्रियेति भवलुण्ठनकोविदेति
Mukunda-mālā 2

लुण्ठा 1 Robbing, plundering -2 Rolling

लुण्ठाकः 1 A robber -2 A crow

लुण्ठः, -टिः f Plundering, robbing, pillaging

लुण्ठ 10 U (लुण्ठयति-ते) To plunder, rob, pillage

लुण्ठिका 1 A round mass or ball -2 Proper conduct

लुण्डी Proper or becoming conduct

लुण्डीकृत a Rolled up together

लुण्थ 1 P (लुण्थति) 1 To strike, hurt, kill -2 To suffer pain, be afflicted

लुप् 1 4 P (लुप्यति) 1 To confound, perplex -2 To be perplexed or confounded -3 To be suppressed or destroyed -II 6 U (लुम्पति-ते, लुप्त) 1 To break, violate, cut off, destroy, injure, अनुभव वचसा साखि लुम्पसि N 4 105 -2 To take away, deprive of, rob, plunder -3 To seize, pounce upon -4 To elude, suppress, cause to disappear -Pass (लुप्यते) 1 To be broken or violated, be lost, तस्य भागे न लुप्यते Ms 9 211 -2 To be elided or lost, to disappear (in gram) -Caus (लोपयति-ते) 1 To break, violate, infringe, offend against -2 To omit, neglect -3 To cause to swerve from, सत्याद् गुरुमलोपयन् R 12 9 -Desid (लुप्सति, लुलोपिषति), freq लोलुप्यते or लोलोपि

लुप् (in gram) Falling out, suppression

लुप्त p p [लुप्-क] 1 Broken, violated, injured, destroyed -2 Lost, deprived of, सा लुप्तसज्ञा न विवेद दु खम् R 14 56, परिश्रुतनाभि लुप्तत्रिवलि श्यामस्तनाग्रमन्त्रसाक्षि Govardhana-charya -3 Robbed, plundered -4 Dropped, elided, disappeared (in gram) -5 Omitted, neglected -6 Obsolete, disused, out of use, see लुप् -7 Elliptical (as opp to पूर्ण, in Rhet) -सम् Stolen property, booty -Comp -उपमा a mutilated or elliptical simile, e an upamā in which one, two, or even three of the four requisites of a simile are omitted, see K P 10 under उपमा -धर्मक्रिय a excluded or deprived of religious ordinances, नाकन्यासु कचिन्मृगा लुप्तधर्मक्रिया हि ता Ms 8 226 -पद a wanting in words -पिण्डोदकक्रिय a deprived of the funeral rites -प्रतिज्ञ a one who has broken his promise, faithless, perfidious -प्रतिभ a. deprived of reason

लुम् 1 6 P To bewilder, confound, perplex -II 4 P (लुम्भयति, लुम्ब) 1 To covet, long for, desire eagerly (with dat or loc), तथापि रामो लुम्बे मृगाय -2 To allure, entice -3 To be bewildered or perplexed, go astray -Caus (लोम्भयति-ते) 1 To make greedy, cause to long for, produce or excite desire for, प्रप्लवे बहु लोभयन् Bk 5 48 -2 To excite lust -3 To entice, seduce, allure,

सं. इ. को. ..१०२

attract, लोभयमाननयन श्रुत्याशु कैर्मेखलागुणपदैर्नितम्भिभि R 19 26 -4 To derange, disorder, disturb

लुब्ध p p [लुब्-क] 1 Greedy, covetous, avaricious -2 Desirous of, longing for, greedy of, as in वनलुब्ध, मासलुब्ध, गुणलुब्ध &c, तृणते हि विमृश्यकारिण गुणलुब्धा स्वयमेव सपद K1 2 30 -व्यः 1 A hunter -2 A libertine, lecher

लुब्धकः 1 A hunter, fowler, मृगमीनसज्जनाना तृणजल-सतोषविहितरुतीनाम् । लुब्धकधीवरपिशुना निष्कारणवैरिणो जगति ॥ Bh 2 61 -2 A covetous or greedy man -3 A libertine -4 The star Sirius -5 The hinder part, वैशस नाम विषय लुब्धकेन समन्वित Bhāg 4 25 53

लुभित p p Perplexed, disturbed, P VII 2 54

लुम्ब 1 P, 10 U (लुम्बति, लुम्बयति-ते) To torment, harass

लुम्बिका A kind of musical instrument

लुम्बिनी N of a grove and the birthplace of Gau-tama Buddha, सान्त पुरजना देवी कदाचिदथ लुम्बिनी (जगाम) Bu Oh 1 23

लुल 1 P (लोलति, लुलित) 1 To roll, roll about, move to and fro, toss about, लुलितदृष्टि मदादिव चरुखले K1 18 6, Si 3 72, 10. 36 -2 To shake, stir, agitate, make tremulous, disturb -3 To press down, crush, see लुलित below -Caus. (लोलयति-ते) To shake, stir up, अनिलेन लोलितलताङ्गुलये Si 9 4

लुलापः, लुलायः [लुल् घञर्थे क, तमाप्नोति अण्] A buffalo, खुरविधुतधारित्रीचित्रकायो लुलाय, कचित् पञ्चधम लुलायहतक व्याजं वितन्वन् Māhīśāsataka

लुलित p p [लुल् क] 1 Shaken, tossed about, moved to and fro, tremulous, waving, सुरालयप्राप्तिनिमित्तमभ्रैः स्रोतस नौलुलित ववन्दे R 16 34, 59 -2 Disturbed, touched, लुलितमकरन्दो मधुकर् वै Ve 1 1. -3 Disarranged, dishevelled (as hair), शय्यान्तदेशलुलिताकुलकेशपाशा Rs 4 14 -4 Pressed down, crushed, injured, तस्या पुष्पमयी शरीर-लुलिता शय्या शिलायामियम् S 3 25 -5 Pressing on, touching, अनतिलुलितज्याघाताङ्कम् (कनकवलयम्) S 3 12 -6 Fatigued, drooping, unnerved, अलसलुलितमुग्धान्यध्वंसजात-खेदात् (अङ्गकानि) U 1 24, गाढोत्कण्ठा ललितलुलितैरङ्गकैस्ताम्यतीति Māl 1 15, 3 6, 4 2 -7 Elegant, beautiful, वन लुलितपल्लवम् Bk 9 56

लुष् 1 P (लोषति) See लृष्

लुषः The son of a निषाद and a चाणकी.

लुषभः also लुशभ [लृषे अभच् नित् लृश्च Un 3 128] An elephant in rut

लुस्तम् The end of a bow

लुह 1 P (लोहति) To covet, desire or long for, of लुम्

लू 9 U. (लुनाति, लुनीते, लून, *caus* लावयति-ते, *desid* लुलषति-ते) 1 To cut, lop, clip, sever, divide, pluck, reap, gather (flowers &c.), शरासनज्यामलुनाद् बिडौजस R 3 59, 7 5, 12 43, पुरीमवरुन्द लुनीहि नन्दनम् S1 1 51, क्रीडन्ति काकैरिव लूनपक्षै Pt 1 187, Ku 3 61, Bk 9 80 -2 To cut off, destroy completely, annihilate, लोकान-लावीद्विजिताश्च तस्य Bk 2 53 -*With* आ to pluck (gently), तेनामरवधूहस्तै सदयालूनपल्लवा Ku 2 41 -विप्र to cut, lop or pluck off, किसलयमिव मुग्ध बन्धनाद्विप्रलूनम् U 3 5

लूता [लू-तक् Un 3 90] 1 A spider -2 An ant -**Comp** -तन्तुः a cobweb, लूतातन्तुवितानसञ्चतमुखी झिझी चिर रोदिति Sūktu 19 -पट्टः a spider's egg -**मर्कटकः** 1 an ape -2 a kind of jasmine

लूतातः An ant

लूतिका A spider

लून p p [लू-क्त] 1 Cut, lopped, severed, cut off -2 Plucked, gathered (flowers &c). -3 Destroyed -4 Bitten, nibbled at -5 Wounded -नम् A tail -**Comp** -दुष्कृत a one who has destroyed his sins -यवम् ind after barley-harvest -विष a having poison in the tail

लून्नक a Cut, divided -कः 1 A cut, division, wound -2 Sort, species -3 An animal

लूमम् [लू-मक्] A tail -**Comp** -विषः 'having poison in the tail', an animal that stings with its tail

लूलुकः A frog.

लूष I 1 P (लूषति) To adorn, decorate -II 10 U (लूषयति-ते) 1 To hurt, injure -2 To rob, plunder, steal

लूङ् A technical term used by Pāṇini to denote the Conditional Mood or its terminations

लूट् A technical term used by Pāṇini to denote the Second or Simple Future or its terminations

लेखः [लिख्-भावे घञ्] 1 A writing, document, written document (of any kind), a letter, लेखोऽय न ममेति नोत्तर-मिदं मुद्रा मदीया यत Mu 5 18, निर्धारितेऽर्थे लेखेन खल्लुक्त्वा खल्लु बाचिकम् S1 2 70, अनङ्गलेख Ku 1 7, मन्मथलेख S 3 26 -2 A god, deity, ईशा दिशा नल्लुव प्रतिपद्य लेखा N. 13 49, रेखा लेखाभिबन्धा Vispupāda S 11 -3 A scratch, of लेखाकीर्ण (a gem covered with scratches) Kau A 2 11 -**Comp** -अक्षरम् writing (opp आलेख्य) -अधिकारिन् m one in charge of writing letters, the secretary (of a king &c) -अनुजीविन् the servant god, रत्नाकरादिव तुषारमयूखलेखा लेखानुजीविपुरुषा गिरिशोत्तमाङ्गम् (निग्नियरे) N 11 56. -अर्हः a kind of palm tree -ऋषभः N of Indra -पट्टम्, -पत्रम्, -पत्रिका 1 an epistle, a letter, writing in general -2 a deed, document (legal), कृष्णानिकारगणनालेख्यपट्ट स्तनस्थलम् Bm 2 457 -प्रभुः Indra, लब्ध न लेखप्रभुणापि पातु पीत्वा मुखेन्दोरधराभूत ते N 22 118

-संदेशः a written message -हारः, हारिन् m a letter-carrier

लेखकः [लिख्-ण्वल्] 1 A writer, scribe, copyist -2 A painter -कम् Writing down, transcribing -**Comp** -दोषः, -प्रमादः a slip of the scribe, copyist's mistake

लेखन a (-नी f.) [लिख्-ल्यु ल्युट् वा] 1 Writing, painting, scratching &c -2 Exciting, stimulating -नः A kind of reed of which pens are made -नम् 1 Writing, transcribing -2 Scratching, scraping -3 Grazing, touching -4 Attenuating, making thin or emaciated -5 Cutting or making incisions (in surgery) -6 Scripture -7 An instrument for scraping -8 A kind of birch-tree -9 A palm-leaf (for writing upon) -नी 1 A pen, writing-reed, reed-pen, सुरतरुवरशाखा लेखनी पत्रमुर्वी Śivamahimna 32 -2 A spoon -**Comp** -वस्तिः a kind of enema for reducing corpulency -साधनम् writing materials or apparatus

लेखनिकः 1 A letter-carrier -2 One who makes another sign for himself, signing by proxy (being unable to write) -3 A writer, scribe

लेखनीय a 1 To be written, drawn or painted -2 useful for reducing corpulency -यम् An accusation or defence (required to be made in writing)

लेखा [लिख्-अ टाप्] 1 A line, streak, कान्तिर्भुवोरायत-लेखयोर्ग्य Ku 1 47, 7 16, K1 16 2, Me 46, विशुद्धेखा, फेनलेखा, मदलेखा &c -2 A stroke, furrow, row, stripe -3 Writing, drawing lines, delineation, painting, पाणिर्लेखाविविधेषु नितरा वर्तते किं करोमि Māl 1 35 -4 The moon's crescent, a streak of the moon, लब्धोदया चान्द्रमसीव लेखा Ku 1 25, 2 34, K1 5 44 -5 A figure, likeness, an impression, a mark, उषसि सयावकस्यपादलेखा K1 5 40 -6 Hem, border, edge, skirt -7 The crest -**Comp** -वल्यः, -यम् an encircling line -संधिः the point where the eyebrows meet -स्थवृत्त a conforming to prescription, Charaka

लेखायति Den P 1 To sport or dally wantonly -2 To waver, totter

लेखिका A little stroke, K

लेखिन् a Scratching, touching, एतद्दिरेर्मात्यवत पुरस्ता-दाविर्भवत्यम्बरलेखि शुङ्गम् R 13 26

लेखित a Caused to be written, बलाद्यच्चापि लेखितम् Ms 8 168, Y 2 86

लेखिनी 1 A pen -2 A spoon

लेखीलकः A letter-carrier

लेख्य a [लिख्-ण्यत्] To be drawn, written, painted, scratched &c, शैली दास्यमयी लौही लेप्या लेख्या च सैकती । मनोमयी मणिमयी प्रतिमाष्टविधा स्मृता ॥ Bhāg 11 27 12 -स्थम् 1 The art of writing -2 Writing, transcribing, चकार

यत्न इपद सुताया सर्वकर्मसु । ततो लेख्यादिषु तथा शिल्पेषु च परंतप ॥
Mb 5 189 1 -3 A writing, a letter, document, manuscript -5 An inscription -6 Painting, drawing -7 A painted figure -Comp -आरूढ, कृत a committed to writing, done in writing -गत a painted, drawn in picture -चूणिका a paint-brush, writing-pencil -पत्रम्, -पत्रकम् 1 a writing, letter, document -2 a palm-leaf -प्रसंगः a document -स्थानम् a writing place

लेख्यक a. Written, epistolary

लेद् A technical term used by Pāṇini to denote the Vedic Subjunctive Mood or its terminations

लेद्यति Den P 1 To deceive, cheat -2 To be first. -3 To sleep -4 To shine

लेण्डम् Excrement, faeces, पपात लेण्ड विसृजन् क्षितौ व्यसु Bhāg 10 37 7

लेतः, -तम् Tears.

लेप् 1 P (लेपते) 1 To go, move -2 To worship

लेपः [लिप्-घञ्] 1 Smearing, plastering, anointing, भूशुद्धिर्माजनात् सेकादुल्लेखनाल्लेपात् Y 1 188 -2 An unguent, ointment, salve -3 A plaster in general (such as whitewash, mortar &c) -4 The wipings of the hand (or the remnants of the food sticking to the hand), after offering funeral oblations to the first three ancestors (पितृ, पितामह and प्रपितामह), (these wipings being offered to the three ancestors after the great-grand-father, i. e. to paternal ancestors in the 4th, 5th and 6th degrees), लेपभाजश्चतुर्थीया पित्राद्या पिण्डभागिन -5 A spot, stain, defilement, pollution -6 Moral impurity, sin -7 Food -8 Smearing with clay, L D B -Comp. -करः a plaster-maker, white-washer, bricklayer -भागिन, -भुज् m a paternal ancestor in the 4th, 5th and 6th degree, तेषु दर्शेषु त हस्त निमृज्याल्लेपभागिनाम् Ms 3 216.

लेपकः 1 A plasterer, mason, white-washer. -2 One who moulds or models

लेपनः [लिप्-ल्युट्] Incense -नम् 1 Anointing, smearing, plastering, भूशुद्धि गृह मार्जनलेपनात् Y 1 188 -2 A plaster, an ointment -3 Mortar, white-wash -4 Flesh.

लेपिन् a Smearing or covering with, -m A plasterer, bricklayer

लेप्य a 1 To be plastered, smeared &c -2 Moulded, modelled, शैली दारुमयी लोही लेप्या लेख्या च सैकती (प्रतिमाष्ट-विधा) Bhāg 11 27 12 -प्यम् 1 Plastering, smearing. -2 Moulding, modelling, making models -Comp. -कृत् m 1 a model-maker -2 a bricklayer -नारी a moulded figure of a woman -स्त्री a woman covered with unguents or perfumed ointments

लेप्यमयी A doll, puppet

लेयः The sign *Leo* of the zodiac

लेला (used only in instr लेलया) Quivering, shaking

लेलायति -ते Den To quiver, tremble, यदा लेलायते ह्यर्चि समिद्धे हव्यवाहने Munda 1 2 2, उभौ लोकावनुसचरति ध्यायतीव लेलायतीव Bri Up 4 3 7

लेलायमाना One of the seven tongues of fire

लेलि (ली) तकः Sulphur.

लेलिहः 1 A snake or serpent, दास्याद्वो विप्रमुच्येय तथ्य वदत लेलिहा Mb 1 27 15 -2 A kind of worm -हा A certain position of the fingers (सुम्ना)

लेलिहानः 1 A snake or serpent -2 An epithet of Śiva -3 = लेलिहा

लेशः [लिष्-घञ्] 1 A small bit or portion, a particle, an atom, a very small quantity, लेश (√ 1 स्वेद) -लेशैरभिन्नम् S 2 4, अमवारिलेशै Ku 3 38, so भास्त्रि, गुण° &c -2 Smallness, littleness -3 A measure of time (equal to two *kalās*) -4 (In Rhet) A figure of speech which consists in representing what is usually considered as an advantage to be a disadvantage and *vice versa* It is thus defined in R G — गुणस्यानिष्टसाधन-तया दोषत्वेन दोषस्येष्टसाधनतया गुणत्वेन च वर्णन लेश, for examples see *ad loc* (Mammata appears to include this figure under विशेष See K P 10 under विशेष and commentary) cf. Ve, 2 4 -Comp -उक्त a. only suggested, or hinted at, insinuated

लेश्या Light

लेष्टः [लिष्-तुन्] A clod, lump of earth -Comp, -भेदनः an instrument for breaking clods

लेसकः, लेसिकः A rider of an elephant

लेहः [लिह्-घञ्] 1 Licking, sipper, as in मधुनो लेह Bk. 6 82 -2 Tasting -3 A lambative, an electuary -4 Food -5 One of the ten ways in which an eclipse occurs, Bri S -ही A disease of the tips of the ears

लेहनम् Licking, sipping with the tongue.

लेहिनः Borax.

लेह्य a To be licked, to be eaten by licking, to be lapped up -ह्यम् 1 Anything to be eaten by licking (as an article of food), a lambative, nectar -2 Food in general

लेकुची A variety of fibrous garment, Kau A 2 11

लैङ्ग a. Relating to gender

लैङ्गम् N of one of the eighteen Purāṇas -Comp -उद्भवम् (the tale of) the origin of Linga -धूमः an ignorant priest.

लैङ्गिक *a* (-की *f*) [लिङ्ग-उण्] 1 Depending on or relating to a sign or mark -2 Inferred (अनुमित) -कः A maker of images, statuary

लैण् 1 P (लैणति) 1 To go, approach -2 To send -3 To embrace

लैशिकम् (With Buddhists) A particular offence of a monk

लोक I 1 *A* (लोकते, लोकित) To see, view, perceive -II 10 U or *Caus* (लोकयति-ते, लोकित) 1 To look at, behold, view, perceive -2 To know, be aware of -3 To shine -4 To seek

लोकः [लोकयतेऽसौ लोक-घञ्] 1 The world, a division of the universe, (roughly speaking there are three *lokas* स्वर्ग, पृथ्वी and पाताल, but according to fuller classification the *lokas* are fourteen, seven higher regions rising from the earth one above the other, *i e* भूलोक, भुवलोक, स्वर्लोक, महर्लोक, जनर्लोक, तपर्लोक, and सत्यलोक or ब्रह्मलोक, and seven lower regions, descending from the earth one below the other, *i e* अतल, वितल, सुतल, रसातल, तलातल, महातल, and पाताल) -2 The earth, terrestrial world (भूलोक), इह-लोके in this world (opp परत्र) -3 The human race, mankind, men, as in लोकातिग, लोकोत्तर &c q v -4 The people or subjects (opp the king), स्वयंखनिरभिलाष खिद्यसे लोकहेतोः S 5 7, R 4 8 -5 A collection, group, class, company, आकृष्टलीलान् नरलोकपालान् R 6 1, or शशाम तेन सितिपाल-लोक 7 3 -6 A region, tract, district, province -7 Common life, ordinary practice (of the world), लोकवस्तु लीलानैवत्यम् Br Sūt II 1 33, यथा लोके कस्यचिदात्मैषणस्य राज्ञ &c S B (and diverse other places of the same work) -8 Common or worldly usage (opp Vedic usage or idiom), वेदोक्ता वैदिका शब्दा सिद्धा लोकाच्च लौकिका, प्रियतद्धिता दाक्षिणात्या यथा लोके वेदे चेति प्रयोक्तव्ये यथा लौकिक-वैदिकेभ्योऽपि प्रयुज्यते Mbh (and in diverse other places), अतोऽस्मि लोके वेदे च प्रथित पुरुषोत्तम Bg 15 18 -9 Sight, looking -10 The number 'seven', or 'fourteen' -11 Ved Open space, space, room -12 One's own nature (निजस्वरूप), नष्टस्मृति पुनरय प्रवृणीत लोकम् Bhāg 3 31 15 -13 Enlightenment (प्रकाश), इच्छामि कालेन न यस्य विप्लवस्तस्यात्मलोकावरणस्य मोक्षम् Bhāg 8 3 25 -14 Recompense (फल), अमावेव देवेषु लोकमिच्छन्ते Bri Up 1 4 15 -15 An object of enjoyment (भोग्यवस्तु), अथो अय वा आत्मा सर्वेषा भूताना लोक Bri Up 1 4 16 -16 Sight, the faculty of seeing (चक्षुरिन्द्रिय), अमिल्लोक Bri Up 3. 9 10 -17 An object of sense (विषय), उपपर्योपलब्धेषु लोकेषु च समो भव Mb 12 288 11 (In compounds लोक is often translated by 'universally', 'generally', 'popularly', as लोकविज्ञात, so विद्विष्ट). -Comp. -अक्षः space, sky -अतिग *a* extraordinary, supernatural -अतिशय *a* superior to the world, extraordinary -अधिक *a* extraordinary, uncommon, सर्व पण्डितराजराजितिलकेनाकारि लोकाधिकम् Bv 4. 44, K 2 47, -अधिपः 1 *a* king. -2

a god or deity -अधिपतिः a lord of the world -अनुग्रहः prosperity of mankind -अनुरागः 'love of mankind', universal love, general benevolence, philanthropy -अनुवृत्तम् obedience of the people -अन्तरम् 'another world', the next world, future life, लोकान्तरसुख पुण्य तपोदानसमुद्भवम् R 1 69, 6 45, लोकान्तर गम्-प्राप् &c 'to die' -अन्तरित *a* dead -अपवादः public scandal, popular censure, लोकपवादो बलवान् मतो मे R 14 40 -अभि-भाविन् *a* 1 overcoming the world -2 pervading the whole world (as light) -अभिलक्षित *a* generally liked -अभ्युदयः public weal or welfare -अयनः N of Nārāyaṇa -अलोकः N of a mythical mountain that encircles the earth and is situated beyond the sea of fresh water which surrounds the last of the seven continents, beyond लोकालोक there is complete darkness, and to this side of it there is light, it thus divides the visible world from the regions of darkness, प्रकाशश्च-प्रकाशश्च लोकालोक इवाचल R 1 68, लोकालोकव्याहत धर्मराशे शालीन वा धाम नाल प्रसर्तुम् Śi 16 83, Mv 5 10, 45, ऊर्ध्व-मालोकयामासु लोकालोकमिवोच्छ्रितम् Parnā 3 30, (for further explanation see Dr Bhandarkar's note on l 79 of Māl 10th Act) (-कौ) the visible and the invisible world -आकाशः 1 space, sky -2 (with Jains) a worldly region -आचारः common practice, popular or general custom, ways of the world, अपि शास्त्रेषु कुशल लोकाचारविवर्जिता Pt 5 43 -आत्मन् *m* the soul of the universe -आदिः 1 the beginning of the world -2 the creator of the world -आयत *a* atheistical, materialistic (-तः) a materialist, an atheist, a follower of Chārvāka (-तम्) materialism, atheism, (for some account see the first chapter of the Sarvadarśanasamgraha) -आयतिकः an atheist, a materialist, कच्चिन्न लोकायतिकान् ब्राह्मणास्तात सेवसे Rām 2 100 38 -ईशः 1 *a* king (lord of the world) -2 Brahman -3 quick-silver -उक्तिः *f* 1 *a* proverb, popular saying, लोके ख्यातिसुपागतात्र सकले लोकोक्तिरेषा यतो दग्धानां किल बहिना हितकर सेकोऽपि तस्योद्भव Pt 1 371 -2 common talk, public opinion -उत्तर *a* extraordinary, uncommon, unusual, लोकोत्तरा च कृति Bv 1 69, 70, U 2 7 (-रः) *a* king वादिन् *m* pl N of a Buddhist school -उपक्रोशनम् circulating evil reports among the people, असारस्य वाक्सतक्ष्णैर्लोकोपक्रोशने ... अपवाहनम् Dk 2 2 -एकबन्धुः an epithet of Śākyamuni -एषणा 1 desire for heaven, या वितेषणा सा लोकैषणोमे ह्येते एषणे एव भवत Bri Up 3 5 1 -2 desire for the good opinion of the public -कण्टकः 1 *a* troublesome or wicked man, the curse of mankind -2 an epithet of Rāvaṇa, see कण्टक -कथा *a* popular legend, folk-tale -कर्तृ, कृत् *m* the creator of the world -कल्प *a* 1 resembling the world -2 regarded by the world (-रूपः) *a* period or age of the world -कान्त *a* liked by the people, popular, भव पितुरुरूपस्त्व गुणैर्लोककान्तैः V 5 21 (-न्ता) *a* kind of medical herb (Mar सुहृद्वेग) -कारणकारणः an epithet

of Śiva -**क्षित्** *a* inhabiting heaven -**गतिः** *f* actions of men -**गाथा** *a* song handed down among people, folk-song -**वक्षुः** *n* the sun -**चारित्र्यम्** the ways of the world -**जननी** an epithet of Lakṣmī -**जित्** *m* 1 an epithet of Buddha. -2 any conqueror of the world -3 a sage. -*a* winning heaven, तद्वैतलोकजिदेव Bri Up 1 3 28 -**ज्ञा** *a* knowing the world -**ज्येष्ठः** an epithet of Buddha -**तत्त्वम्** knowledge of mankind -**तन्त्रम्** course of the world, निर्मितो लोकतन्त्रोऽयं लोकेषु परिवर्तते Bhāg 12 11 29 -**तुषारः** camphor -**त्रयम्**, -**त्रयी** the three worlds taken collectively, उत्खात-लोकत्रयकण्टकेऽपि R 14 73 -**दम्भक** *a* cheating mankind, Ms 4 195 -**द्वारम्** the gate of heaven -**धर्मः** 1 *a* worldly matter -2 (with Buddhists) worldly condition -**धातुः** *a* particular division of the world (जम्बु-द्वीप) -**धातृ** *m* an epithet of Śiva -**धारिणी** *N* of the earth -**नाथः** 1 Brahman -2 Viṣṇu -3 Śiva -4 *a* king, sovereign -5 *a* Buddha -6 the sun -**नेतृ** *m* an epithet of Śiva -**पः**, -**पालः** 1 *a* regent or guardian of a quarter of the world, ललिताभिनय तमय भर्ता मरुतां द्रष्टुमना सलोकपाल V 2 18, R 2 75, 12 89, 17 78, (the *lokapalas* are eight, see अष्टदिक्पाल) -2 *a* king, sovereign -**पक्षिः** *f* esteem of mankind, general respectability -**पतिः** 1 an epithet of Brahman -2 of Viṣṇu -3 *a* king, sovereign -**पथः**, -**पद्धतिः** *f* the general or usual way, the universally accepted way -**परोक्ष** *a* hidden from the world -**पितामहः** an epithet of Brahman -**प्रकाशनः** the sun -**प्रत्ययः** universal prevalence -**प्रवादः** general rumour, current report, popular talk -**प्रसिद्ध** *a* well-known, universally known -**बन्धुः**, -**बान्धवः** 1 the sun -2 Śiva -**बाह्य**, -**बाह्य** 1 excluded from society, excommunicated -2 differing from the world, eccentric, singular, उन्मादवन्वृत्तिर्यति लोकबाह्य Bhāg 11 2 40 (-**ह्यः**) an outcast -**भर्तृ** *a* supporter of the people -**भावन**, -**भाविन्** *a* promoting the welfare of the world -**मर्यादा** an established or current custom -**मातृ** *f* an epithet of Lakṣmī -**मार्गः** an established custom -**यज्ञः** desire for the good opinion of the people (लोकैषणा), Mb. 10 18 5 (com लोकयज्ञो लोकैषणा सर्वो मा साधुमेव जानात्विति वासनारूप) -**यात्रा** 1 worldly affairs, the course of worldly life, business of the world, तस्माल्लोकयात्रार्थी नित्यमुद्यत-दण्ड स्यात् Kau A 1 4, Mb 3 150 31, Dk 2 8; एव किलिय लोकयात्रा Mv 7, यावदय ससारस्तावत् प्रसिद्धैवेय लोकयात्रा Ve 3 -2 *a* popular usage or custom, एषोदिता लोकयात्रा नित्यं ब्रीहिसयो शुभा Ms 9 25 -3 worldly existence, career in life, Māl 4, 6 -4 support of life, maintenance -**रक्षः** *a* king, sovereign -**रञ्जनम्** pleasing the world, popularity -**रवः** popular talk or report -**रावण** *a* tormentor of the people, रावण लोकरावणम् Rām 3 33 1, Mb 3 148 12 -**लेखः** 1 *a* public document -2 an ordinary letter -**लोचनम्** the sun -**वचनम्** *a* popular rumour or report. -**वर्तनम्** the means by which the

world subsists -**वादः** public rumour, common talk, popular report, मा लोकवादश्रवणादहासी R 14 61 -**वार्ता** popular report, public rumour, कश्चिदक्षयूतं कलासु कवित्वेषु लोकवार्तासु चातिवैचक्षण्यान्मया समसृज्यत Dk 2 2 -**विद्विष्ट** *a* disliked by men, generally or universally disliked -**विधिः** 1 *a* mode of proceeding prevalent in the world -2 the creator of the world -**विनायकाः** *a* class of deities presiding over diseases -**विभ्रमः** see लोकव्यवहार, हृष्यतनुर्विस्मृतलोकविभ्रम Bhāg 10 71 26 -**विरुद्ध** *a* opposed to public opinion, यद्यपि शुद्ध लोकविरुद्धं नाकरणीयम् नाचरणीयम् -**विश्रुत** *a* farfamed, universally known, famous, renowned -**विश्रुतिः** *f* 1 world-wide fame -2 unfounded rumour, mere report -**विसर्गः** 1 the end of the world, Mb -2 the creation of the world, Bhāg -**वृत्तम्** 1 the way of the world, *a* custom prevalent in the world, लोकवृत्तमनुष्ठेय कृतं वो बाष्पमोक्षणम् Rām 4 25 3 -2 an idle talk or gossip, न लोकवृत्तं वर्तेत वृत्तिहेतो कथञ्चन Ms 4 11 -**वृत्तान्तः**, -**व्यवहारः** 1 the course or ways of the world, general custom, S 5 -2 course of events -**व्यवहार** *a* commonly used, universally current -**व्रतम्** general practice or way of the world -**श्रुतिः** *f* 1 *a* popular report -2 world-wide fame -**संश्रुतिः** *f* 1 fate, destiny -2 course through the world -**संकरः** general confusion in the world -**संग्रहः** 1 the whole universe -2 the welfare of the world, लोकसंग्रहमेवापि सपश्यन् कर्तुमर्हसि Bg 3 20 -3 worldly experience -4 proptiation of mankind -**संपन्न** *a* possessed of worldly wisdom -**संवाद्यः** *a* the song of men, going and coming, इतरतः प्रवेशनिर्गमप्रवृत्तलोकसंवाद्यम् Dk 2 3 -**साक्षिक** *a* 1 having the world as a witness, in the face of the world, प्रत्यक्ष फलमश्नन्ति कर्मणा लोकसाक्षिकम् Mb 3 32 6 -2 attested by witnesses -**साक्षिन्** *m* 1 an epithet of Brahman -2 fire -**साधक** *a* creating worlds -**साधारण** *a* common (as a topic), Dk -**सिद्ध** *a* 1 current among the people, usual, customary -2 generally received or accepted -**सीमातिवर्तिन्** *a* extraordinary, supernatural -**सुन्दर** *a* generally admired -**स्थलम्** common occurrence -**स्थितिः** *f* 1 existence or conduct of the universe, worldly existence, the stability or permanence of the world, ये चैव पुरुषा कलासु कुशलस्तेष्वेव लोकस्थिति Bh 2 22 -2 *a* universal law -**हास्य** *a* world-derided, the butt of general ridicule -**हित** *a* beneficial to mankind or to the world (-**तम्**) general welfare

लोकनम् Looking at, seeing, beholding &c

लोकसात् *ind* For the sake of the public

लोकपूण *a* Filling or pervading the world, लोकपूणैः परिपूरितस्य काश्मीरजस्य कटुतापि नितान्तरम्या Bv 1 71

लोक्य *a* 1 World-wide -2 Usual, customary -3 Right, real -4 Heavenly -5 Granting free space -6 Conducive to the attainment of a better world, यज्वान पुत्रिणो लोक्या कृतकृत्यास्तनुत्यज Mb. 7 17. 24,

Bhāg 3 14 36 -7 = लोकजित्, तस्मात् पुत्रमनुशिष्टं लोक्यमाहु
Bri Up 1 5 17

लोगः A clod, lump of earth

लोच I 1 A (लोचते) To see, view, perceive, observe
-II 10 U or -Caus (लोचयति-ते) To cause to see
-III 10 U (लोचयति-ते) 1 To speak -2 To shine

लोचम् Tears -Comp. -मर्कटः, -मस्तकः cock's comb
(Mar मोरशेंडा)

लोचकः [लोचन्] 1 A stupid person -2 The pupil
of the eye -3 Lamp-black, collyrium, 'लोचको मासपिण्डे
स्यादक्षितारे च कज्जले' इति विश्व, Si 4 35 -4 A kind of
ear-ring -5 A dark or blue garment -6 A bow
string -7 A particular ornament worn by women on
the forehead -8 A lump of flesh -9 The slough of
a snake -10 A wrinkled skin -11 The wrinkled brow
-12 A plantain tree

लोचन a (-नी f) 1 Illuminating, brightening -2
Visible -नम् [लोचयतेऽनेन लोच-करणे ल्युट्] 1 Seeing, sight,
viewing -2 The eye, शेषान् मासान् गमय चतुरो लोचने
मीलयित्वा Me 112 -Comp -अञ्जलः a corner of the eye
-आपातः a glance -आवरणम् an eyelid -गोचरः, -पथः,
-मार्गः the range of sight, sphere of vision -परुष a
hideous in appearance, लोचनपरुष कमपि पुरुष ददर्श Dk
1 2 -हिता blue vitriol

लोचमालकः A dream before midnight

लोचिका A thin bread of wheaten flour fried in
clarified butter

लोद् 1 P (लोदति) To be mad or foolish, see लोड्

लोद् A technical term used by Pāṇini to denote the
Imperative Mood or its terminations

लोढनम् Rolling, wallowing

लोढना Persuasive speech, complaisance

लोढा, लोटिका Sorrel

लोढल a (लोड् उल्लृ Un 5 8) Rolling

लोढः Rolling on the ground, wallowing

लोढनम् Wagging of the head

लोड् 1 P (लोडति) 1 To be foolish or mad -2 (pass)
To be confounded, perplexed, सा वध्यमाना समरे पुत्रस्य तव
वाहिनी । लोडयते रथिभिः श्रेष्ठैस्तत्र तत्रैव भारत ॥ Mb 6 111 58

लोडनम् Disturbing, agitating, shaking about

लोण See लवण

लोणकम् Salt

लोणा-णी, लोणास्त्रा Oxalis Pusilla (Mar घोळ, आबोती)

लोणारः A kind of salt

लोटः [लृ-तन् Un. 3 87] 1 Tears -2 A mark, sign,
token -तम् 1 Booty -2 Salt

लोत्रम् [लृ-घ्नन्] Stolen property, booty, लोत्रेण (or
लोत्रेण) गृहीतस्य कुम्भीलकस्यास्ति वा प्रतिवचनम् V 2

लोधः, लोधः (रुणद्धि औष्ण्यम् रुध्-रन् Un 2 27) N
of a tree with red or white flowers, Symplocos Race-
mosa, लोधद्रुम सानुमत प्रफुल्लम् R 2 29, मुखेन सालक्ष्यत लोध-
पाण्डुना 3 2, Ku 7 9

लोपः [लृप्-भावे घञ्] 1 Taking away, deprivation,
robbing, plundering -2 Loss, destruction -3 Abol-
ition, cancellation, annulment (of customs), disappear-
ance, disuse -4 Violation, transgression, धर्मलोपमयात्
R 1 76 -5 Want, failure, absence, सोऽहमिज्याविशुद्धात्मा
प्रजालोपनिमीलित R 1 68 -6 Omission, dropping, तद्वद्
धर्मस्य लोपे स्यात् K P 10 -7 Elision, dropping (in
gram), अदर्शनं लोप P I 1 60 -8 Being perplexed or
confounded -9 Breaking, fracture -Comp -आपत्तिः
the being cut off or dropped

लोपनम् [लृप्-स्युट्] 1 Violation, transgression -2
Omission, dropping

लोपा, लोपामुद्रा N of a daughter of the king of
Vidarbha and wife of the sage Agastya [She is said
to have been formed by the sage himself from the
most beautiful parts of different animals so as to have
a wife after his own heart, and then secretly intro-
duced into the palace of the king of Vidarbha where
she grew up as his daughter She was afterwards
married by Agastya He was asked by her to acquire
immense riches before he thought of having any con-
nection with her The sage accordingly first went to
king Śrutarvan, and from him to several other persons
till he went to the rich demon Ilvala and, having
conquered him, got immense wealth from him and
satisfied his wife]

लोपा, लोपायिका A kind of bird

लोपाकः, लोपापकः A kind of jackal

लोपाशः, लोपाशकः A jackal, fox

लोपिका A kind of sweetmeat

लोपिन a 1 Injuring, harming -2 Subject to elision

लोप्त्रम् [लृप्-त्रन् Un 4 172] A stolen property
See लोत्रम्

लोभः [लृभ्-भावे घञ्] 1 Covetousness, avarice, greed,
cupidity, लोभश्चेदगुणेन किम् Bh 2 55, परवितादिक दष्ट्वा नेतुं
यो हृदि जायते । अभिलाषो द्विजश्रेष्ठ स लोभः परिकीर्तितः Padma
P -2 Desire for, longing after (with gen or in comp),
कङ्कणस्य तु लोभेन H 1.5, आननस्पर्शलोभात् Me 105 -3
Avarice personified (one of the six enemies of man)
-4 Perplexity, confusion -Comp -अन्वित a covetous,

greedy, avaricious -अभिपातिन् *a* rushing greedily
-आत्मन् *a* greedy-minded, avaricious -मोहित *a*
beguiled by avarice -विरहः absence of avarice, H 1

लोभन *a* (-नी *f*) Alluring, enticing -नम् [लुप्-
ल्युट्] 1 Allurement, temptation, seduction, enticement
-2 Gold

लोभनीय, लोभ्य *a* Enticing, alluring, attractive,
कुसुममिव लोभनीय यौवनमङ्गेषु सनद्धम् S 1 21, 6 19

लोभित *p p* Allured, attracted, enticed, seduced

लोभिन् *a* (At the end of comp) 1 Greedy or de-
sireous of, longing for, eager after -2 Alluring, attrac-
tating, enticing

लोमः 1 A tail -2 The hair on the body

लोमकिन् *m* A bird

लोमटकः A fox

लोमन् *n* [ल-मनिन् Un 4 164] 1 The hair on the
body of men or animals, see रोमन् -Comp -अञ्चः =
1 रोमाञ्च q v -2 wool, down -3 a tail -अद्ः a species
of parasitic worm -आलिः, -ली, -आवलिः, -ली, -राजिः
f a line of hair from the breast to the navel, see
रोमावली &c -कर्णः a hare -कीट a louse -कूपः, -गर्तः,
-रन्ध्रम्, विचरम् a pore of the skin -झम् morbid
baldness -पादः N of a king of the Angas, अपत्यकृतिका
राज्ञे लोमपादाय या ददौ U 1 4 (v 1) -मणिः an amulet
made of hair -वाहिन् *a* 1 feathered, अच्छिन्नच्छरवर्षेण
महता लोमवाहिना Mb 1 102 27 -2 hairy -3 sharp
-विष *a* with poison in hair (as tiger and other crea-
tures) -शातनम् depilatory (removing the hair of the
body) -सहर्षण *a* thrilling, causing horriplation
-सारः an emerald -हर्ष, -हर्षण, -हर्षिन् see रोमहर्ष &c
-हृत् *m* yellow orpiment -हारिन् 1 see लोमवाहिन् -2
gathering all in order (अनुलोमसप्रही), Mb 1 140 89

लोमक See लोमन्, तस्मादेतदुभयमलोमकम् Bri Up 1 4 6.

लोमश *a* [लोमानि बाहुल्येन सन्त्यस्य श] 1 Hairy, wool-
ly, shaggy -2 Woollen -3 Containing hair -4
Consisting in sheep (as property) -5 Overgrown with
grass -शः A sheep, ram, धान्यं हृत्वा तु पुरुषो लोमश
सप्रजायते -शा 1 A fox -2 A female jackal -3 An
ape -4 Green vitriol -Comp -कर्णः a species of
animal living in holes -पुष्पकः the Śrīśa tree
-मार्जारः the civet-cat

लोमश्यम् 1 Hairiness, woolliness -2 Roughness.

लोमाशः A jackal

लोमाशिका The female of the jackal or fox

लोल *a* [लोह्-अच् ङस्य ल, लृच् घञ् वा] 1 Shaking, rol-
ling, tremulous, moving to and fro, quivering, dang-
ling, trembling, flowing, waving (as locks of hair),

परिस्फुरलोलशिखाग्रजिह्वं जगज्जिघत्सन्तमिवान्तवाहिम् K1 3 20, लोला-
शुकस्य पवनाकुलिताशुकान्तम् Ve 2 22, ततस्ततः प्रेरितलोललोचना
S 1 23, लोलापाङ्गैः लोचनैः Me 27, R 18 43 -2 Agitated,
disturbed, restless, uneasy -3 Fickle, inconstant,
changing, unsteady, येन श्रियः सश्रयदोषरूढः स्वभावलोलेत्ययशः
प्रमृष्टम् R 6 41, so Ku 1 43 -4 Frail, transient,
कः बत हरिणकानां जीवितं चातिलोल्मम् S 1 10 -5 Longing or
anxious for, eager for, eagerly desirous of (mostly in
comp), अग्रे लोल करिकलमको यः पुरा पोषितोऽभूत् U 3 6,
हस्तं कम्पवती रुणाद्धि रशनाव्यापारलोलाङ्गुलिम् M 4 14, कर्णे
लोल कथयितुमभूदाननस्पर्शलोभात् Me 105, S1 1 61, 8 46,
10 66, K1 4 20, 16 16, Me 63, R 7 23, 9 87,
16 54, 61 -6 Greedy, lustful -ला 1 N of Laksmī
-2 Lightning -3 The tongue -ली (In music) A kind
of composition -Comp -अक्षि *n* a rolling eye -अक्षिका
a woman with rolling eyes -कर्ण *a* listening to every
body -जिह्व *a* with a rolling or restless tongue,
greedy -लोल *a* excessively tremulous, ever restless

लोलता 1 Fickleness, restlessness -2 Cupidity, eager
desire

लोलम्बः A large black bee

लोलिका A kind of sorrel

लोलित *p p* Shaken, tremulous.

लोळप *a* [लुप् यङ् अच् पृषो० भस्य प] 1 Very eager
or desirous, ardently longing for, greedy of, अभिनव-
मधुलोळपस्त्व तथा परितुल्यं द्यूतमञ्जरीं कमलवसतिमात्रनिर्दोतो मधुकर
विस्मृतोऽस्येना कथम् S 5 1; मिथस्त्वदाभाषणलोळप मनः S1 1 40,
R 19 24. -2 Very destructive, destroying (Ved)
-पा Ardent longing, eager or earnest desire, eagerness,
यस्मादभोज्यमन्नं मे ददाति स तृपाधमः । तस्मात्तस्यैव मूढस्य भविष्यत्यन्न
लोळपा Mb 1 176 35

लोळुभ *a* Ardently desirous, covetous, see लोळप

लोष्ट 1 Ā (लोष्टे) To heap up, accumulate

लोष्टः, -ष्टम् [लुप्-तन् Un 3 98] A clod, a lump of
earth, परद्रव्येषु लोष्टवत् यः पश्यति स पश्यति, समलोष्टकाश्चन
R 8 21, स लोष्टघातं हतं Mu 2 -ष्टम् Rust of iron.
-Comp -गुटिका a pellet of clay -घातः a blow with
clod -झः, -भेदनः, -नम् an instrument for breaking
clods, a harrow

लोष्टकः 1 A clod -2 A spot -3 A particular object
serving as a mark

लोष्टायते Den Ā. To be quite valueless

लोष्टः A clod, lump of earth.

लोह *a* 1 Red, reddish -2 Made of copper, coppery
-3 Made of iron, अमृतश्च वराहस्य लोहस्य प्रमुखे समम् Mb 1
135 23 -हः, -हम् 1 Copper -2 Iron -3 Steel -4
Any metal, वस्तुन्योषधयः स्नेहा रसलोहमृदो जलम् Bhāg 2
6. 24 -5 Gold, यथा सोम्यैकेन लोहमणिना Ch. Up. 6 1. 5.

-8 Blood -7 A weapon, अद्भ्योऽभिर्ब्रह्म क्षत्रमश्मनो लोह-
सुथितम् Ms 9 321 -8 A fish-hook -हः The red goat,
कालशाक महाशल्का खड्गलोहामिष मधु Ms 3 272 -हम् Aloe-
wood -Comp -अग्रम् the iron point (फल) of an ar-
row, सितलोहाग्रनख खमाससाद K1 13 25 -अजः the red
goat -अमिसारः, -अमिहारः N of a military ceremony
resembling नीराजन q v, लोहामिसारो निर्वृत्त कुक्षेत्रमर्द्धम्
Mb 5 160 93 -आख्यम् agallochum -आमिषः the
flesh of the red-haired goat -उच्छिष्टम्, -उत्थम्,
-किष्टम्, -निर्यासम्, -मलम् rust of iron (मण्डर)
-उत्तमम् gold -कान्तः a loadstone, magnet -कारः a
blacksmith -कुम्भी an iron boiler, लोहकुम्भीश्च तैलस्य
काथ्यमाना समन्तत Mb 18 2 24 -घातकः a blacksmith
-चर्मवत् a covered with plates of iron or metal, लोह-
चर्मवती चापि साभि सगुह्युज्जिका Mb 3 15 8 -चारकः,
-दारक N of a hell, असिपत्रवन चैव लोहदारकमेव च Ms 4
90 -चूर्णम् iron-filings, rust of iron -जम् 1 bell-metal.
-2 iron-filings -जालम् a coat of mail -जित् m a
diamond -द्राविन् m borax -नालः an iron arrow
-पृष्ठः a heron -प्रतिमा 1 an anvil -2 an iron image
-बद्ध a tapped or studded with iron -माणिः an ingot
of gold, यथा सोम्यैकेन लोहमणिना Oh Up 6 1 5 -मात्रः a
spear -मारक a calumny a metal -मुक्तिका red
pearl -रजस् n rust of iron -राजकम् silver -लिङ्गम्
a bowl filled with blood -वरम् gold -वर्मन् n iron-
armour, mail -शङ्कुः 1 an iron spike -2 N of a
hall, लोहशङ्कुमृजीष च पन्थान शाल्मली नदीम् Ms 4 90
-शुद्धिकरः, -श्लेषणः borax -संकरम् blue steel

लोहल a [लोहमिव लति ल-क] 1 Made of iron -2
Speaking indistinctly, lispng, मेधाविनमलोहलम् Siva
B 9 71

लोहिका 1 An iron vessel

लोहित a (-लोहिता or लोहिनी f) [६ह-इतन् रस्य ल
Un 3 95] 1 Red, red-coloured, सस्तासावतिमात्रलोहितलौ
बाहु घटोक्षेपणात् S 1 29, Ku 3 29, सुहृत्स्वल्पल्लवलोहिनीभि-
स्त्वै शिखाभि शिखिनोऽवलीढा K1 16 53, शुक्रानि कृष्णान्यथ
लोहितानि Bhāg 11 23 44 (लोहित is attributed to राजस)
-2 Copper, made of copper -तः 1 The red colour -2
The planet Mars -3 A serpent -4 A kind of deer
-5 N of the river Brahmaputra -6 A kind of rice
-7 A particular disease of the eyelids -8 A kind of
precious stone -ता N of one of the seven tongues of
fire -तम् 1 Copper -2 Blood, अप्सु लोहित च रेतश्च निधीयते
Bri Up 3 2 13, त्वग्मेदक शत दण्डयो लोहितस्य च दर्शक
Ms 8 284 -3 Saffron -4 Battle -5 Red sanders
-6 A kind of sandal, तौ लोहितस्य प्रियदर्शनस्य सदाचितावुत्तम-
चन्दनस्य Rām 3 63 8 -7 An imperfect form of a
rainbow -8 A kind of agallochum -Comp -अक्षः 1 a
red die -2 a kind of snake -3 the (Indian) cuckoo
-4 an epithet of Viṣṇu (-क्षम्) 1 the armpit, thigh-joint,
hip -अङ्गः 1 the काम्पिल tree -2 the planet Mars, ब्रह्मराशि
समावृत्य लोहिताग्नी व्यवास्थित Mb. 6 3. 18 -अयस् n cop-

per -अर्मन् n a red swelling in the whites of the eyes
-अशोकः a variety of *Asoka* (having red flowers)
-अश्वः fire -आननः an ichneumon -आर्द्र a drip-
ping with blood -ईक्षण a red eyed -उद a having red
or blood-red water -कल्माष a red spotted -कृष्ण a
dark-red -क्षयः loss of blood -ग्रीवः an epithet of
Agni -चन्दनम् saffron -पित्तिन् subject to hemor-
rhage -पुष्पकः the granate tree -मुक्तिका red chalk
-शतपत्रम् a red lotus-flower -शवल a dappled with
red -स्मृतिः N of a law-book

लोहितक a (-तिका f) Red -कः 1 A ruby, लयनेषु
लोहितकनिर्मिता भुव Si 13 52 -2 The planet Mars -3
A kind of rice -कम् 1 Bell metal -2 Calx of brass.

लोहितति Den P To become red, redden, so
लोहितायति

लोहितिमन् m Redness

लोहित्यः 1 A kind of rice -2 N of the river Brah-
maputra, see लौहित्य

लोहिनी A woman with a red-coloured skin, सुहृत्स्वल्-
पल्लवलोहिनीभि K1 16 53

लोह्यम् Brass

लौकायतिकः A follower of Chārvāka, an atheist, a
materialist

लाकक a (-की f) [लोके विदितं प्रसिद्धो हितो वा ठ्ठ] 1
Worldly, mundane, terrestrial, earthly -2 General,
common, usual, ordinary, vulgar, लौकिकाना हि साधूनामर्थ
वागनुवर्तते U 1 10 -3 Of every-day life, generally ac-
cepted, popular, customary, जायापती लौकिकमेषणीयमाद्वा-
क्षतारोपणमन्वभूताम् Ku 7 88 -4 Temporal, secular (opp
आर्ष or शास्त्रीय), न पैतृयज्ञियो होमो लौकिकेऽग्नौ विधीयते Ms 3
282 -5 Not sacred, profane (as a word or its sense);
वाक्य द्विविध वैदिक लौकिक च T S, (see Mbh quoted under
लोक 8) -6 Belonging to the world of, as in ब्रह्मलौकिक.
-काः (pl) 1 Ordinary men, men of the world -2 The
human race, mankind -कम् Any general or worldly
custom -Comp -अग्निः fire not sanctified by rituals.
-ज्ञ a knowing the ways of the world, acquainted
with worldly customs, वनौकसोऽपि सन्तो लौकिकज्ञा वयम्
S 4 -न्यायः a general rule or maxim

लौक्य a 1 Worldly, terrestrial, mundane, human.
-2 Common, ordinary, usual

लौह 1 P (लौहति) To be foolish or mad

लौल्यम् [लोलस्य भाव ष्यञ्] 1 Fickleness, unsteadiness,
inconstancy -2 Eagerness, eager desire, greediness,
lustfulness, excessive passion or desire, प्रीतस्तऽहमलौल्येन
भक्त्या तव च सत्तम Mb 3 201 26, जिह्वालौल्यत् Pt 1, R.
7 61, 16. 76, 18 31

लौह *a* (-ही *f*) [लोहमेव लोहस्य विकार अण्] 1 Made of iron, iron -2 Coppery -3 Metallic -4 Copper-coloured, red -हम् 1 Iron, लौहभारसहसेण निर्मिता निरकारि मे Bk 15 54 -2 Meat of a red goat, कालशाक च लौह चाप्यान्त्य छाग उच्यते Mb 13 88 10 -ही A kettle, ददृशुर्विस्मिता-स्तत्र नरा लौही सहस्रत्रय Rām 2 91 68 -Comp -आत्मन् *m*, -भूः *f* a boiler, kettle, caldron -कारः a blacksmith -जम् rust of iron -बन्धः, -न्धम् an iron fetter, irons -भाण्डम् an iron vessel -मलम् rust of iron -शास्त्रम् the science of treating metals -शङ्कुः an iron spike

लौहितः The trident of Śiva

लौहितिक *a* Reddish

लौहित्यः [लौहितस्य भाव व्यञ्ज स्वार्थे व्यञ्ज वा] *N* of a river, the Brahmaputra, चकम्पे तीर्णलौहित्ये तस्मिन् प्राग्-ज्योतिषेश्वर R 4 81 (where Malli says - तीर्णा लौहित्या नाम नदी येन but quotes no authority) -त्यम् Redness

लपी, लयी 9 P (तिपनाति, लियेति) To join, unite, be mixed with

ल्युद् (In gram) *N* of the Kṛt affix अन

ल्वी 9 P (ल्विनाति) To go, move, approach

ल्वीन *a* Gone

व

व *a* Powerful, strong -वः 1 Air, wind -2 The arm -3 *N* of Varuna -4 Concubination -5 Ad-dressing -6 Auspiciousness -7 Residence, dwelling -8 The ocean -9 A tiger -10 Cloth -11 Reverence -12 *N* of Rāhu -13 The residence of Varuna -14 the esculent root of the water lily -वम् *N* of Varuna (Medini) -न्द Lake, as, as in मणी वोद्वस्य लम्बते प्रियौ वत्सरो मम Sk (where the word may be व or वा), Mb 12 177 12 (com वाशब्द इवार्थे)

वंशः [वमति उद्गिरति वम्-श तस्य नेवम् Un 4 116] 1 A bamboo, वनुर्वशविशुद्धोऽपि निर्गुण किं करिष्यति H Pr 23, वशभवो गुणवानपि सगविशेषेण पूज्यते पुरुष Bv 1 80 (where वश has sense 2 also), Me 81 -2 A race, family, dynasty, lineage, स जातो येन जातेन याति वश समुन्नतिम् H 2, सूर्यप्रभवे वश R 1 2 &c, see वशकर, वशस्थिति &c -3 A shaft -4 A flute, pipe, reed-pipe, कूजद्विरापादितवशकृत्यम् R 2 12 -5 A collection, assem- blage, multitude (usually of similar things), सान्नीकृत स्यन्दनवशचक्रे R 7 39 -6 A cross-beam, यदस्थिभिर्निर्मित-वंशवरयस्थूणं त्वचा रोमनलैः पिनद्धम् Bhāg 11 8 33 -7 A joint (in a bamboo) -8 A sort of sugar-cane -9 The back-bone -10 The Śāla tree -11 A particular measure of length (equal to ten hastas) -12 The central projecting part of a sabre -13 Bamboo-manna -14 Offspring -15 A son -16 A particular musical note -17 Pride, arrogance -Comp -अग्रम्, -अङ्कुरः 1 the tip or end of a bamboo-cane -2 the shoot of a bamboo -अनुकीर्तनम् genealogy -अनुक्रमः genealogy -अनुचरितम् the history of a dynasty or family -आगत *a* inherited -आवली *a* pedigree, genealogy -आहः bamboo-manna -कठिनः a thicket of bamboos -कर्फम् cottony seeds floating in the air -कर *a* 1 founding a family -2 perpetuating a race, वशस्थिति

स. इ. को. १०३

वशकरेण तेन R 18 31, न चक्रतुर्वशकरावृषी तौ Bu Oh 1 47 (-रः) 1 a son, त्वयि समुत्पन्नस्य वशकरस्य मुखं प्रेक्षिष्यते V 5 -2 an ancestor -कर्पूररोचना, -रोचना, -लोचना bam- boo-manna -कर्मन् *n* bamboo-work कृत् *a* bamboo- worker -कीर्ति *a* celebrated -कृत् *m* the founder or perpetuator of a family -कृत्यम् flute-playing -क्रमः family succession -क्षयः family decay -क्षीरी bam- boo manna -घटिका *a* kind of children's game, Buddh -चरितम् the history of a family -चर्मकृत् *a* worker in bamboo and leather, Rām 2 80 3 -चिन्तकः *a* ge- nealogist -छेत् *a* the last of a family -ज *a* 1 born in the family of, तस्य दाक्षिण्यरुदेन नाम्ना मगधवशजा R 1 31 -2 made of bamboos -3 sprung from a good family (-जः) 1 progeny, issue, lineal descendant -2 the seed of the bamboo (-जम्) bamboo-manna (-जा) bamboo- manna, वशजा बृहणी वृष्या बल्या स्वाद्री च शीतला Bhāva P -तण्डुलः the seed of the bamboo -धर *a* 1 perpetua- ting a family, अन्तर्जले प्रसूतासि रघुवशवरो सुतौ U 7 3 -2 supporting a family. (-रः) 1 the continuer of a family -2 a descendant -धान्यम् = वशतण्डुल q v -नर्तिन् *m* a buffoon -नाडि (ली) का *a* pipe made of bamboo -नाथः the chief or head of a race -नेत्रम् the root of sugar- cane -पत्रम् *a* bamboo-leaf (-त्रः) a reed पतितम् *N* of a kind of metre of seventeen syllables, दिङ्मुनिवशपत्रपतित भरनमनलैः Ohand M -पत्रकः 1 a reed. -2 a white kind of sugar-cane (-कम्) yellow orpiment -परंपरा lineal descent, family succession. -पात्रम् *a* bamboo- vessel -पूरकम् the root of sugarcane -बाह्य *a* repudi- ated by a family -ब्राह्मणम् 1 *N* of a Brāhmana (be- longing to the Sāma-veda) -भृत् *m* the supporter or head of a family -भोज्य *a* hereditary (-ज्यम्) a here- ditary estate -राजः *a* very high bamboo -लक्ष्मीः *f* the fortune of a family -लून *a* alone in the world -वनम् *a* bamboo-forest, राजा वशवनस्येव दह्यमानस्य पर्वते

Mb 7 154 24 -वर्धनः a son -विततिः f 1 a family, descent -2 a thicket of bamboos -विस्तरः a complete genealogy -शर्करा bamboo-manna -शलाका a small bamboo peg at the lower end of a Viṇā -संपत् high birth and wealth, noble descent, Dk 1 4 -स्तनितम्, -स्थविलम् N of a metre of twelve syllables, वदन्ति वशस्थविलम् जतौ जरौ Chand M -स्थितिः f the perpetuation of a family, वशस्थितिं वशकरेण तेन सभाव्य भावी स सखा मघोन R 18 31, किं सुन्दरि प्रवृत्तासि ममोपपन्ने वशस्थितेरधिगमान्महति प्रमोदे V 5 15

वंशकः 1 A kind of sugarcane -2 The joint in a bamboo -3 A kind of fish -कम् Aloe-wood

वंशिक a Lineal, genealogical -कम् Aloe-wood

वंशिका 1 A kind of flute -2 Aloe-wood

वंशी 1 A flute, pipe, न वशीमज्ञासीद् भुवि कसरोजाद्विगलिताम् H D 108, कसरिपोर्व्यपोहतु स वोऽश्रेयासि वशीरव Git 9 -2 A vein or artery -3 Bamboo-manna -4 A particular weight -Comp -घरः, -घारिन् m 1 an epithet of Kṛiṣṇa -2 any flute-player or piper

वंश्य a [वंशे भव यत्] 1 Relating to the main beam -2 Connected with the spine -3 Belonging to a family -4 Of a good family, born in a good family -5 Lineal, genealogical -दयः 1 A descendant, posterity (pl), इतरेऽपि रघोर्वदया R 15 35 -2 A forefather, an ancestor, नूनं मत्त पर वंश्या पिण्डविच्छेददर्शिन् R 1 66 -3 Any member of a family -4 A cross-beam, joist, यदस्थिभिर्निर्मितवशवंश्यस्थूण त्वचा रोमनखैः पिण्डम् Bhāg 11 8 33 -5 A bone in the arm or leg -6 A pupil -7 A kinsman from seven generations above and seven below

वंसग Ved. A bull

वंह See बह्.

वक See वक्.

वकुल See वकुल.

वक्क् 1 A. (वक्ते) To go, move

वक्तव्य pot p [वच्-तव्य] 1 Fit to be said, told, spoken or declared, तत्तर्हि वक्तव्यं न वक्तव्यम् (frequently occurring in Mbh) -2 To be spoken about -3 Reprehensible, blamable, censurable -4 Low, vile, base -5 Accountable, responsible -6 Dependent, कामवक्तव्य-हृदया भर्तृनाथाश्चरन्ति या Rām 2 117 26 -दयम् 1 Speaking, speech -2 A precept, rule, dictum -3 Blame, censure, reproach, एवमेतत् । वक्तव्यं परिहर्तव्यं च Pañcharātram 2, वक्तव्यं किञ्चिदस्मात् Pratumā 3 6 -Comp -हृदय a one whose heart is dependent on

वक्तव्यता, -त्वम् 1 Censure, reproach, वक्तव्यता च राजानो वने राज्ये व्रजन्ति च Rām 7 43 6 -2 Subjection, dependence

वक्तुकाम a Desirous of speaking

वक्तुमनस् a Being about to speak

वक्तु a or m [उचितं बहु वक्ति, वच्-तुच्] 1 Speaking, talking, a speaker -2 Eloquent, an orator, अप्रियस्य च पथस्य वक्ता श्रोता च दुर्लभ Rām , किं करिष्यन्ति वक्तार श्रोता यत्र न विद्यते, दर्दुरा यत्र वक्तारस्तत्र मौनं हि शोभनम् Subhās -3 A teacher, an expounder -4 A learned or wise man in general -5 Honest, sincere -Comp. -प्रयोक्तु theoretical and practical (politicians), दण्डनीतिं वक्तु-प्रयोक्तु-य Kau A 1 10

वक्त्रम् [वक्ति अनेन वच्-करणे घृन् Un 4 177] 1 The mouth -2 The face, यद्वक्त्रं मुहुरीक्षसे न धनिना ब्रूषे न चादन् मृषा Bh 3 147 -3 Snout, muzzle, beak -4 Beginning -5 The point (of an arrow), the spout of a vessel -6 A sort of garment -7 N of a metre similar to anuṣṭubh, see S D 567, Kāv 1 26 -8 The first term of a progression -Comp. -आसवः saliva -बुधः a tooth -जः 1 a tooth -2 a Brāhmaṇa -तालम् a musical instrument played with the mouth -तुण्डः N of Ganeśa -दलम् the palate -पटः a veil -पट्टः a bag of corn tied round a horse's neck -परिस्पन्दः speech -भेदिन् a pungent, sharp -रन्ध्रम् the aperture of the mouth -वासः an orange -शोधनम् 1 cleansing the mouth -2 lime, citron -शोधिन् n a citron (-m) a citron tree

वक्र a 1 Crooked (fig also), bent, curved, winding, tortuous, वक्रं पन्था यदपि भवत प्रस्थितस्योत्तराशाम् Me 27, Ku 3 29 -2 Roundabout, indirect, evasive, circuitous, equivocal, ambiguous (as a speech), क्रमेतैर्वक्रभणितैः Ratn 2, वक्रवाक्यरचनारमणीय सुभ्रवा प्रवृत्ते परिहास Si 10 12, see वक्रोक्ति also -3 Curled, curling, crisped (as hair) -4 Retrograde (as motion) -5 Dishonest, fraudulent, crooked in disposition -6 Cruel, malignant (as a planet), वक्रा स्युः पञ्चषष्ठ्यैर्कैः अतिवक्रा नगाष्टये । नवमे दशमे चैव जायते सहजा गति ॥ Jyotistattvam -7 Prosodially long -क्रः 1 The planet Mars -2 The planet Saturn -3 N of Śiva -4 N of the demon Tripura -5 A nose -कम् 1 The bend or arm of a river -2 Retrograde motion (of a planet) -3 A form of fracture -Comp -अङ्गम् a crooked limb (-ङ्ग) 1 a goose -2 the ruddy goose -3 a snake -आख्यम् tan -इतर a straight -उक्तिः f a figure of speech consisting in the use of evasive speech or reply, either by means of a pun, or by an affected change of tone, Mammata thus defines it -यदुक्तमन्यथा वाक्यमन्यथान्येन योज्यते । श्लेषेण काका वा ज्ञेया सा वक्रोक्तिस्तथा द्विधा K P 9, for example see the opening stanza in Mu (धन्या केय स्थिता ते &c) -2 equivocation, insinuation, inuendo, सुबन्धुवर्णिमदृश कविराज इति त्रय । वक्रोक्तिमार्गनिपुणाश्चतुर्थो विद्यते न वा ॥ -3 sarcasm -कण्टः the jujube tree. -कण्टकः the Khadira tree -कीलः a curved iron for striking an elephant -खड्गः, -खड्गकः a sabre, scimitar.

-ग, -गत *a* having a retrograde motion (as a planet)
 -गति, -गामिन् *a* 1 winding, meandering -2 fraudulent, dishonest (-ति: *f*) a crooked or tortuous motion, winding gait -गुल्फः, -ग्रीवः a camel -चञ्चुः a parrot -ढालम्, -ताली a particular wind-instrument
 -तुण्डः 1 an epithet of Ganesa -2 a parrot -दंष्ट्रः a boar -दृश् *a* looking obliquely, squinting -दृष्टि *a* 1 squint-eyed, squinting -2 having a malignant or evil look -3 envious (-*f*) squint, an oblique look -धी *a* dishonest, deceitful -नक्रः 1 a parrot -2 a low man -नासिकः an owl -पद्म *a* cloth marked with various patterns -पुच्छः, -पुच्छिकः a dog -पुष्पः the Palāśa tree -प्लुत *a* leaping in curves -बालधिः, -लाङ्गूलः a dog -भणितम् prevarication, evasion -भावः 1 crookedness -2 deceit -रेखा *a* curved line -वक्त्रः a hog -संस्थ *a* placed transversely

वक्रता, -त्वम् 1 Crookedness -2 Retrograde motion -3 Failure, mishap -4 Perverseness, dishonesty

वक्रतुः *N* of a deity

वक्ति *a* 1 Equivocating -2 Speaking falsely, lying

वक्रित *a* Bent, crooked

वकिन् *a* 1 Crooked -2 Retrograde -*m* A Jaina or Buddha

वकिमन् *m* [वक्र-इमनिच्] 1 Crookedness, curvature -2 Equivocation, evasion, ambiguity, tortuous, roundabout or indirect nature (as of a speech), तद्वक्त्राभ्युज्जोरभ स च सुधास्यन्दौ गिरा वकिमा Git 3 -3 Cunningness, duplicity, craftiness

वकीकृ 8 U To make crooked, bend (a bow)

वकीभू 1 P 1 To become crooked -2 To retrograde -वकीभावः 1 Curve -2 Dishonest or perverse disposition

वक्रम, वक्रय See अवक्रम and अवक्रय

वक्रोष्णि. *f*, -वक्रोष्ठिका *A* gentle smile

वक्ष् 1 P (वक्षति) 1 To grow, increase -2 To be powerful -3 To be angry -4 To accumulate

वक्षणम् 1 The breast -2 Refreshment -3 Fire -*f* pl 1 The stomach or abdomen -2 The sides, flank -3 The bed of a river -4 A river

वक्षथः *Ved* 1 Invigorating, strengthening -2 Growing, increasing, growth,

वक्षस् *n* [वक्ष् अस्तुर् सुद् च Up 4 227-228] 1 The breast, bosom, chest, कपाटवक्षा परिणद्धकन्धर R 3 34 -2 *Ved* Strength -*m* An ox, a bull -Comp -कारः a bag, sack -जः, -रुहः, -रुहः, (वक्षोजः, वक्षोरुहः, वक्षोरुहः) the female breast, वक्षोजाम पाणिनाऽऽस्पृश्य Bv 2 17, वक्षोजयोर्मन्दता S. D., मा शबरतण्णि पीवरवक्षोरुहमेण भज

गर्वम् Āryā S, Mv 7 24 -मण्डलिन् *m* a particular position of hands in dancing -स्थलम् (वक्ष or वक्षः -स्थलम्) the breast or bosom

वक्षी *Ved* A flame

वक्ष्, वक्ष्स्व (वक्षति, वक्षति) To go, move

वक्ष्क् 1 P 1 To go or move crookedly -2 To go

वङ्कः 1 The bend of a river -2 Crookedness, bend, curve -3 =वङ्का, 'वङ्क पल्याणभागे स्यात्' इति विश्व -4 A vagabond -ङ्कः The pommel of a saddle, वङ्कावल्लैक-सवलापाणय Śi 12 6

वगला *A* goddess worshipped by the Tāntrikas, also 'मुखी.

वगाहः See अवगाह

वकरः The bend of a river

वका The pommel of a saddle

वङ्किलः *A* thorn

वङ्कितः [वकि-क्तिन् Un 4 67-68] 1 A rib of an animal or building (said to be *f* only by some) -2 The timber of a roof -3 A kind of musical instrument (said to be *n* also in these two senses)

वङ्कक्षणम् 1 The groin -2 The joint of the thigh

वङ्कलुः 1 A small arm or branch of the Ganges -2 *N* of the river Oxus, वङ्कलुतीरविचेष्टनै (v l for सिन्धुतीरविचेष्टनै) R 4 87

वङ्गम् 1 P (वङ्गति) 1 To go -2 To limp, be lame

वङ्गाः (pl) *N* of Bengal proper and its inhabitants, वङ्गास्तुत्याय तरसा नेता नौसाधनोद्यतान् R 4 36, रत्नाकर समारम्भ ब्रह्मपुत्रान्तर्ग प्रिये वङ्गदेश इति प्रोक्त, (see App)

वङ्गः 1 Cotton -2 The egg-plant -ङ्गाम् 1 Lead -2 Tin, ताम्र लोह च वङ्ग च काच च स्वर्णमाक्षिकम् Śiva B 30 11 -Comp -अरिः yellow orpiment -ज 1 brass -2 red lead -जीवनम् silver -शुल्यजम् bell-metal (कास्य)

वङ्गेरिका, वङ्गेरी *A* small (cane) basket, वङ्गेरिका कयाचिद्वालिकया ग्राहयित्वा Dk 2 2, 'वङ्गेरी वेत्रपटिका' इति वैजयन्ती

वङ्घ्र 1 Ā (वङ्घते) 1 To go -2 To go swiftly. -3 To begin -4 To censure, blame

वच् I 2 P (Ā also in non-conjugational tenses, in conjugational tenses it is said to be defective in the third person plural by some authorities, or in the whole plural by others, वक्ति, उवाच, अवोचत्, वक्ष्यति, वक्षुम्, उक्त) 1 To say, speak, वैराग्यादिव वक्षि K P 10, (oft with two acc), तामूचतुस्ते प्रियमप्यमिथ्या R 14. 6, sometimes with accusative of words meaning 'speech',

उवाच धात्र्या प्रथमोदितं वच R 3 25, 2 59, क एव वक्ष्यते वाक्यम् Rām -2 To relate, describe, रघुनामन्वय वक्ष्ये R 1 9 -3 To tell, communicate, announce, declare, उच्यता मद्रचनात्सारथि S 2, Me 100 -4 To name, call, तदेकसप्ततिगुण मन्वन्तरमिहोच्यते Ms 1 79 -5 To signify, denote (as sense) -6 To recite, repeat -7 To censure, reproach, वृत्तिविज्ञानवान् धीर कस्त वा वक्तुमर्हति Mb 12 132 6 -II 10 P To inform, to tell, L D B -Caus (वाचयति-ते) 1 To cause to speak -2 To go over, read, peruse, वाचयति नान्यलिखित लिखितमनेन वाचयति नान्य । अयमपरोऽस्य विशेष स्वयमपि लिखित स्वय न वाचयति ॥ Subhās -3 To say, tell, declare -4 To promise -Desid (विष्यति) To wish to speak, intend to say (something), विवक्षता दोषमपि च्युतात्मना त्वयैकमीश प्रति साधु भाषितम् Ku 5 81

वक्त्रम् n. Ved 1 A path, road -2 A hymn of praise

वक्त्रम् m A speaker, chanter, singer of hymns of praise

वक्त्रम् a Talkative -गुः [वक्-वु गश्च Un 3 33] 1 A speaker -2 A sound -3 A cry (of an animal &c)

वक्त्रम् Ved A sound, noise

वक्त्रः [वक्-असुन् Un 4 196] 1 A parrot -2 The sun -चा 1 A kind of talking bird -2 A kind of aromatic root (Mar वेखड), Mb 13 131 8 -चम् Speaking, talk -Comp. -अचैः a sun-worshipper

वक्त्रम् a [वक्-असुन् Un 3 83] Talkative, eloquent, -m A Brāhmaṇa

वक्त्रम् 1 A kind of talking-bird -2 The wick of a lamp -3 A dagger, knife

वक्त्रम् [वक्-ल्युट्] 1 The act of speaking, uttering saying -2 Speech, an utterance, words (spoken), sentence, ननु वक्तृविशेषानि स्पृहा गुणगृह्या वचने विपश्चित K1 2 5, प्रीतिप्रमुखवचन स्वागत व्याजहार Me 4 -3 Repeating, recitation -4 A text, dictum, rule, precept, a passage of a sacred book, शास्त्रवचनम्, श्रुतिवचनम्, स्मृतिवचनम् &c -5 An order, a command, direction, शुश्रूषा गौरव चैव प्रमाण वचनक्रियाम् (कुर्यात्) Rām 2 12 26, मद्रचनात् 'in my name', 'by my order' -6 Advice, counsel, instruction -7 Declaration, affirmation -8 Pronunciation (of a letter) (in gram) -9 The signification or meaning of a word, अत्र पयोधरशब्द मेघवचन -10 Number (in gram), (there are three numbers, singular, dual and plural) -11 Dry ginger -Comp -अवक्षेपः abusive speech -उपक्रमः introduction, exordium -उपन्यासः suggestive speech, insinuation -कर a obedient, doing what is ordered (-रः) the author or enunciator of a rule or precept -कारिन् a obeying orders, obedient -क्रमः discourse -क्रिया obedience, यथा पितरि शुश्रूषा तस्य वा वचनक्रिया Rām 2 19, 22, 2 12 26.

-गौरवम् a forming a subject of conversation **-गौरवम्** deference to a command **-ग्राहिन्** a obedient, compliant, submissive **-पटु** a eloquent **-मात्रम्** mere words, unsupported assertion **-विरोधः** inconsistency of precepts, contradiction or incongruity of texts **-व्यक्तिः** f 1 The exact implication of a statement (i.e. the exact specification of its उद्देशपद and विधेयपद), अन्या हि वचनव्यक्तिर्विधीयमानस्य, अन्या गुणेन सबाध्यमानस्य SB on MS 3 1 12 भेद divergence in the implication of the statement, न च विधेर्विधिनैकवाक्यभावे भवति । वचनव्यक्ति-भेदात् SB on MS 6 1 5 -2 interpretation, यदा अनुवादपक्षस्तदा आहितामे । यदा विधिपक्ष तदा अनाहितामे । उभयथा वचनव्यक्ति प्रतीयते SB on MS 6.8 8 -शतम् a hundred speeches, i.e. repeated declaration, reiterated assertion **-सहायः** a companion in conversation **-स्थित** a (वचने-स्थित also) obedient, compliant

वचनीय a [वक्-अनीयर्] 1 To be said, spoken, or related -2 Censurable, blamable, वचनीयस्य यो मुहूर्ते तमाहु शोणित हृदम् Mb 13 135 16 -यम् Blame, censure, reproach, न कामवृत्तिर्वचनीयमीक्षते Ku 5 82, वचनीयमिद व्यवस्थित रमण त्वामनुयामि यद्यपि 4 21, भवति योजयितुर्वचनीयता Pt 1 75, K1 9 39, 65, Mk 4 1

वचरः 1 A cock -2 A rogue, low or wicked person (शठ).

वचलुः A wicked or malevolent person, an enemy

वचस् n 1 A speech, word, sentence, उवाच धात्र्या प्रथमोदित वच R 3 25, 47, इत्यव्यभिचारि तद्वच Ku 5 36, वचस्तत्र प्रयोक्तव्य यत्रोक्त लभते फलम् Subhās -2 A command, order, precept, injunction -3 Advice, counsel -4 A hymn -5 Singing, a song of birds -7 (In gram) Number -Comp -कर a 1 obedient, compliant -2 executing the orders of another -क्रमः discourse -ग्रहः the ear -प्रवृत्तिः f an attempt at speaking, अव्यक्तवर्णरमणीयवच प्रवृत्तिर् S 7 17 -मार्गातीत a greater than words can tell -हरः an emissary, a messenger, अभिधत्ते स्म वचो वचोहर S1 16 38

वचस a Talkative, eloquent, wise

वचसांपतिः An epithet of Brihaspati, or the planet Jupiter.

वचस्विन् a Eloquent, इतीरिते वचसि वचस्विनामुना S1 17 1

वचुष्यः [वक्-उष्यन् Un 4 18] An ichneumon

उक्त p p 1 Said, spoken -2 Uttered, spoken (opp to अनुमित or सभावित) -3 Told, addressed, असावनुक्तोऽपि सहाय एव Ku 3 21 -4 Indicated, असता छायायौकाय सदाभासाय ते नम Bhāg 8 3 14 -कम् A speech, words collectively, a sentence -कम्, -का A stanza of four lines with one syllabic instant, (there being one long or two short syllables in each) -Comp -अनुक्त a spoken

and not spoken -उपसंहारः a brief description, resume, peroration, recapitulation -निर्वाहः defending an assertion -पुंस्कः a word (feminine or neuter) of which also a masculine exists, and the meaning of which differs from that of the masculine only by the notion of gender -प्रत्युक्तम् speech and reply, discourse -वर्जम् ind except the case mentioned -वाक्यम् a dictum, decree

उक्तिः f 1 Speech, expression, statement, उक्तिरर्थान्तरन्यास स्यात् सामान्यविशेषयो Chandr 5 120, शूद्रविद्वत्क्षत्रविप्राणा यत्रतौकौ भवेद्वय Ms 8 104 -2 A sentence -3 The power of expression, the expressive power of a word, as in एकयोक्त्या पुष्पवन्तौ दिवाकरनिशाकौ Ak -4 A worthy speech or word, maxim

वच्छः = वत्स q v

वज्र I 1 P (वजति) To go, move, roam about -II 10 U (वाजयतिने) 1 To trim, prepare -2 To feather an arrow -3 To go, move

वज्र a [वज्र-रत्न Un 2 28] 1 Hard, adamant -2 Severe -3 Forked, zigzag -4 Cross -जः, -जम् 1 A thunderbolt, the weapon of Indra (said to have been formed out of the bones of the sage Dadhīchi q v), आशसन्ते समितिषु सुरा सक्तवैरा हि दैत्यैरस्याधिज्ये घनुषि विजय पौरुहते च वज्रे S 2 16 -2 Any destructive weapon like the thunderbolt -3 A diamond-pin, an instrument for perforating jewels, मणौ वज्रसमुत्कीर्णे सूत्रस्येवास्ति मे गति R 1 4 -4 A diamond in general, an adamant, वज्रादपि कठोराणि सृष्टुनि कुसुमादपि U 2 7, R 6 19, सुक्ता मरुत पद्मराग वज्र च विद्रुमम् Śiva B 30 12 -5 Sour gruel -जः 1 A form of military array -2 A kind of Kuśa grass -3 N of various plants -4 A kind of pillar -जम् 1 Steel -2 A kind of talc -3 Thunder-like or severe language -4 A child -5 Emblem myrobalan -6 The blossom of the sesamum or Vajra plant -7 Denunciation in strong language -8 A particular posture in sitting -Comp -अंशुकम् cloth marked with various patterns -अङ्कः a studded with diamonds (Mar हिरेजडित), ततो जाम्बूनदी पात्रीर्वज्राङ्का विमल शुभा Mb 12 171 16 -अङ्कित a marked with Vajra-like symbol -अङ्गः a snake -अभ्यासः cross-multiplication -अशनिः the thunderbolt of Indra, वज्राशनिसमस्पर्शा अर्जुनेन शरा युधि Mb 6 119 60 -अस्थिः f Asteracantha Longifolia (Mar तालिमखाना) -आकरः a diamond mine, बभूव वज्राकरभूषणाया (पति) R 18 21 -आकारः, -आकृति a 1 shaped like वज्र -2 a cross-shaped symbol -आख्यः a kind of mineral spar -आघातः 1 a stroke of thunder or lightning -2 (hence fig) any sudden shock or calamity -आभः a kind of spar or valuable stone -आयुधः an epithet of Indra -आसनम् 1 a diamond-seat -2 a particular posture in sitting (the hands being placed in the hollow between the body and the crossed feet) -कङ्कटः an epithet of Hanumat, -कवचः, -चम् 1 ada-

mantine mail -2 a particular Samādhi -कालिका N of the mother of Śakyamuni -कीटः a kind of insect (boring holes in wood and stone) -कीलः a thunderbolt, an adamant shaft, जीवित वज्रकीलम् Mā 9 37, of U 1 47 -कूटः a mountain consisting of diamonds, स वज्रकूटाङ्गनिपातवर्गविगीर्णदृक्षि स्तनयन्नुदन्वान् Bhāg 3 13 29 -केतुः N of the demon Naraka -क्षारम् an alkaline earth -गोपः = इन्द्रगोप q v -घोष a sounding like a thunderbolt, R 18 21 -चञ्चुः a vulture -चर्मन् m a rhinoceros -जित् m N of Garuda -ज्वलनम्, -ज्वाला lightning -तरः N of a kind of very hard cement, Bri S 57 7 -तुण्डः 1 a vulture -2 mosquito, gnat -3 N of Garuda -4 of Ganeśa -तुल्य lapis lazuli or azure stone -दंष्ट्रः a kind of insect -दक्षिणः N of Indra -दण्ड a having a staff studded with diamonds -दन्तः 1 a hog -2 a rat -दंशानः a rat -देह, -देहिन् a having an adamant or very hardy frame -धरः 1 an epithet of Indra, वज्ररप्रभाव R 18 21 -2 an owl -धारणम् artificial gold -नाभ a having a hard nave (said of a wheel), see next word -नाभः the discs of Krishna, वज्रनाभ ततश्चक्र ददौ कृष्णाय पावक Mb 1 225 23 (com वज्र वरत्रासा नाभौ यस्य तत् सूत्रबद्धशकुनिवत् पुन प्रयोजुर्हस्तमायातीत्यर्थः) -निर्घोषः, -निर्घेषः a clap or peal of thunder -पञ्जरः a secure refuge, protector, वज्रपञ्जरनामेद यो रामकवच स्मरेत् Rāma rakṣā 13 -पाणिः 1 an epithet of Indra, वज्र सुमुखश्चिव वज्रपाणि R 2 42 -2 an owl -पातः, -पतनम् a stroke of lightning, fall of thunder bolt, एतद्वैशसवज्रघोरपतनम् U 4 24, यावन्निष्ठुर-वज्रपातसदृश देहीति नो भाषते Udb -पुष्पम् 1 the blossom of sesamum -2 a valuable flower -भृत् m an epithet of Indra -मणिः a diamond, an adamant, हेतु वज्रमणी-भिशरीषकुसुमप्रान्तेन सनहते Bh 2 6 -मय a 1 hard, adamant -2 cruel, hard-hearted -मुखः 1 a kind of insect, कृते वज्रमुखेन नाम कृमिणा दैवान्ममोरुदये Karnabhāra 1 10 -2 a kind of Samādhi -मुष्टिः 1 an epithet of Indra -2 an adamant clenched fist -3 a kind of weapon -रदः a hog -लिपिः a particular style of writing -लेपः 1 a kind of very hard cement, वज्रलेपघटितम् Mā 5 10, U 4 (for its preparation see Bri S, Chapter 57 'वज्रलेपलक्षण') -2 The being ineffaceable, permanent one, अन्यक्षेत्रे कृत पाप पुण्यक्षेत्रे विनश्यति। पुण्यक्षेत्रे कृत पाप वज्रलेपो भविष्यति ॥ Subhās -लोहकः a magnet -वधः 1 death by thunderbolt -2 cross-multiplication -वारकः a title of respect -व्यूहः a kind of military array -शल्यः a porcupine -संघातः N of a kind of hard cement, Bri S 57 8 -a having the hardness of adamant, तत स वज्रसंघात कुमारो न्यपतद्भिरौ Mb 1 128 27 -सार a as hard as adamant, having the strength of the thunderbolt, adamant, क च निशितनिपाता वज्रसारा शरास्ते S 1 10, त्वमपि कुसुमबाणान् वज्रसारीकरोषि 3 4 -सूचिः, -ची f a diamond-needle -हृदयम् an adamant heart

वज्रकम् 1 A kind of oil -2 A particular phenomenon of the sky -3 A diamond.

वज्रिन् *m* 1 N of Indra, ननु वज्रिण एव वीर्यमेताद्विजयन्ते
द्विषतो यदस्य पक्ष्या V 1 15, R 9 24 -2 An owl -3
A Buddha saint

वज्रोली A particular position of fingers

वञ्च् 1 P. (वञ्चति) 1 To go, to arrive at, वञ्चुश्चाहव-
क्षितिम् Bk 14 74, 7 106 -2 To wander over -3 To
go slyly or secretly, sneak -4 To go crookedly -5
Ved To shake, totter, tremble -Caus (वञ्चयति-ते) 1
To avoid, escape from, evade, shun, अहिं वञ्चयति, अवञ्चयत
मायाश्च स्वमायाभिर्निरद्विषाम् Bk 8 43, आवावमान मुसल कार्त-
वीर्यस्तदार्जुन । निपुण वञ्चयामास गद्या गतविक्रव ॥ Rām 7 32
45 -2 To cheat, deceive, defraud (said to be A only,
but often P also), मूर्खीस्त्वामववञ्चन्त Bk 15 15, कथमथ
वञ्चयसे जनमनुगतमसमशरज्जवरदूनम् Git 8, (वञ्चनम्) वञ्चयन्
प्रणयिनीरवाप स R 19 17, Ku 4 10, 5 49, R 12 53.
-3 To deprive of, leave (one) destitute of, विलोचन
दक्षिणमङ्गलेन सभाव्य तद्विहितवामनेत्रा R 7 8

वञ्चक *a* [वञ्च्-णिच्-बुल्] 1 Fraudulent, deceitful,
crafty -2 Cheating, deceiving -कः 1 A rogue, cheat,
swindler -2 A jackal -3 Musk-rat -4 A tame
ichneumon

वञ्चति: Fire

वञ्चयः [वञ्च्-अथ Un 3 112] 1 Cheating, roguery,
deceit, trickery -2 A cheat, rogue, swindler -3 The
cuckoo -4 Death

वञ्चनम्, -ना [वञ्च् ल्युट्] 1 Cheating -2 A trick,
deceit, fraud, deception, trickery, वञ्चना परिहर्तव्या बहुदोषा
हि शर्वरी Mk 1 5, स्वर्गाभिसन्धिषुकृत वञ्चनामिव मेनिरे Ku 6
47 -3 An illusion, delusion -4 Loss, deprivation,
hindrance, दृष्टिपातवञ्चना Māl 3, R 11 36 -Comp
-वञ्चुता skill in fraud -योगः practice of fraud

वञ्चित *p p.* 1 Deceived, cheated -2 Deprived of
-ता A sort of riddle or enigma

वञ्चुक *a* (-की *f*) Deceitful, fraudulent, crafty,
dishonest -कः A jackal

वञ्चु (ञ्जु) लकः 1 A kind of bird, एष वञ्चुलको नाम
पक्षी परमदारुण Rām 3 69 23 (com वञ्चुलक कण्ठवाल)
-2 A kind of plant (Mar बकुल?), कदम्बवेतसनलनीपवञ्चु-
लकैर्धृतम् Bhāg 8 2 17

वञ्जुल *a* Crooked -लः [वञ्च्-उलच् वृषो० चस्य ज Un
1 93] 1 The common cane or reed, आमञ्जुवञ्जुललतानि
च तान्यमूनि नीरन्ध्रनीलनिबुलानि सरित्तटानि U 2 23, or मञ्जुल-
वञ्जुलकुञ्जगत विचकर्ष करेण दुकूले Git 1 -2 A kind of
flower -3 The Aśoka tree, नीवारान् पनसान् सालान् वञ्जुल-
स्तिनिशास्तथा Rām 3 11 74 -4 A kind of bird -ला
A cow that yields much milk -Comp -द्रुमः the Aśoka
tree -प्रियः the ratan, Calamus Rotang (वेतस)

वञ्जुलिका Oldenlandia Herbacia (Mar. पापडी,
जुतुकारी)

वट् I 1 P (वटति) To surround -II 10 U (वट-
यति-ते) 1 To tell -2 To divide, partition -3 To sur-
round, encompass -4 To tie, string, connect -Caus
1 (वटयति) To speak -2 (वाटयति) To surround, L D B

वटः [वट्-अच् Un 4 116] The fig-tree, अर्यं च चित्रकूट-
यायिनि वर्त्मनि वट इयामो नाम U 1, R 13 53 -2 A small
shell or cowrie -3 A small ball, globule, pill -4 A
round figure, a cipher -5 A kind of cake, पय स्मिता
मण्डकमण्डनाम्बरा वटानेनन्दु पृथुलद्वुकस्तनी N 16 107 -6 A
string, rope, (n also in this sense) -7 Equality in
shape -8 A sort of bird, flying fox? (Mar वटवाघुल),
कङ्कगध्रवटश्येनभासभल्लकबार्हिण Bhāg 3 10 24 -9 A pawn
(in chess) -10 Sulphur -Comp -पत्रम् a variety of
the white basil (-त्रा) a jasmine -वासिन् *m* a Yakṣa

वटकः 1 A kind of cake -2 A small lump, ball,
globule, pill -3 A particular weight of 8 māśas

वटर *a* Wicked, villainous -रः A cock -2 A mat
-3 A turban -4 A thief, robber -5 A churning-stick
-6 Fragrant grass

वटाकरः, वटारकः A cord, string

वटावीकः An impostor (= नामचौर)

वटिकः A pawn at chess

वटिः 1 A sort of ant -2 A kind of insect -3
See वटिका

वटिका [वट्-इच् Un 4 128] 1 A pill -2 A chess-
man -3 A kind of cake or bread (Mar आबोळी) made
of rice and Māśa

वटिन् *a* Stringed, circular -m = वटिक q v

वटी 1 A rope or string -2 A pill, bolus

वटुः [वटति अल्पवल्गुम्, वट्-उ Un 1 7] 1 A boy, lad,
youth, stripling, oft used like the English word 'chap'
or 'fellow', चपलोऽय वटु S 2, निवार्यतामालि किमप्यय वटु
पुनर्विबुध स्फुरितोत्तराधर Ku 5 83, of वटु also -2 A
religious student or Brahmachārīn q v

वटुकः 1 A boy, lad -2 A Brahmachārīn -3 (fig)
A fool or blockhead

वटुरिन् *a* Ved Broad, wide

वटुकः A pill, bolus

वट् 1 P (वटति) 1 To be strong or powerful, -2
To be fat

वटर *a* [वट्-अच् Un 5 47] 1 Dull, stupid -2
Wicked -रः A fool or blockhead -2 A rogue, wicked
or vile fellow -3 A physician -4 A water-pot

वडभिः, -भी See वलभि -भी,

वडवा 1 A mare, सैव भूवाथ वडवा नासत्यौ सुषुवे भुवि Bhāg 6 6 40 -2 The nymph Aśvinī who in the form of a mare bore to the sun two sons, the Aśvins, see सज्ञा. -3 A female slave -4 A harlot, prostitute -5 A woman of the Brāhmana caste (द्विजयोषित्) -6 A particular constellation represented by a horse's head -**Comp** -**अग्निः**, -**अनलः** the submarine fire -**भर्तुः** N of the mythical horse उच्चैः श्रवस् -**मुखः** 1 the submarine fire, मोक्षदुर्लभ-विषय वडवासुखसागरम् Mb 12 301 71 -2 N of Siva

वडा 1 A kind of cake -2 A small lump, globule
वडिलम् See वडिश

वड् a Large, big, great

वण् 1 P (वणति) To sound

वणः Sound, noise

वणिज् m [Un 2 70] 1 A merchant, trader, यस्या-गम केवलजीविकायै त ज्ञानपण्य वणिज वदन्ति M 1 17 -2 The sign *Libra* of the zodiac -f Merchandise, trade -**Comp** -**कटकः** a caravan -**कर्मन्** n, -**क्रिया** traffic, trade -**ग्रामः** a guild of merchants -**जनः** 1 merchants (collectively) -2 a trader, merchant -**पथः** 1 trade, traffic, वैदेहकाना कार्या मागधाना वणिक्पथ Ms 10 47 -2 a merchant, Bhāg 11 12 6 -3 a merchants's shop, a stall -4 the sign *Libra* of the zodiac -**बन्धुः** the indigo plant -**वहः** a camel -**वीथी** a market street, bazaar -**वृत्तिः** f trade, traffic, business, (fig) mercenary doing, मुक्तवैक भवबन्धु खरचनाविध्वंसकालानल स्वात्मानन्दपद-प्रवेशकलन शेषा वणिगृत्तय Bh 3 81 -**सार्थः** a caravan

वणिजः 1 A merchant, trader -2 The sign *Libra* of the zodiac

वणिजकः A merchant

वणिज्यम्, वणिज्या Trade, traffic, कृषिर्वणिज्या पशुपालन च Mb 12 63 1

वण्ड 1 P, 10 U (वण्टति, वण्टयति-ते) To divide, apportion, partition, share

वण्ट a 1 Tailless -2 Unmarried -**ण्टः** 1 A part, portion, share -2 The handle of a sickle -3 An unmarried man, a bachelor

वण्टकः [वण्ड-वञ् स्वार्थे क] 1 Dividing, distributing -2 A distributor -3 A part, portion, share

वण्टनम् [वण्ड-ल्युट्] Partitioning, apportioning, dividing

वण्टालः, वण्डालः 1 A contest of heroes -2 A shovel, hoe -3 A boat

वण्ड 1 Ā (वण्टते) To go alone or unaccompanied

वण्ड a 1 Unmarried -2 Dwarfish -3 Crippled -**ण्डः** 1 An unmarried man, a bachelor -2 A servant -3 A dwarf -4 A javelin, dart.

वण्टरः 1 The sheath that envelops the young bamboo -2 The new shoot of the palm tree -3 A rope for tying (a goat &c) -4 A dog -5 The tail of a dog -6 A cloud -7 The female breast

वण्ड I 1 Ā (वण्टते) 1 To divide, share, apportion -2 To surround, encompass -II 10 U (वण्डयति-ते) To share, divide, apportion

वण्ड a 1 Maimed, crippled -2 Unmarried -3 Emasculated -**ण्डः** 1 A man who is circumcised or has no prepuce -2 An ox without a tail -**ण्डा** An unchaste woman, cf रण्डा

वण्डरः 1 A miser, stingy person -2 A eunuch, an attendant on the women's apartments

वण्डाल See वण्टाल

वत् a 1 An affix added to nouns to show 'possession', धनवत् possessed of wealth, रूपवत् beautiful, so भगवत्, भास्वत् &c, (the words so formed being adjectives) -2 Added to the base of the past passive participle वत् turns it into a past active participle, इत्युक्तवन्त जनकात्मजायाम् R 14 43 -3 Added to substantives in the sense of the locative, सूक्तवाके इति सूत्रयितव्ये सूक्तवाकवत् इति सूत्रितम् SB on MS 10 2 51 -4 Added to substantives in the sense of अर्ह 'worthy of', 'deserving', ईहार्थं सूक्तवाकार्हा । अर्हं वतिर्द्रष्टव्य SB on MS 10 2 51 -**ind** An affix added to nouns or adjectives to denote 'likeness' or 'resemblance' and may be translated by 'like', 'as', आत्मवत् सर्वभूतानि य पश्यति स पण्डित

वत See वत्

वत a 1 Sounded, spoken, uttered -2 Asked, begged -3 Hurt, killed

वतण्डः [Un 1 120] A sage

वतंसः See अवतस, कपोलविलोलवतंसम् Gīt 2

वतिः (वा-इति नित् Un 5 6) The wind -f (वन्-अन्त्यलोप झलदौ विङ्ति P VI 4 37) Asking, begging

वतु **ind** (an interjection) Hush ! Silence !, Hoh

वत् f A river of heaven -m 1 A road -2 A disease of the eyes

वतोका A barren or childless woman, a woman or cow miscarrying from accident

वत्सः [वद्-स Un 3 61] 1 A calf, the young of an animal, तेनाथ वत्समिव लोकमसु पुषाण Bh 2 46, य सर्वशैल परिकल्प्य वत्सम् Ku 1 2 -2 A boy, son, in this sense often used in the voc as a term of endearment and translatable by 'my dear', 'my darling', 'my dear child', अयि वत्स कृत कृतमतिविनयेन, किमपराद्ध वत्सेन U 6 -3 Offspring or children in general, जीवदत्सा 'one whose children are living' -4 A year. -5. N. of a

country, (its chief town was कौशाम्बी and ruled over by Udayana), or the inhabitants of that country (pl) -**त्सा** 1 A female calf -2 A little girl, वत्से सीते 'dear Sita' &c -**त्सम्** The breast -**Comp** -**अक्षी** a kind of cucumber -**अदनः** a wolf (-नी) Coccus Cordifolius (Mar गुळवेल) -**अनुसारिणी** a hiatus between a long and a short syllable, also वत्सानुसृता-ति -**ईशः**, -**राजः** a king of the *Vatsas*, लोकै हारि च वत्सराजचरित नाट्ये च दक्षा वयम् Ratn 1 -**काम** a fond of children (-मा) a cow longing for her calf or a mother for her child -**तन्त्री** a rope for tying calves, न लब्धयेद्वत्सतन्त्री न प्रधावेच्च वर्षति Ms 4 38 -**दन्तः** a kind of arrow -**नाम**. 1 N of a tree -2 a kind of very strong poison -**पत्तनम्** N of the town Kausāmbī -**पदम्** a ford (Mar उतार), भवान्बुधिवत्सपद पर पदम् Bhāg 10 14 58 -**पालः** 'a keeper of calves', N of Krishna or Balarāma -**बन्धा** a cow longing for her calf -**रूपः** a small calf, Heb -**शाला** a cow-shed

वत्सकः 1 A little calf, calf in general, भक्षयन्तीं न कथयेत् पिबन्त चैव वत्सकम् Ms 11 114 -2 A child -3 N of a plant (कुटज) -**कम्** Green or black sulphate of iron

वत्सतरः A weaned calf, a steer, a young ox, महोक्षता वत्सतरः स्पृशन्निव R 3 32 -**री** A heifer, श्रोत्रयायाभ्यागताय वत्सतरी वा महोक्ष वा निर्वपन्ति गृहमेधिन U 4, Ms 11 187, गावो वृषा वत्सतर्ये कन्दमाना सुदु खिता Bhāg 10 16 11.

वत्सिका A heifer

वत्सरः [वस्-सरन् Un 3 71] 1 A year, दातास्या स्वर्गमाप्नोति वत्सरान् रोमसमितान् Y 1 205 -2 N of Visnu -**Comp** -**अन्तकः** the month, *Phalguṇa* -**आदिः** the month of *Mārgaśīrṣa*, cf. मासाना मार्गशीर्षोऽहम् -**ऋणम्** a debt to be paid by the end of a year

वत्सल a [वत्स लति ला-क Un 3 74] 1 Child-loving, affectionate towards children or offspring, as वत्सला धेनु, माता &c -2 Affectionate towards, fondly loving, devoted to, fond of, kind or compassionate towards, त्वद्वत्सल क स तपस्विजनस्य हन्ता Māl 8 8, 6 14, R 2 69, 8 41, so शरणागतवत्सल, दीनवत्सल &c -**लः** 1 A fire fed with grass -2 N of Visnu -3 The sentiment of affection (वात्सल्यरस) -**ला** A cow fond of her calf -**लम्** Affection, fondness, Pt 2 9 -**Comp** -**रसः** the tender sentiment in a poem

वत्सलयति Den P To cause to yearn, cause to feel yearning affection for, नूनमनपत्यता मा वत्सलयति S 7

वत्सिनः, वत्सिमनः m Childhood, youth, early youth, धिक् चापले वत्सिमवत्सलवम् N 3 55

वत्सीयः A cowherd

वद् 1 P (वदति, but *Ātm* in certain senses and with certain prepositions, see below, उवाद, अवादीत्, वदिष्यति, व दिदुम्, उदित, *pass* उद्यते *desid* विवदिषति) 1 To say, speak

utter, address, speak to, वद प्रदोषे स्फुटचन्द्रतारका विभावरी यद्यरुणाय कल्पते Ku 5 41, वदता वर R 1 59 'the foremost of the eloquent' -2 To announce, tell, communicate, inform, यो गोत्रादि वदति स्वयम् -3 To speak of, describe, आश्चर्यवद्भवति तथैव चान्य Bg 2 29 -4 To lay down, state, श्रुतिस्मृत्युदित यर्ममनुतिष्ठन् हि मानव Ms 2 9, 4 14 -5 To name, call, वदन्ति वर्ण्यवर्णाना धर्मैक्य दीपक बुवा Chandr 5 45, तदप्यपाकीर्णमत प्रियवदा वदन्यपणैति च ता पुराविद Ku 5 28 -6 To indicate, bespeak, कृतज्ञतामस्य वदन्ति सपद K1 1 14 -7 To raise the voice, utter a cry, sing, कोकिल, पञ्चमेन वदति, वदन्ति मधुरा वाच &c -8 To show brilliance or proficiency in, be an authority on (*Ātm*), शास्त्रे वदते Sk, पाणिनिर्वदते Vop -9 To shine, look splendid or bright (*Ātm*), लङ्का समाविशद् रात्रौ वदमानोऽरिदुर्गाम् Bk 8 27 -10 To maintain, affirm -11 To toil, exert, labour (*Ātm*), क्षेत्रे वदते Sk -**Caṣ** (वादयति, ते) 1 To cause to speak or say -2 To cause to sound, play on a musical instrument, वीणामिव वादयन्ती Vikr 1 10, वादयते मृदु वेणुम् Git 5 -3 To speak, recite

वद a Speaking, talking, speaking well

वदनम् [उद्यतेऽनेन वद् करणे ल्युट्] 1 The face, आसीद्विवृत्तवदना च विमोचयन्ती S 2 13, so सुवदना, कमलवदना &c -2 The mouth, वदने विनिवेशिता मुजङ्गी पिशुनाना रसनामिषेण घात्रा Bv 1 111 -3 Aspect, look, appearance -4 The front point -5 First term (in a series) -6 The summit or apex of a triangle -**Comp** -**आसवः** saliva -**उदरम्** the jaws -**कञ्जम्**, **पङ्कजम्** a lotus-face -**पवनः** breath -**मालिन्यम्** 1 a troubled face -2 shame-faced appearance -**द्व्यामिका** 1 blackness of the face -2 a kind of disease

वदन्तिः f वदन्ती 1 Speech, discourse -2 A story, L D B

वदनुः [वद्-चनुङ् Un 3 51] An orator

वदन्य a See वदान्य

वदर See बदर

वदामः An almond

वदालः 1 A whirlpool -2 A kind of sheat-fish

वदावद् a [अत्यन्त वदति वद्-अच् नि०] 1 A speaker, eloquent, सुभगमभिधास्यत्युद्दामा पराङ्मुखावद् N 19 24 -2 Talkative, garrulous, यत्र यद् व्यञ्जयामास महामूढो वदावद् Śiva B 15 45

वदान्य a [वद्-आन्य Un 3 103] 1 Speaking fluently, eloquent -2 Speaking kindly or affably -3 Liberal, munificent, generous, श्रोत्रियस्य कर्दयस्य वदान्यस्य च वाग्बुधे Ms 4 224 -**न्यः** A liberal or generous person, munificent or bountiful man, शिरसा वदान्यगुरव सादरमेन वहन्ति सुरतरव Bv 1 19, or तस्मै वदान्यगुरवे तरवे नमोऽस्तु 1 94, N 5 11, R 5 24

वदि *ind* In the dark half (of a lunar month), as in ज्येष्ठवदि (opp सुदि)

वद्य *a* 1 Fit to be spoken, not blamable, cf अवद्य -2 Dark or second (said of the fortnight of a lunar month, *वद्यपक्ष the dark fortnight) -**द्यम्** Speech, speaking about.

वध् 1 P (वधति) To slay, kill (not used in classical Sanskrit except as a substitute for हन् in the Aorist and Benedictive)

वधः 1 Killing, murder, slaughter, destruction, आत्मनो वधमाहर्ता कासौ विहगतरकर V 5 1, मनुष्यवध homicide, पशुवध &c -2 A blow, stroke, पुनरज्ञातचर्याया कीचकेन पदा वधम् Mb 12 16, 21, Ms 8 267 -3 Paralysis -4 Disappearance -5 Multiplication (in math) -6 A killer, slayer -7 A vanquisher, victor -8 Ved A deadly weapon, such as Indra's thunderbolt -9 (In law) A capital or corporal punishment -10 Frustration -11 Defect, imperfection -12 (In alg) A product -**Comp.** अङ्गकम् a prison -**अर्थीय** *a* = वध्य *q* v, वधक *q* v, वधार्थीय क्षत्रिया राजपुत्री (गर्भ धत्ते) Mb 11 26 5 -**अर्ह** (ण) *a*. deserving capital punishment, ब्रह्मबन्धुर्न हन्तव्य आततायी वधार्हण Bhāg 1 7 53 -**उदक** *a* resulting in death, proving fatal -**उद्यत** *a* 1 murderous -2 an assassin -**उपायः** a means of killing, हन्या-क्षित्रैर्वधोपायै Ms 9 248 -**कर्माधिकारिन्** *m* a hangman, an executioner -**जीविन्** *m* 1 a hunter -2 a butcher -**दण्डः** 1 corporeal punishment (as whipping &c) -2 capital punishment, वधदण्डमत परम् Ms 8 129 -**निग्रहः** capital punishment -**निर्णोकः** atonement for murder, दानेन वधनिर्णोकम् Ms 11 139 -**भूमिः** *f*, -**स्थली** *f*, -**स्थानम्** 1 a place of execution -2 a slaughter-house -**स्तम्भः** the gallows, Mk 10

वधक *a* (-धका, -धिका *f*) [हन वधुन्, वध च Un 2 35] Killing, destructive, injurious -**कः** 1 An executioner, a hangman -2 A murderer, an assassin -3 A kind of reed

वधत्रम् [वध्-अत्रन् Un 3 104] A deadly weapon

वधना Ved A deadly weapon

वधर् *n* A destructive weapon, अव रुद्रा अशसो हन्तना वध Rv 2 34. 9

वधिकः, -**कम्** musk

वधित्रम् 1 The god of love -2 Sexual passion, lust.

वधुः *f*, -**वधुका** 1 A daughter-in-law -2 A young woman in general

वधूः *f* [उद्धते पितृगेहात् पतिगृह वह्-ऊधुक् च, cf Un. 1 83] 1 A bride; वर स ब्रध्वा सह राजमार्गं प्राप भ्वजच्छायनिवारितो-
न्मम् R. 7. 4, 19, समानयंस्तुल्यगुण वधूवर चिरस्थ बाध्य न गत

सं ई. को. १०४

प्रजापति S 5 15, Ku 6 82 -2 A wife, spouse, इय नमति व सर्वाङ्गिलोचनवधूरिति Ku 6 89, R 1 90 -3 A daughter-in-law, एषा च रघुकुलमहतराणा वधू U 4, 4 16, तेषा वधूस्त्वमसि नन्दिनि पार्थिवानाम् 1 9 -4 A female, maiden, woman in general, हरिरिह सुगधवधूनिकरे विलासिनि विलसति केलिपरे Git 1, स्वयशासि विक्रमवतामवता न वधूष्वधानि विमुक्षन्ति धिय Ku 6 45, N 22 47, Me 16, 49, 67 -5 The wife of a younger relation, a younger female relation -6 The female of any animal, मृगवधू a doe, व्याघ्रवधू, गजवधू &c -**Comp** -**कालः** The time during which a woman is held to be a bride -**गृहप्रवेशः**, -**प्रवेशः** the ceremony of a bride's entrance into her husband's house -**जनः** a wife, female, woman -**पक्षः** the party of the bride (at a wedding) -**वरम्** a newly married couple -**वस्त्रम्** bridal apparel, nuptial attire -**वासस्** *n* a bride's undergarment

वधूटशयनः A lattice, window

वधू (धु) टी 1 A young woman or female, रथ वधूटी-मारोप्य पाप काप्येष गच्छति Mv 5 17, गोपवधूटीदुकूलचौराय (कृष्णाय) Bhāṣṣ P 1 -2 A daughter-in-law -**Comp** -**शयनम्** a lattice, window

वधूसरा *N.* of a river, वितस्ता सरयूश्चापि तमसा च वधूसरा Siva B. 6 56

वध्य *a* 1 To be killed or slain -2 Sentenced to be killed -3 Vulnerable -4 To be subjected to corporeal punishment, to be corporeally punished -**ध्यः** 1 A victim, one seeking his doom, अद्यापि बध्यमाना वध्य को नेच्छति शिखा मे Mu 1 9 -2 An enemy -**Comp.** -**दिण्डिमः**, -**पटहः** a drum beaten at the time of execution -**पालः** a jailer -**भूः**, -**भूमिः** *f*, -**स्थलम्**, -**स्थानम्** a place of execution -**माला** a garland of flowers placed on a person who is about to be executed -**वासस्** the clothes of a criminal who has been executed, बध्याश्च हन्यु सतत यथाशास्त्रं नृपाज्ञया । वध्यवासासि गृहीयु शय्याश्चाभरणानि च ॥ Ms 10 56 -**शिला** 1 an executioner's block, scaffold -2 a slaughter-house.

वध्या Killing, slaughter, murder

वध्रम् 1 A leathern strap or thong, see वध्रम्. -2 Lead -**ध्री** A leathern thong.

वध्रि *a* Castrated, emasculated.

वध्रिका *m* A castrated person, eunuch

वध्यः A shoe.

वन् I 1 P. (वन्ति) 1 To honour, worship -2 To aid. -3 To sound -4 To be occupied or engaged -II 8 U (वन्तोति, वन्ते, usually वन्ते only) 1 To beg, ask, request (said to govern two acc), तोयदादितर नैव चातको वन्ते जलम् -2 To seek for, seek to obtain -3 To conquer, possess -4 Ved To like, love -5 To wish, desire -6 To make ready, prepare for -7 To hurt, injure.

-III 1 P, 10 U (वनति, वनयति-ते) 1 To favour, and
-2 To hurt, injure -3 To sound -4 To confide in.

वत p p 1 Uttered, sounded -2 Killed, hurt -3
Asked, begged

वनम् [वन-अच्] 1 A forest, wood, thicket of trees,
एको वास पत्ने वा वने वा Bh 3 120, वनेऽपि दोषा प्रभवन्ति
राणिणाम् -2 A cluster, group, a quantity of lotuses or
other plants growing in a thick bed, चित्रद्विपा पद्मवना-
तीर्ण R 16 16, 6 86 -3 A place of abode, residence,
house -4 A fountain, spring (of water) -5 Water
in general, गगन वनौघनमदधम् S 1 6 73 -6 A wooden
vessel -7 Wood, timber -8 Dwelling in a forest,
living abroad -9 Ved A cloud -10 Light, a ray of
light -11 Worshipping -12 A mountain, L D B
-13 Plenty, abundance (As the first member of comp
वन may be translated by 'wild', 'forest', वनवराह,
वनकदली, वनपुष्पम् &c) -Comp -अग्निः a forest conflagra-
tion -अजः the wild goat -अन्तः 1 the skirts or
borders of a forest, वृत्त स नौ सगतयोर्वनान्ते R 2 58 -2
the forest region itself, wood, वनान्तशः श्याकठिनीकृताकृती
K 1 36, अन्त कूजन् मुखरशकुनो यत्र रम्यो वनान्त U 2 25
-अन्तरम् 1 another wood -2 the interior of a forest,
अपि वनान्तरमल्पकुचातरा श्रयति पर्वत पर्वसु सन्ता V 4 49
-अब्जिनी a lotus-plant growing in water -अरिष्टा wild
turmeric -अर्चकः a florist, maker of garlands -अलकम्
red earth or ruddle -अलिका a sun-flower -आलुः a
hare -आलुकः a kind of bean -आपगा 'wood-river',
a forest-stream, महागणैव समासाद्य वनौपगशत यथा Rām 7 19
17 -आर्द्रकम् the root of wild ginger (-का) wild ginger
-आश a living on water, कृत क्षीर वनाशाना वनाश्रम-
निवासिनाम् Mb 13 14 124 (-शः) 1 dining in a wood,
a picnic, कचिद्वनशाय मनो दधद् व्रजात् प्रातः ससुत्थाय वयस्य-
वत्सपान् Bhāg 10 12 1 -2 a kind of small barley
-आश्रमः abode in the woods, the third stage in the re-
ligious life of a Brahmana -आश्रमिन् m an anchorite,
a hermit -आश्रयः 1 an inhabitant of the wood -2 a
sort of crow or raven -उत्साहः a rhinoceros -उद्धवा
the wild cotton plant -उपप्लवः a forest conflagration
-उपलः shaped and dried cow dung (Mar गोवरी)
-ओकस् m 1 an inhabitant of a wood, a forester -2
an anchorite, a hermit -3 a wild animal such as a
monkey, boar &c, तस्य त्यक्तस्वभावस्य घृणेर्यावनौकस Bhāg
7 2 7 -ओषधिः a medicinal herb growing in a forest
or growing wild -कणा wild pepper -कदली wild
plantain -करिन् m, -कुञ्जरः, -गजः a wild elephant
-काम a fond of a forest -कार्पासी (-सिः f) the wild
cotton tree -कुक्कुटः a wild fowl -कोलिः f the wild
jujube tree -खण्डम् a forest -ग a inhabitant of a
forest -गवः the wild ox -गहनम् a thicket, the thick
part of a forest, इति चालयन्नचलसानुवनगहनजानुमापति ।
-गुप्तः a spy गुल्मः a wild or forest shrub -गोचर a
1 frequenting woods -2 living in water, जहास चाहो वन-

गोचरो मृग Bhāg 3 18 2 (-रः) 1 a hunter -2 a for-
ester (-रम्) a forest -ग्रहणम् surrounding a forest
and stopping all egress -ग्राहिन् a beater of the forest,
one who surrounds a forest, तेन हि निवर्तय पूर्वगतान् वन-
ग्राहिण S 2 6/7 -ग्रामकः a forest village, a poor village
-चन्दनम् 1 the Devadāru tree -2 aloe-wood -चन्द्रिका,
-ज्योत्स्ना a kind of jasmine -चम्पकः the wild Cham-
paka tree -चर a living in a forest, haunting woods,
sylvan (-रः) 1 a forester, forest-dweller, woodman,
उपतस्थुरास्थितविषादधिय शतयज्वनो वनचरा वसतिम् K 1 6 29,
Me 12 -2 a wild animal -3 the fabulous eight-leg-
ged animal called Sarabha -चर्या roaming about or
residence in a forest -छागः 1 a wild goat -2 a boar
-छिद् m a wood-cutter -जः 1 an elephant -2 a kind
of fragrant grass -3 the wild citron tree -4 a wood-
man (-जम्) a blue lotus-flower -जा 1 wild ginger
-2 the wild cotton tree -जीविन् a forester, woodman
-तिक्तः the yellow myrobalan tree -दः a cloud -दाहः
a forest-conflagration -दीपः = चम्पक -देवता a sylvan
deity, a dryad, शुश्राव कुक्षेषु यश स्वयुच्चैरुद्गीयमान वनदेवताभि
R 2 12, 9 52, S 4. 5, अनुप्रयाता वनदेवताभ्यामदृश्यत
स्थावरराजकन्या Ku 3. 52, 6 39 -द्रुमः a tree growing
wild in a forest -धारा an avenue of trees -धितिः f
Ved a hatchet -धेनुः f the female of the wild ox or
Bos gavæus -पः a woodman, यथा वनान्ते वनपैर्विदुष्ट कक्ष
दहेत्कृष्णगति सुघोष Mb 9 24 63 -पल्लवः the शोभाञ्जन tree
-पांसुलः a hunter -पार्श्वम् the neighbourhood of a
wood, the forest region itself -पुष्पम् a forest-flower
-पूरकः the wild citron tree -प्रवेशः commencing a
hermit's life -प्रस्थ a retiring into a wood, leading the
life of a hermit (-स्थः) a wood situated on a table-
land -प्रियः the cuckoo (-यम्) the cinnamon tree
-वर्हिणः, -वर्हिणः a wild peacock -भूः f, -भूमिः f forest
ground -भूषणी the female of the Indian cuckoo
-मक्षिका a gad-fly -मल्ली wild-jasmine -माला a gar-
land of wood-flowers, such as was usually worn by
Kṛiṣṇa, ग्रथितमौलिरसौ वनमालया R 9 51, it is thus des-
cribed - आजानुलम्बिनी माला सर्वतुङ्गसुमोज्ज्वला । मध्ये स्थूल-
कदम्बाद्या वनमालेति कीर्तिता ॥ ० धर an epithet of Kṛiṣṇa
-मालिन् a adorned with a chaplet of wood-flowers (-m)
an epithet of Kṛiṣṇa, धीरसमीरे यमुनातीरे वसति वने वनमाली
Git 5, तव विरहे वनमाली सखि सीदति ibid -मालिनी N of
the town of Dvārakā -मुच् a pouring water ; R 9 22
(-m), -मूतः a cloud -मुद्गः a kind of kidney-bean
-मोच्चा wild plantain -रक्षकः a forest-keeper -राजः the
lion -राजिः, -जी f 1 a grove or long row of trees -2
a long tract of forest -3 a path in a forest -रुहम् a
lotus-flower, वनरुहानन बिभ्रदावृतम् Bhāg 10 31 12 -रुद्धमी
f 1 an ornament or beauty of the wood -2 the plan-
tain -लता a forest-creeper, दूरीकृता खलु गुणैरुत्थानलता वन-
लताभि S 1 17 -वर्तिका a kind of quail -वह्निः, -हुता-
शनः a forest-conflagration -वासः 1 living in a wood,
residence in a forest, अनुमतगमना शकुन्तला तरुभिरिय वनवास-

बन्धुभिः S 4 10 -2 a wild or nomadic life -3 a forest-dweller, a forester -वासनः a civet-cat -वासिन m. 1 a forest-dweller, forester -2 a hermit, so वनस्थायिन -वीजः, -वीजकः the wild citron tree -वृन्ताकी the egg-plant -वीहिः wild rice -शृङ्गाटः Tribulus Lanuginosus (Mar सराटा) -शोभनम् a lotus -श्वन् m 1 a jackal -2 a tiger -3 a civet-cat -सङ्कटः a kind of pulse -सद्, -संवासिन m a forester, प्रणुदन्ववौ वनसदा परिश्रमम् K1 12 50 -समूहः a thick wood -संग्रवेशः a solemn procession into a forest for the purpose of cutting wood for an idol -सरोजिनी f the wild cotton plant -स्थः 1 a deer -2 a hermit, कुत क्षीर वनस्थानाम् Mb 13 14 124 -स्था, -स्थी the holy fig tree -स्थली a wood, forest ground, नखक्षतानीव वनस्थलीनाम् Ku 3 29 -सज्ज् f a garland of forest flowers -हासः, -हासकः 1 the Kāśa grass -2 N. of the flower-plant Kunda

वनस्पतिः [वनस्य पति नि० सु०] 1 A large forest tree, especially one that bears fruit apparently without any blossoms, अयुष्मा फलवन्तो ये ते वनस्पतय स्मृता Ms 1 47 -2 A tree in general, तमाशु विघ्न तपसस्तपस्वी वनस्पति वज्र इवावभज्य Ku 3 74 -3 The Soma plant -4 A stem, trunk -5 A beam, pole, post -6 A sacrificial post -7 An offering to Vanaspati -8 A wooden amulet -9 A scaffold -10 An ascetic -Comp -कायः the whole world of plants, vegetable kingdom

वननम् Ved Wealth

वनरः (= वानर), L D B

वनस् n Ved 1 Loveliness or glory, आयाहि, वनसा सह Rv 10 72 1 -2 Wealth -3 A wood

वनायुः [Un 1. 4] N of a district, निद्रां विहाय वन-जाक्ष वनायुदेश्या R 5 73 -Comp -ज् a produced in Vanāyu, (as a horse)

वनाहिरः A hog, wild boar.

वनिः 1 N of Agni -2 A heap -3 Asking, begging. -f Desire, wish

वनिका A little wood, as in अशोकवनिका

वनिन् a Ved 1 Worshipping -2 Desiring -3 Giving, bestowing. -4 Abounding in water -5 Living in a forest -m 1 A tree -2 The Soma plant -3 A Brāhmaṇa in the third stage of his life, a Vānaprastha, q v

वनी A forest, wood, grove or thicket (of trees), पूगवनी Mv. 7 13, अवनीतलमेव साधु मन्ये न वनी माधवनी विला-सहेतु Jag, वनीमिमा ते घृतना प्रतनीमतनीयसीम् Śiva B 19 10, कल्याणी तु वनीमनीनयदहो कस्याप्यमृष्यन् वचः Viś Gupta 48

वनेकिशुकाः (pl) ' A Kimsuka in a wood ', any-thing found unexpectedly, also वनेबिल्वका in this sense

वनेचर a [वने चरति चर-ट अङ्क स०] Dwelling in a wood -रः 1 A forester, woodman, वनेचराणा वनितासखानाम्

Ku 1 10, K1 1 1 -2 An ascetic, a hermit -3 A wild beast -4 A sylvan, satyr -5 A demon

वनित p p 1 Begged, asked, solicited &c -2 Served, worshipped

वनिता 1 A woman in general, वनितेति वदन्त्येता लोका सर्वे वदन्तु ते । यूनां परिणता सेय तपस्येति मत मम ॥ Bv 2 117, पथिकवनिता Me 8 -2 A wife, mistress, वनेचराणा वनिता-सखानाम् Ku 1 10, R 2 19 -3 Any beloved woman -4 The female of an animal -Comp -द्विष् m a misogynist (woman-hater) -विलासः wanton pastime of women

वनिष्ठुः [वन्-इष्टुच् Un 4 2] Ved 1 Part of the entrails of an animal offered in sacrifice -2 The rectum

वनिष्ठा a Begging, requesting, (याचक)

वनीकः A beggar

वनीपकः, वनीयकः A beggar, mendicant, वनीयकाना स हि कल्पभूरुह N 15 60, Śi 14 48

वनीयति Den P 1 To beg (as alms) -2 To ask, entreat, request

वनीयस् a Very liberal, अन्यथा तेऽव्यक्तगतेर्दर्शनं न कथं वृणाम् । नितरां त्रियमाणानां ससिद्धस्य वनीयस ॥ Bhāg 1 19 37

वनुः Ved 1 A malicious person (हिंसक) -2 An assalant, enemy, त्वम् इन्द्र वनुर् अहन् Rv 4 30 5 -3 An adherent, a friend वनु वा ये सुश्रुण सुश्रुतो धु 10 74 1

वनुस् a Ved 1 Eager, anxious for -2 Devoted or attached to -3 A worshipper, one who honours -m 1 A plotter, an enemy (हिंसक) -2 Possessing, enjoy- ing, using

वन्द 1 A (वन्दते, वन्दित) 1 To salute, greet respect- fully, pay homage to, जगत पितरौ वन्दे पार्वतीपरमेश्वरौ R 1 1, 13 77, 14 5 -2 To adore, worship -3 To praise, extol -With अभि to salute, greet respectfully, मानोन्नतेना-प्यभिवन्द्य मूर्ध्ना R 16 81.

वन्दकः 1 A praiser -2 A parasitical plant, also वन्दका.

वन्दयः [वन्द-अथ Un 3 112] 1 A praiser, bard, panegyrist -2 One who deserves praise

वन्दनम् [वन्द-ल्युट्] 1 Salutation, obeisance -2 Re- verence, adoration -3 Obeisance paid to a Brāhmaṇa &c (by touching his feet) -4 Praising, extolling -5 A cutaneous eruption, scrofula -ना 1 Worship, adora- tion -2 Praise -नी 1 Worship, adoration -2 Praise -3 Solicitation -4 A drug for reviving the dead. -Comp -माला, -मालिका a garland suspended across gateways.

वन्दनकम् Respectful salutation.

वन्दनीय *a* Fit to be saluted, adorable. -या Yellow pigment

वन्दा 1 *A* female beggar -2 Parasitical plant (**वन्दाकः**, -की, -का, **वन्दारः** also in this sense)

वन्दारः *A* parasitical plant

वन्दारः *a* 1 Praising -2 Reverential, respectful, polite, civil, परमपुण्यहीनो महामुनिवन्दारः Mu 7 -*n* Praise -*m* *A* panegyrist, bard

वन्दिन् *m* *A* panegyrist, bard, an encomiast, a herald, वैर्मच्छेदात् पटुतरगिरी वन्दिनो नीलकण्ठा V 4 13, (the bards form a distinct caste sprung from a Ksatriya father and a Sūdra mother) -2 *A* captive, prisoner

वन्दिः, **वन्दी** *f* [**वन्द-इन्** Un 4 128] See **वन्दी** 1 *A* female prisoner -2 Prey, booty, spoil -**Comp** -**पालः** a keeper of prisoners, jailer

वन्द्य *a* 1 Adorable, venerable, शिशुत्व क्लृप्तं वा भवतु ननु वन्द्यासि जगताम् U 4 11 -2 To be respectfully saluted, वन्द्य युग चरणयोजनकालजाया R 13 78, Ku 6 83, Me 12 -3 Laudable, commendable, praiseworthy -या 1 *A* parasitical plant -2 Yellow pigment

वन्दः [**वन्द-रक्** Un 2 13] *A* worshipper, votary -**न्दम्** Prosperity

वन्दुर *a*. See **वन्दुर**

वन्द्य [Un 4 121], **वन्द्या** See **वन्द्य**, **वन्द्या**, यत्र वन्द्य-फला वृक्षा विपुष्पा पर्णवर्जिता Rām 4 48 3

वन्नः [Un 2 28] *A* co-partner

वन्ध *a*. [**वने-भव** यत्] 1 Belonging to, growing or produced in, woods, wild, कल्पवित् कल्पयामास वन्धामेवास्य सविधाम् R 1 94, वन्धाना मार्गशाखिनाम् 45, 88 -2 Savage, not tamed or domesticated, वन्धान् विनेष्यान्निव दुष्टसत्त्वान् R 2 8, 37, 5 43 -3 Wooden -**न्यः** 1 *A* wild animal -2 *A* wild plant -3 *A* monkey, शतशो नैर्ऋतात् वन्धा जघ्नुर्वन्धाश्च नैर्ऋता । नैर्ऋतास्तत्र वन्धन्ते प्रायेण न तु वानरा ॥ Rām 3 287 29 -**न्यम्** Forest-produce (such as fruits, roots, &c), रामोऽपि सह वैदेह्या वने वन्धेन वर्तयन् R 12 20 -**Comp** -**आश्रमः** = वानप्रस्थाश्रम q v, लोकमुख्येषु सत्कार लिङ्गमुख्येषु चासकृत् । कुर्वतस्तस्य कौन्तेय वन्धाश्रमपद भवेत् ॥ Mb 12 66 9 -**इतर** *a* tame, domesticated -**गजः**, -**द्विपः** *a* wild elephant -**वृत्ति** *a* living on forest-food

वन्धा 1 *A* large forest, a number of thickets -2 *A* mass of water, flood, deluge

वप् 1 *U* (**वपति**, **वपते**, **उप्त**, *pass* **उप्यते**, *desid* **विवप्सति-ते**) 1 To sow, scatter (as seed), plant, यथेरिणे बीजमुपवा न वप्ता लभते फलम् Ms 3 142, न विद्यामिरिणे वपेत् 2 118, यादृश वपते बीज तादृशं लभते फलम् Subhās, Ku 2 5, S 6 28 -2 To throw (as arrow), cast (as dice), शरान् वपन्तं निशितान् सुपुङ्खान् Mb 6. 63 28. -3 To beget,

produce -4 To weave -5 To shear, shave (mostly Vedic) -**Caus** (**वापयति** ते) To sow, plant, put into the ground

वपः 1 Sowing seed -2 One who sows, a sower -3 Shaving -4 Weaving

वपनम् [**वप्-ल्युट्**] 1 Sowing seed -2 Shaving, shearing, वपन मेखला दण्डो मैक्षचर्या व्रतानि च Ms 11 152, प्रयागे भास्करक्षेत्रे पितृमातृवियोगत । आधाने सोमपाने च वपन पञ्चसु स्मृतम् ॥ -3 Semen virile, seed -4 *A* razor -5 Placing, arranging -नी 1 *A* barber's shop -2 *A* weaving instrument -3 *A* weaver's shop (तन्तुशाला)

वपा [**वप्-अच्**] 1 Fat, marrow, Y 3 94 -2 *A* hole, cavity, वल्मीकस्य वपाया च Mb 13 85. 49 -3 *A* mound of earth thrown up by ants -4 The skin of the intestines, अगस्त्यस्याभिचारेण युष्माक च वपा हुता Mb 1 118 15 -5 *A* fleshy prominent navel -**Comp** -**कृत्** *m* marrow

वपिलः *A* procreator, father

वपुः [**उप्यन्ते** सर्वेदु खानि अत्र, **वप्-उसि** Un 2 114] The body

वपुनः *A* god, deity

वपुष *a* Ved 1 Handsome -2 Wonderful -**षम्** Beauty (of form)

वपुस् *a* [**वप्-उसि**] Handsome, beautiful (Ved) -*n* 1 (*a*) Body, person, (स्मर) वपुषा स्वेन नियोजयिष्यति Ku 4 42, नव वय कान्तमिद वपुश्च R 2 47, Si 10 50 (*b*) Form, figure, appearance, लिखितवपुषो शङ्कपद्मौ च दृष्ट्वा Me 82, परिघ क्षतजतुल्यवपु Bri S 30 25 -2 Essence, nature, अष्टाना लोकपालाना वपुर्धोरयते नृप Ms 5 96 -3 Beauty, a beautiful form or appearance, ' वपु क्लोब तनौ शस्ताकृतावपि ' इति मेदिनी, श्रेमेण च विवर्णाना वक्त्राणां विप्लव वपु Mb 11 20 34 -4 Ved *A* wonderful phenomenon, wonder -5 Ved Water -**Comp** -**गुणः**, -**प्रकषे**: excellence of form, personal beauty, सधुक्ष्यन्तीव वपुर्गुणे Ku 3 52, वपु प्रकषोदजयद्गुरु रघु R 3 35, K1 3 2 -**धर** *a* 1 embodied -2 beautiful -**स्त्रवः** *a* humour of the body

वपुष्मत् *a* 1 Embodied, incarnate, corporeal, दहशे जगतीभुजा मुनि स वपुष्मानिव पुण्यसचय K1 2 56 -2 Beautiful, handsome, वपुष्मान् वीतभीवीगमी दूतो राज्ञ प्रशस्यते Ms 7 64 -3 Well-built and fat (दृष्टपुष्ट), अरोगप्रसवा नायौ वपुष्मन्तो हि मानवा Rām 7 41 19 -4 Complete, whole, unbroken (अक्षत), शत वाहसहस्राणा तण्डुलाना वपुष्मताम् Rām 7 91 19 (*com* अभयस्वरूपाणाम्) -5 Materialist (देहात्मवादी), ततस्त्रेतायुग नाम मानवाना वपुष्मताम् Rām 7 74 11. -*m* N of one of the Visédevas

वपुः *m* [**वप्-तृच्**] 1 *A* sower (of seed), planter, husbandman, न शालि स्तम्बकरिता वपुर्गुणमपेक्षते Mu. 1. 3, Ms 3 142. -2 *A* father, procreator -3 *A* poet, an inspired sage -4 *A* shaver, cutter,

वप्रः, -प्रम् [उच्यते अत्र वप्-रन् Un 2 27] 1 A rampart, earth-work, mud wall, वेलावप्रवल्ल्याम् (उर्वीम्) R 1 30, द्वितीयाभिव मामत्र वप्रमालम्ब्य तिष्ठत Siva B -2 A bank or mound of any kind (against which bulls and elephants butt), दृष्ट्वाप्रलम्बुदवप्रपङ्क R 13 47, see वप्रक्रीडा below -3 The slope or declivity of a hill or rocky place, बृहच्छिलावप्रघनेन वक्षसा K1 14 40 -4 A summit, peak, table-land on a mountain, तीव्र महाव्रतमिवात्र चरन्ति वप्रा S1 4 58, 3 37, K1 5 36, 6 8 -5 The bank of a river, side, shore, bank in general, वनय प्रतेनुरनुवप्रमपाम् K1 6 4, 7 11, 17 58 -6 The foundation of a building -7 The gate of a fortified town -8 A ditch -9 The circumference of a sphere -10 A field in general, विकासि वप्राम्भसि गन्धसूचितम् K1 4 26 -11 The butting of an elephant or bull -12 Dust -13 A multitude, a heap, L D B -प्रः 1 A father -2 A Prajapati -प्रम् 1 Lead -2 Gold, L D B -प्रा 1 A flat bank of earth -2 Garden-bed -Comp. -अभिघातः butting against the bank or side (as of a hill, river &c), वप्रभिघातपरिमण्डलितोद्देह K1 5 42, of तटाघात -अवनी cultivated land -क्रिया, -क्रीडा the playful butting of an elephant (or bull) against a bank or mound, वप्रक्रियामृक्षवतस्तटेषु R 5 44, वप्रक्रीडापरिणतगजप्रेक्षणीय दर्श Me 2 -क्षेत्रफलम् the circumference of a sphere

वप्रकः The circumference of a wheel

वप्रिः 1 A field -2 The ocean -3 Difficult position (दुर्गति)

वप्री 1 A mound of earth, hillock -2 Ant-hill,

वप् 1 P (वप्रति) To go, move

वम् 1 P (वमति, वान्त, caus वामयति, वमयति, but with prepositions only वमयति) 1 To vomit, spit out, eject from the mouth, रक्त चावमिषुर्मुञ्चै Bk 15 62, 9 10, 14 30 -2 To send forth or out, pour out, give out, give off, give forth, emit (fig also), किमाभेयप्रावा निष्कृत इव तेजांसि वमति U 6 14, S 2 7, R 16 66, Me 20, अविदितगुणापि सत्कविभणिति कर्णेषु वमति मधुधाराम् Vās -3 To throw out or down, वान्तमाल्य R 7 6 -4 To reject, अथैतद्वच पणयो वमान्ति Rv 10 108 8

वमः Ejecting, vomiting, giving out

वमथुः 1 Ejecting, vomiting, spitting out, तेषा भ्रम च ग्लानि च वमथु वेपथुं व्रणान् सर्वं व्यपातुदत् कृष्ण Mb 7 100 14 -2 Water ejected by an elephant from his trunk -3 A cough

वमनम् [वम्-ल्युट्] 1 Ejecting, vomiting -2 Drawing out, taking or getting out as in स्वर्गोन्मिष्यन्दवमनम् R 15 29, Ku 6 37 -3 An emetic, also वमनद्रव्यम् -4 Offering oblations -5 Pain -नः Hemp. -नी 1 A leech -2 The cotton shrub.

वमनीया A fly.

वमिः [वम्-इत्] 1 Fire -2 A cheat, rogue -मि f 1 Sickness, nausea -2 An emetic

वमिन् a Vomiting, being sick, P III 2 157

वमी Vomiting

वम्भः A bamboo (वश)

वम्भारवः The lowing of cattle

वम्रः, -म्री An ant -Comp -कूटम् an ant-hill

वय् 1 A (वयते) To go, move

वयः A weaver

वयनम् Weaving

वयस् n [अञ्-असुन् वीभाव] 1 Age, any time or period of life, गुणा पूजास्थान गुणिषु न च लिङ्ग न च वय U 4 11, नव वय R 2 47, पश्चिमे वयसि 19 1, न खलु वयस्तेजसो हेतु Bh 2 38, तेजसा हि न वय समीक्ष्यते R 11 1, Ku 5 16, Bhāg 10 26 4 -2 Youth, the prime of life, वयसि गते क कामविकार Charpata S 10, Bhāg 8 15 17, वयोगते किं वनिताविलास Subhās, so अतिक्रान्तवया -3 A bird in general, स्मरणीया समये वय वय N 2 62, मृगवयोगवयोपचित वनम् R 9 53, 2 9, S1 3 55, 11 47 -4 A crow, वयासि किं न कुर्वन्ति चञ्च्वा खोदरपूरणम् Pt 1 23 (here it may mean 'a bird' also) -5 Ved Sacrificial food or oblation -6 Energy, strength -7 Health, soundness of constitution -Comp -अतिग, -अतीत a (वयोतिग &c) advanced in age, aged, decrepit -अधिक a (वयोधिक) older in age, senior -अवस्था (वयोवस्था) stage or period of life, measure of age, वयोऽवस्था तस्या श्रुणुत Māl 9 29 -कर a causing health and vigour of life, prolonging life -गत a 1 come of age -2 advanced in years, अयमितर आत्मा कृतकृत्यो वयोगत प्रैति At Up 2 4 (-तम्) the departure of youth -परिणतिः, -परिणामः ripeness of age, advanced or old age -प्रमाणम् 1 measure or length of life -2 duration of life -बाल a young in years -वृद्ध a (वयोवृद्ध) old, advanced in years -संधिः 1 transition from one period of life to another, त्रयो वय संधय -2 puberty, maturity (period of coming of age) -स्थ a. (वयःस्थ or वयस्थ) 1 youthful, नानावर्णविभक्ताना वय स्थाना तथैव च Rām 1 53 20 -2 grown up, mature -3 strong, powerful (-स्थः) a friend, contemporary (-स्था) 1 a female companion. -2 the yellow myrobalan tree -3 small cardamoms -स्थानम् firmness of youth -हानिः f (वयोहानिः) 1 loss or decline of youth. -2 loss of youthful vigour

वयस्य a. [वयसा तुल्य यत्] 1 Being of the same age -2 Contemporary -स्यः A friend, companion, any associate (usually of the same age) -स्या A female companion or friend, a woman's confidante

वयाकः A little branch, a creeper.

वयुनम् [वयु उन्न Un 3 60] (also used in adjectival sense) 1 Knowledge, wisdom, faculty of perception, सर्वानाचष्ट वैकुण्ठ चक्षुषा वयुनिन स Bhāg 10 13 38, 4 9 8 -2 A temple (said to be m also in this sense in Unadisūtras) -3 A rule, precept, order -4 Manner, custom -5 Clearness -6 Action, act (कर्म), अमे नय सुपथा राये अस्मान् विश्वानि देव वयुनानि विद्वान् Īsop 18

वयोधस् m A young or middle-aged man

वयोधा a [वयसि धाज Un 4 236] Ved 1 Powerful, vigorous -2 Giving strength or health -3 Giving food -धाः f Strength, power

वयोरङ्गम् Lead

वर 10 U (वरयति-ते, strictly *caus* of वृ, or वृ of class 10) To ask for, choose, seek to get, see वृ

वर a [वृ-कर्मणि अप्] 1 Best, excellent, most beautiful or precious, choicest, finest, royal, princely, with gen or loc or usually at the end of comp, वदता वर R 1 59, वेदविदा वरेण 5 23, 11 54, Ku 6 18, चवर, तस्वरा, सरिद्वरा &c -2 Better than, preferable to, ग्रन्थिभ्यो धारिणो वरा Ms 12 103, Y 1 352 -रः 1 The act of choosing, selecting -2 Choice, selection -3 A boon, blessing, favour (तपोभिरिष्यते यस्तु देवेभ्य स वरो मत), वर वृ or याच् 'to ask a boon', प्रीतास्मि ते पुत्र वर वृणीष्व R 2 63, भवल्लब्धवरोदीर्ण Ku 2 32, (for the distinction between वर and आशिस् see आशिस्) -4 A gift, present, reward, recompense -5 A wish, desire in general -6 Solicitation, entreaty -7 Charity, alms -8 Surrounding, enclosing -9 Obstructing, checking -10 A bridegroom, husband, वर वरयते कन्या, see under वधू (i) also -11 A suitor, wooer -12 A dowry -13 A son-in-law, 'वरो जामातरि श्रेष्ठे' इति विश्व, रथाङ्गभर्त्रेऽभिनवं वराय Śi 3 36 -14 A dissolute man, libertine -15 A sparrow -16 Bdellium -रम् Saffron, (for वरम् see separately) -Comp. -अङ्ग a having an excellent form (-ङ्गः) 1 an elephant -2 N of Visnu -3 N of Cupid -4 a Nakṣatra year consisting of 324 days (-ङ्गी) turmeric (-ङ्गम्) 1 the head, वराङ्गानि महार्हाणि वनुषा क्षातयामि व Rām 1 66 10, वराङ्गमुर्व्यामपतच्चमुखे Mb 8 91 53 -2 the best part -3 an elegant form -4 pudendum muliere -5 green cinnamon -अङ्गना a lovely woman, वराङ्गनासेवनमल्पभोजनम् Lakṣmīcharitra -अङ्गम् excellent dish, पक्वापक्व दिवारात्र वराङ्गममृतोपमम् Mb 7 67 2 -अरणिः a mother, ददर्श रावणस्तत्र गोवृषेन्द्रवराणि Rām 7 23 22 -अर्ह a 1 worthy of a boon -2 very worthy, highly esteemed, मत्कृतेऽद्य वराहाया श्यामता समुपागतम् (मुखम्) Mb 3 144 11 -3 very expensive -आनना a lovely-faced woman -आजीविन m an astrologer -आरुहः an ox -आरोह a having fine hips (-हः) 1 an excellent rider -2 a rider on an elephant or horse -3 mounting, riding (-हा) an elegant or a beautiful woman, काम कुरु वरा-रोहे देहि मे परिरम्भणम् Māl 6 11 -आलिः the moon

-आसनम् 1 an excellent seat -2 the chief seat, a seat of honour -3 the China rose -4 a cistern, reservoir (-नः) 1 a door-keeper -2 a lover, paramour -इन्द्रः 1 a chief, sovereign -2 Indra -3 (also n) N of a part of Bengal -इन्दी the ancient Gaura or Gauda country -ईश्वरः N of Śiva -उरुः, -रुः f a beautiful woman (lit having beautiful thighs) -क्रतुः an epithet of Indra -गात्र a fair-limbed, beautiful -चन्दनम् 1 a kind of sandal wood -2 the pine tree -तनु a fair-limbed (-नुः f) a beautiful woman, वरतनुरथवासो नैव दृष्टा त्वया मे V 4 22 -तन्तुः N of an ancient sage, कौत्स प्रपेदे वरतन्तुशिष्य R 5 1 -त्वचः the Nimba tree -द a 1 conferring a boon, granting or fulfilling a boon, आगच्छ वरदे देवि जये मे सनिधौ भव Sandhyā -2 propitious (-दः) 1 a benefactor -2 N of a class of Manes -3 fire for propitiatory burnt offerings -चतुर्थी N of the 4th day in the bright half of माघ, हस्तः the boon-giving or beneficent hand (placed on the head of a suppliant by a deity &c) (-दा) 1 N of a river, वरद वरदारोघोवृक्षे सहावनतो रिपु M 5 1 -2 a maiden, girl -दक्षिणा 1 a present made to the bridegroom by the father of the bride -2 a term for expense incurred in fruitless endeavours to recover a loss -दानम् the granting of a boon -दानिक a arising from the bestowal of a favour or boon, चतुर्दश वने वास वर्षाणि वरदानिकम् Rām 2 107 7 -द्रुमः agallochum -धर्मः a noble act of justice -निमन्त्रणम् a journey undertaken by the parents of the bride to recall the bridegroom (who pretends to go to Kāśī) -निश्चयः the choice of a bridegroom -पक्षः the party of the bridegroom (at a wedding), प्रमुदितवरपक्षमेकतस्तत् R 6 86 -पुरुषः the best of men, अह वरपुरुषमनुष्यो वासुदेव कामयितव्य Mk 1 30/31 -प्रद a granting wishes -प्रदा N of Lopāmudrā -प्रस्थानम्, -यात्रा the setting out of the bridegroom in procession towards the house of the bride for the celebration of marriage -फलः the cocoa-nut tree -बाहिकम् saffron -युवतिः, -ती f a beautiful young woman -रुचिः N of a poet and grammarian (one of the 'nine gems' at the court of king Vikrama, see नवरत्न, he is identified by some with Kātyāyana, the celebrated author of the Vārtikas on Pāṇini's Sūtras) -लक्षणम् the requisites of wedding पाणिग्रहणमन्त्राश्च प्रथित वरलक्षणम् Mb 7 55 16 -लब्ध a received as a boon (-ब्धः) the Champaka tree -वत्सला a mother-in-law -वर्णम् gold -वर्णिनी 1 an excellent or fair-complexioned woman, मया हीय वृता पूर्व मार्याथै वरवर्णिनी Mb 1 5 23 -2 a woman in general -3 turmeric -4 lac -5 N of Lakṣmī -6 of Durgā -7 of Sarasvatī -8 the creeper called Priyangu -9 a yellow pigment -वृद्धः N of Śiva -शीतम् cinnamon -सुरत a 1 very wanton -2 acquainted with the secrets of sexual intercourse -स्रज f 'the bridegroom's garland', the garland put by the bride round the neck of the bridegroom.

वरकः [वृ-वृत् Un 5 44] 1 A wish, request, boon -2 A cloak -3 A kind of wild bean -4 One who asks a female in marriage, a suitor, wooer -कम् 1 The cover of a boat -2 A towel, wiper

वरणम् [वृ-ल्युट् ल्यु वा Un 2 71] 1 Choosing, selecting -2 Begging, soliciting, requesting -3 Surrounding, encircling -4 Covering, screening, protecting -5 The choice of a bride -6 Worshipping (of priests &c) -7 Keeping off, prohibiting, warding -णः 1 A rampart, surrounding wall, वरण कनकस्य मानिनीं दिवमङ्गादमराद्रि-रागताम् उवास N 2 86 -2 A bridge -3 The tree called Varuna, Rām 2 94 9, see वरुण (Mar वायवर्ण) -4 A tree in general, इह सिन्धवश्च वरणावरणा करिणा मुदे सनलदानलदा K1 5 25 -5 A camel -6 A kind of ornament on a bow. -7 N of Indra -8 A particular magical formula recited over weapons -Comp -माला, -स्रज् See वरस्रज्.

वरटः [वृ-अट् Un 4 86] 1 Gander -2 A kind of grain -3 A kind of wasp -टा, -टी 1 A goose, नवप्र-सूतिर्वरटा तपस्विनी N 1 135, कण्डूयमाना वरटा स्वचञ्चुपुटकोटिभिः । इह कामयमान तु वारयेत् पक्षधूनै ॥ Kāśīkhaṇḍa 3 68 -2 A wasp or a variety of it, भो वयस्य, एते खलु दास्या पुत्रा अर्थ-कल्यवर्ता वरटाभीता इव गोपालदारका अरण्ये यत्र यत्र न खाद्यन्ते तत्र तत्र गच्छन्ति Mk 1 -टम् A jasmine flower (कुन्दपुष्प)

वरणक a Obstructing, शुरु वरणकमेव तम Sāmkhya K. 18

वराणसी More usually written वाराणसी q v.

वरण्डः [वृ-अण्डच् Un 1. 120] 1 A multitude, group -2 A pimple or eruption on the face -3 A veranda -4 A heap of grass -5 The string of a fish-hook -6 Pocket -7 The middle part of the sacrificial altar (वेदी), see वरण्डक (The word वरण्डलम्बुक in यदिदानीमह वरण्डलम्बुक इव दूरमुक्षिप्य पातित Mk 1 is of doubtful meaning, it seems to mean 'an over-hanging or projecting wall', which, if raised high, is sure to topple down, so in the case of the Sūtradhāra whose expectations were raised very high only to be cruelly disappointed वरण्ड may mean a contrivance for drawing water from a well (named आकती in Marathi) and लम्बुक is its handle)

वरण्डक a 1 Large, great, spacious. -2 Frightened -3 Miserable, wretched -कः 1 A mound of earth -2 The seat on an elephant, a howdah. -3 A wall. -4 An eruption on the face -5 = वरण्ड (7), गतासुरन्तरा दन्ती वरण्डक इवाभवत् Śi 19 65 (Com 'वरण्डकोऽन्तरावेदौ सदीह-सुखरोगयो' इति विश्व)

वरण्डा 1 A dagger, knife -2 A kind of bird (सारिका) -3 The wick of a lamp.

वरण्डालुः The castor-oil tree

वरण्डी f A sheaf of grass, Ohārudatta 1

वरत्रा, -त्रम् [वृ-अत्रच् Un 3 104] 1 A strap, thong, or girth (of leather), वरा प्राशुरसौ घुणव्रणमयो जीर्णा वरत्रा इमा Udb, Bhāg 8 24 45, विततपृथुवरत्रातुल्यरूपैर्मयूखै Śi. 11 44 -2 The girth of an elephant or horse

वरम् and Rather or better than, preferably to, it is better that &c It is sometimes used with the ablative, समुन्नयन् भूतिमनार्थसगमाद्वर विरोधोऽपि सम महात्मभि K1 1 8 But it is generally used absolutely, वरम् being used with the clause containing the thing preferred, and न च, न तु, or न पुन with the clause containing the thing to which the first is preferred, (both being put in the nominative case), वर मौन कार्यं न च वचनमुक्त यद्वृत्त वरं भिक्षाशिव न च परधनास्वादनसुखम् H 1 116, वर प्राणत्यागो न पुनरधमानासुपगम श्रद्धा, वर गर्भेष्वावो वरमृतुषु नैवाभिगमनम्, वर जातप्रेतो वरमपि च कन्यैव जनिता । वरं वन्ध्या भार्या वरमपि च गर्भेषु वसतिर्न चाविद्वान् रूपद्रविणगुणयुक्तोऽपि तनय ॥ Pt, sometimes न is used without च, तु or पुन, याच्ञा मोघा वरमधिगुणे नाधमे लब्धकामा Me 6

वरयितृ m A suitor, wooer, lover.

वरलः A kind of wasp -ला 1 A goose -2 A kind of wasp.

वरस् m Width, breadth (Ved).

वरस्या Ved Desire, wish

वरा 1 The three kinds of myrobalan -2 A kind of perfume -3 Turmeric -4 N of Pārvatī

वराक a (-की f) 1 Poor, pitiable, miserable, wretched, unhappy, unfortunate (often used to show pity), तन्मया न युक्त कृत यत् स वराकोऽपमानित Pt 1, तत् किमुजिह्वान-जीविता वराकी नानुकम्पसे Māl 10 -2 Low, vile -3 Impure -कः 1 N of Śiva -2 War, battle

वराटः [वरमल्प अटति अट्-अण् Tv] 1 A cowrie -2 A rope, cord -3 The seed vessel, वराटकिञ्जल्कनिमोष्ठदन्त Rām ch 1 7 -Comp -राट् the king of Vidarbha or Berar, वराटराट् चासुनितान्तचारुणो N 16 111, 117

वराटकः 1 A cowrie, a kind of measure 1/80 of a Pana, प्राप्त काणवराटकोऽपि न मया तृष्णेऽधुना मुञ्च माम् Bh 8 4. -2 The seed-vessel of the lotus-flower, औजिष्ठ प्रियाङ्गुवृणयैव रुक्षा न वारिदुर्गात् वराटकस्य N 7 18, 11 110. -3 A string, rope (n also in this sense) -Comp -रजस् m, the tree called नागकिंशर

वराटिका 1 A cowrie, लोभाद्वराटिकाना विक्रेतुं तत्कमानिश-मटस्या (लब्धो नीलमणि.) Bv 2 42 -2 A trifling, प्रयागे मूर्धयते येन तस्य गङ्गा वराटिका Udb

वराटी-डी (In music) A kind of Rāga.

वराणः 1 An epithet of Indra -2 The वरुण tree

वराणसी See वाराणसी

वरारकम् A diamond

वराळः, वराळकः [वृ-आल्च् Un 1 110] 1 Cloves (also n) -2 A donor -ल्लो A female goose

वराळिका An epithet of Durgā, L D B

वराशिः -सिः A coarse cloth.

वरासिः A swordsman, L D B

वरासी f Bathing cloth or soiled cloth, L D B

वराहः [वराय अभीष्टाय मुस्तादिलाभाय आहन्ति भूमिम् आ-हन्-ट् Tv] 1 A boar, hog, विस्मय्य क्रियता वराहत्तिभिर्मुस्ताक्षति पत्तले Ś 2 6 -2 A ram -3 A bull -4 A cloud -5 A crocodile -6 An array of troops in the form of a boar -7 N of Viṣṇu in the third or boar incarnation, of वसति दशनशिखरे वरणी तव लम्बा शशिनि कलङ्ककलेव निमग्ना । केशव धृतशूकररूप जय जगदीश हरे Git. 1 -8 A particular measure -9 N of Varāhamihira -10 N of one of the 18 Purāṇas -11 A mountain, L D B -12 A com, L D B -13 A kind of grass, L D B -Comp -अवतारः the boar or third incarnation of Viṣṇu -कन्दः a kind of esculent root -कर्णः a kind of arrow, वराह-कर्णेर्लोकेकैविकर्णेष्वाभ्यवीवृषत् Mb 7 166 24 -कर्णिका a kind of missile -कल्पः the period of the boar incarnation, the period during which Viṣṇu assumed the form of a boar -क्रान्ता the sensitive plant -द्वादशी a festival held on the 12th day in the bright half of Māgha in honour of Viṣṇu -नामन् n an esculent root -पुराणम् N of one of the 18 major Purāṇas -मिहिरः N of a celebrated astronomer, author of बृहत्संहिता (supposed to be one of the 'nine gems' at the court of king Vikrama) -शृङ्गः N of Śiva

वराहुः Ved A boar, hog

वरिमन् m 1 Excellence, superiority, pre-eminence, न ह्यस्य वर्ष्मण पुसा वरिमन् सर्वयोगिनाम् Bhāg 3 25 2, 4. 15 26 -2 Ved. Circuit, compass -3 Breadth, extent.

वरिवस् n Ved 1 Worshipping, honouring -2 Wealth -3 Room, space -4 Pleasure, happiness -5 Ease.

वरिवसि(सि)त a Worshipped, honoured, adored, revered.

वरिवसित् a Worshipper, न तच्चित्रं तस्मिन् वरिवसितरि त्वच्चरणयोर्न कस्या उन्नत्यै भवति शिरसस्त्वय्यवनति. Śiva-mahimna 18

वरिवस्यति Den P To show favour, cherish, Bk

वरिवस्या 1 Worship, honour, adoration, devotion -2 Service, attendance, क्षितिपते प्रसितो वरिवस्यया Rām ch 4 85 Hence वरिवस्यक a engaged in worship, Chārudatta 1

वरिशी A fish-hook

वरिषम् A year, L D B

वरिषाः f. (pl) The rainy season

वरिष्ठ a 1 Best, most excellent, most distinguished or pre-eminent, अयं च पार्थो बीमस्तुर्वरिष्ठो ज्याविकर्षणे Mb 3 35 12 -2 Largest, greatest -3 Widest -4 Heaviest -5 Worst, most wicked, (superl of उरु q v) -ष्टः 1 The francoline partridge -2 The orange tree -ष्टम् 1 Copper. -2 Pepper

वरी 1 N of Chhāyā, wife of the sun -2 The plant called शतावरी

वरीमन् m Excellence &c, see वरिमन्

वरीयस् a 1 Better, more excellent, preferable, आराधुपकारकेभ्य सामवायिकान्यज्ञानि वरीयासि भवन्ति ŚB on MS 10 1 23 -2 Most excellent, very good, वरीयानन्योन्य-प्रगुणगुणनिर्माणनिपुण Māl 1 16 -3 Larger, wider, more extensive (compar of उरु q v) -4 Extremely tender or younger -m N of one of the Yogas. -n Ved. Rest, repose

वरी(ली)वर्दः An ox, a bull,

वरीषुः N of Cupid, the god of love

वरु(रु)कः [Un 4 43] A species of inferior grain

वरुटः N of a class of Mlecchhas

वरुडः N of a low caste, one of the 7 low castes, whose occupation is splitting canes (Mar बुरुड), of Ms. 4 215 Kull (वेण — वेणोर्भेदेन यो जीवति, बुरुड इति विश्वरूप)

वरुणः [वृ-उन्न Un 3 53] 1 N of an Āditya (usually associated with Mitra), Bri Up 1 4 11 -2 (In later mythology) The regent of the ocean and of the western quarter (represented with a noose in hand), यासा राजा वरुणो याति मध्ये सत्यानृत्ये अवपश्यन्नानाम्, वरुणो यादसामहम् Bg 10 29, त्व विश्वेषा वरुणासि राजा ये च देवा ये च मर्ता Rv 2 27 10, प्रतीचीं वरुण पाति Mb, अतिसक्तिमेत्य वरुणस्य दिशा भृशमन्वरज्यदनुषारकर Śi 9 7. -3 The ocean. -4 Firmament -5 The Sun -6 The Varuṇa tree -Comp -अङ्गरुहः an epithet of Agastya -आत्मजः N of the sage Jamadagni, तत सुतास्ते वरुणात्मजोपमा Mb 7 155 45 -आत्मजा spirituous liquor (so called being produced from the sea) -आलयः, -आवासः the ocean -ईशम्, -देवम्, -दैवतम् the Nakṣatra Satabhishaj -पाशः 1 a shark -2 the noose of Varuṇa -लोकः 1 the world of Varuṇa -2 water

वरुणानी Varuṇa's wife

वरुणाविः f N of Lakṣmī

वरुत्रम् A cloak, mantle

वरुलम् [वृ-उलच् Up 5. 8] Best, preeminent.

वरुत् *m* Ved 1 A protector, defender -2 A god, deity -त्री A guardian deity

वरुथम् [वृ-ऊथन् Un 2 6] 1 A sort of wooden fence or fender with which a chariot is provided as a defence against collision (*m* also in this sense), वरुथो रथगुप्तिर्या तिरोधत्ते रथस्थितिम्, चक्रे षोडशभिर्युक्तं सवरुथं सकूबरम् A Rām 6 11 2 -2 An armour, a coat of mail -3 A shield -4 A group, multitude, an assemblage, मध्यमानात्तथा सिन्धोर्देवासुरवरुथपे Bhāg 8 7 16, 3 1 28 -5 Protection -6 A family -7 A house, residence (Ved in the last 3 senses) -थः 1 The cuckoo -2 Time -Comp. -वती a host, army

वरुथशस् *ind* In multitude or heaps, खाकौररभसा मत्ता पर्यधावन् वरुथश. Bhāg 3 17 11

वरुथिन् *a* 1 Wearing an armour, mailed -2 Furnished with a fender or protecting plank, अवनिमेकरथेन वरुथिना जितवत् किल तस्य धनुर्धृत R 9 11 -3 Protecting, sheltering -4 Surrounded by a troop -5 Being or seated in a carriage -*m* 1 A chariot, वरुथिना विनिष्पत्य व्यचरत् घृतनामुखे Mb 7 13 23, Śi 17 23 -2 A guard, defender -नी An army, स्खलितसलिलामुल्लङ्घ्यैना जगाम वरुथिनी Śi 12 77, R 12 50

वरेण्य *a* [वृ-एन्य Un 3 98] 1 To be wished for, desirable, eligible, अनेन चेदिच्छसि गृह्यमाण पाणिं वरेण्येन R 6 24 -2 (Hence) Best, most excellent, pre-eminent, most worthy or distinguished, chief, वेधा विधाय पुनरुक्तमिवन्दुबिम्बं दूरीकरोति न कथं विदुषा वरेण्य Bv 2 158, तत् सवितुर्वरेण्यं भर्गो देवस्य धीमही Rv 3 62 10, R 6 24, 84 Bk 1 4, Ku 7 90, A Rām 2 6 62 -ण्यः A particular class of deceased ancestors -ण्यम् Saffron

वरेन्द्री *N* of Gauda or North Bengal, L D B See वरेन्द्र under वर

वरोटः The Marubaka plant -टम् Its flower.

वरोल A kind of wasp.

वर्करः [वृक्-अरन् Un 4 3] 1 A lamb, kid -2 A goat -3 Any young domestic animal -4 Mirth, sport, pastime -5 Jest, joke -Comp -कर्करः a strap or rope of leather (कर्कर) to bind a lamb or goat with

वर्कराटः 1 A side-glance, leer -2 The marks of a lover's fingernails on the bosom of a woman -3 The rays of the ascending sun.

वर्कुटः A pin, bolt.

वर्गः [वृज्-वृ] 1 A class, division, group, company, society, tribe, collection (of similar things), न्यषेधि शेषोऽयन्नुयायिवर्ग R 2 4, 11 7, so पौरवर्ग, नक्षत्रवर्ग &c -2 A party, side, वर्गावुभौ देवमहीधराणाम् Ku 7 53 -3 A category -4 A class of words grouped together, as मनुष्यवर्गः, वनस्पतिवर्ग &c -5 A class of consonants in the

स इ. को... १०५

alphabet, (as कवर्ग, चवर्ग etc) -6 A section, chapter, division of a book -7 Particularly, a subdivision of an Adhyāya in Rigveda -8 The square power -9 Strength -10 Sphere, province -11 The whole class of objects of worldly existence (धर्म, अर्थ and काम) -Comp -अन्त्यम्, -उत्तमम् the last letter of each of the first five classes of consonants, : *e* a nasal -अष्टकम् the eight groups of consonants : *e* the consonants collectively -कमेन् *N* of an operation relating to square numbers -वनः the cube of a square -चात the fifth power -पदम्, -मूलम् the square root -प्रकृतिः *f* an affected square -वर्गः the square of a square -स्थ *a*. devoted to a party, partial

वर्गणा 1 Multiplication -2 Accumulation, इति स्तुवन् हुक्कृतिवर्गणाभि *N* 10 65 -3 A division, class

वर्गयति Den P To multiply.

वर्गशस् *ind*. In groups, according to classes.

वर्गिन् *a* Belonging to a class or party -*m* A leader of a group, परिचर्यावतो द्वारे ये च केचन वर्गिण (अभिघातयेत्) Mb 12 100 29

वर्गीकृत 1 Classified -2 Squared.

वर्गीण *a* Belonging to a class or category, P IV 3 64

वर्गीय *a* Belonging to a class or category -यः A class-fellow

वर्ग्य *a* Belonging to the same class -ग्यः One belonging to the same class or company, colleague, class-fellow, fellow student (in learning), या यस्य युज्यते भूमिका ता खलु भावेन तथैव सर्वे वर्ग्या पाठिता Mal 1, उद्गाहना जुहुविरे सुहुरात्मवर्ग्या Śi 5 15

वर्च 1 *Ā* (वर्चते) To shine, be bright or splendid.

वर्चटी 1 A kind of rice. -2 A harlot

वर्चस् *n*. [वृच्-असुन्] 1 Vigour, energy, power -2 Light, lustre, brilliance, splendour, स्वरेण वर्चसा चैव प्रेक्षितेन च वानर व्यक्ति वा नोपलक्ष्ये Rām 4 12 31 -3 Form, figure, shape -4 Ordure, feces -5 Semen virile -Comp -ग्रहः constipation

वर्चस्कः 1 Brightness, lustre -2 Vigour -3 Feces.

वर्चस्विन् *a* 1 Vigorous, energetic, active -2 Bright, brilliant, radiant -*m* The moon, L. D B

वर्जः Leaving, abandoning

वर्जक *a* (At the end of comp) 1 Exclusive of, excluding -2 Leaving, avoiding, abandoning

वर्जनम् [वृज्-ल्युट्] 1 Leaving, giving up, abandoning. -2 Renouncing -3 Exception, exclusion, P. I 4 88. -4 Hurt, injury, killing

वर्जम् ind To the exclusion of, excluding, except (at the end of comp), रसवर्जं रसोऽप्यस्य परं दृष्ट्वा निवर्तते Bg 2 59, गौतमीवर्जमितरा निष्कान्ता S 4, प्रत्यग्रहीत् सर्वममन्त्र-वर्जम् Ku 7 72

वर्जित p p 1 Left out, excepted -2 Abandoned, relinquished -3 Excluded -4 Deprived of, destitute of, without, as in गुणवर्जित

वर्ज्य a 1 To be avoided or shunned -2 To be excluded or left out -3 With the exception of -**वर्ज्यम्** A point in each lunar mansion during which no business should be undertaken (क्रयोग)

वर्ण 10 U (वर्णयति-ते, वर्णित) 1 To colour, paint, dye, यथा हि भरता वर्णैर्वर्णयन्त्यात्मनस्तनुम् Subhās -2 To describe, relate, explain, write, depict, delineate, illustrate, वर्णितं जयदेवेन हरेरिदं प्रणतेन Git 3, Ki 5 18 -3 To praise, extol -4 To spread, extend -5 To illuminate -6 To exert oneself -7 To send, cast -8 To pound, grind

वर्णः [वर्ण-अच् Un 3 10] 1 A colour, hue, अन्त-शुद्धस्त्वमपि भविता वर्णमात्रेण कृष्ण Me 51 -2 A paint, dye, paint-colour, see वर्ण (1) -3 Colour, complexion, beauty, विविक्तवर्णाभरणं सुखश्रुति Ki 14 3, त्वय्यादातु जलमवन्ते शाङ्गिणो वर्णचौरे Me 48, R 8 42 -4 Look, countenance, मध्यस्थवर्ण इव दूर्यते Madhyamavyāyoga 1, किं त्वं शङ्कितवर्ण इव Chārudatta 4, अवदातिका परशङ्कितवर्णव दूर्यते Pratimā 1 -5 A class of men, tribe, caste (especially applied to the four principal castes, ब्राह्मण, क्षत्रिय, वैश्य and शूद्र), वर्णानामनुपूर्व्येण Vart, न कश्चिद्वर्णानामपथमपकृष्टोऽपि भजते S 5 10, R 5 19 -6 A class, race, tribe, kind, species, as in सवर्णम् अक्षरम्, ब्राह्मणा पूर्वसृष्ट हि कर्मभिर्वर्णिता गतम् Mb 12 188 10 -7 (a) A letter, character, sound, न मे वर्ण-विचारक्षमा दृष्टि V 5, Ki 14 3 (b) A word, syllable, S D 9 -8 Fame, glory, celebrity, renown, राजा प्रजारञ्जनलब्धवर्ण R 6 21 -9 A good quality, merit, virtue, त्रिवर्णा वर्णिताऽस्माभि किं भूय श्रोतुमिच्छसि Bhāg 11 3 16 -10 Praise, स्वगुणोच्चगिरो मुनिव्रता परवर्णग्रहणेष्वसाधव Si 16 29 -11 Dress, decoration -12 Outward appearance, form, figure -13 A cloak, mantle -14 A covering, lid -15 The order or arrangement of a subject in a song (गीतक्रम), अभिधायन्वर्णरतिप्रमोदानतिदीर्घं जीविते को रमेत Kath 1 28, उपात्तवर्णे चरिते पिनाकिन Ku 5 56 'celebrated in song, made the subject of a song' -16 The housings of an elephant -17 A quality, property, जङ्गमानामसंख्येया स्थावराणा च जातय । तेषां विविधवर्णानां कुतो वर्णविनिश्चय ॥ Mb 12 188 9 -18 A religious observance -19 An unknown quantity -20 The number 'one' -21 Application of perfumed unguents to the body -22 Gold -23 A musical mode -**वर्ण** Cajanus Indicus (Mar तूर) -**वर्णम्** 1 Saffron -2 A coloured unguent or perfume -**Comp** -**अङ्गा** a pen -**अधिपः** a planet presiding over a caste or class -**अनुप्रासः** alliteration -**अन्तरम्** 1 another caste ० गमनम् the passing into ano-

ther caste -2 change of sound -**अपसदः** an outcast -**अपेत** a devoid of any cast, outcast, degraded, वर्ण-पेतमविज्ञात कर्मभि स्वैर्विभावयेत् Ms 10 57 -**अवकृष्टः** a Śūdra, अपि वर्णावकृष्टस्तु नारी वा धर्मकाङ्क्षिणी Mb 12 240 34 -**अहः** a kind of bean -**अवर** a inferior in caste -**आगमः** the addition of a letter, भवेद्वर्णगमौदस Sk -**आत्मन्** m a word -**आश्रमाः** the (four) castes and stages of life, वर्णाश्रमाणां गुरवे स वर्णा विचक्षण प्रस्तुतमाचक्षे R 5 19 ० गुरु N of Śiva ० धर्म the duties of caste and order -**उदकम्** coloured water, वर्णादके काञ्चनशृङ्गमुक्ते-स्तमायताश्च प्रणयादसिञ्चन् R 16 70 -**कविः** N of a son of Kubera -**कूपिका** an ink-stand -**क्रमः** 1 the order of castes or colours -2 alphabetical order or arrangement -**गत** a 1 coloured -2 algebraical -**गुरुः** a king, prince -**ग्रथणा** a method (artificial) of writing verses -**चारकः** a painter -**ज्येष्ठः** a Brāhmaṇa -**तर्णकम्**, -**तर्णिका** woollen cloth used as a mat -**तालः** (in music) a kind of measure -**तूळिः**, -**तूलिका**, -**तूली** f a pencil, paint-brush -**द** a colouring (-**दम्**) a kind of fragrant yellow wood -**दात्री** turmeric -**इतः** a letter -**दूषक** a violating the distinctions of castes, यत्र त्वेते परिध्वसा जायन्ते वर्णदूषका Ms 10 61 -**धर्मः** the peculiar duties of a caste -**नाथः** the planetary regent of a caste -**पत्रम्** a pallet -**परिचयः** skill in song or music -**पातः** the omission of a letter -**पात्रम्** a paint-box -**पुष्पम्** the flower of the globe-amaranth -**पुष्पकः** the globe-amaranth -**प्रकर्षः** excellence of colour -**प्रसादनम्** aloe-wood -**बुद्धिः** the notion connected with particular letters or sounds -**भेदिनी** millet -**मातृ** f a pen, pencil -**मातृका** N of Sarasvatī -**माला**, -**राशिः** the alphabet -**रे (ले) खा**, -**लेखिका** chalk -**वर्तिः**, -**वर्तिका** f 1 a paint-brush, फलकमादाय मणिसमुद्रकाद्वर्णवर्तिकासुदृढ्य Dk 2 2 -2 a pencil -**वादिन्** m a panegyrist -**विक्रिया** enmity against the castes -**विपर्ययः** the substitution or change of letters, (भवेत्) सिंहो वर्णविपर्ययात् Sk -**विलासिनी** turmeric -**विलोडकः** 1 a house-breaker -2 a plagiarist (lit word-stealer) -**वृत्तम्** a metre regulated by the number of syllables it contains (opp मात्रावृत्त) -**व्यव-स्थितिः** f the institution of caste, caste-system -**शिक्षा** instruction in letters -**श्रेष्ठः** a Brāhmaṇa, वर्णश्रेष्ठो द्विज पूज्य H 4 21 -**संयोगः** marriage between persons of the same caste -**संसर्गः** confusion of castes, marriage with members of other castes, Ms 8 172 -**संहारः** an assemblage of different castes -**संकरः** 1 confusion of castes through intermarriage, त्रीषु दुष्टासु वर्णैश्च जायते वर्ण-सकर Bg 1 41 -2 mixture or blending of colours, चित्रेषु वर्णसकर K (where both senses are intended), Si 14 37 -**संघातः**, -**समाभ्यासः** the alphabet -**स्थानम्** an organ of utterance -**हीन** a outcast

वर्णकः [वर्णयति, वर्ण- ण्वल्] 1 A mask, the dress of an actor -2 A paint, colour for painting, नृपमौलिमरीचि-वर्णकै खलु यस्याङ्घ्रियुगं विलिप्यते Si 16 62, मया पुनरिह पश्यते सुलभा पञ्चजातीया वर्णका आनीता Nāg 2 24 -3 A paint,

or anything used as an unguent or pigment, कुचतटे वैवर्ण्यमुपैति वर्णकम् Dk 2 5, एतै पिष्टमालवर्णकनिभैरालितमम्भो-धरै Mk 5 46, Bk 19 11, a fragrant ointment, Sī 11 29 -४ A bard, panegyrist -५ Vermilion -६ San-
dal (the tree) -७ A letter, syllable -८ A speaker, narrator (वक्ता), अपि रहसि कृतानां वाग्विहीनोऽपि जातं सुरत-
विलसितानां वर्णको वर्णकोऽसौ Sī 11 29 -९ A model or specimen -का (also वर्णिका) 1 A mask -२ A paint, colour for painting -३ Fine gold -४ Vermilion -५ A cloak, mantle -कम् 1 A paint, colour, pigment -२ Sandal -३ A chapter, division -४ A circle, orb

वर्णनम्-ना [वर्ण-ल्युट्] 1 Painting -२ Description, delineation, representation, स्वभावोक्तिस्तु हिम्मादे स्वक्रिया-
रूपवर्णनम् K P 10 -३ Writing -४ A statement, an assertion -५ Praise, commendation (-ना only in this sense)

वर्णनीय *a* 1 To be painted or coloured -२ To be delineated, described

वर्णवती Turmeric

वर्णसिः [Un 4 118] 1 Water -२ A lotus

वर्णोटः 1 A painter -२ A singer -३ One who main-
tains himself by his wife (स्त्रीकृताजीव) -४ A lover

वर्णिः 1 Gold -२ Fragrant ointment

वर्णिकः = वर्णिक q v

वर्णिका [वर्णा अक्षराणि लेख्यत्वेन सन्त्यस्या ठन्] 1 The mask
or dress of an actor -२ A colour, paint -३ Ink -४ A pen, pencil -५ Chalk -Comp -परिग्रहः the assump-
tion of a character or mask, ततः प्रकरणनायकस्य मालती-
वल्लभस्य माधवस्य वर्णिकापरिग्रहः कथम् Māl 1

वर्णित *p p* [वर्ण-क्त] 1 Painted -२ Described, repre-
sented -३ Extolled, praised

वर्णिन् *a* [वर्णोऽस्त्यस्य इनि] (at the end of comp) 1
Having the colour or appearance of, एतस्यास्तौ सुतौ देव्या
कुमारौ देववर्णिनौ Rām 2 92 24 -२ Belonging to the
caste of -*m* 1 A painter -२ A scribe, writer, 'वर्णी
स्योलेखके चित्रकारेऽपि ब्रह्मचारिणि' इति मेदिनी, Mb 12 69 57
-३ A religious student, a Brahmachārin q v, अथाह वर्णी
Ku 5 65, 52, वर्णाश्रमाणां गुरवे स वर्णी विचक्षणं प्रस्तुतमाचक्षते
R 5 19 -४ A person of any one of the four principal
castes -Comp. -लिङ्गिन् *a* disguised as, or wearing the
marks of, a religious student, स वर्णिलिङ्गी विदितः समाययौ
युधिष्ठिर द्वैतवने वनेचरः Kī 1 1

वर्णिनी 1 A woman (in general) -२ A woman
belonging to any one of the four principal castes -३
Turmeric

वर्णुः [वृ-णु निर Un 3 37] 1 The sun -२ A river

वर्ण्य *a* 1 To be described, (often used in rhetorical
works like प्रकृत or प्रस्तुत q v) -२ Relating to colour
-पर्यम् Saffron -Comp -समः a kind of sophism

वर्तः (Usually at the end of comp) Living, liveli-
hood, as in कस्यवर्त q v -Comp -जन्मन् *m* a cloud
-तीक्ष्णम्, -लोहम् bell-metal, a kind of brass

वर्तक *a* [वृत्-वृल्] 1 Living, being, existing -२
Devoted to, अभिगन्तु स काकुत्स्थमेषिष गुरुवर्तकम् Rām 2 98
1 -कः 1 A quail, कौशिक तु ततो हत्वा नरो जायति वर्तक
Mb 13 111 104 -२ A horse's hoof, कर्तयन्त इवाश्वीयवर्तकै-
र्व्योममण्डलम् Śiva B 13 60 -कम् A sort of brass or
bell-metal

वर्तका, -की A kind of quail

वर्तन *a* [वृत्-ल्यु ल्युट् वा] 1 Abiding, living, staying,
being &c -२ Stationary -नः A dwarf -नी 1 A road,
way -२ Living, life -३ Pounding, grinding -४ Sen-
ding off, despatching -५ A spindle -नम् 1 Living,
being -२ Staying, abiding, residing -३ Action, mo-
vement, mode or manner of living, स्मरसि च तदुपान्तेष्वावयो-
वर्तनानि U 1 26, (the word may here mean 'abode
or residence', also) -४ Living on, subsisting (at the
end of comp) -५ Livelihood, maintenance, subsistence,
तैरेवास्य कले कलेवरपुषो दैनदिनं वर्तनम् Bv 1 103 -६ Turning
round, revolving -७ Rolling on, moving about -८
Appointing -९ A means of subsistence, profession,
occupation -१० Conduct, behaviour, proceeding -११
Wages, salary, hire -१२ Commerce, traffic -१३ A
spindle -१४ A globe, ball -१५ Application of, colo-
uring, निहितमलकवर्तनाभिताम्रम् Kī 10 42 -१६ An often-
told word -१७ Decoction -Comp -विनियोगः sala-
ry, wages

वर्तनिः [वर्तन्तेऽस्या जना वृत्-नि Un 2 105] 1 The eastern
part of India, the eastern country -२ A hymn, prai-
se, eulogium (स्तोत्र) -निः *f* 1 A way, road, तस्मादेष
एव यज्ञस्तस्य मनश्च वाक्च वर्तनी Ch Up 4 16 1 -२ The
eyelashes, अधरयैर्न वर्तन्या पृथिव्यन्वायता यौ Br Up 2 2
2 -३ Ved A wheel -४ The track of a wheel

वर्तमान *a* [वृत्-शानच्] 1 Being, existing -२ Living,
being alive, contemporary, प्रथितयशसा भासकविसौमिल्लकवि-
मिश्रादीनां प्रबन्धानतिक्रम्य वर्तमानकवे कालिदासस्य क्रियाया
कथं परिषदो बहुमानः M 1 -३ Turning or moving
round, revolving -४ Dwelling in -नः The present
tense (in gram), वर्तमानसामीप्ये वर्तमानवद्वा P III 3 131
-नम् 1 Presence -२ The present time -Comp -आक्षेपः
not agreeing with the present -कालः 1 the present
tense -२ the present time

वर्तूरकः 1 A pool, puddle -२ An eddy, a whirl-
pool -३ A crow's nest -४ A door-keeper -५ N of a
river

वर्तस *n* Ved. The eyelashes

वर्तिः, -ती *f* [वृत्-इन् वा ङीप् Un 4 130, 135] 1 Any-
thing wrapped round, a pad, roll -२ An unguent,
ointment, eye-salve, collyrium or any cosmetic (in the

form of a ball or pill), सा पुनर्मम प्रथमदर्शनात्प्रभृत्यमृतवर्तिरिव चक्षुषोरानन्दमुत्पादयन्ती Māl 1, इयममृतवर्तिर्नयनयो U 1 38, कर्पूरवर्तिरिव लोचनतापहन्त्री Bv 3 16, Vb 1 -3 The wick of a lamp, उज्ज्वललोकेया क्षिप्त्वा त्वया त्यक्ता न राजते। मलीमस-मुखी वर्ति प्रदीपशिखया यथा॥ Māl 10 4, a lamp -4 The projecting threads or unwoven ends (of a cloth), the fringe -5 A magical lamp -6 The protuberance round a vessel -7 A surgical instrument (such as a bougie) -8 A streak, line -9 Swelling in the throat -10 A swelling formed by internal rupture

वर्तिकः A kind of quail

वर्तिका [वृते तिकन् Un 3 146] 1 A paint-brush, तदुपनय चित्रफलक चित्रवर्तिकाश्च Māl 1, अङ्गुलीक्षरणसम्भवर्तिक R 19 19 -2 The wick of a lamp, a torch, तिललेहसिक्-यष्टप्रग्रथितवर्तिका Dk 2 7 -3 Colour, paint -4 A quail, एकपक्षाक्षिचरणा वर्तिका घोरदर्शना Mb 3 180 42, श्येनावपात-चकित्वा वनवर्तिकेन Māl 8 8 -5 A stick (यष्टि), पलाशवर्तिका-मेका बहत सहतान् पथि (अपश्यत्) Mb 1. 31 8

वर्तित a 1 Turned, rolled -2 Caused to be or exist -3 Brought about, accomplished -4 Spent, passed (as time or life). -Comp. -जन्मन् begotten, procreated

वर्तिन् a (-नी f) [वृत्-णिनि] (Usually at the end of comp) 1 Abiding, being, resting, staying, situated -2 Going, moving, turning -3 Acting, behaving -4 Performing, practising -5 Obeying, executing (an order) -m The meaning of an affix

वर्तिष्णु a 1 Revolving. -2 Being, abiding -3 Circular -4 Stationary, fixed -5 Firm in battle

वर्तिस् n Ved 1 Circuit, orbit -2 A way, path -3 Abode, residence

वर्ती (ति) रः A kind of quail

वर्तुल a [वृत्-उलच् Un 1 93] Round, circular, glo-
bular -लः 1 A kind of pulse, a pea -2 A ball -लम् A circle -ला f The end-ball of a spindle (to assist its rotation)

वर्त्मन् n [वृत्-मनिच्] 1 A way, road, path, passage, track, वर्त्म मानोस्त्यजाशु Me 41, पारसीकास्ततो जेतु प्रतस्थे स्थलवर्त्मना 'by land', आकाशवर्त्मना 'through the air' -2 (Fig) A way, course, an established or prescribed usage, the usual manner or course of conduct, मम वर्त्मानुवर्तन्ते मनुष्या पार्थ सर्वश Bg 3 23, रेखामात्रमपि क्षुण्णादा मनोर्वर्त्मन परम्। न व्यतीयु प्रजास्तस्य नियन्तुर्नमिदृत्तय R 1 17 (where the literal sense is also intended), अहमेत्य पतङ्गवर्त्मना पुनरङ्गाश्रयिणी भवामि ते Ku 4 20 'after the manner of a moth' -4 Room, scope for action, न वर्त्म कस्मैचिदपि प्रदीयताम् Kt 14.14 -5 An eye-lid, अस्मिन् सर्पिर्वौदेक वा सिद्ध्यन्ति वर्त्मनी एव गच्छति Oh Up 4 15 1 -6 An edge, a border -Comp -आयासः fatigue of the journey, वर्त्मोयासविनिर्मुक्त वसन्त सुस्थिरासने Brav P

ब्रह्मखण्ड 1 4 -कर्मन् n 'roadwork', engineering -पातः 1 deviation from the road -2 coming into the way -पातनम् waylaying -बन्धः, -बन्धकः an affection of the eyelids -रोगः a disease of the eyelids -शर्करा hard excrescences on the eyelids

वर्त्मनिः, -नी f A road, way

वर्त्र a Ved Protectant -वर्त्रम् A dam, dike

वर्त्य्यत् a 1 About to take place -2 About to grow

वर्ध 10 U (वर्धयति-ते, also वर्धापयति) 1 To out, divide, shear -2 To fill

वर्धः 1 Cutting, dividing -2 Increasing, causing increase or prosperity -3 Increase, augmentation -वर्धम् 1 Lead -2 Red lead -3 A leathern strap or thong, see वर्धम् -Comp -फलः Pongamia Glabra (Mar करज)

वर्धक a [वृध्-णिच् ण्वल्] 1 Increasing -2 Cutting, dividing -3 Filling -कः 1 A carpenter -2 N of a tree (Mar भारग)

वर्धकिः, **वर्धकिन** m A carpenter, पुनरपि धृता कुन्दे किंवा न वर्धकिना दिव N 19 54, Rām 1 13 7, 7 91 24, त्रिदशाना च वर्धकि (विश्वकर्मा) Mb 1. 66 28, वर्धकिहस्त a carpenter's measure of 42 inches

वर्धकी A harlot, an adulterous woman, Bhāg 7, Gīrvāna

वर्धन a [वृध्-णिच् ल्यु ल्युद् वा] 1 Increasing, growing -2 Causing to increase, enlarging, magnifying -नः A bestower of prosperity -2 A tooth growing over another tooth -3 N of Śiva -नी 1 A broom -2 A bier -3 A water-jar of a particular shape -नम् 1 Growing, thriving -2 Growth, increase, prosperity, magnifying, enlargement -4 Elevation -5 Exhilaration (of spirits), animation -6 Educating, rearing -7 Cutting, dividing, as in नाभिवर्धनम्, प्राङ्नाभिवर्धनात् पुंसो जातकर्म विधीयते Mb 3 180 34, annihilation, ततो राजन् महानासीत् सप्रामो भूरिवर्धन Mb 7 153 44 -8 A means of strengthening, restorative -9 Filling

वर्धनक a Exhilarating, gladdening

वर्धनिका A small vessel in which sacred water is kept

वर्धमान a [वृध्-शानच्] Growing, increasing -नः 1 The castor-oil plant -2 A kind of riddle -3 N of Viṣṇu -4 N of a district (said to be the same as the modern Baradvāna) -5 Sweet citron -6 A particular way of joining hands -7 A particular attitude in dancing -8 N of the 24th Arhat or Jina -9 N of the elephant who supports the eastern quarter -नः, -नम् 1 A pot or dish of a particular shape, स्वस्तिकान्

वर्धमानाश्च नन्यावर्ताश्च काश्चनान् Mb 7 82 20, lid -2 A kind of mystical diagram -3 A palace or temple built in the form of the above diagram -4 A house having no door on the south side -ना N of a district (the modern Bāradvāna) -Comp -गृहम् a pleasure house (क्रीडागृह), Rām 2 17 18 -पुरम् the city of Bāradvāna

वर्धमानकः 1 A kind of dish or pot, lid or cover, अमयत्युचित विदर्भजानननीराजनवर्धमानकम् N 2 20, Mb 14 65 15 -2 N of a class of persons who dance with lamps on their heads, hands etc, नट-नर्तक-गन्धर्वे पूर्णकैर्वर्धमानकै Mb 7 57 4 (com वर्धमानकै आरात्रिकहस्तै)

वर्धापनम् [वर्ध छेद करोति, वृध् णिच् आप् च ततो भावे ल्युट्] 1 Cutting, dividing -2 Cutting the umbilical cord, or the ceremony connected with this act -3 A festival on a birth-day -4 Any festival in general when wishes for prosperity and other congratulatory expressions are offered, of पूर्णपात्र

वर्धापनिकम् 1 Congratulation -2 Congratulatory gift

वर्धापिका A nurse

वर्धित p p 1 Grown, increased -2 Enlarged, magnified -3 Out -4 Filled, full, पाणिभ्या तूपसृष्टा स्वयमन्नस्य वर्धितम् Ms 3 224

वर्धिष्णु a Growing, increasing, thriving, निराकरिष्णु वर्तिष्णु वर्धिष्णु परतो रणम् Bk 5 1, प्रतिपन्नद्वलेखेव वर्धिष्णुर्विश्व-वन्दिता शिवस्य मुद्रा (Śivāpī's royal seal)

वर्ध्मः Hernia

वर्ध्मम् [वृध्-रन् Un 2 27] 1 A leather strap or thong, सलक्ष्यपल्ययनवर्ध्मपदास्तुरङ्गा Si 5 53, 20 50, 18 5 -2 Leather -3 Lead

वर्धिका, वर्धी A leather strap or thong

वर्पः [वृ-पुट् Un 4 208] Form, figure

वर्पन् n Ved 1 Form, figure -2 Praise -3 A plot, trick, artifice

वर्फ 1 P (वर्कति) 1 To go, move -2 To kill

वर्मन् n [आवृणोति अङ्गम् वृ-मनिन् Un 4 157] 1 An armour, a coat of mail, स्वहृदयमर्मणि वर्म करोति सजलनल्लि-दलजालम् Git 4, R 4 56, Mu 2 8, Si 15 76 -2 (Hence) Shelter, protection -3 Bark, rind -4 N of preservative mantras (esp of हुम्) -m An affix added to the names of Ksatriyas, as चण्डवर्मन्, प्रहारवर्मन्, of दास -Comp -हर a 1 wearing armour -2 old enough to wear armour (ः e to take part in battle), सम्यग्वि-नीतमथ वर्महर कुमारम् R 8 94

वर्मिक, वर्मिन् a Mailed, furnished with armour, also वर्मिन

वर्मणः The orange tree.

वर्मिः A kind of fish (वामि)

वर्मिषः A kind of fish, (वामिष)

वर्ष a [वृ-यत्] 1 To be chosen or selected, eligible -2 Best, most excellent, chief, principal (mostly at the end of comp), अन्वीत स कतिपयै किरातवर्षे K1 12 54. -यैः The god of love -यौ 1 A girl choosing her own husband -2 A girl in general

वर्षट See वर्षट

वर्षणा See वर्षणा

वर्षर a [वृ-अरच् वुट् च] 1 Stammering -2 Curled -रः 1 A barbarian -2 A blockhead, babbling fool -3 An outcast -4 Curly hair -5 The clash of weapons -6 A mode of dancing -रा, -री 1 A kind of fly -2 A kind of basil -रम् 1 Yellow sandal-wood -2 Vermilion -3 Gum-myrrh -Comp -उत्थम् white sandal-wood

वर्षरकम् A variety of sandal-wood

वर्षरीकः [वृ-ईकन्, द्वे रुक् अ-यासस्य Un 4 19] 1 Curly hair -2 A kind of basil -3 A kind of shrub

वर्वा f (= वर्षरी above), L D B

वर्विः m A glutton, L D B -a voracious, glut- tonous

वर्वू (वुं) रः A kind of tree (Acacia Arabica)

वर्षः, -र्षम् [वृष् भावे घञ् कर्तरि अच् वा] 1 Raining, rain, a shower of rain, तपाम्यहमह वर्षे निगृह्णाम्युत्सृजामि च Bg 9 19, विद्युस्तनितवर्षेषु Ms 4 103, Me 37 -2 Sprinkling, effusion, throwing down, a shower of anything, सुरभि सुरविमुक्त पुष्पवर्ष पपात R 12 102, so शरवर्ष, शिलावर्ष, लाजवर्ष &c -3 Seminal effusion -4 A year (usually only n), इयन्ति वर्षाणि तथा सहोपमभ्यस्यतीव व्रतमासिधारम् R 13 67, न वर्षे वर्षाणि द्वादश दशशताक्ष Dk, वर्षभोग्येण शापेन Me 1 -5 A division of the world, a continent, (nine such divisions are usually enumerated — 1 कुरु, 2 हिर- ण्यम्, 3 रम्यक, 4 इलायुत, 5 हरि, 6 केतुमाला, 7 भद्राश्व, 8 किंनर, and 9 भारत), यस्मिन् नव वर्षाणि Bhāg 5 16 6 एतद्दृष्टुंभारभारत वर्षमथ मम वर्तते वशे Si 14 5 -6 India (= भारतवर्ष) -7 A cloud (only m according to Hema- chandra) -8 A day, अप्राप्तयौवन बाल पञ्चवर्षसहस्रकम् Rām 7 73 5 (com वर्षशब्दोऽत्र दिनपर) -9 A place of residence, वर्षमस्य गिरिर्मध्ये रामेण श्रीमता कृतम् Mb 3 130 12 -Comp. -अंश, -अंशकः, -अङ्गः a month -अश्वु n rain-water -अशुतम् ten thousand years -अचिस् m the planet Mars -अवसावम् the autumn or Sarat season. -आघोषः a frog -आमदः a peacock -उपलः 1 hail stone. -2 a kind of sweetmeat ball, घनैरमीषा परिवेषकैर्जनैर्वर्षे वर्षोपलगोलकावली N 16 100 -करः a cloud (-री) a cricket -कालः the rainy season -केतुः a red-flowering Punar-navā -कोशः, -षः 1 a

वल्कम् A procession

वल्क्ष See वल्क्ष

वल्गः, -ग्रम् The waist, वल्गे लम्बे सुगतमतसिद्धान्तसरणि
Lakṣmilaharī 18

वल्जः A heap of grain, कर्षकेण वल्जान् पुपूषता Si 14
7 -जम् 1 A field -2 Grain -3 War -4 A surrounding wall -जा A beautiful woman See Gīrvāna

वल्गन्तिका A particular mode of gesticulation

वल्गम्बः A perpendicular

वल्गिः, -भी f [वल्ग्यते आच्छाद्यते वल् अभि वा ङीप्] (Also frequently written वल्गि -भी) 1 The sloping roof, the wooden frame of a thatch, वृषैर्जालविनि स्रुतैर्वल्गमय सदिग्ध-पारावता V 3 2; सौवान्यत्यर्थतापाद्वल्गिपरिचयद्वेषिपारावतानि M 2 12, Bhāg 9 10 17 -2 The topmost part (of a house), a turret, दृष्ट्वा दृष्ट्वा भवनवल्गभीतुङ्गवातायनस्था Mal 1 15, वास्तोष्पतीना च गृहैर्वल्गभीमिश्च निर्मितम् Bhāg 10 50 54, Me 40, Si 3 53 -3 N of a town in Saurāstra, अस्ति सौराष्ट्रेषु वल्गभी नाम नगरी Dk, Bk 22 35 -Comp -निवेशः an upper room

वल्गम्ब See अवल्गम्ब

वल्ग्यः, -यम् [वल्-अयन् Un 4 109] 1 A bracelet, armlet, विहितविशद्विषासि सलयवल्ग्या जीवति परमिह तव रतिकलया Git 6, Bk 3 22, Me 2, 62, R 13 21, 43 -2 A ring, coil, कोडाकृष्टव्रतवल्ग्यासङ्गसजातपाश S 1 32, 7 11 -3 The zone or girdle of a married woman -4 A circle, circumference (oft at the end of comp), आन्त-भूवलय Dk, वेलावप्रवलयाम् (उर्वीम्) R 1. 30, दिग्बलय Si 9 8 -4 An enclosure, a bower, as in लतावलयमण्डप -यः 1 A fence, hedge -2 A branch -3 A sore throat -4 A kind of circular military array -यम् 1 N of certain round bones -2 Multitude, swarm (वल्ग्यीकृ 'to form into a bracelet,' करेण शर्मोर्वल्ग्यीकृताहिना सहिष्यते तत् प्रथमावल्गम्बनम् Ku 5 66, वल्ग्यीभू 'to serve as a bracelet or girdle')

वल्ग्यित a 1 Surrounded, encircled, enclosed, मृत्पिण्डो जलरेखया वल्ग्यित सर्वोऽप्यय नन्वण Bh 3 26, U 4 30 -2 Whirling round -3 Curling, वात्यासवेगविष्वग्वितत-वल्ग्यितस्फीतधूम्याप्रकाशम् Mal 5 6

वल्गाकः See वल्गाक

वल्गाकिन् See वल्गाकिन्

वल्गासकः 1 The cuckoo -2 A frog

वल्गाहकः See वल्गाहक

वल्गिः, -ली f (Also written वलि -ली) 1 A fold or wrinkle (on the skin), वलिभिर्मुखमाक्रान्तम् -2 A fold of skin on the upper part of the belly (especially of females, regarded as a mark of beauty), मध्येन सा वेदिवलिममथ्या वलित्रय चारु बभार बाला Ku 1. 39. -3 The ridge

of a thatched roof -4 A line made on the body with fragrant unguents -5 A handle of the Chāmara, रत्नच्छायाखचितवलिभिश्चामरै कान्तहस्ता Me 37 -6 Sulphur -Comp. -पलितम् Wrinkles and grey hair, गृहस्थस्तु यदा पश्येद् वलीपलितमात्मन Ms 6 2 -भृत् a curled, having curls (as hair), कुसुमोत्खचितान् वलीभूतश्चलयन् भृङ्गरुचस्तवालकान् R 8 53 -मुखः, -वदनः a monkey, (वक्त्रम्) उन्नम्य चुम्बति वलीवदन प्रियाया Mal 9 31 -मुखम् the sixth change which takes place in warm milk when mixed with butter-milk (तक्र)

वल्गिः, -कम् The edge of a thatched roof

वल्गिन, वल्गि a [वल्गि न भ वा] Wrinkled, shrivelled, contracted into wrinkles, flaccid, प्रणयिन रभसादुदरश्रिया वल्गिभयालिभयादिव सस्वजे Si 6 13

वल्गितम् a Wrinkled

वल्गिर a Squint-eyed, squinting, oggling

वल्गिशम्, -शी A fish-hook

वल्गिशानः A cloud, Naigh 1. 10

वल्गीकम् [वल्-ईकन् Un 4 26] The edge of a thatched roof, यस्यामसेवन्त नमद्वलीका Si. 3 53

वल्गूकः [वल्-ऊक Un 4 42] A kind of bird -कम् The root of lotus

वल्गूल a Strong, robust, powerful

वल्गू 10 U (वल्ग्यति-ते) To speak

वल्कः, -ल्कम् [वल्-सप्रणे क, कस्य नेत्वम् Un 3. 42] 1 The bark of a tree, स वल्कवासासि तवाधुना हरन् करोति मन्यु न कथ वनजय Ku 1 35, R 8 11, Bk 10 1 -2 The scales of a fish -3 A part, fragment (खण्ड) -4 A garment, अयं स वल्क-दुकूल-कुथादिभि Bk 10 1 -Comp -तरुः the Areca palm (Mar. पोफळ) -द्रुमः the birch tree -पत्रः Phoenix Paludosa (Mar हिलाल) -फलः the pomegranate tree -लोध्रः a variety of the Lodhra -वासस् n clothing made of bark

वल्कवत् m A fish (having scales)

वल्कलः, -लम् [वल्-कलन् कस्य नेत्वम् Un 4 5] 1 The bark of a tree -2 A garment made of bark, bark-garment, इयमविक्रमनोज्ञा वल्कलेनापि तन्वी S 1 20, 19 R 12 8, Ku 5 8, हैमवल्कला 6 6 'wearing golden bark-dresses', (of चौरपरिग्रहा in Ku 6 93) -Comp. -संवीत a. clad in bark

वल्कलिन a 1 Yielding bark (as a branch). -2 Clothed in a bark-dress

वल्कितः A thorn.

वल्कुटम् Bark, rind

वल्ग 1 U (वल्गति-ते, वल्गित) 1 To go, move, shake, वल्गत 'शत्रुमभित. Bhāg 10 44.10, वल्गद्गरीय स्तनकम्प्रकञ्चुकम्

Si 12 20 -2 To leap, bounce, bound, go by leaps, gallop (fig also), वल्यु वल्गन्ति सूक्तय Pt 1 62 -2 To dance, prance, द्वारे हेमविभूषणाश्च तुरगा वल्गन्ति यद् दर्पिता Bh 3 148, 2 125, Si 18 53 -4 To be pleased, Bk 18 28 -5 To eat, निजिताखिलमहार्णवौषधिस्यन्दसारममृत वल्गिरे Si 14 29 -6 To swagger, vaunt, विद्यासच्चविनिर्गलत्कणमुषो वल्गन्ति चेत् पामरा Bv 1 72

वल्गकः A jumper, dancer

वल्लानम् Leaping, jumping, galloping, तुरगवल्लानचञ्चल-कुण्डल R 9 51

वल्गा A bridle, rein, आलाने गृह्यते हस्ती वाजी वल्गासु गृह्यते Mk 1 50, also वल्ग (in the same sense), वङ्गावल्लैक-सवल्लपाणय Si 12 6

वल्गित p p 1 Jumped, bounded, leaped &c -2 Moved, made to dance, वल्गितश्चु गलद्धर्मजलमालोहितेक्षणम् Kāv 2 73 -तम् 1 A gallop, one of the paces of a horse, सज्जोऽय नियमितवल्गिताकुलाश्च Ve 2 29 -2 Swagge- ring, boasting, vaunt, तद् वृथा च सभामध्ये वल्गित ते वृकोदर Mb 5 160 70, निमित्तादपराद्वेषोर्धानुष्कस्येव वल्गितम् Si 2 27

वल्गु a [वल् सवरणे उ गुक् च Un 1 19] 1 Lovely, beautiful, handsome, attractive, तद्वल्गुना युगपदुन्मिषितेन तावत् R 5 68, जलमङ्गुलकवाचवल्गुवल्गन् Si 5 29, Ki 18 11 -2 Sweet, आनम्य वल्गुवचनैर्विनिवारितेऽपि Bv 2 186 -3 Precious -adv Beautifully, splendidly, हृदि वाचि तथान्येषा वल्गु वल्गन्ति सूक्तय Pt 1 62 -ल्युः A goat -Comp -नाद a singing sweetly -पत्रः a kind of wild pulse

वल्गुक a Handsome, lovely, beautiful. -कम् 1 Sandal -2 Price -3 A wood

वल्गुलः The flying fox

वल्गुलिका 1 A cockroach -2 A chest

वल्गुयति Den P 1 To be handsome. -2 To be mild or gentle -3 Ved To praise, honour, of बृहस्पति य सुसुत विभक्तिं वल्गुयति वन्दते पूर्वभाजम् Rv 4 50 7

वल्भ 1 A (वल्भते) To eat, devour

वल्भनम् 1 Eating -2 Food

वल्भिक, वल्भिकि m, n See वल्मीक

वल्मी An ant -Comp -कूटम् an ant-hill

वल्मीकः, -कम् [वल् ईक सुद् च Un 4 25] An ant-hill, a hillock thrown up by white ants, moles &c, धर्म शनै सच्चिनुयाद्वल्मीकमिव प्रतिका Subhās, Me 15, S 7 11 -कः 1 Swelling of certain parts of the body, elephantiasis -2 The poet Vālmīki -Comp -भौमम्, -राशिः, -वपा an ant-hill -शीर्षम् a kind of antimony (used as collyrium)

वल्यू (ल्यु) ल् 1 P (वल्यू-ल्यु-लयति) 1 To cut off -2 To purify

वल् 1 A (वल्ते) 1 To cover -2 To be covered -3 To go, move

वल् [वल् घञ्] 1 Covering -2 A weight of three Gunjas -3 Another weight of one Gunja and a half, or of two Gunjas (in medicine) -4 Prohibiting -5 Winnowing corn -6 A Masa of silver -7 A kind of wheat

वल्कः 1 A bird -2 A sea monster, also वल्भक, Buddh

वल्की [वल् क्वुन् गौरा० ङीप् Un 5 44] The (Indian) lute, अजस्रमास्फालितवल्कीगुणक्षतोऽज्ज्वलाङ्गुष्ठनखाशुभिन्नया Si 1 9, 4 57, Rs 1 8, R 8 41, 19 13

वल्भ a [वल्-भञ् Un 3 124] 1 Beloved, desired, dear -2 Supreme -भः A lover, husband, (खेद) त्वयि विलसति तुल्य वल्भालोकनेन Māl 3 8, Si 11 33 -2 A favourite, करोति निर्विकल्प य स भवेद्वाजवल्भ Pt 1 53 -3 A superintendent, an overseer -4 A chief herdsman -5 A good horse (one with auspicious marks), मन्दुरा-परिभ्रष्टवल्भतुरङ्गमपर्याकुलीकृत Ve 2 19/20 -भा A beloved female, mistress, wife, बहुवल्भभा राजान भूयन्ते S 3, Mu 3 9 -Comp -आचार्यः N of the celebrated founder of a Vaisnava sect -गणिः N of a lexicographer -जनः a mistress -पालः a groom, स्तोकेन नाकमत वल्भपालमुच्ये Si 5 56

वल्भायितम् A mode of sexual enjoyment, of पुरुषायित

वल्भरम् [वल्-अरन्] 1 Aloe wood -2 A bower -3 A thicket (गहन) -4 A branching foot-stalk (मञ्जरी)

वल्भरिः, -री f [वल्-अरि वा ङीप्] 1 A creeping plant, अनपायिनि संश्रयदुमे गजभमे पतनाय वल्भरी Ku 4 31, तमोवल्भरी Māl 5 7 -2 A branching foot-stalk, चित्रश्रीरलमलकाप्र-वल्भरीभि Si 8 56 -3 Trigonella Foenum Graecum (Mar. मेथी)

वल्भवः (-वी f) See वल्भ A cowherd, विश्रम्भस्तु न गन्तव्यो वल्भवानामिति स्मरे Mb 3 239 6 (v 1), पश्यन्-कृतार्थैरपि वल्भवीजन Si 12 39 (v 1).

वल्भि f [वल्-इन् Un 4 185] 1 A creeper, creeping or winding plant, भूतेशस्य मुजङ्गवल्भिवलयसङ्गनदज्जटा जटा Māl 1 2 -2 The earth -Comp. -दूर्वा a kind of grass -पाषाणसंभवम् coral, also वल्भिकाग्रम्

वल्भी f A creeping plant, winding plant, creeper -Comp -कर्णः a particular deformity of the ear, also वल्भरक -गडः a kind of fish (भोला, बालिकाडा) -जम् pepper -पदम् a kind of cloth -वृक्षः the Śāla tree.

वल्भूरम् [वल्-उरन्] 1 A bower, an arbour -2 A place overgrown with creepers, wood, thicket -3 A branching foot-stalk -4 An uncultivated field -5 A desert, wild, wilderness. -6 Dried flesh.

वल्हूरः [वल् ऊरन् Up 4 96] 1 Dried flesh, Kau A 1 4, Ms 5 13 -2 The flesh of the (wild) hog -रम् 1 A thicket -2 A desert, wilderness -3 An uncultivated field -4 Ground impregnated with salt

वल्हज, -जा See वल्हज

वल्हः A branch, twig, अव्यक्तमूल भुवनाब्धिपेन्द्रमहीन्द्र-भौगैरधिवीतवल्हम् Bhāg 3 8 29

वल्ह I 1 Ā (वल्हते) 1 To be pre-eminent or excellent -2 To cover -3 To kill, hurt -4 To speak -5 To give -II 10 U (वल्हयति-ते) 1 To speak -2 To shine

वल्हिक, वल्हीक See वल्हिक, वल्हीक

वश् 2 P (वष्टि, उंशित) 1 To wish, desire, long for, निस्वो वष्टि शत शती दशशतम् Śānta 2 6, अमी हि वीर्यप्रभव भवस्य जयाय सेनान्यमुशन्ति देवा Ku 3 15, Ś 7 26, वष्टि भागुरिरहोपमवाप्योरुपसर्गयो Sk -2 To favour -3 To shine (कान्तौ) -4 To aver, maintain, declare for, यत् सात्वता पुरुषरूपमुशन्ति सत्त्वम् Bhāg 12 8 46, 1 5 10

वश a [वश् कर्तरि अच् भावे अप् वा] 1 Subject to, influenced by, under the influence or control of, usually in comp, शोकवश, मृत्युवश &c -2 Obedient, submissive, compliant -3 Humbled, tamed -4 Charmed, fascinated -5 Subdued by charms -शः, -शम् 1 Wish, desire, will, At Up 5 2 -2 Power, influence, control, mastership, authority, subjection, submission, स्ववश 'subject to oneself', independent, परवश 'under the influence of others', अन्यत् प्रभुशक्तिसपदा वशमेको नृपती-नन्तरान् R 8 19, वश नी, or आनी to reduce to subjection, subdue, win over, वश गम्-इ-या &c to become subject to, give way, yield, submit, विषमालोब्ध पास्थामि मा कीचकवश गमम् Mb 4 21 48, न शुचो वश वशिनामुत्तम गन्तुमर्हसि R 8 90, वशे कृ or वशीकृ to subdue, overcome, win over, to fascinate, bewitch, वशात् (abl) is frequently used adverbially in the sense of 'through the force, power or influence of', 'on account of', 'for the purpose of', देववशात्, वायुवशात्, कार्यवशात् &c -3 Being tamed -4 Birth -शः The residence of harlots -Comp -अनुग, -ग, -वर्तिन् (so वशगत) a obedient to the will of another, submissive, subject, नमस्यामी देवान्ननु हतविधेस्तेऽपि वशगा Bh 2 94 (-m) a servant -आख्यकः a porpoise -इन्द्रिय a. one who has the command of his senses -उपनयनम् an instrument to bring people under control, न ह्येवविध वशोपनयनमस्ति भूताना यथा दण्ड Kau A 1 4 -कारक a leading to subjection -क्रिया winning over, subjection -ग a subject, obedient, नमस्यामी देवान्ननु हतविधेस्तेऽपि वशगा Bh 2 94, Pt 1 139 (-गा) an obedient wife

वशंवद a Obedient to the will of, compliant, submissive, subject, under the influence of (lit and

fig), कोपस्य किं नु करभोर वशवदाऽभू Bv 3 9, 2 136, 157, N 1 33, सा ददर्श गुरुर्ध्ववशवद्वदनमनङ्गनिवासम् Git 11, अभि-सारयते कान्त या मन्मथवशवदा S D, कम्पामिच्छुर्वशवदाम् Bk 4 20

वशका An obedient wife

वशा [वश्-अच्] 1 A woman -2 A wife -3 A daughter -4 A husband's sister -5 A cow -6 A barren woman, वशाऽपुत्रासु चैव स्याद्रक्षण निष्कुलासु च Ms 8 28 -7 A barren cow -8 A female elephant, खीरलेषु समोर्वशी प्रियतमा यूथे तवेय वशा V 4 25 -9 A harlot, L D B -Comp -पायिन् m a dog, L D B -लोमः A method of catching elephants by seducing them with females, Mātanga L 10 7

वशिः 1 Subjugation -2 Fascinating, bewitching -n. Subjection

वशिक a Void, empty -का Aloe-wood

वशिता, -त्वम् 1 Subjection, control -2 Bewitching, fascinating -3 The supernatural or magical power of subduing others to one's own will (one of the अष्टसिद्धि) -4 Self-command

वशित्व a Independent

वशिन a (-नी f) [वश अस्त्यस्य इनि] 1 Powerful -2 Being under control, subdued, subject, submissive -3 One who has subdued his passions (used like a noun also), प्रस्थापयामास वशी वसिष्ठ R 2 70, 8 90, 19 1, Ś 5 28 -m Ved 1 Ā ruler, lord -2 A sage

वशिनी 1 The Samī tree -2 A parasite plant -3 A mistress.

वशिरः A sort of pepper -रम् Sea-salt

वशिष्ठ See वसिष्ठ

वशीकरणम् 1 Fascinating, attracting -2 A cause of attraction or allurement, एकैकमेव हि वशीकरण गरीय Māl 6 17 -3 Subduing, subjugation

वशीकृत a 1 Subdued -2 Bewitched, enchanted

वशीभूत a 1 Subject, obedient -2 Become powerful

वश्य a [वश् यत्] 1 Capable of being subdued, controllable, governable, आत्मवश्यैर्विधेयात्मा प्रसादमधिगच्छति Bg 2 64 -2 Subdued, conquered, tamed, humbled, कृपापरिणति चेत् क्लेशवश्यं क्व चेदम् Śiva-mahimna 31, वश्या-त्मना तु यतता शक्योऽवाप्तुमुपायत Bg 6 36 -3 Under influence or control, subject, dependent, obedient, तस्य पुत्रो भवेद्वश्यं ससुद्धो धार्मिकं सुधी H Pr 18, oft in comp, (मन) हृदि व्यवस्थाप्य समाधिवश्यम् Ku 3 50 -दयः A servant, dependant -दया An humble or obedient wife, य ब्रह्माणमिय देवी वाग्वश्येवानुवर्तते U 1 2 (who has full command of language) -दयम् Cloves

वश्यक See वश्या.

वशना A neck-ornament of ladies, सारसन सारसान वसना वशना तथा Śabdaratnāvalī

वष् 1 P (वषति) To injure, hurt, kill

वषद् ind An exclamation used on making an oblation to a deity, (with dat of the deity), इन्द्राय वषद्, पूष्णे वषद् &c -Comp -कर्तृ m the priest who makes the oblation with the exclamation वषद् -कारः the formula or exclamation वषद् -कृत offered in fire (with वषद्), प्राज्यमाज्यमसङ्कद्रषद्कृतम् Śi 14 25

वष्क् 1 Ā (वष्कते) To go, move

वष्कयः A calf one year old

वष्कयणी, वष्कयिणी A cow that has full-grown calves, (चिरप्रसूता गौ)

वस् I 1 P (वसति, sometimes वसते, उवास, अवासीत्, वस्यति, वस्तुम्, उषित) 1 To dwell, inhabit, live, stay, abide, reside (usually with loc, but sometimes acc), धीरसमीरे यमुनातीरे वसति वने वनमाली Git 5 -2 To be, exist, be found in, वसन्ति हि त्रेभिण गुणा न वस्तुनि Ku 8 37, यत्राकृतिस्तत्र गुणा वसन्ति, भूति श्रीर्ह्यसि कौर्तिर्दक्षे वसति नालसे Subhāṣ -3 To spend, pass (as time) (with acc) -Caus 1 To cause to dwell, to dwell, lodge, people -2 To receive hospitably -3 To dwell, inhabit -Desid (विवसति) To wish to dwell -II 2 Ā (वस्ते) To wear, put on, वसने परिधूसरे वसना Ś 7 21, Śi 9 75, R 12 8, Ku 3 54, 7 9, Bk 4 10 -Caus (वासयति-ते) To cause to put on -III 4 P (वस्यति) 1 To be straight -2 To be firm -3 To fix -IV 10 P (वसयति) To dwell, L D B -V 10 U (वासयति-ते) 1 To cut, divide, cut off -2 To love -3 To take, accept -4 To hurt, kill -5 To offer -VI 10 U (वसयति-ते) To scent, perfume

वसतिः, -ती f [वस्-अति वा ञीप् Un 4 62] 1 Dwelling, residing, abiding, आश्रमेषु वसति चक्रे Me 1 'fixed his residence in', कमलवसतिमात्रनिर्धृत Ś 5 1 -2 A house, dwelling, residence, habitation, हर्षो हर्षो हृदयवसति पञ्चबाणस्तु बाण P R 1 22, Ś 2 15 -3 A receptacle, reservoir, an abode (fig), अलकामतिवाङ्मैव वसति वसुसपदाम् Ku 6 37, so विनयवसति, धर्मैकवसति -4 A camp, halting place (शिविर) -5 The time when one halts or stays to rest, a night, तस्य मार्गवशादेका बभूव वसतिर्यत R 15 11 (वसति = रात्रि Malli) 'he halted at night' &c., तिस्त्रो वसतीरुषित्वा 7 33, 11. 30 -6 A Jaina monastery

वसथम् An abode, dwelling, nest (of birds)

वसनम् [वस् आधारे ल्युट्] 1 Dwelling, residing, staying -2 A house, residence -3 Dressing, clothing, covering -4 A garment, cloth, dress, clothes, वसने परिधूसरे वसना Ś. 7 21, उत्सङ्गे वा मलिनवसने सौम्य निक्षिप्य वीणाम् Me 88, 43 -5 An ornament worn (by women.)

round the loins, (probably for रसना) -6 Siege -7 A leaf of the cinnamon tree -जा (in comp) 1 Clothed in -2 Surrounded by, समुद्रवसने देवि पर्वतस्तनमण्डले -3 Engrossed by -Comp -पर्याय change of clothes -सशयन् a tent

वसन्तः [वस्-ञच् Un 3 128] 1 The spring, vernal season (comprising the two months चैत्र and वैशाख), मधुमाधवौ वसन्त Suśr, सर्व प्रिये चास्तर वसन्ते R 6 2, विहरति हरिरिह सरसवसन्ते Git 1 -2 Spring personified as a deity and regarded as a companion of Kāmadeva, सुहृद पश्य वसन्त किं स्थितम् Ku 4 27 -3 Dysentery -4 Smallpox -5 (In dramas) A nickname for the Vidūsaka or buffoon -Comp -अवतारः the advent or setting in of the spring, वसन्तावतारसमयेऽस्या उन्मादयितृक रूप प्रेक्ष्य S 1 -उत्सवः the vernal festival, spring-festivities, formerly held on the full-moon day of Chaitra, but now on the full-moon day of Phālguna, and identified with the Holi festival -कालः the spring-tide, vernal season -कुसुमः Cordia Latifolia (Mar गोंधणी) -घोषिन् m a cuckoo -जा 1 the Vāsantī or Mādhavī creeper -2 the spring festival, see वसन्तोत्सव -तिलकः, -कम् the ornament of the spring, फुल्ल वसन्ततिलक तिलक वनाल्या Chand M 5 (-कः -का -कम्) N of a metre -द्वतः 1 the cuckoo -2 the month called Chaitra -3 the musical mode हिन्दोल -4 the mango tree -द्वती 1 the trumpet-flower -2 the female cuckoo -3 Bignonia Suaveolens (Mar पादल) -द्वः, द्वुमः the mango tree -पञ्चमी the fifth day in the bright half of Māgha -बन्धुः, -योधः, -सखः epithets of the god of love

वसा [वस् अच्] 1 The marrow of the flesh, fat, marrow, adept, suet, निर्वाण्यद्यापि नैते स्तुतबहुलवसावाहिनी हव्य-वाहा Mu 3 28, R 15 16, Ve 1 27, शुद्धमासस्य य स्नेह सा वसा परिकीर्तिता Suśr -2 Any oily or fatty exudation -3 Brain -Comp -आढयः, -आढयकः the Gangetic porpoise -केतुः a particular comet -छटा the mass of the brain -पायिन् m a dog -मेहः a kind of diabetes -रोहः a mushroom

वसान a Dwelling, वसानस्तत्र नै पुर्यामदितेर्विप्रियंकरम् Mb 12. 339 91

वसिः [वस्-इन् Un 4 151] 1 Clothes -2 A dwelling, an abode

वसित p p. 1 Worn, put on -2 Dwelling -3 Stored (as grain), -तम् Abode, residence

वसिन् m An otter

वसिरम् Sea-salt.

वसिष्ठः (also written वशिष्ठ) N of a celebrated sage, the family priest of the solar race of kings, and author of several Vedic hymns, particularly of the seventh Mandala of the R̥gveda. He was the typical representative of true Brāhmanic dignity and power, and the

efforts of Viśvāmitra to rise to his level form the subject of many legends, of विश्वामित्र -2 N of the author of a Smṛiti (sometimes ascribed to the sage himself) -छम् Flesh

वसु a Sweet -2 Dry -3 Ved Wealthy, rich -4 Ved Good -n [वस्-उन् Un 1 10] 1 Wealth, riches, स्वयं प्रदुग्धेऽस्य गुणैरुपस्तुता वसूपमानस्य वसूनि मेदिनी Kī 1 18, R 8 31, 9 6 वस्वीशाद् वसुनिकर (लब्ध्वा) धृतातुराणां Rām ch 7 58 -2 A jewel, gem -3 Gold -4 Water, वसु काल उपादत्ते काले चाय विमुञ्चति Bhāg 4 16 6 -5 A thing, substance, त्रात्वारिणो जगति पुत्रपदं च लेभे दुग्धा वसूनि वसुधा सकलानि येन Bhāg 2 7 9, Mb 12 98 20 -6 A kind of salt -7 A medicinal root (वृद्धि) -8 A yellow kind of kidney-bean -9 The ghee (घृत), विधिना वेददृष्टेन वसोर्धारा-मिवाध्वरे Mb 13 2 35 -m 1 N of a class of deities (usually pl in this sense), सेय भूरिवसोर्वसोरिव सुता मृत्यो-मुखे वर्तते Mā 5 24, Kī 1 18, (the Vasus are eight in number — 1 आप, 2 ध्रुव, 3 सोम, 4 धर or धव, 5 अनिल, 6 अनल, 7 प्रत्युष, and 8 प्रभास, sometimes अह is substituted for आप, धरो ध्रुवश्च सोमश्च अहश्चैवानिलोऽनल । प्रत्युषश्च प्रभासश्च वसवोऽष्टाविति स्मृता) -2 The number 'eight' -3 N of Kubera -4 Of Śiva -5 Of Agni -6 A tree -7 A lake, pond -8 A rein -9 The tie of a yoke -10 A halter -11 A ray of light, निरकाशयद्रविमपेतवसु वियदालयादपरदिग्गणिका Śi 9 10, विश्विलवसुमगाधे मममापत् पयोधौ Kī 1 46 (in both cases वसु means 'wealth' also) -12 The sun -13 The distance from the elbow to the closed fist -f. 1 A ray of light -2 Light, radiance -3 A medicinal root (वृद्धि) -Comp -उत्तमः N of Bhīṣma, तान् समेतान् महाभागानुपलभ्य वसूतम । पूजयामास Bhāg 1 9 9 -उपमः Naṭron (Mar सज्जीखार). -ओ (औ) कसारा 1 N of Amarāvati, the city of Indra -2 of Alakā, the city of Kubera, 'वसवौकसारा श्रीदस्य शक्रस्य नल्लिनी पुरी' इति हरिः, वसवौकसारा नल्लिनीमतीत्यैवोत्तरान् कुरुन् Rām 2 94 26, व्यक्त वसवौकसारेयम् Mb 7 67 16 (com वसवौकसारा सलोप आर्ष । कनकमयानि ओकासि सारो यस्या सा तथा ।). -3 of a river attached to Amarāvati and Alakā -कीटः, -कृमिः a beggar -ता, -तातिः f Ved wealth -दा the earth -देवः N of the father of Kṛiṣṇa and son of Sūra, a descendant of Yadu भू, -सुत &c epithets of Kṛiṣṇa -देवता, -देव्या the asterism called Dhanisthā. -देव्या the ninth day of a lunar fortnight -दुमः the Udumbara tree -धर्मिका crystal -धा 1 the earth, वसुधैवकुम्भ इत्यत्र त्वया R 8 83, पुरा सप्तद्वीपा जयति वसुधामप्रतिरथ S 7 33, 1 25 -2 the heaven, धरान् धरित्रीं वसुधां भर्तुस्तिष्ठाम्यनन्तरम् Mb 13 93 100 (com वसून् देवान् धत्ते इति व्युत्पत्त्या वसुधा दिवम्) -3 the ground, वसुधालिङ्गनधूसरस्तनी Ku 4 4 अधिप a king धर a mountain, वसुधाधरकन्दराभिसर्पी प्रतिशब्दोऽपि हरेर्मिनत्ति नागान् V 1 18 नगरम् the capital of Varuna -धारा, -भारा the capital of Kubera [वसोर्धारा 1 a stream of ghee prepared for Vasus, कुञ्चलमा वसोर्धारां सप्त वारान् घृतेन तु । कारयेत् पञ्च वारान् वा नातिनीचा न चोच्छिन्नाम् Ohhandogapaddhati -2 N of a vessel for pouring ghee

into fire, त्वया द्वादशवर्षाणि वसोर्धाराहुत हवि Mb 1. 223 72. -3 N of the heavenly Ganges (मन्दाकिनी), Mb 13 80 5]. -धारिणी the earth -पालः a king -प्रभा one of the seven tongues of fire -प्राणः an epithet of Agni -भम् the constellation धनिष्ठा -रघ्व a delighted with wealth, वसुरण्वो विभुरसि Mahanār 17 15 -रेतस् m fire, सप्राप्तो यत्र सोनिभ्य सदासीद् वसुरेतस Rām 7 31 7, Mb. 1 13 3. -रोचिस् m 1 sacrifice, religious ceremony -2 Fire -व्रतम् a kind of penance (eating only ground rice for twelve days) -श्रेष्ठम् 1 wrought gold -2 silver -वेणः N of Karna, वसुवर्मधर दृष्ट्वा त बाल हेमकुण्डलम् । नामास्य वसुषेणेति ततश्चक्रुर्द्विजातय ॥ Mb 3 309 13-14 -स्थली N. of the city of Kubera

वसु (स्) कः The plant called Arka -कम् 1 Sea-salt -2 Fossil-salt

वसुंधरा The earth, नानारत्ना वसुंधरा, R 4. 7, वसुंधरा काल इवोत्तबीजा S 6 24

वसुमत् a Wealthy, rich -ती 1 The earth, वसुमत्या हि नृपा कलत्रिण R 8. 83 -2 A wealthy woman -3 A country

वसुकः 1 N of various plants -2 A kind of measure (in music) -कम् A kind of salt

वसुलः A god, deity

वसूरा A harlot, prostitute, courtesan.

वस्क् 1 A (वस्क्ते) Tō go, move

वस्क 1 Going, motion -2 Application, perseverance.

वस्कय See वष्कय.

वस्कयणी See वष्कयणी.

वस्कराटिका A scorpion

वस्त 1 U (वस्तयति-ते) 1 To hurt, kill -2 To ask, beg, solicit -3 To go, move -4 To torment

वस्तम् 1 An abode -2 A house. -स्तः A goat, see वस्त -Comp -अन्त्री benzoin

वस्तकम् An artificial salt (कृत्रिमलवण).

वस्तव्यता Abode, residence, ये त्वया कीर्तिता दोषा वने वस्तव्यता प्रति Rām 2 29 2

वस्तिः m, f [वस्-ति, Un 4 188] 1 Residing, dwelling, staying -2 The abdomen, the lower belly -3 The pelvis -4 The bladder -5 A syringe, clyster -Comp. -कर्मन् n the application of an enema, injection -कर्मोक्त्यः the soap-berry (Mar रिठा) -कोशः a bladder, bag -पीडा spasm in the bladder -बिलम्, -मूलम् aperture of the bladder -मलम् urine -शिरस् n. 1 the pipe of a clyster. -2 the neck of the bladder -शोधनम् a diuretic (which clears the bladder).

• वस्तु *n* [वस्तुन् Un 1 71] 1 A really existing thing, the real, a reality, वस्तुन्यवस्त्वरोपोऽज्ञानम् -2 A thing in general, an object, article, substance, matter, अथवा मृदु वस्तु हिंसितु मृदुनैवारभते कृतान्तक R 8 45, किं वस्तु विद्वन् गुरवे प्रदेयम् S 18, 3, 5, वस्तुनीष्टेऽन्यादर S D -3 Wealth, property, possessions -4 Essence, nature, natural or essential property -5 Stuff (of which a thing is made), materials, ingredients (fig also), आकृतिप्रत्ययादेवनामनूनवस्तुका सभावयामि M 1 -6 The plot (of a drama), the subject-matter of any poetic composition, कालिदासप्रथितवस्तुना नवेनाभिज्ञानशकुन्तलाख्येन नाटकेनोपस्थातव्यमस्माभिः S 1, अथवा सद्रस्तुपुरुषबहुमानात् V 1 2, आशीर्नमास्क्रियावस्तुनिर्देशो वापि तन्मुखम् S D 6, Ve 1, Rām 1 3 1 -7 The pith of a thing -8 A plan, design -9 (In music) A kind of composition -f Ved A day (?) -Comp -अभावः 1 absence of reality -2 loss of property or possessions -उत्थापनम् the production of any incident in a drama by means of magic, conjuration, see S D 420 -उपमा a variety of Upamā according to Dandin who thus illustrates it — राजीवमिव ते वक्त्रं नेत्रे नीलोत्पले इव । इय प्रतीयमानैकधर्मी वस्तुपमैव सा ॥ Kāv 2 16, (it is a case of Upamā where the साधारणधर्म or common quality is omitted) -उपहित *a* applied to a proper object, bestowed on a proper material, क्रिया हि वस्तुपहिता प्रसीदति R 3 29 -कृत *a* practised, cherished, Buddh -कोशः N of a dictionary -क्षणान् *ind* at the right moment -जातम् the aggregate of things -तन्त्र *a* objective -निर्देशः table of contents, register -पतित *a* being real -पुरुषः the hero (नायक), सद्रस्तुपुरुषबहुमानात् V 1 2 -बलम् the power of things -भावः reality, truth -भूत *a* substantial -मात्रम् the mere outline or skeleton of any subject (to be afterwards developed) -रचना style, arrangement of matter -विनिमयः barter -विवर्तः (in phil) the developing of the one real essence -वृत्तम् 1 the real matter, fact -2 a beautiful creature -शक्तितस् *ind* through the force of circumstances -शासनम् *a* genuine edict -शून्य *a* unreal -स्थितिः reality

वस्तुतस् *ind* 1 In fact, in reality, really, actually -2 Essentially, virtually, substantially -3 As a natural consequence, as a matter of course, indeed -4 In fine

वस्तुकम् Chenopodium Album (Mar चाकवत, चन्दनबटवा)

वस्त्यम् [= परत्यम् q v] A house, an abode, a residence, ददर्श स क्षितिपस्य वस्त्यमथ तत्र ससदि S 1 13 63, वस्त्यम् v 1 for परत्यम्

वस्त्रम् [वस्-वृत् Un 4 172] 1 A garment, cloth, clothes, raiment, स्नातस्यानन्तर सम्यग् वस्त्रेण तनुमार्जनम् । कान्तिप्रद शरीरस्य कण्डूयादोषनाशनम् ॥ कौषेय चित्रवस्त्रं च रक्तवस्त्रं तथैव च । वातश्लेष्महर तनु शीतकाले विधारयत् ॥ मेध्यं सुशीतं पित्तघ्नं काषायं वस्त्रमुच्यते । तद्धारयेदुष्णकाले तच्चापि लघु शस्यते ॥ शुक्रं तु शुभदं वस्त्रं शीतातपनिवारणम् । न चोष्णं न च वा शीतं तनु वर्णासु धारयेत् ॥

Bhāva P -2 Dress, apparel -3 A leaf of the cinnamon tree -Comp -अगारः, -रम्, -गृहम् a tent -अञ्जलः, -अन्तः the hem of a garment -आगारम् 1 a clothier's shop -2 a tent -आधारकः a layer of cloth, (placed underneath), Suśr -उत्कर्षणम् the act of taking off clothes -कुट्टिमम् 1 a tent -2 an umbrella -ग्रन्थिः the knot of the lower garment (which fastens it near the navel), cf नीचि -घर्घरी a cloth for straining, sieve -धारणी a thing to hang clothes upon. -धाविन् *a* washing clothes -निर्णैजकः a washerman -परिधानम् putting on garments, dressing -पुत्रिका a doll, puppet -पूत *a* filtered through a cloth, वस्त्रपूत पिबेजलम् Ms 6 46 -पेशी a fringe -भेदकः, -भेदिन् *m* a tailor -योनिः the material of cloth (as cotton) • -रजकम्, -रञ्जनम् safflower -विलासः foppery in dress -वेशः, -वेश्मन् a tent -वेष्टित *a* well-clad

वस्त्रयति Den P To dress or clothe oneself

वस्त्यः A house

वस्त्या = अवस्त्या q v, कुम्भोऽप्येता पितुरुपनता वीक्ष्य वस्त्या वपुष्मान् Mv 6 44

वस्नम् [वस्-स्नन् Un 3 6] 1 Hire, wages (in this sense *m* also) -2 Dwelling, abiding -3 Wealth, substance -4 A cloth, clothes -5 A skin. -6 Price -7 Death

वस्ननम् A girdle, zone

वस्नसा A tendon, nerve

वैस्निक *a* Mercenary, hireling -का A valuable deposit

वस्त्रम् *n* Ved 1 A garment -2 An abode

वस्त्यस् 1 Better -2 Wealthier, richer, श्रेयान् वस्त्यसोऽसानि स्वाहा T Up 1 4 3

वंह 10 U (वहयति-ते) To make bright, illuminate, cause to shine

वह् 1 U (वहति-ते, उवाह, ऊहे, अवाक्षीत्, अवोढ, वक्ष्यति-ते, वोढुम्, ऊढ, *pass* उहते) 1 To carry, lead, bear, convey, transport (oft with two acc), अजा ग्रामं वहति, वहति विधिदुतं या हवि S 1 1, न च हव्यं वहत्यग्निं Ms 4 249 -2 To bear along, cause to move onward, waft, propel, जलानि या तीरनिखातयूपा वहत्ययोध्यामनु राजधानीम् R 13 61, त्रिस्तोतस वहति यो गननप्रतिष्ठाम् S 7 6, R 11 10 -3 To fetch, bring, वहति जलमियम् Mu 1 4 -4 To bear, support, hold up, sustain, न गर्दभा वाजिधुरं वहन्ति Mk 4 17, ताते चापद्वितीये वहति रणधुरा को भयस्यावकाश Ve 3 5 'when my father is leading the van &c', वहति भुवनश्रेणीं शेष फणाफलकस्थिताम् Bh 2 35, S 7 17, Me 17 -5 To carry off, take away, अद्रे शृङ्गं वहति (v 1 for हरति) पवनं भिस्विद् Me 14 -6 To marry, यदूढया वारणराजहार्यया Ku 5 70, Ms 3 38 -7 To have, possess, bear, वहसि हि

धनहार्यं पण्यभूतं शरीरम् Mk 1 31, वहति विषधरान् पटीरजन्मा Bv 1 74 -8 To assume, exhibit, show, लक्ष्मीमुवाह सकलस्य शशाङ्कमूर्ते Ku 2 59, 9 2 -9 To look to, attend to, take care of, मुग्धाया मे जनन्या योगक्षेमं वहस्व M 4, तेषां नित्याभियुक्तानां योगक्षेमं वहाम्यहम् Bg 9 22 -10 To suffer, feel, experience, चर्मव्यथा वहति शीतभवा रुज च Bv 1 94, so दुःख, हर्ष, शोक, तोष &c -11 (Intransitive in this and the following senses) To be borne or carried on, move or walk on, वहत बलीवर्धो वहतम् Mk 6, उत्थाय पुनरवहत् K, Pt 1 43, 291 -12 To flow (as rivers), प्रलग्नुहमहानय Mb, परोपकाराय वहन्ति नद्यः Subhās -13 To blow (as wind), मन्द वहति मारुतः Rām, वहति मलयसमीरे मदनमुपनिधाय Git 5 -14 To breathe -Caus (वाह्यति-ते) 1 To cause to bear or carry, cause to be brought or led -2 To drive, impel, direct -3 To traverse, pass or go over, स वाहते राजपथं शिवाभि R 16 12, भवान् वाहयेदध्वशेषम् Me 40 -4 To use, carry, अस्त्रं वाहयाचकु Bk 14 23 -5 To place in a boat -6 To proceed, go -7 To carry out, complete, finish -8 To go to, visit -Desid (विवक्षति-ते) To wish to carry &c

ऊढ p p 1 Borne, carried, as a burden -2 Taken -3 Married, इयं च तेऽन्या पुरतो विहम्बना यदूढया वारणराजहार्यया Ku 5 70 -4 Stolen, robbed, सहोढ सोपकरणं घातयेदविचारयन् Ms 9 270 -5 Washed away (by water), चौरैर्हृतं जलेनोढम् Ms 8 189 -6 Exhibited, betrayed, Bhāg -ढः A married man -ढा A girl who is married -ढम् marriage, ऊढात् प्रभृति दुःखानि श्वशुराणामरिन्दम Mb 5 83 42 -Comp -कङ्कटः a mailed -भार्यः a one who has married a wife -वयसः a youngman

ऊढिः f 1 Marriage -2 Carrying, bearing

वहः [वह्-कर्तरि अच्] 1 Bearing, carrying, supporting &c -2 The shoulder of an ox -3 A vehicle or conveyance in general -4 Particularly, a horse, दर्शनस्पर्शनवहो घ्राणश्रवणवाहन Mb 12 236 10 -5 Air, wind -6 A way, road -7 A male river (नदी) -8 A measure of four Dronas -9 A current, stream -10 The breathing of a cow -हा a river, stream

वहतः [वह्-अतच्] 1 A traveller -2 An ox

वहतिः [वह्-अति Un 4 62] 1 An ox -2 Air, wind -3 A friend, counsellor, adviser

वहती A river, stream in general

वहतुः 1 An ox -2 Ved A traveller -3 A marriage (Ved) -4 A bride's dowry

वहनम् [वह्-व्युद्] 1 Carrying, bearing, conveying -2 Supporting -3 Flowing -4 A vehicle, conveyance -5 A boat, raft -6 The undermost part of a column. -Comp. -भङ्गः shipwreck, Ratn

वहनीकः To turn into a vehicle.

वहित p p 1 Carried, conveyed -2 Known, celebrated -3 Obtained, got

वहन्तः [वह्-ञच् Un 3 128] 1 Wind -2 An infant -3 A chariot

वहल a See बहल -लः A raft, boat

वहालः Wind, Gīrvāna

वहित्रम्, वहित्रकम्, वहिनी [वह्-इत्र Un 4 181] 1 A raft, float, boat, vessel, प्रत्यूषस्यदृश्यत किमपि वहित्रम् Dk, प्रलयपयोधिजले धृतवानसि वेदं विहितवहित्रचरित्रमखेदम् Git 1 -2 A square chariot with a pole

वहित्रकर्णः N of a particular Yoga posture (in which the two legs are stretched out together in front on the ground)

वहिस् See बहिस्

वहिष्क a Outer, external

वहेटकः, -वहेडुकः, -वहेडुकः The Bibhitaka tree

वह्निः [वह्-नि Un 4 53] 1 Fire, अतृणे पतितो वह्निः स्वयमेवोपशाम्यति Subhās -2 The digestive faculty, gastric fluid -3 Digestion, appetite -4 A vehicle -5 The marking nut plant -6 Lead-wort -7 A sacrificer, priest -8 A god in general -9 An epithet of the Maruts -10 Of Soma -11 A horse -12 A draught animal -13 The number 'three' -14 The mystical N of the letter र, रकार -Comp -उत्पातः an igneous meteor -कर a 1 igniting -2 stimulating digestion, stomachic -करी Grislea Tomentosa (Mar धायदी) -काष्ठम् a kind of agallochum -कोणः the south-east quarter -कोपः a conflagration -गन्धः 1 incense -2 resin -गर्भः 1 a bamboo -2 the Samī tree, of अग्नि-गर्भ -दीपकः safflower (-का) =अजमोदा q v -धौत a pure like fire -नामन् m 1 the marking nut plant -2 lead-wort. -पतनम् self-immolation -बीजम् 1 gold -2 a citron tree -3 N of the mystical syllable रम् -भोग्यम् clarified butter -मन्थः, -मन्थनः Premna Spinosa (Mar नरेल) -मारकम् water -मित्रः air, wind -रेतस् m 1 an epithet of Śiva -2 gold -लोहः, -लोहक copper -वधू f 1 Svāhā, the wife of Agni -2 The Svāhā Mantra -वर्णम् the red water-lily -वल्गुमः resin -बीजम् 1 gold -2 the common lime -शिखम् 1 saffron -2 safflower, स्यात् कुसुमं वह्निशिखं वस्त्ररञ्जकमित्यपि Bhāva P -शेखरम् saffron -संस्कारः the religious rite of cremation -सखः the wind -संखकः the Chitraka tree -साक्षिकम् ind fire being the witness -सुतः chyle

वह्निः Heat -a Hot

वह्नितात् कृ To consume with fire, burn

वहम् 1 A carriage -2 A vehicle or conveyance in general, तेन वहेन हन्तासि त्वमर्यं पुरुषाशिनाम् Bk 6 51 -ह्या The wife of a Munī

बहिक, -बहिक See बहिक, बहिक.

वा ind 1 As an alternative conjunction it means 'or', but its position is different in Sanskrit, being used either with each word or assertion or only with the last, but it is never used at the beginning of a clause, cf च -2 It has also the following senses —(a) and, as well as, also, वायुर्वा दहनी वा G M, अस्ति ते माता स्मरसि वा तातम् U 4 (b) like, as, जाता मन्ये तुहिनमथिता पद्मिनी वान्यरूपम् Me 85 (v 1), मणी बौद्धस्य लम्बेते Sk, हृष्टो गर्जति चाति-द्विषितबलो दुर्योधनो वा शिखी Mk 5 6, स्नानीयवल्गुक्रियया पत्रोर्णं वोपयुज्यते M 5 12, Si 3 63, 4 35, 7 64, Ku 3 13 (c) optionally, (in this sense mostly in grammatical rules as of Pāṇini), दोषो णौ वा चित्तविरागे P VI 4 99, 91 (d) possibility, (in this sense वा is usually added to the interrogative pronoun and its derivatives like इव or नाम), and may be translated by 'possibly', 'I should like to know', कस्य वान्यस्य वचसि मया स्थातव्यम् K, परिवर्तिनि ससारे मृत को वा न जायते Pt 1 27 (e) sometimes used merely as an expletive (f) indeed, truly (g) only -3 When repeated वा has the sense of 'either-or', 'whether-or', सा वा शमोस्तदीया वा मूर्तिर्जल-मयी मम Ku 2 60, तदत्र परिश्रमानुरोधाद्वा उदात्तकथावस्तुगौर-वाद्वा नवनाटकदर्शनकुतूहलाद्वा भवद्विरवधान दीयमान प्रार्थये Ve 1, एक एव खगो मानी सुखे जीवति चातक । भ्रियते वा पिपासाया याचते वा पुरंदरम् ॥ Subhās (अथवा or, or rather, or else, see under अथ, न वा not, neither, nor, यदि वा or if, यद्वा or, or else, किं वा whether, possibly &c, किं वा शकुन्तलेयस्य मातुराख्या S 7 20/21, को वा or के वा followed by a negative means 'everyone, all', के वा न स्यु परिभवफला निष्फलारम्भयत्ना Me 56

वा I 2 P (वाति, वात or वान) 1 To blow, वाता वाता दिशि दिशि न वा सप्तधा सप्तभिन्ना Ve 3 6, दिश प्रसेदुर्मरुतो ववु सुखा R 3 14, Me 44, Bk 7 1, 8 61 -2 To go, move -3 To strike, hurt, injure -4 To emit an odour, be diffused -5 To smell -Caus (वापयति-ते) 1 To cause to blow -2 (वाजयति-ते) To shake -With आ to blow, बद्धा बद्धा भित्तिशङ्कामसुभिन्नावानावान्मातरिश्वा निहन्ति Ku 5 36, Bk 14 97 -प्र, वि to blow, वायुर्विवाति हृदयाणि हरन्नाणाम् Rs 6 23 -II 4 P (वायति) 1 To be dried up, to dry -2 To be extinguished -III 10 U (वापयति-ते) 1 To go, move -2 To be happy -3 To worship, reverence

वांश a (-शी f) [वश-अण्] Made of bamboo -शी Bamboo-manna

वांशिकः [वश-ठक] 1 A bamboo-cutter -2 A flute-player, a piper

वाकम् A flight of cranes -कः [वच्-घञ्] 1 Speech, uttering, as in नमोवाक प्रशास्महे U 1 1, सूक्तवाकेनातितरा-मुदितगुणगणावतारसुजयः Bhāg. 5 1 10 -2 Voice (वाणी), सर्व-मिदमभ्यातोऽवाक्यनादरः Ch Up 3 14 2 -3 Text (सहिता), a Vedic portion containing mantras, य वाकेष्वनुवाकेषु निष-त्सूपनिषत्सु च (गुणन्ति) Mb 12 49 26. -Comp -उपवाकम् speech and reply, dialogue.

वाकुची, वागुजी Vernonia Anthelmintica (Mar. बावची)

वाकुलं See बाकुल.

वाकोवाक्यम् = तर्कशास्त्रम् q v, Ch Up 7 1 2

वाक्यम् [वच्-घञ् चस्य क] 1 Speech, words, a sentence, saying, what is spoken, शृणु मे वाक्यम् 'hear my words', 'hear me', वाक्ये न सतिष्ठते 'does not obey', सक्षिप्तस्याप्यतोऽस्यैव वाक्यस्यार्थगरीयस Si 2 24 -2 A sentence, period (complete utterance of a thought), वाक्य स्याद्योग्यताकाङ्क्षासत्तियुक्त पदोच्चय S D 6, पदसमूहो वाक्यम् Tarka K, श्रौत्यार्थं च भवेद्वाक्ये समासे तद्धिते तथा K P 10 -3 An argument or syllogism (in logic) -4 A precept, rule, an aphorism -5 (In astr) The solar process for all astronomical computations -6 An assertion, statement -7 Command -8 (In law) Declaration, legal evidence -9 Betrothment -Comp -आडम्बरः bombastic language -अर्थः 1 the meaning of a sentence -2 (in Mīmāṃsā) the sense of a sentence derived on the strength of वाक्यप्रमाण as distinguished from श्रुति, लिङ्ग and other प्रमाणः This is weaker than and hence sublated by the श्रुत्यर्थ or श्रुति, यत्र श्रुत्यर्थो न सम्भवति तत्र वाक्यार्थो गृह्यते SB on MS 6 2 14, वाक्यार्थं श्रुत्या बाध्यते SB on MS 6 2 14 According to Mīmāṃsā view the अर्थः of पदः are सामान्य and when these form a sentence to yield the वाक्यार्थ, they get restricted or modified Hence वाक्यार्थ means the पदार्थः modified or restricted, सामान्येनाभिप्रवृत्ताना पदार्थानां यद्विशेषेऽवस्थान स वाक्यार्थः SB on MS 3 1 12 उपमा a variety of Upamā according to Dandin, वाक्यार्थेनैव वाक्यार्थः कोऽपि यशुपमीयते । एकानेकैश्च शब्दत्वात् सा वाक्यार्थोपमा द्विधा ॥ Kāv 2 43 -आलापः conversation, discourse -उपचारः speaking, Rām -खण्डनम् refutation of an assertion or argument -ग्रहः paralysis of speech -पदम् a word in a sentence -पदीयम् N of a work attributed to Bhartrihari -पद्धतिः f the manner of composing sentences, diction, style -परिसमाप्तिः f Completion of a sentence (i. e. the application of the sense expressed by a sentence) This occurs in two ways (1) the sense of the sentence as a whole may be predicated of the things or persons mentioned in the उद्देशपद severally, or (2) it may be predicated of them all combined together The former is known as प्रत्येक वाक्यपरिसमाप्ति and is illustrated by देवदत्तयज्ञदत्तविष्णुमित्रा भोज्यन्ताम्, while the latter is known as समुदाये वाक्यपरिसमाप्ति and illustrated by गर्गा शत दण्ड्यन्ताम्, see SB on MS 3 1 12 -प्रबन्धः 1 a treatise, connected composition -2 the flow of sentences -प्रयोगः employment of speech, use of language -भेदः a different assertion, a divergent statement, सदिग्धे तु व्यवायाद् वाक्यभेदः स्यात् MS 3 1 21, वाक्यभेदान् बहूनगमत् Mu 2 -रचना, -विन्यासः arrangement of words in a sentence, syntax -विलेखः An officer in charge of writing of accounts, orders etc, नतो

वाक्यबिलेखाख्यैर्दत्तोपनै स्वशक्ति Parnāl 4 55 -विशारद
a eloquent, skilled in speech -शेषः 1 the remainder
of a speech, an unfinished or incomplete sentence,
सदोषावकाश इव ते वाक्यशेष V 3 -2 an elliptical sentence
-सारथिः, Spokesman -स्थ a Obsequious, attentive

वागरः 1 A sage, holy man -2 A learned Brāh-
mana, scholar -3 A brave man, hero -4 A touch-
stone, whet-stone -5 An impediment, obstacle -6
Certainty, determination -7 Submarine fire -8 A
wolf -9 A water vessel, L D B -10 A horse of the
sun, L D B

वागा A bridle

वागार a Breaking one's promises, perfidious,
faithless

वागाशनिः A Buddha

वागुरा [वा-हिंसने उरच् गन् च Un 1 40] A trap, net,
snare, toils, meshes, को वा दुर्जनवागुरासु पतित क्षेमण यात
पुमान् Pt 1 146 -Comp -वृत्तिः f livelihood obtained
by catching wild animals (-सिः) a fowler, huntsman,
Ms 10 32

वागुरिकः A fowler, hunter, deer-catcher, श्वगणिवानु-
रिक् प्रथमास्थितम् R 9 53

वाग्मिन् a [वाच् अस्त्यर्थे मिनि चस्य क तस्य लोप, of P
V 2 124] 1 Eloquent, oratorical -2 Talkative -3
Verbose, wordy -m 1 An orator, an eloquent man,
अनिलोडितकार्यस्य वाग्जाल वाग्मिनो वृथा S 2 27, 109, K 1
14 6, Pt 3 87 -2 N of Brihaspati -3 N of Vishnu
-4 A parrot

वाग्य a [वाच यच्छति, यम्-ड] 1 Speaking little, speak-
ing cautiously -2 Speaking truly -ग्यः 1 Modesty,
humility -2 Doubt, alternative

वाग्यतस् and Silently

वाङ्कः The ocean

वाङ्क्ष 1 P (वाङ्क्षति) To wish, desire.

वाच् f [क्-किप् दीर्घोऽसप्रसारण च Un 2 67] 1 A
word, sound, an expression (opp अर्थ), वागर्थविव सपृक्तौ
वागर्थप्रतिपत्तये R 1 1 -2 Words, talk, language, speech,
वाचि पुण्यापुण्यहेतव Māl 4, लौकिकाना हि साधूनामर्थ वागनुवर्तते ।
ऋषीणा पुनराद्याना वाचमर्थोऽनुधावति U 1 10, विनिश्चितार्थमिति
वाचमाददे K 1 1 3 'spoke these words', 'spoke as fol-
lows', R 1 49, S 2 13, 23, Ku 2 3 -3 A voice,
sound, अशरीरिणी वागुदचरत् U 2, मनुष्यवाचा R 2 33 -4
An assertion, a statement -5 An assurance, a pro-
mise -6 A phrase, proverb, saying -7 N of Sara-
svatī, the goddess of speech -Comp. -अपहारकः
(वागपहारकः) 1 a 'stealer of speech', a reader of pro-
hibited texts, Ms 11 51 -2 a liar (मिथ्यावादी). -अपेत
(वागपेत) a dumb -अर्थः (वागर्थः) a word and its

meaning, वागर्थविव सपृक्तौ R 1 1, see above -असिः
cutting speech (cutting like a sword), स्फुरन्नाधोविद्युत्वाति
वागसि K 1 14 12 -आडम्बरः (वागाडम्बरः) verbosity,
bombast -आत्मन् a (वागात्मन्) consisting of words,
ऋषे प्रबुद्धोऽसि वागात्मनि ब्रह्मणि U 2 -ईशः (वागीशः) 1 an
orator, an eloquent man -2 an epithet of Brihaspati,
the preceptor of the gods, वागीशाया सुमनस Nyāyamāla
-3 an epithet of Brahman, वागीश (वातार) वाग्भिरर्थ्याभि
प्रणिपत्योपतस्थिरे Ku 2 3 -4 the lunar mansion called
Pusya (-शा) N of Sarasvatī -ईश्वरः (वागीश्वरः)
1 an orator, eloquent man -2 an epithet of Brahman
(-री) Sarasvatī, the goddess of speech -उत्तरम् (वागु-
त्तरम्) end of a speech -ऋषभः (वागृषभः) 'eminent
in speech', an eloquent or learned man -कलहः
(वाक्कलहः) a quarrel, strife -कीरः (वाक्कीरः) a wife's
brother -केलिः, -ली (वाक्केलिः-ली) witty conversation
-गुदः (वाग्गुदः) a kind of bird, Ms 12 64 -गुणः
(वाग्गुणः) a merit or excellence of speech, (35 such
merits are enumerated by Hemachandra) -गुम्फः
(pl) artificial language -गुलिः, -गुलिकः (वाग्गुलिः
&c) the betel-bearer of a king &c, of ताम्बूलकरङ्गवाहिन.
-चपल a (वाक्चपल) chattering, frivolous or inconside-
rate in talk -चापल्यम् (वाक्चापल्यम्) idle or frivo-
lous talk, chattering, gossiping -छलम् (वाक्छलम्)
'dishonesty in words', an evasive reply, a prevarica-
tion, एतावदेवास्ति मे वाक्छलम् Mu 2, केनेदममृत मे वाक्छलाद्
वृष्टम् K 330 -जालम् (वाग्जालम्) bombast, empty talk,
अनिलोडितकार्यस्य वाग्जाल वाग्मिनो वृथा S 2 27 -जीवनः
(वाग्जीवनः) a buffoon, Kau A 2 1 -डम्बर (वाग्ड-
म्बरः) 1 bombast -2 eloquent language -दण्डः
(वाग्दण्डः) 1 reproachful words, reprimand, reproof
-2 restraint of speech, control over words, of त्रिदण्ड
Ms 12 10 -दत्त (वाग्दत्त) a promised, affianced,
betrothed (-त्ता) an affianced or betrothed virgin,
Kull on Ms 5 72 -दरिद्र (वाग्दरिद्र) a 'poor in
words', i. e. speaking little -दलम् (वाग्दलम्) a lip
-दानम् (वाग्दानम्) betrothal, Ms 5 72 (Kull)
-दुष्ट a (वाग्दुष्ट) 1 abusive, scurrilous, using abusive
words, Ms 8 345 -2 using ungrammatical language
(-ष्टः) 1 a defamer -2 a Brāhmaṇa not invested with
the sacred thread at the proper time of his life -देवता,
-देवी (वाग्देवता, वाग्देवी) Sarasvatī, the goddess of
speech, वाग्देवताया सामुख्यमाधत्ते S D. 1 'कुलम् science,
learning -दोषः (वाग्दोषः) 1 the utterance of a (dis-
agreeable) sound, द्वीपिचर्मपरिच्छन्नो वाग्दोषाद् गर्दभो हत H 3.
-2 abuse, defamation. -3 an ungrammatical speech.
-निबन्धन (वाग्निबन्धन) a depending on words -निमि-
त्तम् (वाग्निमित्तम्) Prognostications, तच्चाकर्ण्य वाङ्-
निमित्तज्ञ पितरि सुतरा जीविताशा शिथिलीचकार Hch V -निश्चयः
(वाङ्निश्चयः) affianced by word of mouth, marriage
contract -निष्ठा (वाङ्निष्ठा) faithfulness (to one's
word or promise) -पटु a (वाक्पटु) skilful in speech,
eloquent -पति a (वाक्पति) eloquent, oratorical.

(-तिः) 1 N of Brihaspati (in this sense वाचसापति is also used) -2 the constellation Pusya -पयः(वाक्पयः) 1 a moment fit for speech -2 the range of speech -पाटवम् (वाक्पाटवम्) eloquence -पारीणः (वाक्पारीणः) beyond the range of speech, वाक्पारीणश्चि स चेन्मुखमय पद्य भ्रिये तावकम् N 22 140 -पारुष्यम् (वाक्पारुष्यम्) 1 severity of language -2 violence in words, abusive or scurrilous language, defamation, एव दण्डविधि प्रोक्तो वाक्पारुष्यस्य तत्त्वत Ms 8 278 -प्रचोदनम् (वाक्प्रचोदनम्) an order expressed in words -प्रतोदः (वाक्प्रतोदः) 'the goad of words', goading or taunting language -प्रलापः (वाक्प्रलापः) eloquence -बन्धनम् (वाग्बन्धनम्) stopping the speech, silencing, व्रीडती प्रकरोति दाडिमफलव्याजेन वाग्बन्धनम् Amaru 16 -भट (वाग्भटः) N of a writer on medicine -मनसः (the dual वाङ्मनसी in Vedic language) speech and mind, अथैन तुष्टु स्तुत्यमवाङ्मनसगोचरम् R 10 15, अतीत पन्थान तव च महिमा वाङ्मनसयो Siva-mahimna 2 -मात्रम् (वाङ्मात्रम्) mere words -मुखम् (वाङ्मुखम्) the beginning or introduction of a speech, an exordium, a preface -यतः (वाग्यतः) one who has controlled or curbed his speech, silent -यमः (वाग्यमः) one who has controlled his speech, a sage -यामः (वाग्यामः) a dumb man -युद्धम् (वाग्युद्धम्) a war of words, (hot) debate or discussion, controversy -रोधः (वाग्यरोधः) stopping the speech, silencing -वज्रः (वाग्वज्रः) 1 adamant words, अहह दारुणो वाग्वज्र U 1 -2 harsh or severe language -विद् (वाग्विद्) eloquent -विदग्धः (वाग्विदग्धः) skilled in speech (-ग्धा) a sweet-speaking or fascinating woman -विनिःसृतः (वाग्विनिःसृतः) put forth by speech, वाच्यार्था नियता सर्वे वाङ्मूला वाग्विनिःसृता । ता तु य स्तेनयेद्वाच स सर्वस्तेयकृत्वर ॥ Ms 4 256 -विभवः (वाग्विभवः) stock or provision of words, power of description, command of language, नास्ति मे वाग्विभवः प्रशंसितुम् V 3, रघूणामन्वयं वक्ष्ये तनुवाग्विभवोऽपि सन् R 1 9, Mā 1 26 -विलासः (वाग्विलासः) graceful or elegant speech -विलासिनः (वाग्विलासिनः) pigeon, dove -विस्तरः (वाग्विस्तरः) prolixity -वीरः (वाग्वीरः) master of speech -व्ययः (वाग्व्ययः) waste of breath -व्यवहारः (वाग्व्यवहारः) verbal or oral discussion, प्रयोगप्रधान हि नाट्यशास्त्र किमत्र वाग्व्यवहारेण M 1 -व्यापारः (वाग्व्यापारः) 1 the manner of speaking -2 the style or habit of speaking -3 customary phraseology or mode of talking -शलाका (वाक्शलाका) injurious speech. -शल्यम् (वाक्शल्यम्) = वाक्शलाका -शस्त्रम् (वाक्शस्त्रम्) a curse, वाक्शस्त्रं वै ब्राह्मणस्य तेन हन्यादरीन् द्विज Ms 11 33. -संतक्षणम् sarcastic remarks, असारस्य वाक्संतक्षणे . अपवाहनम् Dk 2 2 -संयमः (वाक्संयमः), -संवरः (वाक्संवरः) restraint or control of speech -संगः (वाक्संगः) 1 impeded or slow speech -2 paralysis of speech -सारः (वाक्सारः) eloquence -सिद्धम् (वाक्सिद्धम्) supernatural perfection of speech -स्तम्भः (वाक्स्तम्भः) paralysis of speech

वाङ्मयः (वाङ्मयः) 1 Consisting of words, लिपेर्यथावद्-प्रहणेन वाङ्मयः नदीमुखेनैव समुद्रमाविशत् R 3 28, इत्येषा वाङ्मयी पूजा श्रीमच्छंकरपादयो Siva-mahimna 40 -2 Relating to speech or words, Ms 12 6, स्वाध्यायाभ्यसनं चैव वाङ्मयं तप उच्यते Bg 17 15 -3 Endowed with speech, अयमात्मा वाङ्मयो मनोमय प्राणमय Bri Up 1 5 3 -4 Eloquent, rhetorical, oratorical -यम् 1 Speech, language, म्यरस्तजगैर्लान्तेरेभिर्दशभिरक्षरैः । समस्त वाङ्मयः व्याप्त त्रैलोक्यमिव विष्णुना Ohand M 1 7, द्विधाप्रयुक्तेन च वाङ्मयेन सरस्वती तन्मिथुनं तुनाव Ku 7 90, Śi 2 72 -2 Eloquence -3 Rhetoric -यी The goddess Sarasvatī

वाचः 1 A kind of fish -2 The plant मदन

वाचंयमः (वाचंयमः) Holding the tongue, maintaining perfect silence, silent, taciturn, उपस्थिता देवी तद्वाचयमी भव V 3, विद्वांसो वसुधातले परवचश्चावाप्तु वाचयमा Bṛ 4 42, वाचयमत्वात् R 18 44 -मः A sage who maintains rigid silence.

वाचकः (वाचकः) [वच्-ष्णुल्] 1 Speaking, declaring, explanatory, उन्नय मे दर्शय वल्लुवाचक यद्ब्रीडया नाभिमुखं शुचिस्मिते Bhāg 4 25 31 -2 Expressing, signifying, denoting directly (as a word, distinguished from लक्षणिक and व्यञ्जक), साक्षात् संकेतित योऽर्थमभिधत्ते स वाचक K P 2 -3 Verbal -कः 1 A speaker -2 A reader -3 A significant word -4 A messenger -Comp. -पदम् a significant word

वाचकनवी N of a preceptress (गार्गी).

वाचनम् [वच्-णिच् स्वार्थे वा णिच् ल्युट्] 1 Reading, reciting -2 Declaration, proclamation, utterance, as in स्वस्तिवाचनम्, पुण्याहवाचनम् q q v v -ना 1 A lesson -2 A chapter

वाचनकम् 1 A riddle -2 A kind of sweetmeat

वाचनिकः (वाचनिकः) [वचनेन निर्वृत्त ठक्] 1 Verbal, expressed by words -2 As expressed by the text (वचन), तस्माद् वाचनिक एषा क्रम. ŚB on MS 5 1 4

वाचयितुः (वाचयितुः) The director of a recitation

वाचस्पतिः [वाच पति षष्ठ्यङ्] 1 'The lord of speech', an epithet of Brihaspati, preceptor of the gods, अविज्ञात-प्रबन्धस्य वचो वाचस्पतेरपि । व्रजत्यफलताम् K1 11 43, also वाचसापति -2 The constellation Pusya -3 An orator -4 The Veda, ततो वाचस्पतिर्जज्ञे त मन पर्यवेक्षते Mb 14 21 9 -5 N of a lexicographer

वाचस्पत्यम् An eloquent speech, oration, a harangue, तद्वीर्यं कृतिभिर्वाचस्पत्यं प्रतायते H 3 89 (= Śi 2. 30)

वाचा 1 Speech -2 A sacred text, a text or aphorism -3 An oath -Comp -विद्वद्वाचा a not describable with words -सहायः a sociable companion

वाचाटः (वाचाटः) [वाच्-आटच् चस्य न क] 1 Talkative, garrulous, talking much or idly, अरेरे वाचाट Ve 3, Mv 6, Bk. 5 23 -2 Boastful.

वाचाल *a* [वाच् आलच् चस्य न क] 1 Noisy, making a sound, crying -2 Talkative, garrulous, see वाचाट, तथापि वाचालतया युनाक्ति मा मिथस्वदाभाषणलोलुप मन S1 1 40 -3 Boasting, swaggering

वाचालना The act of making talkative

वाचिक *a* (-का, की *f*) [वाचा कृत वाच्-ठक् चस्य न क] 1 Consisting of or expressed by words, वाचिक पारुष्यम् -2 Oral, verbal, expressed by word of mouth -कः A declamatory speech -कम् 1 A message, an oral or verbal communication, वाचिकमयार्येण सिद्धार्थकाच्छ्रोतव्यमिति लिखितम् Mu 5, निर्वाहितेऽर्थे लेखेन खलकत्वा खलु वाचिकम् S1 2 70, तव क्रीतमुतोऽस्मीति वाचिकेन व्यजिज्ञपत् Siva B 31 32 -2 News, tidings, intelligence in general -Comp -पत्रम् 1 A letter -2 A newspaper -3 A written agreement, contract -हारकः 1 a letter -2 a messenger, news-bearer

वाचिन् *a* (At the end of comp) Expressing, indicating, signifying

वाचोयुक्ति *a* Skilled in speech, eloquent -क्तिः *f* 1 'Arrangement of words', a declaration, announcement, speech, यत्र खल्विय वाचोयुक्ति Mā1 1 -2 Good or clever speech

वाच्य *a* [वाच्-कर्मणि ण्यत्] 1 To be spoken, told or said, to be spoken to or addressed, वाच्यस्त्वया मद्रचनात् स राजा R 14 61 'say to the king in my name', न वाच्यमित्य पुरुषोत्तम त्वया S1 1 31 -2 To be predicated, attributive -3 Expressed (as the meaning of a word), of लक्ष्य and व्यङ्ग्य -4 Blamable, censurable, reprehensible, अप्रदाता पिता वाच्यो वाच्यश्चानुपयन् पति । मृते भर्तार पुत्रश्च वाच्यो मातुररक्षिता॥ Mb 3 298 35, S1 20 34, एभिर्मुक्तो महीपाल प्राप्नोति खलु वाच्यताम् H 3 129, 4 17 -च्यम् 1 Blame, censure, reproach, प्रमदामनु सस्थित शुचा नृपति सन्निति वाच्यदर्शनात् R 8 72, 84, चिरस्य वाच्य न गत प्रजापति S 5 15, S1 3 58 -2 The expressed meaning, that derived by means of अभिधा q v, of लक्ष्य and व्यङ्ग्य, अपि तु वाच्यवैचित्र्यप्रतिभासादेव चारुताप्रतीति K P 10 -3 A predicate -4 The voice of a verb -5 A subject for expounding (प्रतिपाद्य-विषय), पुराणसख्यासमूहमस्य वाच्यप्रयोजने Bhag 12 13 3 -Comp -अर्थः expressed meaning -चित्रम् one of the two kinds of the third or lowest (अधम) division of *Kāvya* or poetry, in which the charm lies in the expression of a striking or fanciful idea (opp शब्दचित्र), see चित्र also -लिङ्ग *a* adjectival -वज्रम् severe or harsh language -वर्जितम् an elliptical expression -वाचकभाव the state of the signified and the signifier

वाच्यता, -त्वंम् 1 Blame, censure, reproach, सत्य शौर्य दया त्यागो नृपस्येति महागुणा । एभिर्मुक्तो महीपाल प्राप्नोति खलु वाच्यताम्॥ H 3 122 -2 Ill-repute, infamy -3 Conjugation -4 The being expressed or predicated.

सं. इं को. १७७

वाजः [वज्-वच्] 1 A wing -2 A feather -3 The feather of an arrow, विचित्रवाजैर्निशितै शिलीमुखै Bhag 10 59 16 -4 Battle, conflict -5 Sound -6 Gain, reward -7 N of the month of चैत्र -जम् 1 Clarified butter -2 An oblation of rice offered at a Śrāddha or obsequial ceremony -3 Food in general -4 Water -5 A prayer or *mantra* with which a sacrifice is concluded -6 A sacrifice -7 Strength, power -8 wealth -9 Speed -10 A month -Comp -पेयः, -यम् N of a particular sacrifice, Bhag 3 12 40 -भोजिन *m* (= -पेयः) -वालः an emerald -सनः 1 N of Viṣṇu -2 of Siva -सनिः 1 the sun -2 the food-giver (अन्न-दाता), वरिष्ठ उग्रसेनानी सत्यो वाजसनिर्गुह Mb 12 43 9

वाजसनेयः N of Yājñavalkya, the author of the Vājasaneyi Samhitā or the Sukla Yajurveda

वाजसनेयिन *m* 1 N of the sage Yājñavalkya, the author and founder of the white or Sukla Yajurveda -2 A follower of the white Yajurveda, one belonging to the sect of the Vājasaneyins -सहिता the text of the शुक्रयजुर्वेद, ascribed to the Risi Yājñavalkya

वाजित *a* Feathered (as an arrow)

वाजिन *a* [वाज-अस्त्यर्थे इनि] 1 Swift, quick -2 Strong -3 Winged, having anything for wings, सुष्ण-स्तेज उपानीतस्ताक्ष्येण स्तोत्रवाजिना Bhag 4 7 19 -*m* 1 A horse, न गर्दभा वाजिधुर वहन्ति Mk 4 17, सत्यमतीत्य हरितो हरीश्च वर्तन्ते वाजिन S 1, R 3 43, 4 25, 67, S1 18 31 -2 An arrow -3 A follower of the Vājasaneyin branch of the Yajurveda, एतावदित्याह च वाजिना भ्रुति A Rām 7 5 21 -4 The sun, ऊर्ध्वपवित्रो वाजिनीव रवमृतमस्मि T Up 1 10 -5 N of Indra, Bṛhaspati and other gods -6 A bird, शूलव्यालसमाकीर्णं प्राणिवाजिनि-षेविताम् Mb 7 14 16 -7 The number 'seven' -नी 1 A mare -2 N of Usas (dawn) -3 Food (Ved) -Comp -गन्धः Name of a tree, Physalis Flexuosa (Mar आसध), Mātanga L 11 31 -दन्तः, -दन्तकः Adhatoda Vasaka (Mar अड्डल्ला) -पृष्ठः the globe-amaranth -भक्षः a chick-pea (Mar चणा, हरभरा) -भूः, -भूमिः a place abounding in horses. -भोजनः a kind of kidney-bean (Mar मूग) -मेघः a horse-sacrifice -योजकः a driver, groom -राजः N of Viṣṇu -विष्टा the Indian fig-tree (Mar वड) -शाला a stable

वाजिनम् 1 Strength, heroism, prowess (Ved) -2 A conflict -3 The scum of curdled milk -Comp -न्यायः (Mīmāṃsā) The rule that of the various matters resulting from something, only the most important one is प्रयोजक while the rest are not प्रयोजक This rule is established by जैमिनि and शबर discussing the text, MS 4 1 22-24

वाजीकर *a*. Stimulating amorous desires.

वाजीकरणम् Stimulating or exciting desire by aphrodisiacs, यद् द्रव्यं पुरुषं कुर्याद् वाजिवत्सुरतक्षमम् । नद्वाजीकरणं ख्यातम् Suśr

वाजेभिस् ind (Ved) Mightily, greatly, Rv 1 3 10

वाञ्छ 1 P (वाञ्छति, वाञ्छित) 1 To wish, desire, न सहतास्तस्य न भिन्नवृत्तयः प्रियाणि वाञ्छन्त्यसुभिः समीहितुम् K1 1 19 -2 To seek for, pursue -With अभि, -सम् to wish, desire or long for, समवाञ्छन्त्याऽऽशिष Bk 17 53

वाञ्छनम् Wishing, desiring

वाञ्छा A wish, desire, longing (usually with loc), वाञ्छा सजनसगमे Bh 2 62, K1 4 25

वाञ्छित p p Wished, desired -तम् A wish, desire

वाञ्छिन् a 1 Wishing -2 Lustful -नी 1 A libidinous woman -2 A wanton

वाद् An exclamation uttered on making an oblation of butter &c

वाट a Made or consisting of the वट (Indian fig-tree) or its wood, क्षत्रियो वाटखादिरौ दण्डानर्हन्ति धर्मत Ms 2 45

वाटः, -टम् [वट-घञ्] 1 An enclosure, a piece of enclosed ground, court, स्ववाटकुक्कुटविजयहृष्ट Dk, नीत्वा स्ववाटं कृतवत्यथोदयम् Bhāg 10 11 20, विवेश मेघवाटम् Bhāg so वेश°, इमंशान° &c -2 A garden, park, an orchard, Bhāg 5 5 30 -3 A road -4 The groin -5 A sort of grain -6 A district -Comp° -धानः 1 the descendant of an outcast Brāhmana by a Brāhmana female, see Ms 10 21 -2 an officer who knows the disposition of his army -3 a land lord, Mb 2 49 24 (com वाटवाना सस्यादिसपन्नक्षेत्रादिवृत्तिमन्त) -गृह्णन्त्या a railing, fence

वाटकः, वाटिका 1 The site of a house -2 An orchard, a garden, अये दक्षिणेन वृक्षवाटिकामालाप इव श्रूयते S 1, so पुष्प°, अशोक° &c -3 A hut

वाटी 1 The site of a house -2 A house, dwelling -3 A court, an enclosure -4 A garden, park, orchard, वाटीमुवि क्षितिभुजाम् Āsval 5, Bhāg 1 6 11 -5 A road -6 The groin. -7 A kind of grain

वाट्य a Belonging to a park or garden -2 Made of वट tree -त्यः Fried barley, also वाटक Mb 8 44 11 -Comp -पुष्पम् 1 sandal -2 saffron (-रूपी) the plant अतिबल -मण्डः scum of fried barley

वाट्या, वाट्यालः, वाट्याली N of the plant अतिबल.

वाड् 1 Ā (वाडते) To bathe, dive, of बाड्

वाडः An enclosure, L. D. B

वाडवः [वडवाया अपत्यं वडवाना समूहो वा अण्] 1 Submarine fire -2 A Brāhmana, तस्मै वाडवाय प्रचुरतर धनं दत्वा

Dk 1 5 -3 A stud-horse -4 N of a grammarian -वः, -वम् The lower world -वम् 1 A stud or collection of mares -2 A particular सुहृत् -3 A kind of courtus -Comp -अग्निः, -अनलः the submarine fire -हरणम् the fodder given to a stud-horse, P V. 2 65 com -हारकः a sea-monster

वाडवेयः [वडवा-दक्] 1 A bull -2 A stud-horse -3 A Brāhmana -यौ (m dual) The two Āsvin

वाडव्यम् A collection of Brāhmanas, P IV 2 42

वाड See वाड.

वाणः 1 Sounding, sound, वाणैर्बाणैः समासक्तम् K1 15 10 -2 An arrow, see बाण -3 Music -4 A harp with 100 strings -Comp -शब्दः the sound of a lute, नीहारे वाणशब्दे च Ms 4 113 (v. 1)

वाणिः f 1 Weaving -2 A weaver's loom -3 Speech, words -4 N of Sarasvatī -5 A cloud -6 Price, value

वाणिजः 1 A merchant -2 The submarine fire -3 The Libra sign of the zodiac

वाणिजिकः 1 A merchant, Mb 13 126 24, also वाणिजक Ms 3 181 -2 A cheat, rogue -3 The submarine fire

वाणिज्या, वाणिज्यम् Trade, traffic, वनमस्तीति वाणिज्यं किञ्चिदस्तीति कर्षणम् । सेवा न किञ्चिदस्तीति नाहमस्मीति साहसम् ॥ Subhās

वाणिनी 1 A clever or intriguing woman -2 A dancing girl, an actress -3 A drunken woman (literally or figuratively), an amorous and wanton woman, यस्मिन् महीं शासति वाणिनीना निद्रा विहारार्थपथे गतानाम् । वातोऽपि नार्हस्यदशुकानि R 6 75

वाणी 1 Speech, words, language, वाण्येका समलंकरोति पुरुषं वा सस्कृता धार्यते Bh 2 19 -2 Power of speech -3 Sound, voice, केका वाणी मयूरस्य Ak, so आकाशवाणी -4 A literary production, a work or composition, मद्राणि मा कुरु विषादमनादरेण मात्सर्यममनसा सहसा खलानाम् Bv 4 41, U 7 20 -5 Praise -6 Sarasvatī, the goddess of learning, तव करकमलस्था स्फाटिकीमक्षमाला, नखकिरणविभिन्ना दाडिमीबीजबुद्ध्या । अनुलवमनुकर्षन् येन कीरो निषिद्धः, स भवतु मम भूत्यै वाणि ते मन्दहास ॥ -7 Eloquent speech -8 Music -9 N of a metre consisting only of long syllables -Comp -वादः a kind of bird

वात् 10 P 1 To blow -2 To serve -3 To go -4 To make happy

वात p p [वा-क्त] 1 Blown -2 Desired or wished for, solicited -तः 1 Air, wind. -2 The god of wind, the deity presiding over wind -3 Wind, as one of the three humours of the body -4 Gout, rheumatism -5 Inflammation of the joints -6 A faithless lover (धृष्ट) -7 Wind emitted from the body, Mb -8 Morbid

affection of the windy humour, flatulence -Comp
 -अटः 1 an antelope (वातमृग) -2 ṛ horse of the sun
 -अण्डः a disease of the testicles, रुषणौ दूषयेद्वायुं श्लेष्मणा
 यस्य सवृत । तस्य मुक्कश्चलयेको रोगो वाताण्डसङ्गः ॥ Mādhava-
 kara *अतिसारः dysentery caused by some derange-
 ment or vitiation of the bodily wind -अदः the almond
 tree -अध्वन m an air hole, window, वाता वरोमविवरस्य
 च ते महित्वम् Bhāg 10 14 11 -अयम् a leaf -अयनः
 a horse (-नम्) 1 a window, an air-hole, कटाक्षैर्नारीणां
 कुवलयितवातायनमिव Māl 2 11, Ku 7 59, R 6 24, 13
 21 -2 a porch, portico -3 a pavilion -अयुः an ante-
 lope -अरिः 1 the castor-oil tree -2 N of several
 plants -शतमूली, शेफालिका, यवानी, भार्गी, स्नुही, विडग, शूरण,
 जतुरा &c -अश्वः a very fleet or swift horse -अष्टौला
 a hard globular swelling in the lower belly -आख्यम्
 a house with two halls (one looking south and the other east)
 -आत्मजः 1 N of Hanumat, वातात्मज वानर-
 यूथमुख्य श्रीरामदूत शरण प्रपद्ये Rāma-raksā 33 -2 N of
 Bhīmasena -आप्यम् 1 fermentation -2 Soma -3
 water -आमोदा musk -आलिः, -ली f a whirl-wind,
 एतेन वातालीपुञ्जितेन शुष्कपर्णपुटेन प्रच्छादयामि Mk 8 -आहत a
 1 shaken by the wind -2 affected by gout -आहतिः f
 a violent gust of wind -आहार a one who feeds only
 on air -उपसृष्ट a rheumatic, gouty -क्रुद्धिः f 1 excess
 of wind -2 a mace, a club, stick tipped with iron
 -कण्टकः a particular pain in the ankle -कर्मन् n
 breaking wind -कुण्डलिका scanty and painful flow of
 urine -कुम्भः the part of an elephant's forehead below
 the frontal sinuses -केतुः 1 dust -2 cloud -केलिः 1
 amorous discourse, the low whispering of lovers -2
 the marks of finger-nails on the person of a lover
 -कोपन a exciting wind (in the body) -क्षोभः distur-
 bance of wind in the body -गामिन् m a bird -गुल्मः
 1 a high wind, strong gale -2 rheumatism -घ्नी N
 of some plants (Mar सालवण, आस्कव) -चक्रम् the
 circular markings of a compass -चटकः the तित्तिर
 bird -जम् a kind of colic -ज्वरः fever arising from
 vitiated wind -तूलम् cottony seeds floating in the air
 -थुडा (also वातखुडा, वातहुडा) 1 a high wind -2 acute
 gout -3 a kind of smallpox -4 a lovely woman
 -ध्वजः 1 a cloud -2 dust -पटः a sail -पण्डः a kind
 of impotent man -पातः a gust of wind -पित्तम् a form
 of gout -पुत्रः 1 a cheat -2 N of Bhīma or Hanumat
 -पोथः, -पोथकः the tree called पलाश -प्रकोपः excess
 of wind -प्रमी m, f a swift antelope -प्रमेहः a kind
 of urinary disease -प्रवाहिका a kind of अतिसार disease
 -फुल्लान्त्रम् flatulence in the bowels (caused by indi-
 gestion) -मण्डली a whirl-wind, रजसा सहस्रवर्त वितेने
 वातमण्डली Siva B 11 42 -मार्गः the sky -मृगः a swift
 antelope -रक्तम्, -शोणितम् acute gout, कृत्स्न रक्त
 विदहत्याशु तच्च, दुष्ट स्रस्त पादयोश्चीयते तु । तत्सपृक् वायुना दूषितेन
 तत्प्रबल्यादुच्यते वानरक्तम् ॥ -रङ्गः the fig-tree -रथः a cloud
 -रूपः 1 a storm, violent wind, tempest -2 the rainbow

-3 a bribe -रेचकः 1 a gust of wind -2 a braggart
 -रोगः, -व्याधिः 1 gout or rheumatism -2 (वातव्याधिः)
 N of an ancient authority on अर्थशास्त्र referred to by
 Kautilya -वस्तिः f suppression of urine -वृद्धिः f
 swelled testicle -वैरिन् m the castor-oil tree -शीर्षम्
 the lower belly -शूलम् colic with flatulence -संचारः
 hiccough -सह a gouty -सारथिः fire -स्कन्धः the
 quarter from which the wind blows

वातंधम a Wind-blowing

वातकः 1 A paramour (जार) -2 N of a plant
 -Comp -पिण्डकः an impotent

वातकिन् a (-नी f) Gouty, जिन त्वदाज्ञामवमन्यते य स
 वातकी नाथ पिशाचकी वा Mahāvīṣwāmistotra, ध्रुवशिरो
 जरावातकी N 18 12

वातमज A swift antelope

वातयति Den P 1 To blow gently, fan -2 To
 serve -3 To make happy -4 To go

वातर a 1 Stormy, windy -2 Swift

वातरायणः 1 An arrow -2 An arrow's flight, bow-
 shot -3 A peak, summit -4 A saw -5 A mad or
 intoxicated man -6 An idler -7 The Sarala or
 pine tree

वातल a (-ली f) [वात रोगभेद लाति ल-क] 1 Stormy,
 windy -2 Flatulent -ल. 1 Wind -2 The chickpea
 (चणक) -Comp -मण्डली A whirl-wind -योनिः (वातल-
 योनिः) a morbid state of the uterus

वातापिः N of a demon said to have been eaten up
 and digested by Agastya -Comp -द्विष् m, -सूदन,
 -हन् m epithets of Agastya

वातायमान a Running like wind, वातायमानैस्तैरश्वैर्नीतो
 वृष्णिशरादितै Mb 7 117 34

वातासह a Rheumatic, gouty

वातिः [वा-किच्] 1 The sun -2 Wind, air -3 The
 moon -Comp -गः, गमः 1 a mineralogist -2 the egg-
 plant, (वातिगण in the same sense)

वातिक a (-की f) [वातादाग्न ठह] 1 Stormy, windy
 -2 Gouty, rheumatic -3 Mad -कः 1 Fever caused by
 a vitiated state of the wind -2 A person affected by
 flatulence -3 A flatterer, एव तत्राबुवन् केचिद्वातिकास्त जन-
 श्वरम् Mb 3 257 4 -4 A class of deities (देवयोनिविशेष),
 वातिकाश्चरणा ये तु दृष्ट्वा ते हर्षमागता Mb 9 55 14 (com
 वातिका वातेन सह गच्छन्ति आकाशचारिण) -5 A juggler
 -6 A dealer in antidotes -7 The Chātaka bird

वातीय a Windy -यम् Race-gruel

वातुल a 1 Affected by wind-disease, gouty -2
 Mad, crazy-headed, मौनान्मूर्ख प्रवचनपटुवातुलो जल्पको वा

H 2 28 -3 Babblers, see द्वादशपञ्जरिकास्तोत्रम् 11 -लः A whirl-wind See वातल

वातुलि: A large bat

वातुल a See वातुल.

वातुली-भ्रमः A whirl-wind

वात m Air, wind.

वात्या [वाताना समूह यत्] A storm, hurricane, whirl-wind, stormy or tempestuous wind, वात्याभि परुषीकृता दश दिशश्चण्डातपो दु सह Bv 1 31, R 11 16, K1 5 39, Ve 2 21, Māl 5 6, 10 3, (वात्याचक्रम् in the same sense)

वान्सकम् A herd of calves, P IV 2 39

वात्सल्यम् [वत्सलस्य भाव व्यञ्ज] 1 Affection (towards one's offspring), affection or tenderness in general, न पुत्रवात्सल्यमपाकरित्यति Ku 5 14, पतिवात्सल्यत् R 15 98, so भार्यो, प्रजा, शरणागत, etc -2 Fond affection or partiality -Comp. -वन्धिन a displaying affection

वात्सशाल a Born in a cow-shed, P IV 3 36

वात्सिः, -त्सी f The daughter of a Sūdra woman by a Brāhmaṇa -Comp -पुत्रः a barber, L D B

वात्स्यायनः 1 N of the author of the Kāmasūtras (a work on erotic subjects) -2 N of the author of a commentary on the Nyāya Sūtras

वादः [वद्-घञ्] 1 Talking, speaking -2 Speech, words, talk, वेदवादरता पार्थ नान्यदस्तीति वादिन Bg 2 42, सामवादा सकोपस्य तस्य प्रयुत दीपका Śi 2 55, so कैवलाद Hit 8, सान्त्ववाद &c -3 A statement, an assertion, allegation, अवान्यवादाश्च बहून् वदिष्यन्ति तवाहिता Bg 2 36 -4 Narration, account, शाङ्कन्तलादीनितिहासवादान् Māl 3 3. -5 Discussion, dispute, controversy, वाद्युद्धप्रधानाश्च मध्यमा राजसी गति Ms 12 46, वादे वादे जायते तत्त्वबोध Sūbhās, सीमा -6 A reply -7 An exposition, explanation, अभ्यात्मविद्या विद्याना वाद प्रवदतामहम् Bg 10 32 -8 A demonstrated conclusion, theory, doctrine, इदानी परमाणुकारण-वाद निराकरोति S B (and in diverse other places of the work), परिणामवाद 'the theory of evolution', so नास्तिक -9 Sounding, sound -10 Report, rumour -11 A plant (in law) -12 Advice, counsel -13 Agreement -Comp -अनुवादौ (m du) 1 assertion and reply, plant and reply, accusation and defence -2 dispute, controversy -कर, -कृत् a causing a dispute -कर्तृ a player on a musical instrument -ग्रस्त a disputed, in dispute, वादग्रस्तोऽय विषय -चञ्चु a clever in repartees or witty replies -द a emulating, vying with -नक्षत्रमाला (मालिका) a defence of the Vedānta against the Mīmāṃsā doctrine -प्रतिवादः controversy -युद्धम् a dispute, controversy, Ms 12 46 -रत a disputatious -वादिन् m a Jaina. -विवादः

disputation, discussion, debate -साधनम् establishing an assertion

वादकः 1 A musician, वादयामासुरव्यग्रा वादका राजशासनात् Mb 5 156 27 -2 A speaker

वादनम् [वद्-णिच् कर्मणि ल्युट्] 1 Sounding -2 Instrumental music -नः A player on a musical instrument, गायनेश्च विराविण्यो वादनेश्च तथापरै विरेजुर्विपुलास्तत्र Rām 1 18 19

वादनीयः A sounding reed

वादि a 1 Wise, learned, skilful -2 Speaking

वादिक a Talking, asserting -कः 1 A magician -2 A bard, प्रदीयमान प्रवरैश्च वादिकैरभिष्टुतो वैश्रवणो यथा ययौ Rām 2 16 46

वादिता p p 1 Caused to be uttered, made to speak -2 Played, sounded -तम् An instrumental music

वादित्रम् [वद् णिन् Un 4 179] 1 A musical instrument, वादित्रशक्तिर्वदेते भटस्य N 22 22. -2 Instrumental music, ऋण्डवीणादिभिर्वादित्रमुपगान भवति, भवति च तन्त्रीगाने गानशब्द । तस्माद् वादित्रमुपगानम् ŚB on MS 10 4 9 -Comp -गणः a band of music -लगुडः a drum stick

वादिन् a [वद्-णिनि] 1 Speaking, talking, discoursing -2 Asserting -3 Disputing -4 Designating, designated as, यत्र यत्र वनोद्देशे सत्त्वा पुरुषवादिन । वृक्षा पुरुष-नामानस्ते सर्वे स्त्रीजनाभवन्॥ Rām 7 87 18 -5 Talking pleasantly, Rām 2 36 3 (com वादिन्य पराचिन्ता-कर्षकवचनचतुरा) -m. 1 A speaker -2 A disputant, an antagonist, तस्याङ्गीकरणेन वादिन इव स्यात् स्वामिनो निग्रह Mu 5 10, R 12 92 -3 An accuser, a plaintiff -4 An expounder, a teacher -5 (In music) The leading or key-note -6 An alchemist

वादिशः A learned man, sage, scholar

वाद्यम् [वद्-णिच् यत्] 1 A musical instrument, तत् वाद्य तु देवाना गन्धर्वाणा च शौषिरम् । आनन्दं राक्षसाना तु किनराणा घन विदु ॥ Saṅgītadāmodara -2 The sound of a musical instrument, श्रोत्रेषु समूर्च्छति रक्तमासा गीतानुग वारिमदङ्ग-वाद्यम् R 16 61 (वाद्यध्वनि Malli) -द्यः, -द्यम् An instrumental music -Comp. -करः, -धरः a musician. -भागडम् 1 a band of music, a number of musical instruments -2 a musical instrument

वाद्यकम्, वाद्यमानम् Instrumental music

वादर a (-री f) Made or consisting of cotton -रा The cotton shrub -रम् Cotton cloth

वादरङ्गः The sacred fig-tree

वादरायण See वादरायण

वादलः 1 Liquorice -2 A dark day

वाद (दा) लः The sheat-fish

वादामम् The Almond tree (बादाम)

वाङ्गलम् The lip

वाध, वाध, वाधक, वाधन-ना, वाधा See वाध, वाध, वाधक, वाधन-ना, वाधा

वाधु (धू) क्यम् Marriage

वाधू A vessel, boat

वाधूलम् N of a Śrautasūtra belonging to the Taittiriya Samhitā

वाध्रीणसः A rhinoceros, वाध्रीणसस्य मासेन तृप्तिर्द्वादश-वर्षिकी Mb 13 88 9

वान a 1 Blown -2 Dried (by wind), dried up (निपपात) अवानमशुकादष्टमेरुमात्रफल किल Mb 2 17 28 -3 Belonging to a forest -नम् 1 Dry or dried fruit (m also) -2 Blowing -3 Living -4 Rolling, moving, (as of waters &c) -5 A perfume, fragrance -6 A number of groves or thickets -7 Weaving -8 A mat of straw -9 A hole in the wall of a house -Comp. -चित्रम् a variety of blanket of variegated texture, Kau A 2 11 -दण्डः a weaver's loom

वानः An intelligent man

वानकम् The state of a ब्रह्मचारिन्

वानप्रस्थः [वाने वनसमूहे प्रतिष्ठिते स्था-क] 1 A Brāhmana in the third stage of his religious life, तपसा कर्षितोऽत्यर्थं यस्तु ध्यानपरो भवेत्। सन्यासीह स विज्ञेयो वानप्रस्थाश्रमे स्थित ॥ -2 An anchorite, a hermit -3 The Madhuka tree -4 The Palāśa tree

वानरः [वान वनसबन्धि फलादिक राति-गृह्णाति रा-रु, वा विकल्पेन नरो वा] 1 A monkey, an ape -2 A kind of incense -री A female monkey -a Belonging or relating to monkey, अन्या योनिं समापन्नौ शार्गली वानरी तथा Mb 13 9 9 -Comp -अक्षः a wild goat -आघातः the tree called Lodhra -इन्द्रः N of Sugrīva or of Hanumat -प्रियः the tree called धीरिन् (Mar खिरणी)

वानलः A kind of holy basil (the black variety)

वानस्पत्यः A tree the fruit of which is produced from flower, e g the mango -a 1 Wooden, यच्चापि द्रव्य-मुपयुज्यते ह वानस्पत्यमायस पार्थिव वा Mb 3 186 25 -2 Performed under trees (a sacrifice)

वाना 1 A quail -2 Dry or dried fruit

वानाशुः 1 N of a country to the north-west of India -2 An antelope -Comp -जः a Vānāyu horse : e a horse produced in the Vānāyu country

वानीरः [वन्-ईरन् Un 4 36] A sort of cane or ratan, वानीरमालिनी रम्या नदी पुलिनशोभिता Mb 3 95 10, स्मरामि वानीरगृहेषु सुप्त R 13 35, Me 43, Māl 9 15, R 13. 30, 16 21, U. 2 20, Mv 5 40, यस्मिन्तीरवानीर-

निकुञ्जे मन्दमास्थितम् Git -Comp -जः 1 the Munja grass -2 Costus Speciosus (कुष्ठ)

वानीरकः The Munja grass, a kind of rush

वानेय a 1 Living or growing in a wood, प्रवृत्तमुदक वायु सर्वं वानेयमाश्रयेत् Mb 14 46 12 -2 Relating or belonging to water, रक्त शिरसि वार्यं तु तथा वानेयमित्यपि Mb 13 104 84

वानेयम् N of a fragrant grass (सुस्ता)

वान्त p p [वम्-क्त] 1 Vomited, spitted out, मलयमुज-गवान्ता वान्ति वाता कृतान्ता Bv 2 28 -2 Emitted, ejected, effused -3 Dropped, कयाचिदुद्वेष्टनवान्तमाल्य R 7 6 -4 One who has vomited, वान्तो विरिक्त स्नात्वा तु घृतप्राशन-माचरेत् Ms 5 144 -Comp -अदः a dog -अ-आ-शान् m 1 a foul-feeding demon -2 a person who tells his goत्र for obtaining food, न भोजनार्थं स्वे विप्र कुलगोत्रे निवेदयेत्। भोजनार्थं हि ते शसन्वान्ताशी-युच्यते बुधै ॥ Ms 3 109

वान्ति f 1 Vomiting -2 Ejecting, emitting -Comp. -कृत्, -द a emetic

वान्तीकृ To reject, give up

वान्य a Sylvan, Buddh

वान्या A multitude of groves or woods

वापः [वप्-घञ्] 1 Sowing seed -2 Weaving -3 Shaving, shearing, कृतवापो वसेद् गोष्ठे चर्मणा तेन सवृत् Ms 11 108 -4 A sower -5 Seed -Comp -दण्डः a weaver's loom

वापनम् 1 Causing to sow -2 Shaving, कृतवापो निवसेद् ग्रामान्ते गोव्रजेऽपि वा Ms 11 78

वापित p p 1 Sown -2 Shaven -तम् A kind of corn, L D B

वापिः, -पी f [वप्-इच् वा ङीप्, Un 4 125] A well, any large oblong or circular reservoir of water, कूप-वापीजलानां च (हरणे) शुद्धिश्चान्द्रायण स्मृतम् Ms 11 163, वापी चास्मिन् मरकतशिलाबद्धसोपानमार्गी Me 78 -Comp. -जलम् (वापीजलम्) lake-water -विस्तीर्णम् a hole resembling a pond, Mk -हः the Chataka bird

वापिका = वापी

वाप्यम् The Kustha tree

वाम a Left (opp दक्षिण), विलोचन दक्षिणमङ्गलेन संभाव्य तद्वञ्चितवामनेत्रा R 7 8, Me 80, 98 -2 Being or situated on the left side, वामश्चाय नदति मधुर चातकस्ते सगन्ध Me 9, (वामेन is used adverbially in the same sense, e g वामेनात्र वटस्तमध्वगजन सर्वात्मना सेवते K P 10) -3 (a) Reverse, contrary, opposite, adverse, unfavourable, तदहो कामस्य वामा गति Git 12, Māl 9 8, Bk 6 17 (b) Acting contrary, of an opposite nature, यान्येव शृङ्गिणीपद युक्तयो वामा कुलस्याधय S 4 18 (c) Perverse, crooked-natured, refractory, S 6. (d) Coy (in love) (e)

Hard, cruel -4 Vile, wicked, base low, bad, उवाच वाम चक्षुर्भ्यामिषीक्ष्य दहन्निव Bhāg 4 2 8, आसक्तास्तास्वमी मूढा वामशीला हि जन्तव K1 11 24 -5 Lovely, beautiful, charming, as in वामलोचना, वामोर, वामभ्रू, वामस्वभाव q v -6 Short -मः 1 A sentient being, an animal -2 N of Śiva -3 Of Cupid, the god of love. -4 A snake -5 An udder, a breast -6 Prohibited or forbidden act or practice (as drinking wine) -7 The left hand -मम् 1 Wealth, possessions -2 Any lovely or desirable thing -3 Adversity, misfortune -Comp -अङ्गी f a beautiful woman, वामाङ्गीकृतवामाङ्गी कुण्डलीकृतकुण्डलि Udb -आचारः, -मार्गः the left-hand ritual or doctrine of the Tantras, the doctrine of resorting to मास, मद्य, मत्स्य, मैथुन and मुद्रा -आपीडनः the Pīlu tree -आवर्तः 1 a conch-shell, the spiral of which runs from right to left -इतर a right -ऊरु, -ऊरु f a woman with handsome thighs, तदिदं विषद्विष्यते कथं वद वामोर चित्ताधिराहणम् R 8 57 -कुक्षिः left side of the abdomen -दृश f a woman (with lovely eyes) -देव. 1 N of a sage -2 N of Śiva, नाह न युय यदृता गतिं विदुर्न वामदेव किमुतापरे सुरा Bhāg 2 6 36. -नयना a fair-eyed woman -नी a bringing wealth, Oh Up -नेत्रम् a mystical N of the vowel ई -भ्रूः f a beautiful-eyebrowed woman, केनेत्य परमार्थतोऽर्थवदिव प्रेमास्ति वाम-भ्रुवाम Pt 1 136 -लोचना a woman with lovely eyes, विरूपाक्षस्य जयिनीस्ता स्तुवे वामलोचना K P 10, R 19 13 -शील a of a perverse or crooked nature, cross tempered, तदेहि वामशीला मालती निर्भर्त्सयाम Māl 7 (-ल) an epithet of the god of love -स्वभाव a of noble character, निरीक्ष्य कृष्णाऽपकृत गुरो सुत वामस्वभावा कृपया ननाम च Bhāg 1 7 42 -हस्तः the dew-lap of a goat

वामक a 1 Left -2 Adverse, contrary, स्फुरता वाम-केनापि दाक्षिण्यमवलम्ब्यते Māl 8 (where both senses are intended) -कः A particular mixed tribe, मागधो वामक-श्चैव द्वौ वैदयस्योपलक्षितौ। ब्राह्मण्या क्षत्रियाया च क्षत्रियस्यैक एव तु॥ Mb 13 49 10 -कम् A kind of gesture, Vikr

वामतस् and From or on the left

वामदेव्यम् (वामदेवेन दृष्ट साम इति वामदेवाङ्गुष्ठौ P IV 2 9) The name of a Sāma or Vedic chant, the cult of which involved promiscuous relations with women, एतद्वामदेव्य मिथुने प्रीतम् Oh Up 2 13 1-2, कञ्च तत्रोपनम्राया विश्वस्या वीक्ष्य तुष्टवान्। स मम्लौ त विभाव्याथ वामदेव्याभ्युपासकम्॥ N 17 194 The Vāmadeva cult is personified by Ānandarāyamakhin in his allegorical play Vidyā-parinayam Act 5—“ इष्टाङ्गलक्षितरतिक्रमशोभितेषा, वृद्धगारिणी विजयते धुरि वामदेव्या। इद्या च कीर्तिमियमातनुते हि विद्या। ”

वामन a 1 (a) Short in stature, dwarfish, pigmy, छलवामनम् Śi 13 12 (b) (Hence) Small, short, little, reduced in length, वामनार्चिरिव दीपभाजनम् R 19 51, कथं कथं तानि (दिनानि) च वामनानि N 22 57 -2 Bent down, bent low (नम्र), शिरसि स्म जिघ्रति सुरारिबन्धने छलवामन विनय-वामन तदा Śi 13 12. -3 Vile, low, base -4 Venerable,

मध्ये वामनमासीन विश्वेदेवा उपासते Kath 5 3 -नः 1 A dwarf, pigmy, प्राशुलभ्ये फले मोहादुद्धाहुरिव वामन R 1 3, 10 60, सहस्र वामनान् कुञ्जान् दृष्ट्वा ततोऽस्मयत वै तदा Mb 7 56 8 -2 N of Viṣṇu in his fifth incarnation, when he was born as a dwarf to humble the demon Bali, (see बलि), छलयसि विक्रमणे बलिमद्भुतवामन पदनखनीरज-नितजनपावन। केशव धृतवामनरूप जय जगदीश हरे। Git 1, Śi 13 12 -3 N of the elephant that presides over the south -4 N of the author of the Kāśikāvṛtta, a commentary on Pāṇini's Sūtras -5 The tree called अङ्कोट -Comp. -आकृति a dwarfish -द्वादशी the 12th day in the light half of चैत्र -निघण्टुः N of a dictionary -पुराणम् N of one of the 18 Purāṇas

वामनिका A female dwarf, वादिबरवसुष्ट कुञ्जावासनिका-युतम् Rām 2 10 13

वामनी 1 A female dwarf -2 A mare -3 A kind of woman -4 A disease of the vagina

वामनीकृत 1 Turned into a dwarf -2 Pressed down, flattened

वामलूरः An ant-hill, a mole-hill, वामलूरान्तरोद्गच्छ-इदं शूकजिघासया Śiva B 26 76

वामा 1 A woman -2 A lovely woman, मधु द्राक्षा साक्षादधृतमथ वामाधरसुवा Bv 4 39, 42 -3 N of Gaurī -4 Of Lakṣmī -5 Of Sarasvatī

वामिः [वम्-इञ् Un 4 136] f A woman

वामिल a 1 Beautiful, handsome -2 Proud, haughty -3 Cunning, deceitful

वामिका An epithet of Durgā

वामी 1 A mare, अयोध्रवामीशतवाहितार्थम् R 5 32, महा-भारसहैर्वाहैर्वामीभिर्वृषभैस्तथा Śiva B 30 22 -2 A she-ass -3 A female elephant -4 The female of the jackal

वाम्यम् Perverseness, refractoriness

वायः [वे-घञ्] Weaving, sewing -Comp -दण्डः a weaver's loom

वायकः 1 A weaver, धर्मराजपुरुषा वायका इव सर्वतोऽङ्गेषु सूत्रैः परिवयन्ति Bhāg 5 26 36 -2 A heap, multitude, collection

वायनम्, -वायनकम् 1 A present of sweetmeats made to a deity, particularly to a Brāhmaṇa, on festive occasions, observance of fasts &c -2 A kind of perfume

वायव n (-वी f) 1 Relating to or given by the wind or Vāyu -2 Aerial -वी The north-west quarter (presided over by Vāyu)

वायवीय, वायव्य a Relating to the wind, aerial, वायव्यस्तु गुण स्पर्श Mb 12 184 36 -वायव्या the north-west -Comp. (-वायव्य) पुराणम् N of a Purāṇa

वायसः [वयोऽसञ्च गित् Un 3 118] 1 A crow, बलिमिव परिभोक्तु वायसास्तर्कयन्ति Mk 10 3 -2 Fragrant aloe-wood, agallochum -3 Turpentine -4 A house facing the north-east -सम् a multitude of crows -Comp -अरातिः, -अरिः an owl -आह्वा A kind of esculent vegetable -इक्षुः a kind of long grass -विद्या the science of (augury from observing) crows, Bri S

वायुः [वा उण् युक् च Un 1 1] 1 Air, wind, वायुर्विधूनयति चम्पकपुष्परेणून् K R, आकाशात् विकुर्वाणान् सर्वगन्धवहं शुचि । बलवाजायते वायु स वै स्पर्शगुणो मतः ॥ Ms 1. 76 (There are seven courses of wind one above the other -आवह प्रवह-श्चैव सवहश्चोद्ग्रहस्तथा । विवहाख्य परिवह परावह इति क्रमात् ॥) -2 The god of wind, the deity supposed to preside over wind, (who is the regent of the north-west quarter) -3 A life-wind or vital air, of which five kinds are enumerated -प्राण, अपान, समान, व्यान and उदान -4 Morbid affection or vitiation of the windy humour -5 Breathing, breath -6 A mystical N of the letter य -Comp -अधिक a gouty, Buddh -आस्पदम् the sky, atmosphere -कुम्भः a part of the elephant's face in the middle of Pratimāna, Mātanga L 10 1 -केतुः dust -कोण. the north-west -गण्ड. flatulence (caused by indigestion) -गति a swift as wind, very fleet -गीत a ('sung by the wind') universally known, अत्र गाथा वायुगीता कीर्तयन्ति प्राविद Ms 9 42 -गुल्मः 1 a hurricane, storm -2 a whirl-pool -गोचरः 1 the range of the wind -2 the north-west -ग्रन्थिः a swelling caused by the disturbance of the air in the body -ग्रस्त a 1 affected by wind, flatulent -2 gouty -जातः, -तनयः, -नन्दनः, -पुत्रः, -सुतः, -स्युतः epithets of Hanumat or Bhīma -दारः, -दारु. a cloud -दिग् the north-west -देवम् the lunar mansion स्वाति -निम्न a affected by wind, crazy, mad, frantic -निवृत्तिः f 1 a lull, calm -2 cure of windy distempers (such as gout &c) -परमाणुः a primary aerial atom -पुराणम् N of one of the 18 Purāṇas -फलम् 1 hail -2 the rain-bow -भक्षः, -भक्षणः, -भुज् m 1 one who feeds only on air (as an ascetic) -2 a snake, of पवनाशन -भूत a going everywhere at will -मण्डलम् a whirl-wind -मरुलिपि. (मरुत् + लिपिः) a particular mode of writing -मार्गः the atmosphere -रुग्ण a broken down by wind, फुल-सनाप्रविटपानिव वायुरणान् R 9 63 -रोषा night -वर्त्मन् m, n the sky, atmosphere -वाहः smoke -वाहनः 1 N of Viṣṇu -2 of Śiva -वाहिनी a vein, an artery, a vessel of the body -वेग, -सम a swift as wind -सखः, -सखिः m fire -स्कन्धः the region of the wind

वायुषः A kind of fish

वार n Water, प्रवाहो वारा य पृषतल्लुदृष्ट. शिरसि ते Śiva-mahimna 17, सा किं शक्या जनयितुमिह प्रावृषेभ्येन वाराम् (धारासारान् विकिरता वारिदेन) Bv 1 30 -Comp. -आसनम् a reservoir of water -किटिः (वाःकिटिः) a porpoise -गरः a wife's brother -घटीयन्त्रचक्रम् a wheel for drawing

water -चः 1 a goose, gander -दः a cloud -दरम् 1 water -2 silk -3 speech -4 the seed of the mango -5 a curl on a horse's neck -6 a conch-shell -घनी a water jar -धि. the ocean -भवम् a kind of salt -पुष्पम् (वाःपुष्पम्) cloves -भटः an alligator -मुच्च, -वाहः m a cloud, त तात वयमन्येव वारुचा पतिमीश्वरम् Bhāg 10 24 9, (कालवर्षा) वारुहा सन्तु Mv. 7 42 -राशिः the ocean -चट. a ship, boat -सदनम् (वाःसदनम्) a reservoir of water, a cistern -स्थ a (वाःस्थ) being in water

वारः [वृ-घञ्] 1 That which covers, a cover -2 A multitude, large number, as in वारयुवति, ते स्ववार समा-स्थाय वर्त्मकर्मणि कविदा Rām 2 80 5 -3 A heap, quantity -4 A herd, flock, वारी वारै सस्मर वारणानाम् Śi 18 56 -5 A day of the week, as in बुधवार, शनिवार -6 Time, turn, शशकस्य वार समायात Pt 1, अप्सरावारपर्यायेण V 5, R 19 18, often used in pl like the English 'times', बहुवारान् 'many times', कतिवारान् 'how many times' -7 An occasion, opportunity -8 A door, gate -9 The opposite bank of a river -10 N of Śiva -11 Ved A tail -रम् 1 A vessel for holding spirituous liquor -2 A mass of water (जलस्रव) -Comp. -अङ्गना, -नारी, -शुवति f, योषित् f, -वधू, -वनिता, विलासिनी, -सुन्दरी, -स्त्री 'a woman of the multitude', a common woman, harlot, courtesan, prostitute, Ratn 1 26, S Til 16 -कीरः 1 a wife's brother (according to Trik Medinī spells with व) -2 the submarine fire -3 a hair-dresser or comb, -4 a louse -5 a courser -6 a carrier, porter, (these meanings are given in Medinī) -बु(वृ)षा the plantain tree -मुख्या the chief of a number of harlots -वा (वा) णः, -णम् 1 Armour, a coat of mail, अगमत् कैतक रज । तद्योषवारवाणानामयत्न-पटवासताम् R 4 55, Śi 15 118, बुन्वाना जगृहुर्वाणान् वारवाण-विदारणान् Pārṇal 5 68 -2 a variety of blanket, Kau A. 2 11 -योगः powder -वाणिः 1 a piper, player on a flute -2 a musician -3 a year -4 a judge (-णिः f) a harlot -वाणी a harlot -वृषा 1 corn -2 the plantain tree -वेला a time or period of the day when no act is performed, कृतमुनियमशरमङ्गलरामर्तुषु भास्करादि-यामार्धे । प्रभवति हि वारवेला न शुभा शुभकार्यचरणाय ॥ Jyotastat-tvam -सेवा 1 harlotry, prostitution -2 a number of harlots

वारक a [वृ-णिच् ण्वल्] Obstructing, opposing -कः 1 A kind of horse -2 A horse in general -3 One of the paces of a horse -4 A kind of vessel, Hch -5 A person's turn -कम् 1 The seat of pain. -2 A kind of perfume (वाल or हीवेर)

वारकिन् m 1 An opposer, enemy -2 The ocean -3 A kind of horse, one with good marks. -4 An ascetic living on leaves

वारङ्कः A bird.

वारङ्गः [वृ-अङ्गच् णित् Up 1 114] 1 The handle of a sword knife &c -2 The narrow end to which the handle is fastened

वारटम् 1 A field -2 A number of fields -टा A goose

वारण a (-णी f) [वृ-ल्यु ल्युट् वा] Warding off, resisting, opposing, मत्तवारणताप्राक्षो मत्तवारणवारण Mb 3 146 29 -णम् 1 Warding off, restraining, obstructing, न भवति बिसतन्तुवारण वारणानाम् Bh 2 17 -2 An obstacle, impediment -3 Resistance, opposition, अल युद्धेन राजेन्द्र सुहृदा शृणु वारणम् Mb 5 138 20 -4 A door, gate (कवाट), बिडालोल्लुचरितामालीननरवारणम् । तिमिराभ्याहता कालीमप्रकाशा निशामिव॥ Rām 2 114 2 -5 Defending, guarding, protecting -णः 1 An elephant, न भवति बिसतन्तुवारण वारणानाम् Bh 2 17, Ku 5 70, R 12 93, वारी वारै सस्मरे वारणानाम् Sī 18 56 -2 An armour, mail-coat -3 The trunk of an elephant, बाहूतमैर्वारणवारणामैर्निवारयन्तौ परवारणामौ Rām 6 40 21 -4 An elephant-hook, निशितेन वारणेन वारण मुहुर्मुहुर्भिमन् Dk 2 4 -Comp. -कृच्छ्रः a penance consisting in drinking only rice-water -केसरः see नागकेसर -पुष्पः a species of plant, श्यामान् वारणपुष्पाश्च तथाऽष्टपदिका लता Mb. 13 54 6 -बुषा, -बुसा -वल्लभा the plantain tree -साहयम् N of Hastanāpura -हस्तः a particular stringed instrument

वारणसी See वाराणसी.

वारणावतः, -तम् N of a town

वारत्रम् A leather thong.

वारंवारम् ind Often times, repeatedly, again and again, बारवार तिरयति दृशोरुद्रम बाष्पपूर Māl 1 35

वारला 1 A wasp -2 A goose, of वरुण

वारलीकः Eleusine Indica (Mar नाचणी ?)

वाराणसी The holy city of Benares, कदा वाराणस्याम-मरतटिनीरोधसि वसन् Bh

वारांनिधिः The ocean, पाथोधिर्जलवि पयोधिरुदधिर्वारा-निधिर्वारिवि Udb

वाराशि. (वार+राशिः) An ocean, वाराशिगभीराम्भसि काराभवेऽभिप्रस्तामिह मुस्तामिव यस्तामुदहर्षीत् Vis Guṇā 387

वाराह a (-ही f) [वराहस्येद प्रियत्वात् अण्] Relating to a boar, वाराहीमात्मयोनेस्तनुमवनविधावास्थितस्यानु रूपाम् Mu 7. 19, Y 1 259, शक्ति साप्याययौ तत्र वाराहीं विभ्रती तनुम् Devimāhātmya -हः 1 A boar -2 A kind of tree -Comp -कर्णी Physalis Flexuosa (अश्वगन्धा) -कल्पः N of the present Kalpa (that in which we are at present living) -पुराणम् N of one of the 18 Purāṇas

वाराही 1 A sow -2 The earth -3 The Sakti of Viṣṇu in the form of a boar -4 A measure -Comp -कन्दः N of a bulbous plant (Mar. डुकरकद)

वारि n [वृ-इच् Un 4 124] 1 Water, यथा खनन् खनित्रेण नरो वार्यधिगच्छति Subhās -2 A fluid -3 A kind of perfume (वार or हीवर) -रिः, -री f 1 A place for fastening an elephant, वारी वारै सस्मरे वारणानाम् Sī 18 56, R 5 15 कर्मन् n method of catching elephants with traps, Mātanga L 10 1. -2 A rope for fastening an elephant -3 A hole or trap for catching elephants -4 A captive, prisoner -5 A water-pot -6 N of Sarasvatī -7 Speech -Comp -अयनम् a reservoir of water, pond, दूरे वार्ययन तीर्थ लावण्य केशधारणम् Bhāg 12 2 6 -ईशः 1 the ocean, (चरण) चिर चेतश्चारी मम भवतु वारीशदुहितु Laksmilaharī S 6 -2 N of Viṣṇu -उङ्ग-वम् a lotus. -ओकः a leech, यथात्पात्पमदन्त्याद्य वार्योकोवत्स-पट्पदा Ms 7 129 -गर्भः a cloud -गृहम् a pond -कर्पूरः a kind of fish (इलीश) -कुब्जकः the plant दृष्टाटक -कूटः a turret protecting the access to the gate of a town -क्रिमिः a leech -चत्वरः a piece of water -चर a aquatic (-रः) 1 a fish -2 any aquatic animal, अचृणौ चाप्रवासी च स वारिचर मोदते Mb 3 313 15 -चामरम् moss -ज a produced in water (-जः) 1 a conchshell, प्रणनाद सानहिनिकोऽस्य वारिज Sī 15 72 -2 any bivalve shell (-जम्) 1 a lotus, दधद्विरभितस्तदौ विकचवारिजाम् नदै Sī 4 66 -2 a kind of salt -3 a kind of plant (गौरसुवर्ण) -4 cloves -तस्करः 1 a cloud -2 the sun -त्रा an umbrella -दः 1 a cloud, वितर वारिद वारि दवातुरे Subhās, Bv 1 30, विद्युद्धारिदगर्जितै सचकिता Mk (-दम्) 1 a kind of perfume, राजारग्वधवर्षाभूकटुकोशीर-वारिदै Suśr -2 an offerer of water to ancestors, पितुर्भवे वारिद Ve 6 24 -द्रः the Chātaka bird -धरः a cloud, नववारिधरोदयादहोभिर्भवितव्य च निरातपत्वरम्यै V 4 10 -धारा a shower of rain -धिः 1 the ocean, वारिविस्तृतमक्षणा दिदृक्षु शतै Gīt 12 -2 a jar or pot -नाथः 1 the ocean -2 an epithet of Viṣṇu -3 a cloud -4 the habitation of the serpent-race -निधिः the ocean -पथः, -यम् 'journey by sea', a voyage -पिण्डः a frog in the middle of a stone -प्रवाहः a cascade, water-fall -भवः a conch (-वम्) antimony -मसिः, -मुच् m, -रः a cloud -यन्त्रम् a water wheel, a machine for drawing up water, बिन्दूक्षेपान् पिपासु परिपतति शिखी भ्रान्तिमद्वारियन्त्रम् M 2 13 -रथः a raft, boat, float -राशिः 1 the ocean -2 a lake -रुहम् a lotus -लोमन् m 1 N of Varuṇa -2 collyrium -वरः Carissa Carandas (Mar करवद) -वल्लभा Batatas Paniculata (Mar भुईकोहाळी) -वासः a dealer in spirituous liquors -वाहः, -वाहनः a cloud, अथ दीपितवारिवाहवर्मा Kī 13 20, कृतनिश्चयिनो वन्द्यास्तुङ्गिमा नोपभुज्यते । चातक को वराकोऽय यस्येन्द्रो वारिवाहक Pt 2 142 -शः N of Viṣṇu -संभवः 1 cloves -2 a kind of antimony -3 the fragrant root called उशीर q v -साम्यम् milk

वारी See वारि (f)

वारीटः An elephant.

वारुः A war-elephant (विजयकुञ्जर)

वारुहः A bier

वारुण a (-णी f) [वरुणस्येदम् अण्] 1 Belonging to Varuna, साक्ष्येऽनृत वदन् पाशैर्बध्यते वारुणैर्मृशम् Ms 8 82, Bhāg 10 50 32 -2 Dedicated or sacred to Varuna -3 Given to Varuna -4 Watery, marine, जानामि वारुणो-ल्लोकान् Rām 4 58 13, पृथ्वी पर्वता मेघा मूर्तिमन्तश्च ये परे । सर्व तद्धारुण ज्ञेयमापस्तस्तम्भिरे यत ॥ Mb 12 183 4 -5 Western -णः 1 N of one of the nine divisions of Bharatavarsa -2 An aquatic animal -णम् 1 Water -2 The शतभिषज् constellation, नक्षत्रे वारुणे कुर्वन् भिषक्सिद्धिमवाप्नुयात् Mb 13 89 12 -णः, -णम् The west -Comp -कर्मन् n any work connected with the supply of water -पाशकः a sea-monster -व्रतम् summary or immediate action, of तथा पापाभिगृह्णीयुद् व्रतमेतद्दि वारुणम् Ms 9 308

वारुणिः 1 N of Agastya, अद्यापि दक्षिणोद्देशाद्धारुणिर्न निवर्तते Mb 3 104 14 -2 Of Bhṛigu

वारुणी 1 The west (the quarter presided over by Varuna) -2 Any spirituous liquor, पयोऽपि शौण्डिकीहस्ते वारुणीत्यभिधीयते H 3 11, करस्पन्दोऽम्बरत्यागस्तेजोहानि सरागता । वारुणीसगजावस्था भानुनाप्यनुभूयते ॥ Pt 1 178 (where both senses are intended), Ku 4 12, Bhāg 10 65 19 -3 The asterism शतभिषज् -4 Dūrvā grass -5 N of the wife of Varuna -6 A kind of Dūrvā -7 A kind of liquor, वारुणी मदिरा पीत्वा मदोन्मथितचेतसाम् Bhāg 1 15 23 -Comp -वल्लभः an epithet of Varuna

वारुण्य a Relating to वारुणी (liquor), भवन पश्य वारुण्य येदेतत् सर्वकाञ्चनम् यत् प्राप्य सुरता प्राप्ता सुरा सुरपते सये ॥ Mb 5 98 14

वारुण्डः The chief of the serpent-race -ण्डः, -ण्डम् 1 The rheum or excretion of the eyes -2 The ear-wax -3 A vessel for baling water out of a boat -4 A bucket for watering trees, L D B -ण्डी A door-step

वारुहः, -ढा 1 Bank, shore -2 The hem of a garment -3 Fire -4 Panel of a door

वारुन्द्री N of a part of Bengal (and Behar) now called राजशाही

वार्क्ष a (-क्षी f) [वृक्ष-अण्] 1 Consisting of trees -2 Made of or belonging to a tree, वार्क्षाश्च यूपा यावन्त अश्वमेधे महामखे Mb 7 65 9, Ms 7 70 -3 Made of bark -क्षम् A forest

वार्क्ष्य a Made of trees -क्ष्यम् An enclosure made of trees &c

वार्णिकः A scribe, writer

वार्तकः, वार्ताकः, वार्तीकः A kind of quail.

वार्ताकः, वार्ताकिः f, वार्ताकिन् m, वार्ताकी f, वार्ताकुः m, f The egg-plant

वार्तिका A kind of quail

चं. इ. को... १०८

वार्त्त a [वृत्ति-अण्] 1 Healthy, hale, doing well -2 Light, weak, unsubstantial (असार) -3 Following a profession -र्त्तम् 1 Welfare, good health, सर्वत्र नो वार्त्त-मवेहि राजन् R 5 18, 13 71, स पृष्ठ सर्वतो वार्त्तमाख्यद्राज्ञे न सततिम् 15 41, Śi 13 68 -2 Skill, dexterity, अनुयुक्त इव स्ववार्त्तमुच्चै Ki 13 34 -3 Chaff

वार्त्ता [written also as वार्ता] 1 Staying, abiding -2 Tidings, news, intelligence, सागरिकाया का वार्ता Ratn 4, अस्मिन् महामोहस्ये कटाहे सूर्योभिना रात्रिदिनेन्धनेन । मासर्तुर्द्वौपरि-घट्टनेन भूतानि काल पचतीति वार्ता ॥ Mb -3 Livelihood, profession -4 Agriculture, the occupation of a Vaiśya, कृषिपाशुपाल्ये वाणिज्या च वार्ता Kau A 1 4, यथा वार्तादयो ह्यर्था योगस्यार्थं न विभ्रति Bhāg 7 15 29, R 16 2, Ms 10 80, Y 1 311 -5 The egg-plant -6 N of Durgā -7 (In Rhet) The mere mention of facts without any rhetorical embellishment -Comp -अनुकर्षकः, -अयनः 1 a spy -2 an emissary -3 a news-bearer -अवशेष a dead, gone -आरम्भः a commercial undertaking or business, Ms 7 43 -कर्मन् n the practice of agriculture and keeping cattle, वार्तास्मैव वैश्यस्य Ms 10 80 -पतिः an employer -मात्रम् 1 mere report -2 superficial acquaintance with any subject, shallow knowledge -वहः, हरः 1 a messenger -2 a chandler -वृत्तिः 1 one who lives on agriculture -2 a house-holder -3 a Vaiśya -व्यतिकरः general or common report

वार्त्तिक a (-की f) [वृत्ति-उक्] 1 Relating to news -2 Bringing news -3 Explanatory, glossarial -कः 1 An emissary, a spy -2 A husbandman (a man of the third tribe) -3 A mineralogist, L D B -4 A trader, businessman -5 A physician -का 1 Business, trade -2 News, क पन्था का च वार्त्तिका Mb 3 313 114 -कम् [वृत्तिरूपेण कृतो ग्रन्थ] An explanatory or supplementary rule which explains the meaning of that which is said, of that which is left unsaid, of that which is imperfectly said, or a rule which explains what is said or but imperfectly said and supplies omissions, उक्तानुक्तदुरुक्तार्थव्यक्ति (or चिन्ता)कारि तु वार्त्तिकम् (the term is particularly applied to the explanatory rules of Kātyāyana on Pāṇini's Sūtras) -Comp. -कारः N of Kātyāyana

वार्त्तघ्नः N of Arjuna, अथ भूतानि वार्त्तघ्नशरेभ्यस्तत्र तत्रसु Ki 15 1

वार्त्तज्ञीन्यायः (Mīmāṃsā) A rule of interpretation according to which a detail that cannot properly find connection with the primary or main matter should be understood as belonging to a subsidiary thereof This is an exception to the मियोऽसम्बन्धन्याय (q v) This is discussed by Jaimini and Sabara at MS 3 1 23

वार्दरम् 1 Silk -2 Water -3 The दक्षिणवर्त conch-shell

वार्दलम् (Medini spells with व) A rainy day,
-लः An inkpot

वार्द्धकम् [वृद्धानां समूहः तस्य भावः कर्म वा वृद्धः] 1 Old age,
किमित्यपास्याभरणानि यौवने धृतं त्वया वार्द्धकशोभि वल्कलम् Ku 5
44, R 1 8, N 1 77 -2 The infirmity of old age
-3 A collection of old men

वार्द्धक्यम् 1 Old age -2 The infirmity of old age
Also वार्द्धकम्

वार्द्धुकम् = वार्द्धकम्

वार्द्धुषि(षः), वार्द्धुषिकः, वार्द्धुषिन् m A usurer, नष्ट
देवलोके दत्तमप्रतिष्ठ च वार्द्धुषे Mb 13 90 14

वार्द्धुष्यम् Usury, high or exorbitant interest,
Ms 11 61

वार्धेयम् A kind of salt

वार्धम्, वार्धी f A leather thong

वार्ध्राणसः 1 A kind of bird -2 An old goat, वार्ध्राणसो
जरच्छाग Medhātithi (नीलघोषो रक्तशीर्षः कृष्णपादः सितच्छदः)

वार्ध्राणसः 1 A rhinoceros, see वार्ध्राणसः also -2 A
wild goat with long ears, also a white old goat, वार्ध्राण-
सस्य मासेन तृप्तिर्द्विदशवार्षिकी Ms 3 271 (com वार्ध्राणसश्च
निगमे व्याख्यात — 'त्रिपिब त्विन्द्रियक्षीणश्चेत इदमजापतिम् ।
वार्ध्राणसस्तु तं प्राहुर्याज्ञिका पितृकर्मणि' ॥)

वार्ध (व) टः A ship, boat .

वार्मणम् A collection of coats of mail

वार्मिणम् A collection of men in armour

वार्थ a 1 To be chosen -2 Precious, valuable -र्यः
A fencing wall, rampart, वार्थफलकपर्यन्ता पिबन्निक्षुमती नदीम्
Rām 1 70 3 -र्यम् A blessing, boon -(pl) Posses-
sions

वार्वणा A kind of blue fly

वार्ष a (-र्षी f) [वर्ष-अण्] 1 Belonging to the rains
-2 Annual

वार्षिक a (-की f) [वर्षे वर्षासु वा भव ठञ्] 1 Belong-
ing to the rains or rainy season, पूर्वोऽयं वार्षिको मासः
श्रावणः सल्लिख्यम् । प्रवृत्ताः सौम्यः चत्वारो मासाः वार्षिकसंज्ञिता ॥
Rām 4 26 14, वार्षिकः सज्जहारिन्द्रो धनुर्जैत्र रघुर्दधौ R
4 16 -2 Annual, yearly -3 Lasting for one year,
मानुषाणां प्रमाणं स्याद् भुक्तिर्वै दशवार्षिकी, so वार्षिकमन्नम् Y 1 124,
Mb 12 168 32 -कम् N of a medicinal plant (त्राय-
माणः) -की A river, the water of which lasts the whole
year, नदी भविष्यसि वार्षिकी नाष्टमासिकी Mb 5 186 36

वार्षिला Hail

वार्षुक a (-की f) Raining, sprinkling, pouring
down.

वार्ष्णेय 1 A descendant of Vṛṣṇi -2 Particularly
Kṛṣṇa, ऋषि दुष्टासु वार्ष्णेयः जायते वर्णसंकरः Bg 1 41 -3 N
of the charioteer of Nala

वार्ह, वार्हद्रथ, वार्हद्रथि,
वार्हस्पत, वार्हस्पत्य, वार्हिण, } See बार्ह, बार्हद्रथ, बार्हद्रथि,
वाल, वालक } बार्हस्पत, बार्हस्पत्य, बार्हिण,
बाल, बालक

वालखिल्यः 1 See बालखिल्यः, Rām 3 6 2 -ल्यम् N
of a collection of 11 hymns of the ऋग्वेद

वालिः N of a celebrated monkeychief, who was
slain by Rāma at the desire of Sugrīva, his younger
brother [He is represented as a very powerful mon-
key, and is said to have placed under his arm-pit even
Rāvana when he went to fight with him During his
absence from Kiskindhā to slay the brother of Dundu-
bhi, Sugrīva usurped the throne considering him to
be dead, but when Vāli returned, he had to run away
to Rāyamūka. Tārā, wife of Sugrīva, was seized by
Vāli, but she was restored to her husband when Rāma
slew him]

वालिनी The constellation अश्विनी

वालुका [Un 2 29] 1 Sand, gravel, भूमि-पाषाण-
सिकता-शर्करा-वालुका-भस्मशायिन Mb 12 192 1, अकृतज्ञस्थोप-
कृतः वालुकास्त्रिव मूत्रितम् -2 Powder -3 Camphor in gene-
ral -का, -की A kind of cucumber -Comp -आत्मिका
sugar -चैत्यक्रीडा a kind of child's game -यन्त्रम् a
sand-bath

वालेय See बालेय

वालक a (-ल्की f) [वल्क-अण्] Made of the bark of
trees -ल्कम् A bark-garment

वालकल a (-ली f) [वल्कल-अण्] Made of the bark
of trees -लम् A bark-garment -ली Spirituous liquor

वाल्मीकिः, -वाल्मीकः, -वाल्मीकिः [वल्मीके भव अण् इञ्
वा] N of a celebrated sage, and author of the Rāmā-
yana, कवीन्दु नौमि वाल्मीकिं यस्य रामायणी कथाम् । चन्द्रिकासिंह
चिन्वन्ति चकोरा इव साधवः ॥ Udb. [He was a Brāhmaṇa
by birth, but being abandoned by his parents in his
childhood, he was found by some wild mountaineers
who taught him the art of thieving He soon became
an adept in the art, and pursued his business of plun-
dering and killing (where necessary) travellers for
several years One day he saw a great sage whom he
asked on pain of death to deliver up his possessions
But the sage told him to go home and ask his wife
and children if they were ready to become his part-
ners in the innumerable iniquities that he had com-
mitted He accordingly went home, but returned dis-
mayed at their unwillingness The sage then told him
to repeat the word mara (which is Rāma inverted)
and disappeared The robber continued to repeat it for

years together without moving from the place, so that his body was covered up with ant-hills. But the same sage reappeared and got him out, and as he issued from the 'valmika' he was called *Valmiki*, and became afterwards an eminent sage. One day while he was performing his ablutions, he saw one of a pair of *Krauncha* birds being killed by a fowler, at which he cursed the wretch in words which unconsciously took the form of a verse in the Anustubh metre. This was a new mode of composition, and at the command of the god Brahman he composed the first poem the *Rāmāyana*. When *Sītā* was abandoned by *Rāma*, he gave her shelter under his roof, and brought up her two sons. He afterwards restored them all to *Rāma*.]

वाल्मीक्यम् Being beloved or favourite

वाव ind A particle laying stress on the preceding word, त उपनिषद्ब्राह्मी वाव त उपनिषदसंभूयेति Ken 1 7, यतोऽभवद्विश्वमिदं विचित्रं सत्स्यस्यते यत्र च वाव तिष्ठते Bhāg 3 22 20

वावट्टक a [वट् यट् लुक्-ऊकन्] 1 Talkative, garrulous -2 Eloquent

वावयः A kind of basil

वावात a. Dear, favourite (from वत्), इन्द्रस्य प्रिया जाया वावाता प्रासहा नाम Ant Br 3 22 -ता A king's favourite wife from Sudra class, Rām 1 14 35 (com राज्ञा हि त्रिविधा स्त्रिय मध्यमजातेर्वैश्याया वावातेति नाम)

वावुटः A boat, raft

वावृत् 4 Ā (वावृ-यते) 1 To choose, prefer, select, love, ततो वावृत्त्यमानासौ रामशाला न्यविक्षत Bk 4 28 -2 To serve.

वावृत्त a Chosen, selected, preferred

वाश् I 4 Ā (वाश्यते, वाशित) 1 To roar, cry, scream, shriek, howl, hum (as birds), sound in general, (शिवा) ता शिता प्रतिभय ववाशिरि R 11 61, Śi 18 75, 76, Bk 14 14, 76 -2 To call

वाशक a Roaring, sounding

वाशनम् 1 Roaring, howling, growling, yelling & -2 The warbling or cry of birds, humming (of bees &c)

वाशिः Fire, the god of fire

वाशितम् 1 The cry of birds, दुर्भक्षस्य ज्वालिना वाशितेन Śi 18 76 -2 Calling out, calling

वाशिता, वासिता 1 A female elephant, अभ्यपश्यत स वाशितासखं पुष्पिता कमलिनीरिव द्विप R 19 11, वाशितायूथ-सहितं करीव हिमवत्तटम् Bu Ch 4 27, शुष्मिणो यूथपस्थेव वासिता-मनु धावत Bhāg 8 12 32 -2 A woman, वासितासगमे यतौ सिंहाविव महावने Mb 6 116 20 -3 A wife, यो भर्ता वासितादुष्टो भर्तुस्तुष्टा च वासिता Mb. 13 122 17

वाशी Ved 1 Roaring, crying -2 A weapon in general (such as an axe, spear &c), also written वासी, सकीलकवचा सर्वे वासीवृक्षादनान्विता Mb 5 155 8 -3 Voice, speech -4 A war-cry

वाशुरा Night

वाश्र a [वाश्-रक् Un 2 13] Ved Roaring, bellowing -अः 1 A day -2 A bull -आ 1 A cow with a calf, वाश्रेव वत्सकमनुग्रहकारोऽस्मान् Bhāg 4 9 17, 10 46 9 -2 A mother -अम् 1 A dwelling, house -2 A place where four roads meet -3 Dung

वाष्कल a Large, great -लः A warrior

वाष्पः, -ष्पम् See वाष्प

वास I 10 U (वासयति-ते) 1 To scent, perfume, incense, fumigate, make fragrant, वासिताननविशेषितगन्धा Kī 9 60, प्रकटितपटवासैर्वीसयन काननानि Git 1, U 3 16, R 4 74, Me 20, Rs 5 5 -2 To steep, infuse -3 To spice, season -II 4 Ā See वाश्

वासः [वस् निवासे आच्छादने वा घञ्] 1 Perfume -2 Living, dwelling, वासो यस्य हरे करे Bv 1 63, R 19. 2, नरके नियत वासो भवतीत्यनुशुश्रुम Bg 1 44 -3 An abode, a habitation, house, एष शाकुनिक शेते तव वास समाश्रित Mb 12 145 7 -4 Site, situation, अवाप्य वास नरेदेवपुत्रा Mb 3 176 4 -5 A day's journey -6 Imagination (वासना) -7 Semblance -8 Clothes, dress -Comp -अ (आ) -गारः, -रम्, -गृहम्, -वेष्टमन् n the inner apartments of a house, particularly bed-chamber, धर्मोसनादिशति वासगृहं नरेन्द्र U 1 7, समयं खलु ते वासगृहप्रवेशस्य V 3 -कर्णी 1 a hall where public exhibitions (such as dancing, wrestling matches &c) are held -2 a sacrificial hall -गृहम् 1 the inner part of a house -2 bed-chamber, धर्मोसनादिशति वासगृहं नरेन्द्र U 1 7 -ताम्बूलम् betel mixed with other fragrant spices, वासताम्बूलवीटिका उपयुज्य Dk 2 2 -पर्ययः a change of residence, नोत्सीदेम महाराजं क्रियता वासपर्यय Mb 3 258 5 -प्रासादः a palace -भवनम्, -मन्दिरम्, -सदनम् a dwelling-place, house -यष्टिः f a roosting perch, a rod for a bird to perch on, उत्तीर्णा इव वासयष्टिषु निशानिद्रालसा बर्हिण V 3 2, Me 81 -योगः a kind of fragrant powder -सज्जा=वासकसज्जा q v

वासक a (-का or -सिका f) [वास्-वस्-णिच् वा ण्वुल्] 1 Scenting, perfuming, infusing, fumigating &c -2 Causing to dwell, populating -कः Scent -का (also वासिका) 1 An abode, habitation -2 A bed chamber -कम् Clothes -Comp -सज्जा, -सज्जिका a woman who dresses herself in all her ornaments and keeps herself (and her house) ready to receive her lover, especially when he has made an appointment with her, an expectant heroine, one of the several classes of a *Nāyikā*, S D thus defines her — कुर्वते मण्डनं यस्या (या तु) सज्जिते वासवेदमनि । सा तु वासकसज्जा स्याद्विदितप्रियसगमा ॥

120, भवति विलम्बनि विगलितलज्जा विलपति रोदिति वासकसज्जा Git 6

वासनम् [वास्-ल्युट्] 1 Perfuming, scenting -2 Infusing -3 Dwelling, abiding -4 An abode, a dwelling -5 Any receptacle, a basket, box, vessel &c, वासनस्थ-मनाख्याय हस्तेऽन्यस्य यदप्यते Y 2 65 (वासन निक्षेपाधारभूत सपुटादिक समुद्र ग्रन्थं यादियुनम्) -6 Knowledge -7 Clothes, dress -8 A cover, an envelope -9 A kind of posture practised by ascetics in abstract meditation

वासना 1 Knowledge derived from memory, cf भावना -2 Particularly, the impression unconsciously left on the mind by past good or bad actions, which therefore produces pleasure or pain -3 Fancy, imagination, idea -4 False idea, ignorance -5 A wish, desire, expectation, inclination, ससारवासनाबद्धशृङ्खला Git 3 -6 Regard, liking, respectful regard, तेषां (पक्षिणां) मध्ये मम तु महती वासना चातकेषु Bv 4 17 -7 Perfuming, scenting -8 (In math) Proof, demonstration

वासनामय *a* Consisting in notions, ideas or impressions

वासनीय *a* Intelligible only by much reflection

वासित *p p* [वास्-क्] 1 Perfumed, scented, चन्दन-वासिता दिक् N 8 77 -2 Steeped, infused -3 Seasoned, spiced -4 Dressed, clothed -5 Peopled, populous -6 Possessing, having -7 Famous, celebrated -8 Purified, edified, इत्युदयं स हरिं प्रति सप्रज्ञातवासिततम समपादि N 21 119 -तम् 1 The cry or hum of birds -2 Knowledge, cf वासना (2)

वासिता See वाशिता.

वासतः An ass

वासतेय *a* (-यी *f*) [वसतेये हित साधु वा ढक्] Habitable -यी 1 Night -2 A house, याते तस्मिन्नथ नरपतौ वासतेयी स्वकीयाम् Rām 5 95

वासन्त *a* (-न्ती *f*) 1 Vernal, suitable to or produced in spring -2 In the spring or prime of life, youthful -3 Diligent, attentive (in the performance of duties) -न्तः 1 A camel -2 A young elephant -3 Any young animal -4 A cuckoo -5 The south wind, the breeze blowing from the Malaya mountain, cf मलयसमीर -6 A kind of bean -7 A dissolute man -न्ती 1 A kind of jasmine (with fragrant flowers), वसन्ते वासन्तीकुसुम-सुकुमारैरवयवै Git 1 -2 Long pepper -3 The trumpet-flower -4 N of a festival held in honour of Cupid, cf वसन्तोत्सव -5 The spring creeper

वासन्तिक *a* (-की *f*) Vernal, दुमान् वासन्तिकान् दृष्ट्वा बभूवुर्भयशङ्किता Rām 4 53 4, वासन्तिकैस्तस्मि S 6 -कः 1 The Vidūṣaka or buffoon in a drama -2 An actor

वासर *a* Matutinal, early.

वासरः, -रम् [सुख वासयति जनान्, वासर Un 3 138] A day (of the week) -रः 1 Time, turn -2 N of a Nāga -Comp -कन्यका night -कुत् *m* the sun -मणिः the sun, वासरमणिरिव तमसा राशिं नाशयति विघ्नानाम् Mangalācharana S 1 -सङ्गः morning

वासव *a* (-वी *f*) [वसुरेव स्वार्थे अण् वस्नि सन्त्यस्य अण् वा] 1 Relating to the Vasus -2 Belonging to Indra, पाण्डुता वासवी दिगयासीत् K, वासवीना चमूनाम् Me 45 -वः N of Indra, स वासवेनासनसनिष्ठमिति निषीदिति विसृष्टभूमि Ku 3 2, R 5 5 -वम् The constellation Dhanisthā -Comp -अनुजः Viṣṇu or Kṛiṣṇa, स्मितपुवसुवाचेद भगवान् वासवानुज Mb 12 46 10 -चापः a rainbow -दत्ता 1 N of a work by Subandhu -2 N of a heroine of several stories [Different writers give different accounts of this lady According to Kathāsaritsāgara she was the daughter of king Chāṇḍamahāsena of Ujjayini and was carried off by Udayana, king of Vatsa Śrīharsa represents her to be the daughter of king Pradyota (see Ratn 1 10), and, according to Mallinātha's comment on the line प्रद्योतस्य प्रियदुहितर वत्सराजोऽत्र जहे she was the daughter of Pradyota, king of Ujjayini Bhavabhūti says that she was betrothed by her father to king Sañjaya, but that she offered herself to Udayana, (see Māl 2) But the Vāsava dattā of Subandhu has nothing in common with the story of Vatsa, except the name of the heroine, as she is represented to have been betrothed by her father to Puspaketu, but carried off by Kandarpaketu It is probable that there were several heroines bearing the name Vāsavadattā] -दिश *f* the east

वासविः 1 Indra's son Jayanta -2 N of Arjuna, दर्श वासविर्धोमान् विहीना वृष्णिगुह्यै (द्वारका) Mb 16 5 11 -3 N of the monkey वालि, तत्रापि सध्यामन्वास्य वासवि स हरीश्वर Rām 7 34 32

वासवी N of the mother of Vyāsa, जात पराशरायोगी वासव्या कल्या हरे Bhāg 1 4 14

वासवेयः N of Vyāsa, परिवृत्त्यासनाभ्यासे वासवेय स्थितोऽभवत् Mb 1 1 59

वासस् [वस्-आछादने असि णिच्] 1 A cloth, garment, clothes, वासासि जीर्णानि यथा विहाय नवानि गृह्णाति नरोऽपराणि Bg 2 22, Ku 7 9, Me 61 -2 A pall -3 A curtain -Comp -कुटी (वासःकुटी) a tent -खण्डः 'a piece of cloth', a rag, tatter -वृक्षः a shelter-tree, वयासि वासो-वृक्ष सप्रतिष्ठन्ते Prasna Up 4 7

वासिः *m, f* [वस्-इच् Un 4 136] An adze, a small hatchet, chisel, जीवित मरण चैव नाभिनन्दन् च द्विषन् । वास्यैक तक्षतो बाहु चन्दनेनैकमुक्षत ॥ Mb 12 9 25, 1 119 15 -*m* Dwelling, abiding

वासिष्ठम् Blood

वासि(शि)ष्ठ *a* (-ष्टी *f*) [वसि-शिष्ठ-अण्] Belonging to or composed by (rather revealed to) Vasistha, as a Mandala of the Rigveda -ष्ट. A descendant of Vasistha. -ष्टी 1 The Gomati river -2 The north, काष्ठा चासाय वासिष्ठीम् Mb 5 109 16

वासी *f* See वाशी

वासुः 1 The soul -2 The soul of the universe, Supreme Being -3 N of Visnu -4 The constellation पुनर्वसु

वासुकिः, वासुकेयः N of a celebrated serpent, king of snakes (said to be a son of Kaśyapa), सर्पाणामस्मि वासुकि Bg 10 28, Ku 2 38, (hence वासुकेयस्वसा means 'the sister of the snake-god', an epithet of the deity Manasā, L D B)

वासुदेवः [वसुदेवस्यापत्यम् अण्] 1 Any descendant of Vasudeva -2 Particularly, Krishna -3 The sage Kapila, वासुदेवेति य प्राहु कपिल मुनिपुङ्गवम् Mb 3 107 32 -वी Asparagus Racemosus (Mar शतावरी)

वासुभद्रः Name of Krishna

वासुरा also वाशुरा [वस्-उरण्] 1 The earth -2 Night -3 A woman -4 A female elephant

वासुः *f* A young girl, maiden (used chiefly in dramas), एषासि वासु शिरसि गृहीता Mk 1 41, वासु प्रसीद Mk 1

वास्त See वास्त

वास्तव *a* (-वी *f*) [वस्त्वेव-अण्] 1 Real, true, substantial, वेद्य वास्तवमत्र वस्तु शिवद तापत्रयेन्मूलनम् Bhāg 1. 1. 2 -2 Determined, fixed -वम् Anything fixed or determined

वास्तवा Dawn

वास्तविक *a* (-की *f*) [वस्तुतो निर्दृष्ट ठक्] 1 True, real, substantial, genuine -2 Demonstrated, established -कः 1 A realist -2 A gardener

वास्तव्य *a* 1 Dwelling, inhabiting, resident, पुरेऽस्य वास्तव्यकुटुम्बिता ययुः Śi 1 66, इहैवास्मि महाराज वास्तव्यो नगरे द्विज Ks -2 Fit to be inhabited, habitable -व्य. 1 A dweller, resident, an inhabitant, वास्तव्यैराक्रान्ते देशे आगन्तु-र्जनोऽसम्भवादन्ते निविशते ŚB on MS 10 5 4, नानादिगन्त-वास्तव्यो महाजनसमाज Mā 1. -व्यम् 1 A habitable place, house -2 Habitation, residence (वसति)

वास्तिकम् A collection of goats

वास्तु *m, n* [वस्-तुण् Up 1 77] 1 The site of a house, building ground, site -2 A house, an abode, a dwelling-place, खेरविषये वास्तु किं न दीप प्रकाशयेत् Su-bhāś -3 A chamber -Comp -कर्मन् *n* house-building, architecture, वास्तुकर्मनिवेशम् Rām 1 3 16 -कालः the time suited for building a house. -ज्ञानम् archite-

cture -देवता, -पालः the tutelary deity of a house -यागः a sacrifice performed on the occasion of laying the foundation of a house -विद्या architecture -विधानम् house-building -शमनम्, -संशमनम्, -शान्तिः *f* a religious rite performed on the occasion of laying the foundation of a new house, particularly on the occasion of entering it -संपादनम् the preparation of a house, Ms 3 255 -स्थापनम् the erection of a house

वास्तुक *a* Left remaining on the sacrificial ground, उवाचोत्तरतोऽभ्येय ममेद वास्तुक वसु Bhāg 9 4 6

वास्तु(स्तु)कम् Chenopodium Album (Mar चाकवत)

वास्तोष्पतिः 1 N of a Vedic deity (supposed to preside over the foundation of a house), Rv 7 54, वास्तोष्पतीना च गृहैर्वलभीभिश्च निर्मितम् Bhāg 10 50 51 -2 N of Indra

वास्त्येय *a* (-यी *f*) 1 Habitable, fit to be inhabited. -2 Abdominal

वास्त्र *a* [वस्त्र-अण्] Made of cloth -स्त्रः A carriage covered with cloth

वास्प See बाष्प

वास्पेयः The tree called नागकेशर

वास्य *a* 1 To be covered -2 To be caused to dwell -स्यः, -स्यम् An axe, see वासि

वास्त्रः A day -स्त्रा a gow See वाध-श्रा

वाह 1 Ā (वाहते) To try, exert oneself, endeavour

वाह *a* [वह्-घञ्] Bearing, carrying &c (at the end of comp), as in अम्बुवाह, तोयवाह &c -हः 1 Carrying, bearing -2 A porter -3 A draught-animal, a beast of burden -4 A horse, अभ्यभूयत वाहाना चरता गात्रशिञ्जितै R 4 56, 5 73, 14 52 -5 A bull, शत वाहसहस्राणां तण्डुलाना वयुष्मताम् Rām 7 91 19, खे खेलगामी तमुवाह वाह Ku 7 49 -6 A buffalo -7 A carriage, conveyance in general -8 The arm -9 Air, wind -10 Obtainment (प्रापण), बहुकार च सस्याना वाहो वाहो गवा तथा Mb 12 193 21 -11 A measure equal to ten Kumbhas or four Bhāras, वाहो भारचतुष्टयम् -Comp -द्विषत् *m* a buffalo -वारः a horse-rider, बहुना वाहवारणां व्यूहाभ्यन्तरवर्तिनम् Śiva B 29 17 -रिपुः a buffalo -वारणः Bos Gavaeus -वाहः riding, चलन्नलङ्घ्य महारथ हय स्ववाह-वाहोचितवेषपेशल N 1 66 -श्रेष्ठः a horse

वाहकः [वह्-ण्वल्] 1 A porter. -2 A coach-driver -3 A horseman -4 A water-channel, a vehicle

वाहनम् [वाहयति वह्-णिच् न्यु ल्युट् वा] 1 Bearing, carrying, conveying -2 Driving (as a horse) -3 A vehicle, conveyance of any kind, Ms 7 75, निजानुजेनातिथितामुपेत प्राचीपतेर्वाहनवारणेन N 22 45 -4 An animal used in riding or draught, as a horse, स दुष्प्रापयशा प्रापदाश्रम आन्त-

वाहन R 1 48, 9 25, 60 -४ An elephant -६ An oar, अस्य वाहनसयुक्ता नावमुपाहर Rām 2 52 6 -ना An army, वाहनाजनि Si 19 33 -Comp -पः a groom -श्रेष्ठः a horse

वाहयान a One who drives (a horse), दृश्यते पाण्डवरये वाहयानस्य वाजिन Mb 8 79 23

वाहलः, -ल्य 1 A water-channel -2 A vehicle

वाहस् m Ved 1 Agni -2 A hymn

वाहिन a [वह्-णिनि] Bearing, carrying, स्पर्शं वेत्ति च वाहिना Mb 12 184 26 -m A chariot

वाहिनी [वाहो अस्यस्या इति ङीप्] 1 An army, आशिष प्रयुजे न वाहिनीम् R 11 6, 13 66 -2 A division of an army consisting of 81 elephants, as many chariots, 248 horse, and 405 foot, वाहिनी तु गणास्त्रय Mb 1 2 21 See अक्षौहिणी -3 A river, नाव समुपकर्षध्व तारयिष्यामि वाहिनीम् Rām 2 89 9 -4 A body of escorts, a convoy, त्वदर्थं प्रेषयिष्यामि वाहिनीमित्यभाषत Bm 1 256 -Comp -निवेशः the camp of an army -पतिः 1 a general, a commanding officer -2 the ocean (lord of rivers)

वाहसः [न वहति न गच्छति, वह् असच् Un 3 119] 1 A water-course -2 A large serpent, the boa -3 Fire -4 A species of plant (Mar करङ्ग)

वाहिकः 1 A large drum -2 A car drawn by oxen -3 A carrier of loads

वाहितम् A heavy burden

वाहित्यम् The part of an elephant's forehead below the frontal globes, Mātanga L 6 7, 8

वाहीक See बाहीक One behaving irreligiously, मल प्रथिव्या बाहीका Mb 12 328 20, 8 44 25

बाहुक See बाहुक

वाहेयिक 1 Connected with बाहीक people -2 Relating to the bull (वह्), कदा वाहेयिका गाया पुनर्गास्यामि शाकले Mb 8 44 26 (com वहो वृषभ तस्येद वधपर्व वाहं तत्रोन्विता वाहेयिका गाया)

वाह्य 1 See बाह्य -2 a Drawn, driven, conveyed, Mb 12 193 21 -ह्यः A beast of burden, an ox &c -ह्यम् A carriage

वाह्मिः N of a country (the modern Balkh) -Comp -जः a Balkh-bred horse

वाहि (ह्री) कः 1 N of a country (the modern Balkh) -2 A horse from this country, a Balkh-bred horse -3 N. of one of the principal Gandharvas -कम् 1 Saffron -2 Asa Foetida

वि ind 1 As a prefix to verbs and nouns it expresses —(a) separation, disjunction (apart, asunder, away, off &c), as विद्युज्, विह, विचल् &c, (b) the

reverse of an action, as क्री 'to buy', विक्री, 'to sell', स्मृ 'to remember', विस्मृ 'to forget', (c) division, as विभज्, विभाग, (d) distinction, as विशिष, विशेष, विविच्, विवेक, (e) discrimination, व्यवच्छेद, (f) order, arrangement, as विवा, विरच्, (g) opposition, as विरुद्, विरोध, (h) privation, as विनी, विनयन, (i) deliberation, as विचर्, विचार, (j) intensity, विध्वस -2 As a prefix to nouns or adjectives not immediately connected with roots, वि expresses (a) negation or privation, in which case it is used much in the same way as अ or निर, e it forms Bah comp, विधवा, व्यसु &c, (b) intensity, greatness, as विकराल, (c) variety, as विचित्र, (d) difference, as विलक्षण, (e) manifoldness, as विविध, (f) contrariety, opposition, as विलोम, (g) change, as विकार, (h) impropriety, as विजन्मन्

विः m, f [वे-ङित् Un 4 145] 1 A bird, विकुल- (= पक्षिकुल) माकुलमायत-लीनताम् Rām ch 4 43, आपततो विरल (वि + अलम्) घनतोऽयात् ibid 4 97 -2 A horse -3 A goer -4 A rein -5 An epithet of the Soma -6 A sacrificer (mostly Ved in the last four senses) -Comp -राज् king of birds, eagle, अथ ताक्ष्यसुतो ज्ञात्वा विराट्प्रभुचिकीर्षितम् Bhāg 8 21 26 -च a riding on a bird, Si 19 86

विंश a (-शी f) Twentieth -शः A twentieth part

विंशक a (-की f) Twenty

विंशतिः f 1 Twenty, a score -2 A particular form of military array (व्यूह), ते विंशतिपदे यत्ता सप्रहार प्रचक्रिरे Mb 7 36 13 -Comp -ईशः, -ईशिन, -पः m a ruler of twenty villages.

विंशतिक a Worth twenty

विंशतितम a (-मी f) Twentieth

विंशिन m 1 Twenty, a score -2 A lord or ruler of twenty villages

विक a 1 Waterless -2 Unhappy

विकम् The milk of a cow that has recently calved

विकङ्कटः, -तः A kind of tree (of the wood of which ladles were made, Mar वेहेकळ), सधर्मोऽभवदपोढकर्मणा-मृत्विजा च्युतविकङ्कतसुचाम् R 11 25

विकच a [विकच्-अच्] 1 Blown, expanded, opened (as a lotus-flower &c), विकचकिंशुकसहतिरुच्चैः Si 6 21, R 9 37, हैमै स्फीता विकचममलैर्दोषैर्वैदूर्यनालैः Me 78 -2 Spread about, scattered over, पुरा सरसि मानसे विकचसारसालि-स्खलत् Bv 1 3 -3 Destitute of hair -4 Manifested, distinctly apparent, U 5 28, विकचनक्षत्रकुमुदै Mu 3 7 -5 Brilliant, radiant, चन्द्राशुविकचप्रख्यम् Rām 2 15 9, मरीचिविकच श्रीमान्नारायण उरोगत Mb 1 18 36 -चः 1 A Buddhist mendicant -2 N of Ketu -3 A flag, banner -Comp. -श्री a having radiant beauty

विकचित *a* Opened, bloomed

विकचीकृ 8 U To open, cause to expand

विकट *a* 1 Hideous, ugly -2 (*a*) Formidable, frightful, horrible, dreadful, पृथुललाटतटघटितविकटभूकुटिना Ve 1, विधुमिव विकटविधुन्तुददन्तदलनगलितामृतधारम् Git 4 (*b*) Fierce, savage -3 Great, large, broad, spacious, wide, जृम्भाविडम्ब विकटोदरमस्तु चापम् U 4 30, आवरिष्ट विकटेन विबोदुर्वक्षसैव कुचमण्डलमन्या Si 10 42, 18 10, Mal 7 -4 Proud, haughty, विकट परिक्लामति U 6, Mv 6 32 -5 Beautiful, Mk 2, किन्नरीविकटगीतिज्ञहृति N 18 19, of 'विकट सुन्दरे प्रोक्तो विशालविकरालयो' -Viswakōśa -6 Frowning -7 Obscure -8 Changed in appearance -9 Large-toothed -टः N of Gaṇeśa, लम्बोदरश्च विकटो विघ्ननाशो विनायक Gaṇeśa S -टम् 1 A bowl, tumour -2 Sandal -3 White arsenic

विकटायितम् A flash, a charming display, कटाक्षरुचिच्छदानामन्वेतु तत्र विकटायितमायताक्षि N 11 40

विकट्य 1 A 1 To boast, vaunt, का खल्वेन प्रार्थ्यमाना विकट्यते V 2 -2 To depreciate, speak ill of, disparage, सदा भवान् फाल्गुनस्य गुणैरस्मान् विकट्यते Mb -3 To humiliate -4 To proclaim loudly

विकट्यन *a* 1 Boasting, swaggering, vaunting, bragging, विद्रासोऽयविकट्यना भवन्ति Mu 3, R 14 73 -2 Praising ironically -नम् 1 Vaunting, boasting -2 Irony, false praise -3 Praise

विकट्या 1 Boasting, vaunt, brag, boast, Mb 12 158 10 -2 Praise -3 False praise, irony -4 Proclaiming loudly

विकथा Useless or irrelevant talk

विकम्प 1 A 1 To shake, tremble, किं यासि बालकदलीव विकम्पमाना Mk 1 20, स्फुरति नयन वामो बाहुसिंहुश्च विकम्पते 9 18, स्वधर्ममपि चावेक्ष्य न विकम्पितुमर्हसि Bg 2 31 -2 To become changed or deformed -3 To shrink or retreat from -Oaus To shake, रावणश्रियमपि व्यकम्पयत् R 11 19, Rs 2 17

विकम्प *a* 1 Heaving -2 Unsteady, fickle, inconstant

विकम्पनम् 1 Motion (of the sun) -2 Trembling

विकम्पित *p p* 1 Shaken, trembling, tremulous -2 Palpitating, heaving -3 Unsteady -तम् A faulty pronunciation of the vowels

विकरः 1 Sickness, disease -2 A particular mode of fighting

विकरणः The inserted conjugational affix, the conjugational sign placed between the root and the terminations -णम् Change, modification.

विकराल *a* Very dreadful or formidable, frightful, धृतप्रेमा बाहुर्विकचविकरालोत्थनरस U 5. 26

विकरालिन् *a* Hot -m Heat

विकर्णः N of a Kuru prince, Bg. 1 8

विकर्णिकः The Sārasvata country, L D B

विकर्तनः 1 The sun, U 5 -2 The *Aśoka* plant -3 A son who has usurped his father's kingdom

विकर्त *a* Causing any obstacle (विघ्नकर्तृ), राक्षसा ये विकर्तार Rām 1 19 10

विकर्मन् *a* Acting wrongly -n 1 An unlawful or prohibited act, an impious act, कर्मणो ह्यपि बोद्धव्य बोद्धव्य च विकर्मण Bg 4 17, Ms 9 226, Bhāg 11 3 43 -2 Various or divergent duty -3 Retiring from business -Comp -कृत् *a* following unlawful occupation, Ms 8 66 -क्रिया an illegal act, irreligious conduct, (प्रच्छन्न-तस्करा) विकर्मक्रियया नित्य बाधन्ते भद्रिका प्रजा Ms 9 226 -स्थ *a* doing prohibited acts, addicted to vice

विकर्मिक *a* 1 Acting improperly or wrongly, vicious -2 Engaged in various businesses -कः A clerk or superintendent of markets, fairs &c

विकल् 10 U To maim, cripple, make defective

विकल *a* 1 Deprived of a part or member, defective, imperfect, maimed, mutilated, कूटकृदिकलेन्द्रिया Y 2 70, Ms 8 66, U 4 24 -2 Frightened, alarmed, नादस्ताव-द्विकलकुररीकूजितस्निग्धतार Mal 5 20 -3 Devoid or destitute of (in comp), आरामाधिपतिर्विवेकविकल Bv 1 31, प्रसूति S 6 24, Pt 5 8, Mk 5 41, न तु कुलविकलाना वर्तते वृत्तशुद्धि Avimāarakam 2 5 -4 Agitated, weakened, dispirited, unnerved, drooping, sinking, languid, किमिति विषोदसि रोदिषि विकला विहसति युवतिसभा तव सकला Git 9, विरहेण विकलहृदया Bv 2 71, 164, श्रुतियुगले पिकस्तविकले Git 12, वहति विकल कायो मोह न मुञ्चति चेतनाम् U 3 31, Mal 7 1, 9 12 -5 Ineffective, useless, विकलमिह पूर्वसुकृतम् Pt 5 9 -6 Wanting, failing -7 Withered, decayed -ला, -ली A woman during her courses, (L D B however says 'A woman who has passed child-bearing', ऋतुहीना) -Comp -अङ्ग *a* having a redundant or deficient limb -इन्द्रिय *a* having impaired or defective organs of sense -करण *a* with drooping limbs, languid, U 3 22 -करुण *a* helpless, piteous, विकलकरुणैर्मर्मच्छेद-व्यथाविधुरैरिव (v. 1 विकलकरणे) Mal 9 11, U. 1 28 -पाणिकः *a* cripple

विकलयति Den P 1 To unnerve, overpower, घनी-भूत शोको विकलयति मा मूर्छयति च U 2 26 -2 To injure, ill-treat.

विकलीकृ 8 U 1 To maim, mutilate -2 To impair, harm, injure -3 To agitate, perplex, confound

विकलीकरणम् 1 Maiming, mutilating -2 Confusing, perplexing

विकला The sixtieth part of a *Kālā*, q. v.

विकल्प a Sinless, stainless, guiltless

विकवच a Armourless

विकषा (सा) Bengal madder

विकस् 1 P 1 To open, expand (fig also), विकसति हि पतङ्गस्योदये पुण्डरीकम् Mā 1 28, Si 9 47, 82, Ku 7 55, निजहृदि विकसन्त Bh 2 78 -2 To burst, become divided -Caus To open, cause to expand, चन्द्रो विकासयति कैरवचक्रवालम् Bh 2 78, Si 15 12, Amaru 84

विकसः The moon

विकसित p p Blown, fully opened or expanded, विकसितवदनामनल्पजल्पेऽपि Bv. 1 100

विकासः 1 Blowing, expanding, blooming, budding -2 Increase, growth, पुरा रुढे स्नेहे परिचयविकासदुपचिते U 6 28, see विकास also

विकासनम् Expansion, opening, blowing

विकस्व (श्च) र a 1 Opening, expanding, कुशेश्यैरत्र जलाशयोषिता मुदा रमन्ते कलभा विकस्वरै Si 4 33 -2 Loud, distinctly audible (as a sound), उदडीयत वैकृतात् करग्रहजादस्य विकस्वरस्वरै N 2 5, Dk 1 1

विकाङ्क्षा 1 False assertion (विसवाद), दु खोपायस्य मे वीर विकाङ्क्षा परिवर्तते Mb 7 80 16 -2 To be desireless -3 Hesitation, न मे विकाङ्क्षा जायेत त्यक्तु त्वा पापनिश्चयाम् Rām 2 73 18

विकालः, -विकालकः 1 Evening, evening twilight, the close of day -2 Improper time, unseasonable hour, (अवेला), अभिज्ञातकृत पन्था विकाले गन्तुमिच्छता Rām 2 99 10, Mb 3 297 83, Pt 5 88/89

विकालिका A perforated copper-vessel which, placed in water, marks the time by gradually filling, of मानरन्ध्रा

विकाश 1 Ā 1 To appear, become visible -2 To bloom, open -3 To shine -Caus 1 To display, manifest -2 To illuminate

विकाशः 1 Manifestation, display, exhibition -2 Blowing, expanding (usually written विकास in this sense), बालेन्दुवकाण्यविकाशभावादभु पलाशान्यतिलोहितानि Ku 3 29, विकाश केषाचिन्नयनसुभगेर्विद्युदुदये Rāj T -3 An open or direct course, विकाशमीयुर्जगतीशमार्गणा K1 15 52 -4 An oblique course, K1 15 52 -5 Joy, pleasure, K1 15 52 -6 Sky, heaven (आकाश), K1 15 52 -7 Eagerness, ardent desire, युगपद्विकासमुदयाद्रमिते शशिन शिलीमुखगणोलभत Si 9 41 (where it means 'blowing' also) -8 Retreat, solitude, privacy -9 Brightness, radiance

विकाशक a (-शिका f.) 1 Displaying -2 Opening

विकाशनम् 1 Manifestation, display, exhibition -2 Blowing, expanding (of flowers &c).

विकाशि (शि-सि) न a (-नी f) 1 Becoming visible, shining forth -2 Expanding, opening, blowing -3 Shining, resplendent, Pt 3 147

विकिष्कुः A carpenter's measure of 42 inches

विकुक्षि, विकुक्षिक a Having a prominent belly, वसाश्चैवापरे पीत्वा पर्यधावन् विकुक्षिका Mb 10 8 140

विकुण्ठम् N of Visnu's heaven, प्रतिनन्ध जगादेद विकुण्ठनिलयो विभु Bhāg 3 16 1, 7 9 39 -ण्डा N of the mother of Visnu

विकुण्ठ a 1 Sharp, penetrating -2 Very blunt

विकुण्ठित a 1 Obtuse, blunt -2 Weak

विकुलः The moon

विकूजनम् 1 Cooming, humming -2 Rumbling (as of the bowels)

विकूणनम् 1 A side-glance, leer. -2 Contraction

विकूणिका The nose

विकूबर a Deprived of the shaft or pole

विकृ 8 U 1 To alter, change, affect, विकारहेतौ सति विक्रियन्ते येषां न चेतासि त एव धारा Ku 1 59, R 13 42 -2 To disfigure, deform, विकृताकृति Ms 9 52 -3 To create, produce, effect, मन सृष्टिं विकृते चोद्यमान सिद्धया Ms 1 75, नास्य विन्न विकृर्वन्ति दानवा Mb -4 To disturb, harm, injure (Ā), हीनान्यनुपकर्तृणि प्रवृद्धानि विकृर्वन्ते R 17 58 -5 To utter (a sound), विकृर्वान स्वराण्य Bk 8 20 -6 To be faithless (as a wife) -7 To deprave, pervert, spoil -8 To display -9 To change for the worse, deteriorate (Ā) -10 To rejoice (Ā) -11 To feel aversion (Ā) -12 To act in various ways (Ā), विकृर्वन्तश्च ते साकम् Bhāg 10 12 9 -13 To decorate in various ways, प्रासादै रत्नविकृतै Rām 1 5 15 -14 To exercise -15 To distribute -16 To destroy, ruin -17 To spread, extend -18 To become restless, move to and fro -19 To act in a hostile manner -20 To contend together -21 To blame, revile, अनार्य इति मामार्या विकरिष्यन्ति रथ्यासु Rām 2 12 78

विकारः 1 Change of form or nature, transformation, deviation from the natural state, of विकृति -2 A change, alteration, a modification, प्रमथमुखविकारैर्-हसियामास गूढम् Ku 7 95, नेत्रवक्त्रविकारैश्च लक्ष्यतेऽन्तर्गतं मन Pt 1 44, S 7 -3 Sickness, disease, malady, विकारं खलु परमार्थतोऽज्ञात्वाऽनारम्भ प्रतीकारस्य S 4, Ku 2 48 -4 Change of mind or purpose, मूर्च्छन्त्यमी विकाराः प्रायेणैश्वर्यमतेषु S 5 18 -5 A feeling, an emotion, विकारश्चैतन्यं प्रमथति च संमीलयति च U 1 35, 3 25, 36, Mā 1 30 -6 Agitation, excitement, perturbation, कुत परस्मिन् पुरुषे विकार K1 17 23 -7 Contortion, contraction (as of the features of the face), प्रमथमुखविकारैर्हसियामास गूढम् Ku 7 95 -8 (In Sān. phil) That which is evolved

from a previous source or Prakriti -9 A wound
-Comp. -हेतुः a temptation, seduction, cause of perturbation, विकारहेतौ सति विक्रियन्ते येषां न चेतासि त एव धीरा Ku 1 59

विकारिण a Causeless, तस्मात् स्यात् कलहो यत्र गृहे नित्य विकारण Pt 5 75

विकारित a Changed, perverted, corrupted

विकारिन् a 1 Liable to change, susceptible of emotions or impressions, भ्रमति भुवने कन्दर्पाज्ञा विकारि च यौवनम् Mal 1 17 -2 Changing, modifying -3 Spoiling, corrupting -4 Affected by love

विकार्यः The sense of individuality (अहंकार), मनोमय देवमय विकार्यम् Bhāg. 2 2 30

विकुर्वाण a 1 Undergoing or causing a change, वायोरपि विकुर्वाणाद्विरोचिष्णु तमोनुदम् Ms 1 77 -2 Feeling glad, delighted, rejoiced

विकृत p p 1 Changed, altered, modified -2 Sick, diseased -3 Mutilated, deformed, disfigured, दृष्ट्वा तथैव विकृत रथ स्रुयुसमन्वितम् Rām 7 22 9, Ms 9 291 -4 Incomplete, imperfect -5 Affected by passion or emotion -6 Averse from, disgusted with -7 Loathsome -8 Strange, extraordinary -9 Unnatural -10 Perverted, spoiled -11 Estranged, disloyal, Rām 2 39 22, see विकृ above -तम् 1 Change, modification -2 Change for the worse, sickness -3 Aversion, disgust -4 Harm, misdeed, तच्छ्रुत्वा पार्थिवेन्द्रस्य रक्षसा विकृत च तत् Rām 7 65 34 -5 Abortion, बालाश्च न प्रमीयन्ते विकृत न च जायते Ms 9 247

विकृतिः f 1 Change (as of purpose, mind, form &c), चित्तविकृति, अङ्गुलीयक सुवर्णस्य विकृति &c, प्रकृतिविकृति-भिरनुसवनम् Bhāg 5 7 5 -2 An unnatural or accidental circumstance, an accident, मरण प्रकृति शरीरिणा विकृति-ज्वितमुच्यते बुधै R 8 87 -3 Sickness -4 Excitement, perturbation, anger, rage, सावलेपमुपलिप्सिते परैरभ्युपैति विकृति रजस्यपि Kī 13 56, U 5 29, Śi 15 11, 40 -5 Emotion, सत्त्वानामपि लक्ष्यते विकृतिमचित्त भयक्रोधयोः S 2 5 -6 A sudden seizure or affection -7 Fermented liquor, see विकार and विक्रिया also -8 Hostility -9 A phantom, spectre -10 Abortion -11 (In gram) A derivative

विकृष्ट 1 P 1 To draw, pull. -2 To bend (as a bow), शरासन तेषु विकृष्यतामिदम् S 6 28 -3 To deprive of, withhold, keep back -4 To destroy, ruin. -5 To lead (an army) -6 To plough

विकर्षः 1 Drawing asunder, pulling apart -2 An arrow

विकर्षणः N of one of the five arrows of Cupid -णम् 1 Drawing, dragging, pulling asunder -2 A cross throw -3 Abstinence from food -4 Searching

सं. इ. को ... १०९

विकृष्ट p p 1 Dragged asunder, pulled hither and thither -2 Drawn, pulled, drawn towards or attracted -3 Extended, protracted -4 Making a noise, (see कृष् with वि) -Comp -सीमान्त a having extended boundaries, ग्रामान् विकृष्टसीमान्तान् Rām 2 49 3

विकृष्ट 6 P 1 To scatter, throw about, strew or spread about, व्यकीर्यत त्र्यम्बकपादमूले पुष्पोच्चय पल्लवभङ्गमिन् Ku 3 61, Kī 2 59, Bk 1 3, 14 25 -2 To split, cut to pieces, असिर्गात्र गात्र सपदि लवशस्ते विकिरितु Mal 5 34 -3 To pollute, contaminate -4 To dissolve, एतयो वेद निहित गुहाया सोऽविद्याग्रन्थि विकिरिताह Munda 2 1 10 -5 To pour out -6 To heave (a sigh)

विकिरः 1 A scattered portion or fallen bit -2 One who tears or scatters, a bird, कङ्कालीफलजग्धिमुग्धविकिर-व्याहारिणस्तद्भुवो भागा Mal 6 19 -3 A well -4 A tree -5 A scattered portion of rice (offered to hostile beings in a sacrifice), उच्छिष्ट भागधेय स्याद्भुवो विकिरश्च य Ms 3 245 -6 Water trickled through, Suśr

विकिरणम् 1 Scattering, throwing about, dispersing. -2 Spreading abroad -3 Tearing up -4 Killing (हिसन) -5 Knowledge -णः The Arka tree

विकीर्ण p p 1 Scattered, dispersed -2 Diffused -3 Celebrated -4 Dishevelled (as hair) -णम् A particular fault in pronouncing vowels -Comp -केशा, -मूर्धजा a tearing the hair, having dishevelled hair, विल्लाप विकीर्णमूर्धजा Ku 4 4. -झम् a kind of perfume

विकल्प 1 A 1 To doubt, be doubtful, कथंचिन् विकल्पन्ते विद्वद्भिश्चिन्तिता नया Pt 1 339 -2 To be optional -Caus 1 To doubt, question, एव कृष्णसख कृष्णा भ्रात्रा राज्ञा विकल्पित Bhāg 1 15 1 -2 To consider, reflect upon, सखीनियोगोऽपि विकल्प्यते S 3 -3 To presume, conjecture -4 To prepare or arrange differently -5 To make, form -6 To exchange -7 To admit as optional -8 To state a dilemma -9 To reflect upon

विकल्पः 1 Doubt, uncertainty, indecision, hesitation, तत् सिधेवे नियोगेन स विकल्पपराङ्मुख R 17 49 -2 Suspicion, Mu 1 -3 Contrivance, art, सायाविकल्पपरचित् R 13 75 -4 Option, alternative (in gram), तुल्यार्थयोर्हि तुल्यविषययो-र्विकल्पो भवति न नानार्थयोः SB on MS 10 6 33 -5 Sort, variety, दण्डविकल्प Ms 9 228, भूषणानां विकल्पम् Me 76 -6 An error, a mistake, ignorance -7 Distinction, एव सुरासुरगणा समदेशकालहेत्वर्थकर्ममतयोऽपि फलेऽविकल्पा Bhāg 8 9 28 -8 A division of Kalpa, यावान् कल्पो विकल्पो वा यथा कालोऽनुमीयते Bhāg 2 8 12 -9 A god, वैकारिको विकल्पानाम् Bhāg 10 85 11 -10 Origin (उत्पत्ति), आत्मा केवल आत्मस्यो विकल्पापायलक्षण Bhāg 11 25 27 -11 Admission, statement -12 Fancy, imagination -13 Mental occupation -Comp -उपहार, an optional offering -जालम् a net-like indecision, a dilemma

विकल्पक a. A distributor, apportioner, Mb 3.

विकल्पनम् 1 Admitting of a doubt -2 Allowing an option -3 Indecision -4 Inconsideration

विकल्पित a 1 Prepared, arranged -2 Divided, manifold.

विकल्पिन् a 1 Possessing doubt -2 Versed in the Mimāṃsā

विकेश a (-शी f) 1 Having loose hair -2 Having no hair, bald (as head) -शी 1 A woman with loose hair -2 A woman without hair -3 A small tress of hair tied up separately and then collected into the larger braid or *Vens* -4 N of the wife of Śiva in the form of the Earth (one of the 8 forms of Śiva, cf यामाहु सर्वभूतप्रकृति S 1 1) -Comp -तारका a comet

विकेशिका Lant, Suśr

विकोश, -ष a 1 Without husk -2 Unsheathed, uncovered, विकोशनिर्धोततनोर्महासे K1 17 45, R 7 48

विक्रः A young elephant (in the tenth (?) year) M W gives twenty years old, विक्रो विशतिवर्ष स्यात् Abh Chin 1220, Mātanga L 5 11, विकैरिव महागज Dharmābhyudaya-mahākāvya 2 25

विक्रम् 1 Ā 1 To walk along or through, विष्णुत्वे वा विक्रमे 'took 3 steps', जले विक्रममाणाय हनुमान् शतयोजनम् Bk 8 24 -2 To assail, overcome, conquer -3 To cleave, split open (P) -4 To advance, proceed -5 To show prowess or valour, तत्प्रहरणान्याच्छिद्य विक्रामत Māl 8 9.

विक्रम. 1 A step, stride, pace, गतेषु लीलाञ्छितविक्रमेषु Ku 1 84, S 7 6, निष्पेषवन्त्यायतविक्रमाणि (सप्तपदानि) Bu Ch 1 33, Mb 7 49 5, cf त्रिविक्रम -2 Stepping over, walking, going, gait, तत् सुमन्त्रस्त्वरित गत्वा त्वरितविक्रम Rām 1 8 5, गतै सहैव कलहसविक्रमम् K1 8 29 -3 Overcoming, overpowering -4 Heroism, prowess, heroic valour, अनुत्सेक खलु विक्रमालकार V 1, R 12 87, 98 -5 N of a celebrated king of Ujjayinī -6 N of Viṣṇu -7 Strength, power -8 Intensity -9 Stability -10 A kind of grave accent -11 Non-change of the विसर्ग into an उष्मन् -12 The third astrological house -Comp. -अर्कः, -आदित्यः see विक्रम -कर्मन् n a heroic deed, feat of valour -शीलः N of a monastery, Buddh -स्थानम् a promenade

विक्रमणम् A stride (of Viṣṇu), छलयसि विक्रमणे बलि-मद्भुतवामन Gīt 1 -2 Heroism -3 (With Pāśupatas) Supernatural power

विक्रमितम् Prowess, निष्पेततु परमविक्रमितातिवैपस्कन्धप्रवाल-विटपौ कृतचण्डशब्दौ Bhāg 10 10 27

विक्रमिन् a. 1 Chivalrous, heroic -2 Powerful, strong -m 1 A lion -2 A hero -3 An epithet of Viṣṇu.

विक्रान्त p p 1 Stepped or passed beyond -2 Powerful, heroic, valiant, chivalrous, युधामन्युश्च विक्रान्त Bg 1 6, K1 16 2 -3 Victorious, overpowering (one's enemies) -न्तः 1 A hero, warrior -2 A lion -3 N of a kind of सधि which leaves विसर्ग unchanged -न्तम् 1 A pace, stride, तद्विक्रान्तैर्विजितानीह त्रीणि Mb 13 158 20 -2 Heroism, valour, prowess -3 The jewel called वैक्रान्त -4 A kind of intoxicating drink

विक्रान्तिः f 1 Stepping, striding -2 A horse's gallop or canter -3 Heroism, valour, prowess

विक्रान्त a Valiant, victorious -m 1 A lion -2 A hero, victor

विक्रान्तः The moon

विक्रिया 1 Change, modification, alteration, स्मश्रु-प्रवृद्धिजनिताननविक्रियान् R 13. 71, 10 17 -2 Agitation, excitement, perturbation, excitement of passion, अथ तेन निगृह्य विक्रियामभिज्ञप्त फलमेतदन्वभूत् Ku 4 41, 3 34 -3 Anger, wrath, displeasure, साधो प्रकोपितस्यापि मनो नायाति विक्रियाम् Subhāṣ, लिङ्गैर्मुद सवृत्तविक्रियास्ते R 7 30, किमकारणमस्मासु गतवानसि विक्रियाम् Bm 1 911 -4 Reverse, evil, विक्रियायै न कल्पन्ते सबन्धा सद्नुष्ठिता Ku 6 29 (विक्रियायै=वैकल्योत्पादनाय Malli) -5 Knitting, contraction (of the eyebrows), ध्रुविक्रियाया विरतप्रसंगे Ku 3 47 -6 Any sudden movement, as in रोमविक्रिया V 1 12 'thrill' -7 A sudden affection or seizure, disease -8 Violation, violation (of the proper duties), इत्याप्त-वचनाद्रामो विनेत्यन वर्णविक्रियाम् R 15 48 -9 A preparation or dish of rice &c -10 Injury, harm -11 Extinction (of a lamp) -Comp -उपमा a kind of Upamā mentioned by Dandin, see चन्द्रविम्बादिवोक्तीर्ण पद्मगर्भादिवोद्धृतम् । तच्च तन्वञ्जि वदनमित्यसौ विक्रियोपमा ॥ Kāv. 2 41

विक्री 9 Ā 1 To sell (Ātm in this sense), गवा शत-सहस्रेण विक्रीणीषे सुत यदि Rām, विक्रीणीत तिलाञ्जुदानम् Ms 10 90, 8 197, 222, Śānti 1 12 -2 To barter, exchange, नाकस्माच्छाण्डिलीमाता विक्रीणीति तिलैस्त्रिलान् Pt 2 65

विक्रयः 1 Sale, selling, यासा नाददते शुल्क ज्ञातयो न स विक्रय Ms 3 54 -2 The selling price, Ms 7 127 -3 The market, विक्रयाद्यो धन किञ्चिद् गृह्णीयात् कुलसनिधौ Ms 8 201 -Comp -अनुशयः rescission of a sale, Ms 8 5 -पत्रम् a bill of sale, sale-deed -वीथिः market

विक्र (क्रा) यिकः, -विक्रयिन् m A dealer, seller, vendor

विक्रायक a. Selling, उत्रविक्रायक ध्रुवम् Rām 2 12 78.

विक्रीत p p Sold, विक्रीते करिणि किमङ्कुशे विवाद Su- bhāṣ -तम् Sale, योगाधमनविक्रीतम् Ms 8 165

विक्रीय a Saleable, vendible (as an article), Y. 2 246

विक्रीडः 1 A playing ground -2 A plaything, toy.

विकृश 1 P 1 To call aloud, cry out loudly, आक्रोश विक्रोश लपाधिचण्डम् Mk 1 41, Bk 14 42, 16 32 -2 To utter (with acc) -3 To call out to (with acc) -4 To resound -5 To abuse, revile, censure

विकृष्ट p p 1 Exclaimed, cried out -2 Harsh, cruel, unkind -3 Offensive, (परित्यजेत्) धर्मं चाप्यसुखोदकं लोकविकृष्टमेव च Ms 4 176 -ष्टम् 1 A cry for help, विकृष्टे नाभिवाक् Y 2 234 -2 Abuse

विक्रोशः, -विक्रोशनम् 1 Calling out, exclaiming, वृष्टतो द्रौपदी सविक्रोशम् Mb 14 66 13 -2 Abusing

विक्रोष्टु m 1 One who calls out for help, अकारणे च विक्रोष्टा Y 2 234 -2 A reviler

विकृव a 1 Overcome with fear, startled, alarmed, frightened, आचकाङ्क्ष घनशब्दविकृवा R 19 38, Ku 4 11 -2 Timid, तोयोत्सर्गस्तनितमुखरो मा च भूर्विकृवास्ता Me 39 -3 Affected by, overcome with, निसर्गदुर्बोधम-बोधविकृवा क भूपतीना चरित क जन्तव Ki 1 6 -4 Agitated, excited, confused, bewildered, प्रतिषेधाक्षरविद्वाभिरामम् S 3 24 -5 Distressed, afflicted, grieved, निराकरणविद्वाया प्रियाया S 6, Si 12 63, Ku 4 39, सुतविकृवाय राज्ञे Bu Ch 1 86 -6 Disgusted with, averse from, मृगयाविकृव चेत S 2 -7 Faltering, प्रस्थानविकृवगतेरवलम्बनार्थम् S 5 3 -वम् 1 Agitation, bewilderment, किमिदं देवि करोषि हृदि विकृवम् Rām 2 44 25 -2 Fear, गतविकृव Rām 7 32 45

विकृवता Timidity, भवति हि विकृवता गुणोऽज्ञानानाम् Si 7 43

विकृवितम् Despondent language.

विकृन्न p p 1 Very moist, thoroughly wetted -2 Decayed, withered up -3 Old

विकृष्ट p p 1 Excessively afflicted, distressed -2 Injured, destroyed -ष्टम् A fault in pronunciation

विकृदः 1 Wetting thoroughly, उरीषमूत्रविकृदम् (गर्भ-वासम्) Mb 12 213 6 -2 Wetness, moisture -3 Dis-
solution

विकृदनम् The act of softening (by cooking or boiling)

विकृलेशः An incorrect pronunciation of the dentals

विक्षत p p 1 Torn asunder, wounded, hurt, struck, विक्षत चायसैर्बाणैर्मत्प्रयुक्तैरजिह्वै Mb 3 173 30 -2 Beaten, stamped, महीं महाकङ्कसाय कम्पयन् खुरविक्षताम् Bhāg 10 36 1 -3 Affected, seized, स राजा शापविक्षत Rām 7 54 4 -तम् Wounding, a wound

विक्षावः 1 Cough, sneezing -2 A sound, विक्षावैस्तोय-विश्राव तर्जयन्तो महोदधे Bk 7 36

विक्षित a Miserable, wretched

विक्षिप् 6 P 1 To throw about, scatter -2 To throw, cast -3 To divert -4 To distract -5 To extend, stretch out -6 To reject, discard -7 To press against -8 To toss about -9 To prepare, make up -10 To bend (a bow), all these last four meanings can be seen in the following verse —रक्षासि वक्षासि च विक्षिपन्ति गात्राणि कान्तासु च विक्षिपन्ति । रूपाणि चित्राणि च विक्षिपन्ति दृढानि चापानि च विक्षिपन्ति ॥ Rām 5 5 12.

विक्षित p p 1 Scattered, thrown about, dispersed, cast about -2 Discarded, dismissed -3 Sent, despatched -4 Distracted, bewildered, agitated, प्रविक्षित चेत प्रविशति च मोहान्धतमसम् Māl 9 8 -5 Refuted, (see क्षिप् with वि) -6 Extended, spread out, विक्षितौ राक्षसेन्द्रस्य मुजाविन्द्रध्वजोपमौ Rām 5 10 15, 18 -तम् One of the चित्त-भूमि in the Yogasāstra, क्षिप्त मूढ विक्षितमेकाग्र निरुद्धमिति चित्त-भूमय । Yogasūtrabhāṣya

विक्षेपः 1 Throwing away or asunder, scattering about -2 Casting, throwing, discharging (opp सहार), सहारविक्षेपसहस्रकोटीस्तिष्ठन्ति जीवा Mb 12 280 30, सहारविक्षेप-लघुक्रियेण R 5 45 -3 Waving, moving about, shaking, moving to and fro, बाहुविक्षेपकरणा समुद्यम्य महागदाम् Rām 7 32 41 लाङ्गूल° Ku 1 13 -4 Sending, despatching -5 Distraction, confusion, perplexity, Māl 1 -6 Alarm, fear -7 Refutation of an argument -8 Polar latitude -9 Looking about vaguely or wildly -10 Neglecting (time) -11 Extension, projection -12 A kind of weapon -Comp -ध्रुव. (in astr) the greatest inclination of a planet's orbit -शक्तिः f (in Vedānta phil) the power of Māyā (अविद्या)

विक्षेपणम् 1 Throwing, casting, discharging -2 Despatching, sending -3 Scattering, dispersing -4 Confusion, perplexity

विक्षीणकः 1 N of the chief of a class of beings attending on Śiva -2 An assembly of the gods -3 A destroyer -4 A place from which flesh-eaters are excluded

विक्षीरः The Arka tree

विक्षुम् 1 A, 4, 9 P 1 To be greatly agitated or disturbed -2 To confuse, disturb, perplex -Caus To agitate, disturb, confuse &c

विक्षोभः 1 Shaking, agitation, movement, वीचि° R 1 43 -2 Agitation of mind, distraction, alarm -3 Conflict, struggle -4 Tearing open, सुरारिवक्षोविक्षोभजासृक् Si 3. 7.

विख, विखु, विख्य, } a Noseless -Comp. -नस् m
विख, विख, विग्र } an epithet of Brahman, विख-नसार्थितो विखगुणये सख उदेयिवान् सावता कुले Bhāg 10 31 4

विखण्डित p p 1 Broken up, divided -2 Cleft in two -3 Disfigured, mutilated, शत्रैरपि विखण्डिता (न वश योषितो यान्ति) Pt 4 89 -4 Refuted,

विखानसः A kind of hermit

विखासा The tongue

विखुरः 1 A demon, goblin -2 A thief

विखेद a Fresh, alert

विख्या 2 P 1 To be well-known or famous -2 To look at, see -3 To call, name -4 To celebrate -5 To make visible, illuminate -Caus To proclaim, announce, publish

विख्यात p p 1 Renowned, well known, celebrated, famous -2 Called, named -3 Avowed, confessed

विख्यातिः f Celebrity, fame, reputation

विख्यापनम् 1 Publishing, proclaiming -2 Explanation -3 Confessing, acknowledging

विगण् 10 P 1 To number, compute, वायवीयैर्विगण्यन्ते विभक्ता परमाणव Y 3 104 -2 To regard, consider, नन्वात्मानं बहु विगणयन्नात्मनैवावलम्बे Me 111, R 1 87 -3 To disregard, not to mind -4 To reflect, think, विगणय्य कारणमनेकगुणम् K1 6 37, किमपि विगणयन्तो बुद्धिमन्तः सहन्ते Pt 3 43

विगणनम् 1 Reckoning, computing, calculation -2 Considering, deliberating -3 Paying off a debt, P I 3 36

विगद a Healthy, well

विगन्ध a 1 Having a bad smell -2 Odourless

विगन्धकः The tree called इङ्गुदी

विगम् 1 P To pass away (as time &c), सध्ययापि सपदि व्यगमि Si 9 17 -2 To go away, depart -3 To vanish, disappear, सलज्जाया लज्जा व्यगमदिव दूर मृगदृश Git 11, मोहोऽयं विगतो मम Bg 11 1 -4 To die -Caus To spend, pass, विगमयत्युन्निद्र एव क्षपा S 6 4

विगत p p 1 Departed, gone away, disappeared -2 Parted, separated -3 Dead, विगन तु विदेशस्थं शृणुयाद्यो ह्यनिदेशम् Ms 5 75 -4 Destitute or devoid of, free from (in comp), विगतमद -5 Lost -6 Dark, obscured -ता A girl in love with another (hence unfit for marriage) -तम् The flight of birds -Comp -असु a dead -आर्तवा a woman past child bearing (in whom the menstrual discharge has ceased) -कल्मष a sinless, pure -कृम a relieved from fatigue, Ms 7 151 -भी a fearless, intrepid -लक्षण a unlucky, inauspicious -श्रीक a unfortunate -स्पृह a indifferent, void of desire

विगमः 1 Departure, disappearance, cessation, end, चारुतुल्यविगमे च तन्मुखम् R 19 15, ईतिविगम M 5 20, Rs 6 23 -2 Abandoning, करणाविगमात् Me 57 (देहत्यागात्) -3 Loss, destruction -4 Death -5 Separation, यथा क्रीडोपस्कराणां सयोगविगमाविह Bhāg 1 13 43 -

विगरः 1 A naked ascetic -2 A mountain -3 An abstemious man (abstaining from eating)

विगर्ह 1 U. 1 To blame, censure, reproach, त विगर्हन्ति साधव Ms 9 68, 3 46, 11 53 -2 To despise, contemn

विगर्हणम्, -णा, विगर्हा Censure blame, reproach, abuse, यदि भीष्मं स्त्रियं हन्यात् सन्तं कुयुर्विगर्हणम् Mb 5 192 69, प्राप्ता नाम विगर्हणा स्थितिमता मध्येऽनुजानामपि Ve 1 12

विगर्हित p p 1 Censured, reviled, abused -2 Disdained -3 Condemned, reprobated, prohibited -4 Low, vile -5 Bad, wicked -तम् Censure -Comp -आचार a of reprehensible conduct, एतान् विगर्हिताचारान् पाङ्कतेयान् द्विजाधमान् Ms 3 167

विगल् 1 P 1 To drop down, get loose, रतिविगलित-बन्धे केशहस्ते सुकेश्या V 4 10 -2 To ooze or trickle -3 To vanish, disappear -4 To melt away, be dissolved

विगलित p p 1 Trickled, oozed -2 Disappeared, gone away, मयि विगलितप्रत्याशत्वाद्वाहविधे पुरा Mal 9 11 -3 Fallen or dropped down -4 Melted away, dissolved -5 Dispersed -6 Slackened, untied -7 Loose, dishevelled, disordered (as hair)

विगाह 1 A To plunge or dive into, bathe, (दीर्घिका) स व्यगाहत् विगाहमन्मथ R 19 9 -2 To enter, penetrate into, pervade (fig also), विषमोऽपि विगाह्यते नय कृततीर्थं पयसामिवाशय K1 2 3, R 13 1, Mu 1 26 -3 To stir about, agitate, विगाह्यमाना सरयू च नौभि R 14 30 -4 To follow, practise, तथा मुनीनां चरितं व्यगाह्यत Ku 5 19 -5 To approach, set in (as season &c)

विगाढ p p 1 Plunged into, bathed, immersed, पुरो विगाढा सखिर्मिरुत्वत् K1 8 30, 31 -2 Deep, excessive

विगाहः Plunging into, bathing, diving, विगाहं तूष्णि तविषीभिरावृतम् Rv 3 3 5

विगुण a 1 Destitute of merits, worthless, bad, श्रेयान्-स्वधर्मो विगुण परधर्मात् स्वदुष्टितात् Bg 3 35, Si 9 12, Mu 6 11 -2 Destitute of qualities -3 Having no string, विगुणीकृतकार्मुकोऽपि जेतुं सुवि जेतव्यमसौ समर्थ एव Mu 7 11 -4 Unfruitful, विगुणानि च पश्यन्ति Mb 12 269 37

विगूढ p p 1 Secret, concealed, hidden -2 Reproached, censured -Comp -चारित्र a proceeding or acting secretly, Ms 9 260

विगौ 1 P 1 To censure, reproach, blame, विगीयसे मन्मथदेहदाहिना N 1 79, विगायति च यो लोके यवनानां विलोकनम् Śiva B 19 30 -2 To sing in a discordant tone

विगानम् 1 Censure, reproach, defamation, scandal -2 A contradictory statement, contradiction, inconsistency, यत् पुनः कारणाविषयं विगानं दर्शितं तत् परिहर्तव्यम् S B (and in several other places of the same work)

विगीत *p p* 1 Censured, abused, reviled -2 Contradictory, inconsistent, यथाधरोत्तरानर्थान् विगीतान्नावबुध्यते Ms 8 53 -3 Sung badly

विगीतिः *f* 1 Censure, abuse, reproach -2 Contradictory statement, contradiction

विग्रह 9 P 1 To hold or seize, catch hold of, विजगृहे तिसृणा जयिन पुराम् K1 18 12 -2 To quarrel, fight, contend, विग्रहा चक्रे नमुचिद्विषा बली य इत्यमस्वास्थ्यमहर्दिव दिव S1 1 51, Bk 6. 86, 17 23, K1 14 24 -3 To divide into parts, separate (into constituent members) -4 To dissolve, analyse, resolve in general -5 To receive, welcome (as a guest) -6 To perceive, observe -7 To stretch or spread out

विग्रहीत *p p* 1 Divided, dissolved, analysed, resolved (as a compound) -2 Seized -3 Encountered, opposed -4 Obstructed, stopped, see विग्रह above

विग्रहः 1 Stretching out, extension, expansion -2 Form, figure, shape, यथा लोहस्य नि स्यन्दो निषिक्तो बिम्ब-विग्रहम् Mb 14 18 9 -3 The body, त्रयी विग्रहवत्येव सम-मध्यात्मविद्यया M 1 14, गुढविग्रह R 3 39, 9 52, K1 4 11, 12 43 -4 Resolution, dissolution, analysis, separation (as of a compound word into its component parts), वृत्त्यर्थ- (समासार्थ) -बोधक वाक्य विग्रह -5 Quarrel, strife (often, love-quarrel or प्रणयकलह), विग्रहाच्च शयने पराङ्मुखीनानुनेतु-मबला स तत्वे R 19 38, 9 47, S1 11 35, शत्रौ मित्रे पुत्रे बन्धौ मा कुरु यत्न विग्रहसन्धौ Samkarāchārya -6 War, hostilities, fighting, battle (opp संधि), उग्राय विग्रहायास्मे त्वया प्रेषयता ह्यमुम् Siva B 17 35, one of the six Gunas or modes of policy, Ms 7 160, see गुण -7 Disfavour, अनुग्रह विग्रह वा मन्यसे तद्विधेहि न Bhāg 10 16 59 -8 A part, portion, division, परिमाण च कालस्य कल्पलक्षणविग्रहम् -Comp -अवरम् the back -इच्छु a eager for combat -ग्रहणम् the assumption of a form

विग्रहवत् *a* Having body, incarnate, embodied, M 1. 14

विग्रहिन् A minister of war

विग्रीव *a* Decapitated.

विघट् 1 A 1 To be disunited or separated -2 To be spoiled or ruined -3 To be stopped, break down -4 To assume various shapes, उपरि विघटमान प्रौढतापिच्छ-नील Māl 9 24, Mv 5 42 -Caus 1 To separate, disperse, tear apart, विघटयन्त्यग्रे नभोऽम्भोमुच Māl 5 2. -2 To remove, displace -3 To mar, frustrate

विघटनम् Breaking up, ruin, destruction, भ्रातृवक्ष-स्थलविघटने यच्च साक्षीकृतोऽसि Ve 5 38

विघटित *p p* 1 Separated, severed -2 Divided -3 Broken, shattered, पौलस्त्यस्य जटायुषा विघटित U 3 43

विघटिका A measure of time equal to one sixtieth part of a Ghatikā (or nearly equal to 24 seconds)

विघट् 10 U 1 To strike down, disperse, scatter, scare away, तदीयमातङ्गघटाविघटितै S1 1 64, Bh 3 54 -2 To rub, strike, rub against, कारण्डवाननविघटितवीचिमाला Rs 3 8, 4 9, विघटिताना सरलद्रुमाणाम् Ku 1 9, K1 8 45, S1 8 24, 13 41 -3 To break, violate (as an agreement) -4 To break asunder, burst open (as a door)

विघटनम्, -ना 1 Striking asunder -2 Striking against, friction -3 Separating, undoing, untying -4 Offending, hurting

विघटित *p p* 1 Struck apart, severed, separated, dispersed, आयुर्वयुविघटिताभ्रपटलीलीनाम्बुवद्भृगुरम् Bh 3 54 -2 Untied, loosened, opened -3 Rubbed, touched -4 Shaken about, churned -5 Hurt, offended

विघनः 1 A mallet, hammer -2 One who destroys, subdues or overpowers

विघसः 1 Half-chewed morsel, the residue or leavings of food eaten, विघसो मुक्तशेष तु Ms 3 285, तृयत्कालरालवक्त्रविघसव्याकीर्यमाणा इव U 5 6, Māl 5 14, बक-विघसपङ्कसारा न चिरात् कावेरि भवितासि Aryā S -2 Food in general, किमद्याश्चयामा तदरिचिधारासारविघस (कर्म विघातु) Ve 3 25 -सम् Bees'-wax -Comp -आशः, -आशिन् *m* one who eats the remains of an offering or food eaten (a crow, dog), आमिष विघसाशेन तद्द्राज्य हि नो हनम् Mb 3 33 4

विघसीकृतः, -भूतः Reduced to dregs, निपीय देवै-विघसीकृताया घृणा विघोरस्य दधे सुवायाम् N 22. 118, सोऽय प्राक्कवलग्रहस्य विघसीभूतेष्वपि क्षत्रियक्षुद्रेषु क्षुधितश्चिरेण परशुस्तेनाय-मन्विष्यते A R 4 22

विघातः 1 Destruction, removing, warding off, क्रिया-दधाना मघवा विघातम् K1 3 52 -2 Killing, slaying. -3 An obstacle, impediment, interruption, opposition, prevention, क्रियाविघाताय कथं प्रवर्तसे R 3 44, अश्वरविघात-शान्तये 11 1 -4 A blow, stroke -5 Abandoning, leaving -6 Failure, want of success -Comp. -सिद्धिः *f* the removal of obstacles

विघूणिका The nose

विघूर्णनम् Swaying to and fro

विघूर्णित *p p* 1 Rolled, shaken about, rolling (as eyes) -2 Agitated

विघृष्ट *p p* 1 Rubbed excessively -2 Sore

विघ्नः [विहन्-क] (rarely *n*) 1 An obstacle, interrup- tion, impediment, a hindrance, कुतो धर्मक्रियाविघ्न सता रक्षितरि त्वयि S 5 14, मूर्तो विघ्नस्तपस इव न S 1 32, हुकारेणैव घनुष स हि विघ्नानपोहति S 3 1, Ku 3 40 -2 Difficulty, trouble -Comp. -ईशः, -ईशानः, -ईश्वरः epi- thets of Ganesa; विघ्नेशो व स पायाद्विघ्नतिषु जलधीनं पुष्कराग्निं पीत्वा. वाहनम् a rat -कर, -कर्तृ, -कारिन् *a* opposing, obstructing -ध्वंसः, -विघातः removal of obstacles.

-नायकः, -नाशकः, -नाशनः epithets of Ganeśa -प्रति-
क्रिया removal of impediments, प्रतिशुश्राव काकुत्स्थस्तेभ्यो
विघ्नप्रतिक्रियाम् R 15 4 -राजः, -विनायकः, -हारिन् m
epithets of Ganeśa -सिद्धिः f removal of obstacles

विघ्नयति Den P To obstruct, hinder, impede,
oppose

विघ्नित a 1 Impeded, hindered, obstructed, opposed,
मुहुर्विघ्नितकर्माणम् (नालापयेत्) Pt 1 387 -2 Obscured,
blinded, रज कणैर्विघ्नितदृष्टिपाता Ku 3 31

विह्वः A horse's hoof

विच् 3, 7 U (वेवेक्ति, वेवेक्ते, विनक्ति, विवृक्ते, विक्) 1 To
separate, divide, sever -2 To discriminate, distinguish,
discern, प्र मे विविको अविदन् मनीषाम् Rv 3 57 1 -3 To
deprive of, remove from (with instr), शशास स बहून्
योयान् जीवितेन विवेच च Bk 14 108

विचकिलः [विशेषेण तर्पयति गन्धै Un 1 56] 1 A kind
of jasmine -2 N of the tree called Madana

विचक्ष् 2 Ā 1 To tell, announce -2 To show -3
To perceive, conjecture, परावरे ब्रह्मणि धर्मतो ब्रतै स्नातस्य मे
न्यूनमल विचक्ष Bhāg 1 5 7

विचक्षण a [Un 2 120 com] 1 Clear-sighted,
far seeing, circumspect, सुविचक्षण सुत H 1 20 -2 Wise,
clever, learned, विचक्षण प्रस्तुतमाचक्षे R 5 19 -3 Ex-
pert, skilful, able, सेवाविचक्षणहरीश्वरदत्तहस्त R 13 89
-णः A learned man, wise man, न दत्वा कस्यचित् कन्या
पुनर्दद्याद्विचक्षण Ms 9 71

विचक्षस् m A spiritual teacher, preceptor, cf Un.
4 240 com

विचक्षुस् a Blind, sightless -2 Perplexed, sad

विचद् 1 P To break (intr)

विचटनम् Breaking

विचन्द्र a Moonless (as a night)

विचर् 1 P To wander about, roam over (oft with
acc), इष्टान् देशान् विचर जलद Me 117, विचचार दावम्
R 2 8, Ku 3 31 -2 To do, perform, practise
-3 To act, deal, behave -4 To deviate from the right
path, go about wantonly, यन्मे माता प्रलुभे विचरन्त्य-
पतिव्रता Ms 9 20 -5 To pass through, pervade
-6 To attack, march against -7 To associate or have
intercourse with -8 To go badly, fail -9 To commit
a mistake, हविषि व्यचरतेन वषट्कार गुणन् द्विज Bhāg 9 1 15.
-10 To graze or feed upon -Caus 1 To think, reflect
or meditate upon, विचारमाणस्य विशुद्धभावना A Rām 7
5 45 -2 To discuss, call in question, debate, आज्ञा
गुरुणा हविचारणीया R. 14 46 -3 To calculate, estimate,
take into account, consider, परेषामात्मनश्चैव यो विचार्य
बलाबलम् Pt 3, सुविचार्य यत्कृतम् H 1 20 -4 To hesitate,
doubt -5 To examine, investigate -6 To seduce

विचर a Wandered, swerved from, न त्व धर्मं विचर
सज्जयेह मत्तश्च जानासि युधिष्ठिराच्च Mb 5 29 4

विचरणम् 1 Wandering. -2 Motion.

विचरितम् Wandering, roaming.

विचारः 1 Reflection, deliberation, thought, consid-
eration, विचारमार्गप्रहितेन चक्षुषा Ku 5 42. -2 Examination,
discussion, investigation, तत्त्वार्थविचार -3 Trial (of a
case), विषसलिलतुलामिप्राथिते मे विचारे Mk 9 43 -4 Judg-
ment, discrimination, discernment, exercise of reason,
विचारमूढ प्रतिभासि मे त्वम् R 2 47 -5 Decision, deter-
mination -6 Selection -7 Doubt, hesitation -8 Pru-
dence, circumspection -Comp -ञ्च a able to decide,
a judge -भूः f 1 a tribunal, seat of justice -2 parti-
cularly, the judgment-seat of Yama -मूढ a 1 Mistaken
in judgment -2 Foolish -शील a thoughtful,
considerate, prudent -स्थलम् 1 a tribunal. -2 logical
discussion

विचारक a Investigating, judging, परामृशन्तो लिङ्गानि
व्यभिचारविचारका Udb -कः 1 An investigator, a judge,
an examiner -2 A leader, guide -3 A spy

विचारणम् 1 Discussion, consideration, examination,
deliberation, investigation, तच्छृण्वन् विपठन् विचारणपरो भक्त्या
विमुच्येन्नर Bhāg 12 13 18 -2 Doubt, hesitation

विचारणा 1 Examination, discussion, investigation
-2 Reflection, consideration, thought -3 Hesitation,
doubt, भवित्री तत्र वैदेहि न मेऽस्यत्र विचारणा Mb 3 282 57,
14 58 21 -4 The Mīmāṃsā system of philosophy -5
Distinction, kind

विचारिका A household female servant

विचारित p p 1 Considered, inquired into, exami-
ned, discussed -2 Decided, determined, परत्रेति विचारितम्
Ms 11 28 -तम् Deliberation, thought

विचारिन् a 1 Roaming, wandering, लोकालोकविचारि-
चारणगणैरुद्गीयमान यश Nāg 5 18 -2 Dissolute, wanton
-3 Deliberating, judging

विचर्चिका, विचर्ची Itch, scab, एक कुष्ठ स्मृत पूर्वं गजचर्म
तन स्मृतम्। ततश्चर्मदल प्रोक्तं ततश्चापि विचर्चिका ॥ Bhāva P

विचर्चित a Anointed, smeared

विचर्मन् Shieldless

विचर्षण a Very active, शरीर मे विचर्षणम् T Up 1 4 1

विचल 1 P 1 To shake, tremble, move, पतति पतत्रे
विचलति पत्रे शङ्कितभवदुपयानम् Git 5 -2 To go, proceed,
set out -3 To be agitated or disturbed, be rough,
(as the sea), व्यचालीदम्भसा पति Bk 15 70 -4 To
deviate, swerve, नादण्ड्यो नाम राज्ञोऽस्ति धर्माद्विचलित स्वकात्
Y 1 358 -5 To fall off or down -Caus 1 To shake,
move, wave -2 To cause to swerve, lead away from

-3 To excite, agitate, stir up -4 To destroy, rescind, annul -5 To transgress, violate, अनिष्ट चाप्यनिष्ठेषु त धर्मं न विचालयेत् Ms 7 13

विचल *a* 1 Moving about, shaking, wavering, tottering, unsteady (fig also) -2 Conceited, proud

विचलनम् 1 Moving, wandering from place to place, महद्विचलनं नृणां गृहिणा दीनचेतसाम् (नि श्रेयसाय कल्पते) Bhāg 10 8 4 -2 Deviation -3 Unsteadiness, fickleness -4 Conceit, pride

विचलित *a* 1 Deviated, departed, Māl 5 1 -2 Obscured, blinded

विचाल *a* Intervening, intermediate -लः 1 Separating, putting apart, P V 3 43 -2 Interval

विचालित्वम् Indefiniteness, unsteadiness, variability, सवत्सरो विचालित्वात् MS 6 7 38

विचालिन् *a* Unsteady, indefinite (in signification), variable, विचाली हि सवत्सराब्दं साधनोऽपि गणितदिवसकं शीतोष्णवर्षलक्षणोऽपि चान्द्रमसोऽपि SB on MS 6 7 38

विचि 5 U 1 To collect, gather, bring together, store up, सुवर्णपुष्पितां पृथ्वीं विचिन्वन्ति त्रयो जना । शूरश्च कृत-विद्यश्च यश्च जानाति सेवितुम् ॥ Pt 1 45, 36 -2 To search for, look out for, विचितश्चैष समन्तात् श्मशानवाट Māl 5, R 12 61, 13 23, प्रियतमा विचिन्वन् V 4 -3 To seek, investigate, examine, reflect upon, नालेन सलिले मूलं पुष्करस्य विचिन्वन्तं Bhāg 3 9 37, ज्योतिर्मयं विचिन्वन्ति योगिनस्त्वा विमुक्तये R 10 23, K 1 16 1 -4 To separate, discern, distinguish -5 To disarrange -6 To select, choose -7 To destroy, efface -8 Ved To clear, prepare (as a way)

विचयः 1 Search, seeking, looking out for, तुरगविचय-व्यग्रान् U 1 23 -2 Investigation

विचयनम् Searching, seeking &c

विचित *p p* Searched, searched through

विचितिः *f* 1 Searching, search, seeking for -2 Inquiry, investigation

विचिः *m, f*, **विची** *f* A wave, cf वीचि

विचिकित्सा 1 Doubt, hesitation, uncertainty, येयं प्रेते विचिकित्सा मनुष्ये अस्तीत्येके नायमस्तीति चैके Kath Up 1 1 20, Bri Up 1 5 3, तुभ्यं महद्विचिकित्सायामात्मा मे दर्शितो बहि Bhāg 3 9 37 -2 Mistake, error -3 Finding out the real state (तत्त्वनिर्णय), द्रव्यस्य विचिकित्सार्थं गुणदोषौ शुभाशुभौ Bhāg 11 21 3

विचिकित्सित Doubtful, विचिकित्सितमेतन्मे ब्रवीतु भगवान् यथा Bhāg 2 4 10

विचित्र *a*. 1 Diversified, variegated, spotted, speckled, इयमुद्ग्रथते सज्जो विचित्रा Mu 1. 4 -2 Various, varied. -3 Painted. -4 Beautiful, lovely, कचिद्विचित्र

जलयन्त्रमन्दिरम् Rs 1 2 -5 Wonderful, surprising, strange, हतविधिलसितानां ही विचित्रो विपाकः Si 11 64 -अः The Asoka tree -आ A white deer -अम् 1 Variegated colour -2 Surprise -3 A figure of speech (implying apparently the reverse of the meaning intended) -Comp -अङ्ग *a* having a spotted body (-ङ्गः) 1 a peacock -2 tiger -अन्नम् *a* kind of rice food (Mar खिचडी) -देह *a* having a lovely body (-हः) a cloud -रूप *a* diverse -वर्षिन् raining here and there -वीर्यः N of a king of the lunar race [He was a son of Santanu by his wife Satyawatī and so half-brother of Bhisma. When he died childless, his mother called Vyāsa (her own son before her marriage), and requested him to raise up issue to Vichitravīrya in accordance with the practice of Niyoga. He complied with the request, and begot on Ambikā and Ambālikā, the two widows of his brother, two sons Dhritarāstra and Pandu respectively.]

विचित्रकः The birch tree -कम् Wonder, astonishment, surprise

विचित्रित *a* 1 Coloured, painted -2 Adorned, decorated

विचिन्त 10 U 1 To think, consider -2 To think of, ponder over, call to mind, विचिन्तयन्ती यमनयमानसा S 4 1 -3 To take into consideration, have regard to, regard, अस्मान् साधु विचिन्त्य समयमनामुचैः कुलं चात्मनः S 4 17 -3 To intend, fix upon, determine -5 To devise, find out, discover -6 To imagine -7 To perceive, observe (Ved)

विचिन्तनम्, विचिन्ता 1 Thought, thinking -2 Care for anything

विचिन्वत्कः 1 Search -2 Investigation -3 A hero

विचीर्ण *a* 1 Occupied by, wandered through, देवैः पूर्वं विचीर्णानि मुनिभिश्च महात्मभिः Mb 3 156 3 -2 Entered

विचेतन *a* 1 Senseless, lifeless, unconscious, dead -2 Inanimate, प्रमदा पतिवर्मणा इति प्रतिपन्नं हि विचेतनैरपि Ku 4 33 -3 Perplexed, confounded, एवमुक्तं स मुनिना महीपालो विचेतनं प्रत्याख्यानाय चाशक्त Mb 3 97 3 -4 Ignorant, foolish

विचेतस् *a* 1 Senseless, stupid, ignorant; Bg 9 12 -2 Perplexed, confounded, sad, सर्वे च ते बाष्पकला साधु-नेत्रा विचेतसः Rām 7 40 29 -3 Malevolent, wicked

विचेयम् Investigation.

विचेष्ट 1 A 1 To stir, move, be in motion, move about. -2 To act, behave -3 To exert oneself, strive, try -4 To roll, wallow, struggle, writhe

विचेष्ट *a*. Motionless.

विचेष्टनम् 1 Moving the limbs -2 Kicking, rolling (said of horses)

विचेष्टा 1 Effort, exertion -2 Movement -3 Conduct, behaviour

विचेष्टित p p 1 Striven, tried, struggled -2 Examined, investigated -3 Misdone, done foolishly -तम् 1 An act, a deed, न हि मे दृष्टवत्तरुतिरस्ति तेषां विचेष्टितम् Mb 3 160 6 -2 Effort, movement, undertaking, enterprise -3 Gesture -4 Working, sensation, play, किमपि चेदमनङ्गविचेष्टितम् V 2 9 -5 Machination

विच्छ I 6 P (विच्छति, also विच्छयति-ते) To go, move -II 10 U (विच्छयति-ते) 1 To shine -2 To speak

विच्छन्दः, विच्छन्दकः A palace, a large building having several stories (ईश्वरगृह)

विच्छन्दकः A palace, see विच्छन्द above

विच्छन्दनम्, विच्छर्दिका Vomiting, ejecting

विच्छर्दित p p 1 Vomited, ejected -2 Neglected, disregarded -3 Given up, abandoned, left, Māl 7, U 1 -4 Marred, impaired, lessened, Māl 7

विच्छाय a 1 Shadowless -2 Pale, dim, विलोक्यो-द्विमहदयो विच्छायमनुज नृप Bhāg 1 14 24, पश्याञ्जानि विनि-जितानि सहसा गच्छन्ति विच्छायताम् Ratn 1 24 -यः A gem, jewel -यम् The shadow of a flock of birds, also विच्छाया, विच्छायाभिः प्रधावन्तो गच्छन्तः साधुहसकैः Bhāg 10 12 8

विच्छिद् 7 U 1 To cut off, break, tear asunder, divide, यदर्थं विच्छिन्नं भवति कृतसधानमिव तत् S 1 9, R 16 20, Bh 1 96 -2 To interrupt, break off, terminate, end, destroy, make extinct (as a family), विच्छिद्यमानऽपि कुले परस्य Bk 3 52, विच्छिन्नेषु पथिष्वह परिणतो भ्रान्ते समुत्सर्पति Amaru 76

विच्छिन्तिः f 1 (a) Cutting off or asunder, tearing off, न भ्यात पदमीश्वरस्य विधिवत् ससारविच्छिन्नये Bh 3 11 (b) Breaking off, fracture -2 Dividing, separating -3 Disappearance, absence, loss, wanting, विच्छिन्तिर्नवचन्दनेन वपुषः S 1 16 84 -4 Cessation -5 Colouring the body with paints and unguents, painting colours, rouge, विच्छिन्तिशेषे सुरसुन्दरीणाम् S 7 5, S 1 16 84 -6 Limit, boundary (of a house &c.) -7 A pause in a verse, caesura -8 A particular kind of amorous gesture, consisting in carelessness in dress and decoration (through pride of personal beauty), स्तोकाप्याकल्परचना विच्छिन्ति कान्तिपोषकृत् S D 138

विच्छिन्न p p 1 Torn asunder, cut off -2 Broken, severed, divided, separated, यदर्थं विच्छिन्नं भवति कृतसधान-मिव तत् S 1 9 -3 Interrupted, prevented -4 Ended, ceased, terminated -5 Variegated -6 Hidden -7 Smeared or painted with unguents -8 Crooked, curved. -Comp -प्रसर a having its progress interrupted.

-मद्य a one who has long abstained from liquor -शरपातत्वम् excessive nearness of combatants to each other

विच्छेदः 1 Cutting asunder, cutting, dividing, separation, किं वा भणामि विच्छेददारुणायासकारिणि Māl 6 11 -2 Breaking, विच्छेदः सहृदययेव हारयष्टा S 1 8 51 -3 Break, interruption, cessation, discontinuance, विच्छेदमाप भुवि यस्तु कथाप्रबन्ध K, पिण्डविच्छेददार्शिन R 1 66 -4 Removal, prohibition -5 Dissension -6 A section, or division of a book -7 Interval, space -8 Interruption in family succession, failure of issue -9 Distinction, difference, variety

विच्छेदनम् Cutting off, breaking &c, see विच्छेद

विच्छिर् 6 P 1 To smear, anoint, cover, coat, मन-शिलविच्छुरिता निषेदु Ku 1 55, Oh P 11, V 4 42 -2 To set, inlay

विच्छुरणम् Besprinkling, powdering

विच्छुरित p p 1 Covered, overspread, coated -2 Inlaid -3 Besmeared, anointed

विच्यु 1 Ā. 1 To deviate or swerve from -2 To fall to pieces -3 To err, make mistake -Caus To throw down or destroy

विच्युत p p 1 Fallen down, slipped off -2 Displaced, thrown down from -3 Deviated or swerving from -4 Separated from the living part, sloughed -5 Failed, perished, lost

विच्युतिः f 1 Falling down from, severance, separation -2 Decline, decay, downfall -3 Deviation -4 Mis- carriage, failure, as in गर्भविच्युति

विज् I 3 U (वेवेकि, वेविके, विक) 1 To separate, divide -2 To distinguish, discern, discriminate (usual-ly with वि and allied to विच् with वि q v) -II 6 Ā, 7 P (विजते, विनाकि, विम) 1 To shake, tremble -2 To be agitated, tremble with fear -3 To fear, be afraid, चक्रन्द विमा कुररीव भूय R 14 68 -4 To be distressed or afflicted -Caus (वेजयति-ते) To terrify, frighten

विज p p 1 Trembling, agitated -2 Frightened, alarmed

विज् m A bird, a die (?)

विजग्घ p p Eaten, devoured

विजङ्घ a Having no wheels (a chariot)

विजट a Unplaited (hair).

विजित् m 1 A discriminator, judge -2 A partner, coher

विजन् 4 Ā. 1 To be born or produced -2 To gene- rate, produce -3 To grow, arise, spring. -4 To be changed or transformed.

विजन *a* Lonely, retired, solitary -**नम्** 1 A solitary place, retreat (विजने means 'privately') -2 Absence of witnesses

विजननम् Birth, procreation, delivery

विजन्मन् *a* or *m* A bastard, one born illegitimately, Ms 10 23 -*n* Birth

विजन्या *a* Pregnant

विजात *p p* 1 Base-born, of mixed origin -2 Born, produced -3 Transformed -4 Having good qualities, virtuous, यस्ते पुत्रो गमितोऽयं विजात स्वर्णश्रीवी यमदात् पर्वतस्ते Mb 12 29 149 -**ता** A mother, matron, a woman who has given birth to children

विजातिः *f* 1 Different origin -2 Different kind, species or tribe

विजातीय *a* 1 Of a different kind or species, dissimilar, unlike -2 Of different caste or tribe -3 Of mixed origin

विजपिलम् Mud

विजयन्तः *N* of Indra

विजर *a* Young, fresh -**रम्** A stalk

विजल *a* Waterless, तोयाशया विजल सरिगोऽपि Bri S -**लम्** 1 A sauce, also विजिलम् -2 Drought

विजर्जर *a* 1 Decrepit, infirm -2 Rotten (as wood)

विजल्पः 1 Prattle, idle or foolish talk -2 Talk or speech in general -3 A malignant or spiteful speech

विजल्पित *p p* 1 Spoken, talked, परिहासविजल्पित सखे (वच) S 2 19 -2 Prated, babbled

विजातु *n* A particular mode of fighting

विजि 1 **Ā** 1 To conquer, defeat, overcome, subdue, व्यजेष्ट षड्वर्गम् Bk 1 2, प्रायस्त्वन्युखसेवया विजयते विश्व स पुष्पायुध Git 10, Bk 2 39, 15 39 -2 To surpass, excel, चक्षुर्मेचकमम्बुज विजयते Vb 1 33 -3 To win, acquire by conquest, भुजविजितविमान R 12 104, विजितारिपुर 1 59, Śānti 2 14 -4 To be victorious, be supreme or pre-eminent, विजयता देव Ś 5, रहस्य साधूना-मनुष्ये विशुद्ध विजयते U 2 2, Māl 2 4

विजयः 1 Overcoming, vanquishing, defeating -2 Conquest, victory, triumph, दिविजयादार+य 'conquest of the world', प्रभवति न तदा परो विजेतु भवति जितेन्द्रियता यदात्मरक्षा K1 10 35, R 12 44, Ku 3 19, अस्याधिज्ये धनुषि विजयम् Ś 2 16 -3 A chariot of the gods, celestial chariot -4 *N* of Arjuna, Mb (4 44 14) thus explains the name —अभिप्रयामि सग्रासे यदहं युद्धदुर्मदात्। नाजित्वा विनिवर्तामि तेन मा विजय विदुः॥ -5 An epithet of Yama -6 *N* of the first year of Jupiter's cycle -7 *N* of an attendant of Viṣṇu. -7 Motion, march,

च. इ. जो... १८०

L D B -8 *N* of a particular सुहृत्, युक्ते सुहृते विजये Rām 1 73 9 -9 The third month -10 A kind of military array -11 A kind of measure -**यम्** A royal tent -**Comp** -**अभ्युपायः** a means of victory -**आह्वय** *a* having the name Vijaya (, e Bijapur), तथा यदि लशाहोऽपि पत्तने विजयाह्वये Śiva B 1 61 -**ईशः** *N* of Śiva -**ऊर्जित** *a* exalted by victory, स प्रविश्य दिवं देवानजयद्विजयोजित Bm 1 143 -**कुञ्जरः** a war-elephant -**छन्दः** a necklace of 500 strings -**डिण्डिमः** a large military drum -**दण्डः** a particular detachment of an army -**द्वादशी** the 12th day of the light half of श्रावण -**नगरम्** *N* of a town -**मर्दलः** a large military drum -**श्रीः** the goddess of victory -**सिद्धिः** *f* success, victory, triumph

विजया 1 *N* of Durgā, विजित्य पद्मनाभान् दैत्यराजं महा-बलम्। विजया तेन सा देवी लोके चैवापराजिता॥ Devipurāṇa. -2 *N* of one of her female attendants, Mu 1 1. -3 *N* of a lore taught by Viśvāmitra to Rāma, विद्या-मयेन विजया जया च (अ-यापिपत्) Bk 2 21 -4 Hemp -5 *N* of a festival = विजयोत्सव, see below -6 Yellow myrobalan -**Comp** -**उत्सवः** a festival in honour of Durgā held on the 10th day of the bright half of Āśvina -**दशमी** the tenth day of the bright half of Āśvina, observed as a great holiday and commonly known as Dasarā -**सप्तमी** the seventh day of the bright half of a month falling on a Sunday

विजयिन् *m* A conqueror, victor.

विजिगीषा 1 Desire to conquer or overcome, युवन्-विजिगीषोयते देवे कुसुमवन्वनि Dk 2 3 -2 Desire to surpass, emulation, competition, ambition

विजिगीषु *a* 1 Desirous of victory, wishing to conquer, यशसे विजिगीषूणाम् R 1 7 -2 Emulous, ambitious -**युः** 1 A warrior, a hero -2 Antagonist, a disputant, an opponent

विजित *p p* Subdued, conquered, overcome, defeated -**Comp** -**आत्मन्** *a* self-subdued, self-controlled -**इन्द्रिय** *a* having the organs of sense subdued or controlled

विजितिः *f* Conquest, victory, triumph, क्षितिर्विजिति-स्थितिर्विहित्तरतय परमतय Kāv 3 85

विजिघत्स *a* Not-liable to hunger.

विजिज्ञासा 1 Desire of knowing distinctly -2 Inquiry about

विजिज्ञासितव्य, **विजिज्ञास्य** *a* Wished to be known, विज्ञात विजिज्ञास्यमविज्ञातमेत एव Bri Up 1 5 8

विजिनः, -**नम्** (-लः, -लम्) A sauce (mixed with gruel)

विजिहीर्षा Wish to roam about or sport.

विजिह्व *a* Crooked, bent, turned away, कृत न वा कोपविजिह्वमानम् K₁ 1 21, R 19 35 -2 Dishonest -3 Sidelong (as a glance) -4 Zero (शून्य), युगान्तसंशुक्कजलो विजिह्व K₁ 17 39 -5 Pale (विच्छाद्य), प्रीतो विजिह्वश्च तदीय-वृद्धा K₁ 17 2

विजुलः The silk-cotton tree

विजृम्भ 1 *A* 1 To yawn, gape, open the mouth, व्यजृम्भित चापरे Bk 15 108, विजृम्भितमिवान्तरिक्षेण Mk 5 51 -2 To open, expand (as a flower) -3 To spread everywhere, pervade, fill, सुखश्रवा मङ्गलतूर्यनिस्वना न केवल सन्ननि मागधीपते पथि व्यजृम्भन्त दिवौकसामपि R 3 19, 12 72, रजोऽन्धकारस्य विजृम्भितस्य 7 42 -4 To rise, appear, show, manifest oneself, तत्त्वत्विद विजृम्भते Mā 7 -5 To spring back (as a bow) -6 To display activity -7 To become increased or developed -8 To begin to feel well

विजृम्भ. Bending or knitting (the brows), प्रियविरहरुषा रोपितभ्रूविजृम्भन्तस्ताब्धि Bhāg 9 10 4

विजृम्भणम् 1 Gaping, yawning -2 Blossoming, budding, blowing, opening, वनेषु सायतनमल्लिकाना विजृम्भ-णोद्गन्धिषु कुङ्कुमेषु R 16 47 -3 Exhibiting, displaying, unfolding -4 Expanding -5 Pastime, amorous sport

विजृम्भिका 1 Gaping for breath -2 Yawning

विजृम्भित *p p* 1 Gaped, yawned, जलधरविजृम्भितहनुना विजृम्भितमिवान्तरिक्षेण Mk 5 51 -2 Opened, blown, expanded, तदादिराजस्य यशोविजृम्भितम् Bhāg 4 21 8 -3 Displayed, exhibited, manifested, विजृम्भित च दिव्यस्य मङ्गलाय द्वयोरपि U 6 2 -4 Appeared -5 Sported -तम् 1 Sport, pastime -2 Wish, desire -3 Display, exhibition, अज्ञानविजृम्भितमेतत् -4 An act, action, conduct, उद्भूतभूरिफलशालि विजृम्भित ते Mā 10 21 -5 Fruit, result -6 Yawning

विज्जनम्, -लम् 1 A kind of sauce, see विजुल -2 An arrow

विजिल = विजिन.

विज्जुलम् Cinnamon

विज्ञा *y U* 1 To know, be aware of, विज्ञानन्तोऽप्येते वयमिह विपज्जालजटिलान् सुञ्चाम कामान् Bh 3 21 -2 To learn, comprehend, understand -3 To ascertain, find out, learn from -4 To regard, know to be, consider as -5 To discern, discriminate, distinguish -6 To be familiar with -7 To become wise or learned, यथा यथा हि पुरुष शास्त्र समधिगच्छति । तथा तथा विजानाति Ms 4 20 -8 To explain, declare. -*Caus* (विज्ञापयति) 1 To request, beg (opp आज्ञापयति), सीता-आर्यपुत्र अस्ति मे विज्ञाप्यम्, राम -नन्वाज्ञापय U 1, R 5 20 -2 To communicate, inform -3 To say, speak in general -4 To teach, instruct

विज्ञ, **विजानत्** *a* 1 Knowing, intelligent, wise, learned -2 Clever, skilful, proficient, देशकालनैर्युक्तो विज्ञ कार्यविनिश्चये Rām 4 40.18 -ज्ञः A wise or learned man

विज्ञता, विजानता Cleaverness, shrewdness

विज्ञप्त *p p* 1 Respectfully told, requested -2 Made known, informed

विज्ञप्तिः *f* 1 A respectful statement or communication, a request, an entreaty -2 An announcement -3 Teaching, instruction (उपदेश), तत्त्वसंख्यानविज्ञप्यै जातं विद्वानज स्वराद् Bhāg 3 24 10

विज्ञात *p p* 1 Known, understood, perceived -2 Well-known, celebrated, famous

विज्ञातिः *f* Knowledge, न विज्ञातेर्विज्ञातार विजानीया Bri Up 3 4 2

विज्ञानम् 1 Knowledge, wisdom, intelligence, understanding, यज्जीव्यते क्षणमपि प्रथितं मनुष्यैर्विज्ञानशौर्यविमर्शगुणै समेतम् । तन्नाम जीवितमिह Pt 1 24, 5 3, विज्ञानमय कोश 'the sheath of intelligence' (the first of the five sheaths of the soul) -2 Discrimination, discernment -3 Skill, proficiency, प्रयोगविज्ञानम् S 1 2 -4 Worldly or profane knowledge, knowledge derived from worldly experience (opp ज्ञान which is 'knowledge of Brahma or Supreme Spirit'), ज्ञान तेऽहं सविज्ञानमिदं वक्ष्याम्यशेषत Bg 7 2, 3 41, 6 8, (the whole of the 7th Adhyāya of Bg explains ज्ञान and विज्ञान) -5 Business, employment -6 Music -7 Knowledge of the fourteen lores -8 The organ of knowledge, पञ्चविज्ञानचेतने (शरीरे) Mb 12 187 12 -9 Knowledge beyond the cognisance of the senses (अतीन्द्रियविषय), विज्ञान हि महद्भ्रमम् Rām 3 71 30 -10 Information, लब्धविज्ञानम् Mb 12 44 5 -Comp -ईश्वर N of the author of the Mitākṣarā, a commentary on Yājñavalkya's Smṛiti -पादः N of Vyāsa -मातृकः an epithet of Buddha -योगः means of arriving at correct knowledge (प्रमाण), केन विज्ञानयोगेन मतिश्चित्त समास्थिता Mb 14 21 11 -वादः the theory of knowledge, the doctrine taught by Buddha -स्कन्धः one of the five स्कन्धः postulated in the Buddhist philosophy (रूपवेदना-विज्ञानसंज्ञासंस्कारा क्षणिकविज्ञानस्कन्धे स्मृतिरनुपपन्ना SB on MS 1 1 5

विज्ञानमय *a* Full of intelligence, एष विज्ञानमय पुरुष Bri Up 2 1 6 कोश the soul's sheath of intelligence

विज्ञानिक *a* Wise, learned, see विज्ञ

विज्ञापकः 1 An informant -2 A teacher, an instructor

विज्ञापनम्, -ना 1 Respectful statement or communication, a request, an entreaty, कालप्रयुक्ता खलु कार्यविद्धि-विज्ञापना भर्तृषु सिद्धिमेति Ku. 7 93, R 17 40 -2 Information, representation -3 Instruction

विज्ञापित *p p* 1 Respectfully told or communicated -2 Requested -3 Informed -4 Instructed

विज्ञाति See विज्ञप्ति.

विज्ञाप्यम् A request, U 1

विज्ञेय a 1 Knowable, cognizable -2 To be learned -3 To be regarded.

विज्य a Stringless (as a bow), विज्ये विमर्षि धनुषी सुहृदात्मनोऽर्थे Bhāg 5 2 7

विज्वर a Free from fever, anxiety or distress

विज्जामरम् The white of the eye

विज्जोलिः, -ली f A line, row

विद् 1 P (वेदति) 1 To sound -2 To curse, rail at

विट. [विट-क] 1 A paramour, त्वद्वत्सल क स तपस्विजनस्य हन्ता कन्याविट पतिरसौ परिरक्षतु त्वाम् Māl 8 8, Śi 4 48 -2 A voluptuary, sensualist, प्रतिक्षण नव्यवदच्युतस्य यत् स्त्रिया विटानामिव साधुवार्ता Bhāg 10 13 2 -3 (In dramas) The companion of a prince or dissolute young man, or of a courtesan (who is described as being skilled in the arts of singing, music, and poetry and as a parasite on familiar terms with his associate to whom he nearly serves the purpose of the Vidūṣaka, see *inter alia* Mk acts 1, 5 and 8), for definition, see S D 78, अन्येभ्यश्च वसन्ति येऽस्य भवने लब्धप्रसादा विटा Mu 3 14 -4 A rogue, cheat -5 A catamite -6 A rat -7 The Khadira tree -8 The orange tree -9 A branch together with its shoot -10 A mineral salt -Comp -कान्ता turmeric -पेटकः, -कम् a multitude of rogues -माक्षिकम् a kind of mineral -लवणम् a medicinal salt.

विटकः (= पिटकः) A boil, blister.

विटङ्क a Nice, handsome, beautiful, केयूरकुण्डलकिरीट-विटङ्कवधौ Bhāg 3 15 27.

विटङ्कः [विशेषेण टङ्कयते बध्यते इति] 1 An aviary, dovecot, गुम्फितैरुशनसा सुभाषितैर्यस्य हाटकविटङ्कमङ्कितम् N 18 24, समारण्यविटङ्कवान् Mb 1 1 88, Mv 5 21 -2 The loftiest point, pinnacle, elevation, अयमेव महीधरविटङ्क Māl 10, Vikr 5 77

विटङ्कक See विटङ्क.

विटङ्कित a 1 Marked, stamped -2 Adorned, रोमोत्सवो मम यदङ्घ्रिविटङ्किताया Bhāg 1 16. 36

विटपः [विट विस्तार वा पाति पिबति पा० क Tv] 1 A branch, bough (of a creeper or tree), कोमलविटपातुकारिणौ बाहू Ś 1. 21, 31, यदनेन तर्पणं पातित क्षपिता तद्विडपाश्रिता लता R 8 47, Śi 4 48, Ku 6 41 -2 A bush -3 A new shoot or sprout, व्रज विटपममु ददस्व तस्यै Śi 7 53 -4 A cluster, clump, thicket -5 Extension -6 The septum of the scrotum -7 A creeper (लता), यो विस्फुरद्भूविटपेन भूमेर्भौर कृतान्तेन तिरश्चकार Bhāg 3 2 18

विटपिन् m [विटप-अस्त्यर्थे इनि] 1 A tree, परितो दृष्टाश्च विटपिन सर्वे Bv 1 21, 29. -2 The fig-tree -Comp. -मृगः a monkey, an ape.

विटिः, -टी f Yellow sandal

विट्ट (ट्ट)लः N of a form of Visnu or Krishna (worshipped at Pandharpur in the Bombay presidency), 'श्रुत्वा नामसहस्र श्रीविट्टलस्य गुणान्वितम्।' -श्रीविट्टल-ष्टोत्तरशतनामस्तोत्रम् 1, 'शिरो मे विट्टल पातु' -विट्टलकवचम्

विटङ्क a Bad, vile, base, low

विठरः 1 N of Brihaspati -2 [वदति अबद्धम्, वदे अष्ठश्च, इत् च Un 5 46] A fool -3 An orator, L D. B

विड् 1 P (वेदति) 1 To curse, rail at, revile -2 To cry out loudly

विड्, विडः A fragment, bit

विडम् A kind of artificial salt (Mar बिडल्लेण), Mb 13 91 40, विड सक्षारमूर्ध्वाध कफवातातुलेमनम् Bhāva P

विडङ्ग a. Clever, skilful -ङ्गः, -ङ्गम् N of a vegetable and medicinal substance (largely used as a vermifuge)

विडम्ब 10 U 1 To imitate, copy, resemble, (त) ऋतुविडम्बयामास न पुन प्राप तच्छिष्यम् R 4 17, वपु प्रकर्षेण विडम्बितेश्वर 3 52, 13 29, 16 11, K1 5 46, 12 38, Śi 1 6, 12 5, 16 58 -2 To ridicule, deride, mock, समोहयन्ति मदयन्ति विडम्बयन्ति निर्भर्त्सयन्ति रमयन्ति विषादयन्ति Bh 1 22, यथा न विडम्ब्यसे जनैः K 109 -3 To cheat, deceive, एवमात्माभिप्रायसमाधितेष्टजनचित्तवृत्ति प्रार्थयिता विडम्ब्यते Ś 2 -4 To afflict, pain, molest -5 To transform, distort.

विडम्बः 1 Imitation. -2 Distressing, afflicting, molesting.

विडम्बक a 1 Imitating -2 Disgracing

विडम्बनम्, -ना 1 Imitation, न वेद कश्चिद् भगवत्प्रकीर्षित तवेहमानस्य नृणा विडम्बनम् Bhāg 1 8 29 -2 Disguise, imposture -3 Deception, fraud -4 Vexation, mortification -5 Paining, distressing -6 Disappointing -7 Ridiculousness, mockery, a matter for laughter, इय च तेऽन्या पुरतो विडम्बना Ku 5 70, असति त्वयि वारुणीमद प्रमदानामधुना विडम्बना 4 12.

विडम्बित p p. 1 Imitated, copied -2 Mocked, ridiculed -3 Deceived -4 Vexed, mortified. -5 Frustrated. -6 Low, abject, poor. -तम् An object of ridicule

विडम्ब्यम् An object of ridicule.

विडारकः A cat.

विडाल, विडालक See बिडाल, बिडालक

विडीनम् One of the several modes of flight of birds, see डीन, Mb. 8 41 27 (com विडम्बित विडीन स्यात्).

विडुलः A sort of cane.

39, K₁ 3 42, S₁ 3 50 -3 A cushion -4 A collection, quantity, an assemblage, प्रस्तारस्थगिता इवोन्मुखमणि-ज्योतिर्वितानैर्दिश Māl 6 5, K₁ 17 61 -5 A sacrifice, an oblation, वितानेष्वाप्येव तव मम च सोमे विधिरभूत् Ve 6 30, 3 16, S₁ 14 10 -6 The sacrificial hearth or altar -7 Season, opportunity -8 Plenty, abundance -9 Performance, accomplishment -नम् 1 Leisure, rest -2 A dual part of the elephant's head to which the hook is applied, Mātanga L 12 19

वितानकः, -कम् 1 An expanse -2 A heap, quantity collection, mass, बहोयसा दीप्तिवितानकेन चकासयामासतुल्यसन्ती S₁ 3 6, 6 27 -3 An awning, a canopy -4 The tree called Māda

वितानायते Den \bar{A} To act or serve as an awning, प्राग्भारेषु शिखण्डिताण्डविधौ मेधेवितानायते Māl 9 15

वितानीक 8 U To spread or extend over (as a canopy), overshadow

वितायमान a [तनोते यकि शानच् P VI 4 44] Being spread out, आसीदयवा त्रिवलित्रिवेदी मूलाद् विनिर्गत्य वितायमाना N 10 74, वितायमानयशस्तदाश्रमपद ययु Bhāg 4 1 22

वितार a 1 Starless -2 Without a nucleus (as a comet)

विताल a Breaking time (in music) -लः Wrong time -ली An instrument for beating time

वितुन्न a Pierced, torn, निष्फलेषु वितुन्नाद्गो नष्टयतीत्यत्र का प्रमा Pañchadaśī 7 280

वितुन्नम् 1 The pot-herb called सुनिषण्णक -2 The plant called शैवाल

वितुन्नकम् 1 Coriander-seed -2 Blue vitriol -कः The plant called तामलकी

वितुप्त p p Satisfied, satiated

वितुष्ट p p Dissatisfied, displeased, discontented

वितृष्ण a Free from desire, content -ष्णा Ardent desire

वितृ 1 P 1 To cross or pass over, go beyond, आरूढ-मद्रीनुदधीन् वितृर्णम् R 6 77 -2 To give, grant, impart, confer or bestow on, vouchsafe, favour with, भगवान् मारीचस्ते दर्शनं वितरति S 7, वितरति गुरुं प्राज्ञे विद्यां यथैव तथा जडे U 2 4, वितरति तृपो नोचितमहो Pt 1 11, U 3 48, निवासहेतोस्तज्ज वितरे R 14 81, Māl 1 3, 6 7, 9 5, 44 -3 To cause, produce, ज्योत्स्नाशङ्कामिह वितरति हसश्रेणी K₁ 5 31 -4 To carry over, ferry over -5 To give (as medicine), apply a remedy -6 To do, perform -7 To forgive, pardon -8 To increase, enhance -Oaus To carry through, accomplish (fig also)

वितरणम् 1 Crossing over -2 A gift, donation, present, पूर्णाशा बहव कृता वितरणैर्येन त्वया याचका Subhās, -3

Giving up, leaving, abandoning -4 Leading over, transference

वितृर्ण p p 1 Crossed or passed over -2 Given, bestowed, imparted, करकमलवितृर्ण U 3 25, S₁ 7 67, 17 15 -3 Gone down, descended, R 6 77 -4 Conveyed -5 Subdued, overcome (see तृ with वि) -6 Fought (as a battle)

वितृ 10 U (वितृयति-ते, वितृपयति-ते also according to some) To give away, give as alms

वितृ p p [विद् लभे क] 1 Found, discovered -2 Gained, acquired -3 Examined, investigated -4 Known, famous -तम् 1 Wealth, possessions, property, substance -2 Power -3 Gold, L D B -4 The second astrological mansion -Comp -आगमः, -उपार्जनम् acquisition of wealth -ईशः, -पः, -पतिः, -पालः an epithet of Kubera, रुद्राणां शकरश्चास्मि वितृशो यक्षरक्षसाम् Bg 10 23, Ms 7 4, Bhāg 5 10 17 -ईहा f a desire for wealth, धर्मार्थं यस्य वितृहा वरं तस्य निरीहता । प्रक्षालनादि पङ्क्त्य दूरादस्पर्शनं वरम्॥ Udb -जानि a one who has married a wife -दः a donor, benefactor -पेटा, -टी money-receptacle, purse -मात्रा property -वर्धन a profitable, lucrative -समागमः acquisition of wealth, income, भूरिव्यया प्रचुरवित्तसमागमा च Pt 1 425

वितृवत् a Rich, wealthy

वितृ f [विद् क्तिन्] 1 Knowledge -2 Judgment, discrimination, thought -3 Gain, acquisition -4 Likelihood

वित्रस्त 1, 4 P To be frightened or terrified, वित्रस्त-मुखहरिणीसदृशै कटाक्षै Bh 1 9 -Oaus To terrify, frighten

वित्रासः Fear, alarm, terror

वित्रिभलग्रकम् The highest point of the ecliptic above the horizon

वितृसनः An ox, a bull.

विष्ट 1 \bar{A} (वेष्टे) To beg, ask

विष्टुरः [व्यथ्-उरच् सप्रसारण च Un 1 40] 1 A demon -2 A thief -रा A widow, cf विष्टुरा

विद् I 2 P (वेत्ति or वेद, विवेद-विदाचकार, अवेदीत्, वेत्स्यति, वेत्तुम्, विदित, वेद विविदिषति) 1 To know, understand, learn, find out, ascertain, discover, न चैतद्विम कतरश्चो गरीयो यद्वा जयेम यदि वा नो जयेयु Bg 2 5, त मोहान्ध कथमयममुं वेत्तु देव पुराणम् Ve 1 23, 3 39, S 5 27, R 3 43, Bg 4 34, 18 1 -2 To feel, experience, परायत्त प्रीति कथमिव रस वेत्ति पुरुष Mu 3 4 -3 To look upon, regard, consider, know or take to be, य एन वेत्ति हन्तारम् Bg 2 19, विद्धि व्याधिन्यालप्रस्त लोक शोकहत च समस्तम् Moha M 5, Bg 2 17, Ms 1 33, Ku 6 30. -Oaus (वेदयति-ते) 1 To make known, communicate, inform, apprise, tell

-2 To teach, expound, वेदार्थं स्वानवेदयत् Sk -3 To feel, experience, येन वेदयते सर्वं सुखं दुःखं च जन्मसु Ms 12 13 -II 4 A (विद्यते, वित्) 1 To be, to exist, अपापानां कुले जाते मयि पापं न विद्यते Mk 9 37, नासतो विद्यते भावो नाभावो विद्यते सत् Bg 2 16, (of the root (1) अस्) -2 To happen -III 6 U (विन्दति ते, वित्) 1 To get, obtain, acquire, gain, एकमप्यास्थितं सम्यगुभयोर्विन्दते फलम् Bg 5 4, Y 3 192 -2 To find, discover, recognise, यथा धेनुमहर्षेषु वत्सो विन्दति मातरम् Subhās, Ms 8 109 -3 To feel, experience, R 14 56, Bg 5 21, 11 24, 18 45 -4 To marry, Ms 9 69 -IV 7 A (विन्ते, वित् or विन्न) 1 To know, understand -2 To consider, regard, take for, न तृणह्वीति लोकोऽयं विन्ते मा निष्पराक्रमम् Bk 6 39 -3 To find, meet with -4 To reason, reflect -5 To examine, inquire into -V 10 A (वेदयते) 1 To tell, declare, announce, communicate -2 To feel, experience -3 To dwell (The following verse illustrates the root in some of its conjugations — वेत्ति सर्वाणि शास्त्राणि गर्वस्तस्य न विद्यते । विन्ते वर्मं सदा सद्भिस्तेषु पूजा च विन्दति ॥ of also — सत्ताया विद्यते ज्ञाने वेत्ति विन्ते विचारणे । विन्दते विन्दति प्राप्नोति श्यन्लुक् श्मन्शोष्विद क्रमात् ॥) [cf L video, A S witan, Goth vart]

विद् a (At the end of comp) Knowing, conversant with, वेदविद् &c, यानि वेदविदा श्रेष्ठे भगवान् बादरायण Bhāg 1 1 7, Mv 1 26 -m 1 The planet Mercury -2 A learned man, wise man -f 1 Knowledge -2 Understanding, intellect

विद्ः 1 A learned man, wise man or Pandita -2 The planet Mercury -दा 1 Knowledge, learning -2 Understanding

विदत् a 1 Knowing -2 Wise

विदित p p 1 Known, understood, learnt, अविदित-गतयामा रात्रिरेव व्यरसीत् U 1 27 -2 Informed -3 Renowned, celebrated, well-known, सुवनविदिते वशे Me 6 -4 Promised, agreed to -तः A learned man, scholar -तम् 1 Knowledge, information -2 Celebrity, fame -3 Acquisition, gaining -Comp -आत्मन् 1 Celebrated, तस्य चिन्तयतो नित्यं धर्मेण विदितात्मन Rām 1 42 7 -2 One who knows oneself, ततो नित्यानुगस्तेषां विदितात्मा महामति Rām 2 103 22 -m the almighty (परमेश्वर), सर्वमार्थं हि मन्यन्ते व्याहृतं विदितात्मन Mb 12 268 10

विदुषः A learned man -षी A wise or learned woman

विदंशः Pungent food such as excites thirst, स्वादितं सकृदिवासव एव प्रत्युत क्षणविदंशपदेऽमूर्त् Sī 10 10

विदग्ध p p 1 Burnt up, consumed by fire -2 Cooked -3 Digested -4 Destroyed, decomposed -5 Clever, shrewd, sharp, subtle, नाविदग्धं प्रियं ब्रूयात् Pt 1 164, U 4 21 -6 Crafty, artful, intriguing -7 Unburnt or ill-digested -8 Lovely, charming -9 Respec-

table (as dress &c) -10 Mature (as a tumour) -11 Tawny, reddish -ग्धः 1 A wise or learned man, scholar, वृद्धा विदग्धा प्रविशन्त्यत्र विप्रा Mb 3 133 5 -2 A libertine -ग्धा A shrewd and clever woman, an artful woman -Comp -परिवृद्धता the turning acid and swelling (of food in the stomach) -परिषद् f an assembly of clever people -वचन a clever in speech.

विदग्धता, -त्वम् Shrewdness, cleverness, skill, elegance &c

विदण्डः A door-key

विदथः [विदे अथ कित् Un 3 115] 1 A learned man, scholar -2 An ascetic, a sage -3 Ved A sacrifice -थम् Ved 1 Knowledge -2 A sacrifice -3 A battle (?) -4 A meeting, assembly

विदरः 1 Breaking, bursting, rending -2 A cavity, a slit, अदूरजाग्रद्विदरप्रणालीरेखा N 8 38 -रम् The prickly pear

विदर्भाः (m pl) [विगता दर्भा कुशा यत् Tv] 1 N of a district, the modern Berar, अस्ति विदर्भो नाम जनपद Dk, अस्ति विदर्भेषु पद्मपुरं नाम नगरम् Māl 1, R 5 40, 60, N 1 50 -2 The natives of Vidarbha -र्भः 1 A king of the Vidarbhas -2 Any dry or desert soil -Comp -जा, -तनया, -राजतनया, -सुभूः epithets of Damayanti, daughter of the king of the Vidarbhas -जा N of the wife of Agastya

विदल् 1 P 1 To break, split, crack, त्वदिषुभिर्व्यदलि-व्यद्रसावपि N 4 88 -2 To dig up -3 To open, expand

विदल a 1 Split, rent asunder -2 Opened, blown (as a flower &c) -लः 1 Dividing, separating -2 Rending, splitting -3 A cake -4 Mountain ebony -लम् 1 A basket of split bamboos or any vessel of wicker work, of Y 1 182 -2 The bark of pomegranate -3 A twig, शिफाविदलरज्ज्वाद्यैर्विदध्यान्वृपतिर्दमम् Ms 9 230 -4 The chips of a substance -5 Split peas

विदलनम् Splitting, rending asunder, cutting, dividing

विदश a Having no border or fringe (a garment)

विदायः 1 Giving farewell (Persian word) -2 A division

विदारुः A lizard.

विदासिन् a Perishing, यथाऽविदासिन् कुल्या सरसं स्यु सहस्रं Bhāg 1 3 26, see अविदासिन्

विदाहः 1 Burning -2 Great heat, inflammation -3 Pungency, sharpness

विदाहिन m A substance causing inflammation, कट्वम्ललवणात्युष्णतीक्ष्णरूक्षविदाहिन Bg 17 9

विदिकचङ्गः A kind of yellow bird

विद्यः (= विद्य q v)

विद्यः f An intermediate point of the compass

विदिशा 1 N. of the capital of the district called दशार्ण, तेषां (दशार्णानां) दिक्षु प्रथिविदिशालक्षणा राजधानीम् Me 24 -2 N of a river in Mālva -3 = विदिश् q v

विदीपकः A lantern, रथे रथे पञ्च विदीपकास्तु Mb 7 163 6

विदुः, -दुः 1 The middle of the frontal globes on an elephant's forehead (हस्तिकुम्भमध्यभाग), Mātanga L. 5 4, 6 7 -2 A hippopotamus

विदुर a [विदुः-कुरच् P III 2 162] Wise, intelligent -रः 1 A wise or learned man -2 A crafty man, an intriguer -3 N of the younger brother of Pandu [When Satyawati found that both the sons begotten by Vyāsa upon her two daughters-in-law were physically incapacitated for the throne—Dhritarāstra being blind and Pandu pale and sickly—she asked them to seek the assistance of Vyāsa once more But being frightened by the austere look of the sage, the elder widow sent one of her slave-girls dressed in her own clothes, and this girl became the mother of Vidura. He is remarkable for his great wisdom, righteousness, and strict impartiality. He particularly loved the Pāṇdavas, and saved them from several critical dangers] -Comp. -नीतिः, -प्रजागरः N of chapters 33 to 40 in the 5th Parva of Mahābhārata

विदुलः 1 A kind of reed or ratan, विदुलस्येव तत् पुष्प मोघ जनयितु स्मृतम् Mb 13 105 8 -2 Gum-myrrh

विद्वन् p p Afflicted, tormented, distressed

विदूर a Remote, distant, सविदुः विदूरान्तरभावतन्वी R 13 48, U 6 39 -रः N of a mountain or city from which the Vaidūrya jewel or lapis lazuli is brought, विदूर-भूमिर्नवमेघशब्दादुद्भिन्नया रत्नशलाकयेव Ku 1 24, see Malli thereon, as well as on Si 3 45, तत्र तस्मै विदूरादिरविदूर इवाभवत् Siva B 30 11 (The forms विदूरम्, विदूरेण, विदूर-तस् or विदूरात् are often used adverbially in the sense of 'from a distance', 'from afar', 'at a distance', 'far off', वयं बत विदूरतः क्रमगता पशोः कन्यका Māl 3 18) -Comp -अद्रिः, -भूधरः See विदूर, a legendary mountain located in Ceylon and supposed to produce jewels at the rumbling of clouds for the benefit of all comers; चनन्वानजरत्नमेदुर तथा विदूराद्रि N 12 55, यस्योत्थितामिनव-रत्नशलाकयेव लक्ष्मीर स्थलविदूरमुवा विदूरे Haraviyaya 16 25, रत्नाङ्कुररोमाश्चक्रुःकिनि विदूरभूधरे Yāsaśtilaka 3 -ग a spreading far and wide -जम् the lapis lazuli -विगत a of lowest origin -संश्रव a audible a long way off

विदूषक a (-की f) 1 Defiling, polluting, contaminating, corrupting -2 Detracting, abusing -3 Witty, humorous, jocular -कः 1 A jester, buffoon -2 Parta-

cularly, the humorous companion and confidential friend of the hero in a play, who excites mirth by his quaint dress, speeches, gestures, appearances &c, and by allowing himself to be made the butt of ridicule by almost every body, the S D thus defines him — कुसुमवसन्ताद्यभिध कर्मवपुर्वेशभाषाद्यै । हास्यकर कलहरतिर्विदूषक स्यात् स्वकर्मज्ञ ॥ 79, of also वृद्धारस्य सहाया विद्वेष्टविदूषकाद्या स्यु । भक्ता नर्मसु निपुणा कुपितवधूमानभङ्गना शुद्धा ॥ ibid -3 A libertine, lecher -4 A critic, an opponent, प्राशंसि ससद्गुरुणापि चार्वा चार्वाकता सर्वविदूषकेण N 10 57

विदूषणम् 1 Pollution, corruption -2 Abuse, reproach, detraction

विद्वतिः A seam

विद्व 9 P or 10 U 1 To split, tear asunder, divide, out to pieces, ऐन्द्रि किल नखैस्तस्या विद्वदार स्तनौ द्विज R 12 22, न विदीर्यै कठिना खलु स्त्रिय Ku 4 5, R 15 33 -2 To rend (fig), चित्त विदारयति कस्य न केविदार Rs 3 6, स घोषो वार्तराष्ट्राणा हृदयानि व्यदारयत् Bg 1 19 -Pass To be rent or torn (with grief &c) -Oaus To rend, tear in pieces, tear or rip up, ततश्चतुरस्रोऽग्रमास्यगर्तं दधति विदार्य विवर्णदीर्घदेहा Māl 5 15, 10 1

विदारः 1 Rending or cutting asunder, splitting -2 War, battle -3 An inundation, overflowing (of a tank, river &c) -री 1 A swelling in the groin -2 A species of medicinal plant (सालवण), विदारी वातपित्तघ्नी बल्या वृष्या रसायनी Rājavalabbha

विदारकः 1 A tearer, divider -2 A tree or rock in the middle of a stream (which divides its course) -3 A hole sunk in water in the bed of a dry river -कम् Alkaline earth

विदारणः 1 A tree or rock in the middle of a stream (to which a boat is fastened) -2 War, battle -3 The Karmikara tree -णा War, battle -णम् 1 Rending, splitting, tearing, ripping up, breaking, (often with the force of an adj at the end of comp), श्रुत सखे श्रवणविदारण वच Mu 5 6, युवजनहृदयविदारणमनसिजनखरचिकित्सुकजाले Git 1, K1 14 54 -2 Afflicting, tormenting -3 Killing, slaughter

विदारिका, विदारिः f A swelling in the groin, (also विदारी in this sense)

विदीर्ण p p 1 Torn, split, rent asunder, split open. -2 Opened, expanded, (see दृ with वि) -Comp -मुख a. open-mouthed

विद्वतिः A suture in the skull

विदेशः Another country, foreign land or country, भजते विदेशमधिकेन जितस्तदनुप्रवेशमथवा कुशल Si 9 48, को वीरस्य मनस्विन स्वविषय को वा विदेशस्तथा H 1, को विदेश सविद्याना किं दूर व्यवसायिनाम् Chāṇakyaśataka -Comp. -ज a exotic, foreign -प्रवृत्तिज्ञानम् knowledge or forecast of the foreign affairs, Kau A 1. 1

विदेशिन्, विदेशीय *a* Foreign, exotic *-m* A foreigner

विदेह *a* 1 Bodiless, incorporeal -2 Trunkless -3 Dead -हाः (*m* pl) N of a country, the ancient Mithilā, तौ विदेहनगरीनिवासिना गा गताविदिव पुनर्वसू R 11 36, 12 26 -2 The natives of this country -हः 1 The district Videha -2 N of Janaka -हा The same as विदेह -Comp -मुक्तिः deliverance through release from the body

विदोहः Taking too much profit out of anything

विद्ध *p p* [व्यध्-क्] 1 Pierced, penetrated, wounded, stabbed -2 Beaten, whipped, lashed -3 Thrown, directed, sent -4 Opposed -5 Resembling -6 Wise, learned, L D B -7 Mutually clung, मेघवृन्दमिवाकाशे विद्धं विद्युत्समावृतम् Mb 1 207 37 -द्धः Clypera Hernandifolia (Mar पहाडमूळ) -द्धम् A wound -Comp -कर्ण *a* having bored ears

विद्धकः A kind of harrow

विद्धिः The act of piercing.

विद्यन् *n* Ved Knowledge.

विद्यमान *a* 1 Being, existing -2 Present -3 Actual, real

विद्या [विद्-क्यप्] 1 Knowledge, learning, lore, science, (ता) विद्यामभ्यसनेनैव प्रसादयितुमर्हसि R 1 88, विद्या नाम नरस्य रूपमधिकं प्रच्छन्नगुप्तं मनम् &c Bh 2 20 (According to some *Vidyās* are four — आन्वीक्षिकी त्रयी वार्ता दण्डनीतिश्च शाश्वती Kāmandaka), चतसृष्वपि ते विवेकिनी नृप विद्यासु निरुद्धिमागता K1 2 6, to these four Manu adds a fifth आत्मविद्या, त्रैविद्येभ्यस्त्रयीं विद्या दण्डनीतिं च शाश्वतीम्। आन्वीक्षिकीं चात्मविद्या वार्तारम्भाश्च लोकतः || Ms 7 43 But the usual number of *Vidyās* is stated to be fourteen, i.e. the four *Vedas*, the six *Angas*, *Dharma*, *Mīmāṃsā*, *Tarka* or *Nyāya* and the *Purāṇas*, see चतुर्दशविद्या under चतुर्, and N 1 4 In N 1 5 the number is spoken of as being eighteen by including Medicine, Military Art, Music and Polity, अगाहताष्टादशता जिगीषया) -2 Right knowledge, spiritual knowledge, विद्याकल्पेन मरुता मेघानां भूयसामपि (कापि प्रचिलय कृत) U 6 6, of अविद्या -3 A spell, an incantation, गन्धधूपादिभिश्चावेद् द्वादशाक्षर-विद्यया Bhāg 8 16 39 -4 A mystical name of the letter इ -5 A small bell -6 The goddess Durgā -7 Magical skill -Comp -अनुपालिन्, -अनुसेविन् *a* acquiring knowledge, भागो यवीयसां तत्र यदि विद्यानुपालिन् Ms 9 204 -अभ्यासः, -अर्जनम्, -आगमः acquisition of knowledge, pursuit of learning, study -अर्थः seeking for knowledge -आर्थिन् *m* a student, scholar, pupil -आधारः a receptacle of learning, असौ विद्याधार विशुरपि निर्निर्गम्य भवनात् Mal 2 11 -आरम्भः introduction of a boy to learning. -आलयः a school, college, any

place of learning -ईशः, -ईश्वरः N of Śiva -उपार्जनम् = विद्यार्जनम् q v -करः a learned man -कोशगृहम्, -कोशसमाधयः library -गुरुः an instructor in (sacred) science -वण, -चञ्चु *a* famous for one's learning -जम्भक, -चार्षिक *a* exercising magic of various kinds -दलः the Bhūrja tree -दातृ *m* a teacher, an instructor -दानम् teaching, imparting instruction -दायादः the inheritor of a science -देवी the goddess of learning -धनम् 1 wealth in the form of learning, -2 wealth acquired by learning, विद्याधनं तु यद्यस्य तत्तस्यैव धनं भवेत् Ms 9 206 -धरः, (-री f) a class of demigods or semi-divine beings, विद्यावराभ्युषितचारुशिलतलानि स्थानानि Bh 8 70 -यन्त्रम् an apparatus for sublimating quicksilver -प्राप्तिः = विद्यार्जनं q v -बलम् the power of magic -भाज् *a* learned -मण्डलकम् a library -लाभः 1 acquisition of learning -2 wealth or any other acquisition made by learning -वंशः a chronological list of teachers in any branch of science -विशिष्ट *a* distinguished by learning -विहीन *a* illiterate, ignorant, विद्याविहीन पशु Bh 2 20, आसन्नमेव नृपतिर्भजते मनुष्यं विद्याविहीनमकुलीनमसंस्कृतं वा Pt 1 35 -वृद्ध *a* old in knowledge, advanced in learning, अस्य नित्यश्च विद्यावृद्धसंयोग विनय-वृद्ध्यर्थम् Kau A 1 5 -व्यसनम्, -व्यवसायः pursuit of knowledge -व्रतस्नातकः, -स्नातकः a Brāhmaṇa who has finished his course of religious studentship (ब्रह्मचारिव्रत), वेदविद्याव्रतस्नाताश्चोत्रियान् गृहमेधिन (पूजयेद्व्य-कथ्येन) Ms 4 31

विद्युत् 1 *Ā* 1 To shine, sparkle, be bright, व्यद्योतिष्ठ सभावेद्यामसौ नरशिखित्रयी Śi 2 3, 1 20 -2 To light, illuminate (usually *caus* in this sense)

विद्युत् *f.* 1 Lightning, वाताय कपिला विद्युत् Mbh, Ms 5 95, मा भूदेव क्षणमपि सखे विद्युता विप्रयोग Me 117, 40 -2 A thunderbolt -3 The dawn -Comp -उन्मेषः, -कम्पः a flash of lightning -जिह्वः a kind of demon or Rākṣasa -ज्वाला, -द्योतः a flash or lustre of lightning -दामन् *n* a flash of zigzag or forked lightning -पातः, प्रपतनम् falling or stroke of lightning -प्रियम् bellmetal. -लता, -लेखा (विद्युलता, विद्युलेखा) 1 a streak of lightning -2 forked or zigzag lightning -वल्ली a flash of lightning -संपातम् and in an instant, in a trice

विद्युता = विद्युत् q v

विद्युत्तम् A flash of lightning, यथा सङ्क्रुद्धिद्युत् सङ्क्रुद्धिद्युतेव इ वा अस्य श्रीर्भवति Bri Up 2 3 6

विद्युत्त्वत् *a* Having lightning, विद्युत्तन्तु ललितवनिता सेन्द्रचाप सचित्रा Me 66 -*m* A cloud, विद्युत्त्वानिव चातकै Ku 6 27

विद्योत *a* Flashing, glittering, मेघश्याम कनकपरिधि. कर्णविद्योतविद्युत् Bhāg 8 7 17

विद्योतन *a* (-नी f) 1 Illuminating, irradiating. -2 Illustrating, elucidating. -नम् Lightning.

विद्रः 1 Tearing, splitting, piercing -2 A fissure, hole, cavity

विद्रधि. An abscess, त्वग्रक्तमासमेदासि प्रवृत्त्यास्थिसमाश्रिता । दोषा शोथं शनैर्घोरं जनयन्त्युच्छिन्ना मृशम् ॥ महामूलं रुजापन्नं वृत्तं वाप्ययं वायतम् । स विद्रधिरिति ख्यातो विज्ञेयः षड्विधश्च स ॥ Bhāva P -Comp -घ्नः, -नाशनः Hyperanthera Morunga (Mar शैवगा)

विद्राण a Roused from sleep, awakened

विद्रु 1 P 1 To run, run away, retreat, जलसघात इवास्ति विद्रुत Ku 4 6 -2 To melt, dissolve -3 To become divided, burst asunder -Caus To put to flight, rout, scare away, disperse, scatter, प्रतिरवाभोगभीषितनष्टविद्रावितारोषजननिवह Māl 8, असौ कुम्भिभ्रान्त्या खरनखरविद्रावितमहागुरुग्रावग्रामं स्वपिति गिरिगर्भे हरिपति Bv 1 52

विद्रवः 1 Running away, flight, retreat, तै शरैस्तव सैन्यस्य विद्रव सुमहानभूत् Bhāg 7 108 40 -2 Panic -3 Flowing out -4 Melting, liquefaction -5 Censure, abuse -6 Intellect, understanding

विद्रावः = विद्रव q v

विद्रावणम् 1 Driving or scaring away, putting to flight, defeating -2 Liquefying -3 Destruction (विनाशनं), विरावाख्यदुरातङ्कविद्रावणमहोषधम् Viś Guna 60

विद्रावित a 1 Put to flight, routed, chased away -2 Scattered, dispersed, torn asunder, कालेन दैवयुक्तेन जानन् विद्रावित जगत् Bhāg 10 54 14 -3 Liquefied, fused, melted

विद्रुत p p 1 Flown, fled away, (in panic) -2 Agitated, frightened, alarmed, नेच्छन्ति सेवया पूर्णं कुतोऽन्यत् कालविद्रुतम् Bhāg 9 4 67 -3 Liquid, fluid -तम् 1 Flight -2 A particular manner of fighting

विद्रुतिः Running, flight

विद्राण a 1 Kept awake, sleepless, विद्राणविपश्चिन्ति Hoh 5 -2 Despaired, sad, कलकलोपद्रवद्रवविणबलीवर्दविद्राणवणिजि Hoh 7

विद्रुमः 1 The coral tree (bearing reddish precious gems called corals) -2 A coral, यत्र विद्रुमसोपाना महामारकता सुव Bhāg 7 4 9, तवाधरस्पर्धिषु विद्रुमेषु R 13 13 Ku 1 44 -3 A young shoot or sprout -Comp -लता 1 a branch of coral -2 a kind of perfume -लतिका a kind of perfume (नलिका)

विद्रुस् a [विद्-वृत्] (Nom sing m. विद्रान्, f विद्रुषी, n विद्रत्) 1 Knowing (with acc.), आनन्दं ब्रह्मणो विद्रान् न बिभेति कदाचन, तत्र विद्रानपि तापकारणम् R 8 76, K1 11 30 -2 Wise, learned -m A learned or wise man, scholar, किं वस्तु विद्रुर्गुरवे प्रदेयम् R 5 18. -Comp -कल्प, -देशीय, -देश्य a (विद्र-कल्प, विद्र-देशीय, विद्र-देश्य) slightly learned, a little learned -जनः (विद्रुज्जनः) a learned or wise man, sage.

सं. इं को....१८१

विद्रिष् m, विद्रिषः An enemy, a foe, विद्रिषोऽयनुनय Bh 2 77, R 3 60, Y 1 162.

विद्रिष्ट p p Hated, disliked, odious

विद्वेषः 1 Enmity, hatred, odium, स विनाशं ब्रजत्याशु विद्वेष चाधिगच्छति Ms 8 346 -2 Disdainful pride, contempt, विद्वेषोऽभिमतप्राप्तावपि गर्वादनादरं Bharata

विद्वेषणः A hater, an enemy -णी A woman of a resentful temper -णम् 1 Causing hatred or enmity, a kind of Tantric rite -2 Enmity, hatred

विद्वेषिन्, विद्वेषु a Hating, inimical -m A hater, an enemy

विघ्न I 6 P (विघति) 1 To pierce, cut -2 To honour, worship -3 To rule, govern, administer -II 1 A (वेधते) To ask, beg

विघः [विघ्-क अच् वा] 1 Kind, sort, as in बहुविध, नानाविध -2 Mode, manner, form -3 Fold (at the end of comp especially after numerals), त्रिविध, अष्टविध &c -4 The food of elephants -5 Prosperity -6 Penetration

विघन a Poor -ता Poverty

विधर्म a 1 Wrong, unjust, unlawful -र्म. 1 Wrong, injustice -2 An irreligious or unjust action done with a good intention, विधर्मं परधर्मश्च आभास उपमा छल । अधर्म-शास्त्रा पञ्चेमा धर्मज्ञोऽधर्मवत् त्यजेत् ॥ Bhāg 7 15 12

विधर्मन् a Acting wrongly, untruly, प्रमदा शीलसपूर्णा पत्येव च विधर्मणा Rām 4 17 42, Mb 12 59 94

विधर्मिन् a 1 Untrue (अनृत), मनुष्यसमवा वाचो विधर्मिण्य प्रतिश्रुताः Mb 3 313 6 -2 Of a different kind

विधवनम् 1 Shaking, agitating -2 Tremor, trembling

विधव्यम् Tremor, agitation

विधवा [विगतो धवो यस्य सा] A widow, सा नारी विधवा जाता गृहे रोदिति तत्पति Subhās -Comp -आवेदनम् marrying a widow -गामिन् m one who has sexual intercourse with a widow

विधस् m N of Brahman, the creator

विधा 3 U 1 To do, make, bring about, effect, accomplish, perform, cause, produce, occasion, यथाकर्म पुसवनादिका क्रिया धृतेष्वधीरसदृशीर्व्यधत्त स R 3 10, तन्नो देवा विधेयास्तु Bk 19 2; विधेयास्तुर्देवा परमरमणीया परिणतिम् Māl 6 7, प्रायः शुभं च विधात्यशुभं च जन्तो सर्वकथा भगवती भवितव्यतैव 1 23, ये द्वे काल विधत्त S 1 1 'cause, produce, or regulate time', तस्य तस्याचला श्रद्धा तामेव विधाम्यहम् Bg 7 21, R 2 38, 3 66, Ve 1 1, K1 1 3, 16 62, 18 28, (these senses may be further modified according to the noun with which विधा is used, cf कृ) -2 To lay

down, ordain, prescribe, fix, settle, command, enjoin, प्राज्ञाभिवर्धनात् पुंसो जातकर्म विधीयते Ms 2 29, 3 19, Y 1 72, शूद्रस्य तु सर्वणैव नान्या भार्या विधीयते Ms 9 157, 3 118, पाणिनिश्च क्रियाफलस्य कर्तृगामित्वे सत्यात्मनेपदं विदधाति J N V -3 To make, form, shape, create, manufacture, तं वेधा विदधे नूनं महाभूतसमाधिना R 1 29, अङ्गानि चम्पकदलैः स विधाय नूनं कान्ते कथं घटितवानुपलेन चेत S Til 3 -4 To appoint, depute (as a minister) -5 To put on, wear, Pt 1 -6 To fix upon, direct towards (as mind &c), योगे धैर्य-समाधिसिद्धिमुख्ये बुद्धिं विधदध्वं बुधा Bh 3 54, व्यवसायात्मिका बुद्धिः समाधौ न विधीयते Bg 2 44 -7 To arrange, put in order -8 To make ready, prepare -9 To settle, fix, establish, चरणारविन्दयुगलं मनसा विदधत् Bhāg 5 9 3 -10 To give, grant, अतीतसंख्या विहिता ममाग्निना शिलीमुखा खाण्डव-मनुमिच्छता Ku 14 10 -11 To procure, furnish -12 To place, put, lay -13 To engross, consume, धने सुखकला या तु साऽपि दुःखं विधीयते Mb 12 177 35

विधा 1 Mode, manner, form, मन प्रत्यक् चित्ते सविधमव-
धायामरुत Siva-mahimna 25 -2 Kind, sort -3 Pros-
perity, affluence -4 The food of elephants, horses &c
-5 Penetration -6 Hire, wages -7 Act, action -8
Pronunciation

विधातु m 1 A maker, creator, यो विधाता च धाता च
Rām 7 20 31, प्रसिद्धेनपथ्यविधेर्विधाता Ku 7 36 -2 The
creator, N of Brahman, विधाना भद्रं नो वितरतु मनोज्ञाय
विधये Māl 6 7, R 1 35, 6 11, 7 25 -3 A granter,
giver, bestower, स्वयं विधाता तपस फलानाम् Ku 1 57 -4
Fate, destiny, तावच्च तत्र च विधातृवशादुच्यते H 1 40 -5
N of Viśvakarman -6 N of Kāma, the god of love
-7 Spirituous liquor -8 The illusion, Māyā, त्वं हि धाता
विधाता च त्वं विष्णु सुरसत्तम Mb 1 23 17 -Comp -**आयुस्**
m 1 sunshine -2 the sun flower -**भूः** an epithet
of Nārada

विधात्री Long pepper

विधानम् 1 Arranging, disposing, अपरं किं तु कृतवैव
विधानं सविधारयति Rām 7 20 31 -2 Performing, mak-
ing, doing, executing, नेपथ्यविधानम् S 1, आज्ञा, यज्ञ
&c, एव कृत्वा विधानं स संनिवेश्य वसु तदा Rām 7 54 13 -3
Creation, creating, तस्मिन् विधानातिशये विधातु कन्यामये नेत्र-
शतैकलक्ष्ये R 6 11, 7 14, Ku 7 66, निधानं धर्माणां किमपि
च विधानं नवमुदाम् G L 18 -4 Employment, use,
application, प्रतिकारविधानम् R 8 40 -5 Prescribing, en-
joining, ordering -6 A rule, precept, ordinance,
sacred rule or precept, sacred injunction, तन्न्याय-
त्वाद् विधानस्य MS 1 3 16 (cf विधीयते अनेनेति विधान
शब्द SB on ibid), Ms 9 148, ज्ञात्वा शास्त्रविधानोक्तं
कर्म कर्तुमिहार्हं Bg 16 24, 17 24 -7 Mode, man-
ner -8 A means or expedient, वक्ष्ये सर्वैः सहितैर्विधानै-
र्नैव वृता तं वरसंप्रदाने Rām 2 37 36 -9 Performance
of prescribed acts or rites -10 A rite, ceremony
-11 Gaining, obtaining. -12 Affixing, prefixing (as
terminations, suffixes &c) -13 The food given to ele-

phants (to make them intoxicated), विधानसंपादितदान-
शोभिते (where विधान means 'rule' also), उत्क्षिप्तहस्ततल-
दत्तविधानपिण्डस्नेहसुतिस्नपितबाहुरिभाधिराजम् Si 5 51 -14
Wealth -15 Pain, agony, torment, distress -16 An
act of hostility -17 An act, doing, आशङ्कमीनो नृपते-
र्विधानम् Mb 3 113 15 -18 An effort, attempt (यत्न),
तथा विधानं क्रियतां समर्थं साधनेष्विति Rām 1 8 19 -19
Remedy (चिकित्सा), तेषामन्यतमोद्रेके विधानमुपदिश्यते Mb 12
16 12 -20 Prevention (प्रतिकार), विधानं तत्र भगवन् कर्तुमर्हसि
युक्ति Mb 5 177 8 -21 Granting, कर्तुमेष्वरत्वं कर्तुफल-
विधानव्यसनिन Siva mahimna 21 -22 The Veda, त्वमेको
ह्यस्य सर्वस्य विधानस्य स्वयमुच Ms 1 3 -23 The fate,
destiny (दैव), अहमयोपयोक्ष्यामि विधानं परं यादृशम् Mb 3
179 15 -24 A statement of the Vedas, तस्य शब्दं गुणं
विधानमूर्तिशास्त्रविधानवित् Mb 12 252 3 -25 (In drama)
Conflict of different feelings -26 Worship -Comp
-**गः**, -**ज्ञः** a wise or learned man -**युक्तः** a in accor-
dance with or conformable to sacred precept -**सप्तमी**
the 7th day in the light half of माघ

विधानकम् Distress, affliction, pain

विधायकः a (-यिका f), -**विधायिन्** a 1 Arranging,
disposing -2 Doing, making, performing, executing
-3 Creating -4 Enjoying, prescribing, laying down
-5 Consigning, committing, delivering (to the care of)

विधिः [विधा-कि] 1 Doing, performance, practice, an
act or action, ब्रह्मध्यानाभ्यसनविधिना योगनिद्रा गतस्य Bh 3 41,
योगविधि R 8 22, अस्यां सर्गविधौ V 1 8, लेखाविधि Māl
1 35 -2 Method, manner, way, means, mode, नि-
सारान्पफलानि ये त्वविधिना वाञ्छन्ति दण्डोद्यमे Pt 1 376 -3 A
rule, commandment, any precept which enjoins some-
thing for the first time (as distinguished from नियम and
परिसंख्या q q v v), विधिरत्यन्तमप्राप्ते, चिकीर्षाकृतिसाध्यत्व-
हेतुधीविषयो विधि, वहति विधिहुतं या हवि S 1 1 -4 A
sacred precept or rule, ordinance, injunction, law, a
sacred command, religious commandment (opp अर्थवाद
which means 'an explanatory statement coupled with
legends and illustrations', see अर्थवाद), प्रवृत्तिपरं वाक्यं
विधि, as ज्योतिष्टोमेन स्वर्गकामो यजेत, श्रद्धां वित्तं विधिश्चेति त्रितयं
तत् समागतम् S 7 29, R 2 16 -5 Any religious act or
ceremony, a rite, ceremony, स चेत् स्वयं कर्मसु धर्मचारिणा
त्वमन्तरायो भवसि च्युतो विधि R 3 45, 1 34 -6 Behaviour,
conduct -7 Condition, V 4 -8 Creation, forma-
tion, सामान्यविधौ Ku 3 28, कल्याणी विधिषु विचित्रता
विधातु Ku 7 7 -9 The creator -10 Fate, destiny,
luck, विधौ वामारम्भे मम समुचितेषां परिणति Māl 4 4 -11
The food of elephants -12 Time -13 A physician
-14 N of Visnu. -15 Use, application -16 A means,
expedient for, अक्षरं गन्तुमनसो विधिं वक्ष्यामि शीघ्रम् Mb 12
236 13 -17 Any act, action -Comp. -**अन्तः** The end
or the concluding portion of an injunctive text, all the
other portion of the प्रयोगविधि (pertaining to an act)
except the प्रधानं or मुख्यं विधि which is called विध्यादि,

विध्यन्तो वा प्रकृतित्वत्^० MS 7 4 10, सोमेन यजेत इति विध्यादि । सौमिकमपि ब्राह्मण विध्यन्त SB ibid Also see विध्यादि -आदि. *m* the beginning of a विधि or injunction, the main or प्रधान injunction, वेदेऽपि दर्शपूर्णमासाभ्या यजेत इति विध्यादि । विध्यन्तोऽपि प्रधानविधिवर्जित कृत्स्न पौरोडाशिक ब्राह्मणम् SB on MS 7 4 10 -कर *a* executing commands, विधिरुरीरिमा वीर सुहृतीरधरसीधुनाप्यायस्व न Bhāg 10 31 8 -*m* a servant, सोऽय ते विविकर ईश विप्रशतस्तस्येद निधन-मनुग्रहाय विद्य Bhāg 7 8 57 -अ *a* disregarding prescribed rites or rules -ज्ञ *a* knowing the ritual (-ज्ञः) a Brāhmana versed in the ritual, a ritualist -दर्शकः a priest at a sacrifice who sees that everything is done according to the precepts, and corrects any deviation from them -दृष्ट, -विहित *a* prescribed by rule, enjoined by law -देशकः 1 = विधिदर्शक above -2 a preceptor, teacher -द्वैधम् diversity of rules, variance of precept or commandment -पूर्वकम् *and* according to rule -प्रयोगः application of a rule -यज्ञः 1 a sacrifice performed according to rule, Ms 2 85-86 -2 a ceremonial act of worship -योगः 1 the force or influence of fate -2 the observance of a rule, अनेन विधियोगेन कर्तव्याशप्रकरणम् Ms 8 211 -लोपः transgression of a commandment -वधूः *f* an epithet of Sarasvatī -विपर्ययः misfortune -विमक्तिः *f* a potential termination, a termination which lays down an injunction, विधिविमक्ति हि विधायिका लिङ्ग मन्यमाना श्लोकमिम समामनन्ति SB on MS 4 3 3 The श्लोक referred to here is, कुर्यात् क्रियेत कर्तव्य भवेत् स्यादिति पञ्चमम् । एतत् स्यात् सर्ववेदेषु नियत विधिलक्षणम् ॥ This श्लोक speaks of the five forms which the विधिविमक्ति takes in the Vedic literature -हीन *a* devoid of rule, unauthorised, irregular

विधित्सा 1 Desire to do or perform, Mb 12 163 1 -2 Design, purpose, desire in general, वाचो वेग मनस क्रोधवेग विधित्सावेगमुदरोपस्थवेगम् । एतान् वेगान् यो विषहेदुदीर्णस्त मन्येऽह ब्राह्मण वै मुनिं च ॥ Mb 12 299 14

विधित्सित *a* Intended to be done -तम् Intention design

विधिवत्, विधित. *and* According to law, agreeably to precept or rule, in conformity to prescribed rules, in due form

विधिवशात् *and* Through the power of fate

विधेय *pot p* 1 To be done or performed -2 To be enjoyed or prescribed -3 (a) Dependent on, at the disposal of, अथ विधिविधेय परिचय Māl 2 13 (b) Subject to, influenced or controlled by, subdued or overpowered by (usually in comp), निद्राविधेय नरदेव-सैन्यम् R 7 62, सभाव्यमानस्नेहसेनाभिसंधिना विधेयीकृतोऽपि Māl 1, आत्मवश्यैविधेयात्मा प्रसादमाधिगच्छति Bg 2 64, आहु सौहार्देन विधेयीकृतोऽस्मि Mv 7, Mu 3 1, Śi 3 20, R 19 4, आज्ञाविधेया वयम् Pañch 1 57, विभीषणविधेया खलु राक्षसा Pratimā 7 -4 Obedient, tractable, com-

pliant, submissive, आविधेयेन्द्रिय पुंसा गौरिवैति विधेयताम् K1 11 33 -5 To be predicated (in gram &c), अत्र मिथ्या-महित्व नानुवाच अपि तु विधेयम् K P 7 -8 A functionary, one who is in charge of anything, त्व तस्य भव वश्यश्च विधेयश्च सदानघ Rām 2 30 9 -यम् 1 What ought to be done, a duty, विधीयता तत्र विधेयमुत्तरम् K1 1 25, 16 62 -2 The predicate of a proposition -यः A servant, dependant -Comp -अविमर्शः a fault of composition which consists in assigning to the predicate a subordinate position or in expressing it imperfectly (अविमर्श प्राधान्येनानिर्दिष्टो विवेकाद्यो यत्र K P 7; see examples *ad loc*) -आत्मन् *m* N of Visnu -ज्ञ *a* one who knows one's duty, स मृत्यो यो विधेयज्ञ Pt 1 337 -पदम् 1 the object to be accomplished -2 the predicate, नात्रैषा वचनव्यक्ति ये यजमाना इत्युद्देशपदम् ऋत्विज इति विधेयपदम् SB on MS 6 6 20

विधुः [व्यध्-कु Un 1 23] 1 The moon, सविता विधवति विधुरपि सवितरति दिनन्ति यामिन्य K P 10 -2 Camphor -3 A demon, fiend -4 An expiatory oblation -5 N of Visnu -6 N of Brahman -7 N of Śiva -8 Wind -9 War, battle -Comp -क्षयः waning of the moon, the period of the dark fortnight of a month, प्रथिता प्रेतकृत्येषा पित्र्य नाम विधुक्षये Ms 3 127 -दिनम् a lunar day -पञ्जरः (also पिञ्जरः) a scimitar, sabre -परिध्वंसः eclipse of the moon -प्रिया a Naksatra or lunar mansion -मण्डलम् the moon's disc -मासः a lunar month

विधुत See विधूत

विधुतिः *f* 1 Shaking, trepidation, tremor, वैनायक्य-श्चिर वो वदनविधुतय पान्तु चीत्कारवत्य Māl 1 1, पादग्यासैर्भुज-विधुतिभिः Bhāg 10 33 8 -2 Removal, destruction, मायाविवेकविधुतिस्त्रिजि वाऽहिबुद्धिः Bhāg 4 22 38

विधुननम् 1 Shaking or tossing about, agitating -2 Trembling, tremor

विधुतुदः N of Rāhu, विधुमिव विरुतविधुतुददन्तदलनगालिता-मृतधारम् Git. 4, आभिमुख्यं शशाङ्कस्य यथाद्यापि विधुतुद Pt 1 326, N 4 71, Śi 2 61, अस्त विधुतुदेनेव निखिल विधुमण्डलम् Śiva B 25 62

विधुर *a* [विगता धूर्यस्य अच् समा० Un 1 39] 1 Distressed, troubled, afflicted, overwhelmed with grief, miserable, अवस्थामापन्ना मदनदहनोद्वाहविधुराम् Māl 2 3, 9 11, U 3 38, 6 41, K1 11 26, Śi 9 77, 17 66, Bh 3 8, 134, नेत्राभिप्लोषमूर्च्छाविधुरविनिपतत्सानलद्वादशाक Nāg 5 31 -2 Love-lorn, bereaved, suffering separation from a wife or husband, मयि च विधुरे भाव कान्ताप्रवृत्तिपराङ्मुख. V 4 20, विधुरा ज्वलनातिसर्जनावनु मा प्रापय पत्युरन्तिकम् Ku 4 32, विधुग्बन्धुरबन्धुरमैवत Śi 6 29, 12 8, निव्याज विधुरेध्ववीर इति मा येनाभिवर्तो भवान् Nāg 2 3 -3 Devoid, deprived, or destitute of, free from, त्वामाद्यन्तान्तरवर्ती त्रयविधुरः Bhāg 6 16 36, सा वै कलङ्कविधुरा मधुराननश्री Bv 2 5 -4 Adverse, hostile,

unfriendly, कृपान्त पतित करोतु विधुरे किं वा विधौ पौरुषम् Pt 2 85 -5 Unable, helpless, प्रतिक्रियायै विधुर K1 17 41 -6 Incapable to perform (अनुष्ठानशून्य), अनुत्पन्न ज्ञान यदि यदि च सदेहविधुरम् Mv 3 36 -7 Infirm, drooping (विगलित), हयैश्च विधुरमीवै रयैश्च सकलीकृतै Mb 7 146 25 -रः A widower -रम् 1 Alarm, fear, anxiety -2 Separation from a wife or husband, bereavement suffered by a lover or mistress -3 Calamity, distress, विधुर किमत परम् K1 2 7 -Comp -दर्शनम् 1 the sight of danger or alarm, विना विधुरदर्शन स्वामिनो मन्दादरा भवन्ति H 2 -2 a feeling of agitation

विधुर a Destitute of a shaft (as a carriage)

विधुरा Curds mixed with sugar and spices (Mar श्रीखड)

विधुरित a Pale, लज्जाविधुरिताननम् Ve 1 26

विधू 5, 10 U, 6 P 1 To shake, move, cause to tremble, वायुविधूनयति चम्पकपुष्परेणुन् Kavirahasya, मृदु-पवनविधूतान् Rs 6 29, 3 10, दीर्घा वेणी विधून्वाना Mb -2 To shake off, destroy, expel, drive away, कपेर्विधूतु युतिम् Bk 9 28 -3 To spurn, despise, treat with contempt, ज्यानिवातकठिनत्वो भुजान् स्वान् विधूय धिगिति प्रतस्थिरे R 11 40 -4 To leave, give up, abandon, द्रुत विधूयान्यत् N 1 35

विधुवनम् Shaking, tembling, tremor

विधूत p p 1 Shaken or tossed about, waved -2 Tremulous -3 Shaken off, dispelled, removed -4 Unsteady -5 Abandoned -तम् Repugnance -Comp. -कल्मष a free from sin -केश a one who has tossed about the hair, विधूतकेशा परिलोलितस्रज K1 8 33 -निद्र a awakened

विधूतिः f, विधूननम् Shaking, tremor, agitation सन्मसुपहितविधूतिम् Si 15 6 -2 Repulsion (as of love) See विधुति

विधूनित a 1 Agitated, alarmed -2 Harassed, annoyed, molested

विधूम a Smokeless

विधूम्न a Quite grey, युधि तुरगरजोविधूम्नविष्वक् Bhāg 1 9 34

विधू 10 U 1 To seize, catch, catch or take hold of, अश्रुपल्लवन विधूत Amaru 85 -2 To put on, wear, use, पर्णशालामथ क्षिप्र विधूतासि प्रविश्य स R 12 40 (v 1) -3 To maintain, bear, support, hold up, शिरसा विधूता नित्यम् Pt 1 82 (where sense 2 is also intended), विधूतमपरैर्देत चान्यैर्विजित्य दृण यथा Bh 3 28 -4 To fix upon, direct towards -5 To separate, divide. -6 To arrange, manage -7 To withhold, obstruct, restrain

विधारणम् Stopping, detaining (a carriage).

विधूत p p 1 Seized, held, grasped -2 Separated, kept asunder or separate -3 Assumed, possessed -4 Checked, restrained -5 Supported, protected, borne up, (see धृ with वि) -तम् 1 Disregard of a command -2 Dissatisfaction

विधूतिः f Arrangement, regulation

विध्र a [विन्धे कन्, नलोपश्च Un 2 26] Clear, stainless

विध्वंस 1 A 1 To fall to pieces -2 To be dispersed or scattered -3 To perish, be destroyed or ruined -Caus 1 To destroy, crush, annihilate -2 To injure, hurt

विध्वंसः 1 Ruin, destruction -2 Enmity, aversion, dislike -3 An insult, offence -4 Cessation (of a disease) -5 Violation (of a woman)

विध्वंसिन् a 1 Being ruined, falling to pieces -2 Hostile, adverse

विध्वस्त p p 1 Ruined, destroyed, दृश्यते मित्रविध्वस्त कार्यद्वैरिप्ररक्षित Pt 2 113 -2 Scattered about, tossed up -3 Obscured, darkened -4 Eclipsed

विनम्र a Quite naked

विनटनम् Moving to and fro

विनद् 1 P 1 To sound, resound, सिंहनाद विनद्योच्चै शब्द दध्मौ प्रतापवान् Bg 1 12 -2 To roar, cry out -3 To fill with cries -Caus To cause to cry or utter notes, अम्बुदै शिखिगणो विनाद्यते Ghat 10

विनदः 1 Sound, noise -2 N of a tree

विनम् 1 P To bend oneself, stoop, be bent, विनमान्ति चास्य तरव प्रचये K1 6 34, Bh 1 67, Bk 7 52 -Caus 1 To bend (a bow) -2 (In gram) To change into a cerebral letter

विनत p p 1 Bent down, bowed -2 Stooping, drooping, inclined, प्रकामविनताचसौ S 3 9 -3 Sunk down, depressed -4 Bent, crooked, curved -5 Humble, modest -6 Changed into a lingual letter, see विनाम -Comp. -आनन a with downcast face, dejected

विनता 1 N of the mother of Aruna and Garuda, said to be one of the wives of Kaśyapa, see गरुड -2 A kind of basket -3 An abscess on the back or abdomen -Comp. -नन्दनः, -सुतः, -सूनुः epithets of Garuda or Aruna

विनतिः f 1 Bowing down, bending, stooping -2 Modesty, humility -3 A request

विनमनम् Bending, bowing, stooping

विनम्र a 1 Bent down, stooping, विनम्रशालिप्रसवौष-शालिनी K1 4 2. -2 Depressed, sunk down -3 Modest, humble.

विनम्रकम् The flower of the *Tagara* tree

विनर्द् 1 U To cry out, roar, thunder

विनर्दिन् a Roaring (applied to a kind of mode of chanting *Sāman*), विनर्दि साम्नो वृणे पशव्यम् Ch Up 2 22 1

विनश् 4 P 1 To be destroyed, perish, die -2 To disappear, vanish -3 To be lost or ruined -4 To be frustrated or foiled -*Caus* 1 To destroy, annihilate -2 To suffer to be lost, स्थातु नियोक्तुर्न हि शक्यमग्रे विनाश्य रक्ष्य स्वयमक्षतेन R 2 56

विनशनम् Perishing, loss, destruction, disappearance -नः N of the place where the river *Sarasvatī* is lost in the sand, cf हिमवद्विन्ध्ययोर्मध्य यत् प्राविनशनादपि । प्रत्यगेव प्रयागाच्च मध्यदेश प्रकीर्तितः ॥ Ms 2 21

विनष्ट p p 1 Perished, destroyed, ruined -2 Dis appeared, lost -3 Spoiled, corrupted

विनष्टिः f 1 Utter ruin or destruction, न चेदिहावेदी-
न्महती विनष्टि Ken 2 5 -2 Disappearance, vanishing

विनाशः 1 Destruction, ruin, utter loss, decay -2 Removal -3 Death -4 The perishable world, सम्भूति च विनाश च यस्तद्वेदोभय सह *Īśop* 14 (it is called कार्यव्रज्ज) -**Comp** -**उन्मुख** a about to perish, ripe to meet one's doom, विनाशोन्मुख दृष्ट्वा तत्प्रयुक्त कार्यं कुर्वन्ति *Kaumudī* -**धर्मन्**, -**धर्मिन्** a subject to decay, perishable, transient, विषयेषु विनाशवर्मसु त्रिदिवस्थेष्वपि नि स्पृहोऽभवत् R 8 10 -**हेतु** a being the cause of death

विनाशनम् Destruction, ruin, annihilation -नः A destroyer

विनस a (-सा -सी f) Noseless, यद्यह नाय नायास्य विनासा हतबान्वा Bk 5 8

विना ind 1 Without, except (with acc, instr or abl), यथा तान विना रागो यथा मान विना नृप । यथा दान विना हस्ती तथा ज्ञान विना यति Bv 1 119, पञ्चैर्विना सरो भाति सद खलजनैर्विना कटुवर्णैर्विना काव्य मानस विषयैर्विना 1 116, विना बाह्वनहस्तिभ्य क्रियता सर्वमोक्ष Mu 7, Śi 2 9 (विनाकृ means 'to leave, abandon, bereave, deprive of', मदनेन विनाकृता रति Ku 4 21 'bereft of Cupid') -2 In the absence of, विना वचनेन अन्त्यलोप एव न्याय्य SB on MS 10 5 6 -**Comp** -**उक्तिः** f a figure of speech in which विना is used in a poetically charming way, विनार्थसम्बन्ध एव विनोक्ति R G, see K P 10 also -**भवः**, -**भावः** separation, न सुहृद्विर्विनाभव Rām 2.94 3, व्यक्त देवादह मन्ये राघवस्य विनाभवम् 7 50 4

विनाकृत a 1 Deprived of, bereft of, destitute, free from -2 Solitary

विनाडिः, -**विनाडिका** A measure of time equal to one-sixtieth part of a *Ghatikā* or equal to 24 seconds

विनामः 1 (In gram) Change into a lingual or cerebral letter, the substitution of ष् for स् and ण् for न् -2 Crookedness (of the body)

विनायक 1 A remover (of obstacles) -2 N of *Ganēśa*, विनायक प्रकुर्वाणो रचयामास वानरम् *Subhās* -3 A Buddhist deified teacher -4 N of *Garuda* -5 An obstacle, impediment -6 A spiritual preceptor -7 A leader, guide

विनायिका The wife of *Garuda*

विनास(सि)क a Noseless

विनाहः A cover for the mouth of a well, cf वीनाह

विनिकृत p p Ill treated, injured, disabled, विश्वामित्रो विनिकृतो विनि श्वस्येदमब्रवीत् Rām 1 56 22

विनिकृ 6 Ā 1 To throw, abandon, cast off, क नु मा त्वद्वीनजीविता विनिकीर्य क्षणभित्तसौहृद Ku 4 6 -2 To throw about, scatter

विनिकीर्ण p p Scattered, thrown about

विनिकोचनम् Contraction (of the brow)

विनिक्षिप् 6 Ā 1 To entrust, deliver over -2 To place in or upon -3 To throw down, overthrow -4 To engage in

विनिक्षेपः 1 Throwing down, sending forth -2 Separation, isolation

विनिगड a Without fetters, unrestrained, free

विनिगमना f Determination, definite conclusion, acceptance of something to the exclusion of the rest, न हि विनिगमनायां हेतुरस्ति एवनिमित्तक कृतव्य नैवनिमित्तकमिति SB on MS 10 5 59

विनिग्रह 9 U 1 To restrain, check, obstruct, impede -2 To lay hold of, seize

विनिग्रहः 1 Restraining, curbing, subduing, Bg 13 7, 17 16, न हि दण्डादृते शक्य कर्तुं पापविनिग्रह Ms 9 263 -2 Mutual opposition or antithesis

विनिघ्न a Multiplied

विनिद्र a 1 Sleepless, awake (fig also), तामेकतस्तव विमर्ति गुरुर्विनिद्र R 5 66 -2 Budded, opened, full-blown, expanded, विनिद्रमन्दाररजोरुणाङ्गुली Ku 5 80

विनिपत् 1 P 1 To fly at, fall down, descend, विनिपतिततुषार क्रौञ्चनादोपगीत Rs 4 18 (v 1) -2 To attack, assail -*Caus* 1 To cause to fall down, ruin, destroy, कटेन विनिपातितो यामि Mk 2 8 -2 To throw or pull down -3 To kill, deprive of life

विनिपन्न a Destroyed, एते चान्ये च बहवो बलवन्तो दुरा-
सदा । विनिपन्ना मया दृष्टा Rām 7 22. 28.

विनिपातः 1 Falling down, a fall -2 A great fall, calamity, an evil, loss, ruin, destruction, विवेकभ्रष्टाना भवति विनिपात शतमुख Bh 2 10 (where it has sense 1 also), विधिहेतुरहेतुरागसा विनिपातोऽपि सम समुन्नते Ki 2 34 -3 Decay, death -4 Hell, perdition, S 5 -5 Occurrence, happening -6 Pain, distress, जपता जुहुता चैव विनिपातो न विद्यते Ms 4 146 -7 Disrespect -Comp -गत a fallen into misfortune, भर्तार नानुमन्यन्ते विनिपातगत क्रिय Rām 2 39 20 -शंसिन् a. portentous, foreboding ruin

विनिपातनम् Causing miscarriage

विनिबर्हण a Throwing down, crushing, अनुमन्याह-
मतुल द्विषता विनिबर्हणम् Mb 3 22 31

विनिमयः [विनिमे-1 Ā] 1 Exchange, barter, कार्य-
विनिमयेन M 1, सपदिनिमयेनोभौ दधतुर्भुवनद्वयम् R 1 26, वर्णया-
कर्णित महामेखालि विनिमीयताम् N 20 113 -2 A pledge,
deposit, security -3 Transmutation (of letters) -4
Reciprocity, तेजोवारिरुदा यथा विनिमय Bhāg 1 1 1

विनिमित्त a Having no real cause

विनिमेषः 1 Twinkling (of the eyes) -2 A wink,
sign, नयनविनिमेषविनोदिता Ki 12 25

विनियम् 1 P 1 To restrain, check, curb, मनसैवेन्द्रिय-
ग्राम विनियम्य समन्तत Bg 6 24 -2 To limit, restrict

विनियत p p Controlled, checked, restrained, regu-
lated, as in विनियताहार, विनियतवाच् &c

विनियमः Control, restraint, check

विनियुज् 7 U 1 To use, expend -2 To appoint,
employ -3 To divide, apportion, distribute, प्रत्येक
विनियुक्तात्मा कथं न ज्ञास्यसि प्रभो Ku 2 31 -4 To disconnect,
separate -5 To discharge (an arrow) -Caus 1 To
appoint, employ -2 To enjoin, order, command, सृष्टेः
विनियोजयेत् Ms 7 226 -3 To offer, present, give -4
To perform, do, dispose of

विनियुक्त p p 1 Separated, loosed, detached -2
Attached to, appointed -3 Applied to -4 Com-
manded, enjoined -Comp -आत्मन् a one who has
his mind fixed on

विनियोक्त a Appointer, employer, तेषु तेषु हि कृत्येषु
विनियोक्ता महेश्वर Mb 3 32 24

विनियोगः 1 Separation, parting, detachment -2
Leaving, giving up, abandoning -3 Employment, use,
application, disposal, बभूव विनियोगज्ञ साधनीयेषु वस्तुषु
R 17 67, प्राणायामे विनियोग &c, अनेनेदं तु कर्तव्यं विनियोग
प्रकीर्तितं । आर्षं छन्दश्च दैवत्यं विनियोगस्तथैव च Yogyañjñavalkya
-4 Appointment to a duty, commission, charge, विनि-
योगप्रसादा हि किङ्करा प्रभविष्णुषु Ku 6 62 -5 An obstacle,
impediment -6 Relation, correlation

विनिर्गम् 1 P 1 To go out -2 To disappear, vanish
-3 To go away, depart -4 To escape from, liberate
oneself from -5 To be beside one's self

विनिर्गमः 1 Disappearance -2 Departure

विनिर्जि 1 P 1 To conquer completely -2 To subdue,
overpower, master

विनिर्जयः Complete victory

विनिर्णी = निर्णी q v

विनिर्णयः 1 Complete settlement or ascertainment,
full decision -2 Certainty -3 A settled rule

विनिर्बन्धः Persistence, pertinacity.

विनिर्मा See निर्मा

विनिर्मित p p 1 Formed or made of -2 Made,
created, विनिर्मित छादनमज्ञताया (मौनम्) Bh 2 7 -3 Cele-
brated, observed (as a feast) -4 Determined, destined

विनिर्मुच् 6 P 1 To loosen, free from -2 To set free,
release, liberate -3 To discharge, shoot off -4 To
abandon, give up

विनिर्मुक्तिः f, विनिर्मोक्षः Release, liberation

विनिर्वृत् See निर्वृत्

विनिर्वृत्त p p 1 Come forth, issued from, साक्षाद्रामा-
द्विनिर्वृत्तो धर्मश्चापि श्रिया सह Rām 2 2 29 -2 Completed,
finished (कृतकृत्य), त्वत्प्रसादाद्विनिर्वृत्तं समर्थं स्यामह यथा Mb
3 40 14, Y 2 31

विनिविद् See निविद्.

विनिवेश 6 P To be placed or be seated in -Caus
1 To fix, place, सर्वोपमाद्रव्यसमुच्चयेन यथाप्रदेशं विनिवेशितेन (सा
निर्मिता) Ku 1 49, R 5 63, मदुरसि कुचकलशं विनिवेशय
Git 12 -2 To populate or colonize -3 To introduce
-4 To add, insert -5 To draw up in array (as
troops)

विनिवेशः 1 Entrance, settling down in a place, जन-
पदविनिवेश Kau A 1 -2 An impression, स्विन्नाङ्गुलि-
विनिवेशो रेखाप्रान्तेषु दृश्यते मल्लि S 6 15

विनिवेशनम् Erection, building

विनिवृ 10 U or -Caus 1 To prevent, ward off,
suppress, विनय विनिवार्य Mal 1 18 -2 To prohibit,
forbid

विनिवृत् 1 Ā 1 To turn back, return -2 To cease,
come to an end, सपिण्डता तु पुरुषे सप्तमे विनिवर्तते Ms 5 60,
विषया विनिवर्तन्ते निराहारस्य देहिनि Bg 2 59 -3 To desist,
turn away, abstain (from), देवनात्, युद्धात् &c -Caus
1 To cause to cease or stop, withdraw, चापेन यस्य विनि-
वर्तितकर्म जातम् S 7 26. -2 To restrain, withhold -3
To renounce.

विनिवृत्त *p p* 1 Returned, turned away -2 Stopped, ceased, desisted from -3 Retired

विनिवृत्तिः *f* 1 Cessation, stopping, removing, शकाभ्यसूयाविनिवृत्तये R 6 74 -2 End, stop, termination

विनिश्चि 5 *U* To determine, resolve, ascertain, विनिश्चेतु शक्यो न सुखमिति वा दुःखमिति वा *U* 1 35

विनिश्चयः 1 Fixing, settling, ascertainment -2 A decision, resolution

विनिश्वासः Hard breathing or respiration, sighing, a sigh

विनिष्पत् 1 *P* To fly forth, rush forth -2 To run away, शशवच्च विनिष्पतेत् Ms 7 106

विनिष्पेषः Bruising, crushing, grinding

विनिहत *p p* 1 Struck down, wounded -2 Killed -3 Completely overcome -तः 1 Any great or unavoidable calamity, such as that inflicted by fate or heaven -2 A portent, comet -Comp -आत्मन् one who has lost his soul, स त्वा विनिहतात्मान . जाने पापसमाचारम् Rām 4 17 22

विनिहित *p p* [वि+नि+धा] 1 Put down, laid down -2 Appointed -3 Separated -Comp -दृष्टि *a* one who has the eyes fixed upon, eagerly looking at -मनस् *a* intent upon, devoted to

विनिहृत *p p* 1 Demed, disowned -2 Hidden, concealed

विनी 1 *P* 1 To remove, take away, destroy (said to be *Ā* only except where it has 'a part of the body' for its object), पटपटहृन्विनिहीतनिद्र R 9 71, विनीतखेद 13 35, 46, 15 48, Si 10 62, K1 7 30, Ku 1 9, 5 32 -2 To teach, instruct, educate, train, विनियुतेन गुरवो गुरुप्रियम् R 3 29, 5 101, 15 69, 18 51, Y 1 311, Ku 1 34 -3 To tame, subdue, govern, control (fig also), वन्यान् विनेष्यन्निव दुष्टसत्त्वान् R 2 8, 6 27, 14 75, K1 2 41, वनगज इव तस्मात् सोऽभ्युपायैर्विनय Mu 3 25. -4 To appease, pacify (anger) (*Ātm*), शक्योऽस्य मन्युर्भवता विनेतुम् R 2 49 -5 To pass away, spend (as time), कथमपि यामिनीं विनीय Git 8 -6 To carry through, perform, complete, finish -7 To spend, apply to use (*Ātm*), शतं विनयते Sk -8 To give, present, pay, pay off (as tribute) (*Ātm*), करं विनयते Sk. -9 To lead or conduct towards, नार्यश्चतुष्काभिमुखं व्यनैषु Ku 7 9 -10 To bid, direct, order, मा चापलायेति गणान् व्यनैषीत् Ku 3. 41 -11 To bend down, incline -12 To spread, stretch out -13 To throw off, dispel, स त्वसुतिष्ठ युध्यस्व विनीय भयमात्मन Mb 9 31 29

विनय *a* 1 Cast, thrown -2 Secret -3 Ill-behaved. -यः 1 Guidance, discipline, instruction (in one's duties), moral training, सर्वज्ञाननिर्णयस्य विनयं कुर्यु कथं क्षत्रिया.

Mv 3 37, प्रजानां विनयाधानात् R 1 24, Māl 10 5, विनया-विकारिक प्रयमाविकरणम् Kau A -2 Sense of propriety, decorum, decency, अनुयास्यन् मुनितनया सहसा विनयेन वारित-प्रसर S 1 28 -3 Polite conduct, gentleman-like bearing, good breeding or manners, गुणेश्च तैस्तैर्विनयप्रधानै R 6 79, Māl 1 18 -4 Modesty, humility, सुष्ठु शोभसे आर्यपुत्र एतेन विनयमाहात्म्येन *U* 1, विद्या ददाति विनयम्, तथापि नीचैर्विनयाददृश्यत R 3 34, 10 71 (where Malli renders विनय by इन्द्रियजय or restraint of passions, unnecessarily in our opinion) -5 Reverence, courtesy, obeisance -6 Conduct in general -7 Drawing off, taking away, removing, उत्तरीयविनयात् त्रपमाणा Si 10 42 -8 A man who has subdued his senses -9 A trader, merchant -10 Chastisement (दण्ड), शीलवृत्तमविज्ञाय वास्यामि विनयं परम् Mb 3 306 19. -11 An office, business, विफलविनययत्ना कामिनीनां वयस्या Si 11 36 -Comp -अवनत *a* stooping humbly -कर्मन् *n* instruction -आहिन् *a* tractable, obedient, submissive -भाज् *a* modest, well-behaved -वाच् *a* speaking mildly or affably -स्थ *a* modest

विनयनम् 1 Removing, taking away, वक्ष्यस्यध्वंशम-विनयेने तस्य शृङ्गे निषण्ण Me 54 -2 Education, instruction, training, discipline

विनीत *p p* 1 Taken away, removed -2 Well-trained, educated, disciplined -3 Refined, well-behaved -4 Modest, humble, meek, gentle -5 Decent, decorous, gentlemanly -6 Sent away, dismissed -7 Tamed, broken in -8 Plain, simple (as a dress) -9 Having the passions under control, self-subdued -10 Chastised, punished -11 Tractable, governable -12 Lovely, handsome -13 Stretched, spread, शस्यवृत्त्या विनीतायामिच्छाम्यहमुपासितुम् Rām 3 43 20 (See नीं वि also) -तः 1 A trained horse -2 A trader -Comp -आत्मन् *a* humble, lowly, विनीतात्मा हि नृपतिर्न विनश्यति कर्हिचित् Ms 7 39 -वेषः plain dress, विनीतवेषेण प्रवेष्टव्यानि तपोवनानि S 1 15-16

विनीतकम् 1 A vehicle or conveyance (a litter &c.) -2 A carrier, bearer

विनीतिः *f* 1 Training, good behaviour -2 Respect, reverence, esteem

विनीयः 1 Sediment, dregs -2 Sin, crime

विनीवि *a* Denuded

विनेतृ *m* 1 A leader, guide -2 A teacher, an instructor, स तथेति विनेतुर्द्वारमते प्रतिष्ठुश्च वचो विससर्ज मुनिम् R 8 91, राक्षसानां विनेत्रा Mv 7 1 -3 A king, ruler -4 A chastiser, punisher, अयं विनेता दत्तानाम् Mv. 3 46, 4 1, R. 6 39, 14 23

विनेयः A pupil, disciple

विनुद् 6 *P* 1 To strike, pierce, चोदयामास तानश्वान् विनुन्नात् भीष्मसायकै Mb 6 106 45 -2 To play on a musical instrument (वीणाम्, आतोयम् &c.) -3 To remove,

drive away, dispel -Caus 1 To remove, drive away, dispel, cast off, ताप विनोदय दृष्टिम् Git 10, S1 4 66, S 3 21, Māl 9 41 -2 To pass, spend (as time) -3 To divert, amuse, entertain, क नु खल्वत्मानं विनोदयामि S 3, लतासु दृष्टिं विनोदयामि S 6, R 14 77 -4 To amuse oneself with, लक्ष्मीर्विनोदयति येन दिगन्तलम्बी सोऽपि त्वदाननश्चि विजहाति चन्द्र R 5 67.

विनोदः 1 Removing, driving away, श्रमविनोद, विनोद-मिच्छन्नथ दर्पजन्मन -2 A diversion, an amusement, any interesting or amusing pursuit or occupation, प्रायेणैते रमणविरहेष्वङ्गनाना विनोदा Me 89, मिथैव व्यसनं वदन्ति मृगया-मीदृग्विनोदं कुत S 2 5 -3 Play, sport, pastime -4 Eagerness, vehement desire -5 Pleasure, happiness, gratification, विलपनविनोदोऽयसुलभ U 3 30, जनयतु रसिक-जनेषु मनोरमरतिरसभावविनोदम् Git 12 -6 A particular mode of sexual enjoyment -7 A kind of house -Comp -रसिक a addicted to pleasure -स्थानम् ground for pleasure or enjoyment

विनोदनम् 1 Removing -2 A diversion &c, see विनोद

विनोदित p p 1 Diverted, delighted -2 Dispelled

विन्द a 1 Finding, gaining -2 One who has obtained, त्रैलोक्येनापि विन्दस्व तां क्रीत्वा सुकृती भव Bk 5 21 -न्दः A particular hour of the day (सुहृत्), विन्दो नाम सुहृत्तोऽसौ Rām 3 68 13

विन्दु a 1 Intelligent, wise -2 Liberal -न्दुः A drop, see विन्दु

विन्ध्यः [विदधाति करोति भयम् Un 4 121] 1 N of a range of mountains which separates Hindustan proper from the Deccan or south, it is one of the seven *Kula-parvatas* (q v) and forms the southern limit of Madhyadesa, see Ms 2 21 [According to a legend, the Vindhya mountain, being jealous of the mount Meru (or Himālaya) demanded that the sun should revolve round himself as about Meru, which the sun declined to do, whereupon the Vindhya began to rise higher and higher so as to obstruct the path of the sun and moon. The gods being alarmed sought the aid of the sage Agastya, who approached the mountain and requested that by bending down he would give him an easy passage to the south, and that he would retain the same position till his return. This Vindhya consented to do (because according to one account, he regarded Agastya as his teacher), but Agastya never returned from the south, and Vindhya never attained the height of Meru] -2 A hunter -न्ध्या 1 N of a plant (लवली) -2 Small cardamoms -3 A measure of time (वृत्ति), L D B -Comp -अटवी the great Vindhya forest -कूटः, -कूटनम् epithets of the sage Agastya. -गिरिः the Vindhya range of hills, also विन्ध्याचल, विन्ध्यादि. -वासिन् m an epithet of the grammarian व्यासि. (-नी) an epithet of Durgā.

विद्य p p [विद् कर्मणि क] 1 Known -2 Got, obtained -3 Discussed, investigated -4 Placed, fixed -5 Married, (see विद्)

विज्ञकः N of Agastya

विन्यस् 4 P 1 To put down, deposit, place, विन्यस्यन्ती भुवि गणनया देहलीदत्तपुष्पे Me 89, Bk 3 3 -2 To fix in or on, direct towards, रामे विन्यस्तमानसा Rām -3 To deliver or make over, commit to the care of, entrust, सुतविन्यस्तपत्नीक Y 3 45 -4 To arrange, dispose, adjust

विन्यसनम् Putting down, पदविन्यसनम् See न्यास.

विन्यस्त p p 1 Placed or put down -2 Inlaid, paved -3 Fixed -4 Arranged -5 Delivered -6 Presented, offered -7 Deposited -स्तम् Arrangement, placing, दान्ततोरणविन्यस्तं वज्रस्फटिकवेदिकम् Rām 7 13 5

विन्यासः 1 Entrusting, depositing -2 A deposit -3 Arrangement, adjustment, disposition, अक्षरविन्यास 'inscribing letters', प्रत्यक्षरश्लेषमयप्रबन्धविन्यासवैदग्धनिधि Vās 'composition of a work &c' -4 A collection, an assemblage -5 A site or receptacle -6 Putting on (ornaments) -7 Movement, position (of limbs), attitude -8 Exhibition, display -Comp -रेखा a line drawn

विप् 10 U (वेपयति ते) To throw, cast See वेप्

विप् m 1 A praiser, singer of hymns -2 A wise man -f 1 Praise, a hymn -2 A finger

विपक्ष a 1 Hostile, inimical, adverse, contrary -2 Impartial -क्षः 1 An enemy, adversary, opponent, गुणास्तस्य विपक्षेऽपि गुणिनो लेभिरेऽन्तरम् R 17 75, S1 11 59 -2 A rival or fellow wife, प्रेमगर्वितविपक्षमत्सरात् R 19 20 -3 A disputant, ह्येतोत्तरतत्त्वविचारमध्ये वक्तव्यं दोषैरुक्ति-विपक्षम् K1 17 43 -4 (In logic) A negative instance, an instance on the opposite side, (i. e. that in which the साध्य or major term is not found), निश्चितसाध्याभाववान् विपक्ष T S, Mu 5 10 -5 (In gram) An exception -6 Impartiality, indifference -7 The day of transition from one half of a lunar month to another -Comp. -भावः, वृत्तिः f hostility, विपक्षभावे चिरमस्य तस्युष R 3 62 -रमणी a female rival

विपक्षता, -त्वम् Hostility, enmity, opposition

विपक्व 1 P 1 To mature, develop, ripen, bear fruit, (समारभा) गर्भशालिसधर्माणस्तस्य गूढं विपेचिरे R 17. 53 -2 To digest -3 To cook thoroughly -4 To melt, dissolve, liquefy -5 To roast -Caus 1 To cook thoroughly. -2 To melt, liquefy

विपक्वित्रम् a 1 Fully ripened or matured -2 Developed, fulfilled (as the consequences of former acts).

विपक्व *a* 1 Fully ripened or matured -2 Developed, fulfilled, यच्च तप्त तपस्तस्य विपक्व फलमय न Ku 6 6 -3 Cooked -4 Thoroughly burnt, destroyed -5 Not burnt

विपञ्चिका, -विपञ्ची 1 A lute -2 Play, sport, pastime

विपद् 10 U 1 To tear up or out, (केतकबर्ह) विपाटया-मास युवा नखायै R 6 17 -2 To pull or draw out, extract -3 To root up, eradicate -4 To open, unfold

विपाटः A kind of arrow, परितोऽरोवि विपाटपञ्जरेण Si 20 17 See विपाठ

विपाटनम् 1 Tearing open, splitting -2 Eradication -3 Spoliation -4 Acute pain

विपाटित *p p* Split asunder, uprooted, दन्तैर्नखाश्च विपाटितानि Bv 1 85

विपण 1 **आ** 1 To sell, barter, आभीरदेशे किल चन्द्रकान्त त्रिभिर्वरादैर्विपणन्ति गोपा Subhās -2 To bet, stake

विपणः, -विपणनम् 1 Sale, विपणेन च जीवन्तो वज्र्या स्युर्हव्यकन्ययो Ms 3 152 -2 Petty trade -3 Petty market, विपणापणवान् रम्यो भक्ष्यभोज्यविहारवान् Mb 14 59 11 -4 Engaging, undertaking, अर्थेन तु समोऽनर्थो यत्र लभ्येत नोदय । न तत्र विपण कार्यं खरकण्डूयन हि तत् Mb 8 33 66

विपणिः, -णी *f* 1 A market, market-place, stall, हा हा नश्यति मन्मथस्य विपणि सौभाग्यपण्याकर Mk 8 38, Si 5 24, R 16 41 -2 An article or commodity for sale -3 Trade, traffic, Ms 10 116 -**Comp** -गतः *a* being on the market -जीविका subsistence by traffic -पथः a shop-street

विपणिन् *m* A trader, merchant, shop-keeper, (पण्य) पूर्णापणा विपणिनो विपणीर्विभेजु Si 5 24

विपण्यु *a* 1 One who has left occupation, practice etc -2 Indifferent, विरजधियोऽन्वयन्त्यभिविपण्यव एकसरम् Bhāg. 10 87 19.

विपथः A wrong road, bad way (lit and fig) ; सत्यथ कथमुत्सृज्य यास्यामि विपथ पथ Mb 12 359 11

विपद् 4 **आ** 1 To go badly, fail, miscarry (as a business &c.) -2 To fall into misfortune or bad state, स बन्धुर्यो विपन्नानामापदुद्धरणक्षम H 1 29 -3 To be disabled or incapacitated -4 To die, perish, नाथवन्तस्त्वया लोकास्त्वमनाथा विपत्स्यसे U 1 44, हा तात एष ते नरेन्द्रचित्ताराधनोपकरण जनो विपद्यते Mā 5, Mk 1 38 -5 To obstruct -6 To come to naught, यदि त्वमिहित राज्ञा त्वयि तन्न विपत्स्यते Rām 2 18 26 -**Caus** To destroy, kill

विपत्तिः *f* 1 A calamity, misfortune, disaster, mishap, adversity, सप्तौ च विपत्तौ च महतामेकरूपता Subhās. -2 Death, destruction, अतिरभसकृताना कर्मणामाविपत्तेर्भवति

सं. इ. को... १८२

हृदयदाही शल्यतुल्यो विपाक Bh 2 99, R 19 56, Ve 4 6, हिमसेकविपत्ति नलिनी R 8 45 -3 Agony, torment (यातना) -4 Cessation, end -**सि** (*m*) An excellent or distinguished footsoldier, स्थन्दना नो च तुरगा सुरेभा वा विपत्तय Ki 15 16 -**Comp** -कालः season of adversity

विपद् *f* 1 A calamity, misfortune, adversity, distress, तत्त्वनिक्षयावा तु तेषा (मित्राणा) विपद् H 1 183 -2 Death, सिंहादवापद्विपद् वृत्तिह R 18 35 -**Comp** -उद्धरणम्, -उद्धारः relieving or extricating (one) from misfortune -कालः times of need, season of calamity, adversity -ग्रस्तः, -युक्तः *a* overtaken by or involved in calamity, unhappy, unfortunate -सागरः 'sea of misery', a very heavy calamity or disaster

विपदा See विपद्.

विपन्न *p p* 1 Dead -2 Lost, destroyed -3 Unfortunate, afflicted, distressed, fallen into adversity -4 Declined -5 Disabled, incapacitated, बलि विपन्नमादाय अस्त गिरिसुपागमन् Bhāg 8 12 46 -**सः** A snake -**Comp** -दीधिति *a* one whose splendour is gone -देह *a* dead, defunct, विपन्नदेहे मयि मन्दभाष्ये ममेति चिन्ता क गमिष्यसि त्वम् Mk 1 38

विपरिक्रान्त *a* Courageous, powerful

विपरिगा 3 P To go over, be upset (as a cart)

विपरिणम् -**Caus** To change or transform into. -**Pass** 1 To be changed into -2 To undergo a change for the worse

विपरिणमनम्, विपरिणामः 1 A change, an alteration -2 Change of form, transformation -3 One of the modes of construing a sentence according to which a word or expression in the sentence is changed so as to suit the general trend in the context This change may pertain to विभक्ति, लिङ्ग, वचन, पुरुष, काल, अर्थ etc, SB on MS 1 2 1

विपरिमर्शः Consideration, प्रकृतीना सामवायित-विपरिमर्श Kau A 3, 11

विपरिवृत् 1 **आ** 1 To turn round, revolve (fig also), हेतुनानेन कौन्तेय जगद्विपरिवर्तते Bg 9 10 -2 To roll about, भूमौ विपरिवर्तते Ms 6 22 -3 To wander about, move to and fro -4 To return -5 To surround, attend upon (with acc), दु खं सुतेन सतत जनान् विपरिवर्तते Mb 12 139 64

विपरिवर्तनम् Turning about, rolling -**Comp** -विद्या a magical formula for causing a person to return, Ks

विपरिश्रमता The state of being without fatigue, उरु सत्त्वमाह विपरिश्रमता Ki. 6 35

विपरी [विपरि + इ] 2 P. 1 To turn in an opposite direction -2 To be otherwise, fail, prove fruitless, कल्याण विदधातु वा भगवतीनीतिविपर्येतु वा Mā 6 3 -3 To change for the worse. -4 To go round, return

विपरीत *a* 1 Reversed, inverted -2 Contrary, opposite, reverse, inverse, राज्येन किं तद्विपरीतवृत्ते R 2 58 -3 Wrong, contrary to rule -4 False, untrue, विपरीतार्थविदो हि योषित Bv 2 177 -5 Unfavourable, adverse -6 Cross, acting in an opposite manner, विपरीतश्च वृद्धश्च विषयैश्च प्रघर्षित, Rām 2 21 3 -7 Disagreeable, inauspicious -तः A particular mode of sexual enjoyment -ता 1 An unchaste or faithless wife -2 A perverse woman -Comp -कर, -कारक, -कारिन्, -कृत् *a* perverse, acting in a contrary manner, स्तोत्रिरत्र विपरीत-कारक Śi 14 66 -चेतस्, -मति *a* having a perverted mind -रतम् inverted sexual intercourse, अद्यापि तत् कनककुण्डलवृष्टगण्डमास्य स्मरामि विपरीतरताभियोगे Oh P 12, of पुरुषायित -लक्षणा ironical description of a thing by mentioning its contrary properties

विपरीतता, -त्वम् Contrariety, inversion, opposition, लोके गुरुत्व विपरीतता वा स्वचेष्टितान्येव नर नयन्ति Subhās

विपर्यय *a* Reversed, inverted, perverse, यदा वृश्चिका-दिषु पञ्चसु वर्तते तदाहोरात्राणि विपर्ययाणि भवन्ति Bhāg 5 21 5 -यः 1 Contrariety, reverse, inversion, आहितो जयविपर्ययोऽपि मे श्लाघ्य एव परमोष्ठिना त्वया R 11 86, स्वशरीरशरीरिणावपि श्रुतसयोगविपर्ययो यदा 8 89, नभस स्फुटतारस्य रात्रेरिव विपर्यय (न भाजनम्) K1 11 44, विपर्यये तु S 5 'if it be otherwise', if contrary be the case, विपर्यये त्वस्याधिपतेरुल्लङ्घित क्षात्रधर्म स्यात् Ve 5 -2 Change (of purpose, dress &c), कथमेत्य मतिर्विपर्यय करिणी पङ्कमिवावसीदति K1 2 6, so वेषविपर्यय Pt 1 -3 Absence or non-existence, समुद्रगारूपविपर्ययेऽपि Ku 7 42, त्यागे श्लाघाविपर्यय R 1 22 -4 Loss, राघवाणाम्युक्तोऽय कुलस्यास्य विपर्यय Rām 1 21 2, निद्रा सज्ञाविपर्यय Ku 6 14 'loss of consciousness' -5 Complete destruction, annihilation, दुःशासनवध श्रुत्वा कर्णस्य च विपर्ययम् Mb 11 1 16, Rām 7 6 50 -6 Exchange, barter -7 Error, trespass, mistake, misapprehension -8 A calamity, misfortune, adverse fate, प्रिय त्वत्कृतमिच्छामि मम गर्भविपर्यये Rām 1 47 3 -9 Hostility, enmity -10 Perverseness, opposition -11 The destruction of the world (प्रलय), हरिं विनान्ति स्म शरा लोका इव विपर्यये Rām 7 7 4 -12 Misapprehension, भय द्वितीयाभिनिवेशत स्यादीशा-दपेतस्य विपर्ययोऽस्मृति Bhag 11 2 37, Mv 3 35

विपर्यायः Reverse, contrariety, V 4, see विपर्यय above

विपर्ययस् 4 P 1 To overturn, reverse, invert -2 To change, alter -3 To take wrongly, misunderstand, प्रतीकारो व्याधे सुखमिति विपर्यस्यति जन Bh 3 92 -4 To undergo change, be affected (intrans.), दैवेनोपहतस्य बुद्धिरथवा सर्वा विपर्यस्यति Mu 6 8, (of the Latin adage 'quem deus vult perdere prius dementat')

विपर्यस्त *p p* 1 Changed, विपर्यस्त यथा नाम कुवलाश्वस्य धीमत Mb 3 201 7, inverted, reversed, हन्त विपर्यस्त सप्रति जीवलोक U 1 -2 Opposite, contrary -3 Wrongly considered to be real, अनुत्पन्नं ज्ञान यदि यदि च सदेहविधुरं

विपर्यस्त वा स्यात् परिचर वसिष्ठस्य चरणौ Mv 3 36 -4 (In gram) Interchanged -Comp -पुत्रा *a* woman bearing no male children

विपर्यासः 1 Change, कथ नाम विपर्यासाद्बुधुमारत्वमागत Mb 3 201 6, contrariety, reverse, विपर्यास यातो घनविरल-भाव क्षितिरुहाम् U 2 27 -2 Adverseness, unfavourable-ness, as in दैवविपर्यासात् -3 Interchange, exchange, प्रवहणविपर्यासेनागता Mk 8 -4 An error, a mistake -5 Expiration, lapse (of time) -6 Deterioration, death -Comp -उपमा *a* inverted comparison

विपलम् A moment, an extremely small division of time (said to be equal to one-sixth or one-sixtieth part of a *pala*)

विपलायनम् Running away, fleeing in different directions

विपलाश *a* Leafless (विपर्ण)

विपश्चित् *a* Learned, wise, विपश्चितो विनियुरेच गुरवो गुरुप्रियम् R 3 29 -*m* A learned or wise man, sage, भवन्ति ते सभ्यतमा विपश्चिता मनोगत वाचि निवेशयन्ति ये K1 14 4, Pt 1 100

विपाकः 1 Cooking, dressing -2 Digestion, रूप चक्षुर्विपाकश्च त्रिधा ज्योतिर्विधीयते Mb 12 248 10, also had digestion -3 Ripening, ripeness, maturity, development (fig also), अमी पृथुस्तम्बभृत पिशङ्गता गता विपाकेन फलस्य शालय K1 4 26, वाचा विपाको मम Bv 4 42 'my mature, full-developed, or dignified words' -4 Consequence, fruit, result, the result of actions either in this or in a former birth, अहो मे दारुणतर कर्मणा विपाक K 354, ममैव जन्मान्तरपातकाना विपाकविस्फूर्जथुरप्रसङ्ग R 14 62, Bh 2 99, Mv 5 56 -5 (a) Change of state, कष्ट बतान्यदिव दैववशेन जाता दुःखात्मक किमपि भूतमहो विपाक U 4 6 (b) An unexpected event or occurrence, a reverse, adverse turn of fate, distress, calamity, ईदृशाना विपाकोऽपि जायते परमाद्भुत U 3 3, विपाके घोरेऽस्मिन्नय खलु विमूढा तव सखी 4 12 -6 Difficulty, embarrassment -7 Flavour, taste -8 Withering, fading -Comp -कालः the time of maturing -दारुण *a* terrible in results -दोषः morbid affection of digestive powers

विपाटल *a* Very red.

विपाठः A kind of large arrow, क्षुरनाराचमल्लाना विपाठाना च तत्त्ववित् Mb 1 139 6

विपाण्डु *a* Pale, pallid, परितो विपाण्डु दधदभ्रशिर Śi 9 3, K1 5 6, so विपाण्डुर, क्वचिज्जलापायविपाण्डुराणि Śi 4.5, विपाण्डुररुचम् Ratn 2 4

विपादनम् Destroying, killing, destruction

विपादिका 1 A sore or tumour on the foot. -2 An enigma, a riddle

विपाल *a*. Unguarded; विपालान् नारयेत् पशून् Ms. 8. 240.

विपाश, विपाशा *f* N of one of the five rivers in the Panjab (now called Beas), एषा रम्या विपाशा च नदी परमपावनी Mb 3 130 8

विपिन *a* Thick, dense, अमुमतिविपिन वेद दिव्यापिनम् K1 5 18 -नम् [वप्-इन् ह्रस्वश्च पृषो०, cf Un 2 52] 1 A wood, forest, grove, thicket, रुन्दावनविपिने ललित वितनोतु शुभानि यशस्यम् Git 1, विपिनानि प्रकाशानि शक्तिमत्वाच्चकार स R 4 31, Māl 9 2 -2 A multitude, quantity -Comp -ओकस् an ape, monkey, रक्षोभिर्विपिनौकसा परिग्रहैश्चारादपास्तक्रमम् Mv. 6 31

विपुंसक *a* Unmanly

विपुरुष *a* Void of men, empty

विपुल *a* 1 Large, extensive, capacious, broad, wide, spacious, विपुल नितम्बदेशे M 3 7, शिरसि तनुर्विपुलश्च मध्यदेशे Mk 3 22, कालो ह्यय निरवधिर्विपुल च पृथ्वी Māl 1 6, क्वचिद् द्वीपाकार पुलिनविपुलैर्भोगनिवहै Nāg 5 26, so विपुल पृष्ठम्, विपुल कुक्षि &c -2 Much, ample, copious, abundant, तपसा तथा न मुदमस्य ययौ भगवान् यथा विपुलसत्त्वतया K1 18 14 -3 Deep, profound, विपुलार्था च भारती Mv. 1 2 -4 With the hair standing on end, thrilling, विपुलेन निपीड्य निर्दय मुदमायातु नितान्तमुन्मना Śi 16 3 (where it has sense 1 also) -लः 1 N of the mountain Meru -2 Of Himalaya -3 A respectable man -Comp -ग्रीव *a* long-necked -छाय *a* shady, umbrageous -जघना *a* woman with large hips -प्रज्ञा, -बुद्धि, -मति *a* endowed with great talents or understanding -रसः the sugar-cane

विपुला The earth

विपुष्ट *a* Ill-fed

विपुष्टिः Perfect welfare, prosperity

विपूयः The *Munja* grass, P III 1. 117, विपूयै कृत-मेखलाम् Bk 6 60

विपूयकम् Suppuration, an offensive smell

विप्रः [वप्-रन् पृषो० अत इत्वम्, Un 2 28] 1 A Brāhmaṇa, see the quotations under ब्राह्मण -2 A sage, wise man, त्व मुख पद्मजो विप्र Mb 1 23 17 -3 The *Asvattha* tree -4 (In prosody) A foot of four short syllables -5 A singer of hymns, praiser -6 The month भाद्रपद -7 *Ficus Religiosa* (Mar पिपल) -8 *Acacia Sirissa* (Mar शिरस) -Comp -ऋषिः = ब्रह्मर्षि q v -काष्ठम् the cotton-plant -कुण्डः an adulterous offspring of Brāhmaṇa parents -ग्रहः = ब्रह्मराक्षस q v, Bhag 6 8 25 -प्रिय *a* dear to Brāhmaṇas, विप्रप्रिय धार्मिकम् Rāmārakṣā 26 (-यः) the *Palāsa* tree (-यम्) thick sour milk -समागमः a concourse or synod of Brāhmaṇas -स्वम् the property of a Brāhmaṇa.

विप्रकीर्ण *p p* 1 Spread about, dispersed, scattered -2 Loose, dishevelled (as hair) -3 Expanded, outstretched -4 Wide, broad.

विप्रकृ 8 U 1 (a) To tease, trouble, harass, harm, किं सत्त्वानि विप्रकरोषि S 7, (b) To oppress, तस्मिन् विप्रकृता काले तारकेण दिवौकस Ku 2 1 -2 To wrong, ill-treat, offend, भर्तुर्विप्रकृतापि रोषणतया मा स्म प्रतीप गम S 4 17 -3 To affect, cause a change in, कमपरमवश न विप्रकुर्युर्विभुमपि त यदमी स्पृशन्ति भावा Ku 6 95 -4 To disfigure, deform, आभरणोचित रूपमाश्रममुलभे प्रसाधनैर्विप्रकाशयेते S 4 -5 To appoint, admit (as a witness), Mb 5

विप्रकारः 1 Insult, contumely, abuse, treating with disrespect, उदीरितां तामिति याज्ञसेन्या नवीकृतोद्ग्राहितविप्रकाराम् K1 3 55 -2 Injury, offence, शशसुविप्रकार त तस्मै तारक-कारितम् Mb 13 86 28 -3 Wickedness -4 Opposition, counteraction -5 Retaliation -6 Various manner -7 Wrong way, act, मत्स्याना विप्रकारास्ते बहूनस्मानकीर्तयन् Mb 4 47 9

विप्रकृत् *a* Hurting, offending, अस्मद्विधाना दुष्टाना निलज्जाना च विप्रकृत् Bhag 6 17. 11

विप्रकृत *p p* 1 Hurt, offended, injured, एव विप्रकृते लोके दैत्येन्द्रानुचरैर्मुहु Bhag 7 2 16 -2 Insulted, abused, treated with contumely -3 Opposed -4 Retaliated, requited -5 Oppressed, troubled, disturbed -6 Irritated, provoked, विप्रकृत पन्नग फणा कुर्वते S 6 31

विप्रकृतिः *f* 1 Injury, offence -2 An insult, abuse, contumely -3 Retaliation, retort -4 Change, variation, अभियुक्त च नान्येन नोक्त विप्रकृतिं नयेत् Y 2 9

विप्रकृष्ट 1 P To draw away, remove, counteract, काम दुग्धे विप्रकर्षत्यलक्ष्मीम् U 5 30

विप्रकर्षः 1 Distance, remoteness -2 Difference, contrast, विप्रकर्षेण बुध्येत कृतकर्मा यथाफलम् Mb 3 32 46 -3 Dragging away, carrying off, द्रौपद्या विप्रकर्षेण राज्यापहरणेन च Mb 3 2 9 -4 (In gram) The separation of two consonants by the insertion of a vowel

विप्रकृष्ट *p p* 1 Drawn away, removed -2 Distant, remote -3 Protracted, lengthened, extended

विप्रकृष्टक *a* Remote, distant

विप्रणश See प्रणश

विप्रतारकः An impostor, deceiver

विप्रतिकारः 1 Counteraction, opposition, contradiction -2 Retaliation

विप्रतिपद् 4 Ā 1 To differ, be mutually opposed, conflict -2 To waver, vacillate, मिथ्यावृत्तिरनार्य सन्नय विप्रतिपद्यसे Mb 5 128 18 -3 To reply falsely

विप्रतिपत्तिः *f* 1 Mutual discrepancy, contest, conflict, dispute, opposition (as of opinions or interests) -2 Dissent, objection -3 Perplexity, confusion -4 Mutual relation -5 Conversancy -6 Hostile feeling, इय विप्रतिपत्तिस्ते यदा त्वं पिशिताशन Mb. 12 111 9 -7 Error, mistake,

विप्रतिपन्न *p p* 1 Mutually opposed, opposite, dissentient, उवाच परया सूक्त्या बुद्ध्या विप्रतिपन्नया Rām 2 109 1 -2 Confused, bewildered, perplexed, श्रुतिविप्रतिपन्ना ते यदा स्थास्यति निश्चला Bg 2 53 -3 Hindered, obstructed, नद्यो जल विप्रतिपन्नमार्गा Rām 4 28 45 -4 Contested, disputed -5 Mutually connected or related -Comp बुद्धि *a* having a false opinion

विप्रतिषेधः 1 Keeping under control, controlling, कन्याद्वय इव भूतानामदान्तेभ्य सदा भयम् । तेषां विप्रतिषेधार्थं राजा सृष्ट स्वयमुवा ॥ Mb -2 The opposition of two courses of action which are equally important, the conflict of two even-matched interests, हरिविप्रतिषेध तमाचक्षे विचक्षणः Śi 2 6 (तुल्यबलविरोधो विप्रतिषेधः Malli) -3 (In gram) The conflict of two different grammatical operations become possible according to two different rules, conflict of two equally important rules, विप्रतिषेधे पर कार्यम् P I 4 2, विरोधो विप्रतिषेधः । यत्र द्वौ प्रसगावन्त्यर्थोवैकस्मिन् प्राप्यत स विप्रतिषेधः Kāśikā, see Mbh also -4 Prohibition

विप्रति (ती) सारः 1 Repentance, प्रापि चेतसि सविप्रति-सारे सुश्रुवामवसर सरकेण Śi 10 20 -2 Anger, rage, wrath -3 Wickedness, evil

विप्रत्ययः Distrust, यदि विप्रत्ययो ह्येष तदिदं दर्शयाम ते Mb 12 111 55

विप्रथित *p p* Celebrated.

विप्रदहः Dry food consisting of fruits, roots etc , L D B

विप्रदुष्ट *p. p* 1 Vitiated, spoiled, dissolute -2 Corrupt, very dissolute, bad, विप्रदुष्टा स्त्रिय भर्ता निरुन्ध्यादेकवेस्मनि Ms 11 176 -Comp -भाव *a* having a wicked disposition, न विप्रदुष्टभावस्य सिद्धिं गच्छन्ति कर्हिचित् Ms 2 97

विप्रधर्षः Harassing, annoyance

विप्रनष्ट *p p* 1 Lost -2 Vain, useless

विप्रपातः A precipice, abyss.

विप्रमुक् See प्रमुक्.

विप्रमुक्त *p p* 1 Set free, liberated, loosened, पर्याय-त्वरितशुद्धीतविप्रमुक्त Mv 1 44 -2 Shot, discharged -3 Free from (in comp).

विप्रयुज् 7 Ā To separate, disjoin, to deprive (one) of -Pass To be separated from (with instr) -Caus 1 To deprive of, free from -2 To separate, disjoin

विप्रयुक्त *p p* 1 Separated, severed, detached -2 Separated from, being absent or away from (with instr or in comp), अबलाविप्रयुक्त स कामी Me 2 -3 Freed or released from -4 Deprived or destitute of, without (in comp).

विप्रयोगः 1 Disunion, severance, separation, disassociation, as प्रिय -2 Especially, separation of lovers, मा भूदेव क्षणमपि च ते विद्युता विप्रयोग Me 117, 10, सद्यस्त्वया सह कृशोदरि विप्रयोग V 5 16, R 13 26, 14 66 -3 Quarrel, disagreement -4 Being fit or deserved -5 Absence, want

विप्रलप् 1 P 1 To dispute, contradict, wrangle, quarrel -2 To discuss, debate -3 To lament, bewail

विप्रलसम् 1 Discussion, debate, controversy, futile talk, न चेन्मोघ विप्रलस ममेदम् Mb 12 29 145 -2 Bewailing, lamentation

विप्रलापः 1 Idle or unmeaning talk, prattle, glibberish, nonsense -2 Mutual contradiction, contradictory statement, P I 3 50 -3 A dispute, wrangling -4 Violation of one's promise, breaking one's word

विप्रलभ 1 Ā 1 To cheat, deceive, impose upon -2 To recover, regain -3 To insult, disrespect -4 To violate, disregard

विप्रलब्ध *p p* 1 Deceived, cheated, ऐक्याद्वयस्य ऋतवानिति विप्रलब्धः Bhāg 1 15 19 -2 Disappointed -3 Hurt, injured -ब्धा A woman disappointed by her lover's breaking his appointment, (one of the several classes of a Nāyikā in poetic composition), she is thus defined in S D — प्रियं कृत्वापि सकेत यस्या नायाति सनिधिम् । विप्रलब्धेति सा ज्ञेया नितान्तमवमानिता ॥ 118

विप्रलब्ध *a* A deceiver, भ्रष्टेया विप्रलब्धारः Kī 11 35

विप्रलम्भः 1 (a) Deceiving, deceit, tricking, disappointment, विप्रलम्भोऽयमत्यन्तं यदि स्युरफला क्रिया Mb 3 31 28, विप्रलम्भोऽपि लाभाय सति प्रियसमागमे Kī 11 27 (b) Deception, अतिक्रामिता खलु प्रियसखी अनेनानुकूलविप्रलम्भेन Mal 6 -2 Especially, deceiving by false statement or by not keeping promises, विप्रलम्भमङ्गानिमप्रेमसहजसौहार्दवेदिनं तं विधेध्वरं सबहुमानं विससर्ज Dk 1 5 -3 Quarrel, disagreement -4 Disunion, separation, disjunction -5 The separation of lovers, शुश्रूषे प्रियजनस्य कातरं विप्रलम्भपरिशङ्कितो वच R 19 18, Ve 2 12 -6 (In Rhet) The feeling or sentiment of love in separation, one of the two main kinds of शृङ्गार (opp सभोग), अपर (विप्रलम्भ) अभिलाष-विरहेष्याप्रवासशापहेतुक इति पञ्चविधः K P 4, यूनोरयुक्तयोर्भावे युक्तयोर्वीथया मिथ । अभीष्टालिङ्गनादीनामनवाप्तौ प्रहृष्यते । विप्रलम्भः स विज्ञेय -उज्ज्वलमणि, of S D 212 et seq

विप्रलम्भनम् Deception, fraud, trick

विप्रलम्भित *p p* Insulted, violated, चतुर्भिरङ्कुतैः सिद्धै राज्ञा ते विप्रलम्भिता Bhāg 6 3 8

विप्रलयः Complete destruction or dissolution, annihilation, विद्याकल्पेन मरुता मेघानां भूयसामपि । ब्रह्मणीव विवर्तनां क्वापि विप्रलयः कृत ॥ U 6 6

विप्रलीन *a* Dispersed, routed (as a defeated army).

विप्रलुप् 6 P 1 To tear, snatch away -2 To afflict, disturb

विप्रलुप्त *p p* 1 Carried away, snatched away -2 Disturbed, interrupted

विप्रलुम्पक *a* Plunderer, robber, rapacious, Ms 8 309.

विप्रलोभिन् *m* A species of plant like अशोक

विप्रलोकः A bird-catcher

विप्रवादः 1 Disagreement -2 Different opinion, विप्रवादा बहव श्रूयन्ते पुत्रकारिता Mb 13 49 2

विप्रवस् 1 P 1 To sojourn, be absent from (one's home), R 12 11 -2 To return from journey, विप्रोष्य तूपसग्राह्या ज्ञातिसबन्धियोषित Ms 2 132 -Caus 1 To banish, expel -2 To remove, take away

विप्रवसित *p p* Withdrawn, departed, भिक्षुभिर्विप्रवसिते Bhāg 1 6 2

विप्रवासः Staying abroad, dwelling in a foreign country (away from one's home), क्व चासीद्विप्रवासस्ते किं चाकार्षीं प्रवासत Mb 3 14 1, 3 273 12

विप्रवासनम् 1 Banishment, ततो दुःखतर भूय सीताया विप्रवासनम् Rām 7 50 7. -2 Staying abroad, sojourn

विप्रोषित *p p* 1 Staying abroad, away from, absent, वनेषु सृगराजेषु व्याघ्रविप्रोषितेषु च Mb 5 120 10 -2 Banished, being in exile, विप्रोषितकुमार तद्राज्यमस्तमितेश्वरम् R 12. 11 -Comp -भर्तृका a woman whose husband is absent from home

विप्रशिका A female fortune-teller, विप्रशिका त्वीक्षणिका देवज्ञा Ak

विप्रसन्न *a* Greatly pleased, शमात्मके चेतसि विप्रसन्ने Bu Ch 2 45

विप्रस्थित *p p* Departed

विप्रहत *p p* 1 Struck down, defeated -2 Trodden, अविप्रहतमैश्वर्यक पप्रच्छ मुनिपुत्रम् Rām 1 24 13

विप्रहाणम् Disappearance, cessation

विप्रहीण *a* 1 Deprived or destitute of, इमं भौमं नरकं क्षीणपुण्यं प्रवेष्टुमुर्वी गगनाद्विप्रहीण Mb 1 92 7 -2 Disappeared

विप्रिय *a* Disagreeable, disliked, unpleasant, distasteful -यम् Offence, wrong, a disagreeable act, मनसापि न विप्रियं मया कृतपूर्वं तव किं जहासि माम् R 8 52, Ku 4 7, K1 9 39, Ś1 15 11, U 3. 13

विप्रुष *f* 1 A drop (of water or any other liquid), संतापं नवजलविप्रुषो गृहीत्वा Ś1 8 40, स्वेदविप्रुष 2 18 -2 A mark, dot, spot -3 Drops falling from the mouth while speaking, Ms 1 133 (com विप्रुषो मुखनि स्रता अल्पा जलकणा) -4 A phenomenon, Rāj. T

विप्लु 1 A 1 To float about, swing to and for, fluctuate -2 To drift (in the sea), be scattered, यदि न स्यान्नरपति सम्यग्नेता ततः प्रजा। अरुणधारा जलधौ विप्लवेतेह नौरिव॥ H 3 2, Pt 3 72 -3 To be confused (as mind) -4 To be ruined or destroyed -5 To fail -Caus 1 To cause to float or swim -2 To divulge, spread abroad -3 To teach (to unworthy persons), शरणागतं परित्यज्य वेदं विप्लव्यं च द्विज Ms 11 198 -4 To cause to fail, spoil, mar, गुणानामायथातथ्यादर्थं विप्लवयन्ति ये Ś1 2 56 -5 To confound, bewilder

विप्लव *a* Perplexed, confused, समूर्षणा हि मन्दात्मनस्तु स्युर्विप्लवा गिर Bhāg 7 8 12 -वः 1 Floating or drifting about, floating in different directions -2 Opposition, contrariety -3 Confusion, perplexity -4 Tumult, scuffle, affray, M 1 -5 Devastation, predatory warfare, danger from an enemy -6 Extortion -7 Loss, destruction, सत्त्वविप्लवात् R 8 41, तद्वाग्विसर्गो जनताघविप्लवः Bhāg. 1 5 11 -8 Adverseness, evil turn, अथवा मम भाग्यविप्लवात् R 8 47 -9 The rust on a mirror (dust accumulating on its surface), अपवर्जितविप्लवे शुचौ मतिरादर्श इवाभिदूयते K1 2 26 (where विप्लव also means प्रमाणबाध 'absence of reasoning') -10 Transgression, violation, गुरुपदिष्टेन रिपौ सुतेऽपि वा निहन्ति दण्डेन स धर्मविप्लवम् K1 1 13 -11 An evil, a calamity -12 Sin, wickedness, sinfulness -13 Terrifying an enemy by shouts and gestures -14 Divulging, making public -15 Profanation of the Veda by unseasonable study -16 Shipwreck

विप्लावः 1 Deluging, inundating -2 Causing tumult -3 A horse's canter or gallop

विप्लावनम् Abusing, reviling

विप्लावित *p. p* Confounded, ruined

विप्लुत *p p* 1 Drifted about -2 Drowned, submerged, deluged, overflowed -3 Confounded, disturbed. -4 Ravaged, devastated -5 Lost, disappeared -6 Disgraced, dishonoured -7 Ruined -8 Obscured, disfigured -9 Depraved, dissolute, profligate, guilty of lewdness, विप्लुतौ शूद्रवद्भ्यौ Ms 8 377 -10 Contrary, reverse -11 Turning out false, नैते वाचं विप्लुता व्याहरन्ति U 4 18 -12 Agitated, troubled, भयविप्लुतमीक्षितो नमः स्वैर्जगती ग्राह इवापगा जगदे K1 13 24 -तम् Springing, bursting asunder -Comp. -नेत्र, -लोचन *a* having the eyes suffused (with tears, joy etc) -भाषिन् *a* speaking confusedly, stammering.

विप्लुतिः Destruction, ruin, loss

विप्लुष् See विप्रुष्

विप्ला See वीप्सा.

विफल *a* 1 Fruitless, useless, vain, ineffectual, unprofitable, मम विफलमेतदनु रूपमपि यौवनम् Git 7, जगता वा विफलं किं फलम् R. G., Ś1. 9. 6, Ku 7 66, Me 70. -2 Idle,

unmeaning -3 Having no testicles -ला N of a plant (केनकी) -लम् Fruitlessness, unprofitableness, नावम र्मरूपोऽपि विफलायैश्वरार्पित Bhāg 8 5 48

विफलीकृ 8 U To frustrate, defeat, foil, render fruitless

विफलीभू 1 P To become useless or unprofitable, be foiled

विबन्ध 9 P 1 To bind or fasten (on different sides) -2 To stretch out, extend

विबद्ध p p 1 Fastened, tied -2 Obstructed, stopped -3 Constipated

विबन्धः 1 Constipation -2 Obstruction -3 Encircling, a circular bandage, Śuśr

विबन्धु a Having no relations, आर्यविष्टस्य सुतान् विबन्धून् प्रवेक्ष्य लाक्षाभवने ददाह Bhāg 3 1 6

विबाध् See बाध्

विबाधा Pain, anguish, torment, agony

विबुध् 1 P, 4 Ā 1 To wake up, awake, निमील्य नेत्रे सहसा व्यबुध्यत Ku 5 57 -2 To become conscious -3 To observe, perceive, find out -Caus 1 To awaken, rouse -2 To restore to consciousness, अय मोहपरायणा सती विवशा कामवधूर्विबोधिता Ku 4 1

विबुद्ध p p 1 Aroused, awakened, wide awake, Ś 2 -2 Expanded, blossomed, full-blown, महाबल कमलविबुद्धलोचन Mb 7 155 43 -3 Clever, skilful, अन्यथा प्रतिपन्नास्ते विबुद्धा स्वेषु कर्मसु Mb 14 36 29 -4 Unconscious

विबुधः 1 A wise or learned man, sage, सख्य साप्तपदीन भो इत्याहुर्विबुधा जना Pt 2 47 -2 A god, deity, अभून्वृषो विबुधसख परतप Bk 1 1, गोप्तार न निर्धना महयन्ति महेश्वर विबुधा Subhās -3 The moon -Comp -अधिपतिः, -इन्द्रः, -ईश्वरः epithets of Indra -अनुचरः a god's attendant, Ms 11 47 -आवासः a temple -इतरः a demon -गुरुः Brihaspati or the planet Jupiter -तटिनी the Gangā river -द्विष्, -शत्रुः a demon, बन्दीकृता विबुध-शत्रुभिरर्थमार्गे V 1 3

विबुधानः 1 A learned man -2 A teacher

विबोधः 1 Awakening, being awake -2 Perceiving, discovering -3 Intelligence -4 Awakening, becoming conscious, one of the 33 or 34 subordinate feelings (or व्यभिचारिभाव) in Rhetoric, निद्रानाशोत्तर जायमानो बोधो विबोध R G -5 Inattention, absence of mind -6 (In drama) The unfolding of the faculties in carrying out an object

विबुभूषा The wish to manifest one's self, एकैकस्या दशदश प्रकृतेर्विबुभूषया Bhāg 3 3 9

विबोकोः See बिबोको.

विब्रू 2 U 1 To say, speak -2 To speak of or about -3 To speak falsely or wrongly, अब्रुवन् विब्रुवन् वापि नरो भवति किल्बिषी Ms 8 13 -4 To explain, expound, interpret, न विब्रूयान्नुपो धर्मं चिकीर्षन् हितमात्मन Ms. 8 390 -5 To quarrel, dispute, contend about -6 To disagree with, contradict

विभज् 1 U 1 To divide, distribute, विभज्य मेरुर्न यदर्थिसाकृत N 1 16, पत्रिणा व्यभजदाश्रमाद्भि R 11 29, 10 54, वपुर्विभक्तावयव प्रमानिति Śi 1 3, संख्यामङ्गलदीपिका विभजते शुद्धान्तवृद्धो जन V 3 2 'distributes or places' -2 To divide (as property, patrimony &c), विभक्ता भ्रातर 'divided brothers' -3 To distinguish, discriminate. -4 To honour, worship -5 To separate from, विभक्त-रक्ष सबावम् Rām 5 53 37 -6 To open (a box or chest)

विभक्त p p 1 Divided, partitioned (as property &c) -2 Divided, separated in interest, as in विभक्ता भ्रातर, विभक्ता सहजीवन्तो विभजेरन् पुनर्यदि Ms 9 210 -3 Parted, separated, made distinct, Śi 1 3, बायवैर्यैर्विगण्यन्ते विभक्ता परमाणव Y 3 104 -4 Different, multifarious -5 Retired, secluded -6 Regular, symmetrical -7 Ornamented -8 Measured -क्तः N of Kārtikeya -क्तम् 1 Solitude, retirement -2 A share -3 Property (divided) -4 Separation -Comp -जः a son born after partition of the family-property (between his parents and brothers)

विभाक्तिः f 1 Separation, division, partition, apportionment, काल कालविभक्तीश्च Ms 1 24, कथ सृष्टानि भूतानि कथ वर्णविभक्तय Mb 12 182 3, कशापातेषु दृश्यन्ते नानावर्ण-विभक्तय Pañcharātram 2 4 -2 Division, separation in interest -3 A portion or share of inheritance -4 (In gram) Inflection of nouns, a case or case-termination

विभज्य ind By dividing, distinguishing -Comp -पाठः the distinct pronunciation

विभञ्ज् 7 P To break asunder, break to pieces, shatter

विभङ्गः 1 Breaking, fracture -2 Stopping, obstruction, stoppage, तृष्णाक्षोतोविभङ्ग Bh 2 26 -3 Bending, contraction (as of the eyebrows), भ्रूविभङ्गकुटिल च वीक्षितम् R 19 17 -4 A fold, wrinkle, वलीविभङ्गचतुर स्तनभारविनामितम् Mb 4 14 22 -5 A step, stair, शिला-विभङ्गैर्मृगराजशवस्तुङ्ग नगोत्सङ्गमिवारोह R 6 3 -6 Breaking out, manifestation, विविधविकारविभङ्गम् Git 11 -7 Division, मसारगल्बकर्मयैर्विभङ्गैर्विभूषित हेमनिबद्धचक्रम् Mb 12 46 33 -8 A wave

विभाङ्गिः Mere appearance or resemblance

विभङ्गुर a Unsteady (as a look)

विभवः 1 Wealth, riches, property, अतनुषु विभवेषु ज्ञातय सन्तु नाम Ś 5 8, R 8 69 -2 Might, power, prowess, greatness, एतावान् मम मतिविभव V. 2, वाग्विभव.

Mal 1 26, R 1 9, K₁ 5 21, विभवाद्वा प्रदीपवत् MS 11 1 59 -3 Exalted position, rank, dignity -4 Magnanimity -5 Final beatitude, absolution, स भवान् सर्वलोकस्य भवाय विभवाय च अवतीर्णोऽशभागेन Bhāg 10 10 35 -6 Protection (पालन), नियन्ता जन्तूना निखिलजगदुत्पादविभवप्रतिक्षेपै क्रीडन् Vis Guna 198 -7 Development, evolution

विभा 2 P 1 To shine, पयसा कमलेन विभाति सर Bh 2 71 -2 To seem, appear -3 To become visible, come to light -4 To dawn, सुखमिव सा विभवौ विभावरी Rām 1 22 24

विभा 1 Light, lustre -2 A ray of light -3 Beauty, splendour -Comp -अनुगा shadow -करः 1 the sun, बत बत लसत्तेज पुञ्जो विभाति विभाकर K P 10 -2 the *anka* plant -3 the moon -4 fire -वसुः 1 the sun -2 fire, रचयिष्यामि तनु विभावसौ Ku 4 34, R 3 37, 10 82, तेजश्चास्मि विभावसौ Bg 7 9 -3 the moon -4 a kind of neoklae

विभातम्, -ती Day-break, dawn, अमर इव विभाते कुन्द-मन्तस्तुषारम् S 5 19

विभागः 1 Division, partition, apportionment (as of inheritance), समस्तत्र विभाग स्यात् Ms 9 120, 210, Y 2 114 -2 The share of an inheritance -3 A part or share in general -4 Division, separation, disjunction (regarded in Nyāya phil as a Guna), Ku 2 4, तत्त्वावित्तु महाबाहो गुणकर्मविभागयो Bg 3 28 -5 The numerator of a fraction -6 A section -7 Arrangement -Comp -कल्पना, -भावना allotment of shares, विभागभावना ज्ञेया गृहक्षेत्रैश्च यौतकै Y 2 149 -धर्मः the law of inheritance, Ms 1 115 -पत्रिका a deed of partition -भाज् m one who shares in a property already distributed, विभक्तेषु सुतो जात सवर्णाया विभागभाक् Y 2 122 -रेखा partition line, boundary between

विभागतः *ind* Proportionately

विभागशः *ind* Part by part, share by share, proportionately

विभाजनम् Dividing, distributing

विभाज्य *a* 1 Portionable, to be divided, वस्त्र पत्रमलकार कृतान्नमुदकं त्रिय । योगक्षेम प्रचार च न विभाज्य प्रचक्षते ॥ Ms 9 219 -2 Divisible

विभाण्डिका, विभाण्डी The Senna plant (Mar सुई-तरवड, सोनामुखी)

विभावरी *a* Brilliant, shining, विभावरी सर्वभूतप्रतिष्ठां गङ्गा गता ये त्रिदिव गतास्ते Mb 13 26 86

विभावरी 1 Night, अपर्वणि प्रहकल्लषेन्दुमण्डला विभावरी कथय कथ भविष्यति M 4 15, 5 7, Ku 5 44 -2 Turmeric -3 A bawd -4 A harlot -5 A perverse woman -6 A talkative woman (सुखरञ्जी), यशस्विनी मन्द्युमती कुले जाता विभावरी Mb. 5. 133. 2

विभाष् 1 *Ā* 1 To lay down as an optional rule -2 To abuse, revile, defame, censure

विभाषा 1 An option, alternative -2 Optionality of a rule

विभास् *f* Brightness, splendour, सोमिचिद्रुमवितानविभासा रजितस्य जलधे श्रियमूहे K₁ 9 9

विभासा Light, lustre

विभिद् 7 U 1 To break, tear down -2 To pierce, penetrate -3 To divide, separate -4 To interrupt -5 To scatter, unbind, disperse -6 To loosen, untie -7 To alienate, estrange -8 To infringe, violate -*Pass* To change, become changed -*Caus* 1 To divide, separate -2 To alienate, estrange -3 To dispel, remove, drive away or off

विभिदा Division (भेद), विभिदामनयन्त कृत्यपक्षम् Si 20 23

विभिन्न *p p* 1 Broken asunder, divided, split -2 Pierced, wounded -3 Dispelled, driven away, dispersed -4 Perplexed, bewildered -5 Moved to and fro -6 Disappointed -7 Different, various -8 Mixed, blended, variegated, विभिन्नवर्णां गरुडाग्रजेन सूर्यस्य रथ्या परित स्फुरन्त्या Si 4 14 -9 Manifested, displayed -10 Become faithless -ज्ञः N of Śiva

विभेदः 1 Breaking asunder, dividing -2 Division, separation -3 Wounding -4 Perplexing, bewildering -5 Contradiction -6 Enmity, opposition -7 Variety, distinction -8 Knitting, contraction (of the brows)

विभी *a* Fearless, विभीर्जप्यपरो मौनी वैराग्य समुपाश्रित Mb 12 278 15

विभीतः, -तम्, विभीतकः, -कम्, -विभीतकी, -विभीता N of a tree, Terminalia Belerica, one of the three myrobalans

विभीषक *a* Frightening, terrifying

विभीषा The wish of terrifying

विभीषिका 1 Terror -2 A means of terrifying, a scare (a scare-crow), नाल युद्धाय वै रक्षो महतीय विभीषिका Rām 6 66 6, यदि ते सन्ति सन्तेव केयमन्या विभीषिका U 4 28 [The etymology of this word as pointed out by Nārāyaṇa in his commentary on this word is apparently wrong. The correct word appears to be विभीषिका and not विभीषिका for विभीषिकाशब्दस्य भीषिधातोर्भुलप्रत्ययनिष्पन्नत्वादन्तस्थवकारादित्वमेव समीचीनम् Mañjūsā]

विभु *a* (-भू, -भ्वी *f*) 1 Mighty, powerful -2 Eminent, supreme -3 Able to, capable of (with *inf*), (धनु) पूरयितुं भवन्ति विभव शिखरमणिरुच K₁ 5 43 -4 Self-subdued, firm, self-controlled, कमपरमवशा न विप्रकुर्वु-विभुमपि त यदमी स्पृशन्ति भावा Ku 6 95 -5 (In Nyāya phil) Eternal, existing everywhere, all-pervading, pervading all material things, सर्वमूर्तद्रव्यसंयोगित्वं विभुवम्

-6 Firm, hard -भुः 1 Ether -2 Space -3 Time
-4 The soul -5 A lord, ruler, master, sovereign,
king -6 The supreme ruler, नादत्ते कस्यचित् पाप न
चैव दुकृत विभु Bg 5 15, 10 12, प्रकृतेर्विभुत्वयोगात् Sāṅkhya
K 42 -7 A servant -8 N of Brahman -9 Of Śiva,
विभुमपि त यदमी स्पृशन्ति भावा Ku 6 95, 7 31, Mu 1 1
-10 Of Viṣṇu

विभुता Power, supremacy, glory, विभुतारुषज्ञि भयमेति
जन Ki 6 35

विभुः a Bent, curved, शयिता चापविभुमगात्रयष्टि Bu
Ch 5 52

विभू 1 P 1 To appear, become manifest -2 To be
equal to, suffice for, एकमेव तदेक सन्न व्यभवत् Bri Up
1 4 11 Bhāg 5 1 12 -3 To pervade, आत्मन्यदृच्छया
प्राप्त विभुमुपुत्पाददे Bhāg 2 5 21 -4 To be able, be
capable of, prevail -Caus 1 To think of, reflect,
contemplate. -2 To be aware of, know, perceive,
discover, see, तामिन्दुसुन्दरमुखीं सुचिर विभाव्य Mal. 1. 18,
5 21, न विभाव्यन्ते लघवो वित्तविहीना पुरोऽपि निवसन्त Pt 5.
7, U. 2. 24. -3 To see or observe minutely, perceive
carefully, V. 4 -4 To decide, settle, make clear.
-5 To manifest, show, reveal, यश पर जगति विभाव्य
वर्तिता Mb 7. 2. 15 -6 To separate -6 To suppose,
imagine -7 To convince -8 To establish, prove, तव
सुचरितमङ्गुलीय नून प्रतनु ममेव विभाव्यते फलेन Ś 6 11 -9 To
protect, लोकान् विभावयसि हसि जगत्प्रतीपान् Bhāg 7 9 38

विभावः 1 (In Rhet) Any condition which produces
or develops a particular state of body or mind, (one
of the three main divisions of *Bhāvas*, the other two
being अनुभाव and व्यभिचारिभाव q q v v), रत्याद्युद्बोधका
लोके विभावा काव्यनाट्ययो S D 62, its chief subdivisions
are आलम्बन and उद्दीपक, see आलम्बन -2 A friend, an
acquaintance -3 Any exciting circumstance (as
dress &c)

विभावक a 1 Manifesting, showing -2 Discussing
-3 Procuring, वरमाणोऽभिनीयातु विप्रेभ्योऽर्थविभावक Mb 3
33 84

विभावनम्, -ना 1 Clear perception or ascertainment,
discrimination, judgment -2 Discussion, investigation,
examination -3 Conception, imagination, यदन्यदन्यत्र
विभाव्यते भ्रमात् A Rām 7 5 37 -4 Development -5
Protection (पालन), यस्याङ्घ्रिपद्म परिचर्य विश्वविभावनायात्तगुणाभि-
पत्ते Bhāg 4 8 20 -6 Looking, sight (दर्शन), पश्चिमा
तु समासीन सम्यग्दृष्टविभावनात् Ms 2 101 -7 Showing,
manifesting, Ms 9 76 (com). -ना (In Rhet) A figure
of speech in which effects are represented as taking
place though their usual causes are absent, क्रियाया
प्रतिषेधेऽपि फलव्यक्तिविभावना K. P 10

विभावित p. p 1 Manifested, made clearly visible
-2 Known, understood, ascertained, तत् शरीरीति

विभावितकृतिम् Śi 1 3 -3 Seen, conceived, अविभावितनिष्क्रम-
प्रयाण Ki 13 27. -4 Judged, discriminated -5 Inferred,
indicated -6 Proved, established -Comp -एकदेश a
'with whom a part has been discovered', who has
been found guilty with regard to a part (of what is
in dispute), विभावितैकदेशेन देय यदभियुज्यते V 4 17

विभाव्य a Comprehensible, महता हि वैर्यमविभाव्यवैभवम्
Ki 12 3

विभूत p p 1 Arisen, produced -2 Appeared,
manifested -3 Great, mighty

विभूतिः f 1 Might, power, greatness, सा विभूतिरनुभाव-
सपदा भूयसी तव Śi 14 5, Ku 2 61 -2 Prosperity,
welfare, अघोपघात मचवा विभूत्यै भवोद्भवाधनमादिदेश Ki
11 80 -3 Dignity, exalted rank -4 Riches, plenty,
magnificence, splendour, ममैष कामो भूताना यद् भूयासुर्वि-
भूतय Bhāg 6 4 44, अहो राजाधिराजमन्त्रिणो विभूति Mu 3,
R 8. 36 -5 Wealth, riches, (लोकान्) त्रीनत्यरोच उपलभ्य ततो
विभूतिम् Bhāg 1 16 34, विभूतयस्तदीयाना पर्यस्ता यशसामिव
R 4 19, 6 76, 17 43 -6 Superhuman power (which
consists of eight faculties, अणिमन्, लघिमन्, प्राप्ति, प्राकाम्य,
महिमन्, ईशिता, वशिता and कामावसायिता), Ku 2 11 -7
Ashes of cow-dung -8 N of Lakṣmī, हित्वेतरान् प्रार्थयतो
विभूतिर्यस्याङ्घ्रिरेण जुषतेऽनमीप्सो Bhāg 1 18 20 -9 Ex-
pansion (विस्तार), एता विभूतिं योग च मम यो वेत्ति तत्त्वत
Bg 10 7 -10 Disposition, क्षेत्रज्ञ एता मनसो विभूतीर्जीवस्य
मायारचितस्य नित्या Bhāg 5 11 12

विभूरसिः The god of fire

विभूष 10 U 1 To adorn, decorate, केयूरा न विभूषयन्ति
पुरुषम् Bh 2 19, Śi 9 33, Ku 1 28 -2 Ved To
shine forth, appear

विभूषणम् Ornament, decoration, विशेषत सर्वविदा समाजे
विभूषण मौनमपण्डितानाम् Bh 2 7, R 16 80

विभूषा 1 Ornament, decoration, सपदे श्रमसलिलोद्गमो
विभूषा Ki 7 5, R 4 54 -2 Light, lustre -3 Beauty,
splendour

विभूषित p p Adorned, decorated, ornamented
-तम् An ornament, decoration

विभूत p p Upheld, supported, maintained

विभ्रंश 1 Ā, 4 P 1 To drop or fall down -2 To
go to ruin, decay -3 To fall, stray from, go astray
-4 To lose -5 To disappear, vanish -6 To fail
-Caus 1 To strike off, knock down -2 To lead astray,
seduce -3 To destroy, ruin, annihilate -4 To deprive
(one) of

विभ्रंशः 1 Falling away or off, slipping, अशर्कराम-
विभ्रंशा समतीर्थमशैवलात् Rām 3 73 11 -2 Decay, decline,
ruin. -3 A precipice, राज्य चाप्युग्रविभ्रंश संशयो जीवितस्य वा
Mb 5 134 28 -4 Diarrhoea, laxity of the bowels
-5 Perturbation.

विभ्रंशित *p p* Led astray, seduced -2 Deprived of -8 Destroyed, ruined

विभ्रष्ट *p p* 1 Fallen off or away, separated -2 Decayed, lost, fallen, ruined -3 Disappeared, vanished -4 Deprived or devoid of -5 Useless -6 Vain

विभ्रम् 1, 4 P 1 To roam, wander about -2 To hover, whirl or wheel round -3 To scare away, disperse, scatter about -4 To be confused or disordered, be bewildered or perplexed, अनेकचित्तविभ्रान्ता मोहजाल-समावृता Bg 16 16 -5 To move about (the tail) -Caus. To confuse, confound, प्रभामत्तश्चन्द्रो जगदिदमहो विभ्रमयति K P 10

विभ्रमः 1 Roaming or wandering about -2 Whirling or going round, rolling about, निरुत्तसर्वेन्द्रियगतिविभ्रम Bhāg 1 9 31 -3 Error, mistake, blunder -4 Hurry, confusion, flurry, perturbation, especially, the flurry of mind caused by love, चित्तवृत्त्यनवस्थान शृङ्गाराद्विभ्रमो भवेत् -5 (Hence) Putting on ornaments &c in wrong places through flurry, विभ्रमस्त्वय्याऽकाले भूषारथानविपर्यय, यश्चासरोविभ्रममण्डनाना सपादयित्री शिखरैर्बिभर्ति Ku 1 4, (see Malli thereon) -6 Any amorous or sportive action, amorous play or movement, Māl 1 26, नवप्रणयविभ्रमा-कुलिनमालतीदृष्टय 9 38 -7 Beauty, grace, charm, तदा तद-ङ्गस्य विभर्ति विभ्रमम् N 15 25, U 1 20, 34, 6 4, Śi 6 46, 7 15, 16 64, Māl 7, क्रोधस्मित च कुसुमाभरणादि याच्या तद्वर्जन च सहसैव विमण्डन च । आक्षिप्य कान्तवचन लपन सखीभि-निष्कारणोत्थितगत वद विभ्रम तत् ॥ -8 Doubt, apprehension, आमुकमिव पाखण्ड योऽधर्मे वर्मेविभ्रम Bhāg 4 19 12 -9 Caprice, whim -10 Disturbance, perturbation, ऊर्मिव्यतिकरविभ्रमप्रचण्ड Mv 6 26 -11 Pride, दीर्घमायु स मे प्रादात्ततो मा विभ्रमोऽस्पृशत् Rām 8 71 9

विभ्रमा Old age

विभ्रान्त *p p* 1 Whirled about -2 Agitated, bewildered, confused, flurried -3 Mistaken, erring -4 Spread abroad (as fame) -Comp -नयन *a* with rolling eyes -शील *a* 1 confused in mind -2 intoxicated, drunk (-लः) 1 a monkey -2 the disc of the sun or moon

विभ्रान्तिः *f* 1 Whirling, going round -2 Flurry, error, confusion -3 Hurry, precipitation

विभ्राज् 1 Ā To shine brilliantly or intensely, विभ्राजसे मकरकेतनमर्चयन्ती Ratn 1 21

विभ्राज् *a* Shining, splendid, bright, luminous

विमत्सर *a* Free from jealousy, unenvious, Bg 4 22.

विमथ्, -विमन्थ् 9 P 1 To disperse, scatter -2 To destroy, annihilate -3 To confound, confuse.

विमाथः Utter ruin or destruction

चं. इ. को... १८३

विमद् 4 P 1 To become perplexed or confused -2 To be intoxicated or mad -Caus 1 To confound, perplex -2 To intoxicate, madden

विमत्त *p p* 1 Intoxicated -2 Ruttish, furious, in rut

विमद् *a* 1 Free from intoxication, pride or arrogance, यो बलात् प्रोन्नत याति निहन्तु सबलोऽप्यरि । विमद् स निर्वर्तत Pt 1 238 -2 Devoid of joy, sad, cheerless

विमद्य *a* Free from intoxicating drinks

विमन् Caus To disrespect, dishonour, insult, त्वया नाम मुनिर्विमान्य Ś 5 20, स्त्रीभिर्विमानितानां कापुरुषाणा विवर्धते मदन Mk 8 9

विमत *p p* 1 Disagreeing, dissenting, differing in opinion -2 At variance, inconsistent -3 Slighted, despised, neglected, जहावसून् यदिमतात्मजा सती मनस्विनी मानमभीक्ष्णमर्हति Bhāg 4 4 29 -4 Dubious, doubtful -तः An enemy

विमति *a* Stupid, devoid of intelligence, foolish -तिः *f* 1 Dissent, disagreement, difference of opinion -2 Dislike -3 Stupidity -4 A dispute, विधि कल्पौ विमते-रगाताम् N 7 22

विमान *a* Disgraced, devoid of honour, तन्मक्षिकाभि-र्व्यथितो विमान Bhāg 5 13 10.

विमानः, -नम् 1 Disrespect, dishonour, आक्रोशन-विमानाभ्या नाबुधान् बोधयेद् बुध Mb 12 299 25, Bhāg 5 10 25 -2 A measure -3 A balloon, a heavenly car (moving through the skies), पद् विमानेन विगाहमान R 13 1, 7 51, विमानोक्ततराजहसमण्डल K, R 12 104, Ku 2 45, 7 40, V 4 43, K1 7 11, विगते दिवसे ततो विमन वपुषा सूर्य इव प्रदीप्यमान (आरुरोह) Bu Ch 5 43 -4 A vehicle or conveyance in general, स नौविमानादवतीर्थ रेमे R 16 68 -5 A palace (with seven stories), 'विमानोऽस्त्री देव्याने सप्तभूमौ च सद्मनि' इति निघण्टु, 'विमानो व्योमयाने च सार्व-भौमगृहेऽपि च' इति मेदिनी, Rām 1 5 16, नेत्रा नीता सततगतिना यद्विमानाप्रभूमी Me 71 -7 A horse -8 An open palanquin carried on men's shoulders, इमा विमानेन सर्भा विशन्ती पपावपात्रैरथ राजराजि N 10 107 -9 A ship, boat -Comp. -गामिन् *a* god, भयान्विता नभसि विमानगामिन् Mb 1. 23 24 -चारिन्, यान *a* moving in a balloon. -राजः 1 an excellent heavenly car, U 3 -2 the driver of a heavenly car -वाहः, -धुर्यः palanquin-bearer, ता राजसङ्घ-मनयन्त विमानवाहा N 11 23, ता राजकादपगमस्य विमानधुर्या निन्युर्नलाकृतिधरानथ पञ्च वीरान् N 13 1

विमाननम्, -विमानना 1 Disrespect, dishonour, contempt, humiliation, विमानना सुभ्रु कुत पितुर्गृहे Ku 5 43, अभवन्नास्य विमानना क्वचित् R 8 8 -2 Refusal, denial

विमानित *p. p.* Disrespected, dishonoured, विमानिता विपन्नगतिं प्रयान्ति ते Mb. 1. 23. 24.

विमनस्, -विमनस्क *a.* 1 Sad, disconsolate, depressed in mind or spirits, sorry, discomposed, शिबिस्तथैवा-विमना महिवा कपालमभ्युद्धार्य भोक्तुमैच्छत् Mb 3. 198. 22, देव्यास्ततो विमनस परिसान्त्वनाय धर्मासनाद्विशति वासगृह नरेन्द्र U 1 7 -2 Absent-minded. -3 Perplexed, bewildered -4 Displeased -5 Changed in mind or feeling.

विमनीकृत *a.* 1 Displeased -2 Changed in mind or feeling. -3 Sad, discomposed

विमन्यु *a* 1 Free from anger. -2 Free from grief

विमयः Exchange, barter

विमर्शः 1 Thought, deliberation -2 (In dramas) A change in the successful progress of a dramatic plot, a change in the prosperous course of a love-story caused by some unforeseen reverse or accident, one of the five *Sandhis* in a drama, it is thus defined in S D, यत्र मुख्यफलोपाय उद्भिन्नो गर्भतोऽधिक । शापाय सान्तरायश्च स विमर्श इति स्मृत ॥ 336, कुर्वन् बुद्ध्या विमर्शं प्रसूतमपि पुन सहर्न कार्यजात कर्ता वा नाटकानामिममनुभवति क्लेशमस्माद्विधो वा Mu 4 3

विमर्षः 1 Impatience, nonforbearance -2 Dissatisfaction, displeasure

विम (शि) षिन् *a* 1 Impatient, intolerant -2 Averse, disliking

विमल *a* 1 Pure, stainless, spotless, clean (fig also) -2 Clear, limpid, pellucid, transparent (as water), विमल जलम् -3 White, bright -लः 1 An *Arhat* -2 A magical formula recited over weapons -3 A lunar year -लम् 1 Silver-gilt -2 Tale -Comp -अक्ष *a* Having ten hair-curlings (आवर्त) (as a horse), तस्य सर्वगुणोपेता विमलाक्षा हयोत्तमा Mb 3 161 24 -अद्रिः the mountain Girnar in Gujarāt (famous for its inscriptions) -दानम् an offering to a deity -मणिः a crystal

विमांसः, -सम् Unclean meat (as of dogs)

विमातृ *f* A step-mother -Comp -जः a step-mother's son, (Kull on Ms 9 118)

विमात्रा *a* Equal in measure

विमार्गः 1 A bad road -2 A wrong road, evil conduct or course, immorality -3 A broom -Comp -गा an unchaste woman, विमार्गगायाश्च रुचि स्वकान्ते Bv 1 125 -गामिन्, -प्रस्थित *a* following evil courses, नियम-यसि विमार्गप्रस्थितानात्तदण्ड S 5 8 -दृष्टि *a* looking in a wrong direction, Suśr

विमार्गणम् Searching, looking out for, seeking for

विमिश्र, विमिश्रित *a* Mixed, blended, mungled (with instr or in comp), उभिर्विमिश्रा नार्यश्च Mb, दम्पत्योरिह को न को न तमसि व्रीडाविमिश्रो रस Git 5

विमुख *a* (-खी *f*) 1 With the face averted or turned away from -2 Averse, disinclined, opposed, न क्षुद्रोऽपि प्रथममुकृतापेक्षया सश्रयाय प्राप्ते मित्रे भवति विमुख किं पुनर्यस्तथोच्चै Me 17, 27, पुरन्ध्रीणा प्रज्ञा पुरुषगुणविज्ञानविमुखी Mu 2 7, (रघूणा) मन परत्रीविमुखप्रगति R 16 8, 19 47 -3 Adverse, अत्यन्तविमुखे दैवे व्यर्थं यत्ने च पौरुषे H 1 111 -4 Without, devoid of (in comp), करुणाविमुखेन मृत्युना हरता त्वा वद किं न मे हृतम् R 8 67

विमुच 6 P 1 To free, liberate -2 To loosen, unbind, unfasten, untie, ततो विमुक्त्वा सशर शरासनम् Rām 6 111 124, आसीद्विमुक्तवदना च विमोचयन्ती (वल्कलम्) S 2. 13. -3 To give up, lay aside, abandon, quit, विमुच्य रोष रिपुनिग्रहात्तत Rām 6. 111. 124, विमुच्य वासासि गुरुणि साप्रतम् Rs 1 7 -4 To let go, let loose, Bk. 7. 50, -5 To except, set aside, set apart, ननु मा कामवधे विमुच्यता Ku. 4. 31. -6 To shed, pour down (tears), चिरमश्रूणि विमुच्य राघव R. 8. 25. -7 To throw, cast. -8 To take off (clothes), undress oneself. -9 To stop, cease -10 To take, assume, समाविशति सद्यस्तदा मूर्तिं विमुच्यति Ms 1 56 -11 To utter (a sound) -12 To lay (eggs) -Pass 1 To be deprived of, be freed from -2 To drop, be expelled (as a foetus)

विमुक्त *p p.* 1 Set free, released, liberated -2 Abandoned, given up, quitted, left, let loose, वाजिन स्यन्दने भानोर्विमुक्तप्रग्रहा इव Bk 7 50 -3 Freed from -4 Hurling, discharged, विमुक्त सर्वपापेभ्यो विष्णुलोकं स गच्छति -5 Given vent to -6 =युक्त, कुसुमरसविमुक्त वल्लभागुण्डितेव Rām 7 59 23 (com) -7 Launched (as a ship) -8 Dispassionate -Comp -कण्ठ *a* raising a loud cry, weeping bitterly -मौनम् and breaking silence -शाप *a* released from the consequences of a curse

विमुक्तिः *f* 1 Release, liberation -2 Separation -3 Absolution, final liberation

विमुद्र *a* 1 Unsealed -2 Opened, budded, blown (as a flower &c)

विमुह 4 P 1 To be confused, bewildered, or perplexed, be embarrassed, एषा ब्राह्मी स्थिति पार्थ नैना प्राप्य विमुहति Bg 2 72, 3 6, 27 -2 To be foolish or infatuated -Oaus 1 To infatuate, bewilder -2 To allure, tempt, seduce

विमुग्ध *a* Confused, confounded, bewildered.

विमूढ *p p* 1 Confounded, bewildered -2 Seduced, tempted, beguiled, अप्रतिष्ठो महाबाहो विमूढो ब्रह्मण पथि Bg 6 38 -3 Stupid -4 Wise, learned. -ढः A kind of divine being -Comp -आत्मन्, -संज्ञ *a* perplexed, senseless, इन्द्रियार्थान् विमूढात्मा मिथ्याचार स उच्यते Bg 3 6, 27

विमूर्च्छित *a* 1 Full of, engrossed, मयूरकेकाभिरुतं मदा-न्धालिविमूर्च्छितम् Bhāg 4 6 12 -2 Thickened, coagulated -तम् Swoon

विमूर्त *a* Coagulated, become solid

विमृद् 9 P 1 To press, squeeze -2 To bruise, crush, pound -3 To kill, destroy -4 To lay waste, devastate

विमर्दः 1 Pounding, crushing, bruising -2 Rubbing together, trituration (as of perfumes), friction, विमर्दसुरभिर्बहुलावलिका खल्वहम् M 3, R 5 65, कस्तूरिका मृगविमर्दसुगन्धिरेति Śi 4 61, 11 28 -3 Pressing together (as in embrace) -4 Spoiling, marring, कुतूहलविमर्दकारिणा परिश्रेमेण Mk 1 -5 Touch, contact -6 Rubbing the person with saffron or other unguents -7 War, battle, fight, encounter, विमर्दक्षमा भूमिमवतराव U 5, 3 44 -8 Destruction, devastation, पुरा जनस्थानविमर्दशङ्की सधाय लङ्काधिपति प्रतस्थे R 6 62 -9 Conjunction of the sun and the moon -10 An eclipse -11 Weariness, tediousness -**Comp.** -**अर्धम्** the time from the apparent conjunction to the end of an eclipse

विमर्दकः 1 Grinding, pounding, bruising -2 The trituration of perfumes -3 An eclipse -4 The conjunction of the sun and the moon -5 Destroying -6 Cassia Tora (Mar टाकला)

विमर्दनम्, -**ना** 1 Pounding, crushing, trampling -2 Rubbing together, friction -3 Destruction, killing, कौरव्य मल्ला द्विषतोर्विमर्दनम् Bhāg 3 18 20 -4 An eclipse -5 Fragrance, perfume -6 Battle, war -7 Trituration of perfumes

विमर्दित, **विमृदित** *p p* 1 Pounded, crushed, ground -2 Rubbed -3 Anointed, smeared

विमृश् 6 P 1 To touch, feel -2 To stroke, rub -3 To think, consider, reflect, ponder (over), वृणते हि विमृश्यकारिण गुणलब्धा स्वयमेव सपद K1 2 30, रामप्रवासे व्यमृशन्न दोष जनापवाद सनरेन्द्रमृष्युम् Bk 3 7, 12 24, Ku 6 87, इति ते ज्ञानमाख्यात गुह्याद् गुह्यतर मया । विमृश्यैतदशेषेण Bg 18 63, Śi 10 56 -4 To perceive, observe -5 To examine, test, तदत्रभवानिम मा च शास्त्रे प्रयोगे च विमृशतु M 1 -6 To hesitate, doubt

विमर्शः, -**र्शनम्** 1 Deliberation, consideration, examination, discussion, कुर्वन् बुद्ध्या विमर्शम् Mu 4 3 -2 Reasoning -3 A conflicting judgment -4 Hesitation, doubt, कार्यस्य न विमर्शं च गन्तुमर्हसि सुप्रत Rām 1 18 57, 2 34 44 -5 The impression left on the mind by past good or bad actions, see वासना -6 Knowledge, अविद्वद्विकारित्वात् प्रायश्चित्त विमर्शनम् Bhāg 6 1 11

विमृशः Reflection, deliberation, क्षेमस्य सध्यविमृशेषु हेतु Bhāg 4. 22. 21

विमृष्ट *p. p* Considered, reflected upon, pondered over -**ष्टम्** Reflection, thought, कनम उद्गीय इति विमृष्ट भवति Ch Up. 1. 1 4

विमोक्षः 1 Release, liberation, freeing, सा त्व सर्वविमोक्षाय तत्त्वमाख्याहि पृच्छत Mb 5 190 19. -2 Discharging, shooting -3 Final emancipation or beatitude -4 Gift, bestowal (of wealth), वसुना च विमोक्षस्य Rām 2 23 38

विमोक्षणम्, -**णा** 1 Liberating, releasing, setting free -2 Discharging -3 Quitting, leaving, abandoning -4 Laying (as eggs)

विमोघ *a* Quite fruitless, idle, vain

विमोचनम् 1 Unloosing, unyoking -2 Release, freedom -3 Liberation, emancipation.

विमोहन *a* (-**ना** or -**नी** *f*) Alluring, tempting, fascinating -**नः**, -**नम्** *N* of a division of Hell -**नम्** 1 Seducing, tempting, fascinating -2 Infatuation

विम्लान *a* 1 Faded, withered -2 Unfaded, fresh, pure

विम्लापनम् 1 Refreshing, reviving -2 Cleaning, wiping -3 Causing to wither or fade away, wasting away

विम्बः, -**म्बम्** See बिम्ब

विम्बक See बिम्बक

विम्बटः The mustard plant

विम्बा, -**म्बी** *f* *N* of a creeper

विम्बिका See बिम्बिका

विम्बुः The betel-nut tree.

वियत् *a* Passing away, vanishing, कुटुम्बपोषाय वियन्त्रिजायुर्न बुध्यतेऽथ विहत प्रमत्त Bhāg 7 6 14, 9 21 3 -*n* The sky, atmosphere, ether, पश्योदप्रप्लुतत्वाद्वियति बहुतर स्तोन्मुर्व्या प्रयाति Ś 1 7 R 13 40, हसपङ्क्तिरपि नाथ सप्रति प्रस्थिता वियति मानस प्रति Ghatakarpāra -**Comp** -**गङ्गा** 1 the heavenly Ganges -2 the galaxy -**चारिन्** (वियच्चारिन्) *m* a kite -**पताका** lightning, सौदामिनी स्फुरति नाथ वियत्पताका Rs 3 12 -**पथ** the atmosphere -**भूतिः** *f* darkness -**मणिः** (वियन्मणिः), -**मध्यहंसः** (वियन्मध्यहंसः) the sun, Dk 1 1

वियतिः A bird

वियम् 1 P 1 To spread out, extend -2 To curb, restrain -3 To give, grant, bestow -4 To hold apart or asunder

वियतम् *ind* At intervals

वियन्त *a* Deprived of a guide

वियमः 1 Restraint, check, control -2 Distress, pain, affliction -3 Cessation, stop

वियवः A kind of intestinal worm

वियात *a* 1 Bold (वृष्ट) -2 Audacious, shameless, impudent -3 Abandoned, wretched

वियामः 1 See वियम -2 A measure of length (two extended arms)

वियु 3 P 1 To be separated or dissolved (intran) -2 To lose or be deprived of -3 To exclude, deprive of -4 To keep or ward off, prevent, उपवन निरभर्त्सयत प्रियान् वियुवतीर्युवती शिशिरानिल S. 6 62

वियुत p p 1 Deprived of, separated from, रथाङ्गनामन् वियुतो रथाङ्गश्रोणिबिम्बया V 4 37 -2 Without, devoid of

वियुतिः (alg) The difference between two quantities.

वियुज् 7 Ā 1 To leave, abandon, part with, forsake, मदमानसमुद्धत वृष न वियुज्के नियमेन मूढता K. 2 49, R 13 63 -2 To separate, पुरो वियुके मिथुने कृपावती Ku 5 26 -3 To relax, slacken -4 To disjoin, divide, sever -5 To free or deliver from, deprive of (with instr), प्राणैर्न वियोजयति Pt 1, अमुभिर्न वियुज्यते K. 38 -6 To break (a vow), न व्रतेन वियुज्यते Ms 5. 91 -7 To yield, give way -Caus 1 To separate -2 To free from, deprive of, अज्ञानता मया सैव पत्रे शाखा वियोजिता Mk 4. 18. -3 To rob -4 To subtract

वियुज्य (absolute of वि + युज् 4 Ā) Separately, singly, individually, one at a time, प्रधानभूते आख्यातार्थे सहस्य विशेषण भवति परार्थे पुनर्वियुज्येति SB on MS 6 4. 23

वियुक्त p p 1 Detached, severed, separated -2 Separated from, deserted by, तथा वियुक्तस्य विलम्बमभ्यया V 4 66 -3 Free from, deprived of (with instr or in comp) -4 Failing, deficient -5 Disunited (as husband and wife), यथा नाभिचरेता तौ वियुक्तावितरेतरम् Ms 9 102

वियोगः 1 Separation, disunion, अयमेकपदे तथा वियोग सहसा चोपनत सुदु सहो मे V 4 10, त्वयोपस्थितवियोगस्य तपो-वनस्यापि समवस्था दृश्यते S. 4, सवत्ते मृशमरति हि सद्द्वियोग K. 5 51, R 12 10, S. 12 63 -2 Absence, loss -3 Subtraction

वियोगिन् a 1 Separated -2 Absent, apart -m The ruddy goose

वियोगिनी 1 A woman separated from her lover or husband, गुरुनि श्वसितै कपिर्मनीषी निरगैषीदय ता वियोगिनीति Bv 4 35 -2 N of a metre, (see App)

वियोजनम् 1 Separation from -2 Subtraction

वियोजित p p 1 Separated -2 Separated from, deprived of

वियोनिः, -नी f 1 Manifold birth -2 The womb of animals, संभवाश्च वियोनीषु दुःखप्रायासु नित्यश Ms 12 77 (Kull on) -3 A debased or ignominious birth -4 A woman of a different caste, ये तु मूढा दुराचारा वियोनौ मैथुने रता Mb 13 145 52 -a 1 Of low origin, अयोनि च वियोनि च न गच्छेत विचक्षण Mb 13 104 133, -2 Destitute

of vulva °ज an animal (पश्यादि), वियोनिजाना च विजानते स्त Mb 13 106 72

विरच् 10 U 1 To arrange, क्षितिर्विरचितशम्य कौतुकागार-मागात् Ku 7 94 -2 To compose, put together, write, इति विरचितवाग्भिर्बन्दिपुत्रै R 5 75, मद्रोत्राङ्क विरचितपद गेयमुद्रातुकामा Me 88, 105 -3 To effect, produce, cause, make, मालकार व्यरचि भवता या तरोरस्य पुष्टि Bv 1 30 -4 To put on -5 To set, inlay

विरचनम्, -ना 1 Arrangement, disposition, तारावली-विरचनैर्व्यरचन्निवासा S. 5 21 -2 Contriving, constructing -3 Formation, creation -4 Composition, compilation

विरचित p p 1 Arranged, made, formed, prepared -2 Contrived, constructed -3 Written, composed -4 Trimmed, dressed, embellished, ornamented -5 Put on, worn -6 Set, inlaid

विरज a Free from dust or passion, pure, विधूत-कल्मषा स्थान विरजेनात्मनैव हि Bhāg 1 15 48, 8 8 45 -जः An epithet of Viṣṇu -जा 1 Dūrva grass, Mb 13 136 25 -2 N of the wife of Nahusa -3 The Kapitha-tree -4 N of a river, मुण्डन चोपवासश्च सर्वतीर्थेष्वयं विधि । वर्जयित्वा गयां गङ्गा विशालां विरजा तथा ॥

विरजस्, विरजस्क a 1 Free from dust, विरज पर आकाशादज आत्मा महान् ध्रुव Bri Up 4 4 20 -2 Free from passion, यथा लोकान् विरजा सचरेयम् Mb 3 186 3, असक्तदृष्टिर्विरजा सदैव S. 20 80 -3 Free from menstrual secretion

विरजस्का A woman in whom the menstrual secretion has ceased

विरजीकृ 8 U To render free from dust

विरजीभू 1 P To become free from dust, be pure.

विरञ्चः, -ञ्चिः N of Brahman

विरञ्ज् 1, 4 U 1 To grow discoloured or soiled, be coarse or rough, केशा अपि विरज्यन्ते नि स्नेहा किं न सेवका Pt 1 82 (where it has sense 2 also) -2 To be discontented or disaffected, to dislike, hate, चिरानुरक्तोऽपि विरज्यते जन Mk 1 53, Bh 2 2, श्रीनिष्कुप्यति लङ्काया विरज्यन्ति समुद्रय Bk 18 22 -3 To become disgusted with the world and hence to renounce all worldly attachments -Caus To colour, dye

विरञ्जित p p Cooled in affection, estranged

विरक्त p p 1 Very red, ruddy, विरक्तसव्याकपिश पुरस्तात् R 13 64 -2 Discoloured -3 Changed in mind, disaffected, displeased, या चिन्तयामि सतत मयि सा विरक्ता Bh 2 2 -4 Free from passion or worldly attachment, indifferent, विरक्त प्रव्रजेद् धीमान् सरक्तस्तु गृहे वसेत् Nārada-pari Up 3 14 -5 Impassioned -क्ता An unfortunate or unhappy woman -Comp -चित्त a estranged -प्रकृति a having disaffected subjects

विरक्तिः *f* 1 Change of disposition, dissatisfaction, discontent, disaffection -2 Estrangement -3 Indifference, absence of desire, freedom from passion or worldly attachment, Bhāg 1 16 28

विरटः 1 A kind of black agallochum -2 The shoulder

विरणम् A kind of fragrant grass, cf वीरण

विरण्य *a* Vast, extensive, विरण्यशब्दो विस्तीर्णो भवति । यथा विरण्यानि अरण्यानि विस्तीर्णीनीति गम्यते SB on MS 10 4 5

विरथ्या 1 A bad road -2 A by-road

विरम् 1 P 1 To end, terminate, come to an end, अविरतगतयामा रात्रिरेव व्यरसीत् U 1 27, 6 33 -2 To cease, desist, stop, leave off (speaking &c), एतावदुक्त्वा विरते मृगेन्द्रे R 2 51, Śi 2 13, oft with abl, हा हन्त किमिति चित्त विरमति नाद्यापि विषयेभ्य Bv 4 25, न स्थिरकर्मा विराम कर्मण R 8 22, वत्सैतस्माद्विरम विरमात पर न क्षमोऽस्मि U 1 33, Bh 2 80

विरत *p p* 1 Ceased or desisting from (with abl) -2 Rested, stopped, ceased -3 Ended, concluded, at an end, विरत गेयमृतुर्निरुत्सव R 8 66 -**Comp** -प्रसंग *a* one who has ceased from being occupied in, भूविक्रियाया विरतप्रसंगे Ku 3 47

विरतिः *f* 1 Cessation, stop, discontinuance -2 Rest, end, pause -3 Indifference to worldly attachments, विरतिवनितासगमुदित Bh 3 79, A Rām 2 1 41

विरमः 1 Cessation, stop -2 Sunset, अभितमराश्मि चिरमाविरमात् Śi 9 11

विरामः 1 (*a*) Cessation, discontinuance, सुधा विना न प्रययुर्विरामम् Bh 2 80, प्रवृत्तस्याविरामे भवन्ती शासितव्या Mbh (*b*) Rest, repose -2 End, termination, conclusion, आराम कल्पवृक्षाणां विराम सरलपदाम् Rāma-raksā. 16, रजनिरिदानीभियमपि याति विरामम् Gīt 5, U 3 16, Māl. 9 34 -3 Pause, stop -4 The stop or pause of the voice वर्णानामपि मूर्च्छनान्तरगत तार विरामे मृदुम् Mk 3 5 -5 A small oblique stroke placed under a consonant, usually at the end of a sentence -6 N of Visnu

विरामणम् A pause

विरल *a* 1 Having interstices, separated by intervals, thin, not thick or compact, विपर्यास यातो घनाविरलभाव क्षितिरुहाम् U 2 27, 1 20, भवति विरलभक्तिर्मूर्च्छनपुष्पापहार R 5 74 -2 Fine, delicate -3 Loose, wide apart -4 Rare, scarcely found, unfrequent, विरला हि तेषामुप-देष्टार K, स्तिमितोन्नतसंचारा जनसतापहारिण । जायन्ते विरला लोके जलदा इव सज्जना ॥ Pt 1. 29 -5 Few, little (referring to number or quantity), तत्त्व किमपि काव्यानां जानाति विरलो भुवि Bv 1 117, विरलतपच्छवि Śi 9 3 -6 Remote, distant, long (as time, distance &c) -**लम्** Curds, coagulated milk. -**लम्** and Scarcely, rarely, not frequently.

-**Comp** -जातुक *a* bandy-legged, bow-kneed -द्रवा *a* kind of gruel -पातक *a* sinning rarely -पार्श्वेग *a* having scanty retinue -भक्ति *a* monotonous

विरस *a* 1 Tasteless, insipid, flavourless -2 Unpleasant, disagreeable, painful, तावत् कोकिल विरसान् यापय दिवसान् वनान्तरे निवसन् Bv 1 7, Māl 1 31, 6 10 -3 Cruel, unfeeling -सः Pain

विरहः 1 Parting with, separation -2 Especially, the separation of lovers, सा विरहे तव दीना Gīt 4, क्षणमपि विरहं पुरा न सेहे *ibid*, क सन्देहं विरहविवुरा त्वयुपेक्षेत जायाम् Me 8, 12, 29, 87, 89 -3 Absence -4 Want -5 Desertion, abandonment, relinquishment -6 The feeling of love in separation, see विप्रलम्भ (6) -7 Loneliness -**Comp** -अनलः the fire of separation -अवस्था the state of separation -आर्त, -उत्कण्ठ, -उत्सुक *a* suffering from separation, pining away in separation -उत्कण्ठिता *a* woman distressed by the absence of her lover or husband, one of the several classes of a Nāyikā in poetic compositions, see S D 121 -उर्वरः the fever or anguish of separation

विराहिणी 1 A woman separated from her lover or husband -2 Wages, hire

विरहित *p p* 1 Deserted, abandoned, forsaken -2 Separated from -3 Lonely, solitary -4 Bereft of, devoid or destitute of, free from (mostly in comp)

विरहिन् *a* (-णी *f*) 1 Absent from, being separated from a mistress or lover, नृत्यति युवतिजनेन सम सखि विरहि-जनस्य दुरन्ते Gīt 1 -2 Lonely, solitary

विरागः 1 Change of colour -2 Change of disposition, disaffection, discontent, dissatisfaction, विरागकारणेषु परि-हृतेषु Mu 1 -3 Aversion, disinclination, Kau A 3 -4 Indifference to worldly attachments, freedom from passion

विराज् 1 U 1 To shine, glitter, शाखिनोऽन्ये विराजन्ते खण्ड्यन्ते चन्दनद्रुमा Bv 1 88 -2 To appear or look like, तदन्तरे सा विरराज धेनु R 2 20 -3 To be eminent or illustrious -*Caus* To brighten, illuminate, irradiate

विराज् *a* 1 Splendid, excellent, मृत्युर्भोजपतेर्विराडविदुषा तत्त्वं पर योगिनाम् Bhāg 10 43 17 -2 A ruler, chief -*m* 1 Beauty, splendour -2 A man of the Ksatriya or warrior tribe, विराडायुषोऽर्धमथात्यगात् Bhāg 4 27 6. -3 The first progeny of Brahman; cf Ms 1 32, तस्मात् विराडजायत Rv. 10 90 5 (where विराज् is represented as born from Puruṣa) -4 The body -5 (In Vedānta phil) N. of 'intellect' considered as ruling over the aggregate of bodies -6 The universe (ब्रह्माण्ड), नानावीर्या पृथग्भूता विराज जनयन्ति हि Bhāg 10 3 15 -*f* 1 N. of a Vedic metre -2 Excellence, dignity -**Comp** -सुतः (विराट्सुतः) *a* class of deceased ancestors, विराट्सुता सोमसद साध्यानां पितर, स्मृता Ms. 3 195.

विराज *a* See विराज् -जः A particular form of a temple, Hch

विराजित *p p* 1 Irradiated, illuminated -2 Displayed, manifested

विराटः 1 N of a district in India -2 N of a king of the Matsyas The Pāṇḍavas lived *incognito* in the service of this king for one year, (the thirteenth of their exile) having assumed different disguises His daughter Uttarā was married to Abhimanyu and was mother of Parikṣit who succeeded Yudhiṣṭhira to the throne of Hastanāpura -**Comp.** -जः a sort of inferior diamond -**पर्वन्** *n* the fourth book of the Mahābhārata

विराटकः A sort of inferior diamond

विराणिन् *m* An elephant

विरात्रः, -त्रम् 1 The end of night, day-break, तमेव गणयन् शोक विरात्रे प्रत्ययुन्यत Bhāg 13 91 8 -2 The dead of night (बहुरात्र, अपरात्र), विरात्रे चागत कस्मात् कोऽनुबन्धस्तवाभवत् Mb 3 298 28

विराघ 4 P 1 To hurt, injure, offend, wrong, क्रिया-समभिहारेण विराघ्यन्त क्षमेत क Śi 2 43, विराघ एव भवता विराद्धा बहुधा च न 2 41 -2 To lose, be deprived of

विराद्ध *p p* 1 Opposed, counteracted -2 Offended, injured, treated with contempt, see the quotations under राध् with वि above

विराधः 1 Opposition -2 Annoyance, vexation, molestation -3 N of a powerful Rākṣasa slain by Rāma

विराधनम् 1 Opposing -2 Hurting, injuring, offending -3 Pain, anguish

विराल See विबाल

विरिक्त *p p*. Evacuated, purged, वान्तो विरिक्त स्नात्वा तु घृतप्राशनमाचरेत् Ms 5 144, विरिक्तस्य यथा सम्यग् घृतं भवति भेषजम् Mb 12 309 18

विरिक्तिः Purgings

विरिञ्चः, विरिञ्चनः 1 N of Brahman -2 Of Śiva -3 Of Viṣṇu

विरिञ्चिः [वै रिञ्च इन् तुम् च Un 4 131] 1 N of Brahman, एव समाकर्ण्य वचो विरिञ्चि । चुल्लके मुमोच विलोचनानि Vikr 1 46, N 3 44, Śi 9 9 -2 Of Viṣṇu -3 Of Śiva.

विरिण्धः A note, sound, विधिविहितविरिण्धै सामिधेनी-रधीत्य Śi 11 41

विरु 2 P 1 To cry, bewail, lament, ननु सहचरी दूरे मत्वा विरौषि समुत्सुक V 4 20, Bk 5 54, Rs 6 27 -2 To make a sound, sound in general, न स विरौति न चापि स

शोभते Pt 1 75, जीर्णत्वाद् गृहस्य विरौति कपाटम् Mk 3, एते त एव गिरयो विरुन्मयूरा U 2 23 -3 To cry out, shout, scream -**Caus** To roar or scream aloud, न च रक्तो विरावयेत् Ms 4 64

विरावः Clamour, noise, sound, आलोकशब्द वयसा विरावै R 2 9, 16 31

विरावण *a* Causing roar, clamour, विरावण साधु तपस्वि-कण्टक तपस्विनामुदरं त भयावहम् Rām 1 15 33

विराविन् *a* 1 Weeping, crying, shouting -2 Lamenting -**णी** 1 Weeping, crying -2 A broom -3 Sound, resound, गायत्रेश्च विराविण्यो वादनैश्च तथापरै Rām 1 18 19

विरुत *p p* 1 Screamed, shouted -2 Resounding, filled with cries -**तम्** 1 Crying, shrieking, roaring &c -2 Cry, sound, noise, clamour, din -3 Singing, humming, chirping, buzzing, परमृतविरुत कलं यथा प्रतिबन्नीकृत-मेभिरीदृशम् S 4 9 -**तिः** Screaming, howling

विरुण *p p* 1 Broken to pieces, shattered, तच्चित्र-ताण्डवविरुणफणातपत्र Bhāg 10 16 30 -2 Destroyed -3 Bent -4 Blunted, dulled, विरुणोदग्रधाराग्र कुलिशो मम वक्षसि Bk 5 25

विरुच् 1 **आ** 1 To shine, be resplendent, सहस्रधात्मा व्यरुचिभक्त पयोमुखा पङ्क्तिषु विद्युतेव R 6 5, 17 14, Bk 8 66 -2 To be eminent or conspicuous -3 To become visible, appear -4 To illuminate, brighten (P) -5 To please, delight -**Caus** 1 To irradiate, illuminate -2 To delight in -3 To sport with

विरुक्मत् *m* A bright weapon

विरुचः A magic formula recited over weapons

विरुज् *f* 1 Violent pain -2 A great disease, विन्देद्वि-रुपा विरुजा विमुच्यते Bhāg 6 19 29 -**a** Well, healthy

विरुदः, -दम् 1 Proclaiming -2 Crying aloud -3 A panegyric, laudatory poem, गद्यपद्यमयी राजस्तुतिर्विरुदमुच्यते S D 570, नन्दति मददन्तिनं परिलसन्ति वाजिप्राजा । पठन्ति विरुदावलीमहितमन्दिरे वान्दिन ॥ R G -**Comp** -**आवली** 1 a collection of epithets -2 a particular collection of religious lyrics, L D B. -**वजः** a royal banner

विरुदितम् Loud cry or lamentation, तदद्याप्युच्छ्वासो भवति ननु लाभो विरुदितम् U 3 30 v 1

विरुध् 7 U 1 To oppose, obstruct, hinder, prevent. -**Pass** 1 To be opposed to, be inconsistent or at variance with -2 To contend or quarrel with, एको दोषो विदेशस्य स्वजातिर्यद्विरुध्यते Pt 4 116 -3 To fail -4 To be kept back or withheld

- **विरुद्ध** *p p* 1 Hindered, checked, opposed, obstructed -2 Blocked up, confined or shut up -3 Besieged, blockaded -4 Opposed to, inconsistent with,

incongruous, inconsistent -5 Contrary, opposite, opposed in quality -6 Contradictory, proving the reverse, (as a *hetu* in Logic), साव्याभावव्याप्ति हेतुर्विरुद्ध Tarka K, e g शब्दो नित्य कृतकत्वात् T S -7 Hostile, adverse, inimical -8 Unfavourable, unpropitious -9 Prohibited, forbidden (as food) -10 Wrong, unfavourable, improper -11 Excluded -12 Uncertain, doubtful -**द्वयम्** 1 Opposition, contrariety, hostility, स्वर्गे निवासि राजेन्द्र विरुद्ध चापि नश्यति Mb 18 1 11 -2 Discord, disagreement -**Comp** -धी a evil-minded, wicked -**भोजनम्** Unwholesome meal -**मतिकृत्** m a fault or defect in composition, विपरीतार्थधीर्यस्मात् विरुद्धमतिकृन्मतम् -**रूपकम्** a figure of speech in which an object compared to another object is not quite similar, अक्रिया चन्द्रकार्योपानम्यकार्यस्य च क्रिया । अत्र सन्दिश्यते यस्माद्विरुद्ध नाम रूपकम् ॥ Kāv 2 84

विरोधः 1 Opposition, obstruction, impediment -2 Blockade, siege, investment -3 Restraint, check -4 Inconsistency, incongruity, contradiction, विरोधो न विद्यते ब्रह्माद्वितीयमेव सत्यम् । (-त्रिपादिभूतिमहानारायणोपनिषत् 4 2) -5 Antithesis, contrast -6 Enmity, hostility, विरोधो विश्रान्त U 6 11, Pt 1 332, R 10 13 -7 A quarrel, disagreement -8 A calamity, misfortune -9 (In Rhet) An apparent incongruity which is merely verbal and is explained away by properly construing the passage, it consists in representing objects as antithetical to one another though in the nature of things they are not so, representing things as being together though really they cannot be together, (this figure is largely used by Bāna and Subandhu, पुष्पकृत्यपि पवित्रा, कृष्णोऽप्यसुदर्शन, भरतोऽपि शत्रुघ्न being familiar instances), it is thus defined by Mammata -विरोध सोऽविरोधेऽपि विरुद्धत्वेन यद्वचः K P 10, this figure is also called विरोधाभास) -**Comp** -उक्तिः f, -**वचनम्** contradiction, opposition -**उपमा** (in Rhet) a comparison founded on opposition, शतपत्र शरच्चन्द्रस्त्वदानमिति त्रयम् । परस्परविरोधीति सा विरोधोपमा मता ॥ Kāv 2 83 -**कारिन्** a fomenting quarrels -**कृत्** a opposing (-m) an enemy -**परिहारः** reconciliation, Kull on Ms 7 152

विरोधनम् 1 Hindering, opposing, obstructing -2 Besieging, blockading -3 Opposition, resistance -4 Contradiction, inconsistency

विरोधिनी a (-नी f) 1 Resisting, opposing, obstructing -2 Besieging -3 Contradictory, opposed to, inconsistent with, तपोवन S 1. -4 Hostile, inimical, adverse, विरोधिसत्त्वोद्भिन्नपूर्वमत्सरम् Ku 5 17 -5 Quarrelsome -m An enemy, कलयन्त्युष्णकर विरोधिनी S 1 16 64 -f (विरोधिनी) A woman who promotes quarrel.

विरुलः A kind of snake

विरुह 1 P 1 To grow, shoot up, गङ्गाप्रपातान्तविरुहशष्प गौरीयुरोगिहरमाविवेश R. 2. 26, Mk. 1 9. -2 To mount,

ascend -3 To arise, proceed -**Caus** 1 To heal (as a wound) -2 To plant -3 To remove, expel, शशाप पुत्र गान्धारे राज्याच्चापि व्यरोपयत् Mb 5 149 10

विरुद्ध p p 1 Grown, germinated, shot up, तास्वेव सप्रति विरुद्धतृणाङ्कुरासु बीजाजलि पतति कीटमुखावलीढ Mk 1 9 -2 Produced, born, arisen -3 Grown, increased -4 Budded, blossomed -5 Ascended, mounted -6 Healed, जरासवस्योर स्थलमिव विरुद्ध पुनरपि -**Comp** -बोध a one whose intelligence has matured

विरुद्धकः Grain that has begun to sprout

विरोप (ह) णम् 1 Healing (as a sore), व्रणविरोपण तैलम् S 4 14 -2 Planting

विरोह, 1 Growing, shooting forth -2 Source, origin

विरुक्षणम् 1 Roughening -2 Acting as an astringent -3 Blame, censure -4 A curse, an imprecation

विरूप a (-पा or -पी f) 1 Deformed, ugly, misshapen, disfigured, विरूप रूपवन्त वा पुमानित्येव भुज्जते Pt 1 143 -2 Unnatural, monstrous -3 Multiform, diverse, प्रकृतिसरूप विरूप च Sān K 8 -4 Less by one -**पः** 1 Jaundice -2 N of Śiva -**पा** 1 Alhagi Maurorum (Mar धमासा) -2 Aconitum Ferox (Mar अतिविष) -**पम्** 1 Deformity, ugliness -2 Variety of form, nature, or character -**Comp** -अक्ष a having deformed eyes, वपुर्विरूपाक्षम् Ku 5 72 (-क्षः) N of Śiva (having an unusual number of eyes), दृशा दग्ध मनसिज जीवयन्ति दृशैव या । विरूपाक्षस्य जयिनीस्ता स्तुवे वामलोचना ॥ Vb 1 2, Ku 6 21 -**करणम्** 1 disfiguring -2 injuring -**चक्षुस्** m an epithet of Śiva -**रूप** a deformed

विरूपक a 1 Deformed, ugly -2 Hideous, frightful, monstrous -**कः** A nickname

विरूपिन् a (-णी f) Deformed, ugly, disfigured -m A chameleon (Mar सरङ्ग)

विरिकः 1 Evacuation of the bowels, purging -2 A purgative

विरिचनम् See विरेक

विरिचित a Purged, evacuated

विरेफः 1 A river, stream -2 Absence of the letter र

विरोकः, -**कम्** A hole, pit, chasm, नासाविरोकपवनोच्छसित तनीयो रोमाञ्चतामिव जगाम रज पृथिव्या S 1 5 54 -**कः** A ray of light

विरोचनः 1 The sun, दीप्तिनिर्जितविरोचनादय गा विरोचनसुता-दभीप्सत S 1 14 74 -2 The moon, (सोममथाब्रवीत्) समं वर्तस्व भार्यासु मा त्वा शप्से विरोचन Mb 9 35 57 -3 Fire -4 N of the son of Prarhāda and father of Bāli, S 1 14 74 -5 A species of करञ्ज tree -6 A species of श्योनाक, -**नम्** 1 Light, lustre. -2 Propounding (आलोचन) ;

विशुद्धविज्ञानविरोचनाश्रिता विद्याऽऽमृतिश्चरमेति भण्यते A Rām 7 5 15 -Comp -सुतः an epithet of Bali

विरोचिष्णु a Shining, bright, बायोरपि विकुर्वाणाद्विरोचिष्णु तमोनुदम् Ms 1 77

विल I 6 P (विलति) 1 To cover, conceal -2 To break, divide -II 10 U (वेलयति-ते) To throw, send forth

विलम् See विलम्

विलक्ष 10 U 1 To see, observe, perceive, notice -2 To characterize, distinguish -3 To be confused, be bewildered, निर्व्यापारविलक्षितानि सान्त्वय बलानि U 6, see विलक्ष below

विलक्ष a 1 Having no characteristic or distinguishing marks, or fixed aim -2 Bewildered, embarrassed -3 Surprised, astonished -4 Ashamed, abashed, disconcerted, गोत्रेषु स्खलितस्तदा भवति च व्रीडाविलक्षश्चिरम् S 6 5 -5 Forced, unnatural, embarrassed (as a smile), विलक्षस्मितस्फुरितैर्दशनाशुभि K 233, Ratn 3 14 -6 Missing the mark (as an arrow)

विलक्षण a 1 Having no characteristic or distinguishing marks -2 Different, other, तत्तश्च कर्माणि विलक्षणानि Bhāg 11 23 44 -3 Strange, extraordinary, unusual, तस्मै नमस्ते स्वविलक्षणात्मने Bhāg 10 70 38 -4 Possessed of inauspicious marks -5 Lustreless, bad-looking, उद्दीक्ष्योद्दीक्ष्य नयनैर्भयादिव विलक्षणै Rām 3 52 41 -णम् 1 A vain or useless state -2 Perceiving, observing

विलक्षित p p 1 Distinguished, perceived, seen, discovered -2 Discernible by -3 Dismayed, perplexed, embarrassed, puzzled -4 Vexed, annoyed -5 Undistinguished

विलग्न 1 P To stick or adhere to, cling to, केचिद्विलग्ना दशान्तरेषु Bg 11 27.

विलग्न a 1 Clinging or sticking to, resting on, fastened on, आकुटिलपक्ष्मविलग्नम् S 7 25, S 9 20 -2 Cast, fixed, directed, पुरोविलग्नैर्हरदृष्टिपातै सुवर्णसूत्रैरिव कृष्यमाण Ku 7. 50 -3 Gone by, elapsed (as time) -4 Thin, slender, delicate, मध्येन सा वेदिविलग्नमध्या Ku 1 39, V 4 37 -5 Pendulous, flaccid (as breasts) -6 Caged (as a bird) -ग्रम् 1 The waist -2 The hips -3 The rising of constellations

विलङ्घ 10 U 1 To pass or spring over, traverse, निवेशयामास विलङ्घिताम्वा R 5 42, 16. 32, S 12 24, 8 26 -2 To violate, transgress, overstep, disregard, neglect, गन्तुं प्रवृत्ते समयं विलङ्घ्य Ku 3 25, R 5 48, K 1 2 45, S 17 12 -3 To violate the limits of propriety, वृपते प्रतिषिद्धमेव तत् कृतवान् पङ्क्तिरथो विलङ्घ्य यत् R 9. 74 -4 To rise towards, ascend or go up to, समुदित न विलङ्घयितुं नम K 1 5 1, N 5 2 -5 To give up, abandon, leave aside, मनो बन्धनान्तरसान् विलङ्घ्य सा R 3 4. -7 To surpass,

excel, इति कर्णोत्पल प्रायस्तव दृष्ट्या विलङ्घ्यते Kāv 2 224 -8 To cause to fast -9 To overcome, surmount -10 To offend, insult

विलङ्घनम् 1 Transgressing, overstepping -2 Of fence, transgression, injury, केवल न सहते विलङ्घनम् K 1 13 55 -3 (pl) Fasting, abstention from food

विलङ्घित p p 1 Passed over or beyond, gone over -2 Transgressed -3 Surpassed, excelled -4 Overcome, defeated -5 Baffled, defied (as efforts), विलङ्घिताधोरणतीव्रयत्ना R 5 48 -तम् Fasting

विलज्ज 6 Ā To be bashful or modest, to blush, feel ashamed, यत्राशुकाक्षेपविलज्जितानाम् Ku 1 14, R 14 27.

विलज्ज a Shameless, unabashed *

विलप 1 P 1 To say, speak -2 To lament, moan, bemoan, cry, weep, विललाप विकीर्णमूर्ध्मजा Ku 4 4, विललाप स बाष्पगद्गदम् R 8 43, 70, Bk 6 11, तामिह वृथा किं विलपामि Gīt 3 -3 To prattle, talk idly, babble

विलपनम् 1 Talking -2 Talking idly, chattering, prattle -3 Lamenting, wailing, विलपनविनोदोऽप्यसुलभ U 3. 30 -4 The sediment of any oily substance -Comp -विनोदः removing grief by weeping

विलपितम् 1 Lamentation, wailing -2 A wail

विलापः Wailing, lamentation, a wail, moan, लङ्काक्षीणा पुनश्चके विलापाचार्यक शरै R 12 78

विलापनम् An act causing lamentation, ruin, मद्विलपनमेतत्तु प्रतिबुद्धोऽस्मि सत्यज Mb 12 177 28

विलस 1 Ā 1 To remove, take away -2 To grant, bestow -3 To choose

विलम्ब 1 Ā 1 To hang down, hang from, be suspended from, बिभ्रत्या कौस्तुभ न्यास स्तनान्तरविलम्बनम् R 10 62 -2 To set, decline (as the sun &c) -3 To stay or lag behind, stay or remain, wait, stand still, ता प्राङ्मुखी तत्र निवेद्य तन्वी क्षण व्यलम्बन्त पुरो निषण्णा Ku 7 13 -4 To delay, be retarded, विलम्बितफले काल निनाय स मनोरथै R 1 33, किं विलम्ब्यते त्वरित त प्रवेशाय U 1 -5 To rest or depend upon, कर्माणि निर्वाणविलम्बितानि Bhāg 1 16 24 -Caus To delay, detain -2 To put off, retard, procrastinate, postpone -3 To waste, lose

विलम्बः 1 Hanging over, pendulousness -2 Tardiness, delay, procrastination

विलम्बनम् 1 Hanging down, depending -2 Delay, procrastination, न कुरु निताम्बिनि गमनाविलम्बनम् Gīt. 5, or तन्मुग्धे विफल विलम्बनमसौ रम्योऽभिसारक्षण sbid

विलम्बिका Constipation, a form of indigestion

विलम्बित p p 1 Hanging, depending -2 Pendulous, pendulous -3 Depending on, closely connected with. -4 Tardy, delayed, retarded -5 Slow (as time in music opp to द्रुत) -तम् Delay. -तम् ind. Slowly, tardily

विलम्बिन् *a* (-नी *f*) 1 Hanging down, depending, pendent, नवाम्बुभिर्मूरिविलम्बिनो घना S 5 12, शिरीष-मागण्डविलम्बि केशरम् 6 17, अल्लुविलम्बपयो वरोपरुद्धा S 4 29, 59, Ku 1 14, K 5 6, R 16 14, 18 26, Mk 5 13 -2 Delaying, dilatory, being slow, भवति विलम्बिनि विगलितलज्जा विलपति रोदिति वासकसज्जा Git 6

विलम्भः 1 Liberality -2 A gift, donation

विलयः 1 Dissolution, liquefaction -2 Destruction, death, end, नयतु मामात्मनोऽङ्गेषु विलयमम्बा U 7 -3 Destruction or dissolution of the world, (विलय गम् to be dissolved, to end, to be terminated, दिवसोऽनुमित्रमगमद्विलयम् S 1 9 17)

विलयनम् 1 Dissolving, liquefying, dissolution -2 Corroding -3 Removing, taking away -4 Attenuating -5 An attenuant

विलला N of a plant (Mar अतिबला)

विलस 1 P 1 To shine, flash, glitter, वियति च विललास तद्वादिन्दुर्विलसति चन्द्रमसो न यद्वदन्य Bk 10 69, Me 49, R 13 76 -2 To appear, arise, become manifest, प्रेम विलसति महत्तदहो S 1 15 14, 9 87 -3 To sport, amuse oneself, play, frolic about sportively, कापि चपला मधुरिपुणा विलसति युवतिरधिकगुणा Git 7, or हरिरिह सुगधवधू-निकरे विलासिनि विलसति केलिपरे Git 1, पर्यङ्के तथा सह विललास H 1 -4 To sound, echo, reverberate -5 To act upon, work upon, show oneself, (खेद) त्वयि विलसति तुल्य वल्लभालोकनेन Māl 3 8 -6 To move about, dart, shoot upwards

विलसद् *pres p* (-न्ती *f*) 1 Glittering, shining, bright -2 Flashing, darting -3 Waving -4 Sportive, playful, see विलस् above

विलसनम् 1 Glittering, flashing, gleaming -2 Sporting, dallying

विलसित *p p* 1 Glittering, shining, gleaming. -2 Appeared, manifested, तथा विलसितेष्वेषु गुणेषु गुणवानिव Bhāg 1 2 31 -3 Sportive, wanton -**तम्** 1 Glittering, gleaming -2 A gleam, flash, रोधोभुवा सुहृदसुत्र हिरण्मयीना भासस्तडिद्विलसितानि विडम्बयन्ति K 1 5 46, Me 83, V 4 -3 Appearance, manifestation, as in अज्ञानविलसितम् &c -4 Sport, play, dalliance, amorous or wanton gesture (fig also), अतिपिशुनानि चैकान्तानिष्ठुरस्य दैवहतकस्य विलसितानि K -5 Action or gesture in general -6 Effect, fruit, result, सुकृतविलसिताना स्थानमूर्जस्वलानाम् Māl 2 9

विलासः 1 Sport, play, pastime -2 Amorous pastime, diversion, pleasure, as in विलासमेखला R 8 64, so विलासकाननम्, विलासमन्दिरम् &c -3 Coquetry, dalliance, affectation, wantonness, graceful movement or play, any feminine gesture indicative of amorous sentiment, यात यच्च नितम्बयोर्गुस्तया मन्द विलासादिव S 2 2, कविकुलगुरु कालिदासो विलास P. R 1 22, S 1 9 26. -4 Grace, beauty,

च. इ. को....१८४

elegance, charm, सहजविलासनिबन्धन शरीरम् Māl 2 6 -5 Flash, gleam -6 Liveliness, joviality (considered as a masculine virtue), गोभा विलासो माधुर्य पौरुषा गुणा Daśarūpaka 2 10 -7 Lust -**Comp** -**काननम्** a pleasure-grove -**गृहम्**, -**मन्दिरम्** a pleasure-house -**चेष्टितम्** amorous movement, लतासु तन्वीषु विलासचेष्टितम् Ku 5 13 -**भित्तिः** a wall (only) in appearance

विलासनम् 1 Sport, play, pastime -2 Wantonness, dalliance

विलासवती A wanton or amorous woman, विलासवतीसख R 9 48, विलासवत्यो मनसि प्रवासिनामनङ्गसदीपनमाशु कुर्वते R 1 12

विलासिका A drama in one act full of love-incidents, it is thus defined in S D — शृङ्गारबहुलैकाङ्का दश-लास्याङ्गसयुता । विदूषकावताभ्या च पीठमर्देन भूषिता । हीना गर्भ-विमर्शाभ्या सधिभ्या हीननायका । स्वल्पवृत्ता सुनेपथ्या विख्याता सा विलासिका ॥ 552

विलासिन् *a* (-नी *f*) Sportive, playful, dallying, wanton, coquettish, विलस्तमसादपरो विलासी R 6 14 -**m** 1 A sensualist, voluptuary, an amorous person, उपमान-मभूद्विलासिना करण यत्तव कान्तिमत्तया Ku 4 5 -2 Fire -3 The moon -4 A snake -5 An epithet of Krishna or Vishnu -6 Of Śiva -7 Of the god of love.

विलासिनी 1 A woman (in general) -2 A coquettish or wanton woman, हरिरिह सुगधवधूनिकरे विलासिनि विलसति केलिपरे Git 1, Ku 7 69, S 1 8 5, R 6 17 -3 A wanton, harlot

विलागम् (= पिलाटम् *q v*)

विलायः, **विलायनम्** Dissolution, destruction, end, परीक्षितोऽथ राजर्षेर्जन्मकर्मविलायनम् Bhāg 1 7 12

विलाळः 1 A cat (= बिडाल) -2 An instrument, a machine

विलिख 6 P 1 To write, inscribe -2 To draw, paint, delineate, portray, विलिखति रहसि कुरङ्गमर्देन भवन्तमसम-शरभूतम् Git 4 -3 To scratch, scrape, tear up, निघ्नन् प्रोथेन पृथिवीं विलिखश्चरणैरपि Mb 3 167 19, मन्द शब्दायमानो विलिखति शयनाद्बुधित क्षमा खुरेण K P 10, व्यलिखच्चञ्चुपुटेन पक्षती N 2 2, पादेन हैम विलिलेख पीठम् R 6 15, Ku 2 28 -4 To implant, inhx, तावन्तोऽपि विलिख्यन्ते हृदये शोकशङ्कव H 4 72 v 1

विलिखनम् 1 Scratching, scraping, writing. -2 The course of a river -3 Dividing, splitting

विलेखः A hole, cavity, छायातपविलेख च Mb 14 45 4 -**खा** 1 A scratch, mark -2 A written contract

विलेखनम् 1 Scratching, scraping, making a mark or furrow -2 Digging -3 Uprooting -4 Dividing, splitting.

विलिङ्ग *a* Of a different gender °स्थ *a* Not to be understood, Mb 2

विलिप् 6 P 1 To smear, anoint, rub on, तथा हि नृत्याभिनयक्रियाच्युत विलिप्यते मौलिभिरम्बरौकसाम् Ku 5 79, Bk 3 20, 15 6, S1 16 62 -2 To pollute, defile, taint, contaminate

विलिप्त *p p* 1 Anointed, besmeared, smeared over -2 Polluted, stained, defiled

विलिप्ता, विलिप्तिका A second (= 1/3600 of a degree)

विलिम्पित *a*. Smeared, anointed

विलेपः 1 An unguent, an ointment -2 Mortar -3 Plaster (in general) -4 Anointing, plastering

विलेपनम् 1 Smearing, anointing -2 An ointment, unguent, any cosmetic or perfume for the body (such as saffron, sandal &c), न स्नान न विलेपन न कुसुम नालकृता मूर्धजा Bh 2 19, यान्येव सुरभिकुसुमधूपविलेपनादीनि K

विलेपनी 1 A woman scented with perfumes -2 A woman beautifully dressed or attired (सुवेशा) -3 Rice-gruel

विलेपिका, -विलेपी, -विलेप्यः Rice-gruel

विलेपिका A female anointer

विलेपिन् *a* Viscous, sticky

विली I 4 A 1 To cling or stick to, adhere to -2 To rest on, settle down or alight on, पुरोऽस्य यावन्न सुवि व्यलीयत S1 1 12 -3 To be dissolved, to melt away, be absorbed in, विलिख्ये यत्कुक्षिस्थितशिखिनि वातापिवपुषा Mv 6 60, 7 14 -4 To vanish, disappear -5 To perish -II 9 P To melt, liquefy

विलीन *p p* 1 Sticking to, clung or attached to -2 Perched or settled on, alighting on -3 Contiguous to, in contact with -4 Melted, dissolved, liquefied -5 Disappeared, vanished -6 Dead, perished -7 Infused into the mind, imagined

विलुञ्चनम् Tearing off, peeling

विलुङ् *Caus* 1 To agitate, stir up, toss about -2 To disturb, confuse -3 To turn over, upset

विलोडनम् 1 Agitating, shaking about, stirring up, churning, तात नोदविलोडन प्रति त्वद्विनाथ वयमुत्सहामहे S1 14 83 -2 Splashing, sporting in (water), कदाचिन्मद्विलोडना-सहिष्णुर्मासपत् Dk 2 3

विलोडित *p p* 1 Shaken, churned, stirred, agitated -2 Rolling on the ground -तम् Butter-milk

विलुण्ठनम् Robbing, plundering

विलुप् 6 P 1 To break off, pull out, cut off -2 To seize, plunder, rob, carry off, उपकार भ्वजीकृत्य सर्वमेवाच-

लुम्पति H 2 97 -3 To mar, spoil, impair -4 (a) To destroy, ruin, cause to disappear, प्रियमत्यन्तविलुप्तदर्शनम् Ku 4 2 'for ever lost to view' (b) To eat up, कव्याङ्गि-रङ्गलतिका नियत विलुप्ता U 3 28, Mk 1 9 -5 To wipe or rub off -*Pass* To be destroyed or lost, to perish, disappear, जराविलुप्तमानावमानचिन्त Dk

विलुप्त *p p* 1 Broken or torn off, छायासुप्तमृग शकुन्त-निवहैर्विष्वग्विलुप्तच्छद Pt 2 2 -2 Seized, snatched away, carried off -3 Robbed, plundered -4 Destroyed, ruined -5 Impaired, mutilated

विलुम्पकः A thief, robber, ravisher, तदय न पापमुपै-त्यनन्वय यन्नष्टनाथस्य वसोर्विलुम्पकात् Bhāg 1 18 44

विलोपः 1 Taking away, carrying off, seizure, plunder -2 Loss, destruction, disappearance

विलोपनम् 1 Cutting off -2 Carrying away -3 Destroying, destruction

विलोप्ट *m* A robber

विलुम् 4 P To be disturbed or deranged, be disor-dered, दधद्विभित वाते केशर वह्निपिङ्गलम् Bk 9 40 -*Caus* 1 To allure, entice, attract, स्मर यावन्न विलोभ्यसे दिवि Ku 4 20, अङ्गनास्तमधिक व्यलोभयन् (मुखै) R 19 10 -2 To divert, amuse, entertain, क्व दृष्टि विलोभयामि S 6, ललित-लताविलोभयमाननयनो भवातुक्कण्ठा विनोदयतु V 2

विलुभित *p p* Disordered, agitated -*Comp* -*प्लव* *a* going in an agitated manner

विलोभः Attraction, seduction, allurement

विलोभनम् 1 Enticing, alluring -2 An allurement, a temptation, seduction, प्रयुज्य सामाचरित विलोभन भय विभेदाय धिय प्रदर्शितम् K1 14 7, R 8 60 -3 Praise, flattery

विलोभनीय *a* Alluring, enticing

विलुल् 1 P 1 To move to and fro -2 To shake, make tremulous -3 To disorder, derange, dishevel (as hair) -*Caus* To agitate, stir, disturb

विलुलित *p p* 1 Moving to and fro, unsteady, shaken, tossed about, tremulous, U 3 23 -2 Disor-dered, disarranged, गलितकुसुमदलविलुलितकेशा Git 7 -3 Waving, fickle, unsteady

विलून *p p* Cut off, lopped off, clipt, cut asunder

विलोक 10 U 1 To see, behold, look at, perceive, विलोक्य वृद्धोक्षमधिष्ठितं त्वया महाजन स्मेरमुखो भविष्यति Ku 5 70, R 2 11, 6 59 -2 To search for, look out for.

विलोकः, -विलोकनम् 1 Seeing, looking at, observing, नगविलोकनविस्मितमानस K1 5 16 -2 Sight, observation, विलोकनेनैव तवामुना मुने कृत, कृतार्थोऽस्मि निबर्हिताहसा S1. 1. 29.

विलोकित *p p* 1 Seen, observed, viewed, beheld -2 Examined, thought about -**तम्** 1 A look, glance, कृत इव मुग्धविलोकिनोपदेश S 2 3 -2 Observation

विलोचनम् The eye, R 7 8, Ku 4 1, 3 67, तृष्णा-लोलविलोचने कलयति प्राचीं चकोरीगणे। Bv 1 4, also seeing, sight -*a* Distorting the eyes (विपरीतदृष्टि), शत्रुमित्रसुखो यश्च जिह्मप्रेक्षी विलोचन Mb 12 168 14 -**Comp** -अम्बु *n* tears -**पथः** the range of vision -**पातः** a glance, look

विलोटकः A kind of fish, Clupea Cultrata

विलोम *a* (-मी *f*) 1 Inverted, reverse, inverse, contrary, opposite -2 Produced in the reverse order -3 Backward -4 Hairless -5 Refractory -**मः** 1 Reverse order, inversion -2 A dog -3 A snake -4 N of Varuna -**मम्** A waterwheel, machine for raising water from a well -**Comp** -उत्पन्न, -ज, -जात, -वर्ण *a* 'born in the reverse order', *e* born of a mother whose caste is superior to the father's, of प्रतिलोमज also -**क्रिया**, -**विधिः** 1 a reverse action -2 a rule of inversion (in math) -**जिह्वः**, -**रसनः** an elephant -**त्रैराशिकम्** rule of three inverse -**पाठः** recitation in reverse order -**विधिः** 1 reversed ceremony -2 (Arith) rule of inversion

विलोमी The emblic myrobalan

विलोल *a* 1 Shaking about, trembling, tremulous, unsteady, rolling, waving, tossing about, पृथतीषु विलोल-मीक्षितम् R. 8 59, Ku 5 8, Si 8 8, 15 62, 20 42, Ve 2 24, 28, R 7 41, 16 68 -2 Loose, disordered, dishevelled (as hair), दधती विलोलरुबरीरुमानम् U 3 4

विलोलनम् 1 Shaking -2 Sturring, agitating

विलोहित *a* 1 Of a purple colour -2 Reddish, red, अनुर्धर कोपविलोहिताक्ष R 16 77 -**तः** N of Rudra -**ता** One of the tongues of fire

विल्ल See बिल्ल

विल्व See बिल्व

विवक्षा 1 A desire to speak -2 Wish, desire -3 Meaning, sense -4 Intention, purpose -5 Uncertainty, doubt, hesitation, किं ते विवक्षया वीर जहि भीष्म महारथम् Mb 6 117 5

विवक्षित *a* 1 Intended to be said or spoken, विवक्षित ह्यनुक्तमनुताप जनयति S 3. -2 Meant, intended, purposed -3 Wished, desired -4 Favourite -**तम्** 1 Purpose, intention -2 Sense, meaning -**Comp** -वचन *a* meant to express some sense, meant to be useful by expressing their sense, किं विवक्षितवचना मन्त्रा उताविवक्षितवचना SB on MS 1 2 31

विवक्षु *a* Wishing or about to speak, पुनर्विवक्षु रफुरितोत्तराधर Ku 5 83

विवस्त्रिषु *a* Crafty, deceitful.

विवाद 1 **Ā** 1 To quarrel, dispute, परस्पर विवदमानौ आतरो -2 To be at variance, to conflict, be in opposition, परस्पर विवदमानाना शास्त्राणाम् H 1 -3 To contend (as in a court of law)

विवादनम् Quarrel, litigation

विवादः 1 (*a*) A dispute, contest, contention, controversy, discussion, debate, quarrel, strife, अल विवादेन Ku 5 82, एतयोर्विवाद एव मे न रोचते M 1, एकाप्सर प्राथितयो-र्विवाद R 7 53, विकीर्ते करिणि किमद्भुतो विवाद Subhāṣ (b) Argument, argumentation, discussion -2 Contradiction, एष विवाद एव प्रत्याययति S 7 -3 A litigation, law-suit, contest at law, सीमाविवाद, विवादपदम् &c, (it is thus defined — ऋणादिदायकलहे द्वयोर्बहुतरस्य वा विवादो व्यवहारश्च), see व्यवहार also -4 Crying aloud, sounding -5 An order, command, तस्याननादुच्चरितो विवादश्चस्त्राल वेलस्वपि नाणवानाम् R 18 43 -**Comp** -अर्थिन् *m* 1 a litigant -2 a plaintiff, complainant, prosecutor -**पदम्** a title of dispute, विवादपदनिबन्ध Kau A 3 -**वस्तु** *n* the subject of dispute, the matter at issue

विवादिन् *a* 1 Disputing, contending, disputatious, quarrelling -2 Litigating -*m* A litigant, party in a law suit

विवत्सा A calfless cow

विवाधः 1 A yoke for carrying burdens -2 A road, high-way -3 A load, burden -4 Storing grain, provisions -5 A pitcher -6 The income which a king obtains from his subjects

विवधिकः 1 A carrier of loads, porter -2 A pedlar, hawker

विवाधा 1 A yoke -2 Chain of fetters

विवरम् 1 A fissure, hole, cavity, hollow, vacuity, यच्चकार विवर शिलाघने ताडकोरमि स रामपायक R 11 18, 9 61, 19 7, धीरनादभरितकर्णविवर प्रिये मदयन्तिके इति व्याहरति Māl 7 -2 An interstice, interval, intervening space, तानह विवर दृष्ट्वा प्राहिष्य यमसादनम् Mb 3 171 29, Bhāg 5 10 12, अयमरविवरेभ्यश्चातकैनिष्पतद्भि S 7 7 -3 A solitary place, विवर्गऽपि नैनमनिगूढमभिभावितुमेष पारयन् Ki 12 37 -4 A fault, flaw, defect, weak point -5 A breach, wound -6 The number 'nine' -7 Expansion, opening, widening -8 The lower region (पाताल), ज्योतिषा विवराणा च यथेदमसृजद्भिषु Bhāg 6 1 5 -**रः** Expansion -**Comp** -नालिका a flute, life -**प्रवेशः** entrance into a chasm (one of the means of getting one's desired object), Pt 5.

विवर्ण *a*. 1 Colourless, pale, wan, pallid, नरेन्द्रमार्गद्व इव प्रपेदे विवर्णभाव स स भूमिपाल R 6 67 -2 Discoloured, deprived of water (as a gem), विवर्णमणीकृतम् (नरुक्त्व-यम्) S 3 12 -3 Low, vile -4 Ignorant, stupid, unlettered -5 Bad-coloured, Mb 12 36 38 -**र्णः** An

outcast, a man belonging to low caste -Comp -भावः paleness.

विवर्णित *p p*. Disapproved

विवल्ग 1 P To leap, jump, spring, कृतभुजध्वनि वल्गु विवल्गतो K1 18 11

विवश *a* 1 Uncontrolled, independent, unsubdued -2 Having lost control over oneself, dependent, subject, under control (of another), helpless, विवशा वर्षयित्वा च का त्व प्रीतिमवाप्स्यसि Mb 3 281 22, परीता रक्षोभि श्रयति विवशा कामपि दशम् Bv 1 83, मित्रस्नेहाद्विवशमधुना साहसे मा नियुक्ते Mu 6 18, जात जातमवश्यमाशु विवश मृत्यु करोत्यात्मसात् Bh 3 105 S1 20 58, सोयोग नरमायान्ति विवशा सर्वमपद H 1 151, Mv 6 32, 63, Bhāg 1 1 14 -3 Insensible, not master of oneself, विवशा कामवधूर्विबोधिता Ku 4 1 -4 Dead, perished, उपलब्धवती दिवश्च्युत विवशा क्षापनिद्रात्-कारणम् R 8 82 -5 Desirous or apprehensive of death

विवस् I 1 P 1 To dwell abroad -2 To live, dwell -3 To spend, pass (time) -4 To retire, withdraw, इच्छन्ति विवसितु गणयन् स्वमासान् Bhāg 3 31 17 -Caus To banish, send into exile, अल्लहेतोर्महाबाहुरमितात्मा विवासित Mb 3 86 2, कृते सौभागिनेयस्य भरतस्य विवासितौ Bk 4 35 -II 2 A 1 To exchange clothes -2 To wear, put on

विवासः, -विवासनम् 1 Banishment, sending into exile, expulsion, रामस्य गात्रमासि दुर्वहगर्भस्त्रिंसीताविवासनपटो कुरुणा कुतस्ते U 2 10 -2 Separation from, प्रियैर्विवासो बहुश सवासश्चाप्रियै सह Mb 14 16 34 -विवासकाले *ind* At the time of daybreak

विवासित *p p* Banished, exiled, expelled

विवसन *a* Naked, unclothed -नः A Jaina mendicant.

विचस्वत् *m* 1 The sun, त्वष्टा विचस्वतमिवोल्लिखे K1 17 48, 5 48, R 10 30, 17 48, एक श्लाघ्यो विचस्वान् परहितकर-णायैव यस्य प्रयास Nag 3 18 -2 N of Aruna -3 N of the present Manu -4 A god -5 The Arka plant -ती f. The city of the sun, L D B

विचह 1 P 1 To remove, take away, drive off -2 To marry -Caus To give in marriage

विचहः N of one of the seven tongues of fire

विवाहः Marriage, (Hindu lawgivers enumerate eight forms of marriage, ब्राह्मो दैवस्तथैवार्थं प्राजापत्यस्तथाऽऽसुर । गाधर्वो राक्षसश्चैव पैशाचश्चाष्टमोऽवम ॥ Ms 3 21, see Y. 1 58-61 also, for explanation of these forms see s v) -Comp -चतुष्टयम् marrying four wives -दीक्षा the marriage ceremony or rite, विवाहदीक्षा निर्वर्त्यद् गुरु R 3 83 -नेपथ्यम्, -वेषः a marriage-dress

विवाहित *p p* Married

विवाहः 1 A son-in-law -2 A bridegroom.

विवाकः A judge, of प्राङ्विवाक

विवारः 1 Opening, expansion -2 Expansion of the throat in the articulation of letters, (one of the Ābhyañtara Prayatnas, opp सवार), of विश्रुतमूष्मणा स्वराणा च Sk on P I 1 9

विविग्र *a* 1 Very much agitated or terrified, सकृद्विमानपि हि प्रयुक्त माधुर्यमीष्टे हरिणान् ग्रहीतुम् R 18 18, Ku 1 56 -2 Very angry

विविच 3, 7 U 1 To separate, divide, remove from, विविनास्मि दिव सुरान् Bk 6 36 -2 To discern, discriminate -3 To judge, ascertain, determine, कर्मणा च विवेकार्थं धर्माधर्मौ व्यवेचयत् Ms 1 26, रे खल तव खलु चरित विदुषामग्रे विविच्य वक्ष्यामि Bv 1 108 -4 To describe, treat of -5 To tear up, rend asunder

विविक्त *p p* 1 Separated, detached, disjoined, abstracted, अपश्यमेनेकानि गोसहस्राणि वर्णशो विविक्तानि Mb 3 198 5, विविक्तवर्णाभरणे K1 14 3 -2 Lonely, solitary, retired, sequestered, विविक्तदेशसेवित्वमरतिर्जनसंसदि Bg 13 10 -3 Single, alone -4 Distinguished, discriminated, यथा विविक्त यद्वक्त्र गृहीतो युक्तिसमवात् Bhāg 11 22 9 -5 Judicious, वेदवित्तु विविक्तेषु प्रेत्य स्वर्गं समश्नुते Ms 11 6 -6 Pure, faultless, स्त्रीपुमिदा न तु सुतस्य विविक्तदृष्टे Bhāg 1 4 5, प्रत्यग्रमज्जनविशेषविविक्तमूर्ति Ratn 1 19 -7 Profound (as a judgment or thought) -8 Intent on -9 Devoid of, free from, प्रसन्नदिक्पासुविविक्तवानम् Ku 1 23 -10 Having the knowledge, known, विविक्तपरव्ययो व्यथामाचरति Bhāg 5 26 17 -क्तम् 1 A lonely or solitary place, विविक्ताहते नान्यदुत्सुकस्य शरणमस्ति V 2, S 5 5, S1 8 70, विविक्तसेवी Bg 18 52 -2 Loneliness, privacy, seclusion -3 Clearness, purity -क्ता An unlucky or ill-fated woman, one disliked by her husband (दुभगा) -Comp -सेविन् *a* seeking solitude, lonely

विवित्सा Desire to know, प्रायो धर्मार्थकामेषु विविक्ताया च मानवा । हेतुनैव समीहन्त आयुषो यशस श्रिय ॥ Bhāg 11 7 27

विविध *a* Various, diverse, manifold, multiform, sundry, सोऽभिधाय शरीरात् स्वात् सिद्धुर्विविधा प्रजा Ms 1 8, 39 -धम् A variety of action or gesture

विधीतः An enclosed or preserved spot of ground, such as pasture-land, पथि ग्रामविधीतान्ते क्षेत्रे दोषो न जायते Y 2 162, अकृष्याया भूमौ पशुभ्यो विधीतानि प्रयच्छेत् Kau A 2 2 -Comp. -अध्यक्षः superintendent of pasturelands, Kau A

विधृ 5, 9 U 1 To cover up, stop -2 To open, स्वयं व्यवर्त्यन्त यथा तमो रवे Bhāg 10 3 50, स्वजनस्य हि दु खमग्रतो विधृतद्वारमिवोपजायते Ku 4 26. -3 To unfold, disclose, reveal, show, display, द्वन्द्वानि भाव क्रियया विधृ Ku. 3 35, N 9 1, Bk 7 78, S1 16 30 -4 To speak, utter, श्रवणकट्ट नृपाणामेकवाक्य विधृ R 6 85 -5 To teach, explain, expound, यस्मै मुनिर्ब्रह्म परं विधत्ते Mv 2 43 -6 To spread, दिशि दिशि निरपेक्षस्तावकीन विधृण्वन् (परिमलम्)

Bv 1 5 -7 To choose -8 To unsheath a sword -9 To part, comb (hair)

विवरणम् 1 Displaying, expressing, unfolding, opening -2 Exposing, laying bare or open -3 Exposition, explanation, gloss, comment, interpretation -4 Describing, description -5 A sentence

विवृत p p 1 Displayed, manifested, expressed -2 Evident, clear, open -3 Uncovered, exposed, laid bare, ज्ञातास्वादो विवृतजघना को विहातु समर्थ Me 43 -4 Opened, unclosed, bare, open, कृष्णायस च विवृत धारयन् सुच्यते द्विज Mb 13 136 6 -5 Proclaimed -6 Expounded, explained, commented upon, विवृत इव निरुक्त Bhāg 12 11 24 -7 Expanded, spread out -8 Extensive, large, spacious -9 Bare, barren (as ground) -10 Unhurt, woundless, Mb 4 -तम् 1 Open articulation -2 Publicity -ता A particular disease, ulcer -तम् ind Openly -Comp -अक्ष a large-eyed (-क्षः) a cock -द्वार a with the gates thrown open, Ku 4 26 -पौरुष a displaying valour, नित्य विवृतपौरुष Ms 7 102 -भाव a candid, sincere

विवृतिः f 1 Display, manifestation -2 Expansion -3 Exposure, discovery -4 Exposition, comment, interpretation, gloss

विवृज् 10 U or Caus 1 To shun, avoid -2 To make destitute of, deprive of -3 To exclude -4 To distribute, give

विवर्जनम् Leaving, excluding, abandoning, सर्वान् कामानवाप्नोति सुनिर्मासविवर्जनात् Y 1 181

विवर्जित p p 1 Left, abandoned -2 Shunned -3 Deprived of, destitute of, without (usually in comp), प्रधानोऽप्यप्रधान स्याद्यदि सेवाविवर्जित Pt 1 34 -4 Given, distributed -5 That from which anything is subtracted, diminished by

विवृक्त p p Left, abandoned, deserted -क्ता A woman disliked by her husband, cf विविक्ता

विवृत् 1 1 To turn round, roll, revolve, move round, अन्तर्बहिः परित एव विवर्तमानाम् (पश्यामि ताम्) Māl 1 40 -2 To turn or move about, समार्जजठरेणोर्वी विवर्तश्च मुहुर्मुहु Mb 3 167 19 -3 To turn aside, bend, कश्चिद्विवृत्तत्रिक-भिन्नहार R 6 16, न विवृतो मदने न च सवृत S 2 12 -4 To become -5 To turn away from, depart from, return -6 To descend -7 To attack, fall upon -8 To take different forms, जीवित च शरीरेण तेनैव सह जायते । उभे सह विवर्तते उभे सह विनश्यत ॥ Mb 12 174 22

विवर्तः 1 Turning round, revolving, whirling -2 Rolling onward, moving about, सर्वतःप्रकटविवर्तसप्तपाथोनाथोर्मि-व्यतिकरविभ्रमप्रचण्ड Mv 6 26 -3 Rolling back, returning -4 Dancing -5 Alteration, modification, change of form, altered condition or state, शब्दब्रह्मणस्तादृश विवर्त-

मितिहास रामायण प्रणिनाय U 2, एको रस करुण एव निमित्त-भेदाद्भिन्न पृथक् पृथग्विवाश्रयते विवर्तान् U 3 47, अकाण्डशुक्लाशनि-पातरीद्र क एष धातुर्विषमो विवर्त Mv 5 57 -6 (In Vedānta phil) An apparent or illusory form, an unreal appearance caused by अविद्या or human error, (this is a favourite doctrine of the Vedāntins according to whom the whole visible world is a mere illusion—an unreal and illusory appearance—while Brahman or Supreme Spirit is the only real entity, as a serpent (सर्प) is a vivarta of a rope (रज्जु), so is the world a vivarta of the real entity Brahman, and the illusion is removed by Vidyā or true knowledge, cf Bhavabhūti — विद्या-कल्पेन मरुता मेघाना भूयसामपि । ब्रह्मणीव विवर्ताना क्वापि विप्रलय कृत ॥ U 6 6) -7 A heap, multitude, collection, an assemblage -Comp -वादः the doctrine of the Vedāntins that the visible world is illusory and Brahman alone is the real entity

विवर्तनम् 1 Revolving, revolution, whirling round -2 Rolling about, turning round, शब्द्याप्रान्तविवर्तनै-विंगमयत्युन्निद्र एव क्षपा S 6 5, Ve 2 8, 5 40, Mv 7 5 -3 Rolling back, returning, लाङ्गूलचालन क्षेपेण प्रतिवाचो विवर्तनम् Mb 5 72 71, वप्रान्तस्खलितविवर्तन पयोभि Ki 7 11 -4 Rolling down, descending -5 Existing, abiding -6 Reverential salutation -7 Passing through various states or existences -8 An altered condition, पुनरकाण्ड-विवर्तनदारुणो प्रविशिनष्टि विधिर्मनसो रुजम् U 1 15, Māl 4 7 -9 Moving or wandering to and fro, तामिहादिपु चोभ्रेषु नरकेषु विवर्तनम् Ms 12 75 -10 Transformation -11 Circumambulating (प्रदक्षिणा)

विवर्तित p p 1 Turned or whirled round, revolved -2 Moved round or about, rolling, विवर्तितभूरियमद्य शिक्षते S 1 23 -3 Mangled, hacked, cut to pieces, ससक्त-वृटितविवर्तितान्नजाल Māl 3 17 -4 Unfolded -5 Distorted, bent down

विवृत्त p p 1 Turned round -2 Turning round, revolving, rolling, whirling, निहितविवृत्तलोचनेन Ki 7 34. -Comp -अक्षः a cock

विवृत्तिः f 1 Turning round, whirling, revolution मनोऽस्य जह्नु शफरीविवृत्तय Ki 4 3, 7 12 -2 Going asunder, सवाता मुहुरनिलेन नीयमाने दिव्यस्त्रीजघनवराशुके विवृत्तिम् Ki 7 14 -3 Expansion, development, विराजमनपत् स्वेन तेजसैषा विवृत्तये Bhāg 3 6 10 -2 (In gram) A hiatus

विवृच् 1 1 To grow, increase -2 To thrive, prosper -3 To spring up, arise -Caus 1 To increase, augment -2 To promote, advance, further -3 To raise, elevate. -4 To gratify, exultate -5 To congratulate (one) upon

विवर्धनम् 1 Increasing -2 Increase, augmentation, growth -3 Enlargement, aggrandisement -4 Cutting, dividing

विवर्धित *p p* 1 Increased, augmented -2 Advanced, promoted, furthered -3 Gratified, satisfied -4 Cut, divided

विवृद्ध *p p* 1 Grown up -2 Increased, augmented, heightened, enhanced, intensified (as grief, joy &c) -2 Copious, large, plentiful

विवृद्धिः *f* 1 Growth, increase, augmentation, development, ययु शरीरावयवा विवृद्धिम् R 18 49, विवृद्धिमत्राशुवते वसुनि 13 4, so शोक, हर्ष &c -2 Prosperity, लोकानां तु विवृद्धयर्थं मुखबाहूपादत । ब्राह्मण क्षत्रिय वैश्य शूद्र च निर्वर्तयत् ॥ Ms 1 31 -3 Lengthening (of a vowel)

विवेकः 1 Discrimination, judgment, discernment, discretion, काश्यपि यातस्तवापि च विवेक Bv 1 68, 66, ज्ञातोऽयं जलधर तावको विवेक 96, विवेकध्रुवना भवति विनिपात शतमुख Bh 2 10 -2 Consideration, discussion, investigation, यच्छृङ्गारविवेकतत्त्वमपि यत् काव्येषु लीलायितम् Git 12, so द्वैत, धर्म -3 Distinction, difference, discriminating (between two things), नीरक्षीरविवेके हसालस्य त्वमेव तनुषे चेत् Bv 1 13, एकतामिव गतस्य विवेक कस्याचिन् महतोऽप्युपलेभे K1 9 12, Bk 17 60 -4 (In Vedānta phil) The power of distinguishing between the visible world and the invisible spirit, or of separating reality from mere semblance or illusion -5 True knowledge -6 A receptacle for water, basin, reservoir -Comp -ख्यातिः right knowledge -ज्ञ a judicious, discriminative, ते धन्यास्ते विवेकज्ञास्ते शस्या इह भूतले । आगच्छन्ति गृहे येषां कार्यार्थं सुदृढो जना ॥ Pt 1 262, 387 -ज्ञानम् the faculty of discrimination -दृढवन् *m* a discerning man, विवेकदृष्टव-मगात् सुराणाम Bk 2 46 -पदवी reflection, consideration -परिपन्थिन् obstructing right judgment -भाज् a wise -मन्थरता feebleness of judgment -विरहः ignorance, folly -विश्रान्त a foolish, unwise

विवेकिन *a* 1 Discriminating, discreet, judicious, दम्भो भवति विवेकी Pt 1 418 -2 Separated -*m* 1 A judge, discriminator -2 A philosopher

विवेकतु *m* 1 A judge -2 A sage, philosopher -3 A wise person

विवेचनम्, -ना 1 Discrimination -2 Discussion, consideration -3 Settlement, decision

विबोद्ध *m* 1 A bridegroom, husband, आवरिष्ट विकटेन विबोद्धुर्वक्षसैव कुचमण्डलमन्या S1 10 42 -2 A son-in-law

विबोक् See विबोक्, विबोक्स्ते मुरविजयिनो वर्त्मपाती बभूव Ud S 43, गर्वाभिमानादिष्टेऽपि विबोक्कोऽनादरक्रिया

विश 6 P (विशति, विवेश, अविक्षत् वेक्षति, वेष्टुम्, विष्ट) 1 To enter, go or enter into, यथा प्रदीप्तं ज्वलन् पतङ्गा विशन्ति नाशाय समृद्धवेगा Bg 11 29, भोक्तुमन्तःपुरं विशत् Ms 7 216, विवेश कश्चिज्जटिलस्तपोवनम् Ku 5 30, R 6 10, Me 104, so दोलनयमानेन चेतसा चिन्ता विवेश K 199 'fell a-thinking'. -2 To go or come to, come into the possession of, fall

to the share of, उपदा विशु शश्वन्नोत्सेका कोशलेश्वरम् R 4 70 -3 To sit or settle down upon -4 To penetrate, pervade -5 To enter upon, undertake -6 (In astr) To come into conjunction with -7 To appear on the stage -8 To flow into (as a river or army), तत्सेना नरनाथानां घृतनाभि पदे पदे । कुलापगेव कुल्याभिविशन्तीभि-रवर्धत ॥ Rāj T 5 140 -9 To befall (a death) -10 To belong to, exist for -11 To mind, attend to (any business), Mb 12 -Caus (वेक्षयति-ते) To cause to enter -Desid (विविशति) To wish to enter

विशानम् Entering, entrance into

विश *m* 1 A man of the third caste, a Vaisya -2 A man in general -3 People -*f* 1 People, subjects, शश्वद्येषु विशामन्यविषयो रक्षाविकार स्थित Mv 1 25 -2 A daughter, Ms 3 148 -3 Ved Entrance -4 A family, tribe, race -5 A settlement, dwelling -6 (pl) Property, wealth -Comp -पण्यम् goods, merchandise, विदूषण्यमुद्धतोद्धार विक्रय वित्तवर्धनम् Ms 10 85 -पतिः (also विशापति) 1 a king, lord of subjects -2 a son-in-law, दौहित्र विदूषति बन्धुमृत्विग्याज्यौ च भोजयेत् Ms 3 148 -3 a head-merchant

विशम् The fibres of the stalk of a lotus, of विस -Comp -आकरः a kind of plant (भद्रचूड) -कण्टा a crane -स्थूल a afflicted

विशङ्क 1 Ā 1 To suspect, fear, have doubts or suspicions about, विशङ्कसे भीरु यतोऽवधीरणाम् S 3 14, सतीमपि ज्ञातिकुलैकसश्रया जनोऽन्यथा भर्तुमती विशङ्कते 5 17 -2 To think to be, fancy, imagine, विशङ्कमाना रमित कयापि जनार्दन दृष्टयदेतदाह Git 7

विशङ्क *a* Fearless -ङ्का Fear, suspicion

विशङ्कनीय *a* Questionable

विशङ्कट *a* (-टा, -टी *f*) 1 Great, large, big, विशङ्कटो बक्षसि बाणपाणि Bk 2 50, S1 13 34 -2 Strong, vehement, powerful -टम् *ind* Vehemently, intensely

विशद *a* 1 Clear, pure, pellucid, clean, spotless, योगनिद्रान्तविशदे पावनैरक्लोकनै R 10 14, 19 39, 8 3, प्रणयाविशदा दृष्टिं वक्त्रे ददाति न शङ्किता Ratn 3 9, K1 5 12 -2 White, of a pure white colour, निर्धौतहारगुल्लिवाविशद हिमाम्भ R 5 70, Ku 1 44, 6 25, S1 9 26, K1 4 23 -3 Bright, shining, beautiful, हिमव्यपायाद्विशदाधराणाम् Ku 3 33, ताम्बूलश्रुतिविशदो विलासिनीनाम् S1 8 70 -4 Clear, evident, manifest -5 Calm, free from anxiety, at ease, जातो ममाय विशद प्रकामम् (अन्तरात्मा) S 4 22, V 3 -6 Tender, soft (to the touch) -7 Skilled in, fit for, Mk 1, 9 -दः 1 The white colour -2 A kind of small (गन्ध), Mb 12 184 28 (com विशद शाल्यन्नादौ) -3 A kind of touch (स्पर्श), Mb 12 184 36 (com विशद उत्तमवन्नादे) (विशदीकृ 8 U 'to explain, make clear, illustrate')

विशयः 1 Doubt, uncertainty, the second of the five members of an Adhikarana, q v, मुञ्चन्ति गुर्वशुचिता-विशयेन किं न चक्राङ्गवैष्णवमनुग्रहादि सर्वम् Vis' Guna 368 -2 Refuge, asylum

विशरः 1 Splitting, bursting -2 Slaughter, killing, destruction

विशल्य a 1 Free from trouble or anxiety, secure -2 Free from thorns or darts, विशलयौ चापि सुग्रीव क्षणेनैव चकार ह । विशल्यया महौषध्या दिव्यमन्त्रप्रयुक्त्या ॥ Mb 3 289 6 -ल्या N of several plants -- दन्ती, गुड़ची, अजमोदा &c -Comp -करण a healing wounds inflicted by arrows -करणी a particular herb with medicinal properties

विशस् 1 P 1 To cut up, kill, U 4 -2 To immolate, sacrifice

विशसनम् 1 Killing, slaughter, immolation, तस्यास्त्व दुहितुस्तया विशसनं किं दारुणंऽमृष्यथा U 4 5, N 19 12 -2 Rūm -3 Battle, शोणितोदा रथावर्ता कृत्वा विशसने नदीम् Mb 7 16 43 -4 Cutting, dissecting -नः 1 A sabre, crooked sword -2 A sword in general

विशसित् m A dissector, Ms 5 51

विशस्त p p 1 Cut up, hacked -2 Rude, ill-mannered, P VII 2 19 -3 Praised, celebrated.

विशस्त् m 1 An immolator -2 A Chāndālā

विशस्त्र a Weaponless, unarmed, defenceless

विशाखः 1 N of Kārtakeya, वक्षो विशाखविशिखत्रण-लाञ्छित मे Mv 2.38 2 An attitude in shooting (in which the archer stands with the feet a span apart) -3 A beggar, petitioner -4 A spindle. -5 N of Śiva -6 N. of a god, frequently mentioned by Paṇini and Patañjali along with Skanda, e g see Mbh on P VI 3 26, VIII 1 15 -a also विशाखक, Branched, forked -Comp. -जः the orange tree

विशाखल See विशाख (2).

विशाखा (usually in the dual) N of the 16th lunar mansion consisting of two stars, किमत्र चित्रं यदि विशाखे शशाङ्कलेखामनुवर्तते S 3

विशातनम् 1 Rending asunder, cutting off, destroying, नमस्ते देवदेवेश सनातन विशातन Mb 7 83 18 -2 Setting free, delivering, releasing

विशाप a Freed from a curse

विशायः Sleeping in rotation, the rest enjoyed in rotation by the sentinels on watch

विशारणम् 1 Splitting, rending -2 Killing, slaughter

विशारद a 1 Clever, skilful or proficient in, versed in, conversant with (usually in comp.), नानाशस्त्रप्रहरणा-

सर्वे युद्धविशारदा Bg 1 9, मधुदानविशारदा R 9 29, 8 17 -2 Learned, wise -3 Famous, celebrated -4 Bold, confident -5 Beautifully autumnal -6 Lacking the gift of speech -द. The Bakula tree

विशाल a 1 Large, great, extensive, spacious, broad, wide, गृहैर्विशालैरपि भूरिशालैः Śi 3 50, रथचरण-विशालश्रोणिलोलेक्षणैः 11 23, 17 47, R 2 21, 6 32, ते त भुक्त्वा स्वर्गलोकं विशालम् Bg 9 21 -2 Rich or abounding in, श्रीविशाला विशालाम् Me 30 -3 Eminent, illustrious, great, noble, celebrated -लः 1 A kind of deer -2 A kind of bird -ला 1 N of the town Ujjayini, पूर्वोद्दिष्टामनुसर पुरी श्रीविशाला विशालाम् Me 30 -2 N of a river -3 Colocynth (Mar मोठी कवडळ) -Comp. -अक्ष a large-eyed (-क्ष) 1 N of Visnu -2 of Garuda -3 an epithet of Śiva -4 N of an ancient authority on the science of Govt referred to by Kautilya, Kau A 1 15 (-क्षी) an epithet of Pārvatī -कुलम् a noble or eminent family, रूपयौवनसपत्न्या विशालकुलसम्भवा । विशाहीना न शोभन्ते निर्गन्वा इव किशुका. ॥ H -त्वच् m Alstonia Scholaris (Mar सातवीण) -विजयः A kind of military array.

विशालता, -त्वम् 1 Greatness, magnitude -2 Eminence

विशिख a Crownless, crestless, pointless -खः 1 An arrow, माधव मनसिजविशिखभयादिव भावनया त्वयि लीना Git 4, R 5 50, Mv 2 38. -2 A kind of reed -3 An iron crow -4 (In Math) A versed sine

विशिखा 1 A spade -2 A spindle -3 A needle or pin -4 A minute arrow -5 A highway, विशिखाया सौवर्णिकप्रचार Kau A 2, Śi 15 70 -6 A barber's wife -7 A sick-room

विशित a Sharp, acute.

विशिपम् [विशे कपन् Un 3 145] 1 A temple -2 An abode, a house -3 A palace

विशिष्ट 7 P 1 To particularize, individualize, specify, define -2 To distinguish, discriminate -3 To aggravate, heighten, enhance, intensify, पुनराकाण्डविवर्तनदारुणो विधिर्हो विशिनष्टि मनोरुजम् Mā 4 7, U 4 15 -4 To surpass, excel, विशेषको वा विशिशेष यस्या भ्रिय त्रिलोकीतिलक स एव Śi 3 63 -Pass 1 To be different from, स्वदेहात् व्यतिष्ठति R 17 62 -2 To be better or higher than, surpass, excel, be preferable or superior to (often with abl), तस्माद् दुर्गं विशिष्यते H 3. 50, Mv 7. 39, मौनत् सत्यं विशिष्यते Ms 2 83, 3 203, (also with instr. and gen), सर्वेषामेव दानानां ब्रह्मदानं विशिष्यते Ms 4 233 -Oaus 1 To distinguish, particularize -2 To surpass, excel, मदनमपि गुणैर्विशेषयन्ती Mk 4 4, M 3. 5.

विशिष्ट p p 1 Distinguished, distinct -2 Particular, special, peculiar, distinctive -3 Characterized by, endowed with, possessed of, having -4 Superior, best (of all), eminent, excellent, choice, विविष्टानि स्वकर्मसु

Ms 10 80, विशिष्टाया विशेषेण सगमो गुणवान् भवेत् Mb -घुः N of Visnu -Comp -अद्वैतवादः a doctrine of Rāma-nuja which regards Brahman and Prakṛti as identical and real entities -कुल a descended from an excellent race -बुद्धि. f a distinguishing knowledge, differentiation -वर्ण a of an eminent or excellent colour

विशिष्टता 1 Distinction, speciality -2 Excellence, superiority

विशेष a 1 Peculiar -2 Copious, abundant, आसीद्विशेषा फलपुष्पवृष्टि R 2 14 -षः 1 Discrimination, distinguishing between -2 Distinction, difference, निर्विशेषो विशेष Bh 3 50 -3 Characteristic difference, peculiar mark, special property, speciality, differentia, oft in comp and translated by 'special', 'peculiar' &c, विशेष नाविगच्छामी गायतो राघवस्य च Rām 7 94 14, प्रत्यादिष्टविशेषमण्डनविधि S 6 5 -4 A favourable turn or crisis in sickness, a change for the better, अस्ति मे विशेष S 3 'I feel better' -5 A limb, member, पुण्यो लवण्यमयान् विशेषान् Ku 1 25 -6 A species, sort, variety, kind, mode (usually at the end of comp), पञ्चत्वाय विशेषाय कल्पते भुवनै सह Bhāg 11 23 21, भूतविशेष U 4, परिमलविशेषान् Pt 1, कदलीविशेषा Ku 1 36 -7 A different or various object, various particulars (pl), प्रासादास्त्वा तुल्यितुमल यत्र तैस्तैर्विशेषै Me 66, 59 -8 Excellence, superiority, distinction, usually at the end of comp and translated by 'excellent', 'distinguished', 'pre eminent', 'choice', &c, अनुभावविशेषात् R 1 37, वपुर्विशेषेषु Ku 5 31, R 2 7, 6 5, Ki 9 58, so आकृतिविशेषा 'excellent forms', अतिथिविशेष 'a distinguished guest' &c -9 A peculiar attribute, the eternal distinguishing nature of each of the nine *dravyas*, अयमस्माद् व्यावृत्त इति व्यावृत्तिबुद्धिमात्रहेतुविशेष Tarka K (these *viśeṣas* are said to inhere in the atoms of the Earth, Water, Light, and Air and the five eternal substances, Ether, Time, Space, Soul and Mind), पञ्च चैव विशेषा वै तथा पञ्चेन्द्रियाणि च Mb 12 306 29, Bhāg 2 5 29 -10 (a) Individuality, particularity (b) A particular instance, उक्तिरर्थान्तरन्यास स्यात् सामान्यविशेषयो -11 A category, predicament -12 A mark on the forehead with sandal, saffron &c -13 A word which limits or qualifies the sense of another, see विशेषण -14 N of the mundane egg -15 (In Rhet) A figure of speech, said to be of three kinds, it is thus defined by Mammata - विना प्रसिद्धमाधारमाधेयस्य व्यवस्थिति । एकात्मा युगपद्बुद्धिरेकस्यानेक-गोचरा । अन्यत् प्रकुर्वत कार्यमशक्यान्यस्य वस्तुन । तथैव करण चेति विशेषस्त्रिविध स्मृत ॥ K P 10 -16 (In geom) The hypotenuse -Comp -अतिदेशः a special supplementary rule, special extended application -उक्तिः f. a figure of speech in which an effect is represented as not taking place though the usual necessary causes exist, विशेषोक्तिरखण्डेषु कारणेषु फलाच्च K P. 10, e g

हृदि स्नेहक्षयो नाभूत् स्मरदीपे ज्वलत्यपि -करणम् improvement -गुणः 1 a special or distinguishing property -2 (in phil) such guna as is not produced (like सयोग, पृथक्त्व &c) by the union of two things -ज्ञ, -विद् a 1 knowing distinctions, critical, connoisseur -2 learned, wise, अज्ञ सुखमाराध्य सुखतरमाराध्यते विशेषज्ञ Bh 2 3. -धर्मः 1 A peculiar duty -2 A special law -पतनी-यम् A particular crime, नीचाभिगमन् गर्भपातन भर्तृहिंसनम् । विशेषपतनीयानि स्त्रीणमितान्यपि ध्रुवम् ॥ Y 3 297 -भावना (in Arith) a kind of method in extracting roots -लक्षणम्, -लिङ्गम् a special or characteristic mark -वचनम् a special text or precept विधिः, शास्त्रम् a special rule

विशेषक a 1 Distinguishing, distinctive -2 Restrictive, ननु विशेषक शब्द श्रूयते ब्रह्मवर्चसकमिति । नैष विशेषक । उपाधिकर एष । SB on MS 4 3 20 -कः, -कम् 1 A distinguishing feature or characteristic, an attribute -2 A discriminative or distinguishing quality -3 A mark on the forehead with sandal, saffron &c -4 Drawing lines of painting on the face and person with coloured unguents and cosmetics, प्रत्याख्यातविशेषक कुरबक श्यामाव-दातारुणम् M 3 5, स्वेदोद्गम किपुरुषाङ्गनाना चक्रे पद पत्रविशेषकेषु Ku 3 33, R 9 29, S 1 3 63, 10 84 -क. A particular form of speech, of विशेषोक्ति -कम् A group of three stanzas forming one grammatical sentence, द्वाभ्यां युग्ममिति प्रोक्त त्रिभि श्लोकैर्विशेषकम् । कलापक चतुर्भि स्यात्तदूर्ध्वं कुलक स्मृतम् ॥

विशेषण a 1 Attributive -2 Distinctive, सूक्ष्म विशेषण तेषामवेक्षेच्छास्त्रचक्षुषा Mb 12 217 28 -णम् 1 Distinguishing, discrimination, particularization, भावन ब्रह्मण स्थान धारण सद्विशेषणम् Bhāg 3 26 46 -2 Distinction, difference, स्वानुभूत्या तिरोभूतमायागुणविशेषणम् Bhāg 3 33 25 -3 A word which particularizes, qualifies, or defines another, an adjective, attribute, epithet (opp विशेष्य), भक्षयतिश्च नञ्विशेषणम् SB on MS 6 2 19, उपपन्नमिद विशेषण वायो V 3, विशेषणैर्यत् साकूतैरुक्ति परिकरस्तु स K P 10 (विशेषण is said to be of three kinds व्यावर्तक, विधेय, and हेतुगर्भ) -4 A distinguishing feature or mark -5 Species, kind -6 Surpassing, excelling, अस्य काव्यस्य कवयो न समर्था विशेषणे Mb 1 1 73, पराक्रमेऽन्योन्य-विशेषणेन Ki 17 32 -Comp. -असिद्धः N of a kind of हेत्वाभास -पदम् a title of honour

विशेषतस्, -विशेषेण, -विशेषात् ind 1 Especially, particularly -2 In proportion to, नि स्वेभ्यो देयमेतेभ्यो दान विद्याविशेषत Ms 11 2 -3 Individually, singly

विशेषित p p 1 Distinguished -2 Defined, particularized -3 Distinguished by an attribute -4 Superior, excellent

विशेष्य, -विशेषणीय a 1 To be distinguished -2 Chief, superior, उपपन्न हि यन्नेष्टा विशिष्येत विशेष्यया Mb 12. 237 12 -ज्यम् The word qualified or limited by

an adjective, the object to be defined or particularized by another word, a noun, विशेष्य नामिधा गच्छेत् क्षीणशक्ति-विशेषणे K P 2. -2 A substantive, noun

विशील *a* Ill-behaved, immoral, wicked, Ms 5 154

विशुध् 4 P To be purified -*Caus* 1 To purify -2 To free from suspicion -3 To justify -4 (In alg) To subtract

विशुद्ध *a* 1 Purified, cleansed -2 Pure, free from vice, sin, or imperfection -3 Spotless, stainless -4 Correct, accurate, -5 Virtuous, pious, straightforward, विशुद्धसुध कुलकन्यकाजन Māl 7 1 -6 Humble -**द्रम्** A kind of mystical circle (चक्र) in the body -**Comp** -**धिषण**, -**धी** *a* having the mind purified -**प्रकृति** *a* of virtuous disposition -**स्व** *a* of a pure character

विशुद्धिः *f* 1 Purification, तदङ्गससर्गमवाप्य कल्पते ध्रुव चित्तभस्मरजो विशुद्धये Ku 5 79, उपाविश्यासने युञ्ज्याद्योगमात्म-विशुद्धये Bg 6 12, Ms 6 69, 11 53 -2 Purity, complete purity, हेमन् सलक्ष्यते ह्यमौ विशुद्धिः श्यामिकापि वा R 1 10, 12 48 -3 Correctness, accuracy -4 Rectification, removal of error -5 Similarity, equality -6 (In alg) A subtractive quantity -7 Expiation, atonement, इय विशुद्धिरुदिता प्रमाप्याकामतो द्विजम् Ms 11. 89 -8 Settlement (of a debt) -9 Perfect knowledge

विशोधनम् 1 Cleaning, clearing (fig also), राज्य-कण्टकविशोधनोद्यत Vikr 5 1 -2 Purifying, freeing from sin, defect &c, धृतप्राप्तो विशोधनम् Ms 11 143 -3 Expiation, atonement -4 A laxative, Susr -**नी**, विशोधिनी Tharidium Indicum (Mar नाय, मुरुजी)

विशोध्य *a* To be purified, cleansed or corrected -**ध्यम्** A debt

विशून्य *a* Perfectly empty

विशूल *a* Without (i.e. not possessing) a spear, दुर्जयो लवण शूली विशूल प्रायतामिति R 15 5

विशुद्धखल *a* 1 Without fetters (lit) -2 Unfettered, unchecked, unrestrained, uncurbed (fig), विशुद्धखल शूद्धखलका प्रतस्थिरे Śi 12 7, करिकुम्भतुलामुरोजयो क्रियमाणा कविभिर्विशुद्धखले Bv 2 177 -3 Free from all moral bonds, dissolute, उद्भासिताखिलखलस्य विशुद्धखलस्य गोचरगते सुखमाप्यते कै Bh 2 59

विशृ *Pass* 1 To be split in pieces, be shattered, विशीर्येत वनेऽथवा -2 To crumble to pieces, be dissolved, decay -3 To waste away, become emaciated -4 To vanish, disappear, सर्वेषा मूर्ध्नि वा तिष्ठेद्विशीर्येत वनेऽथवा H 1 113

विशीर्ण *p p* 1 Shattered, broken to pieces, दधति विदार्य विशीर्णशुष्कदेहा Māl 5 15 -2 Decayed, withered -3 Dropped or fallen down, स्वय विशीर्णद्रुमपर्णवृत्तिता Ku 5. 28 -4 Shrunk, shrivelled -5 Impaired, wasted,

सं. इ. को... १८५

spoiled -8 Squandered (as a treasure) -7 Rubbed off (as unguent) -8 Frustrated (as an enterprise) -**Comp.** -**धार** *a* intermittent (as urine) -**पर्णः** the Numba tree -**मूर्ति** *a* having the body destroyed, (शिलीमुख) इमा हृदि व्यायतपातमक्षिणोद्विशीर्णमूर्तेरपि पुष्पवन्वन Ku 5 54 (-**र्तिः**) an epithet of the god of love

विशोक *a* Free from grief, happy -**कः** 1 Cessation of grief, सुहृदा च विशोकाय स्वशुच्य प्रियकाम्यया Bhāg 1 10 7 -2 The Aśoka tree -**का** Exemption from grief

विशोषः Dryness, drought.

विशोषणम् 1 Drying up, dessication -2 Healing (a wound)

विश्वकद्रः Ved 1 A dog-dealer -2 A dog

विश्वः Lustre, splendour, P III 3 90

विश्रण् 10 U To give away, bestow, नि शेषविश्राणित-कोशजातम् R 5 1, 14 15, विश्राणितेषु विकचद्रुमकुड्मलेषु Rām ch 5 79

विश्रणनम्, -**विश्राणनम्** Giving away, bestowing, grant, gift, donation, विश्राणनाच्चान्यपरस्विनीनाम् R 2 54

विश्रम् 4 P 1 To take rest, repose, stop, पितामह प्रजासर्गं त्रयि विश्रान्तवान् प्रभु Mb 12 156 7, प्रसाद विश्राम्यतु वीर वज्रम् Ku 3 9 -2 To cease, stop, come to an end

विश्रमः, **विश्रमणः** 1 Rest, repose, तस्य विश्रमणादेष प्रसादे मत्कृतस्तव Mb 12 156 8 -2 Relaxation, cessation

विश्रान्त *p p* 1 Ceased, stopped, स्वकालविरहाद्विश्रान्त-पुष्पोद्गमा V 4 67 -2 Rested, reposed, रघुरिव स नेन्द्रे यज्ञविश्रान्तकोश Siva B -3 Calm, tranquil, composed -**Comp.** -**कथ** *a* speechless, dumb, मुख तव विश्रान्तकथ हुनोति माम् R 8 55 -**कर्णशुगल** *a* reaching to the ears

विश्रान्तिः *f* 1 Rest, repose -2 Cessation, stop -**Comp** -**भूमिः** means of relaxation

विश्रामः 1 Cessation, stop -2 Rest, repose, स्वमेव भवन शौरिविश्रामार्थं जगाम ह Mb 5 147 2, विश्रामो हृदयस्य यत्र U 1 39 -3 Tranquillity, calm, composure -4 Deep breathing (after exertion) -5 Resting-place

विश्रम् 1 **Ā** To confide, place confidence in, विश्रम्भतस्त्वयि निवेणितसर्वकार्यम् Mu 5 7, see विश्रब्ध below -*Caus* To inspire confidence in (a person), console, encourage

विश्रब्ध *p p* (also written विश्रब्ध) 1 Confided in, confided to, entrusted -2 Confident, fearless, confiding, सुविश्रब्धैरज्ञै पथिषु विषमेष्वप्यचलता Mu 3 3, Mb 3 189 47 -3 Trusty, confidential -4 Quiet, calm, tranquil, free from anxiety -5 Firm, steady -6 Meek, lowly -7 Excessive, exceeding -**ब्धम्** *ind* Confidently, fearlessly, without reserve, fear, or hesitation, विश्रब्ध क्रियता ब्राह्मणतृभिर्मुस्ताक्षति पर्वले Ś 2. 6, वृषल विश्रब्ध पृच्छ, ममापि

जातम् R 5 1 -2 the noose of Varuna -3 N of Visnu
 न्याय the rule according to which an action for
 which no fruit is enjoined directly should be consider-
 ed as having स्वर्ग as its फल This is established in
 connection with the विश्वजित् sacrifice by Jaimini and
 Sabara in MS 4 3 15-16 -जीवः the universal soul
 -देव see under विश्व m above -दैवम्, -दैवतम् the
 asterism उत्तराषाढा -धारिणी the earth -धारिन् m a
 deity -धेना Ved the earth -नाथः lord of the univer-
 se, an epithet of Śiva -पा m 1 the protector of all
 -2 the sun -3 the moon -4 fire -पावनी, -पूजिता
 holy basil -प्सन् m 1 a god -2 the sun -3 the
 moon -4 an epithet of Agni -5 N of Viśvakarman
 -बीजम् the seed of everything -बोधः a Buddha
 -भावनः N of Visnu -भुज a all-enjoying, all-eating,
 (-m) an epithet of Indra -भेषजम् dry ginger
 (-जः) a universal remedy -भोजस् a all-pervading,
 Rv -मूर्ति a existing in all forms, all-pervading,
 omnipresent, कल्याणाना त्वमसि महसा भाजन विश्वमूर्ते Mal 1 3
 (-र्तिः) 1 the Supreme Being -2 N of Śiva -योनिः
 1 an epithet of Brahman -2 of Viṣṇu -राज् m, -राजः
 a universal sovereign -रुची one of the seven tongues
 of fire -रूप a omnipresent, existing everywhere,
 तस्मिन् यशो निहित विश्वरूपम् Bri Up 2 2 2 (-पः) an
 epithet of Visnu (-पम्) agallochum -रेतस् m 1 an
 epithet of Brahman -2 of Viṣṇu -वासः the recepta-
 cle of all things -वाह् a (विश्वोद्दीही f) all-sustaining
 -विभावनम् creation of the universe -वेदस् a 1 all-
 knowing, omniscient, स्वस्ति न पूषा विश्वेदेवा Aśīrvāda-
 mantra -2 a saint, sage -व्यचक्ष् f N of Aditi
 -व्यापक, -व्यापिन् a all-pervading -संवननम् means
 of bewitching all -संहारः general destruction -सत्तम
 a the best of all -सहा 1 the earth -2 one of the
 tongues of fire -सारकम् the prickly pear -सृज् m,
 1 an epithet of Brahman, the creator, उपद्रुता विश्वसृजि-
 हिरिगायोपगायने Bhāg 7 15 71-72, प्रायेण सामान्याविधौ गुणाना
 पराङ्मुखी विश्वसृज प्रवृत्ति Ku 3 28, 1 49 -2 an epithet of
 मयासुर, नाना विभान्ति किल विश्वसृजोपकृता Bhāg 10 75 32

विश्वक a All-pervading, all-containing

विश्वका The Gangetic kite, L D B

विश्वंकरः The eye (n according to some)

विश्वतस् ind On all sides, all round, everywhere,
 धारासारानपि विकिरिता विश्वतो वारिदेन Bv 1 30 -Comp
 -मुख a having a face on every side, एकक्षेन पृथक्क्षेन
 बहुधा विश्वतोमुखम् Bg 9 15

विश्वथा ind Everywhere

विश्वदानीम् ind Ved At all times

विश्वंभर a All-sustaining -रः 1 The all-pervading
 being, the Supreme Spirit -2 An epithet of Viṣṇu -3
 Of Indra -4 Fire, विश्वंभरो वा विश्वंभरकुलये त न पश्यति Bri

Up 1 4 7 -रा The earth, विश्वंभरा भगवती भवतीमसूत U
 1 9, विश्वंभरायतिलघुर्नरनाथ तवान्तिके नियतम् K P 10,
 अधीश्वर, भुज् a king -Comp -कुलायः a fire-recep-
 tacle, Bri Up 1 4 7

विश्वधुः Air, wind

विश्वह ind At all times -हा ind Everywhere

विश्वस् 2 P 1 To confide in, trust, rely on, place
 confidence in (usually with loc), पुंसि विश्वसिति कुत्र कुमारी
 N 5 110, न जानामि केनापि कारणेनापहस्तितसकलसखीजन त्वयि
 विश्वसिति मे हृदयम् K 238, Ku 5 15, (sometimes with
 gen also) -2 To rest secure, be fearless or confident,
 विश्वस्ये पक्षिणै समन्तात् Bk 2 25 -Caus To cause to
 believe, inspire confidence in, ऋते कौर्यात् समायातो मां
 विश्वासयितु नु किम् Bk 8 105, Pt 1 192.

विश्वसनीय pot p 1 To be relied upon, trustworthy,
 reliable -2 Capable of inspiring confidence, अहो दीप्ति-
 मतोऽपि विश्वसनीयतास्य वपुष S 2, M 3 2

विश्वसित p p 1 Full of confidence, fearless -2
 Trusted

विश्वस्त p p 1 Believed in, trusted, relied on -2
 Confiding, relying on -3 Fearless, confident -4 Trust-
 worthy, reliable -स्ता A widow, सुचिर सह सर्वसात्वतैर्भव
 विश्वस्तविलासिनीजन S1 16 14 [here sense (3) also is
 intended]

विश्वासः 1 Trust, confidence, faith, reliance, दुर्जन
 प्रियवादीति नैतद्विश्वासकारणम्, विश्वासोपगमादभिन्नगतय शब्द सहन्ते
 मृगा S 1 14, R 1 51, H 4 108, न मातरि न दारेषु न
 सोदये न चात्मनि विश्वासस्तादृश पुसा यादृश्मित्रे स्वभावजे Pt -2
 A secret, confidential communication -Comp -कार्यम्
 a confidential matter of business -घातः, -भङ्गः breach
 of faith, treachery, perfidy -घातकः, -घातिन् m a
 treacherous fellow, traitor -पात्रम्, -भूमिः, -स्थानम्
 an object of confidence, a reliable or trusty person,
 a confidant

विश्वासनम् Producing confidence

विश्वाची Paralysis of the arms and the back

विश्वाधायस् m A god, deity

विश्वानरः An epithet of Savitrī

विश्वामित्रः [विश्व मित्रं यस्य, विश्वस्य मित्रं वा पूर्वपददर्धं,
 P VI 3 130] N of a celebrated sage [He was
 originally a Kṣatriya, being the king of Kānyakubja
 and son of Gādhi One day while out hunting, he
 went to the hermitage of the great sage Vasistha,
 and seeing there the cow of plenty, offered him
 untold treasures in exchange for it, but being refused
 he tried to take it by force A long contest thereupon
 ensued, in which king Viśvāmītra was signally defeated,
 and so great was his vexation, and withal so greatly

was he impressed with the power inherent in Brāhmanism that he devoted himself to the most rigorous austerities till he successively got the titles *Rajarsi*, *Risi*, *Maharsi*, and *Brahmarsi*, but he was not contented till Vasistha himself called him by the name *Brahmarsi*, which, however, took place after several thousands of years. Viśvāmitra several times tried to excite Vasistha—for example by killing his one hundred sons—but the great sage was not in the least perturbed. His power, even before he finally became a *Brahmarsi*, was very great, as was seen in his transporting Trisanku to the skies, in saving Sunahśepa from the hands of Indra, in creating things after the style of Brahman &c &c. He was the companion and counsellor of young Rāma to whom he gave several miraculous missiles.] -Comp. -प्रियः Coconut (tree and fruit), L D B -सृष्टिः the thing created by विश्वामित्र (these are several as Palmyra, buffalo, ass &c)

विश्वाराज् *m* [विश्वस्य राजा] A king of the universe, universal monarch

विश्वावसुः *N* of a Gandharva, Bhāg 7 4 14

विश्वेदेवृ The clitoris

विश्वेभोजस् *N* of Indra

विश्वेवेदस् *N* of Agni

विष् *I* 3 U (वेष्टे, वेष्टि, विष्ट) 1 To surround -2 To spread through, extend, pervade -3 To embrace. -4 To accomplish, effect, perform -5 To eat -6 To go to, go against, encounter, (not generally used in classical literature) -II 9 P (विष्णाति) To separate, disjoin -III 1 P (वैषति) To sprinkle, pour out

विष् *f* 1 Feces, excrement, ordure, मूत्रविद् घ्राणकर्मविद् Ms 5 135 -2 Spreading, diffusion -3 A girl, as in विटपति -Comp. -कारिका (विटकारिका) a kind of bird -कुमिः (विटकुमिः) a worm bred in the bowels -खदिरः *Vachellia Farnesiana* (Mar देश्या खैर) -ग्रहः (विटग्रहः) constipation -घातः (विटघातः) a urinary disease -चरः, -वराहः (विटचरः, विटवराहः) a tame or village hog (eating ordure) -पतिः a son-in-law, Ms. 3 148 -बन्धः (विटबन्धः) constipation -भङ्गाः diarrhoea, also विटभेद -भुज् (विटभुज्) a feeding on ordure, कुमिकोटपतङ्गानां विटभुजा चैव पक्षिणाम् Ms 12 56 -*m* a dung beetle or a similar insect, कष्टान् कामानर्हते विटभुजा ये Bhāg 5 5 1 -लवणम् (विटलवणम्) a kind of medicinal salt -संगः (विटसंगः) constipation -सारिका (विटसारिका) a kind of bird (Mar मैना)

विषम् [विष्-क] 1 Poison, venom (said to be *m* also in this sense), विषं भवतु मा भूद्वा फटादोपो भयकर Pt 1 204 -2 Water, विष जलधरै पीत मूर्च्छिता पथिकाज्ञाना Chandr 5

82 (where both senses are intended) -3 The fibres of a lotus-stalk -4 Gum-myrrh -5 A poisonous weapon, विमोक्षन्ति विषं कुद्धा कौरवेयेषु भारत Mb 3 8 3 -Comp -अक्त, -दिग्ध *a* poisoned, envenomed -अङ्कुरः 1 a spear -2 a poisoned arrow -अन्तक *a* antidotal (-कः) an epithet of Śiva -अपह, -घ्न *a* repelling poison, antidote -आननः, -आयुधः, -आस्यः a snake -आस्या the marking-nut plant -आस्वाद *a* tasting poison, मन्वापातो विषास्वाद स धर्मप्रतिरूपक Ms 11 9 -उदम्, -जलम् poisonous water, आस्फोट्य गाढरशनो न्यपतद्विषादे Bhāg 10 16 6 -कण्ठः *N* of Śiva -कुम्भः a jar filled with poison -कृत *a* poisoned, तव भार्या महाबाहो भक्ष्य विषकृत यथा Rām 4 6 8 -कुमिः a worm bred in poison न्याय see under न्याय -घटिका *N* of a solar month -घातिन् *m* Śirīṣa tree -घ्न *a* antidotal, serving as an antidote, इति चिन्ताविषघ्नोऽयमगद किं न पीयते H 1 (-घ्नः) 1 an antidote -2 the शिरीष and चम्पक trees (-घ्नी) 1 turmeric -2 colocynth -जुष्ट *a* 1 poisonous -2 poisoned, affected by poison -ज्वरः a buffalo -तन्त्रम् toxicology -दः a cloud, जगदन्तकालसमवेतविषद Śi 15 73 (-दम्) green vitriol -दन्तकः a snake -दर्शनमृत्युकः, -मृत्युः a kind of bird (said to be Chakora) -दिग्ध *a* poisoned -द्रुमः = वृक्ष, *q v* -धरः a snake, वहति विषधरान् पटीरजन्मा Bv 1 74 निलय the lower regions, the abode of snakes. -पुष्पम् the blue lotus -नाडी a particular inauspicious period of time -पुष्पकः a disease caused by eating poisonous flowers -प्रयोगः use of poison, administering poison -मिषज् *m*, -वैद्यः a dealer in antidotes, a curer of snake-bites, सप्रति विषवैद्यानां कर्म M 4 -मन्त्रः 1 a spell for curing snake-bites -2 a snake-charmer, conjurer -मुच *m* a serpent -रसः a poisoned potion, poison-liquid, चिरदिगारम्भी प्रसृत इव तीव्रो विषरस U 2 26 -विद्या cure of poison -विधानम् administering poison judiciously -वृक्षः, -द्रुमः a poisonous tree, विषवृक्षोऽपि सर्वार्थं स्वयं छेतुमसांप्रतम् Ku 2 55, श्रितासि चन्दनभ्रान्त्या दुर्विपाक विषद्रुमम् U 1 46 न्याय see under न्याय. -वेगः the circulation or effect of poison -व्यवस्था 1 the state of being poisoned -2 the effect of the poison, मन्त्रबलेन विषव्यवस्थायामपनेतुमक्षम Dk 1 1 -शादकः the root of the lotus -शकः, -शुक्लिन, -सूक्लन् *m* a wasp -सूचकः the Chakora bird -हरा, -री An epithet of the goddess Manasā -हृदय *a* 'poison-hearted', malicious -हेतिः a serpent

विषञ्ज् 1 P To attach or stick to, to hang or suspend upon, (usually in *p p*)

विषक्त *p p* 1 Fixed firmly or closely -2 Adhering or clinging closely to -3 Hung or suspended on, विटप-विषक्तजलाद्रिवल्केषु Ś 1 32 -4 Caused, produced, विषक्त-स्तीव्रेण व्रणितहृदयेन व्यथयता U 4 3 -5 Occupied, engaged, विषक्ते त्वयि दुर्धर्ष हत शूरसुतो बलात् Mb 3 21 13 -6 Spread, extended over

विषण्डम् The fibres of the lotus-stalk.

विषद 1 P To sink down, be exhausted -2 To be dispirited or cast down, be afflicted or sorrowful, despond, despair, विलपति हसति विषीदति रोदिति चञ्चति मुञ्चति तापम् Gīt 4, बालसूनुर्वलोक्य भार्गव रवा दशा च विषसाद पार्थिव R 11 67, 9 75, (त) विषीदन्तमिदं वाक्यमुवाच मधुसूदन Bg 2 1, Bk. 7 89 -3 To be afraid -Caus 1 To cause to despond or despair, discourage -2 To make afflicted, pain

विषण्ण p p Dejected, cast down, sad, sorrowful, spiritless, despondent, हा तातेति क्रन्दिताकर्ण्य विषण्ण R 9 75 -Comp -चेतस्, -भावः, -मनस् a dejected in mind -मुख, -वदन a looking sad -रूप a in a sad mood

विषादः 1 Dejection, sadness, depression of spirits, grief, sorrow, मद्वाणि मा कुरु विषादम् Bv 4 41, विषादे कर्तव्ये विदधति जडा प्रत्युत सुदम् Bh 3 25, R 8 54, S 4 16 -2 Disappointment, despondency, despair, विषादलुप्त-प्रतिपत्ति सैन्यम् R 8 10, (विषादश्चेत्तसो भङ्ग उपायामावनाशयो) -3 Languor, drooping state, दोषिषाद Māl 2 5 -4 Dulness, stupidity, insensibility, शास्त्रविद्वदृष्टार्कर्मसु विषाद गच्छेत् Kau A

विषादनम् Affliction, despair

विषादिन् a Dejected, dismayed, sad, disconsolate

विषम a. [विगतो विरुद्धो वा सम] 1 Uneven, rough, rugged, पथेषु विषमेष्वयचलता Mu 3 3, व्यालाकीर्णं सुविषमा Pt 1 64, Me 19 -2 Irregular, unequal, तोष ततान विषमप्रथितोऽपि भाग Māl 9 44 -3 Odd, not even -4 Difficult, hard to understand, mysterious, विषमोऽपि विगाह्यते नय Ki 2 3, विषमा कर्मगतय Pt 4 50 -5 Impassable, inaccessible, Ki 2 3, भ्रान्त देशमनेरुदुर्गविषमम् Bh 3 5 -6 Coarse, rough -7 Oblique, ईषतिर्यवलन-विषमम् Māl 4 2 -8 Painful, troublesome, कान्ताविरुद्धं ख-व्यतिकरविषमे यौवने विप्रयोग Bh 3 106, H 4 3 -9 Very strong, vehement, व्यनक्त्यन्तस्ताप तदयमतिधीरोऽपि विषमम् Māl 3 9 -10 Dangerous, fearful, सर्वकष कषति हा विषम कृतान्त Mv 5 56, Mk 8 1, 27, Mu 1 18, 2 20 -11 Bad, adverse, unfavourable, येन च हसित दशासु विषमासु Pt 4 16 -12 Odd, unusual, unparalleled -13 Dishonest, artful -14 Intermittent (as fever) -15 Wicked -16 Different -17 That which cannot be equally divided, अजाविक सैकशफ न जातु विषम भजेत् Ms 9 119 -18 Unsuitable, wrong, Suśr -मः 1 N of Viśnu -2 (In music) A kind of measure -मम् 1 Unevenness -2 Oddness -3 An inaccessible place, precipice, pit &c -4 A difficult or dangerous position, difficulty, misfortune, सुप्त प्रमत्त विषमस्थित वा रक्षन्ति पुण्यानि पुरा कृतानि Bh 2 97, कुतस्त्वा कश्मलमिदं विषमे समुपस्थितम् Bg 2 2 -5 Rough or uneven ground -6 N of a figure of speech in which some unusual or incompatible relation between cause and effect is described, (said to be of four kinds, see K P Kārikās 126 and 127) -7 A kind of stanza or verse, भिन्नचिह्नचतुष्पाद विषम परिकीर्तितम्,

-मम् ind Unequally, unevenly, unfairly, dangerously &c -Comp -अक्षः, -ईक्षणः, -नयनः, -नेत्रः, -लोचनः epithets of Siva -अन्नम् unusual or irregular food -अवतारः descent on uneven ground, perhaps also 'undertaking or embarking in an adventure', V 1 -आयुधः, -इष्टुः, -शरः epithets of the god of love, उन्मिलीक विषद विषमेषु Si 10 72 -कर्णः 1 a quadrangle or tetragon with unequal diagonals -2 the hypotenuse of a right-angled triangle -कर्मन् (in maths) the finding of two quantities when the difference of their squares is given and either the sum or the difference of the quantities (Colebrooke) -कालः an unfavourable season -चक्रवालम् (in maths) an ellipse -चतुरस्रः, -चतुर्भुजः an unequal quadrilateral figure, trapezium -छदः the tree सप्तपर्ण q v -छाया the shadow of the gnomon at noon -ज्वरः remittent fever, दोषोऽप्योऽहितसम्भूतो ज्वरो-त्पद्यते वा पुन । वातुमन्यतम प्राप्य करोति विषमज्वरम् ॥ -त्रिभुजः a scalene triangle -पत्रः the Saptaparnā tree, विषम-पत्रमहीरुहसम्भवं Rām oh 4 68 -वाणः N of the god of love, also विषमविशिख, -शर -लक्ष्मी f ill-luck -विभागः unequal distribution (of property) -वृत्तम् a kind of metre with unequal Pādas -शील a cross tempered, peevish, perverse -स्थ a 1 being in an inaccessible position -2 being in difficulty or misfortune, विश्वामित्र-स्ततस्ता तु विषमस्थामनिन्दिताम् Mb 1 72 5

विषमक a Rather uneven, not properly polished (as pearls)

विषमित a 1 Made rough, uneven or crooked, कोप-विस्फुरणविषमिताग्राङ्गुली Mu 3 27 -2 Contracted, frowning -3 Made difficult or inaccessible -4 Hostile, unfavourable, क्वचित्कालविषमिनराजकुलरक्षसापहृतप्रियतमधनासु Bhāg 5 14 16

विषमीभू 1 P 1 To become uneven -2 To stumble, fall unevenly, मार्गे पदानि खलु ते विषमीभवन्ति S 4 15

विषमीभावः Derangement of equilibrium

विषयः 1 An object of sense, (these are five, corresponding to the five organs of sense, रूप, रस, गन्ध, स्पर्श and शब्द corresponding to the eye, tongue, nose, skin, and ear), ध्रुतिविषयगुणा या स्थिता व्याप्य विश्वम् S 1 1 -2 A worldly object or concern, an affair, a transaction -3 The pleasures of sense, worldly or sensual objects (usually in pl), यौवने विषयैषिणाम् R 1 8, शब्दादीन् विषयान् भोक्तुम् 10 25, विषयव्यावृत्तकौतूहल V 1 9, निर्विष्टविषयस्नेह 12 1, 3 70, 8 10, 19 49, विषया विनिवर्तन्ते निराहारस्य देहिनः Bg 2 59 -4 An object, a thing, matter, नार्यो न जग्मुर्विषयान्तराणि R 7. 12, 8 89 -5 An object or thing aimed at, mark, object, भूयिष्ठ-मन्यविषया न तु दृष्टिरस्या S 1 30, Si 9 40 -6 Scope, range, reach, compass, सोमित्रैरपि पत्रिणामविषये तत्र प्रिये क्वासि भो U 3 45, यस्मिन्नीश्वर इत्यनन्यविषय शब्दो यथार्थाक्षर V 1 1, सकलवचनानामविषय Māl 1 30, 36, U. 5 19, Ku 6.

17 -7 Department, sphere, province, field, element, सर्वत्रौदारिकरयाम्यवहार्यमेव विषयः V 3 -8 A subject, subject-matter, topic, अयि मलयज महिमाय कस्य गिरामस्तु विषयस्ते Bv 1 11, so शुद्धारविषयको ग्रन्थ 'treating of love' -9 The topic or subject to be explained, general head, the first of the five members of an Adhikarana q v -10 A place, spot, परिसरविषयेषु लीढमुक्ता K1 5 38 -11 A country, realm, domain, territory, district, kingdom, 'विषय स्यादिन्द्रियार्थे देशे जनपदेऽपि च' इति विश्व, अप्रविष्ट-विषयस्य रक्षसाम् R 11 18, Pt 2 2 -12 A refuge, an asylum -13 A collection of villages -14 A lover, husband -15 Semen virile -16 A religious observance -17 A symbolical expression for the number 'five' (विषये means 'with regard or reference to', 'in respect of', 'in the case of', 'regarding', 'concerning', या तत्रास्ते युवतिविषये सुष्टिराद्येव धातु Me 84, स्त्रीणां विषये, वनविषये &c) -Comp. -अज्ञानम् sleepiness, exhaustion -अधिकृतः the governor of a province -अधिपतिः the king -अभिरतिः 1 attachment to objects of sense or worldly pleasures, द्विषता वधेन विषयाभिरतिम् (अभिलष्यति) K1 6 44, so °अभिलाष K1 3 13 -आत्मक a 1 consisting of worldly objects -2 carnal, sensual -आसक्त, -निरत a addicted to sensual objects, sensualist, worldly-minded -आसक्तिः, -उपसेवा, -निरतिः f, -प्रसंगः addiction to pleasures of sense, sensuality -पषिन् a addicted to worldly objects, यौवने विषयेषिणाम् R 1 8 -कर्मन् worldly business -ग्रामः the collection of the objects of sense -ज्ञः a specialist -निरतिः attachment to sensual objects -निहनुतिः negation with regard to an object, शौचैर्यमभ्युपत्यैव परेष्व्वात्मनि कामिना । औष्ण्यप्रकाशनात्तस्य सेवा विषयानिहनुति ॥ Kāv 2 306 -पतिः the governor of a province -पराङ्मुख a averse from mundane affairs -प्रवण a attached to objects of sense, Kull on Ms 2 99 -लोलुप a eager for sensual enjoyment -संगः addiction to sensual objects, सोऽनुभूयासुखोदकान् दोषान् विषयसंगजान् Ms 12 18 -सुखम् the pleasures of sense -स्नेहः, -स्पृहा desire for sensual objects

विषयकः a 1 Relating to an object -2 (At the end of comp) Having for an object, treating of, relating to, as in दानविषयको ग्रन्थ

विषयायिन् m 1 One addicted to pleasures of sense, a sensualist -2 A man of the world -3 The god of love -4 A king -5 An organ of sense -6 A materialist

विषयिन् a Sensual, carnal -m 1 A man of the world, worldly -2 A king -3 The god of love -4 A sensualist, voluptuary, विषयिण कस्यापदोऽस्त गता Pt 1 146, S 5 -5 (Rhet) The object of a comparison -n. 1 An organ of sense -2 Knowledge (ज्ञान)

विषयीकरणम् The making anything the object of thought.

विषह् 1 A 1 To bear, suffer, endure, दुर्वार सा कथमपि परित्यागदु ख विषहे R 14 87, 3 63, 8 57 -2 To resist, oppose, withstand, be able to resist, तस्यमेव रघो पाण्ड्या प्रताप न विषहेरे R 4 49 -3 To be able, S1 14 29, 17 10 -4 To allow

विषह्य a 1 Endurable, bearable, अविषह्यव्यसनेन धूमिताम् Ku 4 30, R 6 47 -2 Possible to be settled or determined, सीमायामविषह्याया स्वय राजैव धर्मवित् Ms 8 265 -3 Possible -4 Resistible, conquerable, किं नाम लोकेषु विषह्यमस्ति कृष्णस्य सर्वेषु सदेवकेषु Mb 3 120 17

विषलः Poison, venom

विषा 1 Ordure, feces -2 Intellect, understanding -3 A tree (अतिविषा)

विषाणः, -णम्, -णी [विष्-बा० कानच्] 1 A horn, साहित्यसगीतकलाविहीन साक्षात् पशु पुच्छविषाणहीन Bh 2 12, कदाचिदपि पर्यटन् शशविषाणमासादयेत् 2 5 -2 The tusk of an elephant or boar, केचिद्भिन्ना विषाणाग्रै Mb 6 94 35, तप्तानामुपदधरे विषाणभिन्ना प्रह्लाद सुरकरिणा घना क्षरन्त K1 7 13, S1 1 60, Bhāg 10 43 15 -3 A horn (wind instrument) -4 The claws (of a crab) -5 A peak, top -6 The nipple, (tip of the breast) -7 The chief or best of the kind -8 A sword or knife

विषाणिन् a Having (big) horns or tusks, नाराजके जनपदे बद्धघण्टा विषाणिन् (अटन्ति) Rām 2 67 20 -m 1 Any animal having horns or tusks -2 An elephant, भ्रमो निवासोऽयमिहास्य पुष्पे सदानतो येन विषाणिनाग S1 4 63, 12 77 -3 A bull.

विषारः A snake

विषालु a Poisonous, venomous

विषासहि a Victorious, विषासहिरिति वा अहमेतमुपास Bri Up 2 1 7

विषु ind 1 In two equal parts, equally -2 Differently, variously -3 Same, like.

विषुण a Ved 1 Moving variously -2 Having various forms -3 Having uniform motion -4 Adverse, hostile, wicked -णः The equinox

विषुपम् The equinox

विषुवम् The first point of *Aries* or *Libra* into which the sun enters at the vernal or autumnal equinox, the equinoctial point, अयने विषुवे कुर्याद्यतीपाते दिनक्षये Bhāg 7 14 20 -Comp. -छाया the shadow of the gnomon at noon -दिनम् the day of the equinox -रेखा the equinoctial line -संक्रान्तिः f the sun's equinoctial passage -समयः the equinoctial season

विषुवत् m 1 The equinox -2 The central day in a sacrificial session -Comp -दिनम्, -दिवसः the equinoctial day -वलयम्, -वृत्तम् equator,

विष्क 10 U [विष्कयति-ते] 1 To kill, hurt, injure (Ātm only in this sense) -2 To see, perceive

विषूचिः Mind (मनस्), अन्त पुर च हृदय विषूचिर्मन उच्यते Bhāg 4 29 16

विषूचिका Cholera, also विषूचकम्, Mb 12 308 6

विषूचीन a Going in different directions, spreading everywhere, स यद्दन्त पुरगतो विषूचीनसमन्वित Bhāg 4 25 55

विष्कः An elephant twenty years old, विष्के नाग पर्यणसीत् स्व एव Śi 18 27

विष्कन्द 1 P To go in different directions, roam, wander about -2 To go away, disperse

विष्कन्दः 1 Dispersing -2 Going away

विष्कम् 5, 9 P 1 To impede, obstruct -2 To support, prop -3 To fix firmly

विष्कम्भः 1 Obstacle, hindrance, impediment -2 The bolt or bar of a door -3 The supporting beam of a house -4 A post, pillar -5 A tree -6 (In dramas) An interlude between the acts of a drama and performed by one or more characters, middling or inferior, who connect the story of the drama and the subdivisions of the plot by briefly explaining to the audience what has occurred in the intervals of the acts or what is likely to happen later on -S D thus defines it -वृत्तवर्तिष्यमाणानां कथाशानां निदर्शक । सक्षिप्तार्थस्तु विष्कम्भ आदावङ्कस्य दर्शित ॥ मध्येन मन्यमाना वा पात्राभ्यां सप्र-योजित । शुद्ध स्यात् स तु सक्तीणो नीचमध्यमकल्पित ॥ 308 -7 The diameter of a circle -8 A particular posture practised by Yogins -9 Extension, length, तद्द्विगुणविष्कम्भ खाताद् वप्र कारयेत् Kau A 1 3, एषामन्तरविष्कम्भो योजनानि सहस्रश Mb 6 6 6 -10 The first of the twenty-seven astro- nomical periods (योग)

विष्कम्भक See विष्कम्भ

विष्कम्भित a 1 Hindered, obstructed -2 Richly furnished with

विष्कम्भिन् m The bolt of a door

विष्कलः A hog (ग्राम्यशूकर), L D B

विष्किरः 1 Scattering about, tearing up -2 A cook -3 A bird, gallinaceous bird, छायापस्किरमाणविष्किरमुखव्या- कृष्टकीटवच U 2 9

विष्ट f 1 A place, region, world -2 Heaven.

विष्टपः, -पम् [विष्-कप् Un 3 145] 1 A world, अथ पुत्रस्य पौत्रेण ब्रह्मस्याप्नोति विष्टपम् Ms 9 137, R 11 19, सुरा समभ्यर्थयितार एते कार्यं त्रयाणामपि विष्टपानाम् Ku 3 20, cf त्रिविष्टप -2 A vessel, cup (Ved) -Comp. -हारिन् a one who pleases the world, दुष्टे विष्टपहारिणीष्टदहरो सप्राप्यते देहिना Bh. 2. 25 (v l.).

विष्टम् 5, 9 P 1 To stop, obstruct, आहोस्वित् प्रसवो ममापचरितौविष्टम्भितौ वीरुधाम् S 5 9 -2 To fix, plant, rest on, अत्युच्छिन्ने मन्त्रिणि पार्थिवे च विष्टभ्य पादानुपतिष्ठते श्री Mu 4 13 -3 To strengthen, to support, विष्टब्ध विद्रुमस्तम्भे- वैदूर्यफलकोत्तमे Bhāg 10 69 9 -4 To pervade, permeate, विष्ट-याहमिदं कृत्स्नमेकागेन स्थितो जगत् Bg 10 42 -5 To ascertain, settle, पार्थिव करण प्राज्ञो विष्टम्भित्वा प्रकरयेत् Mb 12 142 9 -Caus 1 To obstruct -2 To paralyse, benumb

विष्टब्ध p p 1 Fixed firmly, well supported -2 Propped up, supported -3 Obstructed, hindered -4 Paralysed, made motionless

विष्टम्भः 1 Fixing firmly -2 Obstruction, hindrance, an impediment -3 Obstruction of the urine or ordure, constipation -4 Paralysis -5 Stopping, staying -6 Stepping, placing the feet -7 Prop, support -8 Endurance, resistance, शीतोष्ण-वर्ष पवन-विष्टम्भविभिन्न- सर्ववच Mb 12 192 1

विष्टम्भिन् a 1 Stopping, obstructing, impeding -2 Making motionless, benumbing, chilling

विष्टरः 1 A seat (a stool, chair &c), कुशपूत प्रचयास्तु विष्टरम् (आददे) R 8 18, रुक्षशाखा स्वयं छित्वा विष्टराय ददौ मुदा A Rām 4 1 32 -2 A layer, bed (as of Kuśa grass) -3 A handful of Kuśa grass -4 The seat of the presiding priest (or Brahman) at a sacrifice -5 A tree -6 An ascetic seat made of 25 Kuśa grass-shoots ('पञ्चाशद्विभवेद् ब्रह्मा तदर्थेन तु विष्टरः'), विष्टरासनयोगो हि कालोऽयं मामुपस्थित Rām 2 20 28 -Comp -भाज् a seated on or occupying a seat, तत्रैश्वरो विष्टरभाज् यथावत् Ku 7 72 -श्रवस् m an epithet of Viṣṇu or Kṛṣṇa, त वदन्तमिति विष्टरश्रवा श्रावयन्नथ समस्तभूयत Śi 14 12, Mb 14 14 2

विष्टा Excrement, feces, ordure

विष्टिः f [विष्-क्तिन् क्तिच् वा] 1 Pervading -2 An act, occupation -3 Hire, wages -4 Unpaid labour, दण्ड-विष्टिकराबाधे रक्षेदुपहता कृषिम् Kau A -5 Sending -6 Residence in hell to which one is condemned -7 See विष्टिकारिन्, Mb 12 59 41 -Comp. -करः the lord of slaves, of unpaid labourers, Mb 3 190 73 -कारिन् an unpaid forced labourer (Mar. वेठबिगार), भारयष्टि-धरैश्चापि पुरुषैर्विष्टिकारिभिः Śiva B 30 23 -कर्मान्तिकः (= विष्टिकारिन्), Rām 2 82 20.

विष्टलम् A remote place, one situated at a distance

विष्टा 1 Feces, ordure, excrement, सोमविक्रयिणे विष्टा भिषजे पूयशोणितम् Ms 3 180, 10 91 -2 The belly -3 Ved Interval. -Comp. -आशिन् a hog -भूः a worm living in ordure, नैकत्रास्ते स्तिवतैर्विष्टाभूरिष सोदर Bhāg 3. 31. 10

17 -7 Department, sphere, province, field, element, सर्वत्रौदरिकस्याभ्यवहार्यमेव विषयः V 3 -8 A subject, subject-matter, topic, अयि मलयज महिमाय कस्य गिरामस्तु विषयस्ते Bv 1 11, so शृङ्गारविषयको ग्रन्थ 'treating of love' -9 The topic or subject to be explained, general head, the first of the five members of an Adhikarana q v -10 A place, spot, परिसरविषयेषु लौढमुक्ता K1 5 38 -11 A country, realm, domain, territory, district, kingdom, 'विषय स्यादिन्द्रियार्थे दत्ते जनपदेऽपि च' इति विश्व, अप्रविष्ट-विषयस्य रक्षसाम् R 11 18, Pt 2 2 -12 A refuge, an asylum -13 A collection of villages -14 A lover, husband -15 Semen virile -16 A religious observance -17 A symbolical expression for the number 'five' (विषये means 'with regard or reference to', 'in respect of', 'in the case of', 'regarding', 'concerning', या तत्रास्ते युवतिविषये सृष्टिराद्येव धातु Me 84, स्त्रीणां विषये, वनविषये &c) -Comp. -अज्ञानम् sleepiness, exhaustion -अधिकृतः the governor of a province -अधिपतिः the king -अभिरतिः 1 attachment to objects of sense or worldly pleasures, द्विषता वधेन विषयाभिरतिम् (अभिलष्यति) K1 6 44, so अभिलाष K1 3 18 -आत्मक a 1 consisting of worldly objects -2 carnal, sensual -आसक्त, -निरत a addicted to sensual objects, sensualist, worldly-minded -आसक्तिः, -उपसेवा, -निरतिः f, -प्रसंगः addiction to pleasures of sense, sensuality -एषिन् a addicted to worldly objects, यौवने विषयेषिणाम् R 1 8 -कर्मन् worldly business -ग्रामः the collection of the objects of sense -ज्ञः a specialist -निरतिः attachment to sensual objects -निहन्तिः negation with regard to an object, शौचैर्यमभ्युपत्यैव परेष्वत्मनि कामिना। औष्यप्रकाशनात्तस्य सैषा विषयनिहन्ति ॥ Kāv 2 30b -पतिः the governor of a province -पराङ्मुख a averse from mundane affairs -प्रवण a attached to objects of sense, Kull on Ms 2 99 -लोलुप a eager for sensual enjoyment -संगः addiction to sensual objects, सोऽनुभूयास्तुलोदकोन् दोषान् विषयसगजान् Ms 12 18 -सुखम् the pleasures of sense -स्नेहः, -स्पृहा desire for sensual objects

विषयकः a 1 Relating to an object -2 (At the end of comp) Having for an object, treating of, relating to, as in दानविषयको ग्रन्थ

विषयायिन् m 1 One addicted to pleasures of sense, a sensualist -2 A man of the world -3 The god of love -4 A king -5 An organ of sense -6 A materialist

विषयिन् a Sensual, carnal -m 1 A man of the world, worldly -2 A king -3 The god of love -4 A sensualist, voluptuary, विषयिण कस्यापदोऽस्त गता Pt 1 146, S 5 -8 (Rhet) The object of a comparison -n 1 An organ of sense -2 Knowledge (ज्ञान)

विषयीकरणम् The making anything the object of thought.

विषह् 1 Ā 1 To bear, suffer, endure, दुर्वार सा कथमपि परित्यागदु ख विषेहे R 14 87, 3 63, 8 57 -2 To resist, oppose, withstand, be able to resist, तस्यमेव रघो पाण्ड्या प्रताप न विषेहिरे R 4 49 -3 To be able, S1 14 29, 17 10 -4 To allow

विषहा a 1 Endurable, bearable, अविषह्यसनेन धूमिताम् Ku 4 30, R 6 47 -2 Possible to be settled or determined, सीमायामविषहाया स्वय राजैव धर्मवित् Ms 8 265 -3 Possible -4 Resistable, conquerable, किं नाम लोकेषु विषह्यमस्ति कृष्णस्य सर्वेषु सदेवकेषु Mb 3 120 17

विषलः Poison, venom

विषा 1 Ordure, feces -2 Intellect, understanding -3 A tree (अतिविषा)

विषाणः, -णम्, -णी [विष्-बा० कानच्] 1 A horn, साहित्यसंगीतकलाविहीन साक्षात् पशु पुच्छविषाणहीन Bh 2 12, कदाचिदपि पर्यटन् शशविषाणमासादयेत् 2 5 -2 The tusk of an elephant or boar, केचिद्विना विषाणाग्रे Mb 6 94 35, तप्तानामुपदधिरे विषाणभिना प्रह्लाद सुरकरिणा घना क्षरन्त K1 7 13, S1 1 60, Bhāg 10 43 15 -3 A horn (wind instrument) -4 The claws (of a crab) -5 A peak, top -6 The nipple, (tip of the breast) -7 The chief or best of the kind -8 A sword or knife

विषाणिन् a Having (bug) horns or tusks, नाराजके जनपदे बद्धघण्टा विषाणिन (अटन्ति) Rām 2 67 20 -m 1 Any animal having horns or tusks -2 An elephant, भ्रमो निवासोऽयमिहास्य पुष्पे सदानतो येन विषाणिनाग S1. 1 63, 12 77 -3 A bull.

विषारः A snake

विषालु a Poisonous, venomous

विषासहि a Victorious, विषासहिरिति वा अहमेतमुपास Bri Up 2 1 7

विषु ind 1 In two equal parts, equally -2 Differently, variously -3 Same, like

विषुण a Ved 1 Moving variously -2 Having various forms -3 Having uniform motion -4 Adverse, hostile, wicked -णः The equinox

विषुपम् The equinox

विषुवम् The first point of Aries or Libra into which the sun enters at the vernal or autumnal equinox, the equinoctial point, अयने विषुवे कुर्याच्चतीपाते दिनक्षये Bhāg 7 14 20 -Comp. -छाया the shadow of the gnomon at noon -दिनम् the day of the equinox -रेखा the equinoctial line -संक्रान्तिः f the sun's equinoctial passage -समयः the equinoctial season

विषुवत् m 1 The equinox -2 The central day in a sacrificial session -Comp -दिनम्, -दिवसः the equinoctial day -वल्यम्, -वृत्तम् equator,

विष्क 10 U [विष्कयति-ते] 1 To kill, hurt, injure (Ātm only in this sense) -2 To see, perceive

विषूचिः Mind (मनस्), अन्त पुर च हृदय विषूचिर्मन उच्यते Bhāg 4 29 16

विषूचिका Cholera, also विषूचकम्, Mb 12 303 6

विषूचीन a Going in different directions, spreading everywhere, स यर्हन्त पुरगतो विषूचीनसमन्वित Bhāg 4 25 55

विष्कः An elephant twenty years old, विष्के नाग पर्यणसीत् स्व एव Śi 18 27

विष्कन्द 1 P To go in different directions, roam, wander about -2 To go away, disperse

विष्कन्दः 1 Dispersing -2 Going away

विष्कम्भ 5, 9 P 1 To impede, obstruct -2 To support, prop -3 To fix firmly

विष्कम्भः 1 Obstacle, hindrance, impediment -2 The bolt or bar of a door -3 The supporting beam of a house -4 A post, pillar -5 A tree -6 (In dramas) An interlude between the acts of a drama and performed by one or more characters, middling or inferior, who connect the story of the drama and the subdivisions of the plot by briefly explaining to the audience what has occurred in the intervals of the acts or what is likely to happen later on -S D thus defines it - दृष्टवर्तिष्यमाणानां कथाशानां निदर्शक । सक्षिप्तार्थस्तु विष्कम्भ आदावङ्कस्य दर्शित ॥ मध्येन मध्यमाभ्यां वा पात्राभ्यां सप्र-योजित । शुद्ध स्यात् स तु सक्तीर्णो नीचमध्यमकल्पित ॥ 308 -7 The diameter of a circle -8 A particular posture practised by Yogins -9 Extension, length, तद्विगुणविष्कम्भ खाताद् वप्र कारयेत् Kau A 1 3, एषामन्तरविष्कम्भो योजनानि सहस्रश Mb 6 6 6 -10 The first of the twenty-seven astro- nomical periods (योग)

विष्कम्भक See विष्कम्भ

विष्कम्भित a 1 Hindered, obstructed -2 Richly furnished with

विष्कम्भिन् m The bolt of a door

विष्कलः A hog (ग्राम्यशूकर), L D B

विष्किरः 1 Scattering about, tearing up -2 A cock -3 A bird, gallinaceous bird, छायापस्किरमाणविष्किरमुखव्या- कृष्टकीटत्वच U 2 9

विष्टप् f 1 A place, region, world. -2 Heaven.

विष्टपः, -पम् [विष्-कप् Un 3 145] 1 A world, अथ पुत्रस्य पौत्रेण ब्रह्मस्याप्रोति विष्टपम् Ms 9 137, R 11 19, सुरा समभ्यर्थयितार एते कार्यं त्रयाणामपि विष्टपानाम् Ku 3 20, cf. त्रिविष्टप -2 A vessel, cup (Ved). -Comp. -हारिन् a one who pleases the world, तुष्टे विष्टपहारिणीष्टदहरो संप्राप्यते देहिना Bh. 2. 25 (v 1).

विष्टम्भ 5, 9 P 1 To stop, obstruct, आहोस्वित् प्रसवो ममापचरितौविष्टम्भितो वारुणाम् Ś 5 9 -2 To fix, plant, rest on, अत्युच्छ्रिते मन्त्रिणि पार्थिवे च विष्टम्भं पादाबुपतिष्ठते श्री Mu 4 13 -3 To strengthen, to support, विष्टम्भं विदुमस्तम्भै- वैदूर्यफलकोत्तमै Bhāg 10 69 9 -4 To pervade, permeate, विष्टम्भं याहमिदं कृत्स्नमेकाशेन स्थितो जगत् Bg 10 42 -5 To ascertain, settle, पार्थिव करणं प्राज्ञो विष्टम्भं वा प्रकारयेत् Mb 12 142 9 -Caus 1 To obstruct -2 To paralyse, benumb

विष्टम्भ p p 1 Fixed firmly, well supported -2 Propped up, supported -3 Obstructed, hindered -4 Paralysed, made motionless

विष्टम्भः 1 Fixing firmly -2 Obstruction, hindrance, an impediment -3 Obstruction of the urine or ordure, constipation -4 Paralysis -5 Stopping, staying -6 Stepping, placing the feet -7 Prop, support -8 Endurance, resistance, शीतोष्ण-वर्ष-पवन-विष्टम्भविभिन्न- सर्वैवच Mb 12 192 1

विष्टम्भिन् a 1 Stopping, obstructing, impeding -2 Making motionless, benumbing, chilling

विष्टरः 1 A seat (a stool, chair &c), कुशपूत प्रवयास्तु विष्टरम् (आददे) R 8 18, वृक्षशाखा स्वयं छित्वा विष्टराय ददौ मुदा A Rām 4 1 32 -2 A layer, bed (as of Kuśa grass) -3 A handful of Kuśa grass -4 The seat of the presiding priest (or Brahman) at a sacrifice -5 A tree -6 An ascetic seat made of 25 Kuśa grass-shoots ('पञ्चाशद्विभवेद् ब्रह्मा तदर्थेन तु विष्टरः'), विष्टरासनयोग्यो हि कालोऽयं मासुपरिष्ठित Rām 2 20 28 -Comp -भाज् a seated on or occupying a seat, तन्नेश्वरो विष्टरभाग् यथावत् Ku 7 72 -अवस् m an epithet of Viṣṇu or Kṛṣṇa, तं वदन्तमिति विष्टरभवा श्रावयन्नथ समस्तभूयत Śi 14 12, Mb 14 14 2

विष्टा Excrement, feces, ordure

विष्टिः f [विष्-क्तिन् क्तिच् वा] 1 Pervading -2 An act, occupation -3 Hire, wages -4 Unpaid labour, दण्ड-विष्टिकराबाधै रक्षेदुपहता कृषिम् Kau A -5 Sending -6 Residence in hell to which one is condemned -7 See विष्टिकारिन्, Mb 12 59 41 -Comp -करः the lord of slaves, of unpaid labourers, Mb 3 190 73 -कारिन् an unpaid forced labourer (Mar वेठबिगार), भारयष्टि- धरैश्चापि पुरुषैर्विष्टिकारिभिः Śiva B 80 23 -कर्मान्तिकः (= विष्टिकारिन्), Rām 2 82 20.

विष्टलम् A remote place, one situated at a distance

विष्टा 1 Feces, ordure, excrement, सोमविकचिणे विष्टा मिषजे पूयशोणितम् Ms 3 180, 10 91 -2 The belly -3 Ved Interval. -Comp. -आशिन् a hog -भूः a worm living in ordure, नैकत्रास्ते सूतिवातैर्विष्टाभूरिष सोदर Bhāg 3. 31. 10.

विष्टित *p p* 1 Standing, being on or in, क्षमा यश क्षमा
वर्म क्षमाया विष्टित जगत् Rām 1 33 9 -2 Being present
or near

विष्णुः [विष् व्यापने नुक् Un 3 39] 1 The second deity
of the sacred Triad, entrusted with the preservation
of the world, which duty he is represented to have
duly discharged by his various incarnations, (for their
descriptions see the several avatāras v and also under
अवतार), the word is thus popularly derived - यस्माद्विष्-
मिद सर्वं तस्य शक्त्या महात्मन । तस्मादेवोच्यते विष्णुर्विशधातो
प्रवेशनात् ॥ -2 N of Agni, विष्णुर्नामिह योऽभि Mb 3 221 12
-3 A pious man -4 N of a law-giver, author of a
Smṛiti called विष्णुस्मृति -5 N of one of the Vasus -6 The
lunar mansion called Sravana (presided over by Viṣṇu)
-7 N of the month वैत्र -Comp -काञ्ची N of a town
-क्रमः the step or stride of Viṣṇu -क्रान्ता N of various
plants -गुप्तः N of Chāṇakya -ग्रन्थिः a particular
joint of the body -जनः a devotee, saint, अथगान्मह-
दाख्यानं नित्यं विष्णुजनप्रिय Bhāg 1 7 11 -तिथिः N of the
11th and 12th lunar days of each fortnight -तैलम् a
kind of medicinal oil -दत्तः N of परीक्षित -दैवत्या N
of the eleventh and twelfth days of each fortnight (of
a lunar month) -धर्मः 1 Dharma enjoining the proper
worship of Viṣṇu -2 a kind of श्राद्ध -धर्मोत्तरपुराणम्
N of an उपपुराण -पदम् 1 the sky, atmosphere -2 the
sea of milk -3 the foot of Viṣṇu (worshipped at
Gaya). -4 a lotus -पदी 1 an epithet of the Ganges,
निर्गता विष्णुपादाब्जात् तेन विष्णुपदी स्मृता Brav P, Bhāg 1 19
7 -2 the sun's passage (into the zodiacal signs वृषभ,
सिंह, वृश्चिक and कुम्भ) -पुराणम् N of one of the most
celebrated of the eighteen Purāṇas -प्रिया 1 basil
-2 Lakṣmī -प्रीतिः f land granted rent-free to Brāh-
manas to maintain Viṣṇu's worship -माया N of
Durgā -मित्रः a common name (like असुक), तस्मादपि
विष्णुमित्र इत्यनवस्थिति Bhāg 5 14 24 -रथः an epithet
of Garuda -रातः N of king Parīkṣita, स विष्णुरातोऽतिथय
आगताय तस्मै सपर्या शिरसा जहार Bhāg 1 19 29 -लिङ्गी a
quail -लोकः Viṣṇu's world, मुच्यते सर्वपापेभ्यो विष्णुलोक स
गच्छति Stotra -वल्लभा 1 an epithet of Lakṣmī -2 the
holy basil -वाहनः, -वाह्यः epithets of Garuda -शक्तिः
Lakṣmī -हिता basil

विष्पन्द 1 Ā 1 To move about -2 To throb,
beat, palpitate See विष्यन्द

विष्पन्दः 1 Throbbing, palpitation -2 A particular
dish.

विष्फारः 1 The twang of a bow -2 Vibration

विष्य *a*. Deserving death by poison

विष्यन्द 1 Ā To flow, विष्यन्दमानशधिर (कपि)
Bk 9 74

विष्यन्दः Flowing, trickling.

विष्यन्दनम् A kind of sweetmeat

विष्व *a* Hurtful, injurious, mischievous

विष्वक्, विष्वक्ञ्च *a* (Nom sing *m* विष्वक्, *f* विष्वकी,
n विष्वक्) 1 Going or being everywhere, all-pervading,
विष्वक्समाना विष्वक्को विनेशु Brī Up 1 3 7, युवि तुरगरजोविधुम्न-
विष्वक्कचलुलितश्रमवार्यलङ्कृतास्ये Bhāg 1 9 34, विष्वक्मोह
स्वगयति कथं मन्दभाग्यं करोमि U 3 38, Māl 9 20 -2
Separating into parts -3 Different -4 Alternately
(विष्वक् is used adverbially in the sense of 'everywhere,
on all sides, all around', बल प्रकोपादिव विष्वगायता Kī 14
59, छायासुप्तमृग शकुन्तनिवहैर्विष्वक्विस्तच्छद Pt 2 2, Māl 5
4, 9 25) -Comp. -गति *a* going everywhere, enter-
ing into every topic, Kī 11 38 -लोपः confusion,
disturbance -वातः a kind of noxious wind -सेनः
(विष्वक्सेनः or विष्वक्सेणः) an epithet of Viṣṇu, साम्यमाप
कमलासखविष्वक्सेनसेवितयुगान्तपयोधे Śi 10 55, विष्वक्सेन
स्वतनुमविशतसर्वलोकप्रतिष्ठाम् R 15 103 प्रिया N of Lakṣmī

विष्वद्यञ्च -द्यञ्च *a* (विष्वदीची *f*) Going every-
where, all-pervading, विष्वदीचीर्विक्षिपन् सैन्यदीची Śi 18 25,
विष्वदीच्या भुवनमभितो भासते यस्य भासा Bv 4 18

विष्णननम्, -विष्वाणः Eating

विस् I 4 P (विस्थिति) To cast, throw, send -II
1 P (वेसति) To go, move

विस See विस.

विसा A lotus stalk

विसंयुक्त *p p* Disjoined, separated

विसंयोगः Disjunction, separation.

विसंवद् 1 P 1 To be inconsistent, be at variance,
कमलाना मनोहराणामपि रूपाद्विसंवदति शीलम् Mu 1 19, शकट-
दासस्तु मित्रमिति विसंवदन्त्यक्षराणि Mu 5 -2 To break one's
word or promise -3 To disappoint, deceive -4 To
fail -5 To assert falsely -6 To contradict -Caus.
1 To make inconsistent -2 To disappoint, to cause to
fail, रमणीयोऽवाधिविधिना विसवादि S 6 -3 To fail to prove

विसंवादः 1 Deception, breaking one's promise, dis-
appointment -2 Inconsistency, incongruity, disagree-
ment -3 Contradiction

विसंवादनम् The breaking one's word or promise,
अविसवादनं दानं समयस्याव्यतिक्रमं आवर्तयन्ति भूतानि Mb 5 38 36.

विसंवादिन् *a* 1 Disappointing, deceiving -2 Incon-
sistent, contradictory -3 Differing, disagreeing, वयोवेष-
विसवादि रामस्य च तयोस्तदा R 15 67 -4 Disputing, con-
testing -5 False, untrue -6 Fraudulent, crafty

विसंष्टु (स्थुल) *a* 1 Unsteady, agitated, Māl 7.
-2 Uneven, ततोऽभवज्जरासन्धं किञ्चित्कमविसंस्थुलं Bm. 2. 101.

विसंहत *a*. Disjoined, loosened.

विसंकट *a* Frightful, dreadful, दृष्टाकोटिविसङ्कटैरित इतो धावद्भिराभीर्यते Māl 5 13, of विशंकट -टः 1 A lion -2 The Ingudi tree

विसंकुल *a* Self-possessed -लम् Composure

विसंगत *a* Ill-fitted, incongruous, unharmonious

विमंज्ञ *a* 1 Insensible, unconscious -2 Confused (भ्रान्त), आख्यातु नो भवाञ्छीघ्न विसञ्ज्ञा स्मेह सर्वज्ञ Mb 3 142 53

विसदृश *a* Unlike, dissimilar

विमंघिः Bad or disagreeable *Sandhi* (euphony) or absence of *Sandhi*, regarded as a fault in composition, see K P 7 ad loc

विसंभरा The domestic lizard

विसंमूढ *a* Utterly bewildered

विसल See विसल

विसिनी See विसिनी

विसिल See विसिल

विस्चिका, -विस्ची Cholera, सूचीभिरिव गात्राणि तुदन् सतिष्ठतेऽनिल । यस्याजीर्णेन सा वैद्यैर्विस्चीति निगद्यते Bhāva P

विस्त्र *a*. Confused, disordered

विसूरणम्, -णा Distress, sorrow, सप्राप्तविसूरणस्त्वरित परवारण V 4 19

विसूरितम् Repentance, distress -ता Fever

विस्त 1 P 1 To spread, be extended or diffused, चक्रीवदङ्गरुहधूमरुचो विसस्तु Śi 5 8, 9 19, 37, विभिद्यमाना विससार सारसान् Kī 8 31, 10 53, 16 35 -2 To return -*Caus* 1 To spread, stretch -2 To cause to prevail or spread

विसरः 1 Going forth -2 Spreading, extending -3 Crowd, multitude, herd, flock -4 A large quantity, heap, घर्माभ्योविसरविवर्तनैरिदानीम् Māl 1 37

विसारः 1 Spreading out, expansion, diffusion -2 Creeping, gliding -3 A fish -रम् 1 Wood -2 Timber -री The region of the winds

विसारिन् *a* (-णी *f*) 1 Spreading, diffusing -2 Creeping, gliding -3 Expanded (विस्तृत), विसारिभि पुष्प-बिलोचनैर्लता Kī 8 11 -*m* A fish

विसारिणी Glycane Debilis (Mar रानजडीद)

विस्तृत *p p* 1 Spread out, extended, diffused -2 Extended, stretched -3 Uttered, spoken

विस्तृवर *a* (-री *f*) 1 Spreading about, being diffused, विस्तृवरैरम्बुरुहा रजोभि Śi 3 11, विमलचन्द्रविस्तृवरचन्द्रिका Rām ch 4 58, विस्तृवरेण यश समुदायेन Cholaachampū p 15 -2 Creeping, gliding

च. इ. को... १८६

विस्मर *a* Creeping along, gliding, moving gently, विस्मरहेषितहय Ve 4

विस्ज 6 P (also *Ā*) 1 To abandon, leave, give up, विस्ज सुन्दरि सगमसाध्वसम् M 4 13, पूर्वार्धविस्जतत्प R 16 6, Bv 1 78 -2 To let go, let loose -3 To shed, pour down, त्वद्विप्रयोगाश्रु सम विस्जम् R 13 26 -4 To send, despatch, भोजेन दूतो रघवे विस्ज R 5 39 -5 To dismiss, allow to go, send away, प्रतिगृह्य वचो विसर्जं मुनिम् R 8 91, 14 19 -6 To give, पित्रा विस्ज मद्रपेक्षया य श्रिय युवा-प्यङ्कगतामभोक्ता R 13 67, 18 7 -7 To send or cast forth, emit, dart, विस्जति हिमगर्भैरभिभिन्दुमयूखै Ś 3 4 -8 To drop, let fall, strike, विस्ज शूद्रमुनौ कृपाणम् U 2 10 -9 To utter, फणवानिवेष विसर्जं चेदिप Śi 15 62 -10 To cast off, repudiate -11 To create, produce, कल्पक्षये पुनस्तानि कल्पादौ विस्जाम्यहम् Bg 9 7 -12 To deliver, hand over to -13 To evacuate the bowels -14 To release (one's self) from -*Caus* 1 To emit, pour forth, shed -2 To send away, dismiss -3 To spare -4 To cast off, repel, repudiate -5 To lose -6 To divulge, publish (news)

विस्ज्यम् Creation of the world, काले वशीकृतविस्ज्य-विसर्गशक्ति Bhāg 7 9 22

विसर्गः 1 Sending forth, emission -2 Shedding, pouring down, dropping, प्र नवीचक्रुरपा विसर्गान् मेघा निदाघ-व्यपितामिवोर्वाम् R 16 38 -3 Casting, discharge, सरहस्यो धनुर्वेद सविसर्गोपसयम् Bhāg 1 7 44 -4 Giving away, a gift, donation, आदान हि विसर्गाय सता वारिसुचामिव R 4 86 (where the word means 'pouring down' also) -5 Sending away, dismissal, हरण च विसर्गं च शाल्वेन च विसर्जनम् Mb 5 175 37 -6 Creation, creating, नियमे च विसर्गे च भूतात्मा मानसस्तथा Mb 12 239 12, secondary creation, ब्रह्मणो गुणवैषम्याद्विसर्ग पौरुष स्मृत Bhāg 2 10 3 -7 Abandonment, relinquishment, न निष्कस्यविसर्गाभ्या भर्तुर्भोग्यो विस्मर्यते Ms 9 46 -8 Voiding, evacuation, as in प्ररीषविसर्ग -9 Departure, separation -10 Final beatitude -11 Light, splendour -12 A symbol in writing, representing a distinct hard aspiration and marked by two perpendicular dots () -13 The southern course of the sun 14 The penis -15 Destruction of the world, काले वशीकृतविस्ज्यविसर्गशक्ति Bhāg 7 9 22 -16 The function of the world (सृष्टिव्यापार), भूतभावोद्भवकरो विसर्ग कर्मसंज्ञित Bg 8 3

विसर्जनम् 1 Emitting, sending forth, pouring down, समतया वसुवृष्टिविसर्जनै R 9 6 -2 Giving away, a gift, donation, R 9 6 -3 Voiding, वाय्वग्निविप्रमादित्यमप पश्यस्तथैव गा । न कदाचन कुर्वीत विष्मूत्रस्य विसर्जनम् ॥ Ms 4 48 -4 Casting off, quitting, abandonment, श्रुतदेहाविसर्जनं पितु R 8 25 -5 Sending away, dismissal -6 Allowing (the deity invoked) to go (opp आवाहन) -7 Setting a bull at liberty on certain occasions -8 Driving out (cows to pasture) -9 Product, creation

विसर्जनीय *a* To be abandoned &c -यः = विसर्ग (12) q v.

विसर्जित *p p* 1 Emitted, sent forth -2 Given away -3 Left, quitted, abandoned -4 Sent, despatched -5 Dismissed

विस्पृ *p p* 1 Emitted, sent forth -2 Created, emanated -3 Shed, cast -4 Sent, despatched, भोजेन दूतो रघवे विस्पृ R 5 39 -5 Dismissed, let go, discharged, विस्पृपार्श्वानुचरस्य तस्य R 2 9 -6 Discharged, hurled -7 Given, bestowed, granted, ग्रामेष्वात्मविस्पृषु R 1 44 -8 Abandoned, quitted, removed -9 Cast out, expelled

विस्पृष्टिः *f* 1 Emitting, sending forth -2 Abandoning -3 Giving -4 Emission (of semen) -5 Secondary creation -6 Offspring

विस्पृ 1 *P* 1 To move, march, proceed, य सुबाहुरिति राक्षसोऽपरस्तत्र तत्र विसर्प मायया R 11 29, 4 53 -2 To fly or roam about -3 To spread, मनोरागस्तीव्र विषमिव विसर्पत्यविरतम् Māl 2 1 -4 To flow along, fall down, (बाष्प) विसर्पन् धाराभिर्लुठति धरणीं जर्जरकण U 1 29 -5 To escape, run away -6 To hover about -7 To wind, meander -8 To spread, diffuse, विस्पृश्यन्ति च ते यश Bhāg 4 1 31

विसर्पः 1 Creeping about, gliding -2 Moving to and fro -3 Spread, circulation, किमु विषविसर्प किमु मद U 1 36 -4 An unexpected or unwished-for consequence of an act -5 A sort of disease, dry spreading itch, लवणाम्लकटूष्णादिसेवनाद्दोषकोपत । विसर्प सप्तधा ज्ञेय सर्वत परिसर्पणात् ॥ -Comp -मम् wax

विसर्पणम् 1 Creeping along, gliding, going gently -2 Diffusion, spreading, extending -3 Increase, growth

विसर्पिः, -विसर्पिका See विसर्प (5) above

विसर्पिन् *a* 1 Creeping, shooting forth -2 Gliding, roaming, नलिनमुखान्तविसर्पि पङ्कजिन्या K1 10 33 -3 Spreading, increasing -4 Suffering from the disease विसर्प

विस्तः A particular weight of gold (= 80 रक्तिकास)

विस्तृ 5 *U*, **विस्तृ** 9 *U* 1 To spread, diffuse -2 To cover, fill -3 To extend, expand -4 To strew or scatter about -5 To speak diffusively about -*Caus* 1 To cause to spread or expand, as in पयोधरविस्तारयितुक यौवनम् S 1 -2 To increase, विस्तारित कुञ्जरकर्णतालै (रेणु) R 7 39 -3 To stretch, extend

विस्तरः 1 Extension, expansion -2 Minute details, detailed description, minute particulars, सक्षिप्तस्याप्यतोऽस्यैव वाक्यस्यार्थगरीयस । सुविस्तरतरा वाचो भाव्यभूता भवन्तु मे S1 2 24, (विस्तरेण, विस्तरत, विस्तरश 'in detail, at length, fully, with minute details, with full particulars', अङ्गुलिमुद्राधिगम विस्तरेण श्रोतुमिच्छामि Mu 1, विस्तरेणात्मनो योग विभूतिं च जनार्दन (भूय कथय) Bg 10 18) -3 Proximity, diffuseness, अल विस्तरेण, -4 Abundance, quantity,

multitude, number, उभे पुरबरे रम्ये विस्तरैरुपशोभिते Rām 7 101 14 -5 A bed, layer -6 A seat, stool -7 Affectionate solicitation -8 High degree, intensity -9 (pl) Great wealth, riches

विस्तारः 1 Spreading, extension, expansion, प्रान्त-विस्तारभाजाम् Māl 1 27 -2 Amplitude, breadth, पञ्चयोजन-विस्तारम् Mb 14 58 39, विलोकयन्त्यो वपुरापुरक्ष्णां प्रकाम-विस्तारफल हरिण्य R 2 11, तत एव च विस्तारम् Bg 13 30 -3 Expanse, vastness, magnitude, मध्ये द्याम स्तन इव भुव शेषविस्तारपाण्डु Me 18 -4 Details, full particulars, कण्वोऽपि तावच्छ्रुतविस्तार कियताम् S 7 -5 The diameter of a circle -6 A shrub -7 The branch of a tree with new shoots

विस्तीर्ण *p p* 1 Spread out, expanded, extended -2 Wide, broad, विस्तीर्णं योजन स्निग्ध ततो द्विगुणमायतम् Rām 7 13 3 -3 Large, great, extensive -Comp. -जातु *a* bandy-legged (as a girl, hence unfit for marriage) -पर्णम् *a* kind of root (मानक)

विस्तृत *p p* 1 Diffused, spread, extended -2 Broad, expanded -3 Ample -4 Diffuse, prolix -5 Developed -6 Far-sounding

विस्तृतिः *f* 1 Extension, expansion -2 Breadth, width, magnitude -3 The diameter of a circle

विस्था 1 *Ā* 1 To stand apart -2 To remain, stay, dwell, remain fixed or stationary, पदैर्भुव व्याप्य वितिष्ठमानम् S1 4 4 -3 To spread, be diffused

विस्थान *a* Belonging to another place or organ (as a sound)

विस्पन्दः 1 See विष्यन्द -2 A drop (कण), तस्य शुक्रस्य विस्पन्दान् पाप्स्व सगृह्य भूमित Mb 13 85 99

विस्पष्ट *a* 1 Plain, clear, intelligible -2 Manifest, evident, obvious, open, apparent

विस्फुर, -**विस्फुर** 6 *P* 1 To quiver, palpitate, tremble, Mb 1 52 5 -2 To move about, struggle, विस्फुरन्ती यथाकाम मैथुनायोपचक्रमे Rām 7 80 16, Mb 1 125 8 -3 To shine, gleam, किं नाम विस्फुरन्ति शस्त्राणि U 4 -4 To draw or twang (as a bow, used in *Caus* in the same sense), एकोऽपि विस्फुरितमण्डलचापचक्र क सिन्धुराजमभिषेणयितु समर्थ Ve 2 26 -5 (esp विस्फुर) To open wide (eyes) -*Caus* To draw (a bow), विस्फार्यमाणस्य ततो भुजाभ्या भूतानि भर्त्रा धनुरन्तकस्य K1 17. 24, Rām 7 28 45

विस्फारः 1 Vibration, trembling, throbbing. -2 The twang of a bow, यस्य विस्फारनिर्घोषे स्तनन्ति स्म दिशो दश Rām 7 28 45 -3 Opening wide

विस्फारकः A kind of dangerous fever

विस्फारित *p p* 1 Made to vibrate -2 Trembling, tremulous. -3 Twanged, विह्वविस्फारितचापमण्डल. K1. 14.

31 -4 Dilated, expanded -5 Manifested, displayed
-6 Evident, apparent, manifest

विस्फुरित *p p* 1 Tremulous, quivering -2 Swollen, enlarged -3 Flashing, glittering, एकोऽपि विस्फुरितमण्डल-चापचक्रम् *Ve* 2 26

विस्फु(स्फु)र्ज 1 *P* 1 To roar, thunder -2 To resound -3 To increase -4 To shine, appear, अस्त्येव जडधामता तु भवतो यद् व्योम्नि विस्फूर्जसे *K P* 10 444

विस्फूर्जः Roaring, thundering

विस्फूर्जथुः 1 Roaring, thundering, rumbling -2 A clap or peal of thunder -3 (Hence) A thunderlike manifestation or rise, any sudden appearance or stroke, ममैव जन्मान्तरपातकाना विपाकविस्फूर्जथुरप्रसङ्ग *R* 14 62 -4 Rolling (as of waves), swell, surging appearance, महोर्मिर्विस्फूर्जथुनिर्विशेषा *R* 13 12

विस्फूर्जितम् 1 Roar, shout, क च विक्रान्तता याता क च विस्फूर्जितं महत् *Mb* 9 31 33 -2 Rolling -3 Fruit, result, तत् सर्वं सुरलोकदेवसदृश धर्मस्य विस्फूर्जितम् *Bh* 2 125, 3 143, त्वङ्गजेऽपि विस्फूर्जितमिदम् *Siva-mahimna* 11 -3 The impetuous motion (of wind), धाराणा च निपातेन बायोर्विस्फूर्जितेन च *Mb* 3 171 6 -4 Knitting, contraction (of the brows), विश्व विश्वसयन् वीर्यशौर्यविस्फूर्जितमुवा *Bhāg* 4 24 57

विस्फुलिङ्गः 1 A spark of fire, यथामे क्षुद्रा विस्फुलिङ्गा व्युत्चरन्ति *Bri Up* 2 1 20, अमेज्ज्वलतो विस्फुलिङ्गा विप्रतिष्ठेरन् *S B* -2 A kind of poison

विस्फोटः, -टा 1 A boil, pimple, tumour -2 Small-pox -3 Cracking, crashing, *Mb*

विस्फोटकः 1 A blister, boil, (also विस्फोटिका) -2 A kind of leprosy -3 Small-pox

विस्फोटनम् 1 The appearance of blisters -2 Loud roaring

विस्मि 1 *A*. 1 To wonder or be surprised at; उभयोर्न तथा लोक प्रावीण्येन विसिष्ये *R* 15 68 उद्दीक्ष्य को मुवि न विस्मयते नगेशम् *S* 4 19, *Bk* 5 51 -2 To admire -3 To be proud or conceited, न विस्मयेत तपसा *Ms* 4 236 -*Caus* To cause to smile, cause to be surprised, fill with wonder or astonishment, विस्मापयन् विस्मितमात्मवृत्तौ *R* 2 33, *Bk* 5 58, 8 42

विस्मयः 1 Wonder, surprise, astonishment, amazement, पुष्य प्रबभूवामेविस्मयेन सहविजाम् *R* 10 50 -2 Astonishment or wonder, being the feeling which produces the *adbhuta* sentiment, *S D* thus defines it - विविधेषु पदार्थेषु लोकसीमातिवर्तिषु । विस्फारश्चेतसो यस्तु स विस्मय उदाहृत ॥ 207 -3 Pride, arrogance, तप क्षरति विस्मयात् *Ms* 4 237 -4 Uncertainty, doubt -*Comp.* -आकुल, -आविष्ट *a* astonished, struck with wonder -*पदम्* *a* matter of astonishment, मधुस्फीता वाच परमममृतं निमित्तवतस्तव ब्रह्म किं वागपि सुरगुरोर्विस्मयपदम् *Siva mahimna* 3,

विस्मयंकर, -विस्मयंगम *a* Astonishing, producing wonder

विस्मयनम् Astonishment, wonder

विस्मापन *a* (-नी *f*) Astonishing, येन मेऽपहत तेजो देवविस्मापनं महत् *Bhāg* 1 15.5 -*n*: 1 The god of love -2 Trick, deceit, illusion -*नम्* 1 Causing wonder -2 Anything causing wonder -3 A city of the Gandharvas (said to be *m* also)

विस्मित *p p* 1 Astonished, surprised, amazed, wonder-struck -2 Disconcerted -3 Proud, इत सख्ये द्विपबलाद्वयसा चापि विस्मितम् *Mb* 7 27 8

विस्मितिः *f* Astonishment, wonder, surprise

विस्मेर *a* Surprised, struck with wonder, astonished

विस्मृ 1 *P* To forget, मधुकर विस्मृतोऽस्येना कथम् *S* 5 1, यदा तु अन्यसङ्गात् पूर्ववृत्तं विस्मृतो भवान् *S* 6 -*Caus* To cause to forget, अनिर्देश्यसुखं स्वर्गं कस्त विस्मारयिष्यति *V* 3 18

विस्मरणम् Forgetting, forgetfulness, oblivion, मण्येव विस्मरणदायकचित्तवृत्तौ *S* 5 23

विस्मृत *p p* Forgotten

विस्मृतिः *f* Forgetfulness, oblivion, loss of memory.

विस्म *A* smell like that of raw meat -*a* Stinking of, (शिखिशिखाश्रेणय) अजस्रस्रुतबहलवसावासविशे स्वन्ति *Nāg* 4 18, *N* 22 50 -*Comp* -गन्ध, गन्धि, गन्धिन् *a* raw smelling, रुधिरवसाविस्मगन्धि कुठार *A R* 4 25, जानुक विस्मगन्धी गोधादी मत्स्यबन्ध एव नि सशयम् *S* 6 -*गन्धिः* yellow orpiment

विस्त्रंस 1 *A* 1 To slip down, become loosened -2 To fall down, drop, slip -*Caus* 1 To cause to fall down, let fall, विस्त्रंसयन्ती नवकर्णिकारम् *Ku* 3 62 -2 To loosen, relax, slacken -3 To betray

विस्त्रंस, -सा 1 Falling down -2 Decay, laxness, weakness, debility

विस्त्रंसन *a* 1 Causing to fall or drop down, अन्तर्मौहनमौलिधूर्णनचलन्मन्दारविस्त्रंसन *Gīt* 3 -2 Untying, loosening, नीविस्त्रंसन कर *K P* 7 -*नम्* 1 Falling down -2 Flowing, dropping -3 Untying, loosening -4 *A* laxative, purgative

विस्त्रस्त *p p* 1 Loosened -2 Weak, infirm -*Comp* -चेतस् *a* one whose spirit is dejected

विस्त्रस, विस्त्रसा Decay, debility, decrepitude, इह चेदशब्दं बोद्धुं प्राक् शरीरस्य विस्त्रस *Kath* 6 4

विस्त्रब्ध, विस्त्रम्भ See विश्रब्ध, विश्रम्भ -विस्त्रब्धम् *ind* Confidently, without reserve, विस्त्रब्धं ब्राह्मणं शूद्राद् द्रव्योपादान-माचरेत् *Ms* 8 417,

विष्णु 1 P 1 To flow forth, trickle, ooze -2 To melt, dissolve

विस्त्रवः, विस्त्रावः Flowing, dropping, trickling, विमुक्तकवच कुद सिद्ध शोणितविस्त्रवै Rām 7 21 38

विस्त्रावणम् 1 Bleeding -2 Distilling -3 A kind of spirit distilled from molasses

विष्णुतिः f Flowing forth, trickling, oozing

विस्वन 1 P To roar, yell, क्रोष्टा डिम्ब व्यस्वनद् व्यस्वनच्च Śi 18 77

विस्वर a 1 Discordant -2 Having no sound -रः Discord -रम् ind Pronounced with a wrong accent

विह (Only in the beginning of a compound) The sky, air

विहगः [विहायसा गच्छति गम ड नि०] 1 A bird, sky-goer, हैडिम्बश्च महावीर्यो विहगो मद्ग्लोपम् Mb 3 144 24, वीचिक्षोभस्तनितविहगश्रेणिकाञ्जीगुणाय Me 28, Rs 1 23 -2 A cloud -3 An arrow, अयोमुखैश्च विहगैर्द्रवयिष्ये महारथान् Mb 7 195 43 -4 The sun -5 The moon -6 A planet in general -7 A particular configuration of stars (all planets being situated in the 4th and the 10th houses)

विहंगः 1 A bird, विहगाय विहगानाम् R 1 51, (एष घर्मो) विहगमहिषीणा च विज्ञेय प्रसव प्रति Ms 9 55 -2 A cloud -3 An arrow, Mb 8 -4 The sun -5 The moon -Comp -अरातिः a falcon, hawk -इन्द्रः, -ईदवरः, -राजः epithets of Garuda

विहगम a Moving in the sky, flying, प्रभु सकल्पसिद्धोऽस्मि कामचारी विहगम् Mb 5 192 4 -मः 1 A bird, (गृह-दीर्घिका) मद्ग्लोदकग्लोलविहगमा R 9 37, Ms 1 39, H 1 34 -2 The sun, तथेत्युक्त्वा तु ता कुन्तीमाविवेश विहगम् Mb 3 307 23

विहंगमा, विहंगमिका, विहंगिका A pole for carrying burdens

विहत् f A barren cow (see वेहत्)

विहन् 2 P 1 To kill, slay, destroy, destroy completely, annihilate, (अल) सहसा सहतिमहसा विहन्तुम् K1 5 17, 14 23 -2 To strike, beat violently -3 To obstruct, impede, oppose, resist, विघ्नन्ति रक्षासि वने क्रतूश्च Bk 1 19, Śi 14 8, R 5 27 -4 To reject, refuse, decline, तद् भूतनाथानुग नार्हसि त्व सबन्धिनो मे प्रणय विहन्तुम् R 2 58, न व्यहन्यत कदाचिदर्थिता 11 2 -5 To disappoint, foil, frustrate -6 To separate

विहत p p 1 Struck completely, killed -2 Hurt -3 Opposed, impeded, resisted -तः A Jaina temple

विहितः A friend, companion -f 1 Killing, striking -2 Failure -3 Defeat, rout -4 Repulse, frustration, मनोभि सोद्वेगे प्रणयविहितिभ्वस्तरुचय K1 10 63.

विहननम् 1 Killing, striking -2 Hurt, injury -3 Obstruction, obstacle, impediment -4 A bow for cleaning cotton

विहर्षः Great joy, rapture

विहस् 1 P 1 To smile, laugh gently, किञ्चिद्विहस्यार्थ-पति बभाषे R 2 46 -2 To laugh at, deride, ridicule, किमिति विषादसि रोदिषि विकला विहसति युवतिसभा तव सरला Gīt 9, गौरीवक्त्रभ्रुकुटिरचना या विहस्येव केनै Me 52

विहसतिका, विहसनम्, विहसितम्, विहासः A gentle laugh, smile

विहस्त a 1 Handless -2 Confounded, bewildered, overpowered, made powerless, मालतीमुखावलो रुनविहस्ततया Māl 1, R 5 49, पितामहस्तामालोक्य विहस्तामस्थिरा स्थिराम् Śiva B 5 47, शाहुराजात्मज शिशो विहाय स्वा विहस्तताम् ibid 21 23 -3 Disabled, incapacitated (for doing the proper work), रुजाविहस्तचरणम् M 4 -4 Adroit, skilled -5 Learned, wise -स्तः A eunuch

विहा ind Heaven, paradise

विहा 2 P To leave, abandon, forsake, give up, विहाय लक्ष्मीपतिलक्ष्म कार्मुक जटाधर सन् जुहुधीह पावकम् K1 1 44, ज्ञातास्वादो विवृतजघना को विहातु समर्थ Me 43, R 2 40, 5 67, 73, 6 7, 12 102, 14 48, 69, Ku 3 1 -Caus 1 To give away -2 To abandon, give up

विहापित p p 1 Caused to abandon -2 Extorted, caused to be given up -तम् A gift, donation

विहाय ind 1 At a distance from -2 More than -3 In spite of -4 With the exception of

विहीन p p 1 Left, abandoned, forsaken -2 Devoid of, destitute or deprived of, without (usually in comp), विद्याविहीन पशु Bh 2 20 -3 Base, low, inferior -Comp -जाति, -योनि a base-born, low-born

विहानः, -नम् Morning, dawn

विहायस् m, n Sky, atmosphere, गरुत्मता सहतिभिर्विहाय क्षणप्रकाशाभिरिवावर्तते K1 16 43 -m A bird, अमोवि चञ्चुपुटमौनमुद्रा विहायसा तेन विहस्य भूय N 3 99

विहायस See विहायस्

विहित p p 1 Done, performed, made, acted -2 Arranged, fixed, settled, appointed, determined -3 Ordered, prescribed, decreed, विहिता व्यङ्गिता तेषाम् Pt 1 201 -4 Framed, constructed -5 Placed, deposited -6 Furnished with, possessed of -7 Fit to be done -8 Distributed, apportioned (See धा with वि) -तम् An order, a command, decree, परतो दैवविहितायत्तम् Pt 1 -Comp. -क्षण a intent upon -प्रतिषिद्ध a enjoined and prohibited

विहितः f 1 Performance, doing, action -2 Arrangement

विहृ 1 P 1 To take away, seize away -2 To remove, destroy -3 To let fall, shed (as tears), as in बाष्प विहरति -4 To pass (as time) -5 To amuse, or divert oneself, sport, play, विहरति हरिहिर सरसवसन्ते Git 1, गन्धमादनवन विहर्तुं गता V 4, U 3 6 -6 To go in various directions -7 To live -8 To change, alternate

विहरः 1 Taking away, removing -2 Separation, disunion -3 Changing -4 Play, pastime, विहर उदीक्षया यदि परस्य विमुक्त तत Bhāg 10 87 29

विहरणम् 1 Removing, taking away -2 Taking a walk, airing, going about or rambling for pleasure -3 Pleasure, pastime, कचिद्राज्ञान कचिदपि परस्त्रीविहरणम् Visṣu-mahimna 12 -4 Opening, expanding, P I 3 20 -5 Stepping out, P I 3 41

विहर्तृ m 1 A roamer -2 A robber

विहारः 1 Removing, taking away -2 Roaming or walking for pleasure, airing, a stroll, taking a walk -3 Sport, play, pastime, recreation, diversion, pleasure, विहारशैलानुगतेव नागै R 16 26, 67, 5 41, 9 68, 13 38, 19 37 -4 Tread, stepping, movement (of hands, feet &c), विकर्षणे पाणिविहारहारिभि Ki 4 15, दरमन्यरचरणविहारम् Git 11 -5 A park, garden, especially a pleasure-garden, आरामैश्च विहारैश्च शोभमान समन्तत Rām 7 70 13 -6 The shoulder -7 A Jaina or Buddhist temple, convent, monastery -8 A temple in general -9 Great expansion of the organs of speech -10 Opening, expansion -11 The palace or banner of Indra -12 A palace in general -13 A kind of bird -14 (Mīmāṃsā) The triad of fires, viz गार्हपत्य, आहवनीय and दक्षिण, विहारे लौकिकानामर्थ साधयेत् etc MS 12 2. 1, (विहार इति गार्हपत्यादिरग्नित्रेता उच्यते विहरणात् SB on MS. 12 2 1) -15 N of the country मगध (modern Bihar) -16 The sacrificer's house (यजमानगृह), Bhāg 4 5 14 -Comp. -गृहम् a pleasure-house -दासी a nun -भूमिः a grazing ground, pasturage -यात्रा a pleasure-walk

विहारणम् Pleasure, delight

विहारिका A convent

विहारिन् a 1 Diverting or amusing oneself by, मृगयाविहारिण S 1, Pt 2 20, व्योमैकान्तविहारिणोऽपि विहगा संप्राप्तुवन्त्यापदम् H -2 Expanding -3 Beautiful, lovely

विहारवत् a Delighting in, भक्षभोज्यविहारवान् Mb 14 59 11, Ms 10 9

विहृत p p 1 Sported, played -2 Expanded -3 Transposed, varied -4 Distributed, disposed -तम् 1 One of the ten modes of indicating love used by women, see S D 125, 146, (written विहृत also in this sense) -2 Sport, play, Dk 2. 6 -3 A walk -4 Hesitation,

विहृतिः f 1 Removal, taking away -2 Sport, pastime, pleasure, अय विहृत्यो येनाहृतविहृतिराभ्यानमजहात् Mv 7 14 -3 Expansion

विहेठः 1 Hurt, injury -2 Afflicting, harassing

विहेठकः 1 An injurer -2 A reviler, calumniant, अतीव रूपसपन्नो न कचिदवमन्यते । अतीवजल्पन् दुर्वाचो भवतीह विहेठक ॥ Mb 1 74 89

विहेठनम् 1 Injuring, hurting -2 Rubbing, grinding -3 Afflicting -4 Pain, sorrow, torment

विहेल् Caus A (विहेल्यते) To vex, annoy, Mb 13

विह्वल 1 P To stagger, tremble, shake about, अन्तर्भिन्न भ्रमति हृदय विह्वलयङ्गमङ्गम् Māl 5 20

विह्वल a 1 Agitated, disquieted, perturbed, confused, क्षणमात्रसखी सुजातयो स्तनयोस्तामवलेक्ष्य विह्वल R 8 37. -2 Overcome with fear, alarmed -3 Delirious, beside oneself -4 Afflicted, distressed, वित्तव्याधिविकारविह्वलगिरा नामापि न श्रूयते Bh 3 59, Ku 4 4 -5 Desponding -6 Fused, liquid -Comp -चेतस् a low-spirited -तनु a one whose body is exhausted

वी I 2 P (वेति, rarely used in classical literature) 1 To go, move -2 To approach -3 To pervade -4 To bring, convey -5 To throw, cast -6 To eat, consume -7 To obtain -8 To conceive, bring forth -9 To be born or produced -10 To shine, be beautiful -11 To desire, wish -12 To shine -II (वि+इ) 2 P 1 To go away, depart, तस्यामह त्वयि च सप्रति वीतचिन्त S 4 13, so वीतभय, वीतक्रोध, etc -2 To undergo a change, सदृश त्रिषु लिङ्गेषु यन्न व्येति तदव्ययम् Sk -3 To spend -4 To be diffused, to spread -5 To vanish, disappear -6 To cross over, traverse

वीः 1 Act of going, motion -2 A female bird

वीकः 1 Wind -2 A bird -3 The mind

वीका = अक्षिमलम्

वीकाश See बिकाश

वीक्ष 1 A 1 To see, behold, त वीक्ष्य वेपथुमती Ku 5 85, सुभग तथैव खलु सापि वीक्षते V 4 3 -2 To regard or consider as -3 To think fit -4 To study, peruse

वीक्षम् 1 A visible object -2 Surprise, astonishment -क्षः, -क्षा 1 Seeing, gazing at -2 Investigation -3 Knowledge, intelligence -4 Unconsciousness

वीक्षणम्, -णा 1 Seeing, looking at, sight -2 A glance -3 Investigation -णम् An eye, आव्राते वीक्षणे च क्षणेन S 18 30 -2 (In astrol) Aspect of the planets

वीक्षितम् A look, glance, अयुगपदुन्नमितञ्च वीक्षित च Ki. 10 61.

वीक्ष्य *a* 1 To be looked at -2 Visible, perceptible
-**क्ष्यः** 1 A dancer, an actor -2 A horse -**क्ष्यम्** 1 Anything to be looked at, a visible object -2 Wonder, surprise

वीङ्गा 1 Going, moving, progress -2 One of the paces of a horse -3 Dancing -4 Junction, union

वीचिः *m, f*, **वीची** [Un 4 72] 1 A wave, समुद्रवीचीव चल्त्वभावा Pt 1 194, U 3 2, R 6 56, 12 100, Me 28 -2 Inconstancy, thoughtlessness -3 Pleasure, delight -4 Rest, leisure, कुनोऽवीचिवीचिस्तव यदि गता लोचनपथम् Gan-gāstaka (by Samkarāchārya) 6 -5 A ray of light -6 Little -**Comp.** -**क्षोभः** roughness of waves, वीचिक्षोभस्तनितविहगश्रेणिकाश्चोपुणाय Me 28 -**मालिन्** *m* the ocean

वीज् I 1 **आ** (वीजते) To go -II 10 U (वीजयति-ते) 1 To fan, cool by fanning, ख वीजयते मणिमयैरिव तालवृन्तै Mk 5 13, Ku 2 42 -2 To stroke, caress -With अभि, उप, परि to fan, सलक्ष्यते पवनवेगकलै पयोदै राजेव चामरवरैरुप-वीज्यमान Rs 3 4, S 3

वीजनः 1 The ruddy goose -2 A sort of pheasant -**नम्** 1 Fanning, तदनु ज्वलन मर्दपित त्वरयेदक्षिणवातवीजनै Ku 4 36, Si 17 6 -2 A fan -3 A thing, substance

वीज, वीजक, वीजल, { See बीज, बीजक, बीजल,
बीजिक, बीजिन, बीज्य } बीजिक, बीजिन, and बीज्य

वीटा 1 A small piece of wood (about a span long) struck with a stick or bat in a game played by boys (called in Marāṭhī विटीदाड्या खेल), क्रीडन्तो वीटया तत्र वीरा पर्यवरन्मुदा । पपात कूपे सा वीटा तेषा वै क्रीडता तदा ॥ Mb 1 131 17 -2 A kind of metal or stone ball (held in the mouth as a form of penance), इत्येव ब्रुवन्तस्तस्य जटी वीटा-मुख कृश Mb 15 26 18

वीटिः, वीटिका, वीटी *f* 1 The betel-plant -2 A preparation of betel (Mar विडा = ताम्बूल *q v*) -3 A tie, fastening, knot (of a wearing garment) -4 The knot of a bodice, त्व सुगन्धाक्षि विनैव कञ्जुलिकया वस्त्रे मनोहारिणी लक्ष्मीमिलयिष्याथिनि प्रियतमे तद्वीटिकासंस्पृशि । Amaru 27

वीडु *a* Ved Strong, firm

वीणा 1 The (Indian) lute, सूकीभूताया वीणायाम् K, उत्सहे वा मलिनवसने सौम्य निक्षिप्य वीणाम् Me 88 -2 Light-ning -3 A particular configuration of stars -**Comp** -**अनुबन्धः** the tie of a lute -**आस्यः** an epithet of Nārada -**दण्डः** the neck of a lute, न हि तुम्बीफलविक्रलो वीणादण्ड प्रयाति महिमानम् Bv 1 80 -**पाणिः** N of Nārada -**प्रसेवः** the damper on a lute -**वादः, -वादकः** a lutanist

वीणिन् *m*. A lute-player

वीत *p. p* [वि० इ-क्] 1 Gone, disappeared -2 Gone away, departed -3 Let go, loosed, set free -4 Excepted, exempt. -5 Approved, liked -6 Unfit for war -7 Tame, quiet -8 Freed from, devoid of (mostly in

comp), वीतचिन्त, वीतस्पृह, वीतभी, वीतशङ्क &c -9 Desired, wished for -10 Put on or worn, शुचिवल्कवीततनु Ku 6 31 -**तः** An elephant or horse unfit or untrained for war -**तम्** Pricking (an elephant) with the goad and striking with the legs, वीतवीतभया नागा Ku 6 39 v 1 (see Malli thereon), निर्धूतवीतमपि बालकमुल्लन्तम् Si 5 47 -**Comp** -**दम्भ** *a* humble, lowly -**भय** *a* fearless, intrepid, वीतवीतभया नागा Ku 6 39 (v 1) (-**यः**) an epithet of Viṣṇu -**मत्सर** *a* free from envy, नियतो वीत-मत्सर Ms 11 111 -**मल** *a* pure -**राग** *a* 1 free from desire -2 free from passion, calm, tranquil -3 colour- less (-**गः**) 1 a sage who has subdued his passions, विशान्ति यद्यतयो वीतरागा Bg 8 11 -2 a deified Jaina saint -**शोकः** (= अशोक) the Aśoka tree -**सूत्रम्** the sacred thread, V 5

वीतंसः 1 A cage, a cage or net for confining beasts or birds -2 An aviary -3 A place for preserving game

वीतनौ (*m* dual) The sides of the larynx or throat

वीतिः [वी-क्तिन्] A horse -**ति** *f* 1 Going, motion -2 Producing, production -3 Enjoyment -4 Eating -5 Light, lustre -6 Cleaning, purifying. -7 Separation, termination (निवृत्ति), भववीतये Ku 6 41, 44 -**Comp** होत्रः 1 fire -2 the sun

वीथिः, -थी *f* [विथ्-इन् वा वीप्] 1 A road, way, पिपतिषतां विलङ्घ्य वीथीम् Ku 7 17, यदि रोहिण्या शकट भिनति रविनन्दनो गगनवीथ्याम् Pt 1 211 -2 A row, line -3 A market, stall, shop in a market, घनवीथिवीथिमवतीर्णवत Si 9 32 -4 A terrace in front of a house -5 A variety of drama, it is thus defined in S D — वीथयामेको भवेदष्टक कश्चिदेकोऽत्र कल्प्यते । आकाशभाषितैरुक्तैश्चित्रा प्रत्युक्तिमाश्रित । सूचयेद् भूरिशृङ्गार किञ्चिदन्यान् रसानपि । मुखनिर्वहणे सवी अर्थप्रकृतयोऽ-खिला । 520 -6 A race course, a training ground for horses, सिद्ध मुखे नवसु वीथिषु कश्चिदध्वम् Si 5 60 (com वीथयो नवाधाना सर्वत्र वारादाद्वार्थी परिमिता प्रचारदेशा) -7 A particular division of the planetary sphere

वीथिका 1 A road &c -2 A picture-gallery, or a large scroll of paper on which pictures are drawn (according to some), a wall (according to others), आर्यस्य चरित्रमस्या वीथिकायामालिखितम् U 1

वीथीकृत *a* Placed or arranged in rows or heaps, कोटिशब्ध सुवर्ण च तेषामकृतक तथा । वीथीकृतममेयात्मा प्रादिणोन्मधु-सूदन ॥ Mb 1 199 18.

विध्र *a* Pure, clean -**ध्रम्** 1 The sky -2 Wind, air -3 Fire

वीनाहः The top or cover of a well, कूपवीनाहवेलायाम-पश्यत महागजम् Mb 11 5 14

वीनाहिन् *m* A well

वीपा Lightning.

वीप्सा 1 Pervasion -2 Repetition of words to imply continuous or successive action, as in the example वृक्ष वृक्ष सिद्धति, वीप्साया द्विरुक्ति -3 Repetition in general

वीरुकोशः A chowrie (चामर)

वीम् 1 A (वीभते) To boast, brag

वीर [अजे रक् वीभावश्च Un 2 18] a 1 Heroic, brave -2 Mighty, powerful -3 Excellent, eminent -रः 1 A hero, warrior, champion, कोऽप्येष सप्रति नव पुरुषावतारो वीरो न यस्य भगवान् मृगुनन्दनोऽपि U 5 38 -2 The sentiment of heroism (in rhetoric), अस्तोक-वीरगुरुसाहसमद्भुत च Mv 1 6, it is distinguished under four heads, दानवीर, धर्मवीर, दयावीर and युद्धवीर, for explanation see these words s v -3 An actor -4 Fire -5 The sacrificial fire -6 A son, अस्य कुले वीरो जायते Ch Up 3 13 6, वीर मे दत्त पितरः Srādha-mantras -7 A husband -8 The Arjuna tree -9 A Jama -10 The Karavīra tree -11 N of Viṣṇu -रम् 1 A reed -2 Pepper -3 Race-gruel -4 The root of Uśīra q v -5 Iron, Gīrvāṇa -Comp -अध्वन्, -मार्गः a heroic death -अम्लः a kind of sorrel -आशंसनम् 1 keeping watch. -2 the post of danger in battle -3 a forlorn hope -4 a field of battle, पयोदजालमिव तद्वीरा-शसनमाबभौ Śi 19 79 -आसनम् 1 a kind of posture practised in meditation, एकं पादमथैकस्मिन् विन्यस्योरौ तु सस्थितम् । इतरस्मिन्स्तथैवोर वीरासनमिति स्मृतम् ॥ of पर्यङ्क -2 kneeling on one knee -3 a field of battle -4 the station of a sentinel -ईशः, -ईश्वरः 1 epithets of Śiva -2 a great hero -उज्झः a Brahmana who omits to offer oblations to the sacrificial fire -काम a desirous of male offspring -कीटः an insignificant or contemptible warrior -गतिः Indra's heaven -जयन्तिका 1 a war-dance -2 war, battle -तरुः 1 the Bilva tree -2 the Arjuna tree -धन्वन् m an epithet of the god of love -पट्टः a sort of military dress -पट्टिका a gold band worn by men across the forehead, नलस्य भाले मणिवीरपट्टिकानिभेव लम् परिधिर्विद्योर्बभौ N 15 61 -पत्नी the wife of a hero -पानम् (णम्) an excitant or refreshing drink taken by soldiers either before or after a battle, मद्योऽयं सप्रहरेऽस्मिन् वीरपानं समर्थ्यताम् Rām 4 11 38 -बाहुः N of Viṣṇu -भद्रः 1 N of a powerful hero created by Śiva from his matted hair, see दक्ष, महावीरोऽपि रे भद्र मम सर्वगणेश्विह । वीरभद्राख्यया हि त्वं प्रथितिं परमां व्रज । कुरु मे सत्वरं कर्म दक्षयज्ञं क्षय नय ॥ Kāśikhaṇḍa -2 a distinguished hero -3 a horse fit for the Aśvamedha sacrifice -4 a kind of fragrant grass -भवन्ती the elder sister, Gīrvāṇa -भावः heroic nature -मर्दलः a war-drum -मुद्रिका a ring worn on the middle toe -रजस् n red lead -रसः 1 the sentiment of heroism -2 a warlike feeling. -रेणुः N of Bhīmasena -लोकः Indra's heaven -बादः glory -विष्ठावकः a Brāhmaṇa who performs sacrifices by means of money got from the lowest

castes -वृक्षः 1 the Arjuna tree -2 the marking-nut plant -व्रत a adhering to one's purpose, पूर्ण श्रुतधरो राजन्नाह वीरव्रतो मुनि Bhāg 10 87 45 -तम् heroism -शङ्कुः an arrow -शयः, -शयनम्, -शय्या the couch of a dead or wounded hero in a battle, battlefield, कलेवर योगरतो विजङ्गाद्यदग्रणीवीरशयेऽनिवृत्त Bhāg 6 10 38 -2 a particular posture -सुः f the mother of a hero, (so वीरप्रसवा, -प्रसूः, -प्रसविनी), तस्यात्मनोऽर्धं पत्न्यास्ते नान्वगादीरसुः कृपी Bhāg 1 7 45 -2 the mother of a male child -सेनः N of the father of Nala -सैन्यम् garh -स्कन्धः a buffalo -स्थानम् = वीरासन (1), स्थाणु-भूतो महातेजा वीरस्थानेन पाण्डव Mb 3 122 2, 13 142 8, (=स्वर्ग) heaven, वीरासन वीरशय्या वीरस्थानमुपगताम् । अक्षया-स्तस्य वै लोका सर्वकामगमास्तथा ॥ Mb 13 7 13 -हत्या the killing of a man, murder of a son, चान्द्रायण चरेन्मास वीरहत्यासमं हि तत् Ms 11 41, वीरहत्यामवाप्तोऽसि वहीतुद्वास्य यन्तः Sāṅkaradigvijaya 8 26 -हन् m a Brāhmaṇa who has neglected his domestic fire, तेनादृश्यन्त वीरघ्ना न तु वीरहृणो जना N. 17 197, (of Note on N 17 197 given by the English translator Handiqui, P 630) -2 A child-murderer, वीरहा वा एष देवानां भवति योऽमिसुद्धासयते Ts 1 5 2 -3 N of Viṣṇu

वीरकः 1 A hero -2 The Karavīra plant

वीरतरः 1 A great hero -2 An arrow -रम् A kind of fragrant grass

वीरधरः 1 A peacock -2 Fighting with beasts -3 A leather-jacket

वीरवत् a 1 Full of heroes -2 Manly, heroic -ती A woman whose husband and sons are living, स्त्रियो वीरवतीश्चाचैत् सगन्धबलिमण्डनैः Bhāg 6 18 53

वीरा 1 The wife of a hero -2 A wife -3 A mother, matron -4 A kind of perfume (called Mūrā) -5 Spirituous liquor -6 An aloe -7 The plantain tree -8 A woman with a husband and a son living, L D B

वीरायते (वीरयते) Den A To act like a hero, show heroism, इतोऽपि किं वीरयसे न कुर्वत नृपान् धनुर्बाणगुणैर्विश-वदान् N. 12 27, At Br 12 9

वीरणम् N of a fragrant grass, Andropogon Muri-catus, (the root of which is used as a refrigerant), वीरणस्तम्बके लम्बा सर्वतः परिभक्षिते Mb 1 13 17

वीरणी 1 A side-look -2 A deep place.

वीरिणम् See ईरिण

वीरुध्, -धा f 1 A spreading creeper, लता प्रतानिनी वीरुध् Ak, आहोस्वित् प्रसवो ममापचरितैर्विष्टम्भितो वीरुधाम् Ś 5 9, Ku 5 34, R 8 36 -2 A branch, shoot -3 A plant which grows after being out -4 A creeper, a shrub in general, मृश ददर्शाश्रममण्डपोपमा सपुष्पहासा स निवेशवीरुध्. Ki. 4. 19.

वीरुधः A tree, तदा वैरे समुत्पन्ने न दग्धो वीरुधो यथा Rām 7 35 11

वीर्यम् [वीर-यत्, वीरस्य भावो यत् वा] 1 Heroism, prowess, valour, वीर्यावदानेषु कृतावमर्ष K₁ 3 43, R 2 4, 3 62, 11 72, V_e 3 3 -2 Vigour, strength -3 Virility, वीर्यशौर्याभ्यां च पिता ऋषभ इतीदं नाम चकार Bhāg 5 4 2 -4 Energy, firmness, courage -5 Power, potency, जाने तपसो वीर्यम् S 3 2 -6 Efficacy (of medicines), अतिवीर्यवतीव भेषजे बहुरल्पीयसि दृश्यते गुण K₁ 2 4, K_u 2 48 -7 Semen virile, अमी हि वीर्यप्रभव भवस्य K_u 3 15, वसोवीर्योत्पन्नमभजत मुनिर्मत्स्यतनयाम् Pt 4 50 -8 Splendour, lustre -9 The seed of plants -10 Dignity, consequence -11 Poison -12 Gold (हिरण्य), अत्र वीर्यं ग्रहीतव्यं त्रेतकर्मण्य-पातिते Mb 12 165 39 -Comp. -आधानम् impregnation -करः marrow -जः a son -प्रपातः seminal effusion, discharge of semen -शालिन् a strong -शुल्क a. purchased by valour -हीन a 1 cowardly, pusilanimous -2 seedless -3 impotent

वीर्यवत् a 1 Strong, stout, vigorous -2 Efficacious

वीर्या f (=वीर्यम्), L D B

वीवधः 1 A yoke for carrying burdens -2 A burden -3 Store of corn etc, रुध्यध्व निर्विषासूक्ष्मशुयवतिजनान् वीवधाश्चाद्रियध्वम् M_v 6 16, S_i 2 64 -4 A way, road, अज्ञातवीवधासारतोयशस्यो ब्रजेतु य Pt 3 41

वीवधिकः 1 A man who carries loads by means of a yoke -2 A general dealer

वीशः A kind of weight (= 20 Palas = $\frac{1}{8}$ Tula)

वीहारः 1 A Buddhist or Jaina convent -2 A sanctuary

वुङ्ग 1 P (वुङ्गति) To leave, abandon.

वुण्ड 10 U (वुण्डयति-ते) 1 To hurt, kill -2 To perish.

वुन्ध 10 P (वुन्धयति) To kill, to hurt, L D B

वुवूर्ध a Desirous of choosing

वुस् See वुस्

वूर्ण a Chosen, selected

वृ I 1, 5, 9 U (वरति-ते, वृणोति-वृणुते, वृणाति-वृणीते, वृत्, pass त्रियते) 1 To choose, select as a boon, वृत् तेनेदमेव प्राक् K_u 2 56, ववार रामस्य वनप्रयाणम् Bk 3 6 -2 To choose for oneself (Ātm), वृणते हि विमृश्यकारिण गुणलुब्धा स्वयमेव सपद K₁ 2 30, यदेव वने तदपश्यदाहृतम् R 3 6 -3 To choose in marriage, woo, court, अयोनिजा राजपुता वरीतुम् M_v 3 28, A R 3 42 -4 To beg, solicit, ask for -5 To cover, conceal, hide, screen, envelop, मेघैर्वृतश्चन्द्रमा Mk 5 14 -6 To surround, encompass, वृतस्त्व पात्रेसमितै खट्वाऽऽरुढ प्रमादवान् Bk 5 10, U 4 18, R 12. 61 -7 To ward off, keep away, restrain, check -8 To hinder, oppose, obstruct. -9 To love, adore. -Caus.

(वारयति-ते) 1 To cover, conceal -2 To avert from (with abl) -3 To prevent, ward off, restrain, suppress, check, hinder, शक्यो वारयितु जलेन हुतमुक् Bh 2 11 -Desid (वुवूर्धति-ते, विवरिषति-ते, विवरीषति-ते) To wish to choose -II 10 U (वरयति-ते) 1 To choose, select, वर वरयते कन्या माता वित्त पिता श्रुतम् Pt 4 68 -2 To choose in marriage -3 To ask for, beg, solicit, (with two acc), ता त्वा सवरणस्यार्थं वरयामि विभावसो Mb, शैलेन्द्र वर-यामासुर्गङ्गा त्रिपथगा नदीम् Rām

वृत् p p [वृ-क्त] 1 Chosen, selected -2 Covered, screened -3 Hidden -4 Surrounded, encompassed -5 Agreed or assented to -6 Hired -7 Spoiled, vitiated -8 Served -9 Affected by -10 Round, circular -Comp -अर्विस् night

वृतिः f 1 Choosing, selecting -2 Hiding, covering, concealing -3 Asking, soliciting -4 An entreaty, a request -5 Surrounding, encompassing -6 A hedge, fence, an enclosure, प्रत्यासन्नौ कुरबकवृतेमौघवीमण्डपस्य Me 80, Mā 6 19 -7 Cultivation (esp that of the Piper Betel) -Comp -द्रुमः a boundary tree -मार्गः a fenced road

वृत्तिकर a Surrounding, encompassing -रः The tree called विकङ्कत

वृक् 1 Ā (वक्ते) To accept, to seize.

वृकः [U_p 3 41] 1 A wolf, पापारम्भकयोर्मृगीव वृकयो-भौरुगता गोचरम् Mā 5 24 -2 A hyena -3 A jackal -4 A crow -5 An owl -6 A robber. -7 A Kṣatriya -8 Turpentine -9 A compound perfume, a mixture of various fragrant articles -10 N of a demon -11 N of a tree (वकवृक्ष) -12 N of a fire in the stomach -13 A plough -14 The moon, Nir 5 20 -15 The sun, Nir 5 21 -Comp -अरातिः, -अरिः a dog -उदरः 1 an epithet of Brahman -2 of Bhīma, the second Pāṇḍava prince, पौण्ड्र दम्भौ महाशङ्खं भीमकर्मा वृकोदर Bg 1 15, K₁ 2 1, V_e 1 26 -कर्मन् a wolfish -दंशः a dog -धूपः 1 turpentine -2 a compound perfume, वृकधूपं सर्जरस शिलाजतु च सिक्थकम् Śrīva B 30 17 -घूर्तः a jackal -घूर्तकः 1 a bear -2 a jackal -चाला a piece of timber at the side of a door

वृक्कः, -का 1 The heart. -2 A kidney (in dual in this sense)

वृक्कण p p 1 Out, divided, यद्वृक्को वृक्कणो रोहति मूलान्न-तर उन Bri Up 3 9 28 -2 Torn -3 Broken

वृक्त p p 1 Cleaned, cleared, purified -2 Spread, strewn

वृक्ष 1 Ā. (वृक्षते) 1 To accept, select -2 To cover

वृक्षः [वृक्ष-क्स U_p 3 66] 1 A tree, आत्मापराधवृक्षाणां फलान्येतानि देहिनाम् -2 A tree bearing visible flowers and fruit, अपुष्पा फलवन्तो ये ते वनस्पतयः स्मृता । पुष्पिण

फलिनश्चैव वृक्षास्तुभयत स्मृता ॥ Ms 1 47 -3 Wrightia Antydysenterica (Mar इद्रजव, कुडा) -Comp -अङ्घ्रिः the root of a tree -अदनः 1 a carpenter's chisel -2 a hatchet -3 the fig-tree -4 the *Piyala* tree -अधिरूढः [also वृक्षाधिरूढम्, वृक्षाधिरूढि f] a kind of embrace by women resembling the climbing of trees by creepers [बाहुभ्या कण्ठमालिङ्ग्य कामिनी कान्त उच्यते। अङ्कम-रोहते यस्य वृक्षाद स उच्यते Narāyana's com on N 7 97], क्रमोद्धता पीवरताविजङ्घ वृक्षाधिरूढ विदुषी किमस्या N 7 97, वल्ली पुरन्धिपटल चटिताभिरामवृक्षाधिरूढकमुपैति परामभिषयाम् Haravajaya 5 33 -अम्लः the hog-plum (-म्लम्) the fruit of the tamarind tree, वृक्षाम्लमामम्लोष्ण वातघ्न कफ-पित्तलम्। पक्व तु गुरु सप्ताहि कटुक तुवर लघु ॥ Bhāva P -आमयः Lac, resin -आरोपकः the planter of a tree, Ms 3 163 -आलयः a bird -आवासः 1 a bird -2 an ascetic -आश्रयिन् m 1 a kind of small owl -2 a bird -उत्पलः the *Karmikara* tree -औकस् m an ape -कुक्कुटः a wild cock -खण्डम् a grove or clump of trees -गुल्म a covered with trees and shrubs, Ms 7 192 -गृहः a bird चरः a monkey -छाया the shade of a tree (-यम्) thick shade, the shade of many trees -तक्षकः a wood-feller -धूपः turpentine -नाथः the fig-tree -नियोसः gum, resin, Ms 5 6 -पाकः the fig tree -भवनम् the hollow of a tree -भिद् f an axe -भेदिन् m 1 a hatchet -2 a carpenter's chisel -मर्कटिका a squirrel -वाटिका = वाटी a garden, grove of trees. -शः a lizard -शायिका a squirrel -सकटम् a forest-thicket

वृक्षकः 1 A small tree, अतद्रिता सा स्वयमेव वृक्षकान् घट-स्तनप्रस्रवणैर्वर्धयत् Ku 5 14 -2 A tree (in general). -3 The *Kutaja* tree.

वृच् 7 P (वृणक्ति) To choose

वृज् I 2 Ā (वृक्ते) To avoid, shun, abandon -II 7 P (वृणक्ति) 1 To avoid, shun, give up, abandon -2 To choose, आसामेकतमा वृज्ध्व सवर्णा स्वर्गभूषणाम् Bhāg 11 4 14, 5 1 16 -3 To atone for, efface, purify, तन्मे रेत पिता वृज्तामित्यस्यैतन्निदर्शनम् Ms 9 20 -4 To turn away, avert -5 To remove, set aside -6 To give, bestow -7 To hurt, injure, kill -8 To take away, परस्पर घ्नन्ति शपन्ति वृजते पशून् क्रियोऽर्थान् पुरुषस्यवो जना Bhāg 1 18 44 -III 1 P, 10 U [वर्जति, वर्जयति-ने, वर्जित] 1 To shun, avoid -2 To give up, abandon. -3 To exclude, set aside, leave out, except, हसो हि क्षीरमादत्ते तन्मिश्रा वर्जयत्यप S 6 28 -4 To abstain from -5 To cut to pieces -6 To take away, deprive (one) of -7 To discharge, pour or give out, emit (The following verse from K. R illustrates the root in its different conjugations - वृणक्ति वृजिनै सगं वृक्ते च वृषलै सह। वर्जत्यनार्जवोपैते स वर्जयति दुर्जनै ॥]

वृक्त p p Bent, turned, twisted

वृजन [वृजे क्यु Uṇ 3 77] a 1 Crooked -2 Ved Strong -3 Ved Moving -4 (Hence) Perishable,

सं. इ. को... १८०

transient -नः 1 Hair -2 Curled hair -नम् 1 Sin -2 A calamity -3 Sky -4 An enclosed piece of ground, an enclosure, especially a field cleared for pasture or agriculture -5 Energy, strength -6 A battle, fight

वृजिन [वृजे इन्च् कित् च Uṇ 2 45-46] a 1 Crooked, bent, curved -2 Wicked, sinful, कर्म चैतदसाधूना वृजिनानाम-साधुवत् Mb 3 207 46 -नः 1 Hair, curled hair. -2 A wicked man, वृणक्ति वृजिनै सगम् K R -नम् 1 Sin, सर्व ज्ञानप्लवेनैव वृजिन सतरिष्यसि Bg 4 36, Bri Up 4 3 33; निराकरिष्णोवृजिनादृतेऽपि R 14 57, दुर्जना यवनास्तात वृजिनानि वितन्वते Śiva B 5 39 -2 Pain, distress (said to be m. also in this sense), वृजिन नाहति प्राप्नु क्लृप्त्य वन्द्यमभीक्ष्णश Bhāg 1 7. 46 -3 Red leather

वृण् I 8 U (वृणोति, वृणते) To eat, consume -II 6 P (वृणति) To give pleasure, gratify

वृत् I 4 Ā (वृत्यते) 1 To choose, like, of वाधृत् -2 To distribute, divide -II 10 U (वर्तयति-ने) To shine. III 1 Ā (वर्तते but Paras also in the Aorist, Second Future and Conditional, also in the Desiderative, वृते, अवृत्त-अवर्तिष्ट, वर्तिष्यते-वत्स्यति, वर्तिषुम्, वृत्) 1 To be, exist, abide, remain, subsist, stay, इद मे मनसि वर्तते S 1, अत्र विपयेऽस्माक महत् कुतूहल वर्तते Pt 1, मरालकुलनायक कथय रे कथ वर्तताम् Bv 1 3, often used merely as a copula, अतीत्य हरितो हरींश्च वर्तन्ते वाजिन S 1 -2 To be in any particular condition or circumstances, पश्चिमे वयसि वर्तमानस्य K, so दु खे, हर्षे, विषादे &c वर्तते -3 To happen, take place, occur, come to pass, सीतादेव्या किं वृत्तमित्यस्ति काचित् प्रवृत्ति U. 2, साय संप्रति वर्तते पथिक रे स्थानान्तर गम्यताम् Subhas. 'now it is evening' &c, S Til 6, अभितो ब्रह्मनिर्वाण वर्तते विदितात्मनाम् Bg 5 26 -4 To move on, proceed in regular course, सर्वथा वर्तते यज्ञ Ms 2 15, निर्व्याजमिज्या वृते Bk 2 37, R 12 56 -5 To be maintained or supported by, live on, subsist by (fig also), कस्त्वं किं वर्तसे ब्रह्मन् ज्ञातु-मिच्छामहे वयम् Rām 1 10 12, फलमूलवारिभिर्वर्तमाना K 172, Ms 3 77 -6 To turn, roll on, revolve, यावदिय लोकयात्रा वर्तते Ve 3 -7 To occupy or engage oneself, be occupied or engaged in, set about (with loc), भगवान् काश्यप शाश्वते ब्रह्मणि वर्तते S 1, इतरो दहने स्वकर्मणा वृते ज्ञानमयेन बह्निना R 8 20, Ms 8 346, नानवाप्तमवाप्तव्य वर्त एव च कर्मणि Bg 3 22 -8 To act, behave, conduct or demean oneself towards, do, perform, practise (usually with loc or by itself), आर्योऽस्मिन् विनयेन वर्तताम् U 6, कविर्निर्गसौहृदेन भरतेषु वर्तमान Mal 1, औदासीन्येन वर्तिषुम् R 10 25, मित्रवन् मण्यवर्तिष्ट Dk, Ms 7. 104, 8 173, 11. 30 -9 To act a part, enter upon a course of conduct, साध्वीं वृत्तिं वर्तते 'he acts an honest part' -10 To act up to, abide by, follow, तदशक्यारम्भादुपरम्य मातुर्मते वर्तस्व Dk -11 To have the sense of, signify, be used in the sense of, पुण्यसमीपस्थे चन्द्रमसि पुण्यशब्दो वर्तते Mbh on P IV 2 3 (often used in lexicons in this sense) -12 To tend or conduce to (with dat.), पुत्रेण किं फल यो वै पितुः, खाय वर्तते. -13 To

rest or depend upon -*Caus* (वर्तयति-ते) 1 To cause to be or exist -2 To cause to move or turn round, cause to revolve, ज्योतीषि वर्तयति च प्रविभक्तस्मि S 7 6 -3 To brandish, flourish, whirl round, हस्तवर्तमवीवृत्त Bk 15 37 -4 To do, practise, exhibit, नान्तर्वर्तयति ध्वनस्तु जलदे-
ष्वाभन्द्रमुद्गर्जितम् Mal 9 38 -5 To perform, discharge, attend or look to, सोऽधिकारमभिक कुलोचित कश्चन स्वयमवर्तयत् समा R 19 4, Mv 3 23 -6 To spend, pass (as time) -7 To live on, subsist, रामोऽपि सह वेदेष्वा बने वन्येन वर्तयन् R 12 80, sometimes *Ātm* also, मदसिक्तमुखैर्मृगाधिप करिभि-
वर्तयते स्वय हतै Ki 2 18 -8 To relate, describe, तत्र ते वर्तयिष्यामि यथा नैतत् प्रधानत Mb 12 19 10, 1 116 18 -9 To perceive, comprehend -10 To study -11 To shine -12 To speak -13 To shed (as tears), तावुभौ च समालिङ्ग्य रामोऽप्यश्रूण्यवर्तयत् Rām 2 99 40 -*Desid* (विवृत्सति, विवर्तिषते)

वृत्त *p p* [वृत्-कर्तरि क] 1 Lived, existed -2 Occurred, happened -3 Completed, finished -4 Performed, done, acted -5 Past, gone -6 Round, circular, निवृत्त-वृत्तोरुपयोधरङ्गम् K1 8 3, विशालवक्षास्तनुवृत्तमभ्य R 6 32 -7 Dead, deceased, पत्यौ जीवति वृत्ताया प्रजायास्तदन भवेत् Ms 9 195, वृत्त युद्धे शूरमाश्लिष्य काचित् S1 18 60 -8 Firm, fixed -9 Read through, studied, P VII 2 26 -10 Derived from -11 Famous -12 Covered, स्वभावस्रोतसा वृत्तमुद्धते सतत जगत् Mb 12 235 13 -13 Turned -14 Unimpaired (अप्रतिहत), महाभूतादि (व्यञ्जयन्) वृत्तौजा प्रादुरासीत्तमोनुद् Ms 1 6 (See वृत्) -**त्तः** 1 A tortoise -2 A kind of grass -3 A round temple -**त्तम्** 1 An event, occurrence -2 History, account, वृत्त रामस्य वाल्मीके कृतितस्तौ किन्नरस्वनौ R 15 64 -3 News, tidings, समरवृत्ताविबोधसमीहया कुरुवरेण मुदा कृतयाचन Veda-Vyāsāstaka 6 -4 Practice, profession, mode of life, occupation, सता वृत्तमनुष्ठिता Ms 10 127, 7 122, Y 3 44 -5 Conduct, behaviour, manner, act, action, as in सद्वृत्त, दुर्वृत्त -6 Good or virtuous conduct, एव चलितावृत्तस्तु वृत्तशेष न रक्षति Pt 4 28 -7 An established rule or usage, law, custom, observance of such rule or usage, duty, किमत्र चित्रं यदि कामसूत्रवृत्ते स्थितस्याधिपते प्रजानाम् R 5 33 -8 A circle, circumfer-
ence of a circle -9 A metre in general, especially a metre regulated by the number of syllables it contains (opp जाति), पद्य चतुष्पदी तच्च वृत्त जातिरिति द्विधा । वृत्तमक्षर-
सख्यात जातिर्मात्राकृता भवेत् । सममर्धसम वृत्त विषम चेति तत् त्रिधा । Chand M, see App -10 The epycycle -11 Transformation, change into -12 Appearance -**Comp** -**अनुपूर्व** *a* taperingly round, वृत्तानुपूर्वं च न चातिदीर्घं जड्वे शुभे स्रष्टवत्स्तदीये Ku 1 35 -**अनुवर्तिन्** *a* obedient -**अनुसारः** 1 conformity to prescribed rules -2 conformity to metre -**अन्तः** 1 an occasion, incident, event, अनेनारण्यकवृत्तान्तेन पर्याकुल स्म S 1, R 3 66, U 2 17. -2 news, tidings, intelligence, को नु खलु वृत्तान्त V. 4, R 14 87 -3 account, history, tale, narrative, story -4 a subject, topic -5 a kind, sort -6 mode, manner -7 state, condition. -8 the whole, totality-

-9 rest, leisure -10 retirement, solitude -11 property, nature -**हर्षारः**, -**कर्कटी** the water-melon -**ओजस्** *a*. 1 strong, mighty -2 having unimpaired creative power, Ms 1 6 -**काय** *a* having a round body -**खण्डः** *a* segment of a circle -**गन्धि** *n* N of a kind of prose (having only the name of metre) -**चूड** (ल), -**चौल** *a* tonsured, whose tonsure ceremony has been performed, स वृत्तचूलककापक्षकै R 3 28, U 2 -**चेष्टा** conduct, behaviour -**तण्डुलः** a kind of grass (यावनाल) -**परिणाहः** the circumference of a circle -**पुच्छा** a kind of skin (चर्मजाति) possessing a round tail, Kau A 2 11 -**पुरुषः** 1 a cane (बानिर) -2 the *Śireesa* tree -3 the *Kadamba* tree, also *Vānira*, *Kubjaka*, and *Mudgara* -**प्रत्यभिज्ञ** *a* well-versed in sacred rites -**फलः** 1 the jujube tree -2 the pomegranate tree (-**लम्**) black pepper -**बन्धः** metrical composition -**युक्त**, -**संपन्न** *a* virtuous, Ms 8 179 -**शस्त्र** *a* one who has master-
ed the science of arms, वृत्तशस्त्रान् महाऽरम्भानदान्तास्त्रिदशैरपि Bk 9 19 -**समासिलिपिः** a circular terminal script, the *Visarga*, the round circular figures resembling the *Nāgarī* छ put at the end of a manuscript, दिक्कुण्डली वृत्तसमासिलिप्या काये यदीये निरमायि सारै N 10 86, A R 6 70 -**सादिन्** *a* worthless, mean, vile

वृत्तकम् A kind of prose composition

वृत्तवत् *a* 1 Round -2 Of virtuous conduct, स वृत्तवास्तेषु कृताभिषेक Mb 3 118 2

- **वृत्तिः** *f* [वृत्-क्तिन्] 1 Being, existence -2 Abiding, remaining, attitude, being in a particular state, as in विरद्धवृत्ति, विपक्षवृत्ति &c -3 State, condition, त्रयीं तिष्ठो वृत्तीस्त्रिभुवनमयो त्रीनपि सुरान् Siva-mahimna 27 -4 Action, movement, function, operation, शतैस्तमक्षगामनिषेधवृत्तिभि R 3 43, Ku 3 73, उत्प्लक्ष्मणेनियनयोरुपसृद्धवृत्तिम् (बाष्पम्) S 4 15 -5 Course, method, विनयवारितवृत्ति S 2 12 -6 Conduct, behaviour, course of conduct, mode of action, कुरु प्रियसखीवृत्तिं सपत्नीजने S 4 18, Me 8, वैतसी वृत्ति, नकवृत्ति &c -7 Profession, occupation, business, employment, mode of leading life (often at the end of comp), आश्रमाश्च यथासख्यमसृजत् सहवृत्तिभि Bhāg 3 12 41, वार्धके मुनिवृत्तीनाम् R 1 8, S 5 6, Pt 3 126 -8 Livelihood, maintenance, means of subsistence or livelihood, oft in com, सिंहत्वमङ्कागतसत्त्ववृत्ति R 2 38, S 7 12, स्वय-
विशीर्णद्रुमपर्णवृत्तिता Ku 5 28, (for the several means of subsistence, see Ms 4 4-6) -9 Wages, hire -10 Cause of activity -11 Respectful treatment, ब्रह्मचारिण आचार्ये प्राणान्तिकी च वृत्ति Kau A 1 3, त्रिष्वप्रमाद्यनेतेषु त्रींशोकांश्च विज्ञेयसि । पितृव्या त्विमं लोकं मातृव्या तथा परम् ॥ Mb 12 108 8 -12 Gloss, commentary, exposition, सद्वृत्ति सन्निबन्धना S1 2 112, काशिकावृत्ति &c -13 Revolving, turning round -14 The circumference of a wheel or circle -15 (In gram) A complex formation requiring resolution or explanation. -16 The power or force of a word by which it expresses, indicates, or

suggests a meaning, (these are three अभिधा, लक्षणा and व्यञ्जना q q v v), general character or force of a word, अभयति भारती त उच्छृतिभिस्त्वयजङान् Bhāg 10 87 36 -17 A style in composition (these are four, कौ(कै)शिकी, भारती, सात्वती and आरभटी q q v v), शृङ्गारे कौशिकी वीरे सात्वतीरभटी पुन । रसे रौद्रे च बीभत्से वृत्ति सर्वत्र भारती । चतस्रो वृत्तयो ह्येता सर्वनाट्यस्य मातृका ॥ S D -18 Customary allowance -19 Manner of thinking -Comp -अनुप्रासः a kind of alliteration, see K P 9 -अर्थम् and for the sake of subsistence, योऽभ्यापयति वृत्त्यर्थमुपाध्याय स उच्यते Ms 2 141 -उपायः a means of subsistence, यजनाभ्यापन-प्रतिग्रहा ब्राह्मणस्यैव वृत्त्युपाया SB on MS 12 4 36, सर्वेषा ब्राह्मणो विद्याद् वृत्त्युपायान् यथाविवि Ms 10 2 -कषित a badly off or distressed for want of livelihood, क्षत्रिय चैव वैश्य च ब्राह्मणो वृत्तिकर्षितौ [विमुयात्] Ms. 8 411 -चक्रम् the wheel of state, स्वामिसेवकयोरेव वृत्तिचक्रं प्रवर्तते Pt 1 81 -छेदः deprivation of the means of subsistence -पक्षः (Mīmāṃsā) the case of a complex formation, वृत्तिपक्षे च समासस्य नित्यत्वात् SB on MS 10 6 4 -भङ्गाः, -वैकल्यम् want of a livelihood, वृत्तिभङ्गान्महीपाल त्यक्त्वा यान्ति सुसेवका Pt 1 153 -भाज् a doing usual things (good and evil), कर्तृता तदुपलम्भतोऽभवद् वृत्तिभाजि करणे यथ-विजि Si 14 19 -मूलम् provision for maintenance -लाभः (in phil) ascertainment of the concurrent -हेतुः = वृत्तिमूलम् q v, न लोकवृत्तं वर्तेत वृत्तिहेतो कथंचन Ms 4 11 -स्य a 1 being in any state or employment -2 well-conducted, of good behaviour (-स्यः) a lizard, chameleon

वृत्रः [वृत्-रक्] 1 N of a demon killed by Indra, (he is supposed to be a personification of darkness), see इन्द्र -2 A cloud -3 Darkness -4 An enemy -5 Sound -6 A wheel -7 N of Indra -8 A mountain -त्रम् Leather -Comp -अरिः, -द्विष् m, -शत्रुः, -हन m epithets of Indra, क्रुद्धेऽपि पक्षच्छिदि वृत्रशत्रौ Ku 1 20, वाचा हरिं वृत्रहणं स्मितेन 7 46

वृत्चन m Sky

वृथा ind [वृ-थाल् किच] 1 To no purpose, in vain, uselessly, unprofitably, often with the force of an adjective, व्यर्थं यत्र कपीन्द्रसख्यमपि मे वीर्यं हरीणा वृथा U. 3 45, दिव यदि प्रार्थयसे वृथा भ्रम Ku 5 45 -2 Unnecessarily -3 Foolishly, idly, wantonly -4 Wrongly, improperly (At the beginning of comp वृथा may be translated by 'vain, useless, improper, false, idle' &c) -Comp -अट्या strolling about idly, walking for pleasure, Ms 7 47 -अन्नम् food for one's own use only -आकारः a false form, an empty show, पर्येद्वारान् वृथा-कारान् स भवेद्वाजवल्गु Pt 1 58. -आर्तवा a barren woman. -आलम्भः Cutting unnecessarily, (ओषधीना) वृथालम्भेऽनु-गच्छेद्वा दिनमेकं पयोवत Ms 11 144 -उत्पन्न a born in vain, त (पुत्र) कामजमारिक्थीयं वृथोत्पन्नं प्रचक्षते Ms 9 147 -कथा idle talk -जन्मन् n unprofitable or vain birth -दानम् a gift that may be revoked, or not made good

if promised, देवपितृविहीनं यदीश्वरेभ्य स्वदोषत । दत्त्वा तु कीर्तनाच्चैव वेदाभिमत-त्याग्निने ॥ अन्यायोपाजितं दानं व्यर्थं ब्रह्महणे तथा । गुरवेऽ-नुतवक्त्राय स्तेनाय पतिताय च ॥ कृतप्रायं च यदत्तं सर्वदा ब्रह्मविद्धिषे । याजकाय च सर्वस्य वृषल्या पतये तथा ॥ परिचारकाय मृत्याय सर्वत्र पिशुनाय च । इत्येतानि तु राजेन्द्र वृथादानानि षोडश ॥ Vāhni Purāṇa, Ms 8 159 -मति a foolish-minded -मांसम् flesh not intended for the Gods or Manes -वादिन् a speaking falsely

वृध् I 1 Ā (but Paras also in the Second Future, Aorist and Conditional, also in the Desiderative) (वर्धते, वृधे, अगृधत्-अवर्धिष्ट, वर्धेयते वर्त्तयति, वृद्ध, desid विवृत्सति, or विवर्धिषते) 1 To grow, increase, become larger, stronger, or greater, thrive, prosper, अन्योन्यजयसरम्भौ वृधे वादिनोरिव R 12 92, 10 78, धनक्षये वर्धते जाठराग्नि Subhās, Bk 14 13, 19 26, Ms 7 136 -2 To continue, last -3 To rise, ascend -4 To have cause for congratulation, usually with दिष्ट्या, दिष्ट्या धर्मपत्नी-समागमेन पुत्रमुखदर्शनेन चायुष्मान् वर्धते S 7 'your honour is to be congratulated upon your union &c' -Caus (वर्धयति-ते, also वर्धापयति-ते) 1 To cause to grow, increase, augment, heighten, amplify, enhance, वर्धयन्निव तत्कृतानुद्धूतैर्धौतुरेणुभि R 4 71 -2 To cause to prosper or thrive, glorify, magnify, exalt, प्रजा सरक्षति नृप सा वर्धयति पार्थिवम् H. 3 3 -3 To congratulate, felicitate (वर्धापयति in this sense), जयेन जयता श्रेष्ठ वर्धयन्ति स्म राघवम् Rām 2 20 10, यदि कोऽपि त्वा साप्रत मद्यन्तिकालाभेन वर्धापयति तदा किं तस्य पारितोषिकं करोषि Mā 8 -II 10 U (वर्धयति-ते) 1 To speak -2 To shine

वृद्ध a [वृध्-क्त] (compar ज्यायस् or वर्षीयस्, superl ज्येष्ठ or वर्षिष्ठ) 1 Increased, augmented -2 Full grown, grown up, अतीव वृद्धा बहुला नामृष्यत पुन प्रजा Mb 12 256 13 -3 Old, aged, advanced in years, वृद्धास्ते न विचारणीयचरिता U 5 35 -4 Advanced or grown up (at the end of comp), of वयोवृद्ध, धर्मवृद्ध, ज्ञानवृद्ध, आगमवृद्ध &c -5 Great, large -6 Accumulated, heaped -7 Wise, learned, वृद्धेभ्य एवेह मतिं स्म बाला गृह्णन्ति कालेन भवन्ति वृद्धा Mb 8 133 10 -8 Eminent in, distinguished by -द्वः 1 An old man, ह्येगवीनमादाय षोषवृद्धानुपस्थितान् R 1 45, 9 78, प्राप्या-वन्तीनुदयनकथाकोविदग्रामवृद्धान् Me 30 -2 A worthy or venerable man -3 A sage, saint -4 A male descen- dant -द्वम् 1 Benzoin -2 (In gram) A word having a Vṛddhi vowel in the first syllable, as आ, ऐ and औ -Comp. -अङ्गुलिः f 1 the thumb -2 the great toe -अवस्था old age -आचारः an ancient or long-standing custom -उक्षः an old bull -उपसेविन् a honouring the aged -काकः a raven -गर्भा a far advanced in pregnancy -नाभि a corpulent, pot-bellied -प्रमातामहः a maternal great-grand-father -भावः old age यश्चाफलस्तस्य न वृद्धभाव Mb 3 133 9 -मतम् the precept of ancient sages -शुचतिः 1 a procuress -2 a midwife, Buddh -राजः a kind of sorrel -वयस् a older in age, वृद्धवया प्रत्युत्थेय SB on MS 6 2 21 -वाहनः the mango tree, -श्रवस् m an epithet of Indra, वृद्धश्रवा,

समभिनन्दति साधु साध्वीम् Mv 7 3 -संघः a council of elders -संयोगः association with the aged, Kau A 1 7 -सूत्रकम् a flock of cotton

वृद्धा 1 An old woman -2 A female descendant

वृद्धिः [वृष्-क्ति] 1 Growth, increase, augmentation, development, पुषोष वृद्धि हरिदश्वदीधितेरनुप्रवेशादिव बालचन्द्रमा R 3 22, तपोवृद्धि, ज्ञानवृद्धि &c -2 Waxing, increase of the digits of the moon, पर्यायपीतस्य सुरैर्हिमाशो कलाक्षय आध्यतरो हि वृद्धे R 5 16, Ku 7 1 -3 Increase in wealth, prosperity, affluence, वृद्धिकाले तु सप्राप्ते दुर्जनोऽपि सुहृद्भवेत् Pt 2. 112 -4 Success, advancement, rise, progress, परवृद्धिमस्ति मनो हि मानिनाम् S1 15 1 -5 Wealth, property -6 A heap, quantity, multitude -7 Interest, as in सरलवृद्धि, चक्रवृद्धि &c, वसिष्ठविहिता वृद्धि सजेद्विषयविधिनीम् Ms 8 140 -8 Usury, वृद्ध्या कृषिवणिक्त्वेन... स्वाभ्यायगाणित महत् Mb 12 62 9 -9 Profit, gain -10 Enlargement of the scrotum -11 Extension of power or revenue -12 (In gram) The increase or lengthening of vowels, the change of अ, इ, उ, ऋ, short or long, and ए to आ, ऐ, औ, आर्, and आल् respectively -13 The impurity caused by child-birth in a family (called जननाशौच q v) -14 Cutting off -15 (In law) Forfeiture (as of property) -16 (वृधु हिंसायाम्) Injury (पीडा), वृद्धेद्वृद्धिसमृद्धी स प्रतिकूले वृषाम् Mb 5 135 29 -17 Elevation (of ground) -18 Prolongation (of life) -Comp -आजीवः, -आजीविन् m a usurer, money-lender -जीवनम्, -जीविका the profession of usury, -वृ a promoting prosperity -पत्रम् a kind of razor, Susr -श्राद्धम् an offering made to the Manes on prosperous occasions, such as the birth of a son (नान्दीश्राद्ध)

वृद्धिमत् a 1 Increased, increasing -2 Rich, wealthy -3 Prosperous, thriving

वृधसानः [वृधे छन्दसि असानच्-क्ति Un. 2 83-84] A man.

वृधसानुः 1 A man -2 A leaf -3 An act or action

वृन्तम् 1 The foot-stalk of a leaf or fruit, a stalk, वृन्ताच्छ्लय हरति पुष्पमनोकहानाम् R 5 69 -2 The stand of a water-jar -3 A teat, nipple

वृन्ताकः, -की The egg-plant

वृन्तिका A small stalk.

वृन्द a Many, numerous -न्दम् 1 A multitude, host, large number, group, अनुगतमलिवृन्दैर्गण्डभिर्तीर्विहाय R 12 102, Me 101, so अत्र, एकस्याप्यपराधेन वृन्दमायाति वाच्यताम् Bm. 1 424 -2 A heap, quantity -3 Ten hundred millions -4 A bunch, cluster (of flowers, berries etc), सद्यै कदलीस्तम्भै पूगपौतै परिष्कृतम् Bhāg 4. 21 3 -Comp -गायकः a chorus-singer

वृन्दा 1 The holy basil -2 N of Rādhikā, राधा-बोधशान्ता च वृन्दा नाम श्रुतौ श्रुतम् Brav P. -3 N of a forest

near Gokula -Comp -अरण्यम्, -वनम् 1 N of a forest near Gokula, वृन्दारण्ये वसतिरधुना केवल दु खहेतु- Pad D 38, 41, R 6 50, वृन्दा यत्र तपस्तेपे तत्तु वृन्दावन स्मृतम्। वृन्दयाऽत्र कृता क्रीडा तेन वा मुनिपुङ्गव ॥ Brav P. -2 a raised mound of earth to plant and preserve the holy basil -वनी the holy basil

वृन्दार a 1 Much, great, large -2 Eminent, best, excellent -3 Pleasing, attractive, beautiful -रः A god, deity

वृन्दारक a (-का or -रिका f) 1 Much, great, many -2 Eminent, best, excellent -3 Pleasing, attractive, handsome, lovely, युवा वृन्दारक शूरो विकर्ण पुरुषर्षभ Mb 11 19 5, योषिद् वृन्दारिका तस्य Bk 5 18 -4 Respectable, venerable, एव वृन्दारक आढ्य सन्नधीतवेद Bri Up 4 2 1, वृन्दारक कुरुमध्येष्वमूढम् Mb 5 30 27 -कः 1 A god, deity, श्रितो वृन्दारण्य नतनिखिलवृन्दारकवृत् Bv 4 5, वृन्दार-कारिविजये सुरलोकलब्धमन्दारमाल्यमधुवासितवासभूमि Rāmāyana-champū, Bhāg 6 10 3 -2 The chief of anything (at the end of comp), see (2) above

वृन्दारकायति Den To represent the best of

वृन्दिष्ठ a 1 Very great or large -2 Very handsome (superl of वृन्दारक, q v), वृन्दिष्ठमार्चद्भुवाधिपानाम् Bk 2 45

वृन्दीयस् a 1 Greater, larger -2 More handsome or beautiful (compar of वृन्दारक q v)

वृश् 4 P (वृश्यति) To choose, select

वृशः A rat -शा A drug. -शम् Ginger

वृश्चनः A scorpion

वृश्चनम् = वृश्चनम् q v

वृश्चिकः [वृश्च किक्र] 1 A scorpion -2 The sign Scorpio of the zodiac -3 A crab -4 A centipede -5 A kind of beetle -6 A hairy caterpillar -7 The month when the sun is in Scorpio -का, -की An ornament for the toes -Comp -ईशः 1 ruler of the (zodiacal sign) Scorpio -2 the planet Mercury

वृश्चीरः N of plant, genus Boerhavia (Mar श्वेतपुनर्नवा), Mātāṅga L 9. 21

वृष् I 1 P (वर्षति, वृष्ट) 1 To rain (usually with words signifying 'Indra', 'Parjanya', 'cloud', &c as the subject of the verb, or sometimes used impersonally), द्वादश वर्षाणि न वर्षे दशशताक्ष Dk, काले वर्षन्तु मेघा, गर्ज वा वर्ष वा शक Mk 5 81, मेघा वर्षन्तु गर्जन्तु मुखन्त्वशनिमेव वा 5 16 -2 To rain or pour down, shower down, वर्षती-वाज्जनं नम Mk 1 34, so शरदृष्टि, कुसुमवृष्टि वर्षति &c -3 To pour forth, shed -4 To grant, bestow -5 To moisten -6 To produce, engender -7 To have supreme power -8 To strike, hurt -9 To drink -Caus. To cause rain, वर्षति हारस्मै वर्षयति Oh Up. 2. 3 2 -II 10 A.

(वर्षयते) 1 To be powerful or eminent -2 To have the power of production

वृषः 1 A bull, असपदस्तस्य वृषेण गच्छत Ku 5 80, Me 54, R 2 35, Ms 9 128 -2 The sign *Taurus* of the zodiac -3 The chief or best of a class, the best of its kind, (often at the end of comp), मुनिवृष, कपिवृष &c -4 The god of love -5 A strong or athletic man -6 A lustful man, a man of one of the four classes into which men are divided in erotic works, बहुगुणबहुबन्ध शीघ्रकामो नताज्ञ । सकलश्चिरदेह सत्यवादी वृषो न ॥ Ratnañjari 37 -7 An enemy, adversary -8 A rat -9 The bull of Śiva -10 Morality, justice, justice personified, वृषो हि भगवान् धर्म Ms 8 16 -11 Virtue, a pious or meritorious act, न सद्रति स्याद् वृषवर्जिताना Kir K 9 62 (where वृष means a 'bull' also) -12 N of Karna. -13 N of Viṣṇu -14 N of a particular drug -15 The principal die -16 Water -17 A particular form of a temple -18 Ground suitable for the foundation of a house -19 A male, any male animal -**वृषम्** 1 A peacock's plumage -2 A woman's apartment -**Comp** -**अङ्कः** 1 an epithet of Śiva, उमावृषाङ्कौ शरजन्मना यथा (ननन्दतु) R 3 23 -2 a pious or virtuous man -3 the marking-nut plant -4 a eunuch -5 a small drum -**अञ्जनः** an epithet of Śiva -**अन्तकः** an epithet of Viṣṇu -**आहारः** a cat -**इन्द्रः** an excellent bull -**उत्सर्गः** setting free a bull on the occasion of a funeral rite, or as a religious act generally, एकादशाहि त्रेतस्य यस्य चोत्सृज्यते वृष । त्रेतलोके परित्यज्य स्वर्गलोके च गच्छति ॥ -**दंशः**, **दंशकः** a cat, अन्तरिक्षे वराहस्य वृषदंशस्य चोभयो (प्रणादम्) Mb 6 2 25 -**दर्भः** a lowering the pride of Indra (इन्द्रदर्पहन्ता), वृषदर्भो वृषाकपि Mb 12 43 10 -**ध्वजः** 1 an epithet of Śiva, येन बाणमसृजद् वृषध्वज R 11 44 -2 an epithet of Gaṇeśa -3 a pious or virtuous man -**नाशनः** N of Kṛiṣṇa -**पतिः** 1 an epithet of Śiva -2 a bull set at liberty -**पर्वन्** m 1 an epithet of Śiva -2 N of a demon who with the aid of Śukra, preceptor of the Asuras, maintained struggle with the gods for a long time His daughter Śarmisthā was married by Yayāti, see Yayāti and Devayānī. -**भासा** the residence of Indra and the gods, i e Amarāvati -**राजकेतनः** N of Śiva -**लक्षणा** a masculine girl (unfit for marriage) -**लोचनः** a cat -**वाहनः** an epithet of Śiva -**शत्रुः** N of Viṣṇu -**सानुः** 1 man -2 death -**सुक्विन्** m A wasp -**सेनः** N of Karna, Mb 12 27 2 -**स्कन्धः** a having shoulders as lusty as those of a bull, वयुर्वृष-स्कन्धसुबन्धुरासकम् U 6 25, R 12 34

वृषणवसु n The treasure of Indra

वृषण a 1 Sprinkling, fertilizing -2 Strong, stout -**णः** 1 The scrotum, the bag containing the testicles, -2 N of Śiva -3 Of Viṣṇu, देवै सानुचरै साक गीर्भिवृषण-मैडयन् Bhāg 10 2 25 -**Comp** -**कच्छुः** f ulceration of the scrotum.

वृषणश्वः A horse of Indra

वृषणी A mare

वृषन् m [वृष्-कनिन्] 1 A bull -2 The sign *Taurus* of the zodiac -3 The chief of a class, प्राचेतसो मुनिवृषा प्रथम कवीनाम् Mv 1 7 -4 A stallion, horse -5 Pain, sorrow -6 Insensibility to pain -7 N of Indra, वृषेव सीता तदवग्रहक्षताम् Ku 5 61, 80, R 10 52, 17 77, न वर्षे वृषा तदा Śiva B 8 53 -8 N of Karna -9 Of Agni -10 Of Soma -11 A male, any male animal

वृषभः [वृष्-अभञ्च किञ्च Un 3 122] 1 A bull -2 Any male animal -3 Anything best or eminent of its class (at the end of comp), द्विजवृषभ Ratn 1 5, किं नास्ति त्वयि सत्यमात्यवृषभे यस्मिन् करोमि स्पृहाम् 4 20 -4 The sign *Taurus* of the zodiac -5 A kind of drug, cf ऋषभ -6 An elephant's ear -7 The orifice or hollow of the ear -8 Justice (धर्म personified), Mb 12 43 8 -**भा** N of the three lunar mansions (viz of मघा, पूर्व-फल्गुनी, and उत्तर-फल्गुनी) -**Comp** -**ईक्षणः** N of Viṣṇu -**केतुः**, -**गतिः**, -**ध्वजः** epithets of Śiva, पुत्रीकृतोऽसौ वृषभध्वजेन R 2 36, Ku 3 62 -**यानम्** a car drawn by oxen -**षोडशा** (pl) fifteen cows and a bull, ज्येष्ठस्तु जातो ज्येष्ठया हरेद् वृषभषोडशा Ms 9 124 -**स्कन्धः** a broad-shouldered

वृषभी f 1 A widow -2 Mucuna Pruriens (कवच)

वृषस्यति Den P 1 To long for a bull -2 To long for sexual intercourse

वृषस्यन्ती 1 A woman longing for sexual intercourse (with acc of male), रघुनन्दन वृषस्यन्ती शूर्पणखा प्राप्ता Mv 5, इति रामो वृषस्यन्ती वृषस्कन्ध शशास ताम् R 12 34, Bk 4 30 -2 A libidinous or lascivious woman -3 A cow in heat

वृषकपायी 1 An epithet of Lakṣmī -2 Of Gaurī -3 Of Śachi -4 Of Svāhā, wife of Agni -5 Of the dawn, wife of the sun -6 Of the mother of Indra

वृषाकपिः 1 An epithet of the sun -2 Of Viṣṇu, तत्र गत्वा जगन्नाथ देवदेव वृषाकपिम् Bhāg 10 1 20, Mb 12 43 10 -3 Of Śiva -4 Of Indra -5 Of Agni

वृषायणः 1 An epithet of Śiva -2 A sparrow.

वृषायते Den Ā Ved 1 To act like a bull -2 To roar like a bull -3 To fertilize, sprinkle with water

वृषिन् m A peacock

वृषी, **वृसी** The seat of an ascetic or religious student (made of Kuśa grass), see वृशी-षी-सी, वृष्यामुपविशे ह Mb 15 27 18

वृष्ट p p 1 Rained -2 Raining -3 Showering, pouring down

वृष्टिः *f* [वृष्-क्तिन्] 1 Rain, a shower of rain, आदित्या-
जायते वृष्टिश्चेन्न तत् प्रजा Ms 3 76 -2 A shower (of
anything), अन्नवृष्टि R 3 58, पुष्पवृष्टि 2 60, so वारं, धनं,
उपलं &c -**Comp** -**कालः** the rainy season -**झी** small
cardamoms -**जीवन** a nourished or watered by rain
(as a country), of देवमातृक (-नः) the Chātaka bird.
-**पातः** a shower of rain -**भूः** a frog -**संपातः** a
shower of rain

वृष्टिमत *a* Raining, rainy -*m* A cloud

वृष्य *a* 1 To be rained or showered down -2 Stimu-
lating amorous desire, provocative of sexual vigour,
aphrodisiac -**व्यः** A kind of kidney-bean -**व्यम्**
Stimulating amorous desires (वाजीकरणम्)

वृषयः 1 Refuge, shelter -2 Asylum -*a* Superior

वृषलः [वृष् कल्] 1 A Sudra -2 A horse -3 Garho
-4 A sinner, wicked or irreligious man, वृषो हि भगवान्
धर्मस्तस्य यः कुरुते ह्यलम् । वृषलः तं विदुर्देवास्तस्माद्धर्मं न लोपयेत् ॥
Ms 8 16, वृषलो गृह्णेते शूदे चन्द्रगुप्ते च राजनि । -5 An outcast
-6 N of Chandragupta (particularly used by Chan-
akya, see *inter alia* Mu acts 1 and 3) -7 A man of
one of the three highest classes who has lost his caste
by the omission of prescribed duties -8 A dancer
-9 An ox -**लम्** A long pepper

वृषलकः A contemptible Sūdra

वृषली 1 An unmarried girl twelve years old, parti-
cularly, a girl remaining unmarried at her father's
house in whom menstruation has commenced, पितुर्गृहे च या
नारी रजः पश्यत्यसंस्कृता । भ्रूणहत्या पितुस्तस्या सा कन्या वृषली स्मृता ॥
-2 A woman during menstruation -3 A barren woman
-4 The mother of a still-born child -5 A Sūdra female,
or the wife of a Sūdra -**Comp** -**पतिः** the husband
of a Sūdra woman, Ms 3 155, Mb 7 73 36 -**फेनः**
the lip-moisture (अवररस) of a वृषली, वृषलीफेनपीतस्य
निष्कृतिर्न विधीयते Ms 3 19 -**वृत्ति** *a* brought up by
वृषलः, Ms 3 164 -**सेवनम्** intercourse with a Sūdra
female, यत् करोत्येकरात्रेण वृषलीसेवनात् द्विज Ms 11 178

वृष्णि [वृषे नि किञ्च Un 4 50-51] *a* 1 Heretical, hete-
rodox -2 Angry, passionate -3 Ved Raining -*m*, 1
A cloud -2 A ram -3 A ray of light -4 N of an
ancestor of Krishna -5 N of Krishna -6 Of Indra -7 Of
Agni -8 Air, wind -9 A heretic -**Comp** -**गर्भः** N
of Krishna -**पालः** a shepherd, केनापि कृपालुना दृष्टिपालेन
स्वकुटीरमावेश्य Dk 1 1

वृह, वृहत्, } See वृह, वृहत्, and वृहतिका
वृहतिका

वृहती 1 The lute of Nārada -2 The number 'thirty-
six' -3 A mantle, cloak, wrapper -4 Speech -5 A
reservoir (as of water), see वृहती also. -**Comp** -**पतिः**
An epithet of Brihaspati.

वृहस्पति See वृहस्पति

वृ 9 U (वृणाति, वृणीते, वृण, *pass* वृयते, *desid* वृवृषति-ते
or विवरिषति-ते or विवरीषति-ते) To choose, select, (see वृ I)

वे 1 U (वयति-ते, उत, *Caus* वाययति-ते) 1 To weave,
सिताशुवर्णैर्वयति स्म तद्गुणै N 1 12 -2 To braid, plait
-3 To sew -4 To cover, overspread -5 To make,
compose, string together

वेकटः 1 A buffoon -2 A jeweller -3 A youth -4
A kind of fish (Medinī spells with व), L D B

वेक्षणम् Looking after, care about, पारिणाहस्य वेक्षणे
(नियोजयेत्) Ms 9 11

वेगः [विज्-घञ्] 1 Impulse, impetus -2 Speed, velo-
city, rapidity -3 Agitation -4 Impetuosity, violence,
force -5 A stream, current, as in अम्बुवेग, स्तरोध नर्मदा-
वेग बाहुभिर्बहुभिर्भूत Rām 7 32 4, 6 -6 Energy, acti-
vity, determination -7 Power, strength, ऊरु भूमौ
प्रसङ्गाजौ गदया भीमवेगया Mb 1 2 288, मदनज्वरस्य वेगात्
K -8 Circulation, working, effect (as of poison),
चिराद्वेगारम्भी प्रसृत इव तीव्रो विषरस U 2 26, V 5 18 -9
Haste, rashness, sudden impulse, कृत्यं न कुरुते वेगात् स
सतापमानुयात् Pt 1 109 -10 The flight of an arrow,
घननीहार इवाविषक्तवेग K 13 24 -11 Love, passion -12
The external manifestation of an internal emotion -13
Delight, pleasure -14 Evacuation of the faeces, स्वभावतः
प्रवृत्तानां मलादीनां जिजीविषु । न वेग धारयेद्दीर, कामादीनां च धारयेत् ॥
Rājajamghantu -15 Semen virile -16 Pleasure, delight
-17 Attack, paroxysm (of a disease), Suśr -**Comp**
-**अनिलः** 1 blast caused by speed, यष्टपथे च सम स्थितो
ध्वजपटः प्रान्ते च वेगानिलात् V 1 5 -2 a strong or violent
wind -**आघातः** 1 sudden arresting of velocity, check
of speed -2 obstruction of excretion, constipation
-**दण्डः** an elephant -**नाशनः** the phlegmatic humour
-**रोधः** = आघात q v -**वाहिन** *a* swift -**विधारणम्** 1
checking of speed -2 constipation -**सरः** a mule
-**हरिणः** a kind of antelope, L D B

वेगित *a* 1 Quickened, expedited, hastened -2
Agitated, rough (as the sea) -3 Swift, rapid, तस्मिन्
वाल्लिनि दुर्वृत्ते निपतिष्यन्ति वेगिता (शरा) Rām 4 5 27

वेगिन *a* (-नी *f*) Swift, fleet, impetuous, violent,
rapid -*m* 1 A courier -2 A hawk -**नी** A river

वेङ्काः N of a people in the south of India.

वेङ्कटः, वेङ्कटाद्रिः, -गिरिः N of a mountain
(तिरुपति)

वेङ्गधरः Pride of beauty.

वेचा Hire, wages

वेजित *p p* 1 Agitated, frightened. -2 Enhanced,
increased, Mb. 7 188. 17.

वेडम् A kind of sandal

वेडा A boat (See वेडा)

वेणु, वेन् 1 U (वेणति-ते, वेनति-ते) 1 To go, move -2 To know, recognize, perceive -3 To reflect, consider -4 To take -5 To play on an instrument -6 To see -7 To praise, worship

वेणः 1 A musician by caste, cf वैदेहेन त्वम्बुप्रवासुत्पन्नो वेण उच्यते Ms 10 19, वेणाना भाण्डवादनम् 10 49 -2 N of a king, son of Anga and said to be a descendant of Manu Svāyambhuva [When he became king, he issued a proclamation prohibiting all worship and sacrifices The sages strongly remonstrated with him, but when he turned a deaf ear to their words, they killed him with 'blades of consecrated Kuśa grass' The kingdom was now without a ruler So they rubbed the thigh of the dead body, until a Nisāda came forth, short in stature and with a flat face They then rubbed the right arm, and from it sprang the majestic Prithu (see Prithu) According to the Padma Purāṇa, Vena began his reign well, but subsequently fell in to Jama heresy He is also said to have caused confusion of castes, cf Ms 7 41, 9 66-67] -3 A worker in reed or bamboo, Ms 4 215 (com वेणोर्भेदेन यो जीवति, बुरुड इति विश्वरूप)

वेणा N of a river (joining the Kṛṣṇā)

वेणिः, -णी f [वेणु-इन् वा जीप् Un 4 18] 1 Braided hair, a braid of hair, तरङ्गिणी वेणिरिवायता भुव Śi 12 75, Me 18 -2 Hair twisted into a single unornamented braid and allowed to fall on the back (said to be worn by women whose husbands are absent from them), वनाभितृतेन रघूत्तमेन युक्ता स्वयं वेणिरिवाभासे R 14 12, अबलवेणिमोक्षोलुकानि Me 101, Ku 2 61 -3 Continuous flow, current, stream, जलवेणिरम्या रेवा यदि प्रेक्षितुमस्ति काम R 6 43, Me 20, प्रवृत्तबाष्पवेणिक चक्षु प्रमृज्य K, cf the word त्रिवेणि also -4 The confluence of two or more rivers -5 The confluence of the Ganges, Yamunā and Sarasvatī -6 N of a river. -7 The property re-united after it has been before divided -8 A cascade -9 A dam, bridge -10 A ewe -Comp -बन्धः hair twisted into a braid, मोक्षध्वे स्वर्गबन्दीना वेणीबन्धानदूषितान् R 10 47 -वेधनी a leech -वेधिनी a comb -संहारः 1 tying the hair into a braid, Ve 6. -2 N of a drama by Bhatta Nārāyaṇa

वेणिका 1 Braided hair -2 A continuous line, uninterrupted stream

वेणुः [वेणु-उण् Un 3 38] 1 A bamboo, मलयेऽपि स्थितो वेणुर्वेणुरेव न चन्दनम् Subhāṣ, R. 12 41 -2 A reed, cane, प्राप्तापराधास्ताड्या स्यू रज्ज्वा वेणुदलेन वा Ms 8 299 -3 A flute, pipe, वेणु क्वणन्ती क्रीडन्तीम् Bhāg 10 30 18, नामसमेतं कृतसकेतं वादयते मृदु वेणुम् Git 5 -4 A banner, त्रिवेणुं पञ्चबन्धुरम् (रथम्) Bhāg 4. 26. 1, cf. त्रिवेणु. -Comp.

-कर्करः the Karavīra plant -जः bamboo-seed -दलम् a split bamboo, Ms 8 299, cf वेणुवैदल made of split bamboo, Ms 8 327 -धमः a flute-player, piper, मार्द-ङ्गिकाश्च वेणुभ्या Śiva B 31 21 -निच्छुतिः the sugar-cane -बीजम् bamboo-seed -यवः bamboo-seed -याष्टिः f a bamboo-stick -वादः, -वादकः a piper, flute-player

वेणुकम् A goad with a bamboo-handle. -कः 1 A flute -2 A flute-player, नर्तक्यो वारमुख्याश्च गायका वेणुका-स्तथा A Rām 2 2 18

वेणुनम् Black pepper

वेतः A cane, reed

वेत (द्) ण्डः An elephant, वेतण्डगण्डकण्डेतिपाण्डित्यपरि-पन्थिना (हरिणा) Bv 1 62

वेतनम् [अञ्-तनन् वीभाव Un 3 150] 1 Hire, wages, salary, pay, stipend, किं मुधा वेतनदानेन M 1, R 17 66, Ms 8 5 -2 Livelihood, subsistence -3 Silver -Comp -अदानम्, -अनपाकर्मन् n, -अनपक्रिया 1 non-payment of wages, एष धर्मोऽखिलेनोक्तो वेतनादानकर्मण Ms 8 218 -2 an action for non-payment of wages -जीविन् m a stipendiary -दानम् hiring -भुञ्ज् a servant

वेतनिन् a Receiving wages, stipendiary

वेतसः [अञ्-असुन् तुक्च वीभाव Un 3 118] 1 The ratan, reed, cane, यद्वेतस कुञ्जलीला विडम्बयति स किमात्मन प्रभावेण ननु नदीवेगस्य Ś 2, अविलम्बितमेधि वेतसस्तरुवन्माधव मा रम भज्यथा Śi 16 53, R 9 75 -2 The citron -3 N of Agni -अम्लः Rumex Vesicarius (Mar चुका) -Comp -गृहम् an arbour formed of reeds -पत्रम् a lancet, also वेतसम्, Suśr -वृत्ति a plant like a reed

वेतसी The ratan, वेतसीतरुले K P 1.

वेतस्वत् a (-ती f) Abounding in reed, P IV 2 87.

वेतालः 1 A kind of ghost, a goblin, vampire, particularly a ghost occupying a dead body, नाहमात्म-नाशाय वेतालेत्यापन करिष्यामि 'I shall not raise a devil for my own destruction', Māl 5 23, Śi 20 60 -2 A door-keeper -Comp. -पञ्चविंशतिः, -तिका a collection of 25 fables told by a Vetāla to king Vikramāditya -साधनम् securing (the favour of) a Vetāla

वेत्त m [विद्-तृच्] 1 A knower -2 A sage. -3 A husband, an espouser -4 One who obtains

वेत्रः, -त्रम् [अञ्-त्रल् वीभाव Un 4 166] 1 The cane, ratan, सकण्टकान् कीचकवेणुवेत्रवत् Bhāg 8. 2 20, the bam-boo, Kṛ 15 18 -2 A stick, staff, particularly the staff of a doorkeeper, वामप्रकोष्ठापितहेमवेत्र Ku. 3 41 -3 N of the demon वृत्र, L D B -4 the tube of a flute -Comp -आसनम् a cane-seat -धरः, -धारकः 1 a door-keeper -2 a mace-bearer, staff-bearer -पट्टिका a mat -याष्टिः, -लता f a staff of reed, आचार इत्यवहितेन मया गृहीता या वेत्रयाष्टिरवरोधगृहेषु राज्ञ S. 5. 3. -वल्ली an excel-

lent bamboo plant supposed to yield a pearl, मौक्तिक
वेत्तवल्लीव राक्षस रजनीपातम् Bm 1 451 -हन् m an epithet
of Indra

वेत्तकीय a Reedy, abounding in reeds

वेत्तवती 1 A female door-keeper -2 N of a river,
(modern Betwa), सभूमृग सुखमिव पयो वेत्तवत्याश्चलेर्म्या
Me 24

वेत्तन् m 1 A door-keeper, warder -2 Staff-bearer

वेत् 1 A (वेत्ते) To beg, solicit, ask

वेदः [विद्-अच् घञ् वा] 1 Knowledge -2 Sacred know-
ledge, holy learning, the scriptures of the Hindus
(Originally there were only three Vedas - ऋग्वेद, यजुर्वेद
and सामवेद, which are collectively called त्रयी 'the sacred
triad', but a fourth, the अथर्ववेद, was subsequently
added to them Each of the Vedas has two dis-
tinct parts, the Mantra or Samhitā and Brāhma-
mana According to the strict orthodox faith of the
Hindus the Vedas are a-pauruseya, 'not human compo-
sitions', being supposed to have been directly revea-
led by the Supreme Being, Brahman, and are called
'Śruti' : e 'what is heard or revealed', as distin-
guished from 'Smṛiti', : e 'what is remembered or is
the work of human origin', see श्रुति, स्मृति also, and
the several sages, to whom the hymns of the Vedas are
ascribed, are, therefore, called ऋषयः 'seers', and not
कवीर or स्रष्टार 'composers') -3 A bundle of Kuśa
grass, पद्माक्षमालामुत जन्तुमार्जन वेद च साक्षात्त एव रूपिणौ Bhāg
12 8 34, Ms 4 36 -4 N of Viṣṇu -5 A part of a
sacrifice (यज्ञाङ्ग) -6 Exposition, comment, gloss -7 A
metre -8 Acquisition, gain, wealth (Ved) -9 N of the
number 'four' -10 The ritual (वेदयतीति वेदो विधिः),
Karma-kāṇḍa, वेदवादस्य विज्ञान सत्याभासमिवानृतम् Mb 12 10
20 (see Nīlakantha's commentary) -11 Smṛiti literature,
आत्मन्येन्य पुनर्वेदा प्रसृता सर्वतोमुखा Mb 12 260 9 -Comp
-अग्रणीः N of Sarasvatī -अङ्गम् 'a member of the Veda',
N of certain classes of works regarded as auxiliary
to the Vedas and designed to aid in the correct pronun-
ciation and interpretation of the text and the right
employment of the Mantras in ceremonials, (the Ved-
āṅgas are six in number -- शिक्षा कल्पो व्याकरण निरुक्त छन्दसा
चय । ज्योतिषासन्यन चैव वेदाङ्गानि षडेव तु ॥, : e 1 शिक्षा 'the
science of proper articulation and pronunciation', 2 छन्दस्
'the science of prosody', 3 व्याकरण 'grammar', 4 निरुक्त
'etymological explanation of difficult Vedic words',
5 ज्योतिष 'astronomy', and 6 कल्प 'ritual or ceremonial')
A peculiar use of the word 'वेदाङ्ग' in masculine gender
may here be noted, वेदाङ्गैव तु वेदाङ्गान् वेदान्तानि तथा स्मृती ।
अधीत्य ब्राह्मण. पूर्व शक्तितोऽन्याश्च सपठेत् ॥ Bṛhadyogyaṅgā-
valkyā-Smṛti 12 34 -आधिगमः, अध्ययनम् holy study,
study of the Vedas, काम्यो हि वेदाधिगम कर्मयोगश्च वैदिक
Ms. 2 2. -अधिपः 1 one who presides over the Veda,

ऋग्वेदाधिपतिर्जीवो यजुर्वेदाधिपो भृगु । सामवेदाधिपो मौम शशिजोऽ-
थर्ववेदप ॥ -2 N of Viṣṇu -अध्यापकः a teacher of the
Vedas, a holy preceptor -अनध्ययनम् Remissness in
the Vedic study, Ms 3 63 -अन्तः 1 'the end of the
Veda', an Upanisad (which comes at the end of the
Veda) Also -अन्तम् (See quotation from बृहद्योगियाज्ञ-
वल्क्यस्मृति under -अङ्ग above) -2 the last of the six
principal Darsanas or systems of Hindu philosophy,
(so called because it teaches the ultimate aim
and scope of the Veda, or because it is based on the
Upanisads which come at the end of the Veda), (this
system of philosophy is sometimes called उत्तरमीमांसा
being regarded as a sequel to Jaimini's पूर्वमीमांसा, but
it is practically quite a distinct system, see मीमांसा
It represents the popular pantheistic creed of the
Hindus, regarding, as it does, the whole world as
synthetically derived from one eternal principle, the
Brahman or Supreme Spirit, see ब्रह्मन् also) -ग, ङ्ग
a follower of the Vedānta philosophy -अन्तिन् m a
follower of the Vedānta philosophy -अभ्यासः 1 the
study of the Vedas, वेदाभ्यासो हि विप्रस्य तपः परमिहोच्यते
Ms 2 166 -2 the repetition of the sacred syllable
Om -अर्थः the meaning of the Vedas -अवतारः reve-
lation of the Vedas -अथ्र a quadrangular -आदि
n, -आदिवर्णः, -आदिवीजम् the sacred syllable Om
-उक्त a scriptural, taught in the Vedas -उदयः N
of the sun (the Sāma Veda being said to have
proceeded from him) -उदित a scriptural, ordained
by the Vedas, वेदोदित स्वक कर्म नित्यं कुर्यादितान्द्रित Ms
4 14 -कार the composer of the Veda -कौलेयकः
an epithet of Śiva -गर्भः 1 an epithet of Brahman,
कमण्डलु वेदगर्भं कुशान् सप्तर्षयो ददुः Bhāg 8 18 16 -2 a
Brāhmaṇa versed in the Vedas -3 N of Viṣṇu -ज्ञः
a Brāhmaṇa versed in the Vedas, तथा ददति वेदज्ञं कर्मज
दोषमात्मन Ms 12 101 -त्रयम्, -त्रयी the three Vedas
collectively -दार्शिन a one who discerns the sense of
the Veda, तपोमध्य बुधे प्रोक्त तपोऽन्त वेददार्शिभि Ms 11 234.
-दृष्ट a sanctioned by the Vedas -निन्दकः 1 an atheist,
a heretic, an unbeliever (one who rejects the divine
origin and character of the Vedas) -2 a Jaina or
Buddhist -निन्दा unbelief, heresy, Ms 11 56 -पारगः
a Brāhmaṇa skilled in the Vedas -पुण्यम् merit acqui-
red by the study of the Veda, वेदपुण्येन युज्यते Ms 2. 78
-बाह्य a contrary to the Veda (-ह्यः) a sceptic -मातृ
f 1 N of a very sacred Vedic verse called Gayatree
q v -2 N of सरस्वती, सावित्री and गायत्री, सूतश्च मातरिश्वा
वै कवच वेदमातर Mb 5 179 4 -मूर्तिः (embodiment of
the Veda) an honourable title before the names of
learned Brāhmaṇas -वचनम्, -वाक्यम् a Vedic text.
-वदनम् grammar. -वादः see वेद (10), तदुक्त वेदवादे
गहन वेददर्शिभि Mb 12 238 11 (com), Vedic discus-
sion, यामिमां प्रुषिता वाचः प्रबन्त्यविपश्चित । वेदवादेरता Bg.
2. 42 -वासः a Brāhmaṇa -बाह्य a. contrary to, or not

founded on, the Veda -विद् *m* 1 a Brahmana versed in the Vedas -2 *N* of Visnu -विद्वस् *a* conversant with the Vedas, ब्राह्मणान् वेदविदुषो यज्ञार्थं चैव दक्षिणाम् Ms 11 4 -विहित *a* enjoined by the Vedas -व्यासः an epithet of Vyāsa who is regarded as the 'arranger' of the Vedas in their present form, see व्यास -शास्त्रम् the doctrine of the Vedas, Ms 4 260 -श्रुतिः Vedic revelation -संन्यासः giving up the ritual of the Vedas -संमत, -समित *a* sanctioned by the Vedas

वेदकम् 1 Announcing, proclaiming -2 Restoring to consciousness

वेदनम्, वेदना [विद्-ल्युट्] 1 Knowledge, perception -2 Feeling, sensation, सर्व रजस्तमश्चैव प्राणिना सञ्चिता सदा । त्रिविधा वेदना चैव सर्वसत्त्वेषु दृश्यते ॥ Mb 12 194 29 [also 'sensativity (to the driver's stimuli) of an elephant' It is of 7 kinds -अत्यर्थ, उत्तान, गम्भीर, अन्वर्थ, प्रत्यर्थ, कर्कश and सिद्ध] -3 Pain, torment, agony, anguish, अवेदनाञ्च कुलिशक्षतानाम् Ku 1 20, R 8 50 -4 Acquisition, wealth, property -5 Marriage, वसनस्य दशा ग्राह्या शूद्रयोः कृष्टवेदने Ms 3 44, 9 65, Y 1 62 -6 Presenting, giving -7 The marriage of a Śūdra woman with a man of a higher caste

वेदनी The true skin or cutis (that apprehends touch)

वेदस् *n* Ved Acquisition, gain, wealth, उवाच ह वै वाजश्रवस सर्ववेदस ददौ Kath 1. 1

वेदापयति Den P. To impart knowledge, teach, of P III 1 25

वेदित *p p*. Made known, informed, communicated

वेदित् *a* 1 Knowing -2 Wise, learned

वेदिन् *a* [विद्-णिनि] 1 Knowing, as in कृतवेदिन् -2 Marrying' -*m* 1 A knower -2 A teacher -3 A learned Brahmana -4 An epithet of Brahman

वेद्य *a* 1 To be known -2 To be taught or explained -3 To be married

वेदवती *f* *N* of the daughter of King Kuśadhvaṃsa, कृते युगे वेदवती कुशध्वजयुता शुभा । त्रेताया रामपत्नी सा सीतिति जनकात्मजा ॥ Brav P

वेदारः A chameleon

वेदिः [विद्-इत्] A learned man, sage, Pandita -दिः, -दी *f* 1 An altar, especially one prepared for a sacrifice, उर एव वेदि Ch Up 5 18 2, अमी वेदिं परितः क्लृप्त-धिष्या (वह्नय) S 4 8 -2 An altar of a particular shape, the middle points of which come very close to each other, मध्येन सा वेदिविलम्बमभ्या Ku 1 39, (some propose to take वेदि in this passage as meaning 'a seal-ring') -3 A quadrangular spot in the court-yard of a temple or palace, विमान नवमुद्वेदि चतु स्तम्भप्रतिष्ठितम्

चं. इ. को.... १८८

(कल्पयामासु) R. 17 9 -4 A seal-ring -5 *N* of Sarasvatī -6 A tract or region -Comp -ईशः 1 *N* of Agni -2 of Brahman -जा an epithet of Draupadī who was born from the midst of the sacrificial altar of king Drupada -मेखला the cord which forms the boundary of the उत्तरवेदि

वेदिका 1 A sacrificial altar or ground, इति प्रिये वादिनि वेदिकोदरी Rām ch 2 57 -2 A raised seat, an elevated spot of ground (usually for sacred purposes), सप्तपर्णवेदिका S 1, सदेवदारुमुवदिकायाम् Ku 3 44 -3 A seat in general -4 An altar, a heap, mound, मन्दाकिना-सैकतवेदिकाभि Ku 1 29 'by making altars or heaps of sand &c' -5 A quadrangular open shed in the middle of a court-yard, a pavilion, balcony, तत्तल्लचन-वेदिकम् (जग्राह), Rām 7 15 37, सुरवेदमवेदिना Ku 7 12 -6 An harbour, a bower

वेधः 1 Penetrating, piercing, perforation -2 Wounding, a wound -3 A hole, an excavation -4 The depth (of an excavation) -5 A particular measure of time -6 The ninth part of a Paridhi, परिधिनवमभाग शूकधान्येषु वेध Lila -7 Fixing the position of the sun, planets or the stars -8 Disturbance -Comp -मुख्यः, -मुख्यकः Ourcuma Zerumbet (Mar कचोरा)

वेधकः 1 *N* of one of the divisions of hell -2 Camphor -3 A perforator (of gems etc), Rām 2 83 18 -कम् Rice in the ear

वेधनम् 1 The act of piercing, perforating -2 Penetration -3 Excavation -4 Pricking, wounding -5 Depth (of an excavation)

वेधनिका A sharp-pointed instrument for perforating shells and jewels, a gumblet.

वेधनी 1 An instrument for piercing an elephant's ear -2 A sharp-pointed instrument for perforating shells and jewels, a gumblet -3 Depth (in measurement)

वेधित *p p*. Pierced, bored, perforated

वेधिन् *a* 1 Piercing, boring -2 Hitting (a mark). -नी A leech

वेध्यम् A butt, target.

वेधस् *m* [विधा असुन् गुण] 1 A creator, मदनश्च वेधा Māl 1 21. -2 *N* of Brahman, the creator, तं वेधा विदधे नून महाभूतसमाधिना R 1 29, Ku 2 16, 5 41 -3 A secondary creator (such as Dakṣa, sprung from Brahman), विधाता वेधसामपि Ku 2 14 -4 *N* of Śiva -5 Of Viṣṇu -6 The sun -7 The Arka plant -8 A learned man -9 A priest -10 *N* of Soma -11 A poet -a Performing, accomplishing, गम्भीरवेधा उपयुक्त-वित्त. Bhāg. 4. 16 10.

वेधसम् The part of the hand under the root of the thumb

वेन् 1 U (वेनति-ते) See वेण्

वेन See वेण (2).

वेन्ना See वेणा

वेप् 1 Ā (वेपते, वेपित) To tremble, shake, quiver, quake, कृताञ्जलिर्वैपमान किरीटी Bg 11 35, R 11 65

वेपः Quivering, trembling, tremor, यस्मा अदादुदधिरूढ-भयाञ्जवेप Bhāg 2 7 24.

वेपथुः [वेप्-अथुच्] Tremor, trembling, heaving (of breasts &c), अथापि स्तनवेपथु जनयति श्वास प्रमाणाधिक S 1 29, 28, Śi 9 22, 73, R 19 23, Ku 4 17, 5 85

वेपनम् [वेप्-ल्युद्] 1 Tremor, trembling -2 Shaking, brandishing (the cord of a bow), Rām 1 67 10

वेमः, -**वेमन्** [वेज सर्वत्र इमनिन् Up 4 163] m, n A loom, महासिवेम्न सहकृत्वरी बहुम् N 1 12, तुरीवेमादिकम् T S, शुक्ल वयन्तो तरसा सुवेमौ Mb 1 3 58

वेरः, -**रम्** [अञ्-रन् वीभाव Tv] 1 The body -2 Saffron -3 The egg-plant -4 The mouth

वेरकः Camphor

वेरटः A low man, one belonging to an inferior caste -**टम्** The fruit of the jujube

वेल् I 1 P (वेलति) 1 To go, move -2 To be wanton -3 To shake, move about, tremble -II 10U (वेलयति-ते) To count the time

वेलम् A garden, grove -**लः** The mango tree

वेला 1 Time, वेलाया न तु कस्याचिद् गच्छेद्विप्रो ह्यपूजित Mb 13 9 28, वेलेपलक्षणार्थमादिष्टोऽस्मि S 4 -2 Season, opportunity -3 Interval of repose, leisure -4 Tide, flow, current -5 The sea-coast, sea-shore, वेलानिलाय प्रसृता भुजङ्गा R 13 12, 15, स वेलावप्रवल्या (उर्वीम्) 1 30, 8 80, 17 37, Śi 3 79, 9 88. -6 Limit, boundary -7 Speech -8 Sickness -9 Easy death -10 The gums. -11 Passion, feeling -12 The hour of death -13 Meal time, meal -Comp. -**अतिक्रमः** tardiness -**अतिग** a overflowing the shore -**कूलम्** N of a district called Tāmra-līpta -**कूलम्**, -**मूलम्** the sea-shore -**वनम्** a wood on the sea coast -**वित्तः** a kind of official -**विलासिनी** a courtesan

वेलाकृ To watch for an opportunity

वेलायाम् and At the right moment

वेलिका A maritime country

वेल् 1 P (वेलति) 1 To go, move -2 To shake, tremble, move about; यस्मिन् वेल्ति सर्वतः परिचलत्कल्लोलकोलाहलै Br. 1. 55; Śi. 7. 72.

वेल्लः 1 Going, moving -2 Shaking, trembling -**Comp** -**जम्** black pepper

वेल्लनम्, -**ना** 1 Shaking, moving -2 Rolling (on the ground) -3 Surging (of waves) -4 Churning violently, आयस्तभीमभुजमन्दरवेल्लनाभि Ve 6 9

वेल्लहलः A libertine

वेल्लिः f A creeper, of वल्लि

वेल्लित p p 1 Trembling, tremulous, shaken -2 Crooked -**तम्** 1 Going, moving -2 Shaking

वेवी 2 Ā (वेवति) 1 To go -2 To obtain -3 To conceive, be pregnant -4 To pervade -5 To cast, throw -6 To eat -7 To wish, desire -8 To shine, (seldom used in classical literature)

वेशः [विश्-घञ्] 1 Entrance -2 Ingress, access -3 A house, dwelling, न वेशमाचक्रमुरस्य नीत्या Bu Oh 1 3 -4 A house or residence of prostitutes, तरुणजन-सहायश्चिन्त्यता वेशवास Mk 1 31 -5 Dress, apparel (also written वेष in this sense), मृगयावेशधारी, विनीतवेषेण S 1, कृतवेशे केशवे Gīt. 11 -6 Disguise. -7 Hire, wages -8 The prostitute-class (वेद्याजन), Mb 5 196 26, Dk 2 6 -9 The wages of prostitutes, वेशेनैव च जीवताम् (न प्रतिशुद्धी-यात्) Ms 4 84 -**Comp** -**दानः** the sun-flower -**धारिन्** a disguised (-m) 1 a hypocrite, false ascetic -2 an actor -**नारी**, -**वधू**, -**वनिता** a harlot, धूर्तरन्वीयमाना स्फुटचतुरकथाकोविदेर्वेशनार्य Mu 3 10, पुरा हि काशिसुन्दर्या वेशवन्वा महान् ऋषि Bu. Oh 4 16 -**वासः** the residence of harlots

वेशवत् 1 Living on the wages of prostitutes, see वेश (9), Ms 4 84 (com) -2 The keeper of a brothel

वेशकः A house

वेशनम् 1 Entering, entrance -2 A house -**नी** 1 An entrance -2 Waiting room

वेशिका Entrance, ingress

वेशन्तः, **वेशान्ता** 1 A small pond, pool, उड्डीय युक्त पातिता सवन्तीवेशन्तपूर परितः प्लवन्ते N 8 35, 11. 54. -2 Fire

वेशरः A mule

वेशसः Mischievous obstruction, यज्ञवेशसमेषा करिष्याम At Br 2 11

वेधमन् n [विश्-मनिन्] 1 A house, dwelling, an abode, a mansion, palace, वेधमानि राम परिवर्हवन्ति विश्राण्य सौहार्द-निधि सुहृद्भ्य R 14. 15, Me 25, Ms 4 73, 9 85 -2 N of the 4th astrological house -**Comp** -**कर्मन्** n, house-building -**कलिङ्गः** a kind of sparrow -**नकुलः** the musk-rat -**भूः** f the site of a habitation, building-ground. -**वासः** A sleeping room -**स्थूणा** the main post of a house.

वेद्यम् [विश-प्यत् वेशाय हित वा यत्] 1 The habitation of harlots -2 Ved Abode, residence -Comp -कामिनी, -स्त्री a prostitute, harlot

वेद्या A harlot, prostitute, courtesan, concubine, त्व वापीव लेतव नौरिव जन वेद्यासि सर्व भज Mk 1 32, Me 37, Y 1 141, पतिव्रता चैकपत्नी द्वितीये कुलटा स्मृता । तृतीये वृषली ज्ञेया चतुर्थे पुश्वली स्मृता । वेद्या च पञ्चमे षष्ठे जुह्वी च सप्तमेऽष्टमे । Brav P -Comp. -आचार्यः 1 the master or keeper of prostitutes -2 a pimp -3 a catamite -आश्रयः habitation of harlots -गमनम् debauchery, whoring -गृहम् a brothel -जनः a harlot -पणः the wages given to a prostitute -पतिः a paramour -पुत्रः a bastard

वेश्वरः A mule

वेष See वेश

वेषचारः see वेशवार

वेषणम् Occupation, possession

वेष्ट 1 A (वेष्टे) 1 To surround, enclose, encompass, envelop -2 To wind or twist round -3 To dress -Caus (वेष्टयति-ते) 1 To surround &c -2 To blockade -With आ to fold, tie, bind, तृणैर्वेष्टयते रज्जुर्गया नागोऽपि बध्यते Pt 1 331 -परि, -सम् to fold together, clasp or wind round, प्रायेण भूमिपतय प्रमदा लताश्च यत् पार्श्वतो भवति तत् परिवेष्टयन्ति Pt 1 35

वेष्टः [वेष्ट-घञ् अच् वा] 1 Surrounding, enclosing -2 An enclosure, a fence -3 A turban -4 Gum, resin, exudation -5 Turpentine -6 A tooth-hole -ष्टम् the sky -Comp -वंशः a kind of bamboo -सारः turpentine

वेष्टकः [वेष्ट-क्त्वा] 1 An enclosure, a fence -2 A pumpkin-gourd -3 (In gram) Putting a word before and after इति -कम् 1 A turban -2 A wrapper, mantle -3 Gum, exudation -4 Turpentine

वेष्टनम् [वेष्ट-ल्युट्] 1 Encompassing, encircling, surrounding, अङ्गुलिवेष्टनम् 'a finger-ring' -2 Coiling round, twisting round, भोगिवेष्टनमार्गेषु चन्दनानां समर्पितम् R 4 48 -3 An envelope, a wrapper, cover, covering, case, औशीरम् वेष्टनम् Mb 12 60 32 -4 A turban, tiara, अस्पृष्टालकवेष्टनौ R 1 42, शिरसा वेष्टनशोभिना 8 12 -5 An enclosure, a fence, कीडाशैल कनककदलीवेष्टनप्रेक्षणीय Me 79 -6 A girdle, zone -7 A bandage -8 The outer ear -9 Bdelium -10 A particular attitude in dancing, -11 Grasping, seizing -12 A span -13 A kind of weapon

वेष्टकः, वेष्टनकः A particular position in copulation

वेष्टित p p [वेष्ट-क्त्वा] 1 Surrounded, enclosed, encircled, enveloped -2 Wrapped up, dressed -3 Stopped, blocked, impeded -4 Blockaded, invested -तम् 1 Encircling, surrounding -2 One of the attitudes of dancing

वेष्पः, वेष्पः [विषे प Un 3 23] Water

वेष्प्या See वेष्प

वेस् 1 P (वेसति) To go, move

वेसनम् A kind of flour (Mar वेसन)

वेसरः A mule, प्रणोदित वेसरयुग्मम्चनि Si 12 19

वेस (श)वारः A particular condiment (consisting of ground coriander, mustard, pepper, ginger &c), 'व्यञ्जनं ज्ञेयं वेसवार उपस्कर इति हलायुध', Mb 13 53 17 (com), 'निरस्थि पिशित पिष्ट सिद्धं गुडघृतान्वितम् । कृष्णमरिचसयुक्त वेसवार इति स्मृतम् ॥', 'वेसवारो गुरु स्निग्धो बलोपचयवर्धन' Rājavalabha

वेह 1 A (वेहते) See वेह

वेहत् f 1 A barren cow, उक्षाण वेहतमनून नयन्तु Mb. 3 197 17 -2 (गर्भघातिनी) A cow that miscarries

वेहारः N of a country (Behār)

वेह् 1 P (वेहते) To go, move

वै 1 P (वायति) 1 To dry, be dried -2 To be languid or weary, be exhausted

वै and A particle of affirmation or certainty (indeed, truly, forsooth), but it is generally used as an expletive, आपो वै नरसूत्र Ms 1 10, 2 231, 9 49, 11 78 &c It is also said to be a vocative particle, and sometimes shows entreaty or persuasion (अनुनय)

वैशतिक a (-की f) Bought for twenty, P V 1 27

वैकक्षम् [विशेषेण कक्षति व्याप्नोति अण्] 1 A garland worn over one shoulder and under the other like the यज्ञोपवीत -2 An upper garment, a mantle

वैकक्षकम्, वैकक्षिकम्, -वैकक्षिकी A garland worn over the left shoulder and under the right arm like the यज्ञोपवीत q v), वैकक्षिकी कृतोद्दामफलकोशोत्तिताम्बरम् Śiva B 29 22

वैकटिकः A jeweller

वैकट्यम् 1 Hugeness -2 Horribleness

वैकर्तः Ved 1 A butcher -2 A particular part of the sacrificial victim.

वैकर्तनः N of Karna, हतो वैकर्तन कर्णो दिवाकरसमद्युति Mb 12 5 14 -Comp -कुलम् the solar race

वैकल्पम् 1 Optionality -2 Dubiousness, ambiguity. -3 Uncertainty, indecision

वैकल्पिक a (-की f) [विकल्पेन प्राप्तं तत्र भवो वा ठक्] 1 Optional. -2 Dubious, doubtful, uncertain, undecided

वैकल्यम् [विकलस्य भाव ष्यञ्] 1 Defect, deficiency, imperfection, इदं तु वृत्तिवैकल्यास्यजतो वर्मनैपुणम् Ms 10.85 -2

Mutilation, being crippled or lame -3 Incompetency
-4 Agitation, flurry, excitement -5 Non-existence
-6 Weakness, imbecility, शक्तिवैकल्यनमस्य तृणस्य च समा
गति K₁ 11 59

वैकारिक *a* (-की *f*) 1 Relating to modification
-2 Modifying, changing, सत्त्वेन चित्त क्षेत्रज्ञे गुणवैकारिक परे
Bhāg 7 12 30 -3 Modified -4 Changeable, एव वैकारिकी
मायामयुक्ता वस्तु चक्षते Bhāg 10 73 11 -5 Relating to Sattva
(सार्विक), वैकारिकस्तैजसश्च तामसश्चेत्यहं त्रिधा Bhāg 3 5 30
-कः A class of deities, इन्द्रियाणि मनो बुद्धि सह वैकारिकैर्नृप
Bhāg 11 3 15 -Comp -कालः the time necessary
for the formation of the foetus -बन्धः (in Sāṅkhya
phil) one of the three-fold forms of bondage

वैकार्यम् Change, modification

वैकालः Afternoon, evening

वैकालिक *a* (-की *f*) वैकालीन *a* (-नी *f*) Relating
to or occurring in the evening

वैकिङ्करः = विकिङ्कर = काल Death, Mb 13 62 27

वैकिर *a*. Percolated, trickled

वैकुण्ठ *a* Unassailable (दुर्घर्ष), इन्द्रो वैकुण्ठोऽपराजिता
सेनेति वा अहमेतमुपास Bri Up 2 1 6

वैकुण्ठः 1 An epithet of Viṣṇu, मन्द जहास वैकुण्ठो
मोहयन्निव मायया Bhāg 1 8 44 -2 Of Indra -3 Holy
basil -ण्डम् 1 The heaven of Viṣṇu, ततो वैकुण्ठमगमद्भास्वर
तमस परम् Bhāg 10 88 25 -2 Talc -Comp -चतुर्दशी
the fourteenth day of the bright half of Kārtika
-लोकः the world of Viṣṇu

वैकुण्ठीय Relating to वैकुण्ठ (Viṣṇu or his heaven),
वैकुण्ठीयेऽत्र कण्ठे वसतु मम मति कुण्ठभाव विहाय Viṣṇupāda S 34

वैकृत *a* (-ती *f*) 1 Changed -2 Modified -3
Relating to Sattva (सार्विक), Bhāg 11 24 8 -3 Dis-
figured, यदि मन्त्राङ्गहीनोऽयं यज्ञो भवति वैकृत Mb 12 272
10 -4 Not natural -तम् [विकृतस्य भाव अण्] 1 Change,
alteration, modification -2 Aversion, disgust, loathing
-3 Change in state, appearance &c, disfigurement,
उद्धीयत वैकृतात् करग्रहजादस्य विकस्वरस्वरै N 2 5, वैकृतं त्वमिहोत्रे
स लक्षयित्वा महातपा Mb 3 137 3 -4 A portent, any
event foreboding evil, तत् प्रतीपपवनादि वैकृत प्रेक्ष्य R 11 62
-5 Fraud, cheating (कपट), Mb 3 149 15 -6 Agita-
tion. -तः = अहकार q v -Comp. -विवर्तः a woeful
plight, miserable condition, suffering, वैकृतविवर्तदारुण
Mā 1 39

वैकृतिक *a* (-की *f*) 1 Changed, modified. -2 Be-
longing to a Vikṛita q v (in Sāṅkhya phil), तत्
प्राकृतिक सर्गः सप्त वैकृतिकाश्च ये Bhāg 12. 12. 9

वैकृत्यम् 1 Change, alteration -2 Woeful state,
miserable plight. -3 Disgust -4 An unnatural pheno-
menon. -5 Deterioration.

वैकान्तम् A kind of gem

वैकुवम्, -वैकुव्यम् 1 Confusion, agitation, bewilder-
ment, despondency, Mb 3 160 34 -2 Commotion,
tumult -3 Affliction, distress, grief, वैकुव्य मम तावदी-
दृशमिदं स्नेहादरण्यौकस S 4 6, Ve 5, Mk 3, Mā 8

वैखरी 1 Articulate utterance, production of sound,
see Malli on Ku 2 17 -2 The faculty of speech,
वैखरी सर्वविद्यासु प्रशस्ता Nārāyaṇapūrvatāpi Up 5 8.
-3 Speech in general

वैखानस *a* (-सी *f*) Relating to a hermit, ascetic,
monastic, वैखानस किमनया व्रतमा प्रदानाद् व्यापाररोधि मदनस्य
निषेवितव्यम् S 1 26 -सः An anchorite, a hermit (वान-
प्रस्थ), a Brāhmaṇa in the third order of his religious
life, सबद्धवैखानसकन्यकानि (तपोवनानि) R 14 28, वैखानसेभ्य
श्रुतरामवार्ता Bk 3 46, Ms 6 21, Mb 3 114 15 -3
A hermit born from the nails and hair of the god
Brahman, Rām 3 6 2 (com प्रजापतेर्नखलोमजा वैखानसा)

वैखारक *a*. Pungent and salt

वैगुण्यम् [विगुणस्य भाव व्यञ्ज] 1 Absence of qualities
or attributes -2 Absence of good qualities, a defect,
fault, an imperfection -3 Difference of properties,
diversity, contrariety -4 Inferiority, lowness -5
Unskilfulness

वैग्रहिक *a* (-की *f*) Corporeal, bodily

वैघटिकः A jeweller

वैघसिक *a* Feeding on the residue of food (a class
of hermits), Mb 14 92 7

वैचक्षण्यम् Skill, cleverness, proficiency

वैचित्त्यम् Grief, mental distraction, sorrow, व्रजति
विरेहे वैचित्त्यं न प्रसीदति सनिधौ Mā 1 3 1, केचित् प्रपद्य वैचित्त्यम्
Śiva B 14 30, वैचित्त्योपचयादुत्तरेचौचित्त्यमपचीयते 16 34

वैचित्र्यम्, वैचिञ्च्यम् [विचित्रस्य भाव व्यञ्ज] 1 Variety,
diversity -2 Manifoldness -3 Strangeness -4 Stri-
kingness, as in वाच्यवैचित्र्य K P 10 -5 Surprise -6
Sorrow, despair -Comp -वीर्यः N of Dhṛitarāstra,
भो भो वैचित्रवीर्यं त्वं कुरुणा कीर्तिवर्धन Bhāg 10 49 17

वैजननम् The last month of pregnancy

वैजन्यम् Solitude, परीक्ष्य वैजन्यं जनेषु निर्गतेषु Dk 2 8

वैजयन्तः 1 The palace of Indra -2 The banner of
Indra -3 A banner or flag in general, सवैजयन्तास्तु
गजा गजारोहै प्रचोदिता Rām 2 89 19 -4 A house -5
N of Indra

वैजयन्तिकः A standard bearer

वैजयन्तिका 1 A banner, flag (fig also), सचारिणीव
देवस्य मकरकेतोर्जगद्विजयवैजयन्तिका काप्यागतवती Mā 1 -2 A
kind of necklace of pearls.

वैजयन्ती 1 A banner, flag, स्तनपरिणाहविलासवैजयन्ती Mal 3 15, Si 18 4, न ह्यनारुह नागेन्द्र वैजयन्ती निपात्यते Śiva B 4 19 -2 An ensign -3 A garland, necklace -4 The necklace of Viṣṇu -5 N of a lexicon

वैजात्यम् [विजात-व्यञ्] 1 Difference of kind or species -2 Difference of caste -3 Strangeness -4 Exclusion from caste -5 Looseness, wantonness

वैजिक a See वैजिक

वैज्ञानिक a (-की f) Clever, skilful, proficient

वैडाल See बैडाल, यस्य वर्मभञ्जो नित्य शक्रभञ्ज इवोद्धिन । प्रच्छन्नानि च पापानि बैडाल नाम तद् व्रतम् ॥ बैडालव्रतिन पापा सर्वधर्मविनाशका । सद्य पतन्ति पापेषु कर्मणस्तस्य तत् फलम् ॥ Kūrma P

वैडूर्यम् A cat's-eye gem

वैणः A maker of bamboo-work, Y 1 162

वैणव a (-वी f) [वैणु-अण्] 1 Made of or produced from a bamboo, वैणवी धारयेद्यष्टिं सोदकं च कमण्डलुम् Ms 4 36 -वः 1 A bamboo-staff -2 A worker in bamboo or wicker-work -3 A flute -वी Bamboo-manna -वम् The seed or fruit of the bamboo

वैणविकः A piper, flute-player

वैणविन् m An epithet of Śiva

वैणुकः A piper, flute-player -कम् A goad, see वैणुक

वैणिकः 1 A lutanist, Si 10, 64 -2 The smell of faeces

वैतंसिकः 1 A vendor of flesh -2 A bird-catcher, यथा वैतंसिको युक्तो द्विजानां सदृशस्त्वन Mb 12 103 10, 3 33 33 -कम् The act of ensnaring, binding, व्यलीकमपि यत्त्वञ्च चित्तवैतंसिकं तव Mb 12 33 24

वैतण्डिकः A disputatious man, captious person, Śiva B 28 43

वैतत्यम् Great extension

वैतथ्यम् Falseness

वैतनिक a (-की f) [वैतनेन जीवति ठक्] Living on wages -कः 1 A hired labourer, labourer, P IV 4 12 -2 A stipendiary

वैतरणिः, -णी f 1 N of the river of hell, पश्यज्जं पतितं वैतरण्याम् Bhāg 2 2 7 -2 N of a river in the country of the Kalingas

वैतस a (-सी f) 1 Pertaining to a cane -2 Reed-like, : e yielding to a superior foe, bowing down to a stronger enemy, आत्मा संरक्षितं सुहृद्वृत्तिमाश्रित्य वैतसीम् R 4 35, बलीयसा समाक्रान्तो वैतसीं वृत्तिमाश्रयेत् Pt 3 19

वैतस्तिक a Span-long (an arrow), शरैर्वैतस्तिकै राजन् विव्याधासन्नवोधेभिः Mb 7 122 60-61.

वैतान a (-नी f) [वितान-अण्] Sacrificial, sacred, वैतानास्त्वा वद्वय पावयन्तु S 4 8 -नम् 1 A sacrificial rite, तस्माद्वैतानकुशलो होता स्याद्वेदपारग Ms 11 37, Mb 12 165 22 -2 A sacrificial oblation -3 A canopy, a number of canopies, Bhāg 3 23 19

वैतानिक a (-की f) See वैतान, Ms 6 9, Mb 5 141 44 -कम् A burnt offering

वैतान्यम् Despondency, Buddh

वैतालिकः [विविधस्तालस्तेन व्यवहरति ठक्] 1 A bard, minstrel -2 A magician, conjurer, especially, one who is a votary of Vetāla q v -3 The servant of a Vetāla -कम् Knowledge of one or the 64 arts -Comp. -व्रतम् the duty of a bard

वैतृष्यम् 1 Quenching of thirst, आप शुद्धा भूमिगता वैतृष्यं यासु गोर्भवेत् Ms 5 128 -2 Freedom from desire, indifference

वैत्तपाल्य a Relating to Kubera, Mb 7 201 73

वैत्रक a (-की f), वैत्रकीय a Cany, reedy

वैदः A wise man, learned man -दी The wife of a wise man

वैदग्ध्यम्, वैदग्धी, वैदग्ध्यम् 1 Skill, dexterity, proficiency, cleverness, अहो वैदग्ध्यम् Mal 1, प्रबन्धविन्यास-वैदग्ध्यानिधि Vās, Si 4 16 Bh 2 18 -2 Skill in arrangement, beauty, वैदग्ध्यं जहति कपोलकुङ्कुमानि Mal 1 37 -3 Shrewdness, smartness, cunningness, Ratn 2 -4 Wit

वैदर्भः [विदर्भ-अण्] 1 A king of Vīdarbha -2 A gum boil -भम् Crafty, ambiguous speech -भी 1 N of Damayanti, धन्यासि वैदर्भि गुणैस्वरै N 3 116 -2 Of Rukmīṇī -3 A particular style of composition, thus defined in S D —माधुर्यव्यञ्जकैर्वर्णै रचना ललितात्मिका । अद्वितिरूपवृत्तिर्वा वैदर्भी रीतिरिष्यते ॥ 626 Dandin very minutely distinguishes this style from the Gaudīya, see Kāv 1 41-53 Alankārasekhara quotes Ku 5 4 as an illustration -4 N of the wife of Agastya

वैदल (-ली f) [विदलस्य विकार अण्] Made of wicker or cane -लः 1 A kind of cake -2 Any leguminous vegetable or grain -लम् 1 A shallow cup of a religious mendicant -2 Any seat or vessel of wickerwork, चेलवचर्मणा शुद्धिवैदलानां तथैव च Ms 5 119, 6 54

वैदिक a. (-की f.) [वेदं-वेत्यधीति वा ठक् वेदेषु विहितं ठक् वा] 1 Derived from or conformable to the Vedas, Vedic -2 Sacred, scriptural, holy, अपेक्ष्यते साधुजनेन वैदिकी श्मशान-शूलस्य न यूपसक्तिया Ku 5 73 -कः A Brāhmaṇa, well-versed in the Vedas -कम् A Vedic passage, अमेध्ये वा पतेन्मतो वैदिकं वायुदाहरेत् Ms 11 96 -2 A Vedic precept, Mb -Comp -पाशः a smatterer in Veda, one possessing an imperfect knowledge of the Vedas, P V. 3 47

वैदुरिकम् A maxim of Vidura (विदुरनीति), अथाह तन्मन्त्रदृशा वरीयान् यन्मन्त्रिणो वैदुरिक वदन्ति Bhāg 3 1 10

वैदुषी, वैदुष्यम् Learning, wisdom

वैदूर्यम् a (-री or -र्यी f) 1 Brought from, or produced in, Vidūra -2 Eminent (श्रेष्ठ), को न्वय नरवैदूर्य Bhāg 10 55 81 -र्यम् [विदूरे गिरौ भव रयञ्] *Lapis lazuli*, Ku 7. 10, S1 3 45, सुवि वैदूर्यनिकाशशालायां Bu Ch 5 9, (the cat's-eye gem, of मार्जाररेक्षणपिङ्गलच्छविषुषू Rājani-ghaṇṭu), रथाख्या वैदूर्यमस्या पचति तिलकणानिधनैश्चन्दनाद्यै Bh

वैदेशिक a (-की f) [विदेश-ठञ्] Belonging to another country, foreign, exotic -कः A stranger, foreigner, वैदेशिकोऽस्मीति पृच्छामि क पुनरसौ जामाता U 1

वैदेश्यम् Foreignness

वैदेहः [विदेह अण्] 1 A king of Videha, जनको ह वैदेहो बहुदक्षिणेन यज्ञेनेज् Br1 Up 3 1 1 -2 An inhabitant of Videha -3 A trader by caste -4 The son of a Vaiśya by a Brāhmaṇa woman, Ms 10 11 -5 An attendant on the women's apartments -हाः (m pl) The people of Videha -ही 1 N of Sita, वैदेहिबन्धोर्हृदय विद्रे R 14 33 (the final vowel in वैदेही being shortened) -2 The wife of a merchant -3 A sort of pigment (रोचना) -4 Turmeric -5 A cow -6 Long pepper

वैदेहकः 1 A trader, गृहपतिवैदेहकतापसव्यञ्जना Kau A 2 -2 =वैदेह (4) q v

वैदेहिकः 1 A merchant -2 A man of the Vaideha caste, Ms 10 36

वैद्य a (-यी f) 1 Relating to the Vedas, spiritual -2 Relating to medicine, medical -द्यः [विद्या अस्त्यस्य अण्] 1 A learned man, scholar, doctor -2 A medical man, physician, वैद्ययत्नपरिभाषिन गद न प्रदीप इव वायुमत्यगात् R 19 53, वैद्यानामातुर श्रेयान् Subhas -3 A man of the medical caste, supposed to be one of the mixed classes, (the offspring of a Brāhmaṇa by a Vaiśya woman) Of Mb 18 49 9 -4 A man of a lower mixed tribe (the offspring of a Sūdra father by Vaiśya mother) -Comp -क्रिया a doctor's profession, practice of medicine -नाथः 1 N of Dhanvantari -2 of Śiva -3 N of a country -बन्धुः Cassia Fistula (Mar बाहवा) -मातृ, -सिंहा Gendarussa Vulgaris (Mar अइलसा) -विद्या the science of medicine, also वैद्यशास्त्रम्

वैद्यकः A doctor, physician -कम् The science of medicine

वैद्युत a (-ती f) [विद्युत इदम् अण्] Belonging to or proceeding from lightning, electric, वृक्षस्य वैद्युत इवाम्बिरुपस्थितोऽयम् V 5 16, U 5 18 -तम् The fire or lustre of lightning, पिशाङ्गवासा वनमालया बभौ धनो यथाकोडुपचापवैद्युते Bhāg 1 11 27, 10 36 33 -Comp -आग्निः, -अनलः, -वह्निः the fire of lightning

वैद्योत a Angry

वैद्य a (घी f), वैद्यिक a (-की f) [विहित आगत अण् ठक् वा] 1 Conformable to rule, settled, fixed, ritual, वैधी विचित्रा भवति प्रवृत्ति Rām oh 6 57 -2 Legal, lawful

वैधर्म्यम् 1 Dissimilarity, difference -2 Difference of characteristic qualities -3 Difference of duty or obligation -4 Contrariety -5 Unlawfulness, impropriety, injustice -6 Heterodoxy, रातो ब्रह्मर्षिणा तेन वैधर्म्ये सहिते कृते Rām 7 81 19 -Comp -समः (in logic) a fallacy based on dissimilarity

वैधवः N of Budha -a Relating to the moon, कलाकलाप किल वैधव चमन् N 1 96

वैधवेयः The son of a widow

वैधव्यम् Widowhood, नववैधव्यमसहवेदनम् Ku 4 1, M 5

वैधस a 1 Composed by Brahmā -2 Derived from fate

वैधात्रः N of Sanatkumāra

वैधुरी Adversity

वैधुर्यम् 1 Bereavement -2 Agitation, tremor

वैद्युतम्, वैद्युति f N of a particular position of the sun and moon (योग), considered as very inauspicious and malignant

वैद्युतिः 1 See वैद्युतम् -2 The Yoga star of the 27th lunar mansion

वैधेय a (-यी f) 1 According to rule, prescribed -2 Foolish, silly, stupid -यः A fool, an idiot, प्रलपत्येष वैधेय S 2, सर्वत्र प्रमादी वैधेय V 2

वैध्यतः A door-keeper of Yama

वैनतकम् A vessel for holding or pouring out ghee (in sacrifices)

वैनतेयः 1 N of Garuda, वैनतेय इव विनतानन्दन K , R 11 59, 16 88, वैनतेयश्च पक्षिणाम् (अस्मि) Bg 10 30 -2 N of Aruna

वैनत्यम् Humble demeanour

वैनयिक a (-की f) 1 Pertaining to modesty, decorum, moral conduct, or discipline, आगता त्वामिय बुद्धि स्वजा वैनयिकी च या Rām 2 112 16 -2 Enforcing proper conduct -कः A war-carriage

वैनायक a (-की f) Belonging to Ganeśa, वैनायक्यश्चिर वो वदनविद्युतय पान्तु चीत्कारवत्य Mal 1 1

वैनायिकः 1 The doctrines of a Buddhist school of philosophy -2 A follower of that school

वैनाशिकः 1 A slave -2 A spider -3 An astrologer -4 The doctrines of the Buddhists -5 A follower of

those doctrines -कम् The twenty-third asterism from that under which any one is born

वैनीतक See विनीतक

वैपरीत्यम् 1 Contrariety, opposition -2 Inconsistency

वैपादिकम् A kind of leprosy

वैपुल्यम् 1 Spaciousness, largeness -2 Plenty, abundance

वैप्रतिसम a Unmatched, not equalled, Mb 2

वैफल्यम् Uselessness, fruitlessness

वैबोधिकः 1 A watchman -2 Especially, one who awakens sleepers by announcing the time, वैबोधिक-वनि-विभावितपश्चिमार्ध (रात्रि) K1 9 74

वैभवम् 1 Greatness, glory, grandeur, magnificence, splendour, wealth -2 Power, might, महता हि धैर्यम-विचिन्त्यवैभवम् K1 12 3

वैभाजिकम् Dividing

वैभातिक a Matutinal

वैभावर a Nocturnal

वैभाषिक a (-की f) Optional

वैभ्रम् The heaven of Visnu

वैभ्राजम् N of a celestial grove or garden, आकीड इव वैभ्राजे विवस्वानप्सरोवृत्त Bu Ch 4 28 (of देवोद्यानानि वैभ्राजम्)

वैमत्यम् 1 Dissension, dissent, वैमत्य परिहर्तव्य कर्तव्य महुदीरितम् Śiva B 29 84 -2 Dislike, aversion

वैमनस्यम् 1 Distraction of mind, mental depression, sorrow, sadness, Ś 6 -2 Sickness

वैमातुकः, वैमात्रः, वैमात्रकः, वैमात्रेयः A stepmother's son, येन वैश्रवणो भ्राता वैमात्रा कारणान्तरे Rām. 3 48 4

वैमात्रा, वैमात्री, वैमात्रेयी A stepmother's daughter

वैमानिक a (-की f) Borne in divine cars, वैमानिकाना मस्तामपश्यत् R 6 1 -कः 1 An aeronaut -2 A god, प्रतीच्छन् उपरि कुसुमवृष्टीरेष वैमानिकानामभिनवकृतभैमीसौधभूमिं विवेश N 16 129. -की A celestial damsel (देवाङ्गना), पत्नीं वीक्ष्य विस्फुरन्ती दैवी वैमानिकीमिव Bhāg 10 81 27

वैमुक्तम् 1 Liberation, emancipation

वैमुख्यम् 1 Turning away the face, flight, retreat, वैमुख्य चक्रमेत्युच्चैरुचुर्दशमुखान्तिके Bk 9 15 -2 Aversion, disgust

वैमूढकम् A dance performed by men in women's dress, Māl

वैमेयः Exchange, barter

वैयग्रम्, वैयग्रथम् 1 Distraction, perplexity, bewilderment -2 Exclusive devotion, complete absorption in any object, तदनुगुणविधौ यच्च वैयग्र्यमासीत् Mv 7 38

वैयर्थ्यम् Uselessness, unproductiveness, सखे वैयर्थ्य-मिव चक्षुष U 2

वैयधिकरण्यम् The state of being in different case-relations or positions, see व्यधिकरण

वैयवहारिक a Conventional, usual

वैयाकरण a (-णी f) [व्याकरण वेत्यधीते वा अण्] Grammatical -णः A grammarian, वैयाकरणकिरातादप-शब्दमृगा क यान्तु सत्रस्ता Subhās -Comp. -खस्चिः (a grammarian who merely pierces the air with a needle) a poor grammarian -पाशः a bad grammarian -भार्यः one whose wife is a grammarian

वैयाख्यम् An explanation, इतिहासा सवैयाख्या विविधा श्रुतयोऽपि च । इह सर्वमनुकान्तमुक्त ग्रन्थस्य लक्षणम् ॥ Mb 1 1 50

वैयाघ्र a (-घ्री f) 1 Tiger-like, belonging to a tiger, सपताका रथा रेजुवैयाघ्रपरिवारणा Mb 6 72 13 -2 Covered with a tiger's skin -घ्नः A cart covered with a tiger's skin.

वैयात्यम् 1 Boldness, immodesty, absence of shame, अन्यदा भूषणं पुसा क्षमा लज्जेव योषिता । पराक्रम परिभवे वैयात्यं सुरतेष्विव Śi 2 44, सखे यापितवैयात्ये याकुतेऽप्यपयायिनि Śiva B 22 42 -2 Rudeness in general, P VII 2 19

वैयास a Derived from Vyāsa

वैयासकिः N of Śukāchārya, वैयासकेर्जहौ शिष्यो गङ्गाया स्वकलेवरम् Bhāg 1 18 3

वैयासिक a Belonging to Vyāsa, वाणी काणमुज्जीमज्जागण-दवाशासीच्च वैयासिकीम् Mallinātha (Preface to R Com)

वैशुष्ट a. Early, occurring at daybreak, P V 1 97

वैरम् [वीरस्य भाव अण्] 1 Hostility, enmity, animosity, spite, grudge, opposition, quarrel, दानेन वैराण्यपि यान्ति नाशम् Subhās, अज्ञातहृदयेष्वेव वैरीभवति सौहृदम् Ś 5 24 'turns into enmity', विधाय वैरं सामर्थे नरोऽसौ य उदासते । प्रक्षिप्योदार्षे कक्षे शरते तेऽभिमारुतम् Śi 2 42 -2 Hatred, revenge -3 Heroism, prowess -4 A hostile host; यदा हि पूर्वं निहृतो निहृन्तेद्वैरं सपुष्पं सफलं विदित्वा Mb 3 34 20 -Comp -अनुबन्धः commencement of hostilities -अनु-बन्धिन् a leading to enmity (-m) 1 the heating solar ray -2 N of Viṣṇu -आतङ्कः the Arjuna tree -आनृण्यम्, -उद्धारः, -निर्यातनम्, -प्रतिक्रिया, -प्रतीकारः, -यातना, -शुद्धिः f, -साधनम् requital of enmity, taking revenge, retaliation -करः, -कारः, -कृत् m an enemy -भावः hostile attitude -राक्षिन् a guarding against hostilities -व्रतम् a vow of enmity

वैरायते Den A To act inimically, become hostile towards, contend with.

वैरायितम् Hostility

वैरक्तम्, -क्त्यम् [विरक्तस्य भाव व्यञ्] 1 Indifference to worldly attachments, absence of desire -2 Displeasure, dislike, aversion

वैरङ्गिकः [विरङ्ग विराग नित्यमर्हति ठक्] One who has subdued all his passions and desires, an ascetic

वैरल्यम् 1 Scarceness, rareness -2 Looseness -3 Fineness

वैरागम् See वैराग्य.

वैरागिकः, -वैरागिन् *m* An ascetic who has subdued all his passions and desires

वैराग्यम् [विरागस्य भाव व्यञ्] 1 Absence of worldly desires or passions, indifference to the world, asceticism, अन्यसिन् च कौन्तेय वैराग्येण च गृह्यते Bg 6 35, 13 8 -2 Dissatisfaction, displeasure, discontent, काम प्रकृति-वैराग्य सद्य शमयितु क्षम R 17 55 -3 Aversion, dislike -4 Grief, sorrow -5 Change or loss of colour -Comp -शतकम् N of a Bhartrihari's work (one among the शतकत्रयी)

वैराज *a* (-जी *f*) Belonging to Brahman, वैराजा नाम ते लोकास्तेजसा सन्तु ते शिवा U 2 12 -जः Patronymic of Purusa, वैराज पुरुषो योऽसौ भगवान् धारणाश्रय Bhāg 2 1 25, 11 3 12 -जम् N of a Sāman, वैराजमृतुषु प्रोतम् Ch Up 2 16 1

वैराज्यम् Extended sovereignty, Ait Br , Bhāg 10 83 41

वैराट *a* (-टी *f*) [विराटस्येदम् अण्] 1 Belonging to Virāta -2 Woundless, वैराटपृष्ठमुक्षाणम् Mb 13 79 21 (oom राट क्षत विगत राट यस्मात्तद्विराट स्वार्थे तद्धित), (fig) old (वृद्ध) -टः A kind of earth-worm (इन्द्रगेप)

वैरिञ्चयः A son of Brahmā, Bhāg 1 11 6

वैरिन् *a* [वैरमस्त्यस्य इनि] Hostile, inimical -*m* 1 An enemy, शौर्ये वैरिणि वज्रमाशु निपतत्वर्थोऽस्तु न केवलम् Bh 2 39, महाशनो महापाप्मा विद्ध्येनमिह वैरिणम् Bg. 3 37, R 12 104 -2 A hero, brave person

वैरूपम् N of various Sāmans, एतद्वैरूप पर्जन्ये प्रोतम् Ch. Up 2 15 1

वैरूप्यम् [विरूपस्य भाव व्यञ्] 1 Deformity, ugliness, वैरूप्यपौनरुक्त्येन भीषणा तामयोजयत् R 12 40 -2 Difference or diversity of form

वैरेकीय *a* Purgative

वैरोचन *a* Solar, वैरोचनैर्द्विगुणिता सहसा मयूखै Ki 5 46.

वैरोचनः, -वैरोचानिः, -वैरोचिः 1 Epithets of the demon Bali, son of Virochana, व्यक्षोभयेता तौ सैन्यमिन्द्र-वैरोचनाविच Mb 1. 138. 46. -2 Of the son of Agni. -3 Of the son of Sūrya.

वैलक्षण्यम् [विलक्षणस्य भाव व्यञ्] 1 Strangeness -2 Contrariety, opposition -3 Difference, disparity

वैलक्ष्यम् [विलक्षस्य भाव व्यञ्] 1 Embarrassment, confusion, वैलक्ष्यमारप्स्यतेऽनुनेतुम् Dk 2 5, हुतधृतलिपिविद्य वीक्ष्य वैलक्ष्यमूहे Siva B 9 74 -2 Unnaturalness, affectation, वैलक्ष्यस्मितम् 'a forced or affected smile' -3 Shame, वैलक्ष्यहेतोरतिमेतदीयामप्रेऽनुकृत्योपहसन्निवोचै N 3 10, 1 34 -4 Absence of any mark or characteristic -5 Contrariety, inversion

वैलोम्यम् Opposition, inversion, contrariety

वैल्व *a* See वैल्व

वैवक्षिक *a* Meant, intended to be said

वैवधिकः 1 A pedlar, hawker -2 A carrier of loads on a pole -3 A messenger doing various jobs, अथ वैवधिकस्तूर्णं विसृष्ट शिवभूयता Siva B 31 5

वैवर्ण *a* Without any colour (like blue, yellow &c), रूप भवति वैवर्णम् Mb 14 21 9

वैवर्णिक *a* Variegated (said especially of a variety of coral), Kau A 2 11

वैवर्ण्यम् [विवर्णस्य भाव व्यञ्] 1 Change of colour or complexion, paleness, इदमाकर्ण्य वैवर्ण्याकान्तवक्त्र Dk 2 5 -2 Difference, diversity -3 Deviation from caste

वैवर्तम् Revolution, change of existence

वैवस्वतः [विवस्वतोऽपत्यम् अण्] 1 N of the seventh Manu who is supposed to preside over the present age, see under Manu, वैवस्वतो मनुर्नाम माननीयो मनीषिणाम् R 1 11, U 6 18 -2 N of Yama, यानं सस्मार कौबेर वैवस्वतजिगीषया R 15 45 -3 N of Agni -4 One of the eleven Rudras -5 The planet Saturn -तम् The present age or Manvantara, as presided over by Manu Varvasvata or the seventh Manu -Comp -मन्वन्तरम् N of the 7th (the present) मन्वन्तर

वैवस्वती 1 The southern quarter -2 N of Yamunā.

वैवाहिक *a* (-की *f*) [विवाहाय हितं साधु वा ठक्] Relating to marriage, matrimonial, nuptial, वैवाहिको विधि स्त्रीणां सस्कारो वैदिक स्मृत Ms. 2 67, वैवाहिकै कौतुकसविधानैर्युद्धे युद्धे व्यग्रपुरध्रिर्वर्गम् Ku 7 2 -कः, -कम् 1 A marriage, wedding -2 Preparations for a wedding, nuptial festivities -कः The father of a son's wife or daughter's husband

वैवाह्य *a* 1 Nuptial -2 Fit for marriage, अस्मद्वैवाह्य-कुलज. कोऽपि विप्रदारक Dk 2 5 -ह्यम् Nuptial solemnity.

वैविक्यम् Deliverance from

वैशद्यम् 1 Clearness, purity (fig also) -2 Perspicuity as in शिष्यबुद्धिवैशद्यार्थम् -3 Whiteness -4 Calmness, composure (of mind).

वैशम्पायनः N of a celebrated pupil of Vyāsa, जनमेजयेन पृष्ठ सन् ब्राह्मणेश्वर सहस्रश । शशास शिष्यमासीन वैशम्पायन-मन्त्रिके ॥ Mb [It was he who made Yājñavalkya disgorge the whole of the Yajurveda he had learnt from him which was picked up by his other pupils in the form of *Tittiris* or partridges, and hence the Veda was called 'Taṭṭirīya' Vāisampāyana was celebrated for his great skill in narrating Purāṇas, and is said to have recounted the whole of the Mahābhārata to king Janamejaya]

वैशल्यम् Deliverance from a painful incumbrance (as that of the fetus)

वैशस a Causing death or destruction, दृष्टासि युधि सम्बाधे प्रवृत्ते वैशसहनि Mb 5 76 15 -सम् 1 Destruction, slaughter, butchery, ददर्श यदुवीराणामापाने वैशस महत् Mb 1 2 58, विधिना कृतमर्धवैशसम् Ku 4 31, U 4 24, 6 40 -2 Distress, torment, pain, suffering, hardship, सर्पवृश्चिकदशाधैर्यशस्त्रिश्चालैवशसम् Bhāg 3 30 26, 8 7 37, उपरोधवैशसम् Mu 2, धिगुच्छ्वसितवैशसम् Māl 9 35 -3 Violence (हिंसा), Bhāg 5 9 15 -4 N of a hell, Bhāg 4 25 58

वैशसनम् = वैशसम्, see above, अयुराणा प्लवङ्गानामत्र वैशसन महत् A Rām 6 14 3

वैशाखम् 1 Defencelessness. -2 Government, rule -3 The state of being unarmed

वैशाखः 1 N of the second lunar month (corresponding to April-May) -2 A churning-stick, द्रुततरकरदक्षा क्षिप्तवैशाखशैले कलशमुदधिगुर्वी वल्लवा लोडयन्ति Si 11 8, कालेन वैशाखधर विवाय प्रभाकर बिम्बममन्थि सिन्धु Rām ch 6 39 -खम् A kind of attitude in shooting, see विशाख -खी The full-moon day in the month of Vaisākha

वैशारद a 1 Experienced, skilled, वैशारदी धी Bhāg 7 7 17 -2 Learned, all-knowing, यद्येषोपरता देवी माया-वैशारदी मति Bhāg 1 3 34 -दम् Profound learning, नह्यस्य कश्चित् सदृशोऽस्ति शास्त्रे वैशारदे छन्दगतौ तथैव Rām 7 36 45.

वैशारद्यम् Skill, cleverness, proficiency

वैशिक a (-की f) Practised by harlots, वैशिकी कलाम् Mk 1 4 'arts practised by harlots' -कः A person who associates with harlots, a kind of hero in erotic works -कम् Harlotry, arts of harlots

वैशिष्टम् = वैशिष्ट्य below

वैशिष्ट्यम् 1 Distinction, difference -2 Peculiarity, speciality, particularity, वैशिष्ट्यादन्यमर्थं या बोधयेत् सार्थसम्बा S. D 27 -3 Excellence, S D 78 -4 Possession or endowment with some characteristic attribute

वैशेषिक a (-की f) 1 Characteristic, special; विषये वर्तमानाना य तं वैशेषिकैरुणे (प्राहुर्विषयगोप्ताम्) Mb. 12 47-70, 7 5 15 -2 Belonging to the Vaiśeṣika doctrine. -कः

चं. इ. को... १८९

A follower of the Vaiśeṣika doctrine -कम् [विशेष पदार्थ-भेदमधिकृत्य कृतो ग्रन्थ उच्यते] One of the six principal Darśanas or systems of Hindu philosophy founded by Kanāda, it differs from the Nyāya philosophy of Gautama in that it recognizes only seven instead of sixteen categories or heads of predicables (the earlier writers e. g. Kanāda recognizing only six), and lays particular stress upon Viśeṣa

वैशेषिन् a Specific, individual

वैशेष्यम् 1 Excellence, pre-eminence, superiority, अन्योन्यगुणवैशेष्यान् किञ्चिदतिरिच्यते Ms 9 296 -2 Specific or generic distinction

वैश्यः A man of the third tribe, his business being trade and agriculture, a peasant, विशत्याशु पशुभ्यश्च कृत्यादावचि शुचि । वेदाभ्ययनसपन्न स वैश्य इति सञ्ज्ञित ॥ Padma Purāṇa (He is supposed to have sprung from the thighs of Purusa, of ऊरु तदस्य यद्वैश्य Rv 10 90) -Comp -कर्मन् n, वृत्तिः f the business or occupation of a Vaiśya, trade, agriculture &c -भावः the state or condition of a वैश्य, ब्राह्मण सप्तरात्रेण वैश्यभाव नियच्छति Ms 10 93

वैश्रम्भक a Inspiring confidence, वैश्रम्भकैरुपसृतानुप-विश्रम्भस्य Bhāg 5 26 32

वैश्रवणः 1 N of Kubera, the god of wealth, विभाति यस्या ललितालकाया मनोहरा वैश्रवणस्य लक्ष्मी Bv 2 10, यदाश्रोर्ध वैश्रवणेन सार्धम् Mb 1 1 166 -2 N of Rāvana -Comp -आलयः, -आवासः 1 the abode of Kubera -2 the fig-tree -उदयः the fig-tree

वैश्वदेव a (-वी f) 1 Belonging to the Viśvedevas, q v, Mb 12 301. 8 -वम् [विश्वेभ्यो देवेभ्यो देवो बलि अण्] 1 An offering made to the Viśvedevas -2 An offering to all deities (made by presenting oblations to fire before meals) -वी The eighth day of the second half of Māgha

वैश्वरूप a Multiform, manifold, diverse -पम् The universe

वैश्वरूप्यम् Action of varied aspects, diversity, अविभागाद् वैश्वरूप्यस्य Sāṅkhya K 15

वैश्वस्त्यम् Widowhood, नलात् स्ववैश्वस्त्यमनाप्तुमानता नृप-त्रिय N 15 55

वैश्वानर a (-री f) 1 Relating or common to all mankind, fit for all men, तान् होवाचैते वै खलु यूय पृथागिवेम-मात्मान वैश्वानर विद्वांसोऽन्नमत्य Ch Up 5 18, स एष वैश्वानरो विश्वरूप प्राणोऽग्निरुदयते Praśna Up 1 7, हिरण्यगर्भ स्थूलेऽस्मिन् देहे वैश्वानरो भवेत् Pañchadaśī 1 28 -2 Universal, general, common -2 Zodiacal, गगने तान्यनेकानि वैश्वानरपथाद्वाहि-

Rām 1 60 31 -रः 1 An epithet of fire, त्वत् खाण्डव-
रज्जताण्डवनदो दूरेऽस्तु वैश्वानर Bv 1 57 -2 The fire of
digestion (in the stomach), अह वैश्वानरो भूत्वा प्राणिना देह-
माश्रित । प्राणापानसमायुक्त पचाम्यन्न चतुर्विधम्॥ Bg 15 14 -3
General consciousness (in Vedānta phil) -4 The
Supreme Being -5 The Chitraka tree -री 1 N of a
particular division of the moon's path, also वैश्वानरपथ,
Rām 1 60 31 -2 N of a particular sacrifice per-
formed at the beginning of every year, इष्टि वैश्वानरी
नित्य निर्वपेदन्धपर्यये Mb 12 165 15

वैश्वसिक a (-की f) Trusty, confidential, अभ्यन्तर-
कलासु वैश्वसिकजनात् प्रयत्नेन प्रयोगग्रहणम् Dk 2 2

वैश्वी f The asterism of Uttarāsādhā, L D B

वैषः Slaughter, स वैष स च सत्रासावेश साप्यसहायता
Siva B 23 25

वैषम्यम् [विषमस्य भाव ष्यञ्] 1 Unevenness -2
Roughness, harshness -3 Inequality -4 Injustice
-5 Difficulty, misery, calamity -6 Solitariness -7 An
error, mistake

वैषमेषव a Belonging to विषमेषु : e Cupid, वनिता
व्यरुचद्वपुष्मती विजयश्रीरिव वैषमेषवी Sāhendra 2 69

वैषयिक a (-की f) [विषयेण निर्वृत्त ठक्] 1 Relating
to an object -2 Pertaining to objects of sense, sensual,
carnal -कः A sensualist, voluptuary

वैषुवत्, वैषुवत a (-ती f) Relating to the equi-
nox, equinoctial -तम् 1 The equinox, स एष उदगयन-
दक्षिणायनवैषुवतसंज्ञाभि Bhāg 5 21 3 -2 The centre

वैष्टिकः One compelled to labour

वैष्टुतम् The ashes of a burnt offering, also वैष्टुमम्

वैष्टः 1 Heaven, sky -2 Air, wind -3 A world, a
division of the universe -4 N of Viṣṇu -ष्टम् the
world

वैष्णव a (-वी f) [विष्णुर्देवतास्य तस्येद वा अण्] 1
Relating to Viṣṇu, गा गतस्य तव धाम वैष्णवम् R 11 85
-2 Worshipping Viṣṇu -वः 1 One of the three impor-
tant modern Hindu sects, the other two being Śaiva
and Śākta sects -2 N of the asterism Śravana -वी
1 The personified Śakti or energy of Viṣṇu -2 N of
Durgā -3 Asparagus Racemosus (Mar. शतावरी) -4
The Tulasī plant -वम् 1 The residence of Viṣṇu, : e
वैकुण्ठ -2 The ashes of a burnt offering -Comp -पुराणम्
N of one of the 18 Purāṇas -स्थानकम् (in drama)
walking about the stage with great strides

वैसादृश्यम् Dissimilarity, difference, कर्तुं श्रद्धाया
वैसादृश्यात् कर्मफल विसदृश भवति Bhāg 5 26 3

वैसारिणः A fish -Comp -केतनः the fish-ban-
nered god of love, निषत्य वैसारिणकेतनस्य वा व्रजन्ति बाणा
विमुक्तोत्पत्तिष्णुताम् N. 9. 110.

वैसूचनम् Assuming the part of a female by a
man (in dramas)

वैस्वर्यम् 1 Loss of voice -2 Different accentuation.

वैहस्यम् Confusion, bewilderment, शिविर तत्तदातङ्क-
बशाद् वैहस्यमादे Siva B 12. 13

वैहायस a (-सी f) Being in the air, aerial -सम्
1 The sky, atmosphere, वैहायसं प्राक्रमद्वै कर्णस्य व्यथयन्मनः
Mb 7 139 75 -2 Flying in the air, Bhāg 5 5 35

वैहारिक a Serving for sport, वैहारिकाणा शिल्पाना
विज्ञातार्थविभागवित् Rām 2 1 28

वैहार्य a To be sported with, to be made the sub-
ject of jokes or pleasantry (said of the brother of one's
wife or of the wife's relatives in general), यथा बालेषु
नारीषु वैहार्येषु तथैव च । सकरेषु निपातेषु तथापद्व्यसनेषु च । अनृत
नोक्तपूर्वं मे Mb -र्यम् Sportiveness, fun

वैहाली Hunting, chase

वैहासिकः 1 A jester, buffoon, भानुस्ताम्यद्वनरुहबनी-
कलिवैहासिकोऽयम् N 19 65, A R 4 4. -2 An actor
in general

वोटा f A maid-servant (cf पोटा)

वोड्रः 1 A kind of snake -2 A kind of fish

वोड्री The fourth part of a Pana, q v

वोढ a married

वोढ m 1 A bearer, porter, हे वोढार साध्वतिक्रमत Bhāg
5 10 2 -2 A leader -3 A husband -4 A bull -5
A charioteer -6 A draught-horse

वोण्टः A stalk, stem

वोद a. Moist, wet, damp

वोदालः The sheat-fish.

वोर(ल)कः 1 A scribe, writer. -2 An artist

वोरटः A kind of jasmine (कुन्द).

वोरपट्टी f A mattress, L D B

वोरवः A kind of rice-corn

वोरखानः A kind of red horse

वोलः Gum-myrrh

वोलकः A whirl-pool.

वोल्लाहः A kind of horse

वोहिरथः A raft, boat, L D B.

वौड a See बौड.

वौषट् ind An exclamation or formula used in offer-
ing an oblation to the gods or Manes

व्य A technical term for indeclinables such as नि, चित् &c

व्यः A cover, veil

व्यंशकः A mountain

व्यंशुक a Undressed, naked, व्यंशुकस्फुटमुखीमातिजिह्वा श्रीडया नववधूमिष लोक (पश्यति) Ku 9 24

व्यंस् 10 U 1 To divide, distribute -2 To foil, ward off -3 To deceive, cheat

व्यंस a Broad-shouldered

व्यसकः A rogue, cheat, as in मयूरव्यसक 'a roguish peacock', 'a rogue of a peacock'

व्यंसनम् 1 Cheating, deceiving -2 Distributing

व्यंसित p p 1 Cheated -2 Defeated, व्यसितो श्रीष्ठितो राजन्नाजगाम स कुण्डिनम् Mb 5 158 14 -3 Made ineffective, व्यसिता चाप्युपायेन शकृदत्ता मयाऽनघ Mb 7 181 28

व्यक्षः The equator

व्यङ्कुश a Unrestrained

व्यग्र a [विगतमग्र यस्य] 1 Bewildered, perplexed, distracted, त व्यग्रचक्र दितिपुत्राधमेन Bhāg 3 19 6 -2 Alarmed, frightened -3 Eagerly or intently occupied (with loc, instr or in comp), स राजककुदव्यग्रपाणिभि पार्श्ववर्तिभि R 17 27, Mv 1 13, 4 28, Ku 7 2, U 1 23, Bv 1 123, आरभन्तेऽल्पमेवाज्ञा काम व्यग्रा भवन्ति च Śi 2 79 -4 Being in motion (as a wheel) -ग्रः N of Viṣṇu

व्यङ्ग a [विगतमङ्ग यस्य] 1 Bodiless -2 Wanting a limb, deformed, mutilated, maimed, crippled -3 Ill-arranged -4 Lame -5 Having no wheels -ङ्गः 1 A cripple -2 A frog -3 Dark spots on the cheek, क्रीडायासप्रकृपितो वायु पितेन सयुत । मुखमागत्य सहसा मण्डल विसृज्यत । नीरुज तनुर्क दयाव मुखे व्यङ्ग तमादिशत् Mādh N -4 Steel -Comp -अर्थः suggested or implied sense, of व्यङ्ग्य

व्यङ्ग्यति Den P To mutilate, cripple, maim

व्यङ्गिता Mutilation, विहिता व्यङ्गिता तेषामपराधे महत्यपि Pt 1 201

व्यङ्गुलम् An extremely small measure of length equal to one-sixtieth part of an *angula*

व्यङ्गार a Having no fire, विधूमे न्यस्तमुसले व्यङ्गारे भुक्त्वज्जने । अतीतपात्रसचारे भिक्षा लिप्सेत वै मुनि ॥ Mb 12 278 9

व्यङ्ग्य a 1 Indicated by implication, indicated by covert or indirect allusion -2 Suggested (as sense) -ङ्ग्यम् Suggested sense, insinuation, the meaning hinted at (opp वाच्य 'the primary or expressed meaning', and लक्ष्य 'the secondary or indicated meaning'),

इदमुत्तममतिशयिनि 'व्यङ्ग्ये वाच्याद् ध्वनिर्बुधै कथित K P 1 -Comp -उक्तिः f covert expression, insinuation, inuendo

व्यच् 6 P (विचति, pass विच्यते) 1 To cheat, deceive, trick -2 To surround, encompass, pervade

व्यचस् n Ved Expanse, vastness

व्यजः A fan

व्यजनम् A fan, निर्वाते व्यजनम् H 2 165, R 8 40, 10 62, of बालव्यजन -Comp -क्रिया the act of fanning -चामरम् a chowrie

व्यञ्ज 7 P 1 To reveal, manifest, show, अकिंचनत्व मखज व्यनक्ति R 5 16, Śi 1 26 -2 To indicate, denote -3 Ved To amount thoroughly -4 Ved To decorate, adorn

व्यक्त p p 1 Manifested, displayed -2 Developed, created, व्यक्तो व्यक्तेरश्वासि प्राकाम्य ते विभूतिषु Ku 2 11. -3 Evident, manifest, clear, plain, distinct, clearly visible, व्यक्तेऽपि वासरे नित्य दीर्घत्यतमसावृत Pt 2 96 -4 Specified, known, distinguished -5 Individual -6 Wise, learned -7 Ved Adorned, decorated -क्तः 1 N of Viṣṇu -2 Heat -3 A learned man -क्तम् 1 That which is developed as the product of अव्यक्त q v -2 Manifestation, कार्यव्यक्तेन करणे काले भवति हेतुमात्र Mb 12. 211 11. -3 A तत्त्व, पुरुष प्रकृतिर्व्यक्तमहङ्कारो नभोऽनिल । ज्योतिराप क्षितिरिति तत्त्वान्युक्तानि मे नव ॥ Bhāg 11 22 14. -क्तम् ind Clearly, evidently, certainly -Comp. -कृत्यम् a public action -गणितम् arithmetic -गन्ध्या jasmine -दृष्टार्थः an eye-witness, a witness in general -मारिचिक a much peppered -राशिः a known quantity -रूपः an epithet of Viṣṇu -लवण a much salted -वाच distinct speech, P I 3 48 -विक्रम a displaying valour

व्यक्तिः f 1 Manifestation, visibility, clear perception, राज्ञ समक्षमेवाधरोत्तरव्यक्तिर्भविष्यति M 1, स्नेहव्यक्ति Me 12 -2 Visible appearance, clearness, distinctness, अव्यक्त व्यक्तिमापन्न मन्यन्ते मामबुद्धय Bg 7 24, Dk 2 6, व्यक्ति भजन्त्यापगा Ś 7 8 (1) -3 Distinction, discrimination, देवमानुषयोरथ व्यक्ता व्यक्तिर्भविष्यति Rām 2 23 18, त सन्त श्रोतुमर्हन्ति सदसद्व्यक्तिहेतव R 1 10 -4 Real form or nature, true character, न हि ते भगवन् व्यक्ति विदुर्देवा न दानवा Bg 10 14 -5 An individual (opp जाति), as in जातिव्यक्ती, अव्यक्ताद् व्यक्तय सर्वा प्रभवन्त्यहरागमे Bg 8 18 -6 Gender (in gram) -7 Inflection

व्यक्तीकृ 8 U To make clear, show, manifest

व्यक्तीभू 1 P To become distinct or clear, become clearly visible

व्यञ्जक a (-ञ्जिका f) 1 Making clear, indicating, showing, manifesting -2 Suggesting or insinuating a meaning (as a word, opp वाचक and लक्षणिक q q v v),

-कः 1 Dramatic action or gesture, external indication of an internal feeling by suitable gesticulation -2 A sign, symbol -3 Figurative expression or insinuation -Comp -अर्थः (in Rhet) suggested or implied sense

व्यञ्जनम् 1 Making clear, indicating, manifesting -2 A mark, token, sign, सुदुमार महासत्त्व पार्थिवव्यञ्जनावितम् (रामम्) Rām 3 17 8 -3 A reminder, Māl 9 -4 Disguise, garb, नानाव्यञ्जना प्रणिधय Mu 1, Śi 2 56, तपस्विव्यञ्जनेपिता, गृहपतिवैदेहकतापसव्यञ्जना प्रणिधय Kau A 2 &c -5 A consonant -6 A mark of the sex, e the male or female organ -7 Insignia -8 A mark or sign of puberty, अज्ञातव्यञ्जन श्रीमान् बाल श्याम शुभेक्षण Rām 3 88 14, बालमप्राप्तवयसमज्जतव्यञ्जनाकृतिम् Mb 1 157 35 -9 The beard -10 A limb, member -11 (a) A condiment, sauce, a seasoned article, व्यञ्जनानि ओदनार्थानि SB on MS 10 8 29, अशक्नुवद्विर्वहुयुक्तवत्या यदुज्जिता व्यञ्जनपुञ्जराशय N 16 104 (b) An article used in seasoning food, spices &c -12 The last of the three powers of a word by virtue of which it suggests or insinuates a sense, see अञ्जन-ना (9) (written व्यञ्जना also in this sense), विरतास्वभिधाद्यासु यथार्थो बोध्यतेऽपर । सा वृत्तिर्व्यञ्जना नाम शब्द-स्यार्थादिकस्य च । S D -13 The letter (as opp to अर्थ 'meaning') -14 A day -15 A privy part -Comp -उदय a followed by a consonant -कारः the preparer of a sauce or condiment -धातुः (वाद्यवादनविधि) playing on the lute, व्यक्तिर्व्यञ्जनधातुना दशविधेनाप्यत्र लब्धासुना Nāg 1 14 -संधिः the junction or coalition of consonants

व्यञ्जना 1 See व्यञ्जन (12) above -2 Irony, sarcasm -3 Insinuation -4 Articulation, utterance of words, हीनव्यञ्जनया प्रेक्ष्य भीतचित्त इवाश्रुवम् Rām 2 64 11 -Comp -वृत्तिः f insinuation, figurative or elliptical mode of expression

व्यञ्जित p p 1 Made clear, manifested, indicated. -2 Marked, distinguished, characterized -3 Suggested, insinuated

व्यङ्ग्यकः, -व्यङ्ग्यवनः The castor-oil plant

व्यतिकृ 6 P To mix, blend, scatter (usually in pass)

व्यतिकर a 1 Reciprocal -2 Spreading, pervading -3 Contiguous, near -रः 1 Mixture, intermixture, mixing, blending together, तीर्थे तोयव्यतिकरभवे जहुकन्या-सरस्वो R 8 95, व्यतिकर इव भीमस्तामसो वैद्युतश्च U 5 18, Māl 9 52, Bhāg 11 10 34 -2 Contact, union, combination, रुदेणदमुमाकृतव्यतिकरे स्वाङ्गे विभक्त द्विधा M 1 4, Māl 7, Śi 4 53, 7 28 -3 Striking against, कठोरास्थि-ग्रन्थिव्यतिकरणकारमुखर Māl 5 34 -4 Obstruction, मार्गाचलव्यतिकराकुलिते सिन्धु Ku 5 85 -5 An incident, occurrence, affair, a thing, matter, एवविधे व्यतिकरे 'such being the case' -6 An opportunity -7 Misfortune, calamity -8 Mutual relation, reciprocity -9 Exchange, interchange, सोऽय दिशतिव्यतिकरोपशमाय सृष्टान् Bhāg 4 1

57 -10 Alternation -11 Provocation (क्षोभ), कालाद्गुण-व्यतिकर परिणाम स्वभावतः Bhāg 2 5 22 -12 Destruction, प्रजोपप्लवमालक्ष्य लोकव्यतिकर च तम् Bhāg 1 7 32 -13 Spreading, pervading, Bhāg 5 3 4

व्यतिकरित a Pervaded, filled, व्यतिकरितदिगन्ता श्वेत-मालैर्यशोभि Māl 2 9

व्यतिकीर्ण p p 1 Mixed or blended together -2 United -3 Shaken about, पर्यायव्यतिकीर्णकर्णपवनेराह्लादिभि-र्वजयन् Māl 9 32

व्यतिक्रम 1 U 1 To transgress, violate, offend against, समतोऽह प्रभोर्नित्यमिति मत्वा व्यतिक्रमेत् Pt 1 56 -2 To neglect, omit -3 To pass, spend (time) -4 To pass over or beyond

व्यतिक्रमः 1 Transgressing, deviating, swerving, divergence, 'belonging to two different Vedas' as in गुणमुख्यव्यतिक्रमे तदर्थत्वान्मुख्येन वेदसंयोग MS 3 3 9 -2 Violation, breach, non-performance, as in सविद्व्यतिक्रम, तस्य व्यतिक्रमाद्वाज्ञो भविष्यति सुदारुणा Rām 1 9 8, प्रतिबध्नाति हि श्रेय पूज्यपूजाव्यतिक्रम R 1 79 -3 Disregard, neglect, omission. -4 Contrariety, inversion, reverse -5 Sin, vice, crime, अत्र ब्रूहि यथातत्त्व को रामस्य व्यतिक्रम Rām 3 89 24, व्यतिक्रम मे भगवन् क्षन्तुमर्हसि शकर Mb 3 89 80, Ms 8 355 -6 Adversity, misfortune -7 Violating, transgression, तयोर्व्यतिक्रम दृष्ट्वा कुदस्य भवतो हरे Mb 3 12 39

व्यतिक्रान्त p p 1 Passed over, transgressed, violated, neglected -2 Inverted, reversed -3 Elapsed, passed away (as time). -4 One who has wrongfully taken to, Mb 12

व्यतिक्लेषः Mutual altercation, contest, नानादिभ्य समाहूता सहया सरथद्विपा । तेषामासीद्व्यतिक्लेष Mb 7 105 33

व्यतिकृम्बित a In immediate contact with

व्यतिपातः = व्यतीपात q v

व्यतिष्ठ 2 P To mix, अन्योन्यं स व्यतियुत शब्दाव् शब्दैस्तु भीषणान् Bk 8 6

व्यतिरिच् pass 1 To differ or be separate from -2 To surpass, excel, lie beyond, स्तुतिभ्यो व्यतिरिच्यन्ते दूराणि चरितानि ते R 10 30 See व्यतिरिक्त below

व्यतिरिक्त p p 1 Separated or distinct from, अव्यति-रिक्तैयमस्मच्छरीरात् K, कामस्य पुष्पव्यतिरिक्तमलम् Ku 1 31, 5 22 -2 Surpassing, excelling, going beyond -3 Withdrawn, withheld -4 Excepted -क्तम् ind With the exception of, except, without

व्यतिरिक्तम् A particular manner of flying

व्यतिरेकः 1 Distinction, difference, यथा गन्धस्य भूमेश्च न भावो व्यतिरेकतः Bhāg 3 27 18 -2 Separation from -3 Exclusion, exception -4 Excellence, surpassing,

excelling -5 Contrast, dissimilarity -6 (In logic) Logical discontinuance (opp अन्वय q v), यत्र साध्याभावस्तत्र हेत्वभाव इति व्यतिरेकव्याप्ति (e.g. यत्र वह्निर्नास्ति तत्र धूमो नास्ति is an instance of व्यतिरेकव्याप्ति) -7 (In Rhet) A figure of speech which consists in representing the *Upameya* as superior to the *Upamāna* in some particular respects, उपमानाद्यदन्यस्य व्यतिरेक स एव स K P 10 (व्यतिरेकेण means 'except, without', व्यतिरेके 'on the contrary supposition') -Comp -व्याप्ति see व्यतिरेक (6) above

व्यतिरेकिन् a 1 Different -2 Surpassing, excelling, कालमिव्यतिरेकिणा भगवताम् Mv 1 46 -3 Excluding, excepting -4 Showing negation or non-existence, as in व्यतिरेकिल्लम्, see व्यतिरेक (6) above

व्यतिरेचनम् Contrasting, pointing out difference.

व्यतिरोपित p p Ejected, dispossessed

व्यतिविद्ध p p 1 Entwined -2 Pierced

व्यतिषङ्ग 1 P 1 To link together, connect mutually, व्यतिषजति पदार्थान्तर कोऽपि हेतु U 6 12 -2 To change (Ātm) -3 To involve (in a game), Dk

व्यतिषक्त p p 1 Mutually connected or related, linked or joined together, सकीर्णयोनयो ये तु प्रतिलोमानुलोमजा । अन्योन्यव्यतिषक्ता Ms 10 25 -2 Intermixed -3 Intermarrying

व्यतिषङ्गः 1 Mutual relation, reciprocal connection -2 Intermixture, entanglement, जुव्यद्वितानतनिकाव्यतिषङ्गभाज Śi 5 61 -3 Union, junction in general -4 Fastening or tying together, तन्तुव्यतिषङ्गजनितोऽयं तन्तुव्यतिषङ्गविनाशात् तन्तुविनाशाद्वा विनश्यतीत्यवगच्छति SB on MS 1 1 21 -5 Hostile encounter, सेनयोर्व्यतिषङ्गेण जय माघारणो भवेत् Mb 12 103 5 -6 Barter, exchange, अन्योन्यवित्तव्यतिषङ्गवृद्धवैरानुबन्ध Bhāg 5 13 13

व्यतिषङ्गनम् Joining together, uniting, स्त्रीपुंसव्यतिषङ्गनजनयत पत्यु प्रजानामभूद्भ्यास N 15 88

व्यति (ती) हारः 1 Exchange, barter -2 Reciprocity, interchange, विक्रमव्यतिहारेण सामान्याभूद् द्वयोरपि R 12 93 -3 Exchange of blows, abuse, &c

व्यतिहृत a = विरहित q v., शून्य प्रियव्यतिहृत ददृशुल्लोकम् Bhāg 10 16. 20

व्यती 2 P (व्यति-इ) 1 To go out of, swerve from, transgress, रेखामात्रमपि क्षुण्णादा मनोर्वर्त्मन परम् । न व्यतीयु प्रजास्तस्य निश्चिन्तयैमिच्छत्य ॥ R 1 17 -2 To pass, elapse (as time), सप्त व्यतीयुस्त्रिगुणानि तस्य (दिनानि) R 2 25, व्यतीति काले &c -3 To pass beyond, leave behind, य य व्यतीयाय पतिवरा सा R 6 67 -4 To surpass, excel -5 To neglect, omit

व्यतीत p p 1 Passed, gone, elapsed, passed over, बहूनि मे व्यतीतानि जन्मानि तव चार्जुन Bg 4 5, व्यतीतकालस्त्व-

हमभ्युपेत R 5 14 -2 Dead -3 Left, abandoned, departed from -4 Disregarded, omitted -5 Tardy, negligent

व्यत्ययः 1 Passing over -2 Opposition, contrariety -3 Inverted order, inversion, वेणुसर्पणजो वह्निर्दग्धा शाम्यति तद्वनम् । एव गुणव्यत्ययजो देह शाम्यति तत्क्रिय ॥ Bhāg 11 13 7 -4 Interchange, transmutation -5 Obstruction, hindrance, अभक्ष्य बहुदोष स्यात्तस्मात् कार्यो न व्यत्यय Pt 4 57 -यम् ind Alternately

व्यतीपातः 1 Total departure, complete deviation -2 Any great portentous calamity, or a portent foreboding a great calamity -3 Disrespect, contempt -4 The seventeenth of the astronomical Yogas -5 The day of full-moon (when it falls on a Monday) -6 A malignant or evil aspect of the sun and moon (considered to be inauspicious for the performance of any action)

व्यत्यस्य I 2 Ā (व्यतिहे, व्यतिसे, व्यतिस्ते) To excel, surpass, be above or superior to, outweigh, अन्यो व्यतिस्ते तु ममापि धर्म Bk 2 35 -II. 4 P To invert, reverse, change upside down, व्यत्यास्य सूत च रथ च राजा Bu Oh 3 53, व्यत्यस्यता यथाकाम वयसा योऽभिधास्यति Bhāg 9 18 37 See व्यत्यस्त below

व्यत्यस्त p p 1 Reversed, inverted -2 Contrary, opposite -3 Incoherent, व्यत्यस्त लपति Bv 2 84 -4 Crossed, placed crosswise, व्यत्यस्तपाद, व्यत्यस्तमुज &c, व्यत्यस्तपाणिना कार्यमुपसग्रहण गुरो Ms 2 72

व्यत्यासः 1 Inverted position or order, कृतव्यत्यासनामका Parnāl 3 31 -2 Opposition, contrariety -3 Change, रागान्वीकृतनयनेन नामधेयव्यत्यासादभिमुखमीरित प्रियेण Śi 4 39

व्यथ 1 Ā (व्यथते, व्यथित) 1 To be sorry, to be pained, vexed or afflicted, be agitated or disquieted, विद्वभरापि नाम व्यथते इति जितमपत्यस्नेहेन U 7, न विव्यथे तस्य मन K1 1 2, 24 -2 To be disturbed, be ruffled or agitated, व्यथितसिन्धुमनीरक्षणे शनै K1 5 11 -3 To tremble, येषा न वृत्त व्यथते न योनिश्चितप्रसादेन चरन्ति धर्मम् Mb 5 36 24 -4 To be afraid -5 To dry, become dry -Caus (व्यथयति-ते) 1 To pain, distress, vex, annoy, तथा वृत्त पापैर्व्यथयति यथा क्षालितमपि U. 1 28 -2 To frustrate, mar -3 To frighten, terrify -4 To lead or turn away -With प्र to be excessively vexed; दृष्ट्वाद्भुत रूपमिदं ततोऽप्र लोकत्रय प्रव्यथित महात्मन् Bg 11 20, 45

व्यथक a (-थिका f) Painful, distressing, परिणामसुखे गरीयसि व्यथकेऽस्मिन् वचसि क्षतौजसाम् K1 2 4

व्यथनम् 1 Giving pain, tormenting. -2 (In Ved gram.) Change, variation -3 Piercing, perforating -4 Tottering, wavering, P V 4 46 -a Greatly disturbing, perplexing, तद् दृष्ट्वा व्यथन कर्म कुम्भकर्णस्य रक्षस Mb 3 287, 6

व्यथा [व्यथ्-भावे-अच्] 1 Pain, agony, anguish, ता च व्यथा प्रसवकालकृततामवाय U 4 23, 1 12 -2 Fear, alarm, anxiety, स्वन्तमित्यलघयत् स तद्व्यथाम् R 11 62 -3 Agitation, disquietude -4 Disease -5 Loss, damage -Comp -कर a painful, troublesome, hurtful

व्यथित p p 1 Afflicted, distressed, pained -2 Alarmed -3 Agitated, disquieted, troubled

व्यथ् 4 P (वियथि, विद्ध) 1 To pierce, hurt, strike, stab, kill, तमभिदुःख पाप्मनाविध्यन् सय सपाप्मा Bri Up 1 3 2, युना मनांसि विव्याध दृष्ट्वा दृष्ट्वा मनोभव H 2 111, अक्षितारासु विव्याध द्विषत स तनुनिणि Si 19 99, विद्धमात्र R 5 51, 9 60, 14 70, Bk 5 52, 9 66, 15 69 -2 To bore, perforate, pierce through -3 To pick -4 To wave or brandish in triumph (as the tail &c), चैलानि विव्यधुस्तत्र ब्राह्मणाश्च सहस्रश Mb 1 188 23 -5 (In astr) To fix the position of a heavenly body

व्यथः [व्यथ्-अच्] 1 Piercing, splitting, hitting, विद्धति जनतामन शरव्यव्यधपटुमन्मथचापनादशङ्काम् Si 7 24 -2 Smiting, wounding, striking -3 Perforating -4 A stroke, wound -धा Bleeding

व्यधिकरणम् Subsisting in different receptacles or substrata, (as in व्यधिकरणबहुव्रीहि which means 'a Bahuvrīhi compound, the first member of which is not in apposition, or stands in a different case-relation, to the second, in the dissolution of the compound', e g चक्रपाणि, चन्द्रमौलि &c.)

व्यधिक्लेषः Invective, harsh language

व्यध्वः 1 A butt, target, a mark to aim at -2 A bow-string

व्यध्वः A bad or wrong road

व्यनुनादः Reverberation, loud echo

व्यन्तरः A spirit, a kind of supernatural being, अस्माक कश्चिद् व्यन्तर सिद्ध Pt 5

व्यप् 10 U (व्यापयति-ते) 1 To throw -2 To diminish, waste, decrease

व्यपकृष् 1 P 1 To draw away -2 To lead astray, seduce -3 To remove, take away

व्यपकृष्ट p p Drawn aside, taken away, removed

व्यपगम् 1 P 1 To go away, retire, retreat -2 To disappear, vanish

व्यपगत p p 1 Gone away, departed, disappeared, मदे मे व्यपगत Bh 2 8, नाभ्यास्यन्ति व्यपगतशुचस्त्वामपि प्राप्य हसा Me 78 -2 Removed -3 Fallen away from, deprived of, free from

व्यपगमः Departure, disappearance

व्यपत्रप् 1 Ā 1 To turn away through shame -2 To be ashamed, feel ashamed

व्यपत्रप a Shameless, impudent.

व्यपदिश 6 P 1 To name, call, व्यपदिश्यसे जगति विक्रमी-त्यत Si 15 28 -2 To name or call falsely, मित्र च मा व्यपदिशस्यपर च यासि Mk 4 9 -3 To speak of, profess, जन्मेन्दोर्विमले कुले व्यपदिशसि Ve 6 7 -4 To pretend, feign, व्यपदिशति न शैवप्रोत्या कथचिदनास्थया Mv 2 11 -5 To indicate, show -6 To signify, mean, denote

व्यपदिष्ट p p 1 Named -2 Shown, represented, signified -3 Pleaded as a pretext or excuse

व्यपदेशः 1 Representation, information, notice, अल वै व्यपदेशेन धनुरायच्छ राघव Mb. 3 99 49 -2 Designation by name, naming -3 A name, an appellation, a title, एव व्यपदेशभाज U 6 -4 A family, race, अथ कोऽस्य व्यपदेश S 7, व्यपदेशमाविलयितु किमीहसे जनमिम च पातयितुम् S 5 21 -5 Fame, reputation, renown, also in adjectival sense, व्यपदेशकुले जाता पूजिताश्चाप्यभीक्ष्णश Rām 4 64 21, Ms 7 168. -6 A trick, pretext, excuse, device, भारतव्यपदेशेन ह्याम्नायार्थश्च दर्शित Bhāg 1 4 29 -7 Fraud, craft -8 Concealment, dissimulation, Māl 7

व्यपदेशिन् a 1 (In comp) Conforming to, following the advice of, महावशप्रसूतस्य वसिष्ठव्यपदेशिन (तत्रैव भुवि नान्यत) Rām 1 19 2 -2 Having a designation

व्यपदेशू m A cheat, an impostor

व्यपनयः Taking away, removal, तस्या पिण्डव्यपनय कुर्यादस्मद्विष कथम् Mb 5 141 7 -2 Misbehaviour, कुरुराज नरश्रेष्ठ तव व्यपनयो महान् Mb 7 144 29

व्यपयानम् Retreat, flight, Mb 3

व्यपरुह Caus 1 To eradicate, extirpate -2 To remove -3 To deprive of, प्रीतिपूर्वं महाबाहु प्राणैर्न व्यपरोपयत् Mb 14 74 20

व्यपरोपणम् Extirpating, uprooting -2 Expelling, removing, driving away -3 Cutting off, tearing out, plucking, चुकोप तस्मै स मृश सुरन्निय प्रसह केशव्यपरोपणादिव R 3 56

व्यपवर्गः Division, difference -2 Cessation, termination

व्यपवृत् 1 Ā 1 To return, turn back, चत कथ कथमपि व्यपवर्तते मे Māl 1 18 -2 To desist from, leave, व्यपवर्तत एष धीरपोत U 5 8 (v 1)

व्यपवर्तनम् Return.

व्यपश्चि To request, भवतु पुत्र व्यपश्चिष्ये तावदेनम् Madhyama Vyākhyoga 1, कथमाचार्योऽपि व्यपश्चिष्यते Pañcharātram 1

व्यपाकृतिः f 1 Expelling, driving away -2 Denial

व्यपायः 1 Absence, want -2 End, disappearance, close, हिमव्यपायाद्विशदाधराणाम् Ku 3, 33, R. 3 37.

व्यपाश्रयः 1 Succession -2 Taking refuge with, having recourse to, trusting to, न चास्य सर्वभूतेषु कश्चिदर्थ-
व्यपाश्रय Bg 3 18 -3 Depending on, धर्मो रामव्यपाश्रय
Rām -4 Expectation -5 Place of refuge, shelter,
ज्ञानवैराग्यवीर्याणां नेह कश्चिद् व्यपाश्रय Bhāg 6 17 37 -a
Self-dependent, self centred.

व्यपाश्रयणा A request, भवति । महती खल्वस्य व्यपाश्रयणा
Svapna 1

व्यपास्त p p Expelled, turned out, कश्चिद् व्यपास्तान-
हितान् अनवज्ञाय वर्तसे Rām 2 100 37

व्यपे 2 P 1 To depart or deviate from, be free
from, व्यपेतमदमत्सर Y 1 268, स्मृत्याचारव्यपेतेन मार्गेण 2 5
-2 To go away, separate, part asunder, समेत्य च
व्यपेयाताम् H 4 69, Ms 9. 142, 11 98

व्यपेत p p 1 Separated, severed -2 Gone away,
departed, off in comp, व्यपेतकल्मष, व्यपेतभी, व्यपेतहर्ष
&c, व्यपेतभी प्रीतमना पुनस्त्व तदेव मे रूपमिदं प्रपद्य Bg 11 49
-3 Contrary, opposed to -4 Immoral, मत्तया विश्वयन्त्रीव्या
व्यपेत निरपन्नम् Bhāg 6 2 60 -Comp. -कल्मष a free
from sin, व्यपेतकल्मषो नित्यं ब्रह्मलोके महीयते Ms 4 260

व्यपेक्ष 1 A 1 To mind, care for, regard, न व्यपेक्षत
समुत्सुका प्रजाः R 19 6 -2 To expect

व्यपेक्ष a 1 Expecting, expectant -2 Eager, atten-
tive -3 Regarding, minding -4 Disregarding, indif-
ferent (निरपेक्ष), त्वयि धर्मव्यपेक्षे तु किं स्याद्धर्मपथे स्थितम्
Rām 2 45 26

व्यपेक्षक a Mindful, वैराग्यबुद्धि सततमात्मदोषव्यपेक्षक
Mb 14 19 9

व्यपेक्षा 1 Expectation, hope -2 Regard, considera-
tion, अथ कश्चिद्व्यपेक्षया गमायित्वा समदर्शनं समा R 8 24
-3 Mutual relation, inter-dependence -4 Mutual
regard -5 Application -6 (In gram) The mutual
application of two rules

व्यपेक्षणम् Expecting, expectation

व्यपेक्षित p p 1 Hoped, expected -2 Regarded,
minded -3 Mutually connected -4 Employed, applied,
used.

व्यपोढ p p Expelled, removed. -2 Contrary,
opposite, व्यपोढपाश्चैरपवर्तितत्रिका K1. 4 15 -3 Manifested,
displayed, shown

व्यपोह 1 P 1 To atone for, expiate -2 To heal,
cure -3 To drive away, remove, keep off, व्यपोह
शीर्षकपाले T Up 1 6 1

व्यपोहः 1 Expelling, driving away, keeping off.
-2 Heap (समूह), अत्रैवात्रैति च विभो जातमग्निं वदन्त्यपि । तथा
भस्मव्यपोहोऽभ्यो ब्रह्मर्षिगणसमता ॥ Mb. 13 85 8. -3 Denial,
negation.

व्यभिचर् 1 P 1 To go astray, deviate from, as in
अव्यभिचरित साध्यसामान्याधिकरण्य व्याप्ति Tarka K -2 To
transgress against, be faithless to, तस्मात् स्वधर्मं भूतानां
राजा न व्यभिचारयेत् Kau A 1 3 -3 To act crookedly
-4 To offend, injure -5 To fail, miscarry -6 To
practise sorcery

व्यभिचरणम् Uncertainty, doubt

व्यभि(भी)चारः 1 Going away from, deviation, leaving
the right course, following improper courses, मन्त्रज्ञमव्यस-
निन व्यभिचारविवर्जितम् H 3 16, मा च योऽव्यभिचारेण भक्तियोगेन
सेवते Bg 14 26, -2 Transgression, violation, व्यभिचारेण
वर्णानाम् (जायन्ते वर्णसकरा) Ms 10 24 -3-Error, crime,
sin -4 Separableness -5 Infidelity, faithlessness (of a
wife or husband), unchastity, व्यभिचारात् भर्तुं स्त्री लोके
प्राप्नोति गह्वीताम् Ms 5 164, वाङ्मन कर्मभि पत्यौ व्यभिचारो
यथा न मे R 15 81, Y 1 72 -6 An anomaly, irregu-
larity, exception (to a rule) -7 (In logic) A fallacious
hetu, the presence of the hetu without the sadhya, हेतो
साध्याभाववद्वृत्तित्व व्यभिचार Tarka K -8 Absence (अभाव),
अन्योऽन्यतोऽस्मिन् व्यभिचारतो मृषा नित्ये परे ब्रह्मणि केवले शिवे A
Rām 7 5 32 -Comp. कर्तुं a committing adultery
-विवर्जित a free from extravagance or debauchery

व्यभिचारिणी An unchaste wife, adulteress

व्यभिचारिन् a Straying or deviating from, going
astray, erring, trespassing, निगृह्य दापयेच्चैनं समयव्यभिचारिणम्
Ms 8. 220 -2 Irregular, anomalous -3 Untrue, false,
see अव्यभिचारिन् -4 Faithless, unchaste, adulterous
-5 Profligate, wanton -6 Departing from its usual
meaning, having several secondary meanings (as a
word) -7 Changeable, inconstant, नात्मा ज्ञानं न मरिष्यति
नैव तेऽसौ न क्षीयते सवनविद्व्यभिचारिणा हि Bhāg 11 3 38
-m, व्यभिचारिभावः A transitory feeling, an accessory
(opp स्थायिन् or स्थायिभाव q v) (Though like the
Sthāyibhāvas these accessories do not form a neces-
sary substratum of any āśa, still they act as feeders
to the prevailing sentiment, and strengthen it in various
ways, whether openly or covertly They are said to
be 33 or 34 in number, for an enumeration of these,
see K P Kārikās 31-34, S D 169 or R G first
Ānana, cf विभाव and स्थायिभाव also)

व्यभीचारः 1 Transgression, offence -2 Change,
alteration

व्यभीमानः False notion, erroneous view

व्यय I. 10 U (व्यययति-ते) 1 To go, move -2 To
expend, give away, bestow -II 1 U (व्यययति-ते) To
go, move -III 10 U (व्याययति-ते, also व्यापयति-ते) 1 To
throw, cast. -2 To drive

व्यय a Liable to change, mutable, perishable, cf
अव्यय, सूक्ष्माभ्यो मूर्तिमात्राभ्य सभक्त्यव्ययाद् व्ययम् Ms 1 19
-यः 1 (a) Loss, disappearance, destruction, आपाद्यते न

व्ययमन्तरायै कश्चिन्महर्षेस्त्रिविध तपस्तत् R 5 5, 12 23 (b) Cost, sacrifice, प्राणव्ययेनापि मया विधेय Māl 4 5, Ku 3 23
 -2 Hindrance, obstacle, भूयस्तपोव्ययो मा भूत् R 15 37
 -3 Decay, decline, overthrow, downfall -4 Expenditure, expense, outlay, spending, applying to use (opp आय), आये दु ख व्यये दु ख धिगर्थी कष्टसश्रया Pt 1 163, आयाधिक व्यय करोति 'he lives beyond his means', R 5 12, 15 3, Ms 9 11 -5 Extravagance, prodigality -6 wealth, money, भकावकाशाग्न्युदकमन्त्रोपकरणव्ययान् Y 2 276
 -7 (In gram) Inflection, declension -Comp -करणः, -करणकः a paymaster -गुण a prodigal, spendthrift -पर a lavish in expenditure, राजा व्ययपरो नित्यम् Pt 5 61 -पराङ्मुख a, stangy, niggardly, Y 1 83 -शील a spendthrift, prodigal -शुद्धिः f defraying of expenses -शेषः net balance that remains after expenditure, बाह्य चान्यन्तर चाय विद्याद् वर्षशतादपि । यथा पृष्ठे न सज्येत व्ययशेषे च दर्शयेत् Kau A 2 5 -सह a inexhaustible

व्ययनम् 1 Spending -2 Wasting, destroying

व्ययित p p 1 Expended, spent -2 Wasted, fallen into decay

व्यर्थ a [निगतोऽर्थं प्रयोजन वाऽस्य] Useless, vain, fruitless, unprofitable, व्यर्थ यत्र कपीन्द्रसख्यमपि मे U 3 45 -2 Meaningless, unmeaning, idle

व्यर्थक = व्यर्थ

व्यलीक a 1 False, untrue, तात्थ व्यलीक रुदु कृतागस Bhāg 6 14 48 -2 Offensive, disagreeable, displeasing, न च व्यलीकमासीद्वा एतद्वृत्तान्त दष्ट्वा त्रात इत्युक्त्वा Mb 3 197 23 -3 Not false, इत्य गिर प्रियतमा इव सोऽव्यलीका शुश्राव सूततनयस्य तदा व्यलीका Si 5 1 -4 Unfit to be done -कः 1 A libertine -2 A catamite -कम् 1 Anything disagreeable or displeasing, disagreeableness, ननु जनविदितैर्भवद्व्यलीकैश्चिरपरिपूरितमेव कर्णयुग्मम् Si 7 54 -2 Any cause of grief or uneasiness, pain, sorrow, grief, सुतनु हृदयात् प्रत्यादेशव्यलीकमपैतु ते S 7 24, यस्मिन्ननेक्ष्यैकृतव्यलीक परामव प्राप्त इवान्तकोऽपि Ki 3 19, Ku 3 25, R 4 87 -3 A fault, an offence, a transgression, any improper act, सव्यलीकमवधीरितखिन्न प्रस्थित सपदि कोपपदेन Ki 9 45, Si 9 85, एव प्रत्यक्षदृष्टव्यलीक किं ब्रवीमि Ratn. 3, 3 15 -4 Fraud, trick, deception, तस्मात् तमेव सेवेत न व्यलीकेन कर्हिचित् Pt. 1 120, 242 -5 Falsehood -6 Inversion, contrariety -7 Sin, demerit, न सूक्ष्ममपि मे किञ्चिद् व्यलीकमिह विद्यते Mb 14 14 7

व्यवकलनम् 1 Separation -2 (In maths) Subtraction, deduction (व्यवकलितम् also in this sense), व्यवकलनमार्गेऽसि कुशल Lila

व्यवक्रोशनम् 1 Wrangling, mutual abuse. -2 Abuse in general.

व्यवच्छिद् 7 U. 1 To cut off, separate, detach from. -2 To interrupt. -3 To particularize, specify, distinguish

ish -4 To settle, ascertain, इति व्यवच्छिद्य स पाण्डवेय Bhāg 1 19 7

व्यवच्छिन्न p. p 1 Out off, rent asunder, torn off -2 Separated, divided -3 Particularized, specified -4 Marked, distinguished, शरीर तावदिष्टार्थव्यवच्छिन्ना पदावली Kāv 1 10 -4 Interrupted

व्यवच्छेदः 1 Cutting off, rending asunder -2 Dividing, separating -3 Dissection -4 Particularizing -5 Distinguishing -6 Contrast, distinction -7 Determination -8 Shooting, letting fly (as an arrow) -9 A chapter or section of a work -10 Destruction (नाश), दु खेवैकतरेणापि देवभूतात्महेतुषु । जीवस्य न व्यवच्छेद स्याच्चैतत्तत्प्रतिक्रिया ॥ Bhāg 4 29 33 -Comp -विद्या the science of anatomy

व्यवदात a Clear, clean

व्यवदानम् Purification, Buddh

व्यवदीर्ण p p Distracted

व्यवधा 3 U 1 To place between, interpose, intervene, प्रेक्ष्य स्थिता सहचरी व्यवधाय देहम् R 9 57 -2 To hide, conceal, screen, शापव्यवहितस्मृति S 5 -3 To separate, divide -4 To obstruct, interrupt -5 To neglect, omit, pass over, see व्यवहित also

व्यवधा 1 That which intervenes. -2 A cover, screen, partition -3 Concealment

व्यवधानम् 1 Intervention, interposition, separation, इह समाप्तस्य सामिधेनीवाक्यस्य अस्य चोपव्ययते इति वचनस्य निविदा विधायकेन ग्रन्थेन व्यवधानं भवति SB on MS 3 1 21 -2 Obstruction, hiding from view, दृष्टिं विमानव्यवधानमुक्ता पुन सहस्रावैषि सनिवर्ते R 13 44 -3 Concealment, disappearance -4 A screen, partition -5 A cover, covering, शार्दूलचर्मव्यवधानव्याम् Ku 3 44 -6 Interval, space -7 (In gram) The intervention of a syllable or letter -8 (In Mimāṃsā) Remote construction, remoteness, see व्यवहित-कल्पना, व्यवधानाल्लक्षणापि ज्यायसी SB on MS 10 2 69, व्यवधानादर्थो बलीयान् SB on MS 6 4 23

व्यवधायक a (-यिका f) 1 Intervening, screening, covering -2 Obstructing, hiding -3 Intermediate

व्यवधिः Covering, intervention &c, दिशमुदधिव्यवधिं संयतसीताम् Bk 10 51, अबनतवदनेन्दुरिच्छतीव व्यवधिमधीरतया यदस्थितास्मै Si. 7 38 See व्यवधान

व्यवहित p p 1 Placed apart -2 Separated by anything intervening, सृद्व्यवहित तेजो भोजुमथान् प्ररूपते Si 2 85 -3 Interrupted, stopped, obstructed, impeded -4 Screened from view, hidden, concealed -5 Not immediately connected -6 Done, performed -7 Passed over, omitted -8 Surpassed, excelled -9 Hostile, opposed -10 Remote, distant -Comp -कल्पना A mode of construction in which words or phrases which are separated from one another by some other

intervening words, phrases or sentences are construed together as forming a sentence This mode is as a general rule not admissible and is worse than even लक्षण (see व्यवधान), सत्रविश्वजित्सम्बन्धे व्यवहितरूपना स्यात् SB on MS 6 4 38, 7 4 10

व्यवधारणकल्पना *f* A mode of interpreting a sentence where words or expressions connected with one another are treated as being not so connected, disconnecting what is connected, SB on MS 1 2 1, सैषा व्यवधारणकल्पना । तमस्मै भक्ष प्रयच्छेत् तमस्मै भक्ष कुर्यादित्यर्थ SB on MS 3 5 48

व्यवसर्ग, Renunciation, resignation

व्यवसो 4 P 1 To strive, endeavour, try, seek, attempt, set about, यथा मे गौतम प्राह ततो न व्यवसाय्यहम् Mb 3 185 9, ध्रुव स नीलोत्पलपत्रवारया शमीलता छेतुमृषिव्यवस्यति S 1 18, V 4 -2 To think of, wish, desire, पातु न प्रथम व्यवस्यति जल युष्मास्वपातिषु या S 4 9 -3 To exert strenuously, be industrious or diligent -4 To resolve, determine, settle, decide, य आत्मनो दृश्यगुणेषु सन्निति व्यवस्यति स्वव्यतिरेकनोऽवुध Bhāg 10 3 18, प्रथमपरिगृहीत स्यान्न वेद्यव्यवस्यन् S 5 19 -5 To accept, undertake, कञ्चित् सौम्य व्यवसितमिदं बन्धुकृत्य त्वया मे Me 116 -6 To be convinced or persuaded -7 To reflect

व्यवसायः 1 Effort, exertion, energy, industry, perseverance, करोतु नाम नीतिज्ञो व्यवसायमितस्तत H 2 14 -2 Resolve, resolution, determination, मन्दीचकार मरणव्यवसायबुद्धिम् Ku 4 45 'the thought of resolving to die', व्यवसायामिका बुद्धि Bg 2 41, व्यवसायोऽस्मि 10 36 -3 An act, action, performance, व्यवसाय प्रतिपत्तिनिष्ठ R 8 65 -4 (a) Business, employment, trade (b) Following a particular profession or trade -5 Conduct, behaviour -6 Device, stratagem, artifice -7 Boasting -8 N of Visnu -9 Of Siva -10 State, condition -Comp -आत्मक *a* energetic, laborious -बुद्धि *a* having a resolute mind

व्यवसायिन *a* 1 Energetic, industrious, diligent, किं दूरं व्यवसायिनाम् Pt 2 51 -2 Resolute, persevering, बहुशाखा ह्यनन्ताश्च बुद्धयोऽव्यवसायिनाम् Bg 2 41, Pt 1 248 -3 Performing, doing, undertaking, (श्रेष्ठ) ज्ञानियोगो व्यवसायिन Ms 12 103 -4 Engaged in any business or profession -*m* A tradesman, merchant

व्यवसित *p p* 1 Endeavoured, attempted, स्वजनमनुगन्तु व्यवसिता S 6 9 -2 Undertaken -3 Resolved, determined, settled -4 Devised, planned -5 Endeavouring, resolving -6 Persevering, energetic -7 Cheated, deceived -8 Convinced, sure (of anything), सम्यग्व्यवसिता बुद्धिस्तत्र राजाविसतम् Bhāg 10 1 15 -तम् Ascertainment, determination, यत्तै व्यवसितं तात तदस्माकमपि भियम् Mb 6 119 37 -2 An artifice, contrivance

स इ को .. १९०

व्यवसितिः 1 Determination -2 Endeavour, भूमनौसुक्क्या-नुरूपव्यवसितिराधिक पर्यवच्छेद्य गत्वा Mv 6 51

व्यवस्था 1 *Ā* 1 To be placed asunder -2 To be arranged in due order -3 To be settled or fixed, become permanent, वचनीयमिदं व्यवस्थितम् Ku 4 21, नटवद् व्यवतिष्ठते लिङ्गम् Sankhya K 42 -4 To rest or depend upon -*Caus* 1 To place or rest upon, direct towards, तयो समापत्तिषु कातराणि किञ्चिद्व्यवस्थापितसहृतानि Ku 7 75 -2 To arrange, manage, adjust -3 To settle, resolve, decree -4 To separate, place apart -5 To do, perform -6 To lay down a rule or law, enact a law

व्यवस्था 1 Adjustment, arrangement, settlement, as in वर्णाश्रमव्यवस्था -2 Fixity, definiteness, मङ्ग जय चापतुरव्यवस्थम् R 7 54 -3 Fixity, firm basis, आजहनु-स्तच्चरणौ पृथिव्या स्थलारविन्दत्रियमव्यवस्थाम् Ku 1 33 -4 Relative position. -5 A settled rule, law, statute, decree, decision, legal opinion, written declaration of the law (especially on doubtful points or where contradictory texts have to be properly adjusted) -6 An agreement, a contract -7 State, condition -8 State or order of things -9 Separation -Comp -अतिक्रम, violation of the law, breaking a contract -पत्रम् *a* written deed, document

व्यवस्थानम्, व्यवस्थितिः *f* 1 Arrangement, settlement, determination, decision, बीजक्षेत्रे तथैवान्ये तत्रेय तु व्यवस्थिति Ms 10 70 -2 A rule, statute, decision -3 Steadiness, constancy -4 Firmness, perseverance, सातु धर्मे व्यवस्थानं कियता यदि शक्यते Rām 7 13 18 -5 A fixed limit, न विद्यते व्यवस्थानं कुदयो कृष्णयो क्वचित् Mb 8 87 78 -6 Separation -*n*: N of Visnu

व्यवस्थापक *a*. (-पिका *f*) 1 Arranging, putting in proper order, adjusting, settling, establishing, deciding -2 One who gives a legal opinion -3 A manager (modern use)

व्यवस्थापनम् 1 Arranging, proper adjustment -2 Fixing, determining, settling, deciding -3 Fixing, placing (in general)

व्यवस्थापित *p p* Arranged, settled &c, कथंचिद्वे-स्तनया मिताक्षर चिरव्यवस्थापितवागभाषत Ku 5 63.

व्यवस्थित *p p* 1 Placed in order, adjusted, arranged -2 Settled, fixed, किं व्यवस्थितविषया क्षात्रधर्मा U 5 -3 Decided, determined, declared by law, धर्मे एव पर कामादयोचिति (नरा) व्यवस्थिता Mb 1 100 5 -4 Stood aside, separated -5 Extracted -6 Based on, resting on -Comp. -आर्यमयोद *a* adhering to the customs of the Āryas, Kau A 1 3 -विकल्प, -विभाषा *a* fixed option, व्यवस्थितविभाषया साधु

व्यवस्थिति See व्यवस्थान

व्यवहित See under व्यवधा.

व्यवह 1 P 1 To deal in any transaction or business -2 To act, behave, deal with, (with loc or by itself), कथ कार्यविनिमयेन व्यवहरति मन्थनात्मज्ञ M 1, बहि सर्वाकारप्रगुण-रमणीय व्यवहरन् Mal 1 14 -3 To go to law, sue (one) in a court of law, अर्थपतिर्व्यवहर्तुमर्थगौरवादाभियोज्यते Dk 2 2 -4 To manage, transact business, सर्वथा व्यवहर्तव्य कुतो ह्यवचनीयता U 1 5 -5 To regain, recover -6 To distinguish -7 To roam, stroll about

व्यवहरणम् Litigation

व्यवहर्तु m 1 The manager of a business -2 A suer, litigant, plaintiff -3 A judge -4 An associate

व्यवहारः 1 Conduct, behaviour, action -2 Affair, business, work, कुटुम्बार्थेऽध्यवर्तनोऽपि व्यवहार यमाचरेत् Ms 8 167 -3 Profession, occupation -4 Dealing, transaction -5 Commerce, trade, traffic -6 Dealing in money, usury -7 Usage, custom, an established rule or practice -8 Relation, connection, तेषा च व्यवहारोऽय परस्परनिबन्धन Pt 1 79 -9 Judicial procedure, trial or investigation of a case, administration of justice, व्यवहारस्तमाह्वयति, अल लज्जया व्यवहारस्त्वा पृच्छति Mk 9, व्यवहारस्थापना Kau A 3, Ms 8 1, शिव सिधेवे व्यवहारलब्धम् Bu Ch 2 40 -10 A legal dispute, complaint, suit, law-suit, litigation, व्यवहारोऽय चारुदत्तमवलम्बते, इति लिख्यता व्यवहारस्य प्रथम पाद, केन सह मम व्यवहार Mk 9, ददर्श सशय-च्छेद्यान् व्यवहारान्तन्निवृत्त R 17 39 -11 A title of legal procedure, any occasion of litigation -12 A contract, असंबद्धकृतश्चैव व्यवहारो न सिद्धति Ms 8 163 -13 Mathematical process -14 Competency to manage one's own affairs, majority -15 A sword -Comp -अङ्गम् the body of civil and criminal law -अभिशास्त a prosecuted, charged -अयोग्यः a minor (in law) -अर्थिन् a plaintiff, accuser, अहो स्थिरसंस्कारता व्यवहारार्थिन Mk 9 5/6 -आसनम् the tribunal of justice, judgment-seat, व्यवहारासनमादे युवा R 8 18 -ज्ञः 1 one who understands business -2 a youth come of age, one who is no longer a minor -3 one who is acquainted with judicial procedure -तन्त्रम् course of conduct, वाक्प्रतिष्ठा-निबन्धनानि देहिना व्यवहारतन्त्राणि Mal 4 -दर्शनम् trial, judicial investigation -पदम् = व्यवहारविषय q v -पादः 1 any one of the four stages of a legal proceeding, these are four -- (1) पूर्वपक्ष, the plaintiff, (2) उत्तरपक्ष, the defence, (3) क्रियापाद, adducing evidence, oral or written, (4) निर्णयपाद, the decision or verdict -2 the fourth stage, i e निर्णयपाद, that part which concerns the verdict or decision -मातृका 1 a legal process in general -2 any act or subject relating to the administration of justice or formation of courts (of which thirty heads are enumerated) -वादिन् m upholder of the usage theory i e one who holds that transactions of old persons (वृद्धव्यवहार) can explain the knowledge of the connection between शब्द and its अर्थ by the younger ones, अपि च व्यवहारवादिन प्रत्यक्षमुपदिशन्ति कल्पयन्ति

इतरे सम्बन्धवारम् SB on MS 1 1 5 -विधिः a rule of law, any code of law -विषयः (so -पदम्, -मार्ग, -स्थानम्) a subject or head of legal procedure, an actionable business, a matter which may be made the subject of litigation (these are eighteen, for an enumeration of their names, see Ms 8 4-7) -स्थितिः f judicial procedure

व्यवहारकः A dealer, trader, merchant

व्यवहारिक a (-का or -की f) 1 Relating to business -2 Engaged in business, practical -3 Judicial, legal -4 Litigant -5 Usual, customary

व्यवहारिका 1 Usage, custom -2 A broom -3 The Ingudee plant

व्यवहारिन् a 1 Transacting business, acting, practising -2 Engaged in a law-suit, litigant, नाराजके जनपदे सिद्धार्थ व्यवहारिण (कथाभिरभिरज्यन्ते) Rām 2 67 16 -3 Usual, customary -m A man of business, मनोहारी व्यवहार्युपयम्य Dk 1 1

व्यवहार्य a 1 Usual, customary -2 Liable to be sued -र्यम् A treasure

व्यवहतम् Commerce, intercourse, जिह्मप्राय व्यवहत शाठ्यमिश्र च सौहृदम् Bhāg 1 14 4

व्यवहतिः f 1 Practice, process -2 Action, performance, निवासे विद्यानामुपहितकुटुम्बव्यवहति Mv 1 11 -3 Speech, talk, rumour -4 Business, trade

व्यवे 2 P 1 To divide, separate -2 To dissolve, decompose -3 (In gram) To separate by inserting a vowel

व्यवायः 1 Separation, decomposition, resolution, (into components) -2 Dissolution -3 Covering, concealment, गुणव्यवायेऽयगुण विपश्चित Bhāg 8 6 11 -4 Intervention, interval, अदृक्प्राङ्मुमुख्यवायेऽपि, व्यवायानानु-षज्येत MS 1 -5 An impediment, obstacle -6 Copulation, sexual intercourse, व्यवायकाले दृष्टे बनौकोदम्पती द्विजौ Bhāg 9 9 25 -7 Parity -8 Separation, remoteness, interception, सदिग्धे तु व्यवायाद्वाक्यभेद स्यात् MS 3 1 21 -9 Entering, penetration, व्यवाय कुस्ते नित्य धीरो भूतानि धारयन् Mb 14 20 10 -र्यम् Light, lustre

व्यवायिन् a 1 Resolving, decomposing -2 Lustful, dissolute -m 1 A sensualist, libertine -2 An aphrodisiac

व्यवेत p p 1 Separated, decomposed -2 Different

व्यञ्ज 5 A 1 To fill completely, pervade, occupy, प्रतापस्तस्य मानोश्च युगपद् व्यानशे दिश R 4 15, Bk 9 4, 14 96 -2 To obtain, attain to, reach -3 To possess, gain -4 To fall to one's share

व्यष्टकम् Black mustard

व्यष्टि *f* 1 Individuality, singleness -2 Distributive pervasion -3 (In Vedānta phil) An aggregate or whole viewed as made up of many separate bodies (opp समष्टि *q v*), समष्टिरीश सर्वेषा स्वात्मतादात्म्यवेदनात् । तदभावात्ततोऽन्ये तु कथ्यन्ते व्यष्टिसङ्गत्या ॥ Pañchadaśī 1 25

व्यष्टम् Copper

व्यस् 4 P 1 To toss about, scatter, cast or throw asunder, dispel, destroy, प्राप्ते व्यालतमान् व्यस्यन् भुजङ्गेभ्योऽपि राक्षसान् Bk 8 116, 9 31 -2 To divide into parts, separate, arrange, स्वयं वेदान् व्यस्यन् Pt 4 50, विव्यास वेदान् यस्मात् स तस्माद् व्यास इति स्मृत Mb, R 10 81 -3 To take separately or singly, see व्यस्त below -4 To throw over, overturn, upset -5 To expel, remove, drive away

व्यसनम् 1 Casting away, dispelling -2 Separating, dividing -3 Violation, infraction, शीलव्यसनमेतत्ते नाभिजानाम्यहं पुरा Rām 2 12 57, K1 3 45 -4 Loss, destruction, defeat, fall, defection, weak point, अमात्यव्यसनम् Pt 3, स्वबलव्यसने K1 13. 15, S1 2 57 -5 (a) A calamity, misfortune, distress, evil, disaster, ill-luck, अज्ञातभर्तृव्यसना सुहृन् कृतोपकारेव रतिबभूव Ku 3 73, 4 30, R 12 57 (b) Adversity, need, स सुहृद् व्यसने य स्यात् Pt 1 327 'a friend in need is a friend indeed' -6 Setting (as of the sun &c), तेजोद्वयस्य युगपद् व्यसनोदयाभ्याम् S 4 1 (where व्यसन means 'a fall' also) -7 Vice, bad practice, evil habit, मिथ्यैव व्यसनं वदन्ति मृगयामीहन् विनाद कुत S 2 5, R 18 14, Y 1 310, (these vices are usually said to be ten, see Ms 7 47-48), समानशीलव्यसनेषु सख्यम् Subhās -8 Close or intent application, assiduous devotion, विद्याया व्यसनम् Bh 2 62, 63 -9 Inordinate addiction -10 Crime, sin -11 Punishment -12 Inability, incompetency -13 Fruitless effort -14 Air, wind -15 Individuality -Comp -अतिभारः heavy calamity or distress, सा मुक्तकण्ठ व्यसनातिभारात् (चक्रन्द) R 14 68 -अन्वित, -आर्त, -पीडित *a* overtaken by calamity, involved in distress -आवाप. an abode of calamity, व्यसनावाप एतस्मिन् पतिताना स्वकर्माणि Bhāg 4 22 13 -काल. time of need -प्रहारिन् *a* 1 hurting, attacking, giving trouble -2 striking (an enemy) in his weak point -ब्रह्मचारिन् *a* fellow sufferer -वर्ग *a* aggregate of calamities, प्रकृतिव्यसनवर्ग Kau A 7 -संस्थित *a* one who indulges in any whim

व्यसनिन् *a* 1 Addicted to any vice, vicious -2 Unlucky, unfortunate -3 Intently attached or excessively devoted to anything, fond of (usually in comp), किं भूयुक्तकथितिव्यसनिना व्यर्थं खुरा सातिता Subhās

व्यस्त *p p* 1 Cast or thrown asunder, tossed about, विषज्योतिरञ्जुम्भणोद्गमरव्यस्ताविस्तारिदो खण्डपर्यासितश्चावरम् Māl 5 23 -2 Dispersed, scattered, कल्पाक्षेपकठोरभैरवमरुद्-व्यस्तैरवस्तीर्यते U 5 14 -3 Dispelled, cast away -4 Separated, divided, severed, ते युष्मासु समस्ताश्च व्यस्ताश्चैवेह सद्गुणा Mb 3 1 32, चतुर्भुगेष्वयं व्यस्ता द्वापरादौ महर्षिभि Bhāg

12 6 46, Śiva-Mahimna 4, हिमवति जलधौ च व्यस्ततोयेव गङ्गा V 5 22 -5 Taken or considered separately, taken singly (opp समस्त), एभि समस्तैरपि किमस्य किं पुनर्व्यस्तै U 5, तदस्ति किं व्यस्तमपि त्रिलोचने Ku 5 72 -6 Simple, uncompounded (as a word) -7 Manifold, different -8 Removed, expelled, शङ्खव्यस्तसमुद्रतविषय लब्ध्वा तपस्तप्यते Mv 2 19 -9 Agitated, troubled, confused -10 Disordered, out of order, disarranged -11 Reversed, upset -12 Inverse (as ratio), हृदाम्भसि व्यस्तवधूकराहते रव मृदङ्ग-ध्वनिधीरमुज्जति K1 8 43 -13 Pervading, inherent in -स्तम् *n* Rotation, turning, अयनपरिवृत्तिर्व्यस्तशब्देनोच्यते SB on MS 6 5 37 -स्तम् *ind* Severally, separately, singly -Comp -केश *a* with disordered or dishevelled hair -त्रैराशिकम् the rule of three inverted -न्यास *a* rumpled (as a couch) -पदम् 1 (in law) *a* confused statement (of a case) -2 an uncompounded or simple word -पुच्छ *a* having an extended tail -विधिः inverted rule -वृत्ति *a* the meaning of which is changed, which has lost its force (as a word), व्रीडमावहति मे स सप्रति व्यस्तप्रतिरुद्योन्मुने त्वयि R 11 73

व्यसु *a* Lifeless, dead, तै स्पृष्टा व्यसव सर्वे निपेतु स्म पुरौकस Bhāg 7 10 59, व्यसुदेहसु शोणितैर्विलिम्पन् S1 20 3

व्यस्तार. The issue of rut or ichor from the temples of an elephant

व्यस्तिका *ind* With arms or legs spread asunder

व्याकीर्ण *p p* 1 Scattered or thrown about -2 Disordered

व्याकुल *a* 1 Agitated, perplexed, bewildered, distracted, शोकव्याकुल, बाष्प -2 Alarmed, troubled, frightened, उष्ट्रिव्याकुलगोडुल Git 4 -3 Full of, overtaken by -4 Intently engaged in, busy with, आलोक्ये ते निपतति पुरा सा बलिव्याकुला वा Me 87 -5 Flashing, moving about, अन्तर्व्याकुलविद्युदम्बुद इव व्यामभ्युदस्थादरि U 3. 43 -Comp -आत्मन्, -चित्त, -चेतस्, -मनस् *a* bewildered in mind, having a perplexed or distracted mind -लोचन *a* having the eyes dimmed

व्याकुलयाति Den P To agitate, confuse, frighten.

व्याकुलित *a* Agitated, distracted, confounded, perplexed &c

व्याकुलीकृ 8 U 1 To confound, bewilder, perplex -2 To alarm, trouble -3 To agitate, perturb

व्याकुलीभू 1 P To become perplexed or confused

व्याकूतिः *f* Fraud, disguise, deception

व्याकृ 8 U 1 To make manifest, clear up, नामह्ये व्याकरवाणि Ch Up. -2 To propound, explain -3 To tell, narrate, तन्मे सर्वं भगवान् व्याकरोतु Mb 3 310 41, व्याकुर्यात् क प्रिय वाक्य यो वक्ता नेदृगाशय K1 11 41 -4 To separate, divide, decompose -5 To analyse in general. -6 (With Buddh) To predict (esp future birth)

व्याकरणम् 1 Analysis, decomposition -2 Grammatical analysis, grammar, one of the six *Vedāṅgas* q v, सिद्धो व्याकरणस्य कर्तुरहरत् प्राणान् प्रियान् पाणिने Pt 2 33 -3 Explaining, expounding -4 Discrimination -5 Manifestation -6 Prediction -7 The sound of a bow-string -Comp -प्रक्रिया etymology, derivation (of a word)

व्याकारः 1 Transformation, change of form -2 Deformity

व्याकृत p p 1 Analysed, separated -2 Explained, expounded -3 Disfigured, distorted, deformed

व्याकृतिः f 1 Analysis -2 Exposition, explanation -3 Change of form, development -4 Grammar

व्याकोच a Fully expanded, blown (as a flower)

व्याकोपः Opposition

व्याकोश (ष) a 1 Expanded, blown, blossomed, व्याकोशकोकनन्ता दधते नलिन्यः S1 4 46 -2 Developed, विवेकव्याकोशे विरसति शमे शाम्यति तृषा Bh 3 17

व्याक्रोशः, व्याक्रोशी Abusing, reviling, विद्वन्तु व्याक्रोशी विदधत इहैके जडवियः Siva-Mahimna 4

व्याक्षिप 6 P To toss or throw about -2 To stretch out or forth, open -3 Captivate (the mind)

व्याक्षिप्त p p 1 Tossed about -2 Torn asunder, distracted

व्याक्षेपः 1 Tossing about -2 Obstruction, hindrance -3 Delay, अव्याक्षेपो भविष्यन्त्या कार्यसिद्धिर्हि लक्षणम् R 10 6 -4 Distraction -5 Invective, abuse -6 Throwing, casting (as a glance), (हेरम्बजननी) कटाक्षव्याक्षेपक्षणजनित-सक्षोभनिवहा G L 3

व्याक्षेपिन् a Driving, removing; one who drives, पाठ्यन्ता परितो रणानि च परव्याक्षेपिभी राक्षसे Mv 6 23

व्याक्षोभः Agitation, perturbation

व्याख्या 2 P. 1 To tell, communicate, declare, व्याचख्युरन्वैश्च हत प्रहस्तम् Bk 14 113 -2 To explain, relate, रावणस्यापि ते जन्म व्याख्यास्यामि Mb -3 To name, call, विद्वद्बुद्धैर्वाणावाणि व्याख्याता सा विद्युन्माला Śrut 13 -4 To dwell at large, dilate or enlarge upon

व्याख्या 1 Relation, narration -2 Explanation, exposition, comment, gloss -Comp -गम्यम् any obscure statement or passage -स्थानम् lecture-room, school-room -स्वरः the middle tone (in speech)

व्याख्यात p p 1 Related, narrated -2 Explained, expounded, commented upon

व्याख्यातृ m An expounder, a commentator

व्याख्यानम् 1 Communication, narration -2 Speech, lecture -3 Explanation, exposition, interpretation, comment -Comp -शाला a school, Inscr

व्याघट्टनम् 1 Churning -2 Rubbing together, friction, तमङ्गदे मन्दरकूटकोटिव्याघट्टनोत्तेजनया मणीनाम् S1 3 6

व्याघातः 1 Striking against -2 A blow, stroke -3 An impediment, obstacle -4 Contradiction -5 Disobedience, प्रथम तावन्ममाज्ञाव्याघातः Mu 3 -6 A figure of speech in which opposite effects are shown to be produced from the same cause or by the same agency, it is thus defined by Mammata -- तद्यथा साधित केनाप्यपरेण तदन्यथा । तथैव यद्विधीयते स व्याघात इति स्मृतः ॥ K P 10, e g see Vb 1 2, or the quotation under विरुपाक्ष -7 Decline, defeat, काम खौरनुशयवानिव स्वपक्षव्याघातादिति S1 8 61

व्याघातक a 1 Striking against -2 Opposing, resisting, thwarting, hindering

व्याघारित p p Sprinkled with oil or ghee

व्याघूर्णित p p Tottering, reeling, येनाह मृशमुद्रिमो व्याघूर्णित इव द्रुम Mb 5 180 29

व्याघ्रः [व्याजिघ्रति, व्याघ्रा क] 1 A tiger -2 (At the end of comp) Best, pre eminent, chief, as in नरव्याघ्र, पुरुषव्याघ्र -3 The red variety of the castor-oil plant -घ्री A tigress, व्याघ्रीव तिष्ठति जरा परितर्जयन्ति Bh 3 109 -Comp -अटः a skylark -आस्यः a cat -दलः, -पुच्छः the castor-oil plant -नखः, -खम् 1 a tiger's claw -2 a kind of perfume -3 a scratch, the impression of a finger-nail -नायकः a jackal -पाद (-द्) a tiger-footed -दधन् m a tiger like dog

व्याघ्राणम् The act of smelling at

व्याजः 1 Deceit, trick, deception, fraud -2 Art, cunning, अव्याजमनोहर वपुः S1 1 18 'artlessly lovely', Māl 5 12 -3 A pretext, pretence, semblance, भ्यान-व्याजमुपेत्य Nāg 1 1, R 4 25, 58, 10 76, 11 66 -4 An artifice, a device, contrivance, व्याजार्थसदृशितमेखलानि R 13 42 -5 Wickedness, depravity -Comp -आह्वयः a false name -उक्तिः f 1 a figure of speech in which what is apparently the effect of one cause is intentionally ascribed to another, in other words, where a feeling is dissembled by being attributed to a different cause, see K P 10 under व्याजोक्ति -2 covert allusion, insinuation -गुरुः a teacher, only in appearance -निद्रित a feigning sleep -निन्दा artful censure -पूर्व a having only the appearance of anything, -व्यवहारः artful conduct -सुप्त a feigning to be asleep, स्तुतिः f, a figure of speech resembling the English 'irony', wherein censure is implied by apparent praise, or praise by apparent censure, व्याजस्तुतिमुखि निन्दा स्तुतिर्वा रुदिरन्यथा K P 10.

व्याजिह्व a. Crooked, distorted, soiled, धूमपटलव्याजिह्व-रत्नविष Nāg 5 17

व्याजीकरणम् Fraud, deception.

व्याडः 1 A carnivorous animal, such as a tiger -2 A villain, rogue -3 A snake -4 N of Indra, cf व्याल

व्याडिः N of a celebrated grammarian

व्यात्युक्षी Mutual splashing and sporting in water, ता कान्ते सह करपुष्करे रिताम्बुव्यात्युक्षीमभिसरणलहामदीव्यन् S₁ 8 32

व्यादा 3 U 1 To open, break open, न व्याददात्याननमत्र स्युः K₁ 16 16, नदी कूल व्याददाति, or व्याददते पिपीलिका पतङ्गस्य मुखम् Mbh -2 To make large, broaden

व्यात्त p p Opened, spread, expanded, व्यात्तानन दीप्त-विशालनेत्रम् Bg 11 24 -**त्तम्** The open mouth, व्यात्तमभि-र्वैश्वानर Bri Up 1 1.1

व्यादानम् Opening, कर्णोभ्यर्णविदीर्णसूक्तविकटव्यादानदीप्ता-ग्निभिः Mā 5 13

व्यादिश 6 P 1 To order, command, समीरणो नोदयिता भवेति व्यादिश्यते केन हुताशनस्य Ku 3 21, 13 -2 To assign or appoint to (a duty) -3 To divide, distribute -4 To point, indicate, show -5 To teach, instruct -6 To foretell, declare beforehand

व्यादिशः An epithet of Visnu

व्यादेशः Order, command

व्याधः [व्यध् ण] 1 A hunter, fowler (by caste or profession) -2 A wicked or low man -**Comp** -**भीतः** a deer

व्याधं व्याधम् ind (= विद्ध्वा विद्ध्वा, आभीक्ष्णे णमुल्) Inflicting wounds again and again, व्याध व्याधममूढौ तौ यमसाच्चक्रतुर्दिशौ Bk 5 3.

व्याधिन् a Piercing, wounding

व्याधामः, व्याधावः Indra's thunderbolt

व्याधिः 1 Sickness, ailment, disease, illness (usually physical, and opp आधि which means 'mental distress or anxiety'), रिपुरुन्नतधीरचेतसः सततव्याधिरनीतिरस्तु ते S₁ 16 11 (where व्याधि means 'free from आधि' also), cf आधि -2 Leprosy -**Comp** -**कर** a unwholesome -**ग्रस्त** a seized with disease, diseased -**घातः, -घ्नः, -हन्त** 1 Calamus Rotung (वेतस्) -2 Cathartocarpus Fistula (Mar बाहवा, बुकरकद) -**निग्रहः** suppression of disease -**बहुल** a frequently visited with disease (as a village), नाधामिके बसेद् ग्रामे न व्याधिबहुले भृशम् Ms 4 60 -**स्थानम्** the body

व्याधित a Diseased, sick, व्याधितस्यौषध पथ्य नीरुजस्य किमौषधे H

व्याधूत p p Shaken about, trembling, tremulous, मल्लिकाक्षपक्षव्याधूता (दण्डा) U 1 31

व्याध्मातकम् A swollen corpse

व्यानः One of the five life-winds or vital airs in the body, that which is diffused through the whole body -**व्याने** तृप्यति श्रोत्रं तृप्यति Ch Up 5 20 2, व्यान सर्वशरीरग

व्यानतम् A particular kind of coitus or mode of sexual enjoyment

व्याप् 5 P 1 To fill completely, pervade, भ्रुतिविषयगुणा या स्थिता व्याप्य विश्वम् S₁ 1 1, V 1 1, स्वेदापूरो युवतिसरिता व्याप गण्डस्थलानि S₁ 7 74, इमास्व व्याप्य तिष्ठसि Bg 10 16, R 13 5, 18 40, Bk 7 56 -2 To reach as far, extend to

व्यापक a (-पिका f) 1 Pervading, comprehensive, diffusive, widely spread, extending over the whole of anything, तिर्यगूर्ध्वमधस्ताच्च व्यापको महिमा हरे Ku 6 71 -2 (In law) Comprehending all the points of an argument -3 Invariably concomitant -4 That which is more extensive than the व्याप्य, e g in the instance मनुष्यो मर्त्य, मर्त्य is व्यापक as it includes मनुष्य, and is more extensive than it -**कः** An attribute which is invariably concomitant or inherent -**कम्** An invariably concomitant or inherent property

व्यापनम् 1 Pervading, comprehending, penetrating -2 Covering

व्यापिन् a 1 Pervading, filling, occupying (at the end of comp) -2 All-pervading, co extensive, invariably concomitant -3 Covering -m 1 An epithet of Visnu -2 A pervading property

व्याप्त p p 1 Spread through, penetrated, pervaded, extended over, permeated, covered -2 Pervading, extending over all -3 Filled with, full of -4 Encompassed, surrounded -5 Placed, fixed -6 Obtained, possessed -7 Comprehended, included -8 Invariably accompanied (in logic), as in धूमो बहिना व्याप्त -9 Famous, celebrated -10 Expanded, stretched out

व्याप्तिः f 1 Pervasion, permeation -2 (In logic) Universal pervasion, invariable concomitance, universal accompaniment of the middle term by the major, यत्र यत्र धूमस्तत्र तत्रामिरिति साहचर्यनियमो व्याप्तिः T S, अव्यभिचरित-साध्यसामानाधिकरण्य व्याप्तिः Tarka K, व्याप्तिः साध्यवदन्यास्मिन्न-सम्बन्ध उदाहृत । अथवा हेतुमन्निष्ठविरहाप्रतियोगिना । साध्येन हेतो-रैकाधिकरण्य व्याप्तिरुच्यते Bhāṣa P. 67-68 -3 A universal rule, universality. -4 Fulness -5 Obtaining -6 Omnipresence, ubiquity (as a divine attribute) -**Comp** -**ग्रहः** apprehension of universal concomitance. -**ज्ञानम्** knowledge of invariable or universal concomitance -**वादः** statement or assertion of universal pervasion.

व्याप्य a To be pervaded, filled, &c -**प्यम्** The sign or middle term of a syllogism (= हेतु, साधन q. v) (in logic)

व्याप्यत्वम् Invariableness, व्याप्यत्वादपराऽपि च Bhāṣa P. -**Comp** -**असिद्धिः** f imperfect inference, where the

हेतु itself is false or non-existent, as in the argument पर्वतो वह्निमान् काञ्चनमयधूमात्

व्यापद् 4 **Ā** 1 To die, perish -2 To come down to the earth, fall down -3 To be inaudible (as a sound) -**Caus** 1 To kill, slay -2 To hurt, injure, spoil

व्यापत्तिः **f** 1 Ruin, calamity, misfortune, व्यापत्तिं कर्मणा दृष्ट्वा जुगुप्सन्ति जना सदा Mb 12 265 34, औदासीन्य न युक्त प्रियसुहृदि गते मत्कृते चातिथेरा। व्यापत्तिम् Mu 6 20, Mk 6 1 -2 Substitution of one thing for another -3 Death, तयोस्तस्मिन्नवीभूतपितृव्यापत्तिशोकयो R 12 56

व्यापद् f 1 Calamity, misfortune, affliction, त्वद्-व्यापदो गणयता भयमन्वभावि तत् सर्वमेकपद एव मम प्रशान्तम् Māl 9 36, Bh 3 105 -2 Disease -3 Derangement -4 Death, decease

व्यापन्न **p p** 1 Fallen into misfortune, ruined. -2 Failed, miscarried -3 Hurt, injured -4 Dead, expired, deceased, as in अव्यापन्न q v -5 Deranged, disordered -6 Substituted, changed -7 Spoilt, that which is unfit to be consumed by the Āryas, यदभोज्यमार्याणां केशकीटावपन्नमन्येन चोपघातेनोपहत तद् व्यापन्नमिति SB on MS 6 5 48

व्यापादः, व्यापादनम् 1 Killing, slaying -2 Ruin, destruction -3 Evil design, malice

व्यापादक **a** Destructive, murderous

व्यापादित **p p** 1 Killed, slain, destroyed -2 Ruined, injured, hurt

व्यापृ 6 **Ā** 1 To be engaged in or occupied with, be busy about (with loc) -2 To be employed or placed (in any office) -**Caus** 1 To cause to work, engage upon, entrust with, appoint to (usually with loc), व्यापारित शूलभूता विवाय सिंहत्वमङ्गागतसत्त्ववृत्ति R 2 38, आत्मजनानुष्ठेये कर्मणि त्वां व्यापारयितुमिच्छामि Mu 1 -2 To place, set, fix, direct, cast, व्यापारयामास कर किरीटे R 6 19, उमासुखे व्यापारयामास विलोचनानि Ku 3 67, व्यापारित शिरसि शस्त्रमशस्त्रपाणे Vē 3 19, R 13 25, M 3 4 -3 To use, employ, शस्त्र मित्रशरीररक्षणकृते व्यापारणीय मया Mu 7. 16

व्यापारः 1 Employment, engagement, business, occupation, तत् प्रविशति यथोक्तव्यापारा शकुन्तला S 1, Ku 2 54 -2 Application, employment, वृष्णीनामिव नीतिविक्रम-गुणव्यापारशान्ताद्विषाम् Mu. 2 4 -3 Profession, trade, practice, exercise, as in शस्त्रव्यापार -4 An act, doing, performance -5 Working, operation, action, influence, (व्रत) व्यापारोधि मदनस्य निषेवितव्यम् S 1 26, तस्यानुमेने भगवान् विमन्युर्व्यापारमात्मन्यपि सायकानाम् Ku. 7 93, V 3 17 -6 Being placed on, हस्त कम्पवती रुणादि रशनाव्यापार-लोलाङ्गुलिम् M 4 15 -7 Exertion, effort, आर्योप्यरुन्धती तत्र व्यापार कर्तुमर्हति Ku 6 32 'will be pleased to exert

herself in that behalf', न व्यापारशतेनापि शुक्वत् पाठ्यते बक H Pr 43 (व्यापार कृ 1 to take part in -2 to have effect on -3 to meddle, as in अव्यापारेषु व्यापार यो नर कर्तुमिच्छति Pt 1 21)

व्यापारक **a** Having an occupation or function

व्यापारित **p p** 1 Engaged, occupied, employed, appointed, अस्मिन्नहमदिकुक्षौ व्यापारित R 2 38 -2 Placed, fixed, set

व्यापारिन् **m** 1 A dealer, trader -2 One who exercises or practises anything

व्यापृत **p p** 1 Engaged in, occupied or busy with, employed in (with loc), अन्यस्मिन् कर्मणि व्यापृत धनु S. 6 31 -2 Placed, fixed -**m** An employee, a minister

व्यापृतिः **f** 1 Employment, engagement, business, स्वस्वव्यापृतिमममानसतया Bv 1 58 -2 Operation, action. -3 Exertion -4 Profession, practice, see व्यापार

व्याबाधः Disease, illness

व्याभाषणम् Way or manner of speaking

व्याभुक्षी = व्यात्युक्षी q v

व्याम., **व्यामनम्** A measure of length equal to the space between the tips of the fingers of either hand when the arms are extended, a fathom, (दुम) दश-व्यामनयोद्विद्ध निष्पन्नमकरोत्तदा Mb 3 11 39, Dk 2 2

व्यामर्षः 1 Impatience -2 Erasure, wiping out

व्यामिश्र **a** 1 Mingled, intermixed -2 Manifold, of various kinds -3 Dubious, doubtful, व्यामिश्रेणैव वाक्येन बुद्धि मोहयसीव मे Bg 3 2 -4 Troubled, distracted, नैतत् पार्थ सुविज्ञेय व्यामिश्रेणेति मे मति Mb 14 19 56 -**Comp** -**वानम्** a blanket of mixed texture, Kau A 2 11

व्यामिश्रकम् Various works of mixed languages as Prakritas, श्रेष्ठ चान्नसमूहेषु प्राप्तौ व्यामिश्रकेषु च Rām 2 1 27 (com व्यामिश्रकेषु प्राकृतादिभाषामिश्रितनाटकादिषु श्रेष्ठ निपुणताम्)

व्यामोकः Release, freedom (from), getting rid of

व्यामोहः 1 Infatuation -2 Bewilderment, embarrassment, perplexity, कसस्यालमभूज्जित जितमिति व्यामोह-कोलाहल Git 10, Kāv 8 101

व्याय. The way of stretching the bow before shooting the arrow, कैशिक केशमूले वै शरशूत्रे च स्मत्त्विक। श्रवणे वत्सकर्णश्च ग्रीवाया भरतो भवेत्। उसके स्कन्धनामा च व्याया पद्म प्रकीर्तिता || Dhanur 92-93

व्यायम् 1 **P** 1 To stretch out, extend -2 To struggle, contend, fight -3 To try, strive, endeavour -4 To sport, dally

व्यायत **p p** 1 Long, extended, युवा युगव्यायतबाहुरसल R 3. 34 -2 Expanded, wide open -3 Exercised.

disciplined -4 Busy, engaged, occupied -5 Hard, firm -6 Strong, intense, excessive -7 Mighty, powerful -8 Deep, व्यायतपातमक्षिणोत् Ku 5 54

व्यायतत्वम् Muscular development, अपचितमपि गात्र व्यायतत्वादक्ष्यम् S 2 4

व्यायामः 1 Extending, stretching out, व्यायामसहमत्यर्थं तृणराजसम महत् Mb 4 40 6 -2 Exercise, gymnastic or athletic exercise, व्यायामयोग Mb 12 59 53 (com व्यायामयोग आयुधप्रयोगाभ्यास), स्थाने शमवता शक्त्या व्यायामे वृद्धिरङ्गिनाम् Si. 2 94 -3 Fatigue, labour, व्यायामेन च तेनास्य जज्ञे शिरसि वेदना Mb 3 297 2 -4 Effort, exertion -5 Contention, struggle, व्यायाम मुष्टिभि कृत्वा तलैरपि समागतै Mb 3 167 40, 5 138 25 -6 Business, occupation -7 A difficulty -8 A measure of distance (=व्याम q v) -9 Training of the army, व्यायाम स्वसैन्यानाम् Kau A 1 16

व्यायामिक a (-की f), व्यायामिन् a Athletic, gymnastic

व्यायोगः A kind of dramatic composition in one act, it is thus described by S D — ख्यातेतिवृत्तो व्यायोग स्वरूप-स्त्रीजनसयुत । हीनो गर्भविमर्षाभ्या नैर्बहुभिराश्रित । एकाङ्कश्च भवेद-स्त्रीनिमित्तसमरोदय । कैशिकीवृत्तिरहित प्रख्यातस्तत्र नायक । राज-र्षिरथ दिव्यो वा भवेद्वीरोद्धतश्च स । हास्यवृत्तारशान्तेभ्य इतरेऽत्राज्ञिनो रसा ॥ 514, of मध्यमव्यायोग of Bhāsa

व्याल a 1 Wicked, vicious, व्यालद्विपा यन्तुभिर्हन्मदिष्णव Si 12 28, यन्ता गज व्यालमिवापराद्ध Ki 17 25 -2 Bad, villainous -3 Cruel, fierce, savage, जहति व्यालमृगा परेषु वृत्तिम् Ki 13 4 -ल. 1 A vicious elephant, व्याल बाल-मृणालतन्तुभिरसौ रोद्ध समुज्जृम्भते Bh 2 6 -2 A beast of prey, वसन्त्यस्मिन् महारण्ये व्यालश्च रुधिराशना Rām 2 119 19, वन व्यालनिधिवितम् Rām -3 A snake, H 3 29 -4 A tiger, Māl 3 -5 A leopard -6 A king -7 A cheat, rogue -8 N of Visnu -Comp -खङ्गः, -नखः a kind of herb -ग्राहः, ग्राहिन् m a snake catcher, Ms 8 280, व्यालग्राही यथा व्याल बलादुद्धरते बिलात् Kāsikhandam -मृगः 1 a wild animal -2 a hunting leopard, Mb 12 15 21 -रूपः an epithet of Śiva

व्यालकः A vicious or wicked elephant

व्यालम्बः A kind of castor-oil plant

व्यालीन a Thick, dense

व्यालोल a 1 Shaking about, tremulous -2 Disorder- ed, dishevelled, एतत्तालतमालसालसरलव्यालोलवल्लीलताच्छन्नम् Vālmiki's Gangāstaka 6, व्यालोल केशपाश Git 11

व्यालोलनम् Moving to and fro

व्यावकलनम् Subtraction

व्यावक्रोशी, व्यावभाषी Mutual abuse, reciprocal amprecation

व्यावर्गः Division, section

व्यावर्जित p p Bent, ऊरुवातविनिर्भेमा इमा व्यावर्जिता पथि Mb 3 179 52

व्यावलिग p p Moved, agitated

व्यावहारिक a (-की f) 1 Relating to business, practical -2 Legal, judicial, स्वभावैव यद्ब्रूयुस्तद्ग्राह्य व्यावहारिकम् Ms 8 78 -3 Customary, usual -4 Relat- ing to the world of illusion, cf प्रातिभासिक -कः 1 A counsellor, minister, व्यपनिन्यु सुदु खार्ता कौसल्या व्यावहारिका Rām 2 66 13 -2 Superintendent of Transactions, Kau A 1 12 -कम् 1 Use -2 Business, trade

व्यावहारी Mutual seizing, taking

व्यावहासी Mutual derision or laughter, मृग्या शत्रु- निक्रायाना व्यावहासीमनाश्रितै Bk 7 42

व्याविद्ध p p 1 Bound, Dk 2 2 -2 Contradictory to one another, क्व च शत्रु क्व च वन क्व च क्षात्र तप क्व च । व्याविद्धमिदमस्माभि Rām 3 9 27 -3 Whirled round, tossed about -4 Displaced, अथ जर्जरसर्वाङ्ग व्याविद्धनयना-म्बरम् Mb. 3 11 65

व्यावृ 5 U 1 To select, choose -2 To hide, conceal -3 To obstruct, impede

व्यावृत्त p p 1 Covered, hid, screened -2 Impeded, obstructed -3 Opened -4 Excepted, excluded

व्यावृत्तिः f 1 Covering, screening -2 Exclusion

व्यावृत् 1 A 1 To turn away from, turn back, सहसुवा व्यावर्तमाना हिया Ratn 1 2 -2 To be turned or with- drawn from, to be averse to, विपयव्यावृत्तसौतूहल V 1 8. -3 To become separate or distinct from, to get rid of, न स पाम्मनो व्यावर्तते Bri Up 1 5 2 -4 To turn round, revolve -5 To go down, set (as the sun) -6 To cease to exist, perish -7 To be opened or split asunder -8 To recur, to be repeated again, देशपृथक्त्वात् मन्त्रो व्यावर्तते MS 12 1 42 -Caus 1 To restrict, limit, exclude, arrest, overrule, annul (as a rule &c), तु शब्द पूर्वपक्ष व्यावर्तयति S B, अपवाद इवोत्सर्ग व्यावर्तयितुमीश्वर R 15 7. -2 To dissuade from, cause to turn away from, नेयमस्माद् व्यवसायात् कथंचिदपि शक्यते व्यावर्तयितुम् K 172 -3 To destroy, remove, व्यावर्तयितातपरुज प्रथमाभ्रवृष्ट्या V 5 16 -4 To turn round, cause to revolve -5 To separate from -6 To scatter, strew

व्यावर्तः 1 Surrounding, encompassing -2 Revolu- tion, going round -3 Ruptured navel

व्यावर्तक a (-र्तिका f) 1 Encompassing, surround- ing -2 Excluding, separating, restricting -3 Turn- ing away from -4 Turning round

व्यावर्तनम् 1 Surrounding, encompassing -2 Revol- ving, turning round, व्यावर्तनैरहिपतेरयमाहिताङ्क Ki 5 30. -3 A fold, band -4 Coil (of a snake) -5 A turn (of a road)

व्यावृत्त *p p* 1 Turned away from, withdrawn from, व्यावृत्ता यत्परस्वेभ्यः श्रुतौ तस्करता स्थिता R 1 27, V 1 8 -2 Separated from, singled out -3 (a) Excluded, set aside, different from, अयमर्थोऽस्माद् व्यावृत्त Tarka K (b) Not being found or existing in, absent from (frequently used in phil in this sense), धूमो जलहृदादेर्व्यावृत्त Tarka K, Mu 5 10 -4 Revolved, turned round -5 Encompassed, surrounded -6 Desisting, ceased from, व्यावृत्तगतिरुच्यते कुसुमस्तेयसाध्वसात् Ku 2 35 -7 Split asunder -8 Changed, जगाम दक्षिण मार्गं सोमो व्यावृत्तलक्षण Mb 12 141 15 -Comp. -गति *a* desisting from any course of action

व्यावृत्तिः *f* 1 Covering, screening -2 Exclusion, separation -3 Not being found in, absence from, विपन्नाद् व्यावृत्ति Tarka K -4 Surrounding -5 Rolling backwards -6 Praise, eulogium. -7 Recurrence, repetition, मन्त्रस्य व्यावृत्तिर्यास्या SB on MS 12 1 42 -Comp -बुद्धिः *f* the notion of exclusion

व्यासः 1 Distribution, separation into parts -2 Dissolution or analysis of a compound -3 Severalty, distinction -4 Diffusion, extension, तस्यैव व्यासमिच्छामि ज्ञातु ते भगवन् यथा Bhāg 6 4 2 -5 Width, breadth -6 The diameter of a circle -7 A fault in pronunciation -8 Arrangement, compilation -9 An arranger, a compiler, द्वैपायनोऽस्मि व्यासाना कवीना काव्य आत्मवान् Bhāg 11 16 28 -10 N of a celebrated sage [He was the son of the sage Parāśara by Satyavatī (born before her marriage with Śantanu q v), but he retired to the wilderness as soon as he was born, and there led the life of a hermit, practising the most rigid austerities until he was called by his mother Satyavatī to beget sons on the widows of her son Vichitravīrya. He was thus the father of Pāṇdu and Dhṛtarāṣṭra and also of Vidura, q q v v He was at first called 'Kṛṣṇadvāipāyana' from his dark complexion and from his having been brought forth by Satyavatī on a Dvīpa or island, but he afterwards came to be called Vyāsa or 'the arranger', as he was supposed to have arranged the Vedas in their present form, विव्यास वेदान् यस्मात् स तस्माद् व्यास इति स्मृत, cf also जात स यमुनाद्वीपे द्वैपायन इति स्मृत । व्यस्य वेदान् समस्ताश्च व्यासतामगमद्विभु ॥ Bm 1 214 He is believed to be the author of the great epic, the Mahābhārata, which he is said to have composed with Gaṇapati for his scribe The eighteen Purāṇas, as also the Brahma-sūtras and several other works are also ascribed to him He is one of the seven *chirajeevins* or deathless persons, cf चिरजीविन्] -11 A Brāhmaṇa who recites or expounds the Purāṇas in public -Comp -पीठम् the seat of the an expounder of the Purāṇas -पूजा N of the observance of honouring one's preceptor, performed on the 15th of the bright half of Āśāḍha -समास (dual) details and the aggregate; आयव्ययौ च व्याससमासाभ्यामाचक्षीत Kau A 2 9

व्यासज्ज 1 P To attach firmly to, fasten on

व्यासक्त *p p* 1 Closely adhering to, व्यासक्त सहसा द्विजोपहसित नमो हर पातु च Udb -2 Attached or devoted to, intent on, occupied or busy with (with loc) -3 Separated, detached, disjoined. -4 Confused, bewildered -5 Clasped, embraced

व्यासङ्गः 1 Close adherence, intent attachment or application -2 Intentness, devotion, परार्थव्यासङ्गादुपजहदथ स्वार्थपरताम् Bv 1 79 -3 Diligent study -4 Attention, दानज्यानिविषादमूकमधुपव्यासङ्गदीनानन Māl 9 33 -5 Detachment, separation -6 Perplexity, confusion. -7 Addition

व्यासिद्ध *p p* 1 Prohibited, forbidden -2 Contraband (said of goods &c)

व्यासेधः Restraint, prohibition

व्याहन् 2 P. 1 To obstruct, thwart, oppose, impede -2 To repel, drive back -3 To strike excessively -4 To violate, transgress, disobey, राज्ञी राज्य विधिवदशिषद्वर्तु-रव्याहताज्ञा R 19 57 -5 To foil, frustrate, disappoint -6 To trouble, vex, annoy

व्याहत *p p* 1 Obstructed, impeded -2 Repelled, repulsed -3 Foiled, disappointed, Si 3 40 -4 Confused, bewildered, alarmed -Comp -अर्थता one of the faults of composition, see K P 7

व्याहृतिः (In logic) Contradiction

व्याहावः A distinct call

व्याहित *a* Diseased (व्याधिग्रस्त), एतद्वै परम तपो तद् व्याहितस्तप्यते Bri Up 5 11 1

व्याह 1 P 1 To speak, say, utter, tell, narrate, declare, व्याजहार हरसूनुसनिभ R 11 83, Ku 2. 62, 6 2 -2 To explain -3 To cry, scream, shout -4 To answer -5 To sport, enjoy -6 To cut off, sever, Mb 6

व्याहरणम् 1 Utterance, pronunciation, भविष्यति महा-तेजा पुत्रस्तव यशस्विनि । प्रभावाद्वास्तुदेवस्य मम व्याहरणादपि ॥ Mb. 14 62 12 -2 Speech, narration

व्याहारः 1 Speech, utterance, words, आविर्भूतज्योतिषा ब्राह्मणानां ये व्याहारास्तेषु मा सशयोऽभूत् U 4 18, 5 29 -2 Voice, note, sound, परमृतकलव्याहारेषु त्वमात्तरतिर्मधुम् M 5 1. -3 Jest, joke, humorous speech -4 Song (of birds).

व्याहत *p p* Said, spoken, uttered -तम् 1 Speaking, talking -2 Inarticulate speech or song, रसज्ञाने तु जिह्वेय व्याहृते वाक् तथोच्यते Mb 12 210 32 -3 Information, instruction

व्याहृतिः *f* 1 Utterance, speech, words, न हीश्वर-व्याहृतय कदाचित् पुष्पन्ति लोके विपरीतमर्थम् Ku 3 63 -2 Statement, expression, भूतार्थव्याहृति सा हि न स्तुति परमेष्ठिन R. 10 33 -3 A mystic word uttered by every Brāhmaṇa

in performing his daily Sandhyā adoration, (these Vyāhritis are three भूर्, भुवस् and स्वस् or स्वर usually repeated after om, of भूर्भुव सुवरिति वा एतास्त्रिषु व्याहृतयः T Up 1 5 1, वेदत्रयानि रदुहद्भूर्भुवस्वरिति च Ms 2 76, according to some they are seven in number as भू, भुव, स्व, मह, जन, तप, and सत्यम्

व्युच्चर् 1 P 1 To transgress, offend against, violate -2 To be faithless to -3 To commit adultery with, विपरीतास्तदा नार्यो वध्यत्वार्हत पतीन्। व्युच्चरन्त्यपि दुःशीला दासैः पशुभिरिव च ॥ Mb 3 188. 63 -4 To deviate from the right path

व्युच्चरणम् Transgression, deviation

व्युच्छिन्तिः f, व्युच्छेदः Cutting off, extermination, complete destruction

व्युत्तः, -तिः See व्युत्त

व्युत्क्रमम् See उत्क्रम

व्युत्क्रमः 1 Transgression, going astray, श्लाघा साऽस्मद्-पुषि विनयव्युत्क्रमेऽप्येव राग Ve 2 11 -2 Inverted order, contrariety -3 Confusion, disorder

व्युत्क्रमणम् Going apart, separation, P VIII 1 15

व्युत्क्रान्त p p 1 Transgressed, overstepped -2 Departed, left, gone forth -3 Neglected -ता A kind of riddle -Comp -जीवित a dead

व्युत्था 1 Ā 1 To get up, rise -2 To increase in strength or power, grow strong -3 To oppose, resist, say something in opposition, इति व्युत्तिष्ठमानायां तस्यामूचे नल प्रियाम् N 20 124 -Caus 1 To excite, instigate, rouse -2 To disagree about -3 To win over -4 To remove

व्युत्थानम्, व्युत्थितिः f 1 Great activity -2 Rising up against, opposition, obstruction -3 Independent action, following one's own bent of mind, व्युत्थान च विकाङ्क्षाद्धि कथाभिः प्रतिलोभ्यते Mb 12 111 43 -4 The completion of religious abstraction or abstract meditation (in Yoga phil) -5 A kind of dance -6 Causing (an elephant) to rise, यावच्चक्रे नाज्जन बोधनाय व्युत्थानज्ञो हस्तिचारी मदस्य Śi 18 26 -7 Contradicting

व्युत्थित p p 1 Greatly divergent in opinion -2 Swerving from duty (उच्छास्त्रवर्तिन्), व्युत्थितोत्पत्तिविज्ञानमाकाशे च गति शुभा Mb 6 15 9

व्युत्पद् 4 Ā 1 To be produced from, originate in -2 To be derived from (a root &c), नाम रुढमपि च व्युत्पादि Śi 10 23 -3 To become proficient in or conversant with -Caus 1 To produce, cause -2 To derive, trace to a root (as a word), ब्रह्मशब्दस्य व्युत्पाद्यमानस्य S B

व्युत्पत्तिः f 1 Origin, production -2 Derivation, etymology -3 Perfect proficiency, conversancy -4 Scholarship, learning, व्युत्पत्तिरावर्जितकोविदापि न रजनाय

स इ को ..१९१

क्रमते जडानाम् Vikr 1 16, 18 108 -5 Difference of tone or sound

व्युत्पन्न p p 1 Produced, begotten -2 Formed by derivation -3 Derived, traced to its etymology, as a word (opp अव्युत्पन्न or 'primitive') -4 Completed, perfected, Mv 4 57 -5 Thoroughly proficient in, learned, erudite

व्युत्पादनम् 1 Derivation from -2 Teaching, instruction

व्युत्त p p Wetted, drenched

व्युद, व्युदक a Waterless, उपारत वान्त्वर्ष व्युदप्रायाश्च निम्नगा Bhāg 10 25 26

व्युदस् 4 P 1 To throw or scatter about -2 To throw off, cast away -3 To set or lay aside -4 To give up, abandon

व्युदस्त p p Thrown aside, rejected, cast off

व्युदासः Throwing aside, rejection, अथैकान्तव्युदासेन शरीरे पाञ्चभौतिके Mb 12 19 18 -2 Exclusion (in gram) -3 Prohibition -4 Disregard, indifference -5 Killing, destruction, Śi 15 37

व्युदित a Disputed, discussed, debated

व्युपदेशः Pretext, pretence

व्युपरमः Cessation, stop, close, खरस्नायुच्छेदक्षणविहितवेग-व्युपरम (च 1 व्युपशम) Māl 5 34

व्युपरत p p Rested, stopped, अन्त प्राणावरोधव्युपरतसकल-ज्ञानरुद्धेन्द्रियस्य Mk 1 1

व्युपशमः 1 Non-cessation -2 Inquietude -3 Complete cessation (where वि shows intensity)

व्युष p p 1 Shorn, shaved -2 Scattered, disordered -Comp -केश a having dishevelled hair, अदत्युन्मत्तवन्ननो व्युप्तकेशो हसन् रुद्र Bhāg 4 2 14

व्युष् = व्युष् 10 P 1 To void, emit -2 To reject

व्युषित p p See व्युष्ट, व्युषिताया रजन्या तु कर्णो राजान-मभ्यगात् Mb 3 238 17

व्युष्ट p p 1 Burnt -2 Dawned, become day-light. -3 Become bright or clear, ततो रजन्या व्युष्टाया प्रभातेऽव्युदिते रवौ Mb 1 21 1 -4 Dwelt, सा व्युष्टा रजनीं तत्र पितुर्वैशमनि भाविनी Mb 3 69 28 -5 Passed -ष्टम् 1 Day-break, dawn, व्युष्ट प्रयाणम् Śi 12 4 -2 Day -3 Fruit, result -4 The new year's day on श्रावण, Kau A 2. 5

व्युष्टिः f 1 Dawn -2 Prosperity, व्युष्टिरेषा परा श्लाघाम् Mb 1 158 22, 13 61 14 -3 Grace, beauty, तदेतत् कीर्तिश्च व्युष्टिश्चेत्युपासीत कीर्तिमान् व्युष्टिमान् भवति य एव वेद Ch Up 3 14 4 -4 Praise -5 Fruit, consequence, यत्तत्तस्य त्वया व्युष्टिः प्राप्तेय हवगाधिप Rām 4 20 11, Mb 13 26 31

व्यूत *a* Interwoven, sewn, interlaced.

व्यूतिः 1 Weaving, sewing -2 The wages of weaving

व्यूह 1 P 1 To arrange troops in battle array, सूच्या वज्रेण चैवेतान् व्यूहेन व्यूह्य योवयेत् Ms 7 191 -2 To arrange, put or place in order, dispose -3 To separate, divide -4 To alter, transpose, disarrange -5 To resolve (vowels, syllables &c)

व्यूढ *p p* 1 Expanded, developed, broad, wide, व्यूढोरस्को रुषस्कन्ध R 1 13 -2 Firm, compact -3 Placed in order, arranged, marshalled (as an army), तेन व्यूडेन सैन्येन लोकानुद्वर्तयन्निव Mb 3 283 15, दृष्ट्वा तु पाण्डवानीक व्यूढं दुर्योधनस्तदा Bg 1 3 -4 Disarranged, placed out of order, दिक्षु व्यूढाङ्घ्रिपाङ्गस्तृणजटिलचलपाशुदण्डोऽन्तरिक्षे Ve 2 19 -5 Married, व्यूढायाश्चापि पुत्रवत्या मनोऽयेति नव नवम् Bhāg 10 60 48 -6 Large, great -**Comp** -कङ्कट *a* mailed, clad in armour

व्यूढिः *f* Orderly arrangement, array

व्यूहः 1 A military array, दण्डव्यूहेन तन्मार्गं यायात्तु शक्यतेन वा । वराहमकराभ्यां वा सूच्या वा गरुडेन वा ॥ Ms 7 187, of दण्डव्यूह, शकट°, वराह°, सर्वतोभद्र° etc mentioned in Dhanur -2 An army, a host, squadron, व्यूहावुभौ तावितरेतरस्मात् भङ्गं जयं चापतुरव्यवस्थम् R 7 54 -3 A large quantity, an assemblage, a multitude, collection, विमिश्रा विहगा पुमिरात्मव्यूहाभिनन्दिता Rām 4 1 27, गुणव्यूह Bhāg 4 29 71 -4 A part, portion, subhead -5 The body -6 Structure, formation -7 Reasoning, logic -8 Separation, distribution -9 (In phil) A peculiar arrangement of the senses -**Comp** -**पार्ष्णिः** *f* the rear of an army -**भङ्गः**, -**भेदः** breaking an array -**रचना** arrangement of troops -**विभागः** a distinctive array of army, पक्षकक्षा-वरस्यानां बलाग्रतो व्यूहविभाग Kau A 10

व्यूहनम् 1 Arraying of troops, marshalling -2 Structure of the members of the body -3 Development (of the foetus) -4 Displacement

व्यूद्ध *p p* 1 Deprived of prosperity, unlucky, unfortunate -2 Deprived of or excluded from -3 Nullified -4 Imperfect, deficient

व्यूद्धिः *f* 1 Non-prosperity, ill-luck, misfortune (विगत ऋद्धिव्यूद्धिः), as in यवनानां व्यूद्धिर्दुर्यवनम् Sk -2 Scarcity

व्ये 1 U (व्ययति-ते, ऊत, Caus व्यययति-ते, desid विव्यासति) 1 To cover -2 To sew

व्येक *a* Deficient by one

व्योकारः A blacksmith, व्योकारा शौल्बिकास्तथा Śiva B 31 17

व्योमन् *n* [व्ये-मनिन् पृषो० Un 4 150] 1 The sky, atmosphere, अस्त्वेवं जडधामता तु भवतो यद् व्योमनि विस्फूर्जसे K P. 10, Me 53, R. 12 67, N. 22 54 -2 Water -3 A temple sacred to the sun -4 Talc -**Comp** -**आख्यम्**

talc, mica -**उदकम्** rain-water, dew -**केशः**, -**कोशान्** *m* an epithet of Śiva -**गः** a divine being -**गङ्गा** the heavenly Ganges -**गमनीविद्या** the magic art of flying -**चरः** a planet -**चारिन्** *m* 1 a god -2 a bird -3 a saint -4 a Brāhmana -5 a heavenly body -**धारणः** mercury -**धूमः** a cloud -**देवः** N of Śiva -**नाशिका** a kind of quail -**पुष्पम्** an impossibility, absurdity (as a flower in the air) -**मञ्जरम्**, -**मण्डलम्** a flag, banner -**माय** *a* reaching to the sky -**मुद्गरः** a gust of wind -**यानम्** a celestial car -**रत्नम्** the sun -**सद्** *m* 1 a deity, god -2 a Gandharva, ज्वलन्मणि व्योमसदा सनातनम् K1 8 1 -3 a spirit -**संभवा** a spotted cow. -**स्थली** the earth -**स्पृश** *a* 'sky-touching', very lofty

व्योषम् An aggregate of three spices (black and long pepper, and dry ginger)

व्रज I 1 P (व्रजति) 1 To go, walk, proceed, नाविनतै-व्रजेद् दुयै Ms 4 67 -2 To go to, approach, visit, मामेक शरणं व्रज Bg 18 66 -3 To depart, retire, withdraw -4 To pass away (as time), इयं व्रजति यामिनी त्यज नरेन्द्र निदारसम् Vikr 11 74 -5 To attain to, go to the state of -6 To obtain, gain -II 10 U (व्रजयति-ते) 1 To go -2 To prepare, decorate (This root is used much in the same way as गम् or या q v)

व्रजः [व्रज-चजथे क] 1 A multitude, collection, flock, group, सगोव्रजोऽत्यात्मपदुर्गमार्गं Bhāg 10 13 30, नेत्रव्रजा पौरजनस्य तस्मिन् विहाय सर्वानृपतीभिषिक्तु R 6 7, 7 60, S1 6 6, 14 33 -2 A station of cowherds, Bhāg 12 9 28 -3 A cow-pen, cow shed, 'व्रज स्याद्रोडुल गोष्ठम्' इति वैजयन्ती, निरुद्धवीववासारप्रसारा गा इव व्रजम् S1 2 64, K1 4 16 -4 An abode, a resting-place -5 A road -6 A cloud -7 N of a district near Mathurā -**जम्** Wandering, going -**Comp** -**अङ्गना**, **युवतिः** *f* a woman of Vraja, a cowherdess, मयुरागमनोन्मुखे मुरारावसुभारतिभृता व्रजाङ्गनानाम् Bv 2 165 -**अजिरम्** a cow-pen -**किशोरः**, -**नाथः**, -**मोहनः**, -**वरः**, -**वल्लभः** epithets of Kṛṣṇa -**भाषा** the language current around Agra and Mathurā, old Hindi language -**सानः** a man

व्रजकः A religious mendicant wandering about for alms

व्रजनम् [व्रजे क्यु Un 2 77] 1 Roaming, wandering, travelling. -2 Exile -3 Ved A way, road -4 Sky.

व्रजितम् Going, roaming, दुरासिताद् दुर्व्रजितान् Mb 3 233 21

व्रज्या 1 Wandering about as a religious mendicant -2 An attack, invasion, a march -3 A flock, multitude, tribe, class -4 A theatre

व्रण I 1 P (व्रणति) To sound -II 10 U (व्रणयति-ते) To hurt, wound

व्रणः, -**णम्** [व्रण-अच्] 1 A wound, sore, bruise, hurt, आत्मन सुमहत् कर्म व्रणैरावेद्यं सस्थित R 12 55 -2 A boil, an

ulcer, व्रणो रुद्धग्रन्थि स्फुटित इव हृन्मर्मणि पुन U 2 26 -3 A fracture, scar -4 A flaw, blemish -Comp -अरिः gum-myrh -कृत् a 1 wounding -2 corroding (-m) the marking-nut tree -चिन्तकः a surgeon -विरोपण, -संरोहण a sore-healing, यस्य त्वया व्रणविरोपणमिह्नुदीना तैल न्यषिच्यत S 4 13 -शोधनम् the cleansing or dressing of a wound -हः the castor oil plant

व्रणनम् Piercing, perforating

व्रणित a Wounded, bruised, विषकस्तीव्रेण व्रणितहृदयेन व्यथयता U 4 3

व्रत, -तम् [व्रज्-घ जस्य त] 1 A religious act of devotion or austerity, vowed observance, a vow in general, अभ्यस्यतीव व्रतमासिवारम् R 13 67, 2 4, 25, (there are several *vratas* enjoined in the different Purāṇas, but their number cannot be said to be fixed, as new ones, e g सत्यनारायणव्रत, are being added every day) -2 A vow, promise, resolve, सोऽभूद् भग्नव्रत शत्रूनुद्धृत्य प्रतिरोपयन् R 17 42, so सत्यव्रत, पुण्यव्रत, दृढव्रत &c -3 Object of devotion or faith, devotion, as in पतिव्रता (पतिव्रतं यस्या सा), यान्ति देवव्रता देवान् पितॄन् यान्ति पितृव्रता Bg 9 25 -4 A rite, an observance, practice, as in अर्कव्रत q v, Śabarāswāmin defines it as पुरुषाणा क्रियार्थानां शरीरवारणार्थं बलकरणार्थश्चायं संस्कारो व्रत नाम ŚB on MS 4 3 8 -5 Mode of life, course of conduct, अथ तु वेत्सि शुचि व्रतमात्मन S 5 27 -6 An ordinance, a law, rule -7 Sacrifice -8 An act, deed, work -9 A design, plan -10 Mental activity, व्रतमिति च मानस कर्म उच्यते ŚB on MS 6 2 20 -11 Celibacy, व्रतलोपनम् Ms 11 61 (com ब्रह्मचारिणो भैथुनम्), Mb 12.11 22 (com? व्रत ब्रह्मचर्याद्युपेतमभ्ययनम्) -Comp -आचरणम् the observance of a vow -आदेशः investiture of a youth (of any one of the three classes) with the sacred thread -उपवासः a fast for a vow -ग्रहणम् initiation into a vow for a religious performance -चर्यः a religious student, see ब्रह्मचारिन् -चर्या observance or practice of a religious vow -धारणम् the fulfilling of a religious observance -पारणम्, -णा conclusion of a vow or fast, eating after a fast -प्रतिष्ठा performance of a religious vow voluntarily undertaken -भङ्गः 1 breach of a vow -2 breach of a promise -भिक्षा begging alms as part of the ceremony of investiture with the sacred thread -रुचि a delighting in religious observances, devout -लोपनम् breaking a vow. -वैकल्यम् the incompleteness of a religious vow -सग्रहः initiation into a vow -संपादनम् fulfilling a religious vow -स्थ a practising any vow -स्थ. a celibate, व्रतस्थमपि दौहित्र श्राद्धे यत्नेन भोजयेत् Ms 3.234 -स्नात a. one who has bathed after completing a religious vow -स्नातकः a Brāhmaṇa who has completed the first stage of his religious life, i e that of a Brahmacārin or religious student, see स्नातक, Ms 4 31

व्रतयाति Den P 1 To observe a vow -2 To fast in consequence of a vow -3 To eat together

व्रतिक, -व्रतिन् a Observing a vow, practising penance, devout, pious, नायज्वभिनाव्रतिकै Mb 3 43 5, व्रतिन पापशीलानामसतीना कुलब्रिय (द्वेष्या) Pt 1 416 -m 1 A religious student, भिक्षेण वर्तयेन्नित्य नैऋतादी भवेद् व्रती । भिक्षेण व्रतिनो वृत्तिरुपवाससमा स्मृता ॥ Ms 2 188 -2 An ascetic, a devotee, किं तावद् व्रतिनामुपोढतपसा विघ्नैस्तपो दूषितम् S 5 9 -3 One who institutes a sacrifice, cf यजमान

व्रतति, -ती f 1 A creeper, पादाकृष्टव्रततिवल्यासगसजात-पाश S 1 33, R 14 1 -2 Expansion, extension

व्रधन् See व्रध

व्रह्मन् See ब्रह्मन्

व्रश्च 6 P (वृश्चति, वृक्चण, caus व्रश्चयति-ते, desid विव्रश्चिषति or विव्रक्षति) 1 To cut, cut up or asunder, tear, lacerate -2 To wound

व्रश्चनः 1 A small saw -2 A fine file used by goldsmiths -3 The juice trickling from an incision in a tree -नम् 1 Cutting, tearing, wounding -2 A cut, an incision -Comp -प्रभव a flowing from an incision, लोहितान् वृक्षनिर्यासान् व्रश्चनप्रभवास्तथा (विवर्जयेत्) Ms 5 6

व्राजः 1 Going, motion -2 A multitude (Ved) -3 A domestic cock

व्राजिः f. A gust or gale of wind, stormy wind

व्रातः A multitude, group, flock, an assemblage, श्वपाकानां व्रातै G L 29, R 12 94, S 4 35 -तम् 1 Bodily or manual labour -2 Day-labour -3 Casual employment -4 The company or attendants at a marriage feast -Comp -जीवन a see व्रातीन -पतिः lord of an assemblage

व्रातीन a 1 Living by day-labour, a hired labourer, coolie, व्रातीनव्यालदीप्राज्ञ सुत्वन परिपूजयन् Bk 4 12 -2 One living by violence

व्रात्यः [व्रातात् समूहात् च्यवति यत्] 1 A man of the first three classes who has lost his caste owing to the non-performance of the principal Samskāras or purificatory rites (especially investiture with the sacred thread) over him, an outcast, सावित्रीपतिता व्रात्या भवन्त्यार्याविगर्हिता Ms 2 39, सौराष्ट्रावन्त्याभीराश्च शूरा अर्बुदमालवा । व्रात्या द्विजा भविष्यन्ति शूद्रप्राया जनाधिपा Bhāg 12 1 38, सवत्या हि व्रात्याधमपतित-पाखण्डपरिषपरित्राणस्नेह G L 37 -2 A low or vile person in general, vagrant -3 A man of a particular inferior tribe (the descendant of a Sūdra father and Ksatriya mother) -त्या The daughter of an outcast -Comp -चर्या the life and practice of a vagrant -व्रुवः one who calls himself a Vratya -स्तोमः N of a sacrifice performed to recover the rights forfeited by the non-performance of the due Samskāras

व्री I 9 P (व्रीणाति-व्रीणाति) To choose, select, cf व
-II 4 A (व्रीयते, व्रीण) 1 To go, move -2 To be chosen
-3 To cover, screen

व्रीड् 4 P (व्रीडयति) 1 To be ashamed, feel shame
-2 To throw, cast, send forth

व्रीडः, -डा 1 Shame, व्रीडादिवा-यासगतैर्विलित्ये Si 3 40,
व्रीडमावहति मे स (शब्द) सप्रति R 11 73 -2 Modesty,
bashfulness, व्रीडजाज्यमभजन्मद्रुपा सा Si 10 18 -Comp.
-आनत, अन्वित a modest, bashful -दानम् (व्रीडादानम्)
a gift offered out of modesty

व्रीडनम् 1 Shame -2 Modesty -3 Lowering,
depression

व्रीडित (Sometimes व्रीलित also) p p Put to shame,
ashamed, abashed, व्रीलित इवास्मि राजान द्रष्टुम् Pañcha-
rātram 2

व्रीलः Shame, व्रीलादिवाधोमुखम् Pratyūñā 4 12

व्रीस् 1 P, 10 U (व्रीसति, व्रीसयति ते) To injure, kill

व्रीहिः [व्री-हि किच] 1 Rice, as in बहुव्रीहि q v -2 A
gram of rice -Comp -अगारम् a granary -काञ्चनम् a
kind of pulse (Mar मधुरा) -मयः a sacrificial cake

made of grains (पुरोडाश) -मुखः a surgical instrument
(resembling a grain of rice) -राजिकम् panic seed
(= वङ्गू q v) -वापम् Sowing rice -श्रेष्ठः a kind of
rice (शालिधान्य)

व्रीहिक a Having or bearing rice, P V 2 116

वृड् 6 P (वृडति) 1 To cover -2 To be heaped or
gathered -3 To heap, accumulate -4 To sink, go down.

वृडित p p Immersed, sunk

वृष् -स् 1 P, 10 U See व्रीस्

व्रीहेय a (-यी f) [व्रीहि-ठक्] 1 Fit for rice -2 Sown
with rice, P V 2 2 -यम् A field of rice, one fit for
growing rice

व्ली 9 P (व्लिनाति rarely व्लीनाति, Caus व्लेपयति) 1
To go, move -2 To support, hold, maintain -3 To
choose, select

व्लीन p p 1 Crushed, sunk down -2 Held,
supported

व्लेष् 10 U (व्लेक्षयति-ते) To see, cf वेष्

व्लेष्कः A snare, noose

श

शः 1 A cutter, destroyer -2 A weapon -3 N
of Śiva -शम् Happiness, हर्तुर्नयति न गोचर किमपि
श पुष्पाति यन् सर्वदा Bh 2 16

शंशु a Happy, prosperous, कुर्वाणा पश्यत शयून् सग्विणी
सुहृसान्ना Bk 4 18 -शुः A deity presiding over sacri-
fice, शयोरभिसवन्ताय अथर्वय नमो नम Mb 13 14 9

शंव a Happy, fortunate -वः 1 Ploughing in the
regular direction -2 The thunderbolt of Indra -3
The iron head of a pestle

शंस 1 P (शसति, शस्त, pass शस्यते) 1 To praise,
extol, approve of, साधु साविति भूतानि शशसुर्मास्तात्मजम्
Rām, संन्यास कर्मणा कृष्ण पुनर्योग च शंससि Bg 5 1 -2 To
tell, relate, express, declare, communicate, announce,
report (with dat or sometimes gen of person or by
itself); शशस सीतापरिदेवनान्तमनुष्ठित शासनमप्रजाय R 14 83,
न मे हिया शसति किंचिदीप्सितम् 3 5, 2 68, 4 72, 9 77,
11. 84, Ku 3 60, 5 51 -3 To indicate, bespeak,
show, य (अशोक) सावज्ञो माववश्रीनियोगे पुष्पे शसत्यादर
त्वत्प्रयत्ने M 5 8, Ku 5. 23, Ku 2 22 -4 To repeat,
recite, ओमिति शसति Oh Up. 1 1 9 -5 To hurt, injure.
-6 To revile, traduce -7 To praise in ऋक् verse not

set to music (as distinguished from स्तु 2 U), प्रगीतेषु
मन्त्रवाक्येषु स्तौतिशब्द अप्रगीतेषु शसतिशब्द SB on MS
7 2 17

शंसः Ved 1 Praise -2 Recitation -3 Calling,
invocation -4 A charm, spell -5 Wishing well to
-6 A blessing -7 A curse -8 Calumny

शंसनम् [शस् ल्युट्] 1 Praising -2 Telling, relating
-3 Reciting

शंसनीय a To be praised, praiseworthy

शसा [शस्-अ] 1 Praise -2 Wish, desire, hope -3
Repeating, narrating -4 Reciting -5 Conjecture,
belief, मातास्य युगपद् वाक्य विप्रिय प्रियशसया Rām 2 72 41
(com प्रियशसया प्रियशङ्कया)

शंसित p p [शस् क] 1 Praised, extolled -2 Told,
said, spoken, declared -3 Wished, desired -4 Ascer-
tained, established, determined -5 Falsely accused,
calumniated -6 Observed (अनुष्ठित), इदं शास्त्रमधीयानो
ब्राह्मण शसितव्रत Ms 1 104

शंसिन् a (Usually at the end of comp) 1 Prai-
sing -2 Telling, announcing, communicating, प्रजावती

दोहदशसिनी ते R 14 45 -3 Indicating, bespeaking, मूर्धान क्षतहुकारशसिन Ku 2 26, अभिमतफलशसी चारु पुस्फोर बाहु Bk 1 27, प्रार्थनासिद्धिशसिन R 1 42, Si 9 77 -4 Presaging, foretelling, बभूव सर्व शुभशसि तत्क्षणम् R 3 14, 12 90

शंस्त m 1 A praiser, panegyrist -2 A reciter of hymns

शंस्य a 1 Loudly read, (Dānasāgara, Bibl Ind 274, Fasc 1, p 63) -2 Praise-worthy -3 Desirable

शक् I 5 P (शक्नोति, शक्) 1 To be able, be competent for, have power to effect (usually with an inf and translatable by 'can'), अदर्शयन् वक्तुमशक्नुवत्य शाखाभिरावर्जितपल्लवाभि R. 13 24, Bk 3 6, Me 20, sometimes, with acc or dat, दानेन ववर्णिर्णेक सर्पादीनाम-शक्नुवन् Ms 11 139, with gen also, see शक् -2 To bear, endure -3 To be powerful -Pass To be able, be possible or practicable (giving a passive sense to a following infinitive), तत् कर्तुं शक्यते 'it can be done' -Desid (शिक्षति) 1 To wish to be able -2 To learn -II 4 U (शक्यति-ते, शक्) 1 To be able, have power to effect -2 To bear, endure -3 To give -4 To aid -5 To know (mostly Ved in these senses)

शकः 1 N of a king (especially applied to Śāli-vāhana, but scholars do not seem to have yet agreed as to the precise meaning and scope of the word) -2 An epoch, era (the term is especially applied to the era of Śāli-vāhana which commences 78 years after the Christian era) -काः (m pl) 1 N of a country -2 N of a particular tribe or race of people (mentioned in Ms 10 44 along with the Paundrakas &c, see Mu 5 11 also) -Comp -अन्तकः, -अरिः epithets of king Vikramāditya who is said to have exterminated the Śakas -अब्दः, -कालः a year of the Śaka era -कर्तृ, -कृत् m the founder of an era

शकम् Dung, cow-dung (Ved)

शकटः, -टम् [शक्-अट् Un 4 81] 1 A cart, carriage, waggon, रोहिणीशकटम् Pt 1 213, 211, 212, Y 3.42 -2 Cart-stand, caravansary, कृष्णरामौ वृत्तौ गोपै पुराच्छ-कटमीयतु Bhāg 10 42 23 -टः 1 A form of military array resembling a wedge, Ms 7 187 -2 A measure of capacity, cart-load equal to 2000 *palas* -3 N of a demon slain by Krishna when quite a boy. -4 N of a tree (तिनिश) -5 An implement for preparing grain -Comp -अक्षः the axle of a cart -अरिः, -हन् m epithets of Krishna. -आह्ना the lunar asterism Rohini (so called because it is figured by a cart) -उर्वी even, flat space, Gīrvāna, Mb 13 85 50 (com शकटोर्वी तु श्रुत्यन्तरात्) -भेदः the division of Rohini by a planet passing through it; cf. यदि रोहिण्या शकट भिनत्ति रविनन्दनो गगनबीधयाम् । द्वादश वर्षाणि तदा न हि वर्षति वासवो भूमौ ॥ Pt. 1 211. -बिलः a gallinule -व्यूहः a particular form of

military array -व्रतम् a particular observance -सार्थः a train of carts, caravan

शकटिका A small cart, a toy-cart, as in मृच्छकटिका

शकन् n Ordure, feces, especially of animals, (this word has no forms for the first five inflections, and is optionally substituted for शक्त् after acc dual)

शकरम् See शकल (1), मासान्यस्य शकराणि Bri Up 3 9 28

शकलः, -लम् [शक्-लक् Un 1 109] 1 A part, portion, piece, fragment, bit, ताभ्यां स शकलाभ्यां च दिव भूमि च निर्ममे Ms 1 13, उपलशकलमेतद्भेदक गोमयानाम् Mu 3 15, R 2 46, 5 73 -2 A pot-sherd, प्रतिगृह्य पुटेनैव पाणिना शकलेन वा Ms 6 28 -3 A spark, उद्यत्कृशानुशकलेषु खुराभि-घातात् -लम् 1 Bark -2 The scales (of a fish) -3 A half, as in चन्द्रशकलम् -4 Cinnamon

शकलित a Reduced to fragments, shattered to pieces

शकलिन m A fish

शकलीकृ 8 U To reduce to fragments or pieces, cut to pieces, divide

शकारः The brother of a king's concubine, the brother-in-law of a king by a wife not regularly married (अनुदाभ्रातृ), (he is usually represented as a strange mixture of pride, folly, and vanity, of low family, and raised to power by reason of his relation to the king In the Mricchhakatika of Śūdraka where he plays a prominent part, his character is well exhibited in his lightness and frivolity of spirit, vain-glory, constant reference to his high connection, his blundering and ludicrous folly, but withal cruelty enough to throttle the heroine when she refused to yield to his desire, S D thus defines him — मदमूर्खताभिमानो दुष्कल-तैश्चर्यसयुक्त । सोऽयमनुदाभ्राता राज्ञ श्याल शकार इत्युक्त ॥ 81

शकुनः [शक्-उन् Un 3 49] 1 A bird (in general), केनेदृशी जालु परा हि दृष्टा वायुच्यमाना शकुनेन सस्कृता Mb 3 197 11, शकुनोच्छिष्टम् Y 1 168 -2 A kind of bird, a vulture or kite -3 A kind of song (sung at festivals) -नम् 1 An omen, a prognostic, any omen presaging good or evil, अशकुनेन स्वलित किल्लेरोऽपि Si 9.88 -2 An auspicious omen -Comp -ज्ञ a knowing omens (-ज्ञा) a small house-lizard -ज्ञानम् knowledge of omens, augury -शास्त्रम् 'the science of omens', N. of a work

शकुनिः [शक्-उनि] 1 A bird, तरुशकुनिकुरङ्गान् मैथिली यान्पुण्यत् U 3.25; Ms 12.63 -2 A vulture, kite or eagle -3 A cock -4 N. of a son of Subala, king of Gāndhāra and brother of Gāndhārī, wife of Dhritarāstra, he was thus the maternal uncle of Duryodhana whom he assisted in many of his wicked schemes to exterminate the Pāndavas The name is now usually applied to an old wicked-minded relative whose counsels tend

to ruin -5 N of a demon killed by Kṛṣṇa -Comp
-ईश्वरः N of Garuda -प्रपा a trough for watering
birds -वादः 1 the cry or sound of a bird -2 the
crowing of a cock

शकुनी 1 A hen-sparrow -2 A kind of bird

शकुन्तः [शक्-उन्त] 1 A bird in general, असव्यापि-
शकुन्तनीडनित्त बिभ्रज्जटामण्डलम् S 7 11 -2 The blue jay
-3 A kind of bird -4 A sort of insect

शकुन्तकः A bird

शकुन्तला [शकुन्तै लायते ला घजये क] N of the daughter
of Viśvāmitra by the nymph Menakā who was sent
down by Indra to disturb the sage's austerities [When
Menakā went up to the heaven she left the child in a
solitary forest where she was taken care of by
'Sakuntas' or birds, whence she was called "Sakun-
talā" She was afterwards found by the sage Kanva
and brought up as his own daughter When Dusyanta
in the course of his hunting came to the sage's hermi-
tage, he was fascinated by her charms and prevailed
on her to become his wife by the Gandharva form
of marriage, (see Dusyanta) She bore to him a son
named Bharata, who became a universal monarch,
and gave his name to India which came to be called
Bharatavarṣa]

शकुन्ति. A bird, कलमविरल रत्युत्कण्ठा क्वणन्तु शकुन्तय
U 3 24

शकुन्तिका 1 A bird, छद्मना परिददामि सृत्येव सौनिको गृह-
शकुन्तिकामिव U 1 45 -2 A kind of bird -3 A locust,
cricket

शकुर a Tame, quiet (as an animal), Hch 6

शकुलः, -ली [शक्-उल् Un 1 93] A kind of fish
-Comp -अक्षका, -अक्षी white bent grass, Panicum
Dactylon (Mar शुक्लदूर्वा) -अदनी 1 a kind of medi-
cinal plant (called Katki) -2 an earthworm -अर्भकः,
-गण्डः a kind of fish

शकुत् n [शक्-शतन् Un 4 58] Ordure, excrement,
especially of animals -Comp -करिः m, f, -करी a
calf, शकुत्करिर्वत् Sk -कीटः a dung-beetle -द्वारम् the
anus -पिण्डः, -पिण्डकः a ball or lump of dung,
शष्पाण्याति प्रकिरति शकुत्पिण्डकानाम्नात्रान् U 4 26. -भेदः
diarrhoea

शकर, -शकरिः A bull; Hch 6

शकरी 1 A river -2 A girdle, zone -3 A woman
of impure caste -4 A finger -5 N of a metre, L D B

शक्त p p [शक् क] 1 Able, capable, competent (with
gen or loc or inf.); बहुव्रीहस्य कर्मण शक्ता Ve 3, तस्योप-
कारे शक्तस्त्वं किं जीवन् किमुतान्यथा sbd, शक्तस्य शक्त्यकारणात्
Sān K 9 -2 Strong, mighty, powerful. -3 Rich,

opulent, शक्त परजने दाता स्वजने दु खजीविनि Ms 11 9 -4
Significant, expressive, conveying a meaning by deno-
tation (अभिधा or शक्ति) and not by indication (लक्षणा)
(as a word) -5 Clever, intelligent -6 Speaking
kindly or agreeably

शक्तिः f [शक्-क्ति] 1 (a) Power, ability, capa-
city, strength, energy, prowess, दैव निहत्य कुरु
पौरुषमात्मशक्त्या Pt 1 361, ज्ञाने मौन क्षमा शक्तौ R 1 22,
so यथाशक्ति, स्वशक्ति &c (b) Faculty, capacity, स्मरण-
शक्ति 'retentive faculty or memory' -2 Regal power,
(it has three parts or elements, 1 प्रभुशक्ति or प्रभावशक्ति
'the majesty or pre-eminent position of the king
himself', 2 मन्त्रशक्ति 'the power of good counsel', and
3 उत्साहशक्ति 'the power of energy'), राज्य नाम शक्तित्रयायतम्
Dk, त्रिसाधना शक्तिरिवार्यसचयम् R 3 13, 6 33, 17 63,
S 2. 26 -3 The power of composition, poetic power
or genius, शक्तिर्निपुणता लोकशास्त्रकाव्याद्यवेक्षणात् K P 1, see
explanation ad loc -4 The active power of a deity,
regarded as his wife, female divinity, (these are vari-
ously enumerated, 8, 9 or even 50 being mentioned),
स जयति परिणद्ध शक्तिभि शक्तिनाथ Mal 5 1, S 7 35.
-5 A kind of missile, शक्तिखण्डामर्षितेन गण्डीविनोक्तम् Ve
3, ततो बिभेद पौलस्त्य शक्त्या वक्षसि लक्ष्मणम् R 12 77 -6 A
spear, dart, pike, lance -7 (In phil) The relation
of a term to the thing designated -8 The power inhe-
rent in cause to produce its necessary effect -9 (In
Rhet) The power or signification of a word, (these
are three अभिधा, लक्षणा and व्यञ्जना), तिस्र शब्दस्य शक्तय
S D 11 -10 The expressive power or denotation of
a word (opp लक्षणा and व्यञ्जना), it is thus defined —
अस्माच्छब्दादयमर्थो बोद्धव्य इत्याकारकोऽनादिसकेत शक्ति Tarka
K -11 The female organ, the counterpart of the
Phallus of Śiva worshipped by a sect of people called
Śāktas -12 A sword -13 An implement in gambling
-Comp -अर्थः perspiring and panting through fatigue
or exertion -अपेक्ष, -अपेक्षिन् a having regard to
strength, षाड्गुण्यमुपयुञ्जीत शक्त्यपेक्षो रसायनम् Si 2 93
-कुण्ठनम् the deadening of a power -ग्रह a 1 appre-
hending the force or meaning -2 armed with a spear
(-हः) 1 apprehension of the force, meaning, or
acceptation of a word -2 a spearman, lancer -3 an
epithet of Śiva -4 of Kārtikeya -ग्राहक a deter-
mining or establishing the meaning of a word (-कः)
epithet of Kārtikeya -त्रयम् the three constituent
elements of regal power, see शक्ति (2) above -धर a
strong, powerful (-रः) 1 a spearman -2 an epithet
of Kārtikeya, ततस्तामेव चोक्तव्य शक्ति शक्तिधरप्रिय Rām.
7 8 11 -ध्वजः N of Kārtikeya, शक्तिध्वजशिखरशृङ्गोत्सेध
सौवमागतम् Dk 2 5 -नाथः N of Śiva, स जयति परिणद्ध
शक्तिभि शक्तिनाथ Mal 5 1. -पर्णः Alstonia Scholaris
(Mar सातवीण) -पाणिः, -भृत् m 1 a spearman -2
an epithet of Kārtikeya -पातः 1 prostration of
strength -2 In Yoga philosophy, a spiritual procedure-

by which the preceptor puts his strength (spiritual power) in his pupil -पूजकः a Śākta q v -पूजा the worship of Śakta -पूर्वः an epithet of Parāśara -वैकल्यम् loss of strength, debility, incapacity -हीन a powerless, weak, impotent -हेनिकः a lancer, spearman

शक्तित्स ind According to power, to the best of one's power or ability

शक्तिमत् a 1 Strong, able, powerful, mighty -2 Possessing a competence -3 Armed with a weapon

शक्मन् n [शक् मनिन् Un 4 160] Ved Power, strength, energy -m N of Indra

शक्य pot p 1 Possible, practicable, capable of being done or effected (usually with an inf), शक्यो वारयितुं जलेन हुतमुक् Bh 2 11, R 2 49, 54 -2 Fit to be effected -3 Easy to be effected -4 Directly conveyed or expressed (as the meaning of a word), शक्योऽर्थोऽभि-वया ज्ञेय S D 10 -5 Potential -6 Of agreeable or sweet address, 'शक्य प्रियवद् प्रोक्त' इति हलायुध, शक्य सविभागशील Dk 2 5 (The form शक्यम् is sometimes used as a predicative word with an inf in a passive sense, the real object of the infinitive being in the nom case, एव हि प्रणयवती सा शक्यमुपेक्षितुं कुपिता M 3 22, शक्य अविरलमालिङ्गितुं पवन S 3 6, विभूतयः शक्यमवा-मूर्जिता Subhās, न हि देहघृता शक्य त्यक्तुं कर्माण्येष्वत Bg 18 11) -Comp -अर्थः the meaning directly expressed -प्रतीकार a remediable -सामन्तता the state of being able to conquer the neighbouring kings

शक्यता, -शक्यत्वम् 1 Possibility, practicability -2 Capacity, capability

शक्नु m, n The flour or meal of barley, barley-meal, see सक्नु

शक्नन्, -शक्नु a Speaking kindly or agreeably

शक्रः [शक् रक्] 1 N of Indra, एक कृती शक्रन्तेषु योऽन्य शक्रान् याचते Kuval -2 The Arjuna tree -3 The Kutaja tree -4 An owl -5 The asterism ज्येष्ठा -6 The number 'fourteen' -7 N of Śiva -8 Lord, शक्रप्रस्थस्य शक्रेण विरुद्धोऽयमभूत् सदा Śiva B 9 5 -Comp -अशनः the Kutaja tree (-नम्) an intoxicating drink prepared from hemp -आख्यः an owl -आत्मजः 1 Jayanta, son of Indra -2 Arjuna -उत्थानम्, -उत्सवः a festival in honour of Indra on the 12th day of the bright half of Bhādrapada -काष्ठा the east -गोपः a kind of red insect, of इन्द्रगोप, अविरलविततेव शक्रगोपैरक्षित-नीलतृणोलपा धरित्री K1 10 3 -जः, -जातः a crow -जालम् magic, sorcery -जित्, भिद् m epithets of Meghanāda, son of Ravana -द्रुमः the Devadāru tree. -धनुस् n, -शरासनम् the rain-bow -ध्वजः a flag set up in honour of Indra; जृम्भमाण सुविपुल शक्रध्वजमिवोच्छ्रितम् Mb 3 146. 70. -पर्यायः the Kutaja tree -पादपः 1 the

Kutaja tree -2 the Devadāru tree -प्रस्थम् = इन्द्रप्रस्थ q v -भवनम्, -भुवनम्, -वासः heaven, paradise -भूमवा colocynth -मातृका a wooden post for supporting Indra's banner -मूधेन् m, -शिरस् n an ant-hill, a hillock -लोकः the world of Indra -वल्ली colo-cynth (इन्द्रवारुणी) -वाहनम् a cloud -शाखिन् m the Kutaja tree -शाला a sacrificial ground -सारथिः 'the charioteer of Indra', an epithet of Mātali -सुतः 1 an epithet of Jayanta -2 of Arjuna -3 of Vālī. -सृष्टा yellow myrobalan

शक्राणी N of Sachi, wife of Indra

शक्तिः 1 A cloud -2 The thunderbolt of Indra. -3 A mountain -4 An elephant

शक्रुकः A kind of poison (of सकुरु), L D B

शक्वः An elephant, भिन्न स्वदेशोदिततालपकवध्रमेन्द्रशक्व-श्रुतदन्तकुन्तै Rām ch 6 73

शक्वन् a [शक् वनिप् Un 4 123] Ved Strong, powerful -m 1 An elephant -2 An artificer, S B

शक्वरः A bull, an ox -री 1 A finger -2 A finger-ring -3 A girdle, zone -4 A cow -5 N of a Sāman, एता शक्वर्यो लोकेषु प्रोता Ch Up 2 17 1

शङ्क 1 Ā (शङ्कते, शङ्कित) 1 To doubt, be uncertain, hesitate, be doubtful, शङ्के जीवति वा न वा Rām -2 To dread, fear, be afraid (with abl), नाशङ्किष्ट विवस्वत Bk 15 39, अशङ्कितेभ्यः शङ्केत शङ्कितेभ्यश्च सर्वत Subhās -3 To suspect, mistrust, distrust, स्वैर्दोषैर्भवति हि शङ्कितो मनुष्य Mk 4 2 -4 To think, believe, fancy, imagine, think probable, suspect, fear, त्वय्यासने नयन-मुपरिस्पन्दि शङ्के मृगाक्ष्या Me 97, नाह पुनस्तथा त्वयि यथा हि मा शङ्कसे भीरु V 3 14, Bk 3 26, N 22 42 -5 To start an objection, raise a doubt or objection (about), अत्रेदं शङ्क्यते (often used in controversial language), न च ब्रह्मण प्रमाणान्तरगम्यत्वं शङ्कितुं शक्यम् Sarva S -Caus To frighten, terrify

शङ्कनीय a 1 Doubtful, questionable -2 Fit to be suspected, शङ्कनीया हि लोकेऽस्मिन्निष्प्रतापा दरिद्रता Mk 3 24 -3 To be supposed or imagined

शङ्का [शङ्क-अ] 1 Doubt, uncertainty -2 Hesitation, scruple -3 Suspicion, distrust, misgiving, अपाय-शङ्का, अरिष्टशङ्का &c -4 Fear, apprehension, dread, alarm, जातशङ्कैर्देवैर्मनका नामाप्सरा प्रेषिता S 1, कैकेयीशङ्कये-वाह R. 12 2, 13 42, Me 71 -5 Hope, expectation -6 (Mistaken) belief, suspicion, (wrong) impression, सजमपि शिरस्यन्ध क्षिप्ता धुनोत्यहिशङ्कया S. 7 24, कुर्वन् वधू-जनमन सु शशाङ्कशङ्काम् K1 5 42, हरिततृणोद्गमशङ्कया 5 38 -7 An objection started in disputation -8 Presump-tion -Comp. -अन्वित, -आकुल a filled with fear or doubt, doubtful, afraid -अभियोगः a charge on suspi-cion -आस्पदम् a matter of doubt -निवृत्तिः f solv-ing or clearing a doubt

शङ्खित *p p* 1 Doubtful, suspected, feared -2 Suspicious, suspecting, distrustful -3 Uncertain, doubtful -4 Fearful, apprehensive, alarmed, शङ्खितदृष्टि Pt 1 197 -5 Weak, unsteady, (see शङ्क्) -Comp. -चित्त, -मनस् *a* 1 timid, faint-hearted -2 suspicious, distrustful -3 doubtful -वर्णः *a* thief

शङ्खि *a* 1 Doubting, suspecting, fearing, believing (at the end of comp), त्वदुपावर्तनशङ्कि मे मन R 8 53, अतिस्नेह पापशङ्की S 4 -2 Full of danger, तस्मादम्बुपते-रिवावनिपते सेवा सदा शङ्किनी Subhāṣ

शङ्कुर *a* Fearful, frightful

शङ्कः *A* draught-ox

शङ्कर *a* (-रा-री *f*) [श सुख करोति कृ-अच्] Conferring happiness or prosperity, auspicious, propitious, भीता शितशराभीता शकर तत्र शकरम् (मेनिरे) Ki 16 31 -रः 1 N of Śiva -2 N of a celebrated teacher and author (शकराचार्य) -री 1 N of Pārvatī, wife of Śiva -2 Bengal madder -3 The Sāmī tree -Comp -आचार्यः N of a celebrated teacher of Vedānta philosophy and reviver of Brāhmanism -आवासः 1 the Kailāsa -2 camphor -प्रियः the francoline partridge -शुक्लम् quick-silver

शङ्कुः [शङ्क्-उण् Un 1 36] 1 A dart, spear, spike, javelin, dagger, oft at the end of comp, शोकशङ्कु 'the dart of grief', *i e* sharp or poignant grief, तथैव तीव्रो हृदि शोकशङ्कुर्मणिं कृन्तन्नपि किं न सोढ U 3 35, R 8 93, Ki 16 15 -2 A stake, pillar, post, pale, महासुहृद सैन्धव पङ्क्तिशङ्कुं सङ्गृहेत् Bri Up 6 1 13, निखातशङ्कुसबद्धसैन्धवश्रेणिसयुतम् Śiva B 20 53 -3 A nail, pin, peg, बभूवु सप्त दुर्धर्षा खादिरै शङ्कुभि-श्चिता Mb 3 284 3, अयं शङ्कुचिता रक्ष शतघ्नीमथ शत्रवे (अक्षिपत्) R 12 95 -4 The sharp head or point of an arrow, barb, Dk 1 1. -5 The trunk (of a lopped tree), stump, pollard. -6 The pin of a dial -7 A measure of twelve fingers -8 A measuring rod -9 The sine of altitude (in astr) -10 Ten billions -11 The fibres of a leaf, यथा शङ्कुना सर्वाणि पर्णानि सत्पुष्पानि Ch Up 2 23 3 -12 An ant-hill. -13 The penis -14 The skate fish -15 A demon -16 Poison -17 Sin, crime -18 An aquatic animal, particularly, a goose -19 N of Śiva -20 The Sālā tree -21 A kind of perfume (नखी) -22 N of Kāma, the god of love -Comp -कर्ण *a* spike-eared, महावृक्षगलस्कन्ध शङ्कुकर्णो विभोषण Mb 1 152 4 (-र्णः) an ass -च्छाया the shadow of a gnomon -जीवा (in astr) the gnomon sine -तरुः, -वृक्षः the Sālā tree -धानम् *a* hole for a pin -पुच्छम् the sting (of a bee etc) -फला, -फलिका the Sāmī tree -मुख. 1 a crocodile -2 a kind of leech -मूली the 15th day of the light half of मार्गशीर्ष

शङ्कव्यम् Anything fit for a stake (as wood &c)

शङ्कुचि, शङ्कोचः, (-चिः) A skate-fish

शङ्कुला [शङ्क् उलच् Un 1 93] 1 A kind of knife or lancet -2 A pair of scissors -Comp -खण्डः *a* piece cut off with a pair of scissors

शङ्खः, -ङ्खम् [शम्-ख Un 1 102] 1 The conch shell, a shell, न श्वेतभावमुज्जति शङ्ख शिखिमुक्तमुक्तोऽपि Pt 4 110, शङ्खान् दध्मु पृथक् पृथक् Bg 1 18 -2 The bone on the forehead, शङ्खान्तरद्योति विलोचन यत् Ku 7 33, Rām 6 48 10 -3 The temporal bone -4 The part between the tusks of an elephant -5 A hundred billions -6 A military drum or other martial instrument -7 A kind of perfume (नखी) -8 One of the nine treasures of Kubera -9 N of a demon slain by Viṣṇu -10 N of the author of a Smṛiti (mentioned in conjunction with लिखित q v) -11 A bracelet (made of conch-shell), अवग्रन्त्या प्रकोष्ठस्थाश्चक्र शङ्खा स्वन महत् Bhāg 11 9 6 -Comp -अन्तरम् the forehead -आवर्तः 1 the convolution of a shell -2 a kind of fistula in the rectum -उदकम् the water poured into a conch-shell -कारः, -कारकः a shell-cutter described as a kind of mixed caste -क्षीरम् an impossibility, cf खण्ड्य -चरी, -चर्ची *a* mark made with sandal (on the forehead) -चूर्णम् powder produced from shells -ज. *a* large pearl (of the shape of a pigeon's egg) -द्रावः, -द्रावकः a solvent for dissolving shells -द्राविन् Rumex Vesicarius (आम्ल-वेतस्, Mar चुका) -धमः, -धमा *m*, a shell-blower, conch-blower, शङ्खस्य तु ग्रहणेन शङ्खधमस्य वा शब्दो गृहीत Bri Up 2 4 8 -ध्वनि. the sound of a conch (sometimes, but erroneously, used to denote a cry of alarm or despair) -नखः a kind of aquatic animal, snail, लम्बै शङ्खनखै Mb 13 50 20 -पालः 1 an epithet of the sun -2 a kind of sweetmeat (Mar शकरपळे) -3 a kind of snake -प्रस्थ. a spot on the moon -श्रुत् *m* an epithet of Viṣṇu -मुखः an alligator -मुक्ता the mother of pearls -लिखितः a righteous or just king (-dual) N of two writers of Smṛitis -चलयः a shell-bracelet -वेला the hour at which the conch is blown, यथा शङ्खवेलायामागन्तव्यमिति यस्मिन्नपि ग्रामे शङ्खो नाध्मायते तस्मिन्नपि स तथाकालोऽस्तीति न आगमन परिहास्यते ŚB on MS 6 4 42. -स्वनः the sound of a conch

शङ्खकः, -कम् *A* conch-shell -कः 1 A disease of the head -2 The temporal bone -कम् *A* bracelet (made of conch-shell), प्रचलकलापिकलशङ्खकस्वना S₁ 13 41

शङ्खनकः, (-खः) *A* small conch or shell

शङ्खिन् *m* 1 The ocean -2 An epithet of Viṣṇu -3 A conch-blower -4 A worker in shells

शङ्खिनी 1 A woman of one of the four classes into which writers on erotic science divide women, the Ratumajjari thus describes her — दीर्घातिदीर्घनयना वर-सुन्दरी या कामोपभोगरसिका गुणशीलयुक्ता । रेखात्रयेण च विभूषित-कण्ठदेशा सम्भोगकेलिरसिका किल शङ्खिनी सा ॥ cf. चित्रिणी, हस्तिनी,

and पद्मिनी also -2 A female spirit, or a kind of fairy
-3 Mother of pearl -4 A particular vein -Comp
-फलः the Śrīsa tree

शच् 1 A (शच्ते) To speak, say, tell

शचिः, -ची f N of the wife of Indra, असूत पुत्र समये
शचीसमा R 3 13, 28 -ची Ved 1 Speech, eloquence
-2 Activity, energy -3 Power, strength -4 A holy
or pious act, devotion -Comp -पतिः, -भर्तृ m epithets
of Indra

शच्च 1 A (शच्ते) To go, move

शच् I 1 P (शटति) 1 To be sick -2 To divide, sepa-
rate -3 To be dissolved -4 To be weary or dejected
-5 To go -II 10 A (शाटयते) To praise, flatter

शट a Sour, acid, astringent

शटा The matted hair of an ascetic, of जटा, सिंहकेशर

शटिः, -टी f The plant called Zedoary

शट्टकम् Flour of rice mixed with water and ghee

शट् I 1 P (शठति) To deceive, cheat, defraud -2
To hurt, kill -3 To suffer pain -II 10 P (शाठयति)
1 To finish -2 To leave unfinished -3 To go, move
-4 To be idle or lazy (शाठयति) -5 To deceive, cheat
-6 To speak ill of -7 To speak well or elegantly

शठ a [शट् अच्] 1 Crafty, deceitful, fraudulent, dis-
honest, perfidious -2 Wicked, depraved -ठः 1 A rogue,
cheat, knave, swindler, Ms 4 30, Bg 18 28 -2, A
false or deceitful lover (who pretends to love one woman
while his heart is fixed on another), ध्रुवमस्मि शठ शुचि-
स्मिन्ने विदित केतवत्सलस्तव R 8 49, 19 31, शठ इति मयि
तावदस्तु ते परिचयवत्यवधीरणा प्रिये M 3 19, (the S D thus
defines a शठ —शठोऽयमेकत्र बद्धभावा य । दर्शितबहिरनुरागो
विप्रियमन्यत्र गूढमाचरति ॥ 74) -3 A fool, blockhead -4 A
mediator, arbitrator. -5 The Dhattūra plant -6 An
idler, a lazy fellow -ठम् 1 Iron -2 Saffron -Comp
-उदर्क a deceitful in the end

शण् 1 P (शणति) To give

शणम् Hemp -Comp -तान्तव a made of hempen
string, वैश्यस्य शणतान्तवी (मेखला) Ms 2 42 -पट्टः hem-
pen bandage -सूत्रम् 1 a hempen cord or string,
शणसूत्रमय राज्ञ (उपवीतम्) Ms 2 44 -2 a net made of
hemp -3 cordage

शणीरम् A bank or alluvial island in the middle
of the river Sona

शण्डः A eunuch (= शण्ड q. v)

शण्ड् 1 P (शण्टति) 1 To heap, collect -2 To hurt,
wound

स इं को... १९२

शण्डः [शण्ड् अच् Un 1 113] 1 An impotent man,
a eunuch -2 A bull -3 A bull at liberty to move
-4 Curds -ण्डम् A collection, multitude, cf शण्ड
or खण्ड

शण्डिलः [शण्ड्-इल्च् Un 1 53] A sage

शण्डः 1 A eunuch, an impotent man -2 A male
attendant in the women's apartments (chosen from
the class of eunuchs or emasculated persons) -3 A
bull -4 A bull at liberty to move -5 A mad-man

शतम् 1 A hundred, निरुको बट्टि शतम् Sānta 2 6,
शतमेकोऽपि सधत्ते प्राकारस्यो धनुर्धर Pt 1 229, (शत is used
in the singular with a plural noun of any gender, शत
नरा, शत गाव, or शत ग्रहाणि, in which case it is treated as
a numeral adjective, but sometimes in dual and plural
also, द्वे शते, दश शतानि &c It is also used with a noun in
the genitive, गवा शतम्, वर्षाणां शतम् 'a century of cows,
years' &c At the end of comp, it may remain unchan-
ged, भव भर्ता शरच्छतम् or may be changed into शती,
as in आर्यासप्तशती a work of Govardhanāchārya)
-2 Any large number, as in शतपत्र q. v -Comp
-अक्षी 1 night -2 the goddess Durgā -अङ्गाः 1 a
car, carriage, especially, a war chariot -2 N of a
tree (तिनिश) -अनीकः 1 an old man -2 an army
officer possessing a hundred footmen, शताना तु शतानीक
Sukra 2 140 -अब्दम् a century -अरम्, -आरम् the
thunderbolt of Indra -अरुस् n, -अरुषी a leprous
disease of the skin -अवरः a fine of a hundred (-री)
1 N of a plant -2 N of the wife of Indra -आनकम् a
cemetery -आनन्दः 1 N of Brahman -2 of Viṣṇu or
Kṛiṣṇa -3 of the car of Viṣṇu -4 of a son of Gau-
tama and Ahalyā, the family-priest of Janaka, गौतमश्च
शतानन्दो जनकाना पुरोहित. U 1 16 -आयुस् a lasting or
living for a hundred years -आवर्तः, -आवर्तिन् m N
of Viṣṇu -ईशः 1 the ruler of a hundred -2 the ruler
of a hundred villages, Ms 7 115 -कर्मन् the planet
Saturn -कुम्भः 1 N of a mountain (where gold is
said to be found) -2 N of a sacrifice, शतकुम्भ नाम यज्ञ-
मनुभवितु महर्षेर्धौम्यस्य आश्रम गता इति Madhyamavyāyoga 1.
(-भम्) gold -कृत्वस् and a hundred times -कोटि a
hundred-edged (-टिः) Indra's thunderbolt; कराग्रजाग्र-
च्छतकोटि N 7 79 (-f) a hundred crores, चरितं रघु-
नाथस्य शतकोटिप्राविस्तरम् Rāma-rakṣā 1 -कृतुः an epithet
of Indra, अपूर्णमेकेन शतकृतूपमं शत कृतूनामपवित्रमाप स R 3 38
-खण्डम् gold -गु a possessed of a hundred cows
-गुण, -गुणित a a hundred-fold, increased a hundred
times, अनुपनतमनोरथस्य पूर्वं शतगुणितेव गता मम त्रियामा V 3 22.
-ग्रन्थिः f the Dūrvā grass -घ्नः N of Śiva -घ्नी 1 a
kind of weapon used as a missile (supposed by some to
be a sort of rocket, but described by others as a huge
stone studded with iron spikes and four talas in length,
शतघ्नी च चतुस्ताला लोहकण्टकसन्विता, or अय कण्टकसच्छन्ना शतघ्नी
महती शिला), अय शङ्कुचिता रक्ष शतघ्नीमथ शत्रवे (आक्षिपत्)

R 12 95, Bhāg 9 15 30 -2 a female scorpion -3 a disease of the throat -4 N of a plant (करञ्ज) -चन्द्रः a sword or shield adorned with a hundred moons (moon like spots), तत् शरशतेनास्य शतचन्द्र समाक्षिपत् Mb 7 97 29 'वर्त्मन्' a manner of brandishing the sword, त इयेनवेग शतचन्द्रवर्त्मभिश्चरन्तमच्छिद्रमुपर्ययो हरि Bhāg 8 7 28 -चरणा a centipede -छद्ः a kind of wood-pecker -जिह्वा an epithet of Śiva -तारका, -भिषज्, -भिषा f N of the 24th lunar mansion containing one hundred stars -दलम् a lotus-flower -दला the white rose -दु. f 1 N of a river in the Punjab now called Sutley -2 N of the Ganges -धामन् m an epithet of Viṣṇu -धार a 1 flowing in a hundred streams -2 having a hundred edges (-रम्) the thunderbolt of Indra -धृतिः 1 an epithet of Indra -2 of Brahman, गते शत-धृतौ क्षत्त कर्दमस्तेन चोदित Bhāg 3 24 21 -3 heaven or Svarga -धौत a perfectly clean -पत्र 1 a peacock -2 the (Indian) crane -3 a wood-pecker -4 a parrot or a species of it (-त्रा) a woman (-त्रम्) a lotus, आवृत्तवृत्तशतपत्रनिभम् (आनन) वहन्या Māl 1 22 'योनि' an epithet of Brahman, कम्पेन मूर्ध्नि शतपत्रयोनि (सभावयामास) Ku 7 46 -पत्रकः the wood-pecker -पत्री, -पत्रिकः the white rose -पयस्त्राहणम् N of a well-known Brāhmaṇa attached to the Sukla Yajurveda, कृत्स्न शतपथ चैव प्रणेयसि द्विजर्षभ Mb 12 318 11 -पद्, -पाद् a having a hundred feet -पदी, -पाद् f a centipede -पद्मम् 1 a lotus with a hundred petals -2 the white lotus -पर्वन् -m a bamboo (-f) 1 the full-moon day in the month of Āśvina -2 Dūrvā grass -3 the plant Katukā -4 orris root -5 the wife of Bhārgava or Śukra 'ईश' the planet Venus -पर्विका 1 Dūrvā grass -2 orris root -3 barley -पाक a boiled a hundred times -पाकम् a particular unguent, शतैपाकेन तैलेन महार्हेणोपतस्थतु Mb 13 58 9 -पादः, -पाद् m, -पादी, -पादिका a centipede -पालः an overseer (of a hundred villages) -पुष्पः epithet of the poet Bhāraṇi -पुष्पा, -प्रसूना Anethum Sowa (Mar शोपा). -पोनः a sieve -प्रासः the Kara-vira tree -फलिन् m a bamboo -भिषज् see 'तारका' -भीरुः f the Arabian jasmine -मखः, -मन्धुः 1 epithets of Indra, प्रसहेत रणे तवानुजान् द्विषता क शतमन्धुतेजस Ki 2 23, Bk 1 5, शतमखमुपतस्थे प्राञ्जलि पुष्पधन्वा Ku 2 64, R 9 13 -2 an owl -मयूखः the moon -मानः, -नम् 1 a Pala of silver, धरणानि दश ज्ञेय शतमानस्तु राजत Ms 8. 137, अष्टौ शाणा शतमान वहन्ति Mb 3 134 15 -2 an Ādhaka q v. -मार्जः an armourer. -मुख a 1 having a hundred ways -2 having a hundred outlets, mouths, or openings, विवेकप्रधाना भवति विनिपात शतमुख Bh 2 10 (where the word has sense 1 also) (-खम्) a hundred ways or openings (-खी) a brush, broom -मूर्धन् m an ant-hill -मूला the Dūrvā grass -यज्वन् m an epithet of Indra, उपतस्थुरास्थितविषादधियः शतयज्वनो वनचरा वसतिम् Ka. 6 29. -यष्टिकः a necklace of one hundred strings. -रुद्रियम् 1 a Vedic text (रुद्राभ्याय

-'नमस्ते रुद्रमन्यवे' इति याजुष प्रपाठक), गुणन्तौ वेदविद्वांसौ तद्ब्रह्म शतरुद्रियम् Mb 7 81 13, 7 202 120 -2 a particular Śiva stotra in the Mahābhārata, देवदेवस्य ते पार्थ व्याख्यात शतरुद्रियम् Mb 7 202 48 -रूपा N of a daughter of Brahman (who is supposed to be also his wife, from whose incestuous connection with her father is said to have sprung Manu Svāyambhuva) -रुप, -रुम्पक. an epithet of the poet Bhāraṇi -लोचन. an epithet of Indra, कथं वा तस्य न जयो जायते शतलोचन Mb 8 87 73 -वर्ष a 1 a century old -2 lasting for a hundred years (-र्षम्) one hundred years, a century -वीर्या 1 white-flowering Dūrvā -2 the plant Śatāvārī -वेधिन m a kind of sorrel -शाख a 1 various, multiform -2 having hundred, i. e. many branches -संधान a fixing an arrow a hundred times -सहस्रम् 1 a hundred thousand -2 several hundreds, i. e. a large number -सुखम् endless delight -साहस्र a 1 consisting of or containing a hundred thousand -2 bought with a hundred thousand -हृदा 1 lightning, दूर पुर क्षिप्तशतहृदेव Ku 7 39, Mk 5 48, V 4, प्रपतेदपि चाकाश निपतेयु शतहृदा Śiva B 19 20 -2 the thunderbolt of Indra -हृदा the thunderbolt

शतक a 1 A hundred -2 Containing a hundred -कम् 1 A century -2 A collection of one hundred stanzas, as in नीति°, वैराग्य°, शृङ्गार° 'a collection of one hundred stanzas on Nita' &c

शततम a (-मी f) One-hundredth

शतधा ind 1 In a hundred ways -2 Into a hundred parts or pieces -3 A hundred-fold -f The Dūrvā grass

शतशस् ind 1 By hundreds -2 A hundred times, शतश शप्ते PraB 3, Ms 12 58 -3 A hundred-fold, variously, multifariously, पश्य मे पार्थ रूपाणि शतशोऽथ सहस्रश Bg 11 5

शतिक a (-की f), शत्य a [शतेन क्रीत शतस्य विकार तस्याय वा इति ठन् यत् वा] 1 Containing or consisting of a hundred, ग्लहे शतिकवृद्धेस्तु सभिक पञ्चक शतम् Y 2 199 -2 Relating to a hundred. -3 Effected with a hundred -4 Bought with a hundred -5 Changed with or for a hundred -6 Bearing tax or interest per hundred -7 Indicative of (the acquisition of) a hundred

शतिन् a. 1 A hundred-fold -2 Numerous -m The owner of a hundred, निस्वो वष्टि शतं शती दशशतम् Śānta 2. 6, इच्छति शती सहस्र सहस्री लक्षमीहे Pt 5 82

शतपोनः A sieve

शतपोनकः Fistula in the anus (with many external openings)

शतनम् Cutting down, felling

शत्रु A technical term used by Pāṇini to denote the Kṛt affix अत्र used in forming present participles of the Parasmaipada

शत्रेः (शदे एरच् त च Un 1 59) 1 An enemy -2 Injury, hurt -3 A river

शत्रिः [शद्-त्रिप् Un 4 69] An elephant

शत्रुः [शद्-श्रुन् Un 4 103] 1 An overthrower, a destroyer, conqueror -2 An enemy, a foe, an adversary, क्षमा शत्रो च मित्रे च यतीनामेव भूषणम् Subhāṣ, ऋणकृता पिता शत्रुमता च व्यभिचारिणी। भार्या रूपवती शत्रु पुत्र शत्रुरपण्डित ॥ Subhāṣ -3 A political rival, a rival neighbouring king -Comp -उपजापः the secret whisperings of a foe, treacherous overtures of an enemy -कर्षण, -दमन, -निवर्हण a subduing, overpowering, or destroying enemies -कुलम् the house of an enemy, शत्रुकुल गच्छत् Ms 8 93 -गृहम् N of the 6th astrological mansion -घ्नः 'destroyer of enemies', an epithet of a brother of Rāma and twin brother of Lakṣmaṇa, being a son of Sumitrā He killed the demon Lavana and colonized Mathurā He had two sons named Subāhu and Bahusruta, see R 15 -निवर्हण a foe-destroying -पक्षः 1 the party or side of an enemy -2 an opponent, antagonist -मर्दनः 1 an epithet of Śatruḡha -2 a kind of pavilion -लाव a killing foes -विग्रहः a hostile invasion -विनाशनः an epithet of Śiva -सह, -साह a withstanding an enemy -सेविन् a serving a hostile prince, शत्रुसेविनि मित्रे च गूढे युक्ततरो भवेत् Ms 7. 186 -हत्या foe-slaughter -हन् a foe-slayer

शत्रुञ्जयः 1 An elephant -2 N of a mountain in Gujrat (गिरनार)

शत्रुतपः a Overcoming or destroying one's foes

शत्रवरी Night

शद् I 1 P (but **आ** in conjugational tenses) (शीयते, शन्न) 1 To fall, perish, decay, wither -2 To go -Caus (शादयति-ते) 1 To cause to go, impel -2 (शातयति-ते) (a) To fall, throw down, cut down, किं भूयुक्तकस्थितिव्यसनिना व्यर्थं खुरा शातिता Subhāṣ, Sū 14 80, 15 24 (b) To kill, destroy -II 1 P (शदति) To go (usually with आ)

शदः 1 An eatable vegetable product (fruit, root &c) -2 Produce, revenue

शद्रिः (शद्-किन् Un 4 67) 1 An elephant -2 Cloud -3 N of Arjuna -द्रिः f 1 Lightning -2 Candied sugar

शद्रु a Going, moving -2 Falling, perishing, decaying, P III 2 159

शन्न p p Fallen, decayed, withered

शन a Quiet, soft, calm

शनकैस् and Slowly, see शनैस्, विचिन्वन्तोऽथ शनकैर्जानकी दक्षिणाम्बुधे A Rām 4 7 23

शनिः [शो-अनि किच्च Tv] 1 The planet Saturn (the son of the sun and represented as of a black colour or dressed in dark coloured clothes) -2 Saturday -3 N of Śiva -Comp -चक्रम् Saturn's diagram (used for foretelling) -जम् black pepper -प्रदोषः a term for the (evening) worship of Śiva performed on the thirteenth day of a lunar fortnight when it falls on a Saturday -प्रसूः f an epithet of Ohhāyā, wife of the sun, cf सज्ञा -प्रियम् a sapphire or emerald -चारः, -वासरः Saturday.

शनिर्भावः 1 Slowness -2 Graduality

शनिर्मेहः Dysuria

शनैस् and 1 Slowly, gently, quietly -2 Gradually, by degrees, little by little, धर्मं सचिदुयाच्छनै, Ku 3 59, Ms 3 217 -3 Successively, in due order, विषयाणां प्रहीतृणि शनै पञ्चेन्द्रियाणि च Ms 1 15 -4 Mildly, softly -5 Tardily, sluggishly -6 Independently (शनै शनै slowly, by slow degrees) -Comp -चर a going or moving slowly, शनैश्चराभ्या पादाभ्या रेजे प्रहमयीव सा Bh 1 17 (where it means 'Saturn' also) (-रः) the planet Saturn

शान्तनुः N of a king of the lunar race He married Gangā and Satyavati, by the former wife he had a son named Bhīṣma, and by the latter Chitrāṅgada and Vichitravīrya Bhīṣma remained a celibate all his life, and his younger brothers died childless, cf शीघ्र

शप् A technical term used by Pāṇini for the conjugational sign अ inserted between the root and the terminations of the conjugational tenses in the first class of roots

शप् and A particle and prefix implying assent or compliance

शप् 1, 4 U (शपति-ते, शप्यति-ते, शप्त) 1 To curse, excrete, अशपद् भव मानुषीति ताम् R 8 80, सोऽभूत् परासुरस्य भूमिपति शशाप (वृद्ध) 9 78, 1 77 -2 To swear, take an oath, promise by oath, say on oath, (usually with dat of the person to whom a promise &c is made and instr of the object by which it is made), भरतेनात्मना चाह शपे ते मनुजाधिप । यथा नान्येन तुल्येयमृते रामविवासानात् ॥ Rām, when used without an object it generally governs the instr of the thing and dat of the person by which or whom the oath is taken, सत्यं शपामि ते पादपङ्कजस्पर्शेन K, Ghat 22, अशप्त निहुवानाऽसौ सीतायै स्मरमोहित Bk 8 74, प्रेम जिज्ञासमानाभ्यस्ताभ्योऽशप्तत कामिन 8 88, sometimes शप् governs a cognate accusative, सहस्रशोऽसौ शपथानशप्यत् Bk 3 32, Ms 8 110 -3 To blame, scold, revile, abuse (with dat or by itself), द्विषद्भयश्चा-

शपस्तथा Bk 17 4, प्रतिवाचमदत्त केशव शपमानाय न चेदिभूमुजे Śi 16 25 -Caus (शपयति-ते) 1 To bind by an oath, conjure, शपितोऽसि गोब्राह्मणकाम्यया Mk 3, शपितासि मम लबाङ्गकावलोक्तयोश्च जीवितेन यदि वाचा न कथयसि Mā 8 -2 To cause any one (acc) to swear by (instr), सत्येन शपयेद्विप्र क्षत्रिय वाहनायुधै Ms 8 113

शपित p. p Cursed, इति रोषवशादुभौ तदानीमन्योन्य शपितौ नृपद्विजेन्द्रौ Rām 7 55 21

शपः [शप्-अच्] 1 A curse, an imprecation -2 An oath -3 A corpse (wrong reading for शव)

शपयः [शप्-अच् Un 3 112] 1 Cursing -2 A curse, an imprecation, anathema -3 An oath, swearing, taking or administering an oath, asseveration by oath or ordeal, आमोदो न हि कस्तूर्या शपयेनानुभाव्यते Bv 1 120, Ms 8 109 -4 Conjuraton, binding by oaths, सपदि शपयै प्रत्यावृत्ति प्रणम्य च याचते Mā 8 2 -Comp -उत्तरम्, -पूर्वकम् and with oaths -करणम् taking an oath -पत्रम् an affidavit, a statement on oath

शपनम् 1 See शपञ्, वृथा हि शपन कुर्वन् प्रेत्य चेह च नश्यति Ms 8 111 -2 Reviling, abuse

शप्त p. p 1 Cursed, निशम्य शप्तमतदर्ह नरेन्द्रम् Bhāg 1 18 41 -2 Sworn -3 Reviled, abused, (see शप्)

शफः, -फम् [शप् अच् षष्ठो पस्य फ] 1 A hoof, सुरभे-र्महिषा गावो ये चान्ये द्विशफा नृप Bhāg 6 6 27 -2 A claw, यज्ञायज्ञिय पुच्छ धिण्या शफाम् Vāj 12 4 -3 The root of a tree -Comp -ऊरुः f a woman having thighs resembling the two divisions of a cow's hoof, see P. IV 1 70 The early commentators of Pāṇini or of other schools of grammar evidently think that the word is two well-known to require any explanation Vitthala, Bhattoji and others think that the word means 'a woman whose thighs press together like hoofs' But there is not the slightest doubt that the sense of similitude is present here and the word comes within the purview of the previous rule ऊरुतरपदादौपम्ये Or it may mean a woman whose thighs are marked with the sign of hoofs Srīstidhara the commentator on the Bhāṣāvṛtti gives the correct meaning शफ छुर । ताच्छिद्युक्त ऊरुस्यस्या ।

शफरः, (-री f) [शफ राति रा-क Tv] A kind of small glittering fish, मोक्षीकर्तुं चटुलशफरोद्वर्तनप्रेक्षितानि Me 42, मनोऽस्य जहु शफरीविवृत्तय Ki 4 3, Śi 8 24, Ku 4 39 -Comp -अधिपः the fish called Iliśa

शफरकः A box, pot, Heh 4

शव(व)रः 1 A mountaineer, barbarian, savage, राजन् गुञ्जाफलान्न सज इति शवरा नैव हार हरान्ति K P 10 -2 N of Śiva. -3 The hand -4 Water -5 N of a celebrated commentator and writer on Mīmāṃsā -री 1 A Śābara female -2 A female Kīrāta who was an ardent devotee of Rāma -Comp -आलयः the abode of wild

mountaineers or barbarians -कन्दः a sweet potatoato -बलम् an army of mountaineers, वनमार्गेण दुर्गेण गच्छ-त्रधिकबलेन शबरबलेन रभसादभिहन्यमान Dk 1 1 -लोध्रः the wild Lodhra tree

शव(व)ल a (शप्-अल्, बन्ध Un 1 99) 1 Spotted, brindled, variegated, क्वचित् प्रभा चान्द्रमसी तमोभिश्छायाविलीने शबलीकृतेव R 13 56, 5 44, Mv 7 26 -2 Varied, divided into various parts -3 Articulate, imitative -4 Mixed, आनन्दशोकशबलत्वमुपैति चेत Mā 9 54 -5 Disfigured, pale, चिन्तया शबल सुखम् Bhāg 6 14 21 -6 Disturbed, afflicted, अत्युत्कण्ठ शबलहृदयोऽस्मद्विषो बाष्पधारा Bhāg 10 90 20 -लः A variegated colour -ला, -ली 1 A spotted or brindled cow -2 The cow of plenty or Kāmadhenu q v -लम् Water

शबलिमन् Variegated condition or appearance, शबलिमा बलिमानमुषो वयु Śi 6 27

शब्द 10 U (शब्दयति-ते, शब्दित) 1 To sound, make a noise -2 To speak, call out, call out to, विततमृदुराप्र शब्दयन्त्या वयोभि परिपतति दिवोऽङ्गे हेलया बालसूर्य Śi 11 47 -3 To name, call, ब्रह्मेति परमात्मनि भगवानिति शब्दते Bhāg 1 2 11, अत एव सागरिकेति शब्दते Ratn 4 -With अभि to name -प्र to explain -स to call out to

शब्दः [शब्द-घञ्] 1 Sound (the object of the sense of hearing and property of आकाश), अथात्मन शब्दगुण गुणज्ञ पद विमानेन विगाहमान R 13 1 -2 Sound, note (of birds, men &c), noise in general, विश्वासीपगमादभिन्नगतय शब्द सहन्ते मृगा S 1 14, स शब्दस्तुमुलोऽभवत् Bg 1 13, S 3 1, Ms 4 31, Ku 1 45 -3 The sound of a musical instrument, वाद्यशब्द Pt 2, Ku 1 45 -4 A word, sound, significant word (for def &c see Mbh introduction), एक शब्द सम्यगधीत सम्यक् प्रयुक्त स्वर्गे लोके कामधुरभवति, so शब्दार्थौ -5 A declinable word, a noun, substantive -6 A title, an epithet, यस्यार्थयुक्त गिरिराज-शब्द कुर्वन्ति बालव्यजनैश्चमय Ku 1 13, Ś 2 15, नृपेण चक्रे युवराजशब्दभाक् R 3 35, 2 53, 64, 3 49, 5 22, 18 42, V 1 1 -7 The name, mere name as in शब्दपति q v -8 Verbal authority (regarded by the Naiyāyikas as a Pramāṇa -9 Grammar, Dk 1 1 -10 Fame, लब्धशब्देन कौसल्ये कुमारेण धनुष्मता Rām 2 63 11, स्वर्गीय शब्द दिवमात्महेतोर्धर्मार्थमात्मस्थितिमाचकाञ्च Bu Ch 2 53, (cf also 'शब्दोऽक्षरे यशोगीत्यो' -हैम) -11 The sacred syllable ओम् -12 A technical term -Comp -अक्षरम् the sacred syllable ओम् uttered aloud -अतीत a beyond the power or reach of words, indescribable -अधिष्ठानम् the ear -अध्याहारः supplying a word (to complete an ellipsis) -अनुकृतिः onomatopoeia -अनुरूप a proportionate or corresponding to the sound, शब्दानुरूपेण पराक्रमेण भवितव्यम् Pt 1 -अनुशासनम् the science of words, i. e. grammar -अर्थः the meaning of a word (-र्थौ dual) a word and its meaning, अदोषौ शब्दार्थौ K P 1, न त्वय शब्दार्थ, व्यामोहादेष्टा प्रतीति ŚB on MS 4 1 14 -अलं-कारः a figure of speech depending for its charmingness

on sound or words and disappearing as soon as the words which constitute the figure are replaced by others of the same meaning (opp अर्थालंकार), e g, see K P 9 -आख्येय *a* to be communicated in words, शब्दाख्येय यदपि किल ते य सखीनां पुरस्तात् Me 105 (-यम्) an oral or verbal communication -आडम्बरः bombast, verbosity, high-sounding or grandiloquent words -आदि *a* beginning with शब्द (as the objects of sense), शब्दादीन् विषयान् भोक्तुं चरितुं दुश्चर तप R 10 25 -इन्द्रियम् the ear -कार *a* sounding, sonorous -कोशः a lexicon, dictionary -ग *a* 1 perceiving sounds -2 uttering sounds -गत *a* inherent or residing in a word -गतिः music, song -गुण *a* having sound for its quality, अथात्मन शब्दगुण गुणज्ञ R 13 1 -गोचरः the aim or object of speech -ग्रहः 1 catching the sound -2 the ear -ग्रामः the range or reach of sound -चातुर्यम् cleverness of style, eloquence -चित्रम् one of the two subdivisions of the last (अवर or अधम) class of poetry (wherein the charm lies in the use of words which please the ear simply by their sound, see the example given under the word चित्र) -चोरः 'a word-thief', a plagiarist -तन्मात्रम् the subtle element of sound -नेतृ *m* N of Pāṇini -पतिः a lord in name only, nominal lord, ननु शब्दपति क्षितेरह त्वयि मे भावनिबन्धना रति R 8 52 -पातिन् *a* hitting an invisible mark the sound of which is only heard, tracing a sound, शब्दपातिनामिषु विसर्ज्य R 9 73 -प्रमाणम् verbal or oral evidence -बोधः knowledge derived from verbal testimony -ब्रह्मन् *n* 1 the Vedas, शब्द-ब्रह्मणि निष्णात पर ब्रह्माधिगच्छति Matra Up 6 22 -2 spiritual knowledge consisting in words, knowledge of the Supreme Spirit or the Spirit itself, शब्दब्रह्मणुस्तादृश विवर्तमितिहासम् U 2, 7 20 -3 a property of words called स्फोट *q v* -भाव्यत्वम् the state of becoming known through scriptural word only, कर्मण शब्दभाव्यत्वात् MS 7 1 9 (on which Śabara writes अथेह कर्मण शब्दभाव्यत्वम्। नान्यत शक्यमेतज्ज्ञातु कस्यापूर्वस्य धर्मा इति ॥ -भिद् *f* perversion of words -भेदिन् *a* hitting a mark merely by its sound (-*m*) 1 an epithet of Arjuna -2 the anus -3 a kind of arrow -योनिः *f* a root, radical word -लक्षण *a* what is determined by the sacred word, इह शब्दलक्षणे कर्मणि यथाशब्दार्थं प्रगृहि SB on MS 11 1 26 -वारिधिः a vocabulary -विद्या, -शास्त्रम् the science of words, *e g* grammar, अनन्तपार किल शब्द-शास्त्रम् Pt 1, Śi 2 112, 14 24 -विरोधः opposition of words (in a sentence) -विशेषः a variety of sound -विशेषणम् (in gram) an adjective, adjectival word -वृत्तिः *f* 1 the function of a word (in Rhet) -2 the power of a word (to convey sense), indicative power (लक्षणा), अदृष्टार्थाच्छब्दवृत्तिर्लघीयसी SB on MS 11 1. 48 -वेदिन् *a* hitting an invisible mark the sound of which is only heard; see शब्दपातिन्, अभ्याससाध्य निखिल मत्वा सतमसे व्यधात्। इषुपातानभूयेन शब्दवेधविशारद ॥ Bm 1 632 (-*m*) 1 a kind of arrow -2 an archer -3 a warrior

who pierces his enemies by mere sounds, Rām 2 63 11 -4 an epithet of king Daśaratha -5 an epithet of Arjuna -वेध्य *a* to be shot at without being seen, एव मयायविज्ञात शब्दवेध्यमिदं फलम् Rām 2 63 13 -वलक्षण्यम् verbal difference -शक्तिः *f* the force or expressive power of a word, signification of a word, see शक्ति -शासनम् 1 a rule of grammar -2 the science of grammar -शुद्धिः *f* 1 purity of words -2 the correct use of words -श्लेषः a play or pun upon words, a verbal equivoque, (it differs from अर्थश्लेष in-as-much as the pun disappears as soon as the words which constitute it are replaced by others of the same signification, whereas in अर्थश्लेष the pun remains unchanged, शब्दपरिवृत्तिसहत्वमर्थश्लेष) -संग्रहः a vocabulary, lexicon -संज्ञा (in gram) a technical term, P I 1 68 -साधन, -साह *a* See शब्दवेदिन्, ततोऽस्त्र शब्दसाह वै त्वरमाणो महारणे Mb 3 22 5 -सौष्ठवम् elegance of words, a graceful or elegant style -सौकर्यम् ease of expression -स्मृतिः *f* philology -हीनम् the use of a word in a form or meaning not sanctioned by standard authors

शब्दन *a* [शब्द ल्यु-ल्युद् वा] Sounding, making a sound -नम् 1 Sounding, making a noise, uttering a sound -2 A sound, noise -3 Calling out, calling -4 Naming

शब्दायते Den Ā 1 To make a noise, sound, शब्दायन्ते मधुरमनिलै कीचका पूर्यमाणा Me 58 -2 To cry, roar, scream, yell, शब्दायमानमव्यात्सीत् भयद क्षणदाचरम् Bk 5 52, 17 91. -3 To call, call out to, एते हस्तिनापुरगामिन ऋषयः शब्दायन्ते S 4, Mu 1, भवतु शब्दायिष्ये तावत् Ve 3, Mk 1

शब्दित *p p* 1 Sounded, made to give out a sound, played upon (as a musical instrument) -2 Uttered, articulated -3 Called, called out to -4 Named, designated -5 Taught, explained, ज्ञानेन वैयासकिशब्दिनेन भेजे खगेन्द्रध्वजपादमूलम् Bhāg 1 18 16 -6 Made public, manifested -तम् Noise, cry

शम् *ind* A particle meaning welfare, happiness, prosperity, health, and generally used to express a blessing or pious wish, (with dat or gen), श देवदत्ताय or देवदत्तस्य (often used in modern letters as an auspicious conclusion, इति शम्) -Comp -कर see s v. -तम् most wholesome, salutary, तदोद्धाराजं ककुभं करैर्मुखं प्राच्या विलिम्पन्नरुणेन शान्तमे Bhāg 10 29 2 -ताति *a* conferring happiness, propitious, auspicious -पाकः 1 lac, red dye -2 cooking, maturing -3 Cathartocarpus Fistula (शम्यारु, Mar बाहवा) -पातः Cassia Fistula. -भु see s v

शम् I 4 P (शाम्यति, शान्त) 1 To be calm, quiet or tranquil, be appeased or pacified (as a person), शाम्येत प्रत्यपकारेण नोपकारेण दुर्जन Ku 2 40; काकुत्स्थमुद्दिश्य समत्सरोऽपि शशम तेन क्षितिपाललोक R 7 3, शान्तो लव U 6 7, Bh 2 75 -2 To cease, stop, come to an end, चिन्ता

शशाम सकलाऽपि सरोरुहाणाम् Bv 3 7, न जातु काम कामानामुप-
भोगेन शाम्यति Ms 2 94 'is not satisfied' -3 To be
quelled, be extinguished or quenched, शशाम वृष्ट्यापि
विना द्वाभि R 2 14, U 5 7 -4 To desist, leave off
(speaking &c) -5 To put an end to, destroy, kill
(also 9 P in this sense) -Caus (शमयति-ते, but शामयति-
ते in the sense of 'seeing', see शम् II) 1 To appease,
allay, calm, tranquillize, pacify, soothe, क नीतले
शमयिता वचनैस्तवाविम् Bv 3 1, सरम्भ शमयामास R 15
85, 17. 55, S 5 7 -2 To put an end, to stop,
वरेण शमित लोकानल दग्धु हि तत्तप Ku 2 56 -3 To
remove, avert, प्रतिकूल दैव शमयितुम् S 1 -4 To subdue,
tame, defeat, conquer, vanquish, शमयति गजानन्यान्
गन्धर्वि कलभोऽपि सन् V 5 18, R 9 12, 11 59 -5 To
kill, destroy, slay, कर्णस्यात्मजमग्रतः शमयत Ve 5 5 -6 To
quench, extinguish, शमितकुर्वशप्रसविता Pt 4 50, सुतप्तमपि
पानीय शमयत्येव पावकम् H 1 85, Me 55 -7 To leave off,
desist, cease -II 10 U (शामयति-ते) 1 To see, look
at, inspect -2 To show, display

शमः [शम्-चञ्] 1 Quiet, tranquillity, calmness,
श्रुति न विन्दामि शम च विष्णो Bg 11 24 -2 Rest, calm,
repose, cessation -3 Absence or restraint of passions,
mental quietness, quietism, शमरतेऽमरतेजसि पार्थिवे R 9 4,
K1 10 10, 16 48, S1 2 94, Bg 10 4 -4 Allayment,
mitigation, alleviation, satisfaction, pacification (of grief,
thirst, hunger &c), शममुपयातु ममापि चित्तदाह U 6 8, शम-
मेत्यति मम शोक कथं नु वसे S 4 21 -5 Peace, as in अस्माक
शमकामा वै त्व च पुत्रो ममेत्यथ Mb 12 1 27, शमोपन्यास Ve 5
-6 Final emancipation (from all worldly illusions and
attachments) -7 The hand -8 Cure of disease, con-
valescence -9 Indifference, apathy -Comp. -अन्तकः
the god of love (a destroyer of mental tranquillity)
-आत्मक a calm, tranquil by nature -उपन्यासः over-
tures of peace -पर a tranquil, quiet, stoical -प्रधान
a in whom tranquillity or quietism predominates, शम-
प्रधानेषु तपोधनेषु S 2 7 -व्यसनिन् a dissolute from
indifference -शम a enjoying perpetual tranquillity

शमयः [शम्-अथञ्] 1 Tranquillity, calmness, espe-
cially mental calmness, absence of passion -2 A coun-
sellor, minister.

शमन a (-नी f) [शम् णिच् ल्यु ल्युद् वा] Quelling,
allaying, subduing &c -नम् 1 Appeasing, allaying,
soothing, conquering, alleviating, &c -2 Calmness,
tranquillity -3 End, stop, cessation, destruction -4
Hurting, injuring, destroying, सप्तशमनम् Mb 3 85 101
-5 Killing animals for sacrifice, immolation -6 Swal-
lowing, chewing -नः 1 A kind of deer, an antelope
-2 N of Yama, the god of death, शतशस्तत्र यवना शम-
नातिथयोऽभवन् Siva B 14. 94 -3 A kind of pea -Comp
-स्वस्व f 'Yama's sister', epithet of the river Yamunā

शमनी Night. -Comp -सदः (-षदः) a demon,
goblin.

शमनीय a Consolable, soothing -यम् Sedative

शमलम् [शम्-कल्च् Un 1 103] 1 Feces, ordure, excre-
ment -2 Impurity, sediment -3 Sin, moral impurity,
आशसमान शमल गङ्गाया दु खितोऽपतत् Bhāg 1 13 32 -4
A calamity, misfortune -a sinful, सांध्य कृताञ्जलिपुटा
शमलस्य भर्तु Bhāg 10 16 32

शमाह. A hermitage

शमित p p 1 Appeased, allayed, soothed, calmed
-2 Alleviated, cured, relieved -3 Relaxed -4 Calm,
sedate -5 Moderated, tempered, अविभावितनिष्क्रमप्रयाण
शमितायाम इवातिरहसा स K1 13 27 -6 Destroyed, killed,
शमितकुरुवशप्रसविता Pt 4 50 -ता Rice powder

शमितृ m A killer, slaughterer, यथाश्चमेवे पशव शमित्रा
Mb 8 84 25

शमिन् a 1 Calm, tranquil, pacific -2 One who
has subdued his passions, self-controlled, अमी कदम्बसमिन्-
पवन शमिनामपि Bk 7 5, Mk 1 16

शमी [शम्-इन् वा ङीप्] (शमि sometimes) 1 N. of a tree
(said to contain fire), अग्निगर्भा शमीमिव S 4 3, Ms 8 247,
ध्रुव स नीलोत्पलपत्रधारया शमीलता छेतुमृषिर्व्यवस्यति S 1. 18, Y
1 302 -2 A pod, legume -3 A particular measure
-Comp -कुणः the time when the Samī tree bears fruit,
P V 2 24 -गर्भः 1 an epithet of fire -2 a Brāh-
mana, one belonging to the sacerdotal or priestly class
-धान्यम् any pulse or grain growing in pods, legumi-
nous grain -रोहः an epithet of Śiva -पत्री Mimosa
Pudica, a kind of sensitive plant

शमी (मि)रः A small variety of the Samī tree

शम्पा [शम्-प Un 3 28] 1 Lightning -2 A girdle

शम्फली, शम्बली, शम्भली A procuress

शम्बु I 1 P. (शम्बति) To go, move -II 10 P.
(शम्बयति) To collect, heap together

शम्ब (म्भ) a [शम्ब अच्] 1 Happy, fortunate -2
Poor, unfortunate -म्बः, (-म्भः) 1 The thunderbolt of
Indra -2 The iron head of a pestle -3 An iron chain
worn round the loins, -4 Ploughing 'with the grain'
or in the regular direction -5 The second ploughing of
a field. -6 A particular measure of length (शम्बाङ्क
means 'to plough twice', त्वया शम्बाङ्कत क्षतम् N 20 83,
doubly pierced) -Comp -पाणिः N of Indra (having
a thunderbolt in his hand), कण्ठेकालेन कैलास स मेरु शम्ब-
पाणिना Siva B 16 60

शम्बर a [शम्ब अरच्] Best, excellent. -रः 1 N of
a demon slain by Pradyumna, q. v -2 A mountain.
-3 A kind of deer -4 A Jina -5 N. of the trees
चित्रक, लोघ्र and अर्जुन -6 A kind of fish -7 War -रम्
1 Water, किं विलम्बसे. शम्बरानयने Cholachampū p 26.
-2 A cloud -3 Wealth -4 A rite or religious obser-

vance -Comp -अरिः, -सूदनः epithets of Pradyumna or the god of love -असुरः the demon Sambara

शम्बरी 1 Illusion, jugglery -2 A female juggler

शम्बलः, -लम् [शम्ब-लच् Un 1 105] 1 A bank, shore -2 Provisions for a journey, viaticum -3 Envy, jealousy

शम्बली A procuress

शम्बुः, -शम्बुकः, -शम्बुकः A bivalve shell

शम्बुकः [शम्ब-ऊक् Un 4 43] 1 A bivalve shell (शम्बूक also in this sense) -2 A small conch-shell -3 A snail -4 The edge of the frontal protuberance of an elephant -5 N of a Sūdra (who practised penance though forbidden to his caste and was in consequence slain by Rāma, see *inter alia* U 2 and R 15)

शंभु a [श-भूङ्] Causing happiness, granting prosperity. -भुः 1 N of Śiva -2 Brahman -3 A sage, venerable man -4 A kind of Siddha -5 N of Viṣṇu -Comp -तनयः, -नन्दनः, -सुतः epithets of Kārtikeya or Gaṇeśa -प्रिया N of Durgā -2 emblem myrobalan (आमलकी) -वल्लभम् the white lotus

शम्बा [शम्-यत् टाप्] 1 A wooden stick or post -2 A staff, a measure of length (=36 Angulas) -3 The pin of a yoke -4 A kind of cymbal, वीणा नैवाद्य वाद्यन्ते शम्बातालस्वनै सह Mb 7. 72 12 -5 A sacrificial vessel -6 A kind of medical instrument -Comp -क्षेपः, -पातः the distance that a staff can be thrown, the cast of a staff, शम्बापातिनाभ्यतीयाद्विहीमाश्चित्रयन् महीम् Mb 12 29 95, Ms. 8 237 -ग्राहः one who plays the cymbal, Rām 2 91 49

शय a. (-या, -यी f) [शी-अच्] Lying down, sleeping (usually at the end of comp), रात्रिजागरपरो दिवाशय R 19 34, so उत्तानशय, पार्श्वशय, वृक्षशय, बिलिशय &c -यः 1 Sleep -2 A bed, couch, मायाशये शयाना मे नाद्यापि पुन-स्थिता Bhāg 10 13 41 -3 A hand, सुन्दरीभि शयाम्भोज-सवाहितपद पुन Śiva B 2 91, तदूर्काण्डे सविलासमर्पित शय शयानेन सहानयामुना Rām ch 2 49, also used as a measure of length -4 A snake, especially the boa. -5 Abuse, imprecation, curse. -6 A stake

शयण्ड a. Sleepy, sleeping

शयतः 1 One who sleeps much -2 The moon

शयथ a. [शी-अथच् Un 3. 112] Sleepy, asleep -थः 1 Death -2 A kind of snake, the boa-constrictor -3 A boar. -4 A fish -5 (Ved) A lair, abode

शयनम् [शी-न्युट्] 1 Sleeping, sleep, lying down. -2 A bed, couch, शयनस्थो न भुञ्जीत Ms 4 74; R 1. 95, V 3 10 -3 Copulation, sexual union -Comp -अ

(आ) गारः, -रम्, -ग्रहम् a bed chamber, sleeping apartments -एकादशी the eleventh day of the bright half of Āśāḍha when Viṣṇu lies down to enjoy his four months' repose -तलगत a gone to bed, lying in bed -पालिका the (female) keeper of a (royal) bed -भूमिः a bed-chamber -रचनम् the preparation of a bed (one of the 64 arts) -वासस् sleeping garment -सखी a bed-fellow -स्थ a being on a couch, शयनस्थो न भुञ्जीत Ms 4 74 -स्थानम् a sleeping apartment, bed-chamber

शयनीयम् [शी-आवारे अनीयर्] 1 A bed, couch, परिशून्य शयनीयमद्य मे R 8 66, कान्तासयम्य शयनीयशिलातले ते U 3 21, (शयनीयम् in the same sense), -2 A bed-chamber, शयनीय नरेन्द्रस्य तदासाद्य व्यतिष्ठत Rām 2 15 20

शयानः, -शयानकः 1 A chameleon -2 A kind of snake, the boa

शयालु a [शी-आलुच्] Sleepy, slothful, हन्ति नोप-शयस्थोऽपि शयालुर्गुरुगुणान् Śi 2 80 -लुः 1 A kind of snake, the boa-constrictor -2 A dog -3 A jackal

शयित p p [शी कर्तरि क्] 1 Sleeping, repoted, asleep. -2 Lying down -तम् 1 Sleep, sleeping -2 The place where one has slept.

शयुः, शयुनः [शी-उ उन्नत् Un 1 7, 3 60] A large snake, the boa

शय्या [शी आधारे क्यप्] 1 A bed, couch, शय्या भूमि-तलम् Śānta 4 9, मही रम्या शय्या Bh 3 79, R 5 66 -2 Sleeping -3 Tying, stringing together -Comp -अध्यक्षः, -पालः the superintendent or guardian of a king's bed-chamber -अन्तः a sleeping place, शय्यान्ते कुलमलिना क्षण विलीनम् K1 7 31 -उत्थायम् and early in the morning. -उत्सङ्गाः the side of a bed -गत a 1 lying in a bed -2 confined to a bed -ग्रहम् a bedchamber, अथार्धरात्रे स्तिमितप्रदीपे शय्याग्रहे सुप्तजने प्रबुद्ध R 16 4

शरः [शू-अच्] 1 An arrow, a shaft, क च निशितनिपाता वज्रसारा शरास्ते S 1 10, शरश्च त्रिविधो ज्ञेय स्त्री पुमोश्च नपुसक । अग्रस्थूलो भवेन्नारी पश्चात्स्थूलो भवेत् पुमान् । समो नपुसको ज्ञेय Dhanur. 62-63 -2 A kind of white reed or grass (Mar देवनल, बोरु), कुशकाशशरैर् पणै सुपरिच्छादितां तथा Rām 3 15 22, शरकाण्डपाण्डुगण्डस्थला M 3 8, मुखेन सीता शरपाण्डुरेण R 14 26, Śi 11 30 -3 The cream of slightly curdled milk, cream; आपो वा अर्कस्तद्यदा शर आसीत् सम-हन्यत सा पृथिवी Br1 Up 1 2 2 -4 Hurt, injury, wound -5 The number 'five', of शरानि q v -6 (In astr) The versed sine of an arc -7 Kuśa grass, तथा शरेष्वपि MS 8 3 33 (शरशब्दस्यापि कुशेषु प्रयोगो दृश्यते SB on ibid), मृशरशरसहितकान्तिके Rām ch 4 70 -रम् Water -Comp -अग्निः the number 'thirtyfive', शरानिपरिमाण च तत्रासौ वसते सुखम् Mb 13 107 26 -अग्न्यः an excellent arrow -अभ्यासः, -आघातः archery. -असनम्, -आस्यम् an

arrowshooter, a bow, शरासन तेषु विकृत्यतामिदम् S 6 28, R 3 52, Ku 3 64 -आक्षेपः flight of arrows -आरोपः, -आवापः a bow, तान् गृहीतशरावापान् Mb 1 189 13, आवाप also means quiver, विच्छेद कार्मुक दीप्त शरावाप च सत्वरम् Mb 6 90 61 -आवरः a quiver, शरावरौ शरै पूर्णौ Rām 3 64 49 (-रम्) a coat of mail, तच्चाभिसदृश दीप्त रावणस्य शरावरम् Rām 3 51 14 -आवरणम् a shield, शितनिर्लिङ्ग-हस्तस्य शरावरणधारिण Mb 6 61 28 -आश्रयः a quiver -आसः a bow, Bhāg -आहत a struck by an arrow -इषीका an arrow -इष्टः the mango tree -उपासनम् archery practice, स्मारी शरोपासनेदिकेव N 14 54 -ओघः a shower or multitude of arrows -काण्डः 1 a reed-stalk -2 a shaft of an arrow -क्षेपः the range of an arrow-shot -घातः shooting with arrows, archery -जम् fresh butter -जः N of Kārtikeya -जन्मन् m an epithet of Kārtikeya, उमावृषाङ्कौ शरजन्मना यथा R 3 23 -जालम् a multitude or dense mass of arrows; शरजालावृते व्योम्नि च्छायाभूते समन्तत Mb 4 59 3 -दुर्दिनम् a shower of arrows, Rām -धिः a quiver, सहशरधि निज तथा कार्मुकम् K1 18 16 -पातः an arrow's flight स्थानम् a bow shot -पुङ्खः, -पुङ्खा the feathered end of an arrow -प्रवेगः a swift arrow -फलम् the blade or barb of an arrow -भङ्गः N of a sage whom Rāma visited in the Dandaka forest, अद् शरण्य शरभङ्ग-नाम्नस्तपोवन पावनमाहितामे R. 13 45 -भूः N of Kārtikeya -भृष्टिः f the point of an arrow -मल्लः a bow-man, an archer -यन्त्रकम् the string on which the palm-leaves of a manuscript are filed, -वनम् (-वणम्) 1 a thicket of reeds, आराभ्यै न शरवणभव देवमुल्लङ्घिताम्वा Me 47 उद्भव, भव epithets of Kārtikeya -2 a bed of Kuśa grass, शरवणमेवेद कुशवनमिति SB on MS 8 3 33 -वर्षः a shower or volley of arrows -वाणि. 1 the head of an arrow -2 an archer -3 a maker of arrows -4 a foot-soldier -वृष्टिः f a shower of arrows -व्रातः a mass or multitude of arrows -संधानम् taking aim with an arrow, शरसंधान नाटयति S 1 -संबाध a covered with arrows, किमुकै शर-संबाधाम् U 4 28 (v 1) -स्तम्बः a clump of reeds

शरटः [शृ-उट्] 1 A chameleon -2 a safflower

शरटुः a [शृ-उट् Un 4 87] Fierce

शरण a See शरण्य, शरणान्यशरण्यानि आश्रमाणि कृतानि न Rām 7 6 5.

शरणम् [शृ-ल्युट्] 1 Protection, help, succour, defence, भूत्वा शरण्या शरणार्थमन्य कथ प्रपत्स्ये त्वयि दीप्यमाने R 14 64, V 1. 3, U 4 23 -2 Refuge, shelter, तस्या करिष्यामि दृढानुताप प्रवालशय्यागरणे शरीरम् Ku 3 8, Pt 2 -3 A place of refuge, resort, asylum (applied to persons also); सुरासुरस्य जगतः शरणम् K1 18 22, सतप्ताना त्वमसि शरणम् Me 7, शरणं गम्-इ-या &c 'to go to for protection, take shelter with, to submit to', यामि हे कमिह शरणं Git 7. -4 A sanctuary, closet, an apartment, अभिशरणमार्ग-मादेश्च S. 5; अतोऽभिदोत्रशरणमादिमाधायामानमुदीपयाम Nāg

5, Bhāg 7 12 20 -5 An abode, a house, habitation, शरणमपि समिदमि शुष्यमाणाभिराभि Mu 3 15, Bk 6 9, Ve 5 26 -6 Lair, resting-place -7 Injuring, killing -Comp -अर्थिन् a, -पथिन् a 1 seeking refuge or protection, इतश्च शरणार्थिन शिखरिणा गणा शेरते Bh 2 76 -2 unfortunate -आगत, -आपन्न a gone to for refuge or protection, taking shelter with, fugitive -आगतिः approach for protection -आलयः a place of refuge, asylum -उन्मुख a looking up to for protection, असौ शरण्य शरणोन्मुखाणाम् R 6. 21 -द, -प्रद a affording protection

शरण्य a. [शरणे साधु यत्] 1 Fit to protect, yielding protection, a protector, refuge, असौ शरण्य शरणोन्मुखाणाम् R 6 21, शरण्यो लोकानाम् Mv 4 1, R 2 30, 14 64, 15 2, Ku 5 76 -2 Needing protection, poor, miserable -पयः An epithet of Śiva -पयम् 1 A place of refuge, shelter -2 A protector, who or what affords protection; लवणत्रासित स्तोम शरण्य त्वामुपस्थित U. 1 50 -3 Protection, defence, शरण्यौ सर्वसत्त्वानाम् Rāma-raksā 19 -4 Injury, hurt

शरणी (णिः f) 1 A road, path -2 The earth -3 A row, line

शरण्युः 1 A protector -2 A cloud -3 Wind

शरण्डः 1 A bird -2 A chameleon -3 A cheat, rogue -4 A lecher, libertine -5 A kind of ornament

शरद् f [शृ-अदि Un 1 129] 1 The autumn, autumnal season (comprising the two months आश्विन and कार्तिक), यात्रायै चोदयामास त शके प्रथम शरद् R 4 24 -2 A year, त्व जीव शरद् शतम्, शरदामयुत ययौ R 10 1, U 1 15, धारिणीभूतधारिण्योर्भव भर्ता शरच्छतम् M 1 15 -Comp -अन्तः The end of autumn, winter -अम्बुधरः an autumnal cloud -उदाशयः an autumnal lake -कामिन् m a dog -कालः the autumnal season -घनः, -मेघः an autumnal cloud -चन्द्रः (शरच्चन्द्रः) the autumnal moon -ज्योत्स्ना (शरज्ज्योत्स्ना) autumnal moon-shine -त्रियामा an autumnal night -पद्मः, -शम् the white lotus -पर्वन् n the festival called Kojāgara, q v. -मुखम् the commencement of autumn

शरदा 1 Autumn -2 A year

शरदिज a Autumnal

शरभः [शृ-अभच् Un 3 122] 1 A young elephant. -2 A fabulous animal said to have 8 legs and to be stronger than a lion, शरभकुलमाजिह्म प्रोद्धरत्यम्बु कृपात् Rs 1 23, अष्टपाद शरभ सिंहघाती Mb -3 A camel -4 A grass-hopper -5 A locust -Comp -लीलः (in music) a kind of measure

शरयुः (यूः) f N of a river; see सरयु (यू).

शरल a 1 See सरल -2 Crooked, fraudulent

शरलकम् Water.

शरव्यम् [शरवे शरशिक्षायै हित शर-यत्] A butt or mark (for arrows), target (fig also), तौ शरव्यमकरोत् स नेतरात् R 11 27, कृता शरव्य हरिणा तवापुरा S 6 28, R 7 45, S1 7 24, व्यसनशतशरव्यता गता K

शरव्यीकरणम् The act of taking aim

शराटिः [-डिः, -तिः, -रिः, -लिः, -लिका, -ली] A kind of bird.

शराह a Noxious, hurtful, injurious -रुः A mischievous animal, शराहचक्रचारभीषणाया महादव्याम् Dk

शरावः, -वम् [शर दध्यादिसारमवति अव्-अण् Tv] 1 A shallow dish, platter, an earthenware vessel, tray, मोदकशराव गृहीत्वा V 3, Ms 6 56 -2 A cover, lid -3 A measure equal to 2 Kudavas

शरावती N of a town of which Lava was made ruler by Rāma, (स निवेद्य) शरावत्या सता सूक्तैर्जनिताश्रुलव लवम् R 15 97

शराविका A particular abscess

शरिमन् m Bearing, bringing forth

शरीरम् [शृ-ईरन् Un 4. 31] 1 The body (of animate or inanimate objects), शरीरमाद्य खलु वर्मसाधनम् Ku 5 33 -2 The constituent element, शरीर तावदिष्टार्थव्यवच्छिन्ना पदावली Kāv 1 10, शरीरमसि ससारस्य U 7 -3 Bodily strength -4 A dead body -5 One's own person, individual soul (जीवात्मा), यथा यथा मनस्तस्य दुष्कृत कर्म गर्हति । तथा तथा शरीर तत्तैनावर्मेण मुच्यते ॥ Ms 11 229 -Comp -अन्तः the hairs on the body -अन्तरम् 1 the interior of the body -2 another body -आकारः, -आकृतिः bodily gesture or mien -आवरणम् 1 the skin -2 a shield -कर्तृ m a father -कर्षणम् emaciation of the body, शरीरकर्षणात् प्राणा क्षीयन्ते प्राणिना यथा Ms 7 112 -ग्रहणम् assumption of a bodily form -चिन्ता care of the body (like washing etc) -जः 1 sickness -2 lust, passion -3 the god of love, शरीरजसमाविष्टा राक्षसी राममब्रवीत् Rām 3 17. 12 -4 a son, offspring, शरीरजेभ्यश्च्युतयुषपञ्क्तय Ku 4 31 -तुल्य a equal to, : e as dear as, one's own person -त्याग renunciation of life -दण्ड. 1 corporal punishment -2 mortification of the body (as in penance) -देशः a part the body -धातुः 1 a chief constituent of the body -2 a relic of Buddha's body (as bone, tooth, hair etc) -धृक् a. having a body -पक्तिः purification of the body -पतनम्, -पातः shuffling off the mortal coil, death -पाकः emaciation (of the body) -प्रभवः a begetter, father -बद्ध a endowed with a body, embodied, incarnate, शरीरबद्ध प्रथमाश्रमो यथा Ku 5 30 -बन्धः 1 the bodily frame, शरीरबन्धेन तिरोबभूव R 16 23 -2 being endowed with a body, : e. birth as an embodied being, तनुत्यजा नास्ति शरीरबन्ध R. 13 58 -बन्धकः a hostage -भाज् a embodied, incarnate (-m) a creature, an embodied being, शरीरभाजा भवदीय-

स. इ. को., १९३

दर्शन व्यनाक्ति कालत्रितयेऽपि योग्यताम् S1 1 26 -भेदः separation of the body (from the soul), death, प्राप्ते शरीरभेदे Sān K 68 -यष्टिः f a slender body, slim or delicate figure -यात्रा means of bodily sustenance, नियतं कुरु कर्म त्व कर्म ज्यायो ह्यकर्मण । शरीरयात्रापि च ते न प्रसिद्धयेदकर्मण ॥ Bg 3 8 -रक्षकः a body-guard -रत्नम् an excellent body -विमोक्षणम् the emancipation of the soul from the body -वृत्तिः f maintenance or support of the body, स त्व मदीयेन शरीरवृत्तिं देहनं निर्वयितुं प्रसीद R 2 45 -वैकल्यम् bodily ailment, sickness, disease -शुश्रूषा personal attendance -संस्कारः 1 decoration of the person -2 purification of the body by the performance of the several purificatory *samskāras*, कार्यं शरीरसंस्कार Ms 2 26 -संपत्तिः f the prosperity of body, (good) health -संबन्धः relation by marriage -साद. leanness of body, emaciation, शरीरसादादसमभूषणा R 3 2 -स्थानम् the doctrine about the human body -स्थितिः f 1 the maintenance or support of the body, वन्य शरीरस्थितिसाधनं व R 5 9 -2 taking one's meals, eating (frequently used in Kādambarī)

शरीरकम् 1 The body -2 A small body -कः The soul

शरीरिन् a (-णी f) 1 Embodied, corporeal, incarnate, परलोक नयत्याशु भास्वन्त खशरीरिणम् Ms 4 243, करुणस्य मूर्तिरथवा शरीरिणी विरहव्यथैव वनेमेति जानकी U 3 4, भावाविव शरीरिणौ M 1 10 -2 Living -m 1 Anything endowed with a body (whether animate or inanimate), शरीरिणा स्थावरजङ्गमाना सुखाय तज्जन्मदिनं बभूव Ku 1 23, मरणं प्रकृति शरीरिणाम् R 8 87, 43. -2 A sentient being -3 A man -4 The soul (clad with the body), स्वशरीरशरीरिणावपि श्रुतसयोगविपर्ययो यदा R 8 89, अन्तवन्त इमे देहा नित्यस्योक्ता शरीरिण Bg 2 18

शरः 1 An arrow -2 A weapon -3 The thunderbolt of Indra -4 Anger, passion -5 Practice of archery

शर्करा [शृ-करन् कस्य नेत्वम् Un 4 3] 1 Candied sugar, दाक्षा म्लानमुखी जाता शर्करा चाश्मता गता । सुभाषित-रसस्याग्रे सुधा भीता दिव गता ॥ Subhāṣ -2 A pebble, gravel, small stone, पादुकान्तरप्रविष्टेव शर्करा Mk 5 -3 Gravelly mould, Mb 12 192 1 (com शर्करा कर्करसहिता मृत्) -4 Soil abounding in stony fragments, sand, अशर्करामविभ्रशा समतीर्थमशौचला (पुष्करिणीम्) Rām 3 73 11, सुपतीर्था शुचिजला शर्करापङ्कवर्जिताम् Mb 5 152 7, Bhāg 7 15 17 -5 A piece, fragment, कठिनकुचतटाग्रपाति पश्चादथ शतशर्करतां जगाम तासाम् S1 7 69 -6 A potsherd -7 Any hard particle, as in जलशर्करा a nodule of water, : e hail -8 The disease called gravel -9 Golden earth, हृद इव तिमिनागसद्वृत्तिमितजलो मणिशङ्खशर्कर Rām 2 81 16 (com शर्करा सुवर्ण-खनिमृत्तिका) -Comp -अचलः 1 the ceremonial 'mountain of sugar' (a heap measuring eight Bhāras) given away by pious donors together with four smaller

mountains called Viṣkambhaparvata Three golden trees are planted on the mountain, while on the smaller mountains are placed idols of Cupid, Kubera and Brahmā as well as a golden image of the Surabhi cow It was customary to give away similar mountains of butter, salt, paddy, cotton and sesamum seeds, दानान्त-श्रुतशर्कराचलमथ खेनामृतान्धा स्मर N 21 154 -2 a sugar-loaf (conical) -उदक sugar-water, water sweetened with sugar -धेनु. a gift of sugar moulded in the shape of a cow, see शर्कराचल -सप्तमी N of an observance on the 7th day in the bright half of Vaiśākha

शर्करकः A kind of citron or lime

शर्करजा Candied sugar

शर्कराल a Impregnated with gravelly particles (as wind) See next word, झाङ्कारी शर्कराल पथिषु विटापिना स्कन्वकापै सधूम Ve 2 19

शर्करिक a (-की f), -शर्करिल, -शर्करावत् a Stony, gravelly, gritty

शर्करिन् a Suffering from the disease called 'gravel'

शर्करी 1 A river -2 A girdle -3 A pen

शर्कुर a Young, tender

शर्धः [शृध्-घञ्] 1 Breaking wind, flatulence (said to be n also in this sense) -2 A troop, multitude -3 Strength, power

शर्धजह a Causing flatulence -हः A kind of pulse or bean

शर्धनम् The act of breaking wind

शर्धस् n Ved 1 A troop, host (particularly of Maruts) -2 Strength, power

शर्ध्व 1 P. (शर्धति) 1 To go -2 To injure, kill

शर्मन् a [शृ-मनिन् Un 4 144] Happy, prosperous -m 1 An affix added to the name of a Brāhmaṇa, as विष्णुशर्मन्, of वर्मन्, दास, गुप्त, शर्मवद्ब्राह्मणस्य स्थाप्राज्ञो रक्षा-समन्वितम् Ms 2 32 -n 1 Pleasure, happiness, delight, त्यजन्त्यसून् शर्म च मानिनो वर त्यजन्ति न त्वेकमयाचितं व्रतम् N 1 50, R 1 69, Bh 3 97 -2 A blessing -3 Protection -4 A house, receptacle (mostly Vedic in this sense) -Comp -द, -प्रद a conferring happiness (-द.) an epithet of Viṣṇu

शर्मरः 1 A sort of garment -2 Curcuma Aromatica (Mar. दारुहलद)

शर्मण्य a. Sheltering, protecting

शर्मिष्ठा N of one of the wives of Yayāti and daughter of Vṛṣaparvan, the king of the Dātyas, cf देवयानी and ययाति

शर्ध a Ved Hurtful, injurious -र्धः 1 An enemy -2 An arrow

शर्धो 1 Night -2 A finger -3 An arrow (Ved)

शर्ध्व 1 P. (शर्धति) 1 To go -2 To hurt, injure, kill

शर्धः 1 N of Śiva, कतिचिद्वनिपाल शर्धरी शर्धकल्प पुरम-विशदयोध्याम् R 11 93, Ku 6 14. -2 N of Viṣṇu

शर्धरः [शृ-ध्वरच् Un 2 122] N of the god of love -रम् Darkness

शर्धरी [शृ-वनिप् ङीप् वनो र च] 1 A night, शशिनि पुनरेति शर्धरी R 8 56, 3 2, 11 93, Si 11 5 -2 Evening, twilight -3 Turmeric -4 A woman -Comp -शः, -पतिः the moon

शर्धला, -ली An iron crow

शर्धणी N of Pārvatī or Durgā, wife of Śiva

शर्धरीक a [शृ-रक् Un 4 19] Mischievous, cruel -कः 1 A rogue, wretch, mischievous man -2 A horse

शल् I 1 Ā (शलते) 1 To shake, stir, agitate -2 To tremble -3 To cover -II 1 P. (शलति) 1 To go -2 To run fast -III 10 Ā (शल्यते) To praise

शलः [शल-घञ्] 1 A dart, spear -2 A stake -3 N of शङ्खि, an attendant of Śiva -4 N of Brahman -5 A camel -6 N of a king (शल्य), Bhāg 1 15 16, 10 68 5 -लम् The quill of a porcupine (-m also according to some)

शलकः 1 A spider. -2 A bird

शलङ्गाः 1 A king, sovereign -2 A kind of salt, Rām 6

शलभः [शल-अभच् Un 3 122] 1 A grass-hopper, locust, पतति परिणतारुणप्रकाश शलभसमूह इवाश्रमद्भुतेषु Ś 1 31. -2 A moth, कौरव्यवशादावेऽस्मिन् क एष शलभायते Ve 1 19, Si 2 117, Ku 4 40 -3 N of an Asura

शललम् [शल-अल्च् Un 1 98] The quill of a porcupine, Mb 7 45 20 -ली 1 The quill of a porcupine -2 A small porcupine

शलाका [शल-आक Un 4 15] 1 A small stick, peg, rod, pin, piece, thin bar (of anything), अयस्मान्तमणिशलाका Māl 1 -2 A pencil, small stick (used in painting the eyes with collyrium), अज्ञानान्वस्य लोकस्य ज्ञानाञ्जन-शलाकया। चक्षुरुन्मीलित येन तस्मै पाणिनये नमः ॥ Śik 58; Ku 1 47, ययौ शलाकामपरा वहन्ती R 7 8 -3 An arrow -4 A dart, javelin -5 A probe or a kind of pointed surgical instrument -6 A rib (as of an umbrella), न ते शतशलाकेन छत्रेणाभिविराजते Rām 2 26 10 -7 A bone (forming the root of the fingers and toes), पाणिपाद-शलाकाश्च तेषां स्थानचतुष्टयम् Y 3. 85 -8 A sprout, sprig, shoot, उद्भिन्नया रत्नशलाकयेव Ku 1 24 -9 A paint-brush

-10 A tooth-brush, tooth-pick -11 A porcupine -12 An oblong piece of ivory or bone used in gambling -13 A ruler -14 The Śarika bird -15 A peg, pin, ततोऽम्बुष्टोऽस्थिभेदिन्या निरभिद्यच्छलाकया Mb 7 25 50 -16 Bar (of a cage or window) -17 A finger, शलाकानखपातैश्च (युद्धमभवत्) Mb 4 13 29 -Comp -घूर्तः (forming शलाकघूर्त) a swindler, sharper -परि ind an unlucky throw or movement of one of the pieces at a game played with Śalākās, cf परि or अक्षपरि, P II 1 10 -परीक्षा the method of examining a student from a page whichever opened by a Śalākā inserted into a book -पुरुषाः N of 63 divine personages among Janas -यन्त्रम् (in surgery) a pointed instrument, probe

शलाटः A cart-load (= 20 times 100 palas)

शलाटु a Unripe -टुः 1 A kind of root -2 The Bilva tree

शलाभोलिः A camel

शलालु A kind of perfume

शली f A small porcupine

शल्कम्, शल्कलम् [शल्-क कस्य नेत्वम् Un 3 43] 1 The scale of a fish, 'सशल्कान् मत्स्यान् न्यायोपपन्नान् भक्षयेत्' इति हारीत, सशल्काश्चैव सर्वे Ms 5 16, Y 1 178 -2 Bark, rind (of trees) -3 A part, portion, fragment

शल्कलिन्, शल्किन् m A fish

शल्म् 1 A (शल्मते) To praise

शल्मलिः, -ली f The silk-cotton tree

शल्यम् [शल्य-यत्] 1 A spear, javelin, dart -2 An arrow, a shaft, शल्य निखातमुदहारयतासुरस्त R 9 78, शल्यप्रोतम् 9 75, अवगच्छति मूढचेतन प्रियनाश हृदि शल्यमर्षितम् R 8 88, S 6 8, V 2 10 -3 A thorn, splinter -4 A pin, peg, stake (said to be m also in these four senses) -5 Any extraneous substance lodged in the body and giving it very great pain, अलातशल्यम् U 3 35, अपनीतादोषशल्य Dk -6 (Fig) Any cause of poignant or heart-rending grief, उद्धृताविषादशल्य कथयिष्यामि S 7. -7 A bone -8 Difficulty, distress -9 Sin, crime -10 Poison -11 Abuse, defamation -12 Aegle Marmelos (बिल्व) -ल्यः 1 A porcupine, hedge-hog, Bhāg 8 2 22 -2 The thorny shrub -3 Extraction of splinters -4 A fence, boundary. -5 The Bilva and Madana trees -6 A kind of fish -7 N of a king of Madra and brother of Mādri, the second wife of Pāndu, and thus maternal uncle of Nakula and Sahadeva (In the great war he at first intended to fight on the side of the Pāndavas, but he was artfully won over by Duryodhana and subsequently fought in his behalf He acted as charioteer to Karna when he was generalissimo of the Kaurava forces, and after his

death was appointed commander He maintained the field for one day, but was at last slain by Yudhisthira) -ल्यः A kind of dance (mentioned with लस्य and चलित) -Comp -अरि. an epithet of Yudhisthira -आहरणम्, -उद्धरणम्, -उद्धारः, -क्रिया, -शास्त्रम् extraction of thorns or splinters, or that part of surgery which relates to the extraction of extraneous matter from the body -कण्डः a porcupine -कर्तृ a surgeon -क्रिया the extraction of thorns or other extraneous substances lodged in the body -पर्वन् N of the 9th book of the Mahābhārata -प्रोत a pierced by an arrow -लोमन् n the quill of a porcupine -हर्तृ m 1 a weeder -2 a surgeon

शल्यकः 1 A dart, javelin, spike -2 A splinter, thorn -3 A porcupine, Ms. 5 18, Rām 4 17 39, Mb 13 111 63 -4 A hunter (व्याव), जिह्वा दत्त्वा बहूना हि क्षुद्राणां लुब्धचेतसाम्। निहृत्या लभते राज्यमाहारमिव शल्यकः Mb 3 33. 59

शल्यकवत् a Having a pointed mouth, यथा शल्यक-वानाख पद धूनयते सदा Mb 12 88 6

शल्यित a Pierced (as with a dart), निष्कारणपरित्याग-शल्यित U 3

शल्ल 1 P (शल्लति) To go, move

शल्लः [शल्ल-अच्] A frog -ल्लम् Bark, rind

शल्लकः 1 N of a tree -2 A porcupine -कम् Bark, rind

शल्लकी 1 A porcupine -2 A kind of tree (of which elephants are very fond), अभिलेखे तावदासवसुरभिरस शल्लकी-भङ्गम् V 4 44 (v 1), U 2 21, 3 6, Mal 9 6 -Comp. -द्रवः incense

शल्वः N of a country -शल्वः The Ksatriyas, see शाल्व

श्व 1 P (श्वति) 1 To go, approach -2 To alter, change, transform

शवः, -वम् [शव्-अच्] A corpse, dead body, अबान्धव शव चैव निर्हेत्युरिति स्थिति Ms 10 55 -वम् Water, तं नस्त्वं शवशयनाभ शान्तमेवम् Bhāg 4 7 33. -Comp -आच्छादनम् covering of a corpse, shroud -आश a feeding on corpses, यावन् नराशौर्न रिपु शवाशान् सतर्पयत्यानम् तावदस्मै Bk 12 75 -काम्यः a dog -दाहः cremation (of dead bodies) -यानम्, -रथः a hearse, bier, a sort of litter for carrying a corpse -शयम् lotus नाथ the epithet of Viṣṇu, Bhāg 4 7 33 -शयनम् a cemetery, cremation ground. -शिविका a bier

शवर, शवल See शवर, शवल

शवस् n Strength, power.

शवसानः (शव्-असानच् Un 2 83) 1 A traveller -2 A way, road -3 Fire -नम् A cemetery

शब्दम् Funeral, अथ यदि चैवास्मिच्छव्य कुर्वन्ति Ch. Up 4 15 5

शब् 1 P (शब्ति) To leap, bound, jump

शब् 1 A hare, rabbit, Ms 3 270, 5 18 -2 The spots on the moon (which are popularly considered to resemble the form of a hare) -3 One of the four classes into which men are divided by erotic writers, thus defined -- मृदुवचनसुशील कोमलाङ्ग सुकेश सरलगुणनिवान सत्यवादी शशोऽयम् Sabdak, see Ratamañjarī 35 also -4 The Lodhra tree -5 Gum-myrrh -6 An antelope -Comp -अङ्कः 1 the moon, रामाभिवानमपरं जगत शशाङ्कम् Pratimā 4 1 -2 camphor °अर्वमुख a crescent-headed (as an arrow) °मूर्ति an epithet of the moon -लेखा the digit of the moon, lunar crescent -अदः 1 a hawk, falcon -2 N of a son of Ikṣvāku, father of पुरजय -अदनः a hawk, falcon -ऊर्णम्, लोमन् n the hair of a rabbit, hair-skin -धरः 1 the moon, उत्पातधूमलेखाक्रान्तेव कला शशधरस्य Māl 9 49, प्रसरति शशधर-बिम्बे Git 7 -2 camphor °मौलि an epithet of Śiva -पदम् a hare's track (easily got over) -प्लुतकम् a scratch with a finger-nail -भृत् m the moon °भृत् m an epithet of Śiva -रजस् n a particular measure -लक्ष्मण, an epithet of the moon -लाञ्छनः 1 the moon, यदि स्यात् पावक शीत प्रोष्णो वा शशलाञ्छन Pt 4 51, Ku 7 6 -2 camphor -बि (वि) न्दुः 1 the moon -2 an epithet of Viṣṇu -विषाणम्, -शृङ्गम् a hare's horn, used to denote anything impossible, an utter impossibility, कदाचिदपि पर्यटन् शशविषाणमासादयेत् Bh 2 5, शशशृङ्ग-धनुर्धर, see खण्ड -स्थली the country between the Ganges and Yamunā, the Doab

शशकः 1 A hare, rabbit -2 =शश (3) q v

शशिन m [शशोऽस्त्यस्य इति] 1 The moon, शशिन पुनरेति शर्वरी R 8 56, 6 85, Me 41 -2 Camphor -3 N of the number 'one' -Comp. -ईशः an epithet of Śiva -कला a digit of the moon, 'धन्या केय स्थिता ते शिरसि', 'शशिकला' Mu 1 1 -कान्तः the moon-gem. (-तम्) a lotus -कोटिः a horn of the moon -क्षयः the new moon -ग्रहः an eclipse of the moon -जः, -तनयः an epithet of Budha or Mercury (son of the moon), भृगुसुनुधरापुत्रौ शशिजेन समन्वितौ Mb 9 11 17 -देवः an epithet of king Rantideva -दैवम् the lunar mansion मृगशिरस् -प्रभ a having the lustre of the moon, as bright and white as the moon, अदेयमासीत् त्रयमेव भूपते शशिप्रभे छत्रमुभे च चामरे R 3 16 (-भम्) 1 a water-lily -2 a pearl -प्रभा moonlight -प्रियम् a pearl -भूषणः, -भृत् m, -मौलिः, -शेखरः epithets of Śiva -लेखा 1 a digit of the moon -2 N of various plants (Mar बावची, काळे जिरें) -वाटिका Boerhavia Procumbens (पुनर्नवा)

शशिनी N of one of the sixteen digits of the moon

शश्वत् ind 1 Perpetually, eternally, for ever. -2 Constantly, repeatedly, always, frequently, again and

again, जीवन् पुन शश्वदुपप्लवेभ्य (पासि) R 2 48, 4 70, Mu 3 19, Bhāg 10 73 14, Me 57 (In comp शश्वत् may be translated by 'lasting, eternal', as शश्वच्छान्ति eternal tranquillity)

शश्व 1 P (शशति) To hurt, injure, kill

शश्वु (श्वु) ली 1 The orifice of the ear, auditory passage, तथापि कर्णशश्वुल्यवच्छिन्न सन् (आकाश) शब्दग्राहक-श्रोत्रेन्द्रियात्मक Tarka K, अवलम्बितकर्णशश्वुलीकल्पीक रचयन्-वोचत N 2 8, Y 3 96 -2 A kind of baked cake, सयावापूपशश्वुल्य सर्वदोहश्च गृह्यताम् Bhāg 10 24 26, Y 1 173, Gaṇeśa P 49 (verses 47-51) -3 Rice-gruel -4 A disease of the ear -5 A sort of fish

शश्वः (स्वः) Loss of intellect or presence of mind (प्रतिभाक्षय) -वृषम् Young grass, शश्वप्याति U 4 26, गङ्गाप्रपातान्तनिहृदशश्वम् (गङ्गारम्) R 2 26 -Comp -वृसी a seat of Kuśa grass -भुज्, -भोजनः a grass-eater, animal

शस् I 1 P (शसति) To cut up, kill, destroy -II 2 P (शास्ति) To sleep Cf शस् also

शसनम् [शस् ल्युट्] 1 Wounding, killing -2 Immo-lation (of an animal at sacrifice)

शस्त p p [शस् क्त] 1 Praised, extolled -2 Auspicious, happy, शस्ता कुर्वन्ति मा सग्य दक्षिण पशवोऽपरे Bhāg 1 14 13 -3 Right, best -4 Repeated, recited -5 Best, excellent -6 Wounded, injured -7 Killed -स्तम् 1 Happiness, welfare -2 Excellence, auspiciousness -3 The body -4 A finger-guard (अङ्गुलित्राण q. v, *also शस्तकम् in this sense) -स्तः A murderer

शस्तिः f 1 Praise, eulogy -2 A hymn of praise (स्तोत्र) -3 A finger-guard

शस् 1 A technical name for the termination of the acc plural -2 A Taddhita affix forming adverbs from nouns, especially from numerals, as दिश, शतश, बहुश &c

शस्त्रम् [शस् घृत्] 1 A weapon, arms, क्षमाशस्त्रं करे यस्य दुर्जन किं करिष्यति Subhāṣ, R 2. 40, 3 51, 62, 5 28 -2 An instrument, a tool in general. -3 Iron, गृहीतशस्त्रा क्रोशन्ति चर्मिणो वाजिपृष्ठगा Mb 6. 2 29 -4 Steel -5 A hymn of praise (स्तोत्र) -6 Repetition, recitation -Comp -अङ्गा a kind of sorrel -अभ्यासः the practice of arms, military exercise -अयस्म् 1 steel -2 iron -अवपातः injury by weapon, शस्त्रावपाते गर्भस्य पातने चोत्तमो दम Y 2 277 -अस्त्रम् 1 weapons for striking and throwing, arms and missiles, शस्त्रास्त्रमृत्तव क्षत्रस्य Ms 10 79 -2 arms or weapons generally -आख्यम् iron -आजीवः, -उपजीविन् m a professional soldier, Kau. A 1 3 -उद्यमः lifting up a weapon (to strike) -उपकरणम् arms or instruments of war, military apparatus -कर्मन् any surgical operation -कारः an armourer -कोपः

war, battle -कोषः the sheath or scabbard of any weapon -क्षारः borax -ग्रह. battle, fight -ग्राहिन् a taking up or wearing arms (for battle), शस्त्रग्राही ब्राह्मणो जामदग्न्य U 5 33 -चिकित्सा surgery -जीविन्, -वृत्ति m one living by the use of arms, a professional soldier -देवता the deity presiding over weapons -धरः = शस्त्रभृत् q v -निपातनम् a surgical operation -न्यासः laying down arms, so शस्त्र (परि) त्याग -पाणि a bearing arms, armed (-m) an armed warrior -पदम् incision, Śuśr -पूत a 'purified by arms', rendered pure or absolved from guilt by being killed with a weapon on the battle-field, अशस्त्रपूत निर्व्याजम् (महामासम्) Māl 5 12, (see Jagaddhara's explanation of the word), अहमपि तस्य मिथ्याप्रतिज्ञावैलक्ष्यसपादितमशस्त्रपूत मरणमुपदिशामि Ve 2. -प्रहारः a wound inflicted with a weapon -भृत् m 1 a soldier, warrior, राम शस्त्रभृतामहम् Bg 10 31, न तद् यश्च शस्त्रभृता क्षिणोति R 2 40 -2 an armed man -मार्जः a weapon-cleaner, an armourer, a furbisher -विद्या, -शास्त्रम् the science of archery, see वनुर्वेद -वृत्तिः a professional soldier, पुरुषा शस्त्रवृत्तय Ms 12 45 -व्यवहारः practice of weapons -शास्त्रम् military science -संहतिः f 1 a collection of arms -2 an arsenal -संपातः a sudden fall of a number of weapons -हत a killed by a weapon -चतुर्दशी N of a particular 14th day sacred to the memory of fallen warriors -हस्त a armed (-स्तः) an armed man

शस्त्रकम् 1 Steel -2 Iron -3 An instrument, a tool, weapon

शस्त्रिका A knife, dagger

शस्त्रिन् a Bearing arms or weapons, armed, accoutred

शस्त्री A knife, पण्यस्त्रीषु विवेककल्पलतिकाशस्त्रीषु रज्येत क Subhās, शस्त्रीश्यामैरशुभिराशु द्रुतम् Śi 4 44

शस्य a (from शस्) 1 Best, excellent -2 Praise-worthy, laudable -स्या a ऋक् which is to be recited, योनिश्चासौ शस्या च योनिश्चास्या ŚB on MS 7 2 17, पुरोनुवाक्या च याज्या च शस्यैव तृतीया Bri. Up 3 1 7

शस्यम् [शस्-यत्] 1 Corn or grain in general, दुदोह गा स यज्ञाय शस्याय मघवा दिवम् R 1 26 -2 The produce or fruit of a plant or tree, शस्य क्षेत्रगत प्राहु सतुष धान्यमुच्यते, see तण्डुल also -3 A merit -Comp -क्षेत्रम् a corn-field -भक्षक a granivorous -मञ्जरी 1 an ear of corn -2 a fruit-stalk -मालिन् a crowned with harvests -शालिन्, -संपन्न a abounding in corn -शूकम् a beard of corn -संपद् f abundance of corn -सम्ब (म्ब) रः the Sāla tree

शाकः, -कम् [शक्-घञ्] A vegetable, pot herb, herb, any edible leaf, fruit or root used as a vegetable, दिल्लीश्वरो वा जगदीश्वरो वा मनोरथान् पूरयितु समर्थ । अन्यैर्नृपालैः परिदीयमान शाकाय वा स्वाल्लवणाय वा स्यात् Jag, वेत्रशाककुजे शैले

Ki 15 18 -कः 1 Power, strength, energy -2 The teak tree -3 The Śirisa tree, यस्मिन् शाको नाम महीरुह Bhāg 5 20 24 -4 N of a people, see शक -5 An era, especially the era of Śālvāhana -6 N of the sixth Dvīpa -Comp -अङ्गम् pepper -अम्लम् hog-plum -भेदनम् sorrel -अष्टमी the 8th day of the dark half of फाल्गुन (on which vegetables are offered to पित्रः) -आख्यः the teak tree (-ख्यम्) a vegetable -आहार a vegetarian (living only on herbs &c) -कलम्बक. leek, garlic -क्षुक्रिका the tamarind -तरु. the teak tree -पण. 1 a measure equal to a handful -2 a handful of vegetables -पत्र. the Signu tree (Mar शेवगा) -पात्रम् a vegetable dish -पाथिव. a king fond of an era, see मध्यमपदलोपिन् -प्रति ind a little of herbs -योग्यः coriander -रस. edible vegetable juice -राज्, -राजः Chenododium (Mar चारुवत), also शाकवीर -विन्दकः see बिल्व -वृक्षः the teak tree -व्रतम् a vow of abstinence from vegetables -शाकटम्, -शाकिनम् a field of vegetables, a kitchen-garden. -श्रेष्ठा the egg-plant (Mar वागें)

शाकट n (-टी f) [शकटाय हितम् अण्] 1 Relating to a cart -2 Going in a cart -टः 1 A draught-ox -2 The tree called श्रेष्ठातक -टम् A field, of शाकशाकट

शाकटायनः N of a philologist and grammarian often referred to by Pāṇini and Yāska, of व्याकरणे शकटस्य च लोकम् Nir

शाकटिक a (-की f) 1 Belonging to a car -2 Going in a car -कः A carter

शाकटीनः A cart-load, a measure of load equal to 20 tulās

शाकपूणिः, -णिः N of an ancient expounder of the Vedas

शाकरी = शाकरी

शाकंभरी 1 An epithet of Durgā, ततो गच्छेत राजेन्द्र देव्या स्थान सुदुर्लभम् । शाकंभरीति विख्याता त्रिषु लोकेषु विद्युता ॥ Mb 3 84 13 -2 N of a city.

शाकल a (-ली f) [शकल-अन्] 1 Relating to a piece (शकल) -2 Relating, belonging to or derived from the शाकल्स -लः A school of the Rigveda or the followers of this school (pl) -लम् 1 A brown variety of sandal, शाकल कपिलमिति Kau A 2 11 -2 A chip, piece -3 The text or ritual of शाकल्य -Comp -प्रातिशाख्यम् N of the Rigveda Prātisākhya. -शाखा the recension or traditional text of the Rigveda as represented by the Śākalas -होमः a particular kind of oblation, मन्त्रैः शाकलहोमयैरब्दं हुत्वा घृतं द्विज Ms 11 256

शाकलिक a (-की f) 1 Relating to a piece, fragmentary -2 Relating to शाकल.

शाकल्यः N of an ancient grammarian mentioned by Pāṇini, (he is supposed to have arranged the *Paṇḍa* text of the *Rigveda*)

शाकारी One of the lowest forms of Prākṛita, the dialect spoken by the Sakas or Śākāra, as in the *Mṛichchhakatika*

शाकिनम् A field, as in शाकशाकिनम्

शाकिनी [शाकमस्त्यस्या इति] 1 A field of vegetables. -2 A kind of female being attendant on Durgā (supposed to be a demon or fairy)

शाकुण a (-णी f) 1 Repentent -2 Afflicting others (परतापक)

शाकुन (-मी f) [शकुन-अण्] 1 Relating to birds, शाकुनेनाय पञ्च वै (पितरः प्रीयन्ते) Ms 3 268 -2 Relating to omens -3 Ominous

शाकुनिकः [शकुनेन पक्षिवादिना जीवति ठञ्] A fowler, bird catcher, Mk 6, Ms 8 260 -कम् The interpretation of omens

शाकुनेयः A small owl

शाकुनिन् m A fisherman

शाकुन्तलः, -शाकुन्तलेयः A metronymic of Bharata (son of Śakuntalā) -लम् The drama called अभिज्ञान-शाकुन्तल of Kālidāsa

शाकुन्तिकः A fowler, bird-catcher

शाकुल, शाकुलिक a Belonging to fish, सप्त वै शाकुलेन तु (मासान् पितरः प्रीयन्ते) Mb 13 88 6

शाकुलिकः A fisherman

शाकरः An ox

शाक्री N of one of the five विभाषाs or corrupt dialects.

शाक्त a. (-की f) [शक्तिर्देवतास्य अण्] 1 Relating to power -2 Relating to Śakti or the female personification of divine energy -क्तः A worshipper of Śakti, (the Śaktis are generally worshippers of Durgā representing the female personification of divine energy, and the ritual enjoined to them is of two kinds, the pure or right hand ritual दक्षिणाचार, and impure or left-hand ritual वामाचार q q v v).

शाक्तिकः 1 A worshipper of Śakti -2 A spearman, lancer

शाक्तीकः A spearman, lancer

शाक्तेयः, शाक्त्यः 1 A worshipper of Śakti -2 N of Parāśara

शाक्यः [शक्-घञ् तत्र साङ्ग यत्] 1 N of the family of Buddha. -2 N of Buddha. -Comp -पुत्रीयः a Bud-

dhist monk -मिथुः, -मिथुकः a Buddhist religious mendicant -मुनिः, -सिंहः epithets of Buddha -शासनम् the doctrine of Buddha

शाक्र a Relating or belonging to Indra, प्रादुश्वके ततः पार्थ शाक्रमन् महारथ Mb 7 93 21 -क्रम् The ज्येष्ठा Nakṣatra (presided over by Indra) -Comp -दिशः the east

शाक्री 1 N of Śachī, wife of Indra -2 Of Durgā

शाकवरः An ox, cf शाकर, Hch 7

शाख् 1 P (शाखति) To pervade, fill completely

शाखः N of Kārtakeya

शाखा 1 A branch (as of a tree), आवर्ज्य शाखा R. 16 19 -2 An arm -3 A party, section, faction -4 A part or subdivision of a work -5 A school, branch, sect -6 A part or division of an animal -7 A school or traditional recension of the Veda, the traditional text followed by a school, as in शाकलशाखा, आश्वलायनशाखा, बाष्कलशाखा &c -8 A branch of any science -Comp. -अध्येत् a follower of any particular text of the Veda. -अन्तग a one who has finished one शाखा, Ms 3 145. -चङ्क्रमणम् 'leaping from branch to branch', irregular study -चन्द्रन्यायः see under न्याय -नगरम्, -पुरम् a suburb, प्रवेशयेच्च तान् सर्वान् शाखानगरकेष्वपि -पित्तम् inflammation of the extremities of the body, e g hands, shoulders &c -बाहुः a branch-like arm -भृत् m a tree. -भेदः difference of (Vedic) school -मृगः 1 a monkey, anape, एता दृष्ट्वा स्त्रियो मेऽन्या यथा शाखानृगस्त्रिय Mb 3 267 3 -2 a squirrel -रण्डः 'a traitor to his Śākha', a Brāhmana who has changed his own school of the Vedas -रथ्या a branch-road -वातः pain in the limbs. -विलीन a sitting on branches (as a bird) -शिफा a root growing from a branch (as of the fig-tree)

शाखालः A sort of cane (वानीर)

शाखिन् a [शाखा अस्त्यस्य इति] 1 Having branches (fig also) -2 Branching, ramifying -3 Belonging to any branch or school (as of the Veda) -m 1 A tree, कुल्याम्भोभिः पवनचपलैः शाखिनो घौतमूला S 1 15 -2 A Veda -3 A follower of any Vedic school or recension

शाखीय a Belonging to a school of the Veda

शाखोटः, शाखोटकः N of a tree, Trophus Aspera (Mar हेदी), कस्त्व भो कथयामि देवहतक मा विद्धि शाखोटकम् K P 10

शाङ्करः 1 A bull -2 A Śaivite, a devotee of Śamkara, प्रतोषिताश्च गङ्गारा Oholachampu p. 24, verse 59. -3 A follower of Śamkarāchārya

शाङ्करिः 1 N of Kārtakeya -2 Of Ganeśā -3 Fire

शाङ्कुची The skate fish

शाङ्खम् The sound of a conch-shell

शाङ्गिकः [शङ्ख-ठञ्] 1 A shell-cutter, worker in shells
-2 N of a mixed tribe -3 A shell-blower, त्वरमाण-
शाङ्गिकसवेगवदनपवनाभिपूरित S1 15 72

शाङ्खायनः N of a Vedic teacher (author of a
Brāhmaṇa and two Sūtras)

शाचि a 1 Distinguished, renowned -2 Strong,
powerful

शाटः, शाटी 1 A garment, cloth, यस्मिन्नोतमिदं प्रोतं विश्वं
शाटीव तन्तुषु Bhāg 9 9 7 -2 A petticoat -3 A parti-
cular female garment, स्फुरत् काञ्ची शाटी पृथुकटितटे हाटक-
मयी Ā L 3

शाटकः, -कम् Cloth, garment, petticoat, रक्षोऽभिजायते
भोग्यो नारीणां शाटको यथा Pt 1 144

शाट्यायनम् An oblation for remedying anything
wrong in the performance of a rite -न. N of a teacher
and author of various works

शाठ्यम् [शठस्य भावः व्यञ्ज्] (a) Dishonesty, perfidy,
guile, trickery, fraud, villainy, आजन्मनः शाठ्यमशिक्षितो य
S 5 25, दाक्षिण्यं स्वजने दद्यात् परजने शाठ्यं सदा दुर्जने Bh 2 22
(b) Art, skill, cunning, देव्या निहोतुमिच्छेरिति सुरसरित
शाठ्यमव्याद्विभोर्व Mu 1 1

शाङ् 1 Ā To praise, extol

शाण a (-णी f) [शणेन निर्वृतम् अण्] Hempen, flaxen
-णः 1 A touch-stone, माणि शाणोल्लीढ Bh 2 44, Bv 1, 73
-2 A whetstone -3 A saw -4 A weight of four
Māsas, अष्टौ शाणां शतमानं वहन्ति Mb 3 134 15 -णम् 1
Sack-cloth, coarse cloth -2 A hempen garment, सर्वं च
तान्तव रक्तं शाणक्षौमाविकानि च Ms 10 87, 2 41 -Comp
-आजीवः an armourer

शाणिः A plant from the fibres of which a coarse
cloth is prepared

शाणित p p Whetted, ground, sharpened (on a
whetstone).

शाणी 1 A touchstone -2 A white stone -3 A saw
-4 A hempen garment, वस्त्राणां प्रवरा शाणी Mb 3 190 19
-5 A ragged garment, शाणीवालपरीधानो व्याघ्रचर्मपरिच्छद
Mb 12 303 13 -6 A small screen or tent -7 Gestu-
lation, a sign made with the hands or eyes -8 A
weight of four Māsas

शाणीरम् A bank or spot of ground in the Sona
river

शाण्डिल्यः 1 N of a sage, the author of a law-book.
-2 The Bilva tree -3 A form of Agni -Comp.
-गोत्रम् the family of Śaṇḍilya.

शात p p [शो-क] 1 Sharpened, whetted, हास्य
पश्यन्नपि रिपुंश्चिरं शाणशातं कुठारम् Mv 3 28, sharp, रामे
शातकुठारभासुरकरं क्षत्रद्रुमोच्छेदिनि Ve 6 12 -2 Thin,
slender, शय्यागतेन रामेण माता शातोदरी बभौ R 10 69 -3
Weak, feeble -4 Beautiful, handsome -5 Cut down
-6 Happy, thriving -तः The Dhattūra plant -तम्
Happiness, pleasure, delight, मानिनीजनजनितशातम् Git
10 -Comp. -उदरी a woman with a slender waist,
शातोदरी युवदृशा क्षणमुत्सवोऽभूत् S1 5 23, R 10 69 -शिख
a sharp-pointed

शातकुम्भम् 1 Gold, द्रुतशातकुम्भनिभमशुभत S1 9 9,
Mb 3 172 25, N 16 34 -2 The thorn-apple (धतूर)

शातकौम्भम् Gold -a Golden, शातकौम्भेश्व कवचैर्भूषणैश्च
तमोऽभ्यगात् Mb 7 154 28

शातक्रतव a Belonging or relating to Indra, त्वदुत्सङ्गे
गङ्गे पतति यदि कायस्तदुद्धृता तदा मातः शातक्रतवप्रदलाभोऽयतिलघु
Gangāstaka (by Saṃkarācārya) 7

शातनम् 1 Whetting, sharpening -2 Cutting down,
destroyer, as in पर्वतपक्षशातनम् R 3 42 -3 Causing to
fall or perish -4 Causing to decay or wither -5
Becoming thin or small, thinness -6 Withering, decay-
ing, वसन्ते सर्वशस्यानां जायते पत्रशातनम् Adhikaranamālā
-7 Polishing, planing

शातपत्रकः, -की Moonlight.

शातभीरुः A king of Mallikā

शातमन्यव a Belonging or relating to Indra, राजसे
मुनिरपीह कारयन्नाधिपत्यमिव शातमन्यवम् K1 13 38

शातमान a (-नी f) Bought for one hundred

शातवाहनः = शालिवाहन q v.

शातहृद a Relating or belonging to lightning

शातित p p Destroyed, cut-off

शात्रव a (-वी f) [शत्रुरेव शत्रोरिदं वा अण्] 1 Relat-
ing to an enemy, नारिकेलसव योधा शात्रवः च पश्यंश्च R 4.
42 -2 Hostile, inimical -वः An enemy, तत्र नाभवदसौ
महाहवे शात्रवादिव पराङ्मुखोऽर्थिनः S1 14 44; 18 20, Ve 5 1;
Bk 5 81, K1 14 2, देवः स्वर्गगतोऽपि शात्रववधेनाराधितः
स्यादिति Mu 2 5 -वम् 1 A collection of enemies, त्वां तु
विष्टया कुशालिनः पदयामो हतशात्रवम् Rām 7 1 17 -2 Enmity,
hostility, त्रयीशात्रवशत्रवे R G

शात्रवीय a 1 Relating to an enemy -2 Hostile,
inimical

शादः [शद्-घञ्] 1 Young grass, सा शादहरिताप्युच्चैर्विशालाद्रे-
रुपत्यका Siva B 27 39 -2 Mud -दा Brick -Comp.
-हरितः, -तम् a place green with young grass, a place
clad in verdure

शादल a [शादा सन्त्यत्र बलञ्] 1 Grassy -2 Aboun-
ding in young green grass -3 Green, verdant -लः,

-लम् A grass-plot, green, meadow, शान्ता शाद्वलम् Śānti 2 21, R 2 17, रम्या नवयुतिरपैति न शाद्वलेभ्यः K1 5 37, Y 3 7, also शाद्वलस्थली

शाद्वलितम् The being covered with grass

शान् 1 U (शीशासति-ते, strictly a desiderative of शान used in a primitive sense) To sharpen, whet

शानः 1 A touch-stone -2 A whet stone. -Comp -पाद्. 1 a stone for grinding sandal -2 the Pāriyātra mountain

शानच् (In gram) A technical term used by Panini for the Kṛt affix आन or मान used in forming present participles of the Ātm

शानैश्चर a (-री f) 1 Relating to Saturn -2 Falling on a Saturday.

शान्त p p [शम्-क्त] 1 Appeased, allayed, calmed, satisfied, pacified, चचार सानुज शान्तो वृद्धेक्षुकुव्रत युवा R 12 20 -2 Cured, alleviated, शान्तरोग -3 Abated, subsided, put an end to, removed, extinguished, शान्तरथक्षोभपरिश्रमम् R 1 58, 5 47, शान्तार्चिष दीपमिव प्रकाश K1 17 16 -4 Ceased, stopped, शान्तमृगप्रचारम् Ku 3 42 -5 Dead, deceased, तेषु सर्वेषु शान्तेषु गतेष्वविदिता गतिम् -6 Stilled, hushed -7 Calm, quiet, undisturbed, tranquil, still, शान्तमिदमाश्रमपदम् S 1 16, 4 19 -8 Tamed, स्वमाश्रम शान्तमृग निनाय R 14 79 -9 Free from passions, at ease, contented, Bri Up 4 4 23 -10 Shaded -11 Gentle, शान्तानुकूलपवनश्च शिवश्च पन्था S 4 11 -12 Purified -13 Meek, humble -14 Auspicious (in augury), (the phrase शान्त पापम् which is sometimes repeated, means 'oh no!', 'how can it be', 'God forbid such an untoward or unlucky event', S 5, Mu 1) -15 Rendered ineffective, harmless (said of weapons) -न्तः 1 A man who has subdued his passions, an ascetic -2 Tranquillity, quietism, the sentiment of quietism, the predominant feeling of which is indifference to worldly objects and pleasures, see निर्वेद and रस -न्तम् Appeasing, pacifying -न्तम् ind Enough, no more, not so, for shame, hush!, god (heaven) forbid!, शान्त कथ दुर्जना पौरजानपदा U 1, तामेव शान्तमथवा किमिहोत्तरेण 3 26 -Comp. -आत्मन्, -चेतस् a. calm, tranquil-minded, sedate or composed in mind -गुण a. deceased, वृषे शान्तगुणे जाते Rām 2 65 24 -तोय a having still water -रजस् a 1 dustless -2 passionless -रव a uttering auspicious sounds. -रसः the sentiment of quietism, see शान्त above -लाभ a that which has ceased to bear interest -विवाद a reconciled, appeased

शान्तक a. Allaying, appeasing

शान्तनवः 'The son of Śantanu', N of Bhīṣma

शान्तनुः = शन्तनु q v; शान्तनो संततिं तन्वन् पुण्यकीर्तिर्महा-यशा Mb. 1. 60 6.

शान्ता 1 N of the daughter of Daśaratha, adopted by the sage Lomapāda and subsequently married by Risyāsringa, कन्या दशरथो राजा शान्ता नाम व्यजीजनत्। अपत्यकृतिका राज्ञे रोमपादाय या ददौ॥ U 1 4, see ऋष्यशृङ्ग also -2 (In music) A particular श्रुति -3 A kind of दूर्वा grass

शान्ति. f [शम्-क्ति] 1 Pacification, allayment, alleviation, removal, अश्वरविघातशान्तये R 11 1, 62 -2 Calmness, tranquillity, quiet, ease, rest, repose, स्मर सस्मृत्य न शान्तिरस्ति मे Ku 4 17, शान्ति कुतस्तस्य भुजङ्गशत्रो Māl 6 1, यत् किंचिद् वस्तु संप्राप्य स्वल्प वा यदि वा बहु। या तुष्टिर्जायते चित्ते ना शान्ति कथ्यते बुधै॥ Padma P -3 Cessation of hostility, सर्पस्य शान्ति कुटिलस्य मैत्री विवातृष्टो न हि दृष्टपूर्वा Bv 1 125 -4 Cessation, stop -5 Absence of passion, quietism, complete indifference to all worldly enjoyments, तदुपहितकुटुम्ब शान्तिमार्गोत्सुकोऽभूत् R 7 71 -6 Consolation, solace -7 Settlement of differences, reconciliation -8 Satisfaction of hunger -9 An expiatory rite, a propitiatory rite for averting evil, शान्तयश्चापि वर्धन्ता यथाकल्प यथाविधि Rām 1 8 16 -10 Good fortune, felicity, auspiciousness -11 Exculpation or absolution from blame -12 Preservation -13 N of Durgā -14 Destruction, end, death -Comp. -उदम्, -उदकम्, -जलम् soothing or propitiatory water, अहमपि वैतानिक शान्त्युदकमस्यै गौतमीहस्ते विसर्जयिष्यामि S 3 -कर, -कारिन् a soothing, pacifying -कर्मन् any action of averting evil -गृहम् a room for rest or retirement -मार्गः the life peaceful and leading to मोक्ष, तदुपहितकुटुम्ब शान्तिमार्गोत्सुकोऽभूत् R 7 71 -वाचनम् reciting of a text for averting evil -सलिलम् propitiatory water -होमः a sacrifice or burnt offering to avert or remove an evil, सावित्राञ्जान्तिहोमाश्च कुर्यात् पर्वसु नित्यम् Ms 4 150

शान्तिक a (-की f) Expiatory, propitiatory -कम् Observances or ceremonies calculated to remove calamities

शान्त्य् &c. See सान्त्य् &c

शापः [शप्-घञ्] 1 A curse, an imprecation, anathema, शापेनास्तगमितमहिमा वर्षभोग्येण मर्तु Me 1, 92, R 1 78, 5 56, 59, 11 14 -2 An oath, asseveration -3 Abuse, calumny -4 An interdiction, a ban. -5 Trouble, disturbance (उपद्रव), मुक्तशोप वन तच्च तस्मिन्नेव तदाहनि Rām 1 26 35 -Comp -अन्तः, -अवसानम्, -निवृत्तिः f the end of a curse, शापान्तो मे भुजगशयना-दुत्थिते शार्ङ्गपाणौ Me 112, R 8 82 -अम्बु, -उदकम् water used in formularies of cursing -अस्त्रः 'having a curse for a weapon', a sage, saint, त्राणाभावे हि शापास्त्रा कुर्वन्ति तपसो व्ययम् R 15 3 -उत्सर्गः the utterance of a curse -उद्धारः, -मुक्तिः f, -मोक्षः release or deliverance from a curse -ग्रस्त a labouring under a curse. -प्रदानम् uttering of a curse -मुक्त a released from a curse -यन्त्रित a. restrained by a curse

शापित *p p* 1 Bound by an oath, conjured -2 Sworn, adjured

शापठिकः A peacock

शाफरिकः A fisherman

शाव (व) र *a* (-री *f*) [शव (व) र-अण्] 1 Savage, barbarous -2 Low, vile, base -रः 1 An offence, a fault -2 Sin, wickedness -3 The tree called *Lodhra* -4 N of a teacher and author of a well known commentary (शावरभाष्य) on the *Mīmāṃsā sūtras*, see शवर -री A low form of the *Prākṛita* dialect (spoken by mountaineers &c) -Comp. -भेदाख्यम् (also भेदाक्षम्) copper

शावरिका A kind of leech.

शावख्यम् 1 Mixture, medley -2 Apathy, indifference

शब्द *a* (-ब्दी *f*) [शब्द-अण्] 1 Relating to or derived from a word -2 Relating to or depending on sound (opp आर्थ) -3 Verbal, oral -4 Sounding, sonorous -5 Nominal (as inflection) -ब्दः A philologist, grammarian -ब्दी N of *Sarasvatī*. -Comp -बोधः perception or apprehension of the sense of words -व्यञ्जना (in rhet) insinuation founded on words (opp to आर्थव्यञ्जना)

शब्दिक *a* (-की *f*) [शब्द-ठक्] 1 Verbal, oral -2 Relating to sounds or words -3 Sounding -कः 1 A grammarian, अध करोत्यादिमशब्दिकोरगम् *Viś Gūṇa*. 282 -2 A lexicographer

शामन् *n* Appeasing, conciliation

शामनः N of *Yama* -नम् 1 Killing, slaughter -2 Tranquillity, peace -3 End -4 Sedative -नी The southern direction

शामित्रम् 1 Sacrificing -2 Immolating, killing animals at a sacrifice, इहोपहृतौ भगवान् सृज्यु शामित्रकर्मणि *Bhāg* 1. 16 7 -3 Tying up cattle for sacrifice -4 A sacrificial vessel, न वैदिके शामित्रेऽमासपाक *SB* on *MS* 12 2 2 -5 A deadly blow -6 A place of immolation

शामिली A sacrificial ladle, (वृत्).

शामीनम् 1 Ashes. -2 A sacrificial ladle

शामीलम् Ashes

शामीली A chaplet, garland

शाम्बः N of a son of *Kṛṣṇa* and *Jāmbavatī*

शाम्बरम् A kind of sandal -Comp. -शिल्पम् the art of jugglery, magic, see शाम्बरी

शाम्बरिकः A juggler

सं. इ. को... १९४

शाम्बरी 1 Jugglery, sorcery -2 Magic illusion, शाम्बरीशिल्पमल्लि दिक्षु *N* 6. 14 -3 A sorceress

शाम्बविकः A dealer in shells

शाम्बु (म्बु) कः A bivalve-shell

शाम्भव *a*. (-वी *f*) [शम्भोरिदम् अण्] Belonging to *Śiva*, अतु वाञ्छति शाम्भवो गणपतेराष्टु क्षुधार्तं फणी *Pt* 1 159 -वः A worshipper of *Śiva* -2 A son of *Śiva* -3 Camphor -4 Bdellium. -5 A kind of poison -वम् The *Devadaru* tree.

शाम्भवी 1 N of *Pārvatī* -2 N of a plant (नीलदूर्वा) -3 The opening in the crown of the head through which the soul is said to escape -4 N of a kind of *Mudrā*, अन्तर्लक्ष्य बहिर्दृष्टिर्निर्मेषोन्मेषवर्जिता । सा एषा शाम्भवी मुद्रा सर्वतन्त्रेषु गोपिता ॥

शाम्भवीय *a* Relating or belonging to *Śiva*, तस्य दैव व्यवितधनुष शाम्भवीयस्य राम *Mv* 2. 2

शायः Lying, sleeping

शायिका 1 Repose, sleep -2 The state of lying or reposing, कुर्यात्तृणमय चाप शयीत मृगशायिकाम् *Mb* 1 140 18, also शायिता

शायिन् *a* Reclining, sleeping, resting &c

शायकः 1 An arrow -2 A sword, of सायक

शार 10 U (शारयति-ते) 1 To weaken. -2 To be weak

शार *a* [शार-अच् शृ-घञ् वा] 1 Variegated, speckled, mottled, spotted, पक्ष्मोक्षेपादुपरिविलसत्कृष्णशारप्रमाणाम् *Me* 49. -2 Yellow -रः 1 A variegated colour -2 Green colour -3 Air, wind -4 A piece used at chess, a chessman, काल काल्या मुचनफलके कीदृति प्राणिहारै *Bh* 3 39. -5 Injuring, hurting

शारता 1 A variety of colour, शारता गमितया शशिपादै *Ki* 9 29 -2 Yellowness

शारङ्गः 1 The *Chātaka* bird -2 A peacock -3 A bee -4 A deer -5 An elephant, of शारङ्ग.

शारङ्गी A particular musical instrument (played with a bow), of शारङ्गी.

शारणिक *a* In need of protection, a refugee, *Mb*. 13 104 17.

शारतल्पिकः (from शारतल्प) The epithet of *Bhīṣma*, शान्तिपर्वणि धर्मोश्च व्याख्याता शारतल्पिकः *Mb* 1 2 326

शारद *a* [शरदि भवम् अण्] 1 Belonging to autumn, autumnal, (the *f* is शारदी in this sense), विमलशारद-चन्द्रिचन्द्रिका *Bv* 1. 118, *R* 10 9, *Ms* 6 11, मेघ शारद एव काशधवलः पानीयरित्तोदर *Subhāṣ*. -2 Annual -3 New, recent, *P VI* 2. 9 -4 Young, fresh -5 Modest, shy, bashful -6 Diffident, not bold. -7 Able, clever, शिखीव

शारद N 9 14 -द. 1 A year -2 An autumnal sickness -3 Autumnal sunshine -4 A kind of kidney-bean -5 The Bakula tree -दी 1 The full-moon day in the month of Āśvina (or Kārtika) -2 Alstonia Scholaris (Mar सातवीण) -दम् 1 Corn, grain -2 The white lotus -दा 1 A kind of Vinā or lute -2 N of Durgā -3 Of Sarasvatī, (शारदकाले पुरा यस्मान्नवम्या बोधिता सुरै । शारदा सा समाख्याता पीठे लोके च नामत ॥), लिखति यदि गृहीत्वा (लेखनी) शारदा सार्वकालम् Siva mahimna 32 अम्बा (शारदाम्बा) the goddess Sarasvatī

शारदिकः 1 Autumnal sickness -2 Autumnal sunshine or heat -कम् An autumnal or annual Srāddha

शारदीय a Autumnal

शारद्यम् Autumnal grain

शारद्वतः N of Kripa, Bhāg 1 13 3 -ती Kripī, wife of Kripa, ते शरा रुधिराक्ताङ्गा भित्वा शारद्वतीसुतम् Mb 7 156 74

शारिः 1 A chessman, a piece at chess &c, सुवर्णशारी कपटेन भाना विहायसि द्यूतपटे वितत्य Rām ch 6 41 -2 A small round ball -3 A kind of die -रिः f 1 The bird called Śarikā -2 Fraud, trick -3 An elephant's housings or armour, शारिमशकदधिरोपयितुम् Śi 15 77 -Comp -पट्टः, -फलम्, -फलकः, -कम् a chequered cloth for playing at chess, draughts &c -शुङ्खला f a kind of dice, chessman or a square on a chessboard

शारिका 1 A kind of bird (Mar मैना) -2 A bow or stick for playing any stringed instrument -3 Playing at chess &c -4 A chessman, a piece at chess

शारित a Variegated, coloured, स्थिरद्विरेफाजनशारितोदरै Kī 8 11

शारी 1 A kind of bird -2 Ved An arrow -3 Kuśa grass

शारीर a (-री f) [शरीरस्येदम् अण्] 1 Relating to the body, bodily, corporeal -2 Incorporate, embodied -रः, -रम् 1 The incorporate or embodied spirit (जीवात्मन्), human or individual soul -2 A bull -3 A kind of drug -4 Excrement, विनाङ्गिरप्सु वाप्यार्तं शारीर सनिवेद्य च Ms 11 202 -रम् Bodily constitution -2 (In medic) the science of the body and its parts, anatomy

शारीरक a (-की f) 1 Relating to the body, corporeal, पश्यत्यय धिषण्या ननु सप्तवधि शारीरके दमशरीर्यपर स्वदेहे Bhāg 3 31 19 -2 Incorporate, embodied (as the soul) -कम् 1 The embodied spirit -2 The inquiry into the nature of that spirit (a term applied to the Bhāṣya of Saṃkarāchārya on the Brahma-sūtras) -Comp -सूत्रम् the aphorisms of the Vedānta philosophy

शारीरकीय a Corporeal, embodied

शारीरक a (-की f) 1 Bodily, corporeal, material -2 Psychological

शाखक a (-की f) Noxious, hurtful, mischievous

शार्कः Candied sugar

शार्ककः 1 Candied sugar -2 A lump of sugar -3 The froth of milk -4 Cream

शार्कर a (-री f) [शार्करा अण्] 1 Made of sugar, sugary -2 Stony, gravelly, P V 2 105 -रः 1 A gravelly place -2 The froth or scum of milk -3 Cream -4 Molasses

शार्करक, -रिक, -रीय a Gravelly, stony

शार्करिन् Suffering from gravel or stone

शागालि a Belonging or relating to a jackal, मध्ये वै पापयोनीनां शागाली यामह गत Mb 12 180 22

शाङ्ग a 1 Made of horn, horny -2 Having a bow, armed with a bow, Bk 8 123 -ङ्गः, -ङ्गम् 1 A bow (in general), शाङ्गाकर्षावमुक्तप्रशिक्षिलकविका प्रग्रहेणात्र देशे Mu 6 9, Bk 8 123 -2 The bow of Viṣṇu, शाङ्गं पुनर्वसुर्दिव्य विष्णो परममायुधम् Dhanur 44, शाङ्गं वसुभिर्निर्मितं विद्वय Śi 3 20 -शाङ्गः [शृणाते गण् शकुनौ Un 1 118] A bird, also शाङ्गक, तस्मिन् वने दह्यमाने षडभिर्न ददाह च । अश्वसेन मय चैव चतुर शाङ्गकास्तथा ॥ Mb 1 228 47 -ङ्गम् Wet ginger -Comp -धन्वन् m, -धरः, -पाणिः, -भुत् m epithets of Viṣṇu

शाङ्गिन् m. 1 An archer, a Bowman -2 An epithet of Viṣṇu, धर्मसरक्षणार्थैव प्रवृत्तिर्भुवि शाङ्गिन् R 15 4, 12 70, Me 47 -3 Of Śiva

शार्दूलः [शृ ऊल्लु दुक् च Un 4 97] 1 A tiger -2 A leopard or panther -3 A demon, Raksasa -4 A kind of bird -5 A kind of animal called शरभ -6 A lion -7 (at the end of comp.) An eminent or distinguished person, foremost, as in नरशार्दूल, of कुञ्जर -Comp -चर्मन् n a tiger's skin -विक्रीडितम् 1 a tiger's play, कन्दर्पोऽपि यमायते विरचयन् शार्दूलविक्रीडितम् Git 4 -2 N of a metre

शार्मण्यः, शार्मण्यदेशः The modern name of Germany

शार्वा a Belonging or relating to Śiva -Comp -दिग् the east

शार्वर a (-री f) [शर्वर्या भवम् अण्] Nocturnal, शार्वरान्वकारपूर &c Dk, नूनमुन्नमति यज्वना पति शार्वरस्य तमसो निषिद्धये Ku 8 58 -2 Mischievous, pernicious -रम् Darkness, thick gloom, उद्धर्मशार्वरहर क्षितिराक्षसधुगाकल्प-सार्कमर्हन् भगवन्नमस्ते Bhāg 10 14 40 -री Night

शार्वरीक a Nocturnal, शार्वरमिति च Vamana's Kāvya-lamkārasūtrāni 59

शालेयम् A field of rice -यः, -यम् Anethum Sowa (Mar शोपा) -यः A kind of radish

शालोत्तरीयः An epithet of Pāṇini, see शालातुरीय

शाल्मलः [शाल्-मल्व्] 1 The silk-cotton tree -2 One of the seven great divisions of the earth -3 The gum of the cotton-tree -4 N of a river, V P

शाल्मलिः 1 The silk-cotton tree, आपातरम्यपुष्पश्री-शोभित शाल्मलिर्यथा Bv 1 115, Ms 8 246 -2 One of the seven great divisions of the earth -3 N of a kind of hell' -Comp -पत्रकः Alstonia Scholaris (Mar सातवीण) -स्थः 1 an epithet of Garuda -2 a vulture

शाल्मलिकम् An inferior kind of Salmali tree

शाल्मलिन m N of Garuda

शाल्मलिनी The silk-cotton tree

शाल्मली 1 The silk-cotton tree, शाल्मली शीतला स्वच्छा रसे पाके रसायनी। श्लेष्मला श्लेष्मबीजा च बृहणी रक्तपित्तजित् ॥ Bhāva P -2 N of a river in Pātāla, लोहशङ्कुमृजीष च पन्थान शाल्मली नदीम् Ms 4 90 -3 A kind of hell -Comp. -फलकम् a smooth board of Salmali wood (for washing clothes), शाल्मलीफलके श्लक्ष्णे नेनिज्यान्नेजक शनै Ms 8 396 -वेष्टः, -वेष्टकः the gum of the silk-cotton tree

शाल्वः 1 N of a country -2 A king of Śālva

शाल्वणम् A poultice, cataplasm

शाव a (-वी f) [शव-अण्] 1 Relating to a dead body, caused by the death (of a relative), दशाह शावमाशौच सपिण्डेषु विधीयते Ms 5 59, 61 -2 Tawny, dark yellowish, जगाम तत्र यत्रास्या भर्तुं शाव कलेवरम् Mb 3 297 62 -3 Dead -वः 1 The young of any animal, a fawn, cub, क्व वय क्व परोक्षमन्मथो मृगशावै सममेवितो जन S 2 18, मृगराजशाव R 6 3, 18 37 -2 A dark-yellowish colour -वम् Defilement caused by contact with a corpse or the death of a relative -वः, -वम् A corpse, अन्यदेहविषक्त हि शाव काष्ठत्वमागतम् Mb 12 153 59

शावकः The young of any animal

शावर See शाबर.

शाश a. Belonging to, or coming from a hare

शाश्वत a (-ती f) 1 [शश्वद् भव अण्] 1 Eternal, perpetual, everlasting, शाश्वती समा Rām 1 2 15 (= U 2 5) 'for eternal years', 'ever more', 'for all time to come', श्रेयसे शाश्वतो देवो वराह परिकल्पताम् U 5 27 (v 1), R 14 14 -2 All -तः 1 N of Śiva -2 Of Vyāsa -3 The sun -4 N of a lexicographer -तम् 1 Heaven -2 Eternity, continuity -तम् and Eternally, perpetually, for ever

शाश्वतिक a (-की f) Eternal, permanent, perpetual, constant, शाश्वतिको विरोध 'natural antipathy', शाश्वतिक विरोधमपहाय K.

शाश्वती The earth

शाश्वुल a (-ली f) Eating flesh (or fish)

शाश्वुलिकम् A quantity of baked cakes (शश्वुली)

शास् 2 P (शास्ति, शशास, अशिशत्, शासिष्यति, शासितुम्, शिष्ट) 1 To teach, instruct, train (governing two accusatives in this sense), माणवक धर्म शास्ति Sk, Bk 6 10, शिष्यस्तेऽहं शाधि मा त्वा प्रपन्नम् Bg 2 7 -2 To rule, govern, अनन्यशासनासुर्वी शशासैकपुरीमिव R 1 30, 10 1, 14 85, 19 57, S 1 25, Bk 3 53 -3 To order, command, direct, enjoin, इति रामो वृषस्यन्ती वृषस्कन्ध शशास ताम् R 12 34, त्वामागत शासितुम् Mv 6 20, Ku 6 24, Bk 9 68 -4 To tell, communicate, inform (with dat), तस्मिन्नायोधन वृत्त लक्ष्मणायाशिष्यमहत् Bk 6 27, Ms 11 83 -5 To advise, स किंसखा साधु न शास्ति योऽधिपम् K1 1 15 -6 To decree, enact -7 To punish, chastise, correct, तान् शिष्याच्चौरदण्डेन वार्षिक पृथिवीपति Ms 8 29, 4 175, V 5 -8 To tame, subdue, सौमित्रेश्वरगौ न चेतदिषुभि शासिष्यसे दुर्मद Mv 6 20 -9 To wish, desire

शास् m A reciter, as in उक्थशास्

शासः Ved 1 An order, command -2 Praise (स्तुति)

शासकः [शास्-ष्ठल्] 1 A ruler -2 A chastiser, punisher

शासन a 1 Teaching, instructing, इति मे न तु बोधाय कल्पते शासन वच Bhāg 1 8. 50 -2 Punishing, chastising -नम् [शास् ल्युट्] 1 Instruction, teaching, discipline -2 Rule, sway, government, अनन्यशासनासुर्वीम् R 1 30, so अप्रतिशासन -3 An order, a command, direction, तस्मिन्नापि देवस्य शासन प्रमाणीकृतम् S 6, R 3 69, 14 83 18 28 -4 An edict, enactment, a decree -5 A precept, rule -6 A royal grant (of land &c), charter, अहं त्वा शासनशतेन योजयिष्यामि Pt 1, Y 2 240, 295 -7 A deed, writing, written agreement, शासनप्रधाना हि राजान स्यु Kau A 2 9 -8 Control of passions -9 A written book of authority -10 A (religious) doctrine -11 A message (At the end of comp शासन often means 'punisher, destroyer, killer', as in सरशासन, पाक-शासन) -Comp. -अतिवृत्तिः f violation of commands, disobedience -दूषक a disobeying a command -धरः a messenger, envoy -पत्रम् 1 a plate (usually of copper) on which a grant of land &c is inscribed -2 a sheet of paper on which an order is written -पराङ्मुख a disobedient to an order -लङ्घनम् transgression of order -हरः a royal messenger -हारिन् m 1 an envoy, a messenger; तमभ्यनन्दन् प्रथम प्रबोधित प्रजेश्वर शासनहारिणा हरे R 3 68 -2 a conveyer of royal writs

शासनीय a 1 To be ruled, governed or directed -2 Punishable, V 5

शासित p p 1 Ruled, governed -2 Punished, -3 Restrained, controlled

शासित् *m* [शास्-तृच्] 1 A ruler, governor -2 A chastiser, क पीरवे वसुमती शासति शासितरि दुर्विनीतानाम् S 1 24, Ms 7 17 -3 A teacher, instructor

शास्तिः *f* [शास्-क्तिन्] 1 Governing, ruling -2 An order, a command -3 Correction, chastisement, punishment, especially the punishment inflicted by command of the king -4 A sceptre, rod (of authority)

शास्त्र *m* [शास्-तृच् इडभाव] 1 A teacher, an instructor -2 A ruler, king, sovereign -3 A father -4 A Buddha or Jina, or a deified teacher of the Bauddhas or Jainas

शास्त्रम् [शिष्यतेऽनेन शास्-घ्नन्] 1 An order, a command, rule, precept, अतिक्रामति य शास्त्रं पितुर्धर्मार्थदर्शिन Mb 5 148 21 -2 A sacred precept or rule, scriptural injunction, तस्माच्छास्त्रं प्रमाणं ते कार्याकार्यव्यवस्थितौ Bg 16 24 -3 A religious or sacred treatise, sacred book, scripture, see comps below -4 Any department of knowledge, science, इति गुह्यतमं शास्त्रम् Bg 15 20, शास्त्रेष्वकुण्ठिता बुद्धि R 1 19, often at the end of comp after the word denoting the subject, or applied collectively to the whole body of teaching on that subject, वेदान्तशास्त्रं, न्यायशास्त्रं, तर्कशास्त्रं, अलकारशास्त्रं &c -5 What is learnt, knowledge, Si 5 47 -6 A work, treatise, तन्त्रै पञ्चभिरेतच्चकार सुमनोहरं शास्त्रम् Pt 1 -7 Theory (opp प्रयोग or practice), इमं मा च शास्त्रे प्रयोगे च विमृशतु M 1 -8 The material and spiritual science together, तत्त्वाभेदेन यच्छास्त्रं तत्कार्यं नान्यथाविधम् Mb 12 267 9 -Comp -अतिक्रमः, -अननुष्ठानम् violation of sacred precepts, disregard of religious authority -अनुष्ठानम्, -अनुसारः conformity to or observance of sacred precepts -अन्वित *a* conformable to doctrine or rule -अभिज्ञ *a* versed in the Sāstras -अर्थः 1 the meaning of the sacred precept -2 a scriptural precept or statement -आचरणम् 1 observance of sacred precepts -2 the study of Sāstras (-णः) 1 one versed in scriptures -2 a student of the Vedas -आवर्तलिपिः a particular mode of writing -उक्त *a* prescribed by sacred laws, enjoined by the Sāstras, lawful, legal -कारः, -कृत् *m* 1 the author of a Sāstra or sacred book -2 an author in general -3 a sage, saint -कोविद *a* versed in the Sāstras -गण्डः a superficial reader of books, superficial scholar -चक्षुस् *n* grammar (as being the 'eye', as it were, with which to understand any Sāstra) -चारण. one who deserves sacred precepts -ज्ञ, -दर्शिन, -विद् *a* 1 well-versed in the Sāstras -2 a mere theorist -ज्ञानम् knowledge of sacred books, conversancy with scriptures -तत्त्वम् truth as taught in the Sāstras, scriptural truth -ज्ञानं an astronomer -दृष्ट *a* stated or enjoined in sacred books, तदहं प्रष्टुमिच्छामि शास्त्रदष्टेन कर्मणा Rām -दृष्टिः *f* scriptural point of view -*m* an astrologer -प्रसंगः 1 the subject of the Sāstras -2 any discussion on scriptural points, -योनिः

the source of the Sāstras -वक्तु an expounder of sacred books or knowledge -वर्जित *a* free from all rule or law -वादः a precept or statement of the Sāstras -विधानम्, -विधिः a sacred precept, scriptural injunction -विप्रतिषेधः, -विरोधः 1 mutual contradiction of sacred precepts, inconsistency of precepts -2 any act contrary to sacred precepts -विमुख *a* averse from study, Pt 1 -विरुद्ध *a* contrary to the Sāstras, illegal, unlawful -व्युत्पत्ति *f* intimate knowledge of the sacred writings, proficiency in the Sāstras -शिष्यपन् *m* the country of Kāśmīra -सिद्ध *a* established by sacred authority

शास्त्रिन् *a* (-णी *f*) [शास्त्रं वेत्यधीते वा इनि] Versed or skilled in the Sāstras -*m* 1 One who has mastered the Sāstras, a learned man, a great Pandit -2 A teacher of sacred science

शास्त्रीय *a* [शास्त्रेण विहित छ] 1 Scriptural -2 Scientific

शास्य *a* [शास्-य्यन्] 1 To be taught or advised -2 To be regulated or governed -3 Deserving punishment, punishable

शि 5 U (शिनोति, शिनुते) 1 To whet, sharpen -2 To attenuate, make thin -3 To excite -4 To be attentive -5 To be sharp

शिः 1 Auspiciousness, good fortune -2 Composure, calm, tranquillity, peace -3 An epithet of Śiva

शिशपा 1 N of a tree (शिशु), शिशपा कटुका तिक्ता कषया शोषकारिणी । उष्णवीर्या हरेन्मेढ कुष्ठचित्रवमिष्टमीन् Bhāva P -2 The Aśoka tree, (दर्श) धामा स्वविरहव्याधिं शिशपामूल-सास्थिताम्

शिककु *a* Idle, lazy, indolent

शिकथम् Bee's wax, cf शिकथ

शिक्यम्, -क्या 1 A loop or swing (made of rope), छिद्रं ह्यन्तर्निहितव्युन शिक्यमाणेषु तद्विद् Bhāg 10 8 30 -2 A burden or load carried in a sling -3 The strings of a balance -Comp -पाशः (शिक्यपाश) the string by which a vessel is suspended (Mar फास)

शिक्यत *a* Suspended or carried in a loop

शिक्ष 1 A (शिक्षते, शिक्षित) 1 To learn, study, acquire knowledge of, स्व स्व चरित्रं शिक्षेरन् पृथिव्या सर्वमानवा Ms 2 20, अशिक्षतां पितुरेव मन्त्रवत् R 3 31, मरुत् किमद्यापि न ताद्यु शिक्षते N 1 73, 1 77, 4 48 -2 10 U To teach (Ved), अक्रोव शिक्षयन्त्यन्यै क्रोधना ये तपोधना N 17 80

शिक्षकः (शिक्षका or शिक्षिका *f*) [शिक्ष-ण्वल्] 1 A learner -2 A teacher, instructor, यस्योभय (३ e क्रिया and सक्रान्ति) साद्यु स शिक्षकाणां क्षुरि प्रतिष्ठापयितव्य एव॥ M 1 16.

शिक्षणम् [शिक्ष-ण्युद्] 1 Learning, acquiring knowledge -2 Teaching, instruction.

शिक्षा [शिक्ष-भावे अ] 1 Learning, study, acquisition of knowledge, पश्य मे ह्यसयानि शिक्षा नैव नन्दन Mb 3 19 5, K1 15 36, शिक्षाविशेषपुष्टरतनया निमेषात् R 9 63 -2 Desire of being able to do anything, wish to prevail, पाण्डव परिचक्राम शिक्षया रणशिक्षया K1 15 37 -3 Teaching, instruction, training, काव्यज्ञशिक्षयाऽयास K P 1, अभूच्च नम्र प्रणिपात-शिक्षया R 3 25, M 4 9 -4 One of the six Vedāṅgas, the science which teaches the proper pronunciation of words and laws of euphony, वर्णस्वरानुच्चारणप्रकारो यत्रोपदिश्यते सा शिक्षा Rīgvedabhāṣya -5 Modesty, humility -6 Science, रणशिक्षा 'military science', K1 15 37 -7 Giving, bestowing (Ved) -8 Punishment -Comp -अक्षरम् a sound pronounced according to the rules of शिक्षा -आचारम् a conducting one's self according to precept -करः 1 a teacher, an instructor -2 N of Vyāsa -गुरुः a religious preceptor -नरः an epithet of Indra -रसः desire of acquiring skill (in) -शक्तिः f skill

शिक्षित p p [शिक्षा जाताऽस्य तार० इत्च्छ शिक्ष-क्त वा] 1 Learnt, studied -2 Taught, instructed, अशिक्षितपदुत्वम् S 5 22, शिक्षितासि मयैव यम् N 20 64 -3 Trained, disciplined -4 Tame, docile -5 Skilful, clever -6 Modest, diffident -तः A pupil, scholar -Comp -अक्षरः 1 a teacher -2 a pupil -आयुध a versed in the use of weapons

शिक्षमाणः A pupil, scholar

शिक्षकः A scribe, writer

शिखण्डः [शिखाममति अम् इ तस्य नेत्वम् Tv] 1 A lock of hair left on the crown or sides of the head at tonsure -2 A peacock's tail, केकाभिर्नीलकण्ठस्तिरयति वचन ताण्डवादुच्छिखण्डः Mā 9 30 -3 A crest, आलोकयति पयोदान् प्रबलपुरोवातताडितशिखण्डः V 4 8 -Comp -खण्डिका the चडाकरण ceremony, Hch 1

शिखण्डकः [शिखण्ड इव-कन्] 1 A lock of hair left on the crown of the head at tonsure -2 Locks or tufts of hair left on the sides of the head, (these are three or five in the case of the Kṣatriyas), कुवलयदलदयामाश्रित शिखण्डकमण्डन U 4 19 -3 A crest, tuft, plume -4 A peacock's tail -5 The fleshy part of the body below the buttocks -6 (With Śaivas) One who attains a particular degree of emancipation, also शिखण्डिक

शिखण्डिकः A cock.

शिखण्डिका See शिखण्ड (1)

शिखण्डिन् a [शिखण्डोऽस्यस्य इति] Crested, tufted -m A peacock, नदति स एष वधूसस्य शिखण्डि U 3 18, R 1 39, Ku 1 15 -2 A cock -3 An arrow -4 A peacock's tail -5 A kind of jasmine -6 N of Viṣṇu -7 N of a son of Drupada, शिखण्डि च महारथ Bg 1 17 [Śikhandin was originally a female, being Ambā born in the family of Drupada for wreaking her revenge upon Bhīṣma, (see Ambā) But from her very birth

the girl was given out as a male child and brought up as such In due course she was married to the daughter of Hīranyavarman, who was extremely sorry to find that she had got a veritable woman for her husband Her father, therefore, resolved to attack the kingdom of Drupada for his having deceived him, but Śikhandin contrived, by practising austere penance in a forest, to exchange her sex with a Yakṣa and thus averted the calamity which threatened Drupada Afterwards in the great Bhārati war he proved a means of killing Bhīṣma, who declined to fight with a woman, when Arjuna put him forward as his hero He was afterwards killed by Aśvatthāman]

शिखण्डिनी 1 A pea-hen, बर्हीणामपरशिखण्डिनी भरेण । आलोक्य व्यवदत्त पुरो मयूरम् ॥ S1 8 11 -2 A kind of jasmine -3 N of the daughter of Drupada, see शिखण्डिन above

शिखण्डी A look on the crown of the head

शिखरः, -रम् [शिखा अस्त्यस्य अरच् आलोप] 1 The top, summit, or peak of a mountain, जगाम गौरी शिखरं शिखण्डिम् Ku 5 7, 4, Me 18 -2 The top of a tree -3 Crest, tuft -4 The point or edge of a sword -5 Top, peak, point in general -6 The arm-pit -7 Bristling of the hair -8 The bud of the Arabian jasmine -9 A kind of ruby-like gem -रा N of a plant (मूर्वा) -Comp. -वासिनी an epithet of Durgā

शिखरिणी 1 An excellent woman -2 A dish of curds and sugar with spices -3 A line of hair extending across the navel -4 A kind of vine -5 N of a plant (मूर्वा) -6 Arabian jasmine -7 N of a metre

शिखरिन् a (-णी f) [शिखरम् अस्त्यस्य इति] 1 Crested, tufted -2 Pointed peaked, शिखरिदगना Me 81 -m 1 A mountain, मेरु शिखरिणामहम्, इतश्च शरणार्थिना शिखरिणा गणा गेरते Bh 2 76, Me 13, R 9 12, 17 -2 A hill-fort -3 A tree -4 The lapwing -5 The plant अपामार्ग

शिखा [शी-रक् तस्य नेत्वम् पृषो०, Un 5 24] 1 A lock of hair left on the crown of the head, शिखा मोक्तु बद्धामपि पुनरय धावति कर Mu 3 30, S1 4 50, Mā 10 6, the hair of the head, आसिखदम्ब वसेति नेत्रोर्द्विहितु शिखा Bhāg 3 22 25 -2 A crest, top-knot -3 Tuft, plume -4 Top, summit, peak, अविस्त्रा पुष्पभरनम्रशिखे परितः परिष्कृततला तरुभिः K1 6 17 -5 Sharp end, edge, point or end in general, ईषदीषच्छुम्भितानि अमरे सुकुमार-केसरशिखानि S 1 4, Bv 1 2 -6 The end of a garment, तोयाधारपथाश्च वल्कलशिखानिभ्यन्दरेखाङ्गिता S 1 14 -7 A flame, प्रभामहत्या शिखयेव दीप Ku 1 28, R 17 34, K1 16 53 -8 A ray of light, ज्वलन्मणिशिखाश्चैन बासुकि-प्रसुखा निशि Ku 2 38 -9 A peacock's crest or comb -10 A fibrous root -11 A branch in general, especially one taking root -12 The head or chief of anything -13 The fever of love. -14 The point of the foot,

-Comp -कन्दम् a kind of turnip -तरुः a lamp-stand
-दामन् n a garland worn on the top of the head
-धर a pointed, crested (-रः) 1 a peacock -2 a
Jaina deified saint °जम् a peacock's feather, न नानुकम्प्य
विशिखा शिखाधरजवासस K1 15 42 -धारः a peacock
-पित्तम् inflammation in the extremities (as in fingers)
-बन्धः a tuft of hair -मणिः a crest jewel -मूलम् 1 a
carrot -2 a root having a tuft of leaves -3 a turnip
-वर. the jack-fruit tree -वल a pointed, crested
(-लः) a peacock, घनाघनघटालोकलीलाशालिशिखावल Siva
B 26 51 -वृक्षः a lamp-stand -वृद्धिः f a kind of
usurious interest daily increasing -स्रग् the lock of
hair on the head (Mar शेखी) and the sacred thread
(Mar जानवे), the distinguishing marks of a Brāhmana

शिखालुः The crest of a peacock

शिखावत् a 1 Crested -2 Flaming -3 Pointed,
of Kull on Ms 1 38 -m 1 A lamp -2 Fire -3 The
descending node

शिखिन् a [शिखा अस्त्यस्य इति] 1 Pointed -2 Crested,
tufted, एकवस्त्रधरो बन्वी शिखी कनकमालया Rām 3 38 14
-3 One who has reached the summit of knowledge
-4 Proud -m 1 A peacock, उष्णालु शिखिरे निषीदति
तरोर्मूलालवाले शिखी V 2 23, 4 8, Pt 1 151, S1 4 50
-2 Fire, रिपुरिव सखीसवासोऽय शिखीव हिमानिल Git 7,
न श्वेतभावमुज्जति शङ्ख शिखिभुक्तमुक्तोऽपि Pt 4 110, R 19 54,
S1 15 7 -3 A cock -4 An arrow -5 A tree -6
A lamp -7 A bull -8 A horse -9 A mountain
-10 A Brāhmana -11 A religious mendicant -12 N
of Ketu -13 The number 'three' -14 The *Ohitraka*
tree -Comp -कणः a spark. -कण्डम्, -ग्रीवम् blue
vitriol, ताक्ष्यशैल शिखिग्रीव चक्षुष्य यामुन पुन Siva B 30 18
-दिग् south-east -ध्वजः 1 an epithet of Kārtikeya
-2 smoke -पिच्छम्, -पुच्छम् a peacock's tail -प्रियः
a kind of jujube tree -भूः N of Skanda -मोदा a kind
of plant (अजमोदा) -मृदुः the god of love (मदन),
Gīrvāna -यूपः an antelope -वर्धकः a gourd -वाहनः
an epithet of Kārtikeya -शिखा 1 a flame -2 a
peacock's crest

शिथुः [शि-रुक् शुक् च] 1 A pot-herb, also शिथुक, Ms
6 14 -2 A kind of tree (Mar शेवगा)

शिङ्ख 1 P (शिङ्खति) To go, move

शिङ्घ 1 P (शिङ्घति) To smell, शिरस्युपशिङ्घि च
Bk 14 52

शिङ्घाणः 1 Froth, foam -2 Phlegm -3 Swollen
testicles -णम् 1 The mucus of the nose -2 Rust of
iron -3 A glass-vessel -4 A beard

शिङ्घाणकः, -कम् [शिङ्घ-आनक. Un 3. 84] The
mucus of the nose -कः Phlegm

शिङ्घित a. Smelled.

शिच् f The string of a yoke (for carrying burdens)

शिचि a Black, white

शिङ्ज 1, 2 Ā, 10 U (गिङ्गे, गिङ्गे, शिङ्गयति-ते,
शिङ्गित) 1 To tinkle, jingle, rattle, कथय्या च वलयैश्च शिङ्गे
S1 10 62 -2 To roar, sound, bellow

शिङ्गः Tinkle, jingle, tinkling or jingling sound,
especially of ornaments such as anklets

शिङ्गजिका A chain worn round the loins

शिङ्गा 1 Tinkle, jingle &c -2 A bow string, also
गिङ्गालता

शिङ्गित p p Tinkling, jingling -तम् Tinkling,
jingling (of anklets &c), कूजित राजहसाना नेद नूपुराणिजितम्
V 4 14, मञ्जुमञ्जीरशिङ्गितमनोहरमम्बिकाया K P, रङ्गयामास
जननी मणिमञ्जीरशिङ्गितम् Siva B 7 8 -2 Jangling
(of chains)

शिङ्गिनी 1 A bow-string, अविरोपितसारशिङ्गिनीके स तु
सहाय तत शर शरास्ये Rām oh 2 40 -2 An anklet
(worn round the feet) -3 The sine of an arc

शिद् 1 P (शेटति) To slight, despise, disregard

शिण्डाकी f A kind of food

शित p. p [शो-क्] 1 Sharpened, whetted, वारा शिता
रामपरश्वधस्य R 6 42, K1 7 32 -2 Thin, emaciated
-3 Wasted, declined -4 Weak, feeble -Comp -अग्रः
a thorn -धार a sharp-edged -शूकः 1 barley -2
wheat

शितद्रुः f The river Sutlej, see शतद्रु

शिति a [शि-क्तिच्] 1 White -2 Black, शितितारकानु-
मितताभ्रनयनरुणीकृत कुवा S1 15 48 -3 Blue, dark blue,
शितिना गलेन विलसन् मरीचिना K1 12 23 -4 Variegated, L.
D B -तिः The birch tree -Comp. -कण्डः 1 an epithet of
Śiva, तस्यात्मा शितिकण्डस्य सैन्यपत्यमुपेत्य व Ku 2 61, 6 81,
Bhāg 4 3 12 -2 a peacock, अवनतशितिकण्डकण्डलक्ष्मीमिह
दधति स्फुरिताणुरेणुजाल S1 4 56 -3 a gallinule -कुम्भः
the oleander tree (Mar कण्हेर) -चन्दनम् musk -छदः,
-पक्षः a goose -रत्नम् a sapphire -वासस् m an epi-
thet of Balarāma, विडम्बयन्त शितिवाससस्तनुम् S1 1 6
-सारकः a kind of ebony

शिथिर a [शिथ्-किरच् Un 1 52] Loose, slack, flexi-
ble

शिथिल a [शिथ्-किलच् पृषो० Un 1 53] 1 Loose, loosened,
slackened, relaxed -2 Untied, unfastened, विश्राम
लभताभिद च शिथिलज्याबन्धमस्मदनु S 2 6 -2 Severed,
fallen from the stalk, अर्कस्योपरि शिथिलं च्युतमिव नवमल्लिका-
कुसुमम् S 2 8 -3 Languid, enfeebled, unnerved -4
Weak, feeble, अशिथिलपरिरम्भ U 1 24 'fast or close
embrace', 1 27 -5 Flaccid, flabby -6 Dissolved -7
Decayed -8 Ineffective, futile, vain -9 Inattentive,

careless, सुमस्याणि विचित्राणि शिशिलाश्चैव योषित Pt 4 116
 -10 Loosely done, not strictly or rigidly performed
 -11 Cast off, abandoned -12 Indistinct (as sound)
 -लम् 1 Laxity, looseness -2 Slowness (शिशिलीकृत
 means 1 to loosen, unfasten, untie -2 to relax, slacken,
 शिशिलीकृतेऽधिकृतकृत्यविधौ Ki 6 30 -3 to weaken, impair,
 enfeeble -4 to give up, abandon, आत्मन्यवज्ञा शिशिलीचकार
 R 2 41 शिशिलीभू 1 to be slackened or relaxed -2 to
 fall off from, एतत्तु मा दहति नष्टवनाश्रयस्य यत् सौहृदादपि जना
 शिशिलीभवन्ति Mk 1 13)

शिशिलयति Den P 1 To relax, slacken, loosen, शिशि-
 लितमानग्रहणे वाति दक्षिणपवन Ratn 1 14 -2 To give up,
 abandon, शिशिलय वनमात्र बाष्पमोक्षम् Ve 5 -3 To lessen,
 allow to cool down, न सा इतो गतमनुराग शिशिलयति V 2

शिशिलायते Den A To become loose or flaccid,
 गात्राणि शिशिलयन्ते Bh 3 14

शिशिलित a 1 Loosed -2 Relaxed, loosened -3
 Dissolved

शिशिः [शो-नि ह्रस्वश्च Un 4 53] 1 N of a warrior
 belonging to the side of the Yādavas (शिनेर्नपु m N of
 Satyaki) -2 A class of people, शिनीना दार्विहोमिको ब्राह्मण
 SB on MS 8 4 2

शिशिः A ray of light -f Skin, leather -n Water,
 शैत्याच्छयनयोगाच्च शिपि वारि प्रचक्षते Vyāsa -Comp.
 -विष्ट a (written शिपिविष्ट or शिविविष्ट also) 1 pervaded
 by rays. -2 bald, bald-headed -3 leprous (-ष्टः) 1
 an epithet of Viṣṇu, नैकरूपो बृहद्रूप शिपिविष्ट प्रकाशन V
 Sah, पुरोडाश निरवपन् शिपिविष्टाय विष्णवे Bhāg 4 13 35 -2
 N of Śiva -3 a bald man -4 a man without prepuce
 -5 a leper

शिश्रः N of a lake on the Himālaya, ततो हिमवत प्रस्ये
 प्रतीच्या तत्पुरस्य च । शिश्रो नाम सर पूर्ण ददृशुर्दुहिणादय ॥ Kālika
 P -ग्रम् Ved 1 A cheek, jaw -2 The chin -3 The
 nose -4 A helmet or visor

शिश्रा 1 N of a river which issues from the Śipra
 lake and on the bank of which stands Ujjayinī,
 शिश्रावात प्रियतम इव प्रार्थनाचाटुकार Me 31 -2 A visor or
 helmet

शिश्रः See शिश्रा

शिश्रा 1 A fibrous root, नीरन्प्रपल्लवशिश्रानिधृतप्रकाण्ड साय-
 तनाश्रसमशोभमशोकमालम् Rām oh 5 22, Ms 9 230 -2 The
 root of a water-lily -3 A root in general -4 A stroke
 with a whip, शिश्राश्चैवाप्तुयादश Ms 8. 369 -5 A mother
 -6 A river. -7 Turmeric -8 Spikenard -Comp
 -कन्दः -न्दम् the root of a water-lily -धरः a branch.
 -रुहः the (Indian) fig-tree

शिश्राकः The root of a water-lily.

शिश्रिः (-चिः) 1 A beast of prey -2 The birch tree
 -3 N. of a country (pl.), Mb 5. 195 7. -4 N. of a

king (who is said to have saved Agni in the form of a
 dove from Indra in the form of a hawk by offering
 an equal quantity of his own flesh weighed in a
 balance), शिबेरिव समुद्भूत चरणागतरक्षया Mu 6 18.

शिशि (वि) का 1 A palanquin, litter -2 A bier
 -3 A raised platform

शिशि (वि) रम् 1 A camp, विदुते शिबिरे बून्ये Mb 9 30
 3, 4, वृष्ट्युन्न स्वशिविरमय याति सर्वे सहवन् Ve 3 18, Śi
 5 68 -2 A royal camp or residence -3 An intrench-
 ment for the protection of an army -4 A kind of
 gram

शिशि (वि) रथः A palanquin, litter

शिश्वः A kind of large shrub (चकमर्द) -स्वा A pod,
 legume, (also शिम्बि f in this sense), तीरात्मन्तकशिश्वः,
 चुम्बितसुखा धावन्त्यप पूर्णिका Māl 9 7

शिश्विका 1 A pod, legume -2 A kind of kidney-
 bean

शिश्वी 1 A pod, legume -2 A kind of plant

शिरम् 1 The head -2 The root of the pepper
 plant (m also according to some, in these senses)
 -रः 1 A bed -2 A large serpent -Comp -जम् hair

शिरस् n [शु-असुन् निपात Un 4 193] 1 The head,
 शिरसा ञ्छते पूर्व (गुण) पर (दोष) कण्ठे नियच्छति Subhās
 -2 Skull -3 A peak, summit, top (as of a mountain),
 हिमगौरैरचलाधिप शिरोभि Ki 5 17, Śi 4 54 -4 The
 top of a tree -5 The head or top of anything, तेनाहतो
 महाताम्रो वेपमानो बृहच्छिरा Bhāg 10 15 33, शिरसि मसीपटल
 दधाति दीप Bv 1 74 -6 Pinnacle, acme, highest point
 -7 Front, forepart, van (as of an army), पुत्रस्य ते
 रणशिरस्ययमग्रयाथी Ś 7 26, U 5 3 -8 Chief, principal,
 head (usually at the end of comp) -9 N of the
 verse in the गायत्री (from आपो ज्योति to स्वरोम्), of T
 Ar 10 27, Bhāg 5 9 5 -Comp -अस्थि n (शिरोस्थि)
 the skull -कपालिन् m an ascetic who carries about a
 human skull -क्रिया presentation of the head -गृहम्
 (शिरोगृहम्) a room on the top of a house, turret,
 garret -ग्रहः (शिरोग्रहः) affection of the head, head-
 ache -छेदः, -छेदनम् (शिरश्छेदः &c) beheading,
 decapitation -तापिन् m an elephant -त्रम्, -त्राणम्
 1 a helmet, च्युते शिरश्चैषकोत्तरेव R. 7 49, 66, अपनीत-
 शिरस्त्राणा 4 64 -2 a head-dress. -धरा, -धिः, ध्रः
 (शिरोधरा, -धिः, -ध्रः) the neck, तेषां शिरोधरान् धृताञ्छिरश्चज-
 धनुषि च Rām 7 7 17, निष्कृताबाहुशशिरोध्रविग्रहम् Bhāg. 10
 59 16, Śi 4 52, 5 65, of कम्बाशिरोधि Chaitanyaachandro-
 daya 3 -पीठम् the back of the neck -पीडा headache
 -पुष्पम् an ornament for the head, स्फुरितारुणवर्णेन शिर-
 ष्पुष्पेण शोभिताम् Śiva B 2 53 -प्रणामः bending the head
 -प्रदानम् giving up the head or life -प्रावरणम् a tur-
 ban. -फलः the cocoa-nut tree -भूषणम् (शिरोभूषणम्)

an ornament for the head -मणिः (शिरोमणिः) 1 a jewel worn on the head -2 a crest-jewel -3 a title of respect conferred on learned men -मर्मन् *m* (शिरोमर्मन्) a hog -मालिन् *m* (शिरोमालिन्) an epithet of Śiva -रत्नम् (शिरोरत्नम्) a jewel worn on the head -रुजा (शिरोरुजा) head-ache -रुह *m*, -रुहः (शिरोरुह-रुहः) (also शिरसिरुह-रुहः) the hair of the head, शिरोरुहै स्नानकषायवासितै स्त्रियो निदाघ शमयन्ति कामिनाम् Rs 1 4, Ku 5 9, R 15 16 -रोगः a disease of the head, अथात शिरोरोगविज्ञानीयमभ्याय व्याख्यास्याम Suśr -वर्तिन् *a* (शिरोवर्तिन्) being at the head (-*m*) a chief, any one at the head of affairs -वल्ली (शिरोवल्ली) the crest of a peacock -वृत्तम् (शिरोवृत्तम्) pepper -वेष्ट, वेष्टनम् (शिरोवेष्टः, -ष्टनम्) a head-dress, turban, शिरोवेष्टनव्याजतस्ते सुखेन्दो Sūkt 35 -शूलम् head-ache -स्थः 1 leader, chief -2 a plaintiff -*a* imminent -स्थानम् main apartment, गतेष्वस्मासु राजा न शिर स्थानानि पश्यतु Prātma 1 31 -हारिन् *m* (शिरोहारिन्) an epithet of Śiva

शिरसिजः The hair of the head, शृङ्गशिरसिजपाशपात-भारत् Śi 7 62 -Comp -पाशः a tuft of hair

शिरस्कम् 1 A helmet -2 A turban, head-dress
शिरस्का A palanquin

शिरस्तस् *ind* From the head, ज्योति प्ररोहैरुदितै शिरस्त Ku 3 49, Bh 2 10

शिरस्य *a* [शिरसि भव यत्] Belonging to, or being on, the head -स्यः Clean hair, तत्पाणिजाप्रमृदुक्कृष्टशिरस्यभारा Rām ch 5 77

शिरा Any tubular vessel of the body, a nerve, vein, artery, blood-vessel -Comp -पत्रः the wood-apple -मोक्षः bleeding -वृत्तम् lead

शिराल *a* Sinewy, tendinous, veiny

शिरिः [शृ-कि] 1 A sword -2 A killer, murderer -3 An arrow -4 A locust -*a* Fierce

शिरीषः [शृ-ईषन् किञ्च Un 4 28] N of a tree -षम् A flower of this tree (regarded as the type of delicacy), शिरीषपुष्पाधिकसौकुमार्यो बाहू तदीयाविति मे वितर्क Ku 1 41, so पद सहेत अमरस्य पेलव शिरीषपुष्पं न पुन पतत्रिण 5 4, R. 16 48, Me 67

शिल् 6 P (शिलति) To glean

शिलः, -लम् Gleaning ears of corn (more than one at a time), शिलानप्युच्छतो नित्य पञ्चाग्नीनपि जुह्वत Ms 3 100, Bhāg 10 31 11 -Comp. -उञ्छः 1 gleaning ears of corn, शिलोञ्छमप्याददीत विप्रोऽजीवन्यतस्तत Ms 10 112, Bhāg. 3 12 42 -2 an irregular occupation -3 poor subsistence (अल्पसम्पद्), एववृत्तस्य वृपते शिलोञ्छेनापि जीवत Ms 7 33 -वृत्तिः subsistence by gleaning

शिलम्बः 1 A sage -2 A weaver

सं इ. को....१९५

शिला 1 A stone, rock -2 A grind-stone, शिलाधौत Mb 4 58 29 -3 The lower timber of a door -4 The top of a column -5 A tendon, vein (for शिरा) -6 Red arsenic -7 Camphor -Comp -अक्षरम् lithography, writing on stone -अटकः 1 a hole -2 a fence, an enclosure -3 a room on the top of a house -आत्मजम् iron -आत्मिका a crucible -आरम्भा the wild plantain. -आसनम् 1 a slab of stone used as a seat -2 benzoin -आहम् bitumen -उच्चयः a mountain, huge rock, न पादपोन्मूलनशक्तिरह शिलोच्चये मूर्च्छति मास्तस्य R 2 34 -उत्थम् benzoin -उद्भवम् 1 benzoin -2 a superior kind of sandal-wood -ओकस् *m* an epithet of Garuda -कुट्टकः a stone cutter's chisel -कुसुमम्, -पुष्पम् benzoin, व्यस्तशुक्निभशिलाकुसुम प्रणुदन्ववौ वनसदा परिश्रमम् K1 12 50 -गृहम् a grotto -ज *a* fossil, mineral (-जम्) 1 bitumen -2 benzoin -3 petroleum -4 iron -5 any fossil production -जतु *n* 1 bitumen, निदाघे घर्मसतप्ता धातुसारधरा वरा । निर्यासवत् प्रमुच्यन्ति तच्छिलजतु कीर्तितम् ॥ Bhāva P -2 red chalk -जित् *f*, -वद्भुः bitumen -धातुः 1 chalk -2 red chalk -3 a white fossil substance -निर्यासः bitumen -पट्टः, -पट्टकः 1 a flat stone for grinding &c -2 a slab (of stone) used as a seat, stone seat -पुत्रः, -पुत्रकः a small flat stone for grinding condiments upon. -पेषः a grind-stone -प्रतिकृतिः *f* an image of stone -प्रवालकः a variety of inferior gems, Kau A 2 9 -प्रवेशः laying the corner stone or foundation -प्रसूनम् bitumen -फलकम् a stone slab -भवम् benzoin -भेदः a stone-cutter's chisel -रम्भा the wild plantain -रसः 1 benzoin -2 incense -वल्कल*, -लम्, -वल्का a kind of moss -वृष्टिः *f* 1 a shower of stones -2 hail -वेष्टमन् *n* a grotto, rocky recess, उद्दामानि प्रथयति शिलवेष्टमभिर्धौवनानि Me 25 -व्याधिः bitumen -शित *a* sharpened on a stone, अथ त्वाचार्य-मुख्येन शरान् सृष्टान् शिलाशितान् Mb 4 58 47 -सारम् iron -स्वेदः bitumen

शिलिः *m* The birch tree -लिः *f* The lower timber of a door

शिलिन्दः A kind of fish, शिलिन्द श्लेष्मलो बल्यो विपाके मधुरो गुरु Rājavalabbha

शिली 1 The lower timber of a door -2 A kind of earthworm -3 The top of a pillar -4 A dart -5 An arrow -6 A female frog -Comp -मुखः 1 a bee, मिलितशिलीमुखपाटलिपटलकृतस्मरत्पाविलासे Git 1, R 4. 57 -2 an arrow, सा कुसुमघटितशिलीमुखमनोहरान्मदनन्वापादिव प्रमदवनात् त्रस्यति K 225, or युगपद्विकाशमुदयाद्गमते शान्ति शिलीमुखगणोऽलमत Śi 9 41 (in both passages the word is used in senses 1 and 2) -3 a fool -4 war, fight

शिलीभूत *a* 1 Turned to stone -2 Become as hard as stone

शिलीन्ध्रः [शिली धरति धृ-क पृषो० सुम्] 1 A kind of fish -2 A kind of tree -न्ध्रम् 1 A mushroom, fungus,

as in उच्छिलीन्द्र q v, Me 11 -2 The flower of the plantain tree, अविपुरन्धि शिलीन्द्रसुगन्धिभिः Si 6 32, or अलिनारमतलिनी शिलीन्द्रे 72 -3 Hail

शिलीन्द्रकम् A mushroom, fungus

शिलीन्द्री 1 Earth, clay -2 A small earthworm

शिलीपदः Elephantiasis

शिल्प Aegle Marmelos (बिल्व)

शिलेय a 1 Rocky, stony -2 Hard as rock or stone, P V 3 102 -यम् 1 Benzoin -2 Bitumen

शिल्पम् [शिल्पः Un 3 28] 1 An art, a fine or mechanical art, (64 such arts are enumerated) -2 Skill (in any art), craft, शिल्पोपचारयुक्ताश्च निपुणा पण्ययोषित Ms 9 259, पात्रविशेषे न्यस्त गुणान्तरं व्रजति शिल्पमावातु M 1 6 -3 Ingenuity, cleverness -4 Work, manual work or labour, विसर्गःत्यर्त्यमिजल्पशिल्पा Bhāg 5 11 10 -5 A rite, ceremony -6 A kind of ladle or spoon used at sacrifices -7 Form, shape -8 Creation, procreation -Comp. -कर्मन् n, -क्रिया any manual labour, handicraft -कारः, -कारकः, -कारिका, -कारिन् m an artisan, a mechanic, Kau A 1 10 -गृहम्, -गेहम् a workshop, manufactory -जीविन् an artisan, a mechanic -विद्या 1 mechanical science -2 any manual skill, handicraft -शालम्, -ला a workshop, manufactory (a technical school) -शास्त्रम् 1 a book on any art, fine or mechanical -2 mechanics -स्थानम् skill in art, Buddh

शिल्पकम् A kind of drama (exhibiting magical and mystical rites)

शिल्पा A barber's shop

शिल्पिक a Manual, mechanical -कम् 1 Any handicraft or mechanical art -2 = शिल्पकम् q v

शिल्पिन् a 1 Relating to a fine or mechanical art -2 Mechanical -m 1 An artisan, artist, a mechanic, Ms 10 120 -2 One who is skilled in any art

शिव a [इयति पाप शो-न्नं पृषो०] 1 Auspicious, propitious, lucky, इय शिवाया नियतेरिवायति Kī 4 21, 1 38, R 11 33 -2 In good health or condition, happy, prosperous, fortunate, तीर्थेन मूर्ध्न्यधिकृतेन शिव शिवोऽभूत् Bhāg 8 28 22, शिवानि वस्तोर्यजलानि कश्चित् R 5 8 (= अनुपह्वानि, 'undisturbed'), शिवास्ते पन्थानं सन्तु 'a happy journey to you', 'God bless (or speed) you on your journey' -वः 1 N of the third god of the sacred Hindu Trinity, who is entrusted with the work of destruction, as Brahman and Viṣṇu are with the creation and preservation, of the world, एको देव केशवो वा शिवो वा Bh 2 115 -2 The male organ of generation, penis -3 An auspicious planetary conjunction -4 The Veda, अष्टशूला जनपदा शिवशूलाश्चतुष्पथा Mb 3.188 42 -5 Final beatitude

-6 A post to which cattle are tied -7 A god, deity -8 Quick-silver -9 Bdelium -10 The black variety of thorn-apple -11 Rum, spirit -12 Buttermilk -13 A ruby -14 Time (काल) -वौ (m dual) Siva and Pārvatī, कथयति शिवयो शरीरयोग विषमपदा पदवी विवर्तनेषु Kī 5 40 -वम् 1 Prosperity, welfare, well-being, happiness, त धर्मेऽभिषु पुत्रेषु शिव पृष्ट्वा Rām 7 33 13, तव वर्त्मनि वर्तता शिवम् N 2 62, Ratn 1 2, R 1 60 -2 Bliss, auspiciousness -3 Final beatitude -4 Water -5 Sea-salt -6 Rock-salt -7 Refined borax -8 Iron -9 Myrobalan -10 Sandal -Comp -अक्षम् = रक्षाक्ष q v -अपर a cruel -अरातिः a heretic (lit a disbeliever in Siva) -आत्मकम् rock-salt -आदेशकः 1 the bearer of auspicious news -2 a fortune-teller -आलयः 1 Siva's abode -2 the red basil (-यम्) 1 a temple of Siva -2 a cemetery -इतर a inauspicious, unlucky, शिवेतरक्षतये K P 1 -इष्टा Dūrvā grass -कर (शिवकर also) a conferring happiness, auspicious -कीर्तनः N of Bhṛngī -केसरः Mimosa Elengi (बकुल) -गति a prosperous, happy -धर्मज. the planet Mars, cf पुरा दक्षविनाशाय कुपितस्य त्रिशूलिन । अपतद् भीमवक्त्रस्य स्वेदबिन्दु-ललाटज ॥ शान्तिप्रदानात् सर्वेषां ग्रहाणां प्रथमो भव । अङ्गारक इति ख्यातिं गमिष्यसि धरात्मज ॥ Matsya P -चतुर्दशी the fourteenth day of the dark half of Māgha, see शिवरात्र -ज्ञा a female devotee of the Śaiva sect -ताति a 1 having an auspicious end, conferring or conducive to happiness, propitious, प्रयत्नं कृत्स्नोऽयं फलतु शिवतातिश्च भवतु Māl 6 7, न्यषेवेता विशेषेण शिवतातिमसु शिवम् Siva B 23 56 -2 tender, merciful, not demoniacal, मा पूतनात्त्वमुपगा शिवतातिरेषि 9 49 (-तिः) auspiciousness, happiness -तालः (in music) a kind of measure -दक्षम् the discus of Viṣṇu (सुदर्शन) -दारु n the Devadāru tree -दिशः the north-east -द्वीती epithet of Durgā -द्रुमः the Bilva tree -द्रिष्टा the Ketaka tree -धातुः 1 quick-silver -2 milk stone -पदम् final liberation, emancipation -पुरम्, -पुरी N of Vārāṇasī -पुराण N of one of the eighteen Purāṇas -प्रिय. 1 a crystal -2 the Baka tree -3 the thorn-apple (-यम्) = रक्षाक्ष q v (-या) the goddess Durgā -वी (वी) जम् quick-silver -भारतम् the historic poem on the life of Shīvāji the great (1630-1680) by his contemporary poet Paramānanda -मल्लकः the Arjuna tree -मार्ग. final liberation -रसः the water of boiled rice (three days old, hence fermented) -राजधानी N of Benares -रात्रिः f the fourteenth day of the dark half of Māgha on which a rigorous fast is observed in honour of Siva, शैवो वा वैष्णवो वापि यो वा स्यादन्यपूजक । सर्वं पूजाफलं हन्ति शिवरात्रिर्बहिर्मुख ॥ Īśvarasamhitā -लिङ्गम् 1 Siva worshipped in the form of a Phallus -2 a temple dedicated to the worship of the Linga -लोकः the world of Siva -वल्लभः the mango tree (-भा) 1 white rose -2 Pārvatī -वल्ली Acacia Concinna (Mar शिकेकाई) -वाहनः a bull -व्रतिन् one engaged in a vow of standing on one foot

-शेखरः 1 the moon -2 the thorn-apple -सायुज्यम् final emancipation (lit. unification with Śiva) -सुन्दरी an epithet of Durgā

शिवकः 1 A post to which cows or cattle in general are tied -2 A post for cattle to rub against, scratching-post -3 An image of Śiva

शिवा 1 N of Pārvatī -2 A jackal (in general), जहासि निद्रामशिवै शिवास्तै K1 1 38, हरेरय द्वारे शिव शिव शिवाना कलकल Bv 1 32, R 7 50, 11 61, 12 39 -3 A fortunate woman -4 Final beatitude -5 The Śamī tree -6 The yellow myrobalan -7 Dūrvā grass -8 A kind of yellow pigment -9 Turmeric -Comp. -अरातिः a dog -प्रियः a goat -फला the Śamī tree -रुतम् the howling of a jackal (a bad omen) -विद्या divination by the cries of jackals, Buddh

शिवाकुः [शिव्-आकु Un 3 79] A sage

शिवानी Pārvatī, wife of Śiva

शिवालु. A jackal

शिविः 1 A beast of prey -2 The birch tree

शिविका, शिविर See शिबिका, शिबिर, शिविर परिखायुकमुच्चै प्राकारवेष्टितम् Brav P

शिशयिषा (Desid from शी) Desire to sleep, sleepiness

शिशिर a [शश्-किरच् नि Un 1 52] 1 Cool, cold, chill, frigid, -कुरु यदुनन्दनचन्दनशिशिरतेरण करेण पयोधरे Git 12, R 14 3, 16 49 -2 Cooling, removing heat, नवनलिनदलायमानशिशिरताराङ्गणायतनयनरुचिर Bhāg 5 5 31 -3 Relating or belonging to शिशिर, एव तेषा यथौ मासो द्वितीय शिशिर सुखम् Rām 7 39 29 -रः, रम् 1 Dew, hoar-frost, पद्माना शिशिराद्भयम्, जाता मन्ये शिशिरमयिता पद्मिनी वान्यरूपाम् Me 85 -2 The cold season (comprising the two months Māgha and Phālguna), कण्ठेषु स्थलित गतेऽपि शिशिरे पुस्कोक्किलाना रुतम् S 6 3, अमृत शिशिरे वहि Pt 1 128 -3 Coldness, frigidity -Comp -अंशुः, -करः, -किरणः, -दीधितिः, -रश्मिः the moon, बुध इव शिशिराशो V 5 21, शिशिरकिरणकान्त वासरान्तेऽभिसार्य S1 11 21, शिशिरदीधितिना रजन्य Rs. 3 2. -अत्ययः, -अपगमः 'the close of the cold season', the spring season, स्वहस्तलून शिशिरात्ययस्य (पुष्पोच्चय) Ku 3 61, उपहित शिशिरापगमश्रिया R 9 31 -उपचारः a refrigerator -कालः, -समयः the cold season -भ्रः an epithet of Agni -मयित a punched by cold

शिशुः [शो-कु सन्वद्वाव द्वित्वम्, cf Un 1 20] 1 A child, an infant, शिशुर्वो शिष्या वा U 4 11 -2 The young of any animal (as a calf, puppy, fawn &c), नष्टशङ्का हरिणशिशवो मन्दमन्द चरन्ति S 1 15, 7 14, 18 -3 A boy under eight or sixteen years of age -4 A pupil, scholar -5 An elephant in the sixth year, Mātanga L 5 8 -Comp -कृच्छ्रम् a form of penance -क्रन्दः, क्रन्दनम्

the cry or weeping of a child -क्रन्दीयः (१ e ग्रन्थ) a work treating of the complaints of children, P IV 3 88 -गन्धा a kind of jasmine (double jasmine) -चान्द्रायणम् a lunar penance of children, चतुर प्रातरस्नीयात् पिण्डान् विप्र समाहित । चतुरोऽस्तमिते सूर्ये शिशुचान्द्रायण स्मृतम् ॥ Ms 11 219 -नागः 1 a young elephant -2 a young snake -नामन् m a camel -पालः N of of a king of the Chedis and son of Damaghosa [According to the Visnu Purāṇa this monarch was, in a previous existence, the unrighteous Hiranyakaśipu, king of the Asuras who was killed by Visnu in the form of Narasimha He was next born as the ten-headed Rāvana who was killed by Rāma Then he was born as the son of Damaghosa, and continued his enmity to Kṛṣṇa, the eighth incarnation of Visnu, with even greater implacability, see S1 1 He denounced Kṛṣṇa when they met at the Rājāsūya sacrifice of Yudhisthira, but his head was cut off by Kṛṣṇa with his discus His death forms the subject of a celebrated poem by Māgha] °हर m an epithet of Kṛṣṇa -प्रियः treacle (-यम्) the white water-lily -मारः 1 the Gangetic porpoise -2 a collection of stars held to be a form of Visnu °शिरस् n the north-east quarter, शिशुमार-शिर प्राप्य न्यविशस्ते स्म पार्थिवा Mb 1 185 16 -वाहकः, -वाहकः a wild goat -हत्या child murder, infanticide.

शिशुकः 1 A child, an infant, कोऽप्येष वीरनिशुक्रकृति-रप्रमेयसामर्थ्यसारसमुदायमय पदार्थ Mv 2 39 -2 The young of any animal -3 A tree -4 A porpoise -5 A fish resembling a porpoise

शिशुलः Ved 1 A child -2 The young of an animal

शिशनम्, -शिशनम् [शश्-नक् नि] 1 The penis or male organ of generation, गृहीतशिशन्धोऽथाय मृद्धिरभ्युद्धृतैर्जलै Y 1 17, Ms 11 105 -2 A tail -Comp -उदरपरायण, -शिशनंभर a addicted to lust and gluttony -देवः a lustful or unchaste man (sporting with the penis), मा शिशदेवा अपि गुह्यत न Rv 7 21 5, 10 99 3

शिशिवदान a [शितेर्दश्च Un 2 91] 1 Pious in conduct, virtuous, holy -2 Wicked, sinful

शिष् I 1 P (शेषति) To hurt, kill -II 1 P, 10 U. (शेषति, शेषयति-ते) To leave as a remainder, spare -III 7 P (शिनष्टि, शिष्ट) 1 To leave as a remainder, leave, leave remaining -2 To distinguish or discriminate from others -Oaus (शेषयति-ते) To leave &c

शिष्पः [Un 3 28] Time

शिष्पम् = शिल्पम्, L D B

शिष्ट p p [शास्-क शिष्-क वा] 1 Left, remaining, residual, rest, यज्ञशिष्टाशिन सन्तो मुच्यन्ते सर्वकिरिबै Bg 3 13. -2 Ordered, commanded -3 Trained, educated, disciplined -4 Tamed, docile, tractable -5 Wise, learned,

ते शिष्टा ब्राह्मणा ज्ञेया श्रुतिप्रत्यक्षहेतव Ms 12 109, समौ हि शिष्टिराम्नातौ वस्यन्तावामय स च S1 2 10, Pt 1 234 -6 Virtuous, respectable -7 Civil, polite -8 Chief, principal, superior, excellent, distinguished, eminent, शिष्टा क्रिया कस्याचिदात्मसस्या M 1 16 (v 1 for शिष्टा), द्वयोऽपि समत शिष्टस्तस्यार्तस्य-यथौपधम् R 1 28 -ष्टः 1 An eminent or distinguished person. -2 A wise man -3 A counselor -ष्टम् 1 Remains, remnant -2 Precept, rule -3 Instruction -Comp -आचारः 1 the practice of wise men -2 good manners, good breeding -प्रयोगः the practice of the learned -विगर्हणम् (-णा) censure by the learned, यदि शास्त्रकृते देवताव्यापारे उपक्रम्यापरिसमाप्यमाने शिष्टविगर्हणम्, एवमिहापि भवितुमर्हति SB on MS 6 2 16, शिष्टविगर्हणा च दोष ibid 6 2 15 -सभा an assembly of chief or learned men, a council of state, आचार tradition of eminent persons, also शिष्टागम -संमत a approved by the learned, ब्राह्मादिषु विवाहेषु चतुष्पदेवानुपूर्वम् । ब्रह्मवर्चस्विन पुत्रा जायन्ते शिष्टसमता ॥ Ms 3 39

शिष्टिः f [शास्-क्तिन्] 1 Rule, government -2 Order, command -3 Chastisement, punishment, -Comp -अर्थम् ind for instruction, अन्यत्र पुत्राच्छिष्याद्वा शिष्टवर्थं ताडयेत्तु तौ Ms 4 164, शिष्टवर्थं विहितो दण्ड Mb 12 135 20

शिष्य. [शास्-क्यप्] 1 A pupil, disciple, scholar, शिष्यस्तेऽहं शाधि मा त्वा प्रपन्नम् Bg 2 7 -2 Anger, passion -3 Violence, force -Comp -परंपरा a succession of pupils -पुत्रः a pupil regarded as a son -शिष्टिः f the correction of a pupil

शिष्यकः A pupil, scholar

शिष्यत्वम्, शिष्यता 1 Pupilage -2 Instruction

शिह्वः, शिह्वकः Benzoin

शी 2 A (शेते, शयित, pass शय्यते, desid शिष्यायिषते) 1 To lie, lie down, recline, rest, इतश्च शरणार्थिन शिखरिणा गणा शेते Bh 2 76 -2 To sleep (fig also), किं नि शङ्क शेषे शेषे वयस समागतो मृत्यु । अथवा सुख शयीथा निकटे जागर्ति जाह्नवी जननी Bv 4 30, Bh 3 79, Ku 5 12 -3 To rest, repose -Caus (शाययति-ते) 1 To cause to sleep or lie down, पार्श्वे शायय रावणम् Bk 8 83 -2 To allow to rest or repose

शी 1 Sleep, repose -2 Tranquillity

शीक् I 1 A (शीकते) 1 To wet, sprinkle, शिशीके शोणित व्योम Bk 14 76 -2 To go or move gently -II 1 P, 10 U (शीकति, शीकयति-ते) 1 To be angry -2 To moisten, wet -3 To be patient -4 To speak -5 To shine

शीकरः [शीक्-अरन्] 1 Spray, thin rain, drizzle, mist; (शीकर is seen used for शीकर), भागिरथीनिर्झर-शीकराणा Ku 1 15, 2. 42, R 5 42, आचचाम स तुषारशीकरो भिन्नपद्मपुरो वनानिल. 9 68, Ku. 5 15 -2 A drop of water or rain, गतमुपरि घनाना वारिगभोदिराणा पिशुनयति रथस्ते

शीकरकिञ्चनेमि S 7 7, R. 16 62 -रम् 1 The Sarala tree -2 The resin of this tree -3 Wind -Comp -कणः a drop of rain or water -वर्षिन् a drizzling

शीकरिन् a Sprinkling, drizzling, pouring forth a spray of water, सेक शीकरिणा करेण विहित U 3 16, Mal 9 34

शीघ्र a Quick, rapid, speedy, विभ्रन्मणि मण्डलचारशीघ्र V 5 2, शीघ्रकृत्यम् 'urgent business', Pt 3 170 -घ्रम् Conjunction or parallax (in astr) -घ्रम् ind Quickly, swiftly, rapidly -घ्रा Croton polyandrum (दन्ती) -Comp -उच्चः conjunction (in astr) -कर्मन् n the calculation of the conjunction of a planet -कारिन् a 1 expeditious, quick -2 acute (as a disease) -केन्द्रम् the distance from the conjunction (of a planet) -कोपिन् a choleric, irascible -चेतन. a dog (being sagacious), बह्वाशी स्वल्पसतुष्ट सुनिद्र शीघ्रचेतन Chanakyanita -चेतना f N of the medicinal herb (अतिबला) -परिधिः m the epicycle of the conjunction of a planet -पुष्पः Agati Grandiflora (अगस्ति) -फलम् the equation of the conjunction -बुद्धि a acute, sharp-witted -लङ्घन a going rapidly, swift of foot, Ghat 8 -वेधिन् m a good archer

शीघ्रायते Den A 1 To become quick or rapid -2 To hasten

शीघ्रिन् a 1 Speedy, expeditious -2 Making haste in pronunciation, pronouncing very rapidly, Sik 32

शीघ्रिय a Quick -यः 1 N of Visnu -2 Of Siva -3 The fighting of cats

शीघ्रीय a Quick, swift

शीघ्र्यम् Quickness, rapidity

शीत् ind A sound made to express a sudden thrill of pleasure or pain (particularly applied to the sound of pleasure during sexual enjoyment) -Comp -कारः, -कृत् m the above sound

शीत a [श्यै-क्त] 1 Cool, cold, frigid, तव कुसुमशरत्वं शीतरश्मित्वमिन्दो S 3 2 -2 Dull, sluggish, apathetic, sleepy -3 Dull, lazy, stupid -तः 1 A kind of reed -2 The Nimba tree -3 The cold season (n also) -4 Camphor -तम् 1 Cold, coldness, chillness, आ शीत तुहिनाचलस्य करयो K P 10 -2 Water -3 Cinnamon -4 Phlegm, one of the three humours of the body (कफ), शीतोष्णे चैव वायुश्च त्रय शरीरजा गुणा Mb 12 16 11 -Comp -अंशुः 1 the moon, वक्त्रेन्दौ तव सत्ययं यदपर शीताशुरुज्ज्वलते K P 10 -2 camphor -अदः a kind of affection or diseased state of the gums -अद्रिः the Himalaya mountain -अश्मन् m the moon stone -आकुल, -आर्त a. pinched or benumbed with cold, shivering -उत्तमम् water -करः 1 the moon -2 camphor -कालः the cold season, winter -कालीन a wintry -कुम्भः the

fragrant oleander -कुच्छः, -च्छम् a kind of religious penance -क्षारः refined borax -गन्धः white sandal -गात्रः a kind of fever -गुः 1 the moon -2 camphor -चम्पकः 1 a lamp -2 a mirror -दीधितिः the moon -द्युतिः the moon, शीतद्युतेर्मण्डलम् Sūkt 62 -पङ्कः rum -पित्तम् 1 a tumour caused by a chill. -2 increase of bile caused by cold -पुष्पः the Sireesa tree -पुष्पकम् benzoin -प्रभः camphor -फलः Ficus Glomerata (Mar उबर) -भानुः the moon -भीरुः a kind of jasmine (Arabian) -मयूखः, -मरीचिः, -रश्मिः 1 the moon -2 camphor -मूलकम् the root of the Uśira q v -रम्यः a lamp -रसः spirituous liquor made from the unboiled sugar-cane juice -रुच् m, -रुचिः the moon, प्रतिवासर सुकृतिभिर्वृद्धे विमल कलाभिरिव शीतरुचि K1 6 20 -वल्कः the Udumbara tree -वीर्यकः the fig-tree -वृष्टिः a variety of gem, Kau A 2 11 -शिवः the Samees tree (-चम्) 1 rock-salt -2 borax -शूकः barley -सहः the Pīlu tree -स्पर्श a cooling

शीतक a Cold, see शीत -कः 1 Any cold thing -2 Winter, the cold season -3 A dull or dilatory person -4 A happy man, one free from cares or anxieties -5 A scorpion

शीतल a [शीत लाति ला-क, शीतमस्त्यस्य लच्-वा] 1 (a) Cool, cold, chill, frigid, अतिशीतलमप्यम्भ किं भिनति न भूयत Su-bhās (b) Cool, bearable, महदपि परदु ख शीतल सम्यगाहु V 4 13 -2 Not exciting, calm, gentle -लः 1 The moon -2 A kind of camphor -3 Turpentine -4 The Champaka tree. -5 A kind of religious observance (observed upon the sun's entering the sign Aries) -लम् 1 Cold, coolness -2 The cold season -3 Benzoin -4 White sandal, or sandal in general -5 A pearl -6 Green sulphate of iron -7 A lotus -8 The root called वीरण q v -Comp -छदः the Champaka tree -जलम् a lotus -प्रदः, -दम् sandal -वातः a cool breeze -षष्ठी the sixth day of the bright half of Māgha

शीतलकम् A white lotus

शीतला 1 Small-pox -2 The goddess presiding over small-pox -3 Sand -4 Pistia Stratuotes (आरामशीतला, कुटुम्बिनी) -Comp. -पूजा worship of the goddess Sitalā (on the 8th day of the second half of फाल्गुन) -सप्तमी a festival on the 7th day of the light half of माघ

शीतली Small-pox

शीता See सीता

शीतारु, -शीतालु a [शीत न सहते शीत-आलुच्] Suffering from or shivering with cold, chilled, pinched, शीतालु सलिलगतेन सिच्यते स्म Śi 8 19

शीतीभावः 1 Perfect tranquillity of mind. -2 Final emanation

शीतीभू To become cold, सुहृत् सखतां दाहस्तत शीती-भविष्यति Mb 12 318 9

शीत्य See सीत्य

शीथु m, n 1 Any spirituous liquor, rum, हीमन्यूह-प्रशमकुशला शीववश्चक्रासाम् Śi 9 87 -2 Wine -Comp. -गन्धः the Bahula tree -पः a drinker of spirits

शीन a [श्यै-क्त] Thick, congealed -नः 1 A dolt, blockhead -2 A large snake (अजगर) -नम् Ice

शीफर a Charming, delightful

शीफालिका (= शेफालिका), The Nyctanthes Tristis (Mar राननिर्गुडी)

शीभू 1 Ā (शीभते) 1 To boast -2 To tell, say, speak (कथने ?)

शीभवः A spray, L D B

शीभ्यः 1 A bull -2 N of Śiva

शीरः [शीर्-रक् Un 2 13] A large snake, see सीर also

शीर्ण [शृ-क्त] p p 1 Withered, decayed, rotten, शीर्णं च पतित भूमौ पर्णं समुपयुक्तवान् Mb 3 38 23 -2 Dry, sere -3 Shattered, torn, shivered, कमशीर्णाकुलमूलसतति K1 2 50 -4 Thin, emaciated, (see शृ) -5 Small, slender -6 Fallen, dropped, स्वयशीर्ण Ms 6 21 -पर्णम् A kind of perfume -Comp -अङ्घ्रिः, -पादः 1 epithets of Yama -2 of the planet Saturn -पर्णम् a withered leaf, (so शीर्णपत्रम्) (-र्णः) the Nimba tree -वृन्तः a water-melon

शीर्य a Destructable, perishable, शीर्यो न हि शीर्यते Bri Up 3 9 26

शीर्वि a [शृ-क्विन् Un 4 56] 1 Destructive, hurtful, noxious, injurious -2 Savage

शीर्षम् [शिरस् पृषो० शीर्षदेश, शृ-क सुक् च वा] 1 The head, शीर्षं सर्पो देशान्तरे वैद्य Karpūr, Mu 1 21 -2 The black variety of aloe-wood -3 The upper part, tip, top, पञ्चशीर्षो यवाद्यापि शतशीर्षाश्च शालय Mb 6 3 19 -4 The fore-part, front -Comp -अवशेषः the head only as the remainder -आमयः any affection or disease of the head -उदयः an epithet of the zodiacal signs, Gemini, Leo, Virgo, Libra, Scorpio, Aquarius, and Pisces -घातिन् an executioner, P III 2 51. -छेदः decapitation -छेदिक, -छेद्य a fit to be beheaded, deserving death by decapitation, शीर्षच्छेद्य स ते राम त हत्वा जीवय द्विजम् U. 2 8, R. 15 51 -त्राणम्, -रक्षम् a helmet -पट्टकः a turban -वर्तनम् submission to punishment. -शोकः pain in the head

शीर्षक. An epithet of Rāhu -कम् 1 The head -2 Skull -3 A helmet -4 A head-dress, (cap, hat &c) -5 Verdict, judgment, judicial sentence -6 The top of anything

शीर्षणी The head of a couch

शीर्षण्यः [शीर्षन्-यत्] **a** 1 Clean or unentangled hair -2 White -3 Produced in the head -4 Beneficial to the head -5 Chief, यद्यच्छीर्षण्याचरित तत्तदनुवर्तते लोक Bhāg 5 4 15 -**पयम्** 1 A helmet, वरशीर्षण्यशीर्षाणि Śiva B 14 49 -2 A head-dress (hat, cap &c) -3 Ved A head-rope

शीर्षन् **n** The head (This word has no forms for the first five inflections, and is optionally substituted for शिरस् or शीर्ष after acc dual), नाभ्या कोष्ठेष्ववस्थाय हृदुर कण्ठशीर्षाणि Bhāg 4 28 14, Śiva B 14 49

शील **I** 1 P (शीलति) 1 To meditate, contemplate -2 To serve, honour, worship -3 To do, practise -II 10 U (शीलयति-ते) 1 To honour, worship, स शीलयन् देवयानीं कन्या सप्राप्तयौवनाम् Mb 1 76 25 -2 To practise repeatedly, exercise, study, think of, ponder over, श्रुति-शतमपि भूय शीलित भारत वा Bv 2 35, शीलयन्ति मुनय सुशील-ताम् Kt 13 43 -3 To put on, wear, चल सखि कुञ्ज सतिमिरपुञ्ज शीलय-शीलनिचोलम् Git 5 -4 To go to, visit, frequent, यदनुगमनाय निशि गहनमपि शीलितम् Git 7, स्मेरानना सपदि शील्य सौधमौलिम् Bv 2 4 -With अनु To practise in imitation, एव लीलानरवपुर्नूलोकमनुशीलयन् Bhāg 10 23 36, 11 3 32 -अनु, -परि to practise repeatedly, cultivate, think of, शश्वच्छुनोऽसि मनसा परिशीलितोऽपि Rāj P

शीलः [शील-अच्] 1 A large serpent (the boa) -लम् 1 Disposition, nature, character, tendency, inclination, habit, custom, सा तस्य शीलमाज्ञाय तस्माच्छपाच्च विभ्यती Mb 3 136 4, समानशीलव्यसनेषु सख्यम् Subhās, frequently at the end of comp in the sense of 'disposed or habituated to', 'indulging in', 'prone to', 'addicted to', 'attached to' &c, as कलहशील 'disposed to quarrel, quarrelsome', भावनशील 'disposed or apt to think', so दान°, मृगया°, दया°, पुण्य°, आश्वासन° &c -2 Conduct, behaviour in general -3 Good disposition or character, good nature, शील पर भूषणम् Bh 2 82, Pt. 5 2 -4 Virtue, morality, good conduct, virtuous life, chastity, uprightness, दौर्मन्यान्नुपतिर्विनश्यति शील खलोपा-सनात् Bh 2 42, 39, तथा हि ते शीलमुदारदर्शने तपस्विनामप्युप-देशता गतम् Ku 5 36, Kt 11 25, Pt 1 169, R 10 70 -5 Beauty, good form -Comp -अङ्क **a** characterized by virtue -आढ्य **a** most honourable -खण्डनम् violation of morality or chastity, Pt 1 -गुप्त **a** cunning, crafty -धारिन् **m** an epithet of Śiva -भाज् **a** honourable -भ्रंशः loss of virtue -वञ्चना violation of chastity, प्राप्तेय शीलवञ्चना Mk 1 44 -वृत्त **a** well-behaved, virtuous (-त्तम्) good or virtuous conduct, good breed- ing -वृत्तिः **f** virtue -वृद्ध **a** honourable, moral

शीलनम् (शील-ल्युट्) 1 Repeated practice, exercise, study, cultivation, वेदान्तशीलनमपि प्रमिति करोति Bhagavat-Śāraṇa S 20 -2 Constant application -3 Honouring, serving -4 Wearing

शीलित **p. p** 1 Practised, exercised -2 Put on -3 Frequented, visited -4 Skilled in -5 Endowed with, possessed of -तम् Practice, conduct

शीलिन् **a** Virtuous, moral. -2 Used to, practising-

शीवन् **m** (शीव्-क्वनिप् Un 4 124) A large snake, boa.

शीवलम् 1 Moss -2 Benzoin

शु 1 P (शक्ति) To go, L D B

शु, शकम् **ind** Quickly, swiftly

शुशुमारः A porpoise, (a corruption of शिशुमार q v).

शुक् 1 P (शोक्ति) To go, move

शुकः [शुक्-क] 1 A parrot, आत्मनो मुखदोषेण बध्यन्ते शुकसारिका Subhās, तुण्डैराताम्रकुटिलै पक्षैर्हरितकोमलै । त्रिवर्ण-राजिभि कण्ठैरेते मञ्जुगिर शुका ॥ Kāv. 2 9 -2 The Śrīṣa tree -3 N of a son of Vyāsa [He is said to have been born from the seed of Vyāsa which fell at the sight of the heavenly nymph Ghritāchī while roaming over the earth in the form of a female parrot Śuka was a born philosopher, and by his moral eloquence successfully resisted all the attempts of the nymph Rambhā to win him over to the path of love He is said to have narrated the Bhāgavata Purāna to king Parīkṣit His name has become proverbial for the most rigid observer of continence] -कम् 1 Cloth, clothes -2 A helmet -3 A turban -4 The end or hem of a garment -Comp -अदनः the pomegranate tree -कूटः a garland fixed over two pillars -तरुः, द्रुमः the Śrīṣa tree -तुण्डः a particular position of hands -तुण्डकम् a kind of gūnabar -देवः N of Śuka -नास **a** having an aquiline nose (-सः) 1 N of the minister of Tārāpīda -2 a particular ornament on a house -3 N of several plants -नासिका an aquiline nose -पुच्छः sulphur -पुष्पः, -प्रियः the Śrīṣa tree (-या) the rose-apple -वल्लभः the pomegranate -वाहः an epithet of Cupid -सप्ततिः N of 70 stories related by a parrot

शुक् **p p** [शुक्-क्] 1 Bright, pure, clean, बलिषष्ठेन शुक्तेन दण्डेनाथापराधिनाम् Mb 12 71 10 -2 Acid, sour; क्षीरं चैव वज्र्यानि सर्वशुक्तानि चैव हि Ms 5 9, 2 177 -3 Harsh, rough, hard, severe -4 United, joined -5 Deserted, lonely -कम् 1 Flesh -2 Sour gruel -3 A kind of acid liquid -Comp -पाकः acidity of stomach

शुक्कम् Sour eructation, न शुक्कमात्रे नाजीर्णे न वसित्वा न शुक्के Ms 4 121

शुक्तिः **f** [शुक्-क्विन् Un 4 191] 1 An oyster shell, pearl-oyster, पात्रविशेषन्यस्त गुणान्तर व्रजति शिल्पमाधातु । जलमिव सशुद्रशुक्तौ मुक्ताफलता पयोदस्य ॥ M 1 6, Bh 2 67, R 13 17 -2 A conchshell -3 A small shell, muscle -4 A portion of the skull -5 A curl of hair on a horse's breast (or neck), आवर्तिन शुभफलप्रदशुक्तियुक्ता Śi 5 4, see

Malli thereon -6 A kind of perfume -7 A particular weight equal to two *Karsas* -8 Hemorrhoids -9 A bone, सुने शुक्तिभिरसिक्तो भगवतेजसन्वित Bhāg 6 10 13 -Comp -उद्भवम्, -जम् a pearl -कर्ण a shell-eared -खलति a completely bald -चूर्णकः a variety of inferior gems looking like an oyster shell, Kau A 2 11 -पुटम्, -पेशी a pearl-oyster shell -बी (वी) जम्, -मणिः a pearl -वधूः the pearl-oyster -स्पर्शः dusky spots on a pearl

शुक्तिका A pearl-oyster

शुक् a [शुच्-रक् नि० कृत्वम् Un 2 28] Ved 1 Bright, radiant, स पर्यगच्छकम् Īsop 8, shining -2 White, pure, रोचिष्णु जायते शुक् तद्रूपगुणमुच्यते Mb 12 232 6 -कः 1 The planet Venus -2 N of the preceptor of the Asuras, who, by means of his magical charm, restored to life the demons killed in battle, see कच, देवयानी and ययाति -3 The month of Jyestha, रथस्वन इति हेते शुक्-मास नयन्त्यमी Bhāg 12 11 35 -4 N of Agni or fire -5 N of the plant Chitraka -क्रम् 1 Semen virile, पुमान् पुसोऽधिके शुके स्त्री भवत्यधिके स्त्रिया Ms 3 49, 5 63 -2 The essence of anything -3 Male and female energy -4 Ved Water -5 Brightness, clearness, light, यथा पुरस्तात् सविता दृश्यते शुक्मुच्चरन् Mb 5 75 12 -6 Morbid affection of the iris -7 Gold, wealth -Comp -अङ्गः a peacock -कर a spermatoc. (-रः) the marrow of the bones -कृच्छ्रम् a particular urinary disease -दोषः defect of semen, impotence -भुज् f a pea-hen -भूः m the marrow of the bones -मेहः seminal diabetes -वर्ण a bright coloured -वारः, -वासरः Friday -शिष्यः a demon

शुक्ल, शुक्लिय a 1 Seminal -2 Increasing the seminal flow

शुक्ल a [शुच्-लक् कृत्वम्] 1 White, pure, bright, as in शुक्लापाङ्ग q v -2 Spotless, unsullied, ज्ञाननिष्ठश्चिशुक्लाश्च सर्व-भूतहिते रता Mb 12 270 7 -3 Virtuous, moral (सात्त्विक), शुक्लानि कृष्णान्यथ लोहितानि तेभ्यः सर्वा सतयो भवन्ति Bhāg 11 23 44 -4 Bringing success (यशस्कर), एतज्ज्योतिश्चोत्तम जीवलोके शुक्ल प्रजाना विहित विधात्रा Mb 5 23 17 -5 Light-giving, luminous, शुक्लकृष्णे गती हेते जगतः शाश्वते मते Bg 8 26 -कः 1 A white colour -2 The bright or light half of a lunar month, कचोऽभिरूपस्तत्क्षणाद्ब्राह्मणस्य शुक्लात्यये पौर्णि-मास्यामिवेन्दु Mb 1 76 61, Bg 8 24 -3 N of Śiva -4 N of Viṣṇu, रूपाणि स्थान आधत्से तस्मै शुक्लाय ते नमः Bhāg 3 21 51 -5 N of a Mum (कपिल), क्षेमाय नखे-दसि नोत शुक्ल Bhāg 5 10 16 -कृम् 1 Silver -2 A disease of the white part of the eye -3 Fresh butter -4 Sour gruel -5 Brightness, light -6 White spot -Comp -अङ्गः, -अपाङ्गः a peacock (having white corners of the eye), शुक्लापाङ्गैः सजलनयनैः स्वागतीकृत्य केका Me 22 -अम्लम् a kind of sorrel -अर्मन् n a kind of disease of the eyes -उपला candied sugar -कण्ठकः a kind of gallinule -कर्मन् a pure in conduct, virtuous

-कुष्ठम् white leprosy -जीवः a kind of plant (वज्री), उद्भिज्जा जन्तवो यद्वच्छुक्लजीवा यथा यथा Mb 12 136 8 -देह a pure in body or person, न ज्ञातिभ्यो दया यस्य शुक्लदेहोऽवि-कल्मष Mb 3 200 100 (com शुक्लमुपजीवी), cf शुक्लवृत्ति -धातुः chalk -पक्षः the bright half of a month -मण्डलम् the corner of the eye -वस्त्र a dressed in white -वायसः a crane -वृत्तिः f 1 a pure mode of life -2 the maintenance derived by a Brāhmaṇa from other Brāhmaṇas

शुक्ल a White -कः 1 White colour -2 The bright half of a lunar month

शुक्ल a White

शुक्ला 1 N of Sarasvatī -2 Candied sugar -3 A woman having a white complexion -4 The plant Kākoli

शुक्लिमन् m Whiteness

शुक्तिः [शुप्-क्सि Un 3 155] 1 Air, wind -2 Light, lustre -3 Fire

शुक्लः 1 The (Indian) fig tree -2 The hog-plum -3 The awn of corn -4 A sage, Un 1 113 -ङ्गम् 1 The sheath of a bud (opp to मूल), तत्रैतच्छुक्लमुत्पतित सोम्य विजानीहि नेवममूल भविष्यतीति Ch Up 6 8 5

शुक्ला 1 The sheath of a young bud -2 The awn of barley or corn -3 The waved-leaf fig -Comp. -कर्मन् a ceremony connected with पुसवन at which the शुक्ला of the वट tree is used

शुक्लिन् m 1 The (Indian) fig-tree -2 The Plaksa tree

शुच् I 1 P (शोचति) 1 To be sorry, grieve for, bewail, mourn, अरोदीद्रावणोऽशोचीन्मोह चाशिश्रियत् परम् Bk. 15 71, 21 6, मा शुच सपद दैवीमभिजातोऽसि पाण्डव Bg 16 5 -2 To regret, repent -II 4 U (शुच्यति-ते) 1 To be sorry or afflicted -2 To be wet -3 To shine -4 To be pure or clean -5 To decay, become fetid -6 To brighten, illuminate -7 To burn, consume

शुच्, शुचा f [शुच्-क्विप् टाप् वा] 1 Grief, sorrow, affliction, distress, विकलकरण पाण्डुलाय शुचा परिदुर्बल U 3 22, काम जीवति मे नाथ इति सा विजहौ शुचम् R 12. 75, 8 72, Me 90, S 4 18 -2 (pl) Tears, भूतलेऽनुपतन्त्यस्मिन् विना ते प्राणिना शुच Bhāg 1 17 8

शुचि a [शुच्-कि] 1 Clean, pure, clear, सकलहसगुणं शुचि मानसम् K 5 13 -2 White, अथ हिमशुचिभस्मभूषितम् K 18 15. -3 Bright, resplendent, प्रभवति शुचिर्बिम्बोद्ग्राहे मणिर्नि मृदा चय U 2 4 -4 Virtuous, pious, holy, undefiled, unsullied, अथ तु वेत्ति शुचिब्रतमात्मन S 5 27, पथ शुचेदर्शयितार ईश्वरा R 3 46, K 5 13 -5 Purified, cleansed, hallowed, सुता तदीया सुरभे कृत्वा प्रतिनिधि शुचि R 1 81, Ms 4 71 -6 Honest, upright, faithful, true,

guleless, सभाया वक्ति सामर्थ सावष्टम्भो नर शुचि Pt 1 200 -7 Correct, accurate -चिः 1 The white colour -2 Purity, purification -3 Innocence, virtue, goodness, uprightness -4 Correctness, accuracy -5 The condition of a religious student -6 A pure man -7 A Brāhmana -8 The hot season, क्रीडन् परिवृत स्त्रीभिर्हृदिनीमा-विशच्छुचौ Bhāg 4 25 44, उपययौ विदधन्नवमल्लिका शुचिरसौ चिरसौरभसपद Śi 6 22, 1 58, R 3 3, Ku 5 20 -9 The months of (a) Jyestha, यथोपरिदिम शुचिशुक्रमध्यग Mb 8 79 78 and (b) Āṣāḍha, शुक्रश्चित्रस्वनश्चैव शुचिमास नयन्त्यमी Bhāg 12 11 36 -10 A faithful or true friend -11 The sun -12 The moon -13 Fire, शुचीना हृदय शुचि Mb 12 193 18 -14 The sentiment of love (शुझार) -15 The planet Venus -16 The Chitraka tree -17 Acquittal -18 An oblation made to fire at the first feeding of an infant -19 N of Śiva -20 The Arka plant -21 The sky, इह शुचिषद् Kath 5 2 -Comp -द्रुमः the sacred fig-tree -प्रणी a sipping water -मणिः 1 a crystal -2 a jewel worn on the head -मल्लिका a kind of jasmine (Arabian) -मानस a pure-hearted -यन्त्रम् a machine through which fire-work is shot, वियदप्रमुदप्रमाविशन् शुचियन्त्रस्फुरित-स्फुलिङ्गा Śāhendra 2 80 -रोचिस् m the moon -व्रत a holy, virtuous -श्रवस् N of Viṣṇu -षद् a abiding in the path of virtue, स्वर्गापवर्गद्वाराय नित्य शुचिषदे नम Bhāg 4 24 37 -समाचार a maintaining pure practices -स्मित a having a sweet or pleasant smile, शुचिरमिता मध्यगता सुमय्या Ku 5 20, R 8 49

शुचित p p 1 Grieved, sad -2 Pure, clean

शुचिष्मत् a Bright -m An epithet of Agni

शुचिस् n Light, lustre

शुचीयति Den P, शुचीम् 1 P 1 To become pure -2 To be bright

शुच्य् 1 P (शुचयति) 1 To bathe, perform ablutions -2 To squeeze, express (as juice) -3 To distil -4 To churn, (these senses may belong to शुच् 4 P also)

शुटीरः A hero

शुटीर्यम् Valour, heroism

शुद् I 1 P (शोठति) 1 To be impeded or hindered -2 To lump, be lame -3 To resist -II 10 U (शोठयति-ते) To be idle, lazy, or dull

शुण्डम् The hair under the arm-pit

शुण् 1 P, 10 U (शुण्ति, शुण्ति-ते) 1 To purify. -2 To become dry, see शुद् I also

शुण्ठि, -ठी f, शुण्ठयम् Dry ginger

शुण् 1 P (शुण्ति) 1 To break -2 To molest, vex, trouble, annoy

शुण्डः 1 The juice issuing from the temples of an elephant in rut -2 An elephant's trunk -Comp. -मूषिका the musk rat (Mar चिचुदरी)

शुण्डकः 1 Distiller -2 A kind of military music or musical instrument

शुण्डा 1 An elephant's trunk -2 Spirituous liquor. -3 A tavern, dram-shop -4 The stalk of the lotus. -5 A courtesan, harlot -6 A bawd, procuress -7 The ohm, L D B -Comp -दण्डः an elephant's trunk -पानम् a tavern, dram shop

शुण्डारः 1 A distiller -2 An elephant's trunk or proboscis, शुण्डार कलमेन यद्वद्वले वत्सेन दोर्दण्डक Mv 1 53.

शुण्डालः An elephant

शुण्डिका See शुण्डा 1 The uvula or soft palate -2 A swelling of a gland (also शुण्डी in this sense)

शुण्डिन् m 1 A distiller -2 An elephant -Comp -मूषिका the musk-rat

शुतुद्रिः, -द्रः f The river Sutlej, of शतद्रु

शुदि ind In the light fortnight, Inscr

शुद् 4 P (शुध्यति, शुद्ध) 1 To become pure or purified, (fig also), मृतोतयै शुध्यते शोध्य नदी वेगेन शुध्यति। अङ्गिर्गन्त्राणि शुध्यन्ति मन सत्येन शुध्यति॥ Ms 5 108-9 -2 To be auspicious, favourable, or eligible, तिथिरेव तावन्न शुध्यति Mu. 5 -3 To be made clear, have the doubts removed, न शुध्यति मेऽन्तरात्मा Mk 8 -4 To be defrayed or cleared, व्यय शुध्यति Pt 5 -Oaus (शोधयति-ते) 1 To purify, cleanse, wash off -2 To clear, pay off (as a debt) -3 To refine, filter -4 To correct -5 To acquit -6 To examine, investigate, inquire into -With परि, वि, सम् to be purified, रघुपतिरपि जातवेदोविशुद्धा प्रगृह्य प्रियाम् R 12 104, Ms 5 64

शुद्ध p p [शुद्ध-क्त] 1 Pure, clean, purified, अन्त-शुद्धस्त्वमपि भविता वर्णमात्रेण कृष्ण Me 51 -2 Holy, undefined, chaste, innocent, अन्वसीयत शुद्धेति शान्तेन वपुषैव सा R 15 77, 14 14 -3 White, bright -4 Stainless, spotless. -5 Innocent, simple, guileless -6 (a) Genuine, true (b) Honest, upright -7 Correct, faultless, upright -8 Cleared, acquitted -9 Mere, only, शुद्ध हि दैवमेवेद हठेनैवास्ति पौरुषम् Mb 12 177 12 -10 Simple, pure, unmixed (opp मिश्र) -11 Unequalled -12 Authorized. -13 Whetted, sharpened, जघान शुद्धेष्टुरमन्दकर्षा Bk 2 31 -14 Not nasal -15 Unmitigated (as capital punishment), तडागमेदक हन्यादप्सु शुद्धवधेन वा Ms 9 279 -16 Tried, examined -द्रः 1 An epithet of Śiva -2 The bright fortnight -द्रम् 1 Anything pure -2 The pure spirit -3 Rock-salt -4 Black pepper -5 A house built generally of one material, namely wood, brick or stone etc, द्रुमेणैककया वापि दृशदाधैरथापि वा। एतेन सहित गेहं शुद्धमित्यभिधीयते Kāmikāgama. 45. 21 -Comp. -अद्वैतम्

the अद्वैत philosophy in which there is unity of जीव and ब्रह्म without माया (१० शुद्ध) -अन्तः a king's female apartments, harem, seraglio, शुद्धान्तदुर्लभमिदं वपुराश्रमवासिनो यदि जनस्य S 1 17, Ku 6 52 -2 a king's wife चारिन् m an attendant in the harem, a chamberlain, U 1 पालक, रक्षक a guard of the harem -अन्ता a king's wife, queen -अनुमानम् a particular figure of rhetoric -अपहृतिः a figure of speech, it is thus defined — शुद्धापहृतिरन्यस्यारोपार्थो वर्मनिहव -आत्मन् a pure-minded, honest (-m) 1 the pure spirit -2 N of Śiva -आभ a consisting of pure light, प्रशान्तमिव शुद्धाभं सत्त्वं तदुपधारयेत् Ms 12 27 -ओदनः (शुद्धोदनः) N of the father of the celebrated Buddha सुत N of the celebrated Buddha -कर्मन् a pure in deeds, holy -कोटिः f one of the sides of a right-angled triangle -चैतन्यम् pure intelligence -जङ्घः an ass -जडः a quadruped -धी, -भाव, -मति a pure-minded, guileless, honest नेरिः a kind of dance -पक्षः the light half of a month -बटुकः (in music) a kind of drummer -बोध a (in Vedānta) possessed of pure intelligence -भाव a pure-minded -वधः killing in a simple or ordinary way -वंश्य a born of a pure family, सति शुद्धवंश्या हि परत्रेह च शर्मणे R 1 69 -विष्कम्भकः (in dram) a pure interlude (in which only speakers of संस्कृत take part) -शुकम् a morbid affection of the pupil of the eye

शुद्धिः [शुद्ध-क्तिन्] 1 Purity, cleanness -2 Brightness, lustre, सुक्तागुणशुद्धयोऽपि (चन्द्रपादा) R 16 18 -3 Sanctity, holiness, तीर्थभिषेकजा शुद्धिमादधाना महीक्षित R 1 85 -4 Purification, expiation, atonement, expiatory act, शरीरत्यागमात्रेण शुद्धिर्लभममन्यत R 12 10 -5 A purificatory or expiatory rite -6 Paying off or clearing (of expenses) -7 Retaliation, requital -8 Acquittal, innocence (established by trial) -9 Truth, accuracy, correctness -10 Rectification, correction -11 Subtraction -12 N of Durgā -13 (in Arith) Leaving no remainder -Comp -कर a purifying, correcting -कृत् m a washerman -पत्रम् 1 a list of errata or corrigenda -2 a certificate of purification by penance or atonement -भृत् a 1 clear, clean -2 pious, virtuous

शुन 6 P (शुनति) To go, move

शुनः A dog

शुनःशेषः (फः) N of a Vedic sage, son of Ajigarta [In the Aitareya Brāhmaṇa it is related that king Harischandra, being childless, made a vow that on obtaining a son he would sacrifice him to the god Varuna. A son was born who was named Rohita, but the king put off the fulfilment of the vow under various pretexts. At last Rohita purchased for one hundred cows Śunahśepa, the middle son of Ajigarta as a substitute for himself to be

offered to Varuna. But the boy praised Visnu, Indra, and other deities, and escaped death. He was then adopted by Viśvāmītra in his own family and called by the name Devarāta.]

शुनकः 1 N of a sage, descendant of Bhrigu -2 A dog -3 A young dog

शुनाशी (सी) रः 1 An epithet of Indra -2 An owl -3 (pl) A particular class of gods, ततो मीढ्वासामान्य शुनासीरा सहर्षिभिः । भूयस्तद्देवयजन समीढ्वद्देवसो ययुः ॥ Bhāg. 4 7 7

शुनिः A dog

शुनी f A female dog, a bitch, शुनीमन्वेति श्वा हतमपि च हन्त्येव मदन Bh 3 18

शुनीरः A number of female dogs

शुन्ध 1, 10 U (शुन्धति-ते, शुन्धयति-ते) 1 To be purified or cleansed -2 To cleanse, purify

शुन्धुः (शुन्ध-यु Un 3 20) 1 Air, wind -2 N of Agni (Ved) -f A mare -a holy

शुन्य a Empty -न्यम् 1 A number of bitches -2 A cypher, (more properly शून्य q v)

शुप् A technical term used by Pāṇini for उ the sign of the eighth class of roots

शुभ I 1 A (शोभते) 1 To shine, be splendid, look beautiful or handsome, सुष्ठु शोभसे एतेन विनयमाहात्म्येन U 1, R 8 6 -2 To appear to advantage, सुख हि दुःखान्यनुभूय शोभते Mk 1 10 -3 To suit, become, befit (with gen), रामभद्र इत्येवोपचार शोभते तातपरिजनस्य U 1 -4 To be gay or happy -5 To be victorious -II 6 P (शुभति) To shine, L D B -Caus (शोभयति-ते) To decorate, adorn, grace -With परि, वि to shine, look splendid

शुभ f Ved 1 Beauty, splendour -2 Radiance, lustre. -3 Happiness -4 Victory -5 An ornament -6 An auspicious offering -7 Water -8 A brilliant chariot

शुभ a [शुभ-क] 1 Shining, bright. -2 Beautiful, handsome, जङ्घे शुभे सुष्ठुवतस्तदीये Ku 1 35 -3 Auspicious, lucky, happy, fortunate -4 Eminent, good, virtuous, येन केनाप्युपायेन शुभेनाप्यशुभेन वा उद्धरेद्दैनमात्मानम् Pt 1 358 -5 Learned, versed in the Vedas -भः 1 N of a yoga, L D B -2 The Almighty (अज), L D B -3 Water -4 A he-goat. -भम् 1 Auspiciousness, welfare, good fortune, happiness, good prosperity, प्राय शुभं च विदध्याल्यशुभं च जन्तो सर्वकषा भगवती भवितव्यतैव Mā 1 23 -2 An ornament -3 Water -4 A kind of fragrant wood. -Comp. -अक्ष. an epithet of Śiva -अङ्ग a. handsome (-ङ्गी) 1 a handsome woman -2 N. of Rati, wife of Cupid -3 N. of the wife of Kubera -अपाङ्गा a beautiful woman -अशुभम् weal

and woe, good and evil -आचार *a* virtuous -आनना *a* handsome woman -आवह *a* tending to welfare, conducive to good -इतर *a* 1 evil, bad -2 inauspicious -उदक *a* having a happy end -कर *a* auspicious, propitious -कर्मन् *n* 1 a virtuous act -2 an honourable occupation -ग *a* 1 elegant, graceful -2 propitious, fortunate -गन्धकम् gum-myrrh -ग्रहः an auspicious planet -जानि *a* having a beautiful wife, P V 4 134 com -द *a* auspicious, गङ्गाष्टक पठति य प्रयत प्रभाते वाल्मीकिना विरचित शुभद मनुष्य । Gangāstakam 9 -दः the sacred fig-tree -दन्ती *a* woman with good teeth -दर्श, -दर्शन *a* beautiful, दर्श पम्पा शुभदर्शकाननाम् Rām 3 75 30 -मङ्गलम् good luck, welfare, मङ्गलानि महाबाहो दिशन्तु शुभमङ्गलम् Rām 2 25 36 -लग्न, -लग्नम् *a* lucky or auspicious moment -वार्ता good news -वासनः perfume for the mouth -शंसिन् *a* presaging good, indicative of auspiciousness, बभूव सर्वशुभशंसि तत् क्षणम् R 3 14 -सूत्रम् *a* mangala-sūtra worn by married ladies round their necks, सुदृश शुभसूत्रबन्धन कृतवान् शाहविभुस्तदा Śahendra 2 66 -स्थली 1 a hall in which sacrifices are performed -2 an auspicious place

शुभंयु *a* [शुभम् अस्यास्ति युस्] Auspicious, lucky, fortunate, blessed, अधिक शुश्रूषे शुभयुना द्वितयेन द्वयमेव सगतम् R 8 6, Bk 1 20

शुभंकर *a* 1 Auspicious -2 Promoting happiness -री N of Durgā

शुभंभावुक *a* Decorated, ornamented, bright

शुभकः Mustard seed

शुभा 1 Lustre, light -2 Beauty -3 Desire -4 Yellow pigment -5 The Samī tree -6 An assembly of gods -7 Dūrva grass -8 Bamboo-manna -9 The Priyangu creeper

शुभ्र *a* [शुभ्र-रक् Un 2 13] Shining, bright, radiant, बलानि राज्ञा शुभ्राणि प्रहृष्टानि चकाशिरे Rām 1 18 4 -2 White, पश्यति पितोपहत शशिः शुभ्र शब्दमपि पीतम् K P 10, R 2 69 -भ्रः 1 The white colour -2 Sandal (said to be *n*) -3 Heaven -भ्रम् 1 Silver -2 Talc -3 Rook-salt -4 Green vitriol -Comp -अंशुः, -करः 1 the moon -2 camphor -दन्तिन् *m* the elephant presiding over the north-west quarter -भानुः, -रश्मिः the moon

शुभ्रा 1 The Ganges -2 A crystal -3 Bamboo-manna -4 Alum -5 Sugar

शुभिः [शुभ्र-किन् Un 4 67] 1 The sun -2 An epithet of Brahman

शुभ्र 1 P (शुभ्रमति) 1 To shine, प्राणान्ति शुभ्रमन्ति पुनन्ति वै जगत् Bhāg 10 38 12 -2 To speak -3 To hurt, injure

शुभ्रः N of a demon killed by Durgā -Comp. -घातिनी, -मर्दिनी an epithet of Durgā

शु (शु)र 4 A (शूर्यते) 1 To hurt, kill -2 To make firm or steady, stop -3 To be firm or fixed -4 To be senseless, to faint

शुल्क 10 U (शुल्कयति-ते) 1 To gain -2 To pay, give -3 To create -4 To tell, narrate -5 To leave, forsake, abandon

शुल्कः, -ल्कम् [शुल्कयते अतिसृज्यते कर्मणि घञ्] 1 A toll, tax, customs, duty, particularly levied at ferries, passes, roads &c, क सुवी सत्यजेद्भाण्ड शुल्कस्यैवातिसाध्वसात् H 3 125, Ms 8 159, Y 2 47 -2 Gain, profit -3 Money advanced to ratify a bargain -4 Purchase price (of a girl), money given to the parents of a bride, पीडितो दुहितृशुल्कसस्थया R 11 38, न कन्याया पिता विद्वान् गृह्णीयाच्छुल्कमण्वपि Ms 3 51, 8 204, 9 93, 98, Prātumā 1 15 -5 A nuptial present -6 Marriage settlement or dowry -7 Present given by the bride-groom to his bride -8 A dog, Un 3 42 -9 Price, value -Comp -अध्यक्षः a superintendent of tolls, taxes or revenue, Kau A 2 -खण्डनम् defrauding (government) of its due revenue, also -मोषणम् -ग्राहक, -ग्राहिन् *m* a toll-collector -दः 1 the giver of a nuptial present -2 an affianced suitor, तान् शुल्कदानं वित्तवत् कान्तान् मेनेऽर्थकामुका Bhāg 11 8 24 -शाला, -स्थानम् a toll-station, custom-house, शुल्कस्थाने परिहरन् काले कयविक्रयी Ms 8 400

शुल्लम् 1 A cord, rope, string -2 Copper

शुल् (ल्व) 10 U (शुल्-ल्व-यति-ते) 1 To give, bestow -2 To send away, dismiss -3 To measure -4 To create, produce

शुल्म (ल्वम्) [शुल्-अच्] 1 A rope, string, ततो मन्त्रबन्धच्छुल्ब तक्षके वज्रिण करात् Bm 1 194, शुल् सुतस्य न तु तत्तदमुष्य माति Bhāg 2 7 30 -2 Copper -3 A sacrificial rite or act -4 The proximity of water, a place near it -5 A rule, law, an institute -ल्व, -ल्वी See above -Comp. -अरिः sulphur -जम् brass -सूत्रम् N of Sūtra work, containing mathematical calculations required for श्रौत rituals

शुल्वलः A sage, Un 4 118

शुश्रूष *f* A mother, शिशो शुश्रूषणाच्छुश्रूमाता देहमनन्तरम् Bhāg 12 266 33

शुश्रूषक *a*. Attentive, obedient -कः A servant, an attendant

शुश्रूषणम्, -णा [शु-स्र ल्युट्] 1 Desire to hear -2 Service, attendance -3 Obedience, dutifulness

शुश्रूषा 1 Desire to hear, अत एव शुश्रूषा मा सुखयति Mu 3 -2 Service, attendance -3 Dutifulness, obedience -4 Reverence -5 Telling, saying

शुश्रूषु *a* Desirous to hear -2 Desirous of serving or attending -3 Obedient, attentive.

शुष् 4 P (शुष्यति, शुष्क) 1 To be dried, become dry or parched up, वृषा शुष्यत्यास्ये पिबति सलिलं स्वादु सुरभि Bh 3 92 -2 To be withered -3 To languish, become emaciated, अपि स्थाणुवदासीन शुष्यन् परिगतं धुधा Pt 1 49 -4 To be afflicted or distressed -Caus (शोषयति-ते) 1 To dry up, wither, parch, न शोषयति मारुत Bg 2 23 -2 To emaciate -3 To destroy -4 To extinguish -5 To drain, suck up, absorb -6 To exhaust, empty -With उद्, परि 1 to be dried up, dry up, सीदन्ति मम गात्राणि मुखं च परिशुष्यति Bg 1 29, स च विह्वलस्त्वसकुल परिशुष्यन्नभवन् महाहृद Bk 10 42 -2 to pine, decay, wither, इमां शून्यमया वाचं शुष्यमाणेन भापिता Rām 3 55 36, अस्मत्कृते च परिशुष्यति काचिदन्या Bh 2 2 -वि, -सम् to be dried up

शुषः, शुषी 1 Drying, drying up -2 A hole in the ground

शुषि. f 1 Drying up -2 A hole -3 The hollow in the fang of a snake

शुषिर a [शुष्-किरच्] Full of holes, perforated -रः 1 Fire -2 A rat or mouse -रम् 1 A hole -2 The atmosphere -3 A wind-instrument

शुषिरा 1 A river -2 A sort of perfume

शुषिलः Air, wind

शुष्क p p [शुष्-क्] 1 Dry, dried up, शाखाया शुष्क करिष्यामि Mk 8 -2 Parched up, sear -3 Shrivelled, shrunk up, emaciated -4 Feigned, pretended, mock, कामिन स्म कुरुते करभोरुहोरि शुष्करुदितं च सुखेऽपि Śi 10 69 -5 Empty, vain, useless, unproductive, M 2 -6 Groundless, causeless -7 Offensive, harsh, तस्मै नाकुशलं ब्रूयान् शुष्का गिरमीरयेत् Ms 11 35 -ष्कम् Anything dry (as wood, cowdung) -Comp -अङ्ग a emaciated (-ङ्गी) 1 a lizard -2 a crane -अन्नम् rice in the husk -अर्शस् n dry swelling of the eyelids -आर्द्रम् dry ginger -कलहः 1 a vain or groundless quarrel -2 a mock quarrel, Mu. 3 -कासः dry cough -गानम् singing with any accompaniment (as dancing) -चर्चणम् idle talk -पाकः dry inflammation (of the eyes) -रुदितम् weeping without tears -वैरम् groundless enmity -व्रणम् a healed wound, sear

शुष्कलः, -लम् 1 Dried flesh -2 Flesh in general -a Flesh-eating, carnivorous, L D B -ली f Dried flesh or flesh in general, L D B

शुष्णः [शुष्-न् कित् Un 3 12] 1 The sun -2 Fire -3 A demon

शुष्मः [शुष्-मन् कित्च] 1 The sun -2 Fire -3 Air, wind -4 A bird -ष्मम् 1 Prowess, strength -2 Light, lustre

शुष्मन् m 1 Fire, Śi 14. 22, सार्धं तेनायुजेनाप्रतिहतगतिना मास्तेनेव शुष्मा Śiva B 2, 68, ऋतुशुष्महोष्मभि N. 17. 168,

-2 The Chitraka tree -n 1 Strength, prowess -2 Light, lustre

शुष्मिन् a 1 Powerful, strong, प्रमथ्य चैद्यप्रमुखान् हि शुष्मिण Bhāg 1 10 29 -2 Fiery, high-mettled (as a horse, bull or elephant), शुष्मिणो यूथपस्येव वासितामनु धावत Bhāg 8 12 32, 3 18 19 -3 Brilliant, heroic, न ह्यहं परिपश्यामि वधे कञ्चन शुष्मिण Mb 7 9 26

शूकः, -कम् 1 The awn of barley &c, beard -2 A bristle, द्रुतं च खलु शूकै Bv 1 24 -3 Point, tip, sharp end, शालिशूकनिभाभासं प्राप्तुम तदाञ्जना Rām 7 35 21 -4 Tenderness, compassion -5 A kind of poisonous insect -6 The bristle or sharp hair of insects -7 Ferment, yeast -का 1 A Mucuna Pruritus (Mar कुहिली) -2 Grief, L D B -Comp -कीटः, -कीटकः a kind of insect or worm covered with bristles -धान्यम् any awned grain (as barely) -पिण्डिः, -ण्डी, -शिखा the pointed beard of corn, निविशते यदि शूकशिखा पदे सृजति सा क्रियतीमिव न व्यथाम् N 4 11 -शिम्बा, -शिम्बिका, -शिम्बी cowach (कपिकच्छु), Mucuna Pruritus (Mar कुहिली)

शूककः 1 A kind of grain -2 Tenderness, compassion

शूकवत्, शूकिन् a Awned, bearded

शूकरः A hog, गच्छ शूकरं मरुते वद सिंहो मया हतः । पण्डिता एव जानन्ति सिंहशूकरयोर्बलम् ॥ Subhās -Comp. -इष्टः a kind of grass (सुस्ता)

शूकलः A restive horse

शूक्ष्म a = सूक्ष्म q v

शूतिः f Growing, increasing

शूद्रः [शुच्-रक् पृषो० चस्य द दीर्घ Un 2 19] A man of the fourth or the last of the four principal tribes of the Hindus, he is said to have been born from the feet of Purusa, पद्भ्यां शूद्रो अजायत Rv 10 90 12, or of Brahman, Ms 1 87, and his principal business was to serve the three higher castes, एकमेव तु शूद्रस्य प्रभु कर्म समादिशत् । एतेषामेव वर्णानां शूद्राणामनसूयया ॥ Ms 1 9 -Comp -आर्ता the Priyangu plant -आह्निकम् the daily ceremonies or observances of a Śūdra -उदकम् water polluted by the touch of a Śūdra -कृत्यम्, -धर्मः the duties of a Śūdra -घ्न, -हन् a 1 killing a Śūdra -2 the slayer of a Śūdra, एतदेव व्रतं कृत्स्नं षण्मासान् शूद्रहा चरेत् Ms 11 180 -प्रियः an onion -प्रेष्यः a man of any of the three higher castes who has become a servant to a Śūdra -भूयिष्ठ a consisting mostly of Śūdras, यद्वाष्टु शूद्रभूयिष्ठम् (विन्दयति) Ms 8 22 -याजकः one who conducts a sacrifice for a Śūdra -राज्यम् a country of which a Śūdra is a king, न शूद्रराज्ये निवसेत् Ms 4 61 -वर्गः the Śūdra or servile class -वृत्तिः the occupation of a Śūdra; वैद्योऽजीवन् स्वधर्मेण शूद्रवृत्त्यापि वर्तयेत् Ms 10 98

-शासनम् 1 dominion of a Sūdra -2 a written bond of a Sūdra, L D B -3 an edict addressed to Sūdras -संस्पर्शः the touch of a Sūdra, अस्वर्ग्या ह्याहुति सा स्याच्छूद्रसंस्पर्शोद्दिता Ms 5 104 -सेवनम् serving a Sūdra, being the servant of a Sūdra, Ms 11 69

शूद्रा A woman of the Sūdra tribe -Comp -भार्यः one who has a Sūdra woman for his wife -वेदनम् marrying a Sūdra woman -वेदिन् a marrying a Sūdra woman, शूद्रावेदी पति Ms 3 16 -सुतः the son of a Sūdra woman (the father being of any caste), Ms 9 151, 153

शूद्राणी, शूद्री The wife of a Sūdra

शूद्रकः N of a king, the reputed author of the Mricchhakatika

शून p p [श्वि-क्त] 1 Swollen -2 Increased, grown, prospered -3 Morbidly swollen

शूना [श्वि-अधिकरणे -क्त सप्र० दीर्घ Tv] 1 The soft palate, uvula -2 A slaughter house in general -3 Anything (such as a piece of household furniture), whereby life is likely to be destroyed, (these are five - a fire-place, a grind-stone, a broom, a mortar, and a water-pot, पञ्च शूना गृहस्थस्य चुल्ली पेषण्युपस्कर । कण्ठनी चोदकुम्भश्च वध्यते यास्तु वाहयन् Ms 3 68) See सूना

शून्य a [शून्यै प्राणिवधाय हित रहस्यस्थानत्वात् यत् Tv] 1 Empty, void -2 Vacant (applied also to the heart, glances &c), absent, listless, गमनमलस शून्या दृष्टि Mal 1 17, see शून्यहृदय below -3 Non-existent -4 Lonely, desolate, secluded, deserted, शून्येषु शूरा न के K P 7, Bk 6 9, शून्य मन्ये जगदविरतज्वालमन्तज्ज्वलामि U 3 38, Mal 9 20 -5 Dejected, downcast, dispirited, शून्या जगाम भवनामिमुखी कथञ्चित् Ku 3 75, K1 17 39 -6 Utterly devoid or deprived of, without, wanting in (with instr or in comp), अङ्गुलीयकशून्या मे अङ्गुलि S 5, दया°, ज्ञान°, &c -7 Indifferent -8 Guileless -9 Nonsensical, unmeaning, सुहृद्विशदवर्णा निद्रया शून्यशून्याम् Si 11 4 -10 Bare, naked -न्यम् 1 A vacuum, void, blank -2 The sky, space, atmosphere -3 A cipher, dot -4 Non-entity, (absolute) non-existence, दृष्ट-शून्यबिन्दव N 1 21 -5 N of Brahman -6 An earring, शून्यकर्ण Amaru -Comp -अशून्यम् emancipation of the spirit even during a person's life (जीवन्मुक्ति) -पदवी the passage of the soul (ब्रह्मरन्ध्र) -पालः a substitute. त्वा हि मत्स्यो महीपाल शून्यपालमिहाकरोत् Mb 4 35 11 (com राज्ञोऽसन्निधाने पालकम्) -मध्यः a hollow reed -मनस्, -मनस्क a absent-minded, listless -मुख, -वदन a with a blank face, with a downcast countenance -वादः the doctrine of the non-existence of anything, the doctrine of a Buddhist sect -वादिन् m 1 an atheist -2 a Buddhist -व्यापार a unoccupied -हृदय a 1 absent-minded, V. 2, कस्मिन्नपि पूजार्हेऽपराद्धा शून्यहृदया शकुन्तला S 4. -2 open-hearted, unsuspecting.

शून्यमय a Fruitless, ineffective, इमा शून्यमया वाच शुभ्यमाणेन भाषिता Rām 3 55 36

शून्या 1 A hollow reed -2 A barren woman -3 The prickly pear

शूर I 4 Ā To hurt, injure, kill, शूरोऽरिश्चिर शैरे Si 19 108 -II 10 U (शूरयति-ते) 1 To act the hero, be powerful -2 To make vigorous extortions, see शूर also

शूर a [शूर-अच्] Brave, heroic, valiant, mighty, शून्येषु शूरा न के K P 7, स्वाध्यायशूरैर्मुखैः Pañcharātram 1 5 -रः 1 A hero, warrior, valiant man -2 A lion -3 A boar -4 The sun -5 The Śāla tree -6 N of a Yādava, the grandfather of Kṛṣṇa, (hence the descendants of Sūra i e Yādavas also, of शूर स्याद् यादवे भटे Medinī, ख्यातानि कर्माणि च यानि शौरे शूरादयस्तेष्वबला बभूवु Bu Ch 1 51) -7 The Arka plant -8 The Chitraka tree -9 A dog -10 A cook -Comp -कीटः a contemptible warrior, लीयन्ते यत्र शत्रुप्रपतनविशाला कोटिश्च शूरकीटा Mv 6 32 -मानम् arrogance, vaunting -मानिन् m a boaster, braggart -वादः the Buddhist doctrine of non-existence -वादिन् a 1 a Buddhist -2 an atheist -सेन. m pl N of the country about Mathurā or the inhabitants of that country, सा शूरसेनाधिपतिं सुषेणम् (उद्दिश्य) R 6 45

शूरणः [शूर ल्यु] A kind of esculent root (Mar सुरण)

शूरमन्य a One who fancies himself to be a hero

शूर्प 10 U (शूर्पयति-ते) To measure

शूर्पः, -र्षम् (शूर्प-प ऊञ्च निर Un 3 26) A winnowing-basket, Ms 5 117 -र्ष. A measure of two Dronas -Comp. -कर्णः an elephant -खारी a kind of measure (= 16 द्रोण) -गखा (for गखा) 'having finger-nails like winnowing-baskets', N of a sister of Rāvana [She was attracted by the beauty of Rāma and solicited him to marry her But he said that as he had already got a wife she had better go to Lakṣmana and try him But he too rejected her, and back she came to Rāma This circumstance excited Sītā's laughter, and the revengeful demoness, feeling herself grossly insulted, assumed a hideous form and threatened to eat her up But Lakṣmana cut off her ears and nose, and thus doubly deformed her, see R 12 32-40] -वातः wind produced by shaking a winnowing-basket -श्रुतिः an elephant

शूर्पकः N of a demon, enemy of Cupid -Comp -अरातिः, -अरिः Cupid, L D B

शूर्पी 1 A small winnowing-basket or fan -2 N of Śūrpanakhā -3 A toy for children

शूर्मः, -शूर्मिः m, f, -शूर्मिका, -शूर्मी 1 An iron-image -2 An anvil.

शूल 1 P (शूलति) 1 To be ill -2 To make a loud noise -3 To make ill, disorder -4 To pierce, impale

शूलः, -लम् [शूल-क] 1 A sharp or pointed weapon, pike, dart, spear, lance -2 The trident of Śiva -3 An iron spit (for roasting meat upon), शूले सस्कृत शूल्यम्, cf अय शूल -4 A stake for impaling criminals, (विभ्रन) स्कन्धेन शूल हृदयेन शोकम् Mk 10 21, Ku 5 73 -5 Any acute or sharp pain -6 Colic -7 Gout, rheumatism -8 Death -9 A banner, an ensign -10 Selling, selling or salable object, 'अष्टमन्न शिवो वेद शूले विक्रय उच्यते' इति कोश, अष्टशूला जनपदा शिदशूलाश्चतुष्पथा । केशशूला स्त्रियो राजन् भविष्यन्ति युगक्षये ॥ Mb 3 188 42, अष्टशूला कतिपये पट्टेऽरिम् प्रतिष्ठिता Vis Guna 438 (शूलक 'to roast on an iron-spit') -Comp -अग्रम् the point of a pike -अङ्कः an epithet of Śiva, ये समाराध्य शूलङ्कम् भवसायुज्यमागता Mb 10 7 46 -अवतंसित a impaled on a Sūla, पर्यतु पतिमयैव शूलवतसितम् Dk 2 1 -आरोपः, -आरोपणम् impalement -गवः an ox fit for a spit (an offering to Rudra) -ग्रन्थिः f a kind of Dūrvā grass -घातनम् iron-filings -घ्न a sedative, anodyne -क्षिप् m asa foetida -घन्वन्, -घर, -घारिन्, -घ्रुक, -पाणि, भृत् m epithets of Śiva, अधिगतवबलिम्न शूलपाणेरभिख्याम् Śi 4 65, R 2 38 -नाशनम् white sochal salt -पालः the keeper of a brothel -योगः a particular grouping of stars -शत्रुः the castor oil plant -रथ a impaled -हन्त्री a kind of barley -हस्तः a lancer -हृत् m asa foetida

शूलकः A restive horse

शूला 1 A stake for impaling criminals -2 A harlot

शूलाकृतम् Roasted meat

शूलिक a [शूल ठक्] 1 Having a pike -2 Roasted on a spit -कः A hare -2 A cock -3 One who impales criminals -4 The illegitimate son of a Brāhmaṇa or Kṣatriya and a Sūdra woman -कम् Roasted meat

शूलिन् a [शूलमस्तस्य इति] 1 Armed with a spear, कुर्व्यो लवण शूली R 15 5 -2 Suffering from colic -m 1 A spearman -2 A hare -3 N of Śiva, कुर्वन् सया-बलिपटहता शूलिन् आघनीयाम् Me 36, Ku 3 57

शूलिन् The (Indian) fig tree

शूल्य a [शूले-सस्कृत यत्] 1 Roasted on a spit, शूल्य-मासभूयिष्ठ आहारोऽश्नते S 2, शूल्यमुख्य च होमवान् Bk 4 9 -2 Deserving impalement -ल्यम् Roasted meat -Comp -पाकः, -मांसम् roast meat

शूष 1 P (शूषति) 1 To produce, beget -2 To bring forth

शूष a 1 Resounding, shrill, loud, hissing -2 High-spirited, bold -षः 1 Loud or resounding note -2 Spirit, vital strength, power -षम् Strength, Naigh. 2 9

शृकालः A jackal, see शृगाल below

शृगालः [असृज लालि ला-क पृषो०] 1 A jackal -2 A cheat, rogue, swindler -3 A coward -4 An ill-natured man, one using harsh words -5 N of Kṛiṣṇa -Comp -केलिः a kind of jujube -जम्बुः, -म्बुः f a kind of cucumber -योनिः birth in a future life as a jackal -रूपः an epithet of Śiva

शृगालिका, शृगाली 1 A female jackal -2 A fox -3 Flight, retreat

शृङ्खलः, -ला, -लम् [शृङ्गात् प्रा गन्त्यात् स्खल्यते अनेन पृषो० Tv] 1 An iron chain, fetter -2 A chain, fetter in general (fig also), अन्यैरग्यायत नेदुर्वैराशृङ्खलादिभिः Bk 9 90, लीलकटाक्षमालाशृङ्खलाभिः Dk, ससारवासनाबद्धशृङ्खलाम् Git 3 -3 A chain for tying the feet of an elephant, स्तम्भेरमा मुरारशृङ्खलकृषिणस्ते R 5 72, K1 7 31 -4 A chain or belt worn round the waist -5 A measuring chain -6 A chain, series, succession -Comp -यमकम् a variety of Yamaka, see तेन व्यतिनिरे भीमा भीमार्जनफलानना । न नातु-कम्य विशिखा शिखावरजवासस ॥ K1, 15 12

शृङ्खलकः A chain -2 A camel in general -3 An animal with clogs on his feet (to prevent him from straying), विशृङ्खल शृङ्खलका प्रतस्थिरे Śi 12 7

शृङ्खलित a Chained, fettered, bound

शृङ्गम् [शृ-गन् पृषो० सुम् ह्रस्वश्च Un 1 123] 1 A horn, अन्यैरिदानीं महिषैस्तदम्भ शृङ्गाहत क्रोशति दीर्घिकाणाम् R 16 13, गाहन्ता महिषा निपानसालि शृङ्गेऽमुहुस्ताडितम् S 2 6 -2 The top or summit of a mountain, अद्रे शृङ्ग हरति पवन किस्विदित्यनुसूचीभिः Me 14, 54, K1 5 42, R 13 26 -3 The top of a building, turret -4 Elevation, height रक्षो-लोकस्य सर्वस्य क शृङ्ग छेत्तुमिच्छति Rām 3 31 43 -5 Lordship, sovereignty, supremacy, eminence, शृङ्ग स दूतविनयाविक्रान्त परेषामत्युच्छिन्न न ममृषे न तु दीर्घमायु R 9 62 (where the word means a 'horn' also) -6 A cusp or horn of the moon -7 Any peak, point of projection in general -8 A horn (of a buffalo &c) used for blowing -9 A syringe, वर्णोदकै काञ्चनशृङ्गमुक्तै R 16 70 -10 Excess of love, rising of desire -11 A mark, sign. -12 A lotus -13 A fountain of water -14 Pride, self-respect, अवाय्य पृथिवी कृत्स्ना न ते शृङ्गमवर्धत Mb 3 30 10 (com शृङ्ग प्रभुत्वाभिमान) -15 The stock (काण्ड) of an arrow with a horn-like knob, शृङ्गमभिर्बभूवास्य मल्ल सोमो विद्यापते Mb 8 34 18 -16 A particular military array, Mb 6 -17 The female breast -Comp -अन्तरम् space or interval between the horns (of a cow &c) -उच्चयः a lofty summit -कन्दः, -कन्दकः Trapa Bispinosa (Mar शिगाडा) -ग्राहिका 1 direct manner -2 (in logic) taking singly -जः an arrow. (-जम्) aloe-wood -ग्रहारिन् a butting -प्रियः an epithet of Śiva -मोहिन् m the Champaka tree -वेरम् 1 N of a town on the Ganges near the modern Mirzāpura, आससाद महाबाहु

शृङ्गवेरपुर प्रति Rām 2 50 26, U 1 21 (v 1) -2 gnger -वेरकम् gnger

शृङ्गकः, -कम् 1 A horn -2 A horn of the moon -3 Any pointed thing -4 A syringe, Ratn 1

शृङ्गवत् a Peaked -m A mountain

शृङ्गाटः 1 N of a mountain -2 N of a plant -टम् A place where four roads meet

शृङ्गाटकः A mountain with three peaks -कम् 1 A place where four roads meet ता शून्यशृङ्गाटकवेदभरथा Rām 2 71 45, Mb 4 68 25, इमा शृङ्गाटकरथा विटसभा प्रविशामि Avimāraka 3, Bhāg 9 10 17 -2 A kind of pastrv -3 A door, 'शृङ्गाटक भवेत् द्वारि कण्टके च चतुष्पथे' इति मेदिनी, Bhāg 8 15 16

शृङ्गाटिका A cross-road, Dandaviveka, G O S 52, p 297

शृङ्गारः [शृङ्ग कामोद्रेकमृच्छयनेन ऋअण्] 1 The sentiment of love or sexual passion, the erotic sentiment (the first of the eight or nine sentiments in poetical compositions, it is of two kinds -- सभोगशृङ्गार and विप्रलम्भशृङ्गार q q v v), शृङ्गार सखि मूर्तिमानिव मधौ सुगंधो हरि क्रीडति Git 1, (it is thus defined -- पुस स्त्रिया स्त्रिया पुसि सभोग प्रति या स्पृहा । स शृङ्गार इति ख्यात क्रीडारत्यादिकारक ॥ See S D 210 also) -2 Love, passion, sexual love, शृङ्गारैकरस स्वयं तु मदनी मासो तु पुष्पाकर V 1 10 -3 A dress suited to amorous interviews, an elegant dress -4 Coition, sexual union -5 Marks made with red-lead on the body of an elephant, वर्धन्त शममानयन्नुपल-सच्छृङ्गारलेखायुधा Śi 17 69 -6 A mark in general -रम् 1 Cloves -2 Red-lead -3 Undried ginger -4 A fragrant powder for the dress or body -5 Agallochum -Comp -चेष्टा an amorous or love-gesture, शृङ्गारचेष्टा विविधा बभूव R 6 12 -भाषितम् amorous talk -भूषणम् red lead -योनिः an epithet of the god of love -रसः the sentiment of love -लज्जा shame or modesty caused by love -विधिः, -वेशः a dress suited to amorous interviews and other purposes -सहायः an assistant in love-affairs, a confidant of the hero of a play, of नर्मसचिव

शृङ्गारकः Love -कम् Red-lead -a Horned

शृङ्गारित a 1 Impassioned, affected by love -2 Red-dened -3 Adorned

शृङ्गारिन् a 1 Amorous, impassioned, enamoured -2 Relating to love -3 Stained with red-lead -m 1 An impassioned lover 2 A ruby -3 An elephant -4 Dress, decoration -5 The betel-nut tree -6 A preparation of betel-leaves and pieces of areca-nut, see ताम्बूल

शृङ्गिः Gold for ornaments -f The sheat-fish,

शृङ्गिकम् A kind of poison -का 1 A kind of birch tree -2 A kind of missile or catapult, लोहचर्मवती चापि सामि सगुडशृङ्गिका Mb 3 15 8

शृङ्गिणः A ram

शृङ्गिणी 1 A cow -2 The Arabian jasmine

शृङ्गिन् a (-णी f) [शृङ्गमस्त्यस्य इति] 1 Horned -2 Crested, peaked -m 1 A mountain -2 An elephant -3 A ram -4 A tree -5 N of Śiva -6 N of one of Śiva's attendants, शृङ्गी शृङ्गी रिटिस्तुण्डी Ak -7 A bull, शृङ्गाभिद्वयसिजलद्विजकण्टकेभ्य Bhāg 10 8 25

शृङ्गी 1 Gold used for ornaments -2 A kind of medicinal root -3 A kind of poison -4 The sheat-fish -Comp -कनकम् gold used for ornaments -विषम् a kind of plant having a poisonous root

शृणिः f A hook for pricking an elephant, a goad, मदान्धकरणा दपोपगान्त्यै शृणि H 2 124

शृत p p 1 Cooked, अयं सर्वं समस्ताङ्ग शृत कृष्णमृगो मया Rām 2 56 28 (some editions give श्रित for शृत) -2 Boiled (water, milk &c) -Comp -पाक a thoroughly cooked or boiled -शीत a boiled and cooked again

शृदरः A serpent

शृ I 1 Ā (but Paras also in the Second Future, Aorist and Conditional) (शर्धते) To break wind downwards -II 1 U (शर्धति ते) 1 To moisten, wet -2 To cut off -III 10 U (शर्धयति-ते) 1 To strive -2 To take, grasp -3 To insult (as by breaking wind), mock, ridicule

शृद p p 1 Expelled from the body (as wind) -2 Moistened, wetted

शृधुः 1 Intellect (बुद्धि) -3 The anus, also शृधू

शृ 9 P (शृणाति, शीर्ण) 1 To tear asunder, tear to pieces, (-टिण्डीरपिण्ड) प्रायासम्भारघोर पशुमिव परशु पर्वशस्त्रा शृणातु Mv 3 32 -2 To hurt, injure -3 To kill, destroy, वनाश्रया कस्य मृगा परिग्रहा शृणाति यस्तान् प्रसभेन तस्य ते K1 14 13 -Pass (शीर्धते) 1 To be shattered -2 To wither, decay, waste away -With अव or वि to seize away (-Pass) to fade or wither, मूर्ध्नि वा सर्वलोकस्य विशीर्येत वनेऽथवा Bh 2 104

शेक् 1 Ā To go, L D B

शेकुः A kind of grass, P VIII 3 97

शेखरः 1 A crest, chaplet, tuft, a garland of flowers worn on the head, कपालि वा स्यादथवेन्दुशेखरम् Ku 5 78, 7 42, नवरुनिरेण स्पष्टबन्धुकसूतस्तबकरचितमेते शेखरं बिभ्रतीव Śi 11 46, 4 50, मगधदेशशेखरीभूता पुष्पपुरी नाम नगरी Dk, शीर्षे च शेखरको नित्यम् Nāg 3 2 -2 A diadem, crown -3 A peak, summit -4 The best or most distinguished of a class (at the end of comp) -5 A kind of Dhruva or burden of a song -रम् Cloves.

शेखरित *a* 1 Crested, tufted, peaked -2 Made into a chaplet or diadem

शेषः, शेषस् *n*, शेषः, -फम्, -शेषस् *n* 1 The penis, बृहच्छेफाण्डपिण्डिका Mb 10 7 39 -2 A testicle -3 A tail -Comp -स्तम्भः morbid rigidity and erection of the penis

शेपालः, -लम् Vitex Negundo (Mar निर्गुडी)

शेफालिः, -ली, शेफालिका *f* A kind of plant, शेफालिका-कुसुमगन्धमनोहराणि Rs 3 14

शेमुषी 1 Intellect, understanding, स्वशेमुषीविशेषेण वशीकृतमहीनलम् Siva B 5 3 -2 Resolve, purpose, intention

शेरु. [शी-उर Un 4 112] Dozing, sleeping

शेल् 1 P (शेलति) 1 To go, move -2 To tremble

शेलुः Cordia Myxa (Mar शेकर), Ms 5 6

शेव् 1 A To worship, see सेव्

शेवः [शुक्रपाते सति शेते, शी-वन् Un 1 152, 154] 1 The penis -2 A snake -3 Height, elevation -4 Happiness -5 Wealth, treasure -6 An epithet of Agni -7 Of Soma -वम् 1 The penis (also शेवा) -2 Happiness -3 Hail! (exclamation addressed to deities) -Comp. -धिः 1 a valuable treasure, जानाम्यहं शेवधिरित्य-नित्यम् Kath 2 10, विद्या ब्राह्मणमेत्याह शेवधिरित्येऽस्मि रक्ष माम् Ms 2 144, सर्वे कामा शेवधिर्जीवितं वा स्त्रीणां भर्ता वर्मदाराश्च पुंसाम् Mā 6 18, नाशेवधिर्बन्धुषु नाप्यदाता Bu Ch 2 11 -2 one of the 9 treasures of Kubera

शेवलम् [शी-विच् तथा भूतं सन् वलते वल्-अच् Tv] 1 The green moss-like substance growing on the surface of water -2 A kind of plant

शेवलिनी A river

शेवाल See शेवल

शेष *a* [शिष्-अच्] Remaining, rest, all the other, न्यषेधि शेषोऽप्यनुयायिवर्ग R 2 4, 4 64, 10 29, Me 30, 89, रम्भे निर्वर्त्यता शेषो विधि V 5, शेषान् मासान् गमय चतुरो लोचने मीलयित्वा Me 110 (v 1), Ms 3 47, Ku 2 44, oft at the end of comp in this sense, भक्षितशेष, आलेख्यशेष &c -षः, -षम् 1 (*a*) Remainder, rest, residue; ऋणशेषोऽग्निशेषश्च व्याधिशेषस्तथैव च । पुनश्च वर्धते यस्मात्तस्माच्छेषं न कारयेत् ॥ Chan 40, अश्वशेष Me 40; प्रतिकारविधानमायुषं सति शेषे हि फलाय कल्पते R 8 40, so शेषे वयसः समागतौ मृत्यु Bv 4 30, त्रिभागशेष Ku 5 57, वाक्यशेष V 3 &c (*b*) 1 Surplus, balance -2 Anything left out or omitted to be said, (इति शेष is often used by commentators in supplying an ellipsis or words necessary to complete the construction) -3 Escape, salvation, respite. -षः 1 Result, effect -2 End, termination, conclusion -3 Death, destruction. -4 N. of a celebrated serpent,

said to have one thousand heads, and represented as forming the couch of Visnu or as supporting the entire world on his head, किं शेषस्य भवत्यथा न वपुषि दमा न क्षिपत्यथ न Mu 2 18, Ku 3 13, R 10 13 -5 N of Balarāma (supposed to be an incarnation of Sesa) -6 An elephant -7 Subsidiary अङ्ग, something which is declared as being subservient to something else, शेष परार्थत्वात् MS 3 1 2 (यस्तु अत्यन्त परार्थस्त वयं शेष इति ब्रूमः SB), शेषो हि सादनम् SB on MS 10 5 76 -8 Favour (प्रसाद), 'शेषं सकर्षेण वये अनन्ते ना प्रसादे च' इति मेदिनी, नैवशीला शेषमिहाऽनुवन्ति Mb 1 197 24 -पा The remains of flowers or other offerings made to an idol and distributed among the worshippers as a holy relique, तस्यै द्वियस्ता प्रददुः शेषा युयुजुराशिषः Bhāg 10 53 50, तथेति शेषमिव भर्तुराजामादाय मन्त्रो मदनं प्रतस्ये Ku 3 22, S 3 -पम् The remnants of food, remains of an offering (शेषे is used adverbially in the sense of 1 at last, finally -2 in other cases, as in शेषे पट्टे) -Comp -अन्नम् leavings of food -अवस्था old age -कालः the time of death -जातिः *f*. assimilation of residues, (in alg) reduction of fractions of residues -पतिः a manager -भाग. the remainder -भोजनम् the eating of leavings, गृहरथस्य त्यागं शेषभोजनम् Kau A 1 3 -रात्रिः the last watch of the night -रूपिन् a appearing to be secondary -शयनः, -शायिन् *m* epithets of Visnu

शेय्य *a* To be ignored, neglected

शैक्य *a* 1 Suspended in a loop -2 Pointed, peaked, शैक्या व्यालमिवायुग्रा वज्रकल्पामयोमयीम् Mb 9 11 51 -श्र्यः 1 A kind of sling (Mar कावड, शिकें), वारयन्ति मही या च शैक्यो वागसत तथा Mb 12 342 17 -2 A pot kept in such sling, शैक्यं रुक्मसहस्रस्य बहुरन्तविभूषितम् Mb 2 49 27 (see Nilakantha com) -अयसम् Damasked steel, शक्रदेवाय चिक्षेप सर्वशैक्यायसीं गदाम् Mb 6 54 24, शैक्यायसानि वर्माणि कास्यानि च समन्ततः 7 119 42 (com शैक्यायसानि जोगितायोमयानि)

शैक्ष. [शिक्षा वेत्यधीते वा अण्] 1 A student who studies Śikṣā or the science of pronunciation, one who has just entered upon the study of the Vedas -2 (Hence) A novice, tyro -*a* Well familiar with the studies or sciences, expert, Mb 6 97 28 (com शैक्षं शस्त्रादिशिक्षा-सपन्नम्)

शैक्षिक. One skilled in Śikṣā

शैक्ष्यम् Learning, proficiency

शैख. The offspring of an outcaste (नात्य) Brāhmaṇa, Ms 10 21.

शैखरिकः, -रेयः The Apāmārga tree

शैखिन *a* Relating to a peacock

शैख्य *a*. Pointed.

शैघ्रम्, शैघ्र्यम् [शीघ्र-व्यञ्] 1 Quickness, rapidity
-2 The equation of the second epicyle

शैत्यम् [शीत-व्यञ्] Cold, coldness, frigidty, शै-य हि
यत् सा प्रकृतिर्जलस्य R 5 54, Ku 1 36

शैथिलिक a Loose, lax, idle

शैथिल्यम् [शिथिलस्य भाव व्यञ्] 1 Looseness, laxity,
relaxation of rule &c -2 Slackness -3 Dilatoriness,
inattention -4 Weakness, cowardice -5 Unsteadiness
-6 Vacancy (of gaze) -7 Negligence

शैनेयः N of Sātyaka, गच्छ शैनेय जानीहि Mb 12 53 10

शैन्या. (m pl) The descendants of Śm

शैव्य See शैव्य

शैरसम् The head of a bedstead

शैल a (-ल्य f) [शिला सन्त्यस्य प्रज्ञा-अण्] Rocky, craggy,
stony, शैलानीव च दृश्यन्ते Mb 5 100 11, शैली दारुमयी लौहौ
प्रतिमाष्टविधा स्मृता Bhāg 11 27 12 -2 Stone-like, rigid
-लः 1 A mountain, hill, शैले शैले न माणिक्य मौक्तिक न गजे
गजे Chān 55, शैले मलयदुर्गौ R 4 51 -2 A dike, dam
-3 A rock, big stone -लम् 1 Borax, benzoin -2 Bitumen
-3 A kind of collyrium -4 A heap of stones, तेनाभि-
पतिता दाव शैलेन महता भृगम् Mb 1 227 52 -Comp -अंशः
N of a country -अग्रम् the peak of a mountain -अटः
1 a mountaineer, a barbarian -2 an attendant on an
idol -3 a lion -4 a crystal -अधिपः, -अधिराजः, -इन्द्रः,
-पतिः, -राजः epithets of the Himālaya -आख्यम् 1
benzoin -2 a fragrant resinous substance -इन्द्रस्यः the
birch tree -कटकः the side or slope of a mountain
-गन्धम् a kind of sandal -गुरु a as heavy as a
mountain (-रुः) N of the Himālaya -जम् 1 benzoin
-2 bitumen -जनः a mountaineer, स्थिता कथ शैलजनाशुगे
वृति Ki 14 10 -जा, तनया, -पुत्री, -सुता epithets of
Pārvatī, अवाप्त प्रागल्भ्य परिणतश्च शैलतनये K P 10, Ku
3 68 -धन्वन् m an epithet of Śiva -धरः an epithet
of Kṛṣṇa -निर्यासः benzoin -पतिः the Himālaya
-पत्रः the Bilva tree -पुष्पम् bitumen -बीजम् the
marking-nut plant -मिच्छि. f an instrument for cutting
stones, a stone-cutter's chisel -रन्ध्रम् a cave, cavern
-शिविरम् the ocean -संभूतम् red chalk -सार a as
strong as a mountain, firm as a rock, चिरनियमकृशोऽपि
शैलसार Ki 10 14 -सेतुः a stone-bridge

शैलकम् 1 Benzoin -2 Bitumen

शैलादिः N of Nandin, Śiva's attendant

शैलालिन् m An actor, a dancer

शैलिकम् = शैलकम्

शैलिक्यः A hypocrite, an impostor, a cheat

शैली [शैलमेव स्वार्थे व्यञ् जीपि यलोप.] 1 A short
explanation of a grammatical aphorism -2 A mode

of expression or interpretation, प्रायेणाचार्याणामिय शैली
यत् स्वाभिप्रायमपि परोपदेशमिव वर्णयन्ति । Kull on Ms 1 4,
आचार्याणामिय शैली यत् सामान्येनाभिधाय विशेषेण विवृणोति । -3
Behaviour, manner of acting, conduct, course

शैलूषः [शिल्पस्य अपत्यम् अण् Tv] 1 An actor, a dan-
cer, शैलूषतुलनायान कृतप्रस्यान्नमेव च Ms 4 214, आ शैलूषाप-
सद Ve 1, एते पुरुषा सर्वमेव शैलूषजन व्याहरन्ति ibid, अवाप्य
शैलूष इवैष भूमिकाम् Si 1 69 -2 A musician, leader of a
band -3 One who beats time at a concert -4 A rogue
-5 The Bilva tree -षी An actress, female dancer,
अमलज्ञाऽसि सैरन्नि शैलूषीव विरोदिषि Mb. 4 16 43

शैलूषिकः One who follows the profession of an
actor -की An actress

शैल्य a (-यी f) [शिलाया भव ढक्] 1 Mountainous,
शैल्यस्यलीपाषाणनिषण्ण V 4 -2 Produced from rocks
-3 Mountain-like, hard, stony -यः 1 A lion -2 A bee
-यम् 1 Benzoin, शैल्यगन्धीनि शिलतलानि R 6 51, शैल्य-
नद्धेषु शिलतलेषु Ku 1 55 -2 Fragrant resin -3 Rock-
salt -यी N of Pārvatī

शैल्य a (-ल्या f) Stony -ल्यम् Rockiness, hardness

शैव a (-वी f) [शिवो देवतास्य अण्] Relating to the
god Śiva -वः 1 N of one of the three principal Hindu
sects -2 A member of the Śaiva sect -3 The thorn-
apple -वम् N of one of the eighteen Purāṇas, of a
Śāstra or Tantra

शैवलः [शी-वलच् Un 4 38] A kind of aquatic plant,
moss, सरसिजमनुविद्ध शैवेलेनापि रम्यम् S 1 20, न षट्पदश्रेणिभि-
रेकपङ्कज सशैवलासगमपि प्रकाशते Ku 5 9 -लम् A kind of
fragrant wood

शैवलिनी A river

शैवाल See शैवल

शैव्यः 1 N of one of the four horses of Kṛṣṇa
-2 N of a king and warrior in the Pāṇḍava army
-3 A horse (in general)

शैशवम् [शिशोर्भाव अण्] Childhood, infancy (period
under sixteen), शैशवात् प्रभृति पोषिता त्रियाम् U 1 45, शैश-
वेऽभ्यस्तविद्यानाम् R 1 8

शैशिर a (-री f) [शिशिर-अण्] 1 Belonging to the
cold or dewy (शिशिर) season, यस्य वै शैशिरे काले तद्वागे
सलिल भवेत् Mb 13 58 13 -2 Ice, covered with ice
(हिममय), ततोऽह वचनात्तस्य गिरिमारुह शैशिरम् Mb 3 167 15
-रः A black kind of the Chātaka bird

शैशुमार a Figuring like Śaiśumāra (Dolphin), प्रयाति
चक्र चूप शैशुमारम् Bhāg 2 2 24

शैशन्यः Sexual enjoyment

शैषः The cool season

शैषिक a Relating to the remainder (शेष)

शैव्योपाध्यायिका Instruction or tuition of young pupils

शो ४ P (श्यति, जात or शित, *pass* शायते, *Caus* शाययति, *desid* शिशासति) 1 To sharpen, whet -2 To make thin, attenuate

शोकः [शुच्-घञ्] Sorrow, grief, distress, affliction, lamentation, wailing, deep anguish, शोकवमापद्यत यस्य शोक R 14 70 -Comp -अग्निः, -अनलः the fire of grief -अपनोदः removal of grief -अभिभूतः, -आकुलः, -आविष्टः, -उपहतः, -विह्वलः *a* afflicted or agonized by grief -अरिः the Kadamba tree -कर्षितः *a* afflicted or agonized with grief -चर्चा indulgence in grief -नाशः the Asoka tree -निहतः *a* overcome with sorrow -परायणः, -लासकः *a* engrossed in grief, wholly given up to grief -रुणः *a* broken down with sorrow -विकलः *a* overwhelmed with grief -स्थानम् any cause of sorrow

शोकिन् *a* Sorrowful, dejected, sad

शोचकः *a* Distressing, afflicting

शोचनम् Grief, sorrow, lamentation, also शोचना in the same sense

शोचनीयः *a* Lamentable, deplorable, mournful

शोच्यः *a*. 1 To be lamented or mourned, deplorable, pitiable, शोच्या च प्रियदर्शना च मदनक्रिष्टेयमालक्ष्यते S 3 10 -2 Vile, wicked

शोचिस् *n* [शुच्-इति Un 2 107] 1 Light, lustre, radiance, दिव्य विचित्रविभु वाग्दयविमानशोचि Bhāg 3 15 26 -2 A flame -Comp -केशः (शोचिष्केशः) an epithet of fire

शोटीर्यम् Valour, heroism

शोठः *a* [शुद्-अच्] 1 Foolish -2 Low, wicked -3 Idle, lazy. -उः 1 A fool -2 An idler, sluggard -3 A low or wicked man -4 A rogue, cheat.

शोण् 1 P (शोणति) 1 To go, move -2 To become red

शोणः *a* (-णा or -णी *f*) [शोण्-अच्] 1 Red, crimson, tinged red, सत्यानावनद्धधनशोणितशोणपाणिरुत्तसयिष्यति कचास्तव देवि भीम Ve 1 21, आस्वादितद्विरदशोणितशोणशोभाम् Mu 1 8, Ku 1 7 -2 Bay, reddish-brown -3 Yellow. -णः 1 Crimson, the red colour, उरुक्रमस्यावरशोणशोणिमा Bhāg 1 11 2 -2 Fire -3 A kind of red sugar-cane -4 A bay horse, शोण इति वर्णवचनोऽश्वजातिगत वर्णं वदति नान्यम् SB on MS 6 8 41 -5 N of a male river, rising in Gondavana and falling into the Ganges near Pataliputra q v, प्रत्यग्रहीत् पार्थिववाहिनीं ता भागीरथीं शोण इवात्तरङ्ग R 7 36 -6 The planet Mars, of लोहित -7 A ruby, L D B -णम् 1 Blood -2 Red lead -Comp -अम्बुः N. of a cloud which is said to rise at the destruction

शं. इं को... १९७

of the world -अम्बुः *m*, -उपलः 1 a red stone -2 a ruby -पद्मम् a red lotus -पुष्पकः the Kovidāra tree -रत्नम् a ruby -हयः the epithet of शोणाचार्य, ततः शोणहय कुद्वश्चतुर्दन्त इव द्विप Mb. 7 16 19

शोणितः *a* [शोण्-इत्] 1 Red, purple, crimson -णम् 1 Blood, उपस्थिता शोणितपारणा मे R 2 39, Ve 1 21, Mu 1 8 -2 Saffron -Comp. -आह्वयम् saffron -उक्षितः *a* blood-stained -उपलः a ruby -चन्दनम् red sandal -पः *a* blood-sucking -पारणा a meal of blood or flesh-meat -पित्तम् hemorrhage -पुरम् N of the city of the demon Bana -भृत् one having a body (शरीरिन्), स शूलमुच्छोणितभृत् करालस्त कर्मभिर्विदित वै स्तुवन्ति Mb 13 158 14 -वर्णनम् description of the properties of blood -शर्करा sugar of honey

शोणिमन् *m* Redness, उरुक्रमस्यावरशोणशोणिमा Bhāg. 1 11 2

शोयः [Un 2. 4] Swelling, intumescence -Comp -घ्नः, जिह्वा *a* removing swellings, discutient -घ्नः, -घ्नी, -जित् Boerhavia Procumbens (Mar ताबडा पुनर्नवा) -जिह्वः hog-weed -रोगः dropsy -हृत् *a* discutient. (-*m*) the marking-nut plant

शोयः [शुच्-घञ्] 1 Purification -2 Correction, rectification -3 Acquittance, paying off (as of debts) -4 Retaliation, requital

शोयकः *a* (-का or -यिका *f*) [शुच्-णिच् ष्वल्] 1 Purificatory -2 Purgative -3 Corrective -कः 1 A purifier -2 (In arith and alg) The subtrahend -कम् A kind of earth

शोधनः *a* (-नी *f*) [शुच्-णिच्-ल्यु ल्युद् वा] Purifying, cleansing &c -नम् 1 (a) Purifying, cleansing (b) Cleansing or washing of a wound -2 Correction, clearing away errors, (शपथ) करोतु परिषन्मध्ये शोधनार्थं ममैव च Rām 7 95 6 -3 Exact determination -4 Payment, discharge, acquittance -5 Expiation, atonement, अज्ञान-मुक्त तत्तार्थं शोध्य वाप्याशु शोधने Ms. 11 160 -6 Refining of metals -7 Retaliation, requital, punishment -8 Subtraction (in math) -9 Green vitriol -10 Feces, ordure. -11 Removal, eradication, कण्टकानां च शोधनम् Ms 1. 115 -नः The lime

शोधनकः An officer in a criminal court, Mk 9.

शोधनी A broom.

शोधितः *p p* [शुच्-णिच्-क्] 1 Purified, cleansed. -2 Refined -3 Filtered -4 Corrected, rectified -5 Paid off, discharged -6 Requite, retaliated. -7 Acquitted, absolved, exculpated, अथ मूलमनाहार्यं प्रकाशकय-शोधित Ms 8 202

शोध्यः *a* [शुच्-णिच् ष्य] To be purified, refined, paid off &c -ह्यः. An accused person, one who has to clear himself of the charge brought against him

शोफः [शु-फन्] Swelling, tumour, intumescence
-Comp. -झी a पुनर्नवा with red flowers -जित्, -हृत्
m the marking-nut plant

शोभन a (-नी f) [शोभते शुभ्-व्यु] 1 Shining, splendid, Mb 4 42 12 (com सुफल शोभनभल्लिक) -2 Handsome, beautiful, lovely -3 Good, auspicious, fortunate -4 Richly decorated -5 Moral, virtuous -6 Correct, right -नः 1 N of Siva -2 A planet -3 A burnt offering for the production of happy results -ना 1 Turmeric -2 A beautiful or virtuous woman, तदिदं परिरक्ष शोभने भवितव्यप्रियसंगम वय Ku 4 44 -3 A sort of yellow pigment (=गोरोचना q v) -नम् 1 Beauty, lustre, brilliance -2 A lotus -3 An ornament -4 Virtue -5 Tm -Comp -आचरितम् virtuous practice

शोभनकः The Sobhāñjana tree (Mar शेवगा)

शोभनिकः A kind of actor

शोभनीय a Handsome, lovely, मटिनि, सर्वशोभनीय गुरुप नाम Prāmā 1

शोभा [शुभ्-अ] 1 Light, lustre, brilliance, radiance -2 (a) Splendour, beauty, elegance, grace, loveliness, वयुरभिनवमस्या पुष्यति स्वा न शोभाम् S 1 19, Me 54, 61 (v 1) (b) Natural beauty, grandeur (as of a mountain), अतिशोभा R 2 27 -3 An ornament, graceful expression, शोभैव मन्दरकुञ्जवृक्षमिताम्भोधिर्वर्णा S 1 2 107 -4 Turmeric -5 A kind of pigment (= गोरोचना q v) -6 Distinguished merit -7 Colour, hue -8 Wish, desire -Comp -अञ्जनः N of a very useful tree (Mar शेवगा)

शोभित p p 1 Adorned, graced, decorated -2 Beautiful, lovely

शोभिन् a 1 Shining, becoming, धृत त्वया वार्धकशोभि वल्कलम् Ku 5 44, R 8 12 -2 Beautiful, lovely, handsome

शोली Yellow turmeric

शोषः [शुष्-वञ्] Drying up, dryness, हृदशोषविक्रवाम् Ku 4 39, so आस्यशोष, कण्ठशोष &c -2 Emaciation, withering up, शरीरशोष, कुसुमशोष &c, पुन शोष गमिष्यामि निरम्बुनिरवग्रह Mb 3 7 5 -3 Pulmonary consumption or consumption in general, सशोषणाद् रसादीना शोष इत्यभिधीयते Suśr, शोषोत्तर्गै कर्मभिर्देहमोक्षे सरस्वत्य श्रेयसे सप्रवृत्ता Mb 13 76 12 -Comp -संभवम् the root of long pepper

शोषण a (-णी f) [शुष्-व्यु ल्युट् वा] 1 Drying up, desiccating -2 Causing to wither up, emaciating, पत्राणामिव शोषणेन मरुता स्पृष्टा लता माववी S 3 10 -णः N of one of the arrows of Cupid -णम् 1 Drying up, desiccation -2 Suction, sucking up, absorption -3 Exhaustion -4 Emaciation, withering up -5 Dry ginger

शोषयितुः [शुष्-इत्तुच् Un. 3. 29] The sun.

शोषित p p 1 Dried up, शोषितसरसि निदाघे नितरामेवोद्धत सिन्धु Subhās -2 Emaciated, withered up -3 Exhausted

शोषिन् a (-णी f) Drying up, withering, emaciating, हृदयकुसुमशोषी दारुणा दीर्घशोक U 3 5

शोषिणी Ether

शौकम् 1 A flock of parrots -2 A kind of coitus -3 Sorrowfulness

शौकम् a (-की f) Acid, acetic

शौकिक a (-की f) 1 Relating to a pearl -2 Acid, acetic

शौकिकेयम्, -शौकेयम् A pearl

शौक a (-की f) [शुक्-अण्] 1 Seminal -2 Relating to the planet Sukra

शौक्ल a Relating to what is pure, clean, or undefiled, कि जन्मभिल्लिभिर्वेह शौक्लसवित्रयाज्ञिके Bhāg 4 31 10

शौक्लिकेयः A sort of poison

शौक्यम् Whiteness, clearness, शौक्य गता कुन्तला Sūkta 5 81

शौङ्गोयः 1 N of Garuda -2 A falcon, hawk

शौचम् [शुचेर्भाव अण्] 1 Purity, clearness, काके शौच वृत्तकारे च सत्यम् Pt 1 147 -2 Purification from personal defilement caused by voiding excrement, but particularly by the death of a relative, अपि यत्र त्वया राम कृत शौचं पुरा पितु । तत्राहमपि हत्वा त्वा शौचं कर्ताऽस्मि भार्गव ॥ Mb 5 178 60 -3 Cleansing, purifying -4 Voiding of excrement -5 Uprightness, honesty -6 Water (of libation), पुनीहि पादरजसा गृहान्नो गृहमेधिनाम् । यच्छौचेनानुत्पद्यन्ति पितरं साम्रयं सुरा ॥ Bhāg 10 41 13 -Comp. -आचारः, -कर्मन् n, -कल्पः a purificatory rite -कूपः A privy

शौचिकः 1 A cleanser -2 N of a mixed tribe

शौचेयः A washerman

शौद्ध 1 P (शौटति) To be proud or haughty

शौटीर a [शौटे ईरन् Un 4 31] 1 Liberal, munificent -2 Proud, haughty, proud of (in comp), शौटीर-शूरसदृशमनोकजनससदि Mb 5 162 31, विक्रमशौटीर 3 252 21 -रः 1 A hero, champion. -2 A proud man -3 An ascetic, one who has given up worldly pursuits, Mb 12 83 44 (com शौटीर प्रगल्भः) -4 An upstart -रम् manliness

शौटीर्यम् 1 Pride, arrogance, haughtiness, अयं चारित्र-शौटीर्यं त्वा प्राप्य विनिवर्तितम् Rām 2 73 28, Mb 1 2 236. -2 Prowess, heroism, एतच्छौटीर्ययुक्तं ते मच्छन्दवशवर्तिन Rām. 3 42 6

शौद्ध 1 P (शौटति) See शौद्ध.

शौण्ड *a* (-ण्डी *f*) [शुण्डाया सुरायाम् अभिरत अण्] 1 Addicted to drinking, fond of liquor -2 Exalted, intoxicated, drunk &c (fig), अनिकृतिनिपुण ते चेष्टित मानशौण्ड *Ve* 5 21 'drunk with pride or very proud' -3 Skilled in (with loc or in comp), अक्षशौण्ड, दानशौण्ड &c

शौण्डि *a* 1 Skilled in, गरसन सयुगशौण्डिराददे *Bhāg* 1 16 11 -2 Fond of, devoted to

शौण्डिकः, शौण्डिन् *m* [शुण्डा सुरा पण्यमस्य ठक् इति वा] A distiller and seller of spirituous liquors, a vintner -**की, -नी** A female vintner, पयोऽपि शौण्डिकीहस्ते वारुणीत्यभि-वीयते *H* 3 11 -**Comp** -**आगारः** a liquor-shop

शौण्डिकेयः A demon

शौण्डी Long pepper

शौण्डिर, शौण्डीर *a* 1 Proud, haughty -2 Elevated, raised up -3 Capable, competent (समर्थ), यथा ह्येवमशौण्डीर शौण्डीर क्षत्रियर्षभ *Rām* 2 23 7 -**रम्** Haughtiness, pride, आसन्नशौण्डीरमपेतसाध्वसम् *Bhāg* 3 18 21.

शौण्डीर्यम् 1 Heroism, शौण्डीर्यं धृतिविनयं दया स्वपक्षे *Pañcharātram* 2 54 -2 Pride, haughtiness

शौद्धोदनिः An epithet of Buddha, son of शुद्धोदन

शौद्र *a* (-द्री *f*) [शूद्र-अण्] 1 Relating to a Śūdra or his tribe, शौद्राणि कर्माणि च ब्राह्मण सन् *Mb* 12 62 4 -**द्रः** The son of a man of any of the first three castes by a Śūdra woman, see *Ms* 9. 160

शौनम् Meat kept at a slaughter-house, निमज्जतश्च मत्स्यादाञ्चौनं बहूरमेव च *Ms* 5 13 -**ञ** Relating or belonging to a dog, जानेऽहं धर्मतोऽऽत्मानं शौनीमुत्सृज्य जाघनीम् *Mb* 12 141 84

शौनकः N of a great sage, the reputed author of the *Rigveda Prāśākhya* and various other Vedic compositions

शौनिकः [शूना प्राणिवरस्थानं प्रयोजनमस्य ठक्] 1 A butcher, छद्मना परिददामि मृत्युवे शौनिको गृह्यशकुन्तिकाभिव *U* 1 45 -2 A bird catcher, hunter -3 Hunting, chase

शौभः 1 God, divinity -2 The betel-nut tree -**भम्** The city of *Harīśchandra*

शौभाञ्जनः N of a tree, see शोभाञ्जन

शौभिकः 1 A juggler, conjurer -2 A hunter, fowler, इति चिन्तयतो हृदये पिकस्य समघायि शौभिकेन शर *Bv* 1 114

शौरसेनी N. of a *Prākṛita* dialect

शौरिः 1 N of *Viṣṇu* or *Kṛiṣṇa* -2 Of *Balarāma* -3 Of *Vasudeva*, स संस्कृत्य नरश्रेष्ठं मातुलं शौरिमात्स्यम् *Mb* 1 2 58, *Bhāg* 3 1 27 -4 The planet *Saturn*

शौर्ष *a* (-र्षी *f*) Measured by or belonging to a शूर्प or winnowing basket, *P* V. 1 26.

शौर्यम् [शूरस्य भाव व्यञ्ज] 1 Prowess, heroism, valour, शौर्ये वैरिणि वज्रमाशु निपतत्वथोऽस्तु न केवलम् *Bh* 2 39, नये च शौर्ये च वसन्ति सपद *Subhās* -2 Strength, power, might -3 Representation of war and supernatural events on the stage, of आरभटी -**Comp.** -**करणम्** prowess -**कर्मन्** heroic deed, शौर्यकर्मपदेशैश्च कुर्युस्तेषां समागमम् *Ms* 9 268

शौलः A particular part of a plough

शौल्कः, शौल्किकः [शुल्के तदादानेऽधिकृत अण् ठक् वा] A superintendent of tolls, custom-officer

शौल्फम् *Anethum Sowa* (*Mar* शोपा)

शौल्वि (खि)कः A copper-smith

शौव *a* (-वी *f*) [श्वन्-अण् टिलोप] Relating to dogs, canne, अयात शौव उद्गीय *Ch* *Up* 1 12 1 -**वम्** 1 A pack of dogs -2 The state or nature of a dog

शौवन *a* (-नी *f*) 1 Canine -2 Having the qualities of a dog -**नम्** 1 The nature of a dog -2 The progeny of a dog

शौव *a* Relating to the morrow

शौवस्तिक *a* (-की *f*) [श्वस्-ठक् वृद्ध च] Belonging to or lasting till tomorrow, ephemeral, *P* IV 3 15

शौवापद *a* (-दी *f*) [श्वपद-अण्] 1 Relating to a wild beast, *A* *Rām* -2 Savage, fierce, wild

शौष्कलः 1 A vendor of flesh -2 A habitual eater of flesh -**लम्** The price of dried meat

श्च्युत् See श्युत् below

श्च्युत् 1 *P* [श्योतति] 1 To trickle, ooze, flow, exude, एतास्ता मधुनो धारा श्योनन्ति मविषास्त्वयि *U* 3 34, *Si* 8 63, *Ki* 5 29 -2 To shed, pour out, diffuse, scatter -With नि to flow, ooze, trickle, निश्च्योन्तते सुतनु रुबरीबिन्दवो यावदेते *Māl* 8 2

श्चो (श्च्यो) तः, श्चो (श्च्यो) तनम् Oozing, flowing, exuding, भिन्नेन्दुनिब्यन्दमानामृतश्च्योत *Māl* 5 23

श्नम् A technical term used by *Pāṇini* for न, the sign of the 7th class of roots

श्ना A technical term used by *Pāṇini* for ना, the sign of the 9th class of roots

श्नु A technical term used by *Pāṇini* for नु, the sign of the 5th class of roots

श्मन् *n* 1 The mouth, face -2 The body -3 A dead body (*m* also in this sense)

श्मशानम् [श्मानं शवा शेरतेऽत्र शी-आनच् डिव् *Tv*] 1 A cemetery, a burial or burning ground, राजद्वारे श्मशाने च यस्तिष्ठति स बान्धव *Subhās* -2 An oblation to deceased ancestors -**Comp.** -**अग्निः** the fire of a burning ground -**आलयः** a cemetery -**गोचर** *a.* frequenting

burning grounds, श्मशानगोचर स्ते बाह्यानामपि गर्हितम् Ms 10 39 -निवासिन, -वर्तिन, -वासिन m a ghost -भाज्, -वासिन m epithets of Śiva -वाटः an enclosure of the cemetery, Kau A 2 4, Māl 5 -वेदमन् m 1 an epithet of Śiva -2 a spirit, ghost -वैराग्यम् temporary despondency, momentary renunciation of the world as at the sight of a cemetery -शूलः, -लम् an impaling stake in a cemetery, श्मशानशूलस्य न यूपसक्तिया Ku 5 73 -साधनम् performance of magical rites in a cemetery to acquire control over ghosts

श्मश्रु n [श्म मुख श्रूयते लक्ष्यतेऽनेन श्रु-हु, Un 5 28] The beard, moustache, हिरण्यश्मश्रुहिरण्यकेश Oh Up 1 6 6, ज्योतिष्कणाद्वत्श्मश्रु कण्ठनालादपातयत् R 15 52 -Comp -करः a barber -कर्मन् shaving -धरः bearded -प्रवृद्धिः f the growth of a beard, R 13 71 -मुखी a woman with a beard -वर्धकः a barber -शेखरः the cocoa-nut tree

श्मश्रुल a [श्मश्रु विद्यतेऽस्य लच्] Having a beard, bearded, भल्लपवर्जितस्तेषां शिरोभिः श्मश्रुलेर्मही (तस्तार) R 4 63, Ms 11 105

श्मील 1 P (श्मीलति) To wink, contract the eyelids, twinkle

श्मीलनम् Winking, twinkling

श्मीलितम् A wink, blink

श्यान p p [शै-क्] 1 Gone -2 Coagulated, congealed -3 Thick, sticky, viscous -4 Shrunk, dry, slim, शनै श्यानीभूता सितजलधरच्छेदपुलिनै (सरित) Mu 3 7 (v 1), शरदि सरित श्यानपुलिना Bh 2 44 -नम् Smoke

श्याम a [शै-मक Un 1 134] Black, dark-blue, dark coloured, प्रत्याख्यातविशेषक कुरबक श्यामावदातरणम् M 3 5, श्याम द्वयोर्भागयो V 2 7, कुवलयदलश्यामस्निग्ध U 4 19, Me 15, 23 -2 Brown -3 Shady, dusky -4 Dark-green -मः 1 The black colour -2 The green colour -3 A cloud -4 The cuckoo -5 N of a sacred fig-tree at Allahabad on the bank of the Yamunā, अयं च कालिन्दीतटे वट श्यामो नाम U 1, सोय वट श्याम इति प्रतीत R 13 53 -6 The thorn-apple -7 The Tamāla tree, दृश्यन्ते वन्दुजीवाश्च श्यामाश्च गिरिसानुषु Rām 4 30 62 -मम् 1 Sea-salt -2 Black pepper -Comp -अङ्ग a dark (-ङ्गः) the planet Mercury -आनन a having a black face, निर्जित्य च निजामस्य श्यामाननमयी चमूम् Śiva B 3 45 -कण्ठः 1 an epithet of Śiva (नीलकण्ठ) -2 a peacock -कर्णः a horse suitable for a horse-sacrifice (अश्वमेध) -काण्डा, ग्रन्थिः a kind of Dūrvā grass -पत्रः the tamāla tree -भास्, -खचि a glossy-black -वल्ली black pepper -शबलौ the two four-eyed watch-dogs of Yama, of (श्वानौ) चतुरक्षौ शबलौ साधुना पथा Rv 10 14 10 -सुन्दरः an epithet of Kṛishna

श्यामकः 1 A kind of edible grain (कङ्गु) -2 A grammeous plant -कम् A kind of grass, of श्यामक

श्यामल a Black, dark-blue, blackish, दशरथतनय श्यामल शान्तमूर्तिम् Rāma-raksā 26, निशितश्यामलस्निग्धमुखी नात्ति Ve 4, S1 18 36, श्यामलनोरुद्धी U 2 25 -लः 1 Black colour -2 Black pepper -3 A large bee -4 The sacred fig-tree -ल N of Durgā

श्यामलिका The indigo plant

श्यामलिमन् m Blackness, darkness, श्यामा श्यामलिमानमानयत भो सान्द्रैर्मपीकूर्चकै Vb 3 1, तदीयधूमैरिव धूसराङ्गा क्षोणीभुज श्यामलिमानमापु Vikr 10 3

श्यामा 1 Night, particularly a dark night, श्यामा श्यामलिमानमानयत भो सान्द्रैर्मपीकूर्चकै Vb 3 1 -2 Shade, shadow -3 A dark woman -4 A kind of woman (यौवनमध्यस्था according to Malli on N 3 8, S1 8 36, Me 84, or शीते सुखोष्णसर्वाङ्गी ग्रीष्मे या सुखशीतल। तत्तत्तद्वनवर्णाभा सा स्त्री श्यामेति कथ्यते according to one commentator on Bk 5 18 and 8 100) -5 A woman who has borne no children -6 A cow -7 Turmeric -8 The female cuckoo -9 The Priyangu creeper, कृत्वा श्यामावितपसदृश सस्तमुक्त द्वितीयम् M 2 7, Me 106 -10 The indigo plant -11 The holy basil -12 The seed of the lotus -13 N of the Yamunā -14 N of several plants -15 A name or form of Durgā (worshipped by the Tantrikas) -Comp. -चरः a demon, Rākṣasa

श्यामाकः A kind of grain or corn, (न) श्यामाकमुष्टि-परिवर्धितको जहाति S 4 13 (also श्यामक)

श्यामायते Den A To become black, to prove impure (as gold &c), श्यामायते न युष्मासु य काञ्चनमिवाभिषु M 2 10

श्यामिका 1 Blackness, darkness, अपाङ्गयो केवलमस्य दीर्घयो शनै शनै श्यामिकया कृत पदम् Ku 5 21 -2 Impurity, alloy, (of metals &c), हेमन् सलक्ष्यते ह्यमौ विशुद्धि श्यामिकापि वा R 1 10

श्यामित a Blackened, darkened

श्यालः [शै-काल्] A wife's brother, brother-in-law

श्यालकः 1 A wife's brother -2 A wretched brother-in-law

श्यालकी, श्यालिका, श्याली A wife's sister

श्याव a (-वा or -वी f) [शै-वन् Un 1 141] 1 Dark-brown, dark, dusky, कृष्णश्यावच्छविच्छाय षण्मासान् मृत्युलक्षणम् Mb 12 317 13 -2 Bay, brown -वः The brown colour -वा Night -Comp. -तैलः the mango tree -दत्, -दन्त, -दन्तक a brown-toothed, तथा सूर्याभिनिर्मुक्त कुन्खी श्यावदन्तपि Mb 12 34 3, प्रेष्यो ग्रामस्य राज्ञश्च कुन्खी श्यावदन्तक Ms 8 153

श्वेत a (-ता or -नी f) White, ज्योत्स्नाशङ्कामिह वितरति हसदयेनी Ku 5 31 (com तकारस्य च नकार -श्वेतशब्दान् ङीप्) -तः The white colour.

श्येनः [श्यै-इन् Un 2 45] 1 The white colour -2 Whiteness -3 A hawk, falcon -4 Violence -5 Ved A horse -6 A kind of array in battle -Comp -अवपातः the swoop of a hawk, श्येनावपातचकिता वनवर्ति-केव Māl 8 8 -कपोतीय a (from Sibi story) sudden (calamity) -करणम्, करणिका 1 burning on a separate funeral pile -2 a hawk-like, : e rash and desperate, act -चित्, -जीविन् m falconer, Ms 3 164 -पातः the swoop of a hawk or eagle, वडवे इव मगुके श्येनपाते दिवौकसम् Mb 3 133 26

श्यै 1 Ā (श्यायेत, श्यान, शीत or शीन) 1 To go, move -2 To be congealed or coagulated -3 To dry up, wither

श्यैनपाता [श्येनस्य पातोऽत्र अण् मुम् च] Hawkung, hunting, chase, इह विहरणे श्यैनपाता रवेरवधारयन् N 19 12

श्यैनिकशास्त्रम् The science of hunting, Gīrvāna

श्योणाकः, श्योनाकः N of a tree, Bignonia Indica (Mar दिंडा)

श्रङ्क् 1 Ā (श्रङ्क्ते) To go, creep

श्रङ्ग 1 P (श्रङ्गति) To go, move, creep

श्रण् 1 P, 10 U (श्रणति, श्रणयति-ते) To give, give away, bestow (usually with वि), विश्रणयन्तो रत्नानि विविधानि बहूनि च Rām 4 25 31, नि शेषविश्रणितकोशजातम् R 5 1

श्रत् ind A prefix used with the root घा, see श्रद्धा

श्रत् I 1, 9 P (श्रत्ति, श्रत्ति-ते) To hurt, injure, kill -II 1 P, 10 U (श्रत्ति, श्रत्ति-ते) 1 To hurt, kill -2 To untie, loosen, liberate, release -III 10 U (श्रत्ति-ते) 1 To make efforts, be occupied or busy -2 To be weak or in harm -3 To be glad

श्रयनम् 1 Killing, destruction -2 Untying, loosening, release -3 Effort, exertion -4 Tying, binding -5 Delighting repeatedly

श्रद्धान a Having faith, trustful, believing, अज्ञ-श्वाश्रद्धानश्च सगयाःमा विनश्यति Bg 4 40, Ms 7 86

श्रद्धानम् Faith, belief

श्रद्धा 3 U 1 To confide, believe, put faith in (with acc of thing), क श्रद्धास्यति भूतार्थम् Mk 3 24 कामिन्य श्रद्धुरनाजैव नरेषु Śi 8 11, 9 89, U 7 6, श्रद्धे त्रिदशगोप-मात्रके दाहशक्तिमिव कृष्णवर्त्मनि R 11 42 -2 To consent, assent

श्रद्धा a Believing, trusting

श्रद्धा 1 Trust, faith, belief, confidence -2 Belief in divine revelation, religious faith, श्रद्धा वित्त विधिश्चेति त्रितयं तत्समागतम् Ś 7 29, R 2 16, अयति श्रद्धयोपेतो योगात् चलितमानस Bg 6 37, 7 21, 17 3. -3 Sedateness, com-

posure of mind -4 Intimacy, familiarity -5 Respect, reverence -6 Strong or vehement desire, तथापि वैचेत्य-रहरयलुब्धा श्रद्धा विवास्यान्ति सचैतसोऽत्र Vikr 1 13, युद्धश्रद्धा-पुलकेत इव प्राप्तसख्य करेण Mu 6 18 -7 The longing of a pregnant woman -Comp -जाड्यम् blind faith

श्रद्धापनम् A means of inspiring faith

श्रद्धालु a [श्रद्धा-आलुच्] 1 Believing, full of faith -2 Desirous, longing or wishing for (anything), अकाल-कुसुमसमुद्रमश्रद्धालुना भर्ता Ratn 1 -लु f A pregnant woman longing for anything

श्रद्धेय a Trustworthy, श्रद्धेया विप्रलब्धवार K1 11 35

श्रन्थ I 1 Ā (श्रन्थे) 1 To be weak -2 To be loose or relaxed -3 To loosen, relax -II 9 P (श्रन्थति) 1 To loosen, liberate, release -2 To delight repeatedly -III 1, 10 P To bind together, to compose, L D B

श्रन्थ 1 Loosening, liberating -2 Looseness -3 Binding, tying together -4 N of Vishnu

श्रन्थनम् 1 Loosing, untying -2 Hurting, killing, destroying -3 Tying, binding -4 Composing (a book)

श्रन्थित p p 1 Loosed, liberated, let loose -2 Connected, strung or bound together -3 Hurt, injured -4 Overcome, overpowered -5 Delighted

श्रपणम्, -णा Causing to boil, boiling, seething -णः Cooking fire (आहवनीय or गार्हपत्य)

श्रपित p p Boiled or caused to be boiled -2 Seethed -तम् Boiled meat &c -ता Ruce-gruel

श्रम 4 P (श्राम्यति, श्रान्) 1 To exert oneself, take pains, toil, labour -2 To perform austerities, mortify the body (by acts of penance), क्रियच्चिर श्राम्यसि गौरि Ku 5 50 -3 To be wearied or fatigued, be exhausted, रतिश्रान्ता शेते रजनिरमणी गाढमुरासि K P 10, Śi 14 38, Bk 14 110 -4 To be afflicted or distressed, यो वृन्दानि त्वरयति पथि श्राम्यता प्रोषितानाम् Me 101 -Caus (श्र-श्राम्यति-ते) To cause to be fatigued &c -2 To overcome, conquer, subdue

श्रमः [श्रम्-वल् न वृद्धि] 1 Toil, labour, exertion, effort, अल महीपाल तव श्रमेण R 2 34, जानाति हि पुन सम्यक् कविरेव कवे श्रमम् Subhās , R 16 75, Ms 9 208 -2 Weariness, fatigue, exhaustion, विनश्यन्ते स्म तद्योधा मयुर्भिविजय-श्रमम् R 4 65, 67, Me 17, 52, K1 5 28 -3 Affliction, distress, देशकालविचारीद श्रमव्यायामनि स्वनम् Mb 14 45 2 -4 Penance, austerity, mortification of the body, दिव यदि प्रार्थयसे वृथा श्रम Ku 5 45 -5 (a) Exercise, अयोद्धेन च श्रममकरोत् K 76 (b) Especially military exercise, drill -6 Hard study -7 = आश्रम q v , तदा स पर्यावृत्ते श्रमाय Mb 3 114 5 -Comp -अम्बु n , -जलम्, -सलिलम् perspiration, sweat, सपेदे श्रमसलिलोद्गमो विभूषाम् K1 7. 5 -आर्त a oppressed by fatigue, Ms 8. 67.

-कर्षित *a* worn out by fatigue -झी Cucurbita Lagenaria (Mar दु'या भोपळा) -मञ्जरी the Nāgavēla plant -विनोद the act of dispelling fatigue -साध्य *a* to be accomplished by dint of labour -स्थानम् *a* drill-ground, gymnasium &c

श्रमण *a* (-णा, -णी *f*) [श्रम्-युच्] 1 Labouring, toiling -2 Low, base, vile -3 Naked -णः 1 An ascetic, a devotee, religious mendicant in general, श्रमणोऽश्रमण (भवति) Bri Up 4 3 22, Mb 12 154 21, Bhāg 5 3 20 -2 A Buddhist or Jain ascetic -3 A beggar -णा, -णी 1 A female devotee or mendicant -2 A lovely woman -3 A woman of low caste -4 A hard-working woman -5 Bengal madder -6 The spikenard -णम् Toil, exertion

श्रमणायते Den *Ā* To become a beggar, monk or ascetic

श्रमिन् *a* 1 Laborious, toiling, diligent -2 Undergoing fatigue or exertions -3 Tiring, fatiguing

श्रम् 1 *Ā* (श्रम्ते, श्रध्) 1 To be careless or inattentive, be negligent -2 To err -3 To trust, confide

श्रयः, श्रयणम् [श्रि-वल् ल्युट् वा] Refuge, shelter, protection, asylum, (see आश्रय)

श्रवः [शृणोत्यनेन श्रु-अप्] 1 Hearing, as in सुश्रव, अश्रु-दृष्ट श्रवादेव पुरुष धर्मचारिणम् Mb 13 104 10 -2 The ear, इन्द्रनीलोत्पलश्रवा Rām 3 42 16 -3 The hypotenuse of a triangle -4 Flowing, oozing (for स्रव) -5 Fame, glory -Comp -पत्रम् an ear-ring, सोऽस्या श्रव पत्रयुगे प्रणाली-रेखेव धावत्यभिकर्णकूपम् N 7 62

श्रवणः, -णम् [शृणोत्यनेन श्रु-करणे ल्युट्] 1 The ear, श्रवति मधुपसमूहे श्रवणमपिदधाति Git 5, श्रवणाञ्जलिपुटपेय विरचितवान् भारताख्यममृतं य Ve 1 4 -2 The hypotenuse of a triangle -णः, -णा 1 N of a lunar mansion containing three stars -णम् 1 The act of hearing, श्रवणसुभगम् Me 11 -2 Study -3 Fame, glory -4 That which is heard or revealed, the Veda, इति श्रवणात् 'because of such a Vedic text' -5 Wealth -6 Flowing, oozing -7 (In phil) The determining by means of the six signs the true doctrine of the Vedānta -Comp -अधिकारिन् *m* a speaker, addresser -इन्द्रियम् the sense of hearing, the ear -उत्पलम् *a* lotus fastened in the ear -उदरम् the hollow of the outer ear -कातरता anxiety for hearing -गोचर *a* within the range of hearing (-रः) ear-shot, as in श्रवणगोचरे तिष्ठ 'be within ear-shot' -पथः, -विषयः the reach or range of the ear, वृत्तान्तेन श्रवणविषयप्रापिणा R 14 87 -पुरुष *a* 1 hard to be listened to -2 hard to the ear -पालिः, -ली *f* the tip of the ear -पाश *a* beautiful ear -पुटकः the auditory passage -पूरकः an ear-ring or any such ornament -प्राप्तुणिकः coming to any one's ear -श्रुत *a* spoken of -सुभग *a* pleasing to the ear, वचस्तस्याकर्ण्य

श्रवणसुभग पण्डितपतेरबुन्वन् मूर्धानं तृपशुरथवाय पशुपति Jagan-nātha-pandita

श्रवस् *n* 1 The ear -2 Fame, glory, बृहच्छ्रवा (देवर्षि) Bhāg 1 5 1 -3 Wealth -4 Hymn -5 A praise-worthy action -6 Sound, गन्धाकृति स्पर्शरसश्रवासि Bhāg 5 11 10 -7 A stream, channel

श्रवस्यम् Fame, glory, renown

श्रवस्यति Den P 1 To wish for fame or glory -2 To long for १ sacrifice or oblation

श्रवाप्यः, -य्यः [श्रु-आप्य Un 3 96] An animal fit for sacrifice -*a* fit to be celebrated, praised

श्रविष्ठा N of a lunar asterism, also called *Dhanuṣṭha* -2 The asterism called श्रवणा -Comp. -जः, -भूः the planet Mercury -रमणः the moon

श्रव्य *a* Worth-hearing, praiseworthy

श्रा 2 P (श्राति, श्राण or श्रात, -Caus अपयति-ते) 1 To cook, boil, dress, mature, ripen -2 To sweat or cause to sweat, heat

श्राण *a* 1 Cooked, dressed, boiled -2 Wet, moist -णम् Boiled meat &c

श्राणा Rice-gruel

श्राद्ध *a* [श्रद्धा हेतुत्वेनास्त्यस्य अण्] Faithful, believing -द्धम् 1 A funeral rite or ceremony performed in honour of the departed spirits of dead relatives, श्रद्धया दीयते यस्मात्तस्माच्छ्राद्धं निगद्यते, it is of three kinds - नित्य, नैमित्तिक, and काम्य, य सगतानि कुरुते मोहाच्छ्राद्धेन मानव Ms 3 140 -2 An obsequial oblation, a gift or offering at a Śrāddha, विहाय शोक यस्मात्मा ददौ श्राद्धमनुत्तमम् Mb 14 62 1 सर्व श्रद्धया दत्त श्राद्धम् Pratimā 5 -Comp -कर्मन् *n*, -क्रिया *a* funeral ceremony -कृत् *m* the performer of a funeral rite -दः the offerer of a Śrāddha or funeral oblation -दिनः, -नम् the anniversary of the death of a relative in whose honour a Śrāddha is performed -देवः, -देवता 1 a deity presiding over funeral rites -2 an epithet of Yama -3 a Viśvadeva q v -4 a Pitri or progenitor -भुज् *a* eating food prepared at a श्राद्ध, श्राद्धभुज्पत्नीतत्प तदह्योऽधिगच्छति Ms 3 250 -भुज्, -भोक्तृ *m* a deceased ancestor -मित्रः making friends through a श्राद्ध, cf श्राद्धम् (1) above, स स्वर्गाच्च्यवते लोकाच्छ्राद्धमित्रो द्विजाधम Ms 3 140

श्राद्धिक *a* (-की *f*) [श्राद्धे-देयम्, श्राद्ध तद्द्रव्यं भक्ष्यत्वेनास्त्यस्य वा ठञ्] Relating to a Śrāddha -कः The recipient of an obsequial offering -कम् A present given at a Śrāddha, श्राद्धिक प्रतिग्रह च (नाधीयीत) Ms 4 116

श्राद्धीय *a* Relating to a Śrāddha

श्राद्धेय *a* Fit for श्राद्ध, अश्राद्धेयानि धान्यानि कोद्रवा पुलकास्तथा Mb. 13 91 38.

श्रान्त *p p* [श्रम्-क्] 1 Worned, tired, fatigued, exhausted, आरभेतैव कर्माणि श्रान्त श्रान्त पुन पुन Ms 9 30 -2 Calmed, tranquil -तः An ascetic -Comp. -संवाहनम् soothing or relieving the wearied

श्रान्तिः *f* [श्रम्-क्तिन्] Fatigue, exhaustion, weariness

श्रामः 1 A month -2 Time -3 A temporary shed

श्रायः [श्रि-वच्] Shelter, protection, refuge, asylum

श्रावः [श्रु-वच्] 1 Hearing, listening -2 Flowing, oozing

श्रावकः [श्रि-वृल्] 1 A hearer -2 A pupil, disciple, श्रावकावस्थायाम् Māl 10 'in their pupilage' -3 A class of Buddhist saints or votaries -4 A Buddhist votary in general -5 A heretic -6 A crow -7 A sound audible from afar

श्रावण *a* (-णी *f*) [श्रवण-अण्] 1 Relating to the ear -2 Born under the asterism Śravana -3 Enjoined in the Veda, विधिना श्रावणेनैव कुर्यात् कर्माण्यतन्द्रित Mb 12 21 16 -ण. 1 N of a lunar month (corresponding to July-August) -2 A heretic -3 An impostor -4 N of a Vaiśya ascetic unwittingly shot dead by king Daśaratha who was in consequence cursed by his old parents that he would die of broken-heart separated from his sons -णम् 1 Causing to be heard -2 Knowledge derived from hearing

श्रावणिक *a* [श्रावणी अस्त्यस्मिन् मासे ठन्] Relating to the month Śravana -कः The month called Śravana

श्रावणी 1 The day of full moon in Śravana -2 N of an annual ceremony performed on this day when the sacred thread is put on anew

श्रावित *a* Told, narrated, related, made to hear, or learn -तम् 1 (In ritual) Call, exclamation -2 Request, श्रोतुमर्हसि दीनस्य श्रावित रूपया मुने Bhāg 3 22 8

श्राव्य *a* 1 To be heard (opp दृश्य) -2 Audible, distant

श्रावस्तिः, -स्ती *f* N of a city north of the Ganges (said to have been founded by king Śrāvasta)

श्रि 1 U (श्रयति-ते, शिष्याय-शिष्ये, अशिष्ययन्-न्, श्रयिष्यति-ते, श्रयितुम्, श्रित, *Uaus* श्राययति-ते, *desid* शिश्रीषति-ते, शिश्रियिषति-ते) 1 To go to, approach, resort to, have recourse to, approach for protection, य देश श्रयते तमेव कुरुते बाहु-प्रतापाजितम् H 1 150, R 3 70, 19 1, श्रितासि चन्दनश्रान्त्या दुर्विपाक विषदुम् U 1 46 -2 To go or attain to, reach, undergo, assume (as a state), परीता रक्षोभि श्रयति विवशा कामपि दशाम् Bv 1 83, द्विपेन्द्रभाव कलभ श्रयन्निव R 3 32 -3 To cling to, lean or rest on, depend on, नील स्निग्ध श्रयति शिखरं नूतनस्तोयवाह U 1 33 -4 To dwell in, inhabit -5 To honour, serve, worship -6 To use, employ -7 To devote oneself to, be attached to -8 To assist, help.

श्रित *p p* [श्रि-क्] 1 Gone to, approached, approached for refuge or protection -2 Clung to, resting or sitting on -3 United or joined with, connected with -4 Protected -5 Honoured, served -6 Subservient, auxiliary -7 Covered with, overspread -8 Contained -9 Assembled, collected -10 Having, possessing -Comp -क्षम *a* composed, tranquil -सत्त्व *a* one who has taken courage

श्रितिः *f* Resort, recourse, approach

श्रित = शृत *q v* Cooked, अय सर्व समस्ताङ्ग श्रित कुण्ड-मृगो मया Rām 2 56 28

श्रिष् 1 P (श्रेषति) To burn

श्री 9 U (श्रीणाति, श्रीणीते) 1 To cook, dress, boil, prepare -2 To diffuse light, श्रीणन्तुप स्याद् दिव सुरण्यु Rv 1 68 1

श्री *f* [श्रि-क्विप् नि० Un 2 57] 1 Wealth, riches, affluence, prosperity, plenty, अनिवेद त्रियो मूलम् Rām, साहसे श्री प्रतिवसति Mk 4 'fortune favours the brave', कर्माप्यारभमाण हि पुरुष श्रीनिषेवते Ms 9 300, K1 7 28 -2 Royalty, majesty, royal wealth, श्रिय कुरुणामधिपस्य पालनीम् K1 1 1 -3 Dignity, high position, state, श्री-लक्षण Ku 7 45 'the marks or insignia of greatness or dignity', दुराराध्या श्रियो राज्ञा दुरापा दुष्परिग्रहा Pt 1 67, विद्युल्लेखाकनकचरि श्रीवितान ममाध्रम् V 4 13 -4 Beauty, grace, splendour, lustre, (सुख) कमलश्रिय दधौ Ku 5 21, 7 32, R 3 8 -5 Colour, aspect, तेषामाविरभूद् ब्रह्मा परि-म्लानमुखश्रियाम् Ku 2 2 -6 The goddess of wealth, Lakṣmī, the wife of Viṣṇu, आसीदिय दशरथस्य गृहे यथा श्री U 4 6, S 3 14, S1 1 1 -7 Any virtue or excellence -8 Decoration -9 Intellect, understanding -10 Super-human power -11 The three objects of human existence taken collectively (वर्म, अर्थ and काम) -12 The Sarala tree -13 The Bilva tree -14 Cloves -15 A lotus -16 The twelfth digit of the moon -17 N of Sarasvatī, (the goddess of speech) -18 Speech -19 Fame, glory -20 The three Vedas (वेदत्रयी), श्रिया विहीनैर्येनैर्नीस्तिकै सप्रवर्तितम् Mb 12 10 20 ('ऋच सामानि यजूषि। सा हि श्रीरमृता सताम्' इति श्रुते। com) -m N of one of the six *Rāgas* or musical modes -a Splendid, radiant, adorning (The word श्री is often used as an honorific prefix to the names of deities and eminent persons, श्रीकृष्णः, श्रीराम, श्रीबाल्मीकि, श्रीजयदेव, also celebrated works, generally of a sacred character, श्रीभागवत, श्रीरामायण &c, it is also used as an auspicious sign at the commencement of letters, manuscripts &c, Māgha has used this word in the last stanza of each canto of his Śisūpālavadha, as Bhāravi has used लक्ष्मी) -Comp. -आहम् *a* lotus -ईशः an epithet of Viṣṇu -कण्ठः an epithet of Śiva, श्रीकण्ठपदलाञ्छन (सबभूति) Mv 1 4/5 -2 of the poet Bhavabhūta, श्रीकण्ठपदलाञ्छन U. 1. सख an epithet of Kubera -करः an epithet of

Visnu (-रम्) the red lotus -करणम् a pen -करणादिः a chief secretary Inscr -रान्तः an epithet of Visnu -कारः the word 'श्री' written at the top of a letter, (as an auspicious beginning) -कारिन् m a kind of antelope -कुच्छः a kind of penance -खण्डः, -ण्डम् sandal wood, श्रीखण्डविलेपनं सुखयति H 1 97 -गदितम् a kind of minor drama -गर्भः 1 an epithet of Visnu -2 a sword -ग्रहः a trough or place for watering birds -ग्रामरः an epithet of Nārāyaṇa -घनम् sour curds (-नः) a Buddhist saint -चक्रम् 1 the circle of the earth, the globe -2 a wheel of Indra's car -3 A diagram for the worship of त्रिपुरसुन्दरी in Tantra rituals -4 An astrological division of the body (representing the public region) -जः an epithet of Kāma -तालः a kind of palm tree -3. an epithet of Kubera -दयितः, -धरः epithets of Visnu -नगरम् N of two old towns (one in Cawnpur district and the other in Bundelkhand), Rv 1 T, H -नन्दनः 1 an epithet of Kāma -2 (in music) a kind of measure -निकेतनः, -निवासः epithets of Visnu -पञ्चमी the fifth day of the bright half of Māgha (a festival in honour of the goddess of learning, Sarasvatī) -पतिः 1 an epithet of Visnu, श्रीपति पतिरसावनेश्च परस्परम् Si 13 69 -2 a king, sovereign -पथः a main road, high way -पर्णम् a lotus -पर्णी the silk cotton tree -पर्वतः N of a mountain, Māl 1 -पिष्टः turpentine -पुत्रः 1 N of Cupid, निर्जितु निखलजगत्सु मानुषाणि श्रीपुत्रे चरति पदैव शीतरश्मि Rām ch 7 11 -2 the moon -3 N of the horse of Indra -पुष्पम् 1 cloves -2 a fragrant wood (पञ्चमूल) -प्रसूनम् cloves -फलः the Bilva tree (-लम्) 1 the Bilva fruit, स्तनयुगल श्रीफलश्रीविडम्बि Vikr, Ms 5 120 -2 a coconut -फला, -फली 1 the indigo plant -2 emblem myrobalan -घ्रातृ m 1 the moon -2 a horse -मकुटम् gold -मस्तकः garlic -मुद्रा a particular mark on the forehead by the Vaisnavas -मूर्तिः f 1 an idol of Visnu or Lakṣmī -2 any idol -युक्तः, -युता a 1 fortunate, happy -2 wealthy, prosperous (often used as an honorific prefix to the names of men) -3 famous, illustrious -रङ्गः an epithet of Visnu -रसः 1 turpentine -2 resin -वत्सः 1 an epithet of Visnu -2 a mark or curl of hair on the breast of Visnu, प्रभानुलिता श्रीवत्स लक्ष्मीविभ्रमदर्पणम् R 10 10 -3 a hole in a wall made by a house-breaker अङ्कः, वारिन्, मृत्, लक्ष्मन्, लाञ्छन m epithets of Visnu, तमभ्यगच्छन् प्रथमो विधाता श्रीवत्सलक्ष्मा पुरुषश्च साक्षात् Ku 7 43 -वत्सकिन् m a horse having a curl of hair on his breast -वरः, -वल्लभः epithets of Visnu -वर्धनः an epithet of Siva -वल्लभः a favourite of fortune, a happy or fortunate person, Pt 1 45 -वासः 1 an epithet of Visnu -2 of Siva -3 a lotus -4 turpentine -वासस् m turpentine -वृक्षः 1 the Bilva tree -2 the Aśvattha or sacred fig-tree, वक्ष श्रीवृक्षकान्तं मधुकरनिकरश्यामलं शाङ्गपाणि Visnupāda S 28 -3 a curl of hair on the breast and forehead of a

horse किन् having such mark, श्रीवृक्षकी पुरुषकोनमिताग्रकाय Si 5 56 -वेष्टः 1 turpentine -2 resin -संक्षम् cloves -सहोदरः the moon -सिद्धिः N of the 16th Yoga (in astrol) -सूक्तम् N of a Vedic hymn (Rv 1 165) -हरिः an epithet of Visnu -हस्तिनी the sun-flower

श्रियमन्य a 1 Thinking oneself worthy -2 Proud

श्रियापतिः An epithet of Siva, also श्रियावासिन् m

श्रीमत् a 1 Wealthy, rich -2 Happy, fortunate, prosperous, thriving -3 Beautiful, pleasing, श्रिय पति श्रीमति शासितु जगत् Si 1 1 -4 Famous, celebrated, glorious, dignified, (the word is often used as a respectful affix to celebrated or revered names of persons and things as श्रीमद्भागवत, श्रीमच्छंकराचार्य &c) -m 1 An epithet of Visnu -2 Of Kubera -3 Of Siva -4 The Tilaka tree -5 The Aśvattha tree -6 A parrot -7 A bull kept for breeding

श्रील a 1 Rich, wealthy -2 Fortunate, prosperous -3 Beautiful -4 Famous, celebrated

श्रु I 1 P (श्रवति) To go, move, cf शु -II 5 P (शृणोति, शृणुवाच, अश्रौषीत्, श्रोष्यति, श्रोतुम्, श्रुत) 1 To hear, listen to, give ear to, शृणु मे सावशेषं वच V 2, स्तानि चाश्रोषत षट्पदानाम् Bk 2 10, संदेश मे तदनु जलदं श्रोष्यसि श्रोत्रपेयम् Me 13, 102 -2 To learn, study, द्वादशवर्षाभिव्याकरणं श्रूयते Pt 1 -3 To be attentive, to obey (इति श्रूयते 'it is so heard', : e is enjoined in the scriptures, such is the sacred precept) -Caus (आवयति-ने) To cause to hear, communicate, tell, relate, inform, आबितोऽमात्यमदेशं स्तनकलशं Mu 4 -Desid (शुश्रूषते) 1 To wish to hear -2 To be attentive or obedient, obey, वाक्यं नैव करोति बान्धवजनो पत्नी न शुश्रूषते Pt 4 78 (where the word may have the next sense also) -3 To serve, wait or attend upon, शुश्रूषस्व गुरुं S 4 17, Ku 1 59, Ms 2 244

श्रुत p p [श्रु-क्त] 1 Heard, listened to -2 Reported, heard of -3 Learnt, ascertained, understood -4 Well-known, famous, celebrated, renowned, श्रुतानुभावं शरणं ब्रज भावेन भाविनि Bhāg 3 32 11, श्रुतस्य किं तत् सदृशं कुलस्य R 14 61, 3 40 -5 Named, called -6 Promised, तदवश्यं त्वया कार्यं यदनेन श्रुतं मम Rām 2 18 21 -7 Vedic, like Vedas (वेदरूप), गिर श्रुतायां पुष्पिण्या मधुगन्धेन भूरिणा Bhāg 4 2 25 -तम् 1 The object of hearing -2 That which was heard by revelation : e the Veda, holy learning, sacred knowledge, श्रुतप्रकाशम् R 5 2 -3 Learning in general (विद्या), श्रोत्रं श्रुतेनैव न कुण्डलेन (विभाति) Bh 2 71, R 3 21, 5 22, अमिहोत्रफलं वेदा शीलवित्तफलं श्रुतम् Pt 2 150, 4 68 -4 The act of hearing, योगे बुद्धिः, श्रुते सत्त्व, मनो ब्रह्मणि धारयन् Mb 12 177 31 -Comp. -अध्ययनम् study of the Vedas -अन्वित a conversant with the Vedas -अर्थः a fact verbally or orally communicated आपति see अर्थापत्ति -ऋषिः a class of sages like Śūśruta, L D B -कीर्ति a famous, renowned. (-m) 1 a generous man. -2 a divine sage.

(-f) N of the wife of Satrugna -देवी N of Sarasvati -धर a remembering what is heard, retentive (-र.) the ear, राष्ट्रमुत्तरपाञ्चाल याति श्रुतधरान्वित Bhāg 4 25 51 -श्रवस् m N of the father of Sisupala अनुज the planet Saturn

श्रुतवत् a Knowing the Veda, proficient in sacred knowledge or learning in general, अपथे पदमर्पयन्ति हि श्रुतवन्तोऽपि रजोनिर्मलित R 9 74

श्रुतिः f [श्रुक्ति] 1 Hearing, चन्द्रस्य ग्रहणमिति श्रुते Mu 1 7, R 1 27 -2 The ear, श्रुतिमुखमरस्वनगीतय R 9 35, Śi 1 1, Ve 3 23 -3 Report, rumour, news, oral intelligence -4 A sound in general, सा तु वेदश्रुति श्रुत्वा दृष्ट्वा वै तपसो निधिम् Rām 7 2 17, स वेति गन्धाश्च रसान् श्रुतीश्च Mb 12 187 19 -5 The Veda (known by revelation, opp स्मृति, see under वेद), श्रुतिस्तु वेदो विज्ञेयो वर्मशास्त्र तु वै स्मृति Ms 2 10, 14 -6 A Vedic or sacred text, इति श्रुते or इति श्रुति 'so says a sacred text' -7 Vedic or sacred knowledge, holy learning, यज्ञेया सात्वती श्रुति Bhāg 1 4 7, 11 3 46 -8 (In music) A division of the octavo, a quarter tone or interval, रणाद्विराचट्टनया नमस्वन पृथग्विभिन्नश्रुतिमण्डलै स्वरै Śi 1 10, 11 1, (see Malli ad loc) -9 The constellation Śravaṇa -10 The diagonal of a tetragon, the hypotenuse of a triangle, cf कर्ण -11 Direct or expressed signification (opp लक्षणा), श्रुतिलक्षणाविशये च श्रुतिन्यास्या न लक्षणा ŚB on MS 6 2 20 -12 Speech (वाक्), विविक्तवर्णाभरण सुखश्रुति K1 14 3 -13 Name, fame (कीर्ति), हेरण्यौ भवतो बाहू श्रुतिर्भवति पार्थिवौ Mb 3 35 9 -14 A word, saw, saying, Rām 2 72 25 -15 An explanation of ब्रह्म from the उपनिषद्, विविवाश्रौपनिषदीरात्मसंसिद्धये श्रुती Ms 6 29 (com श्रुतीरुपनिषत्पठितब्रह्मप्रतिपादकवाक्यानि) -16 Advantage, gain (फलश्रुति), उपोष्य सशितो भूत्वा हित्वा वेदकृता श्रुती Mb 12 265 7 -17 Name, title, विभ्रत्यनन्याविषया लोकपाल इति श्रुतिम् Kāv 2 331 -18 Learning -19 Scholarship -Comp. -अनुप्रासः a kind of alliteration, see K P 9 -अर्थः the sense of a sentence derived on the strength of the श्रुतिप्रमाण as distinguished from लिङ्ग, वाक्य and other प्रमाण, यत्र श्रुत्यर्थो न सम्भवति तत्र वाक्यार्थो गृह्यते ŚB on MS 6 2 14 -उक्त, -उदित a enjoined by the Vedas, आचार परमो वर्म श्रुयुक्त स्मार्त एव च Ms 1 108 -कटः 1 a snake -2 penance, expiation -कटु a harsh to hear (-दुः) a harsh or unmelodious sound, regarded as a fault of composition -कथित a enjoined or prescribed by the Vedas -चोदनम्, -नः a scriptural injunction, Vedic precept -जातिविशारद a familiar with different kinds of quarter tones, वीणावादनतत्त्वज्ञ श्रुतिजातिविशारद । तालज्ञश्चाप्रयासेन मोक्षमार्गं नियच्छति ॥ Y 3 115. -जीविका a law-book or code of laws -दूषक a offending the ear -द्वैधम् disagreement or contradiction of Vedas or Vedic precepts, श्रुतिद्वैधं तु यत्र स्यात्तत्र धर्मावुभौ स्मृतौ Ms 2 14 -धर a 1 hearing -2 having a retentive memory, L D B -निदर्शनम् evidence of the Vedas, कामकार-

कृतेऽप्याहुरेके श्रुतिनिदर्शनात् Ms 11 45 -पथः 1 the range of the ear, तामाश्रित्य श्रुतिषयगतामास्थया लब्धमूल M 4 1 -2 (pl) tradition -प्रसादन a grateful to the ear -प्रामाण्यम् authority or sanction of the Vedas -प्रामाण्यतः ind on the authority of the Veda, श्रुति-प्रामाण्यतो विद्वान् स्वधर्मे निविशेत वै Ms 2 8 -मण्डलम् 1 the outer ear -2 the whole circle of the quarter-tones, Śi 1 10 -महत् a rich in scriptural lore, सरस्वती श्रुतिमहता महीयताम् Ś 7 35 (च 1 श्रुतमहताम्) -मूलम् 1 the root of the ear, लपितु किमपि श्रुतिमूले Gīt 1 -2 a Vedic text -मूलक a founded on the Veda -वचनम् a Vedic precept -वर्जित a 1 deaf -2 not knowing the Vedas -विप्रतिपन्न a 1 not recognizing the authority of the scriptures, disregarding the Vedas -2 contrary to the Vedas -विवरम् the auditory passage -विशेषणार्थम् ind for specialization in the Vedas, Svapna 1 -विषयः 1 the object of the sense of hearing : a sound, श्रुतिविषयगुणा या स्थिता व्याप्य विश्वम् Ś 1 1 -2 the reach or range of the ear, एतत् प्रायेण श्रुतिविषयमापतितमेव K -3 the subject matter of the Veda -4 any sacred ordinance -वेधः boring the ear -शिखरम्, -शिखर 1 Upanisad or Vedānta, नम सर्वेष्टाय श्रुतिशिखरदृष्टाय च नम Viṣṇu-mahimna 30 -2 a leading text of the Veda -सुख, -मनोहर a agreeable to the ear, melodious, श्रुतिमुखमुपवीणित सहायै K1 10 38 -स्फोटा Gynandropsis Pentaphylla (Mar तिलवण) -स्मृति f (dual) revelation and legal institutes, Veda and law, श्रुतिस्मृति-पुराणोक्तफलप्राप्त्यर्थम् Pūjā mantra -हारिन् a captivating the ear

श्रुती = श्रुति above

श्रुवः 1 A sacrifice -2 A sacrificial ladle

श्रुवा A sacrificial ladle, cf सुवा -Comp. -वृक्षः the Vāṅkātā tree

श्रुष्टिः f Ved. 1 Hearing -2 Help, assistance -3 A boon (वर) -4 Prosperity, happiness

श्रेढी A progression (in math). -Comp. -फलम् the sum of a progression.

श्रेणिः m, f, -श्रेणी f. [श्रिणि वा ङीप् Un 4 51] 1 A line, series, row, तरङ्गभूभङ्गा क्षुभितविहङ्गश्रेणिरसना V. 4 28, न पदपदश्रेणिभिरिव पङ्कज सशैवलासगमपि प्रकाशते Ku 5 9; Me 28, 37 -2 A flock, multitude, group, U 4 -3 A guild or company of traders, artisans &c, corporate body, न त्वा प्रकृतय सर्वा श्रेणीमुख्याश्च भूषिता Rām 2 26 14, Ms 8 41, Bhāg 2 8. 18 -4 A bucket -5 The fore or upper part of anything -Comp. -धर्माः (m pl) the customs of trades or guilds, Ms 8 41 -बद्ध, -बन्ध a forming a row, being in a line, श्रेणीबन्धाद्वितन्वद्भि-रस्तम्भा तोरणस्रजम् R. 1 41

श्रेणिकः A front-tooth.

श्रेणिका A tent

श्रेणीभू 1 P To be arranged in regular order.

श्रेणी 1 A succession of distinct things -2 (In math) Progression -3 Sequence -Comp. -फलम् the sum of a progression -व्यवहारः the determination of progression

श्रेमन् m Superiority, pre-eminence, सूर्यस्य पदय श्रेमाण यो न तन्द्रयेते चरन् Art Br 7 15 16

श्रेयस् a [अतिशयेन प्रशस्यम् ईयस्सु आदेश] 1 Better, preferable, superior, वर्धनाद्रक्षण श्रेय H 3 3, श्रेयान् स्वधर्मो विगुण परधर्मात् स्वनुष्ठितात् । स्वधर्मे निधन श्रेय परधर्मो भयावह ॥ Bg 3 35, 2 5 -2 Best, most excellent, quite desirable, श्रेयो ह्यस्माकमेव हि Māl 1 13 -3 More happy or fortunate -4 More blessed, dearer (compar of प्रशस्य q v) -n 1 Virtue, righteous deeds, moral or religious merit -2 Bliss, good fortune, blessing, good, welfare, felicity, a good or auspicious result, पूर्वाधीरित श्रेयो दुःख हि परिवर्तते S 7 18, विष्णु मासुपरिस्थितश्रेयोऽवसानिन्म् S 6, प्रतिबन्धति हि श्रेय पूज्यपूजाव्यतिक्रम R 1 79, U 5 27, 7 20, R 5 34 -3 Any good or auspicious occasion, S 7 -4 Final beatitude, absolution -Comp. -अभिकाङ्क्षिन् a desiring bliss or welfare, न राज्ञ प्रतिगृह्णन्ति श्रेय श्रेयोऽभिकाङ्क्षिण Ms 4 91 -अर्थिन् a 1 seeking happiness, desirous of felicity -2 Wishing well -कर a 1 promoting happiness, favourable, किञ्चिच्छ्रेयस्करतर कर्मोक्त पुरुष प्रति Ms 12 84 -2 propitious, auspicious -परिश्रमः striving after absolution.

श्रेयसी 1 Yellow myrobalan -2 Long pepper

श्रेयस्त्वम् Betterness, superiority, ब्राह्मण्यमप्यनार्यानु श्रेयस्त्व क्वेति चेद्भवेत् Ms 10 66

श्रेष्ठ a 1 Best, most excellent, pre-eminent (with gen or loc) -2 Most happy or prosperous -3 Most beloved, dearest -4 Oldest, senior -घः 1 A Brāhmaṇa, -2 A king -3 N of Kubera -4 N of Viṣṇu -घम् 1 Cow's milk -2 Copper -Comp. -अन्वय a descended from an excellent family -अम्लम् the fruit of the tamarind -आश्रमः 1 the best order of one's religious life, 2 e that of a householder -2 a householder -काष्ठः Tectona Grandis (Mar साग) (-घम्) the main pillar of a house -वाच् a eloquent. -वेधिका musk

श्रेष्ठिन् m [श्रेष्ठ घनादिकमस्त्यस्य इति] The head or president of a mercantile or other guild, निक्षेपे पतिते हर्म्ये श्रेष्ठि स्तौति स्वदेवताम् Pt 1 14 -Comp -चत्वरम् the part of a city where merchants live, स खलु श्रेष्ठिचत्वरे निवसति Mk 2

श्रै 1 P (श्रायति) 1 To sweat, perspire -2 To cook, boil

श्रैष्ठ्यम् Superiority, pre-eminence, excellence

श्रोण 1 P (श्रोणति) 1 To collect, heap -2 To be collected or accumulated

श्रोण a Crippled, lame -णः A kind of disease

श्रोणा 1 Rice-gruel -2 The constellation Śravaṇa, Bhāg 7 14 23

श्रोणिः, -णी f [श्रोण् इन् वा णीप् Un 4 53] 1 The hip or loins, the buttocks, श्रोणीभारादलसगमना Me 84, श्रोणीभारस्त्यजति तनुताम् K P 10, S 1 8 31 -2 A road, way -Comp -तटः the slope of the hips -फलकम् 1 the broad hips -2 the buttocks -बिम्बम् 1 the round hips, रथाङ्गनामन् विद्युतो रथाङ्गश्रोणिबिम्बया V 4 37 -2 a waist-band -सूत्रम् 1 a string worn round the loins -2 a sword-belt, श्रोणिस्त्र च खड्ग च विमल कमलक्ष्ण Rām 7 6 65

श्रोतस् n [श्रु-अश्रुत् तुद् च] 1 The ear -2 The trunk of an elephant -3 An organ of sense -4 The stream or current (for श्रोतस् q v) -Comp. -रन्ध्रम् an aperture of the trunk, a nostril, श्रोतोरन्ध्रध्वनितमुग दन्तिभि पीयमान Me 44, (also written श्रोतोरन्ध्र)

श्रोतृ m 1 A hearer -2 A pupil

श्रोत्रम् [श्रुतेऽनेन श्रु-करणे-घृन्] 1 The ear, श्रोत्रं श्रुतेनैव न कुण्डलेन Bh 2 71 -2 Proficiency in the Vedas -3 The Veda -Comp. -पदवी the range of hearing -परस्परा successive oral report -पालिः, -पुटः the lobe of the ear -पेय a to be imbibed by the ear, to be attentively heard, संदेश मे तदनु जलद् श्रोत्रपेयसि श्रोत्रपेयम् Me 18 -मूलम् the root of the ear -वादिन् a obedient -सुख a melodious, agreeable to the ear

श्रोत्रिय a [छन्दो वेदमवीते वेति वा छन्दस् च श्रोत्रादेश, cf. P V 2 84] 1 Proficient or versed in the Veda -2 Teachable, tractable. -3 Modest, well-behaved -यः A learned Brāhmaṇa, one well-versed in sacred learning, जन्मना ब्राह्मणो ज्ञेय सस्कारैर्द्विज उच्यते । विद्यया याति विप्रत्वं त्रिभि श्रोत्रिय उच्यते ॥, ते श्रोत्रियास्तत्त्वविनिश्चयाय भूरि श्रुत शाश्वतमाद्रियन्ते Māl 1 5, R 16 25 -Comp -स्वम् the property of a learned Brāhmaṇa, राजस्व श्रोत्रियस्व च न योगेन प्रणश्यति Ms 8 149

श्रोत्र a (-ती f) [श्रुतौ विहितम् अण्] 1 Relating to the ear -2 Relating to, founded on, or prescribed by, the Veda -3 Sacrificial -4 Audible, expressed in plain language (as a simile, opp to आर्थ implied) -तम् 1 Any observance prescribed by the Vedas -2 Ritual enjoined by the Vedas -3 Preservation or maintenance of the sacred fire -4 The three sacred fires collectively, (1 e गार्हपत्य, आहवनीय and दक्षिण) -Comp -कर्मन् n a Vedic rite -मार्गः hearing -सूत्रम् N of a class of Sūtra works based on the Veda (ascribed to आश्वलायन, साख्यायन, कात्यायन &c)

श्रोत्रम् [श्रोत्र-स्वार्थे अण्] 1 The ear -2 Proficiency in the Vedas -a Relating to the ear, यश्चायमभ्यासं श्रोत्र प्रातिश्रुत्करतेजोमयोऽप्युतमय पुरुष. Brā Up 2 5. 6

श्रीषट् *and* An exclamation or formula used in making an offering with fire to the gods or departed spirits, of वषट् or वीषट्

श्रुक्ष्ण *a* [श्रिष्-क्स्न नि० Un 3 19] 1 Soft, gentle, mild, bland (as words &c), उवाच वचन श्रुक्ष्ण भूतभावनमव्ययम् Mb 1 7 19 -2 Smooth, polished, यस्यामति-श्रुक्ष्णतया ग्रहेषु विधातुमालेख्यमशक्तुवन्तः Si 3 46, शालमली-फलके श्रुक्ष्णे नेतिज्याभेजक शनैः Ms 8 396 -3 Small, fine, thin, delicate, श्रुक्ष्ण यत् परिहितमेतयो किलान्तर्धानार्थं तदुदकसकसक्तमूर्वा Si 8 65 -4 Beautiful, charming -5 Candid, honest, frank -**Comp** -त्वच् *m* Bauhinia Tomentosa (Mar आपटा) -**पत्रकः** ebony -**पिष्ट** *a* ground fine -**वाच्** kindly speaking

श्रुक्ष्णक *a* 1 Smooth, soft -2 Beautiful, charming -**कम्** The Arecanut

श्रुङ्क् 1 *Ā* (श्रुङ्क्ते) To go, move

श्रुङ्ग 1 *Ā* (श्रुङ्गते) To go, move

श्रुथ 1 *P* (श्रुथति) 1 To be loose or slackened, श्रुथदुदुकूल कवरी च विच्युताम् Bhāg 8 12 21 -2 To be weak or infirm -3 To hurt, kill -**Caus** (श्रुथयति-ते) To slacken, loosen, relax (fig also), श्रुथयितु क्षणमक्षमताङ्गना न सहसा सहसा कृतवेषु Si 6 57, परित्राणस्नेह श्रुथयितुमशक्य खलु यथा G L 37

श्रुथ *a* 1 Untied, unfastened -2 Loose, relaxed, loosened, slipped off, वृन्ताच्छ्रुथ हरति पुष्पमनोकहानाम् R 5 69, 19 26 -3 Dishevelled (as hair) -**Comp** -उद्यम *a* relaxing one's efforts -**बन्धनम्** having the muscles relaxed, Rs -**लम्बिन** *a* hanging loosely down, श्रुथलम्बिनीर्जटा Ku 5 47

श्रुत्वा 1 *P* (श्रुत्वाति) To pervade, penetrate

श्रुत्वा 1 *Ā* (श्रुत्वाते) 1 To praise, extol, commend, applaud, शिरसा श्रुत्वाते पूर्वं (गुण) पर (दोष) कण्ठे नियच्छति Subhās, यथैव श्रुत्वाते गङ्गा पादेन परमेष्ठिन Ku 6 70 (some read श्रुत्वाते for श्रुत्वाते and give it the next sense) -2 To boast of, be proud of, श्रुत्वाते केन को बन्धूभ्यस्त्युचति-मुचत Bk 16 4 -3 To flatter, coax (with dat), गोपी कृष्णाय श्रुत्वाते Sk, श्रुत्वामान परस्त्रीभ्यस्तत्रागाद्राक्षसाधिप Bk 8 73

श्रुत्वाचनम् [श्रुत्वा-च्युद्] 1 Praising, eulogizing -2 Flattering -*a* Boasting, a boaster, Mb 5

श्रुत्वा [श्रुत्वा-अ] 1 Praise, eulogy, commendation, कर्णजयद्रथयोर्वा कात्र श्रुत्वा Ve 2 -2 Self-praise, boast, हते जरति गाङ्गेये पुरस्कृत्य शिखण्डिनम्। या श्रुत्वा पाण्डुपुत्राणां सैवास्माकं भविष्यति॥ Ve 2 4. -3 Flattery -4 Service -5 Wish, desire -6 Pleasure, delight in anything -**Comp** -विपर्ययः absence of boasting, त्यागे श्रुत्वाविपर्यय R 1 22

श्रुत्वाचित *p p*. Praised, eulogized, commended

श्रुत्वाचिन् *a* 1 Haughty, अभिगर्जन्ति हरय श्रुत्वाचिन् पर-शङ्कया Bhāg 8 2 6 -2 Proud, boasting -3 Celebrated, famous

श्रुत्वाद्य [श्रुत्वा-प्यत्] Praised, praiseworthy, श्रुत्वाद्यान्वयेति नयनोत्सवकारिणीति Mā 6 17, U 4 9, 13 -2 Respectable, venerable -3 Laudable, commendable

श्रुत्वाकुः [श्रिष्-कु नेत्वम् पृषो० Un 1 32] 1 A debauchee, libertine -2 A slave, dependent -*n* The science of astronomy, astrology

श्रुत्वाकुः 1 A libertine -2 A servant

श्रिष् I 1 *P* (श्रिषति) To burn -II 4 *P* (श्रिष्यति, श्रिष्ट) 1 To embrace, श्रिष्यति जुम्बति जलधरकक्षप हरिरुपगत इति तिमिरमनल्पम् Git 6 -2 To stick, cling or adhere to -3 To unite, join -4 To grasp, take, understand, आशेषि न श्लेषकवेर्मवत्या श्लोकद्वयार्थं सुधिया मया किम् N 3 69 -5 (*Ā*) To result, be the consequence of anything -III 10 U (श्रिषयति-ते) To unite, join, connect

श्रिषा 1 An embrace -2 Clinging, adherence

श्रिष्ट *p p* [श्रिष्-क्त] 1 Embraced -2 Clung, adhered to -3 Resting or leaning on -4 Involving a pun, susceptible of a double interpretation, अत्र विषमादय शब्दा श्रिष्टा K P 10 -5 Fitting tight (as a coat of mail), विबभौ सर्वत श्रिष्टम् (वर्म) Mb 7 127 18 -**Comp.** -रूपकम् ambiguity as a metaphor, राजहंसोपमोर्गाहं भ्रमरप्रार्थयसौरभम्। सखि वक्त्राम्बुजमिदं तवेति श्रिष्टरूपकम्॥ Kāv 2 87 -**चर्मन्** the adhering together of the eyelids

श्रिष्टिः *f* 1 Embrace -2 Adherence

श्लेषः [श्रिष्-घञ्] 1 An embrace -2 Clinging or adhering to -3 Union, junction, contact, निरन्तरश्लेषधना K (where it has the next sense also) -4 Pun, paronomasia, double entendre, susceptibility of a word or sentence to yield two or more interpretations (regarded as a figure of speech and very commonly used by poets, for def see K P Kārikas 84 and 96), आशेषि न श्लेषकवेर्मवत्या श्लोकद्वयार्थं सुधिया मया किम् N 3 69, see शब्दश्लेष also -5 Burning -6 Sexual union, ततो गर्भं समवति श्लेषात् क्षीपुसयोरुप Mb 13 111 30 -7 A grammatical augment -**Comp** -अर्थः a pun, double entendre -**उपमा** a comparison containing double meanings, शिशिराशुप्रतिद्वन्द्वि श्रीमत् सुरभिगन्धि च। अम्भोजमिव ते वक्त्रमिति श्लेषोपमा स्मृता॥ Kāv 2 28 -**भित्तिक** *a* trusting on (lit having for its basis) a Slesa

श्लेषक *a* Attaching, connecting

श्लेषिन् *a*. Adhering, clinging

श्लेषा An embrace, अन्योन्यश्लेषयोक्तुन्निरन्तरपयोधराम् Bhāg 3 20 30

श्लीपदम् Swelled leg, elephantiasis -**Comp** -अपहः removing elephantiasis, the पुत्रजीवी tree, Putrajīva Roxburghu. -**प्रभवः** the mango tree.

श्रीपदिन *m* A club-footed man

श्रील *a* 1 Lucky, prosperous, see श्रील -2 Decent, cf अश्रील

श्लेष्मन् *m* [श्लिष्-मनिन् Un 4 157] 1 Phlegmatic humour, गुडेन वधित श्लेष्मा सुख वृद्ध्या निपात्यते Pt 3 62 -2 Muous (of the eye), स सुप्त इव चाण्डाल श्लेष्मापिहितलोचन Mb 12 141 44 -*n* A band, cord -**Comp.** -अतिसारः dysentery produced by vitiated phlegm -ओजस् *n* the phlegmatic humour -कटाहकः a spittoon -झा, -झी 1 the Arabian jasmine -2 the hog-weed -धातुः the phlegmatic humour

श्लेष्मकः Phlegm

श्लेष्मण *a* Phlegmatic

श्लेष्मल *a* Phlegmatic.

श्लेष्मिक *a* (-की *f*) 1 Phlegmatic -2 Producing phlegm

श्लेष्मातः, श्लेष्मातकः A kind of tree, Cordia Latifolia (Mar भोकर)

श्लेष्मिन् Bdelium

श्लोक 1 *Ā* (श्लोके) 1 To praise or compose in verse, versify -2 To acquire -3 To abandon, give up -4 To heap together, collect

श्लोक. [श्लोक् अच्] 1 Praising in verse, extolling -2 A hymn or verse of praise -3 Celebrity, fame, renown, name, as in पुण्यश्लोक q v, वैदेहि तावदमलो भुवनेषु पुण्य श्लोक प्रशस्तचरितैरुपगीयताते Mv 7 26, उत्तमश्लोक Bhāg 2 1 9 -4 An object of praise -5 A proverb or saying -6 A stanza or verse in general, श्लोकत्वमापद्यत यस्य श्लोक R 14 70, समाक्षरैश्चतुर्भिर्वा पादैर्गीतो महर्षिणा । सोऽनुव्याहरणाद्भूय श्लोक श्लोकवमागत ॥ Rām 1 2 40 -7 A stanza or verse in the Anustubh metre -8 The dear and beloved people (इष्टमित्र ?), यथा ह वै पदेनानुविन्देदेव कीर्तिं श्लोक विन्दते Bri Up 1 4 7 -**Comp.** -कारः a composer of Slokas, P III 2 23 -भू *a* appearing in sound, Ait Ār

श्लोकयति Den P To celebrate or praise in song

श्लोक्य *a* Praise-worthy, शरण्यो नावधीच्छ्लोक्य आह चेदं हसन्निव Bhāg 1 17 30

श्लोण 1 P (श्लोणति) To heap together, collect, gather, cf श्रोण

श्लोणः A lame man, cripple

श्वल्क् 1 *Ā* (श्वल्कते) To go, move

श्वल्च्, श्वल्च् 1 *Ā*. (श्वल्चते, श्वल्चते) 1 To go, move -2 To be opened, gape, be split or cleft.

श्वल्ज् 1 *Ā*. (श्वल्जते) To go, move.

श्वल् 10 U (श्वल्कयति-ते) 1 To speak ill, (श्वल्कयति only according to some) -2 (श्वल्कयति-ते) (*a*) To go, move (*b*) To adorn (*c*) To finish, accomplish, (only श्वल्कयति in these senses according to some)

श्वल् 10 U (श्वल्कयति) To speak ill

श्वन *m* [श्वि-ननिन् नि० Un 1 158] (Nom श्वा, श्वानौ, श्वान acc pl शुन, शुनौ *f*) A dog, श्वा यदि क्रियते राजा स किं नाश्ना-युपानहम् Subhās, Bh 2 31, Ms 2 208 -**Comp** -अदः=श्वपाक q v, श्वादोऽपि सद्य सवनाय कल्पते Bhāg 3 33 6 -अश्वः an epithet of Bhairava -क्रीडिन्, -वत् *m* a keeper or breeder of sporting dogs, Ms 3 161, 4 216 -गणः a pack of hounds -गणिकः 1 a hunter -2 a dog feeder -जीविका dog's life, servitude -दंष्ट्रा 1 a dog's tooth -2 The गोक्षुर plant (Mar गोखरु) -दयितम् a bone -धूर्तः a jackal -नरः a snappish or currish fellow -निशम्, -निशा a night on which dogs bark, (the 14th day of the dark half of a month) -पच् *m*, -पचः 1 a man of a very low and degraded caste, an outcast, १ Chāndāla, Ms 3 92, श्वपचा-मभुवोर्निरन्तरा मम भूयात् परमात्मनि स्थिति Bv 4 23 -2 a dog-feeder -3 a public executioner -पदम् 1 a dog's foot -2 a mark like a dog's foot (to be branded on the forehead of a thief), स्तेय च श्वपदं कार्यम् Ms 9 237 -पाकः an outcast, a Chāndāla, क्षत्तुर्जातस्तथोप्राया श्वपाक इति कीर्त्यते Ms 10 19, श्वपाको जल्पाको भवति मधुपाकोपमगिरा । देव्यपराधक्षमापनस्तोत्रम् 6, शुनि चैव श्वपाके च पण्डिता समदर्शिन Bg 5 18, G L 29 -फलम् lime or citron -फलकः N of the father of Akūra -भीरुः a jackal -गूथ्यम् a pack of dogs -वृत्तिः *f* 1 the life of a dog (to which servitude is often likened), सेवा लाघवकारिणी कृतधिय स्थाने श्ववृत्तिं विदुः Mu 3 14, Ms 4 6 -2 servitude, service, सत्यानृता-यामपि वा न श्ववृत्त्या रुदाचन (जीवेत्) Ms 4 4 -व्याघ्रः 1 a beast of prey -2 a tiger -3 a leopard -हन् *m* a hunter

श्वकः A wolf

श्वञ्च 10 U (श्वञ्चयति-ते) 1 To go, move -2 To pierce, make a hole, bore -3 To live in misery

श्वञ्चम् 1 A hole, chasm, श्वञ्च च यत्पुण्यस्पर्शं क्रियता शिल्पिभिर्मम Rām 7 51 8, महोरग श्वञ्चिष्व प्रविष्टम् V 1 18, K1 14 33 -2 A den, कश्च श्वञ्चमितुपद्रवन्ति Bri Up 2 9 7 -3 Hell, वृद्धानष्टृष्ट्वा सदेह महच्छ्वञ्चमिवाहति Mb 8 69 54

श्वञ्चित *a* Full of holes

श्वयः, श्वयनम् Swelling, increase

श्वयथुः Swelling, intumescence

श्वयीचिः [श्वयते चित् Un 4 74] The moon

श्वयीची Sickness, disease

श्वल् 1 P (श्वल्ति) To run, go quickly

श्वल्क् 10 U (श्वल्कयति-ते) To tell, narrate

श्वल्ज् 1 P (श्वल्जति) To run, see श्वल्

श्वशुरः [शु-आशु अश्रुते आशु-अश् उरच् पृषो० Un 1 44]
1 A father-in-law, wife's or husband's father, राजश्वि-
रनातःश्वशुरमातुलान् । अह्यन्मधुपर्केण परिसवत्सरात् पुन ॥
Ms 3 119 -2 A respectable man -रौ (dual) The
father-in-law and mother-in-law

श्वशुरकः A father-in-law

श्वशुर्यः 1 A brother-in-law, a wife's or husband's
brother -2 The younger brother of a husband

श्वश्रुः f A mother-in-law, a wife's or husband's
mother, श्वश्रुजनानुष्ठितचान्वेषणम् R 14 13 -Comp -श्वश्रुरौ
du the mother and father-in-law

श्वस् 2 P (श्वसिति, श्वस् or श्वसिन्) 1 To breathe,
respire, draw breath, स कर्मकारमन्त्रेन श्वसन् न जीवति II
2 12, अणमायवनिष्ठे श्वसनं यदि जन्तुर्न तु लाभवानसौ R 8 87 -2
To sigh, pant, heave, श्वसिति विहगवर्ग Rs 1 13 -3 To
hiss, snort -Caus (श्वसयति ने) To cause to breathe
or live

श्वसनः [श्वसि-यनेन श्वस् व्युट्] 1 Air, wind, श्वसनपुरभि-
गन्वि S 11 21 -2 N of a demon killed by Indra
-नम् 1 Breath, breathing, respiration, श्वसनचलितपल्लवा-
वरोष्ठ K 10 34, Ratn 2 4 (where it has sense 1
also), S 9 52 -2 Sighing -3 Feeling, an object
of feeling, प्राणेन गन्धं रमन्ते वै रस रूपं तु दृष्ट्या श्वसनं त्वचैव
Bhāg 2 2 29 -Comp -अशनः a serpent -ईश्वरः
the Arjuna tree -उत्सुकः a serpent -ऊर्मिः f a gust
of wind -मनोग a moving as wind or thought
-रन्ध्रम् a nostril -समीरणम् breath

श्वसान a Alive

श्वसित p p [श्वस्-क्त] 1 Breathed, sighed -2
Breathing -तम् 1 Breathing, respiration -2 Sighing

श्वसः [श्वस् घञ्] 1 Breathing, breath, respiration,
heaving, अथापि स्तनवेपथु जनयति श्वस प्रमाणधिक S 1 30,
Ku 2 42 -2 A sigh, panting, नैव बाष्पविमोक्षणं न वा
श्वसकृते न च Mb 12 153 77 -3 Air, wind -4 Asthma
-5 Aspiration (in the pronunciation of consonants)
-6 Inspiration -Comp. -उच्छ्वासः exhalation and
inhalation, respiration -कासः asthma -कुटारः a drug
used to cure asthma -धारणम् = प्राणायाम -रोधः suspen-
sion or obstruction of breath -हिका a kind of hiccough
-हेतिः f sleep

श्वसिन् a [श्वसयति श्वस्-णिच् णिनि] 1 Breathing.
-2 Asthmatic -3 Aspirated (as a sound or letter)
-m 1 Air, wind -2 A breathing animal, living
being -3 One who pronounces (letters) with a hissing
sound

श्वस् ind 1 Tomorrow, श्वकार्यमथ कुर्वीत पूर्वह्ने चापरा-
ह्णिकम् । नहि प्रतीक्षते मृत्यु कृतमस्य न वा कृतम् ॥ Subhās, वरमथ
कपोतो न श्वो मयूर Subhās -2 Future (at the beginning
of comp), पृथुदके जप्यपरो नैन श्वोमरणं तपेत् Mb 9 39 34.

-3 A particle implying auspiciousness -Comp -प्रभृति
ind from tomorrow onwards -भूत a (श्वोभूत) being
tomorrow, यौवराज्येऽभिषेक्ष्यामि श्वोभूतं रघुनन्दनम् A Rām 2
2 7, श्वोभूते स्वपुर यात Bhāg 9 20 17 -वसीय, -वसीयस्
(श्वोवसीय, श्वोवसीयस्) a happy, auspicious, fortunate
(-n) happiness, good fortune, 'श्वोवसीय शिव शुभम्' इति
हलायुव, Dk 2 2 -श्रेयस (श्व.श्रेयस) a happy,
prosperous (-सम्) 1 happiness, prosperity -2 an
epithet of Brahman or the Supreme Spirit

श्वस्तन a (-नी f), श्वस्त्य a Relating to the
morrow, future -नम् The future

श्वि 1 P (श्वयति, शिश्वाय शुगाव, अश्वन अश्यात-अशिश्चयन,
श्वयिष्यति, श्वयितुम्, शून) 1 To grow, increase (fig also),
to swell (as the eye), रुदतोऽशिश्चिच्छुराम्य हेतोस्तवाश्वयीन
Bk 6 19, 31, 14 79, 15 30 -2 To thrive, prosper
-3 To go, approach, move towards -With उद 1 to
swell, increase, grow, प्रबलर्तदतोऽदृष्टनेत्रम् (सुखम्) Me
86 -2 to be proud, be puffed up with pride

श्वार्कणः The ear of a dog

श्वाराणिकः A dog-keeper, one living by keeping
dogs

श्वार्धिकः 1 A hunter -2 A dog keeper

श्वान्तः A dog's tooth

श्वानः [श्वैव-अण् न टिलोप] A dog -Comp -निद्रा
'a dog's sleep', a very light sleep -वैखरी angry or
curious snarling

श्वापद a (-दी f) Savage, ferocious -दः 1 A
beast of prey, wild beast -2 A tiger

श्वापुच्छः, -च्छम् A dog's tail

श्वाराह a A tassel in which a dog and a hog
participate Hence metaphorically श्वाराह कल्ह means
any project which is fruitful in its success or failure,
गच्छतीति यौ न द्विषतो निहन्तु, स श्व-वाराह कल्ह विदध्यात् Bk
12 33 (com Jayamangalā says--यथा चाण्डाला वाराह हन्तु-
मशक्ता श्वान विमुच्य योवयन्ति । यद्यय हनोऽनेन वा अयमिति तयो-
भक्ष्यत्वादुभयया कार्यसिद्धे)

श्वविध m A porcupine, Ms 5 18, सूकर पञ्चवर्षाणि
दशवर्षाणि श्वविध Mb 13 111 78

श्वित् 1 A (श्वेतते) To become white, be white, व्यति-
करितदिगन्ता श्वेतमानैर्यशोभि Mal 2 9

श्वित a White -तम् Whiteness

श्वितान, श्वित्ना a Ved White

श्वितिः f Whiteness

श्वित्य, श्वित्य a White

श्वित्रम् [श्वित्-रक् Un 2 13] 1 White leprosy -2 A
leprous spot (on the skin), तदल्पमपि नोपेक्ष्य काव्ये दुष्टं
कथंचन । स्याद्रूपं सुन्दरमपि श्वित्रेणैकेन दुर्मगम् Kāv 1 7.

श्वित्रिन् *a* (-णी *f*) Leprous, Ms 3 161, Mb 13 127 13 -*m* A leper

श्वेत *a* (-श्वेता or -श्वेती *f*) [श्वित् अच् घञ् वा] White तत् श्वेतैर्हयैर्युक्तं महति रयन्दने रिथनो Bg 1 14 -तः 1 The white colour -2 A conch-shell -3 A cowrie -4 The planet Venus -5 Sukra, the regent of the planet, न शेकु पाण्डवा द्रष्टु श्वेतं ग्रहमिवादितम् Mb 6 82 12 -6 A white cloud -7 Cumin seed -8 N of a range of mountains, शृङ्गैः श्वेतमिव स्थितम् Bhāg 10 39 45 (according to some com फैलस) see कुलाचल or कुलपर्वत -9 N of a division of the world -10 A white goat, वायव्य श्वेतमालमेत। of तस्मान् प्रयत्नोऽपि श्वेतशब्दश्चागमेव परिच्छिन्नान्नान्य पशुम् इति SI on MS 10 2 68 -11 A white horse -12 A silver coin -13 A comet, श्वेतो ग्रहस्तिर्यग्निवापतन् ये Mb 5 37 43 -तम् 1 Silver -2 The white of the eye -3 Butter-milk and water mixed half and half -Comp -अंशुः the moon -अद्रिः, पर्वत. N of a mountain, दन्तैश्चतुर्भिः श्वेताद्रिर्हरन् भगवतो महीम् Bhāg 8 8 4 (com फैलस) -अस्वरः, -वासस् *m* a class of Jaina ascetics -अर्चिस् the moon -अश्व. N of Arjuna -इक्षुः a kind of sugar cane -उदरः an epithet of Kuberā -कपोतः 1 a kind of mouse -2 a kind of snake -कमलम्, -पद्मम् a white lotus -काकीय *a* unusual, unheard of -कुञ्जरः an epithet of Airāvata, the elephant of Indra -कुष्ठम् white leprosy -केतुः 1 a Bauddha or Jaina saint -2 the descending node -कोलः a kind of fish (शकर) -क्षारः saltpetre, alkali -गजः, -द्विपः 1 a white elephant -2 the elephant of Indra -गरुत् *m*, -गरुतः a goose -छदः 1 a goose, श्वेतच्छदश्च विद्युच्छदचामरेण प्रासेवत प्रियतमा सुरतश्रमार्ताम् Rām ch 5 15 -2 a kind of basil -झीपः N of one of the eighteen minor divisions of the known continent, °पति Visnu, श्वेतद्वीपपतिश्चित्त मनो योगेश्वरोऽवतु Bhāg 10 6 24, श्वेतद्वीपपतौ चित्त शुद्धे धर्ममये मयि Bhāg 11 15 18 -धातुः 1 a white mineral -2 chalk -3 the milkstone -धामन् *m* 1 the moon -2 camphor -3 the foam of the sea -4 cuttle-fish bone -नील. a cloud -पत्रः a goose

°रथ an epithet of Brahman -पर्णाशः white basil -पाटला the white trumpetflower -पिङ्गाः a lion -पिङ्गलः 1 a lion -2 an epithet of Siva -भानुः the moon -भिक्षुः a kind of white-robed mendicant, श्वेत-भिक्षुस्तपस्विनाम् (धूर्त) Pt 3 76 -मरिचम् white pepper -मालः 1 a cloud -2 smoke -रक्त *a* pale-red, rosy (-क्तः) the pink or rosy colour -रञ्जनम् lead -रथः the planet Venus -रसः butter-milk and water mixed in equal parts -रोचिस् *m* the moon -रोहितः an epithet of Garuda -वल्कलः the glomerous fig-tree -वाजिन् *m* 1 the moon -2 an epithet of Arjuna -3 camphor -वाराहः 1 a particular Kalpa -2 the first day in the month of Brahmā -वासस् *m* an ascetic wearing white garments -वाह् *m* an epithet of Indra -वाहः 1 an epithet of Arjuna -2 of Indra -वाहनः 1 an epithet of Arjuna -2 the moon -3 a marine monster (मकर) -वाहिन् *m* an epithet of Arjuna -शुङ्गाः, -शृङ्गाः barley -हयः 1 a horse of Indra -2 an epithet of Arjuna -3 N of Indra -हस्तिन् *m* Airāvata, Indra's elephant

श्वेतकः A cowrie -कम् Silver

श्वेता 1 A cowrie -2 Hog-weed -3 White Dūrvā grass -4 A crystal -5 Candied sugar -6 Bamboo-manna -7 N of various plants -8 N of one of the tongues of fire -9 Alum

श्वेतिमन् Whiteness, white colour

श्वेतौही N of Sachī, wife of Indra

श्वेत्रम् White leprosy

श्विन्द 1 A. (श्विन्दते) To become white

श्वैत्यम् 1 Whiteness -2 White leprosy

श्वैत्रम्, श्वैत्र्यम् White leprosy, वल्गापहारक श्वैत्र्यम् Ms 11 51

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(Many roots which begin with ष are written in the Dhātupāṭha with ष् to show that the ष is changed to ष् after certain prepositions. Such roots will be found under ष in their proper places.)

ष *a* 1 Best, excellent -2 Wise, learned -पः 1 Loss, destruction -2 End -3 Rest, remainder -4 Final emancipation -5 Loss of knowledge -6 Heaven -7 Sleep -8 A learned man -9 A teat or nipple -10 Hair -11 Delivery (गर्भविमोचन)

षडः 1 A kind of drink -2 Splitting, rending

षण्डः 1 A bull -2 A bull set at liberty, a breeding bull, नीलषण्डप्रमोक्षेण अमावास्या तिलोदकै Mb 13 125 73 -3 A eunuch, (14 or 20 classes of eunuchs are mentioned by different writers), कुञ्जवामनषण्डका Kau A 1 12 -3 A group, multitude, collection, heap, quantity (*n* also in this sense), तस्मिन् स्व आश्रमे व्यासो बदरीषण्डमण्डिते Bhāg 1.7 3, कलरवमुपगते षट्पदौघेन

षट कुमुदकमलषण्डे तुल्यरूपमवस्थाम् Si 11 15, cf खण्ड also
-ण्डः, -ण्डम् A flock (of goats &c)

षण्डकः A eunuch

षण्डाली 1 A pond, pool -2 A wanton or unchaste woman -3 A weight or measure of oil (1/16th of a seer)

षण्डः, षण्डकः A eunuch, Y 1 215 -2 The neuter gender, निवेश गिबिर षण्डे Ak, 'षण्डो वर्षवरे ऋषे गोपतौ वन्ध्यपुरुषे' इति विश्व, प्रतिज्ञा षण्डकोऽस्मीति करिष्यामि महीपते Mb 4 2 25 (com षण्डो गोपति । पक्षे ऋषे ।) -Comp -तिलः 1 barren sesamum -2 (fig) a useless person

षष् *num a* (used in pl, nom षट्, gen षणाम्) Six, तेषा त्वयवान् सूक्ष्मान् षणामायमितौजसाम् Ms 1 16, 8 403 -Comp -अंशः (षडंशः) a sixth part -अक्षीणः (षडक्षीणः) a fish -अङ्गाम् (षडङ्गाम्) 1 (a) six parts of the body taken collectively जङ्घे बाह्वि गिरो मध्य षडङ्गमिदमुच्यते । (b) The other six parts of the body are 'हृदयशिर शिरा-नेत्रकवचाङ्गाणि' as in Mal 5 2 (नित्य न्यस्तषडङ्गचक्रनिहित हृत्पद्ममध्योदितम्), of com on the verse -2 the six works auxiliary to the Veda, शिक्षा कर्पो व्याकरण निरुक्त छन्दसा चित्ति । ज्योतिषामयन चैव षडङ्गो वेद उच्यते ॥ see वेदाङ्ग also 'विद् knowing the six वेदाङ्गs, Ms 3 145 -3 six auspicious things, i e the six things obtained from a cow गोमूत्र गोमय क्षीर सर्पिर्दधि च रोचना । षडङ्गमेतन्माङ्गल्य पठित सर्वदा गवाम् ॥ -3 any set of six articles 'जित् m N of Visnu -अङ्घ्रिः (षडङ्घ्रिः) a bee, किमिह बहु षडङ्घ्रे गायसि त्वम् Bhag 10 47 14, Si 10 4 -अधिक a (षडधिक) exceeded by six, षडधिकदशनाडीचक्रमध्यस्थितात्मा Mal 5 1 -अभिज्ञः (षडभिज्ञः) a Buddhist deified saint -अशीत (षडशीत) eighty-sixth -अशीतिः f (षडशीतिः) 1 eighty-six -2 N of the four passages of the sun from one zodiacal sign to the other, L D B -अष्टकम् (in astr) a particular Yoga -अहः (षडहः) a period of six days -आननः, -वक्त्रः, -वदनः (षडाननः, षड्वक्त्रः, षडवदनः) epithets of Kārtikeya, षडाननापीतपयोवरासु नेता चमूनामिव कृत्तिकासु R 14 22 -आम्नायः (षडाम्नायः) the six-fold Tantra -ऊर्मिः the six waves of existence -ऊषणम् (षडूषणम्) six spices taken collectively, पञ्चकोल समरिचं षडूषणमुदाहृतम् -ऋतुः m pl the six seasons (i e वसन्त, ग्रीष्म, वर्षा, शरद्, हेमन्त and शिशिर) -कर्ण a (षट्कर्ण) heard by six ears, i e by a third person other than the speaker and the person spoken to, told to more than one listener (as a counsel, secret &c), षट्कर्णो भियते मन्त्र Pt 1 99 (-र्णः) a kind of lute -कर्मन् n (षट्कर्मन्) 1 the six acts or duties enjoined on a Brāhmana, they are अध्यापनमध्ययन यजन याजन तथा । दान प्रतिग्रहश्चैव षट्कर्माण्यग्रजन्मन ॥ Ms 10 75 -2 the six acts allowable to a Brāhmana for his subsistence - उच्छ प्रतिग्रहो भिक्षा वाणिज्य पशुपालनम् । कृषिकर्म तथा चेति षट्कर्माण्यग्रजन्मन ॥ -3 the six acts that may be performed by means of magic - शान्ति, वशीकरण, स्तम्भन, विद्वेष, उच्चाटन and मारण -4 the six acts belonging to the practice of Yoga - चौतिर्वेस्ती तथा जेती

नौलिकी (नौलिक) त्राटकस्तथा । कपालभाती चैतानि षट्कर्माणि समाचरेत् ॥ (-m) 1 a Brāhmana skilled in the above six acts -2 one well-versed in the Tantra magical rites -कोण a (षट्कोण) hexangular (-णम्) 1 a hexagon -2 the thunderbolt of Indra -3 a diamond -गया the sixfold *gaya*, गयागजो गयादियो गायत्री च गदावर । गया गयासुरश्चैव षड्गया मुक्तिदायका ॥ -गवम् (षड्गवम्) 1 a team or yoke of six oxen -2 a yoke of six (sometimes after the names of other animals), i e हस्ति, अश्व 'six elephants, horses &c' -गवीय a drawn by six oxen, न यद्वहेच्छकट षड्गवीयम् Mb 8 76 17 -गुण a (षड्गुण) 1 sixfold -2 having six attributes (-णम्) 1 an assemblage of six qualities -2 the six expedients to be used by a king in foreign politics, see under गुण (21), cf षड्गुण्य also -ग्रन्थः a kind of Karañja tree -ग्रन्थि n (षड्ग्रन्थि) the root of long pepper -ग्रन्थिका (षड्ग्रन्थिका) edoary (शटी) -चक्रम् (षट्चक्रम्) the six mystical circles of the body, i e मूलधार, स्वाधिष्ठान, मणिपूर, अनाहत, विशुद्ध and आज्ञाख्य -चत्वारिंशत् (षट्चत्वारिंशत्) forty-six -चरण, (षट्चरण) -1 a bee -2 a locust -3 a louse -जः (षड्जः) the fourth (or first according to some) of the seven primary notes of the Indian gamut, so called because it is derived from the six organs नासा कण्ठमुरस्ताब्ज जिह्वा दताञ्ज्य सस्पृगन् । षड्ज सञ्जायते (षड्भ्य सञ्जायते) यस्मात्तस्मान् षड्ज इति स्मृत ॥ it is said to resemble the note of peacocks, षड्ज रौति मयूरस्तु Nārada, षड्जसवादिना केका द्विधा भिन्ना शिखण्डिभि R 1 39 -तन्त्री N of the six philosophical systems -त्रिंशत् f (षट्त्रिंशत्) thirty-six, (षट्त्रिंश a thirtysixth) -तिलिन् m one performing six acts with sesamum seeds, तिलोद्वर्ती तिलस्नायी तिलहोमी तिलप्रद । तिलमुक्त् तिलवापी च षट्तिली नावसीदति ॥ -दर्शनम् (षड्दर्शनम्) the six principal systems of Hindu philosophy, they are सांख्य, योग, न्याय, वैशेषिक, मीमांसा and वेदान्त (-न.) one conversant with the above six systems -दीर्घः the six long vowels आ, ई, ऊ, ऋ, ऐ, and औ -दुर्गम् (षड्दुर्गम्) the six kinds of forts taken collectively, धन्वदुर्ग महोदुर्ग गिरिदुर्ग तथैव च । मनुष्यदुर्ग मृदुदुर्ग वनदुर्गमिति क्रमात् ॥ -नवतिः f (षण्णवति) ninety-six -पञ्चाशत् f (षट्पञ्चाशत्) fifty-six -पदः (षट्पदः) 1 a bee, न षट्पदं तद्वदलीनषट्पदं न षट्पदोऽसौ न जुगुञ्ज य कलम् Bk 2 19, Ku 5. 9, R 6 69 -2 a louse -3 a verse consisting of six *padas* 'अथिति 1 the mango tree -2 the Champaka tree 'आनन्दवर्धन the Aśoka or Kinkirāta tree 'ज्य a having bees for the bow-string (as the bow of Cupid), प्रायश्चाप न वहति भयान्मन्मथ षट्पदज्यम् Me 75 'प्रिय the tree called नाग-केशर. -पदी (षट्पदी) 1 a stanza consisting of six lines -2 a female bee -3 a louse -4 the six states ('योऽशनायापिपासे शोक मोह जरा मृत्युमत्येति' इति श्रुत्युक्ता Mb 3 314 9 Com) -hunger, thirst, sorrow, disordered intellect, old age and death, other version is -- कामक्रोधौ लोभमोहौ मदमानौ च षट्पदी । -पादः (षट्पादः) a bee -प्रज्ञः (षट्प्रज्ञः) 1 one who is well acquainted with six

subjects १ *e* the four *Purusarthatas* or objects of human existence, the nature of the world, and the nature of the Supreme Spirit, धर्मार्थकाममोक्षेषु लोक-तत्त्वार्थयोरपि । पदम् प्रज्ञा तु यरयासौ षट्प्रज्ञा परिकीर्तित ॥ -2 a lustful or licentious man -3 a good hearted neighbour -विन्दुः (षड्विन्दुः) an epithet of Visnu -भागः (षड्भागः) a sixth part, one-sixth, तप षड्भागमक्षय्य दत्त्यारण्यका हि न S 2 14, Ms 7 131, 8 33 -भाववादिन् a maintainer of the theory of the six *भाव*s (१ *e* द्रव्य, गुण, कर्मच, सामान्य, विशेष and समवाय) -भुज *a* (षड्भुज) 1 six-armed -2 six-sided, hexagonal (-ज.) a hexagon (-जा) 1 an epithet of Durgā -2 the water-melon -मतस्थापकः (षण्मतस्थापक) N of Śaṅkara-āchārya -मासः (षण्मासः) १ period of six months २ निय *a* one who has a store (of food) sufficient for six months, Ms 6 18 -मासिक *a* (षण्मासिक) half-yearly, occurring every six months -मुखः (षण्मुखः) an epithet of Kūṛtikeya, स गुणाना बलाना च षण्णा षण्मुख-विक्रम R 17 67, Mv 1 33 (-खा) १ water-melon -रसम्, -रसाः (*m* pl) (षड्रसम् &c) the six flavours taken collectively, see under रस -रात्रम् (षड्रात्रम्) १ period of six nights -रेखा (षड्रेखा) a water-melon -वर्गः (षड्वर्गः) 1 an aggregate of six things -2 especially, the six enemies of mankind, (also called षड्विघ्न), काम क्रोधस्तथा लोभो मदमोहौ च मत्सर, कृत्वारिषड्वर्गजयेन K1 1 9, व्यजेष्ट षड्वर्गम् Bk 1 2 -3 the five senses and Manas. -विंशम् N of a Brāhmaṇa belonging to the Sāma Veda -विंशतिः *f* (षड्विंशतिः) twenty-six, (षड्विंशतयसिष्ठ) -विध (षड्विध) *a* of six kinds, sixfold, षड्विधं बलमादाय प्रतस्ये दिगिजगीषया R 1 26 -शास्त्रिन् *m* one conversant with the six Śāstras or darśanas -षष्टिः *f* (षट्षष्टिः) sixty-six -सप्ततिः (षट्सप्ततिः) seventy-six

षट्क a 1 Sixfold -2 Bought for six &c, P V 1 22
-कः Six -कम् 1 An aggregate of six, मासषट्क, पूर्वषट्क,
उत्तरषट्क &c -2 The six passions collectively viz काम,
मद, मान, लोभ, हर्ष, and रूपा)

षड्धा See षोढा

षष्टि. *f* Sixty, Ms 3 177, Y 3 84 तम sixtieth
 -Comp. -तन्त्रम् the doctrine of 60 conceptions (of the Sāṃ-
 khyā philosophy) -भागः an epithet of Śiva -मत्तः
 an elephant who has reached the age of sixty and is
 in rut at that time -योजनी *f* a journey or extent of
 sixty *Yojanas* -सवत्सर. a period of sixty years
 -हायनः 1 an elephant (sixty years old) -2 a kind
 of rice

षष्टिक a Bought with sixty -कः, -का A kind of
rice of quick growth, घृतक्षारसमायुक्त विधिवत् षष्टिकौदनम् Mb
18 64 14

षष्ठिक्यम् A field sown with the above kind of rice

पष्ठ a (—घ्री f) Sixth, the sixth, षष्ठ तु क्षेत्रजस्याश्च प्रदद्यान
 पैतृसद्धानात् Ms 9 164, 7 180, षष्ठे भागे V 2 1, R 17 78,
 षष्ठे काले मयाऽऽहारं प्राप्नोऽयमनुजस्त्व Mb 3 180 16 —Comp
 —अंशः 1 a sixth part in general —2 particularly, the
 sixth part of the produce of fields &c, which the king
 takes from his subjects as land-tax, ऊधस्यमिच्छामि तवोप-
 भोक्तुं षष्ठांशमुन्या इव रक्षिताया R 2 66, (the different
 kinds of produce, to the sixth part of which a king is
 entitled, are specified in Ms 7 131-132) ष्ठाति a king
 (entitled to the sixth part of the produce), षष्ठाशत्रेतरपि
 वर्मे एव S 5 1 —अन्नम् the sixth meal काल taking
 food once in three days, as an expiatory act, षष्ठाच-
 कालता मास सहिताजप एव वा Ms 11 200

षष्ठी 1 The sixth day of a lunar fortnight -2 The sixth or genitive case (in gram) -3 An epithet of Durgā in the form of Kātyāyanī, one of the 16 divine mothers -4 A goddess worshipped on the sixth day of child-birth (Mar सटवाई), गणेश जन्मदा षष्ठी देवी जावन्तिकामपि Siva B 6 18 -Comp. -तत्पुरुषः the genitive Tatpuruṣa compound, one in which, when dissolved, the first member usually stands in the genitive case -पूजनम्, -पूजा worship of the goddess षष्ठी performed on the sixth day after a woman's delivery

पहसानु: 1 A peacock -2 A sacrifice -a Full of forgiveness, I, D B

षाद् and A vocative particle, interjection of calling

षादकौशिक a. (-की f) Incased or enveloped in six sheaths

जादपुरीक u (-की f) Belonging to six generations
(पुरुष)

पाङ्चः 1 Passion, sentiment -2 Singing, music -3
(In music) A Rāga in which six of the seven
primary notes are used, औड्य पञ्चभिः प्रोक्त स्वरैः षड्भिस्तु
पाङ्च । -4 Confectionery, sweetmeats, Suśr

षाडविकः A confectioner

षाड्गुण्यम् [षड् गुणा एव ष्यञ्] 1 The collection of six qualities -2 Six expedients to be used by a king, six measures of royal policy, षाड्गुण्यसमुद्देश Kau A 6, षाड्गुण्यमुपयुञ्जीत शक्यपदी रसायनम् Si 2 93, see under गुण also, षाड्गुण्यस्य प्रयोगेण तत्तन्मन्त्रबलेन च Śiva B 11 3 -3 Multiplication of anything by six -4 Six properties -**Comp** -**प्रयोगः** employment of the six expedients or measures of royal policy

षाण्मातुरः [षड् मातरोऽस्य] Having six mothers, an epithet of Kārtikeya.

पाष्मासिक a (—की f) 1 Six monthly, half-yearly
—2 Six months old, मौक्तिकाना पाष्मासिकानाम् Vb. 1. 17.

षाष्ट (-ष्टी f) Sixth

पिङ्गः 1 A lustful or libidinous man, libertine, lecher -2 A gallant, an inconsistent lover (विट), बिङ्गैरगद्यत सस्रममेव काचित् S1 5 34

पुः Delivery, child-bearing

प्रेथः =निप्रेथ q v, प्रायेण मुनयो राजन निवृत्ता विधिषधत Bhāg 2 1 7

षोडश a Having six teeth (indicating a particular period of life)

षोडशन् num a (pl) Sixteen -Comp -अशुः the planet Venus -अङ्ग a having 16 parts or ingredients (-ङ्गः) a kind of perfume -अङ्गुलक a having the breadth of 16 fingers -अङ्घ्रिः a crab -अर्चिस् m the planet Venus -आवर्तः a conch-shell -उपचार m pl the sixteen ways of doing homage to a deity &c, they are thus enumerated आसन स्वागत पायमध्यमाचमनीयकम् । मधुपर्कचमरान्न वसनाभरणानि च । गन्ध-पुष्पे वृषदीपौ नैवेद्य वन्दन तथा ॥ -कला the sixteen digits of the moon, thus named अमृता मानदा पूषा तुष्टि पुष्टी रतिर्धृति । आशिनी चन्द्रिका कान्तिज्योत्स्ना श्री प्रीतिरेव च । अङ्गादा च तथा पूर्णामृता षोडश वै कला ॥ -भुजा a form of Durgā -मातृका f pl the sixteen divine mothers, they are गौरी पद्मा शची मेधा सावित्री विजया जया । देवसेना स्वया स्वाहा मातरो लोकमातर । शान्ति पुष्टिर्धृतिस्तुष्टि कुलदेवात्म-देवता ॥

षोडश a (-शी f) Sixteenth, केशान्त षोडशे वर्षे ब्राह्मणस्य विधीयते Ms 2 65, 86

षोडशधा ind In sixteen ways.

षोडश(शि)क a (-की f) Consisting of sixteen parts, sixteenfold, षोडशिको देवतोपचार, षोडशकस्तु विकारः Sān K 3.

षोडशिन m A modification of the Agnistoma sacrifice -Comp. -ग्रहः a libation made at the above sacrifice

षोडा ind In six ways. -Comp. -न्यासः the six ways of touching the body with mystical texts -मुखः 'six-faced', N of Kārtikeya, द्रोढा जनोर्जनितपोद्बमुख समिति वोढा स हाटकगिरे Aśvad 7

षोदत् m A young ox with six teeth

ष्टुमः 1 The moon -2 Light -3 Water -4 Thread -5 Auspiciousness

ष्टि 1, 4 P (ष्टीवति, ष्टीव्यति, ष्टूत) 1 To spit, eject saliva from the mouth -2 To sputter, Bk 12 18

ष्टीवनम्, ष्टेवनम् 1 Spitting out, Bhāg 5 5 30 -2 Saliva, spittle

ष्टूत p p Spit, ejected

चक्क, चक्क-चक्क 1 Ā (चक्कते, चक्क-चक्कते) To go, move

स

स ind A prefix substituted for सह or सम्, सम, तुल्य, or सदृश and एक or समान, and compounded with nouns to form adjectives and adverbs in the sense of (a) with, together with, along with, accompanied by, having, possessed of, सपुत्र, समर्थ, सतृष्ण, सवन, सरोषम्, सकोपम्, सहृदि &c., (b) similar, like, सर्वर्मन् 'of a similar nature', so सजाति, सवर्ण, (c) same, सोदर, सपक्ष, सपिण्ड, सनाभि &c -m 1 A snake -2 Air, wind -3 A bird -4 Short name for the musical note षड्ज q v -5 N of Śiva -6 Of Viṣṇu -7 (In prosody) A foot consisting of two short syllables followed by a long one -8 God, L D B -सा The goddess Lakṣmī -सम् 1 Knowledge -2 Meditation -3 A carriage-road -4 A fence, an enclosure

संय A skeleton

संयज् 1 U 1 To adore, worship, समयष्टात्रमण्डलम् Bk 15 96. -2 To consecrate, dedicate

स. इ. को. ... १९९

संयत् 1 Ā 1 To struggle, contend, देवासुरा ह वै यत्र भयेतिरे Ch Up 1 2 1 -2 To form or be formed in rows -3 To agree, coincide

संयत् f A battle, war, fight, य सयति प्राप्तपिनाकिल्ल R 6 72, 7 39, 18 21, K1 1 19, S1 16 15 -Comp. -वरः a king, prince -वाम a uniting all that is pleasant

संयत्त p p 1 Ready, prepared, सयत्तो भव सत्यमस्ति भवत सत्यमनुष्यो भवान् Mv 5 51 -2 Being on guard

संयन्त्रित a Held in, stopped

संयम् 1 P 1 To restrain, curb, check, control, govern, subdue (Ātm) (as passions &c), असयतात्मनो योगो दुष्प्राप इति मे मति Bg 6 36, Ms 2 100 -2 To bind, imprison, fasten, confine, वानर मा न सयसी Bk 9 50, M 1 7, R 3, 20, 42 -3 To gather (Ātm), व्रीहीन् सयच्छते Sk -4 To shut, close, सर्वद्वाराणि सयम्य मनो हृदि निरुध्य च Bg 8 12. -5 To hold together, hold fast -6 To guide or

drive (as horses) -7 (a) To collect (b) To bind or tie into a knot (as hair), सयम्यमानशिखण्ड V 5 -8 To keep in order -9 To present with, give to -10 To press close to or against, Suśr

संयत *p p* 1 Restrained, curbed, subdued -2 Tied up, bound together -3 Fettered -4 Captive, imprisoned, a prisoner, न सयतस्तस्य बभूव रक्षितु R 3 20 -4 Ready -5 Arranged, see यम् with सम् -तः 1 One who has restrained his passions, an ascetic -2 N of Śiva -Comp -अक्ष *a* one whose eyes are closed -अञ्जलि *a* one who has folded his hands in supplication -आत्मन् *a* self-subdued, self-controlled, ऋषयः सयतात्मान फलमूल-निलगना Ms 11 236 -आहारः *a* temperate in eating -उपस्कर *a* one who has a well-regulated house, whose house-furniture is kept in good order -चेतस्, -मनस् *a.* controlled in mind -प्राण *a* one whose breath is suppressed -मैथुन *a* one who abstains from sexual intercourse -वस्त्र *a* having the clothes fastened -वाच् *a* silent, taciturn, one who has held his tongue

संयतिः Penance, self-castigation

संयत्वर *a.* Silent

संयन्तृ *m* One who restrains, a restrainer, curber

सयमः Restraint, check, control, श्रोत्रादीनीन्द्रियाण्यन्ये सयमाभिषु जुहति Bg 4 26, 27, so सयमधन &c -2 Concentration of mind, a term applied to the last three stages of *Yoga*, सयमाश्वात्तस्य च परस्वादानवर्जनम् Mb 14 18 16, धारणाव्यानसमाधित्रयमन्तरङ्ग सयमपदवाच्यम् Sarva S, Ku 2 59 -3 A religious vow -4 Religious devotion, practice of penance, अस्मान् साधु विचिन्त्य सयमधनान् S 4 17 -5 Humanity, feeling of compassion -6 Any religious act on the day preceding a vow or course of penance -7 Destruction of the world, यच्चेद प्रभव स्थान भूताना सयमो यम् Mb 12 238 20, पुरा स्वयम्भूरपि सयमा-म्भस्युदीर्णवातोर्मिरवै कराले Bhāg 6 9 24 -8 Closing (of the eyes) -9 Effort, exertion

संयमनम् 1 Restraining, checking -2 Drawing in, S 1 -3 Binding, tying up, U 1, अलकसयमनादिव लोचने हरति मे हरिवाहनदिङ्मुखम् V 3 6 -4 Confinement -5 Self denial, control -6 A religious vow or obligation -7 A square of four houses -नः One who restrains or regulates, a ruler -नी N of the city of Yama सा च सयमनी नून सदा सुकृतिना गति Mb 7 72 44, Bhāg 10 89 42, खण्डिता खड्गधाराभिर्भयु सयमिनी पुरीम् Śiva B 27 32

संयमित *p p* 1 Restrained -2 Bound, fettered -3 Detained -4 Assembled, collected -5 Clapsed (in the arms). -6 Piously disposed -तम् Subduing (the voice)

संयमिन् *a* One who curbs or restrains, controlling -*m.* One who controls or subdues his passions, a sage,

an ascetic, या निश्चा सर्वभूताना तस्या जागर्ति सयमी Bg 2 69, R 8 11

संया 2 P 1 To go or proceed together, यथा प्रयान्ति सयान्ति स्रोतोवेगेन बाहुका Bhāg 6 15 3 -2 To go away, depart, walk away, गृहीत्वैतानि सयाति वायुर्गन्धानिवाशयात् Bg 15 8 -3 To go to, go or enter into, तथा शरीराणि विहाय जीर्णान्यन्यानि सयाति नवानि देही Bg 2 22 -4 To reach or attain to -5 To assemble, meet -6 To fight -7 To be directed towards, aim at

संयात्रा 1 Voyage by sea -2 Travelling together

संयानः A mould -नम् 1 Going along with, accompanying -2 Travelling, proceeding -3 Carrying out a dead body, प्राप्तकाल नरपते कुरु सयानसुतमम् Rām 2 76 2 -4 A vehicle, waggon, car, वहेलोकस्य सयान गच्छरव विगतज्वर Rām 7 41 8 -5 Keeping in action, driving (a horse), पश्य मे ह्यसयाने शिक्षा केशवमन्दन Mb 3 19 5

संयाम See सयम

संयावः A kind of cake of wheaten flour, वृथा कृसर-सयाव पायसापूपमेव च Ms 5 7, Bhāg 11 27 34

संयुज् I 7 U. 1 To join together, connect, unite -2 To endow or furnish with -3 To form an alliance -4 To place or fix in, set in -II 4 Ā To unite, सयुज्यन्ते वियुज्यन्ते तथा कालेन देहिन Bhāg 6 15 3 -*pass* 1 To be united with, सयोक्ष्यसे स्वेन वयमहिम्ना R 5 55 -2 To be married to, यादगुणेन भर्ता स्त्री सयुज्येत यथाविधि Ms 9 22 -3 To have sexual intercourse -4 To be supplied or furnished with -*Caus* 1 To unite, join, सयोजयति विधेय नीचगापि नर सरित् H 1 -2 To harness, yoke -3 To prepare, equip (an army) -4 To furnish, endow or supply with, provide with, बुद्ध्या सयोजयन्ति तम् Pt 2 -5 To fasten or fix on -6 To throw, discharge, shoot (a missile) -7 To use, employ -8 To appoint (to an office), entrust with -9 To perform, accomplish -10 To be absorbed in, meditate upon

संयुक्त *p p* 1 Joined, connected, united -2 Blended, mixed, mingled -3 Accompanied by -4 Possessed of, endowed with -5 Consisting of -6 Devoted, attached to, प्रजापालनसयुक्तो न रागोपहितेन्द्रिय Rām 2 2 44 -7 Related (संबन्धित्), सयुक्त एकदु खश्च वीर्यवाश्च महीपति Mb 5 151 9 -8 Married to, अक्षमाला वसिष्ठेन सयुक्ताऽधमयोनिजा Ms 9 23 -तम् -*ind* Jointly, together

संयुगः 1 Conjunction, union, mixture -2 Fight, war, battle, contest, सयुगे सायुगीन तमुद्यत प्रसहेत क Ku 2 57, R 9 19 -3 Contact, nearness, आगमिष्यति नो नून धार्तराष्ट्रस्य सयुगे Mb 7 16 41 -Comp -गोष्पदम् 'a contest in a cow's footstep' : *e* an insignificant or trifling quarrel, cf the English phrase 'a storm in a tea-pot' -मूर्धन् *m.* the front of the battle.

संयुज् a 1 Connected, relating to, संयुजा च सह भेदिनीपतिम् Si 14 55 -2 Possessed of or endowed with good qualities -जा Union, connection, न पारयेऽहं निरवद्य-संयुजाम् Bhāg 10 83 22

संयोगः 1 (a) Conjunction, union, combination, junction, association, intimate union, संयोगो हि वियोगस्य ससूचयति सभवं Subhās (b) Endowment with, possession of -2 Conjunction (as one of the 24 gunas of the Vaiśeṣikas) -3 Addition, annexation -4 A set, आभरणसयोगा Māl 6 -5 Alliance between two kings for a common object -6 (In gram) A conjunct consonant, हलोऽनन्तरा संयोग P I 1 7 -7 (In astr) The conjunction of two heavenly bodies -8 An epithet of Śiva -9 (In phil) Contact (direct material) -10 Carnal contact -11 Matrimonial relation -12 Agree-ment of opinion -13 Sum, total amount -Comp. -पृथक्त्वम् severalty of conjunction This circumstance accounts for one and the same thing being नित्य as well as नैमित्तिक In one case it would be नित्य, in the other it would be नैमित्तिक, (एकस्य तुभयत्वे संयोगपृथक्त्वम् MS 4 3 5, न संयोगपृथक्त्वात् MS 12 1 24), e g दधि is नित्य in दध्ना जुहोति, but नैमित्तिक in दध्ना इन्द्रियकामस्य जुहुयान् This न्याय is discussed and established in MS 4 3 57 -विधिः the Vedānta, propounding the union of जीव and ब्रह्म, Mb 12 200 11 (com.) -विभागाः (m pl) conjunctions and disjunctions, यदि शब्द संयोगविभागा एवाभिव्यज्जन्ति न कुर्वन्ति etc, SB on MS 1 1 13 -विरुद्धम् any eatables causing disease by being mixed

संयोगिन् a 1 United, conjoined -2 Joining -3 Married

संयोजनम् 1 Union, conjunction -2 Copulation, sexual union

संयुत p p 1 Joined, united together, connected -2 Endowed or furnished with

संयुतिः 1 (In math) The total of two numbers or quantities -2 The conjunction of planets

संयोधः Fight, battle

संरक्ष 1 P 1 To protect -2 To ward off, prevent

संरक्षः, संरक्षा Protection, care, preservation

संरक्षकः A keeper, guardian

संरक्षणम् 1 Protection, preservation -2 Charge, custody -3 Prevention, Susr

संरञ्ज 4 U 1 To be dyed or coloured, to redden -2 To be affected with any passion -Caus 1 To dye, colour -2 To please, satisfy, gratify

संरक्त p p 1 Coloured, red -2 Impassioned, fired with passion, कामभोगाभिसरतो मैथुनायोपचक्रमे Rām 7 26 41 -3 Angry, irritated, inflamed with anger -4 Enamoured, charmed -5 Charming, beautiful,

संरागः 1 Colouring -2 Passion, affection, पश्य लक्ष्मण संरागस्तिर्यग्योनिगतेष्वपि Rām 4 2 42, स्त्रीणामपि शक्ता स्थ सरागे किं पुनर्हणाम् Bu. Ch 4 12 -3 Rage, anger

संरम् 1 Ā 1 To become agitated, be overwhelmed or affected -2 To be exasperated or furious, be enraged or irritated (mostly in p p), सरब्धसिंहप्रहृत वहन्ति R 16 16 -3 To seize, catch hold of (Ved) -4 To fear, प्रवृत्त रज इत्येव तन्न सरम्भ्य चिन्तयेत् Mb 12 194 32

संरब्ध p p 1 Excited, agitated, कुरवोऽपि सुसरब्धा शस्त्रविद्यामदर्शयन् Bm 1 662 -2 Inflamed, exasperated, enraged, furious, सरब्धेन शिवेन ते प्रतिभटा केचिच्च बन्दीकृता Śiva B 22 72 -3 Augmented -4 Swelled -5 Overwhelmed -6 Closely joined, hand in hand, पवमानेन स्तोष्यमाणा सरब्धा सर्पन्ति Oh Up. 1 12 4. -Comp -नेत्र a having swollen eyes -मान a one whose pride is excited

संरम्भः 1 Beginning -2 Turbulence, impetuosity, violence, न सरम्भेण सिध्यन्ति सर्वेऽर्था सान्त्वया यथा Bhāg 8 6 24, हन्त वर्धते ते सरम्भ S 7 -3 Agitation, excitement, flurry, अट्टष्टिसरम्भमिवाभ्युवाहम् Ku 3 48, Māl 6 10 -4 Energy, zeal, ardent desire, अन्धेन्यजयसरम्भो वृद्धे वादिनोरिव R 12 92 -5 Anger, rage, wrath, प्रणिपातप्रतीकार सरम्भो हि महात्मनाम् R 4 64, 12 36, V 2 21, 4 28, Ku 3 76 -6 Pride, arrogance, सरम्भो हि सपत्नीत्वाद्भुक्तुं कुन्तिमुता प्रति Mb 1 124 6 -7 Swelling with heat and inflammation -8 Hatred, सरम्भमययोगेन विन्दते तत्स्वरूपताम् Bhāg 7 1 28 -9 Adopting hostile measures, त्वयाऽपि तस्मिन् सरम्भो न कार्य Dk 2 3 -10 Intensity, high degree, निनादस्य च सरम्भो नैतदल्प हि कारणम् Rām 4 15 12 -11 The brunt (of battle), Raj T -Comp -ताम्र a red with fury -दृश a having angry eyes -परुष a harsh through rage -रस a excessively enraged -रुक्ष a exceedingly harsh, सरम्भरुक्षमिव सुन्दरि यद्यदासीत् V. 3 20 -वेगः the impetuosity of anger

संरम्भिन् a (-णी f) 1 Excited, agitated, flurried, इति संरम्भिणो वाणीर्बलस्यालेख्यदेवता Si 2 67 -2 Angry, furious, enraged -3 Proud, arrogant -4 Ardently devoted, diligent, अमर्षा बलवान् पार्थ सरम्भी दृढविक्रम Mb 3 48 10

संरम् 1 Ā 1 To be delighted, भक्तस्य तत्र समरन्त ममापि वाच Mv 1 7 -2 To have carnal pleasure.

संराध 4 P 1 To be accomplished or perfected -2 To be acquired -Caus 1 To bring into harmony -2 To agree about or upon (with acc.) -3 To propitiate, satisfy, conciliate, स्वयं सराधैव शतमखमखण्डेन तपसा Kī 10 63.

संराधनम् 1 Propitiation, conciliation, pleasing by worship -2 Accomplishing -3 Profound or deep meditation

संराधिः Accomplishment, success,

संरावः, संरावणम् 1 Clamour, tumult, uproar -2 Sound or noise in general, बुधियद्गमिनी तारसरावविहृतश्रुति Ki 15 43

संरिहाणम् Affectionately licking (as a cow licking her calf), वत्समिव मातरा सरिहाणे Rv 3. 33 3

संरुण p p Shattered, broken to pieces

संरुजनम् Pain, ache

संरुद्ध 7 U 1 To obstruct, detain, stop, स चेत्तु पथि संरुद्ध पशुभिर्वा रथेन वा Ms 8 295 -2 To impede, obstruct, prevent, संरुद्धचेष्टस्य R 2 43 -3 To hold fast, enchain, तृणमिव लघु लक्ष्मीर्नैव तान् संरुद्धि Bh 2 17 -4 To seize upon, grasp, catch hold of, अजाविके तु संरुद्धे वृकै पाले त्वनायति Ms 8 235 -5 To besiege, blockade, invest -6 To cover up, conceal -7 To withhold, refuse

संरुद्ध p p 1 Checked, impeded, opposed -2 Blocked up, filled up -3 Blockaded, invested, besieged -4 Covered over, concealed -5 Refused, withheld -6 Hindered, stopped (movement), फाल्गुनो गात्रसंरुद्धो देवदेवेन भारत Mb 3. 39 62 -7 Imprisoned, मोचयामास राजन्यान् संरुद्धा मागधेन ये Bhāg 10 72 49 -Comp -चेष्ट a one whose motion is impeded.

संरोधः 1 Complete obstruction or impediment, hindrance, prevention, check, पय संरोधकूलकष Mal 5 19 -2 Blockade, siege -3 Bond, fetter -4 Imprisonment, क्षुत्क्षामा शुष्कवदना संरोधपरिक्लिता Bhāg 10 73 2 -5 Decrease, lessening, संरोधादायुषस्त्वेते व्यस्यन्ते द्वापरे युगे Mb 12 238 14 -6 Suppression, destruction -7 Throwing, sending forth

संरोधनम् 1 Obstructing, stopping -2 Fettering, confining

संरुह 1 P 1 To grow, increase -2 To grow over, heal, see रुह्

संरुद्ध p p 1 Grown together -2 Cicatrized, healed, as in संरुद्धव्रण -3 Shot forth, sprouted, budded, germinated, हर्म्यग्रसंरुद्धतृणाङ्कुरेषु R 6 47 -4 Firmly grown, striking firm root -5 Bold, confident -6 Crowdy, संरुद्धकक्ष्या बहुला स्वमन्त पुरमाविशत् Rām 3 54 13 -7 Deeply set, sunk, ततो मामतिविश्वस्त संरुद्धशरविधत्तम् Mb 3 174 1

संरोहणम् 1 Growing over -2 Healing -3 Sowing, planting, नवसंरोहणशिलस्तस्मिन् सुकर समुद्धतम् M 1 8

संरोषित p p 1 Spread over -2 Besmeared

संरुद्ध 10 U 1 To observe, perceive, see, notice, आश्चर्यदर्शनं संरुद्धयते मनुष्यलोक S 7, संरुद्धयते न च्छिदुरोऽपि हार R 16 62 'is not noticed or known', 8 42 -2 To test, prove, determine, हेन्र संरुद्धयते ह्यगौ विशुद्धि श्यामिकापि वा R 1 10 -3 To hear, learn, understand -4 To characterize, distinguish.

संलक्षणम् Marking, distinguishing or characterizing

संलग्न p p 1 Closely attached, stuck together, united with, adhering to -2 Come to blows or close contest

संलप 1 P 1 To talk, converse, संलपतो जनसमाजात् Dk -2 To name, call

संलापः 1 Conversation, chat, discourse -2 Especially familiar or confidential talk, secret conversation -3 (In dramas) A kind of dialogue, संलाप स्याद्गभीरो-किर्त्तानाभावसमाश्रया S D 6 131

संलापक n A kind of minor drama, said to be of a controversial kind, see S D 6 291

संललित p p Fondled, carressed

संलिख् 6 P 1 To scratch, scrape -2 To write, inscribe -3 To play upon (a musical instrument)

संलीढ p p Licked up, enjoyed, tasted

संली 4 A 1 To cling, adhere or stick to -2 To lie down or settle upon, alight -3 To lurk -4 To melt away -5 To go or enter into

संलयः 1 Lying down, sleep -2 Dissolution -3 Universal destruction (प्रलय) -4 A nest, विश्रान्त सहस्य पक्षौ संलयायैव ध्रियते Bri Up 4 3 19

संलयनम् 1 Adhering or clinging to -2 Dissolution -3 Lying down, sleep

संलीन p p 1 Clung, adhered to -2 Joined together -3 Hidden, concealed -4 Cowering down -5 Contracted, shrunk -Comp -कर्ण a with the ears hanging down -मानस a depressed in mind, in drooping spirits

संलुड् 1 P To stir, agitate -10 U or Caus 1 To shake, stir about, move to and fro, यत्र संलुडिता लुब्धे प्रायशो धर्मसेतव Mb 12 287 44 -2 To confound, disturb, perplex

संलोडनम् Disturbing, confusing

संलुलित a 1 Agitated, confused, Rām -2 Come into contact with, Oh P

संलेपः Mud, dirt

संवत् ind 1 A year -2 Especially a year of the Vikramāditya era (commencing 56 years before the Christian era)

संवत्सरः [संवसन्ति ऋतवोऽत्र संवत्सरन् Tv] 1 A year, न ह पुरा तत् संवत्सर आस Bri Up 1 2 4 -2 A year of Vikramāditya's era -3 N of Śiva -4 The first year in the cycle of five years -Comp. -करः an epithet of Śiva -निरोधः Imprisonment for a year, वैश्य सर्वस्वदण्ड स्यात् संवत्सरनिरोधत Ms 8. 375 -भ्रमि a. re-

volving in a year, completing one revolution in a year (said of the sun) -मुखी the tenth day in the light half of the month ज्येष्ठ -रयः a year's course

संवद् 1 P 1 To talk to, address, मैतस्मिन् संवदिष्टा अतिष्ठा Bri Up 2 1 2 -2 To speak together, converse, discourse -3 To resemble, tally with, correspond to, be like (with instr), अस्य मुख सीताया मुखचन्द्रेण संवदत्येव U 4, अहो संवदन्यक्षराणि Mu 5 -4 To name, call -5 To agree, accord, consent -6 To coincide, fit together (so as to give one sense) -Caus 1 To consult, hold consultation (with instr), as in मौहूर्तिके सह संवाद्यताम् -2 To cruise to sound, play upon (a musical instrument) -3 To declare (truly or sincerely), संवाद्य रूपसंख्यादीन् स्वामी तद्द्रव्यमर्हति Ms 8 31

संवदनम्, -ना 1 Conversing, talking together -2 Communication of tidings -3 Examination, consideration -4 Subduing or overpowering by magic or charms -5 A charm, an amulet -6 A message

संवादः 1 Speaking together, conversation, dialogue, colloquy, संकृतसंवादेऽपि प्रथत इह चामुत्र च शुभम् Mv 1 12 -2 Discussion, debate -3 Communication of tidings -4 Information, news -5 Assent, concurrence -6 Likeness, agreement, similarity, correspondence, तद्धित्वाऽमृतसंवाद तस्मादेतौ मताविह Mb 12 167 24, रूपसंवादाच्च सशयादनया पृष्ठ Dk, (नाद) चित्ताकपी परिचित इव श्रोत्रसंवादमेति Mal 5 20 -7 Meeting, encounter, यदच्छासंवाद किमु किमु गुणानामतिशय U 5 16 -8 A cause, law-suit

संवादिन् a 1 Speaking, conversing -2 Like, similar, resembling, corresponding to, पङ्कजसंवादिनी केरु R 1 39, अस्मदङ्गसंवादिन्याकृति U 6

संवाच्यम् The art of conversation (one of the 64 Kalās)

संवावद् a Extremely similar, having a close resemblance, अनुम्बदस्या स मुखेन्दुबिम्ब संवावद्भूश्रियमम्बुजानाम् N 22 104

संवन्नम् 1 Subduing or overpowering by magical rites or drugs -2 A charm, an amulet (for propitiating god), न हीदृश संवनन त्रिषु लोकेषु विद्यते । दया मैत्री च भूतेषु दान च मधुरा च वाक् ॥ Mb 1 87 12 -3 Gaining, acquiring, कोशसंवन्ने दाने Mb 5 148 9 -4 Fondness, love

सवर्गः Ved 1 Plunder, spoil -2 An epithet of Agni -a Gathering, collecting, वायुर्वीव सवर्ग Ch Up 4 3 1 -Comp -विद्या (in phil) the science of resolution or absorption

संवर्गणम् Attracting, winning (friends), Dk 2 8

संवर्जनम् 1 Appropriating to oneself -2 Consuming, devouring

संवर्म्य To shield, तत्तादृशेन वपुषाङ्ग मदङ्गमेतत् संवर्म्य म्मर-शरा प्रतियान्तु मोचा । Rām, ch 5 65,

संवलनम् 1 Combination, junction, union -2 Being mixed or charged with, अद्य विविशनिशङ्कधर्मयूखसवलनमनु-कुरुते Mal 10 11, 9 13

संवलित p p 1 Met together, mingled, mixed, (चाप-च्छद) ऋज्यासवलितैर्विवर्तिभिरिव प्रान्तेषु पर्यायता Mal 6 5 -2 Sprinkled with, आलिङ्ग्यत्यमृतसवलितैरिवाद् Mal 4 8 -3 Connected, associated -4 Broken, उदितोपलसखलनसवलित (वन्य) Ki 6 4 -5 Surrounded, encompassed -6 Possessed of

संवरिगत a Overrun -तम् A sound, घृत्कारसवरिगतम् Mal 5 19

सवस् 1 P 1 To live, dwell -2 To live with, associate, न सर्वसेच पतिनेन चाण्डालैर्न पुत्रस्य Ms 1 79, Y 3 15 -3 To spend, pass (time) -Caus To accommodate, lodge, furnish with lodging

सवासः 1 Dwelling together -2 Association, company, प्रायेणावममध्यमोत्तमगुण सवासतो जायते Pt 1 250 -3 Domestic intercourse -4 A house, dwelling -5 An open space (for meeting or recreation), शृण्वन् वाचो मनुष्याणां ग्रामसवासवासिनाम् Rām 2 49 4 -6 Cohabitation, sexual intercourse, ब्राह्म्या सह सवासे Ms 8 373

सवसथः A place where people live together, a village, an inhabited place

संवह 1 P 1 To carry or bear along, drag -2 To carry together -3 To rub, press -4 To show, display -5 To take a wife, marry -6 To soothe -Caus 1 To rub or press together, shampoo, संवाहयामि चरणावुत पद्म-ताम्रौ S 3 20 -2 To assemble, collect -3 To drive (a carriage) -4 To marry, take a wife -5 To carry away, drive along, impel, सोऽपि संवाहते लोके तृष्णया पश्य कौतुकम् Pt 5 15

सवहः N of the third of the seven courses or Mār-gas of the wind, see वायु

सवहनम् 1 Guiding, conducting -2 Showing, displaying

संवाहः 1 Bearing or carrying along -2 Pressing together -3 Shampooing, stroking gently -4 A servant employed to rub and shampoo the body -5 A market-place -6 A park for recreation

संवाहकः A shampooer, see संवाह (4) above

संवाहनम्, -ना 1 Carrying or bearing a burden -2 Shampooing, gentle rubbing, अग्नियेलपरिरम्भैर्देतसंवाहनानि U 1 24 -3 Bearing along, propelling, पौरस्त्यो वा सुख-यति मरुत् साधुसंवाहनाभि Mal 9 25

संवाहित p p Moved, प्रयत्नसंवाहितपीवरोरुभि Ki 8 31

संवासित a 1 Made fragrant, scented, perfumed -2 Made fetid, having an offensive or foul smell (as a breath)

संविक्तम् What is separated or individualized

संविज् 7 P, 6 A 1 To shake -2 To be agitated, tremble with fear, झुत्वा जरा संविविजे महात्मा Bu Ch 3 34

संविश p p 1 Agitated, excited, disturbed, distracted, flurried, as in संविशमानस, विसृज्य सशर चाप शोरु-संविशमानस Bg 1 47, किमरिववसविमो बहिर्दुर्योवनो ययौ Mb 3 10 39 -2 Terrified, frightened -3 Moving to and fro, पूररेचरुसंविशवल्लिहृदलोदग्म् Bhāg 4 24 51, 12.9 24

संविज्ञात p p Universally known, generally recognised or allowed

संविज्ञानम् 1 Agreement, consent -2 Thorough understanding -3 Perception, knowledge

संविद् I 2 P 1 To know, be aware of, संवित् सह-युधानौ तच्छक्ति खरदूषणौ Bk 5 37, 8 17 -2 To recognize -3 To investigate, examine -4 To perceive, feel, experience -5 To advise -6 To come to an understanding, agree upon -7 To think over, meditate -II 6 U 1 To get, obtain -2 To meet together -Caus 1 To make known, inform, announce -2 To know, perceive, observe -3 To cause to know or perceive, समवेद्यन्त च द्विष Bk 17 63

संवित्तिः f 1 Knowledge, perception, consciousness, feeling, श्रुत्वया सुखसंविनि स्मरणीयाऽधुनातनी K1 11 34, 16 32 -2 Understanding, intellect -3 Recognition, recollection -4 Harmony (of feeling), mental reconciliation

संविद् f 1 Knowledge, understanding, intellect, यत्रेमे सदसद्रूपे प्रतिषिद्धे स्वसंविदा Bhāg 1 3 33, असंविदानस्य ममेश संविदाम् K1 18 42 -2 Consciousness, perception, त्वत्स्नेहसंविदवलम्बितजीवितानि Māl 6 13 -3 An agreement, engagement, contract, covenant, promise, स राजलोक कृतपूर्वसंविद् R 7 31, ततो देवासुरा कृत्वा संविद् कृतसौहृदा Bhāg 8 6 32, Ms 8 5 -4 Assent, consent -5 An established usage, a prescribed custom, रथस्था संविद् कृत्वा सुखा पृष्ट्वा च शर्वरीम् Mb 12 53 20, प्रसादिनोऽनु-ज्झितगोत्रसंविद् Śi 12 35 -6 War, battle, fight -7 A war cry, watch-word -8 A name, an appellation -9 A sign, signal -10 Pleasing, delighting, gratification, अनुधे कृतमानसंविद् Śi 16 47 -11 Sympathy, participation -12 Meditation -13 Conversation, रहसि संविदो या हृदिस्पृश Bhāg 10 31 10 -14 Hemp -15 Agreement of opinion, स्तुतीरलभमानानां संविद् वेदनिश्चितान् Mb 12 151 6 -16 Acquaintance, friendship, संविदा देयम् T Up 1 11 3 -17 A plan, scheme -18 News, tidings -Comp. -व्यतिक्रमः breach of promise, violation of a contract

संविदा An agreement or promise, covenant

संविदात a, 1 Knowing, intelligent, -2 Harmonious,

संविदान a Conversing, बागधमी ब्रह्मणा संविदानेति Bri Up 2 2 3

संविदित p p 1 Known, understood -2 Recognised -3 Well-known, renowned -4 Explored -5 Agreed upon -6 Advised, admonished, see विद् with सम् -तम् An agreement

संवेदः 1 Perception, knowledge, consciousness, feeling

संवेदनम्, -ना 1 Perception, knowledge -2 Sensation, feeling, experiencing, suffering, दुःखसंवेदनायैव रामे चैतन्यमार्पितम् U 1 48 -3 Giving, surrendering, सुलभेष्वर्थ-लाभेषु परसंवेदने जन Mu 1 25 -4 Betrayal

संविध f Arrangement, plan, रावण संविध चक्रे लङ्कायां शास्त्रनिर्मिताम् Mb 3 284 2

संविधा 3 U 1 To do, act, perform, manage, make -2 To dispose, arrange -3 To set, place, put, lay -4 To appoint -5 To direct, order -6 To attend to, mind -7 To use, employ

संविधा 1 Arrangement, preparation, plan, उद्भासित मङ्गलसंविधाभिः सबन्धिनः सप्त समाससाद् R 7 16, 14 17, किं तु खलु संविधा विहिता न वेति Chārudatta 1 -2 Mode of life, means of leading life, कल्पवित कल्पयामास वन्यामेवास्य संविधाम् R 1 94

संविधानम् 1 Arrangement, disposition, Māl 6 -2 Performance -3 Plan, mode -4 A rite -5 Arrangement of incidents (in a plot), Māl 6 -6 Management, संविधानं च विहितं रथाश्च किल सज्जिता Mb 7 75 25

संविधानकम् 1 Arrangement of incidents (in a plot), the plot of a drama &c, अहो संविधानकम् U 3 -2 A strange act, an unusual occurrence

संविधिः Disposition, arrangement

संविभज् 1 U 1 To separate, divide -2 To distribute, share with, स्निग्धजनसंविभक्त हि दुःखं सख्यवेदनं भवति S 4 -3 To share in common, admit (one) to a share, वित्तं यदा यस्य च संविभक्तम् Subhās, भेजे दमं संविभभाजं साधून् Bu Ch 2 33 -4 To bestow upon, give to

संविभक्त p p Divided, separated, संविभक्ताश्च तुष्टाश्च गुरुवत्तेषु वर्तते Mb 3 37 6

संविभागः 1 Partation, dividing -2 A part, portion, share -3 Bestowal, सत्यमार्जवमक्रोधं संविभागो दमं शमं Mb 3 259. 17

संविभागिन् m A partner, sharer, participator, असंविभागी दुष्टात्मा वर्जनीयो नराधिप Mb 5 38 39

संविभा 2 P To meditate, Munda

संविश 6 P 1 To enter -2 To sleep, lie down to rest, संविष्टं कुशशयने निशा निनाय R 1 95, क्रमेण सुतामनु

संविष्ट 2 24, Ms 4 55, 7 225 -3 To cohabit, have sexual intercourse with, षोडशर्तुनिशा स्त्रीणा तस्मिन् युग्मासु संविष्टे Y 1 79, Ms 3 48 -4 To enjoy -5 To engage oneself in, मन सस्पृशजान् दृष्ट्वा भोगान् स्वस्याभि संविष्टान् Bhāg 7 13 26, 9 19 20

संविष्ट p p 1 Sleeping, lying down, R 1 95 -2 Entered together -3 Seated together -4 Dressed, clothed

संवेगः 1 Sleep, retiring to rest, अथ प्रदोषे दोषज्ञ संवेगाय विशापतिम् R 1 93 -2 A dream -3 Cohabitation, copulation or a particular mode thereof -4 A bed-chamber -5 A chair, seat

संवेगानम् 1 Coition, sexual union -2 Going to bed, संवेगनोत्पापनयो Pratiṃā -3 A seat, bench

संवीक्षणम् 1 Looking about in all directions, search, looking for anything lost -2 Looking or gazing attentively

संवीज् 10 P 1 To fan, दिव्यस्त्रीकरचारुचामरमरुसंवीज्यमान कदा Gangāstaka 4 -2 To cause to stand erect (the hair of the body)

संवीत p p 1 Clothed, dressed, पाण्डराशुकसवीता शयाना प्रमदामिव Bu. Ch 4 49 -2 Covered over, coated, overlaid, येनैवाम्बरखण्डेन सवीतो निशि चन्द्रमा Bh 3 15 -3 Adorned -4 Invested, surrounded, shut in, hemmed, स्वर्णप्राकारसवीता (लङ्का) Rām 7 5 25 -5 Overwhelmed

संवृ 1, 5, 9 U 1 To hide, cover, conceal, सुहृद्गुलिसंवृताधरोष्ठम् S 3 24, R 1 20, 7 30 -2 To suppress, restrain, oppose, ऊचे सवरिपीष्ठास्त्व गच्छ शत्रो पराक्रमम् Bk 9 27 -3 To shut up, close -4 To contract, compress -5 To secure -6 To arrange, put in order -7 To refuse, reject -8 To select, choose -9 Caus 1 To cover -2 To restrain -3 To ward off, prevent, avert

संवरः 1 Covering -2 Comprehension -3 Compression, contraction -4 A dam, bridge, causeway -5 A kind of deer -6 N of a demon, see शबर -7 (With Janas) Shutting out the external world -8 Provision, Buddh -रम् 1 Concealment -2 Forbearance, self-control -3 Water -4 A particular religious observance (practised by Buddhists)

संवरणम् 1 Covering, screening -2 Hiding, concealment, संवरणं हि तत् Māl 1 -3 A pretext, disguise, see संवर also -4 A secret

संवारः 1 Covering, closing up -2 Contraction of the throat &c in the pronunciation of letters, obtuse articulation (opp विवार q v) -3 Diminution -4 Protecting, securing -5 Arranging -6 An obstacle, impediment, प्रत्यग्रापनीतसयमनस्य भवतोऽल्लुसवारा गति Mk 7. 6, 7.

संवृत p p 1 Covered, covered up, रजसा संवृत तेन नष्टज्यातिरभून् Mb 3 11 13, सुहृद्गुलिसंवृताधरोष्ठम् (सुखम्) S 3 24 -2 Hidden, concealed, न मदनो विवृतो न च संवृत S 2 12, संवृते नरेक घरे पतितो नात्र सशय Rām 7 33 6 -3 Secret -4 Closed, shut up, secured -5 Retired, secluded -6 Contracted, compressed -7 Conspicuous, sequestered -8 Encompassed, surrounded, तथा स मन्त्रतो धीमान् मन्त्रिण्ड इव सर्वश Mb 3 122 4 -9 Filled with, full of -10 Accompanied by, see वृ with सम् -तम् 1 A secret or retired place, secrecy -2 A mode of pronunciation -Comp. -आकार a one who conceals all outward manifestation of internal feeling, one who gives no clue to his internal thoughts -मन्त्र a one who keeps his plans secret, तस्य मन्त्रमन्त्रस्य R 1 20 -संवर्त्य a one who conceals what ought to be concealed, नित्य सन्तसवर्त्य Ms 7 102

संवृतिः f 1 Covering, covering up -2 Concealment, suppression, hiding, वदति हि सन्निरेव नामितानि K1 10 44 -3 Secret purpose, covert design

संवृक्त p p 1 Devoured, consumed -2 Destroyed

संवृत् 1 Ā 1 To turn or go towards, approach -2 To attack, assault (with acc) -3 To be or become, ते यथोक्ता संवृत्ता Pt 1 -4 To happen, take place, occur -5 To be produced, arise, spring -6 To be accomplished -7 To be united, meet together -8 To fall to the lot of -9 To be fulfilled (as time), वसन्त्येऽस्मिन् मृगराज-सेविते सर्वतयज्जत्रुवधे समर्थ Rām 4 27 48 -Caus 1 To cast, throw -2 To accomplish, fulfil, पश्येयमिति तस्याश्च काम सवर्त्यतामयम् Rām 7 46 23 -3 To wrap up, envelop -4 To crumble up -5 To destroy, crush

संवर्तः 1 Turning towards -2 Dissolution, destruction, सर्वतोभि सदिबुधयैव Abhiseka 1 13 -3 The periodical destruction of the world, सर्वतप्रकटविवर्तसप्तपाथीनाथोर्वि-व्यतिकरविभ्रमप्रचण्ड Mv 6 26 -4 A cloud -5 A cloud of a particular class (abounding in water) -6 N of one of the seven clouds that rise at the dissolution of the world, तुल्या सर्वतकाभ्रे पिदधति गगन पङ्क्तय पक्षतीनाम् Nāg 4 22 -7 A year -8 A collection, multitude -9 Contraction, पर्यायान क्षणदृष्टनष्टकुम्ब सर्वतविस्तारयो Mv 5 1

संवर्तकः 1 A kind of cloud -2 The fire of destruction, the fire that is to destroy the world at the period of universal destruction, इतोऽपि वडवानल सह समस्तसंवर्तकै Bh 2 76 -3 Sub-marine fire -4 N of Balarāma. -कम् The plough of Balarāma

संवर्तकिन् m N of Balarāma

संवर्तिः, संवर्तिका 1 The new leaf of a water-lily, स्मरेन्धने वक्षसि तेन दत्ता संवर्तिका शैवलवर्तिचित्रा N 8 76 of कमलिनीसंवर्तिका, अम्भोजसंवर्तिका A R 2 4, 5, राजीवसंवर्तिका A R 2 70. -2 The petal near the filament -3 The flame of a lamp &c, (दीपादे शिखा)

संवर्तित *p p* 1 Rolled up, enveloped -2 Similar to the period of कल्पान्त, संवर्तितमिवाकाश जलदै सुमहाद्भुतै Mb 1 26 3

संवृत्त *p p* 1 Become, happened, occurred, इदानीमस्मि संवृत्त सचता प्रकृतिं गत Bg 11 51 -2 Fulfilled, accomplished -3 Collected, heaped together -4 Past, gone -5 Covered -6 Furnished with -त्त. N of Varuna

संवृत्तिः *f* 1 Becoming, happening, occurrence -2 Accomplishment

संवृद्ध 1 *Ā* 1 To grow up, increase, be developed -2 To fulfil, satisfy -*Caus* 1 To rear, nourish, cherish, bring up, foster, संवर्धिताना सुतनिविशेषम् R 5 6 -2 To plant -3 To enlarge, augment -4 To fulfil, satisfy

संवर्धक *a* (-यिका *f*) 1 Causing complete growth or prosperity, augmenting -2 Greeting, welcoming (guests &c), hospitable

संवर्धनम् 1 Bringing up, rearing, fostering -2 Complete growth, thriving

संवर्धित *p p* 1 Brought up, bred, reared, संवर्धिताना सुतनिविशेषम् R 5 6 -2 Increased

संवृद्ध *p p* 1 Full-grown, increased, augmented -2 Grown tall or high, big, large -3 Prospering, blooming, flourishing

संवृद्धिः 1 Full growth -2 Might, power

सवेगः 1 Agitation, flurry, excitement, हृन्मर्मभेदिपतदुत्-कटककपत्त्रसवेगतत्क्षणकृतस्फुटदङ्गभङ्गा Mv 1 39 -2 Violent speed, impetuosity, vehemence, कुतश्चिन सवेगात् प्रचल इव शल्यस्य शकल U 2 26, Māl 5 6 -3 Haste, speed -4 Agonising pain, poignancy

सवेद्धित = संवर्धित, Māl 5 19 (v 1)

सव्यस् (स+वि+अस् 4 P) To compose, bring together, व्यास पुराणसूत्र तन् सव्यस्य विगुल महत् Brav P (ब्रह्म-खण्ड) 1 62, सर्व कथय सव्यस्य ब्रह्मखण्डमनुत्तमम् ibid 2 1

सव्यवहारः 1 Duty, business, सव्यवहारात् औच मैत्रता दृढभक्तिं च परीक्षित Kau A 1 9 -2 Mercantile transaction, calling, trade, अपि प्रचीयन्ते सव्यवहाराणा रुद्धिलाभा Mu 1, see व्यवहार

संव्यूहः Combination, arrangement, वद न सर्गसंव्यूह गार्भस्वेदद्विजोद्दिदाम् Bhāg 3 7 27

संव्ये 1 *U* 1 To clothe, put on clothes -2 To surround, enclose

संव्याप्तम् 1 Covering, wrapping -2 Cloth, vesture, garment, -3 An upper garment, संव्याप्तानामन्तकान्त पुररय Si. 18 69

संशप्तकः [सम्यक् शप्तमङ्गीकारो यस्य षप् Tv] 1 A warrior sworn never to recede from a contest and kept to

prevent the flight of others, संशप्तकमिहृतानर्जुनेन तदा नागसे विजयाय सजय Mb 1 1 189 -2 A picked warrior -3 A brother in arms -4 A conspirator who has taken an oath to kill another

सशब्द, Mention, reference, परिजनानुरागविरचितशब्द-सशब्द Bhāg 5 3 6

संशब्दनम् 1 Making a sound -2 Praising -3 Calling out to -4 Referring to

संशम 4 *P* 1 To be calm -2 To be allayed or extinguished, disappear, सत्त्व सशम्यनीव मे Bk 18 28 -3 To be removed -*Caus* 1 To mitigate -2 To settle, decide, बुद्ध्या सशमयन्ति नीतिकुशल साम्नेव ते मन्त्रिण Pt 1 376 -3 To end, kill

सशमः Complete ease, comfort

सशमनम् 1 Pacification -2 A sedative

संशरणम् 1 Commencement of a combat, attack, charge -2 Seeking refuge

सशित *p p* 1 Sharpened, aroused, ततस्ते सूदिता सर्वे मम बाणा सुसशिता Mb 5 180 22 -2 Sharp, acute -3 Thoroughly completed, effected, accomplished -4 Decided, well ascertained, determined, certain -5 Effecting, diligent in performing -6 Firmly adhering to (a vow), उपोष्य सशितो भूत्वा हिवा वेदकृता श्रुती Mb 12 265 7 -**Comp** -**आत्मन्** *a* one whose mind is thoroughly matured or disciplined -**वत्** *a* one who has fulfilled his vow

संशी 2 *Ā* 1 To waver, be in doubt or suspense, be uncertain or irresolute, संशय कर्णादिषु तिष्ठते य K1 3 14, 42; Bv 2 115 -2 To lie down for rest, sleep

संशयः 1 Doubt, uncertainty, irresolution, hesitation, मनस्तु मे संशयमेव गाहेते Ku 5 46, त्वदन्य संशयरयास्य छेत्ता न ह्युपपद्यते Bg 6 36 -2 Misgiving, suspicion -3 Doubt or indecision (in Nyāya), one of the 16 categories mentioned in the Nyāya philosophy, एकधर्मिकविरुद्धभावाभावप्रकारकं ज्ञान संशय, it is also regarded as one of the two kinds of अयथार्थज्ञान -4 Danger, peril, risk, न संशयमनारुह्य नरो भद्राणि पश्यति H 1 7, याता पुन संशयमन्यथैव Māl 10 13, K1 13 16, Ve 6 1 -5 Possibility -6 A subject of dispute or controversy, अभिहोत्रादहमभ्यागताऽस्मि विप्रर्षभाणा संशयच्छेदनाय Mb 3 186 22 -**Comp** -**आक्षेपः** a particular figure of speech ('removal of doubt'), किमय शरदम्भोद किंवा हसकदम्बकम्। रुत नूपुरसवादि श्रूयते तत्र तोयद ॥ इत्यय संशयाक्षेप सशयो यन्निवार्यते। Kāv 2 163-4 -**आत्मन्** *a* doubting, sceptical -**आपन्न**, -**उपेत**, -**स्य** *a* doubtful, uncertain, irresolute -**उपमा** a comparison expressed in the form of a doubt, कि पद्ममन्तर्धन्तालि किं ते लेलेक्षण सुखम्। मम दोलायने चित्तमितीय संशयोपमा ॥ Kāv 2 26 -**गत** *a* fallen into danger, S 6 -**छेदः** solution of a doubt, decision -**छेदिन्** *a* clearing all doubt, decisive, S 3

संशयान, संशयालु, संशयित् *a* Doubtful, irresolute, uncertain, wavering

संशयित *a* Doubtful, uncertain -2 Doubtful, questioned -3 Risked, hazarded, endangered, exposed to peril or danger, संशयितजीविता ते शरीरावस्था Māl 2 -तम् Doubt, uncertainty

संशीतिः / Doubt, न हि मे संशीतिरस्या दिव्यता प्रति K 132

संशीलनम् 1 Regular practice -2 Frequent intercourse with

संशुद्ध 4 P To be completely purified -*Caus* 1 To purify completely -2 To clear, pay off (expenses) -3 To correct, rectify -4 To examine, inquire into, investigate -5 To clear, secure (a road against attack), संशुद्धय त्रिविव मार्गम् Ms 7 185

संशुद्ध *p p* 1 Completely purified, pure, त्रिवर्गभय-संशुद्धान् (अमात्यान्) Kau A 1 10, प्रयत्नाद्यतमानरतु योगी संशुद्ध-किरिष Bg 6 45 -2 Polished, refined -3 Expiated -4 Acquitted (of crime or debt) -5 Searched, tried, examined, वेपाभरणसंशुद्धा स्पृशेयु सुसमाहिता Ms 7 219

संशुद्धिः *f* 1 Complete purification, अभय सत्त्वसंशुद्धि-ज्ञानयोगव्यवस्थिति Bg 16 1 -2 Cleansing or purifying in general -3 Correction, rectification -4 Clearance -5 Acquittance (of debt). -6 Purity, cleanness

संशोधनम् Purification, cleanness &c

संशूल *p p* Much swelled, swollen

संश्रुत् *n* Trick, jugglery, illusion -*m* A juggler.

संश्रयान *p p* 1 Contracted, shrunk up -2 Frozen, congealed -3 Rolled up -4 Collapsed.

संश्रि 1 U 1 To have recourse to, resort, fly to for refuge or shelter -2 To lean or rest on, depend on, न खलु बहिरुपाधीन् प्रीतय संश्रयन्ते U 6 12, Māl 1 24 -3 To attain to, approach -4 To obtain, संश्रयत्येव तच्छील नरोऽल्पमपि वा बहु Ms 10 60 -5 To serve, wait upon -6 To join, unite with -7 To approach for sexual union

संश्रयः 1 A resting or dwelling place, residence, habitation, त्व सदा संश्रय शैल स्वर्गमार्गाभिकाङ्क्षिणाम् Mb 3 42 22, परस्परविरोधिन्योरेकसंश्रयदुर्लभम् V 5 24, R 6 41, oft at the end of comp in this sense and translated by 'residing with', 'relating or pertaining to', 'with reference to', ज्ञातिकुलेकसंश्रयाम् S 5 17, नौसंश्रय R 16 57, U 3 17, मनोरथोऽस्या शशिमौलिश्रय Ku 5 60, द्विसंश्रया प्रीतिमवाप लक्ष्मी 1 43, एकार्थसंश्रयमुभयो प्रयोगम् M 1 -2 Seeking protection or shelter with, fleeing for refuge, forming or seeking alliance, leaguering together for mutual protection, one of the 6 gunas or expedients in politics, see under गुण also, संश्रयवृत्ति Kau. A 7, Ms 7 160 -3 Resort, refuge, asylum, protection, shelter, अनपायिनि

सं. इ. को ...२००

संश्रयद्वये गजभमे पतनाय वज्ररी Ku 4 31, Me 17, Pt 1 22 -4 Attachment (for home, relatives &c), तथा प्रयत्न कुर्वीत यथा मुच्येत संश्रयात् Mb 12 293 20 -5 A piece or portion belonging to anything -Comp -कृत, -कारित *p p* caused by alliance, यदि तत्रापि सपश्येद्वेष संश्रयकारितम् Ms 7 176

संश्रयणम् Attachment

संश्रित *p p* 1 Gone to for refuge -2 Supported, sheltered -3 United, joined, चूतेन संश्रितवती नवमालिक्यम् S 1 13 -4 Clung to, embraced -5 Inherent in, peculiar to -तः A dependent, follower, servant

संश्रु 5 U 1 To listen to, संश्रुणेति न चोक्तानि Bk 5 19, 6 5, (but *Ātm* when used intransitively), हिताय य संश्रुते स किंप्रभु K1 1 5 -2 To promise -*Caus* To tell, narrate, report

संश्रवः 1 Hearing attentively, असंश्रवे चैव गुरोर्न किंचिदपि कीर्तयेत् Ms 2 203 -2 A promise, an agreement, engagement, पाप कृत्वेव किमिदं मम संश्रव्य संश्रवम् Rām 2 14 2

संश्रवणम् 1 Hearing -2 The ear -3 The range of hearing

संश्रवस् *n* Perfect glory or renown

संश्रुत *p p* 1 Promised, agreed to, देवानां समयस्त्वेव वसूनां संश्रुतो मया Mb 1 98 22, द्विजस्य संश्रुतोऽर्थो मे जीव-यिष्यामि ते सुतम् Rām 7 76 12 -2 Well-heard

संश्रिष्ट 4 P 1 To clasp or press together -2 To adhere or cling to -3 To join, unite -*Caus* To unite, join, connect together

संश्रिष्ट *p p* 1 Clasped or pressed together, joined, united -2 Embraced -3 Adjoining, lying close or contiguous to -4 Furnished or endowed with, having -5 Related, connected together, यथा छायातपौ नित्य सुसंबद्धौ परस्परम्। एव कर्म च कर्ता च संश्रिष्टावितरेतरम् ॥ Pt 2 127 -6 Confused, indeterminate -ष्टः A kind of pavilion -ष्टम् A heap, mass, multitude

संश्लेषः 1 Embracing, an embrace, वशिना हि परपरि-ग्रहमश्लेषपराङ्मुखी वृत्ति S 5 28 -2 Union, connection, contact

संश्लेषणम्, -णा 1 Pressing together -2 Means of binding together -3 Connection, tie, bond

संश्वत् See संश्रुत्

संसज्ज *Pass* To be attached or connected together, be joined or linked together, see संसक्त below

संसक्त *p p* 1 Adhered or stuck together -2 Adhering or clinging to, attached to, sticking close to -3 Joined or linked together, closely connected, प्रान्तेषु संसक्तनमेषां Ku 3 43, R 7 24 -4 Near, contiguous, adjoining. -5 Confused, mixed, mingled, blended,

मदमुखरमयूरीसुक्तसक्तकेक Māl 9 5, कलिन्दकन्या मथुरा गताऽपि गङ्गागोर्मिसंस्कजलेव भाति R 6 48, Māl 5 11 -8 Intent on -7 Endowed with, possessed of -8 Fastened, restrained -9 Given to the mundane pleasures -10 Enamoured -Comp. -चेतस्, -मनस् *a* having the mind fixed or attached -युग *a* yoked, harnessed, ग्रीवाग्र-सक्तयुगेस्तुरङ्गे S₁ 3 68

संज्ञमान *a* 1 Adhering, sticking close together -2 Hesitating, stammering (through sorrow), (उवाच) वाङ्मात्रेण न भावेन वाचा संज्ञमानया Rām 2 25 39

संसक्तिः *f* 1 Close adherence, intimate union or junction, संसक्तौ किमसुखं महोदयानाम् K₁ 7 27 -2 Close contact, proximity -3 Intercourse, intimacy, intimate acquaintance, संसक्तिं मृगमपि भूरिशोऽवधूतै S₁ 8 67 -4 Tying, fastening together -5 Devotion, addiction (to anything)

संसद् 1, 6th P 1 To sit down, sit down together -2 To be afflicted, be in distress -3 To pine away

संसद् *f* 1 An assembly, meeting, circle, संसत्सु जाते पुरुषाधिकारे K₁ 3 51, छात्रसंसदि लब्धकीर्ति Pt 1, R 16 24 -2 A court of justice, अपह्वेऽधमर्णस्य देहीत्युक्तस्य संसदि Ms 8 52. -3 A multitude, number, विविक्तदेशसंस्वित्-मरतिर्जनसंसदि Bg 13 10

संसदनम् Dejection, depression

संसादः An assembly

संसह *a* Equal to, match for

ससाध् *Caus* 1 To be successful -2 To accomplish, complete, सर्वान् ससाधयेदर्थानक्षिपन् योगतस्तनुम् Ms 2 100 -3 To secure, get, obtain -4 To settle -5 To regain, य स्वयं साधयेदर्थमुत्तमर्णोऽवमर्णिकात् Ms 8 50. -6 To cause to be settled or paid, यदि ससाधयेत्तत्तु दर्पाश्लोभेन वा पुन Ms 8 213 -7 To destroy, kill -8 To extinguish

संसाधनम् 1 Performance, accomplishment, संसाधनार्थं प्रययु क्षत्रिया क्षत्रियर्षभम् Mb 5 83 32 -2 Preparation, Kull on Ms 11 95

संसिध् 4 P 1 To be made perfect -2 To be fully accomplished or effected, to be well-performed -3 To attain supreme felicity, to become happy, जप्येनैव तु संसिध्यत ब्राह्मणो नात्र सशय Ms 2 87

संसिद्ध *p p* 1 Fully accomplished, perfected -2 One who has secured final emancipation -3 Dressed, prepared (as food) -4 Healed, cured -5 Clever, skilled -Comp. -अर्थ *a* one who has attained his goal

संसिद्धिः *f* 1 Completion, complete accomplishment or attainment, स्वनुष्ठितस्य वर्मस्य संसिद्धिर्हरितोषणम् Bhāg 1 2 13, Ku. 2. 63, Ms 6 29 -2 Absolution, final beatitude, संसिद्धिं परमा गता Bg 8 15, 3 20 -3 Nature, natural disposition, state or quality. -4 A passionate

or intoxicated woman -5 The last consequence, result -6 The last decisive word

ससुखित *p p* Perfectly delighted or gratified

संसूच 10 U 1 To indicate, forebode, संयोगो हि वियोगस्य संसूचयति सभवम् Subhāṣ -2 To inform, tell

संसूचनम् 1 Showing plainly, proving -2 Informing, telling -3 Hinting, intimating, अर्थय संसूचनम् -4 Reproaching, accusing

संस् 1 P 1 To go towards, approach -2 To revolve, turn round -3 To spread -4 To move -5 To go or flow together -6 To go to, obtain, पापान् संसृत्य ससारान् प्रेत्यता यान्ति जन्तुषु Ms 12 70 -7 To come forth -*Caus* 1 To spread over, cause to move over -2 To revolve or turn round, जन्मद्विष्येनित्यं ससारयति चक्रवत् Ms 12 124 -3 To put off, defer -4 To use, employ

ससरणम् 1 Going, proceeding, revolution -2 The world, worldly life, mundane existence, पुंसो भवेद्यहिं ससरणापवर्गे Bhāg 10 40 28, ग्रीष्मचण्डकरमण्डलभीष्मज्वाल-ससरणतापितमूर्ते Bv 4 6 -3 Birth and re-birth -4 The unresisted march of troops -5 The commencement of battle -6 A high way -7 A resting-place for passengers near the gates of a city

संसारः 1 Course, passage -2 The course or circuit of worldly life, secular life, mundane existence, the world, न स तत् पदमाप्नोति संसारं चाधिगच्छति Kath 3 7, असार संसार U 1, Māl 5 30, संसारधन्वभुवि किं सारमामृतासि शसाधुना शुभमते Aśvaṭ 22, or परिवर्तिनि संसारे सृत को वा न जायते Pt 1 27 -3 Transmigration, metempsychosis, succession of births -4 Worldly illusion -5 The state (future) of life (गति), येन यस्तु गुणेनैवा ससारान् प्रतिपद्यते Ms 12 39 -Comp -गमनम् transmigration, संसारगमनं चैव त्रिविव कर्मसंभवम् Ms 1 117 -गुरु. 1 an epithet of the god of love -2 the preceptor of the world -चक्रम् succession of births and deaths, metempsychosis -पथः, -मार्गः 1 the course of worldly affairs, worldly life -2 the vulva -मोक्षः, -मोक्षणम् final liberation or emancipation from worldly life

ससारिन् *a* (-णी *f*) Mundane, worldly, transmigratory -*m* 1 A sentient being, creature -2 The embodied spirit, individual soul (जीवात्मन्)

संसृतिः *f* 1 Course, current, flow -2 The worldly life, course of the world, यद् हि संसृतिबन्धोऽयमात्मनो गुणवृत्तिद Bhāg 11 13 28 -3 Metempsychosis, transmigration, किं सा निपानयसि संसृतिगर्तमध्ये Bv 4 32, S₁ 14 63, of संसार -4 The state or course (गति), एता संसृतय पुंसो गुणकर्म-निबन्धना Bhāg 11 26 32

संस्ज् 6 P 1 To mix, mingle, unite with, bring in contact with, संस्ज्यते सरसिजैरङ्गाशुभिर्नै R 5 69, अस्नारक्ष संस्जतात् At Br -2 To join, meet, सौमित्रिणा तदनु

ससृजे R 13 73, Ku 7 74 -3 To create, form -4 To endow or furnish with -5 To embrace, स्वेद स्वेदेहस्य वियोगताप निर्वापयिष्यन्निव ससिद्धो N 14 21

संसर्गः 1 Commixture, junction, union -2 Contact, company, association, society, न संसर्गं व्रजेत् सद्भि प्रायश्चित्तेऽकृते द्विज Ms 11 47, संसर्गमुक्तिं खलेषु Bh 2 62, S 1 3 -3 Proximity, touch -4 Intercourse, familiarity -5 Copulation, sexual union, नानागन्धर्वमिथुनै पानसंसर्गकर्मणै Rām 4 67 45, प्रत्याहारेण संसर्गान् ध्यानेनानि-ध्वरान् गुणान् Ms 6 72 -6 Co-existence, intimate relation -7 Confusion -8 A particular conjunction of celestial bodies -9 A particular combination of two humours which produces diseases -10 Point of intersection -11 Duration, Mb 3 -**Comp** -**अभावः** one of the two main kinds of non-existence, relative non existence, which is of three kinds प्रागभाव antecedent, प्रभवसाभाव emergent, and अत्यन्ताभाव absolute, non existence -**दोषः** the fault or evil consequences resulting from association, especially with bad people -**विद्या** 1 learning by social intercourse, Kau A 1 12 -2 Social science

संसर्गिन् a 1 United, associated with -2 Keeping company with, familiar -m An associate, a companion

संसर्गी (In medio) Purification, purging

संसर्जनम् 1 Commingling -2 Leaving, abandoning -3 Discharging, voiding -4 Attracting, winning over

संसृष्ट p p 1 Commingled, mixed or united together, conjoined -2 Associated or connected together as partners -3 Composed -4 Reunited -5 Involved in -6 Created -7 Cleanly dressed -8 Accomplished, performed -**ष्टम्** Intimacy, friendship -**Comp** -**भावः** near relationship, friendship -**रूप** a adulterated

संसृष्टता, -**त्वम्** 1 Association, union -2 (In law) Voluntary reunion in pecuniary interest of kinsmen (as of father and son or of brothers after the partition of property)

संसृष्टिः f 1 Combination, union -2 Association, intercourse, co-partnership -3 Living in one family, see संसृष्टता (2) above -4 A collection -5 Collecting, assembling -6 (In Rhet) The combination or co-existence of two or more independent figures of speech in one passage, मिथोऽनपेक्षयैतेषां (शब्दार्थालंकाराणां) स्थिति संसृष्टिरुच्यते S D 756

संसृष्टिन् m 1 A reunited kinsman -2 A copartner

संसृष्ट् 1 P 1 To move, संसर्पन्त्या सपदि भवत स्रोतसि च्छाययासौ Me 53 -2 To move along, flow

संसर्पः 1 Creeping along, gliding or gentle motion -2 The intercalary month occurring in a year in which there occurs a Kṣāya-māsa (क्षयमास)

संसर्पणम् 1 Creeping along -2 Surprise, unexpected attack, sally

संसर्पिन् a Creeping along, moving or winding near, ऋषोऽसंसर्पिंश्चिख स तस्या मुहूर्तकणीःपलता प्रपेदे Ku 7 81

संसेकः Sprinkling, watering

संसेव् 1 Ā 1 To be associated with -2 To wait upon, attend. -3 To refresh, fan -4 To court, fondle (carnally) -5 To be addicted or devoted to

संसेवा 1 Visiting, frequenting -2 Use, employment -3 Reverence, worship

सस्कु 8 U 1 To adorn, grace, decorate, ककुभ सम-स्कुस्त माघवनीम् Śi 9 25 -2 To refine, polish, वाण्येका समलकरोति पुरुष या सस्कुता धार्यते Bh 2 19, Śi 14 50 -3 To consecrate by repeating Mantras, मन्त्रैस्तु सस्कुतानद्या-च्छाश्वत विविमास्थित Ms 5 36 -4 To purify (a person) by scriptural ceremonies, perform purificatory ceremonies over (a person), सचस्कारोभयप्रोत्या मैथिलेयौ यथाविधि R 15 31, Y 2 124 -5 To cultivate, educate, train, आर्योपदेशसस्क्रियमाणमतय Mu 3 -6 To make ready, prepare, equip, fit out, जीवा भूयो रघुपतिवृषा स्पर्शत सस्करोति Mv 6 37, Ms 9 279, Mu 3 -7 To cook, dress (food) -8 To purify, cleanse -9 To collect, heap together -10 To construct, form well or thoroughly -11 To accumulate, ये पक्षापरपक्षेषसहित पापानि सस्कुर्वते Mk 9 4 (v 1) -12 To correct (astronomically)

संस्करणम् 1 Preparing, putting together -2 Cremating (a corpse)

सस्कर्तृ m 1 One who dresses, cooks, prepares &c , Ms 5 51 -2 One who consecrates, initiates &c , कष्ट सीतापि सुतयो सस्कर्तारं न विन्दति U 7 13 -3 One who produces impression

संस्कारः 1 Making perfect, refining, polishing, (मणि) प्रयुक्तसंस्कार इवाविक बभौ R 3 18 -2 Refinement, perfection, grammatical purity (as of words), संस्कार-वत्येव गिरा मनीषी Ku 1 28 (where Mall. renders the word by व्याकरणजन्या शुद्धि), R 15 76 -3 Education, cultivation, training (as of the mind), निसर्ग-संस्कारविनीत इत्यसौ नृपेण चक्रे युवराजशब्दभाक् R 3 35, Ku. 7 10 -4 Making ready, preparation -5 Cooking, dressing (as of food &c) -6 Embellishment, decoration, ornament, स्वभावसुन्दर वस्तु न संस्कारमपेक्षते Dri Ś 49, S 7 23, Mu 2 10 -7 Consecration, sanctification, hallowing, संस्कारो नाम स भवति यस्मिन्नाति पदार्थो भवति योग्य कस्यचिदर्थस्य ŚB on MS 3 1 3 -8 Impression, form, mould, operation, influence, यन्नेव भाजने लग्न संस्कारो नान्यथा भवेत् H Pr 8, Bh 3 84 -9 Idea, notion, conception -10 Any faculty or capacity -11 Effect of work, merit of action, फलानुमेया प्रारम्भा संस्कारा प्राक्तना इव R 1 20 -12 The self-reproductive quality, faculty of impression, one of the 24 qualities

or gunas recognised by the Vaisesikas, it is of three kinds भावना, वेग, and स्थितिस्थापकता q q v v -13 The faculty of recollection, impression on the memory, संस्कारमात्रजन्य ज्ञान स्मृति T. S -14 A purificatory rite, a sacred rite or ceremony, संस्कारार्थे शरीरस्य Ms 2 66, R 10 78, (Manu mentions 12 such Samskāras viz 1 गर्भोद्धान, 2 पुसवन, 3 सीमन्तोन्नयन, 4 जातकर्मन्, 5 नामकर्मन्, 6 निष्क्रमण, 7 अन्नप्राशन, 8 चूडाकर्मन्, 9 उपनयन, 10 केशान्त, 11 समावर्तन, and 12 विवाह, see Ms 2 26 &c, some writers increase the number to sixteen) -15 Purification, purity -16 A rite or ceremony in general -17 Investiture with the sacred thread, मास मूत्र पुरीष च प्राश्य संस्कारमर्हति Mb 12 165 76 -18 Obsequial ceremonies -19 A polishing stone, संस्कारोलिखितो महामणिरिव क्षीणोऽपि नालक्ष्यते S 6 5 (where संस्कार may mean 'polishing' also) -Comp -पूत a 1 purified by sacred rites -2 purified by refinement or education -भूषणम् (speech) adorned by correctness -रहित, -वर्जित, -हीन a (a person of one of the three higher castes) over whom the purificatory ceremonies, particularly the thread-ceremony, have not been performed and who therefore becomes a Vratya or outcast, cf व्रात्य -शब्दः a word which gains its currency owing to संस्कार, संस्कारशब्द एते आहवनीयादयः SB on MS 5 3 21

संस्कारक a Consecrating, purifying, refining &c

संस्कारवस्त्वम् Refinement, elegance (of behaviour), संस्कारवत्त्वाद्रमयत्सु चेत Ki 17 6

संस्कृत p p 1 Made perfect, refined, polished, cultivated -2 Artificially made, highly wrought, carefully or accurately formed, elaborated -3 Made ready, dressed, prepared, cooked -4 Consecrated, hallowed, संस्कृतश्चापि रामेण जगाम गतिमुत्तमाम् Rām 4 57 11 -5 Initiated into worldly life, married -6 Cleansed, purified -7 Adorned, decorated -8 Excellent, best -तः 1 A word formed regularly according to the rules of grammar, a regular derivative -2 A man of any one of the first three castes over whom all the purificatory rites have been performed -3 A learned man -तम् 1 Refined or highly polished speech, the Sanskrit language, संस्कृत नाम देवी वागन्वाख्याता महर्षिभिः Kāv 1 33 -2 A sacred usage -3 An offering, oblation (mostly Vedic) -Comp. -आत्मन् 1 one who has received purificatory rites, याजनाभ्यापने नित्यं क्रियेते संस्कृतात्मनाम् Ms 10 110 -2 a sage -उक्तिः f 1 a polished word or language -2 a Sanskrit word or expression

संस्कृतिः 1 = संस्कार -2 Preparation -3 Perfection -4 Determination -5 (Modern usage) Civilization, culture

संस्क्रिया 1 A purificatory rite -2 Consecration -3 Obsequies, a funeral ceremony -4 Preparation.

संस्तम्भ 5, 9 P (caus also) 1 To stop, restrain, control, प्रयत्नसंस्तम्भितविक्रियाणां कथंचिदीशा मनसा बभूवु Ku 3 34 -2 To paralyze, benumb, वृत्ति मोहेन संस्तम्भयतेन्द्रियाणाम् Ku 3 73 -3 To take heart or courage, cheer up, compose, collect (oneself), संस्तम्भ राम भद्र ते मा शुचं पुरुषोत्तम Rām 4 1 115, देवि संस्तम्भयात्मानम् U 4 -4 To make firm or immovable, एव बुद्धेः परं बुद्ध्वा संस्तम्भयात्मानमात्मना Bg 3 43 -5 To support, prop up -6 To confirm, establish, corroborate

संस्तम्भ p p Supported, confirmed &c, see संस्तम्भ

संस्तम्भः 1 Support, prop -2 Confirming, strengthening, fixing -3 Stop, stay -4 Stupefaction, paralysis -5 Obstinacy

संस्तम्भनम् 1 An obstructive remedy -2 Stopping, arresting

संस्तु 2 P 1 To praise -2 To extol, celebrate -3 To praise in chorus -4 To be acquainted with, be familiar or intimate with (chiefly in p p in this sense), अनेकशः संस्तुतमप्यनल्पा नव नव प्रीतिरहो करोति Śi 3 31, Ki 3 2, see संस्तुत

संस्तवः 1 Praise, eulogium, न वशं योषितो याति न दानेन च संस्तवैः Pt 4 89 -2 Acquaintance, intimacy, familiarity, गुणा प्रियत्वेऽधिकृता न संस्तवः Ki 4 25, नवैर्गुणैः संप्रति संस्तवस्थिरं तिरोहितं प्रेम घनागमभिर्य 4 22, Śi 7 31 -3 Agreeing together, harmony -Comp -प्रीतिः love through acquaintance

संस्तवान् a 1 Praising properly -2 Eloquent -नः 1 A singer (उद्गातृ) -2 Joy, delight

सस्तावः 1 Praise, celebration, स्वर्गसस्ताव हि सामेति Oh Up 1 8 5 -2 Hymning in chorus -3 The place which Brāhmaṇas repeating hymns and prayers occupy at a sacrifice, तयोरेष सस्तावो य एषोऽन्तर्हृदय आकाशः Brī Up 1 2 3

संस्तुत p p 1 Praised, eulogized -2 Praised together. -3 Agreeing together, harmonious -4 Intimate, familiar, सकल्पनिर्वृतिषु संस्तुत एष दास Māl 7 2 -5 Intended, aimed at, जयन्ति महता संस्तुतापलापिन्य कल्याणिन्यो नीतयः Māl 10 23/24 -6 Equal to, श्वविद्ध्वराहोष्ट्रखरैः संस्तुत पशुः Bhāg 2 3 19

संस्तुतिः f Praise, eulogy

संस्तृ -स्तृ 5, 9 U 1 To spread, strew, प्रान्तसंस्तीर्णदर्भाः Ś 4 8 -2 To overspread

संस्तारः 1 A bed, couch, layer, a bed of leaves &c, नवपल्लवसस्तरेऽपि ते R 8 57, नवपल्लवसस्तरे यथा रचयिष्यामि तनु विभावसौ Ku 4 34 -2 A sacrifice -3 Propagation (of laws or customs)

संस्तारः 1 Spreading out, extension. -2 A bed, couch

संस्तीर्ण a Strewn, scattered, समिद्वन्त प्रान्तसंस्तीर्णदर्भा
S 4 8

संस्त्यायः 1 A collection, heap, an assemblage -2 Vicinity -3 Spreading, diffusion, expansion -4 A house, residence, habitation, संस्त्यायमेव गच्छाव Māl 1, 9 -5 Familiarity, familiar talk, Mv 1

संस्था 1 **Ā** 1 To dwell or live in, stand close together, तीक्ष्णादुद्विजते मृदौ परिभवत्रासान सतिष्ठते Mu 3 5 -2 To stand on -3 To be, exist, live -4 To abide by, obey, act up to, दारिद्र्यात् पुरुषस्य बान्धवजनो वाक्ये न सतिष्ठते Mk 1 36 -5 To be completed, सद्य सतिष्ठते यज्ञस्तथाशौचमिति रियति Ms 5 98 (= यज्ञपुण्येन युज्यते Kull) -6 To come to an end, be interrupted, न तत् संस्त्यारयते कार्यं दक्षेणोरीकृत त्वया Bk 8 11 -7 To stand still, come to a stand (Paras), क्षण न सतिष्ठति जीवलोक क्षयोदयाभ्या परिवर्तमान Hariv -7 To die, perish -8 To agree, conform to -9 To stand firmly -10 To prosper, succeed -Caus 1 To establish, settle -2 To place -3 To compose, collect (oneself) -4 To subject, keep under control, विषयेषु च सज्जनस्य संस्त्याप्या आत्मनो वशे (स्त्रिय) Ms 9 2 -5 To stop, restrain -6 To kill -7 To build (a town) -8 To restore -9 To heap, store up -10 To cremate

संस्थ a 1 Staying, abiding, lasting -2 Dwelling, being, existing, situated (at the end of comp), ज्वनात्मनि संस्थेन सोऽनौ पूर्ण इवार्णव Rām 7 36 27, शिष्टा क्रिया कस्यचिदात्मसंस्था M 1 16, Ku 6 60, निसर्गभिन्नास्पदमेकसंस्थम् R 6 29, Māl 5 16 -3 Tame, domesticated -4 Fixed, stationary -5 Ended, perished, dead -6 Come to an end, completed -7 Manifested (व्यक्त) -स्थः 1 A dweller, an inhabitant -2 A neighbour, countryman -3 A spy

संस्था 1 An assemblage, assembly -2 Situation, state or condition of being, सुखं पृष्ट्वा प्रतिवेद्यात्मसंस्थाम् Mb 5 38 2, विशुद्धविज्ञानघन स्वसंस्थया Bhāg 10 37 22 -3 Form, nature, तेषां संस्था प्रमाणं च भूलोकस्य च वर्णय Bhāg 3 7 27, पीडितो दुहितृशुल्कसंस्थया R 11 38 -4 Occupation, business, settled mode of life, लोकस्य संस्था न भवेत् सर्वं च व्याकुली-भवेत् Mb 12 56 6, Bhāg 10 44 48, पृथक्पस्थाश्च निर्ममे Ms 1 21 -5 Correct or proper conduct -6 End, completion, संस्था हि क्रिया प्रति औदासीन्य, व्यापारान्तरकरण वा पूर्वस्मात् कर्मण SB on MS 10 6 30 -7 Stop, stav -8 Loss, destruction -9 Destruction of the world -10 Resemblance -11 A royal decree or ordinance -12 A form of Soma sacrifice, सोमस्तु रेत सवनान्यवस्थिति संस्था-विमेदास्तव देव वातव Bhāg 3 13 38 -13 Death, dying, फलसंस्था भविष्यामि कृत्वा कर्म सुदुष्करम् Mb 3 159. 13, संस्था च पाण्डुपुत्राणां वक्ष्ये कृष्णकथोदयम् Bhāg 1 7 12 -14 Manifestation, appearance -15 Obligation or agreement (समय), कृता संस्थामतिक्रान्ता भयात् प्रायमुपासिता Rām 4 57 18 -16 Cremation -17 A spy -18 Resembling -Comp. -वृक्षः a pot-herb, Kau. A 1 20.

संस्थानम् 1 A collection, heap, quantity -2 The aggregation of primary atoms -3 Configuration, position, आकृतिरवयवसंस्थानविशेष -4 Form, figure, appearance, shape, स्त्रीसंस्थानं चागसरस्तीर्थमारादुक्ष्णायैना ज्योतिरेक जगाम S 5 30, Ms 9 261, काचित् पुरुषवत् कृत्वा गतिं संस्थानमेव च Bu Ch 4 42, Dk 2 3 -5 Construction, formation, यस्यावयवसंस्थाने कल्पिनो लोकविस्तर Bhāg 1 3 3 -6 Vicinity -7 Common place of abode -8 Situation, position -9 Any place or station -10 A place where four roads meet, संस्थानेषु च सर्वेषु पुरेषु नगरेषु च Mb 12 69 7 -11 A mark, sign, characteristic sign -12 Death -13 The business of upkeeping the Government, व्यवहारसंस्थानम् Kau A 2 7 -14 A part, division, षट्पद नवसंस्थान निवेशं चक्रिरे द्विजा Mb 14 64 10 (v 1) -15 Beauty, splendour -16 The system of disease -a Immovable (स्थार), विज्ञानश्चासि लोकेषु त्रिषु संस्थानचारिषु Mb 3 217 13 (com संस्थानचारिषु स्थारजन्तुषु)

संस्थापक a Settling, establishing, arranging &c

संस्थापनम् 1 Placing or keeping together, collecting -2 Fixing, determining, regulating, कृत्वा चैषा प्रत्यक्षमर्थ-संस्थापनं रूप Ms 8 402 -3 Establishment, confirmation, वर्मसंस्थापनायीयं सप्तमि युगे युगे Bg 4 8 -5 Restraining, curbing -6 A statute, regulation -ना 1 Restraining, curbing -2 A means of calming or composing, संस्थापना प्रियतरा विरहानुराणाम् Mk 3 3

संस्थापित p p 1 Collected -2 Established, fixed -3 Restrained, curbed, checked

संस्थित p p 1 Being or standing together -2 Being, staying, नियोगसंस्थित Pt 1 92 -3 Adjacent, contiguous -4 Resembling, like -5 Collected, heaped -6 Settled, fixed, established -7 Placed in or on, being in -8 Stationary -9 Stopped, completed, ended, finished, क्व न खलु संस्थिते कर्मणि आत्मानं विनोदयामि S 3 -10 Dead, deceased, प्रमदामनु संस्थितं शुचा R 1 72, Ms 3 247 -11 Shaped, formed well, संस्थितदोर्विषाण Rām 3 31 46 -12 Frequented (as a place), तां श्वमि खादयेद्राजा संस्थाने बहुसंस्थिते Ms 8 371 -तम् 1 State, एष योत्स्यति मयि नाशयन् पूर्वसंस्थितम् Mb 5 171 2 -2 Form, shape, ब्राह्मसंस्थितं भूतं मत्समीपं समागतम् Mb 3 167 18

संस्थितिः f 1 Being together, staying with, यस्य मित्रेण सभाषा यस्य मित्रेण संस्थिति H 1 36 -2 Contiguity, nearness, vicinity -3 Residence, abode, resting-place, यया नदीनदा सर्वे सागरे यान्ति संस्थितिम् । तथैवाश्रमिण सर्वे गृहस्थे यान्ति संस्थितिम् ॥ Ms 6 90 -4 Accumulation, heap -5 Duration, continuance, धर्मार्थकाममोक्षाणां प्राणा संस्थितिहेतव H 1 40 -6 Station, state, condition of life -7 Restraint -8 Death, अहो इमां को तु लभेत संस्थितिम् Bhāg 3 19 27 -9 Destruction of the world -10 Living in the same state, पुराणसंहिताप्रश्नो महापुरुषसंस्थिति Bhāg 12 12 8 -11 Attaching importance to, नैता रूपं परीक्षन्ते नासा वयसि संस्थिति Ms 9 14 -12 Form, shape (स्वरूप), उत्सृज्य

सर्वत सङ्ग विज्ञाताजितसरियति Bhāṣ 1 18 3 -13 Constancy, वैन्यस्तु दुर्यो महता सस्थित्याऽयात्मशिक्षया Bhāṣ 4 22 49 -14 Standing or sitting on, केशभस्मनुषाङ्गारकपालेषु च सस्थितम् Y 1 139

संस्पृश 6 P 1 To touch -2 To sprinkle with water, अङ्घ्रि खानि च संस्पृशेत् Ms 2 53 -3 To bring in contact with -4 To rinse the mouth, अवतीर्य सर स्वगा संस्पृष्ट-मुपचक्रमे Rām 7 77 16 -5 To visit

संस्पर्शः 1 Contact, touch, conjunction, mixture, ये हि संस्पर्शजा भोगा दुःखयोनय एव ते Bg 5 22 -2 Being touched or affected -3 Perception, sense

संस्पर्शी A kind of fragrant plant

संस्पृष्ट p p 1 (a) Touched, brought into contact, (b) Affected, smit, यास्यत्यय वाकुन्तलेति हृदय संस्पृष्टमुक्कण्ठया S 4 5 -2 Mixed, mingled -3 Defiled -Comp -मैथुना a seduced girl (unfit for marriage)

संस्फालः 1 A ram -2 A cloud

संस्फुट a Blossomed, blown

संस्फोटः, संस्फोटः, संस्फोटिः War, battle

संस्मृ 1 P 1 To remember, think of, call to mind, स्मर संस्मृत्य न शान्तिररित मे Ku 4 17, राजन् संस्मृत्य संस्मृत्य सवादमिममदधुतम् Bg 18 76-77, Ms 4 149 -2 To recollect fully -Caus To remind, put in mind of, (पाताल) मामद्य स्मरयतीव भुजङ्गलोक Ratn 1 13

संस्मरणम् Remembering, calling to mind

संस्मारणम् Counting over (cattle)

संस्मृतिः f Remembrance, recollection, संस्मृतिर्भव भवत्यभवाय K1 18 27.

संस्त्रवः, संस्त्रावः 1 Flowing, trickling, oozing, खड्गशक्ति-वचुर्यहा नद्य शोणितसस्त्रवा Rām 7 101 6 -2 A stream -3 The remains of a libation, हुत्वा मन्थे सस्त्रवमवनयति Bri Up 6 3 2 -4 A kind of offering or libation

संहतलः The two hands with extended fingers joined together (=सघनल)

संहन् 2 P 1 To unite closely together, join together, हस्तौ सहन् Ms 2 71, दन एव हि सघने भिन्त्येव च सहतान् 7 66, see सहत -2 To heap, collect, accumulate, तद्यदपाश्र आसीन् समहन्त्यन् Bri Up 1 2 2 -3 To contract, diminish -4 To strike, kill, destroy -5 To strike against each other, clash

संहत p p 1 Struck together, wounded. -2 Closed, shut, मैथिल श्रुतदेवश्च युगपत् सहताञ्जली Bhāṣ 10 86 25 -3 Well-knit, firmly united -4 Closely joined or allied, नसहतास्तस्य नभिन्नवृत्तय K1 1 19 -5 Compact, firm, solid, ततो जज्ञे मासपेणी लोहाष्टीलेव सहता Mb 1 115 12 -6 Combined, joined, keeping together, bang in a body, being very close, जालमादाय गच्छन्ति सहता पक्षिणोऽप्यमी Pt. 2 8, 5

101, H 1 34 -7 Of one accord -8 Assembled, collected -9 Composite, compound (said of a kind of odour), इष्टश्चानिष्टगन्धश्च सहत स्निग्ध Mb 12 184 28 (com सहतश्चित्रगन्धोऽनेकद्रव्यकल्कगत) -10 Strong-limbed, athletic. -11 Killed -Comp -जानु a knock-kneed -भू a knitting the eyebrows -स्तनी a woman whose breasts are very close to each other -हस्त a holding each other by the hand

संहतता, -त्वम् 1 Close contact, conjunction -2 Compactness -3 Agreement, union -4 Harmony, concord

संहतिः f 1 Firm or close contact, close union, पयो-वरोत्सेधविशीर्णसंहति Ku 5 8 -2 Union, combination, सहति कार्यसाधिका, सहति श्रेयसी उसाम् H 1 32-33, of 'Union is strength' -3 Compactness, firmness, solidity -4 Bulk, mass, गुस्ता नयन्ति हि गुणा न सहति K1 12 10 -5 Agreement, harmony -6 A collection, heap, assemblage, multitude, वनान्यवाञ्चीव चकार सहति K1 14 34, 27, 3 20, 5 4, Mu 3 2 -7 Strength -8 The body -9 A seam -10 Thickening, swelling

संहत्य (Abs. of स+हन् 2P) Together, simultaneously, all at a time, प्रधानभूते आख्यातार्थे संहत्य विशेषण भवति परार्थे पुनर्विद्युज्येति SB on MS. 6 4 23

संहननम् 1 Compactness, firmness, तत्कार्मुक सहननोप-पन्नम् Mb 1 187 18, Bhāṣ 5 2 21 -2 The body, person, न चादधुतमहावीर्यो वज्रसहननो युवा Mb 1 68 11, अमृता-ध्मातजिभूतास्निग्धसहननस्य ते U 6 21, Mv 2 46, घनसहननो युवा Siva B 22 48 -3 Strength, see सहति also -4 Rubbing the limbs -5 Killing -6 Agreement -7 Connection

संहननीय a Compact, solid, तथापरेणास्य जहार यन्तु कायाच्छिर सहननीयमध्यात् Mb 9 17 27

संहवनम् 1 The act of sacrificing together -2 Sacrificing in a proper manner -3 A quadrangular group of four houses

संशून a Fatty, मासोपभोगसशूनात् Bk 9 16

सहातः One of the 21 hells, Ms 4 89 (v1 for सघात)

संहित p p 1 Placed together, joined, united, सहित-प्रयाणम् Kau A 7, उक्ता स्मो यद्भगवता तदात्वायतिसहितम् Mb 12 328 2 -2 Agreeing with, conformable to, in accordance with -3 Relating to, proceeding from, परय लक्ष्मण शीतेषु मानव मनुसहितम् Rām 1 30 20 -4 Collected -5 Provided, furnished, endowed, accompanied, conformable to, अन्नवीत्त्रिदशान् सर्वान् समेतान् धर्मसहितान् Rām 1 15 27, Mb 1 1 16 -6 Caused by -7 Placed, fixed -8 Compiled -9 Coming close or near, तद-यासादुपावर्त सहितानां च सेवनात् Mb 12 90 29 -10 Placed on (the bow), विचकर्ष च सहितेषु रुचैश्चरणास्कन्दनामिताचलेन्द्र K1 13 18 See सधा -Comp -पुष्पिका Dill (Mar बाळतशोपा),

संहिता 1 Combination, union, conjunction -2 A collection, compilation, compendium -3 Any systematically arranged collection of texts or verses -4 A compendium or compilation of laws, code, digest, मनु-संहिता -5 The continuous hymnical text of the Veda as formed out of the Padas or individual words by proper phonetic changes according to different Śākhās or schools, पदप्रकृति संहिता Nir -6 (In gram) Combination or junction of letters according to the rules of Samdhi or euphony, पर सनिकर्ष संहिता P I 4 109, वर्णानामतिशयित सन्निधि संहितासज्ञ स्यात् Sk, or वर्णानामेकप्रणययोग संहिता -7 The Supreme Being who holds and supports the universe -Comp -पाठः the continuous text of the Veda (opp पदपाठ q v)

संहति. f General shout, loud uproar, tumultuous exultation

संह 1 P (sometimes Ā also) 1 To bring or draw together -2 To draw out, suck, नृपदीपो वनस्नेह प्रजाभ्य सहरन्नपि Pt 1 221 -3 (a) To contract, abridge, compress, महिमानं यदुःकृत्यं तव संहियते वच R 10 32 (b) To drop, संहियतामियम् K -4 To bring together, collect, accumulate -5 To destroy, annihilate (opp सृज्), असु युगान्तोचितकालनिद्रा संहत्य लोकान् पुरुषोऽधिरोते R 18 6 -6 To withdraw, withhold, draw or take back, यदा सहरते चाय कूर्मोऽज्ञानीव सर्वश Bg 2 58, अभिमुखे मयि संहतमीक्षितम् S 2 11, 6 3, न हि सहरते ज्योत्स्ना चन्द्रश्चाण्डालवैश्मनि H 1 58, R 4 16, 12 103 -7 To curb, restrain, suppress, क्रोध प्रभो सहर सहरति यावद्विर खे मरुता चरन्ति Ku 3 72 -8 To wind up, close, अभिषेकविधानं तु तस्मात् संहत्य लक्ष्मण Rām 2 22 11 -9 To seize, take -10 To unite, bind by obligations -11 To lead astray, corrupt, शूरान् भक्तानसहार्थान् कुले जातानरोगिण Mb 12 57 23 (com असहार्थान् परैरप्रतार्थान्)

संहरणम् 1 Gathering, bringing together, collecting -2 Taking, seizing -3 Contracting -4 Restraining -5 Destroying, ruining -6 Withdrawing

संहर्तृ m A destroyer

सहारः 1 Drawing or bringing together, collecting, अनुभवतु वेणीसहारमहोत्सवम् Ve 6, कृत्स्नं च धनसहारं कुर्वन्ति विधिकारणात् Mb 12 20 8 -2 Contraction, compression, abridgment -3 Withholding, drawing back, withdrawal (opp प्रयोग or विक्षेप), समर्थो धारणे मोक्षे सहारे चासि पाण्डव Mb 3 40 15, Bhāg 1 7 27, प्रयोगसहारविभक्तमन्त्रम् R 5 57, 45 -4 Restraining, holding back -5 Destruction, especially of the universe, universal destruction, सहारे समनुप्राप्ते व्यादितास्य इवान्तक Rām 7 62 5 -6 Close, end, conclusion -7 An assemblage, a group -8 A fault in pronunciation -9 A charm or spell for withdrawing magical weapons -10 Practice, skill -11 A division of hell -Comp -भैरवः one of the forms of Bhairava -मुद्रा N. of a particular posture in the

Tānti, a worship, it is thus defined —अधोमुखे वामहस्ते ऊर्ध्वस्य दक्षहस्तकम् । क्षिप्ताङ्गुलीरङ्गुलीभिः सगृह्य परिवर्तयेत् ॥

संहारक a 1 Destructive -2 Compressing, contracting, closing

संहत p p 1 Drawn together -2 Contracted, abridged -3 Withdrawn, drawn back -4 Collected, assembled -5 Seized, laid hold of -6 Curbed, restrained -7 Destroyed

संहतिः f 1 Contraction, compression -2 Destruction, loss -3 Taking, seizure -4 Restraint -5 Collection.

सहृष्ट 4 P 1 To be glad, rejoice, thrill with delight -2 To bristle, stand on end (as a hair)

संहर्षः 1 Horripilation, a thrill of joy or fear -2 Pleasure, joy, delight -3 Emulation, rivalry -4 Wind -5 Rubbing together -6 Sexual excitement, Suśr

संहर्षणम् Emulation, rivalry

संहृष्ट p p 1 Thrilled or horripilated with joy, delighted -2 Bristling, shuddering -3 Fired with emulation

संहृष्टिन् a Erect (as the male organ), Charaka

सह्रादः 1 A loud noise, an uproar -2 Noise in general, सह्रादिकण्ठाभरणा पतन्त Ki 18 19

संह्रीण a 1 Modest, bashful -2 Completely abashed
सकट a Bad, vile, सकटान्नं च नाश्नीयान् Y 3 15 -टः Trophis Aspera (गाखोट)

सकण्टक a 1 Thorny, prickly -2 Troublesome, dangerous -कः The aquatic plant शैवल q v

सकम्प, सकम्पन a Trembling, tremulous

सकर a 1 Having hands -2 Bearing taxes -3 Having tusks or a trunk -4 Full of rays, L D B

सकरुण a Tender, compassionate, merciful

सकर्ण a (-र्णो or -र्णी f) 1 Having ears -2 Hearing, listening

सकर्तृक a Having an agent

सकर्मक a 1 Having or performing any act, तद्वर्ष-पुरुषा भगवन्तं ब्रह्मरूपिण सकर्मकेण कर्मणाराधयन्तीदं चोदाहरन्ति Bhāg 5 20 32 -2 (In gram) Having an object, transitive (as a verb)

सकल a 1 Together with the parts -2 All, whole, entire, complete -3 Having all the digits, full (as the moon), as in सकलेन्दुमुखी -4 Having a soft or low sound -लम् 1 Everything -2 The whole -Comp -चर्ण a (चर्ण पद or वाक्य) having the letters क & ल, (+ह= quarrel-

ling), सहकारवृत्ते समये सहका रहणस्य के न मस्मार पदम् । सहकार-
मुपरि कान्ते सह का रमणी पुर सकलवर्णमपि ॥ Nalod 2 11
-Comp -जनः, लोक. every body

सकृत् a Attended with the ritual or ceremonial
part of the Veda, उपनीय तु य गिभ्य वेदमभ्यापयेद्द्विज ।
सकृत् सरहस्य च तमाचार्य प्रचक्षते ॥ Ms 2 140 -रूपः N of
Siva

सकाकोल. N of one of the 21 hells, see Ms 4 89

सकाम a 1 Full of love, impassioned, loving -2
Lustful, amorous -3 One who has got his desired
object satisfied, contented, काम इदानी सकामो भवतु S 4,
किमन्यन सकामा कपालकुण्डला M 1 9 -मम् ind 1 With
pleasure -2 Contentedly -3 Assuredly, indeed

सकार a Active, energetic, S 19 27

सकाल a Seasonable, opportune -लम् ind Season-
ably, betimes, early in the morning

सकाश a Having appearance, visible, present, near
-श. Presence, vicinity, nearness (सकाशम् and सकाशात्
are used adverbially in the sense of 1 near -2 from
near, from the presence of)

सकीलः One who from sexual weakness causes his
wife to have intercourse with another man before coha-
biting with her himself

सकुक्षि a Having the same womb, born of the same
mother, uterine (is a brother &c)

सकुल a 1 Belonging to a noble family -2 Belong-
ing to the same family -3 Having a family -4 Along
with the family -ल. 1 A kinsman -2 A kind of fish
(सकुली also)

सकुल्य. 1 One of the same family -2 A distant
relation, such as a descendant in the 4th, 5th, or 6th,
or even in the 7th, 8th, or 9th degree, अत ऊर्ध्व सकुल्य
स्यादाचार्य शिष्य एव वा Ms 9 187 -3 A distant relation
in general -a Akn, similar, अथ पयि पथि लाजैरात्मनो
बाहुवक्षीमुकुलकुलसकुल्यै पूजयन्त्यो जयेति N 16 126

सकृत् ind 1 Once, सकृदशो निपतति सकृत् कन्या प्रदीयते ।
सकृदाह वदानिति त्रीण्येतानि सना सकृत् Ms 9 47 -2 At one
time, on one occasion, formerly, once, सकृत् कृतप्रणयोऽयं जन
S 5 -3 At once -4 Always -5 Together with -m, f
Feces, excrement (usually written शकृत् q v) -Comp.
-आहत (सकृदाहत) a (interest) paid at one time (not
by instalments), कुसीदद्रुद्धिर्गुण्य नात्येति सकृदाहता Ms 8 151
-गतिः (सकृद्गतिः) only a possibility -गर्भा 1 a mule
-2 a woman who is pregnant only once -प्रजः a crow
-प्रसूता, -प्रसूतिका 1 a woman who has borne only one
child -2 a cow that has calved once -फला the plan-
tain tree -विभात (सकृद्विभात) appeared at once
-स्नायिन् bathing once, Ms 11 214

सकृपण a Miserable, wretched

सकेश a 1 Having hair -2 Hairy, shaggy

सकैतव a Deceitful, fraudulent -वः A cheat, rogue

सकोप a Angry, enraged -पम् ind Angrily

सक्त p p [सञ्जुक्त] 1 Stuck or attached to, in con-
tact with -2 Addicted, devoted or attached to,
fond of, सक्तसि किं कथय वैरिणि मोर्यपुत्रे Mu 2 6 -3 Fixed
or rivetted on, नगेन्द्रसक्ता परिवर्त्य दष्टिम् R 2 28 -4 Rela-
ting to -5 Diligent, attentive -6 Obstructed, hindered,
सदा सक्त च तद्वेश्म सुमन्त्र प्रविशेह ह Rām 2 15 19 -Comp
-मूत्र a making water with difficulty -वैर a engaged
in hostilities, constant in enmity, S 2 15

सक्तता, -त्वम् Attachment, addiction

सक्तिः f 1 Contact, touch -2 Union, junction,
सक्तिं जवादनयन्त्यनिले लतानाम् K 1 5 16 -3 Attachment,
addiction, devotion (to anything)

सक्तु m pl [सञ्जु-तुन किच्च] The flour of barley
first fried and then ground, barley-meal, भिक्षासक्तुभिरेव
सप्रति वय वृत्ति समीहामहे Bh 3 64 -Comp -फला, -ली the
Samī tree

सक्तुकः 1 = सक्तु -2 A kind of poison

सक्तुल a Containing barley flour

सकथन् A substitute for सकथि after acc dual

सकथि n [सञ्जु-कथिन् Un 3 154] 1 The thigh,
(changed in comp to सकथ after उत्तर, पूर्व and सुग or
when the compound implies comparison, see P V 4
98), असौ चासौ च सकथौ Bri Up 1 2 3, सुप्रवेश कटी
पातु सकथिनी हनुमत्प्रभु Rāmā-raksā 8 -2 A thigh bone
-3 The pole or shafts of a carriage

सक्रिय a Active, moveable

सक्षण a Being at leisure

सखि m [सह समान ख्यायते नि० Un 1 136] (nom सखा,
सखायौ, सखाय, acc सखायम्, सखायौ, सख्यु gen sing, सख्यौ
loc sing) A friend, companion, an associate, तस्मान् सखा
त्वमसि यन्मम तत्तवैव U 5 10, सखानि प्रीतियुजोऽनुजीविन K 1
1 10 (At the end of comp सखि is changed to सख,
वनितासखानाम् Ku 1 10, सचिवसख R 4 87, 1 48, 12 9,
Bk 1 1)

सखी A female friend or companion, a lady's maid,
वृत्त्यति युवतिजनेन सम सखि विरहिजनस्य दुरन्ते Git 1

सखीयाति Den P To wish for a friend

सख्यम् [सख्युर्भाव यत्] 1 Friendship, intimacy, alli-
ance, समुच्छं सख्यं रामस्य समानव्यसने हरौ R 12 57, तस्यैव
मे सौहृदसख्यभेदी Bhāg 10 81 36, समानवीलव्यसनेषु सख्यम्
Subhās -2 Equality -सख्यः A friend.

सङ् 1 P (सगति) To cover

सङ्गण a Attended by troops or flocks -णः An epithet of Siva

सङ्गतिक a Connected with a preposition &c

सङ्गन्ध a 1 Fragrant -2 Related -3 Proud, arrogant -न्धः A kinsman, relation, kindred, सर्व सङ्गन्धेषु विश्वसिति S 5, Me 9

सङ्गर a [गरेण विषेण सहित] Poisonous, having poison -र. N of a king of the Solar race [He was a son of Bāhu and was called Sagara because he was born together with gara or poison given to his mother by the other wife of his father By his wife Sumati he had 60000 sons He successfully performed 99 sacrifices but when he commenced the hundredth, his sacrificial horse was stolen by Indra and carried down to the Pātāla Sagara thereupon commanded his 60000 sons to search it out Finding no trace of the animal on earth they began to dig down towards the Pātāla, and in doing this they naturally increased the boundaries of the ocean which was therefore called Sāgara, cf R 13 3 Meeting with the sage Kapila they rashly accused him of having stolen their horse, as a punishment for which they were instantly reduced to ashes by that sage It was after several thousands of years that Bhagīratha (q v) succeeded in bringing down to the Pātāla the celestial river Ganges to water and purify their ashes and thus to convey their souls to heaven]

सङ्गर्भः, -र्भ्यः 1 A brother of whole blood, सह तनुजः सङ्गर्भेभ्यश्च सहस्रैः Mv 6 27 -2 Similar to, रत्नावली-श्लोकादिभिः सङ्गर्भा Bu Ch 2 21

सङ्गुण a 1 Possessed of qualities or attributes -2 Possessed of good qualities, virtuous -3 Worldly -4 Furnished with a string (as a bow) -5 Possessed of the qualities in rhetoric

सङ्गोत्र a Being of the same family or kin, related -त्रः 1 A kinsman sprung from a common ancestor, तत्रभवतो युष्मत्सङ्गोत्रस्य कश्चस्यापराद्धोऽस्मि S 7 -2 A kinsman of the same family, one connected by funeral oblations of food and water -3 A distant kinsman -तम् Family, race, lineage

सङ्गोष्ठी Fellowship with, अथेन्द्रियारामसङ्गोष्पतृष्ण्या Bhāg 4 22. 23.

सङ्गिः f Eating together

सङ्घ 5 P (सङ्गोति) 1 To hurt, injure, kill -2 To receive, accept -3 To support, bear

सङ्कट a 1 Contracted, narrow, strait, मकटद्वारकाणि स्युस्त्वन्नासां पुरस्य Mb 12 69 44. -2 Impervious,

स इ. को ... २०१

impassable -3 Full of, crowded with, beset with, hemmed in, सकटा ह्याहिताग्नीना प्रत्यवार्यैर्दृश्यता Mv 4 33, विषमशिलासकटस्खलितवेग V 2 8, U 1 8 -4 Pressed, made thin (कृशीकृत), कृतप्रतिकृतैश्चित्रैर्बाहुभिश्च सुसंकटैः Mb 4 13 27 -5 Dangerous, critical -टम् 1 A narrow passage, defile, pass -2 A difficulty, strait, risk, peril, danger, संकटेष्वविषण्णधी K, संकटे हि परीक्ष्यन्ते प्राज्ञा शूराश्च सङ्गरे Ks 31 93 -Comp -चतुर्थी N of the fourth day in the dark half of श्रावण -मुख a narrow mouthed

सकथ् 10 U 1 To talk together, converse -2 To narrate, relate -3 To explain

संकथनम् Narration

संकथा 1 Conversation, talk -2 Accordance, agreement

सङ्करी See सकारा

सङ्कर्षम् N given to Adhyāyas 13-16 of जैमिनि's पूर्वमीमांसासूत्र It is also called the सङ्कर्षणम्, सिद्धकृद्विकारश्च वनस्पतिरिति सङ्कर्षं वक्ष्यते SB. on MS 10 1 32

सङ्कल् 10 U 1 To add or sum up -2 To heap, accumulate, collect -3 To deem, regard, तस्यच्छिद्रप्रोक्तान् विसमितिं करो मकलयति K P 10 -4 To grasp, seize, lay hold of -5 To drive away, put to flight, rout -6 To perform the funeral honours to a dead person

सङ्कलः 1 Accumulation, collection -2 Addition

सङ्कलनम्, -ना 1 The act of heaping together -2 Contact, junction -3 Collision -4 Blending, twining -5 Addition (in math)

सङ्कलित p p 1 Heaped up, piled up, collected. -2 Blended together, intermixed -3 Seized, laid hold of -4 Added -5 Resumed, regained, Māl 3 -ता (In arith) The first sum -तम् Addition -Comp. -श्रेयम् the sum of the terms of an arithmetical progression

सङ्कलितिन् a One who has made an addition

सङ्कालनम् Burning a corpse, funeral ceremony, न तु सकालेन राज्ञो विना पुत्रेण मन्त्रिण Rām. 2 66 15

सङ्कष्टम् Distress, trouble (used in comp), see संकट

सङ्कसुक a 1 Unsteady, fickle, changeable, inconstant -2 Uncertain, doubtful -3 Bad, wicked -4 Weak, feeble

सङ्कारः 1 Dust, sweepings -2 The crackling of flames

सङ्कारी A girl recently deflowered

सङ्काश a 1 Like, similar, resembling (at the end of comp), अभि°, हिरण्य°, विपत्तिं घोरसङ्काशा कुद्धादभिनिशामिव

Rām 7 81 4 -2 Near, close, at hand -शः 1 Appearance, presence -2 Vicinity

संकिलः A fire-brand, burning torch

संकुच 1, 6 P 1 To become contracted, shrink -2 To close, shut (as a flower) -3 To contract, compress -Caus To contract, narrow

संकुचित p p 1 Contracted, abridged, लङ्गापते संकुचित यशो यत् Vikr 1 27 -2 Shrunk, wrinkled, गात्र संकुचित गतिर्विगलिता दन्ताश्च नाश गता Pt 4 78 -3 Closed, shut -4 Covering

संकोचः 1 Contraction, shrinking up -2 Abridgment, diminution, compression -3 Terror, fear -4 Shutting up, closing -5 Binding -6 Crouching down, humbling one's self, त्वयेय पृथिवी लब्धा न संकोचेन चाप्युत Mb 12 14 18 -7 A kind of skate-fish -चम् Saffron -Comp. -पिशुनम् saffron

संकोचनम् Contraction -नी The sensitive plant (Mar लाजाङ्क)

संकुल a 1 Confused -2 Thronged with, crowded or filled with, full of, नक्षत्रताराग्रहसंकुलपि ज्योतिष्मती चन्द्रमसैव रात्रि R 6 22, Māl 1 2 -3 Disordered, perplexed, अन्योन्यप्रतिघातसंकुलचलरुलोलकोलाहलै U 2 30 -4 Inconsistent -5 Thick, dense (as smoke) -6 Violent, intense -लम् 1 A crowd, mob, throng, collection, swarm, flock, महत् पौरजनस्य संकुलेन विघटिताया तस्यामागतोऽस्मि Māl 1, Pt 1. 7 -2 A confused fight, melee, तस्मिंस्तथा संकुले वर्तमाने Mb 3 184 22 -3 An inconsistent or contradictory speech, e g यावज्जीवमह मौनी ब्रह्मचारी च ये पिता । माता तु मम वन्ध्याय पुत्रहीन पितामह ॥ -4 Distress, destruction (नाश), प्राविशत् संकुल तत्र शलभा इव पावकम् Rām 7 19 16

संकूजितम् The cry of the Ohakravāka

संकु 8 U (सकरोति-सकुस्ते) 1 To commit, ये पक्षापरपक्ष-दोषसहिता पापानि संकुर्वते Mk 9 4. -2 To manufacture, prepare -3 To do, perform in general

संकृष्ट 1 P 1 To drag along or away -2 To contract -3 To tighten, tie fast

संकर्षणम् 1 The act of drawing together, contracting; (सात्वती) या द्रष्टृदृश्ययोः संकर्षणम् Bhāg 5 25 1 -2 Attracting -3 Ploughing, furrowing -4 Shortening. -णः 1 N of Balarāma, असियुद्धे गदायुद्धे रथयुद्धे च पाण्डव । संकर्षणादक्षिद्वै शश्वच्छिक्षा वृकोदर ॥ Mb 1 139 4, संकर्षणात् गर्भस्य स हि संकर्षणो युवा Hallv -2 N. of the great serpent Śeṣa, पातालतलमारभ्य संकर्षणमुखानल Bhāg 11 3 10 -3 The destructor of the world, क्षये संकर्षण प्रोक्त तमुपास्यमुपास्यमे Mb. 12 47 32 -4 Egotism (अहंकार), सोऽग्रजं सर्वभूतानां संकर्षणमकल्पयत् Mb 12. 207 10

संकु 6 P 1 To mix, commingle or mix together, न संकिरेत्तदत्र च तत्. पूयेत ब्राह्मण Mb 13 136 13 -2 To scatter about, diffuse. -3 To fill

संकरः 1 Commingling, mixture, intermixture, पत्र-सकर S 2 -2 Blending together, union -3 Confusion or mixture (of castes), unlawful intermarriage resulting in mixed castes, चित्रेषु वर्णसकर K, सकरो नरकायैव कुलघ्नानां कुलस्य च Bg 1 42, Ms. 10 40 -4 (In Rhet) The combination of two or more dependent figures of speech in one and the same passage (opp ससृष्टि where the figures are independent), अविश्रान्तिजुषामात्मन्यज्ञाज्ञित्वे तु संकर K P 10, or अज्ञाज्ञित्वेऽलकृतीनां तद्वदेकाश्रयस्थितौ । सदिग्धत्वे च भवति संकरश्चिव पुन S D 757 -5 The crackling of flames, जागर्त्येव हि दुष्टात्मा संकरेऽभिरिवोत्थित Mb 12 103 12 -6 Dust, sweepings -7 Dung -Comp. -ज, -जात a born from a mixed caste, वृथासकरजातानां निवर्तितोदकक्रिया Ms 5 89 -स्वेदः a particular sudorific treatment

संकरिकरणम् Illegality, sin, खराश्वोद्धृष्टमृगेभानामजाविक-वधस्तथा । संकरिकरणं ज्ञेयं मीनाहिमाहिषस्य च ॥ Ms 11 68

संकारः 1 Dust, sweepings -2 Crackling of flames

संकारिन् a 1 Confused, intermixed -2 Arising from intermixture of castes

संकीर्ण p. p 1 Mixed together, intermingled -2 Confused, miscellaneous -3 Shattered, spread, crowded -4 Indistinct -5 In rut, intoxicated, मदोद्वतस्य नृपते संकीर्णस्येव दन्तिन नेतार खलु वाच्यताम् H 4 17 -6 Of mixed caste, of impure origin -7 Impure, adulterated, तस्मात् संकीर्णवृत्तेषु वासो मम न रोचते Mb 1 79 9 -8 Narrow, contracted -णः 1 A man of a mixed caste -2 A mixed note or mode -3 An elephant in rut, an intoxicated elephant, name of the fourth caste of elephants, Mātanga L 1 26, 30 -णम् A difficulty -णौ A kind of riddle, सा भवेदुभयच्छन्ना यस्यामुभयगोपनम् । संकीर्णं नाम सा यस्या नानालक्षणमकर ॥ Kāv 3 105 -Comp. -जाति, योनि a of mixed birth, of a mongrel breed (as a mule), impure through illegal intermarriage, संकीर्णयोनेयो ये तु प्रतिलोमानुलोमजा Ms 10 25 -युद्धम् a confused fight, melee

संकृत् 10 U 1 To recite -2 To praise, celebrate, glorify -3 To tell, mention -4 To proclaim, announce

संकीर्तनम्, -ना 1 Praising, applauding, extolling -2 Glorification (of a deity). -3 Repeating the name of a deity as a pious or devotional act

संकल्प 1 Ā To wish or long for -Caus 1 To resolve, determine, settle -2 To intend, aim at, purpose, संकल्पितार्थे विवृतात्मशक्तिमाखण्डल कामसिद्धिर्बभाषे Ku 3 11 -3 To arrange or connect together -4 To fix, assign, allot -5 To consecrate, dedicate -6 To imagine, fancy -7 To think about, ponder, reflect, देवेभ्य आगाययत् कल्याण संकल्पयति तदात्मने Bri Up 1 3 6 -8 To perform obseques

संकल्पः 1 Will, volition, mental resolve, काम संकल्पो विनिर्दिष्टम् Bri Up 1 5 3, क काम संकल्प Dk -2 Purpose, aim, intention, determination -3 Wish, desire, संकल्पमात्रोदितसिद्धयस्ते R 14 17 -4 Thought, idea, reflection, fancy, imagination, तत्संकल्पोपहितजडिम स्तम्भमभ्येति गात्रम् Māl 1 35, उथैव संकल्पशतैरजलमनङ्ग नीतोऽसि मया विवृद्धिम् Ś 3 5 (v 1), प्रियासनिहितैवेय संकल्पस्थापिता पुर Nāg 2 9 -5 The mind, heart, शान्तसंकल्प सुमना यथा स्यात् Kath 1 10, संकल्पनिर्वृतिषु सस्तुत एष दास Māl 7 2. -6 A solemn vow to perform an observance -7 Expectation of advantage from a holy voluntary act -8 Consideration, reflection -9 A declaration made by a widow at the time of burning herself with her husband -**Comp** -**आत्मक** a 1 willing, resolving -2 consisting of thought only, imaginary -**ज** a produced from self-will, desire or idea of advantage, व्रतानि यमधर्माश्च सर्वे संकल्पजा स्मृता Ms 2 3 -**जः**, -**जन्मन्** m, -**योनिः** 1 wish, desire -2 epithets of the god of love, भगवन् संकल्पयोनि M 4, Ku 3 24 -**प्रभव** a born from desire (an epithet of Madana), कामिना बहुमन्तव्य संकल्पप्रभवोदयम् Bhāg 8 12 16 -**मूल**, -**समव** a based on some idea or desire, संकल्पमूल कामो वै यज्ञा संकल्पसमवा Ms 2 3 -**रूप** a -1 volitional -2 conformable to will

संकल्पनम् Purpose, wish, desire

संकल्पित a. 1 Wished for, intended, aimed at -2 Determined, resolved upon, संकल्पित प्रथममेव मया तवाथै भर्तारामामसदृश सुकृतैर्गता त्वम् Ś 4 13 -3 Imagined, fancied

संकल्पत p p 1 Contrived, prepared -2 Desired, wished

संकल्पति 1 Will, volition -2 Thought, fancy

संकेत 1 An intimation, allusion -2 A sign, gesture, hint, Mu 1 -3 An indicatory sign, mark, token -4 Agreement, convention, संकेतो गृह्यते जातौ गुणद्वयक्रियासु च S D 12 -5 Engagement, appointment, assignation (made by a mistress or lover), नामसमेत कृतसंकेत वादयते मृदु वेणुम् Git 5 -6 A place of meeting (for lovers), rendezvous, सा स्वैरिष्येकदा कान्त संकेत उपनेष्यति Bhāg 11 8 23, कान्तार्थिनी तु या याति संकेत साभिसारिका Ak -7 Condition, provision -8 A short explanatory rule (in gram) -**Comp**. -**गृहम्**, -**निकेतनम्**, -**स्थानम्** a place of appointment or assignation, rendezvous -**वाक्यम्** watchword

संकेतकः 1 Agreement, convention -2 Appointment, assignation -3 Rendezvous -4 A lover or mistress who makes an appointment, संकेतके विरयति प्रवरो विनोद Mk 3 3

संकेतनम् 1 Appointment, agreement -2 A rendezvous

संकेतयति Den P 1 To agree upon, appoint -2 To fix by convention, lay down conventionally -3 To invite, call. -4 To give a hint

संकेतित a 1 Agreed upon, fixed by convention, साक्षात् संकेतित योऽर्थमभिवचते स वाचक K P 2 -2 Invited, called.

संक्रन्दः 1 War, battle, एते कौरव संक्रन्दे शैनेय पर्यावाकिन् Mb 7 172 13 -2 Sounding together (कोलाहल), तस्मिन् महति संक्रन्दे राजा दुर्योधनस्तदा । गाङ्गेयमुपसङ्गम्य Mb 6 95 1 -3 Wailing, lamentation -4 Means of extracting Soma (अभिषवण), तस्मिन्नात सोमसंक्रन्दमध्ये Mb 7 23 29

संक्रन्दनः 1 N of Indra, अपि संक्रन्दनस्य स्यात् कुद किमुत बालिन Bk 6 109, Mv 5 39, संक्रन्दनप्रतिमबाहुपरा-कमाभ्याम् Rām ch 2 67 -**नम्** War, battle

संक्रम 1 U 1 To come or meet together -2 To traverse, cross, go or pass through -3 To approach, go -4 To go over or be transferred (to another) -5 To enter on or in, काले ह्यय संक्रमितु द्वितीय सर्वोपकारक्षममाश्रम ते R 5 10 -6 To be present at, attend -7 To surmount -**Caus** 1 To transfer -2 To devolve, consign, entrust, ब्राह्मणसंक्रमिताक्षरेण पितामहेन V 3, Ku 6 78 -3 To deliver, hand over -4 To convey, lead towards -5 To take possession of -6 To promise mutual assistance

संक्रमः 1 Concurrence, going together -2 Transition, traversing, transfer, progress -3 The passage of a planetary body through the zodiacal signs, दिनक्षये व्यतीपाते संक्रमेऽर्द्धदिनेऽपि वा Bhāg 4 12 49 -4 Moving, travelling -5 The falling or shooting of stars -6 The meeting of two words in Krama text -**मः**, -**मम्** 1 A difficult or narrow passage -2 A causeway, bridge, नदीमार्गेषु च तथा संक्रमानवसादयेत् Mb -3 A medium or means of attaining any object, तामेव संक्रमीकृत्य Dk, सोऽतिथि स्वर्गसंक्रम Pt 4 2, वैदूर्यसंक्रम इवाम्बरसागरस्य Madhyamavyāyaya 1 1 -4 A stair-case, ladder (सोपान), भवनानि तुङ्गतपनीयसंक्रमकमणक्वणत्कनकनूपुरा स्त्रिय (व्यचलन्) Si 13 34

संक्रमणम् 1 Concurrence -2 Transition, progress, passing from one point to another -3 Passage -4 The sun's passage from one zodiacal sign to another -5 The day on which the summer solstice begins -6 Decease, death, यदि दु खमकृत्वा तु मम संक्रमण भवेत् Rām 2 13. 12 -**का** A gallery, Buddh

संक्रान्त p p 1 Passed through or into, entered into, संक्रान्तचन्दनरसाहितवर्णभेदम् K 8 57 -2 Transferred, devolved, entrusted, पुत्रसंक्रान्तलक्ष्मीकैर्यद्वृद्धेऽवाकुर्भिरुतम् U 1 22 -3 Seized, affected -4 Reflected, imaged, संक्रान्तमूर्तिर्मणिमिदिनीषु Si 3 23 -5 Depicted -6 Having Samkrānti (in astr) -**तम्** Property got by a woman from her husband.

संक्रान्तिः f 1 Going together, union -2 Passage from one point to another, transition -3 The passage of the sun or any planetary body from one zodiacal

sign into another -3 Transference, giving over (to another), सपातिता पयसो गण्डवसक्रान्तय U 3 16 -5 Transferring or communicating (one's knowledge to another), power of imparting (instruction to another), विवादे दर्शयिष्यन्त क्रियासक्रान्तिमात्मन M 1 19, शिष्टा क्रिया करयचिदात्मसंस्था सक्रान्तिरन्यस्य विशेषयुक्ता 1 16 -6 Image, reflection -7 Depicting

संक्रामः Difficult progress, see सक्रम

संक्रीड् 1 A 1 To play or sport together, सक्रीडन्ते मणिभिरमरप्रार्थिता यत्र कन्या Me 69 -2 To creak, rattle (as wheels), सक्रीडन्ति शकटानि Mbh

संस्नीडनम् Sporting together

संस्नीडितम् Rattle of chariots

संस्क्रोशः Lamentation, Kau A 1 17

संस्क्रिष्ट p p 1 Bruised, contused -2 Tarnished (as a mirror) -Comp -कर्मेन a one who does everything with difficulty

संस्क्रुदः 1 Dampness, moisture -2 The fluid secretion supposed to form in the first month after conception and which constitutes the rudiment of the foetus

संक्षालनम् Washing, ablution

संक्षि 1, 5, 9 P 1 To decay, wane -2 To be emaciated or lean -3 To destroy completely, annihilate

संक्षयः 1 Destruction -2 Complete destruction or consumption -3 Loss, ruin -4 End, termination -5 Destruction of the world -6 Shelter, home, अहो निश्चेतना राजा जीवलोकस्य संक्षयम् । धर्म्यं सत्यव्रत राम वनवासं प्रवस्यति ॥ Rām 2 41 6 -7 Death, ह्यणु राजन् यथाकाले प्राप्नो बालस्य संक्षय Rām 7 74 8

संक्षिप् 6 P 1 To collect or heap together, आतपात्य-संक्षिप्तनीवारान् निषादिभिः R 1 52, Bk 5 86 -2 To withdraw, destroy -3 To shorten, curtail, abridge, संक्षिप्येत क्षण इव कथं दीर्घयामा त्रियामा Me 110, Ms 7 34 -4 To contract, compress -5 To diminish, lessen -6 To confine, shut in -7 To constrain

संक्षिप्त p p 1 Heaped together -2 Compressed, contracted, एकप्रकारसंक्षिप्तं कोसलराज्यम् Pratimā 1, एकशरीर-संक्षिप्ता पृथिवी रक्षितव्या -3 Abridged, curtailed, shortened -4 Diminished, lessened -5 Brief, concise, short -6 Restrained -7 Thrown, despatched -8 Seized, grasped

संक्षिप्तिः f 1 Throwing together -2 Compressing, abridging -3 Throwing, sending -4 Ambuscade -5 Transition (from one feeling to another)

संक्षेपः 1 Throwing together -2 Compression, abridgment -3 Brevity, conciseness -4 An epitome, a brief exposition. -5 Throwing, sending -6 Taking away -7 Assisting in another's duty -8 Destruction (संहार),

प्रजासंक्षेपसमये दण्डहस्तमिवान्तकम् Mb 3 155 27 -9 Total, aggregate (संक्षेपेण, संक्षेपतस् are used adverbially in the sense of briefly, concisely, shortly, Kull on Ms 1 68)

संक्षेपणम् 1 Heaping together -2 Abridgment, abbreviation -3 Sending

संक्षुम् 1 A, 4, 9 P To tremble, be agitated or disturbed -Caus To agitate, excite

संक्षोभः 1 Agitation, trembling -2 Disturbance, commotion, Mk 2 -3 Upsetting, overturning -4 Pride, haughtiness

संक्षोभणम् Violent shock, Suśr

संख्यम् War, battle, fight, एवमुक्त्वार्जुनं संख्ये रथोपस्य उपाविशत् Bg 1 47, संख्ये द्विषा वीररस चकार Vikr 1 68, 70, Ve 3 25, Si 18 70, Māl 8 9

संख्या 2 P 1 To count, enumerate, calculate, sum up, तावन्त्येव च तत्त्वानि सांख्ये संख्यायन्ते S B -2 Ved To appear along with, be connected with

संख्यक a (At the end of comp) Numbering, amounting to, शतसंख्यका नरा &c

संख्या 1 Enumeration, reckoning, calculation, संख्या-मिवैषा भ्रमरश्चकार R 16 47 -2 A number -3 A numeral -4 Sum -5 Reason, understanding, intellect, उदारसंख्ये सचिवैरसंख्ये Bu Ch 1 14 -6 Deliberation, reflection, exposition, धर्मसंख्या महाराज व्यवहार इतीष्यते Mb 12 121 9 -7 Manner -8 War, battle, संख्यासमयविस्तीर्णमभिजातोद्वं बहु Mb 12 98 21 -9 Appellation, name, ततो द्वापरसंख्या सा युगस्य समजायत Rām 7 74 22 (com द्वापर-संख्या द्वापर इति नाम । पृषोदरादित्वात् साधु ।) -10 (In geom) A gnomon -Comp -अतिग, -अतीत a beyond number, innumerable, countless -पदम् a numeral -परित्यक्त a innumerable -मात्रम् mere numeration -वाचक a expressive of number (-कः) a numeral -विधानम् the making of a calculation -शब्दः a numeral -समापनः an epithet of Śiva

संख्यात p p 1 Enumerated -2 Calculated, reckoned up -तम् A number -ता A kind of riddle, संख्याता नाम संख्यान यत्र व्यामोहकारणम् Kāv 3 101

संख्यातृ a Examiner, गोसंख्याता भविष्यामि विराटस्य महीपते Mb 4 3 8

संख्यानम् Numbering, calculation, प्रतिषेद्धा च दोग्धा च संख्याने कुशलो गवाम् Mb 4 3 8, मिथ्यावादी च संख्याने Ms 8 400 -2 Becoming seen, appearance, ओं नमो भगवते महापुरुषाय सर्वगुणसंख्यानाय Bhāg 5 17 17

संख्यावत् a 1 Numbered -2 Possessed of reason -m A learned man, संख्यावन्तोऽपि भूम्ना परकृतिषु सुद सप्रधार्य प्रयान्तु Mv 7 42

संगः [सञ्ज् भावे षञ्] 1 Coming together, joining -2 Meeting, union, confluence (as of rivers), विभाति सगात्,

रुफटिकोपलो यथा A Rām 7 5 31 -3 Touch, contact -4 Company, association, friendship, friendly intercourse, सता सङ्गि सग कथमपि हि पुण्येन भवति U 2 1, सगमनुवञ्च 'to keep company with, herd with', मृगा मृगै सगमनुव्रजन्ति Subhās -5 Attachment, fondness, desire, व्यायतो विषयान् प्रस सगस्तेषूपजायते Bg 2 62 -6 (a) Attachment to worldly ties, association with men, दौर्मन्त्र्यावृपतिर्विनश्यति यति सगात् Bh 2 42 विमुक्तं Ku 1 53, Pt 1 189 (b) The subject or cause (हेतु) of attachment, अजित जेतुकामेन भाव्यं सगेष्वसगिना Mb 12 189 14 -7 Encounter, fight -8 Hindrance, obstruction, नास्तु वा गतिसग ते पश्यामि हरिपुगव Rām 4 44 3, तत्पूर्वसगे वितथप्रयत्न R 2 42, 3 63

संगिन a 1 United with, meeting -2 Attached or devoted to, fond of, बद्धमिव स्वैरगतिर्जनमिह सुखसगिनमैवमि S 5 11, R 19 16, M 4 2, बुद्धिभेद न जनयेदज्ञानी कर्मसगिनाम् Bg 3 26, 14 15 -3 Full of affection, desirous, -4 Lubidinous, lustful -5 Continuous, uninterrupted, विधून्त आन्तिमियाय सगिनीम् K1 14 59

संगाणिका An excellent or incomparable discourse

संगम् 1 A 1 To come or join together, meet, encounter, अक्षधूर्तं समगसि Dk, एते भगवत्यौ कलिन्दकन्यामन्दाकिन्यौ सगच्छेते A R 7 -2 To cohabit, have sexual intercourse with, भार्या च परसगता Pt 1 288, Ms 8 378 -3 To keep company or intercourse with, associate with -4 To agree, harmonize, be suitable -5 To become contracted, shrink up -6 To die, depart -7 To go to, attain (with acc) -Caus 1 To bring together, join, unite, बधूवरौ सगमयाचकार R 7 20 -2 To endow or present with, unite with, bestow on, give to, प्रियसुहृदि विभीषणे सगमस्य श्रिय वैरिण R 12. 104 -3 To deliver, hand over -4 To kill.

संगत p p 1 Joined or united with, come together, associated with, तदा गन्तव्यमनिश भवद्भिरिह संगतै Rām 7 36 58 -2 Assembled, collected, convened, met together -3 Joined in wedlock, married -4 Sexually united -5 Fitted together, appropriate, harmonious, शृणुतमिदानीं संगतार्था न वेति S 3 -6 In conjunction with (as planets) -7 Shrunk up, contracted, see गम् with सम् -तम् Union, meeting, alliance, संगत श्रीसरस्वत्योर्भूतयेऽस्तु सदा सताम् V 5 24, S 5 24, K1 14 22 -2 Association, company -3 Acquaintance, friendship, intimacy, यत सता सनतगात्रि संगत मनीषिभि सासपदीनमुच्यते Ku 5 39 -4 A harmonious or consistent speech, well-reasoned remarks -Comp. -गात्र a having shrivelled limbs -सन्धिः a peace concluded after friendship

संगतिः f 1 Union, meeting, conjunction, भवत्या संगत्या फलमिति च कल्याणि कल्ये A L 17 -2 Company, society, association, intercourse, मनो हि जन्मान्तरसंगतिश्चम् R 7. 15, क्षणमिह सजनसंगतिरेका भवति भवार्णवतरणे नौका Moha M 6 -3 Sexual union -4 Visiting, frequenting. -5 Fitness, appropriateness, applicability, consistent relation -6 Accident, chance, accidental occurrence.

-7 Knowledge -8 Questioning for further knowledge -9 (In पूर्वमीमांसा) One of the five members of an अधिकरण

संगम 1 Meeting, union, आवहति वार्यमाण संगममचिरात् प्रियजनेन V 4 65, R 12 66, 90 -2 Association, company, society, intercourse, as in सङ्गि संगम -3 Contact, touch, गात्रसगमात् R 8 44 -4 Sexual union or intercourse, अय स ते तिष्ठति सगमोत्सुक S 3 13, R 19 33 -5 Confluence (of rivers), गगायसुनयो संगमे V 5 -6 Fitness, adaptation -7 Encounter, fight -8 Conjunction (of planets)

संगमक a Leading to, showing the way

संगमनम् Meeting, union, see संगम, शाभिनेऽपि तस्य नवसगमने K1 6 35 -नः N of Yama

संगरः 1 A promise, an agreement, तथेति तस्या वितथ प्रतीत प्रत्यग्रहीत् संगरमग्रजन्मा R 5 26, 11 48, पालितसगराय 13 65 -2 Accepting, undertaking -3 A bargain -4 War, battle, fight, छलबहुलमरीणा संगर हा हतोऽस्मि Ve 5 21, अतरत् स्वभुजौजसा सुहुर्महत संगरसागरानसौ S1 16 67 -5 Knowledge -6 Devouring -7 Misfortune, calamity -8 Poison -रम् The fruit of the Sami tree

सगवः N of a particular part of the day, said to be three Muhūrtas after Prātastana or early dawn and to form the second of the five divisions of the day, अथ यत् सगववेलाया स आदि Ch Up 2 9 4, मा केशवो गद्या प्रातरव्याद्गोविन्द आसगवमानवेणुः Bhāg 6 8 20

सगावः Discourse, conversation

संगुप्त p p 1 Well protected or preserved -2 Well concealed, kept secret

संगुप्तिः 1 Guarding, protection -2 Concealment

संगूढ p p 1 Completely concealed or hidden -2 Contracted, abridged -3 Joined, united -4 Collected, heaped together, piled up

संगृभित p p Concentrated, भवद्विषेवतितरा मयि संगृभिता-लनाम् Bhāg 3 21 24

संगृ 9 U, 6 A 1 To promise, make a vow (Ātm), राज्ञे समगिरिताम् Dk, वसूनि देनाय निवर्तयिष्यन् राम वृष सगिरमाण एव Bk 3 8 -2 To recognise, acknowledge -3 To agree in calling -4 To swallow, devour -5 To praise unanimously

संगीर्ण p p 1 Agreed or assented to -2 Promised, vowed

संगै 1 P 1 To chant, sing in chorus -2 To celebrate by singing together

संगीत p p Sung together, sung in chorus -तम् 1 Chorus, a song sung by many voices, जगु सुरष्टपो गन्धर्व्य संगीतं सहभर्तृका Bhāg -2 Music, harmonious singing,

especially singing accompanied by instrumental music and dancing, triple symphony, गीत वाद्य नर्तन च त्रय संगीतमुच्यते, किमन्यदस्या परिषद श्रुतिप्रसादनत संगीतात् S 1, Mk 1 -3 A concert -4 The art of singing with music and dancing, साहित्यसंगीतरत्नाविहीन साक्षान् पशु पुच्छविषाणहीन Bh 2 12 -Comp -अर्थः 1 the subject of a musical performance -2 the materials or necessary apparatus for a musical concert, संगीतार्थो ननु पशुपतेस्तत्र भावी समस्त Me 58 -शास्त्रा a concert-hall, Mal 2 -शास्त्रम् the science of music

संगीतकम् 1 Concert, symphony -2 A public entertainment consisting of songs attended with music and dancing

संगीतिः f 1 Concert, symphony, harmony -2 Conversation

संगोपनम् Complete concealment.

संग्रहः 9 U 1 To collect, gather, accumulate, hoard, संगृह्य धनम्, पाशान् &c -2 To receive kindly -3 To curb, restrain, check, control, rein in (as horses) -4 To unstring (as a bow) -5 To grasp, lay hold of -6 To take, receive, accept -7 To conceive, understand -8 To contract, abridge, narrow -9 To encourage, support, favour -10 To seize upon, attack (as an illness) -11 To include, comprise, contain -12 To close, shut (as the mouth) -13 To concentrate -14 To constrain, force, तेस्तेरुपायै संगृह्य दापयेदधमर्णिकम् Ms 8 48 -15 To marry -16 To mention, name

संगृहीत a 1 Gathered, collected, stored -2 Grasped, seized -3 Restrained, governed -4 Received, accepted -5 Abridged, see संग्रह above -Comp. -राष्ट्र a (a king) who has a well-governed kingdom, सुसंगृहीतराष्ट्रो हि पाथिव सुखमेधते Ms 7 113

संग्रहः 1 Seizing, grasping, taking, प्रज्वाल्य तत्र चैवामि-मकरोत् पाणिसंग्रहम् Rām 7 12 20 -2 Clenching the fist, grasp, grip -3 Reception, admission -4 Guarding, protection, तथा ग्रामशताना च कुर्याद्राष्ट्रस्य संग्रहम् Ms 7 114 -5 Favouring, propitiating, entertaining, supporting, धनैः कार्योऽस्य संग्रह Ms 3 138 8 311 -6 Storing, accumulation, gathering, collecting, स्वधासंग्रहतत्पर R 1 66, ते कृतप्रकृतिसंग्रहै 19 55, 17 60 -7 Governing, restraining, controlling, एव चै परमो योगो मनस संग्रह स्मृत Bhāg 11. 20 21 -8 Conglomeration -9 Conjunction -10 Agglomeration (a kind of संयोग) -11 Inclusion, comprehension -12 Compilation -13 Epitome, summary, abridgment, compendium, संग्रहेण प्रवक्ष्यते Bg 8 11, so तर्कसंग्रह, मय्यावेगिनया युक्त एनावान् योगसंग्रह Bhāg 11 23 61 -14 Sum, amount, totality, करण कर्म कर्तेति त्रिविध कर्मसंग्रह Bg 18 18 -15 A catalogue, list -16 A store-room. -17 An effort, exertion -18 Mention, reference -19 Greatness, elevation -20 Velocity -21 N of Śiva -22 A guardian, ruler, manager, ततो निक्षिप्य काकुत्स्थो

लक्ष्मण द्वारि संग्रहम् Rām 7 103 15 -23 The fetching back of discharged weapons by magical means, Mb -24 Taking to wife, marriage -25 Perception, notion -Comp -श्लोकः a verse summarizing what has been mentioned before

संग्रहणम् 1 Seizing, grasping -2 Supporting, encouraging -3 Compiling, collecting -4 Blending -5 Incasing, setting, कनकभूषणसंग्रहणोचित (मणि) Pt 1 75 -6 Sexual union, intercourse with a female -7 Adultery, Ms 8 6, 72, सर्वसाक्षी संग्रहणे चौर्यपाश्व्यसाहसे Y 2 72 -8 Hoping -9 Accepting, receiving -णी Dysentery

संग्रहीतृ m A charioteer

संग्राहः 1 Laying hold of, grasping -2 forcible seizure -3 Clenching the fist -4 The fist -5 The handle of a shield -6 A particular jumping of the horse, Mb 5 155 20 (com संग्राह बृहदुद्रङ्ग हेष्णपूर्वकमप्र-पादाभ्यामुपलवनमिति, 'संग्राहो बृहदुद्रङ्गे' इति विश्व)

संग्राहकः 1 A collector, compiler -2 A charioteer (संग्रहाति नियच्छति रथ्यान्), उवाच संग्राहकमागतास्थस्तत्रैव निष्कम्प-निविष्टदृष्टि Bu. Ch 3 27

संग्राहिन् m The Kutaja tree

संग्राम 10 Ā (P according to some) To fight

संग्रामः War, battle, fight, संग्रामाङ्गणमागतेन भवता चापे समारोपिते K P 10 -Comp. -कर्मन् n the turmoil of battle -जित् a conquering in battle -तुला the ordeal of battle -त्यम्, -पटहः a large military drum -भूमिः a field of battle -मूर्धन् m the front of battle

संघः 1 A group, collection, multitude, flock, as महर्षिसंघ, मनुष्यसंघ &c, सिद्धचारणसंघाना बभूव प्रियदर्शन Mb 1 120 1 -2 A number of people living together -3 Close contact or combination -Comp -आरामः a Buddhist convent, monastery (विहार) -चारिन् a wandering or moving in numbers, सत्य खलु लोकप्रवाद सङ्घचारिणोऽनर्था इति Avimāraka 2, सङ्घचारिणोऽनर्था इती-दशमेव Pratyūñ 3 -m a fish -जीविन् m a hired labourer, coolie -तलः the two hands with the open palms brought together -वृत्तम् the conduct of corporations, Kau A 11 -वृत्तिः f close combination, league

संघट्ट 1 Ā To meet, assemble together -Caus 1 To join or fasten together, bring together -2 To strike (a musical instrument), sound, play upon

संघटना 1 Joining together, union, combination, देवस्यान्यकलत्रसंघटनया दुःख पर स्थापिता Ratn 4 19 -2 Combination of words or sounds.

संघट्ट 1 Ā 1 To strike -2 To bring together, unite -3 To gather, collect -4 To rub, rub against or press against, संघट्टयन्नङ्गदमङ्गदेन R 6. 73. -5 To strike against, touch

संघट्टः 1 Friction, rubbing together, सरलस्कन्धसंघट्ट-
जन्मा (द्वामि) Me 55, Māl 5 3, 9 1, सघट्टैर्वगुभि स्तनै
Bu Ch 4 29, Ve 1 22 -2 Collision, clashing
together, encounter, फलसघट्टविकीर्णविस्फुलिङ्ग Si 20 26
-3 Encounter, conflict -4 Meeting, joining, collision
or rivalry (as of wives), वक्षस्यसघट्टसुख वसन्ती रेजे सपत्नी-
रहितेव लक्ष्मी R 14 86. -5 Embracing -ट्टा A large
creeper

संघट्टनम्, -ना 1 Rubbing together, friction -2
Collision, clash -3 Close contact, adherence to -4
Contact, union, cohesion -5 The intertwining of wrest-
lers -6 Meeting, encounter in general -7 The em-
brace of lovers

संघट्टिन m An adherent, follower, कृष्णसघट्टिन
केचिदासन्नामस्य चापरे Bhāg 10 18 20, 5 10 6

संघाटः Fitting and joining of timbers, joinery,
carpentry, तौ काष्ठसघाटमथो चक्रतु सुमहाप्लवम् Rām 2
55 14

संघाटिका 1 A pair, couple -2 A bawd, procuress
-3 Smell 4 The nose

संघाणकः, -कम् The mucus of the nose

संघातः 1 Union, combination, an association,
त्वक् च मांस तथाऽस्थीनि मज्जा स्नायुश्च पञ्चमम् । इत्येतदिह संघातम्
Mb 12 184 20 -2 A multitude, an assemblage, a
collection, उपायसघात इव प्रवृद्ध R 14 11, जलसघात इवासि
विद्रुत Ku 4 6, Bg 13 6 -3 Killing, slaughter -4
Phlegm -5 Formation of compounds -6 N of a
division of hell -7 A particular mode of walking
(in dramas) -8 Flow, यस्य शोणितसघाता भेरी मण्डूककच्छपा
Mb 12 98 31 (com शोणितसघाता शोणितौघमयी) -9 A
hard part (कठिनाश), आकाशात् खलु यो बोध सघातरतु महीगुण
Mb 12 285 7 -10 Combat, war -11 A paravan
-12 A bone -13 Intensity -Comp -कठिन a hard
like a solid, solid, द्रव संघातकठिन Ku 2 11 -चारिन् a
gregarious -ज a produced by a complicated derange-
ment of the three humours (साभिपातिक) -मृत्युः
wholesale death, कष्ट किनिमित्तममी सघातमृत्यवो जाता Nāg 4
-शिला a stone-like block or hard mass, solid stone,
Ku 1 56, 5 55

संघातकः, संघात्यः A kind of dramatic performance

संघुष् 1 P 1 To resound -2 To proclaim loudly

संघुष्ट p. p 1 Resonant, resounding, नानाविहगसंघुष्टम्
Mb 1 18 2 -2 Sounded, proclaimed -3 Offered for
sale, उदक्यारूपसंघुष्ट पर्यायान्न च वर्जयेत् Y 1 168 -ष्टः A
sound, noise

संघृष् 1 P 1 To rub or grind together -2 To rival,
emulate, compete or vie with, स प्रयोगनिष्ठौ प्रयोक्तृभिः
संघर्ष सह मित्रसन्निधौ R. 19. 86. -3 To rub, scratch.

संघर्षः 1 Rubbing together, friction, तयोर्भुजविनिष्पेषात्
संघर्षेणोरसोस्तथा Mb 3 3) 60 -2 Grinding, trituration
-3 Collision, clash, कृष्णमायाविमृदाना संघर्ष सुमहानभूत् Bhāg
11 30 13 -4 Emulation, rivalry, contest for superio-
rity, पुष्पमासे हि तरव संघर्षादिव पुष्पिता Rām 4 1 91,
तस्याश्च मम च कस्मिंश्चित् संघर्षे Lk, नाट्याचार्ययोर्महान् ज्ञानसंघर्षो
जात M 1 -5 Envy, jealousy -6 Gliding, gently
flowing -7 Enmity, hostility, क्षत्र स्वर्ग कथ गच्छेच्छलपूत-
मिति प्रभो । संघर्षजननस्तस्मान् कन्यागर्भा विनिर्मित ॥ Mb
12 2 4 -8 Sexual excitement, Mb 15 30 22 -र्षा
Liquid lac

संघर्षणम् Ointment, unguent

सच् 1 Ā, 3 P (सच्ने, सिषकि) Ved 1 To follow,
pursue -2 To go to -3 To love, like -4 To be obe-
dient -5 To honour, serve -6 To assist, aid -7 To be
associated with

सचनम् 1 Honouring -2 Service, attendance -3
Assisting, helping

सचकित a Startled, timid -तम् ind Tremblingly,
in an alarmed or startled manner, सचकितमिव विस्मया-
कुलाभि Ki 10 7

सचराचर a Comprehending everything, ततो दुर्ग
च राष्ट्र च लोक च सचराचरम् Ms 7 29 -रम् The universe

सचिः 1 A friend -2 Friendship, intimacy -f The
wife of Indra, see सची

सचित्र a Painted, variegated (with pictures),
विद्युत्स्वन्त ललितवर्णिता सेन्द्रचाप सचित्रा Me 66

सच्छिद्र a Blear-eyed

सचिवः 1 A friend, companion, छायेव कर्मसचिवा
साधवो दीनवत्सला Bhāg 11 2 6, Ki 6 13 -2 A minister,
counsellor, सचिवान् सप्त चाष्टौ वा प्रकुर्वीत परीक्षितान् Ms 7 54,
R 1 34, 4 87, 8 67, कार्यान्तरसचिव M 1 -3 The dark
thorn-apple -Comp. -आमय, a kind of disease (Mar
धावरं)

सची See सची.

सचेतन a 1 Sentient, animate, rational -2 Con-
scious, sensible

सचेतस् a 1 Intelligent, व्रीडितव्यमपि ते सचेतस Ki
13 46 -2 Possessed of feeling, सचेतस कस्य मनो न द्यते
Ku 5 48 -3 Unanimous -4 Conscious, इदानीमस्मि
सञ्ज्ञत सचेता प्रकृतिं गत Bg 11 51.

सचेत a Dressed

सचेष्टः The mango tree -a Making efforts, active

सच्छाय a 1 Shady -2 Glittering -3 Having
the same colour as.

सच्छिद्र a 1 Having holes -2 Defective, faulty.

संज्ञन *a* Having men or living beings -**नः** 1 A man of the same family, a kinsman -2 Public, people, एतस्य वेदिष्याधो न नावेतत् संज्ञन इति B11 Up 3 2 13

संज्ञम्बाल *a* Muddy

संज्ञल *a* Watery, wet, humid

संज्ञागर *a* Waking, awake

संज्ञान *a* Born together -**तः** A brother (Ved)

संज्ञाति, -संज्ञातीय *a* 1 Of the same kind, tribe, class, or species -2 Like, similar -*m* A son of a man and woman of the same caste

संज्ञात्यम् Brotherhood, relationship

संज्ञानि *a* Together with wife

संज्ञुष (स) *a* 1 Loving, attached to -2 Associated together -*m* (Nom संज्ञु संज्ञुषौ संज्ञुप, instr dual संज्ञुभ्याम्) A friend, companion, खेलयन्निश नापि संज्ञु कृत्य रतिं वसेत् Bk 5 72 -*and* With, together with, संज्ञुरिन्द्रेण पद्मा-शङ्खेवास्ते मरुतोऽभवन् Bhāg 6 18 67

संज्ञ 1 P To go, move -*Caus* 1 To cling, adhere -2 To fix (the mind) upon -3 To cause one's self to be embraced, संज्ञयति हि ते नारीर्निगूढाश्चरयन्ति च Ms 8 362

संज्ञ *a* 1 Ready, made or got ready, prepared, संज्ञ कुरुवर राजन् कालप्राप्त च भारत Mb 3 256 2, संज्ञो रथ U 1 -2 Dressed, clothed -3 Accoutred, trimmed -4 Fully equipped, armed -5 Fortified -6 Strung, placed on a bow-string

संज्ञनम् 1 Fastening, tying on -2 Dressing -3 Preparing, arming, equipping -4 A guard, sentry -5 A ferry, *ghāt* -*a* Hanging round, निवीती कण्ठसंज्ञने Ms 2 63 -**नः** A good man, see under सत् -**ना** 1 Decoration, accoutrement, equipment -2 Dressing, ornamenting -3 Decorating an elephant before riding, L. D. B

संज्ञा 1 Dress, decoration -2 Equipment, apparatus -3 Military accoutrement, armour, mail

संज्ञित *a* 1 Dressed -2 Decorated -3 Made ready, equipped, सामादिसंज्ञिते पाशे प्रतीक्षन्ते दिवानिशम् Pt 1 157 -4 Accoutred, armed -5 Fastened, attached to, परिधाय स्ववासासि प्रेष्ठसगमसंज्ञिता Bhāg 10 22 23

संज्ञीकृ 8 U 1 To make ready, prepare, equip -2 To decorate -3 To string (a bow).

संज्ञीभू 1 P To be ready, to be equipped, accoutred, or decorated

संज्ञ्य *a* 1 Furnished with a bowstring; शरासनानां संज्ञ्यानां टङ्कुरेण महीयसा Siva B 4 39 -2 Strung (as a bow), न तेन संज्ञ्यं क्वचिदुद्यत धनु K1. 1. 21

संज्ञ्योतिस *and* According to the light, संज्ञ्योति स्यादन्ध्याय शेषे रात्रौ यथा दिवा Ms 4. 106, 5 82

संज्ञ्योत्तरना A moonlight night

संज्ञः A collection of leaves for writing upon

संज्ञकः A mould, an impression in which the outlines of the thing to be reproduced are inscribed in an inverted fashion (Marāthī ठसा), विधिर्विधत्ते विधुना वधूना किमानन काञ्चनसंज्ञकेन N 22 47, 48

संज्ञत् *m* 1 A cheat, rogue, juggler -2 Cheating, deceit

संज्ञर् 1 P (but *Ātm* when used with the instrumental of a conveyance) 1 To move, walk, go, pass, walk about, यानै समचरन्तान्ये Bk 8 32, क्वचित् पथा सचरते सुराणाम् R 13 19, N 6 57 -2 To practise, perform -3 To pass over, be transferred to -4 To act, behave, भो राजानश्चरमवयसामाज्ञया सचरध्वम् Mā 6 2 -5 To join, meet -6 To pass or roam through, travel over -7 To arrive at, reach, attain -*Caus* 1 To cause to go about, lead, conduct, यूथानि सचार्य S 5 5 -2 To cause to spread, circulate -3 To transmit, communicate, pass over, deliver over to (as a disease &c) -4 To turn out (as cattle &c) to graze -5 To impel, instigate, incite

संज्ञरः 1 Passage, transit from one zodiacal sign to another -2 A way, path, यत्रौषधिप्रकाशेन नक्त दर्शितसचरा Ku 6 43, R 16 12 -3 A narrow road, defile, difficult passage -4 Entrance, *gate* -5 The body -6 Killing -7 Development -*a* Going about, moving everywhere, अनिरुक्तस्योदश स्तोम सचरो हुकार Oh Up 1 13 3

संज्ञरणम् 1 Going, motion, travelling -2 Setting in motion, use -**णी** Passage, way, सचरणी येषा हृदयादूर्ध्वा नादपुञ्चरति B1 Up 4 2 3

संज्ञारः 1 Going, movement, travelling or roaming through, स पुन पार्थसचारं सचरत्यवनीपति K P 10, सुलभ-पुरुषसचारेऽस्मिन् प्रदेशे Mk 7, R 2 15 -2 Passing through, passage, transit -3 A course, way, road, pass -4 A difficult progress or journey -5 Difficulty, distress -6 Inciting -7 Leading, guiding -8 Transmission, contagion -9 A gem said to be found in the hood of serpents -10 The entrance of the sun into a new sign -11 Infatuating, तथाख्यातविधानं च योग सचार एव च Mb. 12 59. 48 (com संचार श्रवणदर्शनाभ्या परमोहनम्). -12 Track (of wild animals) -**Comp.** -**जीविन** *a* seeking a living by roaming, L. D. B

संज्ञारक *a* Conveying, transmitting -**कः** 1 A leader, guide -2 An instigator -3 An orator

संज्ञारणम् Moving, impelling, conveying, leading &c.

संचारिका 1 A female messenger, go between -2 A bawd, procuress -3 A pair, couple -4 Smell, odour

संचारित *p p* 1 Moved, set in motion -2 Impelled, driven onward, incited -3 Conveyed, see सचर्

संचारिन् *a* (-णी *f*) 1 Moving, moveable, संचारिणी नगरदेवतेव *Mal* 1, *Ku* 3 54, संचारिणी दीपशिखेव रात्रौ *R* 6 67 -2 Roaming, wandering -3 Changing, unsteady, fickle -4 Difficult to be passed, inaccessible -5 Evanescent, as a *Bhāva*, see below -6 Influencing -7 Hereditary, successively communicated (as a disease) -8 Contagious -9 Impelling -*m* 1 Wind, air -2 Incense -3 A transient or evanescent feeling which serves to strengthen the prevailing sentiment, see व्यभिचारिन्

संचल 1 *P* 1 To move about, move to and fro, waver, oscillate -2 To quiver, tremble -3 To start or jump up -4 To depart, go away -*Caus* 1 To shake, agitate -2 To expel, remove

संचल *a* Trembling, quivering -*Comp* -नाडिः an artery, vein

संचलनम् Agitation, trembling, shaking, अचलसचल-नाहरणो रण *Ki* 18 8

संचाली The *Gufijā* shrub

सचकारयिषु *a* Wishing anyone to perform a purificatory rite, वर्मराजश्च तत्रैव सचकारयिषुस्तदा *Mb* 15 26 31

सचानः A falcon, a kind of bird

संचायः *N* of a particular sacrifice, *P* III 1 130

संचि 5 *U* 1 To gather, collect, hoard, रक्षायोगादयमपि तप प्रत्यह संचिनोति *S* 2. 14, *R* 19 2, *Ms* 6 15 -2 To arrange, put in order, put or place, संचित्य पात्राणि यथा-विधानम् *Bk* 3 35

संचयः 1 Heaping up, gathering -2 Hoard, heap, accumulation, stock, store, कर्तव्य सचयो नित्य कर्तव्यो नाति-सचय *Subhās* -3 A large quantity, collection -4 Joint, दोर्निष्पेषविशीर्णसचयदलकङ्कालमुन्मथन्त *Mal* 8 9

संचयनम् 1 Gathering, collecting -2 Collecting the ashes and bones of a body after it has been burnt

संचयिन् *a*. 1 Collecting, gathering, hoarding &c. -2 Possessed of riches

संचित *p p* 1 Heaped up, accumulated, hoarded, collected -2 Laid by, stored -3 Enumerated, reckoned -4 Full of, furnished or provided with -5 Impeded, obstructed -6 Dense, thick (as a wood)

संचितिः *f* A collection

स. इ. को....२०२

संचिन्त् 10 *U* 1 To think, consider, reflect, think over, इति संचिन्त्य वृपति क्रतुतुल्यफल पृथक् *Y* 1 360, अद्यापि नामवहिता मनसाचलेन संचिन्तयामि युवती मम जीविताशाम् *Ch* *P* 32 -2 To weigh (in the mind), discriminate -3 To design, intend

संचिन्तनम् Consideration, reflection

संचिन्तित *a* 1 Considered, thought about -2 Designed, intended -3 Settled

संचूर्ण 10 *U*. 1 To pulverize -2 To bruise, crush, संचूर्णयामि गदया न सुयोधनोः *Ve* 1 15

संचूर्णनम् Crushing to pieces

संचोदना 1 Urging, exciting -2 A stimulant

संचद् 10 *U* 1 To hide, conceal -2 To envelop, cover, wrap up -3 To put on (as clothes)

संचन्न *p p* 1 Enveloped, concealed, hidden -2 Clothed -3 Surrounded

संचर्दनम् Spitting out, ejecting

सच्छादनम् Obscuring, hiding

सच्छिद् 7 *U* 1 To cut, cut off, divide -2 To penetrate, pierce -3 To remove, clear, solve (as a doubt &c) -4 To settle, decide (a question)

सच्छिदा Destruction

संच्छेदः 1 Cutting, dividing -2 Removal, solution

सञ्ज् 1 *P* (सजति, सक्त, the *स्* of the root being changed to *ष्* after a preposition ending in *इ* or *उ*) 1 To stick or adhere to, cling to, तुल्यगन्धिषु मत्तेभक्तेषु फल्लरेणव (सञ्ज्) *R* 4 47 -2 To go, move -3 To fasten -*Pass* (सज्यते) 1 To be attached to, cling or adhere to -2 To linger, hesitate

सञ्जनम् 1 The act of attaching, fastening. -2 Joining, folding (the hands)

संजन 4 *Ā* 1 To be born or produced -2 To grow, arise, spring -3 To be or become -4 To elapse, pass (time) -*Caus* To beget, produce, generate.

सञ्जः 1 *N* of Brahman -2 *N* of *Siva*

संजनन *a* Producing, causing, effecting, प्रीतिसजनै पितु गुणैर्विरुचे राम *Rām* 2 1 33 -नम् 1 Production, creation -2 Growth, development

सजात *p p* 1 Born, produced, grown, arisen (oft in comp in the sense of 'growing, becoming, possessing', सजातकोप 'being angry'), so सजातपक्ष 'winged,' &c -2 Passed (as time) -*Comp*. -निर्वेद *a* grown despondent -विश्रम्भ *a* becoming confident

संज्ञप् 1 *P*. To report, communicate

संज्ञयः 1 Conquest, victory -2 A kind of military array -3 N of the charioteer of king Dhritarāstra. He tried to bring about a peaceful settlement of the dispute between the Kauravas and Pāndavas, but failed. It was he who narrated the events of the great Bhārati war to the blind king Dhritarāstra, of धर्मक्षेत्रे कुरुक्षेत्रे समवेता युयुत्सव । मामका पाण्डवाश्चैव किमकुर्वत संज्ञय ॥ Bg 1 1.

संज्ञलप 1 P To talk, converse

संज्ञलपः 1 Conversation, असता दर्शनात् रूपशक्तिं सजलपाच्च सहासनात् Mb 3 1 29 -2 Confused talk, chattering, confusion -3 An uproar

संज्ञानम् 1 A quadrangle, a group of four houses forming a court -2 A way-mark, sign-post

संज्ञा A she-goat

संज्ञावनम् Pouring a little butter-milk into warm milk (Mar ईष बिजर्णे)

संज्ञिहान a Giving up, leaving (the bed), संज्ञिहानस्तु द्रापर At Br 7 15 15, स ह प्रातः संज्ञिहान उवाच Ch Up 1 10 6.

संजीव 1 P 1 To live together -2 To live, exist (by any profession) -3 To be restored to life -*Caus* 1 To revive, restore or bring to life, reanimate, (इदं सर्वं चराचरम्) संजीवयति चाजस्रं प्रमापयति चाव्यय Ms 1 57 -2 To maintain, nourish

संजीवनम् 1 Living together -2 Bringing to life, life-restoring, reanimation, resuscitation -3 N of one of the 21 hells, see Ms 4 89 -4 A group of four houses, quadrangle -**नी** 1 A kind of elixir (said to restore the dead to life) -2 Making alive, restoring life -3 Food -4 N of Mallinātha's commentaries on Ku, R and Me -**Comp** -**ओषधिः** f a reviving or life-restoring plant, संजीवनौषधिरसो नु हृदि प्रसिक्त U 3 11

संज्ञा 9 A 1 To know, understand, be aware of -2 To recognize -3 To live in harmony, agree together (with acc or instr), पित्रा पितरं वा संजानीते Sk -4 To watch, be on the alert, संजानान् परिहरन् रावणानुचरान् बहून् Bk 8 27 -5 To accede or agree to -6 To remember, think of (Paras), मातु मातरं वा संजानाति Sk -7 To direct, appoint -*Caus* 1 To inform -2 To appease, gratify, console -3 (a) To quiet, pacify (a sacrificial animal) (b) To kill -4 To command, enjoin -5 To animate -6 To make intelligible, cause to be understood, inform -7 To make a sign to (any one), communicate by signs

संज्ञ a. 1 Knock-kneed -2 Being conscious -3 Named, called, see संज्ञ below -**क्षम्** A yellow fragrant wood

संज्ञक a Killing, destroying (नाशक), कदा वयं करिष्याम संन्यासं दुःखसंज्ञकम् Mb 12 279 3

संज्ञपनम् 1 Killing, हृष्ट्वा संज्ञपनं योगं पशूनां स पतिर्मखे Bhāg 4 5 24 -2 Deception, defrauding

संज्ञपित, **संज्ञप्त** p p Sacrificed, killed, तं यज्ञपशवोऽनेन संज्ञप्ता ये दयालुना Bhāg 4 28 26

संज्ञप्तिः f 1 Apprising, informing -2 Killing, sacrificing.

संज्ञा 1 Consciousness, अकरुणं पुन संज्ञाव्याधिं विधाय किमीहसे Mal 9 42, रतिखेदसमुत्पन्ना निद्रा संज्ञाविपर्यय Ku 6 44 संज्ञा लम्, आपद् or प्रतिपद् 'to regain or recover one's consciousness, come to one's senses' -2 Knowledge, understanding, नायका मम सैन्यस्य संज्ञार्थं तान् ब्रवीमि ते Bg 1 7, Mb 12 153 63. -3 Intellect, mind, लोकतन्त्रं हि संज्ञाश्च सर्वमन्त्रे प्रतिष्ठितम् Mb 13 63 5 -4 A hint, sign, token, gesture, मुखार्पितैकाङ्ग्युलिसंज्ञयैव मा चापलायेति गणान् व्यन्येषीत् Ku 3 41, उपलभ्य ततश्च वर्मसंज्ञाम् Bu Ch 5 21, Bhāg 6. 7 17 -5 A name, designation, an appellation, oft. at the end of comp in this sense, द्रव्यैर्विमुक्ता सुखदुःखसंज्ञे Bg 15 5 -6 (In gram) Any name or noun having a special meaning, a proper name -7 The technical name for an affix -8 The Gāyatrī Mantra, see गायत्री -9 A track, footstep -10 Direction -11 A technical term -12 N of the daughter of Viśvakarmā and wife of the sun, and mother of Yama, Yamī, and the two Aśvins [A legend relates that संज्ञा on one occasion wished to go to her father's house and asked her husband's permission, which was not granted. Resolved to carry out her purpose, she created, by means of her superhuman power, a woman exactly like herself—who was, as it were, her own shadow (and was therefore called Ohhāyā),—and putting her in her own place, went away without the knowledge of the sun. Ohhāyā bore to the sun three children (see छाया), and lived quite happily with him, so that when Saṃjñā returned, he would not admit her. Thus repudiated and disappointed, she assumed the form of a mare and roamed over the earth. The sun, however, in course of time, came to know the real state of things, and discovered that his wife had assumed the form of a mare. He accordingly assumed the form of a horse, and was united with his wife, who bore to him, two sons—the Aśvinīkumāras or Aśvins q v] -**Comp**. -**अधिकारः** a leading rule which gives a particular name to the rules falling under it, and which exercises influence over them -**विपर्ययः** loss of consciousness, रतिखेदसमुत्पन्ना निद्रा संज्ञाविपर्यय Ku 6 44 -**विषयः** an epithet, an attribute -**सुतः** an epithet of Saturn -**सूत्रम्** any Sūtra which teaches the meaning of a technical term

संज्ञानम् Knowledge, understanding

संज्ञापनम् 1 Informing. -2 Teaching -3 Killing, slaughter

संज्ञावत् *a* 1 Having consciousness, become sensible, revived -2 Having a name

सञ्ज्ञिका *A* name, appellation

सञ्ज्ञिन् *a* 1 Named -2 That which receives a name. (-*m* also in this sense)

सञ्ज्ञित *a* Named, called, denominated

संज्ञु *a* Knock-kneed

संज्ञवरः 1 Great heat, fever, यत्स्नेहसञ्चरवता हृदयेन नित्यम् Māl 9 36, Ms 4 185 -2 Heat -3 Indignation

संज्ञवलनम् Fuel

सद् I 1 P (सद्यति) To form a part -II 10 U (साद्यति-ते) To show, display, manifest

सटम्, सटा 1 An ascetic's matted hair -2 The mane (of a lion), केनानेकपदानवासितसट सिंहोऽर्पित पञ्जरे Mu 7 6, Si 1 47 -3 Bristles of a boar, विध्यन्तसुदधृत-सटा प्रनिहन्तुमीषु R 9 60 -4 A braid of hair -5 A crest -6 (Fig) Lustre, light, जटा तडिद्विहिसटोऽगरोविषम् Bhāg 4 5 2 -7 A multitude, number -Comp -अङ्कः a lion

सटाल *a* Full of, Inscr

सटिः, -टी *f*, सटिका Zedoary (Mar कचोरा, आबेहळद)

सटीक *a* Accompanied or explained by a commentary

सदद् 10 U (सद्यति-ते) 1 To injure, kill. -2 To be strong -3 To give -4 To take -5 To dwell

सट्टम् Two pieces of timber at the side of a door

सट्टकम् A kind of minor drama in Prakṛita, *e g* कर्पूरमञ्जरी, see S D 542

सट्टा 1 A kind of bird -2 A musical instrument

सद् 10 U (साद्यति-ते) 1 To finish, complete -2 To leave unfinished -3 To go, move -4 To adorn, decorate

सटिः *f* The plant zedoary

सणसूत्रम् A hempen cord or thread

सणिः The smell of the breath of a cow

सटङ्कः Connection

सण्ड See षण्ड

सण्डिशः A pair of tongs or nippers

संडीनम् One of the several modes of flight of birds, Mb. 8 41 26 (com सडीन ललित गतम्), see डीन

सण्डिका A female camel.

सत् *a* (-ती *f*) 1 Being, existing, existent, सन्त स्वतः प्रकाशन्ते गुणा न परतो वृणाम Bv 1 120, सत्कल्पवृक्षे वने S 7 12 -2 Real, essential, true, Bri Up 2 3 1 -3 Good, virtuous, chaste, सती सती योगविसृष्टदेहा Ku 1 21, S 5 17 -4 Noble, worthy, high, as in सत्कुलम्. -5 Right, proper -6 Best, excellent -7 Venerable, respectable -8 Wise, learned -9 Handsome, beautiful -10 Firm, steady -*m* A good or virtuous man, a sage, आदानं हि विसर्गाय सता वारिसुचामिव R 4 86, अविरत परकार्यकृता सता मधुरिभातिगयेन वचोऽमृतम् Bv 1 113, Bh 2 78, R 1 10 -*n* 1 That which really exists, entity, existence, essence -2 The really existent truth, reality -3 Good, as in सदसत् *q v* -4 Brahman or the Supreme Spirit -5 Ved Water -6 The primary cause (कारण), य ईक्षिताऽहं रहितोऽयसत्सतो Bhāg 10 38 11 -7 (In gram) The termination of the present participle (सत्कृ means 1 to respect, treat with respect, receive hospitably -2 to honour, worship, adore -3 to adorn) -Comp. -अञ्जनम् (सदञ्जनम्) calx of brass -अर्थः (सदर्थः) a matter in question -असत् (सदसत्) *a* 1 existent and non-existent, being and not being -2 real and unreal -3 true and false -4 good and bad, right and wrong -5 virtuous and wicked. (-*n du*) 1 entity and non-entity -2 good and evil, right and wrong विवेक discrimination between good and evil, or truth and falsehood व्यक्तित्व the cause of discrimination between the good and bad, त सन्त श्रोतुमर्हन्ति सदसद्व्यक्तिहेतव R 1 10 -आचारः (सदाचारः) 1 good manners, virtuous or moral conduct -2 approved usage, traditional observances, immemorial custom, यस्मिन् देशे य आचार पारपर्यक्रमगत । वर्णानां सान्तरालानां स सदाचार उच्यते ॥ Ms 2 18 -आत्मन् *a*. (सदात्मन्) virtuous, good -आनन (सदानन) *a* fair-faced -उत्तरम् (सदुत्तरम्) a proper or good reply -करणम् funeral obsequies -कर्तृ *m* an epithet of Viṣṇu -कर्मन् *n* 1 a virtuous or pious act -2 virtue, piety -3 funeral obsequies -4 expiation -5 hospitality -काण्डः a hawk, kite -कारः 1 a kind or hospitable treatment, hospitable reception, सत्कारमानपूजार्थं तपो दम्भेन चैव यत् । क्रियते तदिह प्रोक्त राजस चलमधुवम् ॥ Bg 17 18 -2 reverence, respect -3 care, attention -4 a meal -5 a festival, religious observance -कार्यम् (in Sāṃkhya phil) the necessary existence of an effect वाद the doctrine of the actual existence of an effect (in its cause) -कुल *a* good or noble family -कुलीन *a* nobly born, of noble descent -कृत *a* 1 done well or properly -2 hospitably received or treated -3 revered, respected, honoured -4 worshipped, adored -5 entertained -6 welcomed (-तः) an epithet of Śiva (-तम्) 1 hospitality -2 respect -3 virtue, piety -कृतिः *f* 1 treating with respect, hospitality, hospitable reception -2 virtue, morality -क्रिया 1 virtue, goodness, शकुन्तला सूतिमती च

सक्तिया S 5 15 -2 charity, good or virtuous action -3 hospitality, hospitable reception, सक्तियाविशेषात् S 7 -4 courtesy, salutation -5 any purificatory ceremony -6 funeral ceremonies, obsequies -7 Celebration, decoration, यावदादिशति पार्थिवस्तयोर्भिर्गमाय पुरमार्गसक्तियाम् R 11 3 -गतिः f (सद्गतिः) 1 a good or happy state, felicity, beatitude -2 The way of good men -गुण a (सद्गुण) possessed of good qualities, virtuous (-णः) virtue, excellence, goodness, good quality -घनः (सद्घनः) holy existence -2 nothing but existence -चरित, -चरित्र a (सच्चरित-त्र) well conducted, honest, virtuous, righteous, सत्तु सच्चरित Bh 2 25 (-न) 1 good or virtuous conduct -2 history or account of the good, S 1 -चारा (सच्चारा) turmeric -चिद् (सच्चिद्) the Supreme Spirit अश a portion of existence and thought आत्मन् m the soul consisting of entity and thought आनन्द 1 'existence or entity, knowledge and joy', an epithet of the Supreme Spirit or Brahman -2 of Vishnu -जन a (सज्जन) good, virtuous, respectable (-नः) a good or virtuous man गहिर्द despised by the virtuous, पुक्स्या जायते पाप सदा सज्जनगहिर्द Ms 10 38 -धर्मः (सद्धर्मः) true justice -पतिः Ved 1 a lord of good persons or heroes -2 N of Indra -पत्रम् the new leaf of a water-lily -पथः 1 a good road -2 the right path of duty, correct or virtuous conduct -3 an orthodox doctrine -परिग्रहः acceptance (of gifts) from a proper person -पशुः a victim fit for a sacrifice, a good sacrificial victim -पात्रम् a worthy or virtuous person वर्ष bestowing favours on worthy recipients, judicious liberality वर्षिन् a having judicious liberality -पुत्रः 1 a good or virtuous son -2 a son who performs all the prescribed rites in honour of his ancestors -a one who has a son, यद्यपि स्यात्तु सत्पुत्रोऽप्यसत्पुत्रोऽपि वा भवेत् Ms 9 154 -प्रतिपक्षः (in logic) one of the five kinds of *hetvābhāṣas* or fallacious *hetus*, a counterbalanced *hetu*, one along which there exists another equal *hetu* on the opposite side, यत्र साध्याभावसाधक हेत्वन्तर स सत्प्रतिपक्ष, e g 'sound is eternal because it is audible', and also 'sound is non-eternal, because it is a product', नाप्रामाण्य मताना स्यात् केषा सत्प्रतिपक्षवत् N 17 19 -प्रमुदिता (in Sāmkhya phil) N of one of the 8 perfections -भाग्यम् (सद्भाग्यम्) 1 good fortune -2 Felicity -फल the pomegranate tree -भावः (सद्भावः) 1 existence, being, entity, सद्भावे साधुभावे च सदित्येतत् प्रयुज्यते Bg 17 26 -2 actual existence, reality -3 good disposition or nature, amiability -4 quality of goodness -5 obtainment (प्राप्ति), देहस्यान्यस्य सद्भावे प्रसाद कर्तुमर्हसि Rām 7 56 9 -मातुरः (सन्मातुरः) the son of a virtuous mother -मात्रः (सन्मात्रः) 'consisting of mere entity', the soul -मानः (सन्मानः) esteem of the good -मित्रम् (सन्मित्रम्) a good or faithful friend -युवतिः f. (सद्युवतिः) a virtuous maiden -वंश (सद्वंश) a of high birth -वचस् n (सद्बचस्) an agreeable or pleasing speech. -वस्तु n (सद्वस्तु) 1

a good thing -2 a good plot or story, प्रणयिषु वा दाक्षिण्यादथवा सद्रस्तुपुरुषबहुमानात्। शृणुत मनोभिरवहितै क्रियामिमा कालिदासस्य ॥ V 1 2 -वादिता (सद्वादिता) true counsel, सद्वादितेवाभिनिविष्टबुद्धौ K₁ 17 11 -विद्य (सद्विद्य) well-educated, having good learning -वृत्त a (सद्वृत्त) 1 well-behaved, well-conducted, virtuous, upright -2 perfectly circular, well-rounded, सद्गत्त स्तनमण्डलस्तव कथ प्राणै-मम कौडति G₁ 3 (where both senses are intended) (-त्तम्) 1 good or virtuous conduct -2 an agreeable or amiable disposition -शील (सच्छील) a. 1 good-tempered -2 benevolent, kindly disposed (towards others) -ससर्गः, -संनिधानम्, -संगः, -संगतिः, -समागमः company or society of the good, association with the good, तथा सत्सन्निधानेन मूर्खो याति प्रवीणताम् H 1, सत्सगजानि निधनान्यपि तारयन्ति U 2 11, सत्सगति कथय किं न करोति पुसाम् Bh 2 23 -संप्रदायः good tradition -संप्रयोगः right application -सहाय a having virtuous friends (-यः) a good companion -सार a having good sap or essence (-र.) 1 a kind of tree -2 a poet -3 a painter -हेतुः (सद्वेतु.) a faultless or valid *hetu* or middle term

सती 1 A virtuous or good woman (or wife), सती सती योगविसृष्टदेहा Ku 1 21, K₁ 11 50, esp applied to one who burns herself with her husband's corpse -2 A female ascetic -3 N of the goddess Durgā or Pārvatī, पर्यस्त नन्दया सत्या स्नानपुण्यतरोदया। विलोक्य भूतेजगिरिम् Bhāg 4 6 22, Ku 1 21 -4 A kind of fragrant earth -5 A wife or female (of an animal)

सतीत्वम् Chastity

सतत a Constant, eternal, everlasting, perpetual -तम् ind Constantly, continuously, eternally, always, सुलभा पुरुषा राजन् सतत प्रियवादिन Rām -Comp. -ग., -गति. wind, सलिलतले सततगतीनन्त सचारिण सनिगृह्य शय्या कार्या Dk., सततगा-स्ततगानगिरोऽलिभिः S₁ 6 50, नेत्रा नीता सततगतिना यद्विमानाग्र-भूमी Me 71, Mb 5 167 29 -Comp -दुर्गत a always miserable -परिग्रहम् ind continually -यायिन् a 1 always moving -2 constantly tending to decay, घोर-ऽस्मिन् भूतससारे नित्य सततयायिनि Ms 1 50 -युक्त a constantly devoted

सततक a Recurring twice a day (as fever)

सतनम् A variety of sandal, red and smelling like earth, सतन रक्त भूमिगन्धि Kau A 2 11

सतर्क a 1 Versed in reasoning -2 Considerate

सतिः f 1 A gift, donation -2 End, destruction

सतीकम्, -सतीनम् Water

सतीनः 1 A kind of pulse of pease -2 A bamboo

सतीर्थः, सतीर्थ्यः A fellow religious student, (a pupil of the same preceptor), यमात्मन सतीर्थ्य पितैव ते जानीते योऽसौ यादृशश्चेति Māṇ 2 According to Paṇini (VI.3, 87)

the latter word alone is correct शब्दरत्नावली, however, says, “स्यात् सतीर्थं सतीर्थोऽपि तथैरुहुरित्यपि ” Bohtlingk and Wackernagel say that the word सतीर्थ is approved to be correct by Vopadeva. But this is wrong because मुग्धबोधव्याकरण accepts सतीर्थ alone to be correct

सतीलः 1 A bamboo -2 Air, wind -3 Pease, pulse (f also)

सतलिकः Pease

सतेरः Husk, chaff

सतोद a Attended with a prickling pain

सत्तम a Most beautiful, the best, excellent, the most respectable, L D B

सत्तलिका A carpet, Kau A 2 11

सत्ता 1 Existence, entity, being -2 Actual existence, reality -3 The highest Jāti or generality, द्रव्यादित्रिकवृत्तिस्तु सत्ता परतयोच्यते -4 Goodness, excellence

सत्तिः 1 Sitting down -2 Beginning

सत्त्रम् [सद्-घ्न] (usually written सत्रम्) 1 A sacrificial session, especially one lasting from 13 to 100 days -2 A sacrifice in general, त्रेतामपि निबोध त्व यस्मिन् सत्रं प्रवर्तते Mb 3 149 23 -3 An oblation, offering, gift -4 Liberality, munificence -5 Virtue -6 A house, residence -7 Covering -8 Wealth -9 A wood, forest, अयमेव मृगव्यसत्रकाम Ki 13 9 -10 A tank, pond -11 Fraud, cheating -12 A place of refuge, asylum, covert -13 Gifts made at all times, L D B -14 Haughtiness, pride, L D B -15 An assumed form or disguise, छत्रं तथा तं सत्रेण पाण्डव प्रेक्ष्य भारत Mb 4 38 40 -**Comp** -**अपश्रयः** a place of refuge, asylum -**अयनम्** (णम्) a long sacrificial session -**परिवेषणम्** distribution of food at a sacrifice -**शाला** an alms-house

सत्रायते Den A To perform a sacrifice

सत्त्रिन् m 1 One who constantly performs sacrifices, a liberal householder, भूमिं वृत्तिकरीं दत्त्वा सत्रो भवति मानव Mb 13 62 29, अत्यशेरत परस्पर धिय सत्त्रिणा नरपतेश्च सपद Si 14 32 -2 A priest superintending or performing a sacrifice, Bhāg 4 14 7 -3 A class-mate, disciple, तदस्य गूढा सत्त्रिणश्च सवादयेयु Kau A. 1 11, स सत्त्रिभिः शपथपूर्वम् एकैकममात्यम् उपजापयेत् Kau A 1 10 -4 An ambassador or agent in a foreign country

सत्त्रा ind With, together with, सत्त्रा पुत्रकलत्रमित्रनिवहे Rām ch 2 94 -**Comp** -**हन्** m an epithet of Indra

सत्त्रिः 1 A cloud -2 An elephant

सत्त्वम् [सतो भाव] (Said to be m also in the first ten senses) 1 Being, existence, entity -2 Nature, essence -3 Natural character, inborn disposition, अच्योष्ट सत्त्वान्वृपतिश्च्युताश्च Bk 3 20 -4 Life, spirit,

breath, vitality, principle of vitality, उद्गतानीव सत्त्वानि बभूवुरमनस्विनाम् Rām 2 48 2, चित्रे निवेश्य परिकल्पित-सत्त्वयोगा S 2 10 -5 Consciousness, mind, sense, वाक्च सत्त्व च गोविन्द बुद्धौ सवेशितानि ते Mb 12 46 4, Bg 16 1, Bhāg 7 15 41 -6 An embryo -7 Substance, thing, wealth -8 An elementary substance such as earth, air, fire &c -9 (also m) A living or sentient being, animal, beast, वन्यान् विनेष्यभिव दुष्टसत्त्वान् R 2 8, 15 15, किं नोऽपत्यनिर्देशेषाणि सत्त्वानि विप्रकरोषि S 7, Māl 9, यश्चासूनपि सत्यजेत् कश्यपया सत्त्वार्थमभ्युषत Nāg 2 10 -10 An evil spirit, a demon, ghost, अद्य नूनं दशरथ सत्त्वमाविश्य भाषते Rām 2 33 10 -11 Goodness, virtue, excellence -12 Truth, reality, certainty -13 Strength, energy, courage, vigour, power, inherent power, the stuff of which a person is made, निजमेव सत्त्वमुपकारि सताम् Ki 18 14, Mb 12. 313 17, क्रियामिद्धि सत्त्वे भवति महता नापकरणे Subhās, R 5 31, Mu 3 22 -14 Wisdom, good sense -15 The quality of goodness or purity regarded as the highest of the three Gunas q v, (it is said to predominate most in gods and heavenly beings) -16 A natural property or quality, characteristic -17 A noun, substantive -18 Intellect (बुद्धि), अघ्राणमवितर्कं च सत्त्वं प्रविशते परम् Mb 12 204 18 -19 The subtle body or individual soul (लिङ्गशरीर), गृहाणीव हि मर्यानामाहुर्देहानि पण्डिता । कालेन विनियुज्यन्ते सत्त्वमेकं तु शाश्वतम् ॥ Mb 11 3 8 -**Comp** -**अनुरूप** a 1 according to one's inborn disposition or inherent character, सर्वं कृच्छ्रगतोऽपि वाञ्छति जन सत्त्वानुरूपं फलम् Bh 2 30 -2 according to one's means or wealth, सत्त्वानुरूपपाहरणीकृतश्री R 7 32 (Malli's interpretation does not appear to suit the context) -**आत्मन्** m the individual soul (लिङ्गदेह), वशे तिष्ठति सत्त्वात्मा सततं योगयोगिनाम् Mb 12 253 6 -**उत्साहः** 1 natural energy -2 energy and courage -**उद्रेकः** 1 excess of the quality of goodness -2 pre-eminence in strength or courage -**गुणः** the quality of purity or goodness -**तनुः** epithet of Visnu, श्रेयासि तत्र खलु सत्त्वतनोर्गुणा स्युः Bhāg 1 2 23 -**धातुः** the animal sphere -**धामन्** epithet of Visnu -**योगः** 1 dignity, Kau A 1 9 -2 association with life, चित्रे निवेश्य परिकल्पितसत्त्वयोगा S 2 10 -**लक्षणम्** signs of pregnancy, तत्कथमिमामभिव्यक्तसत्त्वलक्षणा प्रतिपत्त्ये S 5 -**लोकः** a world of living beings -**विप्लवः** loss of consciousness -**विहित** 1 caused by nature -2 caused by goodness -3 virtuous, upright -**संशुद्धिः** f purity or uprightness of nature, अमय सत्त्वसुद्धि Bg 16 1 -**सपक्ष** a 1 endowed with goodness, virtuous -2 equable, even-minded -**संघ्नः** 1 loss of strength or vigour -2 universal destruction -**सारः** 1 essence of strength -2 a very powerful person -**स्थ** a 1 being in the nature of things -2 inherent in animals -3 animate -4 characterized by goodness, good, excellent -**स्थः** a Yogi, कर्मस्था विषयं ब्रूयु सत्त्वस्था समदर्शिन Mb 12 238 6

सत्त्वकः The spirit of a departed person,

सत्त्वमेजय *a* Terrifying animals or living beings

सत्त्ववत् *a* 1 Living, existing -2 Possessed of true essence -3 Good, pure, virtuous -4 Endowed with energy or courage, प्रकृतिरिय सत्त्ववताम् Subhās -*m* 1 The body (देह) सत्त्ववत्सु तथा सत्त्व प्रतिरूप स पश्यति Mb 12 253 3 -2 epithet of Viṣṇu -ती *a* pregnant

सत्य *a* [सते हित यत्] 1 True, real, genuine, as in सत्यव्रत, सत्यसध -2 Honest, sincere, truthful, faithful -3 Fulfilled, realized -4 Virtuous, upright -5 Unfailing, कश्चिच्छूषसे तात पितु सत्यपराक्रम Rām 2 100 7 -त्यः 1 The abode of Brahman and of truth, the uppermost of the seven worlds or *lohas* above the earth, see लोक -2 The Aśvattha tree -3 N of Rāma -4 Of Viṣṇu, सत्यव्रत सत्यपर त्रिसत्य सत्यस्य योनिं निहित च सत्ये । सत्यस्य सत्यमृतसत्यनेत्र सत्यात्मक त्वा शरण प्रपन्ना ॥ Bhāg 10 2 26 -5 The deity presiding over नान्दीमुखश्राद्ध q v -6 N of Brahman, अर्चयस्वाग्रमेयस्य सत्यस्य च तथाग्रत Mb 1 37 5 -त्यम् 1 Truth, मौनास्य विनिष्पद्यते Ms 2 83, सत्य ब्रू 'to speak the truth' -2 Sincerity -3 Goodness, virtue, purity -4 An oath, a promise, solemn asseveration, सत्याद् गुरुमलोपयन् R 12 9, Ms 8 113 -5 A truism, demonstrated truth or dogma -6 The first of the four Yugas or ages of the world, the golden age, the age of truth and purity -7 Water -8 The Supreme Spirit, हिरण्यमेन पात्रेण सत्यस्यापिहित मुखम् Īsop 15 -9 Final emancipation (मोक्ष), इह चेदेवेदीदय सत्यमस्ति न चेदिहावेदीन् महती विनिष्टि Ken 2 5 -त्यम् *ind* Truly, really, indeed, verily, forsooth, सत्य शपामि ते पादपङ्कजस्पर्शेन K, Ku 6 19 -Comp -अग्निः N of the sage Agastya -अनुरक्त *a* devoted to truth, honest, upright, true -अनृत *a* 1 true and false, सत्यानृता च पशुषा H 2 183 -2 apparently true, but really false (-तम्, -ते) 1 truth and falsehood -2 practice of truth and falsehood, *i e* trade, commerce, सत्यानृताभ्यामपि वा न श्वशुर्या कदाचन Ms 4 4 and 6 -अभिसंध *a* true to one's promise, sincere -आत्मन् true (-*m*) *a* virtuous or upright man -आश्रमः renunciation of the world (सन्यास), दीक्षा बहुविधा राजन् सत्याश्रमपद भवेत् Mb 12 66 13 -उत्कर्षः 1 pre-eminence in truth -2 true excellence -उद्य *a* speaking the truth -उपयाचन *a* fulfilling a request -कामः *a* lover of truth -क्रिया *a* promise, oath -जित् N of Indra in the third Manvantara, इन्द्रस्तु सत्यजित् Bhāg 8 1 24 -तपस् *m* N of a sage -दर्शिन *a* truth-seeing, fore-seeing truth -धन *a* rich in truth, exceedingly truthful -धर्मः the law of truth, eternal truth परायण *a* devoted to truth and virtue -घृति *a* strictly truthful -नारायणः 1 A form of Viṣṇu -2 A form of divinity (called Satyapir in Bengāl) -पुरम् 1 the world of Viṣṇu -2 The city of Satya nārāyaṇa, अन्ते सत्यपुरं ययौ (सत्यनारायणव्रतकथा) -पुष्टिः true or permanent prosperity -पूत *a* purified by truth (as words), सत्यपूता वदेद्वाणीम् Ms. 6. 46

-प्रतिज्ञ *a* true to one's promise -प्रतिष्ठान, -मूल *a* grounded in truth -फलः the *Bilva* tree -भामा N of the daughter of Satrajit and the favourite wife of Kṛṣṇa, (it was for her that Kṛṣṇa fought with Indra and brought the Pārijāta tree from the Nandana garden and planted it in her garden) -भारतः N of Vyāsa -भेदिन् *a* promise-breaking -मानम् *a* true measure -युगम् the golden age, the first or कृतयुग, see सत्यम् (6) above -यौवनः *a* Vidyādhara -रत *a* devoted to truth, honest, sincere (-तः) N of Vyāsa -लौकिकम् spiritual and worldly matters, मया प्रोक्त हि लोकस्य प्रमाणं सत्यलौकिके Bhāg 3 24 35 -वचनम् 1 the speaking of truth -2 *a* promise, solemn assurance -वचस् *a* truthful, veracious (-*m*) 1 *a* saint, Rasi -2 *a* seer (-*n*) truth, veracity -वद्य *a* veracious, सत्यवद्यो रघूत्तम Bk 5 10 (-द्यम्) truth, veracity -वाक्यम् truth-speaking, veracity -वाच् *a*, truthful, veracious, candid (-*m*) 1 *a* saint, seer -2 *a* crow -वादिन् *a* 1 truth-speaking -2 sincere, outspoken, candid -व्यवस्था ascertainment of truth -व्रत, -संगर, -संध *a* 1 true or faithful to an agreement, promise or word, adhering to truth, veracious, Bhāg 10 2 26, see सत्य (4) -2 honest, sincere -श्रवसी Ved an epithet of Usas -श्रावणम् taking a solemn oath -सश्रवः *a* promise, vow -सकरप *a* true in purpose or resolve -सकाश *a* specious, plausible -सगरः N of Kubera -*a* true to an agreement or promise -सधः 1 an epithet of Rāma, राजेन्द्रं सत्यसंध दशरथतनयम् Rāma rakṣā 26 -2 of Bharata -3 of king Janamejaya (-धा) an epithet of Draupadī -*a* keeping one's promise, faithful -साक्षिन् *m* *a* trustworthy witness, ययोक्तेन नयन्तस्ते पूयन्ते सत्यसाक्षिण Ms 8 257

सत्यक *a* See सत्य -कम् Ratification of a contract &c

सत्यंकारः 1 Making true or good, ratification of a contract or bargain -2 Earnest money, advance payment, something given in advance as an earnest for the performance of a contract, उपाधत्त सपत्नेषु कृष्णाया गुरुसनिवौ । भावमानयने सत्या सत्यकारमिवान्तक ॥ K1 11 50 -3 *A* promise

सत्यवत् *a* Truthful, veracious -*m* N of a king, husband of Sāvitrī, q v -ती 1 N of the daughter of a fisherman, who became mother of Vyāsa by the sage Parāśara, व्यास सत्यवतीपुत्र इदं वचनमब्रवीत् Mb. 1 106 16 -2 N of the wife of Nārada -3 Of the wife of Rūchika

सत्या 1 Truthfulness, veracity -2 N of Sītā -3 Of Draupadī -4 Of Satyavatī, mother of Vyāsa, ऋषिमावाहयत् सत्या यथापूर्वमरिन्दम Mb 1 106 14 -5 Of Durgā -6 Of Satyabhāmā, wife of Kṛṣṇa, Bhāg 3 1 35 -7 Of the mother of Viṣṇu, सत्यायामभवत् सत्य सत्यरूपो जनार्दन ,

सत्याकृ 8 U सत्यापयति Den P To ratify a bargain or contract

सत्याकृतिः f 1 Earnest money, advance payment
-2 Ratification of an agreement

सत्यापनम्, -ना 1 Speaking or observing the truth
-2 Ratification (of a contract, bargain &c)

सत् 10 A To perform, to spread out, L D B

सत्र See सत्र -त्रम् and With, together, सार्धं साक सम सत्रं सहायै सप्रकीर्तिता -**Comp -न्यायः** the rule that at a सत्र, which is performed by several स्वामिन्स together, a प्रतिनिवि is admissible for a स्वामिन् if and when one of the स्वामिन्स commencing the सत्र is lost or dead before the completion of the सत्र This is discussed and established by Jaimini and Śābara at MS 6 3 22

सत्रप a Ashamed, modest

सत्राजित् m N of a son of Nighna and father of Satyabhāmā [He got the *Syamantaka* jewel from the Sun and always wore it round his neck He afterwards gave it to his brother Prasena, from whom it passed into the hands of the monkey-chief Jāmbavat, who got possession of it after having killed Prasena Kṛṣṇa, however, overtook Jāmbavat and vanquished him in fight after a long struggle The monkey-chief thereupon presented it along with his daughter to Kṛṣṇa, see जाम्बवन् Kṛṣṇa then gave the jewel back to its proper owner Satrājīt, who out of gratitude presented it along with his daughter Satyabhāmā to him Afterwards when Satyabhāmā was at her father's house with the jewel, Śatadhanvan, at the instigation of a Yādava named Akrūra who desired the jewel for himself, killed Satrājīt and gave it to Akrūra Śatadhanvan was afterwards killed by Kṛṣṇa, but when he found that the jewel was with Akrūra, he allowed him to retain it with himself after having once shown it to the people]

सत्रिन् m A colleague, clan mate

सत्वर a Quick, speedy, expeditious -**रम् ind** Quickly, speedily

सथूत्कार a Sputtered -**रः** Speech accompanied with sputtering

सद् 1 P (6 P also according to some) (सीदति, सन्न, the स् of सद् is changed to ष after any preposition ending in इ or उ except प्रति) 1 To sit, sit down, recline, lie, lie down, rest, settle, अमदा सेदुरेकस्मिन् नितम्बे निखिला गिरे Bk 7 58 -2 To sink down, plunge into, सीदन्ति च तदा यक्षा कूला इव जलेन ह Rām 7 14 18, तेन त्व विदुषा मध्ये पङ्के गौरिव सीदसि H Pr 24, (where the word has sense 4 also). -3 To live, remain, reside, dwell -4 To be dejected or low-spirited, despond, despair,

sink into despondency, दृष्ट्वैव सागर वीक्ष्य सीदन्तीं कपिवाहिनीम् Rām 7 35 4, नाथ हरे जय नाथ हरे सीदति राधा वासगृहे Jāt 6 -5 To decay, perish, go to ruin, waste away, be destroyed, विपनाया नीनो मरुलमवज सीदति जगत् H 2 77, त सन्नन्नु ददृशु स्वयोधा R 7 64, H 2 130 -6 To be in distress, be pained or afflicted, be helpless, सीदता-मनुभवभिचार्यिना वेद यन्प्रणयभङ्गवेदनाम् K 1 13 60, Ms 8 21 -7 To be impeded or hindered, यमै सीदति सत्वर Ms 9 94 -8 To be languid, be wearied or fatigued, droop, sink, सीदति मे हृदयम् K, सीदन्ति मम गात्राणि Bg 1 29 -9 To go -**Caus** (सीदयति-ते) 1 To cause to sit down, rest -2 To throw or cast down, place, put -3 To weary, exhaust. -4 To cause to perish, destroy, बहुसमरनयज्ञ सादयिष्यन्नरातिम् -**Desid** (सिष-सन्ति) To wish to-**म्** &c

सद् f An assembly, पृष्ठ प्राद तमाभाष्य शृण्वत्यास्तसद् कथा Bhāg 7 1 21

सदनम् [सीदत्यस्मिन् सद् आवारे त्युद्] 1 A house, palace, mansion -2 Sinking down, decaying, perishing -3 Languor, exhaustion, fatigue -4 Water -5 A sacrificial hall -6 The abode of Yama -7 Sitting, a seat

सद्. The fruit of trees, वान्ये नदे लवे बाह्वे नातिकामति पञ्चताम् Ms 8 151

सदशः A crab

सदशवदन A heron

सदधन् a Mixed with sour milk

सदय a Kind, tender, merciful -**यम् ind** 1 Kindly, mercifully -2 Gently, softly, अधरस्थ पिपासना मया ते सदय सुन्दरि गृह्यते रसोऽस्य S 3 25, 6 20

सदस् n [सीदत्यस्या सद्-असि] 1 Seat, abode, residence, dwelling, शापक्षयादिन्द्रसदो ययौ च Rām 7 56 29 -2 An assembly, पङ्कैर्विना सरो भाति सद खलजनैर्विना By 1 116, Bh 2 63 (the word is also feminine सदा, सदसौ, सदस L D B) -3 The sky, रराज वै परमविमानमास्थितो निशाचर सदसि गतो यथानल Rām 7 15 41 (-du) heaven and earth -**Comp -अजिरम्** a vestibule -**गत a.** seated in an assembly, यथा च वृत्तान्तमिम सदोगतत्रिलोचनै-काशतया दुरासद् R 3 66 -**गृहम्** an assembly hall, council-room, नृपस्य नातिप्रमना सदोगृहं सुदक्षिणासूनुपि व्यवर्तत R 3 67

सदसस्पतिः The president of an assembly, सदसस्पत-योऽप्येके असन्तोषात् पतन्त्यथ Bhāg 7. 15 21, 10. 74. 17.

सदस्यः [सदसि साधु वसति वा यत्] 1 Any person present at or belonging to an assembly, a member of an assembly (an assessor, a juror &c), सदस्याभ्यार्हणार्हं वै विद्युन्त सभासद् Bhāg 10 74 18 -2 An assistant at a sacrifice, a superintending or assisting priest, ऋषी-णामातिर्विज्य शरणं सदस्या सुरगणा Śiva-mahimna 21, सदस्यै-रनुज्ञात S. 3.

सदा *and* Always, ever, perpetually, at all times
 -Comp. -आनन्द *a* ever happy (-दः) an epithet of
 Śiva -उत्थायिन् *ever* exerting, त्रिभिर्वर्षे सदात्थायी कृष्ण-
 द्वैपायनो मुनि । महाभारतमाख्यान कृतवानिदमद्भुतम् ॥ Mb 1 62
 52 -गतिः 1 wind, पार्श्वे केन सदागतिरगतिता सद्य समापादिता
 Mu 7 6 -2 the universal spirit -3 the sun -4
 everlasting happiness, final beatitude -तोया, -नीरा
 1 N of the Karatoya river -2 a river always bearing
 water, a running stream -दान *a* always making
 gifts or exuding rut, सदादान परिक्षीण शस्त एव करीश्वर
 Pt 2 70 (-नः) 1 a rutish elephant -2 a scent-ele-
 phant (= गन्धद्विप q v) -3 N of the elephant of Indra
 -4 N of Ganesa -नर्तः a kind of bird, the wagtail
 -पुष्प *ever* flowering (-ष्पः) the cocoa-nut tree
 -प्रसूनः N of various plants — रोहित, अर्क and कुन्द
 -फल *a* always bearing fruit (-लः) 1 the Bilva tree
 -2 the jack tree -3 the glomerous fig-tree -4 the
 cocoa-nut tree. -भव *a* perpetual, continual -भव्य *a*
 always present -भ्रम *a* always wandering -योगिन्
m an epithet of Kṛiṣṇa -शिवः N of Śiva

सदातन *a* Incessant, perpetual, eternal -नः An
 epithet of Viṣṇu

सदुर्दिन *a* Enveloped in clouds

सदृक्ष (-क्षी f), सदृश्, -सदृश *a* (-शी f) 1 Like,
 resembling, similar, of the same rank, (with gen or
 loc, but usually in comp), वज्रपातसदृश, कुसुमसदृश &c,
 कश्चिद्धरे सौम्य सुत सदृक्ष (आस्ते) Bhāg 3 1 30 -2 Fit,
 right, suitable, conformable, as in प्रस्तावसदृश वाक्यम्
 H 2 51 -3 Worthy, befitting, becoming, श्रुतस्य किं
 तत्सदृश कुलस्य R 14 61, 1 15 -Comp -विनिमय *a*
 mistaking similar objects -स्त्री *a* wife of equal caste,
 सदृशस्त्रीषु जातानां पुत्राणामविशेषः । न मातृते ज्यैष्ठ्यमस्ति जन्मतो
 ज्यैष्ठ्यमुच्यते Ms 9 125 -स्पन्दनम् *a* regular or even
 palpitation

सदेश *a* 1 Possessing a country -2 Belonging to
 the same place or country -3 Proximate, neighbour-
 ing

सदोष *a* 1 Defective, faulty -2 Wrong, improper
 -3 Objectionable

सद्वान् *n* [सीदति अस्मिन् सद्वानिन्] 1 A house, dwell-
 ing, abode, जगन्निवासो बहुदेवमन्त्रानि (वसन्) Si 1 1, चकित-
 नतनताङ्गी सद्य सदो विवेक Bv 2 32 -2 A place, station
 -3 A temple -4 An altar -5 A seat -6 Conflict.
 -7 Water

सद्यस् *and* 1 To day, the same day, गवादीनां पयोऽ-
 न्येषु सद्यो वा जायते दधि, पापस्य हि फल सद्य Subhās -2
 Instantly, forthwith, immediately, on a sudden, चकित-
 नतनताङ्गी सद्य सद्यो विवेक Bv 2 32, Ku 3 29, Me 16.
 -3 Quickly, promptly -4 Recently, a short time back,
 as in सद्योदुताभीन् S 4 -Comp. -कार *a* being perfor-

med on the same day, सद्यस्कारा निहृष्टेष्टि सर्ववेदसदक्षिणाम्
 Mb 12 244 23 -कालः the present time -*a* that which
 is to be performed on the same day (or in one day),
 तस्मात् सद्यस्काल एवजातीयका विहृतय SB on MS 5 1 20
 -कालीन *a* recent -कृतम् name, L D B -जात *a*
 (सद्योजात) newly born (-तः) 1 a calf -2 an epithet of
 Śiva -पातिन् *a* quickly perishing, frail, सद्य पाति प्रणयि
 हृदय विप्रयोगे रुणद्धि Me 10 -प्रक्षालक *a* providing for a
 day (or for a meal), सद्य प्रक्षालको वा स्यान्माससचयिकोऽपि वा
 Ms 6 18 -प्राणकर *a* quickly invigorating, सद्योमास नवान्न
 च बाला स्त्री क्षीरभोजनम् । घृतमुष्णोदकं चैव सद्य प्राणकराणि षट् ॥
 -प्राणहर *a* quickly destroying life or vigour, शुष्क मास
 स्त्रियो वृद्धा बालकस्तृण दधि । प्रभाते भैक्षुन निद्रा सद्य प्राणहराणि षट् ॥
 -फल *a* having immediate consequences -भाविन् *a*
 newly born (-म) a newly born calf -शुद्धिः, -शौचम्
 immediate purification -स्नेहनम् *a* quickly operating
 emollient

सद्यस्क *a* 1 New, recent -2 Instantaneous

सद्गु *a* 1 Resting, staying -2 Going

सद्वन्द्व *a* Quarrelsome, fond of strife, contentious

सद्वसथः A village

सद्वादित्वम् The state of making a positive statement,
 being a सद्वादिन्, सद्वादित्वाच्च पाणिनेर्वचन प्रमाणम् । असद्वादित्वान्न
 कात्यायनस्य SB on MS 10 8 4

सधर्मः The same nature or qualities, गृहीतनरलोक-
 सधर्मो भगवन्तम् Bhāg 5 4 4

सधर्मन् *a* 1 Having similar properties -2 Having
 similar duties -3 Of the same sect or caste -4 Like,
 resembling -Comp -चारिणी *a* legal wife, a legally
 married wife

सधर्मिणी See सधर्मचारिणी above

सधर्मिन् *a* (-णी f) See सधर्मन्

सधिः N of Agni

सधिस *m* An ox, a bull

सध्याञ्च् *a* (सध्याची f) [सद्वाञ्च्, cf P VI 3 95]
 1 Going along with, associated with, accompanying -2
 Right, correct, क्षेमस्य सध्याञ्चिन्मृशेषु हेतु Bhāg 4 22 21
 -*m* A companion (husband), सध्याञ्चा वल्यितपद्मनालसूत्र
 Si 8. 44

सध्याञ्ची A female companion, confidante, a wife,
 सीता सौमित्रिणा त्यक्ता सध्याञ्ची त्रस्तुमेकिकाम् Bk 6 7,
 सध्याञ्चीवदनसरोजसारमाध्वीम् (गिरम् आस्वाद्य) Rām oh 7 26

सध्याञ्चीन *a* Accompanying, associated with, सध्याञ्ची-
 नेन वैराग्य ज्ञान च जनयिष्यति Bhāg 4 29 38

सन् 1 P, 8 U (सन्ति, सन्ति, सन्ति, सात, *pass.* सन्त्यते,
 सायते, *desid* सिसनिषति, सिषासति) 1 To love, like -2 To

worship, honour -3 To acquire, obtain -4 To receive graciously -5 To honour with gifts, give, bestow, distribute

सनः 1 The flapping of an elephant's ears -2 Presenting, offering, आदौ सनात् स्वनपस च चतु सनोऽभूत् Bhāg 2 7 5 -**नम्** Ved Food

सनकः N of one of the four sons of Brahman

सनत् m An epithet of Brahman and Always, perpetually -**Comp** -**कुमारः** N of one of the four sons of Brahman -**सुजातः** N of one of the seven mind born sons of Brahman

सनन्दः, सनन्दनः N of one of the four sons of Brahman

सनय a Ancient, old (Ved)

सनसूत्र See सणसूत्र

सना ind Always, perpetually

सनात् ind Always

सनातन a (-नी f) 1 Perpetual, constant, eternal, permanent, ज्वलन्मणिर्व्योमसदा सनातनम् K1 8 1, एष धर्म सनातन -2 Firm, fixed, settled, एष धर्म सनातन U 5 22 -3 Primeval, ancient -**तः** 1 The primeval being, Visnu, सनातन पितरमुपागमत् रवयम् Bk 1 1 -2 N of Siva -3 Of Brahman -4 A guest of the Manes -5 N of one of the sons of Brahman -6 An ancient sage, द्विजातिचरितो धर्म शास्त्रे दृष्ट सनातनै Ram. 2 61 23 -**नी** 1 N of Lakṣmī -2 Of Durgā or Pārvatī -3 Of Sarasvatī

सनाथ a 1 Having a master, lord or husband, त्वया नाथेन वैदेही सनाथा ह्ययं वर्तते Rām -2 Possessed of a guardian or protector, सनाथा इदानीं धर्मचारिण S 1, सनाथ संवृत्त V 5 -3 Occupied by, possessed by -4 Provided or furnished with, having, possessing, endowed with, full of, usually in comp, लतासनाथ इव प्रतिभाति S 1, शिलातलसनाथो लतामण्डप V 2, Me 100, Ku 7 94, R 9 42, V 4 10 -5 Crowded (as an assembly). -**या** A woman whose husband is living

सनाथीकृ Den P 1 To cause to possess a master, भुवनमिदं सनाथीकृतम् Dk 2 3 -2 To afford shelter, protect

सनाभः A nearest kinsman, uterine brother, तस्माद्भवन्तो हृदयेन जाता सर्वे महीयासमसुं सनाभम् Bhāg 5 5 20

सनाभि a 1 Connected by the same navel or womb, uterine -2 Kindred, related -3 Like, resembling, गङ्गावर्तसनाभिर्नाभि Dk -4 Affectionate -**भिः** 1 A uterine brother, a near kinsman, यो मे सनाभिवधत्तहृदा ततेन क्षिप्ताभिशापमपमार्ष्टुमुपाजहार Bhāg 10 88 9 -2 A relation, kinsman, अवलीढसनाभिरश्वसेन K1 13 11 -3 A relation as far as the seventh degree, यथोक्तेनैव कल्पेन शुद्धपन्ति तु सनाभय Ms 5 72

च. इ. को. २०३

सनाभ्यः A relation as far as the 7th degree, न च तत् कर्म कुर्वाण सनाभ्योऽप्यशुचिर्भवत् Ms 5 84

सनामन्, -सनामक a Having the same name, सनाम्नी या भवित्री मे दिक्षिता चैव बन्धुभि Mb 1 13 29, चन्द्रस्य ग्रहणमिति श्रुते सनाम्नो मौर्येन्दोर्द्विषदभियोग इत्येवेति Mu 1 7

सनिः [सन्-इ Un 4 151] 1 Worship, service -2 A gift, donation -3 An entreaty, a respectful solicitation (f also in this sense) -4 Obtaining, तद्वा नरा सनये दस उपमाविष्करोमि Bri Up 2 5 16 -5 A quarter or point of the compass (f also) -**Comp** -**वन्य** a what is obtained by begging, सनिवनिप्राप्त सनिवन्य याश्चाप्राप्तमित्यर्थ SB on MS 10 2 27, सनिवन्येव भूतिवचनात् MS 12 2 27

सनिकार a Degrading (as punishment)

सनिग्रह a Furnished with a handle, Suśr

सनिर्विशेष a Indifferent

सनिर्वेद a Dull (as conversation) (-दम्) ind Despairingly.

सनित a 1 Granted -2 Gained, obtained

सनिष्ठीवम्, -सनिष्ठेवम् Speech accompanied with emission of saliva, sputtered speech

सनी 1 A respectful entreaty -2 A quarter or point of the compass -3 Flapping of the elephant's ears -4 Light, lustre -5 An epithet of Gaurī

सनीड (ल) a 1 Lying in the same nest, dwelling together -2 Near, proximate, एतल्लतागृहसनीडकृत-स्वनीडा (पारावता) Rām ca 5 67 -**नीडः, -डम्** Vicinity, neighbourhood

सनेमि a 1 Having a felly -2 Complete, perfect

सतः The two hands opened and the palms joined together (सहतल)

सतक्ष 1 P 1 To pare off, chisel, chop -2 To wound, hurt, strike, निर्विशिष्टाभ्यां सुतीक्ष्णाभ्यामन्योन्य सतक्षतु Mb, Bri S 42 29 -3 To hurt by words -4 Ved. To compose (hymns &c)

सतक्षणम् Sarcastic or cutting language, sarcasm

संतन् 8 U 1 To stretch over, cover over, cover with -2 To make continuous, connect together -3 To effect, accomplish -4 To show, display

संतत p p 1 Stretched, extended -2 Uninterrupted, continual, constant, regular -3 Lasting, eternal. -4 Much, many -**तम्** ind. Always, continually, constantly, eternally, perpetually

संततिः f 1 Stretching across, spreading along -2 Extent, expanse, extension, सतापसततिमहाग्न्यसनाय तस्या-मासकमेतदनपेक्षितहेतु चेत् Mal 1 23, Bhāg 1 4 19 -3

Continuous line or flow, series, row, range, succession, continuity, चिन्तासततितन्तुजालनिबिडस्यूतव लमा प्रिया Mā 5 10, कुसुमसततिसततसगिभिः Si 6 36 -5 Perpetuation, uninterrupted continuance, निदानमिदंवाकुलम्य सतते R 3 1 -6 A race, lineage, family -7 Offspring, progeny, सतति शुद्धवश्या हि परत्रेह च गर्भे R 1 69 -8 A heap, mass, (अल) सहसा सततिमहसा विहन्तुम् K 1 5 17

संतानः, -नम् 1 Stretching, extending, extension, expanse, spread, चरामो वसुधा कृत्स्ना धर्मसतानमिच्छव Rām 4 18 9, सतानैस्तनुभावनष्टसल्लि व्यक्तिं व्रजन्त्यापगा S 7 8 -2 Continuity, continuous flow or line, succession, continuance, अच्छिन्नमलसंताना Ku 6 69, सतानवाहीनि दुःखानि U 4 8 -3 Family, race -4 Progeny, offspring, issue, संतानार्थाय विधये R 1 34, सतानकामाय राज्ञे 2 65, 18 52, Ms 3 185 -5 One of the five trees of Indra's paradise, सन्तानकुसुमशेखरक च मम जीर्णे पिनदम् Nāg 3 (between verses 2-3), सन्तानं रूपवृक्षश्च पुंसि वा हरिचन्दनम् Ak -Comp -सधिः a peace cemented by family alliance (as by giving a daughter in marriage &c)

संतानकः 1 One of the five trees of Indra's paradise or its flower, दधत सन्तानकाना सज Nāg 3 9 [It may be the tree Rhododendron Arborium It is a tree which grows abundantly on the Himalaya. It gives good shade and bears beautiful flowers, having five united petals The meaning of the word suggests a profuse growth both of the individual and its progeny] -2 (pl) N of a particular world, लोकान् सन्तानकानाम यास्यन्तीमे समागता Rām 7 110 18, Ku 6 4, 7 3, Si 6 67

संतानिका 1 Froth, foam -2 Cream -3 A cobweb -4 The blade of a knife or sword

संतप 1 P 1 To heat, warm, सतप्तचामीकर Bk 3 3, सतप्तायसि सस्थितस्य पयसो नामापि न ज्ञायते Bh 2 67 -2 To parch, dry up -3 To pain by heat, torture -Pass 1 To become hot or heated -2 To be distressed, suffer pain, be sorry, सतप्ताना त्वमसि शरणम् Me 7 'of the afflicted', दिवापि मयि निष्क्रान्ते सतप्येते गुरु मम Mb, Bh 2 87 -3 To repent, be stung with remorse, अवधूतप्रणिपाता पश्चात् सतप्यमानमनसोऽपि V 3 5 -4 To undergo penance -Uaus 1 To heat, burn, inflame -2 To provoke, exasperate, irritate -3 To torment, torture, distress, afflict -4 To burn up, consume -5 To foment (quarrels &c)

संतपनम् 1 Heating, inflaming -2 Torturing

संतप्त p. p 1 Heated, inflamed, red-hot, glowing, सतप्तायसि सस्थितस्य पयसो नामापि न ज्ञायते Pt 1 250, सतप्तचामीकरवल्गुवज्रम् Bk 3 3, चुक्रुशुर्दुःखसतप्ता मृत्योरिव भयागमे Rām. 2. 48 32 -2 Distressed, afflicted, tormented -3 Burnt, scorched -4 Exhausted, fatigued, wearied -5 Dry, faded, सतप्तपद्मा पद्मिन्थो नीनमीनविहगमा Rām 2 59 7 -सम् Pain, grief, sorrow -Comp. -अयस् n. red-hot iron, Pt 1 250 -वक्षस् a short-breathed.

संतापः 1 Heat, great heat, inflammation, नष्टज्वलन-सतापा प्रशान्ताभ्यायसत्कथा Rām 2 48 34, सतापदग्धस्य शिखण्डि-यूनो रूष्टे पुरस्तादचिरप्रभेव Mā 3 4 -2 Distress, torment, suffering, torture, agony, anguish, सतापसततिमहाव्यमनाय तस्यामामकमेतदनपेक्षितहेतु चेत् Mā 1 23, न सतापच्छेदो हिम-सरणि वा चन्द्रमणि वा 1 31, S 3 -3 Passion, rage -4 Remorse, repentance, कृत्यं न कुर्वते वेगान्न स सतापमानुयात् Pt 1 109 -5 Penance, fatigues of penance, mortification of the body, सतापे दिशतु शिव शिवा प्रसक्तिम् K 1 5 50

संतापन a (-नी f) Burning, inflaming -नः N of one of the 5 arrows of Cupid -नम् 1 Burning, scor- ching -2 Paining, afflicting -3 Exciting passion

सतापित p p Heated, afflicted, tormented &c

संतम् 4 P 1 To become exhausted -2 To pine away, languish

सतमकः Oppression or distress (in breathing &c)

संतमस् n, **संतमसम्** 1 All-pervading or universal darkness, great darkness, निमज्जयन् सतमसे पराशयम् N 9 98, Si 9 22, अकार्षीमायुधच्छाय रज सतमसे रणे Bk 5 2, प्रशान्ते च सतमसे Chalachampū p 25 -2 Great darkness or delusion of the mind (महामोह)

संतर्जनम् Threatening, reviling

संतर्पणम् 1 Satisfying, satiating -2 Gratifying, de- lighting -3 That which gives delight -4 A kind of sweet dish -a Refreshing, invigorating, सतर्पणानि सकलेन्द्रियमोहनानि (वचोमृतानि) Mā. 6 8.

संतर्पयाण a One who satisfies, योऽयौ त्वया स्वाण्डवे चित्रभातुं सतर्पयाणेन वनुर्धरेण Mb 8 90 52

संतिः 1 End, destruction -2 A gift, of संति

संतुद 6 U 1 To gird, sting -2 To recur (as a disease)

संतुष्ट 4 P 1 To be pleased, satisfied or contented, सतुष्टो भार्यया भर्ता भर्त्रा भार्या तथैव च Ms 3 60, तृष्णे जृम्भसि पापकर्मनिरते नाद्यापि सतुष्यसि Bh 3 5, Bg 3 17 -2 To have great pleasure in -Oaus 1 To satisfy, please, gratify -2 To present with (anything)

संतुष्ट p p Satisfied, pleased, contented, आत्मन्येव च संतुष्टस्तस्य कार्यं न विद्यते Bg 3 17, असतुष्टा द्विजा नष्टा सतुष्टाश्च महीसुज Chānakya-nīṣāra 80

संतुष्टिः f Complete satisfaction

संतोषः 1 Satisfaction, contentment, सतोषमूल हि सुखम् Ms 4 12, सतोष एव पुरुषस्य पर निधानम् Subhās -2 Pleasure, delight, joy -3 The thumb and fore-finger

संतोषणम् Pleasing, gratifying, comforting

संतुषण p p 1 Joined, fastened together -2 Covered, यथा शङ्कुना सर्वाणि पर्णानि संतुषणानि Ch Up 2 23 3

संतु 1 P 1 To cross over, traverse, travel over -2 To swim, float -3 To get over, overcome, surmount, go to the end of -4 To reach, attain to -5 To escape from, be saved

संतरणम् 1 Crossing over -2 Surmounting

सतारः 1 Crossing, passing over, गङ्गायाश्चापि सतार भरद्वाजस्य दर्शनम् Rām 1 3 15 -2 A ford, नीयमानानि सतारे हृतान्यासन वितस्तया Mb 5 119 8 -Comp. -नौ f a boat to cross over, यन्मेदिनी प्रचलिता पतिताग्रहर्म्या सचारनौरिव विकीर्णमहोर्मिभाला Balacharitam 2 1

संत्यज् 1 P. 1 To abandon, जायामदोषामुत सत्यजामि R 14 34, यश्चासूनपि सत्यजेत् करुणया Nāg 2 10 -2 To avoid, shun, Bh 1 81 -3 To give up, renounce, एतैर्विवादान् सत्यज्य सर्वपापै प्रमुच्यते Ms 4 181 -4 To except, exclude, सत्यज्य विक्रमादित्य धैर्यमन्यत्र दुर्लभम् Rāj T 3 343 -5 To withdraw from (an obligation), प्रक्रान्ते सम भाग चतुर्थ पथि सत्यजन् Y 2 198 -Caus To deprive (one) of, rob

संत्यक्त p p 1 Completely deserted or abandoned -2 Robbed, deprived of.

संत्यजनम् Leaving, renouncing

संत्रस् 1, 4 P To fear, be afraid or terrified, विचकार ततो राम शरान् सतत्रसुद्धिष Bk 14 39 -Caus To frighten, terrify, भवति हि पाप कृत्वा स्वकर्मसन्नामित पुरुष Pt 1 197

संत्रासः Fear, terror, alarm

संदंश् 1 P 1 To bite, sting, सदष्टेऽधरपल्लवे सचकित हस्ताग्रमाधुन्वती Amaru 36 -2 (a) To stick or adhere closely to, cling, उरसा सदष्टसर्पत्ववा S 7 11, सदष्टवलेष्वबलानितम्बेषु R 16 65, 48 (b) To press together, crush by pressure, सदष्टकुसुमशयनानि गात्राणि S 3 17

संदंशः 1 A pair of tongs, अयस्मयैरभिपिण्डै संदंशैस्त्वाचे निष्कुणन्ति Bhāg 5 26 19 -2 Too great compression of the teeth in the pronunciation of vowels (or letters) -3 N of those parts of the body used for grasping -4 N of a hell -5 A chapter or section of a book -6 The side of a village

संदंशकः A pair of tongs

संदंशिका 1 A pair of pincers -2 An iron bill, L D B

संदंशित a Armed, mailed

संदष्ट p p 1 Bitten -2 Pressed, closely together, crushed, सदष्टकुसुमशयनानि (गात्राणि) S 3 17 -3 Nipped, pinched -ष्टम् A particular fault in pronunciation

संदह 1 P. To burn, अभिजन सज्जना वह्निना Bh. 2. 39.

संदाहः Burning up, consuming

संदात a One who ties up, असदिताना सदाता Ms 8 342.

संदानम् 1 A rope, cord -2 A chain, fetter, 'सदान पशूना पादबन्धनम्' इति विश्व -3 Cutting, dividing -4 That part of an elephant's temples whence the ichor (सद) exudes -नः That part of an elephant under the knee where the fetter is fastened, सदानान्तादङ्घ्रिभि शिखितालै S 18 71

संदानकम् A pigeon's nest, अपनीतकपोतसदानकम् Pratamā 3

संदानिका A kind of sweetmeat, L D B

संदानित a 1 Bound, tied, वक्षोजद्वन्द्वसदानितमथ शिथिली-कृत्य गात्र कथञ्चित् Rām ch 7 92 -2 Fettered, chained, Siva B 4 66

सदानिनी A cow-pen (गोष्ठ)

संदायः A rein, leash

संदावः Flight, retreat

संदित a Bound, chained, fettered, असदिताना सदाता संदिताना च मोक्षक Ms 8 342

सदिश 6 P 1 To give, grant, assign, make over, राज्य सदिश्य भोगाश्च समार व्रणपीडित Bk 6 141, Y 2 232 -2 To order, direct, instruct, advise, send as a message, किं नु खलु दुष्यन्तस्य युक्तरूपमस्माभि सदेष्टव्यम् S 4, S 9 56, 61 -3 To send as a messenger, entrust with a message, अथ विश्वात्मने गौरी सदिदेश मिथ सखीम् Ku 6 1. -4 To appoint -5 To commission or depute in general

संदिष्ट p p 1 Pointed out, indicated -2 Assigned -3 Told, narrated, communicated -4 Agreed to, promised -ष्टः One entrusted with a message, a messenger, herald, courier (सदिष्टार्थ also) -ष्टम् Information, news, tidings

संदेशः 1 Information, news, tidings -2 A message, an errand, संदेश मे हर वनपतिकोपविशेषितस्य Me 7, 13, R 12 63, Ku 6 2 -3 Commission, command, अनु-ष्ठितो गुरो संदेश S 5 -4 A kind of sweetmeat -Comp -अर्थः the subject of a message, संदेशार्थ क पटुकरणे प्राणिभि प्रापणीया Me 5 -पदानि the words of a message -वाच f a message -हरः, -हारकः 1 a news-bearer, messenger -2 an envoy, ambassador

संदेशकम् News, tidings

संदिह 2 U 1 To smear, cover over, anoint -2 To heap together -3 To doubt, be uncertain about, Y 2 16, सदिहो विजयो युधि Pt 3 12 -4 To mistake for, to confound with (in pass), पान्तु त्वामकठोरकेतक-शिखासदिग्धमुग्धेन्दव (जटा) Māl 1 2, धूपैर्जालनि-सृतैर्वैलभय सदिग्धपारावता V 3 2, Ku 6 40 -5 To start an objection. -Caus 1 To confuse, perplex -2 To be doubtful or uncertain (Ātm).

संदिग्ध *p p* 1 Besmeared, covered -2 Dubious, doubtful, uncertain, as in संदिग्धमति बुद्धि &c -3 Mistaken for or confounded with -4 Doubtful, questioned -5 Confused, obscure, unintelligible (as a sentence) -6 Dangerous, risky, unsafe -7 Envenomed -**गधम्** 1 A doubt, uncertainty -2 Besmearing -**Comp** -अर्थ *a* ambiguous, dubious in sense (-र्थः) 1 an ambiguous or doubtful meaning -2 a disputed matter -**पुनरुक्तत्वम्** (Rhet) uncertainty and tautology -**फल** *a* having arrows with poisoned tips, Dk -**मति**, -**बुद्धि** *a* sceptical, doubtful

संदिग्धीकृत *p p* Made to present a doubtful resemblance, संदिग्धीकृतबाष्पाविन्दुरुदित पौराज्जनाभिस्तथा B R 6 31

संदेहः 1 Doubt, uncertainty, suspense, अत्र क संदेह -2 Risk, danger, peril, जावितमदेहदोलामारोपित K, अर्थार्जने प्रवृत्ति संदेहा H 1, Pt 1 176 -3 (In Rhet) Doubt regarded as a figure of speech, in which the close resemblance between two objects leads to one of them being mistaken for the other (this figure is also called संदेह by Mammata and others), संदेहस्तु भेदोक्तौ तदनुक्तौ च संशय K P 10, e g see Māl 1 2 (13), V 3. 2 -4 Conglomeration of material elements (of the body) -**Comp** -अलंकारः a particular figure of speech -**दोला** the swing of uncertainty, a state of suspense, dilemma, fix -**पद** *a* doubtful, सना हि संदेहपदेषु वस्तुषु प्रमाणमन्त-करणप्रवृत्तयः S 1 22

संदेहिन् *a* 1 Doubtful. -2 Doubting, uncertain, diffident

संदेह्य *a*. Doubtful, यस्यानुचित प्रतिबुद्ध आत्माऽस्मिन् संदेहे गहने प्रविष्ट Bri Up 4. 4 13 -**ह्यः** The body

संदी (wrong for आसन्दी) A small bedstead, cot, couch.

संदीप् 4 **Ā** To burn or shine very brightly, glow -**Caus** 1 To light, kindle, inflame. -2 To excite, incite, arouse, stimulate

संदीपन *a* (-नी *f*) 1 Kindling, inflaming, exciting, संदीपना एव दु खस्य प्रियसखीविनोदनापाया U. 3 -2 Provoking, U 4 -**नः** 1 One of the five arrows of Cupid -**नम्** 1 Kindling, inflaming -2 Exciting, stimulating, अनङ्ग-संदीपनमाशु कुर्वते Rs. 1 12 -**नी** (in music) A particular ध्रुति

संदीप्त *p p* 1 Kindled or inflamed -2 Excited, stimulated -3 Instigated, stirred up, prompted

संदुष् 4 **P** To be defiled or stained -**Caus** 1 To defile, pollute, corrupt, soil, taint -2 To violate -3 To accuse, censure, find fault with, condemn

संदुष्ट *p p* 1 Polluted, defiled, नारीसंदुष्टानि Ms 9 13 -2 Wicked, depraved -3 Ill-disposed.

संदूषणम् Defiling, corrupting, vitiating

संदूषित *a* 1 Violated, defiled, stained, polluted -2 Grown worse (as a disease) -3 Abused, censured

संदुह 1 **P**, 2 **U** To assemble, सदोहान्याथ सैनिकान् Śiva B 24 17

संदृम् 6 **P** 1 To string or bind together -2 To weave together, weave into a bunch or garland -3 To arrange, connect, compose

संदर्भः 1 Stringing together, weaving, arranging -2 Collection, uniting, mixture, विस्मयानन्दरान्दर्भजर्जरा कश्चो-मय U 7 12 -3 Consistency, continuity, regular connection, coherence, सदर्भशुद्धि गिराम् Git 1 -4 Construction -5 A composition, literary work, रसगङ्गा यरनामा सदर्भोऽयं चिर जयतु R G, U 1 -**Comp** -**विरुद्ध** *a* irrelevant, incoherent -**शुद्ध** *a* connected, coherent -**शुद्धिः** *f* clearness of arrangement (as of a composition)

संदृब्ध *p p* Strung together, interwoven, वेद्यं तु त्वं काप्य तत् सूत्र येनायं च लोक परस्व लोक सर्वाणि च भूतानि मद्ब्रूवन्ति भवन्तीति Bri Up 3 7 1

संदृष्ट 1 **P** 1 To see, behold, विष्मा त्रिशिरसा नाऽहं सदृशिष्येऽयं यत् पुन Bk 16 9 -2 To see well or perfectly -3 To consider, reflect upon -4 To calculate, enumerate -5 To overlook, wink at -**Pass** 1 To look like, resemble, be similar -2 To become visible, appear -**Caus** To show, exhibit, discover, आत्मानं मृतवत् सदृश्यं स्थित H 1, Bk 4 33, M 4 9

संदर्शः Appearance, sight, हीना पिशाचसदृशा भविष्यन्ति कलौ प्रजा Bhāg 12 3 40

संदर्शनम् 1 Seeing, beholding, viewing -2 Gazing, looking steadfastly -3 Meeting, seeing one another -4 Sight, appearance, vision -5 Regard, consideration -6 Showing, displaying -7 Employment, use, अपाय-संदर्शनजा विपत्तिमुपायसंदर्शनजा च सिद्धिम् Pt 1 61

संदृष्ट *p p* Seen, beheld -2 Ordained, prescribed

संदोहः 1 Milking -2 The whole quantity of anything, a multitude, heap, mass, assemblage, कुन्दमारुन्द-मधुबिन्दुसंदोहवाहिना मारुतेनोत्ताम्यति Māl 3, Bv 4 9, Bhāg 10 14 37, ननु सर्वाक्षौहिणीसंदोहेन छादयिष्ये जयद्रथम् Dūta-vākya 1, (शिलीमुग्धानां) सदोहं द्रुतमुदपादयन् परेषु Śiva B 24 62 -3 The whole milk (of a herd)

संद्रावः 1 Flight, retreat -2 Speed, gait, जाम्बव नीलसहितं चारुभद्रावमव्रवीत् Bk 7 35

संधा 3 **U** 1 To join, bring together, unite, combine, put together, compound, mix, यानि उदकेन संधीयन्ते तानि भक्षणियाणि Kull -2 (*a*) To treat with, form friendship or alliance with, make peace with, शत्रुणा न हि संदध्यात् सुखिष्ठेनापि संधिना H 1 88, Chāṇ 19, Kām 9 41 (*b*) To unite in friendship, reconcile,

make a friend of, सकृद्दुष्टमपीष्टं य पुन सधातुमिच्छति Pt 2 33 -3 To fix upon, direct towards, सधे दशमुद्रप्रतारकाम् R 11 69 -4 To fit to or place upon the bow (as a missile, arrow &c), धनुष्यमोषं समधत्त बाणम् Ku 3 66, R 3 53, 12 97 -5 To produce, cause, पर्याप्तं मयि रमणीय-
दामरत्न सधत्ते गगनतलप्रयाणवेग Māl 5 3, सधत्ते मृशमरतिं हि सद्धियोग Kī 5 51 -6 To hold out against, be a match for, शतमेकोऽपि सधत्ते प्राकारस्थो धनुर्वर Pt 1 229 -7 To mend, repair, heal -8 To inflict upon -9 To grasp, support, take hold of -10 To grant, yield -11 To make good, atone for -12 To contract, close up -13 To approach, come near -14 To prepare, make, compose -15 To assist, aid -16 To comprehend, conceive -17 To possess, have -18 To perform, do, स्वलील्या सधत्तेऽव्ययामने Bhāg 7 8 41, वाष्मात्रेणापि साहाय्य मित्रादन्यो न सधे Pt 2 12 -19 To employ, make use of, apply to use

संधा 1 Union, association -2 Intimate union, close connection -3 State, condition -4 An agreement, a promise, stipulation, compact, ततार सधामिव सत्यसध R 14 52, Mv 7 8 -5 Limit, boundary, यतस्त्व कर्मसधाना साधूना गृहमेधिनाम् Bhāg 6 5 42 -6 Fixity, steadiness -7 Twilight -8 Distillation (for संधान q v) -9 Steady continuance in any state

संधात् m N of Śiva and Viṣṇu

संधानम् 1 Joining, uniting, नायु संधानम् T Up 1 3 2 -2 Union, junction, combination, यदर्थे विच्छिन्नं भवति कृत-
संधानमिव तत् S 1 9, Ku 5 27, R 12 101 -3 Mix-
ing, compounding (of medicines &c) -4 Restoration,
repairing -5 Fitting, taking an aim, fixing (as an
arrow to the bow-string), तत् साधुकृतसंधानं प्रति सहर सायकम्
S 1 11, अयामियन्त्रसंधानविशेषोदप्राविकमान् Śiva B 30 1,
Śi. 20 8 -6 Alliance, league, friendship, peace, मृदूचट-
त् सुखमेधो दुःसंधानश्च दुर्जनो भवति H 1 88 (where it has
sense 1 also) -7 A joint, पादजङ्घयोः संधाने गुल्फ Suśr
-8 Attention -9 Direction -10 Supporting -11 Dis-
tillation (of liquors) -12 Spirituous liquor or a kind
of it -13 A kind of relish eaten to exote thirst -14
Preparation of pickles -15 Contraction of the skin by
means of astringents -16 Sour rice-gruel -17 Bell-
metal (सौराष्ट्र)

संधानिका A kind of pickle or sauce

संधानित a 1 United, strung together -2 Bound,
tied

संधानिन् a 1 Tying or binding together -2 Clever
in taking aim -3 Distilling liquor

संधानिनी A cow-house, cow-pen

संधानी 1 Distillation -2 Brazery, foundry -3
The manufacture of spirituous liquors

संधालिका A kind of food, L D B.

संधिः 1 Union, junction, combination, connection,
सधये सरला सूची वक्रा छेदाय कर्तरी Subhāṣ, Me 60 -2 A
compact, an agreement -3 Alliance, league, friend-
ship, peace, treaty of peace (one of the six expedients
to be used in foreign politics), कति प्रकारा संधीना भवन्ति
H 4, (the several kinds are described in H 4 106-
125), शत्रुणा न हि सध्यात् सुच्छिन्नेनापि संधिना H 1 85 -4 A
joint, articulation (of the body), तुरगानुवावकाण्डितसधे
S 2 -5 A fold (of a garment) -6 A breach, hole,
chasm -7 Especially a mine, chasm or opening made
by thieves in a wall or underneath a building, संधिं
छित्त्वा तु ये चौर्यं रात्रौ कुर्वन्ति तस्करा Ms 9 276, वृक्षवाटिका-
परिसरे संधिं कृत्वा प्रविष्टोऽस्मि मन्थमकम् Mk 3 -8 Separation,
division -9 Euphony, euphonic junction or coelation
(in gram) -10 An interval, a pause -11 A critical
juncture -12 An opportune moment -13 A period
at the expiration of each Yuga or age, त्रेताद्वापरयो
सधौ Mb 1 2 3 -14 A division or joint (in a drama),
(they are five, see S D 330-332), तौ सविषु व्यञ्जितवृत्तिभेदम्
Ku 7 91 -15 The vulva -16 Distillation -17 Land
etc donated for the worship of temple deities etc (cf
Dr Raghavan's note on वृत्तिसन्धिप्रतिपादक Chalachampū
p 1 "संधि देवपूजार्थमतिमुष्ट तादृशं भूम्यादिक संधिपदस्य
ब्रह्मदेवालयशिलाशासनेषु तादृशेऽर्थे व्यवहारदर्शनान् ।") -18
Contrivance, management, तस्य सावरणदृष्टसधय काम्यवस्तुषु
नवेषु सगिन R 19 16 -19 Twilight -20 A seam -21
The connecting link of a perpendicular (in mensuration)
-22 The common side of double triangle -**Comp**
-**अक्षरम्** a diphthong -**काष्ठम्** the wood below the top
of a gable -**गृहः** a bee-hive -**चोरः** a housebreaker,
a thief who breaks into a house -**छेदः** making holes
or breaches (in a wall &c), as in संधिच्छेदशिखरं. M 4
-**छेदनम्** burglary -**जम्** spirituous liquor -**जीवकः**
one who lives by dishonest means (particularly as a
go-between) -**दूषणम्** violation of a treaty, अरिषु हि
विजयार्थिन क्षितीशा विद्वति सोपधि संधिदूषणानि Kī 1 45
-**नालः**, -**लम्** Unguis Odoratus (नख, क्षुर) -**पालत्वम्**
maintenance of treaties -**प्रबन्धनम्** the ligament of
a joint -**बन्ध** 1 the tissues of joints, S 2 -2 the
cement or lime -**बन्धनम्** a ligament, tendon, nerve
-**भङ्गः**, -**मुक्तिः** f dislocation of a joint -**मोक्षः**
the breaking of peace, Kau A 7 -**रन्ध्रका** a hole
in a wall -**विग्रह** m du peace and war अधिकार the
office of the minister for foreign affairs -**विग्रहकः** a
minister presiding over the above -**विचक्षणः** one skilled
in negotiating treaties -**विद्** m a negotiator of treaties
-**विपर्ययौ** peace and war, द्वौ संधिविपर्ययौ Ms 7 65
-**वेला** 1 the time of twilight -2 any connecting period
-**शूलम्** a kind of painful indigestion (आमवात) -**सभक्**
a diphthong -**हारकः** a house-breaker

संधिकः A kind of fever

संधिका Distillation (of liquors)

rounded limbs, सा राजहसैरिव सनताङ्गी Ku 1 34 -भ्रू a frowning

सनतिः *f* 1 Obeisance, respectful salutation, reverence, ये च दिग्विजये तस्य सनतिं न युयुत्सेपा Bhāg 10 70 24 -2 Stooping posture, crouching -3 Humility -4 A kind of sacrifice -5 A sound, noise

सनयः 1 A collection, multitude, quantity, number अस्मिन् राजसमावाये देवानामिव सनये Mb 1 189 6 -2 Rear, rear-guard (of an army)

सनह् 4 U 1 To tie, bind, fasten -2 To wear, put on, dress -3 To put on (as armour), arm oneself, be accoutred, समनात्सीत्तनो सैन्यम् Bk 15 111, 112, 14 7, 16 4 -4 To make oneself ready, prepare oneself (for any action) (Ātm in this sense), युद्धाय सनहते Mbh, छेतु वज्रमणीन् शिरोषदुसुमप्रान्तेन सनहते Bh 2 6

सनह् *p p* 1 Tied or bound together, girded or put on, सर्वं पर्वतसनह् सौवर्णमभवदनम् Rām 1 37 21 -2 Clad or dressed in armour, accoutred, mailed -3 Arranged, ready, or prepared, for battle, armed, fully equipped, नवजलधर सनहोऽयं न दृष्टनिशाचर V 4 1, क सनह् विरहविधुरा त्वय्युपेक्षेत जायाम् Me 8, सनह् कश्चो खड्गी चापबाणधरो युवा Rāma-rakṣa 21 -4 Ready, prepared, formed, arranged in general, क्लृप्त सनह्मनोऽपल्लवा R 3 7 -5 Pervading, कुसुममिव लोभनीय यौवनमङ्गेषु सनहम् S 1 21 -6 Well-provided with anything -7 Murderous -8 Closely attached, bordering, near -9 Ready to burst or blossom -10 Provided with charms -Comp -कवच a clad in mail, accoutred -योध a with a force fully equipped, मानी मानपाल सनहयोयो युद्धकामो भूत्वा Dk 1-3

सनहनम् 1 Preparing, equipping, arming oneself -2 Preparation -3 Fastening tightly -4 Industry, effort -5 Tightness, यज्ञज्ञानि च चत्वारि तस्य सनहनेऽभवन् Mb 10 18 7 -6 A band, rope

सनाहः 1 Arming (oneself) or preparation for battle, putting on armour -2 Warlike preparation, equipment, सनाहगुणा Kau A 9, सनाहोऽयं साहसमवगमयति Dk 2 4 -3 Armour, mail, अस्मिन् कलौ खलोत्सृष्टदुष्टबाणदान्णे कथं जीवेज्जगन् स्यु सनाहा सज्जना यदि Kir K 1 36, K 1 16 12 -4 Materials, accoutrements, सदाश्चै स्वमसनाहैर्भटैः पुरटवर्मभिः Bhāg 9 10 38

सनाहाः A war-elephant, Mātanga L 8 17

सनिकर्षः 1 Drawing near, bringing near -2 Vicinity, proximity, presence, उत्कण्ठते च युष्मत्सनिकर्षस्य U 6, Ku 3 74, R 7 8, 6 20 -3 Connection, relation -4 (In Nyāya phil) Connection of an organ of sense (इन्द्रिय) with its object (विषय), this is of six kinds, स भूतसूक्ष्मेन्द्रियसनिकर्षम् Bhāg 2 2 30 -5 A modern object or idea, वेदाश्चैके सनिकर्षं पुरुषाख्या MS 1 1 27 (Sabara explains सनिकर्षम् as सनिकर्षकाला. कृतका वेदा इदानीन्तना).

सनिकर्षणम् 1 Bringing near -2 Approaching, approximating -3 Proximity, vicinity -4 Relation, connection -5 Connection of an organ of sense with its object, see सनिकर्ष (4) above

सनिकृष्ट *p p* 1 Approximate -2 Proximate, adjacent, near -ष्टम् Proximity, vicinity

सनिचयः A collection

सनिचित *a* Constipated, stagnated, Suśr

सनिधा 3 U 1 To place, put, or keep together, दूरादाहत्य समिधं सनिदध्याद्विहायसि Ms 2 186 -2 To place near, इदमनन्यपरायणमन्यया हृदयसनिहिते हृदय मम S 3 19 -3 To fix upon, direct towards, (दृष्टि) पुन सहस्राक्षिणि सनिधते R 13 44 -4 To draw near, approach, ध्यातैर्यतैः सनिवेय भवाद्भिः Mv 1 50 -5 To collect, pile up -6 To observe, inspect -Pass To be near, be present -Caus To collect, bring together, assemble, U 7

सनिधम् Vicinity

सनिधातृ *m* 1 One who brings near -2 One who deposits -3 A receiver of stolen goods, सनिवातृश्च मोपस्य हन्याचौरमिवेश्वर Ms 9 278 -4 An officer who introduces people at court, सनिधातृचैयकम् Kau A 1 also 2 5 -5 One who receives in charge

संनिधानम्, संनिधिः 1 Putting down together, juxtaposition -2 Proximity, vicinity, presence, अस्यामाकाङ्क्षायां सनिधानमस्तरणम् SB on MS 6 4 23, N 2 53 -3 Perceptibility, appearance -4 A receptacle -5 Receiving, taking charge of -6 Combination, aggregate, दोषाणां सनिधानम् (स्त्रीयन्त्रम्) Pt 1 191 -7 Depositing -8 The object of an organ of sense (इन्द्रियविषय)

सनिपत् 1 P 1 To alight, descend -2 To come together, assemble, meet together -3 To fall upon, attack, उद्दामेन द्विरदपतिना सनिपत्याभियुक्त U 3 6 -4 To arrive, appear -5 To perish, be destroyed -Caus 1 To throw or shoot down, discharge. -2 To convoke, convene, assemble, collect together -3 To stretch out (a cord).

संनिपत्य *ind* Immediately, directly.

संनिपत्योपकारिन् *a* 1 That अङ्ग which serves the purpose of its प्रधान directly See सामवायिक *a*, सनिपत्योपकारिण एते मन्त्रा उपस्थित कर्माभिदधति SB on MS 12 1 19 -2 Acting immediately

संनिपातः 1 Falling down, alighting, descent -2 Falling together, meeting, confluence, समुद्रपत्न्योर्जल-संनिपाते R 13 58 -3 Collision, contact, संनिपातावधूतैश्च Mb 4. 13 27 (com संनिपातोऽङ्गसंघटनम्), प्रतिपदमविहस्ता संनिपाते रिपुणाम् Siva B 30 47 -4 Union, conjunction, combination, mixture, miscellaneous collection, तथा तयोः संनिपातं शरयोरभवत्तदा Mb 3 39 15 Bhāg 11 25 6. धूमज्योतिःसलिलमस्ता संनिपातं च मेघ Me. 5. -5 An assem-

blage, a collection, multitude, number, नानारत्नज्योतिषा
संनिपाते K1 5 36, एते हि दोषो गुणसंनिपाते निमज्जति Ku 1 3
-8 Arrival -7 A combined derangement of the three
humours of the body causing fever which is of a dan-
gerous kind -8 A kind of musical time or measure
-9 Sexual intercourse, Mb 5 -10 Battle, war -11
(In astr) A particular conjunction of planets
-Comp. -उचरः fever arising from a vitiated state of
the three humours of the body -निद्रा swoon, trance
-नुद् m a species of Nimba tree (Mar नेपालनिव)

संनिपातकः = संनिपात (7) above

' संनिपातित p p 1 Discharged -2 Assembled

संनिपातिन् a A subsidiary that serves the purpose
of the प्रधानकर्मे by being closely connected with it or
directly related (see सामवायिक a), मन्त्राश्च संनिपातित्वात्
MS 12 1 19

संनिपात्य a To be hurled upon, न खलु न खलु बाण
संनिपात्योऽयमस्मिन् S 1 10

संनिबद्ध a 1 Connected, attached -2 Arranged,
prepared for, ससिद्धावितिकरणीयसंनिबद्धे (आलापे) K1 7 17

संनिबन्धः 1 Binding firmly -2 Connection, attach-
ment -3 Effectiveness

संनिबर्हणम् The act of subduing, restraint, एकस्येव हि
योऽङ्गो मनस संनिबर्हणे Sukra 1 99

संनिभ a Like, similar (at the end of comp),
वनान्तरे तोयमिति प्रधाविता निरीक्ष्य भिन्नाङ्गनसंनिभ नभ Rs 1 11

संनिभृत a 1 Hidden -2 Discreet, modest, Bhāg

संनियुज् See नियुज्

संनियोगः 1 Union, attachment -2 Appointment.
-3 Precept

संनिरुद् See निरुद्

संनिरुद् p p 1 Restrained, suppressed -2 Raked
together (as fire) -3 Covered, filled, महारथौघेन न
संनिरुद्धा K1 16 3

संनिरोधः 1 Obstruction, hindrance, ससाय गत्या सह तेन
याति विज्ञानतत्त्व गुणसंनिरोधम् Bhāg 2 2 30 -2 Confinement
-3 Narrowness, a narrow pass

संनिवायः Combination, multitude, अष्टाधिपत्य गुण-
संनिवाये सहैव गच्छेन्मनसेन्द्रियैश्च Bhāg 2 2 22

संनिविष्ट 6 Ā 1 To enter into, enter deeply -2 To
encamp, sit down -3 To have intercourse or intimate
connection with -Caus 1 To place, put -2 To install
or place on, घातो स्थान इवादेशं सुग्रीव सन्यवेशयत् R 12 58
-3 To unite, join, collect -4 To introduce, insert, put
in -5 To lodge, locate, station, encamp -6 To devolve
upon, commit to, consign -7 To found (a town &c).
-8 To fix the mind on. -9 To contemplate, reflect upon.

संनिविष्ट p p 1 Entered into -2 Collected, met
together, assembled -3 Absorbed or engrossed in
-4 Abiding or resting in -5 Contiguous, near, neigh-
bouring -6 Encamped, see संनिविष्ट above

संनिवेशः 1 Deep entrance into, ardent devotion or
attachment, close application -2 A collection, multi-
tude, assemblage, अह तु मन्ये तव नास्ति कश्चिदेतादृशे क्षत्रिय-
संनिवेशे Mb 3 268 4 -3 Union, combination, arran-
gement, बिभ्रद्भ्यः सकलसुन्दरसंनिवेशम् Bhāg 11 1 10,
रमणीय एष व सुमनसा संनिवेश Māl 1 9 -4 Site, place,
situation, position, स्थानान्तरे कल्पितसंनिवेशम् Ku 7 25,
R 6 19 -5 Vicinity, proximity -6 Form, figure,
उद्दामशरीरसंनिवेश Māl 3, निर्माणसंनिवेश K -7 A hut,
dwelling-place, अशून्यतीरा सुनिसंनिवेशे R 14 76 -8
Seating in the proper places, giving seats to, क्रियता
समाजसंनिवेश U 7 -9 Insertion -10 An open space
near a town where people assemble for amusement,
exercise &c -11 The collective position of an asterism
-12 Encampment, संनिवेश ततश्चकुहरीवीरा महाबल Rām
4. 64 4

संनिवेशनम् 1 Settlement, abode -2 Erection (of a
statue)

संनिवृत् 1 Ā 1 To return, retire -2 To leave off,
cease, stop -3 To pass away -Caus 1 To cause to
return, send back -2 To suppress, stop -3 To pre-
vent, hinder -4 To divert, turn away from

संनिवृत्त p p 1 Returned -2 Stopped, ceased -3
Withdrawing, shrinking from.

संनिवृत्तिः f 1 Return, असंनिवृत्त्यै तदतीतमेव S 6 9,
परलोकमसंनिवृत्तये यदनापृच्छ्य गतासि मामित R 8 49, 10 27
-2 Desisting from -3 Restraint, check, forbearance

संनिसर्गः Good-naturedness, gentleness

संनिहित p p. 1 Placed near, lying close, near, con-
tiguous, neighbouring, S 4 -2 Close, proximate, at
hand, न पपात संनिहितपाकिपुरभिषु फलेषु मानसम् K1 12 4
-3 Present, अपि संनिहितोऽत्र कुलपति S 1, हृदयसंनिहिते
3 19 -4 Fixed, placed, deposited -5 Prepared,
ready, Mu 1 -6 Staying or being in -तम् Proximity,
vicinity -Comp. -अपाय a having destruction close
at hand, frail, perishable, transitory, काय संनिहितापाय
Pt. 2 177

संनी 1 P 1 To bring together -2 To rule, govern,
guide. -3 To restore, give back -4 To lead towards,
lead, or bring near to -5 To connect, unite. -6 To
mingle, mix -7 To arrange -8 To obtain, procure
-9 To fulfill, यं य वाञ्छति सा राजन् . त त समनयत् कामम्
Bhāg 11 7 56, 4 7 48

संनयनम् 1 Bringing together or near. -2 Connec-
ting, uniting

संन्यस् 4 P 1 To place or put down, deposit -2 To lay down or aside, give up, abandon, quit, तेन त्वया शस्त्रं न संन्यस्तव्यम् V 5, संन्यस्तशस्त्रं R 2 59, संन्यस्ताभरणं गात्रम् Me 95, Ku 7 67 -3 To make or deliver over, entrust, commit to the care of, मयि सर्वाणि कर्माणि संन्यस्याध्यात्मचेनसा Bg 3 30 -4 To put together -5 (Used intransitively) To resign the world, discard all worldly ties and attachments and become an anchorite, वेदान्तं विधिनच्छुवा संन्यसेद्वृणो द्विज Ms 7 94, सदस्य क्षणभङ्गुर तदखिल धन्यस्तु संन्यस्यति Bh 3 132

संन्यसनम् 1 Resignation, laying down -2 Complete renunciation of the world and its attachments, न च संन्यसनादेव सिद्धिं समधिगच्छति Bg 3 4 -3 Consigning, entrusting to the care of -4 Depositing

संन्यस्त p p 1 Laid or placed down -2 Deposited -3 Entrusted, consigned -4 Laid aside, relinquished, renounced, न ह्यसंन्यस्तसकल्पो योगी भवति कश्चन Bg 6 2 -5 Encamped

संन्यासः 1 Leaving, abandonment -2 Complete renunciation of the world and its possessions and attachments, abandonment of temporal concerns, कान्यानां कर्मणा न्यासं संन्यासं क्वयो विदुः Bg 18 2, Ms 1 114, 5 108 -3 A deposit, trust, एतद्राज्यं मम भ्रात्रा दत्तं संन्यासमुत्तमम् Rām 2 115 14 -4 A stake or wager in a game -5 Giving up the body, death -6 Indian spikenard -7 Compact, agreement

संन्यासिनः m 1 One who lays down or deposits -2 One who abandons, gives up, सर्वसकल्पसंन्यासी योगाख्यस्तद्वोच्यते Bg 6 4 -3 One who completely renounces the world and its attachments, an ascetic, a Brāhmaṇa in the fourth order of his religious life, ज्ञेयं स त्रित्यसंन्यासी यो न द्वेष्टि न काङ्क्षति Bg 5 3 -4 One who abstains from food (त्यक्ताहारः), उवाच मासतिर्द्वे संन्यासिन्यत्र वानराः Bk 7 76

सप् 1 P (सपति) 1 To honour, worship -2 To connect. -3 To obey, conform to -4 To obtain -5 To touch, sip -6 To do, perform

सपक्ष a 1 Winged, having wings -2 Having a side or party, भूयत् परार्थोऽपि सपक्ष एव Bu Ch 1 10 -3 Belonging to the same side or party -4 (Hence) Kindred, like, similar (fig); दलद्वाराक्षानिर्यद्रसभरसपक्षा मणितय Bv 2 77 -5 Containing the पक्ष or subject of an inference -क्षः 1 An adherent, a follower, partisan -2 A kindred, a kinsman, परित्रातस्त्वया सपक्ष M 4 -3 (In logic) An instance on the same side, a similar instance, निश्चितसाध्यवान् सपक्ष T S, साध्ये निश्चितमन्वेयेन घटितं बिभ्रन् सपक्षे स्थितिम् Mu 5 10

सपक्षपातम् ind Devotedly

घं. इ. को... २०४

सपत्न a Hostile, inimical -त्नः An enemy, adversary, a rival, अवाप्य भूमावसपत्नमृद्धम् Bg 2 8, मा वा सपत्नेष्वपि नाम तद् भूत् पाप यदस्या त्वयि वा विशङ्क्यम् Mā 4 5, R 9 8 -Comp -अरिः Bambusa Spinosa (Mar एक प्रकारचा बावू)

सपत्नी [समान पतिर्यस्या सा] A rival or fellow wife, rival mistress, co-wife (having the same husband with another), दिश सपत्नी भव दक्षिणस्या R 6 63, 14 86, कुरु प्रियसखीवृत्ति सपत्नीजने S 4 17

सपत्नीक a Attended by a wife

सपत्राकृ 8 U To wound very severely, सपत्राकरोति मृगम् Sk, सपत्राकृतशत्रूणां सपराये Kir K 2 4, निष्पत्राकुरुता-सुरानपि सुरान् मार सपत्राकरोत् Samkaradigvijaya 5 84 See below

सपत्राकरणम् 1 Wounding in such a manner that the feathered part of the arrow enters the body -2 Causing excessive pain, cf निष्पत्राकरण

सपत्राकृत a Severely wounded (as described in सपत्राकरण), धनुष्पाणेर्यात् दिवमपि सपत्राकृतमसुं त्रसन्त तेष्यापि त्यजति न मृगव्याघरभस Siva-mahimna 22

सपत्राकृतिः f Great agony or pain, excessive affliction or torment

सपदि ind 1 Instantly, in a moment, immediately, सपदि मदनानले दहति मम मानसम् Git 10, Ku 3 76, 6 2. -4 Quickly, swiftly

सपरिच्छद a Provided with necessities

सपरिवृंहण a Together with supplements (the Vedas), वेद सपरिवृंहण Ms 12 109

सपरिवाह a Brimful

सपरिव्यय a With condiments (as food), Ms 7 127.

सपरिहारम् ind With reserve or shyness

सपर्या Worship, honouring, सोऽहं सपर्याविधिभाजनेन R 5 22, 2 22, 11 35, 13 46, S 1 14, Ku 5 81 -2 Service, attendance, प्रतिविहितसपर्यासुस्थयोस्तान्यहानि (स्वरसि) U 1 26

सपाद a 1 Having feet -2 Increased by a fourth part

सपाल a 1 Attended by a herdsman; सपाल शत-दण्डाहो विपालान् वारयेत् पशून् Ms. 8 240 -2 Together with a king

सपिण्डः 'Having the same पिण्ड or funeral rice-ball offering', a kinsman connected by the offering of the funeral rice-ball to the Manes of certain relations, गुरुदारे सपिण्डे वा गुरुवद्भृतिमाचरेत् Ms 2 247, 5 59, Y. 1. 52

सपिण्डनम्, **सपिण्डीकरणम्** 1 The performance of a particular Srāddha in honour of deceased relatives called सपिण्ड q v, to be performed at the end of one full year after the death of a relative, but now usually performed on the 12th day after death as part of the funeral obsequies -2 Giving a person the rights of a Sapiṇḍa or kinsman

सपीतिः f Drinking together or in company, com-
potation

सपोत a Having a boat

सपौष्णमैत्र a Together with रेवती and अनुराधा
Nakṣatras

सप्तकी A woman's girdle or zone

सप्तन् num a (always pl, सप्त nom and acc)
Seven -Comp -अशु. N of Agni -अशुपुङ्गवः the
planet Saturn -अङ्ग a see सप्तप्रकृति below -अर्चिस् a
1 having seven tongues or flames -2 evil-eyed, of in-
auspicious look (-m) 1 N of fire -2 of Saturn -3
the Chitraka plant -अशीतिः f eighty-seven -अश्रम्
a heptagon -अश्वः the sun, नत्ता सप्ताश्वसनिभ Siva B
25 45 बाहन the sun -अस्त्र a septangular -अहः
seven days, 1 e a week -आत्मन् m an epithet of
Brahman -ऋषि (सप्तर्षि) m pl 1 the seven sages,
1 e मरीचि, अत्रि, अङ्गिरस्, पुलस्त्य, पुलह, क्रतु, and वसिष्ठ
-2 the constellation called Ursa Major (the seven
stars of which are said to be the seven sages
mentioned above) -कोण a septangular -गङ्गम्
ind in the place of the seven streams of the
Ganges -गुण a seven-fold -चत्वारिंशत् f forty-
seven -च्छदः N of a tree (Mar सातवीण), गजाश्च सप्तच्छद-
दानगन्धिन Karnabhāra 1 11 -जिह्वः, -ज्वालः fire
(the seven tongues are काली, कराली, मनोजवा, सुलोहिता,
सुधूम्रवर्णा, उग्रा and प्रदीप्ता) -तन्तुः a sacrifice, सप्ततन्तु-
माविगन्तुमिच्छत S1 14 6, पुन प्रवर्तयिष्यामि सप्ततन्तुवादिका क्रिया
Siva B 5 56, विधये सप्ततन्तुनाम् ibid 18 23 of note on
N 11 100 -त्रिंशत् f thirty-seven -दशन् a seventeen
अरलिन्याय A rule of interpretation according to which
an expression, if it is found to be inapplicable to the
matter or thing with reference to which it is used,
should be taken as being connected with or applying
to a part or subsidiary thereof This mode of constru-
ing an expression (in its literal sense) is preferable
to लक्षणा This rule is discussed and established by
जैमिनि and शबर in the सूत्र 'आनर्थक्यात् तदङ्गेषु' MS 3 1 18
and भाष्य thereon -दीधितिः N of fire -द्वारावकीर्ण a
dominated or affected by the seven gates (5 organs,
mind and intellect), सप्तद्वारावकीर्ण च न वाचमवृत्ता वदेत्
Ms 6 48 (see Kull) -द्वीपा an epithet of the earth,
पुरा सप्तद्वीपा जयति वसुधामप्रतिरथ S 7 33 -धातु m pl the
seven constituent elements of the body, 1 e chyle,
blood, flesh, fat, bone, marrow, and semen, (रसास्त्रमास-

मेदोऽस्थिमज्जान शुक्रसयुता) -नली birdlime -नवातिः f
ninetyseven -नाडीचक्रम् a kind of astrological diagram
used as a means of foretelling rain -पदी the
seven steps at a marriage (the bride and bridegroom
walk together seven steps, after which the marriage
becomes irrevocable) -पर्णः (so समच्छद, सप्तपत्र) N
of a tree (-र्णी) the sensitive plant -पातालम् the
seven regions of the earth (1 e अतल, वितल, सुतल, महातल,
रसातल, तलातल and पाताल) -प्रकृतिः f pl the seven
constituent parts of a kingdom, स्वाम्यमात्यसुहृत्कोशराष्ट्र-
दुर्गबलानि च Ak, see प्रकृति also -मद्रः the Śirīsa tree
-भूमिक, -भौम a seven stories high (as a palace)
-मन्त्रः fire -मातृ f collective N of seven mothers
(1 e ब्राह्मी, माहेश्वरी, कौमारी, वैष्णवी, वाराही, इन्द्राणी, and चासुण्डा)
-मुष्टिकः a particular mixture used as a remedy for
fever -रक्तः one who has got the seven parts of the
body red, (पाणिपादतले रक्ते नेत्रान्तरनखानि च । तालुकाधर-
जिह्वाश्च प्रशस्ता सप्तरक्ता ॥) -रात्रम् a period of seven
nights -रुचिः fire, सप्तरुचेरिव स्फुलिङ्गा S1 20 53
-लोकाः the seven worlds (1 e भूर्, भुवर्, स्वर्, महर,
जनस्, तपस्, and सत्यम्) -विंशतिः f twentyseven
विद्य a seven-fold, of seven sorts -शतम् 1 700 -2
107 (-ती) an aggregate or collection of 700 verses or
stanzas -शलाक. a kind of astronomical diagram used
for indicating auspicious days for marriages -शिरा
betel -सतिः an epithet of the sun, सर्वैरस्त्रै समग्रैस्त्वमिव
नृपगुणैर्दीप्यते सप्तसति M 2 12, S 6 29, K1 5 34 -स्वरः
the seven musical notes (1 e सा, रि, ग, म, प, ध, नी)

सप्तक a (-का or -की f) 1 Containing seven -2
Seven -3 Seventh -कम् A collection of seven things
(verses &c) -की A woman's girdle

सप्ततिः f Seventy ०तम a 70th

सप्तधा ind 1 Seven-fold -2 In seven parts

सप्तम a (-मी f) The seventh -मी f 1 The seventh
or locative case (in gram) -2 The seventh day
of a lunar fortnight ०समास a तत्पुरुष compound of
which the first member is supposed to be in the
locative case

सप्तला A kind of jasmine (double jasmine)

सप्ति. 1 A yoke -2 A horse, जवो हि सप्ते परम
विभूषणम् Subhās, see सप्तसप्ति also -3 A yoke-fellow

सप्तज्ज्ञातम् A specific type of Samādhī, Pāṭaṅjala
Yogadarsana

सप्रणय a Affectionate, friendly

सप्रतिभ a Possessed of quick discernment.

सप्रतिभय Uncertain

सप्रतीक्षम् ind Expectantly

सप्रतीवाप a With an admixture, Suśr

- सप्रतीश** *a* Respectful, Buddh
- सप्रत्यय** *a* 1 Placing confidence in -2 Certain, sure
- सप्रत्याशम्** *ind* Hopefully, expectantly
- सप्रपञ्च** *a* With all belonging thereto or connected therewith
- सप्रभ** *a* Having the same appearance, इतस्तत् परिचरन् दीप्तपावकसप्रभ Mb 1 13 14
- सप्रमाण** 1 Authentic -2 Entitled
- सप्रमाद** *a* Heedless, inattentive.
- सप्रवाद** *a* Together with the derivative case-forms
- सप्रश्रयम्** *ind* Respectfully, with great courtesy
- सप्रसव** *a* Derived from a common source, गुणानुबन्धित्वात्तस्य सप्रसवा इव R 1 22
- सप्रेष्य** *a* Attended by servants
- सफरः, -री** A small glittering fish, of शफर
- सफल** *a* 1 Fruitful, bearing or yielding fruit, productive (fig also) -2 Accomplished, fulfilled, successful -3 Not emasculated, Rām -Comp. -उर्दक *a* promising success
- सफलक** *a* Furnished with a shield
- सबन्ध** *a* Secured by a pledge
- सबन्धु** *a* 1 Closely connected -2 Having a friend, befriended. -3 Of the same family -न्धुः A relation, kinsman
- सबल** *a* Accompanied by a force or army
- सवलिः** Evening twilight
- सबाध** *a* 1 Hurtful -2 Oppressive
- सबीजयोगः** A kind of yogic meditation or Samādhi. This is referred to as सप्रज्ञातसमाधि in N 21 119, मैत्र्यादित्तपरिकर्मविदो विधाय क्लेशप्रहाणमिह लब्धसबीजयोगा S1 4 55
- सब्रह्मचर्यम्** Fellow-studentship (being disciples of the same teacher)
- सब्रह्मचारिन्** *m* 1 A fellow-student, one going through the same studies and observing the same austerities, सब्रह्मचारिण्येकाहमतीने क्षपण स्मृतम् Ms 5 71 -2 A fellow-sufferer, sympathiser, दुःखसब्रह्मचारिणी तरलिका क्व गता K, हे व्यसनसब्रह्मचारिन् यदि न गुह्य तत श्रोतुमिच्छामि Mu 6 -3 (Hence) An equal, of the same kind, Vb 1 39
- सभक्षः** A mess-mate
- सभर्तृका** A woman whose husband is living.
- सभा** [सह भान्ति अमीष्टनिश्चयार्थमेकत्र यत्र गृहे Tv] 1 An assembly, a council, conclave, पण्डितसभा कारितवान् Pt 1,

न सा सभा यत्र न सन्ति वृद्धा H 1. -2 Company, society, meeting, large number -3 Council chamber or hall, तत समा करिष्यामि पाण्डवस्य यशस्विनीम् Mb 2 34, 12 47 7 -4 A court of justice -5 A public audience (modern levee) -6 A gambling-house -7 Any room or place much frequented -8 A house for lodging travellers (धर्मशाला) -9 An eating house -Comp. -आचारः 1 the customs of society -2 court-manners -आस्तारः 1 an assistant at an assembly -2 a member of a society -उचितः a learned Brāhmaṇa, an educated person -उद्देशः the neighbourhood of any place of meeting -कारः the builder of a hall -गृहम् an assembly-hall -पतिः, -नायकः 1 the president of a society, chairman -2 the keeper of a gaming-house -परिषद् the session of an assembly -पालः the keeper of a public building or assembly -पूजा worship or reverence paid to the audience -मण्डपः an assembly hall -मध्ये *ind* in society -योग्य *a* suitable for society -सद् *m* 1 an assistant at an assembly or meeting -2 a member of an assembly or meeting -3 an assessor, a juror -साहः a victor in a debating hall

सभाज् 10 U (सभाजयति-ते) 1 To salute, pay respects, greet, render homage to, congratulate, स्नेहात् सभाजयितुमेत्य U 1 7, S1 13 14, S 5 -2 To honour, worship, respect -3 To please, gratify -4 To beautify, adorn, grace, बहुपरिषद् पुण्यश्रीक श्रियेव सभाजयन् U 4 19 -5 To show

सभाजनम् [सभाज् भावे ल्युट्] 1 (a) Paying respects to, salutation, honouring, worshipping, स यथोचित जनसभाजनोचित S1 13 14 (b) Welcoming, congratulation, सभाजने मे भुजमूर्त्तिबाहु R 13 43, 14 18 -2 Civility, courtesy, politeness -3 Service

सभाजित *a* 1 Honoured, gratified -2 Praised, celebrated

सभावनः N of Śiva

सभि (भी) कः [सभा द्युत प्रयोजनस्य ईक्] The keeper of a gaming-house, अयमस्माक पूर्वसभिको माधुर इत एवागच्छति Mk 3, गृहे शक्तिकन्द्रेस्तु सभिक पञ्चक शतम् Y 2 199

सभ्य *a* [सभायां साधु यत्] 1 Belonging to an assembly -2 Fit for society -3 Refined, polished, civilized -4 Well-bred, polite, civil, courteous, तस्मै सभ्या सभार्याय गोप्त्रे गुप्तमेन्द्रिया R 1 55, Ku 7 29 -5 Confidential, trusty, faithful -भ्यः 1 An assessor -2 An assistant at an assembly -3 A person of honourable parentage, प्रायेणाल्पायुष सभ्य क्लावस्मिन् युगे जना Bhāg 1 1 10 -4 The keeper of a gaming-house -5 The servant of the keeper of a gaming-house -6 N of one of the five sacred fires, सभ्यावसथ्य चित्तयोऽस्यो हि ते Bhāg 3 13 37

सभ्यता, -त्वम् Politeness, good manners or breeding

सम् I 1 P (समति) 1 To be confused or agitated
-2 Not to be confused or agitated **-II 10 U (समयति-
 ते)** To be agitated

सम् ind 1 As a prefix to verbs and verbal derivatives it means (a) with, together with, together, as in सगम्, संभाषण, सधा, संयुज् &c (b) Sometimes it intensifies the meaning of the simple root, and may be translated by 'very, quite, greatly, thoroughly, very much', संतुष, सतोष, सन्यस्, सन्यास, सताप &c, तस्या-मात्मानुरूपायामात्मजन्मसमुत्पत्तु R 1 33 (c) It also expresses completeness, perfection, or beauty **-2** As prefixed to nouns to form comp it means 'like, same, similar', as in समर्थ **-3** Sometimes it means 'near', 'before', as in समक्ष **-4** In the Vedas it is sometimes used as a separable preposition (with instr) ✓

सम a 1 Same, identical **-2** Equal, as in समलोष्ट-काञ्चन R 8 21, Pt 2 7, सुखदुःखे समे कृत्वा लाभालाभौ जयाजयौ Bg 2 38, सम शत्रौ च मित्रे च तथा मानापमानयो । जीतोष्णसुख-दुःखेषु सम सगविवर्जित ॥ 12 18 **-3** Like, similar, resembling, with instr or gen or in comp, गुणयुक्तो दरिद्रोऽपि नैश्वर्यैरगुणे सम Subhāṣ, Ku 3 13 **-4** Even, level, plain, समदेशवर्तिनस्ते न दुरासदो भाविष्यति S 1 **-5** Even (as number) **-6** Impartial, fair, शुनि चैव श्वपाके च पण्डिता समदर्शिन Bg 5 18 **-7** Just, honest, upright **-8** Good, virtuous **-9** Ordinary, common **-10** Mean, middling **-11** Straight **-12** Suitable, convenient **-13** Indifferent, unmoved, unaffected by passion **-14** All, every one **-15** All, whole, entire, complete **-16** Being a pair **-17** Regular, normal **-18** Middling **-19** Easy, convenient **-मः 1** N of certain zodiacal signs (वृष, कर्कट, कन्या, श्विक, मकर, and मीन) **-2** A mode of measuring time in music **-3** The point of intersection of the horizon and the meridian line **-4** A kind of straight line placed over a numerical figure to mark the process of extracting the square root **-मम् 1** A level plain, flat country, सनिपत्य शनकैरिव निम्नादन्धकारमुदवाप समानि Ku 9 11 **-2** (In rhet.) N of a figure of speech **-3** (In geometry) A mean proportional segment **-4** Equanimity **-5** Similarity **-6** Settlement, compensation, कर्मणापि समं कुर्याद्वनिकायाधमर्णिक Ms 8 177 **-7** Good circumstances, Mk **-सम् ind 1** With, together with, in company with, accompanied by, (with instr), आहो निवत्स्यति सम हरिणाङ्गनाभि S 1 26. R 2 25, 8 63, 16 72 **-2** Equally, सम सर्वेषु भूतेषु Bg 13 27-28, यथा सर्वाणि भूतानि धरा धारयते समम् Ms 9 311 **-3** Like, similarly, in the same manner, यत्र स्वामी निर्दिशेष्ट सम मृत्येषु वर्तते Pt 1 78 **-4** Entirely **-5** Simultaneously, all at once, at the same time, together, नव पयो यत्र घनैर्मया च त्वद्विप्रयोगाशु सम विदुष्टम् R 13 26, 4 4, 10 59, 14 1 **-6** Honestly, fairly **-Comp. -अशः** an equal share 'हारिच m a co-heir. **-अङ्गमिक a** standing evenly on feet, **-अन्तः** a borderer, neighbour. **-अन्तर a** parallel

-अर्थिन a 1 desiring equality **-2** seeking peace with **-आकार a** similar, like **-आचारः 1** equal or similar conduct **-2** proper practice **-आत्मक a** possessing equanimity **-उदकम् a** mixture of half butter-milk and half water **-उपमा a** kind of Upamā or simile **-कक्ष a** having equal weight (**-क्षा**) equilibrium. **-कन्या a** fit or suitable girl (fit to be married) **-कर्णः** an equi-diagonal tetragon **-कालः** the same time or moment (**-लम्**) ind at the same time, simultaneously **-कालीन a** contemporary, coeval **-कोलः** a serpent, snake **-कोटिक a** of regular size (said of diamonds), Kau A 2 11 **-क्षेत्रम् (in astr)** an epithet of a particular arrangement of the Naksatras **-खातः** an equal excavation, a parallelopipedon **-गतिः** wind, मृत्युश्चापरिहारवान् समगति कालेन विच्छेदिना Mb 12 298 45 **-गन्धकः** incense **-गन्धिकम्** the fragrant root of the Uśīra **-चक्रवालम् a** circle **-चतुरस्र a** square (**-स्रम्**) an equilateral tetragon **-चतुर्भुजः, -जम् a** rhombus **-चित्त a 1** even minded, equable, equanimous **-2** indifferent. **-छेद, -छेदन a** having the same denominator **-जाति a** homogeneous **-ज्ञा** fame; तिर्य-क्षमप्यथ मृषानभिज्ञरसज्ञतोपज्ञसमज्ञमज्ञम् N 3 64 **-त्रिभुजः, -जम्** an equilateral triangle **-दर्शन, -दर्शिन a** viewing equally, impartial, विद्याविनयसपत्ने ब्राह्मणे गवि हस्तिनि । शुनि चैव श्वपाके च पण्डिता समदर्शिन ॥ Bg 5 18 **-दुःख a** feeling for another's woe, sympathising (with another), a fellow-sufferer, Ku 4 4 **-सुख a** a companion or partner in joy and sorrow, पृष्टा जनेन समदुःखसुखेन बाला S 3 10 **-दृश, -दृष्टि a** impartial **-द्वादशाक्षः, -स्रम्** an equilateral dodecagon **-द्विभुजः a** rhomboid **-धर्म a** of equal nature, resembling **-घृत a** equal to **-पदम् 1** an attitude in shooting **-2** a particular posture in sexual union **-प्रम a** having equal splendour, तदण्डमभवद्देम सह-साशुसमप्रमम् Ms 1 9 **-बुद्धि a 1** impartial **-2** indifferent, stoical **-भाव a** having the same nature or property (**-वः**) sameness, equability **-मण्डलम् (in astr)** the prime vertical line **-मय a** of like origin **-मात्र a** of the same size or measure **-मितिः** mean measure **-रञ्जित a** tinged **-रतः, -रमः a** particular mode of sexual enjoyment **-रेख a** straight, प्रकृत्या यद्वर्कं तदपि समरेख नयनयो S 1 9 **-लम्बः, -म्बम् a** trapezoid **-लेपनी a** bricklayer's instrument for levelling a plane (Mar करणी) **-वर्ण a** being of equal caste, समवर्णे द्विजातीना द्वादशैव व्यतिक्रम Ms 8 269 **-वर्णः** community of caste **-वतिन् a 1** equal-minded, impartial **-2** being equidistant (**-m**) Yama, the god of death, शासितारं च पापानां पितृणां समवर्तिनम् Mb 12 207 35 **-विभक्त a** divided equally, symmetrical **-विषमम् (pl)** level and uneven ground **-वृत्तम् 1** an even metre, **2 e** a stanza the lines of which have all the same number of feet **-2** see सममण्डल. **-वृत्ति a** equable, fair. (**-त्तिः**) equanimity **-वैधः** mean depth **-वैषम्यतः ind** owing to partial similarity and partial dissimilarity, अर्थे समवैषम्यतो द्वन्द्व-

कर्मणाम् MS 4 1 21 -**शोधनम्** equal subtraction, i.e. subtraction of the same quantity on both sides of an equation -**श्रुति** *a* (in music) having equal intervals -**श्रेणिः** a straight line -**संधिः** peace on equal terms -**सुप्तिः** *f* universal sleep (as at the end of a Kalpa) -**सूत्र, -सूत्रस्थ** *a* situated on the same diameter -**स्थ** *a* 1 equal, uniform -2 level -3 like -4 being in flourishing circumstances, गति पति समस्थाया विषये च पिता गति Mb 5 176 8 -**स्थलम्** an even ground -**स्थली** the level plain, the Doab or country between the Ganges and Yamunā (अन्तर्वेदि) -**स्थानम्** a particular posture in Yoga (in which the legs are closely contracted)

समता, त्वम् 1 Sameness, identity, समेत्य ते मन्त्रयितु समतागतबुद्धय Rām 2 2 20 -2 Likeness, similarity -3 Equality, खजाते समता गतम् Pt 2 87 -4 Impartiality, fairness समतां नी 'to treat as equal', पश्चाद्दृश्येत यत्किञ्चित्सर्व समता नयेत् Ms. 9 218 -5 Equanimity -6 Perfectness -7 Commonness -8 Evenness

समक्ष *a* Being before the eyes, visible, present -**क्षम्** *ind* In the presence of, visibly, before the very eyes, तथा समक्ष दहता मनोभवम् Ku 5 1 -**Comp. -दर्शनम्** ocular evidence, समक्षदर्शनात् साक्ष्य श्रवणाच्चैव सिध्यति Ms 8 74

समग्र *a* 1 All, whole, entire, complete, सर्वैरुसै समग्रस्त्वमिव नृपगुणैर्दीप्यते सप्तसप्ति M 2 12 -2 One who has everything, समग्रमिह संग्राप्त मा द्रक्ष्यसि सुहृद्गतम् Rām 2 39 35

समग्रणी *a* The very first among

समङ्गा Bengal madder (मजिष्ठा)

समज् 1 P 1 To bring or collect together, unite -2 To bring into conflict -3 To subdue, overpower -4 To animate, incite, excite

समजः 1 A multitude of beasts, animals or birds, a herd, flock, आदिश्वकार समजोऽपि तदा पशूना भाव मनोभवकृत दयितानुवर्ती Rām ch 5 12, (of पशूना समजोऽन्येषा समाजोऽथ सचर्मिणाम्). -2 A number of fools -**जम्** A wood, forest

समज्या 1 A meeting, an assembly -2 Fame, renown, celebrity

समञ्जस *a* 1 Proper, reasonable, right, fit, सभा वा न प्रवेष्टव्या वक्तव्यं वा समञ्जसम् Sukra 4 549 -2 Correct, true, accurate, समञ्जसदर्शन उदास्त इति ह वाच न विदाम Bhāg 6 9 35 -3 Clear, intelligible, as in असमञ्जस, q v -4 Virtuous, good, just, समञ्जस त्वा विरहस्य काङ्क्षे 6.11 25, मुशाधिरुदस्य समञ्जस जनम् K1 14 12 -5 Practised, experienced, स्वल्दसमञ्जसमुग्धजल्पित ते Māl 10 2 -6 Healthy -**सम्** 1 Propriety, fitness -2 Accuracy -3 Correct evidence -4 Equality, सप्ताङ्गस्य च राज्यस्य हासद्विदिसमञ्जसम् Mb. 12 59. 51.

समतिक्रम 1 U 1 To go completely beyond, cross or step over -2 To neglect, disregard, violate -3 To surpass, excel -4 To elapse, pass by (as time)

समतिक्रमः Transgression, omission

समतिक्रान्त *a* 1 Gone through, fulfilled (as a promise) -2 Passed away, elapsed -3 Transgressed, neglected -**न्तम्** Omission, transgression

समती 2 P 1 To go completely beyond -2 To go through, cross over -3 To surpass, excel -4 To avoid -5 To pass, elapse

समतीत *p p* Gone, passed by, past (as time), समतीत च भवच्च भावि च R 8 78

समद *a* 1 Intoxicated, furious -2 Mad with rut -3 Drunk with passion, इह समदशकुन्ताक्रान्तवानीरवीरन् U 2 20, Mv 5 40 -4 Delighted, glad

समधिक *a* 1 Exceeding -2 Excessive, abundant, plentiful, U 4 -**कम्** *ind* Very much, exceedingly,

समधिगम 1 P 1 To approach -2 To study, यथा यथा हि पुरुष शास्त्र समधिगच्छति Ms 4 20 -3 To get, acquire, यतो समधिगच्छन्ति यस्यैते तस्य तद्धनम् Ms. 8 416 -4 To excel, surpass

समधिगमः Thorough understanding, कल्पितविषयो नाज्जसाऽन्युपपन्नलोकसमधिगम Bhāg 8 13 26

समधिगमनम् Surpassing, overcoming

समध्व *a* Travelling in company

समनीकम् Battle, war, असु वीर वने बहुषु समनीकेषु मघवा Mv 4 18, B R 7. 60/61 -**Comp** -**मूर्धन्** the front of battle.

समनुज्ञा 9 U 1 To consent, give full consent -2 To approve, permit, allow -3 To dismiss, give leave, allow to go -4 To forgive, pardon. -5 To favour

समनुज्ञा, समनुज्ञानम् 1 Assent, consent -2 Entire approval, full concurrence

समनुवर्तिन् *a* Obedient, devoted

समनुव्रत *a* Entirely devoted

समन्त *a* [सम्यक् अन्त, स यत्र वा] 1 Being on every side, universal -2 Complete, entire -**न्तः** Limit, boundary, term (समन्त, समन्तम्, समन्तत, समन्तात् are used adverbially in the sense of 'from every side', 'all around', 'on all sides', 'wholly', 'completely', ततोऽस्मसहिता धारा सवृष्वन्त्य समन्तत Mb 3 143 19, लेलिहसे प्रसमान समन्तात् Bg 11 30) -**Comp.** -**दुग्धा** the plant called रुनुही q v (Mar निवडुग) -**पञ्चकम्** N of the district called Kuruksetra or of a place near it, Ve 6 -**पर्यायिन्** *a* all-embracing -**प्रासादिक** *a* affording help on all sides -**भद्रः** a Buddha or the Buddha -**भद्रकः** a variety of a long blanket, Kau A 2 11. -**भुज्** *m* fire.

समन्व a 1 Sorrowful -2 Enraged, angry -न्वुः
An epithet of Siva

समन्वि 2 P 1 To follow, accompany -2 To follow
or infer as a consequence

समन्वयः 1 Regular succession or order, अग्नि सूर्यो
दिवा प्राह्ण शुक्रो राकोत्तर स्वराद्। विश्वश्च तेजस प्राज्ञस्तुर्य आत्मा
समन्वयात्॥ Bhāg 7 15 54 -2 Connected sequence,
mutual connection, applicability (तात्पर्य), तत्तु समन्वयात्
Br Sūt I 1 4, न च तद्रताना पदाना ब्रह्मस्वरूपविषये निश्चिते
समन्वयेऽर्थान्तररूपना युक्ता S B -3 Conjunction

समन्वित p p 1 Connected with, connected in na-
tural order -2 Followed -3 Endowed with, posses-
sing, full of -4 Affected by

समभिद्रुत p p 1 Rushing upon -2 Attacked, in-
fested -तम् and Hurriedly, quickly

समभिधा Name, appellation

समभिप्लुत p p 1 Inundated -2 Eclipsed -3
(With रजसा) Covered with menstrual excretions, ता
विवर्जयतर्गतस्य रजसा समभिप्लुताम् Ms 4 42

समभिव्याहारः 1 Mentioning together, प्रतिष्ठया ब्रह्म-
वर्चससतया च समभिव्याहार आसा प्रत्यक्ष SB on MS 4 3 18
-2 Association, company -3 Proximity to or associa-
tion with a word, the meaning of which is clearly as-
certained or understood

समभिसरणम् 1 Approaching -2 Seeking, wishing
for

समभिहारः 1 Taking together -2 Repetition, क्रिया-
समभिहारेण विराध्यन्त क्षमेत क S 2 43 -3 Surplus, excess

समभ्यर्चनम् Worshipping, reverencing

समभ्याशः Nearness, piseness

समभ्यासः Practice, exercise

समभ्याहारः Accompaniment, association

समयः 1 Time in general -2 Occasion, opportunity,
न तै समयमन्विच्छेत् पुरुषो धर्ममाचरन् Ms 10 53 -3 Fit
time, proper time or season, right moment, गन्तु प्रवृत्ते
समय विलम्ब्य Ku 3 35 -4 An agreement, a compact,
contract, an engagement, मिथ्य समयात् S 5 -5 A
convention, conventional usage -6 An established
rule of conduct, a ceremonial custom, usual practice,
observance, निह्वान्ति च ये तेषा समय सुकृत च यत् Mb 12
229 8, निरस्तनारीसमया दुराधय Ki 1 28, U 1 -7 The
convention of poets, (e. g. that persons separated
from their beloveds are affected at the sight of clouds.)
-8 An appointment, assignation -9 A condition,
stipulation, V 5 -10 A law, rule, regulation, वीराणां
समयो हि दारुणरस स्नेहक्रम बाधते U 5 19 -11 Direc-
tion, order, instruction, precept -12 Emergency,

exigency -13 An oath, काम तथा तिष्ठ नरेन्द्र तस्मिन् यथा
कृतस्ते समय सभायाम् Mb 3 183 35 -14 A sign, hint,
indication, गौरिसमयनिगृहीतधिय S 15 41 -15 Limit,
boundary -16 A demonstrated conclusion, doctrine,
tenet, बौद्ध, वैशेषिक &c -17 End, conclusion, termination
-18 Success, prosperity -19 End of trouble (समयेन
'on condition, conditionally') -Comp. -अभ्युषितम् a
time at which neither the stars nor the sun is visible,
उदितेऽनुदिते चैव समयाभ्युषिते तथा Ms 2 15 -अनुवर्तिन् a
following established customs -अनुसारेण, -उचितम्
and suitably to the occasion, as the occasion demands
-आचारः conventional practice, established usage,
अतश्च प्रवृत्त्यानुलभसमयाचारविमुख Mā 4 6 -क्रिया 1 mak-
ing an agreement, नारदस्याज्ञया चैव द्रौपद्या समयक्रिया
Mb 1 2 119 'the time-arrangement of Draupadi's
conjugal life' -2 enjoining certain duties, स्थापयेत्तत्र
तद्वश्य कुर्याच्च समयक्रियाम् Ms 7 202 -3 preparation of an
ordeal -च्युतिः neglect of the right time -ज्ञ a know-
ing the right time -धर्मः covenant, stipulation -परि-
रक्षणम् observance of a compact, treaty, or agreement,
न समयपरिरक्षण क्षम ते Ki 1 45 -बन्धन a bound by an
agreement -भेदः breaking an agreement or engage-
ment, breach of contract -विद्या astrology, Dk -व्यभि-
चारः breaking an agreement, violation or breach of
contract -व्यभिचारिन् a breaking an agreement,
निगृह्य दापयेच्चैन समयव्यभिचारिणम् Ms 8 220-221

समया and 1 Duly, seasonably, in due time -2
At a fixed or appointed time -3 In the midst, within,
between -4 Near (with acc), समया सौधमितिम् Dk,
S 1 6 73, 15 9, सचिवसमेत समञ्ज गिरोत्तर नाजनिष्ठ मेत समया
Nalod 4 8

समरः, -रम् War, battle, fight, रजासि समरोत्थानि
तच्छोणितनदीष्विव R 12 82, कर्णादयोऽपि समरात् पराङ्मुखीभवन्ति
Ve 3 -Comp. -आगमः outbreak of war -उद्देशः,
-भूमि f battle-field -मूर्धन m -शिरस् n the front or
van of battle, समरशिरसि चञ्चत्पञ्चचूडश्चमूनाम् U 5 3 -सीमन्
battlefield

समर्चनम् Worshipping, honouring, adoration

समर्ण a 1 Afflicted, pained, wounded -2 Asked,
solicited

समर्थ 10 U 1 To believe, consider, regard, think,
समर्थये यत् प्रथम प्रिया प्रति V 4 39, मया न साधु समर्थितम्
V 2, अनुपयुक्तमिव आत्मान समर्थये S 7, 3 18, R 11 72
-2 To corroborate, support, substantiate by proof,
उक्तमेवार्थमुदाहरणेन समर्थयति -3 To deliberate, think or
reflect about -4 To make ready, prepare -5 To
maintain, assert, enforce -6 To imply, suggest -7
To approve

समर्थ a 1 Strong, powerful -2 Competent, capable
of, qualified, प्रतिग्रहसमर्थोऽपि Ms 4 186, Y 1 213 -3
Fit, suitable, proper, किं समर्थ जनस्यास्य किं प्रिय किं

सुखावहम् Rām 2 57 14, तद्धनुर्ग्रहणमेव राघव प्रत्यपद्यन
समर्थसुतरम् R 11 79 -4 Made fit or proper, prepared
-5 Having the same meaning -6 Significant -7 Having
proper aim or force, very forcible -8 Being in
apposition -9 Connected in sense -र्थः 1 A significant
word (in gram), अव्यय समर्थेन सह समस्यते सोऽयथीभाव Sk
-2 The coherence of words together in a significant sen-
tence -र्थम् 1 Ability, competence -2 Intelligibility

समर्थकम् Aloe-wood -a 1 Capable -2 Proving,
corroborating

समर्थता, -त्वम् 1 Strength, power -2 Force, forci-
bleness -3 Sameness of meaning

समर्थनम्, -ना 1 Establishing, supporting, corrobo-
rating -2 Defending, vindicating, justifying, स्थिते-
ष्वेतत् समर्थनम् K P 7 -3 Pleading, advocating -4 Jud-
ging, considering, imagining -5 Deliberation, deter-
mination, deciding on the propriety or otherwise of
anything -6 Adequacy, efficacy, force, capability,
स तु ज्ञानगरीयस्त्वात्तपसश्च समर्थनात् Mb 1 130 10 -7
Energy, perseverance -8 Reconciling differences,
allaying disputes -9 Objection -10 Compensation for
an offence, नो तदागसि पर समर्थना N 18 136

समर्थित p p 1 Maintained, established -2 Thought,
imagined, considered, judged -3 Determined, see
समर्थ above

समर्थक a 1 Granting a boon -2 Causing to
prosper

समर्पणम् Giving or handing over to, delivering,
consigning

समर्पित a 1 Made over, delivered, consigned, com-
mitted -2 Restored, given back -3 Appointed

समर्थाद् a 1 Limited, bounded -2 Near, proximate
-3 Correct in conduct, keeping within bounds of
propriety -4 Respectful, courteous -दः Contiguity,
vicinity -दम् ind Decisively, exactly

समर्हणम् Eulogy, eulogistic mention, यावापृथिव्यो-
रन्तराले समर्हणात् MS 5 3 4

समल a 1 Dirty, foul, filthy, impure -2 Sinful
-लम् Excrement, ordure, feces

समवकारः A kind of drama, (thus described in S
D — इत्त समवकारे तु ख्यातं देवासुराश्रयम् । सधयो निर्विमर्शास्तु
त्रयोऽङ्का &c 515)

समवतारः 1 A descent. -2 A descent into a river
or sacred bathing place, समवतारसमैरसमैस्तै K 5 7

समवधानम् 1 Great attention -2 Preparation -3
meeting

समवनम् Protection, प्रजा ब्राह्मणा देवताश्चानितलसमवना-
यातितरां जग्धु Bhāg 5 4 1.

समवबोधनम् Thorough knowledge, perception

समवसरणम् 1 Descent (of a deity from heaven)
-2 Aim, goal

समवस्कन्दः Bulwark, rampart

समवस्था 1 Ā 1 To remain fixed, stand immove-
able, stand still -2 To stand ready -Caus 1 To
establish, found -2 To stop

समवस्था 1 Fixed condition -2 Similar condition
or state, S 4 -3 State or condition in general,
कामयानसमवस्थया तुलाम् (यथै) R 19 50, M 4 7

समवस्थित p p 1 Remaining fixed -2 Steady -3
Ready -4 Being in any place or position

समवहारः 1 Mixture, कुशलाकुशलसमवहारविनिर्मित Bhāg
5 14 1 -2 Collection, प्रज्ञासमवहारोऽय ऋषिभि सभृत मधु
Mb 12 142 3

समवाप्तिः f Obtaining, acquisition

समवे 2 P 1 To assemble, come together, समवेता
युयुत्सव Bg 1 1 -2 To be related or connected in an
intimate relation

समवायः 1 Combination, union, conjunction, aggre-
gate, collection, तेषा समवाये एकदेशकालकृत्वे एकतन्त्रत्व
भवति SB on MS 12 1 1, सर्वाविनयानामैकैकमप्येषामायतन
किमुत समवाय K, बहुनामायसाराणा समवायो हि दुर्जय Pt 1
331, Bhāg 6 9 34 -2 A number, multitude, heap
-3 Close connection, cohesion, कर्तृदेशकालानामचोदन प्रयोगे
नित्यसमवायात् MS 4 2 23 -4 (In Vaiś phl) Intimate
union, constant and inseparable connection, insepara-
ble inherence or existence of one thing in another, one
of the seven categories of the Vaiśeṣikas, उक्त समवाये
पारदौर्बल्यम् MS 8 4 17, नित्यसम्बन्ध समवाय Tarka K -5
Conjunction of heavenly bodies, समालोक्यैकतमिव शशिने
भास्करस्य च । समवाय तु त रौद्र दृष्ट्वा शनोऽन्वचिन्तयत् ॥ Mb 3
224 16 -Comp -संबन्धः intimate and inseparable
relation

समवायिन a 1 Closely or intimately connected -2
Multitudinous -m (with पुरुष) the individual soul,
अनादितात्मा सभूतिर्विद्यते नान्तरात्मन । समवायी तु पुरुषो मोहिच्छाद्वेष-
कर्मज ॥ Y 3 125 -Comp -कारणम् inseparable cause,
the material cause (one of the three kinds of कारण
mentioned in Vaiśeṣika phil.)

समवेक्षणम् Inspection, मृगया शोभना तात गवा हि सम-
वेक्षणम् Mb 3 239 6

समवेत p p 1 Come together, met, united, joined,
धर्मक्षेत्रे कुक्षेत्रे समवेता युयुत्सव Bg 1 1 -2 Intimately
united, or inherent, inseparably connected -3 Com-
prised or contained in a larger number -Comp -अर्थ
a significant, instructive

समश् I 5 U 1 To pervade thoroughly -2 To obtain, attain to -3 To meet -II 9 P. 1 To eat, नक्त चात्र समश्नीयात् Ms 6 19, 11 219. -2 To taste, experience, enjoy, यथा फल समश्नाति Mb

समष्टिः f 1 Collective pervasion or aggregate, an aggregate which is considered as made up of parts each of which is consubstantially the same with the whole (opp व्यष्टि q v), समष्टिरीश सर्वेषा स्वात्मतादात्म्य-वेदनात्। तदभावात्तद्व्ये तु ज्ञायन्ते व्यष्टिसंज्ञा ॥ Pañchadaśī 1 25 -2 Totality

समोष्ठलः A kind of cucumber (Mar कइ सुरण)

समस् 4 P 1 To throw or bring together, put together, unite, combine, अमे सोमस्य चैवादौ तयोश्चैव समस्तयो Ms 8 85, समस्ताना च कार्येषु विद्व्याद्वितमात्मन 7 57 -2 To join in a compound, compound -3 To take collectively or jointly, समस्तैरथ वा पृथक् Ms 7 198 'jointly or severally' -Pass To be compounded, form or enter into a compound, अव्यय समर्थेन सह समस्यते सोऽव्ययीभाव Sk

समसनम् 1 Joining together, combination -2 Compounding, formation of compound words -3 Contraction

समस्त p p 1 Thrown together, combined, समस्त व्यस्त त्वा शरणद गृणात्योमिति पदम् Śiva-mahima 27, विशन्त्यतो दुर्गममार्गनिर्गम समस्तसबाधमनर्थपञ्जरम् Pt 1 383 -2 Compounded -3 Pervading the whole of anything -4 Abridged, contracted, condensed -5 All, whole, entire

समस्या 1 Proposing part of a stanza to another to be completed, the part of a stanza so given to be completed, क श्रीपति का विषमा समस्या Subhās, (thus the lines बागर्थविष सपुक्तौ, शतकोटिप्रविस्तरम्, तुरासाह पुरोधाय are completed by नैसु सर्वे सुरा शिवौ) -2 (Hence) Completing or filling up what is incomplete, गौरीव पत्या सुमगा कदाचित् कर्तयमप्यर्धतनूसमस्याम् N 7 83 (समस्या = सघटनम्)

समस्या Fame, reputation

समा (generally in pl, but used by Pāṇini in sing also, e g समा समाम् P V 2 12) A year, तेनाष्टौ परिगमिता समा कथञ्चित् R 8 92, तयोश्चतुर्दशैकेन राम प्रात्राजयत् समा 12 6, 19 4, Mv 4 41 -and With, together with -Comp. -अतीत a more than one year old -निचय a one who has provision sufficient for a year, Ms 6 18

समांसमीना A cow bearing a calf every year

समाकर्णितकम् Any gesture which expresses the act of listening

समाकरणम् Calling, summoning

समाकुल a 1 Full of, thronged, crowded, चम्बु विगाह्य शत्रूणा परशक्तिसमाकुलम् Mb 8 151 16. -2 Greatly agitated, bewildered, confused, flurried, समाकुलेषु धर्मेषु किं तु शेषं भविष्यति Mb. 8 190. 8

समाकृष्ट 1 P To draw out, extract -2 To attract -3 To censure, इति लोकसमाकृष्ट पादेष्वय प्रसादयन् Rām 2 99 17

समाकर्षिन् a (-णी f) 1 Attracting -2 Spreading far, diffusing fragrance -m Diffused odour, a scent spreading afar

समाक्रम 1 U 1 To take possession of, occupy, fill, सममेव समाक्रान्त द्वय द्विरदगमिना। तेन सिंहासन पित्र्यमखिल चारिमण्डलम् R 4 4 -2 To assail, conquer, subdue -3 To tread or step upon

समाक्रमणम् 1 Treading -2 Assailing

समाक्रान्त p p 1 Trod upon -2 Attacked, assailed -3 Kept (as a promise), Rām

समाक्षिक a Together with honey, Suśr

समाक्षेपणम् Hinting at, suggestion of

समाख्या 2 P 1 To count, reckon -2 To relate, tell -3 To declare, proclaim -4 To sum up, add together

समाख्या 1 Fame, reputation, celebrity -2 A name, appellation, दीक्षणीया इति च तादर्थ्यकरी समाख्या भवति। ŚB on MS 5 3 31 -3 Explanation, interpretation

समाख्यात p p 1 Reckoned up, counted, summed up, अष्टौ चान्या समाख्याता Ms 7 156 -2 Fully related, declared, proclaimed -3 Celebrated, famous

समाख्यानम् 1 A name, समाख्यान च तद्वत् MS 5 3 31 -2 Report, narrative

समागम 1 To come or meet together, assemble -2 To become joined or united, to associate, keep company with -3 To have sexual intercourse with -4 To come together, be in conjunction (as planets) -5 To come near, approach -6 To return -7 To find, meet with

समागत p p 1 Come together, met, joined, united, इद वचनमङ्गीर्षं त्वया धर्मसमागतम् Rām 7 83 18 -2 Arrived -3 Being in conjunction -4 Approached -ता A kind of riddle -तम् meeting, company, समागत द्विजेन्द्रस्य पद्मेन्द्रस्य चाध्वनि Mb 1 50 39

समागतिः f. 1 Coming together, union, meeting -2 Arrival, approach -3 Similar condition or progress

समागमः 1 Union, meeting, encountering, combination, अहो दैवगतिश्चित्रा तथापि न समागम K P 7, R 8 4, 92, 19. 16 -2 Intercourse, association, society, as in सत्समागम -3 Approach, arrival -4 Conjunction (in astr)

समाघातः 1 Killing, slaughter -2 War, battle.

समाचयनम् Accumulation

समाचर 1 P 1 To do, perform, practise, एहि गच्छ पतोतिष्ठ वद मौन समाचर K P 10 -2 To behave -3 To remove, उच्छिष्टान्न निषेक च दूरादेव समाचरेत् Ms 4 151

समाचरणम् 1 Practising, observing, behaving -2 Performance

समाचारः 1 Proceeding, going -2 Practice, conduct, behaviour -3 Proper conduct or behaviour, यथाशक्ति समाचारा सप्रतुष्यन्ति हि प्रभो Mb 12 168 20 -4 News, information, report, tidings

समाचेष्टितम् 1 Behaviour, conduct -2 Procedure

समाजः 1 An assembly, a meeting, अयं समाज सुमहान् रमणीयतमो भुवि Mb 1 143 3, विशेषतः सर्वविदा समाजे विभूषण मौनमण्डितानाम् Bh 2 7 -2 A society, club, an association, समाजानुरतो जन Bk 8 39 (cf पशूना समजोऽन्येषा समाजोऽयं सधर्मिणाम्), Ms 9 264 -3 A number, multitude, collection -4 A party, convivial meeting -5 An elephant -6 Meeting with, falling in with, तेषां विभो समुचितो भवतः समाजः Bhāg 10 60. 38

समाजिकः 1 A member of an assembly, see सामाजिक -2 A spectator in general

समाज्ञा 9 U 1 To know or understand thoroughly, learn or ascertain fully -2 To recognize, acknowledge -Caus To order, command

समाज्ञा 1 Fame, reputation -2 Appellation, name, इति मानुषी समाज्ञा T Up 3 10 2 (some give its meaning as उपसना)

समातत p p 1 Extended, stretched -2 Continuous, uninterrupted

समातृ A step mother

समादा 3 U 1 To take, receive, accept -2 To take hold of, seize, grasp -3 To bestow, give, present -4 To restore, return -5 To take off or away -6 To apprehend, comprehend -7 To undertake, begin -8 To collect -9 To think about, reflect on

समादानम् 1 Receiving fully -2 Receiving suitable gifts -3 The daily observances of the Jaina sect -4 Resolve, determination

समादापक a Exciting, instigating

समादिश 6 P 1 To point out, indicate -2 To inform, tell, communicate -3 To proclaim, announce -4 To foretell -5 To order, command, direct -6 To appoint, depute, entrust with -7 To assign, allot -8 To determine

समादिष्ट p p Assigned, enjoined

समादेशः Command, order, direction, instruction

च इ. को.... २०५

समाधा 8 U 1 To place or put together, join, unite, राक्षसा सत्त्वसपन्ना पुनर्धैर्यं समादधु Rām 7 7 26, मूर्ती सर्वा समाधाय त्रैलोक्यस्य ततस्ततः Mb 8 34 16 -2 To place, put, put or place upon, apply to, पद मूर्ध्नि समाधत्ते केसरी मत्तदन्तिन Pt 1 327 -3 To install, place on the throne, तदात्मसम्भव राज्ये मन्त्रिद्वया समादधु R 17 8 -4 To compose, collect (as the mind), मन समाधाय निवृत्तशोक Rām, न शशाक समाधातु मनो मदनवेपितम् Bhāg -5 To concentrate, fix or apply intently upon (as the eye, mind &c), समाधाय मतिं राम निशामय वदाम्यहम् Rām 7 35 18, अथ चित्तं समाधातु न शक्नोषि मयि स्थिरम् Bg 12 9, Bh 3 48 -6 To satisfy, clear or solve (a doubt), answer an objection, इति समाधत्ते (in commentaries), ततो बुद्धितर वेद्या समाधायेतिकार्यताम् Mb 3 111 5 -7 To repair, redress, set right, remove, न ते शक्या समाधातुम् H 3 37, उत्पन्नामपदं यस्तु समाधत्ते स बुद्धिमान् 4 7 -8 To think over, चिरं सुधीरभ्यधिकं समाधात् Bk 12 6 -9 To entrust, commit to, deliver over -10 To produce, effect, accomplish -11 To place a burden, load -12 To assume, take upon oneself -13 To conceive (in the womb) -14 To establish -15 To put on (a garment or dress) -16 To assume (a shape) -17 To show, exhibit -18 To admit, grant, Kull on Ms 8 54

समाधा See समाधान below

समाधानम् 1 Putting together, uniting -2 Fixing the mind in abstract contemplation on the true nature of spirit, विभ्रत्यात्मसमाधानतप स्वाध्यायसंयमे Bhāg 12 11 24 -3 Profound or abstract meditation, deep contemplation -4 Intentness -5 Steadiness, composure, peace (as of mind), satisfaction, चित्तस्य समाधानम्, समाधानं बुद्धे G L 18 -6 Clearing up a doubt, replying to the Pūrvapakṣa, answering an objection -7 Agreeing, promising -8 (In drama) A leading incident which unexpectedly gives rise to the whole plot -9 Justification of a statement, proof -10 Reconciliation -11 Eagerness -Comp -रूपकम् a kind of metaphor (used for the justification of a bold assertion)

समाधिः 1 Collecting, composing, concentrating (as mind) -2 Profound or abstract meditation, concentration of mind on one object, perfect absorption of thought into the one object of meditation, i.e. the Supreme Spirit, (the 8th and last stage of Yoga), व्यवसायात्मिका बुद्धिः समाधौ न विधीयते Bg 2 44, आत्मेश्वराणां न हि जातु विघ्ना समाधिभेदप्रभवो भवन्ति Ku. 3 40, 50, Mk 1 1, Bh 3 54 R 8 79, Śi 4 55 -3 Intentness, concentration (in general), fixing of thoughts, यथा मानुगत तेजो मणि शुद्ध समाधिना। आदत्ते राजशाहूल तथा योग प्रवर्तते॥ Mb 12 298 12, तस्या लक्ष्मसमाधि (मानसम्) Git 3, अहं सु तस्या इदं ये समाधय Rām ch 2 41 -4 Penance, religious obligation, devotion (to penance), अस्त्येतदन्यसमाधिभीरुव देवानाम् S 1, तप-समाधि Ku 3 24, अथोपयन्तारमल समाधिना 5 24, 5 6, 1 59, सर्वथा दृढसमाधिर्भव Nāg 5 -5 Bringing together, concen-

tration, combination, collection, union, a set, सा तस्य धर्मोऽर्थसमाधियुक्त निशम्य वाक्यम् Rām 4 33 50, त वेवा विदधे नून महाभूतसमाधिना R 1 29 -6 Reconciliation, settling or composing differences -7 Silence -8 Agreement, assent, promise -9 Requitul -10 Completion, accomplishment -11 Perseverance in extreme difficulties -12 Attempting impossibilities -13 Laying up corn (in times of famine), storing grain -14 A tomb -15 The joint of the neck, a particular position of the neck, असाववष्टब्धनतौ समाधि Kī 16 21 -16 (In Rhet) A figure of speech thus defined by Mammata, समाधि सुकर कार्य कारणान्तरयोगतः K P 10, see S D 614 -17 One of the ten Gunas or merits of style, अन्यवर्मस्ततोऽन्यत्र लोकसीमानुरोधेन। सम्यगाधीयते यत्र स समाधि स्मृतो यथा ॥ Kāv 1 93 -18 A religious vow or self-imposed restraint -19 Support, upholding -Comp -भङ्गः interruption of meditation -भृत् a absorbed in meditation -योगः 1 employment of meditation -2 the efficacy of contemplation -विग्रहः embodiment of meditation -स्थ a absorbed in meditation or contemplation

समाधित p p Propitiated, reconciled

समाधिन, समाधिमत् a 1 Meditating -2 Devout, pious, सा भूधराणामधिपेन तस्या समाधिमत्यामुदपादि भव्या Ku 1 22

समाधूत p p Scattered, dispersed

समाध्मात p p 1 Blown into -2 Elated, puffed up, inflated

समान a 1 Same, one, equal, like, similar, नोपगच्छेत् प्रमत्तोऽपि स्त्रियमार्तवदर्शने। समानशयने चैव न शयति तथा सह ॥ Ms. 4 40, भुजे भुजगेन्द्रसमानसारे R 2 74, समानशीलव्यसनेषु सख्यम् Subhāṣ -2 One, uniform -3 Good, virtuous, just -4 Common, general -5 Honoured -6 Middling, moderate -7 Whole (as a number) -नः 1 A friend, an equal -2 One of five life-winds or vital airs, which has its seat in the cavity of the navel and is essential to digestion -3 A letter having the same organ of utterance -नम् ind Equally with, like (with instr), जलवरेण समानमुपापति Kī 18 4 -Comp -अक्षरम् N of the vowels अ, आ, इ, ई, उ, ऊ, ऋ, ॠ, and ए (opp सन्धक्षर) -अधिकरण a 1 having a common substratum -2 being in the same category or predicament -3 being in the same case-relation or government (in gram), तत्पुरुष समानाधिकरण कर्मधारय P I 2 42 'समास The कर्मधारय compound where the expressions are in apposition to one another, समानाधिकरणसमासस्तु बलीयान्। तत्र हि स्वार्थे शब्दौ वृत्तौ भवतः। SB on MS 6 1 51 (-णम्) 1 same location or predicament -2 agreement in case, apposition -3 a predicament including several things, a generic property -4 common government -अधिकारः generic characteristic -अभिहारः A mixture of objects of the same kind, व्यञ्जनात् समानाभिहाराच्च Sān K. 7.

-अर्थ a having the same meaning, synonymous -उदकः a relative connected by the libations of water to the Manes of common ancestors, this relationship extends from the seventh (or eleventh) to the thirteenth (or fourteenth according to some) degree, समानोदकभावरतु निर्वनेताचतुर्दशात्, see Ms 5 60 also -उदयः a brother of whole blood, uterine brother -उपमा a kind of Upamā, सरूपशब्दवाच्यत्वात् सा समानोपमा यथा। बालिवोद्यानमालेय सालकाननशोभिनी ॥ Kāv 2 29 -करण a having the same organ of utterance (said of a sound) -कर्तृक a (in gram) having the same subject in a sentence -कर्मक a (in gram) having the same object, P III 4 48 -काल, -कालीन a synchronous, simultaneous -क्षेम a balancing each other -गति a agreeing together -गोत्र = सगोत्र q v -जन्मन् a of equal age, Ms 2 208 -दुःख a sympathiser -धर्मन् a possessed of the same qualities, sympathising, appreciator of merits, उत्पत्त्येतदिति मम कोऽपि समानवर्मा Mā 1 6 -प्रतिपात्ति a of equal intelligence, judicious -मान a equally honoured with -यमः the same pitch of voice -योगित्वम् being on a par with, being connected in the same way as, एव द्रव्यै समानयोगित्वं स्त्रीणाम् SB on MS 6 1 10 -रूपा a kind of riddle in which the same words are to be understood in a literal and figurative sense -वयस् a of the same age -खचि a agreeing in tastes -शब्दत्वम् the state of being expressed or referred to by the same term, ऐकशब्द्यात् समानशब्दत्वादित्यर्थः SB on MS 7 1 18 -शील a of a similar disposition, समानशीलव्यसनेषु सख्यम् H -सूत्रनिपाते ind on the diametrically opposite side -स्थानम् interposition

समानयति Den P To make equal, equalise

समानी 1 P 1 To join, unite, bring together, हस्तौ समानीय R 2 64, S 5 15 -2 To fetch, bring, स मासति-समानीतमहौषधिहृतव्यथ R 12 78 -3 To collect, assemble -4 To bring or offer an oblation

समानयनम् Bringing together, collecting, conducting

समानीत p p Assembled, brought together

समाप् 5 P 1 To obtain, get -2 To accomplish, fulfil -3 To finish, complete, यावत्तैषा समाप्येरन् राज्ञा पर्याप्त-दक्षिणा R 17 17, 24, समाप्य सान्ध्य च विधिम् 2 23 -Caus 1 To cause to gain completely -2 To finish, complete -3 To put to death, तलैश्च पादैश्च समापयन्त Rām 5 61 24

समापः Offering sacrifices or oblations to the gods

समापक a (-पिका f) Finishing, accomplishing, fulfilling

समापिका A verb completing a sentence

समापनम् 1 Completion, conclusion, bringing to an end, आदिष्टो नोदकं कुर्यादा मत्स्य समापनात् Ms 5 88 -2

Acquisition -3 Killing, destroying -4 A section, chapter -5 Profound meditation -6

समापना Highest degree, perfection, द्रव्यत्यागे तु कर्मणि भोगत्यागे व्रतान्यपि । सुख-त्यागे तपोयोग सर्वत्यागे समापना ॥ Mb 12 219 18

समाप्त p p 1 Finished, concluded, completed. -2 Clever -3 Ample, full, स्वयं यज्ञैर्यजमाना, समाप्तवरदाक्षिणै, Mb 12 340 60

समाप्तिः f 1 End, conclusion, completion, termination -2 Accomplishment, fulfilment, perfection -3 Reconciling or settling differences, making up quarrels -4 Perfection, development, नीते समाप्तिं नवचूतबाणे Ku 3 27 -5 Dissolution (of the body), आ समाप्तिं शरीरस्य यस्तु शुश्रूषते गुरुम् Ms 2 244

समाप्तिक a 1 Final, concluding -2 Finite -3 One who has finished the whole of anything -कः 1 A finisher -2 One who has completed the whole course of holy studies, Ms 3 145

समापित p p Accomplished, finished

समापद् 4 A 1 To get, obtain, attain to -2 To take place, happen, occur -3 To fall upon, attack -4 To undergo -5 To begin -6 To be finished or ended -Caus To complete, accomplish

समापत्तिः f 1 Meeting, encountering -2 Accident, chance, accidental encounter, समापत्तिदृष्टेन काशिना दानवन V 1, M 4, क्रियासमापत्तिनिवर्तितानि R 7 23, Ku 7 75 -3 Assuming an original form -4 Completion, conclusion

समापन्न p p 1 Attained, obtained -2 Occurred, happened -3 Come, arrived -4 Finished, completed, accomplished -5 Proficient -6 Endowed with -7 Distressed, afflicted -8 Killed -न्नम् 1 End, completion -2 Death

समापादनम् Accomplishing, restoring

समापाद्यम् The change of a Visarga to सू or प्

समाप्तालः A lord, husband

समाप्यायित p p Nourished, refreshed

समाप्लु (प्ला) वः Bathing, bath, नदीशताना पञ्चाना मध्ये चके समाप्लवम् Mb 3 114 2

समाप्लुत p p 1 Flooded, inundated -2 Filled with -3 Bathed in

समाभाषणम् Conversation, talking with, सुहृत्समाभाषणतत्परोऽभूत् R 6 16

समाप्ना 1 P 1 To repeat, recite -2 To lay down, prescribe, त हि धर्मं सूत्रकारा समाप्नन्ति U 4 -3 To repeat or hand down traditionally -4 To enumerate

समाप्नात p p 1 Repeated, mentioned together -2 Handed down by tradition or memory

समाप्नात् m 1 A repeater memoriter. -2 A collector or editor of texts

समाप्नानम् 1 Repetition, mention -2 Enumeration -3 Traditional repetition or mention

समाप्नायः 1 Traditional repetition or mention, handing down traditionally -2 A traditional collection (of words &c), अथ इति पशुसामान्याये पठ्यते U 4 -3 Tradition, repetition (in general) -4 Reading, recitation, enumeration -5 Totality, an aggregate, a collection, अक्षरसमाप्नायम् Śik 57 (, e the letters from अ to इ which are said to have been revealed by Śiva to Pāṇini), वाच वर्णसामान्याये तमोङ्कारे स्वरं न्यसेत् Bhāg 7 15 53 -6 An epithet of Śiva -7 The sacred text (like Veda) in general, गुण्या समाप्नायविधौ प्रतीत Bhāg 3 22 16

समायः 1 Arrival, coming -2 A visit

समायत p p Drawn out, extended, lengthened

समायस्त p p Distressed, oppressed

समायात p p 1 Come together -2 Returned

समायुज् 7 U 1 To join together, unite, connect -2 To provide with, furnish, supply -3 To make ready, prepare, see समायुक्त

समायुक्त p p 1 Joined, connected, united -2 Intent on, devoted to -3 Made ready, prepared, अयं नाव सुविस्तीर्णा आचरोह समायुक्ता पूर्वमारोप्य मैथिलीम् Rām 7 47 1 -4 Endowed or furnished with, filled with, provided, supplied -5 Charged, appointed

समायागः Union, connection, conjunction, क्षेत्रबीज-समायोगात् सभव सर्वदेहिनाम् Ms 9 33, तामन्यया समायोरो बीडया ग्रहण मम Mb 1 31 29 -2 Preparation -3 Fitting (an arrow) -4 A collection, heap, multitude -5 A cause, motive, object -6 Association

समायुत p p 1 Connected or united together, joined -2 Collected, brought together -3 Endowed or furnished with, having, possessed of

समारत p p Ceased from, desisted, ते ह समारता-स्तृष्णीमासाचक्रिरे Oh Up 1 10 11

समारम् 1 A 1 To begin, undertake -2 To try to propitiate, win over, अहं त्विमं जलनिधिं समारारयाम्युपायत Mb 3 283 30

समारम्भः 1 Beginning, commencement -2 An enterprise, undertaking, a work, an action, यस्य सर्वे समारम्भा कामसकल्पवर्जिता Bg 4 19, Mb 3 125 4, भव्यमुख्या समारम्भा तस्य गूढ विप्रेचिरे R 17 53 -3 An unguent, see समालम्भ -4 Spirit of enterprise, व्यूहाना च समारम्भान् दैवगान्धर्वमानुषान् Mb 5 165 10

समाराधनम् 1 A means of satisfying, gratification, delight, नाव्य भिन्नरुचेर्जनस्य बहुधाप्येक समाराधनम् M 1 4
-2 Attendance, service, सन्नाद् समाराधनतत्परोऽभूत् R 2 5, 18 11 -3 Gratification, propitiation

समारुह् 1 P 1 (a) To ascend or mount on, ride (b) To ascend, rise -2 To undertake, engage in -Caus 1 To cause to rise or mount, raise, lift up -2 To string (as a bow) -3 To plant -4 To ascribe, attribute -5 To hand or deliver over to -6 To display, exhibit, show forth

समारुढ 1 Mounted -2 Fallen upon -3 One who has agreed upon, चक्रवर्ति समारुढो देशकालव्यवस्थित Ms 8 156 -4 Grown, increased -5 Healed

समारोपः 1 Stringing (a bow) -2 Transference -3 Attribution

समारोपणम् 1 Depositing, placing in or upon -2 Delivering over, consigning -3 Stringing (a bow)

समारोपित p p 1 Caused to mount or ascend -2 Strung (as a bow), भवता चापे समारोपिते K P 10 -3 Deposited, planted, lodged -4 Consigned, delivered over -Comp. -कारुणिक a one who has strung a bow -भार a one on whom a burden has been placed -विक्रम a one who has displayed valour

समारोहः 1 Ascending, mounting -2 Riding upon -3 Agreeing

समारोहणम् 1 Growing (of the hair) -2 Ascent

समार्ष a Belonging to the same Pravara, वर्जये-द्वयज्ञिनीं नारीं तथा कन्या नरोत्तम। समार्षां व्यङ्गिता चैव तथैव च पतिव्रताम् ॥ Mb 13. 104 131

समालम् 1 A 1 To take hold of, seize -2 To anoint, smear over -3 To handle, touch

समालम्ब p p Come into contact

समालम्बनम् Unguent

समालम्बः, समालम्बनम् 1 Taking hold of, seizing -2 Seizing a victim for sacrifice -3 Smearing the body with unguents or coloured cosmetics, गोरोचनासमालम्बो वचाहस्तश्च यो भवेत् Mb 13 131 8, मङ्गलसमालम्बन विरचयाव S 4

समालम्ब 1 A 1 To lay or catch hold of, seize, स्वरूपमास्थाय च ता कृतस्मित समालम्बे वृषराजकेतन Ku 5 84 -2 To rest or depend on, be supported by, to cling or adhere to -3 To devote or give oneself up to -4 To assume, maintain -5 To settle down or abide in

समालम्बनम् Resting on, clinging to

समालम्बिन a Clinging to -नी A kind of grass

समालापः Conversation, talking with, समालापेन यो युष्मके स गच्छति पराभवम् Pt 1 388

समाली f A collection or bed of flowers, nosegay

समालय a Garlanded, crowned

समालोकनम् 1 Contemplation -2 Inspection

समालोचः Colloquy, conversation

समावस 1 P 1 To dwell, live -2 To lodge, encamp, halt

समावासः 1 A residence, habitation, dwelling place -2 Halting-place, encampment

समावासित p p Encamped -Comp. -कटक a one who has encamped or pitched a camp

समावाय 1 Association, connection -2 Inseparable connection, see समवाय -3 Aggregation -4 A multitude, number, heap -5 Conjunction (of heavenly bodies)

समाविद्ध p p Shaken, agitated

समाविष्ट 6 P 1 To enter, लङ्का समाविष्टात्रौ वदमानो-ऽरिदुर्गमाम् Bk 8 27 -2 To go to, approach -3 To be devoted to, be intent on, तास्तान् धर्माविर्वीस्तत्र आतरस्ते समाविशन् Rām 7 10 2 -4 To pervade, occupy, fill -5 To sit down, settle down -6 To overcome -Caus 1 To cause to enter in, insert -2 To contain, comprise, hold -3 To place or fix in or upon -4 To entrust, assign, यस्मिन् कृत्य समावेद्य निर्विशङ्केन चेतसा Pt 1 85 -5 To conduct, lead into

समाविष्ट p p 1 Entered thoroughly, completely occupied, pervaded -2 Seized, overcome, engrossed -3 Possessed by an evil spirit -4 Endowed with -5 Settled, fixed, seated -6 Well-instructed -7 Filled with, कौतूहलसमाविष्टा सर्व एव समागता Rām 7 96 6

समावेशः 1 Entering or abiding together -2 Meeting, association -3 Inclusion, comprehension -4 Penetration -5 Possession by an evil spirit -6 Passion, emotion -7 (In gram) Common applicability of a term

समावेशनम् Consummation of marriage

समावृ 5 U 1 To cover all over or completely -2 To surround, envelop -3 To conceal, hide -4 To shut, close -5 To obstruct, hinder, तत शर्यातिसैन्यस्य शङ्कन्मूत्रे समावृणोत् Mb 3 122 14

समावृत p p 1 Encompassed, surrounded, enclosed, beset -2 Screened, veiled -3 Hidden, concealed -4 Protected, तस्मादथैव सहिता सर्वेऽन्योन्यसमावृता Rām 7. 6. 44 -5 Shut out, excluded -6 Stopped, समावृतवत् त तु विमुक्त गुरुणा तदा Mb 1 77 1 -7 See समावृत्

समावृत् 1 A 1 To approach -2 To return (as a Brahmana after completing his ब्रह्मचर्यव्रत or course of religious studies). -3 To come together, assemble

-४ To turn out well, succeed -६ To come to an end, be completed.

समावर्तनम् १ Return -२ Especially, a pupil's return home after finishing his course of holy study

समावृत्त p p १ Completed, finished -२ Returned, -३ See उपनीत, स उपाध्यायेनानुज्ञात समावृत्तस्तस्माद्गुरुकुलवासाद् गृहाश्रमं प्रत्यपगत Mb १ ३ ८१ (com समावृत्तो मेखलाजिनादि ब्रह्मचर्याश्रमलिङ्गं त्यक्त्वा स्नातकत्वं प्राप्त) -४ Assembled, ततस्तेषु हरीन्द्रेषु समावृत्तेषु सर्वश Mb ३ २८३ १४

समावृत्तः, -समावृत्तकः A pupil who has returned home after finishing his course of holy study

समावृत्तिः f १ Return -२ Completion

समाश्रि १ U १ To go to for protection, fly for refuge -२ To suffer, experience, or enjoy, लोकैऽथवा तनुमृता निजकर्मपाक नित्य समाश्रितवता सुहितक्रियानाम् Pt १ ३७२ -३ To observe, practise, follow -४ To rest or depend on -५ To confide in -६ To attain to, obtain, assume

समाश्रयः १ Seeking protection or shelter -२ Refuge, shelter, protection -३ A place of refuge, asylum, resting or dwelling place -४ Dwelling, residence

समाश्रयणम् Choosing, selecting

समाश्रित p p १ Assembled -२ Taking refuge. -३ Dependent on -४ Relating to -५ Furnished -त, A servant

समादलेषः A close embrace

समाश्वस् २ P १ To take courage, take heart, calm or compose oneself, समाश्वसिभि केनाह कथ प्राणिभि दुर्गतम् । लोकत्रयपतिभ्रंता यस्य मे स्वपिति क्षितौ ॥ Bk १८ १० -२ To regain confidence -३ To believe in -Caus To console, encourage, cheer up

समाश्वस्त p p १ Comforted, consoled -२ Trusting, confiding, नित्य तस्मिन् समाश्वस्त सर्वकार्याणि नि क्षिपेत् Ms ७ ५९

समाश्वासः १ Recovering breath, breathing a sigh of relief -२ Relief, encouragement, consolation -३ Trust, confidence, belief

समाश्वासनम् Reviving, encouraging, comforting. -२ Consolation, V. २

समासः १ Aggregation, union, composition -२ Composition of words, a compound, (the principal kinds of compounds are four — द्वन्द्व, तत्पुरुष, बहुव्रीहि, and अव्ययीभाव q q v v) -३ Reconciliation, composition of differences -४ A collection, an assemblage, यदाविज्ञातमिषाभूदित्येतासामेव देवताना समास Oh Up ६ ४ ७ -५ Whole, totality -६ Contraction, conciseness, brevity, एष समास । सर्वथा प्रवेष्टव्य कृन्तिभोजस्य कन्यापुरम् Avimārakam २, एष समास, अद्यास्मि महासेन Pratijñā २. -७ Euphonic

combination (सधि) -६ Completion, end, L D B (समासेन, समासत means 'in short', 'briefly', 'succinctly', एषा वर्मस्य वो योनि समासेन प्रकीर्तिता Ms २ २५, ३ २०, इति क्षेत्र तथा ज्ञान ज्ञेय चोक्त समासत Bg १३ १८, समासत श्रूयताम् V २) **Comp -अध्याहारः** supplying an ellipsis in a compound -अर्था a part of a stanza proposed to be completed (=समस्या q v) -उक्तिः f a figure of speech thus defined by Mammata — परोक्तिर्मेदकै श्लिष्टै समासोक्ति K P १०

समासनम् Sitting together

समास्या १ Session -२ Interview -३ Sitting together, अनसूयासमास्या च Rām १ ३ १८

समासज्ज १ P १ To join, attach or fix to, प्रेसह चेत सु समासजन्तम् Kī ३ २ -२ To fix or place on, impose upon, मयि सर्व समासज्य कुटुम्ब भरतर्षभा Mb २ २३३ ५४

समासक्त p p १ Attached to, fixed or placed in -२ United, combined -३ Reached, attained -४ Affected by -५ Stopped (in its effect, as poison)

समासक्तिः f, -समासगः १ Union, adhering together, attachment -२ Comprehension, inclusion

समासञ्जनम् १ Joining, uniting -२ Fixing or placing on -३ Contact, combination, connection

समासर्जनम् १ Abandoning completely -२ Consigning

समासद् १० U १ To get, obtain, find, meet with. -२ To overtake, वीरा समासदन् वीरान् कुर्वन्तो भैरव रवम् Mb ७ ३१ ९, V १ -३ To assail, attack

समासत्तिः Nearness, vicinity, P III ४ ५०

समासन्न a Near, close

समासादनम् १ Approaching -२ Finding, meeting with, obtaining -३ Accomplishing, effecting

समाह १ P १ To bring, convey, carry, सर्व एव समाहारि तदा शैल सहोषधि Bk १५ १०७ -२ To collect, bring together, convene, तत्र स्वयवरसमाहतराजलोकम् R ५ ६४, Bk ८. ६३ -३ To draw, attract -४ To destroy, annihilate, लोकान् समाहर्तुमिह प्रवृत्त Bg ११ ३२ -५ To complete (as a sacrifice) -६ To return, restore to one's proper place, स दण्ड प्राप्नुयान्माष तच्च तस्मिन् समाहरेत् Ms. ८ ३१९ -७ To curb, restrain -८ To offer, -९ To contract, abridge

समाहर a Destroying, काल सर्वसमाहर Rām ७ १०४ २

समाहरणम् Uniting, collecting, combining, accumulating

समाहर्तृ m १ One who is accustomed to collect or get together -२ A collector (as of taxes), Kau A. १ १२, २ ६,

समाहारः 1 A collection, an aggregate, assemblage, Mal 9, तत कपिसमाहारमेकनिश्चायमागतम् Bk 7 34 -2 Composition of words -3 Conjunction of words or sentences -4 A subdivision of *Dvandva* and *Dvigu* compounds expressing an aggregate (as त्रिभुवनम्) -5 Abridgment, contraction, conciseness -6 Combination of two letters of the alphabet into a syllable (= प्रत्याहार q v)

समाहृत p p 1 Brought together, collected, accumulated -2 Abundant, excessive, much -3 Received, accepted, taken -4 Abridged, curtailed -5 Drawn (as a bow string)

समाहृतिः f Compilation, abridgment

समाहृत्य ind All at once

समाहित p p 1 Brought together, assembled -2 Adjusted, settled -3 Composed, collected, calm (as mind) -4 Intent on, absorbed in, concentrated -5 Finished -6 Agreed upon -7 Arranged, disposed, जापकाना विशिष्ट तु प्रत्युत्थान समाहितम् Mb 12 200 27 -8 Inferred -9 Accomplished, finished, कृष्टस्थितेन पठितेन समाहितेन (स्तोत्रेण) Śiva-mahimna 39 -10 Deposited, entrusted, समाहित हि मे श्वश्रवा हृदये यत् स्थिर मम Rām 2 118 7, see समाधा also -11 Equable, temperate, सुदुस्सर्वा सुनीहारा पदुशीता समाहिता (दिक्का) Rām 3 16 11 -12 Like, resembling, देशान्तरगता ये च द्विजा वर्मसमाहिता Rām 7 91 13 -13 Despatched, तत्ते मनीषित वाक्य येन वासि समाहित Rām 7 103 16 -14 Harmonious -तः A holy man -तम् Intentness, intent devotion (to any object)

समाह्वे 1 P 1 To call together, convoke. -2 To challenge, provoke to battle -3 To invite -4 To call, name

समाह्वः Challenge, defiance

समाह्वयः 1 Calling out, challenging -2 War, battle -3 A single combat -4 Setting animals to fight for sport, betting with living creatures, एष एव विधिज्ञेय प्राणिवृते समाह्वये Y 2 203, Ms 9 221 -5 A name, an appellation, तस्मात्ते वर्तयिष्यामि तयोरेव समाह्वयम् Mb 14 21 13

समाह्वा 1 A name, an appellation, रथचरणसमाह्वस्तावदौत्सुक्यनुवा Śi 11 26 -2 The गोजिह्वा plant

समाह्वातृ m One who summons or challenges

समाह्वानम् 1 Calling together, convocation -2 Challenge -3 Betting on the battles of animals

समि 2 P 1 To come or meet together, be united or joined with -2 To go or come to, arrive at, approach, reach, visit, attain. -3 To encounter, meet in a hostile manner -4 To cohabit, have sexual intercourse -5 To enter upon, commence -6 To agree with.

समित f 1 War, battle, समिति पतिनिपाताकर्णन &c N 12 75 -2 Association, L D B -Comp. -सज्ज a ready for war

समित p p 1 Come together, met -2 Collected, assembled -3 Connected, united with, इद हि वैदे समित पवित्रमपि चोत्तमम् Mb 1 62 16, 14 88 27 -4 Contiguous -5 Parallel -6 Promised, agreed to -7 Completed, finished

समितिः f 1 Meeting, union, association, स्वधर्मे चातु-तिष्ठेन गुणाना समितिर्हि सा Bhāg 11 25 8 -2 An assembly -3 Flock, herd, युति समग्रा समितिर्गवामसौ K1 4 32 -4 War, battle, आशसन्ते समितिषु सुरा Ś 2 15 (v 1), K1 3 15, समितौ रमसादुपागत Śi 16 13 -5 Likeness, equality -6 Moderation -7 (With Janas) Rule of conduct -Comp -मर्दन a harassing in battle -शालिन् brave -शोभन a conspicuous in battle

समितिजय a Victorious in battle, भवान् भीष्मश्च कर्णश्च कृपश्च समितिजय Bg 1 8.

समिधः 1 War, battle -2 Fire -3 An offering, oblation -4 Union, Un 2 11

समिकम् A javelin, dart

समिता Wheat-flour

समिन्ध 7 A 1 To kindle, light up, ignite -2 To excite, inflame, kindle (anger &c) -3 To glorify -4 To exhibit (skill) -Pass To catch or take fire

समिद्ध p p 1 Lighted up, kindled -2 Set on fire -3 Inflamed, excited -4 Full, complete

समिद्धत् a Fed or supplied with fuel, समिद्धन्त प्रान्तसंस्तीर्णदर्भा (वहय) S 4 7

समिध् f (समित् or समिद् in comp) Wood, fuel, विलापदु खसमिधो रुदिताश्रुहुताहुति Rām 2 24 6, especially fuel or sacrificial sticks for the sacred fire, समिदाहरणाय प्रस्थिता वयम् Ś 1, तत्राभिमाधाय समिःसमिद्धम् Ku 1 57, 5 33 -Comp -आधानम् the placing on of fuel (as oblation), (कुर्यात्) समिदाधानमेव च Ms 2 176

समिधः 1 Fire -2 Fuel

समिन्धनम् 1 Kindling -2 Fuel, सधुक्ष्यता नोऽरि-समिन्धनेषु Bk 2 28 -3 A means of swelling, Mb 12

समिरः Wind

समिश्र a Mingling, undergoing combination, गुणाना-मसमिश्राणा पुमान्येव यथा भवेत् Bhāg 11 25 1

समीकम् War, battle, निद्राप्रियो य खलु कुम्भकर्णो हत समीके स रघूत्तमेन Subhās, सुदृश समीकगमनाय युवाभिरथ सबभाधिरे Śi 15 83

समीकृ 8 U 1 To make even or equal -2 To equalize, level -3 To put on the same level or on equal terms with

समीकरणम्, -क्रिया 1 Equalizing, levelling, Kull on Ms 7 184 -2 Assimilation -3 An equation -4 (In arith) Reduction of fractions to a common denominator -5 (समीकरणम्) A roller (to level a sown field)

समीकारः Equation

समीकृत p p 1 Levelled -2 Summed up, added

समीयते Den Ā To be treated equally or in the same manner or with equal respect, be placed on a level with, be placed on a footing of equality, असमै समीयमान (अर्थपति त्यजति नृत्य) Pt 1 74

समीक्ष् 1 Ā 1 To see, behold -2 To think of, consider, take into account, तेजसा हि न वय समीक्ष्यते R 11 1, Ku 5 16 -3 To examine carefully, as in असमीक्ष्यकारिन् -4 To look about for, search for -5 To investigate, examine

समीक्षः 1 Deliberation, mature reflection -2 Full knowledge -क्षम् 1 Complete investigation -2 The Sāmkhya system of philosophy

समीक्षा 1 Investigation, search -2 Consideration -3 Close or thorough inspection -4 Understanding, intellect -5 Essential nature of truth -6 An essential principle -7 The Mīmāṃsā system of philosophy -8 Effort -9 The Sāmkhya system of philosophy, 'साख्य समीक्ष्यम्' इति त्रिकाण्ड, फलभाजि समीक्ष्योक्ते Śi 2 59, also समीक्ष्यम् -10 Complete or thorough investigation -11 Desire to see, मनसा तानि गच्छेत् सर्वतीर्थसमीक्षया Mb 3 85 105 -12 Spiritual knowledge (आत्मविद्या), एव समीक्षा निपुणा सती मे हन्यात्तमिह पुरुषस्य बुद्धे Bhāg 11 28 34 -13 A glance, आशुष्वतो मामनुरागहाससमीक्षया विश्रमयन्नुवाच Bhāg 3 4 10

समीक्षणम् Search, close investigation

समीक्षित p p Well looked, considered, एतदेव हि कार्पण्य समग्रमसमीक्षितम् Mb 12 152 6

समीक्ष्यकारिन् a Considerate, thoughtful, circum-spect, acting after due deliberation

समीचः 1 The ocean. -2 The moon, Un 4 100

समीचकः Copulation, sexual union

समीची 1 A doe -2 Praise

समीचीन 1 Good, right -2 True, correct -3 Fit, proper -4 Consistent -नम् 1 Truth -2 Propriety

समीद् Fine wheat-flour.

समीन a 1 Yearly, annual -2 Hired for a year -3 A year hence

समीनिका A cow calving every year

समीप a [सगता आपो यत्र] Near, close by, adjacent at hand -पम् Proximity, vicinity (समीपम्, समीपनस् and समीपे are used adverbially in the sense of 'near, before, in the presence of'), अत समीपे परिणेतुरिष्यते S 5 17 -Comp -वर्तिन्, -स्थ a adjacent, neighbouring -ससमी the locative case expressing nearness

समीभावः The becoming in a normal state

समीय a Equally connected, having similar causes, L. D B

समीर caus 1 To shake, move, agitate, stir up, set in motion -2 To excite, rouse -3 (a) To send forth, emit (b) To speak, utter, पुराणस्य कवेस्तस्य चतु-सुखसमीरिता Ku 2 17 -4 To cast, throw, toss. -5 To raise or lift up -6 To accomplish, bring about -7 To bestow on, endow with

समीरः 1 Air, wind, वीरसमागे यमुनातीरे Grit 5 -2 The Samī tree -Comp -लक्ष्मन् n dust, हताचिरक्षुतिनि समीरलक्ष्मणि Śi 7 63 -सारः Aegle Marmelos (Mar बेल)

समीरण, 1 Air, wind, समीरणो नोदायेता भवेति व्यादिश्यते केन हुताशनस्य Ku 3 21, 1 8 -2 The breath -3 A traveller -4 N of a plant (मरबक) -5 Wind of the body (of which there are five) -6 Number 'five' -णम् Throwing, sending forth

समीरित p p 1 Starred, moved -2 Uttered

समीद् 1 Ā 1 To wish, desire -2 To strive to do or perform, strive for, प्रियाणि वाञ्छन्त्यसुभि समीहितुम् Ki 1 18.

समीहन a Zealous, eager (said of the god Viṣṇu)

समीहा Longing, desire, striving after, स्वार्थं कस्मिन् समीहा पुनरधिकतरे त्वामनार्थं करोति Mu 5 19

समीहित p p 1 Longed for, desired, wished -2 Undertaken, स त्व समीहितमद स्थितिजन्मनाशम् Bhāg 8 12 11 -तम् Wish, longing, desire

समुक्षणम् 1 Shedding, effusion -2 Sprinkling, घनराजिनूतनपय समुक्षण Mal 3 7

समुख a 1 Talkative, garrulous -2 Eloquent

समुचित a 1 Well-suited, proper -2 Accustomed to

समुच्चरः 1 Ascending -2 Traversing, crossing

समुच्चि 5 U 1 To collect, heap up -2 To arrange, array in order

समुच्चयः 1 Collection, assemblage, aggregation, mass, multitude -2 Conjunction of words or sentences, see च -3 A figure of speech, K P 10 (Kārikās 115 and 116), (it consists in joining together two or more things, independent of each other, but connected in idea with reference to some common action) -Comp.

-अलंकारः the समुच्चय figure of speech -उपमा a simile containing the above figure, समुच्चयोपमाप्यस्ति न कान्त्यैव मुखं तव । हृदनाख्येन चान्वेति कर्मणेन्दुमितीदृशी K&V 2 21

समुच्छिद् 7 P To destroy completely, cut up, exterminate, eradicate

समुच्छिस्तिः Utter destruction

समुच्छेदः Complete destruction, extermination, eradication

समुच्छिः 1 U To raise up, erect, elevate

समुच्छ्रयः 1 Elevation, height -2 Opposition, enmity, तेषामपि श्रीनिमित्तं महानासीत् समुच्छ्रय Mb 12 33 26 -3 Accumulation, multitude, साक्षान् पुण्यसमुच्छ्रया इव मनोवैवस्वतस्यान्वये Mv 4 17 -4 War, battle, महान्त्यनीकानि महासमुच्छ्रये Mb 6 44 6, 99 29 -5 A hill, mountain -6 Increase, growth -7 (with Buddhists) Birth

समुच्छ्रायः Elevation, height

समुच्छ्रित p p 1 Well raised -2 Surging high -3 Exalted

समुच्छ्रतिः Increase, growth

समुच्छ्वसितम्, -समुच्छ्वासः Sighing deeply, a heavy or deep sigh

समुज्ज्वम् 1 A 1 To yawn, gape -2 To extend, spread out -3 To appear, rise, become visible -4 To attempt, strive, endeavour, व्याल बालमुणालतन्नुभिरसौ रोधु समुज्ज्वम्भते Bh 2 6

समुज्ज्वम्भणम् 1 Yawning -2 Raising -3 Attempting, striving.

समुज्झित a 1 Abandoned, left -2 Let go -3 Free from. -तम् A remnant, leavings

समुत्क a Desirous of, longing for

समुत्कट a 1 High, elevated. -2 Excessive, Dk 1 1

समुत्कर्षः 1 Exaltation -2 Setting oneself up, belonging to a tribe higher than his own, अनृत च समुत्कर्षे Ms 11 56. -3 Laying aside (a girdle)

समुत्कम् 1 P 1 To violate, neglect, omit -2 To ascend, rise

समुत्क्रम. 1 Rising upwards, ascent -2 Transgression of proper bounds.

समुत्क्रोशः 1 Crying aloud -2 A loud uproar -3 An osprey

समुत्क्षेपः Allusion to, throwing in (a word), समुत्क्षेपेण चैकेन वनवासाय भारत । प्रतिजग्राह त पार्थ Mb. 2 76, 24

समुत्क्षेपणम् The altitude above the horizon.

समुत्था 1 P 1 To stand up, rise -2 To rise from death or insensibility, return to life or consciousness -3 To rise together with -4 To arise or spring from -Caus 1 To raise up, lift up, elevate -2 To revive, restore to life

समुत्थ a 1 Rising, getting up -2 Sprung or produced from, born from (at the end of comp), इच्छाद्वेष-समुत्थेन Bg 7 27, अथ नयनसमुत्थ ज्योतिरत्रैरिव द्यौ R 2 75 -3 Occurring, occasioned

समुत्थानम् 1 Rising, getting up -2 Resurrection -3 Perfect cure, complete recovery -4 Healing (as of a wound), समुत्थानव्यय दाय Ms 8 287, Y 2 222 -5 A symptom of disease -6 Engaging in industry, active occupation, as in समुत्थानम् Ms 8 4 -7 Increase or growth -8 Industry, यज्ञो विद्या समुत्थानम् Mb 12 23. 10 -9 Hoisting (of a flag) -10 Swelling (of the abdomen)

समुत्थित p p 1 Risen, raised -2 Recovered, cured -3 Arisen, produced, born

समुत्पद् 10 U 1 To tear completely out, root up, eradicate -2 To sever, detach -3 To expel, drive out of

समुत्पाटः 1 Eradication -2 Detaching, severing, disjoining

समुत्पत् 1 P 1 To jump or spring up, rise, ascend, किरातसैन्यादुत्थापनोदिता सम समुत्पत्तुरुपात्तरहस K1 14 45 -2 To arise, spring from -3 To rush out of, gush out -4 To rush or break forth -5 To attack, assail -6 To depart, disappear, समुत्पत्तितेजा (भवति हि पाप कृत्वा) Pt 1 197

समुत्पतनम् 1 Flying, ascending -2 Effort, exertion

समुत्पद् 4 A 1 To happen, take place, occur -2 To arise, spring up -3 To present oneself -Caus To cause, effect, produce

समुत्पत्तिः f 1 Production, birth, origin -2 Occurrence

समुत्पादनम् Effecting, accomplishing, producing.

समुत्पिञ्ज, -समुत्पिञ्जल a Excessively confused or bewildered, disorganized -जः, -लः, -लकः 1 An army in great disorder, यथा सूर्योदये राजन् समुत्पिञ्जोऽभवन्महान् Mb 7 186 58 -2 Great confusion, तत सर्वस्य रङ्गस्य समुत्पिञ्जलोऽभवत् Mb 1 135 10 (com gives another meaning as उत्फुल्लता)

समुत्पुंसनम् Removing, destroying

समुत्सवः A great festival

समुत्सर्गः 1 Abandoning, leaving -2 Shedding or casting forth, giving away -3 Discharge of feces,

voiding of excrement, मूत्रोच्चारसमुत्सर्गं दिवा कुर्यादुदङ्मुख
Ms 4 50 -4 Emission (of semen)

समुत्सर्पणम् Proceeding, being accomplished

समुत्सारणम् 1 Driving away -2 Pursuing, hunting

समुत्साहः Energy, force of will

समुत्सुक a 1 Very uneasy or anxious, impatient,
विरोषि समुत्सुक V 4 20, R 1 33, Ku 5 76 -2 Long-
ing or eager for, fond of -3 Sorrowful, regretting

समुत्सेधः 1 Height, elevation -2 Fatness, thickness

समुद्धत p p Raised or drawn up (is water from
a well)

समुदयः 1 Ascent, rising up (of the sun) -2 Rise
(in general) -3 A collection, multitude, number,
heap, सामर्थ्यानामिव समुदय सचया वा गुणानाम् U 6 9 -3
Combination -4 The whole -5 Revenue, Ms 7 56
(com समुदयन्त्युत्पद्यन्तेऽस्मादर्थ इति समुदय) -6 Effort,
exertion -7 War, battle, महासमुदय चक्रे शरैः सन्नतपर्वभि
Mb 6 116 45 -8 Day -9 The rear of an army -10
Finance, account, सर्वे राज्ञः समुदयमाय च व्ययमेव च । एकाऽह
वेष्टि कल्याणि पाण्डवाना यशस्विनि ॥ Mb-2 233 53 -11 A
producing cause, आश्रमेषु चतुर्णां हिन्दुमतेषां व्रतम् । तस्य
लिङ्गं प्रवक्ष्यामि येषां समुदयो दम ॥ Mb 5 63 13 -यम् 1 The
rising of a planet &c -2 An auspicious moment (लग्न)

समुदागमः Full knowledge

समुदाचारः 1 Proper practice or usage -2 Proper
mode of address, etiquette, salutation, Buddh, S 5,
चाकिरे समुदाचारं पद्मकोशनिभैः करैः Bu Ch 4 2 -3 Pur-
pose, intention, design

समुदानयः Bringing together, महानय कृष्ण कृत क्षत्रस्य
समुदानय Mb 5 141 28

समुदायः 1 A collection, multitude &c -2 A word of
more than one syllable, see समुदय -Comp -अनुसमयः
doing a group of details as a composite whole with
reference to one thing, then with another and so on,
(see अनुसमय) -प्रसिद्धिः denotation of an expression or
word as a whole, न चावयवप्रसिद्धिर्वा समुदायप्रसिद्धिर्वाच्यते इत्युक्तम्
SB on MS 6 8 41 -शब्दः a collective expression,
नायमेकान्तं यत् समुदायशब्देन संयोज्योच्यते तत् समुदितानामेव
भवतीति SB on MS 11 1 2

समुदाहरणम् 1 Declaring, pronouncing -2 Illus-
tration

समुदाहारः Conversation

समुदि 2 P 1 To go up, ascend, rise -2 To prepare
for battle -3 To collect together, assemble

समुदित p p 1 Gone up, risen, ascended -2 Lofty,
elevated, prospered, कञ्चित् समुदिता स्फीतामयीया परिदृश्ये

सं. इ. को. २०६

Rām 2 100 42 -3 Produced, arisen, occasioned -4
Assembled, collected, united, मङ्गाग्योपचयादयः समुदितः सर्वो
गुणानां गण Ratn 1 6 -5 Possessed of, furnished with,
सर्वे समुदितो गुणैः Rām 1 18 13 -6 Conversated. -7
Spoken to, addressed -8 Agreed upon -9 Customary,
usual

समुदीर Caus 1 To utter, pronounce -2 To rouse,
agitate, excite, stimulate

समुदीरणम् 1 Uttering, speaking, pronouncing. -2
Repeating

समुदीर्ण p p 1 Greatly excited, (fig) very lumi-
nous, शारदः समुदीर्णोऽश्वत्थस्तैजः इवात्मजम् Rām 2 19 37.
-2 Increased, Mb 4

समुद्रम् 1 A. 1 To rise, ascend -2 To rise together.
-3 To come forth, issue, exude

समुद्र a 1 Rising, ascending -2 Completely perva-
ding -3 Having a covering or lid -4 Having beans
-द्र. 1 A covered box or casket, शुक्राश्वन्दनकल्पाश्च समुद्रेष्वव-
तिष्ठन् Rām 2 91 75, चित्तादशे निधातु महितामिव सता ते
समुद्रायमाने । वृत्ताकरे विधत्ता हृदि मुदमाजितस्यानिशं जानुनी न ॥
Vishnupāda S 19 -2 A round form of a temple -3
A kind of artificial stanza, Kāv 3 54-56, see समुद्रक
below -Comp. -यमकम् (in Rhet) making an artifi-
cial arrangement of words in such a manner as to make
different parts of a stanza correspond in sound though
they differ in meaning, see यमक

समुद्रकः 1 A covered box or casket, तेन च कुपितेन
हृतं तच्च मेरुतन्माभरणं समुद्रकश्च तस्या Dk 2 2, 2 3, S 4 -2
A kind of artificial stanza, the two halves of which
exactly correspond in sound, though different in mean-
ing, e g स्यन्दना नो चतुरगा सुरेभा वाविपत्तयः । स्यन्दना नो च
तुरगा सुरेभावा विपत्तयः ॥ K1 15 16

समुद्रमः 1 Rising, ascent -2 Arising, issuing -3
Birth, production

समुद्रिरणम् 1 Vomiting, ejecting -2 That which is
vomited -3 Raising, lifting up

समुद्रितम् A loud song

समुद्गण्ड a Uplifted (as an arm), (fig) fierce,
terrible, रिपुगणकटकजलनिधिमथनमन्दरायमाणसमुद्गण्डभुजदण्ड
Dk 1 1

समुद्देशः 1 Fully pointing out -2 Full description
-3 Particularising, enumeration, तस्याय प्रकरणाधिकरण-
समुद्देशः Kau. A 1 -4 Doctrine, इति गुह्यसमुद्देशस्तव नारद
कीर्तित Mb 12 334 45

समुद्धत p p 1 Upraised, uplifted, elevated -2 Ex-
cited, drawn up -3 Puffed up with pride, proud, arro-
gant, ततस्तपोवीर्यसमुद्धतस्य पारयियासो समरार्णवस्य K1 17 35
-4 Ill-mannered, ill-behaved -5 Impudent, rude -6

Intense, violent, अशक्ता वारणे देव तेजस्तव समुद्रतम् Rām 1 37 15

समुद्र 1 U 1 To raise or lift up -2 To save, extricate, deliver, rescue -3 To extract, take or draw out -4 To pull up by the roots, root out, extirpate -5 To extol, praise, honour

समुद्धरणम् 1 Upraising, lifting up -2 Picking up -3 Drawing or lifting out -4 Extrication, deliverance -5 Eradication, extirpation -6 Taking out from (a share) -7 Food thrown up or vomited

समुद्धर्तृ m A deliverer, redeemer

समुद्धृत p p 1 Lifted up -2 Delivered, saved, rescued -3 Vomited -4 Removed -5 Set apart, divided -6 Seized, possessed -7 Ill-behaved, rude

समुद्भवः 1 Origin, production, अनुजीवी स्वजाति-यो गुणेभ्यश्च समुद्भवः Mb 12 59. 69 -2 Revival -3 N of Agni at the वृतादेश

समुद्भेदः 1 Appearance -2 Development, growth

समुद्यत a 1 Raised, lifted up, सोऽहं कथमिमं भार महा-धुर्यसमुद्यतम् Rām 2 73 16 -2 Offered, presented -3 Ready, prepared, अक्षौहिण्यो हि तत्रासन् राघवार्ये समुद्यता Rām 7 39 2 -4 Accomplished, यस्य प्रसादसमुद्येन समुद्यतेयम् Mal 7 4

समुद्यमः 1 Lifting up -2 Great effort or exertion, कैर्मया सह योद्धव्यमस्मिन्नरणसमुद्यमे Bg 1 22, समुद्यम कार्य &c -3 An undertaking, commencement -4 An onset

समुद्योगः 1 Active exertion, energy -2 Employment, use -3 Concurrence (of many causes)

समुद्र a Sealed, bearing a seal, stamped, समुद्रो लेख, समुद्रे नाप्नुयात् किञ्चिददि तस्मान्न सहरेत् Ms 8 188 -**द्रः** 1 The sea, ocean -2 An epithet of Śiva -3 The number 'four' -4 N of an immensely high number, शत खर्वसहस्राणां समुद्रमभिधीयते । शत समुद्रसाहस्रं महौघमिति विश्रुतम् ॥ Rām 6 28 37 -5 A particular configuration of stars and planets -**द्रा** 1 The plant zedoary -2 The Samī tree -**Comp.** -**अन्तः**, -**न्तम्** 1 the sea-shore -2 nutmeg -**अन्ता** 1 the cotton-plant -2 the earth -**अम्बरा** the earth -**अरुः**, -**आरुः** 1 a crocodile -2 a large fabulous fish -3 Rāma's bridge, of रामसेतु -**कफः**, -**फेनः** the cuttle fish-bone -**काञ्ची** the earth -**कान्ता**, -**पत्नी** a river -**कुक्षिः** the shore of the sea -**ग** a sea-faring (-**गः**) 1 a sea-trader -2 a seaman, a sea-farer, so समुद्रगामिन्-यायिन् &c (-**गा**) a river -**गृहम्** 1 a summer-house built in the midst of water, Prātma 2 -2 a bath-room -**चुलुकः** an epithet of Agastya -**दयिता** a river -**नवनीतम्** 1 the moon -2 ambrosia, nectar -**नेमिः**, -**मी** the earth -**पर्यन्त** a seabound -**महिषी** the Ganges, नय मा भगवन् साधो समुद्रमहिषी प्रियाम् Mb 3 187 19 -**मेखला**, -**रसना**, -**वसना** the earth -**यानम्** 1 a sea-voyage -2 a vessel,

ship, boat, समुद्रयानकुशला देशकालार्थदर्शिन । स्थापयन्ति तु या वृद्धिम् Ms 8 157 -**यात्रा** a sea-voyage -**यायिन्** a sea voyager -**योषित्** f a river, विभूषिता कुञ्जसमुद्रयोषित K1 8 9, also समुद्रवल्लीभा -**वह्निः** submarine fire -**वेला** 1 the ocean-tide -2 an ocean-wave -3 the sea-coast line -**सुभगा** the Ganges

समुद्रि (द्री) य, समुद्र a Marine, oceanic, maritime

समुद्र 1 P 1 To raise or lift up -2 To bear or carry out -3 To bear, carry -4 To display, exhibit -5 To marry

समुद्रहः 1 Bearing up -2 Moving up and down -3 One who lifts up

समुद्राहः 1 Bearing up -2 Marriage

समुद्राहित p p Bearing up, lifted, नद्य समुद्राहितचक्र-वाका Rām 4 28 39

समुद्वेगः Great fear, alarm, terror

समुन्द् 7 P To moisten thoroughly, water, wet

समुन्दनम् 1 Moistening -2 Wetness, moisture

समुन्न a 1 Wet, moist, यत्रोज्झिताभिर्मुहुरम्बुवाहै समुन्न-मद्भिर्न समुन्नमाद्भिः Ś1 4 15 -2 Dirty, soiled, समुन्नानीव वस्त्राणि ययुर्दुर्दर्शता पराम् Mb 8 21 40

समुन्नम् 1 P To rise, ascend -**Caus** To raise or lift up, erect

समुन्नत p p 1 Upraised, lifted up -2 Elevated, high, lofty -3 Exalted, sublime -4 Proud -5 Projecting -6 Upright, just -7 Arched, vaulted

समुन्नतिः f 1 Lifting up, raising -2 Height, loftiness, elevation (mental also), मनस शिखराणां च सदृशी ते समुन्नति Ku 6 66, R 3 10 -3 Eminence, high position or dignity, exaltation, उत्तमै सह सगेन को न याति समुन्नतिम्, स जातो येन जातेन याति वश समुन्नतिम् Subhāṣ -4 Rise, prosperity, increase, success, विनिपातोऽपि सम समुन्नते K1 2 34, प्रकृति खलु सा महीयस सहते नान्यसमुन्नति एया 2 21 -5 Pride, arrogance

समुन्नमनम् Raising, arching (as the brows)

समुन्नह 4 P 1 To bind or tie up -2 To raise or lift up -3 To loosen, unfasten -4 To liberate, release, set free

समुन्नद्ध p p 1 Elevated, exalted -2 Swollen -3 Full, excessive, परोक्षेण समुन्नद्धप्रणयौत्कण्ठ्यकातर Bhāg 1 15 3 -4 Proud, arrogant, overbearing -5 Conceited, thinking oneself to be learned, अचिन्त्य चापि त ज्ञात्वा विचरेद्योऽसमुन्नद्ध Mb 12 351 12 -6 Unfettered -7 Bound up -8 Supreme

समुन्नाहः Height, elevation, द्वीपायामसमुन्नाह कर्णिकाभूत Bhāg 5 16 7.

समुन्निद्र *a* Wide awake

समुन्नी 1 U 1 To raise completely up, elevate -2 To bring out, deduce -3 To discharge, pay off (as a debt &c), 'ऋणमस्मिन् समुन्नयत्यमुत्तत्वं च गच्छति। पिता पुत्रस्य जानस्य पश्येच्चैजीवतो मुखम्॥' इति श्रुति Kull on Ms 9 107

समुन्नयः 1 Getting, obtaining -2 Occurrence, event

समुन्नीत *p p* Raised, increased, केन विज्ञानयोगेन मति-
श्रित समास्थिता। समुन्नीता Mb 14 21 11

समुन्मूलनम् Uprooting, eradication -2 Utter des-
truction

समुपगमः Approach, contact

समुपचारः Attention, homage

समुपजोषम् *ind.* 1 Entirely according to wish -2
Happily

समुपभोगः 1 Sexual union, coition -2 Enjoying,
eating

समुपविश 6 P 1 To sit down -2 To lie down upon
-3 To encamp

समुपवेशः 1 Sitting down together -2 Entertaining

समुपवेशनम् 1 A building, habitation, residence.
-2 Seating down

समुपष्टम्भः, समुपस्तम्भः Support, अन्योन्यसमुपष्टम्भा-
दन्योन्यापाश्रयेण च Mb 5 37 65

समुपस्था 1 U 1 To come near, go to, approach
-2 To attack -3 To befall, occur -4 To stand, in
close contact -5 To attain, arrive at, resort to,
S 2 10

समुपस्था, समुपस्थानम् 1 Approach, approximation
-2 Proximity, nearness -3 Happening, befalling,
occurrence

समुपस्थितिः = समुपस्थानम् q v

समुपह्वरः A hidden or hiding place

समुपागत *p p* Gone near, approached, समुपागतवति
दैवादवहेला कुटज मधुकरे मा गा Bv 1 6

समुपादाय *ind* By means of

समुपार्जनम् Acquiring together, simultaneous acqui-
sition, परस्परविरुद्धानां तेषां च समुपार्जनम् Ms 7 152

समुपे 2 P 1 To get, obtain -2 To assemble, meet
-3 To attack, assail -4 To go to, reach -5 To fall to
the lot of -6 To undergo, suffer

समुपेत *p p.* 1 Come together, assembled, collected
-2 Arrived at -3 Furnished or endowed with,
possessed of -4 Inhabited by

समुपेक्षक *a* Disregarding, neglecting

समुपोढ *p p* 1 Gone upwards, risen, यथेन्द्रावानन्द
व्रजति समुपोढे कुमुदिनी U 5 26 -2 Increased -3 Brought
near, समुपोढेषु कामेषु निरपेक्ष परिव्रजेत् Ms 6 41 -4 Res-
trained -5 Begun

समुल्लस 1 P 1 To shine forth, gleam -2 To break
forth, appear, यावन्मिलदालिमाल कोऽपि रसाल समुल्लसति Bv
1 7 -3 To sport, be wanton, dally

समुल्लासः 1 Excessive brilliance -2 Great joy,
exhilaration

समुल्लेखः Extermination

समूह *p p* 1 Brought together, assembled -2 Ac-
cumulated, collected, नवानघोऽधो बृहत पयोधरान् समूहकपूर्-
परागपाण्डुरम् Si 1 4 -3 Enveloped -4 Associated with
-5 Produced quickly -6 Calmed, tamed down, tran-
quillized -7 Crooked, bent -8 Purified, cleansed
-9 Borne along -10 Led, conducted -11 Married

समूरः, -समूरुः, -समूरकः A kind of deer

समूल *a* Along with the roots, as in समूलघातम्
'having completely exterminated, tearing up root and
branch'

समूह 1 U To gather, assemble, collect, पूषनेकर्षे यम
सूर्यप्राजापत्यव्यूह रश्मीन् समूह ईsop 16

समूह. 1 A multitude, collection, an assemblage,
aggregate, number, जनसमूह, विघ्नसमूह, पदसमूह &c -2
A flock, troop -Comp -क्षारकः, -गन्धः civet

समूहनम् 1 Bringing together, कर्णश्रवेऽनिले राज्ञौ दिवा
पांसुसमूहने Ms 4 102 -2 A collection, plenty -3
Placing an arrow on the bow-string

समूहनी A broom

समूह्यः A kind of sacrificial fire

समू 1 P To meet, be united -2 To come into
conflict -3 To bring together, construct -Caus
(समर्पयति) 1 To hand over, deliver, commit, consign
-2 To give, present -3 To place in, put in or on -4
To strike, hit. -5 To restore, return

समृद्ध 4, 5 P To thrive, prosper, flourish -Pass
1 To be fulfilled or accomplished, succeed -2 To share
in abundantly, be fully furnished (with instr)

समृद्ध *p p.* 1 Prosperous, flourishing, thriving -2
Happy, fortunate -3 Rich, wealthy -4 Rich in,
richly endowed with, abounding in -5 Fruitful -6
Full-grown, increased -7 Full, complete, entire, समृद्ध
सौभाग्य सकलवसुधाया किमपि तत् G L 1 -8 Copious, abun-
dant -9 Increased (in speed), यथा प्रदीप्त ज्वलन पतङ्गा
विशन्ति नाशाय समृद्धवेगा Bg 11 29,

समृद्धिः *f* 1 Great growth, increase, thriving, मधु-समृद्धिसमेधितमेधया *Si* 6 20 -2 Prosperity, opulence, affluence, मैत्री चाप्रणयात् समृद्धिरनयाच्छील खलोपासनात् (विनश्यति) *Pt* 1 169, *Bh* 2 42 -3 Wealth, riches -4 Exuberance, profusion, abundance, as in धनधान्यसमृद्धिरस्तु -5 Power, supremacy

समे 2 *P* 1 To come together or meet, समेत्य च व्यये-याताम् *H* 4 69 -2 To go through, march across

समेत *p p* 1 Come or met together, assembled -2 United, combined -3 Come near, approached -4 Accompanied by, आराधनायास्य सखीसमेतां समादिदेश प्रयता तनूजाम् *Ku* 1 58 -5 Endowed or furnished with, having, possessed of, यज्जीव्यते क्षणमपि प्रथित मनुष्यैर्विज्ञानशौर्य-विभवीर्यगुणै समेतम् *Pt* 1 24 -6 Come into collision, encountered -7 Agreed upon

समेध 1 *Ā* To prosper greatly, thrive, increase -*Caus* 1 To make happy or fortunate -2 To feed, supply with, strengthen, सूर्य समेधयत्यग्निमग्नि सूर्य च तेजसा *V* 5 20

समेधनम् Prospering, growth

समेधित *p p* 1 Greatly increased, मधुसमृद्धिसमेधितमेधया *Si* 6 20 -2 Strong -3 United

संपः Falling down -पा Lightning

संपद् 1 *P* To read or recite thoroughly or continuously, वेदाङ्गानि च सर्वाणि कृष्णपक्षेषु सपठेत् *Ms* 4 98

संपाठः An arranged text

संपत् 1 *P* 1 To fly or meet together, assemble -2 To go or roam about -3 To attack, fall upon, assail -4 To come to pass, occur, happen -5 To fall down, alight, fly down -*Caus* 1 To bring near -2 To collect or assemble together, bring or call together -3 To throw down, cast, hurl down

संपातः 1 Falling together, concurrence, crowd (समर्द्ध), समुच्चलन्तो नागरिकसपाते *Dk* 2 2 -2 Meeting together, encountering -3 Collision, butting against, निवारयामास च राजमार्गे सपातमार्तस्य पृथग्जनस्य *Bu* *Ch* 3 4 -4 Falling down, descending, प्रवृत्ते शस्त्रसपाते धनुरुद्यम्य पाण्डव *Bg* 1 20, न चासौ सपात पयसि पयसा पत्युश्चित *Bh* 2 36 -5 Alighting (as of a bird) -6 Flight (of an arrow) -7 Going, moving, अपक्षिगणसपातान् वानरेन्द्रो महाजव *Rām* 7 34. 27 -8 Being removed, removal, वृत्ते शरावसपाते भिक्षा नित्य यतिश्चरेत् *Ms* 6 56 -9 A particular mode of the flight of birds, सपात समुदीष च ततोऽन्यद्व्यतिरिक्तकम् *Mb* 8 41 29 (com क्षणात् सगत्य निष्क्रम्य पक्षसपातमुच्यते।), संपातं विप्रपात च महापात निपातनम्। वक्र तिर्यक् तथा चोर्ध्वमष्टम लघुसङ्गम् *Pt* 2 58, of डीन -10 The residue (of an offering). -11 N of the son of Garuda -12 Sending, स दारकस्य कारणात् दूतसंपात करोति *Svapna* 1 -13 Equinox (वसन्त and शरद्), point of intersection, तस्मिन् यावत्स-

पातमुषित्वा *Ch* *Up* 5 10 5 -*Comp* -पाटवम् skill in jumping

संपातिः, -संपातिकः N of a fabulous bird, son of Garuda and elder brother of Jatayu

सपातिन् *a* 1 Flying together -2 Falling down

संपद् 4 *Ā* 1 To turn out well, succeed, prosper, be accomplished or fulfilled, सप्तस्यते च कामोऽय काल कश्चित् प्रतीक्ष्यताम् *Ku* 2 54, *R* 14 76, *Ms* 3 254, 6 69 -2 To be completed, to amount to (as a number), त्र्याहता पञ्च पञ्चदश सपद्यन्ते -3 To turn out to be, become, सप्तस्यन्ते नभसि भवतो राजहसा सहाया *Me* 11, 23, सपदे श्रममल्लोद्गमो विभूषाम् *Ku* 7 5 -4 To arise, be born or produced -5 To fall or come together, unite -6 To be provided or furnished with, be possessed of, अग्नौक यदि सद्य एव कुसुमैर्न सप्तस्यसे *M* 3 16, see सपन्न -7 To tend to, bring about, produce (with dat), साधो शिक्षा गुणाय संपद्यते नासाधो *Pt* 1, *Mu* 3 32 -8 To obtain, attain to, acquire, get -9 To enter into, be absorbed in (with loc) -*Caus* 1 To cause to happen, bring about, produce, accomplish, fulfil, effect, इति स्वसुभोज-कुलप्रदीप सपाद्य पाणिग्रहण स राजा *R* 7 29 -2 To procure, obtain, make ready, prepare -3 To obtain, acquire, attain to -4 To furnish, provide, endow with -5 To change or transform into -6 To make an agreement

संपादः 1 Completion, accomplishment -2 Acquisition

संपादक *a* Accomplisher, fulfiller, रराज सपादक-मिश्रसिद्धे *Si* 3 22.

संपादनम् 1 Accomplishing, effecting, fulfilment -2 Gaining, obtaining, acquiring, -3 Cleaning, clearing, preparing (as ground), अपराद्धस्तथा दर्भा वास्तु-सपादनं तिला *Ms* 3 255

संपत्तिः *f* 1 Prosperity, increase of wealth, सप्तौ च विपत्तौ च महतामकरूपता *Subhās* -2 Success, fulfilment, accomplishment, न च शोचत्यसप्तौ तद्विज्ञेय तु राजसम् *Ms* 12 36 -3 Perfection, excellence, as in रूपसंपत्ति -4 Exuberance, plenty, abundance -5 A suitable state or condition

संपद् *f* 1 Wealth, riches, नीताविद्योत्साहगुणेन सपद् *Ku* 1 22, आपन्नार्तिप्रशमनफला सपदो ब्रुतमानाम् *Me* 55 -2 Prosperity, affluence, advancement, (opp विपद् or आपद्), ते भृत्या नृपते कलत्रमितरे सपत्सु चापत्सु च *Mu* 1 15 -3 Good fortune, happiness, luck, *Bg* 16 3 -4 Success, fulfilment, accomplishment of desired objects, तव प्रसादस्य पुरस्तु सपद् *S* 7 30 -5 Perfection, excellence, as in रूपसपद्, त्वष्टु सदाभ्यासगृहीतशिल्पविज्ञानसपत् प्रसरस्य सीमा *Si* 3 35 -6 Richness, plenty, exuberance, abundance, excess, तुषारवृष्टिभक्तपद्मसपदाम् *Ku* 5 27, *R* 10 59 -7 Treasure -8 An advantage, a benefit, blessing -9 Advancement in good qualities -10 Decoration -11

Right method -12 A necklace of pearls -13 Attainment, acquisition, अथ सपद Bri Up 3 1 6 -Comp -वरः a king -वसुः N of one of the principal rays of the sun -विनिमयः an interchange or reciprocity of benefits or services, सपदिनिमयेनोभौ दधतुर्मुवनद्वयम् R 1 26

संपन्न p p 1 Prosperous, thriving, rich -2 Fortunate, successful, happy -3 Effected, brought about, accomplished -4 Finished, completed -5 Perfect -6 Full-grown, mature -7 Procured, obtained -8 Right, correct -9 Endowed with, possessed of -10 Turned out, become, ईदृश सपन्न U 3 -11 Perfectly acquainted or conversant with -12 The enquiry in वृद्धिश्चाह, (meaning 'satisfied'), पित्र्ये स्वदितमित्येव वाच्य गोष्ठे तु मुञ्चतम्। सपन्नमित्यभ्युदये दैवे रुचितमित्यपि ॥ Ms 3 254 -ज्ञः An epithet of Śiva -ज्ञम् 1 Riches, wealth, समाव्य गोषु सपन्नम् Pt 4 115 -2 A dainty, delicacy

संपरे (सपरा + ड) 2 A 1 To come or meet together, encounter -2 To go away, go beyond (to the next world)

संपरायः 1 Conflict, encounter, war, battle -2 A calamity, misfortune -3 Future state, futurity -4 A son -5 Decease, death

संपराय(यि)कम् Encounter, war, battle

संपरेत a Dead, अथ ते सपरेताना स्वानामुदकमिच्छताम् Bhāg 1 8 1

संपरिग्रहः 1 Receiving with kindness -2 Property

संपा Lightning •

संपाक a 1 Reasoning well, a reasoner -2 Cunning, subtle -3 Lustful, lewd -4 Small, little -कः 1 Maturing -2 N of a tree (आरवध)

संपाटः 1 Intersection (as of a prolonged side of a triangle by a perpendicular) -2 A spindle

संपिण्डित p p 1 Formed into a mass -2 Contracted

संपिष्ट 7 P 1 To pound to pieces, bruise, crush -2 To destroy, kill

सपेषणम् Rubbing together, pounding

संपीड 10 U 1 To compress, press or squeeze together. -2 To torture, harass, oppress, pinch, pain, कण्ठे जीर्णताप्रतानवलयेनात्यर्थसंपीडित S 7 11, Oh P 3 -3 To compute, reckon -4 To obscure, eclipse

संपीडः 1 Squeezing together, compression -2 Pain, torture -3 Agitating, disturbing -4 Sending, directing, driving onward, propelling, संपीडक्षुभितजलेषु तोयदेषु Ki 7 12 -डा Torment, विविधाश्चैव सपीडा Ms 12 76

संपीडनम् 1 Squeezing, pressing together -2 Sending -3 Punishment, castigation -4 Stirring up, agitating -5 Paining, torturing

संपीतिः f Drinking together, compotation

संपुटः 1 A cavity, स्वात्या सागरशुक्तिः संपुटगत (पय) सन्मौक्तिक जायते Bh 2 67 v 1, Kāv 2 288, Mv 1 54, Rs 1 21 -2 A casket, covered box -3 A hemispherical bowl -4 The space between two bowls, Bhāva P -5 A hemisphere -6 A kind of cotus -7 Credit, balance. -8 The Kurabaka flower

संपुटका, -संपुटिका 1 A box, casket, यस्य संपुटिका नास्ति कुतस्तस्य सुभाषितम् (a collection or collected verses), Pt 2 165 -2 A variety of blanket, Kau A 2 11 -3 A wrapper, envelope

संपुटीकरणम् the furnishing with a cover or lid

संपूज 10 U 1 To worship, revere, honour -2 To present or honour with

संपूजन a Praising, honouring, (कथा) आत्मसंपूजनी शृण्वन् ययौ रामो महापथम् Rām 2 17 12

संपूजनम् 1 Honouring, reverence, मन्त्रसंपूजनार्थं तु सत्कारमितरोऽर्हति Ms 3 187 -2 Presenting with

संपूर्ण a 1 Filled &c -2 All, whole, see पूर्ण -Comp -काम a filled with desire -कालीन a occurring at the right time -फलभाज् a obtaining a full reward, आचारेण तु संयुक्त संपूर्णफलभागवेत् Ms 1 109 -मूर्च्छा a particular mode of fighting -र्णः A mode of music in which all the notes of the gamut are used -र्णम् Ether

संपूर्तिः Fulfilment, completion

संपृच् 7 P, 2 A 1 To mix, bring in contact with, join, unite, स्यन्दनौ समपृच्येतामुभयोर्दक्षिणौ Bk 17 106 -2 To be united or mixed together, be in contact -3 To fill up, complete -4 To present with

संपर्कः 1 Mixture -2 Union, contact, touch, पादेन नापैक्षत सुदरीणा सपर्कमाशिक्षितनूपुरेण Ku. 3 26, Me 25, V 1 12 -3 Society, association, company, न मूर्खजन-सपर्कं सुरेन्द्रमवनेष्वपि Bh 2 14 -4 Sexual union, copulation -5 Addition, sum

संपृक्त p p 1 Blended, mixed -2 Connected together, related, in close relation, वागर्थाविव सपृक्तौ R 1.1 -3 Touching -4 Interspersed, inlaid -5 Befriended, एवमेकान्तसपृक्तौ ततस्तौ नरवानरौ। उभावन्योन्यसदृशौ सुखं दुःखमभाषताम् ॥ Rām 4 7 24

संप्रक्षालनम् 1 Complete ablution -2 Bathing -3 Inundation.

संप्रज्ञातः A kind of yogic meditation or samādhi in which the object of meditation remains distinct, though the mind is absorbed in its contemplation, as opposed to the असंप्रज्ञात variety in which the distinction between knowledge and its object is completely obliterated, (ध्येयभ्यातृभावयुक्तसाकारध्यानसमाधि संप्रज्ञात सचित्सवेद्यविलोपेन निराकारस्वप्रकाशपरमानन्दलक्षणात्मसान्नाज्यध्यानसमाधिरसंप्रज्ञात इति

योगशास्त्रम्), इत्युदीर्य स हरिं प्रति सप्रज्ञातवासिततम समपादि N 21 119

संप्रणीत a 1 Brought together -2 Composed (as poetry)

संप्रणेत् m 1 A ruler, judge -2 A leader, chief (of an army) -3 (With दण्डस्य) An inflicter of punishment, तस्याहु संप्रणेतार राजान सत्यवादिनम् Ms 7 26 -4 A maintainer, sustainer

संप्रतापनम् 1 Heating, burning. -2 Afflicting, torturing, tormenting -3 N of a hell, Ms 4 89

संप्रति ind 1 Now, at present, at this time, अयि संप्रतिदेहि दर्शनम् Ku 4 28 -2 Rightly, exactly -3 Immediately, at once, सप्रत्यगस्त्याश्रमस्य पन्थान ब्रूहि U 2 5/6

संप्रतिपद् 4 A 1 To go towards, approach -2 To deem, consider, regard, न मा पर संप्रतिपत्तुमर्हसि Ku 5 39 -3 To assent to, agree upon, concur in -4 To admit, acknowledge -5 To attain to, reach -6 To obtain, receive -7 To regain, recover -8 To perform, accomplish -9 To grant, bestow

संप्रतिपत्तिः f 1 Approach, arrival -2 Presence. -3 Gain, obtaining, acquiring -4 An agreement -5 Admission, confession, तस्मात् संप्रतिपत्तिरेव हि वर न प्राम्यमत्रोत्तरम् Mu 5 18 -6 Admission of a fact, a particular kind of reply in law -7 Assault, attack -8 Occurrence -9 Co-operation -10 Doing, performing -11 Presence of mind

संप्रतिपन्न p p 1 Approached, arrived -2 Agreed, assented to -3 Performed

संप्रतिपादनम् 1 Delivering over -2 Granting, giving

संप्रतिरोधकः, -कम् 1 Complete obstruction -2 Confinement, imprisonment

संप्रतिभासः Perception which tends to combine

संप्रतिष्ठा 1 Perseverance -2 Continuance -3 High rank.

संप्रती 2 P 1 To trust in, believe firmly in -2 To decide, settle, determine, judge, किं तत् कथं वेत्युपलब्धसज्ञा विकल्पयन्तोऽपि न संप्रतीयु Bk 11 10

संप्रतीत p p 1 Returned -2 Fully convinced, firmly believing, इदं श्रेय परमं मन्यमाना व्यायच्छन्ते सुनय संप्रतीता Mb 3 186 26 -3 Proved, admitted -4 Renowned -5 Respectful

संप्रतीतिः f 1 Full ascertainment -2 Compliance -3 Fame, celebrity, notoriety, वीर्यावदानेषु कृतावमर्षस्तन्व-नभूतामिव संप्रतीतिम् Ki 3 43

संप्रत्ययः 1 Firm conviction -2 Agreement, त्रयाणा-मेकवाक्ये संप्रत्यय Kau A 1 12, एतस्मिन्नेव काले तु यथासंप्रत्यय कवि. Mb. 1 149 1 -3 Notion, idea.

संप्रतीक्षा Expectation, hope

संप्रदा 1 P, 3 U 1 To give, grant, bestow or confer on, त तेऽहं संप्रदास्यामि -2 To hand down by tradition, see संप्रदाय -3 To bequeath -4 To give completely up or deliver over -5 To give in marriage

संप्रतिः f Giving completely up, delivering over, अथात् संप्रतिर्यदा प्रैष्यन् मन्यते Bri Up 1 5 17 -Comp -कर्मन् the act of delivering over

संप्रदानम् 1 Giving or handing over completely -2 Bestowal, gift, donation, दीयता संप्रदानं च परिष्यज्य च वानरान् Rām 4 11 34 -3 Giving in marriage -4 The sense expressed by the dative case, कर्मणा यमभिप्रैति स संप्रदानम् P I 4 32 -5 The recipient of a gift, स्तुत्यस्तु कल्पविटपी फलसंप्रदानं कुर्वन् स एष विबुधान् N 11 125

संप्रदानीयम् A gift, donation

संप्रदायः 1 Tradition, traditional doctrine or knowledge, traditional handing down of instruction, चन्द्रकेतुराष्टादिव्यास्त्रसंप्रदाय U 2 7/8, अथ तत् संप्रदायेन राम-भद्रे स्थिता अपि 5 15 -2 A peculiar system of religious teaching, a religious doctrine inculcating the worship of one peculiar deity -3 An established custom, usage -4 Gift (संप्रदान), दिव्यास्त्रसंप्रदायोऽयं लक्ष्मणेन सहास्तु मे Mv 1 47 (Also of U 2 7/8) -Comp. -प्रद्योतकः a revealer of the tradition of the Veda -विगमः loss of tradition

संप्रधानम् Ascertainment, consideration

संप्रधृ 10 U 1 To know, determine, ascertain, इति संप्रधार्य रमणाय बधू Śi 9 60 -2 To reflect, think, consider, ponder over, संप्रधार्याब्रवीद्वाता न समौ नासमाविति Ms 10. 73, एव संप्रधार्य Pt 1 -3 To fix upon, direct towards -4 To deliver over, द्रौपदीमार्ष्टिषेणाय संप्रधार्य महारथा (शैल-मारुह) Mb 3 161 3

संप्रधारणम्, -णा 1 Deliberation -2 Determining the propriety or otherwise of anything

संप्रपद् 4 A 1 To set out (on a journey) -2 To come to, arrive at -3 To have recourse to, betake oneself to -4 To set about, begin -5 To succeed -6 To become, turn out to be

संप्रपदः, -दम् Roaming about, standing on tip toe, (of Ms 6 22 com), स्वप्याद्भूमौ शुची रात्रौ दिवा संप्रपदेनयेत् Y 3. 51

संप्रपन्न p p 1 Arrived at -2 Endowed with, possessed of -3 Entered, fallen into

संप्रभवः Rising, appearance

संप्रभिन्न p p 1 Split open, cleft -2 In rut

संप्रमापणम् Killing, slaughter.

संप्रमार्गः Purification

संप्रमुग्धम् Perturbation, confusion

संप्रमोदः Great joy, jubilee

संप्रमोषः Loss, destruction, abstraction, यदोपरामो मनसो नामरूपरूपस्य दृष्टस्मृतिसंप्रमोषात् Bhāg 6 4 26

संप्रमोहः Complete bewilderment, embarrassment, infatuation

संप्रयाणम् Departure

संप्रयुज् 7 U 1 To yoke together, harness -2 To join, connect -3 To apply, employ, make use of -4 To perform, execute -5 To instigate, induce -Caus 1 To join together, unite -2 To equip, prepare -3 To employ, use

संप्रयुक्त p p 1 Yoked or joined together, तत् कदाचिद्वरिसंप्रयुक्तम् Mb 3 165 1 -2 Sexually united -3 Intent upon -4 Devoted or addicted to, see above -5 Come into contact with, पतितैः संप्रयुक्तानामिमा शृणुत निष्कृती Ms 11 179 -6 Urged, impelled

संप्रयुक्तक a Cooperative

संप्रयोगः 1 Union, connection, meeting, conjunction, contact, (जलस्य) उष्णत्वमग्न्यातपसप्रयोगात् R 5 54, M 5 3 -2 A connecting link, fastening, एतेन मोचयति भूषण-सप्रयोगात् Mk 3 16 -3 Relation, dependence -4 Mutual relation or proportion -5 Connected series or order -6 Sexual union, coition, स्त्रीपुंसयोः संप्रयोगे स्पर्शः कस्याप्येको भवेत् Mb 13 12 1 -7 Application -8 Magic -9 Mutual intercourse, संप्रयोगो भवेन्नायमम मोघस्त्वया द्विज Mb 1 47 39 -10 Co-operation, लब्धा मही ब्राह्मण-सप्रयोगात् Mb 3 26 13 -11 (In astr) Conjunction (of the moon and the lunar mansions)

संप्रयोगिन् a 1 Joining together -2 Wanton, addicted to sexual intercourse -m 1 A joiner, uniter -2 A conjuror -3 A libertine -4 A catamite

संप्रवद् 1 U 1 To speak loudly or distinctly (as men), संप्रवदन्ते ब्राह्मणा Sk -2 To cry, utter a cry (Paras), (वरतनु) संप्रवदन्ति कुक्कुटा Mbh -3 To converse together (Ātm), शृण्वन् संप्रवदमानाद् रावणस्य गुणान् जनान् Bk 8 28.

संप्रवदनम् Conversation, dialogue

संप्रविश् 6 P 1 To enter together -2 To have sexual intercourse with -Caus To lead into, introduce

संप्रवेशः 1 Complete entrance -2 Introduction -3 Place of entrance

संप्रवृत् 1 Ā 1 To take place, happen -2 To begin, set about, commence -3 To proceed, go on -4 To attack, assail -5 To be present -Caus 1 To begin, undertake -2 To set in motion.

संप्रवर्तनम् Undertaking, beginning

संप्रवृष्टम् Complete rain-fall

संप्रश्नः 1 Full or courteous inquiry -2 An inquiry -3 Ved A refuge, an asylum

संप्रश्रयः Modesty, humbleness

संप्रसादः 1 Propitiation -2 Favour, grace -3 Serenity, sedateness -4 Trust, confidence -5 The soul (during deep sleep), अयं य एष संप्रसादोऽस्माच्छरीरात् समुत्थाय Ch Up 8 3 4 -6 Mental repose (during deep sleep), स वा एष एतस्मिन् संप्रसादे रत्वा Bri Up 4 3 15, य संप्रसादो जगत शरीरं सर्वान् स लोकानविगच्छतीह Mb 12 245 33 (com संप्रसाद सुषुप्तम्)

संप्रसाधनम् 1 An ornament, a decoration -2 Accomplishing or performing well

संप्रसारः One through whom all goes on well

संप्रसारणम् The change of य्, व्, र्, and ल् to इ, उ, ऋ, and ए respectively, इग्यण संप्रसारणम् P I 1 45

संप्रसिद्धिः Success, good luck

संप्रस्था 1 Ā 1 To set out, depart -2 To proceed, advance

संप्रस्थानम् Departure, advance

संप्रहारः 1 Mutual striking -2 Encounter, war, battle, conflict, तद्गौरवात् समुपसहृतसंप्रहार U 6 7 -3 Giong, motion

संप्रहासः Mockery, derision

संप्राप् 5 P 1 To reach, arrive at -2 To gain, obtain -3 To meet with, encounter, come upon, fall in with, as in संप्राप्तुवन्त्यापदम्

संप्राप्त p p 1 Well reached or attained -2 Appeared, arrived (in time) -3 Sprung or descended from, स हरैतेष तद्विषय संप्राप्तोऽप्यन्यथोन्नत Ms 9 141

संप्राप्तिः f Attainment, acquisition

संप्री 4 Ā To be completely pleased or satisfied

संप्रियम् Contentment, satisfaction, लोकानां सप्रियार्थं तु न शापं गृह्यमुक्तवान् Rām 7 51 17

संप्रीतिः f. 1 Attachment, affection -2 Friendly assent -3 Delight, joy

संप्रेक्ष् 1 Ā 1 To observe carefully, mark, perceive. -2 To consider carefully, investigate, inquire into

संप्रेक्षणम् 1 Observing, beholding -2 Considering, investigating.

संप्रेष् -Caus 1 To send, despatch, dismiss -2 To send a message to, तत् संप्रेषयामासुर्योदव नागसाह्वयम् Mb. 9 62 43.

संश्लेषः 1 Sending away, dismissing -2 Direction, command, order

संश्लेषणम् Sprinkling over, consecration

संश्लु 1 **Ā** 1 To fluctuate, float about, दृष्टे जने प्रेयसि दुःसहानि स्रोतः सहस्रैरिव संप्लवन्ते U 4 8 -2 To flow together, meet (as waters), यावानर्थं उदपाने सर्वतः संश्लुतोदके Bg 2 46 -*Caus* To inundate, flood over, submerge, deluge

संश्लवः 1 Submersion, inundation -2 Surge -3 Flood, संपूर्णं योजनशतं क्षिप्तं सागरसंप्लवे Rām 1 30 18, रूपं च जगहे मात्स्यं चाक्षुषोदधिसंप्लवे Bhāg 1 3 15 -4 Falling into ruin, नूनमेता न परान्ति कस्यचिद्भोगसंप्लवम् Bu Ch 4 57, विदधे निदाघ इव सत्वसंप्लव Ki 12 51 -5 Subversion -6 Misarrangement, Kau A 2 10 -7 Heap, multitude, शारदाभैरवाकीर्णं गगनं हससंप्लवे Rām 1 43 23 -8 Falling down, shower, विद्युस्तनितवर्षेषु महोत्कानां च संप्लवे Ms 1 103 -9 Tumult, चित्रकर्म इवाभाति सर्वेषां रणसंप्लव Rām 7 28 41 -10 End, close of

संश्लुतिः f Jumping up on an elephant from behind, Matanga L 12 26

संश्लालः A ram, sheep

संश्लालः a Full-blown, blossomed

संश्लेषः An angry or tumultuous conflict, an incident describing the mutual encounter of angry persons, see S D. 379, 420, e g the encounter between मावव and अघोरघण्ट in Māl 5

संश्ल I 1 P (सवति) To go, move -II 10 U (सवयति-ते) To collect, accumulate

संश्लम् 1 The second ploughing of a field, (संश्लु to plough twice), see शब् also -2 Water

संश्लन्ध 9 P 1 To bind or tie together, unite, join, connect, attach -2 To make, construct, form -*Pass* 1 To be connected with, go with, belong to -2 To be furnished or supplied with

संश्लद्ध p. p 1 Bound or fastened together -2 Attached to -3 Connected with, related to, belonging to -4 Endowed with -5 Connected in sense -6 Closed, shut -**द्धम्** ind 1 Jointly, जगुश्चाप्सरसो राज्ञ यथा संबद्धमेव च Mb 9 61 56 -2 Moreover -**Comp.** -**दर्प** a one who has feelings of pride

संश्लन्ध a Able, capable -2 Fit, proper, right -**न्धः** 1 Connection, union, association -2 Relation, relationship -3 Relation, as the meaning of the genitive case -4 Matrimonial alliance, विक्रियायै न कल्पन्ते संबन्धा सदनुष्ठिता Ku 6 29, 30, जनकानां रघूणां च संबन्धं कस्य न प्रिय U 1 17 -5 Friendly connection, friendship, संबन्धमाभाषणपूर्वमाहुः R 2 58 -6 Fitness, propriety -7 Prosperity, success -8 A relation, kinsman -9 A collection, volume, book.

संबन्धक a 1 Relating, concerning -2 Fit, suitable -**कः** 1 A friend -2 A relation by birth or marriage, संबन्धकेन राजेन्द्र तौ तु वीर्यबलान्वयात् Mb 5 170 10 -**कम्** 1 Relation, connection, सख्य संबन्धकं चैव तदा तं प्रत्यपूजयत् Rām 1 11 18 -2 A kind of peace

संबन्धिनः a 1 Relating or belonging to -2 Connected with, serving as an adjunct, inherent -3 Possessing good qualities -*m* 1 A relation by marriage, एष व सख्यसंबन्धी जनकानां कुलोद्बह U 4 9 -2 A relation, kinsman (in general), संबन्धिनो वसिष्ठादीनेष तातस्तवाचरेति U 1 16, R 2 38 -**शब्दः** an expression which gains its currency owing to the relationship existing between two persons or things, पत्नीति संबन्धिः शब्दोऽयम् SB on MS 6 1 7

संबरः 1 A dam, bridge -2 A kind of deer -3 N of a demon slain by Pradyumna, see शबर and प्रद्युम्न -4 N of a mountain -**रम्** 1 Restraint -2 Water -3 A kind of religious observance (with the Buddhists) -**Comp** -**अरिः**, -**रिपुः** Cupid

संबलः, -**लम्** Provision for a journey, viaticum -**लम्** Water

संबाध 1 **Ā** 1 To press heavily, to oppress, afflict, torment, injure, hurt -2 To compress, contract -3 To block up, throng, crowd -4 To bind firmly together

संबाध a Thronged or crowded with, blocked up, narrow, निगाढे युधि संबाधे वेत्स्यसे मा जनार्दन Mb 5 76 14, संबाधं बृहदपि तद्बभूव वर्त्म Sī 8 2, व्योम्नि संबाधवर्त्सभि R 12 67, अनेकसिद्धसाध्यसंबाधम् K* -**धः** 1 Being thronged with -2 Pressing on, striking, hurting, स्तनसंबाधमुरी जवानं च Ku 4 26 -3 Obstruction, difficulty, danger, impediment, मा गाश्चिरायैकचर प्रमादं वसनसंबाधाशिवेऽपि देशे Ki 3 53 -4 The road to hell -5 Fear, dread -6 The vulva

संबाधक a 1 Pressing together, contracting -2 Thronging, crowding

संबाधनम् 1 Blocking up, obstructing -2 Compressing -3 A barrier, gate -4 The vulva -5 The point of a stake -6 A door-keeper (m?) -**ना** Rubbing, chafing

संबुद्ध 1 U, 4 **Ā** 1 To know, understand, learn, become aware of, समुत्सीष्टा सुनयनयनैर्विद्विषामीहितानि Bk 19 30 -2 To perceive, observe, notice -3 To wake up, rise from sleep -*Caus* 1 To inform, acquaint with, give information about, तवागतिज्ञं समबोधयन् माम् R 13 25 -2 To address, call out to -3 To instruct -4 To admonish, advise -5 To wake up, rouse -6 To explain

संबुद्ध p p 1 Well-understood -2 Very wise or prudent -3 Wide awake -**द्धः** A Buddha or Jaina deified saint.

संयुद्धि *f* 1 Perfect knowledge or perception, तत् पश्यन्त्यसंयुद्ध्या बानपितृकफोत्तरान् Mb 12 216 11 -2 Full consciousness -3 Calling to, addressing -4 (In gram) The vocative case, एह् हस्वात् संयुद्धे P VI 1 69 -5 An epithet.

संयोधः 1 Explaining, instructing, informing -2 Full or correct perception -3 Sending, throwing -4 Loss, destruction

संयोधनम् 1 Explaining -2 Addressing -3 The vocative case -4 An epithet (used in calling a person), भूमौ स्थिता रमण नाथ मनोहरेति संयोधनैर्यमधिरोपितवत्यनि ग्राम् Bv 3 13

संयुहणम् Strengthening, refreshing

संभक्षः 1 Eating together, feeding upon (also *a*) -2 Food in common

संभज् 1 U 1 To divide, distribute, allot, apportion -2 To possess, enjoy -3 To bestow, grant -4 To favour, serve, help

संभक्त *p p* 1 Divided, shared -2 Possessing, enjoying -3 Faithful or attached to, devoted to

संभक्तिः *f* 1 Sharing in, possessing -2 Distributing -3 Favouring, honouring

संभग्न *p p* Shattered, dispersed -**शः** An epithet of Śiva

संभली A procuress, see शंभला

संभव्यः The wood-apple.

संभालयति Den To hear, विज्ञप्तिमन्तं समयं स भैम्या मध्येसमं वासवसम्भग्रीया (संभालयामास) N 6 76

संभाष् 1 A 1 (*a*) To speak together, converse, असंभाष्ये साक्षिभिश्च देशं संभाषते मिथ Ms 8 55 (*b*) To say or speak in general -2 To speak to, address -3 To greet, salute -4 To agree together, consent -**Caus** 1 To converse with -2 To persuade, prevail upon

संभाषः Conversation

संभाषा, संभाषणम् 1 Discourse, conversation, प्रतिश्रवणसंभाषे शयानो न समाचरेत् Ms 2 195, 8 354 -2 Greeting -3 Criminal connection -4 An agreement, a contract -5 A watch-word, war-cry

संभाषित *p p* 1 Addressed -2 Said, spoken -**तम्** Conversation

संभिद् 7 U 1 To break or tear asunder, break to pieces -2 To mingle, meet, combine, mix, join, bring together, अन्योन्यसंभिन्नदृशा सखीनाम् Māl 1 33, Bk 7 5 -3 To contract, compress

सं ई. को...२००

संभिन्न *p p* 1 Completely broken -2 Shattered, shaken, agitated, संभिन्नैरिभतुरगावगाहनेन Kī 7 11 -3 Combined or united with, यस्तु संभिन्नवृत्तं स्याद्वातशोकभयो नर Mb 12 26 21, संभिन्नामविरलपातिभिर्मयूखै Kī 7 23 -4 Fully blown or opened, करैरिन्दोरन्तश्छुरित इव संभिन्न-मुकुल Ve 1 1 -5 Close, tight -6 Solid, compact -7 Revolted, treacherous, बल यस्य तु संभिन्नं मनागपि जयं कुत Sukra 4 1016 -**शः** An epithet of Śiva -**Comp.** -**प्रलापः** idle talk -**वृत्त** *a* one who has abandoned good conduct

संभेद 1 Breaking, splitting, becoming loose, falling off, एष संयुक्तिवर्ण एषा लोकानामसंभेदाय Bri Up 4 4 22 -2 Union, mixture, combination, आलोकतिमिरसंभेद Māl 10 11, हर्षोद्वेगसंभेद उपनत Māl 8 -3 Meeting (of glances) -4 Confluence, junction (of two rivers), नूनं प्राप्ता स्म संभेदं गङ्गायमुनयोर्वयम् Rām 2 54 6, तदुत्तिष्ठ पारा-सिन्धुसंभेदमवगाह्य नगरीमेव प्रविशाम, अयमसौ महानद्यो संभेद Māl 4, मधुमतीसिन्धुसंभेदपावन 9, Ms 8 356 -5 Blossoming, opening -6 Uniformity -7 Clenching (the fist), मुष्टेरसंभेद इवापवर्गे Kī 16 20 -8 Revolt, treachery, रिपो प्रजानां संभेदपीडनं स्वजयाय वै Sukra 4 36

संभुज् 7 U 1 To eat -2 To enjoy -3 To enjoy carnally

संभुक्त *p p* 1 Eaten -2 Well enjoyed -3 Made use of

संभोगः 1 Enjoyment (in general), pleasure, delight, सत्संभोगफला श्रियः Subhās -2 Possession, use, occupation, संभोगो दृश्यते यत्र न दृश्येतागमं कश्चित् Ms 8 200 -3 Carnal enjoyment, sexual union, copulation, संभोगान्ते मम समुचितो हस्तसंवाहनानाम् Me. 98 -4 A lecher, catamite -5 A sub-division of the sentiment of love, see under शृङ्गार -**Comp.** -**वेदमन्** the chamber of a concubine

संभोगिन् *a* 1 Sensual. -2 Employing, using -*m.* A sensualist, libertine

संभोजः Food.

संभोजकः An eater, a taster.

संभोजनम् Eating in company, a dinner-party

संभोजनी 1 Eating together, संभोजनी साभिहिता पैशाची दक्षिणा द्विजैः Ms 3 141 -2 The gift (दक्षिणा) given at a dinner-party, संभोजनी नाम पिशाचदक्षिणा Mb 13. 90 46.

संभोजनीय *a.* One to be fed (a dependant, son etc.); संभोजनीयापदेशैर्जलनीयं जलौकसं Bhāg 10 49 22

संभू 1 P 1 To arise, to be born or produced, spring up, कथमपि भुवनेऽस्मिन्सादृशा संभवन्ति Māl 2 9, धर्मसंस्थापनार्थाय संभवामि युगे युगे Bg 4 8, Kī 5 22, Bk 6 138, Ms 8 155 -2 To be, become, exist -3 To happen, occur, take place -4 To be possible -5 To be adequate for, be competent for (with *inf.*), न यन्नियन्तु संभवावि भानुना

Si 1 27 -6 To meet, be united or joined with, संभूया-
म्भोधिमभ्येति महानया नगापगा Si 2 100, संभूयेव सुखानि चेतानि
Mā 5 9, 18 -7 To be consistent -8 To have se-
xual intercourse with, ता समभवत्ततो मनुष्या अजायन्त Bri
Up 1 4 3, महर्षिं संविदं कृत्वा सबभूव तया सह Mb 1 178 44
-9 To be capable of existing in, be contained in -10
To attain to -11 To partake of -Oaus 1 To produce,
effect, make -2 To imagine, conceive, fancy, think
-3 To guess or conjecture, S 2 -4 To consider, re-
gard -5 To honour, respect, esteem, show respect to,
प्राप्तिऽसि सम्भावयितुं वनान्माम् R 5 11, 7 8 -9 To honour or
present with, treat with, अवोपमुक्तेन विसन जाया सम्भावया-
मास रथाङ्गनामा Ku 3 37 -7 To ascribe or impute to,
पापं कर्म च यत् परैरपि कृतं तत्तस्य सम्भाव्यते Mk 1. 36 -8 To
come or go to, approach -9 To take part in, enjoy,
U 4 -10 To greet, salute -11 To manifest, exhibit
-12 To expect -Pass of Oaus To be possible, कय-
मेतद्भवति सम्भाव्यते S. 2

संभवः 1 Birth, production, springing up, arising,
existence, प्रियस्य सुहृदो यत्र मम तत्रैव संभवो भूयात् Mā 9,
मानुषीषु कथं वा स्यादस्य रूपस्य संभवः S 1 26, अनाद्भवन्ति
भूतानि पर्जन्यादन्नसंभवः Bg 3 14, oft at the end of comp
in this sense, अप्सरसंभवैषा S 1 -2 Production and
bringing up, य मातापितरौ क्लेशं सहते संभवे नृणाम् Ms 2 227,
(see Kull thereon) -3 Cause, origin, motive -4 Mix-
ing, union, combination -5 Possibility, संयोगो हि वियोगस्य
संस्वरयति संभवम् Subhās -6 Compatibility, consistency
-7 Adaptation, appropriateness -8 Agreement, con-
formity -9 Capacity -10 Equivalence (one of the
Pramānas) -11 Acquaintance -12 Loss, destruction
-13 (In rhet) A possible case -14 Cohabitation -15
(pl) Wealth, prosperity, स सर्वभयनिर्मुक्तं संभवानधितिष्ठति
Mb 13 64 11 -16 Knowledge (विद्या), अन्यदेवाहुः संभवाद-
न्यदेवाहुरसंभवात् Īsop 13 -17 Occurrence, appearance

संभविष्णु a Producer, creator, एवं वै प्रजानां स्थिरजङ्गमानां
प्रजापतीनामासि संभविष्णु Bhāg 8 17 28.

संभव्यः Feronia Elephantam (Mar कवठ)

संभावनम्, -ना 1 Considering, reflecting, सामन्तसंभाव-
नयैव धीरं कैलासनाथं तरसा जिगीषु R 5 28 -2 Fancying,
supposition, संभावनमथोत्प्रेक्षा प्रकृतस्य संभवेन यत् K P 10,
सुखसंभावनं कृत्वा धारयित्वा सुखं स्वयम् Mb. 12 153 92,
भ्रमादुपेतान् वहदम्बुवाहान् संभावना वा सफलचकार Bu Oh 1 3
-3 An idea, fancy, thought -4 Respect, honour, es-
teem, regard, संभावनागुणमवेहि तमीश्वराणाम् S 7 4 -5 Pos-
sibility -6 Fitness, adequacy, संभावना भूतिमिवोद्गरिष्यन्
K1 3 39 -7 Competency, ability -8 Doubt -9 Affec-
tion, love -10 Celebrity -11 Obtaining, getting,
क्षीरसंभावनार्थं कृत्तिका समयोजयन् Rām 1 37 23

संभावित p p 1 Considered, supposed, imagined,
पित्राहं दोषेषु संभावित K -2 Esteemed, honoured, respec-
ted, सन्त्यन्येऽपि बृहस्पतिप्रसृत्य संभाविता. पञ्चषा Bh. 2 34, Ku

3 11, विस्तारिस्तनकुम्भकुड्मलभरोत्सगेन संभाविता Mā 8 6
-3 Respectable, honourable, संभावितस्य चाकीर्तिर्मरणादति-
रिच्यते Bg 2 34 -4 Suited, fitted, adequate, fit -5 Pos-
sible -6 Derived, produced, got, Mā 5 -7 Satisfied
-8 Expected, अवसीदति यस्तुरैरपि त्वयि संभाविनवृत्तिं पौरुषम्
K1 2 7 -तम् Conjecture, supposition

संभाव्य a 1 Probable, likely, possible -2 To be ex-
pected or deemed probable, संभाव्यसत्तत्त्वनाभयदानपुण्यसम्भार-
मस्य वपुरत्र हि विस्फुरन्ति Mv 2 40 -3 Capable, suitable
-व्यम् Adequacy, fitness

संभूत p p 1 Born, produced -2 Formed or com-
posed of -3 Combined or united with -4 Adequate,
equal -5 Provided with, possessed of, एकाङ्गेनापि संभूतं
शत्रुर्दुर्गमुपाश्रित Mb 12 58 18

संभूतिः f 1 Birth, origin, production, संभूतिं तस्य तां
विद्याद्ययोनानावभिजायते Ms 2 147 -2 Combination, union
-3 Fitness, suitability -4 Power -5 Knowledge, see
संभव (16), संभूतिं च विनाशं च यस्तद्वदोभयं सह । विनाशेन मृत्यु-
तीर्त्वा संभूयायुतमश्नुते ॥ Īsop 14, 12 -6 Manifestation of
might, superhuman power (विभूति), गोविन्ददेवतावृद्धगुरुभूतानि
सर्वश । नमस्कृत्यात्मसंभूतीर्मङ्गलानि समस्पृशत् ॥ Bhāg 10 70 10
-7 A part, incarnation, इयं च लक्ष्म्या संभूतिः पुरुषस्यानपायिनी
Bhāg 4 15 3

संभूय ind 1 Coming or meeting together -2 Being
united or combined, in company or concert -Comp.
-कारिन् a a coadjutor or colleague, संभूयकारीष्येतानी-
त्युक्तम् SB on MS 11 1 55, अङ्गानामपि हि संभूयकारित्वमुक्तम्
ibid 11 1 55 -गमनम्, -थानम् going in company
-समुत्थानम् partnership in trade, cooperative under-
taking, Kau A 3

संभृ 3 U 1 To collect, hoard, place or bring toge-
ther, त्यागाय संभृतार्थानाम् R 1 7, 5 5, 8 3, Bk 6 80
-2 To effect, produce, bring on, accomplish, सुरतश्रम-
संभृतो मुखे (स्वेदलव) R 8 51, K1. 9 49, संभृतश्री Me 117
-3 To maintain, cherish, foster -4 To make ready,
prepare, तस्मिन् सन्नियमाणे तु राघवस्याभिषेचने Rām 5 33 19,
संभृते शिखिनि गूढमादधु R 19 54 -5 To give, offer,
present -6 To lift up, दक्षिणं दक्षिणं काले संभृत्य स्वभुजं तदा
Mb 6 97 28

संभारः 1 Bringing together, collecting, पर्यायसेवा-
सुसज्ज्य पुष्पसम्भारतत्परा Ku 2 36 -2 Preparation, provi-
sions, necessities, requisites, apparatus, things requi-
site for any act, बहुपकरणा यज्ञानां सम्भारविस्तरा Mb 3
82 14, सविशेषमद्य पूजासंभारो मया संनिधापनीय Mā 5, R
12 4, V 2 -3 An ingredient, a constituent part
-4 Multitude, heap, quantity, assemblage, as in
शस्त्रास्त्रसम्भार -5 Fulness -6 Wealth, affluence -7
Maintenance, support -8 High degree, excess of

संभृत p p 1 Brought together, collected, concen-
trated. -2 Got ready, prepared, provided, equipped,

सभृनया सपर्यया किल परम परितुष्यसि Bhāg 5 3 6 -3
Furnished or endowed with, possessed of -4 Placed,
deposited -5 Full, complete, entire -6 Gained, obta-
ined -7 Carried, borne -8 Nourished -9 Produced,
caused -10 Honoured, respected -11 Loud, shrill
(as a sound) -Comp -श्रुत a learned, wise -संभार
a quite ready, all prepared -स्नेह a full of love

संभृतिः f 1 Collection -2 Preparation, equipment,
provision -3 Fulness -4 Support, maintenance,
nourishment

संभ्रम् 1, 4 P 1 To roam, rove -2 To be in error,
be perplexed or confused, be bewildered -Caus To
perplex, bewilder

संभ्रम a 1 Agitated, excited -2 Rolling about
(as the eyes), या ते दशाश्रुकलितान्नसंभ्रमाक्षम् Bhāg 1 8 31

संभ्रमः 1 Turning round, whirling, revolving -2
Haste, hurry -3 Confusion, flurry, दृष्ट संप्रेम देव्या
किमिदमिति भयात् संभ्रमाच्छासुरीभि Ve 1 3, Mb 7 103 48
-4 Fear, alarm, fright, S 1, मुखयेव हि कुच्छ्रेषु संभ्रमज्वलित
मन Ki 15 2 -5 Error, mistake, ignorance -6 Zeal,
activity -7 Respect, reverence, गृहमुपगते संभ्रमविधि
Bh 2 64, तव वीर्यवत कश्चिद्यस्ति मयि संभ्रम Rām -8
Uproar, tumult -9 Ignorance -10 Agitation, anxiety,
त्यज शोक च मोह च संभ्रम दु खज तथा Rām 2 60 5, विप्रबन्ध
गच्छ हैनेय मा कार्षीमयि संभ्रमम् Mb 7 111 51 -11 Delusion,
'संभ्रमो भ्रान्तिहावयो' इति विश्व, अथ दीर्घतम तम प्रवेक्ष्यन् सहसा
रुण्णरय स संभ्रमेण Ki 13 30 -Comp. -ज्वलित a excited
by agitation -भृत् a embarrassed, flurried

संभ्रान्त p p Whirled about -2 Flurried, agitated,
perplexed, bewildered, दृष्ट्वा हनूमतो वर्म संभ्रान्त पवनात्मज
Mb 3 150 10 -Comp. -मनस् a bewildered in mind

संभ्रान्तिः Agitation, bewilderment

संभ्रद् 4 P 1 To be intoxicated -2 To rejoice, be
glad -Caus 1 To exhilarate, rejoice, put in good
spirits -2 To be completely intoxicated (Ātm)

समत्त p p 1 Completely drunk -2 Overjoyed,
enraptured, प्रमत्तमतसमतत्त्वेडितोऽकृष्टसकुल Mb 14 59 10
-3 Rutting, being in rut, furious

संभ्रद a Greatly delighted, happy -द Great joy,
delight, happiness, रणसमदोदयविकासिबल Si 15 77, Mā 1
5 11, बत मे समद सोऽभूदस्तु वा मास्तु वा तव Śiva B 15 30

संभ्रादः Intoxication, frenzy.

संभ्रन् 4 Ā 1 To agree, concur, be of the same opinion.
-2 To assent or consent to, approve of, like -3 To
think, suppose, regard -4 To sanction, authorize -5
To esteem, honour, value highly, कश्चिदभिनिवानाभ्य काले
समन्यसेऽतिथिम् Bk 6 65; सममस्त बन्धून् 1 2 -6 To allow,
permit -Caus 1 To honour, respect, value highly
-2 To consider, regard -3 To instruct, teach,

संमत p p 1 Agreed or consented to, approved of,
बाह्यीक सोमदत्तिश्च ये चान्ये वृद्धसमता Mb 3 249 15 -2
Liked, dear, beloved, द्वेष्योऽपि समत शिष्टस्तस्यार्तस्य यथौषधम्
R 1 28 -3 Like, resembling -4 Regarded, considered,
thought -5 Highly respected, honoured, esteemed,
समतोऽह प्रभोर्नित्यमिति मत्वा Pt 1 56 -6 Full of (युक्त, सहित),
वाक्य शौदीर्यसमतम् Mb 9 55 44 -तम् 1 Agreement
-2 Consent, approval, see समति -3 Impression,
opinion

संमतिः f 1 Agreement -2 Concurrence, assent,
approbation, approval -3 Wish, desire -4 Know-
ledge of self, knowledge of the soul, true knowledge
-5 Regard, respect, esteem, कथमिव तव समतिर्भवित्री
समसृत्तुभिर्मुनिनावधीरितस्य Ki 10 36 -6 Love, affection -7
Command, order -8 Honouring (समानन), लोकाना स्वस्ति
चैव स्याद्भवेदरय च समति Rām 7 10 40 -Comp -पत्रकम्
the decree of an assembly of arbitration, (सभ्याधिकारि-
प्रकृति), तपत्र वाद्यमान्य चेत् ज्ञेय समतिपत्रकम् Sukra 2 304

संमानः Honour, respect -नम् 1 A measure -2
Comparing

संमाननम् 1 Honouring, worshipping -2 Instructing,
teaching

संमन्त्र 10 Ā 1 To consult or take counsel with, म
हृदयेन सह समन्त्र्योक्तवानसि Mu 1 -2 To salute, greet
-3 To advise, express an opinion

संमन्त्रणम् Consultation

संमर्षः Patience, endurance

संमहस् Mutual joy

संमातुर = सन्मातुर q v under सत्

संमा 3 Ā, 2 P 1 To measure -2 To make equal,
equalize, see समित -3 To liken, compare, न वै वृभिर्नरेदेव
पराख्य समातुमर्हस्यविपक्रुद्धे Bhāg 1 18 42 -4 To be com-
prised or contained in, मृणालसूत्रमपि ते न समाति स्तनान्तरे
Subhās -5 To distribute, grant, bestow (Ved)

संमिन p p 1 Meted, measured out -2 Of equal
measure, extent or value, equal, similar, like, resembl-
ing, अथ खल्वात्मसमितमतिस्तु सप्तविध सामोपासीत Ch Up 2
10 1, कान्तासमिततयोपदेशयुजे K P 1, R. 3 16 -3 As
large as, reaching to -4 Conformable, corresponding,
commensurate, जलाशयेऽसमितं त समुद्रे प्राक्षिपज्जम् Bhāg
8 24 23 -5 Provided or furnished with. -6 Equa-
lized, adapted -7 Of equal importance, इदं भागवत नाम
पुराण ब्रह्मसमितम् Bhāg 1 3 40. -8 Destined for, कामादन्यत्र
सभूतौ सर्वभावाय समितौ Mb 5. 68 1 -तम् Distance

संमितिः Equalization, comparison

संमिल 6 P To meet or come together, assemble

संमेलनम् 1 Meeting together, union -2 Mixture
-3 Assembling, collecting

संमिश्र See मिश्र

संमिश्र, संमिश्रित a Mixed together, intermixed

संमिश्रणम् The act of mixing together, Kull on Ms 7 195

संमिश्रः An epithet of Indra

संमील 1 P 1 To shut the eyes -2 To close up, contract (as flowers &c), समीलन्ति न तावद्वन्धनकोषास्तथावचित-
पुष्पा S 3 6 (v 1) -Caus 1 To shut, close, उपान्तसमीलित-
लोचनो नृप R 3 26, 13 10 -2 To obscure, darken,
make dim, विकारश्चैतन्य भ्रमयति च समीलयति च U 1 36
-3 To make insensible

संमीलनम् 1 Closing up (of a flower &c), covering,
enveloping -2 Cessation of activity -3 A total eclipse

संमुख a (-खा or -खी f), संमुखीन a 1 Facing,
fronting, face to face, opposite, confronting, काम न
तिष्ठति मदाननसमुखी सा S 1 31, R 15 17, Si 10 86 -2
Encountering, meeting -3 Disposed to -4 Looking or
directed towards -5 Propitious, favourable, त्रयोऽय-
न्यायत सिद्धा समुखे कर्मणि स्थिते Pt 5 91 -6 Fit, suitable
-खम्, -खे ind In front of, opposite to, before, in
the presense of, न बभूव तदा कश्चियुत्सोरस्य समुखे Rām
7 28 5

संमुखिन m A mirror, looking-glass.

संमुखीकृत p p Aimed at

संमूर्च्छ 1 A 1 To faint, swoon -2 To grow strong
or powerful, gather strength, become intense, समूर्च्छन्ती
रजतभित्तिमयूखजाले K1 5 41 -3 To thicken, coagulate
-Caus 1 To form, fashion -2 To stupefy, benumb

संमूर्च्छः Increase, expansion

संमूर्च्छनम् 1 Fainting, insensibility -2 Congealing,
becoming dense -3 Thickening, increasing -4 Height
-5 Universal pervasion, co-extension, complete perme-
ation -6 Mixing, union, जलौघसमूर्च्छनमूर्च्छितस्वन K1
16 59 -Comp. -उद्भवः fish and similar creatures

संमूर्च्छजः Grass, straw etc, L D B.

संमुह 4 P 1 To be perplexed -2 To be foolish,
infatuated, or unconscious -Caus To infatuate,
stupefy

संमुग्ध p p 1 Stupefied -2 Bewildered -3 Beauti-
ful -ग्धम् ind In a fascinating manner -2 Furtively

संमूढ p p 1 Stupefied, unconscious, senseless -2
Infatuated, foolish, स्थिरवृद्धिरसमूढो ब्रह्मविद् ब्रह्मणि स्थित
Bg 5 20 -3 Bewildered, पृच्छामि त्वा धर्मसंमूढचेता Bg
2 7 -4 Disordered -5 Heaped, collected -6 Produced
rapidly -7 Broken. -दा A kind of riddle.

संमोह, संमोहक a Infatuating, bewildering, fasci-
nating, तपो हि परम श्रेय समोहमितरत्सुखम् Rām 7 84 9

संमोहः 1 Bewilderment, confusion, infatuation -2
Insensibility, swoon -3 Ignorance, folly, भ्रम समोहमावर्त-
मभ्यासाद्विनिवर्तयेत् Mb 12 274 7 -4 Fascination -5
Tumult, battle

संमोहनम् 1 Fascinating, fascination -2 Wandering
astray, Mātanga L 1 35 -3 A kind of weapon -नः
N of one of the five arrows of Cupid, संमोहन नाम च
पुष्पधन्वा धनुष्यमोघ समधत्त बाणम् Ku 3 66 -नी = माया q v

संमृज् 2 P, 10 U 1 To sweep clean, purify -2 To
wipe off or out, wipe away, remove -3 To rub, stroke
-4 To strain, filter

संमार्जकः 1 A sweeper -2 A broom

संमार्जनम् 1 Sweeping, cleaning -2 Purifying,
cleaning, brushing -3 Anointing (of images) -4
Remains of food wiped off from dishes &c

संमार्जनी A broom

संमृष्ट p p. 1 Well swept, cleansed -2 Strained,
filtered

संमृत a Quite dead, deceased

संमुद् 1, 9 P 1 To press or squeeze together, rub
or grind to pieces, crush, trample upon -2 To pound,
bruise, kill -Caus 1 To crush, pound &c -2 To rub
-3 To clean

संमर्दः 1 Rubbing together, friction -2 Throng,
crowd, concourse, यज्ञीप्रतरकल्पोऽभूत् समर्दस्तत्र मज्जताम् R 15
101, Mā 10 -3 Treading or trampling on -4 War,
battle, जवे प्रहारे समर्दे सर्वे एवातिमानुषा Mb 5 169 10
-5 Impact (of waves) -6 Encounter, meeting (with
enemies)

संमर्दनम् Rubbing, friction

संमोदः 1 Great joy, delight -2 Odour, fragrance

संमोदिकः Comrade, companion

सम्यक्, सम्यक् a (समीची f) 1 Going with, accom-
panying, यजन्ते याजका सम्यक्परिवार शुभार्थिन Mb 3 130
16 -2 Right, fit, proper, due, अपि चेत् सुदुराचारो भजते
मामनन्यभाक् साधुरेव स मन्तव्य सम्यग्व्यवसितो हि स Bg 9 30
-3 Correct, true, accurate -4 Pleasant, agreeable, किं च
कुलानि कवीना निसर्गसम्यग्नि रञ्जयतु R G -5 Same, uniform
-6 All, whole, entire -ind (सम्यक्) 1 With, together
with -2 Well, properly, rightly, correctly, truly, सम्य-
गियमाह S 1, तेषु सम्यग्वर्तमानो गच्छत्यमरलोक्ताम् Ms 2 5, 14
-3 Duly, suitably, correctly, truly -4 Honourably -5
Completely, thoroughly -6 Distinctly. -Comp -ज्ञानम्
right knowledge -दर्शनम्, -दृष्टिः insight -पाठः
a correct reading or recitation -प्रयोगः proper use,

due application -प्रवृत्तिः *f* the right direction (of the organ) -प्रहाणम् right effort or exertion, Buddh
-वृत्तिः *f* steady practice, regular discharge of duties
-स्थितिः remaining together

सम्राज् *m* 1 A paramount sovereign, universal lord, especially one who rules over other princes and has performed the Rājasūya sacrifice, येनेष्ट राजसूयेन मण्डलस्ये-
धरश्च य । शास्ति यश्चाज्ञया राज्ञ स सम्राट् Ak, R 2. 5 -2
A ruler having a revenue to the extent of one to ten
crores of Karṣa, ततस्तु कोटिपर्यन्तं स्वराट् सम्राट् तत परम् ।
दशकोटिमितो यावद् विराट् तु तदनन्तरम् ॥ Sukra 1 185

सय् 1 *Ā* (सयते) To go, move

सयावक *a* Dyed with lac, Ki

सयुज् *a* A companion, comrade, द्वा सुपर्णा सयुजा सखाया
समान वृक्ष परिषस्वजाते Mund 3 1 1

सयूध्यः One of the same flock or tribe

सयोगः Junction, union, यस्मात् प्रियाप्रियवियोगमयोगजन्म-
/ शोकाग्निना सकलयोनिषु दहमान । Bhāg 7 9 17

सयोनि *a* 1 Having the same womb, uterine -2
Closely related to -3 Closely united with the womb
-नि. 1 A whole or uterine brother -2 A pair of
nippers for cutting betel-nut -3 N of Indra

सयोषण *a* 1 Attended by women -2 Along with
the women

सर *a* [सरति स-अच्] 1 Going or moving -2 Cathar-
tic, purgative -रः 1 Going, motion -2 An arrow -3
The coagulum of curds or milk, cream -4 Salt -5 A
string, necklace, अय कण्ठे बाहु गिशिरमसृणो मौक्तिकसर, U
1 39, 29 -6 A water fall -7 A short vowel (in
prosody) -रम् 1 water -2 A lake, pool -रा 1
Motion, movement -2 A cascade -री A water-fall
-Comp -उत्सवः a crane -उदकम् the water of a
pond -जम् fresh butter, of शरज -पत्रिका 1 the new
leaf of a lotus -2 a lotus

सरकः, -कम् [स-वृत्] 1 A continuous line of road
-2 Spirituous liquor, spirits, 'सरक शीघ्रपात्रे स्याच्छीघ्रपात्रे
च शीघ्रनि' इति विश्व -3 Drinking spirits, चक्रुरथ सह
पुरन्धिजनेरयथार्थसिद्धि सरक महीमृत Śi 15. 80; 10 12 -4 A
drinking-vessel, wine-glass, goblet, प्रापि चेतसि सविप्रति-
सारं सुभ्रूवामवसर सरकेण Śi 10 20 -5 Distribution of
spirituous liquor -कम् 1 Going -2 A pond, lake -3
Heaven

सरधा A bee, तस्तार सरधाव्यासैः स क्षौद्रपटलैरिव R 4.
63, Śi 15 23

सरङ्गः 1 A quadruped -2 A bird -a Having a
nasal sound

सरजस्, -सा *f*, सरजस्का A woman during
menstruation

सरद् *m* [स-अटि Un 1 126] 1 Air, wind -2 A
cloud -3 A lizard -4 A bee -5 A thread

सरटः [स-अटच् Un 4 89] 1 Wind -2 A lizard,
लताहिमरटाना च तिरश्चा चाम्बुचारिणाम् Ms 12 57, अहासि लोकै
सरटात् पटोज्जिनी N 16 52, 18 148

सरटिः 1 Wind -2 A cloud

सरटुः A lizard, chameleon

सरण *a* [स-रयुद्] Going, moving, flowing -णम् 1
Proceeding, going or flowing -2 Running, quick
motion, आज्ञे सरणम् Ch Up 1 3 5, आरोहे पर्यवस्कन्दे सरणे
सान्तरप्लुते Mb 6 76 8, 7 114 5 -3 Locomotion -4
Iron rust

सरणा, -णी *f* *Praderia Foetida* (Mar हरणवेल)

सरणिः, -णी *f* [स-नि Un 2 101] 1 A path, way,
road, course, मया सर्वेऽवज्ञासरणिमथ नीता सुरगणा G L 4
-2 Arrangement, mode -3 A straight or continuous
line -4 A disease of the throat

सरण्डः [स-अण्डन् Un 1 120] 1 A bird -2 A libertine,
dissolute man -3 A lizard -4 A rogue -5 A kind of
ornament

सरण्युः [स-अन्युच् Un 3 83] 1 Air, wind -2 A cloud
-3 Water -4 The spring -5 Fire -6 N of Yama

सरत् *m* A thread

सरतिः *m, f* A kind of cubit measure, of रलि or
अरलि

सरथ *a* Riding in the same car -थः A warrior
riding in a chariot

सरद्धत् *m* 1 N of the sage Gautama -2 N of
Gautama's son (also spelt with ष), L D B

सरभस *a* 1 Speedy, quick. -2 Violent, impetuous
-3 Passionate -4 Delighted -सम् and Impetuously,
hurriedly &c

सरमा [स-अम Un 4 90] 1 A bitch -2 The bitch
of the gods -3 N of a daughter of Dakṣa -4 N of
the wife of Bibhīṣana, brother of Rāvana

सरयुः Air, wind -युः, -यूः *f* N of a river on which
stands Ayodhya, or Oudh, तीर्थं तोयव्यतिकरमवे जहुकन्या-
सरयो R. 8 95, 13. 61, 63, 14 30

सरल *a* [स-अल्च् Un 1 105] 1 Straight, not crooked
-2 Honest, upright, sincere, candid -3 Simple, art-
less, simple-minded, सरले साहसराग परिहर Mal 6 10,
अथि सरले किमत्र मया भगवत्या शक्यम् 2 -लः 1 A kind of
pine tree, विचट्टिताना सरलद्रुमाणाम् Ku 1 9, Me 55, R
4 75; also सरल -2 Fire -Comp. -अब्जः 'the exuda-
tion of Sarala', resin, turpentine -द्रवः fragrant resin.
-यायिनी a plant with an erect stem.

सरलित *a* Straightened, straight

सरव्य See शरव्य

सरस् *n* [स-अद्यु] 1 A lake, pond, pool, a large sheet of water, सरसामस्मि सागर Bg 10 24 -2 Water -3 Speech, of सरस्वती -Comp -काकः (-की) A swan, L D B -जम्, जन्मन् *n*, -रुहम् (सरोजम्, सरोजन्मन्, सरोरुहम्) also सरसिजम्, सरसिरुहम् *a* lotus, सरसिजमनुविद्धं वैवलेनापि रम्यम् S 1 20, [Shri Kṣīṇāchandra Chatterji points out in Mafijūsā (March, 1938) that the word सरसिजम् has been used in the sense of 'a lotus' probably for the first time by Kālidāsa According to lexicographers the word सरसिज is met with first in the Sūśruti Samhitā (1 46 124) as an adjective qualifying मत्स्या, Bhāṛavi uses the word in the sense of 'a land lotus' in उत्फुल्लयल-नलीनवनादमुष्मादुद्धृत सरसिजसमव पराग Three stages of being यौगिक, योगरूढ and रूढ are thus clearly seen in the history of the word], सरोरुहयुनिमुष पादारतवासवितुम् Ratn 1 30 -जः (also सरसिजः) Sārāsa bird (सरोजिन् *m* an epithet of Brahman) -जिनी, -रुहिणी 1 a lotus plant, अमर कथ वा सरोजिनी त्यजसि Bv 1 100 -2 a pond abounding in lotuses -3 a multitude of lotuses -4 a lotus -रक्षः (सरोरक्षः) the guardian of a pool -रुह (सरोरुह) *n* a lotus -वरः (सरोवरः) a lake

सरस *a* 1 Juicy, succulent -2 Tasty, sapid -3 Wet, सरसनखपदान्तर्दृष्टकेणप्रमोक्तम् S 11 54 -4 Wet with perspiration, त वीक्ष्य वेपथुमती सरसाङ्गयष्टि Ku 5 85 -5 Full of love, impassioned, त्वयि चपलेऽपि च सरसा अमर कथ वा सरोजिनी त्यजसि Bv 1 100 (where it means 'full of honey' also) -6 Charming, lovely, agreeable, beautiful; सरसवसन्ते Gi 1, तन्मे मन क्षिपति यत्सरसप्रहारम् Mā 4 8 -7 Fresh, new, blooming, सरसकुसुमक्षामैरङ्गै-रनङ्गमहाज्वर Mā 9 10 -8 Thick, solid (सान्द्र), निहित-सरसावकैर्भासे चरणतलै कृतपद्मनिर्वधूनाम् K 10 3 -9 Expressive of poetical sentiment, see रस -सम् A lake, pond

सरसि (सी) कः The Sārāsa bird (crane)

सरसी A lake, pool, आवर्तन्ते विवर्तन्ते सरसीषु मधुवता Bv 2 154, K 12. 51 -Comp -जम्, -रुहम् *a* lotus (-हः) the Sārāsa bird

सरस्वत् *a* 1 Having water, watery, सदैव सारस्य सरस्वतामुना Rām ch 2 85 -2 Juicy, succulent -3 Elegant -4 Sentimental -5 Tasty, sapid -*m* 1 The ocean, कार्णि प्रत्यग्रहीदेक सरस्वानिव निम्नगा S 19 10 -2 A lake, आहादनामनि सरस्वनि सारसाक्षि कैतादशस्तस्मिन् जनेपकारौ Rām ch 5 58 -3 A male river (नद) -4 A buffalo -5 N of Vāyu

सरस्वती 1 N of the goddess of speech and learning, and represented as the wife of Brahman, परस्पर-विरोधिन्योरैकसम्यग्दुर्लभम् । संगत श्रीसरस्वत्योर्मूतयेऽस्तु सदा सताम् ॥ V 5. 24 -2 Speech, voice, words, इति देहविमुक्तये स्थिता

रतिमाकाशभवा सरस्वती अन्वकम्पयन् Ku 4. 39, 43, R 15 46 -3 N of a river (which is lost in the sands of the great desert) -4 A river in general -5 A cow, SB on MS 10 3 19, Vāj 8 43 -6 An excellent woman -7 N of Durgā -8 N of a female divinity peculiar to the Buddhists -9 The Soma plant -10 The plant called ज्योतिष्मती

सरसर, सरासर *a* Moving hither and thither

सरहस्य *a* 1 Mystical, magical -2 Having or attended with mystical teaching or doctrine, तयो किल सरहस्यानि जृम्भन्नाख्याजन्मसिद्धानि U 2 -3 With Upaniṣads, सकल्प सरहस्य च तमाचार्य प्रचक्षते Ms 2 140, 165

सराग *a* 1 Coloured, tinged, tinted, (अकारि) सराग-मस्या रसनागुणस्पदम् Ku 5 10 -2 Dyed with red lac, निक्षिप्तव्यश्चरणान् सरागान् R 16 15 -3 Impassioned, full of love, enamoured, मुनेरपि मनोऽवश्य सराग कुस्तेऽङ्गना Subhāṣ

सराव *a* Sounding, making a noise -चः 1 A lid, cover -2 A shallow dish, saucer, of शराव

सरिः *f* 1 A spring, fountain -2 A cascade (*m*) -3 A quarter of the compass

सरिका 1 Going, proceeding -2 A kind of drug (हिङ्गुपत्री) -3 A woman going

सरित् *f* [स-इति] 1 A river, अन्यसरिता शतानि हि समुद्रगा प्रापयन्त्यन्धिम् M 5 19. -2 A thread, string -Comp. -नाथः, -पतिः (also सरितापति), -मर्तु *m* the ocean -वरा (also सरितावरा) N of the Ganges -सुतः an epithet of Bhisma

सरिद्धत् *m* The ocean

सरि (री) मन् *m* [स-ईमनिच् Un 4 161] 1 Motion, creeping -2 Wind -3 Time

सरिरम्, सरिलम् Water, of सलिल

सरिषपः Mustard

सरीसृपः A serpent, any creeping animal, वनं च दोषबहुल बहुव्यालसरीसृपम् Mb 3 2 3, यथा कश्चिद्वन घोर बहुसर्प-सरीसृपम् Mb 12 300 51 -*a*. 1 Crawling, creeping, भूतेषु वीरुद्भ्य उदुत्तमा ये सरीसृपास्तेषु सबोधनिष्ठा Bhāg 5 5 21 -2 Movable, सरीसृप स्थाणु यदत्र दृश्यते 5 18. 27

सरह *a* Thin, fine, small. -रुः 1 The handle of a sword -2 An arrow

सरूप *a*. 1 Having the same form -2 Lake, resembling, similar, R 6 59, प्रकृतिसरूप विरूप च Sān K 8

सरूपता, -त्वम् 1 Likeness -2 Assimilation to the deity, one of the four states of Mukti

सरोष *a* 1 Angry, wrathful -2 Enraged

सर्कः 1 Wind, air -2 The mind. -3 N. of Brahman,

सर्गः [सृज्-घञ्] 1 Relinquishment, abandonment -2 Creation, आराध्य विप्रान् स्मरमादिसर्गं Bhāg 3 1 28, अस्या सर्गविधौ प्रजापतिरभूच्चन्द्रो नु कान्तिप्रद V 1 8 -3 The creation of the world, प्रलयस्थितिसर्गाणां कारणता गत Ku 2 6, R 3 27, सर्गो नवविबरतस्य प्राकृतो वैकृतस्तु य Bhāg 3 10 13 -4 Nature, the universe, इहैव तैजित सर्गो येषां साम्ये स्थित मन Bg 5 19 -5 Natural property, nature -6 Determination, resolve, गृहाण शस्त्रं यदि सर्ग एष ते R 3 51, 14 42, Si 19 38 -7 Assent, agreement -8 A section, chapter, canto (as of a poem) -9 Rush, onset, advance (of troops) -10 Voiding of excrement, राजमार्गं गवा मध्ये वान्यमध्ये च वर्मिणः । नोपसेवन्ति राजेन्द्र सर्गं मन्त्रपुरीषयो ॥ Mb 13 162 35 -11 N of Siva -12 Fainting, swoon (मोह) -13 Ved A horse -14 Production (of the implement of war), सर्गाणां चान्ववेक्षणम् Mb 12 59 44 (com सर्गाणां रथादिनिर्माणानाम्) -15 Effort, exertion -16 The aspiration at the end of a word (विसर्ग) -**Comp** -**क्रमः** the order of creation -**वन्धः** a great poem having several cantos, a Mahākāvya, सर्गबन्धो महाकाव्यम् S D

सर्ज 1 **Ā** (सर्जति) 1 To acquire, gain -2 To earn by labour

सर्जः 1 N of a tree (साल) -2 The resinous exudation of the Sāla tree -3 A timber tree, उत्फुल्लार्जुन-सर्जवासितवहत् (मरुत्) Māl 9 17 -**Comp** -**निर्यासकः**, -**मणिः**, -**रसः** resin, वृक्षधूप सर्जरस शिलाजतु च मिक्थकम् Siva B 30 17

सर्जकः The Sāla tree -**कम्** The first change in warm milk when mixed with तक्र

सर्जेनम् [सृज्-ल्युट्] 1 Abandoning, quitting -2 Letting loose -3 Creating -4 Voiding -5 The rear of an army -6 Lifting up, पुनर्यत्नमकरोदथसर्जने Mb 8 91 21 -**नी** One of the three folds of anus

सर्जिः, **सर्जिका**, **सर्जी f**, **सर्जिकाक्षारः**, **सर्जिक्षारः** Natron, सौवर्चल यवक्षार सर्जिका च हरीतकीम् Siva B 30 17

सर्जुः, **सर्जूः** [सृज्-ऊ Un 1 77] 1 A trader -2 Neck-lace -3 Going, following -f Lightning

सर्जूरः A day

सर्जः The resin of the Sāla tree

सर्जसिः m [Un 4 111] Water.

सर्जीकम् Water

सर्पः [सृप्-घञ्] 1 Serpentine or winding motion, gliding -2 Flowing, going -3 A snake, serpent -4 N. of a tree (नागकेशर) -5 The Āślēsā constellation -6 N of a tribe of Mlechhas or barbarians -**Comp**. -**अक्षी** a kind of plant (Mar थोर सुगुसवेल्) -**अदनी** the ichneumon plant (Mar सुगुसवेल्) -**अरातिः**, -**अरिः** 1 an ichneumon -2 a peacock -3 an epithet of Garuda -**अशनः** a peacock -**आवासः** an ant-hill -**आवासम्**,

-**इष्टम्** the sandal tree -**ईश्वरः** N of Vasuki -**गतिः** a snake's tortuous movement (in wrestling) -**गन्धा** the ichneumon plant (Mar लघु सुगुसवेल्) -**छत्रम्** a mushroom -**तृण**, an ichneumon -**दंष्ट्रा** 1 a snake's fang -2 Croton Polyandrum (दन्ता) -**दण्डा** a kind of pepper -**दमनी** N of a plant (Mar वाद्य कटाली) -**द्विष्** a peacock -**धारकः**, a snake charmer -**निर्माचनम्** the cast-off skin of a snake -**फणिजः** the gem found in a snake's head, the snake gem -**बन्धः**, an artifice, subtle device -**भुज्** m 1 a peacock -2 a crane -3 a large snake -**भृता** the earth -**मणिः**, a snake gem -**राजः** N of Vasuki -**लना** Piper Betel (नागवल्ली), also सर्पवल्ली -**विद्** m a conjuror, snake charmer -**विद्या**, -**वेदः** Snake-science, सर्पदेवजनविद्यामनद्गवोऽयमि Ch Up 7 1 2 -**सत्रम्** a sacrifice for the destruction of serpents (performed by king Janamejaya) -**सत्रिन्** m N of king Janamejaya, see जनमेजय -**हन्** m 1 an ichneumon -2 N of Garuda

सर्पणम् [सृप्-ल्युट्] 1 Creeping, gliding, इष्ट मे महदा-श्चर्यं पर्वतस्येव सर्पणम् Mb 5 75 21 -2 Tortuous motion -3 The flight of an arrow nearly parallel to the ground

सर्पिणी 1 A female serpent -2 N of a small medicinal herb.

सर्पितम् A real snake-bite

सर्पिन् a 1 Creeping, gliding, winding, going tortuously -2 Moving, going (in general), यूष्म मन्दविसर्पिणी Pt 1 252

सर्पिस् n [सृप्-इति Un 2 107] Clarified butter, (for the difference between घृत and सर्पिस् see आज्य), यथायस्मिन् सर्पिर्बोद्धक वा सिञ्चति वर्त्मनी एव गच्छति Ch Up 4 15 1 -**Comp** -**आसुतिः** an epithet of Agni -**कुण्डिका** a butter-jar -**समुद्रः** the sea of clarified butter, one of the seven seas

सर्पिष्मत् a Dressed with clarified butter

सर्व 1 P (सर्वति) To go, move

सर्मः 1 Going, motion, अभिक्रम्याव जिघ्रतेऽप सर्मयि चोदयन् Rv 1 80 5 -2 The sky -3 Heaven -**सर्मन्** m happiness, Up 1 130.

सर्व 1 P (सर्वति) To hurt, injure, kill

सर्व pron a [सुतमनेन विश्वमिति सर्वम् Un 1 151] (nom pl सर्वे m) 1 All, every, उपर्युपरि पश्यन्त सर्व एव दरिद्रानि H 2 2, इत्तं सर्वो भवति हि लघु पूर्णता गौरवाय Me 20 -2 Whole, entire, complete -**र्वः** 1 N of Visnu -2 of Siva -**र्वम्** Water -**Comp** -**अङ्गम्** 1 the whole body -2 all the Vedāṅgas (-ङ्गः or रूपः) N of Siva -**अङ्गीण** a pervading or thrilling through the whole body, सर्वाङ्गीण स्पर्श सुतस्य क्लि V 5 11 -**अधिकारिन्** -m, अध्यक्षः a general superintendent. -**अनुक्रमणिका**,

-क्रमणी a general index -अनुदात्त a entirely accentless -अन्नीन a eating every kind of food, so सर्वान्न-भोजिन् &c -अपरत्वम् final emancipation -अभावः non-existence or failure of all, इतरेषा तु वर्णाणां सर्वाभावे हरेन्त्य Ms 9 189 -अभिसन्धिक a deceiving every one. Ms 4 195 -अभिसन्धिन् m 1 a traducer, calumniator -2 a religious hypocrite -अभिसारः a complete army (of elephants, chariots, cavalry, and infantry) -अर्थचिन्तकः a general overseer, chief officer -अर्थसाधिका N of Durgā -अर्थसिद्धिः the great Buddha or Śākyamuni -अवसरः midnight -अशिन् a eating all sorts of food, Ms 2 118 -अस्तिवादः the doctrine that all things are real -आकार (m comp) entirely, thoroughly, completely, सर्वाकारहृदयगमायास्तस्या Mal 1 7, 1 14 -आत्मन् m 1 the whole soul, (सर्वात्मना entirely, completely, thoroughly) -2 N of Śiva -आधारः a receptacle of everything -आशयः, -आश्रयः N of Śiva -ईशः, -ईश्वरः 1 the Supreme Being -2 a paramount lord -उत्तम a best of all, excellent, supremely good -अनुपरिवर्तः a year, L D B -ओघः = सर्वाभिसार above -करः, -कर्मन् m N of Śiva -कर्तृ m 1 N of Brahman -2 the Supreme Being -कर्मीण a performing everything -कामः, कामदः, कामवरः N of Śiva -कामिक a 1 fulfilling all wishes -2 obtaining all one's desires -काम्य a 1 loved by all -2 having everything one can desire -कालीन a for all time, perpetual -केशिन् m an actor -क्षारः impure carbonate of soda or potash -क्षित् a abiding in all things -ग a. all-pervading, omnipresent (-गः) 1 Śiva -2 the Supreme Being -3 Brahman 4 the spirit, soul (-गम्) water -गा the plant called प्रियङ्गु -गामिन्, -गति a all-pervading, omnipresent -गतिः the refuge of all -ग्रन्थिः, -ग्रन्थिकम् the root of long pepper -चारिन् m N of Śiva -जनीन a 1 world-wide, famous -2 relating to every one -3 salutary to every one -जित् a 1 excellent, incomparable -2 all conquering, invincible -m 1 death -2 the 21st सत्सर -जीवः the soul of all -ज्ञ, -विद् a all-knowing, omniscient (-म) 1 an epithet of Śiva -2 of Buddha -3 the Supreme Being -ज्ञा N of Durgā -ज्ञातृ a omniscient -तन्त्रः one who has studied all the Tantras सिद्धान्त a doctrine admitted by all the schools -तापनः the god of love -दः N of Śiva -दमः, -दमन a all-subduing, irresistible (-म) N of Bharata, son of Dusyanta, इहाय सत्त्वानां प्रसभदमनात् सर्वदमन S 7 33 -दर्शनसंग्रहः a compendium of all the schools or systems of philosophy by Mādhavāchārya -दर्शिन् a all-seeing -m 1 a Buddha -2 the Supreme Being -दुःखक्षयः final emancipation from all existence -दृश a all-seeing -f (pl) all organs of senses -देवमय a comprising all the gods (-यः) N of Śiva -देवमुखः an epithet of Agni -दृष्टृ a. all-seeing -घनम् (m arith) the total of a sum in progression -घान्धिन् m. the god of love -धारिन् m. N. of Śiva

-धुरीणः A beast carrying all burdens, a draught ox -नामन् n a class of pronominal words स्थानम् N for the nom (all numbers) and acc sing and dual of masculine and feminine nouns and nom and acc pl of neuter nouns, cf सुद् also -निक्षेपा a particular method of counting -निराकृति a causing to forget everything -पारशव a made entirely of iron -पार्षदम् a text book received by all grammatical schools. -पूर्णत्वम् complete preparation -प्रथमम् ind first of all -प्रद a all bestowing -प्रिय a popular, liked by all -बलम् a particular high number -भक्षः fire -भक्षा a female goat -भवारणिः the cause of all welfare -भावः all-being or nature, (सर्वभावेन 'with all one's heart, sincerely, heart and soul') -भावकरः, -भावनः N of Śiva -भृत् a all-supporting -मङ्गला an epithet of Pārvatī -मांसाद a eating every kind of flesh, मत्स्याद सर्वमासादस्तस्मान्मत्स्यान् विवर्जयेत् Ms 5 15 -मुख a facing in every direction -मूल्यम् A cowrie -मूषकः 'all stealing', tune -मेघः a universal sacrifice, राजसूयाश्वमेधौ च सर्वमेघ च भारत Mb 14 3 8 -योगिन् m N of Śiva -योनिः the source of all -रसः 1 the resinous exudation of the Śāla tree, resin -2 salt, saltiness -3 a kind of musical instrument -4 a learned man उत्तम salt -लालसः N. of Śiva -लिङ्गिन् m 1 an impostor -2 a heretic -लोकः the universe -लोहः an iron arrow -वणिन् a of various kinds, खादिरान् बिल्वसमितास्तावत् सर्ववणिन् Mb 14 88 27 (com वणिन् पलाशकाष्ठमया) -वल्लभा an unchaste woman -वासः, -वासिन् m, -विख्यातः, -विग्रहः N of Śiva -विक्रयिन् a selling all kinds of things, Ms 2 118 -वेदः a man who has studied the four Vedas -वेदस् m one who performs a sacrifice by giving away all his wealth, Ms 11.1 (-सम्) all one's property, उशन् ह वै वाजश्रवस सर्ववेदसं ददौ Kath 1 1, चतुर्थे चायुष जेषे वानप्रस्थाश्रम त्यजेत्। सद्यस्कारा निरूप्येष्टि सर्ववेदसदक्षिणाम्॥ Mb 12 24 23 -वेशिन् m an actor -व्यापिन् a all-pervading -शक् a omnipotent, all-powerful -शान्तिकृत् m N of Śakuntalā's son, Bharata -सस्य a 1 omnipresent -2 all-destroying -सखः a sage, शान्तो यथैव उत सर्वसखैश्वरामि Bhāg 10 85 45 -संगतः a kind of quick-growing rice -a 1 appropriate in every respect -2 met with universally -संग्रहः a general or universal collection -संनहनम्, -संनाहः assembling of a complete army, a complete armament, see -अभिसारः -समता equality towards everything, स सर्वसमतामेत्य ब्रह्माभ्येति पर पदम् Ms 12 125 -समाहर a. all-destroying -संपन्न a provided with everything -संपातः all that remains -सरः a kind of ulcer in the mouth -सह a all-forbearing, very patient, स त्व जगत्त्राणखलप्रहाणये निरूपित सर्वसहो गदाभृता Bhāg 9 5 9 (-हः) bdellium (-हा, also सर्वसहा) the earth -साक्षिन् a all-witnessing (-म) 1 N of the Supreme Being -2 N of wind -3 of Agni -साधनः Śiva -साधारण, -सामान्य a. common to

all -सिद्धिः *f* universal success (-*m*) the Bilva tree -स्वम् 1 everything, the whole of one's possessions, as in सर्वस्वदण्ड, सर्वस्वहरणम् 'confiscation of the whole property' -2 the very essence, the all-in-all of anything, सर्वस्व तद्वहो महाकविगिरा कामस्य चाम्भोरुह Subhās, see S 1 24, 6 1, Māl 8 6, Bv 1 63 -स्वारः Vedic sacrifice (एकाह) in which the sacrificer commits suicide (usually a man suffering from some incurable disease with little hope of life), आननन्द निरीक्षाय पुरे तत्रात्मघातिनम्। सर्वस्वारस्य यज्वानमेन दृष्ट्वाय विव्यथे। N 17 202 -हर *a* 1 appropriating everything -2 inheriting a person's whole property -3 all-destroying (as death), मृत्यु सर्वहरश्चाहम् Bg 10 34 -हरणम्, -हारः confiscating of one's entire property, सर्वहार हरेन्नुप Ms 8 399 -हितम् black pepper

सर्वक *a* 1 All, every -2 Whole, entire -के *ind* Everywhere, universally

सर्वकष *a* 'All-destroying', all powerful, सर्वकषा भगवती भवितव्यैव Māl 1 23, Bv 4 2 -षः A villain, rogue

सर्वतश्च *ind* 1 From every side or quarter -2 On all sides, everywhere, all round, सर्वतः पाणिपाद तत् सर्वतोऽक्षिशिरोमुखम्। सर्वतः श्रुतिमल्लोके सर्वमावृत्य तिष्ठति॥ Bg 13 13 -3 Completely, entirely -Comp -गामिन् *a* 1 having access everywhere, वज्र तपोवीर्यमहत्सु कुण्ठ त्व सर्वतोगामि च साधक च Ku 3 12 -2 all-pervading -दिशम् *ind* from all sides, in all directions -भद्रः 1 the car of Visnu -2 a bamboo -3 a kind of verse artificially arranged, *e g* see देवाकानिनि कावादे वाहिकास्वस्वकाहि वा। काकारेभमेरे काका निस्वभव्यव्यमस्वनि॥ K1 15 25 -4 a temple or palace having openings on four sides, (*n* also in this sense) -5 the Nimba tree -6 a kind of military array -7 a square mystical diagram (as a sort of altar), व्याघ्रचर्मोत्तरे शुद्धे सर्वतोभद्र आसने Mb 12 40 13 (-द्रा) a dancing girl, an actress -मुख *a* of every kind, complete, unlimited, उपपन्ना हि दारेषु प्रसुता सर्वतोमुखी S 5 26 (-खः) 1 an epithet of Śiva. -2 of Brahman, अय सर्वस्य धातार ते सर्वे सर्वतोमुखम् (उपतस्थिरे) Ku 2 3 (having faces on all sides) -3 the Supreme Being -4 the soul -5 a Brāhmaṇa -6 fire -7 heaven or Svarga (of Indra) (-खम्) 1 water, पिपासत काश्चन सर्वतोमुख तवाप्यन्तामपि काममोदनम् N 16 49 -2 sky -वृत्त *a* omnipresent -शुभा the Piyangu plant

सर्वत्र *ind* 1 Everywhere, in all places, पद हि सर्वत्र गुणैर्निवीयते R 3 62 -2 At all times -Comp -गः, -गामिन् *m* air, wind, वायु सर्वत्रगो महान् Bg 9 6 -*a* all pervading, omnipresent, सर्वत्रगमचिन्त्य च कूटस्थमचल ध्रुवम् Bg 12 3 -गत *a* universal, perfect -सर्वम् omnipresence

सर्वथा *ind* 1 In every way, by all means, सर्वथा व्यवहर्तव्य कुतो ह्यवचनीयता U 1 5 -2 At all, altogether

सं. इ. को.... २०८

(usually with negation) -3 Completely, entirely, utterly -4 At all times -6 Exceedingly, very much -6 In whatever way, सर्वथा वर्तमानोऽपि न स भूयोऽभिजायते Bg 13 23 -Comp -विषय *a* in whatever way appearing

सर्वदम = सर्वदमन

सर्वद्वन्द्व *a* Honouring or worshipping all

सर्वदा *ind* At all times, always, for ever, सर्वदा सर्वदोऽसीति मिथ्या त्व कथ्यसे बुधे Bhojaprabandha 310

सर्वशस्च *ind*. 1 Wholly, entirely, completely -2 Everywhere -3 On all sides

सर्वरी See शर्वरी.

सर्वला, -ली An iron club.

सर्वस्विन् *N* of a mixed caste (the offspring of a Gopa female and a barber).

सर्वाणी See शर्वाणी

सर्षपः [Un 3 141] Mustard, खल सर्षपमात्राणि परच्छिद्राणि पश्यति Subhās, Māl 10 6 -2 A small measure of weight -3 A sort of poison

सर्षपी 1 A kind of wag-tail -2 A kind of eruption of the body

सन् 1 P (सलति) To go, move

सलम् Water

सलक्षण *a* Homogeneous, similar

सल्लयक *a* (A loan) Secured by surety

सलज्ज *a* Bashful, modest -ज्जः Artemisia Indica (सुरपर्ण)

सल्लिङ्ग *a* Corresponding to (अनुरूप), तत्सल्लिङ्गाभिराशीर्भिरिष्टाभिरभित स्थिताम् Mb 7 55 8

सलिलम् [सलति-गच्छति निम्न सल-इलच् Un 1 54] Water, सुभगसलिलवगाहा S 1 3 -2 The constellation उत्तराषाढा -Comp. -अर्थिन् *a* thirsty -आशयः a tank, reservoir of water -इन्द्रः *N* of Varuna, सलिलेन्द्रपुरान्वेषी अमति स्म रसातलम् Rām 7 23 16 -इन्धनः the submarine fire -उद्भवः a shell, conch, ततस्तौ मृशसकुदौ प्रभाय सलिलोद्भवौ Mb 9 16 55 -उपप्लवः inundation, deluge, flood of water -कर्मन् *a* libation of water (offered to a deceased person) -कुन्तलः moss -क्रिया the funeral rite of washing a corpse -2 = उदकक्रिया *q v* -चरः an aquatic animal (like मकर) -केतन the god of love, सलिलचरकेतनशरासनानता चिल्लिकालताम् Dk 2 7 -जम् a lotus -धरः 1 a cloud -2 a god, विनाय ख दिवमपि चैव सर्वशस्ततो गता सलिलधरा यथागतम् Mb. 1 19 30 (com सलिलधरा अमृत-मृतो देवा) -निधिः, -राशिः the ocean, काम दामोदरीयोदर-सलिलनिधौ चित्तमत्स्थश्चिर न Visnupāda S. 25 -प्रियः a hog -रयः a current, stream

सलील *a* Sportive, wanton, amorous, सलीलयातानि न भर्तुरभ्रमो *Si* 1 52 -लम् *ind* 1 Playfully -2 Affectionately

सलेशम् Entire, सलेशमुल्लिखितशास्त्रवेदित *Ki* 14 2

सलोकता Being in the same world, residence in the same heaven with a particular deity, (one of the four states of *Mukti*), सायुज्य सलोक्ता जयति य एवेमेतत् साम वेद *Bri Up* 1 3 22

सल्लका, सल्लकि-की A kind of tree, *Shorea Robusta*, cf शल्लकी.

सवः [सू-अञ्] 1 Extraction of Soma juice -2 An offering, a libation -3 A sacrifice, राजसूयाश्वमेधाद्यै सोऽयजद्बहुभि सवै *Mb* 1 94 26 -4 The sun -5 The moon -6 Progeny -7 A generator -8 The *Arka* plant -वम् 1 Water -2 The honey of flowers -3 Extracting the Soma juice -4 Making libations -5 Command, order, युक्तेन मनसा वय देवस्य सवितु सवै *Svet Up* 2 2 -6 Instigation

सवनम् [सू-सू वा-ल्युट्] 1 Extracting the Soma juice or drinking it -2 A sacrifice, अथ त सवनाय दक्षित *R* 8 75, *S* 3 26 -3 A libation, sacrificial libation, सवनशस्तदुपचार्यै सुरेशा *Bhag* 10 35 15 -4 Bathing, purificatory ablution, 'सवन सोमनिषेधे जननस्नानयोरपि' इति रत्नमाला, पित्र्यं तद्रक्तपूर्णहृदसवनमहानन्द . *Mv* 2 48 -5 Generation, bearing or bringing forth children -Comp -कर्मन् the sacred rite of libation, सायतने सवनकर्मणि संप्रवृत्ते *S* 3 26

सवपुष *a* Embodied, सवपुषमिव चित्तरागमूहु *Ki* 10 48

सवयस् *a* Of the same age, अमात्यपुत्रै सवयोभिरान्वित *R* 3 28 -*m* 1 A contemporary, coeval -2 A companion of the same age -*f* A woman's female companion or confidante

सवरः 1 *N* of *Siva* -2 Water

सवर्ण *a* [समानो वर्णो यस्य] 1 Of the same colour -2 Of like appearance, like, resembling, दुर्वर्णभित्तिरिह सान्द्र-सुधासवर्णो *Si* 4 28, *Me* 18, *R* 9 51 -3 Of the same caste or tribe, उद्वहेत द्विजो भार्या सवर्णालक्षणाश्विताम् *Ms* 3 4 -4 Of the same kind, similar -5 Belonging to the same class of letters, requiring the same effort (of the organs of speech) in pronunciation, तुल्यास्यप्रयत्न सवर्णम् *P I* 1 9 -6 Having the same denominator -*र्णः* the son of a *Brāhmana* and a *Kṣatriya* woman, a *Māhisiya*

सवर्णनम् Reduction of fractions to the same denominator

सवासस् *a* 1 With clothes, clothed, सवासा जलमाप्लुत्य शुद्धो भवति मानव *Ms* 5 77

सविकल्प, -सविकल्पक *a* 1 Optional -2 Doubtful -3 Recognizing a distinction as that of subject and object, or of the knower and the known (opp निर्बिकल्पक *q v*).

सविकार *a* 1 With its products -2 Growing fond of -3 Undergoing decomposition (as food)

सविकाश (स) *a* 1 Fully blown or expanded -2 Extended, extensive, युगान्तकालप्रतिसहृतात्मनो जगन्ति यस्या सविकासमासत *Si* 1 28

सविग्रह *a* 1 Possessing a body, embodied, सविग्रह ग्रहमिव विग्रहानय दुर्ग्रहम् *Siva B* 17 31 -2 Having meaning or import -3 Engaged in strife, quarrelling

सवितर्क, सविमर्श *a* Thoughtful -कम्, -रौम् *ind* Thoughtfully

सवित् *a* (-त्री *f*) [सू-तृच्] Generating, producing, yielding, सवित्री कामाना यदि जगति जागर्ति भवती *G L* 23 -*m* 1 The sun, अनन्यदृष्टि सवितारमैक्षत *Ku* 5 20, उदेति सविता ताम्रस्ताम्र एवास्तमेति च *K P* 7 -2 *N* of *Siva* -3 Of *Indra* -4 The *Arka* tree -5 The creator of the world -Comp -तनय, the planet Saturn -दैवतम् *N* of the asterism *Hasta*

सवितुल *a* Solar.

सवित्रम् Cause of generation, *P III* 2 184

सवित्रिय *a* Solar

सवित्री 1 A mother, तथा दुहित्रा सुतरा सवित्री (चक्राणे) *Ku* 1 24 -2 A cow

सविध *a* 1 Of the same kind or sort -2 Near, adjacent, proximate, भूयो भूय सविधनगराध्यया पर्यटन्तम् *Māl* 1 15 -धम् Proximity, vicinity, यस्य न सविधे दयिता दवदहनस्तुहिनदीविनिस्तस्य *K P* 9, किमासेव्य पुसा सविधमनवद्य द्युसरित 10, *N* 2 47, *Si* 14 69, *Bv* 2 182, तस्य मत्तस्य सविधे ययौ साधुरसाधुताम् *Siva B* 8 23 -धम् *ind* According to rule or precept, सविध जगृहे पाणीननुहप रवमायया *Bhag* 3 8 8

सविनय *a* Modest, humble -यम् *ind* Modestly, respectfully

सविभक्तिक *a* Having a case termination

सविभ्रम, -सविलास *a* Sportive, coquettish, wanton, जटपन्ति सार्धमन्येन पश्यन्त्यन्य सविभ्रमा *Pt* 1 185

सविलक्षम् *ind* With shame or embarrassment

सविशेष *a* 1 Possessing characteristic qualities -2 Peculiar, extraordinary -3 Special, particular, *U* 4 -4 Pre eminent, superior, excellent -5 Discriminative (सविशेषम् and सविशेषतस् are used adverbially in the sense of 'especially', 'particularly', 'exceedingly', अनेन धर्म सविशेषमद्य मे त्रिबर्गसार प्रतिभाति भासिनि *Ku* 5 38, oft in comp, द्विरेकमाला सविशेषसङ्गा *Ku* 1 27, *R* 16 53)

सविशेषक *a* 1 Possessing peculiar or distinguishing properties -2 Discriminated -कम् A distinguishing characteristic, peculiar property

सविस्तर *a* Detailed, minute, complete -रम् *ind* In detail, *in extenso*

सविस्मय *a* 1 Surprised, astonished -2 Doubtful -यम् *ind* With surprise

सवीमन् *m* [सू-ईमनिन् Un 4 161] Source, birth.

सवृत्त *a* Well-conducted

सवृद्धिक *a* Bearing interest.

सवेद्यम् Proximity

सवेश *a* 1 Decorated, ornamented, dressed -2 Near, proximate

सवेष्टन *a* Having १ turban

सवैलक्ष्य *a* 1 Unnatural, forced, affected -2 Embarrassed, सवैलक्ष्यस्मितम् 'with a forced smile'

सव्य *a* [Un 4 109] 1 Left, left-hand, सव्ये प्राचीन-आवीती निवीती कण्ठसज्जेने Ms 2 63 -2 Southern -3 Contrary, backward, reverse, प्रदक्षिण च सव्य च ग्रामम् ये च नाचरेत् Mb 12 278 7 -4 Right -5 Dry, not sprinkled with ghee (अनभिघृत), सव्यशब्दो रुद्धे भाष्यते। सव्या वपा इत्यनभिघृतता दर्शयति SB on MS 4 1 36 -व्यः An epithet of Viṣṇu -व्यम् *ind* The usual position of the sacred thread when it hangs down over the left shoulder, of अपसव्य -Comp -अपसव्य *a* 1 left and right -2 Wrong and right, -इतर *a* right, सव्येतिरेण स्फुरता तदक्षणा R 14 49 -जातु *n* a mode of fighting (by using the left knee) -बाहु *n* a mode of fighting with the left arm -साचिन् *m* an epithet of Arjuna, निमित्तमात्र भव सव्यसाचिन् Bg 11 83, (the name is thus derived in Mb — उभौ मे दक्षिणौ पाणा गाण्डीवर्य विकर्षणे। तेन देवमनुष्येषु सव्यसाचीति मां बिदुः॥)

सव्यपेक्ष *a* Connected with, dependent on, स्नेहश्च निमित्तसव्यपेक्षश्चेति विप्रतिषिद्धमेतत् Mā 1, U 6

सव्यभिचरण *a* Liable to inaccuracy

सव्यभिचारः One of the five main divisions of *Hetva-bhāsa* (in logic), a too general middle term, for explanation, see अनेकान्तिक.

सव्याज *a* 1 Artful, pretended -2 Plausible, cunning -जम् *ind* Artfully, under a pretext

सव्यापार *a* Engaged, employed

सव्रण *a* 1 Wounded, sore -2 Having a fault or flaw

सव्रीड *a* 1 Bashful -2 Ashamed.

सव्येष्ट, -सव्येष्टः, सव्येष्ट, सव्येष्टात् *m* A charnoteer.

सशब्द *a* 1 Sounding -2 Proclaimed -ब्दम् *ind* With a loud noise, भम सशब्द शिर Bh 2 90.

सशल्कः A kind of fish, Ms. 5 16,

सशल्य *a* 1 Thorny -2 Pierced by darts or thorns -3 Troublesome, difficult

सशस्य *a* Having or yielding corn -स्या A variety of sun-flower

सशूकः A believer in the existence of God

सश्च 1 U (सश्चति-ते) Ved 1 To cling or stick to, follow -2 To serve, worship, honour -3 To pervade, see सच्

सशमश्रु *a* Bearded -f A woman with a beard

सश्रीक *a* 1 Prosperous, fortunate -2 Lovely, beautiful

सश्व To go, L D B

सश्च 2 P (सस्ति) To sleep

ससत्त्व *a* 1 Possessed of vitality, energy, vigour, courage &c -2 Pregnant, big with child, वृष ससत्त्वा महिषीममन्यत R 3 9 -2 Full of animals or creatures -त्वा A pregnant woman

ससंदेह *a* Doubtful -ह, N of a figure of speech, see सदेह

ससनम् Immolation

ससंवित्क *a* Sensible, having consciousness, ससंवित्कस्य कामेषु तथापि न रति क्षमा Bu Ch 4 87

ससंहार *a* Having the means of restraint

ससंध्य *a* Evening, vespertine

ससंभ्रम *a* Flurried, agitated, hurried, confused -मम् *ind* 1 Hurriedly, hastily -2 In fear or confusion, in great perplexity

ससाध्वस *a* Alarmed, frightened, timid

ससृज् See सञ्ज्.

सस्पृह *a* Desirous, longing, eager -हम् *ind* Eagerly, wistfully

सस्मित *a* Smiling, attended with a smile

सस्यम् [सस्यत् Un 4 119] 1 Corn, grain, (एतानि) सस्यै पूर्णे जठरपिठरे प्राणिना सभवन्ति Pt 5 97, see सस्य also -2 Fruit or produce of any plant -3 A weapon -4 A good quality, merit -Comp -अद्, भक्षक *a* granivorous -इष्टिः *f* a sacrifice made on the ripening of new grain, Ms 4 27 -पाकः *a* field-guarder -प्रद *a* fertile, क्षेम्या सस्यप्रदा नित्यं पशुवृद्धिकरीमपि Ms 7 212 -मञ्जरी an ear of corn -मारिन् *a* destructive of grain (-m) a kind of rat or mouse -मालिन् *a* abounding in corn -वेदः the science of agriculture. -शूकम् an awn of grain -संचर, the Sāla tree

सस्यक *a* Possessed of good qualities, meritorious
-क. 1 A sword -2 A weapon -3 A kind of precious stone -4 The inner part of a cocoanut, L D B

सस्वेद *a* Covered over or moist with sweat, perspired, सस्वेदरोमाञ्चितकम्पिताङ्गी जाता प्रियस्पर्शसुखेन वत्सा U 3 42
-दा A girl recently deflowered

सह I 4 P (सहति) 1 To satisfy -2 To be pleased -3 To endure, bear -II 1 A (सहते, epic Paras also, सोढ, the स of सह is changed to ष after prepositions ending in इ, as नि, परि, वि, except when इ is changed for ढ) 1 (a) To bear, endure, suffer, put up with, खलोलापा सोढा Bh 3 6, पद सहते अमरस्य पेलव शिरीषपुष्प न पुन पतत्रिण Ku 5 4, सोढु खम्, सतापम्, क्लेशम् &c, R 12 68, 11 52, Bk 17 59 (b) To tolerate, allow, प्रकृति खलु सा महीयस सहते नान्यसमुन्नति यया K1 2 21, Me 107, R 14 68 -2 To forgive, forbear, बारबार मयैतस्यापराध सोढ H 3, प्रिय प्रियायार्हसि देव सोढुम् Bg 11 44 -3 To wait, be patient, द्वित्राण्यहान्यर्हसि सोढुमर्हन् R 5 25, 15 45 -4 To bear, support, bear up, क इदानी सहकारमन्तरेण पञ्चवितामतिमुक्तता सहते S 3 -5 To conquer, defeat, oppose, be able to resist -6 To suppress, stop -7 To be able (with inf) -Caus (साहयति-ते) 1 To cause to bear or suffer -2 To make bearable or supportable, पुर्वपि विरहदुःखमाशाब्ध साहयति S 4 16 -Desid (सिसाहियते) To wish to bear &c

सह *a* [सहते सह-अच्] 1 Bearing, enduring, suffering -2 Patient -3 Able, see असह, चरतस्तपस्तव वेनेषु सहा न वय निरूपयितुमस्य गतिम् K1 6 36 -4 Overpowering, vanquishing -5 Defying, equal to -6 Exerting
-हः 1 The month मार्गशीर्ष -2 N of Śiva -हः, -हम् Power, strength -हम् A kind of salt, L D B

सहक *a* Patient, enduring

सहन *a* Bearing, enduring -नम् 1 Bearing, enduring -2 Patience, forbearance -Comp. -शील *a* patient, forgiving

सहिष्णुम् Patience, forbearance

सहिष्णु *a* [सह-इष्णुच्] 1 Able to bear or endure, capable of enduring, रविकिरणसहिष्णु क्लेशलेशैरभिन्नम् S 2 4, उत्पतिष्णु सहिष्णु च चेरतु खरदूषणौ Bk 5 1 -2 Patient, resigned, forbearing, सुकरस्तपस्तसहिष्णुना रिपुरुन्मूलयितु महानपि K1. 2 50

सहिष्णुता, -त्वम् 1 Power to bear or support -2 Patience, resignation

सह *ind* 1 With, together with, along with, accompanied by (with instr), चाशिना सह याति कौमुदी सह भवेन तद्धि प्रलयते Ku. 4 33 -2 Together, simultaneously, at the same time, अस्तोदयौ सहैवासौ कुरुते वृषतिर्द्विषाम् Subhās (The following senses are given of this word —साकल्य, सादृश्य, योगपथ, विद्यमानत्व, समृद्धि, सबन्ध and सामर्थ्य) -Comp

-अध्ययनम् 1 studying together, U 2 -2 fellow-studentship -अध्यायिन *m* a fellow-student -अपवाद *a* disagreeing -अर्थ *a* 1 having the same object -2 synonymous (-र्थः) the same or common object -अर्थ *a* together with a half -आलापः conversation with -आसनम् sitting on the same seat -आसिका company, sitting together, समुद्र सहासिका या सुमनि प्रतीच्छति Rām ch 2 85 -उक्तिः *f* a figure of speech in Rhetoric, सा सहोक्ति सहायस्य बलादेक दिवाचकम् K P 10, e g पपात भूमौ सह सैनिकाश्रुभि R 3 61 -उटजः a hut made of leaves -उत्थायिन *a* rising or conspiring together -उदरः a uterine brother, brother of whole blood, जनन्या सस्थिताया तु सम सर्वे सहोदरा Ms 9 92, सहोदरा कुङ्कुमकेसराणा भवन्ति नून कविताविलासा Vikr 1 21 -उपमा a kind of Upamā -ऊढः, ऊढजः the son of a woman pregnant at marriage, (one of the 12 kinds of sons recognized in old Hindu law), या गर्भिणी सस्रिक्रियते ज्ञाताज्ञातापि वा सती। वेढु स गर्भो भवति सहोद इति चोच्यते॥ Ms 9 173 -एकासनम् see सहासनम्, Y 2 284 -कर्तृ *m* a co-worker, assistant, तस्य कर्मानुरूपेण देवोऽज्ञा सहकर्तृभि Ms 8 206 -कारः 1 co-operation -2 a mango tree, क इदानी सहकारमन्तरेण पञ्चवितामतिमुक्तता सहते S 3 °भञ्जिका a kind of game -कारिन्, -कृत्, कृत्वन् *a* co-operating (-*m*) a co-adjutor, associate, colleague -कृत *a* co-operated with, assisted or aided by -क्रिया simultaneous performance, स हि न्याय सम्यक्कारिणा सहक्रियति सर्वत्रैव SB on MS 11 1 57 -खट्वासनम् sitting together on a bed, Ms 8 357, see सहैकासनम् -गमनम् 1 accompanying -2 a woman's burning herself with her deceased husband's body, self-immolation of a widow -चर *a* accompanying, going or living with, यानि प्रियासहचरश्चिरमभ्यवात्सम् U 3 8 (-र.) 1 a companion, friend, associate, श्मशानेष्वाकीडा स्मरहर पिशाचा सहचरा Śiva-mahimna 24 -2 a follower, servant -3 a husband -4 a surety (-री *f*) 1 a female companion -2 a wife, mate, प्रेक्ष्य स्थिता सहचरी व्यवधाय देहम् R 9 57 -चरित *a* 1 accompanying, attending, associating with -2 Congruent, homogeneous -चारः 1 accompaniment -2 agreement, harmony -3 (in logic) the invariable accompaniment of the *hetu* (middle term) by the *sādhyā* (major term) -4 right course (opp व्यभिचार) -चारिन् see सहचर -ज *a* 1 inborn, natural, innate, सहज कर्म कौन्तेय सदोषमपि न त्यजेत् Bg 18 48, सहजामप्यपहाय धीरताम् R 8 43 -2 hereditary, सहज किल यद्विनिन्दित न खलु तत्कर्म विवर्जनीयम् S 6 1 (-जः) 1 a brother of whole blood, तृतीयो मे नत्ता रजनिचरनाथस्य सहज Mv 4 7 -2 the natural state or disposition °अरि *a* natural enemy °उदासीन *a* born neutral °मित्रम् *a* natural friend -जात *a* 1 natural, see सहज -2 born together, twin-born -जित् *a* victorious at once, स्वर्णता सहजिद् बभ्रुरिति राजाभिधीयते Mb 3 185 28 -दार *a* 1 with a wife -2 married -देवः N of the youngest of the five Pāṇḍavas, the twin brother of Nakula, born of Mādri by the gods Aśvins He is regarded as the type of manly

beauty -धर्मः same duties °वारिन् *m* a husband °वारिणी 1 a lawful wife, one legally married (also सहधर्मिणी in this sense) -2 a fellow-worker -पथिन् *m*, -पन्थाः *m*, *f* a fellow-traveller -पांशुकीडिन्, पांशुकिल् *m* a friend from the earliest childhood -भावः 1 companionship -2 concomitance -भाविन् *m* a friend, partisan, follower -भू *a* natural, innate, औत्सुक्येन कृतवरा सहभुवा व्यावर्तमाना हिया Ratn 1 2 -भोजनम् eating in company with friends -मनस् *a* with intelligence -मरणम् see सह-गमन -मृता *a* woman who has burnt herself with her husband -युध्वन् *m* a brother in arms -रक्षस् *m* one of the three kinds of sacrificial fires -वसतिः, -वासः dwelling together, सहवसतिमुपेत्य यै प्रियाया कृत इव सुगन्धविलोकितोपदेश S 2 3 -वासिन् *m* a fellow-lodger -वीर्यम् fresh butter -संसर्गः carnal contact -सेविन् *a* having intercourse with -स्थः *a* companion

सहता, -त्वम् Union, association

सहकार *a* Having the sound ह, सहकारवृत्ते समये सहकारहणस्य के न सस्मार पदम् । सहकारमुपरि कान्ते सह का रमणी पुर सकलवर्णमपि ॥ Nalod 2 14

सहर्ष *a* Glad, delighted -षम् *ind* Gladly, delightedly

सहस् *a* Powerful, mighty, भीष्मो हि देव सहस सहीयान् Bhāg 11 23 48 -*m* [सह-असि] 1 The month called Mārgasīrsa, Śi 6 57, 16 47, सहसि तत्र सधृदिमुपागते Rām oh 4 83, Bhāg 12 11 41 -2 The winter season -*n* 1 Power, might, strength -2 Force, violence -3 Victory, conquering -4 Lustre, brightness -5 Water

सहसा *ind* 1 With force, forcibly -2 Rashly, precipitately, inconsiderately, सहसा विदधीत न क्रियामविवेक परमापदा पदम् K1 2 30 -3 Suddenly, all at once, मातङ्गनकै सहसोत्पतद्भि R 13 11 -4 With a smile, smiling -Comp -दृष्टः an adopted son

सहसान *a* [सह-असानच् Un 2 84] 1 Patient -2 Overpowering -नः 1 A peacock -2 A sacrifice, an oblation

सहस्यः The month called Pausa, सहस्यरात्रीरुदवास-तपरा Ku 5 26, इति विभाति विभावितशीतले सहसहस्यसहस्यथ मैथिली Rām oh 4 84

सहस्रम् [समान हसति हस्-र Tv] 1 A thousand -2 A large number -Comp -अंशु, -अर्चिस्, -कर, -किरण, -दीधिति, -धामन्, -पाद, -मरीचि, -रश्मि *m* the sun, तदण्डमभवद्देम सहस्राशुसमप्रभम् Ms 1 9, त चेत् सहस्रकिरणो धुरि नाकरिष्यत् S 7 4, पुन सहस्राचिषि सनिधत्ते R 13 44, धाम्नाति-शाययति वाम सहस्रधाम्न् Mu 3 17, सहस्ररश्मेरिव यस्य दर्शनम् Śi 1 53 -अक्ष *a* 1 thousand-eyed -2 vigilant (-क्षः) 1 an epithet of Indra -2 of Purusa, सहस्र-शीर्षा पुरुष सहस्राक्ष सहस्रपात् Rv 10 90 1 -3 of Śiva -4 of Visnu -अरः, -रम् *a* kind of cavity in the top of the

head, resembling a lotus reversed (said to be the seat of the soul) -आननः *N* of Visnu -अधिपतिः *a* governor of one thousand villages -अवरः *a* fine below a thousand, or from five hundred to a thousand Panas -काण्डा white Dūrvā grass -कृत्वस् *ind* a thousand times -गु *a* possessing a thousand cows (epithet of the sun, also of Indra) -गुण *a* a thousand-fold -णी *a* leader of thousands (epithet of Brahman), विलस्य दैत्य भगवान् सहस्रणी Bhāg 3 18 21 -घातिन् *n* a particular engine of war -द *a* liberal (-दः) an epithet of Śiva -दंष्ट्रः *a* kind of fish -दृश, -नयन, -नेत्र, -लोचन *m* 1 epithets of Indra -2 of Visnu -दोस् *m* an epithet of Arjuna Kārtavīrya -धारः the discus of Visnu (-रा) a stream of water for the ablution of an idol poured through a vessel pierced with a number of holes -पत्रम् 1 a lotus, विलोकनत्रयमेवैर्गवाक्षा सहस्रपत्राभरणा इवासन् R 7 11 -2 the Śārāsa bird -पाद् *m* 1 an epithet of Purusa, Rv 10 90 1 -2 of Śiva -3 of Visnu -4 of Brahman -पादः 1 *N* of Visnu -2 A kind of duck -3 The sun, L D B -वाहुः 1 an epithet of king Kārtavīrya q v -2 of the demon Bāna -3 of Śiva (or of Visnu according to some) -भक्तम् *a* particular festival at which thousands are treated -मिद् *m* musk -भुजः, -मौलिः *m* epithets of Visnu -भुजा *f* *N* of Durgā -मूर्ति *a* appearing in a thousand forms -मूर्धन् *m* *N* of Visnu -रुक् the sun -रोमन् *n* a blanket -वदन *N* of Visnu -वीर्या Dūrvā grass -वेधम् 1 sorrel -2 a kind of sour gruel -वेधिन् *m* musk (-*n*) asa-foetida -शिखरः an epithet of the Vindhya mountain -शिरस्, शीर्षन्, शीर्ष *a* thousand-headed (epithet of Visnu), सहस्रशीर्षा पुरुष Rv 10 90 1, सहस्रशीर्षापि ततो गरुमता Bhāg 4 1 1 -श्रवणः an epithet of Visnu -हयस्वः the car of Indra -हस्तः an epithet of Śiva

सहस्रक *a* Amounting to a thousand

सहस्रतय *a* (-यी *f*.) Thousandfold. -यम् *A* thousand

सहस्रधा *ind* In a thousand parts, a thousand-fold, दीर्ये किं न सहस्रधाहमथवा रामेण किं दुष्करम् U 6 40

सहस्रशस् *ind* By thousands, तत्र मञ्जा समापेतुर्दिग्भ्यो राजन् सहस्रश Mb 4 13 15

सहस्रिन् *a* 1 Possessed of a thousand, इच्छति शती सहस्र सहस्री लक्ष्मीहेत Pt 5 82 -2 Consisting of thousands -3 Amounting to a thousand (as a fine), क्षत्रिय तु सह-क्षिणम् Ms 8 376. -*m* 1 A body of a thousand men &c -2 The commander of a thousand

सहस्रत् *a* Strong, powerful

सहा 1 The earth. -2 The aloe-plant or flower.

सहायः [सह एति इ-अच्] 1 A friend, companion, सहायसाध्य राजत्व चक्रमेक न वर्तते Kau A 1. 7, सहायसाध्या.

प्रदिशन्ति सिद्धय K₁ 14 44, Ku 3 21 Me 11 -2 A follower, an adherent -3 An ally -4 A helper, patron -5 The ruddy goose -6 A kind of perfume -7 N of Siva -Comp. -अर्थम् ind for the sake of company, नामुत्र हि सहायार्थं पिता माता च तिष्ठत Ms 4 239

सहायता, -स्वम् 1 A number of companions -2 Companionship, union, friendship -3 Help, assistance, कुसुमास्तरणे सहायता बहुश सौम्य गतस्त्वमावयो Ku 4 35, R 9 19

सहायनम् Fellowship, company, नाना चित्रा कथाश्चान्या विश्वामित्रसहायने Rām 1 3 11

सहायवत् a 1 Having a friend -2 Befriended, assisted, नरस्त्व पूर्वदेहे वै नारायणसहायवान् Mb 3 40 1

सहार. 1 The mango tree -2 Universal destruction

सहार्द a Affectionate

सहाव a Employing amorous gestures, wanton

सहित a 1 Accompanied or attended by, together with, united or associated with, पवनान्निसमागमो ह्ययं सहित ब्रह्म यद्वज्रनेजसा R 8 4 -2 Borne, endured -3 (In astr) Being in conjunction with -तम् A bow weighing 300 Palas -तम् ind Together with, with

सहित a Enduring, patient

सहिम a Icy cold

सहुरिः [सह-उरिन् Un 2 70] The sun -f The earth

सहृदय a 1 Good-hearted, kind, compassionate -2 Sincere. -यः 1 A learned man -2 An appreciator (of merits &c), a man of taste, a man of critical faculty, इत्युपदेश कवे सहृदयस्य च करोति K P 1, परिष्कुर्वन्त्यन्ये सहृदयधुरीणा कतिपये R G

सहलेख a Questionable, doubtful -खम् Questionable food

सहृष्टकम् ind With a thrill

सहेतु a Well-founded, reasonable

सहेल a Sportive, playful

सहोदः A thief caught with the stolen property in his possession, (चौर) सहोद सोपकरण घातयेदविचारयन् Ms 9 270

सहोर a Good, excellent -रः A saint, sage.

सह्य a 1 Bearable, supportable, endurable, अपि सहा ते शिरोवेदना Mu 5, M 3 4 -2 To be borne or endured, कथं तूष्णा सह्यो निरवधिरिदानीं तु विरह U 3 44 -3 Able to bear -4 Adequate or equal to -5 Sweet, agreeable -6 Strong, powerful -ह्यः N of one of the seven principal mountain ranges in India, a part of the western Ghāts at some distance from the sea,

रामाञ्चोत्सारितोऽयासीत् सहालम् इवार्णव R 4 53, 52, K₁ 18 5 -ह्यम् 1 Health, convalescence -2 Assistance -3 Fitness, adequacy -Comp. -आत्मजा N of the river Kāverī

सा 1 N of Laksmī -2 Of Pārvatī

सायात्रिकः A sea-trader, a merchant trading by sea (पोतवाणिक्), यथा समुद्रेऽपि च पोतभङ्गे सायात्रिको वाञ्छति तर्तुमेव Pt 1 316, सायात्रिकाननेकाश्च कृतद्वीपान्तराश्रयान् Siva B 30 3 -कम् 1 Any vehicle -2 The morning dawn

सायुगीन a [सयुगे सायु ख] Warlike, skilled in war, भवाश्च सायुगीन सहायो न V 5, R 11 30, also सायुग in this sense -नः A great warrior, a soldier skilled in war, सयुगे सायुगीन तमुद्यत प्रसहेत क Ku 2 57

साराविणम् [of P III 3 44, V 4 15] A general or loud shout, tumultuous uproar, उताला कटपूतनाप्रवृत्तय साराविण कुर्वते Māl. 5 11, साराविण न कर्तव्य यावन्नायाति दर्शनम् Bk 7 43, N 19. 29

सांवत्सर (-री f), सांवत्सरिक (-की f) a Annual, yearly -रः, -रकः, -रिकः 1 An astrologer -2 An almanac-maker -3 A lunar month -4 Black rice

सांवर्तक a Relating to or appearing at the dissolution of the universe, लोकानामभवे युक्त सावर्तकमिवानलम् Rām 3 65 1, Bhāg 10 25 2 -कः the fire at the प्रलयकाल, दह्यमाना प्रजा सर्वा सावर्तकममसत Bhāg 1 7 31

सांवादिक a (-की f) 1 Colloquial -2 Controversial -कः 1 A disputant -2 A logician

सांवास्यकम् Dwelling together

सांविज्ञायिक a Conventional (as opposed to यौगिक), किं सांविज्ञायिकं स्विष्टकृच्छ्रवद् उत स्विष्ट करोतीति एतेन गुणेन प्रवृत्त इति गौणो न रूढ SB on MS 10 4 34

सांविस्तिक a Subjective

सांवृत्तिक a (-की f) Illusory, phenomenal

सांशयिक a (-की f) 1 Doubtful -2 Uncertain, irresolute -कम् A doubtful or dangerous deed, न हि सांशयिकं कुर्यादित्युवाच बृहस्पति Pt 3 12

सांसारिक a Resulting from contact, contagious.

सांसारिक a (-की f) Worldly, mundane, सासारिकेषु च सुखेषु वयं रसज्ञा U 2 22

सांसिद्धिक a 1 Natural, existing naturally, innate, inherent, एव सांसिद्धिके लोके किमर्थमनुशोचसि Mb 11 2 7 -2 Effected naturally, spontaneous, परस्परभयादेके पापा पापं न कुर्वते। एव सांसिद्धिके लोके सर्वं दण्डे प्रतिष्ठितम्॥ Mb 12 15 6 -3 Absolute -4 Effected by supernatural means -Comp. -द्रवः natural fluidity (opp नैमित्तिक 'generated') (belonging to water only)

सांसिद्धयम् Perfect attainment, सांसिद्धयमक्षणेस्तव दर्शनात् Bhāg 3 21 13.

सांख्यिक *a.* Immediately connected, direct

सांस्कारिक *a.* Relating to rites

सांस्थानिकः A fellow-countryman

सांस्त्राविणम् A general flow or stream

सांहत्यम् Connection, union

साहननिक *a.* (-की *f.*) Bodily, corporeal

साकम् A vegetable, herb, cf शाक

साकम् *ind.* With, together with (with instr), यान्ती गुरुजनै साकं सयमानानाम्बुजा Bv 2 132, 1 41, Mu 3 10
-2 At the same time, simultaneously

साकमेधीयन्यायः The rule according to which an eotype (विकृति) sets aside a detail of its archetype (प्रकृतिधर्म) if it conflicts with some detail (वर्म) which is expressly enjoined with reference to it This is discussed and established by Jaimini and Sabara in MS 5 1 19-22

साकल्यम् Entirety, totality, the whole or entire part of a thing, यावत्साकल्ये, Nalod 3 19 (साकल्येन 'entirely, completely, thoroughly', यो यदैषा गुणो देहे साकल्येनातिरिच्यते Ms 12 25)

साकल्यक *a.* Sick, unwell

साकाङ्क्ष *a.* 1 Desirous -2 Having significance
-3 Requiring a complement

साकार *a.* 1 Having a definite shape or figure -2 Beautiful -Comp -ज्ञानवादः the doctrine that ideas consist of forms or images

साकुल *a.* Perplexed, bewildered

साकूत *a.* 1 Having meaning, significant, meaning, साकूतस्मिन् Git 2, साकूत वचनम् &c -2 Intentional -3 Amorous, wanton -तम् *ind.* 1 Meaningfully, significantly, as in साकूत मा निर्बन्ध -2 Amorously -3 Feelingly, pathetically -4 Attentively -Comp -स्मित, -हसित *n.* 1 significant smile, wanton glance

साकेतम् N of the city of Ayodhyā, साकेतनार्योऽञ्जलिभिः प्रणेतु R 14 13, 13 79, 18 36, अरुणवचन साकेतम् Mbh -ता. (*m pl.*) The inhabitants of Ayodhyā

साकेतकः An inhabitant of Ayodhyā -कम् = साकेतम्

साकुलम् A quantity of fried gram (सक्तु) -कः Barley

साक्ष *a.* 1 Having eyes, यथा साक्ष पुरुष परेण चेन्नीयेत नूनमक्षिभ्या न पश्यतीति गम्यते SB on MS 1 2 31. -2 Having the seeds.

साक्षात् *ind.* 1 In the presence of, before the very eyes, visibly, openly, evidently -2 In person, actually

in bodily form, साक्षात् प्रियासुपगतमपहाय पूर्वम् S 6 15, 1 6 -3 Directly In comp it is often translated by 'incarnate', साक्षाद्यम्, or by 'open, direct', तत्साक्षात् प्रतिषेध कोपाय Mal 1 11 (साक्षात् 1 to see with one's own eyes, realize personally -2 to have an intuitive perception or manifestation of, साक्षात्कृतधर्माण ऋषय U 7 -3 To experience a result of or reward for, साक्षात्कृत मे परिवर्तण हि Bhag 5 5 27, 10 22 20) -Comp -करणम् 1 causing to be visibly present -2 making evident to the senses -3 intuitive perception -कारः perception, apprehension, knowledge -क्रिया 1 intuitive perception -2 realization

साक्षिन् *a.* (-णी *f.*) [सह अक्षि अरय, साक्षात् द्रष्टा साक्षी वा P V 2 91] 1 Seeing, observing, witnessing -2 Attesting, testifying -m 1 A witness, an observer, an eye-witness, फल तप साक्षिणु दृष्टमेवपि Ku 5 60, साक्षित्वमस्य पुरुषस्य Sāmkhya K 19, Ms 8 18 -2 The Supreme Being -3 (In phil) The Ego -Comp -द्वैधम् divergent evidence, discrepancy between witnesses -परीक्षा examination of a witness -प्रत्ययः the evidence of witnesses -भावित *a.* borne out or proved by evidence

साक्ष्यम् 1 Evidence, testimony, तमेव चावाय विवाहसाक्ष्ये R 7 20 -2 Attestation

साक्षर *a.* Eloquent

साक्षितम् *ind.* Thoughtlessly

साक्षेप *a.* 1 Taunting, abusive -2 Partial (पक्षपातिन), पाण्डवेषु साक्षेप द्रोण जानाति ते सुत Mb 7 12 30

साखिल्यम् Friendship

साख्य *a.* (-यी *f.*) 1 Relating to a friend -2 Friendly, amicable, P IV 2 80

साख्यम् Friendship

सागम *a.* Legitimate

सागरः [सगरेण निर्गुत अण्] 1 The ocean, sea, सागर सागरोपम, (fig also), दयासागर, विद्यासागर &c, cf मगर -2 The number 'four' or 'seven' -3 A kind of deer -4 N of Bhagiratha, शकरस्य जटाजृटाद् भ्रष्टा सागरतेजसा Rām 2 50 25 -Comp -अनुकूल *a.* situated along the seacoast -अन्त *a.* bounded by the sea, sea-gut -अम्बरा, नेमिः, मेखला the earth -आलयः N of Varuna -आवर्तः an island or bay of the sea, स मया सागरावर्तं दृष्ट आसीत् परीप्सता Mb 3 14 19 (com सागरस्य आसमन्ताद्वर्तं वर्तन यस्मिन् सागरद्वीपे इत्यर्थः) -उत्थम् sea-salt -गमा, -गा 1 a river, दिवि वा सागरगमास्तेन वो मानयाम्यहम् Mb 13 146 23 -2 the Ganges -गामिनी 'a river -नेमि. (मी) the earth -गुवनम् navigating (the ocean) -मेखला the earth -सुता N of Laksmī, मनोवृत्तिस्तान्मर्थो मतिरियमयो सागरसुता Vāṇu-mahimna S 24 -सुतुः the moon

साग्नि *a.* 1 Having fire -2 Taking the sacred fire, सामयोजनमयश्चैव साशिव्यगणबान्धवा Mb 3 1 44.

सांख्यिक *a* 1 Maintaining, or possessing fire -2 Attended by fire -कः A house-holder who maintains the sacred fire

साग्र *a* 1 Entire, तेषां तु युद्धमानानां साग्रं सवत्सरो गतं Rām 7 23 9 -2 With a surplus, more than -ग्रम् and For a longer period, for a whole life

सांकायिक *a* Excellent in conversation

सांकाय्यम् Talk, conversation

सांकर्यम् Mixture, confusion, promiscuous or confused mixture

साकल *a* (-ली *f*) Produced or effected by addition.

सांकाश्यम्, -श्या *N* of the capital of Kuśadhvaṇa, brother of Janaka

सांकूजितम् Loud commingled twittering, सांकूजितं पक्षिणं करोति Rām ch 6 21

सांकेतिक *a* (-की *f*) 1 Symbolical, indicatory -2 Conventional

सांकेत्यम् 1 Agreement, पाखण्डदेवता कङ्कटप्रबकवटप्राया आर्यसमयपरिहृता सांकेत्येनाभिधत्ते Bhāg 5 14 29 -2 Appointment, assignment (with beloved person), अहो मयात्मा परितोषितो वृथा सांकेत्यवस्थातिविगर्हवार्तया Bhāg 11 8 32

सांक्षेपिक *a* (-की *f*) Abridged, short, concise

सांख्य *a* [सांख्यया निर्वृत्तम् अण्] 1 Relating to number -2 Calculating, enumerating -3 Discriminative -4 Deliberating, reasoning, a reasoner, त्वं गतिं सर्वसांख्यानां योगिना त्वं परायणम् Mb -ख्यः, -ख्यम् *N* of one of the six systems of Hindu philosophy, attributed to the sage Kapila, (this philosophy is so called because it 'enumerates' twentyfive *Tattvas* or true principles, and its chief object is to effect the final emancipation of the twenty-fifth *Tattva*, i.e. the *Purusa* or soul, from the bonds of this worldly existence—the fetters of phenomenal creation—by conveying a correct knowledge of the twenty four other *Tattvas* and by properly discriminating the Soul from them. It regards the whole universe as a development of an inanimate principle called *Prakṛiti* q v, while the *Purusa* is altogether passive and simply a looker-on. It agrees with the Vedānta in being synthetical and so differs from the analytical Nyāya or Vaiśeṣika, but its great point of divergence from the Vedānta is that it maintains two principles which the Vedānta denies, and that it does not admit God as the creator and controller of the universe, which the Vedānta affirms), सांख्यमिव कपिल-धिष्ठितम् K -ख्यः 1 A follower of the Sāṃkhya philosophy, ज्ञानयोगेन सांख्यानां कर्मयोगेन योगिनाम् Bg 3 3, 5 5 -2 An epithet of Śiva -Comp -कारिका *N* of a collection of 72 verses by Īśvara Kṛiṣṇa -प्रसादः, -मुख्यः epithets of Śiva.

साङ्ग *a* [सहाजैर्न अङ्गैर्वा] 1 Having members -2 Complete in every part -3 Together with the six *angas* or auxiliary members -4 Concluded, finished -Comp. -उपाङ्ग *a* (the Vedas) with the *angas* and उपाङ्ग

सांगतिक *a* (-की *f*) Relating to union or society, associating -कः 1 A visitor, guest, new-comer, नैकग्रामीण-मतिर्यि विप्रं साङ्गतिकं तथा Ms 3 103 -2 One who comes to transact business

सांगत्यम् Meeting, intercourse with, त्वं सांगत्यसुखस्य नास्ति विषयस्तत् किं वृथा व्याहृते Mv 5 49

सांगमः Union, meeting, of संगम

सांग्रामिक *a* (-की *f*) Relating to war, warlike, martial, एष साङ्ग्रामिको न्याय एष धर्मं सनातनं U 5 22 -कः A general, commander -कम् Implements of war, सर्व-साङ्ग्रामिकोपेतम् Bhāg 8 10 17 -Comp -गुणः the martial qualities of a king (i.e. शक्ति, पाङ्गुण्य and अत्रायाभ्यास) -परिच्छदः implements of war

सांग्राहिक *a* Constipating, Charaka

सांघातिक *a* (-की *f*) Greatly destructive, very deadly or fatal

साचार *a*. 1 Well-behaved -2 Well-conducted

साचि and Obliquely, crookedly, awry, in a sidelong manner, साचिं लेचनयुगं नमयन्ती K1 9 44, 10 57 -Comp -वाटिका the white-flowered hog-weed -विलोकितम् a side-long look, leer (साचीकृतं to turn or bend aside, make crooked, निनाय साचीकृतचारुवक्त्रं R 6 14, Ku 3 68, साचीकरोत्याननम् M 4 14)

साचीन *a* Approaching sideways

साचिव्यम् 1 The office of a minister, ministership -2 Ministry, administration, अनभिज्ञं साचिव्यं गमितं केन हेतुना Mb 13 163 7 -3 Friendship, assistance, तस्य मे कुरु साचिव्यं तस्य भार्यापहारणे Rām 3 31 41 -Comp -आक्षेपः (in rhet) an objection under the form of assent, साचिव्याक्षेप एवैष यदत्र प्रतिषिध्यते। प्रियप्रयाण साचिव्यं कुर्वत्येवानुरक्तयोः ॥ Kāv 2 146

साजात्यम् 1 Sameness of caste, class, or kind, साजात्य-शङ्कयाऽमी न त्वां निष्पन्ति निर्दया काका Bv 1 25 -2 Community of genus, homogeneity

साजनः A lizard

साद् 10 U (साटयति-ने) To show, manifest

साटोप *a* 1 Elated or puffed up with pride, haughty. -2 Majestic, stately -3 Swollen, filled or charged with (as with water), Pt 1 -4 Rumbling (as clouds) -पम् and 1 Proudly, arrogantly, in a stately manner, struttingly, as in साटोपं परिक्रामति -2 Angrily, furiously

साण्ड a Uncastrated

साण्ड ind A Taddhita affix added to a word to show that something is completely changed into the thing expressed by that word, or that it is left at the complete disposal or control of that thing, भस्मसात् भू 'to be completely reduced to ashes', अमिसात् कृत्वा M 5, भस्मसात् कृतवन् पितृद्विष पात्रसाञ्च बहुधा ससागराम् R 11 86, विभज्य मेरुर्न यदर्थिसात् कृत N 1 16, so ब्राह्मणसात्, राजसात् &c, Si 14 36

सात p p 1 Given -2 Destroyed -तम् Pleasure, delight

सातत्यम् Continuity, permanence, सातत्येनैव चेतोविषय-
मन्तरत् पातु पीताम्बरस्य Visnupāda S 21

सातला 1 See सतल -2 A soap-tree (Mar शिकेकाई).

सातवाहनः N of king Sālvāhana

सातिः f 1 Giving, a gift, donation -2 Gaining, obtaining -3 Help -4 Destruction -5 End, conclusion -6 Sharp or acute pain -7 Cessation -8 Wealth

सातिशय a Excessive, excellent, ज्वालाश्रिय सातिशय
दयन्ति Bk 2 2

सातिना A black variety of skin (चर्मजाति), Kau.
A 2 11

सातीनः, -सातीनकः, -सातीलकः Pease.

सात्मीभावः Conductiveness

सात्म्य a Wholesome, agreeable to nature -त्म्यः
1 Suitableness -2 Habit, habitation, diet -त्म्यम्=
सरूपता q v, नृपाश्चैद्यादय सात्म्य हरेस्तन्मिता ययु Bhāg
7.10 40

सात्त्विक a (-की f) [सत्त्वगुणेन तत्कार्येण मनसा वा निर्वृत्त
ठञ्] 1 Real, essential -2 True, genuine, natural -3
Honest, sincere, good -4 Virtuous, amiable -5 Vig-
orous -6 Endowed with the quality *Sattva* (goodness)
-7 Belonging to or derived from the *Sattva* quality,
ये चैव सात्त्विका भावा Bg 7 12, 14 16 -8 Caused by
internal feeling or sentiment (as of love), internal,
तद्भूरिसात्त्विकविकारमपास्तधैर्यसाचार्यक विजयि मान्मथमाधिरासीत्
Māl 1 26 -कः 1 An external indication of (internal)
feeling or emotion, one of the kinds of *Bhāvas* in poetry,
(these are eight स्तम्भ स्वेदोऽथ रोमाञ्च स्वरभङ्गोऽथ वेपथु ।
वैवर्ण्यमभ्रप्रलय इत्यष्टौ सात्त्विका स्मृता || see S D 164 also -2 A
Brahmana -3 N of Brahman -4 An autumn night
-कम् An oblation (without pouring water) -की N
of Durgā

सात्यकिः N of a Yādava warrior, who acted as
charioteer to Kṛṣṇa, and took part with the Pāṇḍavas
in the great war

स. इ. को... २०९

सात्यवतः, -सात्यवतेयः A metronymic of the sage
Vyāsa

सात्वत् m 1 A follower, worshipper (of Kṛṣṇa
&c), सूत जानामि भद्र ते भगवान् सात्वता पति Bhāg 1 1 12
-2 A man of the Yādava tribe

सात्वतः 1 N of Viṣṇu, Mb 14 52 49 -2 Of
Balarāma -3 The son of an outcast Vaiśya, Ms 10
28 -ताः (m pl) N of a people, सुचिर सह सर्वसात्वतैर्भव
विश्वस्ताविलासिनीजन Si 16 14 -a 1 Belonging to सात्वत,
Vaiṣṇava, तन्त्र सात्वतमाचष्ट नैष्कर्म्य कर्मणा यत् Bhāg 1 3 8
-2 A devotee (भक्त), सद्योऽन्तर्हृदये नित्यं मुनिभि सात्वतैर्द्वैत
A Rām 1 2 17 -3 Belonging to Pāṇcharātra, सात्वत
विधिमस्थाय Mb 12 335 19

सात्वती 1 N of one of the four dramatic styles,
see S D 416 -2 N of the mother of Śiśupāla, न द्ये
सात्वतीदुर्नयन्ममपराभ्यति Si 2. 11

सादः [सद्-घञ्] 1 Sinking, settling down -2 Exha-
ustion, weariness, उदितोरसादमतिवैपथ्यम् Si 9 77 -3
Leanness, thinness, emaciation, शरीरसादादसमप्रभूषण R 8
2 -4 Perishing, decay, loss, destruction, cessation,
गतिविभ्रमसादनीरवा R 8 58, Nalod 3 24 -5 Pain, tor-
ment -6 Clearness, purity -7 Going, motion.

सादनम् 1 Wearying, fatiguing -2 Destroying,
क्रोधलोभौ भय दर्प एतेषा सादनाच्छुचि Mb 12 213 1 -3 Ex-
haustion -4 A house, dwelling, तस्मात्त्वा पूर्वमेवाह नेताऽय
यमसादनम् Mb 3 39 10 -नी 1 Exhaustion, decay,
fatigue -2 The plant कडुकी

सादिः [सद्-ङ् Un 4 136] 1 A charioteer -2 A
warrior -3 A dispirited person -4 Air, wind.

सादित p p 1 Made to sit down -2 Depressed,
dispirited -3 Worned, exhausted, प्रसेहिरे सादयितु न
सादिता Ki 14 57 -4 Destroyed, exterminated, समासदत्
सादितद्वैत्यसपद Si 1 11 -5 Wasted, decayed.

सादिन् a [सद्-णिनि] 1 Sitting down -2 Exhau-
sting, destroying &c -3 Any one sitting or riding on,
प्रतिप्रहाराक्षममश्वसादी R 7 47 -m 1 A horseman, ततो
रथद्विपभटसादिनायकै करालया परिवृत आत्मसेनया Bhāg 10. 71
14 -2 One riding on an elephant or seated in a car.
-3 A charioteer, ततो वररथारूढा कुमारः सादिभि सह Mb.
1 138 8.

सादृश्यम् 1 Likeness, resemblance, similarity, सन्ति
पुनर्नामधेयसादृश्यानि S 7, तवाक्षिसादृश्यमिव प्रयुजते Ku 5 35,
7. 16, R 1 40, 15 67 -2 A likeness, a portrait, an
image, मत्सादृश्यं विरहतनु वा भावगम्यं लिखन्ती Me 87.

साद्य a. New, मौलसाद्यमुभेदाभ्या सारासार पुनर्दिधा Sukra.
4. 870.

साधन्त a. Entire, whole, complete.

साधस्क *a* (-स्की *f*) 1 Quick, instantaneous -2 Resulting, taking place immediately (सद्य फल), चत्वार्याहं महाराज साधस्कानि बृहस्पति (पृच्छते) Mb 5 33 71 -3 New, fresh, कार्यक्षमश्च प्राचीन साधस्क कति विद्यते Sukra 2 92

साधस्कः (also साधस्क) A particular sacrifice, षट् साधस्का सर्ववेदेषु दृष्टा Mb 3 134 13

साध् I 5 P (साधोति) 1 To complete, finish, accomplish -2 To conquer -II 4 P (साधयति) To be completed or accomplished -*Caus* 1 To accomplish, effect, bring about, perform, अपि साध्य साधयेत्सितम् N 2 62, यावयते सावयितुं त्वार्यम् R 5 25, Ku 2 33 -2 To complete, finish, conclude -3 To gain, secure, obtain, किं तत्साध्य यदुभये साधयेयुर्न सगता R 17 38, Ms 6 75. -4 To prove, substantiate -5 To subdue, overpower, conquer (as a foe &c), win over, साधयस्व पितामहम् Mb 6 108 60, न हि साम्ना न दानेन न भेदेन च पाण्डवा । शक्या साधयितुम् Mb -6 To kill, destroy, सुग्रीवान्तकमासेदु साधयिष्याम इत्यरिम् Bk 7 31 -7 To learn, understand -8 To cure, heal -9 To go, depart, go one's way, साधयाम्यहमविष्ममस्तु ते R 11 91, S 1 7, प्रायेण व्यन्तक साधिरमेरये प्रयुज्यते S D -10 To recover (as a debt). -11 To make perfect

साधक *a*. [साध्-ण्वल्, सिध्-णिच् ण्वल् सावादेश वा Tv] (-यका or -यिका *f*) 1 Accomplishing, fulfilling, effecting, completing -2 Efficient, effective, त्व सर्वतोर्गामि च साधक च Ku 3 12 -3 Skilful, adept -4 Effecting by magic, magical -5 Assisting, helping -6 Conclusive -कः 1 A magician -2 One possessed of supernatural powers, a yogin, अविचलितमनोभि साधकैर्मृग्यमाण Mā 5 1 -का N of Durgā

साधन *a* (-नी *f*) [साध्-णिच् ल्यु ल्युट् वा] 1 Accomplishing, effecting &c -2 Procuring -3 Conjuring up (a spirit) -4 Denoting, expressive of -नम् 1 Accomplishing, effecting, performing, as in स्वार्थसाधनम् -2 Fulfilment, accomplishment, complete attainment of an object, प्रजार्यसाधने तौ हि पर्यायोद्यत्कार्मुकौ R 4 16 -3 A means, an expedient, a means of accomplishing anything, असाधना अपि प्राज्ञा बुद्धिमन्तो बहुश्रुता । साधयन्त्याशु कार्याणि Pt 2 1, शरीरसाध खलु वर्धसाधनम् Ku 5 33, 52, R 1 19, 4 36, 62 -4 An instrument, agent, कुठार छिदिक्रियासाधनम् -5 The efficient cause, source, cause in general -6 The instrumental cause -7 Implement, apparatus -8 Appliance, materials -9 Matter, ingredients, substance -10 An army or a part thereof, व्यावृत्त च विपक्षतो भवति यत्तत्साधन सिद्धये Mu 5 10 -11 Aid, help, assistance (in general) -12 Proof, substantiation, demonstration -13 The *hetu* or middle term in a syllogism, reason, that which leads to a conclusion, साध्ये निश्चितमन्वयेन घटित विप्रत सपक्षे स्थिति । व्यावृत्त च विपक्षतो भवति यत्तत् साधन सिद्धये ॥ Mu 5 10 -14 Subduing, overcoming -15 Subduing by charms -16 Accomplishing anything

by charms or magic -17 Healing, curing -18 Killing, destroying, फल च तस्य प्रतिसाधनम् K1 14 17 -19 Conciliating, propitiating, winning over -20 Going out, setting forward, departure -21 Going after, following -22 Penance, self mortification -23 Attainment of final beatitude -24 A medicinal preparation, drug, medicine -25 (In law) Enforcement of the the delivery of anything, or of the payment of debt, infliction of fine -26 A bodily organ -27 The penis -28 An udder -29 Wealth -30 Friendship -31 Profit, advantage -32 Burning a dead body -33 Obseques -34 Killing or oxydation of metals -35 Proof, argument -36 Conflict, battle -37 (In gram) Instrument, agent -38 Making ready, preparation -39 Gain, acquisition -40 Calculation -**Comp** -अध्यक्ष, Superintendent or captain of the military forces -अहं *a* worthy of being proved or accomplished -क्रिया 1 *a* finite verb -2 *a* action connected with a *Kāraka* -सम *a* admitting proof -निर्देशः production of proof -पत्रम् *a* document used as evidence

साधनता, -त्वम् 1 The state of having means, possession of means to accomplish a desired object, प्रतिकूलता-सुपगते हि विधौ विफलत्वमेति बहुसाधनता Śi. 9 6 -2 The state of perfection -3 The being a proof or argument, Kull on Ms 8 56

साधना 1 Accomplishment, fulfilment, completion -2 Worship, adoration -3 Conciliation, propitiation

साधनीक 8 P To employ as a means for

साधनीभू 1 P To become a means

साधनीय *a* 1 Useful for accomplishing a task, मासान्योद्वावलेप्यानि साधनीयानि देवता Bk 5 14 -2 To be formed (as words) -3 To be acquired (as knowledge)

साधिका A skilful or accomplished woman

साधित *p p* 1 Accomplished, effected, achieved -2 Completed, finished -3 Proved, demonstrated -4 Obtained, secured -5 Discharged -6 Overcome, subdued. -7 Made good, recovered -8 Fined -9 Made to pay -10 Awarded (as fine or punishment)

साध्य *a* [साध्-णिच् यत्] 1 To be effected or accomplished, to be brought about, साध्ये सिद्धिर्विधीयताम् H 2 15 -2 Feasible, practicable, attainable -3 To be proved or demonstrated, आप्तवागनुमानाभ्या साध्य त्वा प्रति का कथा R 10 28 -4 To be established or made good -5 To be inferred or concluded, अनुमान तदुक्त यत् साध्य-साधनयोर्वच K P 10 -6 To be conquered or subdued, conquerable, स च त्वदेकेषु निपातसाध्य Ku 3 15, चतुर्थोपाय-साध्ये तु रिपो सान्त्वमपक्रिया Pt 3 27 -7 Curable -8 To be killed or destroyed -ध्यः 1 A particular class of celestial beings, साध्याना च गण सूक्ष्मम् Ms 1 22, विराट्-श्रुता सोमसद. साध्याना पितर स्मृता Ms 3 195, Mb 1 1

35 -2 A deity in general -3 N of a Mantra -ध्यम् 1 Accomplishment, perfection -2 The thing to be proved or established, the matter at issue -3 (In logic) The predicate of a proposition, the major term in a syllogism, साध्ये निश्चितमन्वयेन घटित &c, यत् साध्य स्वयमेव तुल्यमुभयो पक्षे विरुद्धं च यत् Mu 5 10 -4 Silver -Comp -अभावः the absence of the major term -ऋषिः an epithet of Śiva -पक्षः the plaint in a law-suit -व्यापक a (in logic) invariably inherent in that which is to be proved -समः an assertion identical with the point to be proved -साधनम् effecting what has to be done -सिद्धिः f 1 accomplishment -2 conclusion -पाद judgment, decision

साध्यता 1 Feasibility, practicability -2 Curableness -Comp -अवच्छेदकम् that which marks out or measures the साध्य or major term, its characteristic property

साध्यवत् m The party on whom rests the *onus probandi* or burden of proof in a law-suit -n That which contains the साध्य or the major term.

साध्यन्तः [Un 3 128 com] A mendicant, beggar.

साधर्मिक a One of the same faith or religion

साधर्म्यम् 1 Sameness or community of duty, office &c, पञ्चम लोकपालनामूचु साधर्म्ययोगत R 17 78 -2 Sameness of nature, common character, likeness, community of properties, साधर्म्यमुपमा भेदे K P 10, इदं ज्ञानमुपाश्रित्य मम साधर्म्यमागता Bg 14 2, Bhasā P 12 -3 Being of the same religion -Comp -समः (in Nyāya) a sham objection

साधारण a (-णः or -णी f) 1 Common (to two or more), joint, साधारणोऽयं प्रणय S 3, साधारणो भूषणभूष्यभाव Ku 1 42 R 16 5, V 2 16 -2 Ordinary, common, साधारणी न खलु बावा भवस्य Aśvad 10 -3 General, universal, य सतान्नानि मेधया तपसाजनयत् पिता। एकमस्य साधारणम् Bri Up 1 5 1 -4 Mingled, mixed with, in common with, उत्कृष्टसाधारण परितोषमनुभवामि S 4, नीज्यते स हि ससुम श्वाससाधारणानिलै Ku 2 42 -5 Equal, similar, like -6 (In logic) Belonging to more than one instance alleged, one of the three divisions of the fallacy called अनैकान्तिक q v -7 Occupying a middle position, mean -णम् 1 A common or general rule, a rule or precept generally applicable -2 A generic property -Comp -देशः a wild marshy country -धनम् joint property -धर्मः 1 a common or universal duty, (अहिंसा सत्यमस्तेय शौचमिन्द्रियनिग्रह । दम क्षमार्जव दान धर्म साधारण विदुः ॥) -2 the common duty of procreation, (प्रजनार्थं स्त्रियं सृष्टा सतानार्थं च मानवा । तस्मात् साधारणो धर्मः श्रुतौ पत्या सहोदित ॥) -पक्षः 1 common party -2 the mean -स्त्री a common woman, harlot, prostitute.

साधारणता, -त्वम् 1 Community, universality -2 Joint interest

साधारणी 1 A twig of bamboo -2 A key

साधारणीकृ 8 U To share with, divide, केन बान्येन साधारणीकरोति दु खम् K

साधारणीभू 1 P To become equal

साधारण्यम् 1 Commonness, see साधारणता -2 Equality, analogy

साधिका A deep or profound sleep (सुषुप्ति).

साधु a (-धु or -धी f, compar साधीयस्, superl साधिष्ठ) [साधु-उन्] 1 Good, excellent, perfect, यद्यत् साधु न चित्रे स्यात् क्रियते तत्तदन्यथा S 6 13, आ परितोषाद्विदुषा न साधु मन्ये प्रयोगविज्ञानम् 1 2 -2 Fit, proper, right, as in साधुवत्, साधुसमाचार -3 Virtuous, righteous, honourable, pious -4 (a) Kind, well-disposed, तदीयमाकन्दितमार्तसाधो R. 2 28, Pt 1 247 (b) Well-behaved (with loc), मातरि साधु Sk -5 Correct, pure, classical (as language) -6 Pleasing, agreeable, pleasant, अतोऽईषि क्षन्तुमसाधु साधु ना Ki 1 4 -7 Noble, well-born, of noble decent -धुः 1 A good or virtuous man, प्रत्यपेक्षित्यनघां स साधु R. 13 65, 2 62, एभि साधो हृदय-निहितैर्लक्षणेर्लक्ष्येण Me 82 -2 A sage, saint, साधो प्रकोपितस्यापि मनो नायाति विक्रियाम् Subhās -3 A merchant, a jeweller, मुकुटे रोपित काचशरणाभरणे मणि । न हि दोषो मणेरस्ति किं तु साधोरविज्ञता H 2 72 -4 A Jaina saint -5 A usurer, money-lender -n 1 The good, तयो श्रेय आदानस्य साधु भवति Kath 2 1 -2 A good act or thing -and 1 Well, well-done, very nice, bravo, साधु गीतम् S 1, साधु रे पिङ्गल वानर साधु M 4 -2 Enough, away with. -Comp -आचार a well-conducted, pious, virtuous -कारिन् a skilled, clever -कृत a well-done -कृत्यम् compensation, requital -ज a noble, of a noble family -जात a beautiful -दर्शन a 1 good-looking -2 thoughtful, prudent -देवी a mother-in-law -धी a kind, well-disposed (-f) a mother-in-law -पुष्पम् a land growing lotus, L D B -फल a having good results -भावः kindness -मत a highly thought of or prized -मात्रा the right measure -वादः a cry of 'well done', a cry of approbation, सिद्धा मात्ये साधुवादैर्द्वयेऽपि (आक्रियन्ति) S 18 55 -वाहः, -वाहिन् m a well-trained horse -वृक्षः the Kadamb tree -वृत्त a 1 well-conducted, upright, virtuous प्रायेण साधुवृत्तानामस्यायिन्यो विपत्तय Bh 2 85 (where the next sense is also intended) -2 well-rounded (-त्तः) a virtuous man (-सम्) good conduct, virtue, piety, righteousness, so साधुवृत्ति -शील a virtuous, righteous, य सप्तवर्षाणि जुहोति तार्क्ष्य इव्य त्वमो नियत साधुशील Mb 3 186 16 -शुक्ल a quite white -संमत a approved by the good -सिद्ध a. quite finished, perfect

साधिमन् m Goodness, excellence, perfection, विहाय हा सर्वसुपर्वनायक त्वया धृत किं नरसाधिमन्म N 9 44,

साधुषु *a* 1 Best, most excellent, most proper -2 Very strong, hard or firm (super of साधु or बाढ q v)

साधीयस् *a* 1 Better, more excellent, नैर्गुण्यमेव साधीयो धिगस्तु गुणगौरवम् Bv 1 88 -2 Harder, stronger, (compar of साधु or बाढ q v) -3 More handsome -4 More proper or right

साधुता, -त्वम् Goodness, purity, chastity &c, यथा क्रीणां तथा बाचा साधुत्वे दुर्जनो जन U 1 5, सत्सगाद्भवति हि साधुता खलानाम् Subhāṣ

साधुकः N of a mixed caste, L D. B

साधुमत् 1 Good -2 Happy, देवाना प्रतिपत्तिश्च सत्य साधुमता सताम् Mb 5 191 11

साधुतम् 1 A stall, shop -2 An umbrella -3 A flock of peacocks

साध्वसम् 1 Fear, alarm, fright, terror, कुसुमस्तेय-साध्वसात् Ku 2 35, 3 51 -2 Torpor -3 Agitation, perturbation, प्रत्युज्जम् रयेर्हृष्टा प्रणयागतसाध्वसा Bhāg 1 11 19, 10 29 20

साध्वी 1 A virtuous or chaste woman -2 A faithful wife -3 N of a kind of root

सानन्द *a* Happy, delighted -न्दम् ind Joyfully, delightfully, सानन्द नन्दिहस्ताहतमुरज Mal 1 1

सानलः The resinous exudation of the Sāla tree

सानसिः Gold

सानाथ्यम् Assistance, aid, Dk 2 8.

सानिका, -सानियिका, -सानेयी A pipe, flute

सानु *m, n* 1 A peak, summit, ridge, सानूनि गन्व घुरभीकरोति Ku 1 9, Me 2, K1 5 36 -2 A level ground on the top of a mountain, table-land -3 A shoot, sprout -4 A forest, wood, आसीद् विशालोत्तमसानुलक्ष्म्या पयोदपङ्क्त्येव परीतपार्श्वम् Bu Ch 1 2 -5 A road -6 Any surface, point, end -7 A precipice -8 A gale of wind -9 A learned man -10 The sun

सानुक *a* Elevated, arrogant.

सानुमत् *m* A mountain, हुमसानुमतां किमन्तरं यदि वायौ द्वितयेऽपि ते चला R 8 90 -ती N of an Apsaras, S 6

सानुकम्पः *a* Feeling pity, sympathizing, kind

सानुकूल्यम् Favour, assistance.

सानुक्रोश *a* Tender, compassionate

सानुग *a* With followers, सानुगेभ्यो बलिं हरेत् Ms 3 87

सानुतर्षम् ind Through thirst

सानुनय *a* Courteous, civil.

सानुनासिक 1 Nasalized -2 Singing through the nose.

सानुबन्ध *a* 1 Uninterrupted, continuous, सानुबन्धा कथ न स्यु सपदो मे निरापद R 1 64 -2 Having consequences -3 Together with belongings

सानुराग *a* Attached, enamoured, in love

सानूकर्ष *a* Having axle-beams, रथा सानूकर्षा कृत-परिकरा योधपुरषा Pañcharātram 2 7 (com रथस्य अधो-धारणदार अनुकर्षाख्य तद्युक्ता)

सान्तपनम् A kind of rigid penance, of गामूत्र गोमय क्षीर दाधि सर्पिं कृशोदकम् । एकरात्रोपवासश्च कृच्छ्र सान्तपन स्मृतम् ॥ Ms 11 212

सान्तर *a* 1 Having interstices or intervals -2 Open in texture -3 Not steadfast or firm, सान्तर तु प्रतिशति राशे द्रोणेन निग्रहे Mb 7 12 29

सान्तराल *a* 1 Having an interval -2 Together with the mixed caste, वर्णां सान्तरालानाम् Ms 2 18

सान्तानिक *a* (-की *f*) 1 Stretching, spreading, extending (as a tree) -2 Relating to offspring or descendants -3 Relating to the tree Santāna, q v -4 Desirous of offspring, नाह त्वा भस्मसात् कुर्यां स्त्रिय सान्तानिक सति Bhāg 9 14 9 -5 Desirous of marriage, Ms 11 1 (com) -कः 1 A Brāhmaṇa who wishes to marry for the sake of issue -2 (pl) N of particular worlds

सान्व 10 U (सान्वयति-ते) To pacify, appease, conciliate, soothe, comfort, ता सान्वयन्ती भरतप्रतीक्षा त बन्धुता न्यक्षिपदाशु तैले Bk 3 23

सान्वः, सान्वा, सान्वम्, सान्वनम्, -ना [सान्व् अच् व्युद् वा] 1 Appeasing, pacification, consolation -2 Conciliation, mild or gentle means, Kau. A 2 10, सान्वं हि नाम दुर्विनीतानामौषधम् Pañcharātram 1, बबन्ध सान्वेन फलेन चेतान् Bu Ch 2 42, चतुर्थोपायसाध्ये तु रिपौ सान्वमपक्रिया S1 2 54, न सरम्भेण सिध्यन्ति सर्वेऽर्थी सान्वया यथा Bhāg 8 6 24, Pt 3 27 -3 Kind or conciliatory words, सान्व बभाषे न च नार्यवद् यत् Bu Ch 2 38. -4 Mildness -5 Friendly salutation and inquiry

सान्दीपनिः N of a sage [According to Viṣṇu-Purāṇa, he was the tutor of Kṛiṣṇa and Balarāma, and asked as his preceptor's fee that his son, who was kept by a demon named Pañchajana underneath the waters, should be restored to him Kṛiṣṇa, having undertaken to get him up, plunged into the sea, killed the demon, and brought back the boy to his father]

सांदृष्टिक *a* (-की *f*) 1 Relating to present perception, visible at the same time -2 Evident, undeniable -कम् Immediate consequence

सान्द्र *a* 1 Close, compact, having no interstices. -3 Coarse, gross, thick, dense, दुर्वर्णभित्तिरिह सान्द्रसुधा-सवर्णा S1 4 28, 64, 9 15, R 7. 41, Ra 1 20. -3

Clustered together, collected -4 Stout, strong, robust -5 Excessive, abundant, much, सान्द्रानन्दक्षुभितहृदयप्रसवेणावसिक्त U 6 22 -6 Intense, strong, vehement, व्याप्तान्तरा सान्द्रकुतूहलानाम् R 7 11, Śi 9 37 -7 Unctuous, oily, viscid -8 Bland, soft, smooth -9 Pleasing, agreeable -द्रम् 1 A heap, cluster -2 A thicket, wood -Comp -कुतूहल a greatly curious, seized with great curiosity -स्पर्श a soft to the touch

सान्द्रीकृत a 1 Made thick or dense -2 Increased, strengthened

सांघ a Situated at the point of contact

सांधिकः A distiller

सांघिविग्रहिकः A minister (or Secretary of State) for foreign affairs (deciding upon peace and war)

सांघ्य a (-घ्यी f) 1 Relating to the twilight or evening, सांघ्य तेज प्रतिनवजपापुष्परक्त दवान् Me 38, Kī 5 8, R 11 60, Śi 9 15 -2 Relating to the morning twilight or dawn

सांनह्निक, -सांनाहिक a (-की f) 1 Bearing or putting on an armour, सांनाहिको यदा राजन् राजन्योऽथ पशु शुचि Bhāg 9 7 14 -2 Calling to arms, encouraging to prepare for battle, शैलकटकटभिन्नरव प्रणनाद सांनह्निकोऽस्य वारिज Śi 15 72, अकृतार्थश्च भीतश्च न च सांनाहिको इत Mb 7 71 11 -कः An armour-bearer

सांनाहुक a Fit for wearing arms, Ait Br 7 14

सानाग्यः Any substance mixed with clarified butter and offered as an oblation to fire, पाथ्य-सानाग्य-निवक्ष्य-धाप्या मानहविर्निवाससामिधेनीषु P III 1 29, quoted by Śabara on MS 5 3 5), Śi 11 41

सानिध्यम् 1 Vicinity, proximity, वदनामलेन्दुसानिध्यत् Mal 3 5 -2 Presence, attendance, परिकल्पितसानिध्या काले काले च बन्दिषु R 4 6, 7 3, Ku 7 33

सानिपातिक a. (-की f) [संनिपातात् त्रिदोषविकारात् आगत तेन निर्मुक्तो वा अण्] 1 Miscellaneous -2 Complicated -3 Having a complicated derangement of the three bodily humours, वीर्यवन्त्यौषधानीव विकारे सानिपातिके Ku 2 48, भिषजा सानिपातिके कर्मणि व्यज्यते प्रज्ञा Pt 1 127 -Comp -कर्मन् the treatment of the above illness

सान्यासिकः [सन्यास प्रयोजनमस्य ठक्] 1 A Brāhmana in the fourth order of his religious life, see सन्यासिन् -2 A mendicant in general

सान्वय a 1 Hereditary -2 Along with family or descendants, स जीवन्नेव शूद्रत्वमाशु गच्छति सान्वय Ms 2 168 -3 Of kin, related to, अवहायो भवेच्चैव सान्वय षट्शत दमम् 8 198 -4 Significant, Dk -5 Having the same business, Bhāg

सापत्न a (-त्नी f) 1 Based on rivalry -2 Born from or belonging to a rival wife -त्नाः (m pl) The children of different wives of the same husband

सापत्नकम् Rivalry, enmity, also सापत्न्यकम्

सापत्न्यम् 1 The state or condition of a rival wife, सापत्न्य क्षितिषुतविद्विषो महिष्य -2 Rivalry, ambition, enmity, तथापि देवा सापत्न्यान्नोपेक्ष्या इति मन्महे Bhāg 10 4 37. -त्न्यः 1 The son of a rival wife -2 An enemy -3 A half brother

सापत्य a 1 Having progeny -2 Accompanied by children -त्यः 1 The son of a rival wife -2 A half brother, see सापत्न्य

सापदेशम् ind Under a pretence

सापराध a Guilty, criminal

सापवाद a 1 Spreading or indulging in scandal, देव्यामपि हि वैदेह्या सापवादो यतो जन U 1 6 -2 Attended with a scandal, U 2 -दम् ind Censuringly, reproachfully

सापवादक a Liable to exception

सापाश्रयम् A house with an open gallery at the back.

सापिण्ड्यम् Connection by the offering of rice-balls to the same Manes, kindred, consanguinity

सापीड a Discharging a stream of water

सापेक्ष a. 1 Having regard to, dependent on, (usually in comp) -2 Favourable, partial, सुकेश प्रति सापेक्ष ग्राह देवगणान् प्रभु Rām 7 6 9

साप्तपद a (-दी f), साप्तपदीन a [of P V 2 22] Formed by walking together seven steps, or by talking together seven words, यत सता सप्ततगात्रि सप्तत मनीषिभि साप्तपदीनमुच्यते Ku 5 39 (where the latter sense appears better), सता साप्तपद मैत्रमित्राहुर्विबुधा जना Pt 2 43, 4 103 -दम्, -दीनम् 1 Circumambulation of the nuptial fire by the bride and bridegroom in seven steps (which makes the marriage tie irrevocable) -2 Friendship, intimacy

साप्तपौरुष a (-षी f) Extending to or including seven generations, पितृणा तस्य वृत्ति स्याच्छाश्वती साप्तपौरुषी Ms 3 146

साफल्यम् 1 Fruitfulness, usefulness, productiveness -2 Profit, advantage -3 Success

साबाध a Disordered, deranged, प्रियाया साबाध तदपि कमनीय वप्रदिदम् S 3 9.

साब्दी A kind of grape

साभाव्यम् Identity of nature.

साभिनयम् and With dramatic gesture

साभिनिवेश a Attended with a great predilection for anything

साभ्यसूय a Envious, jealous

साम् 10 U (सामयति-ते) To appease, conciliate, soothe

साम a Undig. crude, Charaka

सामम् Likeness, similarity -Comp -स्थम् comfort, ease, welfare

सामकम् The principal of a debt -कः A whet-stone

सामग्री [समग्रस्य भाव व्यञ्ज् स्त्रीत्वपक्षे ङीप् यलोप Tv] 1 A collection or assemblage of materials, apparatus, furniture, इतीय सामग्री भवति हरभक्तिं स्पृहयताम् Bh 3 155 -2 Effects, goods -3 Stock, provision

सामग्र्यम् 1 Entireness, perfection, completeness, totality, प्रायेण सामग्र्यविवै गुणानां पराङ्मुखी विश्वसृज प्रवृत्ति Ku 3 28, पञ्चशरो भावरसानां सामग्र्यात् Dk 2 2 -2 Tram, retinue -3 A collection of implements, apparatus -4 Stock, effects -5 Welfare (क्षेम), अपि लक्ष्मण सीतायां सामग्र्यं प्राप्नुयामहे Rām 3 57 20

सामञ्जस्यम् 1 Fitness, consistency, propriety, cf असमञ्जस -2 Accuracy, correctness, एकस्यां हि चित्तौ षष्ठी-शब्दो न सामञ्जस्येन स्यात् SB on MS 4 4 14

सामन् n [सो-मनिन् Un 1 152] 1 Appeasing, calming, comforting, soothing -2 Conciliation, pacific measures, negotiation, (the first of the four upāyas or expedients to be used by a king against an enemy), सामदण्डौ प्रशसन्ति नित्यं राष्ट्राभिरुद्धये Ms 7 109 -3 Conciliatory or mild means, pacific or conciliatory conduct, gentle words, यो दुर्वलो ह्यप्यपि याच्यमानो बलीयसा यच्छति नैव साम्ना Pt 4 26, 48 -4 Mildness, gentleness -5 A metrical hymn or song of praise, सप्तसामोपगीत त्वाम् R 10 21, बृहत्साम तथा साम्ना गायत्री छन्दसामहम् Bg 10 35 -6 A verse or text of the Sāmaveda, सस्तीमस्वरकालाभ्यास-विकारायां हिक्कारप्रणवप्रस्तावोद्गीयप्रतिहारोपद्रवनिधनवत्यामृचि गीतौ सामशब्दोऽभियुक्तैश्चर्च्यते SB on MS 7 2 1, स्तोमादिविशिष्टा ऋक् साम ibid -7 The Sāmaveda itself (said to have been produced from the sun, cf Ms 1 23) -8 Voice, sound, स्वर सामशब्देन लोकाभिधीयते । सुसामा देवदत्त इति सुस्वरो देवदत्त इति । स्वरो घोषो नाद इति समानार्थौ । स सामशब्देनोच्यते । SB on MS 7 2 7, त्रि सामा हन्यतामेषा दुन्दुभि शत्रुभीषणा Mb 3 20 10 -9 A particular kind of sacred text or verse from the Vedas, प्रस्तौता साम प्रस्तौति, Bri Up 1 3 28 -साम्ना and Willingly, gladly, तत्र स्म गाथा गायन्ति साम्ना परमवल्गुना Mb 3 43 28 -Comp. -उद्भवः an elephant -उपचारः, -उपायः mild or conciliatory means, gentle or pacific measures -कलम् and in a friendly tone -गः a Brāhmana who chants the Sāmaveda -गर्भः, -गायनः N of Visnu -ज, -जात a 1 produced by the Sāma-

veda -2 produced by conciliatory means (-जः, -तः) an elephant, नानाविधाविष्कृतसामजस्वर S 12 11, दन्ता दन्तेराहता सामजाना भृगु जग्मुर्न स्वयं सामजाता 18.33 -प्रधान a perfectly kind or friendly -योनिः 1 Brahman -2 an elephant, सुरद्विपानामिव सामयोनिर्भिन्नोऽष्टधा विप्रससार वश R 16 3 -वादः kind words, conciliatory words, साम-वादां सकोपस्य तस्य प्रत्युत दीपका S 1 2 55, Pt 3 28 -विद् see सामवेदिन्, Udgātā, साम सामविदसङ्गमुज्जगौ S 14 21 -विधानम् the employment of Sāmans (for religious purposes) -वेदः the third of the four Vedas -वेदिन् m a Brāhmana who has studied the Sāmaveda -वेदीयः a Ohhāndoga priest

सामक a Belonging to the Sāmaveda

सामन a Ved Conciliatory, peaceable

सामन्यः 1 A Brāhmana versed in the Sāmaveda, ऋग्यजुषमधीयानां सामन्याश्च समर्चयन् Bk 4 9 -2 One skilful in chanting the verses of that Veda

सामन् n Likeness, similarity, वर्णं स्वर । मात्रा बलम् । साम सतान् । T Up 2 1, Bri Up 1 6 1

सामनी, साम्नी A rope for tying cattle

सामन्त a 1 Bordering, bounding, neighbouring -2 Universal -तः 1 A neighbour, राष्ट्रेषु रक्षाधिकृतान् सामन्ता-श्चैव चोदितान् Ms 9 272 -2 A neighbouring king -3 A feudatory or tributary prince, सामन्तमौलिमणिरञ्जितपाद-पीठम् V 3 19, R 5 28, 6 33 -4 A prince with a revenue of 3 laos Karsa, सामन्तं स नृप प्रोक्तो यावच्छत्रयावधि Sukra 1 83 -5 A leader, general -तम् Neighbourhood -Comp -चक्रम् a circle of neighbouring princes -प्रत्ययः the evidence of near neighbours, सामन्तप्रत्ययो ज्ञेयः सीमासंतुतिनिर्णय Ms 8 262 -वासिन् a neighbour, ग्रामा सामन्तवासिन Ms 8 258

सामयाचारिक a (-की f) Relating to conventional practice or usage (समयाचार) -Comp -सूत्रम् N of certain Sūtras, treating of conventional customs and rites sanctioned by the common agreement and practice of virtuous men

सामयिक a (-की f) [समय-ठञ्] 1 Customary, conventional -2 Agreed upon, stipulated -3 Conforming to agreement, keeping an appointment or engagement, देवि सामयिका भवाम M 1 -4 Punctual, exact -5 Reasonable, timely, किमसामयिक वितन्वता मनस क्षोभमुपात्तरहस Ki 2 40 -6 Periodical -7 Temporary -कः Time, period -Comp. -अभावः temporary non-existence.

सामरिक a Warlike, martial

सामर्थ्यम् 1 Power, force, capacity, ability, strength, निन्दन्तस्तत्र सामर्थ्यं ततो दुःखतरं तु किम् Bg 2 36 -2 Sameness of aim or object -3 Oneness of meaning or signification -4 Adequacy, fitness -5 The force or sense of words, the signifying power of a word -6 Interest,

advantage -7 Wealth (सामर्थ्यात्, सामर्थ्येणात् 'by the force of, on the strength of, by dint of, by reason of, as a consequence of')

सामर्थ *a* Indignant, wrathful

सामवायिक *a* (-की *f*) [समवाये प्रसृत ठञ्] 1 Belonging to an assembly or collection, P IV 4 43 -2 Belonging to inseparable connection -3 (An अङ्ग) that subserves the purpose of the principal act directly, आरादुपकारकेभ्य सामवायिकानि गरीयासि SB on MS 10 4 38, (see सनिपत्योपकारक), also 10 1 23 -कः 1 A minister, counsellor -2 The chief of a company or corporation

सामस्तम् Science of word-composition

सामाजिक *a* (-की *f*) [समाज सभावेशन प्रयोजनमस्य ठञ्] Belonging to an assembly, P IV 4 43 -कः A member of an audience or assembly, a spectator at an assembly or meeting, तेन हि तत्प्रयोगादेवात्रभवत् सामाजिकानुपास्महे Mā 1

सामानग्रामिक, सामानदेशिक Belonging to the same village, coming from the same village

सामानाधिकरण्यम् 1 Being in the same predicament or situation -2 Common office, function or government, common relationship (as of case). -3 The state of relating to the same object

सामानिक *a* Of equal rank or dignity

सामान्य *a* [समानस्य भाव व्यञ्] 1 Common, general, सामान्यमेषा प्रथमावरत्वम् Ku 7 44, आहारनिद्राभयमैयुन च सामान्यमेतत् पशुभिर्नराणाम् Subhās, R 14 67, Ku 2 26 -2 Alike, equal, same, सामान्यप्रतिपत्तिपूर्वकमिय दारेषु दद्या त्वया S 4 17 -3 Ordinary, of an average or middle degree, सामान्यास्तु परार्थसुखमभ्युत स्वार्थाविरोधेन ये Bh 2 74 -4 Vulgar, commonplace, insignificant -5 Entire, whole -न्यम् 1 Community, generality, universality -2 Common or generic property, general characteristic, नित्यमेकमनेकसमवेत् सामान्यम् Tarka K -3 Totality, entreeness -4 Kind, sort -5 Identity -6 Equanimity, equability -7 Public affairs -8 A general proposition, उक्तिरर्थान्तरन्यास स्यात् सामान्यविशेषयो Chandra 5 120 -9 (In Rhet) A figure of speech thus defined by Mammata -प्रस्तुतस्य यदन्येन गुणसाम्यविवक्षया । एकात्म्यं बध्यते योगात्तत् सामान्यमिति स्मृतम् ॥ K P 10 -10 A general statement or expression, न सामान्य विशेषानभिवादति SB on MS 10 8 16 -न्यम् *ind* jointly, in common, तै सार्धं चिन्तयेन्नित्य सामान्य सविप्रहम् Ms 7 56 -न्या A harlot, prostitute -Comp -ज्ञानम् knowledge or perception of generic properties -पक्षः the mean -पदार्थः the category called सामान्य or generality. -प्रतिपत्तिपूर्वकम् *ind* with equal respect, S 4 16 -लक्षणम् a generic definition, इति द्रव्यसामान्यलक्षणानि Tarka K -वचन *a* expressing a common property, P II 1 55 -2 expressing a general notion, III

4 5 (-नम्) a substantive -चनिता a common woman, prostitute -वाचिन् *a* expressive of generality or genus, न हि सामान्यवाची शब्दो विशेषानभिवादति SB on MS 10 8 16 -शासनम् an edict applicable to all -शास्त्रम् a general rule

सामान्यतः *ind* Commonly, generally, usually -Comp -दृष्टम् (in logic) a kind of inference (neither deduced from the relation of cause to effect, nor from that of effect to cause), सामान्यतोदृष्ट च यदव्यभिचारि तत् प्रमाणम् SB on MS 7 4 12 -सम्बन्धम् variety of अनुमान where the connection between the लिङ्ग and the लिङ्गिन् or साध्य is not directly perceptible, सामान्यतोदृष्टसम्बन्ध यथा देवदत्तस्य गतिपूर्विका देशान्तरप्राप्तिमुपलभ्य आदित्यगतिस्मरणम् SB on MS 1 1 5

सामायिकम् 1 Equanimity -2 A deed (of property accrued from common business), मेळयित्वा स्वधनाशान् व्यवहाराय साधका । कुर्वन्ति लेखपत्र यत्तच्च सामायिक स्मृतम् ॥ Sukra 2 303

सामासिक *a* (-की *f*) 1 Comprehensive, comprehending the whole, collective -2 Condensed, concise, brief, एष सामासिको नय Ms 7 180 -3 Relating to a compound word -4 Compounded, composite -कम् The whole class of compounds, द्वन्द्व सामासिकस्य च Bg 10 38

सामि *ind* 1 Half ; *e* unfinished, अभिविद्य सामि-कृतमण्डन यती करुद्धनीविगलद्गुका स्त्रिय S 13 31, R 19 16 -2 Blamable, vile, contemptible -3 Too soon, prematurely -4 Imperfectly [Of L *semi*, Gr *hemi*]

सामिकः A tree

सामित *a* Mixed with wheat-flour.

सामिधेनी [सम् + इन्ध् करणे ल्युट् नि०] 1 A kind of prayer recited while the sacrificial fire is being kindled or fed with fuel, विधिविहितविरिब्धे सामिधेनीरधीत्य S 11. 41 -2 Fuel

सामिष *a* 1 Possessed of flesh -2 Provided with meat, मध्यदिनेऽध्वरात्रे च श्राद्ध भुक्त्वा च सामिषम् Ms 4 131

सामीची 1 Praise, eulogium -2 Decency, politeness.

सामीचीन्यम् Propriety, fitness

सामीप्यम् 1 Vicinity, nearness, proximity -2 Nearness to the deity (one of the four states of beatitude) -प्यः A neighbour

सामुद्रः A joint with cup-like socket *e* g. the shoulder-joint, hip-joint -द्रम् Medicine taken before and after a meal

सामुदायिक *a* Collective, belonging to a multitude

सामुद्र *a* (-द्री *f*) [समुद्रे भव अण्] Sea-born, marine, as in सामुद्र लवणम् -द्रः A mariner, voyager; *a*

sea-faring merchant, कोट्यापरान्ता सामुद्रा रत्नान्युपहरन्तु ते Rām 2 82 8 -द्रम् 1 Sea salt -2 The cuttle-fish bone -3 A mark or spot on the body -Comp -निष्कुटाः inhabitants of the sea coast -बन्धुः the moon

सामुद्रिकम् 1 Sea-salt -2 The science of palmistry, -कः See सामुद्र

सामुद्रिक a (-की f) [समुद्रेण प्रोक्त वेत्यधीने वा ठञ्] 1 Sea-born, oceanic -2 Sea-faring, सामुद्रिकान् सवणिजस्ततोऽपश्यन् स्थितान् पयि Mb 12 169 2 -2 Relating to marks on the body (which are supposed to indicate good or bad fortune) -कः 1 One who is acquainted with palmistry, who knows how to interpret the various marks on the body -2 A fortune-teller -कम् The science of palmistry

सामूना A black coloured deer

सामूरम् Leather from the Bahlava country, Kau A 2 11

सामूली A kind of leather from the Bahlava country, Kau A. 2 11.

सामूहिक a Collected in masses -कः a suffix forming collective nouns

सामेधिक a One possessed of preternatural powers, असौ सिद्ध सामेधिक Kau A 1 11.

सांपराय a (-यी f) 1 Relating to war, warlike -2 Relating to the other world, future -यः, -यम् 1 Conflict, contention -2 Future life, the future, योगिना सांपराय-विधिमनुशिक्षयन् Bhāg 5 6 6 -3 The means of attaining the future world -4 Inquiry into the future, यस्य प्रमाणं भृगव सांपराये Bhāg 8 19 2 -5 Inquiry, investigation -6 Uncertainty -7 A helper, Mb 1 3 58 -8 Need, distress, calamity, उक्तपूर्वं कृतो राजन् सांपराये स वक्ष्यति Mb 1 48 11

सांपरायिक a (-की f) 1 Warlike, relating to or prepared for battle, पित्रा सवर्धितो नित्यं कृताञ्ज सांपरायिक R 7 62 -2 Military, strategic, सांपरायिक (दुर्ग) Kau. A 2 2 -3 Calamitous -4 Relating to the other world, द्वे चान्ते सांपरायिके Mb 3 314 9 -5 Obsequial, भ्रातृज्येष्ठस्य पुत्रेण यदुक्त सांपरायिकम् (दुर्ग) A Rām 4. 3 40 -कम् War, battle, conflict, कुर्वाणानां सांपरायान्तरायम् Śi 18 8 -कः A war-chariot -Comp -कल्पः a strategic array (of troops)

सांप्रत a 1 Fit, proper, suitable, रामाञ्जलसमस्तहेति-गुरुणो वीर्यस्य यत् सांप्रतम् Ve 3 5 -2 Relevant -तम् ind 1 Now, at this time, इन्त स्थानं कौधस्य सांप्रतं देव्या Ve 1. -2 Immediately -3 Fitly, properly, seasonably

सांप्रतिक a (-की f) 1 Belonging to the present time -2 Fit, proper, right, U 3.

सांप्रदायिक a (-की f) Relating to the traditional doctrine, handed down by successive tradition, traditional

सांप्रियक a Inhabited by people who are dear to one another

साम्बः N of Siva

सांबन्धिक a (-की f) Arising from relationship -कम् Relationship, alliance

साम्बरम् Salt produced in Sambara

साम्बरी 1 A sorceress -2 Sorcery, L D B

साम्भवी 1 The red Lodhra tree. -2 Possibility

सामुखी A तिथि or lunar day lasting till evening

सामुख्यम् 1 Presence -2 Favour, countenance, propitiousness -3 The state of being in front, न सामुख्ये गुरो स्थेयम् Śukra 3 142

साम्यम्, -ता, -त्वम् 1 Equality, sameness, evenness, प्रवृत्तं कर्म ससेव्यं देवानामेति साम्यताम् Ms 12 90, भवन्ति साम्येऽपि निविष्टचेतसाम् Ku 5 31 -2 Likeness, resemblance, similarity, स्पष्टं प्रापत् साम्यमूर्ध्वारस्य Śi 18 38, H 1 45, Ki 17 51 -3 Equability. -4 Concord, harmony -5 Indifference, impartiality, sameness of view, येषां साम्ये स्थितं मनः Bg 5 19 -6 Measure, time -Comp. -ग्राहः one who beats time -तालविशारद a one versed in time and measure, गीतवादित्रकुशलं साम्यतालविशारदा Mb 2 4. 38

साम्राज्यम् 1 Universal or complete sovereignty, imperial sway, साम्राज्यशसिनो भावा कुशस्य च लवस्य च U 6 23, R 4 5 -2 Empire, dominion

साम्राणिकर्दमम् A kind of fragrance, civet

सायः [सो-घञ्] 1 End, close, termination -2 Close of day, evening -3 An arrow, a missile (साये 'in the evening, at the close of the day') -Comp. -अशनम् an evening meal -अह्नम् m (forming सायाह्न) evening, evening time, सायाह्नि प्रणयिनो भवनं व्रजन्त्याश्चेतो न कस्य हरते गतिरङ्गनाया Bv 2 157 -आरम्भ a beginning in the evening -धूर्तः 1 a rogue, a cheat or deceiver in the form of evening -2 The moon, आदत्तं दीपं मणिमम्बरस्य दत्त्वा यदस्मै खलु सायधूर्तं N 22 52 -मण्डनम् sunset

सायंतन a. (-नी f) Belonging to the evening, evening, सायंतने सवनकर्मणि संप्रवृत्ते Ś 3 27, अलिनारमतालिनी शिलीन्ध्रे सह सायंतनदीपपाटलाभे Śi 6 72 -Comp. -मल्लिका evening jasmine -समयः eventide

सायम् ind In the evening, प्रयता प्रातरन्वेतु सायं प्रत्युद्-व्रजेदपि R 1 90, 48. -Comp. -कालः evening -घृतिः f the evening oblation -प्रातर ind in the evening and morning -भोजनम् an evening meal, Kull on Ms 3. 105. -मण्डनम् 1 sunset -2 the sun. -संख्या 1 the

evening twilight -2 the evening prayer -3 the goddess to be worshipped in the evening °देवता N of Sarasvatī

सायकः [सो-पुल्] 1 An arrow, तत् साधुकृतसधान प्रतिसहर सायकम् S 1 11 -2 A sword -3 The number 'five' -4 The latitude of the sky -Comp -पुङ्खः the feathered part of an arrow, सक्ताङ्गुलि सायकपुङ्ख एव R 2 31

सायणः N of a very learned Brāhmaṇa and a Vedic commentator, supposed to have flourished about 1370 A D

सायनम् The longitude of a planet reckoned from the vernal equinoctial point

सायिका f 1 Position in due order (= क्रमस्थिति) -2 A dagger

सायिन m A horseman

सायुज्यम् 1 Intimate union, identification, absorption, especially into a deity (one of the four states of *Mukti*), सायुज्य सलोकता जयति य एवमेतत् साम वेद Bri Up 1 3 22 -2 Similarity, likeness

सायुध a Armed -Comp. -प्रग्रह a holding weapons in the hands

सार a [स-धञ्, सार्-अच् वा] 1 Essential -2 Best, highest, most excellent, एतद् सारफल्युत्तम बीजयोन्यो प्रकीर्तितम् Ms 9 56, द्वयो सार तुल्य द्वितयमभियुक्तेन मनसा Mu 1 13 -3 Real, true, genuine -4 Strong, vigorous, सारबलम् Kau A 10, सुयुद्धकामुक सारमसार विपरीतकम् Sūkra 4 872 -5 Sound, thoroughly proved -6 Highest or best (at the end of comp), त्रिवर्गसार Ku 5 38 -7 Just, right, पृथोस्तत् सूक्तमाकर्ण्य सार सुष्ठु मित मधु Bhāg 4 22 17 -8 Speckled, motley -9 Driving away, सोऽय दिवक्षोर्दीवपावकस्य गरिम-सार सीकरासार B R 2 60/61 -रः, -रम् (but usually m only except in the first 4 senses) 1 Essence, essential part, quintessence, स्नेहस्य तत् फलमसौ प्रणयस्य सार Māl 1 9, U 6 22, असारे खलु ससारे सारमेतच्चतुष्टयम् । काश्या वास सता संगो गङ्गाम्भ शमुसेवनम् ॥ Dharm 14 -2 Substance, pith -3 Marrow, नि शेष शकलितवल्कलङ्गसारै Ki 17 62 -4 Real truth, main point -5 The sap or essence of trees, as in खदिरसार, सर्जसार -6 Summary, epitome, compendium -7 Strength, vigour, power, energy, सार धरित्रीधरणक्षम च Ku 1 17, R 2 74 -8 Prowess, heroism, courage, राज्ञा हिमवत सारो राज्ञा सारो हिमाद्रिणा R 4 79 -9 Firmness, hardness -10 Wealth, riches, गामात्तसाराम् R 5 26 -11 Nectar -12 Fresh butter -13 Air, wind -14 Cream, coagulum of curds -15 Disease -16 Matter, pus -17 Worth, excellence, highest perception -18 A man at chess -19 Impure carbonate of soda. -20 A figure of speech corresponding to English 'climax', उत्तरोत्तरसुक्कषो भवेत् सार

सं ई को...२१०

परावधि K P 10 -21 The heart -22 Course, motion -23 Extension -24 Any or chief ingredient -25 (In Rhet) A kind of climax -26 Dung -27 Pus -रा 1 Dürvā grass -2 Kuśa grass -रम् 1 Water -2 Fitness, propriety -3 Wood, thicket -4 Steel -Comp -अपराधौ m du the ability (of a criminal to suffer) and the nature of crime, the greatness of the crime, सारापराधौ चालोक्य दण्ड दण्ड्येषु पातयेत् Ms 8. 126, of 9 262 -असार a valuable and worthless, strong and weak (-रम्) 1 worth and worthlessness, सारासार च भाण्डानाम् Ms 9 331 -2 substance and emptiness -3 strength and weakness विचार consideration of strong and weak points &c -गन्धः sandal wood. -गात्र a strong-limbed -गुणः a principal virtue -गुरु a heavy with weight -ग्रीवः N of Śiva -जम् fresh butter -तरुः the plantain tree -दा 1 N of Sarasvatī -2 of Durgā -दुमः the Khadira tree -फलम् a superior and inferior, Kau A 2 7 °त्वम् goodness and badness, comparative importance, एतद् सारफल्युत्तम बीज-योन्यो प्रकीर्तितम् Ms 9 56 -भङ्गाः loss of vigour -भाण्डम् 1 a natural vessel -2 a bale of goods, merchandise -3 implements -मार्गणम् searching for pith or marrow -मितिः the Veda -योध a consisting of excellent warriors -लोहम् steel

सारतस् ind 1 According to wealth -2 Vigorously -3 According to the nature, भाण्डपूर्णानि यानानि तार्य दाप्यानि सारत Ms 8 405

सारता 1 Firmness, solidity -2 Strong confidence -3 Worth, value -4 Highest degree -5 The being a chief ingredient

सारवत् a 1 Substantial -2 Fertile -3 Having sap -4 Solid, firm

सारक a Purgative, cathartic

सारघम् Honey, पीत्वा मुकुन्दमुखसारघमक्षिप्यै Bhāg 10 15 43 -a Derived from the bee, मुञ्क्ते हृषीकर्मधु सारघं य Bhāg 4 24 65

सारङ्ग a (-ङ्गी f) [सारम् अङ्गमस्य शक°] Spotted, variegated -ङ्गः 1 The variegated colour -2 The spotted deer, एष राजेव दुष्यन्त सारङ्गेणातिरहसा S 1 5 -3 A deer in general, सारङ्गास्ते जललवसुच सूचयिष्यन्ति मार्गम् Me 21 (where it is preferable to take this sense rather than that of 'elephant' or 'bee') -4 A lion -5 An elephant -6 A large black bee, Mb 12 178 7 -7 The cuckoo -8 A large crane -9 The flamingo -10 A peacock. -11 An umbrella -12 A cloud -13 A garment -14 Hair -15 A conch-shell -16 N of Śiva -17 The god of love -18 A lotus -19 Camphor. -20 A bow -21 Sandal -22 A kind of musical instrument -23 An ornament -24 Gold -25 The earth -26 The Chātaka bird -27 A flower -28 Night.

-29 Light -30 A devotee, सारङ्गाणा पदाम्बुजम् Bhāg 1 11 26 (com सार श्रीकृष्ण गायन्ति ते भक्ता) -31 A particular Rāga. -Comp. -जः a deer

सारङ्गिकः A fowler, bird catcher

सारङ्गी 1 A kind of stringed instrument, violin -2 A kind of spotted deer

सारण a (-णी f) 1 Causing to go or flow -2 Cracked, split -णः 1 Dysentery -2 The hog-plum -3 Wind during the autumn. -णम् 1 A kind of perfume -2 Leading home -3 Butter-milk

सारणा 1 A kind of process to which metals, particularly mercury, are subjected -2 Stretching out, extension -3 Producing a sound or note

सारणिः, -णी f 1 A canal, drain, water-course, channel -2 A small river, पदे पदे मौनमयान्तरीपिणि प्रवर्तिता सारघसारसारणी N 9 155

सारणिक a (-की f) Travelling, journeying -कः 1 A traveller, wayfarer -2 A travelling merchant, यदा सारणिकान् राजा पुत्रवत् परिरक्षति Mb 12 91 36 -Comp. -मः a highwayman, robber

सारण्डः The egg of a serpent

सारथिः [स-अथिण् सह रथेन सरथ घोटक तत्र नियुक्त इश्वा Tv, of Un 4 89] 1 A charioteer, स शापो न त्वया राजन् न च सारथिना क्षुत R 1 78, मातलिसारथिर्यथै 3 67 -2 A companion, helper, R 3 37 -3 The ocean -4 A leader, guide

सारथ्यम् The office of a charioteer, charioteership, coachmanship.

सारमेयः A dog -थी A bitch

सारस्यम् Sraughtness (fig also), artlessness, honesty, uprightness

सारव a Belonging to the river Sarayu, (P VI 4 174), कठोरपीनोच्चकुचद्वयीतटत्रुव्यत्तर सारवसारवोर्मिज N 12 7.

सारस a (-सी f) [सरस इदम् अण्] 1 Belonging to a lake, विशदा विण्दामत्तसारसे सारसे जले Kāv 3 14, Nalod 2 40 -2 Belonging to or proceeding from a Sārasa -सः 1 The (Indian) crane, or swan (according to some), विभिद्यमाना विससार सारसानुदस्य तीरेषु तरङ्गसहति Kt 8 31, Śi 6 75, 12 44, Me 31, R 1 41 -2 A bird in general -3 The moon -सम् 1 A lotus, पुरा सरसि मानसे विकचसारसालिस्खलत् Bv 1 3 -2 The zone or girdle of a woman -सी A female (Indian) crane -Comp -अक्षम् a kind of ruby. -अक्षी a lotus-eyed woman

सारस a Crying, calling -सारस्यम् a cry, shout

सारस (श) नम् 1 A girdle or zone, सारशन महानहि Kt. 18. 32 -2 A military girdle; स्वर्णसारसनालम्बि-कौक्ष्यक-

कृतत्रियम् Śiva B 29 19 (कलीबे सारशन चाथ पुस्कव्या वृष्ट्खल त्रिषु Ak) -3 A breast-plate

सारसिका A female (Indian) crane, कामे कान्ते सार-सिकाकाकुरुतेन Śi 6 76

सारस्यम् Abundance of water

सारस्वत a (-ती f) [सरस्वती देवतास्य, सरस्वत्या इद वा अण्] 1 Relating to the goddess Sarasvatī -2 Belonging to the river Sarasvatī, कृत्वा तासामभिगममपा सौम्य सारस्वतीनाम् Me 51 -3 Eloquent -4 Belonging to the Sāravata country -तः 1 N of a country about the river Sarasvatī -2 N of a particular class of Brāhmaṇas -3 A particular ceremonial used in the worship of Sarasvatī -4 A staff of the Bilva tree -5 N of a certain sage, सारस्वतश्चापि जगाद नष्टम् (वेदम्) Bu Oh 1 48 -ताः (m pl) The people of the Sāravata country -तम् Speech, eloquence, शृङ्गारसारस्वतम् Gt 12

सारामुखः A kind of rice

सारालः Sesamum

सारिः, -री f 1 A man at chess, chessman -2 A kind of bird -Comp -क्रीडा a kind of game similar to chess -फलकः a chess board

सारिका [सरति गच्छति स-ण्वल्] 1 A kind of bird, आत्मनो मुखदोषेण बध्यन्ते शुक्रसारिका Pt 4 44, सारिका पञ्जरस्थाम् Me 87, Mb 13 54 10 -2 A confidante -3 The bridge of a stringed instrument

सारिन् a (-णी f) 1 Going, resorting to -2 Having the essence or substance of -3 A river

सारिष्ठ a Having the symptoms of approaching death

सारिष्ठ a The very best.

सारूप्यम् 1 Sameness of form, similarity, likeness, conformity, resemblance, अन्तर्दृष्टिसारूप्यत Mal 5 -2 Assimilation to the deity (one of the four states of Mukti) -3 (In dramas) An angry treatment of one mistaken for another through resemblance, सारूप्यमभि-भूतस्य सारूप्यात् क्षोभवर्तनम् S D 464 -4 Surprise at seeing an object or its likeness seen elsewhere -a Fit, proper, suitable.

सारोपा An ellipsis containing an attribute to be supplied

सारोष्ट्रिकः A kind of poison

सारोह a. 1 Elevated -2 Together with a horseman.

सार्क a Sunny

सार्गल a Barred, obstructed, impeded, ईप्सितं तदवज्ञानाद् विदि सार्गलमात्मन R 1 79

सार्वम् A house, dwelling.

सार्थ *a* [अर्थेन सहित, स-स्थन्-स्वार्थे अण् वा Un 2 5]
 1 Having meaning, significant -2 Having an aim or object -3 Of like meaning or import -4 Useful, serviceable -5 Wealthy, rich, opulent -र्थः 1 A rich man -2 A company of merchants, caravan (of traders), सार्था स्वैर स्वकीयेषु चैरुर्वैरमस्विवादिषु R 17 64, see सार्थवाह -3 A troop, collection of men, सार्थ प्रवसतो मित्रम् Mb -4 A herd, flock, (of animals of the same species), अथ कदाचित् तैरितस्ततो अमद्भि सार्थाद् अष्ट कथनको नामोद्घो दष्ट Pt 1 -5 A collection or multitude in general, अर्थिसार्थ Pt 1, त्वया चन्द्रमसा चातिसधीयते कामिजनसार्थ S 3 -6 One of a company of pilgrims -Comp. -ज *a* bred in a caravan -वाहः, -वाहनः the leader of a caravan, a merchant, trader, S 6 -हीन *a* left behind by a caravan

सार्थक *a* 1 Having sense, significant -2 Useful, serviceable, advantageous

सार्थवत् *a* 1 Having meaning, significant -2 Having a large company

सार्थिक *a* Travelling with, यदेव कर्म केवल पुरा कृत शुभाशुभम् । तदेव पुत्र सार्थिक भवत्यमुत्र गच्छत ॥ Mb 12 321 51 -कः 1 A merchant, trader, हाहाकार प्रमुञ्चन्त सार्थिका शरणार्थिन Mb 3 65 11, Bhāg 5 13 2 -2 A companion on a journey

साद्र *a* Wet, moist, humid, damp.

सार्ध *a* Increased by half, plus one-half, having a half over, as in सार्धशतम् (= 150), द्वे शते सार्धे (250) &c -Comp. -वार्षिक *a* lasting a year and a half, Kull on Ms 11 126 -सवत्सरम् *a* year and a half

सार्धम् *ind* Together with, with, in company with (with instr), वन मया सार्धमसि प्रपन्न R 14 63, Ms 4 43, Bk 6 26, Me 91

सार्पः (प्यः) *N* of the constellation Āślesā, सार्पे जातौ तु सौमित्रौ कुलीरेऽभ्युदिते रवौ Rām 1 18 15

सार्पिष *a* (-की *f*), **सार्पिष्क** (-की *f*) Dressed or cooked with clarified butter

सार्थ *a* That which may be dropped (in pronunciation)

सार्व *a* (-वी *f*) 1 General, universal -2 Fit or suitable for all, सभवन्ति यददोषदूषिते सार्व सर्वगुणसपदस्त्वयि Si 14 4 -वैः A Buddhist or Jaina saint

सार्वकामिक *a* (-की *f*) Satisfying every desire, granting all wishes, तीर्थमस्ति न भवार्णवबाह्व सार्वकामिकमृते भवतस्तत् Ki 18 25

सार्वकाल *a*. Taking place at all times.

सार्वकालिक *a* (-की *f*) Eternal, everlasting

सार्वचर्मीण *a*. Wholly made of leather, P V. 2 5,

सार्वजनिक *a* (-की *f*), **सार्वजनीन** *a*. (-नी *f*), **सार्वजन्य** *a* Public, universal, general

सार्वज्ञम् Omniscience

सार्वत्रिक *a* (-की *f*) Belonging to every place, general, applicable to all places or circumstances, as in सार्वत्रिको नियम

सार्वधातुक *a* (-की *f*) Applicable to the whole of a radical term, or to the complete form of the verbal base after the conjugational characteristics have been affixed, : *e* to the four conjugational or special tenses. -कम् *N* of the verbal terminations of the four conjugational tenses (strictly, the personal terminations of all tenses and moods except the Perfect and Benedictive and the affixes distinguished by a mute ण्)

सार्वभौतिक *a* (-की *f*) 1 Belonging or relating to all elements or beings -2 Comprising all animate beings, त्रिविधस्त्रिविध कृत्स्न ससार सार्वभौतिक Ms 12 51

सार्वभौम *a* (-मी *f*) Relating to, consisting of, the whole earth, universal -2 Relating to all conditions of the mind, Yoga S -मः 1 An emperor, a universal monarch, नाज्ञाभङ्ग सहन्ते नृवर नृपतयस्त्वादृशा सार्वभौमा Mu 3 22 -2 *N* of the elephant presiding over the north, the quarter of Kubera -3 An emperor with a revenue of fifty crores (of कर्ष), पञ्चाशत्कोटिपर्यन्त सार्वभौमस्तत् परम् । सप्तद्वीपा च पृथिवी यस्य वक्ष्या भवेत् सदा ॥ Sukra 1. 186

सार्वभौमम् Universal empire

सार्वयौगिक *a* Useful in diseases of every kind

सार्वरात्रिक *a* Lasting the whole night (as a lamp).

सार्वलौकिक *a* (-की *f*) Known to all people, prevailing throughout the whole world, public, universal, अनुरागप्रवादस्तु वत्सयो सार्वलौकिक Māl 1 13, जिगाय तस्य हन्तार स राम सार्वलौकिकम् Bk 5 33

सार्ववर्णिक *a* (-की *f*) 1 Of every kind or sort, सार्ववर्णिकमन्त्रार्थं सत्रीयाह्लाव्य वारिणा Ms 3 244 -2 Belonging to every tribe or class

सार्वविद्यम् Omniscience

सार्वविमक्तिक *a* (-की *f*) Applicable or belonging to all the cases of a noun

सार्ववेदसः One who gives away all his wealth at a sacrifice or sacred rite -सम् A person's entire property

सार्ववेद्यः A Brāhmana conversant with all the Vedas. -द्यम् All the Vedas collectively

सार्वसहः A kind of salt

सार्षप *a*. (-पी *f*) Made of mustard -पम् Mustard-oil.

सार्ध *a* Possessing the same station, condition, or rank, having the same power

सार्धता 1 Equality in rank, condition, or power, देवतानां सलोक्ता सार्धता सायुज्य गच्छति Oh Up 2 20 2 -2 Equality with the Supreme Being in power and all the divine attributes, the last of the four states or grades of *Mukti*, ब्रह्मदे ब्रह्मसार्धता (प्राप्ति) Ms 4 232

सार्ध्यम् The fourth grade of *Mukti*, see above

सालः 1 N of a tree or its resin, Bhāg 8 2 12 -2 A tree in general, as in कल्पसाल, रसालसाल, सायतनाभ्रसम-शोभमशोकसालम् Rām ch 5 22, आकाशमार्गेऽभिकुलयसाल मन्द विचेलुर्मधुर स्वन्त ibid 6 4 -3 A rampart, a fence or wall round a building -4 A wall in general -5 A kind of fish (For compounds see under शाल)

सालंकार *a* Decorated, adorned

सालनः 1 The resin of the Sāla tree -2 Resin in general

सालस *a* 1 Languid, tired -2 Indolent, lazy

साला 1 A wall, rampart -2 A house, an apartment, see शाला -Comp -करी 1 a house-worker -2 a male captive (particularly one taken in battle) -वृकः see शालावृक, वृकसालावृकादिभ्यो भयमाशंसमान Bhāg 5 8 12, 8 2 22

सालारम् A peg projecting from a wall, bracket

सालिका A flute

सालूरः A frog, see शालूर

सालेयम् A kind of fennel, see शालेय.

सालोक्यम् 1 Being in the same world or sphere with another -2 Residence in the same heaven with any deity, (one of the four stages of beatitude)

सालोहितः A kinsman, Buddh

साल्वः 1 N of a country, or its inhabitants (pl. in this sense) -2 N of a demon slain by Visnu. -Comp -हन् *m* an epithet of Visnu

साल्विकः The bird called सारिका q v

सावः A libation

सावक *a* (-विका *f*) Productive, generative, causing birth, obstetric -कः The young of an animal; (for शावक q v.)

सावकाश *a* 1 Having leisure, at leisure, unengaged -2 Applicable -शम् *ind* Leisurely, at one's convenience.

सावग्रह *a*. 1 Having the mark called *avagraha* q. v -2 Restrained, limited -3 Analyzed.

सावक्ष *a* Despising, disdainful, feeling contempt, य सावक्षो माधवश्रीनियोगे पुष्पे शसत्यादर त्वत्प्रयत्ने M 5 8

सावद्यम् (*e* ऐश्वर्यम्) One of the three kinds of power attainable by an ascetic, (the other two being निरवद्य and सूक्ष्म) -*a* Objectionable, blamable

सावधान *a* 1 Attentive, bestowing attention, careful, heedful -2 Cautious -3 Diligent -नम् *ind* Carefully, attentively, cautiously

सावधारण *a* Limited, restricted

सावधि *a*. Having a bound or limit, limited, finite, defined, circumscribed, सावधित्तोराराशिस्ते यशोराशेस्तु नावधि Subhās

सावन *a* (-नी *f*) [सवन यागाङ्ग स्नान सोमनिष्पीडनं वा तस्येदमण्] Relating to, or comprising, the three *savanas* -नः 1 An instigator of a sacrifice, or one who employs priests at a sacrifice -2 The conclusion of a sacrifice, or the ceremony by which it is concluded -3 N of Varuna -4 A month of thirty solar days -5 A natural day from sunrise to sunset -6 A particular kind of year -7 The Solar year, विचाली हि सवत्सरशब्द सावनोऽपि गणितदिवसक etc SB on MS 6 7 39 -नम् The correct solar time

सावमर्द *a* Disagreeable, contradictory

सावयव *a* Composed of parts, सावयवत्वे चानित्यप्रसंग, न ह्यवियत्कल्पितेन रूपभेदेन सावयव वस्तु संपद्यते S B

सावरः 1 Fault, offence -2 Sin, wickedness, crime -3 The Lodhra tree

सावरण *a* 1 Clandestine, concealed, secret -2 Covered, closed, shut, लब्धान्तरा सावरणेऽपि गेहे योगप्रभावे न च लक्ष्यते ते R 16. 7 -3 Fenced

सावर्ण *a* (-र्णी *f*) Relating or belonging to one of the same colour, tribe or caste -र्णः A metronymic of the eighth Manu, see सावर्णि -Comp. -लक्ष्यम् 1 a mark of the sameness of colour or caste -2 skin

सावर्णिः A metronymic of the eighth Manu (son of the sun by Savarṇā), सावर्णि सूर्यतनयो यो मनु कथ्यतेऽष्टम Mark P

सावर्णिक *a* Belonging to the same tribe or caste

सावर्ण्यम् 1 Sameness of colour -2 Identity of class or caste. -3 The age or *Manvantara* presided over by the eighth Manu

सावलेप *a* Full of pride, proud, haughty -पम् *ind* Proudly, haughtily, arrogantly

सावशेष *a* 1 Having a remainder, leaving a remainder or residue -2 Imperfect, incomplete, unfinished -Comp. -जीवित *a* having yet time to live. -बन्धन *a* still bound.

सावष्टम्भ *a* 1 Proud, dignified, noble, majestic -2 Courageous, resolute -3 Bold, vigorous, vehement, सावष्टम्भनिष्ठुम्भसम्भ्रमनमत् *Mal* 5 22 -4 Full of firmness, सभाया वक्ति सामर्ष सावष्टम्भो नर शुचि *Pt* 1 200 -**म्भम्** *ind* Resolutely, firmly, courageously -**Comp** -**वास्तु** a house with an open side gallery

सावहेल *a* Disdainful, disdainng, despising -**ल्म्** *ind* Disdainfully, scornfully

साविका A midwife

सावित्र *a* (-त्री *f*) [सविता देवताऽस्य अण्] 1 Belonging to the sun, *Mb* 7 157 34 -2 Descended from the sun, belonging to the solar dynasty (of kings), यत् सावित्रैर्दीपित भूमिपालै *U* 1 42 -3 Accompanied by the *Gayatree* -**त्रः** 1 The sun -2 An embryo or foetus -3 A Brāhmaṇa -4 An epithet of Śiva -5 Of Karna, आता आतरमज्ञात सावित्र पाकशासनिम् (अब्रवीत्) *Mb* 1 136 8, 13 138 9 -**त्रम्** 1 The sacrificial thread (so called because the repetition of the *Gayatree* forms a principal part of the ceremony of putting on the sacred thread), शान्तिहोमाश्च कुर्वीत सावित्राणि च धारयेत् *Mb* 13 104 60 -2 The initiation into membership of the द्विज classes (by performing the thread ceremony), *Bhāg* 3 12 42. -3 N of the constellation Hasta, पञ्चतारेण संयुक्त सावित्रेणैव चन्द्रमा *Mb* 1 135 30

सावित्री 1 A ray of light -2 N of a celebrated verse of the *Rigveda*, so called because it is addressed to the sun, it is also called गायत्री, *q v* for further information -3 The ceremony of investiture with the sacred thread, आ षोडशाद् ब्राह्मणस्य सावित्री नतिवर्तते *Ms* 2 38 -4 N of a wife of Brahman -5 N of Pārvatī -6 N of a wife of Kaśyapa. -7 An epithet of Sūryā (daughter of Savitrī) -8 N of the wife of Satyavat, king of Sālva [She was the only daughter of king Aśvapati. She was so lovely that all the suitors that came to woo her were repulsed by her superior lustre, and thus though she reached a marriageable age, she found no one ready to espouse her. At last her father asked her to go and find out a husband of her own choice. She did so, and having made her selection returned to her father, and told him that she had chosen Satyavat, son of Dyumatsena, King of Sālva, who being driven out from his kingdom was then leading a hermit's life along with his wife. When Nārada, who happened to be present there, heard this, he told her as well as Aśvapati that he was very sorry to hear of the choice she had made, for though Satyavat was in every way worthy of her, yet he was fated to die in a year from that date, and in choosing him, therefore, Sāvitrī would be only choosing life-long widow-hood and misery. Her parents, therefore, naturally tried to dissuade her mind, but the high-souled maiden

told them that her choice was unalterably fixed. Accordingly the marriage took place in due time, and Sāvitrī laid aside her jewels and rich apparel, and putting on the coarse garments of hermits, spent her time in serving her old father and mother-in-law. Still, though outwardly happy, she could not forget the words of Nārada, and as she counted, the days seemed to fly swiftly like moments, and the fated time, when her husband was to die, drew near 'I have yet three days' thought she, 'and for these three days I shall observe a rigid fast' She maintained her vow, and on the fourth day, when Satyavat was about to go to the woods to bring sacrificial fuel, she accompanied him. After having collected some fuel, Satyavat, being fatigued, sat down, and reposing his head on the bosom of Sāvitrī fell asleep. Just then Yama came down, snatched off his soul, and proceeded towards the south. Sāvitrī saw this and followed the god who told her to return as her husband's term of life was over. But the faithful wife besought Yama in so pathetic a strain that he granted her boon after boon, except the life of her husband, until, being quite subdued by her devotion to her husband and the force of her eloquent appeal, the god relented and restored even the spirit of Satyavat to her. Delighted she returned, and found her husband as if roused from a deep sleep, and informing him of all that had occurred, went to the hermitage of her father-in-law who soon reaped the fruits of the boons of Yama. Sāvitrī is regarded as the *beau idéal* or highest pattern of conjugal fidelity, and a young married woman is usually blessed by elderly females with the words जन्मसावित्री भव, thus placing before her the example of Sāvitrī for lifelong imitation] -**Comp** -**पतिः**, -**परिभ्रष्टः** a man of any one of the first three castes not invested with the sacred thread at the proper time, of ब्राह्म्य, सावित्रीपतिता ब्राह्म्य ब्राह्म्यस्तोमादते क्रतो *Y* 1 38, *Ms* 2 39, तान् सावित्रीपरिभ्रष्टान् ब्राह्म्यानि विनिर्दिशेत् *Ms* 10 20 -**व्रतम्** N of a particular fast kept by Hindu women on the last three days of the bright half of Jyestha to preserve them from widow-hood -**सूत्रम्** the sacred thread (यज्ञोपवीत)

साविनी A river

साविष्कार *a* 1 Proud, haughty -2 Manifest

सावेगम् *ind* With excitement or agitation

साशंस *a* Full of desire or passion, desirous, hopeful, expectant -**सम्** *ind* Wishfully, hopefully

साशङ्क *a*. Feeling fear, apprehensive, afraid, dismayed.

साशङ्कता Fear, terror.

साशयन्दकः A small house-lizard

साशूकः A blanket

साश्चर्यं a 1 Wonderful, marvellous -2 Struck with wonder -र्यम् ind With wonder or astonishment -Comp -चर्य a of wonderful conduct

साश्र (स्र) a 1 Having angles or corners, angular -2 Tearful, weeping

साश्रु a Tearful, full of tears, shedding tears

साश्रुची A wife's or husband's mother, a mother-in-law

साष्टाङ्गम् ind With humble prostration of the body (by touching the earth with the eight members i e hands, breast, forehead, knees and feet), see अष्टाङ्गप्रणाम under अष्टन्

सास a Having a bow, स सासि सासुस् सासो येयायया-यायय K1 15 5

सासाहि a [सद्-यद्] 1 Able to bear, प्रयातु भार स निवेद्य कस्मिन्निहिर्महीगौरवसासिहियं N 10 15 -2 Conquering, victorious

सासार a Rainy

सासि a Armed with a sword, also सासिपाण-हस्त

सासु a Having life, living

सासुस् a Having arrows, K1 15 5

सासूय a Envious, jealous, disdainful -यम् ind Jealously, angrily, disdainfully, मा गा इत्युपरुद्धया यदपि सा सासूयमुक्ता सखी S 2 2

सास्थि a Having bones (said of any animal) -Comp. -ताम्राद्यम् a kind of amalgam of zinc and copper, bell-metal -वधः the killing of any animal having bones, किञ्चित् सास्थिवधे देय प्राणायामस्त्वनास्थिके Y 3 275 -स्वानम् ind with the cracking sound of bones

सास्ना The dew-lap of an ox, गो सास्नादिमत्त्व लक्षणम् T S, रोमन्थमन्थरचलद्गुरुसास्नमासाचके निमीलदलसेक्षणमौक्षकेण S1 5 62

साहचर्यम् Companionship, (constant) fellowship or association, living together, concomitance, किं न स्मरसि यदेकत्र नो विद्यापरिग्रहाय नानादिगन्तवासिना साहचर्यमासीत् Mā1 1, Ku 3 21, R 16 87, Ve 1 20, S1 15 24 -Comp. -नियमः a rule of invariable concomitance

साहनम् Endurance, suffering

साहसम् [सहसा बलेन निर्वृत्तम् अण्] 1 Violence, force, rapine, पैशुन्य साहसं द्रोह ईर्ष्यासूयार्थदूषणम् । वाग्दण्डज च पारुष्य क्रोधजोऽपि गणोऽष्टक ॥ Ms 7 48. -2 Any criminal act (such as robbery, rape, felony &c), a heinous crime, an aggressive act. -3 Cruelty, oppression, न सहास्मि

साहसमसाहसिकी S1 9 59 -4 Boldness, daring, daring courage, साहसे श्री प्रतिवसति Mk 4 -5 Precipitation, rashness, temerity, an inconsiderate or reckless act, a rash or daring act, तदपि साहसाभासम् Mā1 2, किमपरमतो निर्व्यूढ यत् करार्षणसाहसम् 9 10, Pt 1 191, K1 17 42 -6 Punishment, chastisement, fine (m also in this sense), पणाना द्वे शते सार्धे प्रथम साहस स्मृत Ms 8 138, 276, Y. 1 66, 365 -Comp -अङ्कः 1 an epithet of king Vikramāditya -2 of a poet -3 of a lexicographer -अधिपतिः a police officer, साहसाधिपति चैव ग्रामनेतारमेव च Sukra 2 20 -अध्यवसायिन् a acting rashly or with inconsiderate haste -एकरसिक a wholly intent on violence, ferocious, brutal -करणम् violence, force -कारिन् a 1 bold, audacious -2 rash, inconsiderate -दण्डः highest amer- ciament, पूर्व साहसदण्ड आहर्तु Kau A 2 5 -लाञ्छन a. characterized by boldness

साहसिक a (-की f) [साहसे प्रसूत ठक्] 1 Using great force or violence, brutal, violent, rapacious, cruel, felonious -2 Bold, daring, rash, inconsiderate, reckless, न सहास्मि साहसमसाहसिकी S1 9 59, केचित्तु साहसिकास्त्रि- लोचनमिति पेठ Malli on Ku 3 44 -3 Castigatory, punitive -कः 1 A bold or adventurous person, an enter- prising man, भयमनुल गुरुलोकान् तृणमिव तुल्यन्ति साधु साहसिका Pt 5, 31 -2 A desperado, desperate or dangerous person, या किल विविधजीवोपहारप्रियेति साहसिकाना प्रवाद Mā1 1, साहसिक खल्वेष 6 -3 A felon, freebooter, robber -4 An adulterer -कम् A bold, daring action, सुग्रीव एव विक्रान्तो वीर साहसिकप्रिय Rām 4 23 4

साहसिक्यम् 1 Rashness, temerity -2 Violence, force, P I 3 32

साहसिन् a [साहस-इनि] 1 Violent, ferocious, cruel -2 Bold, daring, rash, impetuous, क्रियाफलमविशाय यतते साहसी च स

साहस्र a (-स्त्री f) [सहस्र-अण्] 1 Relating to a thou- sand -2 Consisting of a thousand -3 Bought with a thousand -4 Paid per thousand (as interest &c) -5 A thousand fold -6 Exceedingly numerous -स्रः An army or detachment consisting of a thousand men -स्रम् An aggregate of a thousand, किरीटसाहस्रमणिप्रवेक- प्रयोतिदोहामफणासहस्रम् Bhāg. 3 8 6, (also साहस्रकम् in this sense)

साहस्रिक a Consisting of a thousand

साहाय्यम् 1 Assistance, help, aid, स कुलेचित्तमिन्द्रस्य साहाय्यमुपेयिवान् R 17 4. -2 Fellowship, alliance, friendship -3 A number of companions or associates -4 Auxiliary troops.

साहाय्यम् 1 Assistance, help, succour -2 Friend- ship, alliance -3 (In drama) Helping another in danger, S D -Comp. -कर a. helping -दानम् the giving of aid.

साहित्यम् 1 Association, fellowship, combination, society -2 Literary or rhetorical composition, साहित्य-संगीतकलाविहीन साक्षात् पशु पुच्छविषाणहीन Bh 2 12 -3 The science of rhetoric, art of poetry, साहित्यपाथोनिविमन्यनोत्थ कर्णामृत रक्षत हे कवीन्द्रा Vikr 1 11, साहित्यदर्पणम् &c -4 A collection of materials for the production or performance of anything (a doubtful sense) -5 Agreement, harmony -**Comp** -शास्त्रम् see साहित्य (3)

साह्यम् 1 Conjunction, union, fellowship, society. -2 Assistance, help -**Comp.** -कृत् *m* a companion

साह *a* 1 Connected or terminating with a day. -2 Lasting a day

साह *a* Named, called.

साह्यः 1 Gambling with fighting animals -2 Setting animals to fight for sport &c

सि 5, 9 U (सिनोति, सिनुते, सिनाति, सिनीते) 1 To bind, tie, fasten, उभे नानार्थे पुरुष सिनीत Kath 2 1 -2 To ensnare

सित *p p* Joined with, accompanied by

सितिः Binding, fastening

सिंहः [हिंस-अच् पृषो०] 1 A lion, (it is said to be derived from हिंस, of भवेद्वर्णागमादस सिंहो वर्णविपर्ययात् Sk), न हि सुप्तस्य सिंहस्य प्रविशन्ति मुखे मृगा Subhās -2 The sign Leo of the zodiac e g सिंहलग्न -3 (At the end of comp.) Best, pre-eminent of a class, e g रघुसिंह, पुरुष-सिंह, उद्योगिन पुरुषसिंहमुपैति लक्ष्मी Pt 1 361, U. 5 22 -4 A particular place prepared for the building of a house -5 (In music) A kind of tone -**Comp.** -अवलोकनम् the (backward) glance of a lion न्याय the maxim of the lion's (backward) glance, generally used to mark the connection of a thing with what precedes and follows, (for explanation see under न्याय) -आढ्य *a* abounding in lions -आसनम् a throne, a seat of honour (-नः) a particular mode of sexual enjoyment -आस्यः a particular position of the hands -कर्णः a corner orifice containing lion-figures, यद्वेदिकातोरणसिंह-कर्णे रत्नैर्दधान प्रतिवेश्म शोभात् Bu Oh. 1 5 -कर्णी a particular position of the right hand in shooting an arrow. -केशरः, -केसरः 1 the Bakula tree -2 a lion's mane -3 a kind of sweet-meat -गः an epithet of Śiva -तलम् the palms of the hands opened and joined together -तुण्डः a kind of fish, Ms 5 16 -दंष्ट्रः an epithet of Śiva -दर्प *a* as proud as a lion -द्वार *f*, -द्वारम् the main or principal gate (of a palace &c) -ध्वनिः, -नादः 1 the roar of a lion, असोऽसिहध्वनिरुनाद Ku 1 56, सिंह-नाद विनयोच्चै शब्दश्च दध्यौ प्रतापवान् Bg. 1. 12, Mk 5 29. -2 a war cry -नर्दिन *a* one who roars like a lion, Bk 5 34 -नादः 1 a lion's roar -2 a war-cry -3 a confident assertion -4 N of Śiva. -मलम् a kind of brass.

-याना, -रथा N of the goddess Pārvatī -लीलः a kind of coitus -वाहनः an epithet of Śiva. -वाहिनी an epithet of Durgā -विक्रमः, -विक्रान्तः a horse -विष्टः a throne -सहनन *a* 1 as strong as a lion, प्राशु कनक-वर्णम सिंहसहननो युवा Mb 3 146 28 -2 handsome (-नम्) the killing of a lion -स्थः an epithet of the planet Jupiter when in the constellation Leo

सिंहलम् [सिंहोऽस्त्यस्य लच्] 1 Tin -2 Brass -3 Bark, rind -4 The island or country of Ceylon (oft in pl), सिंहलेभ्य प्रत्यागच्छता, सिंहलेश्वरदुहितु फलसाधनम् Ratn 1 -लाः (*m pl*) The people of Ceylon -द्वीपः the island of Ceylon -स्था a species of pepper

सिंहलकम् The island of Ceylon.

सिंहा *f* A nerve, vein, artery, L D B

सिंहाणम्, -नम्, -सिंहाणकः, -कम् 1 Rust of iron. -2 The mucus of the nose

सिंहिका 1 The mother of Rāhu -2 N of a form of दाक्षायणी -3 A knock-kneed girl unfit for marriage -**Comp** -तनयः, -पुत्रः, -सुतः, -सुनुः epithets of Rāhu.

सिंही 1 A lioness -2 N of various plants (Mar अङ्गुलसा, डोरली, रानमूग, बकुल &c) -3 A vein -4 N of the mother of Rāhu.

सिकता (सिक्-अत्च् Un 3 110) 1 Sandy soil -2 Sand (generally in pl), लभेत सिकतासु तैलमपि यत्नत पीडयन् Bh 2 5 -3 Gravel or stone (the disease) -**Comp** -प्रायम् a sand bank -सेतुः a bank of sand.

सिकतामय, **सिकतावत्** *a* Sandy -यम् 1 A sand bank. -2 An island with sandy shores

सिकतिल *a* [सिकता सन्त्यत्र इल्च्] Sandy, गतास्तुल्या-वस्था सिकतिलनदीतीरतरुभि Bh 3 38

सिक्थः [सिच्-थक् Un 2 7] 1 Boiled rice -2 A ball or lump of boiled rice, प्रासोद्भूतसिक्थेन का हानि करिणो भवेत् Subhās -कथम् 1 Bees'-wax, गन्धोलिपालीगृहसिक्थ-कुम्भात् Rām ch 6 89 -2 Indigo, see शिक्थम्.

सिक्थकम् Bees'-wax, वृक्षधूप सर्जरस शिलाजतु च सिक्थकम् Śiva B 30 18

सिक्थम् See शिक्थम्.

सिद्धयः Crystal, glass

सिद्धघ (ङ्घा)णम्, **सिद्धघाणकम्** 1 The mucus of the nose -2 Rust of iron

सिद्धिणी The nose

सिच् 6 U (सिञ्चति-ते, सिषेच-सिषिचे, असिचत्-त, असिक्त, सेक्ष्यति-ते, सेक्तुम्, सिक्त, स of सिच् is generally changed to ष after a preposition ending in इ or उ) 1 To sprinkle, scatter in small drops, अम्भासि रुक्मकुम्भेन सिञ्चन् मूर्ध्नि समाधिमान् Bk 19 23 -2 To water, moisten; soak, wet,

विश्रान्त सन् ब्रज वननदीतीरजातानि सिञ्चन् Me 26, Ms 9 255
 -3 To pour out, emit, discharge, shed, एता करोत्पीडित-
 वारिवारा दर्पात् सखीभिर्वदनेषु सिक्ता R 16 66 -4 To infuse,
 instal, pour in, जाञ्च धियो हरति सिञ्चति वाचि सत्यम् Bh 2
 23 -5 To pour out for, offer to, अन्यथा तिलोदक मे
 सिञ्चतम् S 3 -6 To impregnate -7 To dip, soak, steep
 -Caus (सिचयति-ते) To cause to sprinkle -Desid.
 (सिस्सिञ्चति-ते) To wish to sprinkle

सिक्त p p 1 Sprinkled, watered -2 Wetted, mois-
 tened, soaked -3 Impregnated, see सिच्

सिक्तिः f 1 Sprinkling -2 Effusion -3 Emission

सिच् f 1 Cloth, L D B -2 The border or hem
 of a dress

सिचयः [सिच्-अयच् किच्] 1 Cloth, garment, स्पृशति
 नखैर्न च विलिखति सिचय गृह्णाति न च विमोचयति Aryā-sapta-
 śati 126, N 7 84 -2 Old or ragged raiment

सिञ्चनम् Sprinkling, watering

सिञ्चता, सिञ्चिता Long pepper

सिञ्जा The jingling sound of metallic ornaments

सिञ्जितम् Tinkling, jingling, आदित्सुभिर्नूपुरसिञ्जितानि Ku
 1. 34, V 4 14

सिञ्जिनी A bow-string, see शिञ्जिनी, युद्धमान शरै राजन्
 सिञ्जिनीध्वनिनीरवान् Mb 6 48 20

सिद् 1 P (सेदति) To disregard, despise

सित a [सो-क] 1 White, सित सिलिम्ना सुतरा मुनेर्वेषु S
 1 25 -2 Bound, tied, fastened, fettered, सुहृत्सु च स्नेहसित
 शिशूनाम् Bhāg 7 6 11, Bri Up 3 9 26 -3 Surroun-
 ded -4 Ascertained, known -5 Finished, ended -तः
 1 White colour -2 The bright half of a lunar month
 -3 The planet Venus -4 An arrow -5 Sugar -तम्
 1 Silver -2 Sandal -3 Radish -Comp. -अंशु = सितकर
 q v, सिताशुवर्णैर्वयति स्म तद्गुणै N 1 12 -अग्रः a thorn
 -अङ्कः, -चिह्नः a kind of fish, L D B -अङ्कः 1 the श्वेत-
 रोहित tree -2 camphor -3 N of Siva -अजाजी white
 cumin -अपाङ्कः a peacock -अभ्रः a white cloud -अभ्रः
 -भ्रम् camphor -अम्बरः an ascetic dressed in white
 garments -अर्जकः white basil -अश्वः an epithet of
 Arjuna -असितः an epithet of Balarāma (-तौ)
 Venus and Saturn गुण a having black and white
 yarn alternately for warp and woof, पट सितासितगुणं
 वयन्त्यौ तत्र योषितौ Bm 1 63 -आदिः molasses -आननः
 N of Garuda -आभः camphor -आशुधः a kind of
 fish. -आलिका a cockle -इतर a other than white, i e
 black गति fire. -उदरः an epithet of Kubera -उद्भवम्
 white sandal -उपलः 1 a crystal -2 chalk -उपला
 candied sugar -कण्डः a water-crow, gallnule -करः
 1 the moon. -2 camphor -छत्रम् 1 a royal umbrella
 -2 a cobweb, मर्कटकीटकृत्रिमसितछत्रीभवत् N 12 37 -छदः,

-पक्षः a swan, goose -तुरगः N of Arjuna, सिततुरगे
 विजय न पुष्पमास K1 10 35 -घातुः a white mineral,
 chalk -पक्षः the light half of a month -प्रभम् silver
 -यामिनी moon light -रञ्जनम् the yellow colour
 -रश्मिः the moon, शैलरुद्रवपुष सितरश्मे (ये रराज निपतत्कर-
 जालम्) K1 9 19 -वाजिन m N of Arjuna -वारणः
 the white elephant ऐरावत, Bhāg 8 4 23 -शर्करा
 candied sugar -शिम्बिकः wheat -शिवम् rocksalt
 -शूकः barley -सिन्धुः f the river Gangā, L D B
 -सौम्यौ (dual) the planets Venus and Mercury,
 अथ गाधिनमन्वितौ कुमारौ सितसौम्याविव सूर्यमुज्ज्वलन्तम् Ram.
 ch 2 31

सिता 1 Candied sugar, sugar, पित्तेन दूने रसने सितापि
 तिक्तायते हंसकुलावतस N 3 94, Bv 4 13, सस्कारो मधुर-
 रसेषु य सिताभि Ram ch 7 30 -2 Moon-light -3 A
 lovely woman -4 Spirituous liquor -5 White Dūrvā
 grass -6 Arabian jasmine -7 N of the Ganges
 -Comp. -खण्डः, पाकः a kind of refined sugar -लता
 white Dūrvā grass

सिति a 1 White -2 Black -तिः 1 White or black
 colour -2 Binding, fastening -Comp -कण्ड, -वासस्
 see शितिकण्ड, शितिवासस्

सितिमन् m Whiteness

सिद्ध I 4 P (सिध्यति, सिषेध, असिधत्, सेत्स्यति, सेद्धम्,
 सिद्ध, -Caus साधयति or सेधयति, desid सिषित्सति) 1 To
 be accomplished or fulfilled, यत्ने कृते यदि न सिध्यति कोऽत्र
 दोष H Pr 31, उद्यमेन हि सिध्यन्ति कार्याणि न मनोरथै 36, Pt
 1 158 -2 To be successful, succeed, सिध्यन्ति कर्मसु मह-
 त्स्वपि यन्नियोज्या S 7 4 -3 To reach, hit, fall true on,
 उत्कर्ष स च धन्विना यदिषव सिध्यन्ति लक्ष्ये चले S 2 5 -4 To
 attain one's object -5 To be proved or established, to
 become valid, यदि वचनमात्रेणैवाधिपत्य सिध्यति H 3. -6
 To be settled or adjudicated -7 To be thoroughly pre-
 pared or cooked -8 To be won or conquered, न विश्वास
 विना शत्रुर्देवानामपि सिध्यति Pt 2 40 -II 1 P (सेधति,
 सिद्ध, the स of सिद्ध is generally changed to ष after a
 preposition ending in इ or उ) 1 To go -2 To ward or
 drive off -3 To restrain, hinder, prevent -4 To in-
 terdict, prohibit -5 To ordain, command, instruct.
 -6 To turn out well or auspiciously

सिद्ध p p 1 Accomplished, effected, performed,
 achieved, completed. -2 Gained, obtained, acquired
 -3 Succeeded, successful, one who has attained his
 object, याताबला ब्रज सिद्धा मयेमा रस्यथ क्षपा Bhāg. 10 22 27.
 -4 Settled, established, नैसर्गिकी सुरभिण कुसुमस्य सिद्धा मूर्ति
 रियतिर्न चरगैरवताडनानि U 1 14 -5 Proved, demonstra-
 ted, substantiated, तस्मादिन्द्रिय प्रत्यक्षप्रमाणमिति सिद्धम् T S,
 साक्षिप्रत्ययासिद्धानि (कार्याणि) Ms 8 178 -6 Valid, sound
 (as a rule) -7 Admitted to be true -8 Decided,
 adjudicated (as a law-suit) -9 Paid, discharged,
 liquidated (as debt). -10 Cooked, dressed (as food);

अन्नच्छाया खलप्रीति सिद्धमन्न च योषित । किञ्चित्कालोपभोग्यानि यौवनानि वनानि च ॥ Pt 2 117 -11 Matured, ripened -12 Thoroughly prepared, compounded, cooked together (as drugs) -13 Ready (as money) -14 Subdued, won over, subjugated (as by magic) -15 Brought under subjection, become propitious -16 Thoroughly conversant with or skilled in, proficient in, as in रस-सिद्ध q v -17 Perfected, sanctified (as by penance), अप्रमत्तोऽखिलस्वार्थं यदि स्यात् सिद्ध आत्मनि Bhāg 11 23 29 -18 Emancipated -19 Endowed with supernatural powers or faculties -20 Pious, sacred, holy -21 Divine, immortal, eternal -22 Celebrated, well-known, illustrious, अयर्वगिरसि प्रोक्तैर्मन्त्रैः सिद्धा विधानतः Rām 1 15 2, एव तौ लोकसिद्धाभिः कीडाभिश्चैरतुर्वेने Mb 10 18 16 -23 Shining, splendid -24 Hit (as a mark) -25 Peculiar, singular -26 Invariable, unalterable -27 Satisfied, Bhāg 11 23 29 -सिद्धः 1 A semi-divine being supposed to be of great purity and holiness, and said to be particularly characterized by eight supernatural faculties called *Siddhis* q v, उद्देजिता वृद्धिभिराश्रयन्ते वृक्षाणि यस्यात्पवन्ति सिद्धा Ku 1 5 -2 An inspired sage or seer (like Vyāsa) -3 Any saga or seer, a prophet, सिद्धादेश Ratn 1 -4 One skilled in magical arts, a magician -5 A law-suit, judicial trial -6 A kind of hard sugar -7 The dark thorn-apple -8 One who has attained his object, सिद्ध कचो वस्यति मत्सकाशे Mb 1 76 70 -द्वम् Sea salt -Comp -अङ्गना, -योषित् a beatified woman, a female siddha -अञ्जनम् magical ointment or collyrium, वसुपूर्णं कलशान् सिद्धाञ्जेन ज्ञात्वा Dk 1 4 -अन्तः 1 the established end -2 the demonstrated conclusion of an argument, established view of any question, the true logical conclusion (following on the refutation of the Pūrvapakṣa) -3 a proved fact, established truth, dogma, settled doctrine -4 any established text-book resting on conclusive evidence, मन्त्रेणैव दैवविदः सर्वसिद्धान्त-पारगा Siva B 6 80 °कोटि f the point in an argument which is regarded as a logical conclusion °कौमुदी N of a celebrated commentary on Pāṇini's grammar by भट्टोजी-दीक्षित °पक्ष the logically correct side of an argument -अन्नम् cooked food -अर्थः a one who has accomplished his desired object, successful (-र्थः) 1 white mustard, यन्त्रस्थसिद्धार्थपदाभिषेक लब्ध्वाप्यसिद्धार्थममन्यत स्वम् N 10 6, अविरलमगौरसिद्धार्थकप्रकारतया काञ्चनरसखचितामिव मालाम् K. (Pūrvabhāga), Bhāg 4 9 59 -2 N of Śiva -3 of the great Buddha -आदेशः 1 the prediction of a seer -2 a prophet, fortune-teller -आपगा f the river Gangā -आसनम् a particular posture in religious meditation -औषधम् a specific panacea -कामः a having the wishes fulfilled -क्षेत्रम् the abode of sages or *Siddhas* -गङ्गा, -नदी, -सिन्धुः the celestial Ganges -ग्रहः N of a particular kind of madness or dementia -जलम्, -सलिलम् sour rice-gruel -देवः N of Śiva -द्रव्यम्

स इ. को ...२११

any magical object -धातुः quick-silver -नरः sorcerer, fortune-teller -पक्षः the established or logical side of an argument -पथः the atmosphere, छिन्ना सिद्धपथे देवै-ल्लुहस्ते सहस्रधा Bhāg 6 10 25 -पुरुषः = सिद्धः (1, 3, 4) above -पुष्पः the Karavira plant -प्रयोजनः white mustard -मानसः a having a completely satisfied mind -मोदकः sugar prepared from bamboo-manna -यात्रिकः one wandering about for the acquisition of magical power, Pt 5 -योगः magical agency -योगिन् m an epithet of Śiva -रसः a mineral, metallic (-सः) 1 quick-silver, अयोविकारे स्वरितत्वमिष्यते कुतोऽयसा, सिद्धरस-स्पृशामपि N 9 42. -2 an alchemist -रूपम् the right or correct thing -लक्षः a one who has hit the mark -लोकः the world of the Blest (सिद्ध) -वास्तिः a strong injection (of oil &c), Suśi -विद्या the doctrine relating to perfect beings -वेदनः an elephant having perfect sensitivity, Mātanga L 8 25 -व्यञ्जनः an ascetic-spy, सिद्धव्यञ्जनैर्मणिवप्रकाशनम् Kau A 4 -संकल्पः a one who has accomplished his desired object -संबन्धः a one whose kindred are well known -साधकः N of Śiva -साधनः white mustard (-नम्) 1 the performance of magical rites for the acquisition of supernatural powers &c -2 the materials employed in mystical or chemical processes -साधितः a one who has learned by practice (not by study) -साध्यः a accomplished, proved (-ध्यम्) a dogma, demonstrated conclusion -सिद्धः a thoroughly efficacious -सेनः N of Kārtikeya -स्थाली the boiler or pot of a seer (it is supposed to be a vessel which is gifted with the property of overflowing with any kind of food at the desire of the possessor) -हेमन् purified gold

सिद्धकः The Śāla tree.

सिद्धता, -त्वम् 1 Accomplishment, fulfilment, perfection -2 Validity of a rule or doctrine

सिद्धान्तिन् m 1 One who establishes a conclusion after noticing and answering objections (or पूर्वपक्ष) -2 One learned in scientific text-books -3 A follower of the Mīmāṃsā philosophy

सिद्धार्थकः White mustard, Dk 2 7 -कम् A kind of ointment

सिद्धिः f [सिद्ध-क्तिन्] 1 Accomplishment, fulfilment, completion, perfection, complete attainment (of an object), विरोधि सिद्धिरिति कर्तुमुद्यत Ki 14 8, क्रियासिद्धि सत्त्वे भवति महता नोपकरणे Subhās -2 Success, prosperity, welfare, well-being -3 Establishment, settlement -4 Substantiation, demonstration, proof, indisputable conclusion -5 Validity (of a rule, law &c) -6 Decision, adjudication, settlement (of a law suit), कार्यकारण-सिद्धौ च प्रसन्ना बुद्धिरव्यया Rām 4 18 47, तस्मान् लेखसामर्थ्यात् सिद्धिरैकान्तिकी मता Śukra 4 726 -7 Certainty, truth, accuracy, correctness -8 Payment, liquidation (of a

debt), अधमर्णार्थसिद्धयर्थमुत्तमर्णेन चोदित Ms 8 47 -9 Preparing, cooking (as of drugs &c) -10 The solution of a problem -11 Readiness -12 Complete purity or sanctification -13 A superhuman power or faculty, (these faculties are eight — अणिमा लघिमा प्राप्ति प्राकाम्य महिमा तथा । ईशित्व च वशित्व च तथा कामावसायिता ॥) -14 The acquisition of supernatural powers by magical means -15 Marvellous skill or capability -16 Good effect or result -17 Final beatitude, final emancipation -18 Understanding, intellect -19 Concealment, vanishing, making oneself invisible -20 A magical shoe (supposed to convey the wearer wherever he likes). -21 A kind of Yoga -22 N of Durgā -23 Complete knowledge -24 Advantage, use, good effect -25 N of Siva (m in this sense) -26 Efficacy, efficiency -27 Becoming intelligible (as sounds or words) -28 (In Rhet) The pointing out in the same person of various good qualities -Comp -द a 1 granting success or supreme felicity -2 giving the eight superhuman faculties, हृदि विनिहितरूप सिद्धिदस्तादिहा य Mal 5 1 (-दः) an epithet of Siva -दात्री an epithet of Durgā -योग, a particular auspicious conjunction of planets -विनायकः a form of Ganeśa

सिध्मम्, सिध्मन् n [सिध् मन् किच्च Un 1 137] 1 Blotch, scab -2 Leprosy -3 A leprous spot

सिध्मल, सिध्मवत् a Scabby, tainted with leprosy, leprous -ल See सिध्मम् above

सिध्मा 1 A blotch, scab, leprous spot -2 Leprosy -3 = कासश्वास (according to Nilakantha, of Mb 12 303 6)

सिध्यः The asterism Pūṣya, सिध्यतारामिव ख्याता शबरी-मापतुर्वने Bk 6 59

सिध् a [सिध्-रक् Un 2 13] 1 Perfect, good -2 Protecting -धः 1 A pious or virtuous man -2 A tree

सिध्मकावणम् N of one of the celestial gardens

सिन a [सि-नक् Un 3 2] 1 White -2 One-eyed. -नः A morsel, mouthful -नम् 1 The body -2 Ved Food

सिनी A woman having a white complexion.

सिनीवाली The day preceding that of new moon, or that day on which the moon rises with a scarcely visible crescent, या पूर्वाभावास्या सा सिनीवाली योत्तरा सा कुहू At Br, or सा दृष्टेन्दु सिनीवाली सा नष्टेन्दुकला कुहू Ak

सिन्दुकः, सिन्दुवारः, सिन्दुवारकः (= निर्गुण्डीतर ?) N. of a tree, दीर्घिका प्रावृता पश्य तीरजै सिन्दुवारकै Bu. Oh. 4 49.

सिन्दूरः [स्यन्द-उरन् सप्रसारणम् Un. 1 68] A kind of tree -रम् Red lead, स्वयं सिन्दूरेण द्विपरणमुवा मुद्रित इव

Git 11, N 22 45 -Comp. -कारणम् lead -तिलकः an elephant (-का) a woman whose husband is living -रसः a particular preparation of quick silver

सिन्दूरिका Red-lead

सिन्दूरित a Reddened, made red

सिन्दूरी Red cloth or clothes

सिन्धुः [स्यन्द् उद् सप्रसारण दस्य धश्च Tv, Un 1 11] 1 The sea, ocean, तावत् त्रिमुवन सद्य कल्पान्तैधितसिन्धव Bhāg 3 11 30 -2 The Indus -3 The country around the Indus -4 N of a river in Mālavā, वेणीभूतप्रतनुसल्लि तामतातस्य सिन्धु Me 29 (where Malli's remark सिन्धुर्नाम नदी तु कुत्रापि नास्ति is gratuitous), पारासिन्धुसभेदमवगाह्य नगरी-मेव प्रविशाव Mal 4 9/10 (see Dr Bhāndārkar's note ad loc) -5 The water ejected from an elephant's trunk -6 The juice exuding from the temples of an elephant -7 An elephant -8 N of Varuna -9 White borax -10 A kind of musical mode (राग) -pl The inhabitants of the Sindhu country -f 1 A great river or river in general, पिबत्यनौ पाययते च सिन्धू R 13 9, Me 48, S 5 21, Ku 3 6, 5 85 -2 The river Sindhu -Comp -उत्थम्, उपलम् rock-salt -कन्या N of Laksmī -कफ, cuttle-fish bone -खेलः the country Sindha -ज, -जन्मन् a 1 aquatic -2 river-born -3 sea-born, born in the Sindha country (-जः) the moon (-जम्) rock-salt -जा f N of Laksmī -नन्दनः, -पुत्र, the moon -नाथः the ocean -पर्णी, -वेषणम् Gmelina Arborea (Mar थोरशिखी) -पिबः N of Agastya -पुष्पः a conch-shell -मन्यजम् rock-salt -राजः, -पतिः N of Jayadratha, Ve 3 -लवणम् rock salt -चारः a horse of good breed (brought from Sindha or Persia) -शयनः N of Visnu -सङ्गमः confluence of rivers, (also with the ocean) -सागरः the country between the mouths of the Indus and the sea -सौवीरः N of a people inhabiting the country round the Indus

सिन्धुक a Marine

सिन्धुकः, सिन्धुवारः N of a tree

सिन्धुरः 1 An elephant, नैवान्यत्र मदान्वसिन्धुरघटासघट्ट-घण्टारणत्कार Vālmiki's Gangāstaka 2, स सिन्धुर सैनिकाना चकार कदन महत् Śiva B 3 16 -2 N of the number 'eight' -Comp -वदनः N of Ganeśa, स जयति सिन्धुरवदन Mangalācharanam 1

सिन्धु 1 P (सिन्वति) To wet, moisten

सिप्रः 1 Perspiration, sweat -2 The moon

सिप्रा 1 A woman's zone or girdle -2 A female buffalo -3 A river near Ujjayini, see शिप्रा

सिम a Every, all, whole, entire

सिमिसिमायते Den A To be convulsed, feel a chil-ling sensation

सिमीकः A kind of small worm

सिम्बा, -म्बी See शिम्बा, -म्बी

सिरः The root of long pepper

सिरा 1 Any tubular vessel of the body (as a vein, artery, nerve &c) -2 A bucket, baling vessel -3 Ved A stream, त्व वृत्रमाशयान सिरासु महो वज्रेण सिध्वपो वराहुम् Rv 1 121 11 -**Comp** -**उत्पातः** 1 a disease of the veins &c -2 redness and inflammation of the eyes -**जालम्** 1 enlargement of the vessels of the eye -2 a network of veins -**पत्रः** the sacred fig tree -**मूलम्** the navel -**मोक्षः, -व्यधः, -व्यधनम्** venesection

सिराल a Having numerous or large veins

सिल् 6 P To glean, L D B

सिलिन्ध्रः A plantain tree

सिल्हः Incense, ohbanum

सिच् 4 P (सीव्यति, स्यून्) 1 To sew, darn, stitch together, मनोभव सीव्यति दुर्यश पटौ N 1 80, Mā 5 10 -2 To unite, bring or join together, स हि स्नेहात्मकस्तनु-रन्तर्मणिं सीव्यति U 5 17 -**With** अनु to string together, connect very closely or uninterruptedly

सिचः, सिचकः A sewer, sticher

सिचरः An elephant

सिचसः 1 A verse -2 Cloth

सिषाद्यिषा 1 Wish to effect or accomplish -2 Desire to establish, prove, or demonstrate

सिष्णासु a (from स्ना) Wishing to bathe, सिष्णासुरभ्येति पर समुद्रम् Mb 8 94 30

सिसिक्षा (from सिच्) The desire of sprinkling, कन्दर्प-प्रवणमना सखीसिसिक्षालक्ष्येण प्रतियुवमञ्जलिं चकार Śi 8 35

सिस्सुक्षा Desire to create, समूत षोडशकलमादौ लोकसिस्सुक्षया Bhāg 1 3 1

सिड्डण्डः The milk-hedge plant

सिहः, सिहकः Benzoin, incense

सिहकी, सिह्नी The ohbanum tree

सीक् I 1 Ā (सीकते) 1 To sprinkle, scatter in small drops -2 To go, move -II 1 P, 10 U (सीकति, सीकयति-ये) 1 To be impatient -2 To be patient -3 To touch See सीक्

सीकरः [सीक्यते सिच्यतेऽनेन, सीक्-अरन्] 1 Drizzling rain, drizzle, mist -2 Spray, thin drops of water See सीकर

सीता [सित पृषो० दीर्घ] 1 A furrow, track or line of a ploughshare -2 (Hence) A tilled or furrowed

ground, ploughed land, वृषेव सीता तदवग्रहक्षताम् Ku 5 61 -3 Husbandry, agriculture, as in सीताद्रव्य q v -4 N of the daughter of Janaka, king of Mithilā, and wife of Rāma, जनकानां कुले श्रीर्तिमाहरिष्यति मे सुता । सीता भर्तार-मासाद्य राम दशरथात्मजम् ॥ Rām 1 67 22 [She was so called because she was supposed to have sprung from a furrow made by king Janaka while ploughing the ground to prepare it for a sacrifice which he had instituted to obtain progeny, and hence also her epithets, 'Ayonjā', 'Dharāputri' &c She was married to Rāma and accompanied him to the forest While there she was once carried off by Rāvana who tried to violate her chastity, but she scornfully rejected his suit When Rāma came to know that she was in Lankā, he attacked the place, killed Rāvana and his host of demons, and recovered Sītā She had, however, to pass through the terrible ordeal of fire before she could be received by her husband as his wife Though thus convinced of her chastity, he had afterwards to abandon her when far advanced in pregnancy, because the people continued to suspect her fidelity She however, found a protector in the sage Vālmīki, at whose hermitage she was delivered of Kuśa and Lava, and who brought them up She was ultimately restored to Rāma by the sage] -5 N of a goddess, wife of Indra -6 N of Umā -7 N of Laksmī -8 N of one of the four fabulous branches (the eastern branch) of the Ganges -9 Spirituous liquor -**Comp.** -**अध्यक्षः** superintendent of agriculture -**द्रव्यम्** implements of agriculture, tools of husbandry, सीताद्रव्यापहरणे शङ्खाणा-मौषधस्य च Ms 9 293 -**पतिः** N of Rāmachandra -**फलः** the custard-apple tree (-लम्) its fruit

सीत्य a Measured out by furrows, tilled, ploughed. -**त्यम्** Rice, corn, gram

सीतानकः, सीतीनकः Pease

सीत्कारः, सीत्कृतिः f A sound made by drawing in the breath, (expressive of sighing, shivering with cold, murmuring &c), मया दष्टाधरं तस्या ससीत्कारमिवाननम् V 4 21

सीद्यम् Indolence, slothfulness, idleness

सीधु m [सिध्-उ पृषो०] Spirit distilled from molasses, rum, स्फुरदधरसीधवे तव वदनचन्द्रमा रोचयति लोचनचक्रोरम् Gīt 10, Śi 9 87, R 16 52, ताम्बूलरज्जुमुखसीधुदानादारकबिम्बोऽजनि युक्तेतत् Rām ch 6 15 -**Comp** -**गन्धः** 1 the Bakula tree -**प** a drinking spirits, P III 2 8 Vart 1 -**पानम्** the drinking of spirits -**पुष्पः** 1 the Kadamba tree -2 the Bakula tree -**रसः** the mango tree -**संज्ञः** the Bakula tree

सीध्रम् The anus (१)

सीपः A sacrificial vessel in the shape of a boat

सीमन् *f* [सि-इमनि पृषो० न गुणो दीर्घश्च Tv] 1 A boundary &c, see सीमा, सीमानमत्यायतयोऽत्यजन्तः *Si* 3 57, see नि सीमन् also -2 The scrotum, सीमनि पुष्कलको हतः *Sk*, (for other senses see सीमा below) -**Comp.** -**लिङ्गम्** a boundary mark, land mark, ग्रामीयकुलानां च समक्ष सीमनि साक्षिणः । प्रष्टव्या सीमलिङ्गानि तयोश्चैव विवादिनो ॥ *Ms* 8 254

सीमन्तः [सीमोऽन्तः शक०] 1 A boundary-line, land-mark -2 The parting line of the hair, the hair parted on each side of the head so as to leave a line, सीमन्तः केशवेष्टे, सीमान्तोऽन्यः *Sk* (Mar भाग), सीमन्ते च त्वदुपगमज यत्र नीर्षं वधूनाम् *Me* 67, *Si* 8 69, *Mv* 5 44 -3 A land-mark -4 See सीमन्तोन्नयनम् below, *Y* 1 11 -**Comp.** -**उन्नयनम्** 'parting of the hair', one of the twelve Sam-skāras or purificatory rites observed by women in the fourth, sixth or eighth month of their pregnancy

सीमन्तकः 1 *N* of a particular kind of inhabitant of hell -2 Hair-parting -**कम्** 1 Red lead, vermilion -2 A kind of ruby

सीमन्तयति *Den P* 1 To part as hair -2 To part or mark by a line (in general), सेना सीमन्तयन्तरे *Kir K* 5 44

सीमन्तित *a* 1 Parted (as hair) -2 Parted or marked by a line, समीरसीमन्तितकेतकीका (प्रदेशा) *Si* 3 80, रथाङ्गसीमन्तितसान्द्रकर्मणः (पथ) *Ki* 4 18

सीमन्तिनी A woman, सा स्म सीमन्तिनी काचिज्जनयेत् पुत्र-मीदृशम् *H* 2 7, *Me* 102, *Bk* 5 22

सीमा 1 Boundary, limit, border, margin, frontier -2 A mound or ridge serving to mark the boundary of a field, village &c, सीमा प्रति समुत्पन्ने विवादे *Ms* 8 245, *Y* 2 152 -3 A mark, land-mark -4 A bank, shore, coast -5 The horizon -6 A suture (as of a skull) -7 The bounds of morality or decorum, limits of propriety -8 The highest or utmost limit, highest point, climax, समिव पद्मासनकौशलस्य *Bk* 1 6 -9 A field -10 The nape of the neck -11 The scrotum -12 An ornament of the hair, *L D B* -**Comp.** -**अज्ञानम्** ignorance of boundaries, सीमाज्ञाने तृणा वीक्ष्य नित्यं लोके विपर्ययम् *Ms* 8 249 -**अधिपः** 1 a neighbouring prince -2 a keeper of borders -**अन्तः** 1 a boundary-line, border, frontier-line -2 the utmost limit -**पूजनम्** 1 the ceremony of worshipping or honouring a village boundary -2 worshipping the bridegroom when he arrives at the village boundary -**उल्लङ्घनम्** transgressing or leaping over a boundary, crossing a frontier (now performed on the *Dasarā* day) -**कृषाण** a ploughing on the border of a land mark -**निश्चयः** a legal decision with respect to land-marks or boundaries -**बन्धः** a depository of rules of morality -**लिङ्गम्** a boundary-mark, land-mark, उपच्छन्नानि चान्यानि सीमालिङ्गानि कारयेत् *Ms* 8 249 -**वादः** a dispute

about boundaries -**विनिर्णयः** settlement of disputed boundary questions, सीमाविनिर्णयं कुर्युः प्रयता राजसनिधौ *Ms* 8 258 -**विवादः** litigation about boundaries -**वर्म** the law regarding disputes about boundaries -**वृक्षः** 1 a tree serving as a boundary mark, सीमावृक्षाश्च कुर्वन्ति न्यग्रोधाश्चत्यकिमुक्तम् *Ms* 8 246 -2 (fig) one whose example is followed by others -**संधिः** the meeting of two boundaries, सीमासंधिषु कार्याणि देवतायतनानि च *Ms* 8 248, 261 -**सेतुः** a ridge or causeway serving as a boundary, सामन्तप्रत्ययो ज्ञेयः सीमासेतुविनिर्णयः *Ms* 8 262

सीमिकः 1 A kind of tree -2 An ant-hill -3 An ant or a similar small insect -**का** (*f*) 1 An ant -2 An ant-hill -3 An abscess on the underside of the tongue, *Un* 2 42

सीरः [सि-रक् पृषो० *Un* 2 25] 1 A plough, सीरभेदैः कृषिं प्रोक्ता मन्वाद्यैर्ब्राह्मणादिषु *Sukra* 4 260, सद्यः सीरोत्कषण-सुरभिः क्षेत्रमारुह्य मालम् *Me* 16 -2 The sun -3 The *Aśoka* plant -**Comp.** -**आयुधः** See सीरपाणि, सीरायुधसमाश्रित्य *Siva B* 24 31 -**ध्वजः** an epithet of Janaka -**पाणिः**, -**भुत्** *m* epithets of Balarāma -**योगः** the yoking of cattle to a plough, or a team so yoked -**वाहकः** a ploughman.

सीरकः 1 A plough -2 The sun -3 A porpoise

सीरिन् *m* An epithet of Balarāma, सार्वभुवःसीरिभ्या-मथासावासदत् सदः *Si* 2 2

सीलम् A plough

सीलन्धः A kind of fish.

सीव् See सिव्

सीवकः A sewer

सीवनम् 1 Sewing, stitching, सीवनं कञ्चुकादीनां विज्ञानं हि कलात्मकम् *Sukra* 4 329 -2 A seam, suture

सीवनी 1 A needle -2 The frenum of the prepuce -3 The part of the body of a horse below the anus

सीसम्, सीसकम्, सीसपत्रकम्, सीसपत्रम् Lead, ताम्राय कास्यरेत्यानां त्रपुणं सीसकस्य च । शौचं यथाहं कर्तव्यं क्षाराम्लोदकवारिभिः ॥ *Ms* 5 114, *Y* 1 190

सीसजम् Red lead

सीहुण्डः The milk-hedge plant

सु *I* 1 *U* (सुवति-ते) To go, move -*II* 1, 2 *P* (सवति, सौति) To possess power or supremacy -*III* 5 *U* (सुनोति, सुनुते, सुत, the *स्* of *सु* is changed to *ष्* after any preposition ending in *इ* or *उ*) 1 To press out or extract juice -2 To distil -3 To pour out, sprinkle, make a libation -4 To perform a sacrifice especially the Soma (sacrifice) -5 To bathe -6 To churn -*Desid* (सुषूषति-ते) — With *उद्*, to excite, agitate -*प्र* to produce, beget.

सु *ind* A particle often used with nouns to form Karmadhāraya and Bahuvrīhi compounds, and with adjectives and adverbs. It has the following senses —
 1 Well, good, excellent, as in सुगन्धि -2 Beautiful, handsome, as in सुमन्यमा, सुकेली &c -3 Well, perfectly, thoroughly, properly, सुजीर्णमन्नं सुविचक्षणं सुत सुशासिता स्त्री नृपति सुसेवित सुदीर्घकालेऽपि न याति विक्रियाम् H 1 22 -4 Easily, readily, as in सुकर or सुलभ q v -5 Much, very much, exceedingly, सुदारुण, सुदीर्घ &c -6 Worthy of respect or reverence -7 It is also said to have the senses of assent, prosperity, and distress -**Comp** -अक्ष *a* 1 having good eyes -2 having keen organs, acute -अङ्ग *a* well-shaped, handsome, lovely -अच्छ *a* see s v -अन्त *a* having happy end, ending well -अल्प, -अल्पक *a* see s v -अस्ति, -अस्तिक see s v -आकार, -आकृति *a* well formed, handsome, beautiful -आगत see s v -आदानम् taking justly or properly, स्वादानाद्वर्णससर्गाविवलानां च रक्षणार्त्तम् । बलं सजायते राज्ञः स प्रत्येह च वर्धते ॥ Ms 8 172 -आभास *a* very splendid or illustrious, सारतो न विरोधी न स्वाभासो भरवानुत् K 1 15 22 -इष्ट *a* properly sacrificed, स्विष्टं यजुर्भिः प्रणतोऽस्मि यज्ञम् Bhāg 4 7 41 -कृत् *m* a form of fire, धर्मादिभ्यो यथान्याय मन्त्रैः स्विष्टकृतं बुधः Bhāg 11 27 41 -उक्त *a* well-spoken, well-said, अथवा सूक्तं खलु केनापि Ve 3 (-क्ता) *a* kind of bird (सारिका) (-क्तम्) *1* a good or wise saying, नेतु वाञ्छति य खलान् पथि सता सूक्तैः सुधा-स्यन्दिभिः Bh 2 6, R 15 97 -2 *a* Vedic hymn, as in पुरुषसूक्त &c -दर्शन *m* a hymn-seer, Vedic sage वाक्याय A rule of interpretation according to which some thing that is declared, as being subordinate to some thing else should be understood to signify a part or whole on the basis of expediency or utility. This is discussed by जैमिनि and शबर at MS 3 2 15-18 -वाच् *f* 1 a hymn -2 praise, a word of praise -उक्तिः *f* 1 a good or friendly speech -2 a good or clever saying -3 a correct sentence -उत्तर *a* 1 very superior -2 well towards the north -उत्थान *a* making good efforts, vigorous, active (-नम्) vigorous effort or exertion -उन्मद, -उन्माद *a* quite mad or frantic -उपसदन *a* easy to be approached -उपस्कर *a* furnished with good instruments -कण्टका the aloe plant -कण्ठ *a* sweet-voiced (-ण्ठी) the female cuckoo -कण्ठुः itch -कन्दः 1 an onion -2 a yam -3 a sort of grass -कन्दकः onion -कर *a* (-रा or -री *f*) 1 easy to be done, practicable, feasible, वक्तुं सुकरं कर्तुं (अभ्यवसातु) दुष्करम् Ve 3 'sooner said than done' -2 easy to be managed (-रः) a good-natured horse (-रा) a tractable cow (-रम्) charity, benevolence -कर्मन् *a* 1 one whose deeds are righteous, virtuous, good -2 active, diligent (-म्) N of Visvakarman -कल *a* one who has acquired a great reputation for liberality in giving and using (money &c) -कलिल *a* well filled with. -कल्प *a* very qualified or skilled, कालेन यैर्वा विमिता. सुकल्पैर्भूपासवः खे

मिहिका शुभास Bhāg 10 14 7 -कल्पित *a* well equipped or armed -कल्प *a* perfectly sound -काण्ड the Kāravella plant -काण्डिका the Kāndira creeper -काण्डिन् *a* 1 having beautiful stems -2 beautifully joined (-म्) a bee -काष्ठम् fire-wood -कुन्दकः an onion -कुमार *a* 1 very delicate or soft, smooth -2 beautifully young or youthful (-रः) 1 a beautiful youth -2 a kind of sugar cane -3 a kind of grain (श्यामाक) -4 a kind of mustard -5 the wild Champaka (-रा) 1 the double jasmine -2 the plantain -3 the great-flowered jasmine -कुमारक. 1 a beautiful youth -2 rice (शालि) (-कम्) 1 the Tamālapatra -2 a particular part of the ear -कुमारी the Navamallikā jasmine -कृत् *a* 1 doing good, benevolent -2 pious, virtuous, righteous -3 wise, learned -4 fortunate, lucky -5 making good sacrifices or offerings (-म्) 1 a skilful worker -2 N of Tvastri -कृत *a* 1 done well or properly -2 thoroughly done, कश्चिन्नु सुकृतान्येव कृतरूपाणि वा पुन । विदुस्ते सर्वकार्याणि Rām 2 100 20 -3 well made or constructed -4 treated with kindness, assisted, befriended -5 virtuous, righteous, pious -6 lucky, fortunate (-तम्) 1 any good or virtuous act, kindness, favour, service, नादत्ते कस्यचित् पापं न चैव सुकृतं विभु Bg 5 15, Me 17 -2 virtue, moral or religious merit, स्वर्गाभिषाधिसुकृतं वञ्चनमिव मेनिरे Ku 6 47, तच्चिन्त्यमानं सुकृतं तवेति R 14 16 -3 fortune, auspiciousness -4 recompense, reward -5 Penance, तदभूतिवासरकृतं सुकृतैरुपलभ्य-वैभवं मन्यमानम् K 1 6 29 -कृतिः *f* 1 well-doing, a good act -2 kindness, virtue -3 practice of penance -4 auspiciousness -कृतिन् *a* 1 acting well or kindly -2 virtuous, pious, good, righteous, सन्त सन्तु निरापदं सुकृतिना कीर्तिश्चैव वर्धताम् H 4 132, चतुर्विधा भजन्ते मा जना सुकृतिनोऽर्जुन Bg 7 16 -3 wise, learned -4 benevolent -5 fortunate, lucky -कृत्यम् *a* good action, सुकृत्यं विष्णु-गुप्तस्य मित्राभिर्भागीवस्य च Pt 2 45 -केश(स)रः the citron tree -कतुः 1 N of Agni -2 of Śiva -3 of Indra -4 of Mitra and Varuna -5 of the sun -6 of Soma. -कयः a fair bargain -क्षेत्र *a* sprung from a good womb -खल्लिका luxurious life -ग *a* 1 going gracefully or well -2 graceful, elegant -3 easy of access, अकृत्य मन्यते कृत्यमगम्य मन्यते सुगम् । अमर्ष्य मन्यते मर्ष्यं स्त्रीवाक्यप्रेरितो नर ॥ Pt 2 148 -4 intelligible, easy to be understood (opp दुर्ग) (-गः) a Gandharva, गीतैः सुगा वाद्यवराश्च वाद्यकैः Bhāg 10 12 34 (-गम्) 1 ordure, feces -2 happiness -गण *m* a good calculator, L D B -a counting well -गणकः a good calculator or astronomer -गत *a* 1 well-gone or passed -2 well-bestowed (-तः) an epithet of Buddha -गतिः 1 Welfare, happiness -2 a secure refuge -गन्धः 1 fragrance, odour, perfume. -2 sulphur -3 a trader (-न्धम्) 1 sandal -2 small cummin seed -3 a blue lotus -4 a kind of fragrant grass (-न्धा) sacred basil -गन्धकः 1 sulphur -2 the red Tulasee, -3 the orange -4 a kind of gourd,

-गन्धमूला a land-growing lotus-plant, L. D. B. -गन्धारः an epithet of Śiva -गन्धि a 1 sweet-smelling, fragrant, redolent with perfumes -2 virtuous, pious (-न्धिः) 1 perfume, fragrance -2 the Supreme Being -3 a kind of sweet-smelling mango (-न्धिः) 1 the root of long pepper -2 a kind of fragrant grass -3 coriander seed -4 trifala 1 nutmeg -2 areca nut -3 cloves -मूलम् the root Uśira -मूषिका the musk rat -गन्धिकः 1 incense -2 sulphur -3 a kind of rice (-कम्) the white lotus -गम a 1 easy of access, accessible -2 easy -3 plain, intelligible -गरम् cinnabar -गहना an enclosure round a place of sacrifice to exclude profane access -वृत्ति f the same as above -गात्री a beautiful woman -गृह्ण a intensely longing for -गृह्ण a (-ही f) having a beautiful house or abode, well-lodged, सुगृही निर्गृहीकृता Pt 1 390 -गृहीत a 1 held well or firmly, grasped -2 used or applied properly or auspiciously -नामन् a 1 one whose name is auspiciously invoked, one whose name it is auspicious to utter (as Bah, Yudhisthira), a term used as a respectful mode of speaking, सुगृहीतनाम्न भट्टगोपालस्य पौत्र Māl 1 -ग्रासः a dainty morsel -ग्रीव a having a beautiful neck (-वः) 1 a hero -2 a swan -3 a kind of weapon -4 N of one of the four horses of Kṛṣṇa -5 of Śiva -6 of Indra -7 N of a monkey chief and brother of Vāli [By the advice of Kabandha, Rāma went to Sugrīva who told him how his brother had treated him and besought his assistance in recovering his wife, promising at the same time that he would assist Rāma in recovering his wife Sita. Rāma, therefore, killed Vāli, and installed Sugrīva on the throne. He then assisted Rāma with his hosts of monkeys in conquering Rāvana, and recovering Sita.] -ईश N of Rāma, सुग्रीवेश कटी पातु Rāma-raksā 8 -गल a very weary or fatigued -घोष a having a pleasant sound (-षः) N of the conch of Nakula, नकुल सहदेवश्च सुघोषमणिपुष्पकौ Bg 1 16 -चक्षुस् a having good eyes, seeing well (-म्) 1 a discerning or wise man, learned man -2 the glomerous fig-tree -चरित, -चरित्र a 1 well-conducted, well-behaved, वृषभैकादशा गात्र दद्यात् सुचरितवत् Ms 11 116 -2 moral, virtuous, तान् विदित्वा सुचरितैर्गृहेस्तत्कर्मकारिभि Ms 9 261 (-तम्, -त्रम्) 1 good conduct, virtuous deeds -2 merit, तव सुचरितमङ्गुलीय नून प्रतनु S 6 10 (-ता, -त्रा) a well conducted, devoted, and virtuous wife -चर्मन् m the Bhūrja tree -चित्रकः 1 a king fisher -2 a kind of speckled snake -चित्रा a kind of gourd -चिन्ता, -चिन्तनम् deep thought, deep reflection or consideration -चिरम् ind for a very long time, very long -चिरासुस् m a god, deity -चुटी a pair of nippers or tongs -चेतस् a 1 well-minded -2 wise. -चेतीकृत a with the heart satiated, well-disposed, तत सुचेतीकृतपौरुषाय Bk. 3. 2 -चेलकः a fine cloth -च्छद् a having beautiful leaves -छवः N. of Śiva (-त्रा) the river Sutej -जन a 1 good, vir-

tuous, respectable -2 kind, benevolent (-नः) 1 a good or virtuous man, benevolent man -2 a gentleman -3 N of Indra's charioteer -जनता 1 goodness, kindness, benevolence, virtue, ऐश्वर्यस्य विभूषण सुजनता Bh 2 82 -2 a number of good men -3 bravery -जन्मन् a 1 of noble or respectable birth, या कौमुदी नयनयोर्भवत् सुजन्मा Māl 1 34 -2 legitimate, lawfully born -जलम् a lotus -जल्पः 1 a good speech -2 a kind of speech thus described by Ujjvalamāni, यत्रार्जवात् सगाम्भीर्यं सदन्य सहचापलम्। सोत्कण्ठं च हरि स्पृष्टं स सुजल्पो निगद्यते ॥ -जात a 1 well-grown, tall -2 well made or produced -3 of high birth -4 beautiful, lovely, सुजात कल्याणी भवतु कृतकृत्य स च युवा Māl 1 16, R 3 8 -5 very delicate, खिद्यत् सुजाताद्भित्तलमुनिन्ये प्रेयसां प्रिय Bhāg 10 30 31 -डीनकम् a kind of flight of birds, Mb 8 41 27 (com पश्चाद् गति पराडीन स्वर्गं सुडीनकम्) -तनु a 1 having a beautiful body -2 extremely delicate or slender, very thin -3 emaciated (-नुः, -न्. f) a lovely lady, एता सुतनु सुख ते सख्य पश्यन्ति हेमकूटगता V 1 10, S 7 24 -तन्त्री a 1 well-stringed -2 (hence) melodious -तपस् a 1 one who practises austere penance, a वानप्रस्थ, स्विष्टि स्वधीति सुतपा लोकाज्जयति यावत् Mb 12 71 30 -2 having great heat (-म्) 1 an ascetic, a devotee, hermit, an anchorite -2 the sun (-न) an austere penance -तप्त a 1 greatly harassed, afflicted -2 very severe (as a penance), तपसेव सुतप्तेन मुच्यन्ते किल्बिषात्त Ms 11 239 -तमाम् ind most excellently, best -तराम् ind 1 better, more excellently -2 exceedingly, very, very much, excessively, तथा दुहित्रा सुतरा सवित्री स्फुरत्प्रभामण्डलया चकाशे Ku 1 24, सुतरा दयालु R. 2 53, 7. 21, 14 9, 18 24 -3 more so, much more so, मय्यप्यास्था न ते चेत्तच्छि मम सुतरामेष राजन् गतोऽस्मि Bh 3 30 -4 consequently -तर्दनः the (Indian) cuckoo -तर्मन् a good for crossing over, सुतर्मणमधिनाव स्हेम At Br 1 13, (cf also यज्ञो वै सुतर्मा) -तलम् 1 'immense depth', N of one of the seven regions below the earth, see पाताल, (याहि) सुतल स्वर्गिणि प्रार्थ्य ज्ञातिभि परिवारित Bhāg 8 22 33 -2 the foundation of a large building -तान a melodious -तार a 1 very bright -2 very loud, सुतारै फूत्कारै शिव शिव शिवेति प्रतनुम Bh 3 2 -3 having a beautiful pupil (as an eye) (-रः) a kind of perfume (-रा) (in Sāmkhya) one of the nine kinds of acquiescence -तिक्तकः the coral tree -तीक्ष्ण a 1 very sharp -2 very pungent -3 acutely painful (-क्ष्णः) 1 the Sigrū tree -2 N of a sage, नाम्ना सुतीक्ष्णश्चरितेन दान्त R 13 41 -दशन an epithet of Śiva -तीर्थः 1 a good preceptor -2 N of Śiva -3 easily crossed or traversed -तुङ्ग a. very lofty or tall (-ङ्गः) 1 the cocoa-nut tree -2 the culminating point of a planet -तुमुल a very loud -तेजन a well-pointed, sharpened (-न.) a well-pointed arrow. -तेजस् a 1 very sharp -2 very bright, or splendid -3 very mighty (-म्) a worshipper of the sun -दक्षिण a 1 very sincere or upright. -2 liberal or rich in sacri-

ficial gifts, यज्ञैर्भूरिषुदक्षिणे सुविहिते संप्राप्यते यत् फलम् Pt 1 310 -3 very skilful -4 very polite (-णा) N of the wife of Dilipa, तस्य दाक्षिण्यरुहेन नाम्ना मगधवदजा पत्नी सुदक्षिणेत्यासीत् R 1 31, 3 1 -दण्डः a cane, ratan -दत् a (-ती f) having handsome teeth, जगद भूय सुदती सुनन्दा R 6 37 -दन्तः 1 a good tooth -2 an actor, a dancer (-न्ती) the female elephant of the north-west quarter -दर्श a lovely, gracious-looking, सुदर्श स्थूलक्ष्यश्च न भ्रयेत सदा श्रिय Mb 12 56 19 (com सुदर्श प्रसन्नवक्त्र) -दर्शन a (-ना or -नी f) 1 good-looking, beautiful, handsome -2 easily seen (-नः) the discus of Visnu, as in कृष्णोऽप्यसुदर्शन K -2 N of Siva -3 of mount Meru -4 a vulture (-नी, -नम्) N of Amarāvati, Indra's capital (-नम्) N of Jambudvīpa -दर्शना 1 a handsome woman -2 a woman -3 an order, a command -4 a kind of drug -दास् a very bountiful -दान्त. a Buddhist -दामन् a one who gives liberally (-m) 1 a cloud -2 a mountain -3 the sea -4 N of Indra's elephant -5 N of a very poor Brāhmaṇa who came to Dvārakā with only a small quantity of parched rice as a present to his friend Krishna, and was raised by him to wealth and glory -दाय. 1 a good or auspicious gift -2 a special gift given on particular solemn occasions -3 one who offers such a gift -दिनम् 1 a happy or auspicious day -2 a fine day or weather (opp दुर्दिनम्), so सुदिनाहम् in the same sense -दिह् a well-polished, bright -दीर्घ a very long or extended (-र्घा) a kind of cucumber -दुराचर्ष a 1 very hard to get -2 quite intolerable -दुरावर्त a very hard to be convinced -दुरासद a unapproachable -दुर्जर a very difficult to be digested -दुर्मेनस् a very troubled in mind -दुर्मर्ष a quite intolerable -दुर्लभ a very scarce or rare -दुश्चर a 1 inaccessible -2 very painful -दुश्चिकित्स a very difficult to be cured -दुष्प्रभः a chameleon -दूर a very distant or remote (सुदूरम् means 1 to a great distance -2 to a very high degree, very much, सुदूर पीडयेत् काम शरदगुणनिरन्तर Rām 4 30 12 सुदूरात् 'from afar, from a distance') -दृढ a very firm or hard, compact -दृश a having beautiful eyes (-f) a pretty woman -देशिकः a good guide -धन्वन् a having an excellent bow (-m) 1 a good archer or Bowman -2 Ananta, the great serpent -3 N of Viśvakarman -आचार्य a mixed caste, वैश्यानु जायते ब्राह्म्यात् सुधन्वाचार्य एव च Ms 10 23 -धर्मन् a attentive to duties (-f) the council or assembly of gods (-m) 1 the hall or palace of Indra -2 one diligent in properly maintaining his family -धर्मा, -मी 1 the council or assembly of gods (देवसभा), यथाबुदीरितालोक सुधर्मानवमा समाम् R 17 27 -2 (सुधर्मा) N of Dvārakā, दिवि सुव्यन्तरिक्षे च महोत्पातान् ससुत्थितान्। दृष्ट्वासीनान् सुधर्माया कृष्ण प्राह यदुनिदम्॥ Bhāg 11 30 4, 1 14 34 -धात a well cleaned -धार a well-pointed (as an arrow) -धित a Ved 1 perfect, secure -2 kind, good. -3 happy, prosperous -4 well-aimed or directed

(as a weapon) -धी a having a good understanding, wise, clever, intelligent (-धीः) a wise or intelligent man, learned man or *pandit* (-f) a good understanding, good sense, intelligence -उपास्य 1 a particular kind of royal palace -2 N of an attendant on Krishna (-स्यम्) the club of Balarāma -उपास्या 1 a woman -2 N of Umā, or of one of her female companions -3 a sort of pigment -धूम्रवर्णा one of the seven tongues of fire -नन्दम् N of Balarāma's club, प्रतिजग्राह बलवान् सुनन्देनाहनच्च तम् Bhāg 10 67 18 -नन्दः a kind of royal palace -नन्दा 1 N of a woman -2 N of Pārvatī, L D B -3 yellow pigment, L D B -नयः 1 good conduct -2 good policy -नयन a having beautiful eyes (-नः) a deer (-ना) 1 a woman having beautiful eyes -2 a woman in general -नाभ a 1 having a beautiful navel -2 having a good nave or centre (-भः) 1 a mountain -2 the Mānaka mountain, q v (-भम्) a wheel, discus (सुदर्शन), ये सयुगेऽचक्षत तार्क्ष्यपुत्रमसे सुनाभायुधमापतन्तम् Bhāg 3 2 24 -नालम् a red water-lily -निःश्रित a quite ready -निभृत a very lonely or private (-तम्) and very secretly or closely, very narrowly, privately -निरूढ a well purged by an injection, Charaka -निरूहणम् a good purgative -निर्णिक्त a well polished -निश्चलः an epithet of Siva -निषण्णः (-कः) the herb Marsilea Quadrifolia (Mar kurṛ) -निहित a well-established -नीत a 1 well-conducted, well behaved -2 polite, civil (-तम्) 1 good conduct or behaviour -2 good policy or prudence -नीतिः f 1 good conduct, good manners, propriety -2 good policy -3 N of the mother of Dhruva, q v -नीय a well-disposed, well conducted, righteous, virtuous, good (-यः) 1 a Brāhmaṇa -2 N of Śiśupāla, q v, तस्मिन्नाभ्यर्चिते कृष्णे सुनीय शत्रुकर्षण Mb 1 39 11 -3 Ved a good leader -नील a very black or blue (-लः) the pomegranate tree (-ला) common flax (-लम्), -नीलकः a blue gem -नु n water -नेत्र a having good or beautiful eyes -पक्व a 1 well-cooked -2 thoroughly matured or ripe (-क्वः) a sort of fragrant mango -पठ a legible -पत्नी a woman having a good husband -पत्र a 1 having beautiful wings -2 well-feathered (an arrow) -पथः 1 a good road -2 a good course -3 good conduct -पथिन् m (nom sing सुपण्या) a good road -पद्मा orris root -परीक्षित a well-examined -पर्ण a (-र्णा or -र्णी f) 1 well winged, तं भूतनिलय देव सुपर्णमुपधावत् Bhāg 8 1 11 -2 having good or beautiful leaves (-र्णः) 1 a ray of the sun -2 a class of bird like beings of a semi-divine character -3 any supernatural bird -4 an epithet of Garuda, तत् सुपर्णव्रजपक्षजन्मा नानागतिर्मण्डलयन् जवेन K1 16 44 -5 a cock -6 the knowing (ज्ञानरूप), देहस्त्वचिःपुरुषोऽयं सुपर्णं कुप्येत कस्मै नहि कर्ममूलम् Bhāg 11 23 55 -7 Any bird, द्वा सुपर्णा सयुजा सखाया समानं वृक्षं परिषस्वजाते Mund 3 1 1 -केतु N of Visnu, तमकुण्डमुखा सुपर्णकेतोरिषव.

क्षितमिषुवज परेण Si 20 23 -पर्णकः = सुपर्ण -पर्णी, -पर्णी
 f 1 a number of lotuses -2 a pool abounding in
 lotuses -3 N of the mother of Garuda -पर्यवदात a
 very clean -पर्याप्त a 1 very spacious, तस्य मध्ये सुपर्याप्त
 कारयेद् गृहमात्मन Ms 7 76 -2 well-fitted -पर्वन् a well
 jointed, having many joints or knots (-m) 1 a bam-
 boo -2 an arrow -3 a god, deity, विहाय हा सर्वसुपर्वा-
 नायकम् N 4 90, 14 41, 76 -4 a special lunar day (as
 the day of full or new moon, and the 8th and 14th
 day of each fortnight) -5 smoke (-f) white Dūrvā
 grass -पलायित a 1 completely fled or run away -2
 skilfully retreated -पाक्यम् a kind of medicinal salt
 (Mar विह्लेण) -पात्रम् 1 a good or suitable vessel,
 worthy receptacle -2 a fit or competent person, any
 one well-fitted for an office, an able person -पाद् (-पाद्
 or -पदी f) having good or handsome feet -पार्श्वः 1 the
 waved leaf fig-tree (रुक्ष) -2 N of the son of Sampāti,
 elder brother of Jatāyu -पालि a distinguished -पीतम्
 1 a carrot -2 yellow sandal (-त.) the fifth Muhūrta
 -पुंसी a woman having a good husband -पुरम् a strong
 fortress -पुष्प a (-ष्पा or -ष्पी f) having beautiful
 flowers (-ष्पः) 1 the coral tree -2 the Śirīsa tree
 (-ष्पी) the plantain tree (-ष्पम्) 1 cloves -2 the
 menstrual excretion -पुष्पित a 1 well blossomed, be-
 ing in full flower -2 having the hair thrilling or
 bristling -पूर a 1 easy to be filled, सुप्रा स्यात् कुनदिका
 सुपूरो मृषिराजलि Pt 1 25 -2 well-filling (-रः) a kind
 of citron (बीजपूर) -पूरकः the Baka-puspa tree
 -पेशस् a beautiful, tender, रन्नाना पद्मरागोऽस्मि पद्मकोज
 सुपेशसम् Bhā. 11 16 30 कृत् m a kind of fly,
 Bhāg 11 7 34 -प्रकाश a 1 manifest, apparent,
 ज्येष्ठे मासि नयेत् सीमा सुप्रकाशेषु सेतुषु Ms 8 245 -2
 public, notorious -प्रतर्कः a sound judgment -प्रतिभा
 spirituous liquor -प्रतिष्ठ a 1 standing well -2 very
 celebrated, renowned, glorious, famous (-ष्टा) 1 good
 position -2 good reputation, fame, celebrity -3 esta-
 blishment, erection -4 installation, consecration
 -प्रतिष्ठित a 1 well-established -2 consecrated -3 ce-
 lebrated (-तः) the Udumbara tree -प्रतिष्ठात a 1
 thoroughly purified -2 well-versed in -3 well-investi-
 gated, clearly ascertained or determined -प्रतीक a 1
 having a beautiful shape, lovely, handsome, भगवान्
 भागवत्वात्सल्यतया सुप्रतीक Bhāg 5 3 2 -2 having a beau-
 tiful trunk (-कः) 1 an epithet of Kāmadeva -2 of
 Śiva -3 of the elephant of the north-east quarter
 -4 An honest man, स्तेयोपायैर्विरचितकृति सुप्रतीको यथास्ते
 Bhāg 10 8 31. -प्रपाणम् a good tank -प्रभ a very
 brilliant, glorious (-भा) one of the seven tongues of
 fire -प्रभातम् 1 an auspicious dawn or day-break,
 दिष्टया सुप्रभातमद्य यद्य देवो दृष्ट U 6 -2 the earliest dawn
 -प्रभावः omnipotence -प्रमाण a large-sized -प्रयुक्तशरः
 a skilful archer -प्रयोगः 1 good management or ap-
 plication. -2 close contact. -3 dexterity. -प्रलापः good

speech, eloquence -प्रसन्नः N of Kubera -प्रसाद a
 very gracious or propitious (-दः) N of Śiva -प्रातम्
 a fine morning -प्रिय a very much liked, agreeable
 (-यः) (in prosody) a foot of two short syllables
 (-या) 1 a charming woman -2 a beloved mistress
 -प्रौढा a marriageable girl -फल a 1 very fruitful, very
 productive -2 very fertile (-लः) 1 the pomegranate
 tree -2 the jujube -3 the Karmikāra tree -4 a
 kind of bean (-ला) 1 a pumpkin, gourd -2 the plan-
 tain tree -3 a variety of brown grape -4 colocynth
 -फेनः a cuttle fish bone -बन्धः sesamum -बभ्रु a
 dark-brown -बल a very powerful (-लः) 1 N of
 Śiva -2 N of the father of Sakuni -बान्धवः N of
 Śiva -बाल a very childish -बाहु a 1 handsome-
 armed -2 strong-armed (-हुः) N of a demon,
 brother of Mārīcha, who had become a demon by the
 curse of Agastya. He with Mārīcha began to disturb
 the sacrifice of Viśvāmitra, but was defeated by Rāma
 and Lakṣmana, य सुबाहुरिति राक्षसोऽपरतत्र तत्र विसर्प
 मायया R 11 29 -बीजम् good seed, सुबीज चैव सुक्षेत्रे जात
 सपद्यते तथा Ms 10 69 (-जः) 1 N of Śiva -2 the
 poppy -बोध a 1 easily apprehended or understood
 (-धः) good information or advice -ब्रह्मण्यः 1 an
 epithet of Kārtakeya -2 N of one of the sixteen
 priests employed at a sacrifice -भग a 1 very fortu-
 nate or prosperous, happy, blessed, highly favoured
 -2 lovely, charming, beautiful, pretty, न तु ग्रीष्मस्यैव
 सुभगमपराद्ध युवतिषु S 3 9, Ku 4 34, R 11 80, Mā 9
 -3 pleasant, grateful, agreeable, sweet, दिवसा सुभगा-
 दित्याश्छायासलिलदुर्भगा Rām 3 16 10, श्रवणसुभग M 3 4,
 S 1.3 -4 beloved, liked, amiable, dear, सुमुखि सुभग
 पश्यन् स त्वामुपैतु कृतार्थताम् Gīt 5 -5 illustrious (-गः) 1
 borax -2 the Asoka tree -3 the Ohampaka tree
 -4 red amaranth (-गम्) good fortune मानिन्, सुभग-
 मन्य a 1 considering oneself fortunate, amiable, pleas-
 ing, वाचाल मा न खलु सुभगमन्यभाव करोति Me 96 -2 vain,
 flattering oneself -भगा 1 a woman beloved by her hus-
 band, a favourite wife -2 an honoured mother -3 a
 kind of wild jasmine -4 turmeric -5 the Priyangu
 creeper -6 the holy basil -7 a woman having her
 husband alive (सौभाग्यवती), जयशान्दैर्दिजाश्याणा सुभगानर्तितै-
 स्तथा Mb 7 7 9 -8 a five-year old girl representing
 Durgā at festivals -9 musk सुत the son of a favou-
 rite wife -भङ्गः the cocoa-nut tree. -भट्टः a great war-
 rior, champion, soldier -भट्टः a learned man -भद्र a
 very happy or fortunate (-द्रः) N of Viṣṇu, साक
 साकम्पसे वसति विदधती वासुभद्र सुभद्रम् Viṣṇupāda S 31 (-द्रा)
 N of the sister of Balarāma and Kṛṣṇa, married to
 Arjuna q v She bore to him a son named Abhimanyu
 -भद्रकः 1 a car for carrying the image of a god -2
 the Bilva tree -भाषित a 1 spoken well or eloquent
 (-तम्) 1 fine speech, eloquence, learning, जीर्णमज्ञे
 सुभाषितम् Bh. 3. 2. -2 a witty saying, an apophthegm,

an apposite saying, सुभाषितेन गीतेन युवतीना च लीलया । मनो न भिद्यते यस्य स वै सुक्तोऽयं वा पशु Subhās -3 a good remark, बालादपि सुभाषितम् (ग्राह्यम्) -भिक्षम् 1 good alms, successful begging -2 abundance of food, an abundant supply of provisions, plenty of corn &c -भीरकः the Palāśa tree -भीरुकम् silver -भूतिः 1 well-being, welfare -2 the Tittara bird, Gīrvāna -भूतिकः the Bilva tree -भूषणम् a type of pavilion where a ceremony is performed on a wife's perceiving the first signs of conception, सुभूषणाख्य विप्राणा योग्य पुसवनार्थकम् Māna 31 354 -भृत a 1 well-paid -2 heavily laden -भू a having beautiful eyebrows (-भू f) a lovely woman (N B The vocative singular of this word is strictly सुभू, but सुभू is used by writers like Bhatti, Kālidāsa, and Bhavabhūti, हा पिन कासि हे सुभू Bk 6 17, so V 3 22, Ku 5 43, Māl 3 8) -मङ्गल a 1 very auspicious -2 abounding in sacrifices -मति a very wise (-तिः f) 1 a good mind or disposition, kindness, benevolence, friendship -2 a favour of the gods -3 a gift, blessing -4 a prayer, hymn -5 a wish or desire -6 N of the wife of Sagara and mother of 60,000 sons -मदनः the mango tree -मदात्मजा a celestial damsel. -मधुरम् a very sweet or gentle speech, agreeable words -मध्य, -मध्यम a slender-waisted -मध्या, -मध्यमा a graceful woman -मन a very charming, lovely, beautiful (-न.) 1 wheat -2 the thorn-apple (-ना) the great-flowered jasmine -मनस् a 1 good minded, of a good disposition, benevolent, शान्तस्वरूप सुमना यथा स्याद्वीतमन्युर्गौतमो माभिर्मृत्यो Kath 1 10 -2 well-pleased, satisfied, (hence सुमनीभू = to be at ease, जिते वृषारौ सुमनीभवन्ति गद्गायमानान्यगनैरङ्गम् Bk 2 54) (-m) 1 a god, divinity -2 a learned man -3 a student of the Vedas -4 wheat -5 the Nīmba tree (-f, n, said to be pl only by some) a flower, सुमुचुर्मुनयो देवा सुमनासि मुदान्विता Bhāg 10 3 7, रमणीय एष व सुमनसा सनिवेश Māl 1 (where the adjectival sense in 1 is also intended), किं सेव्यते सुमनसा मनसापि गन्व कस्तूरिकाजननशक्तिमृता मृगेण R G, Si 6 66 °वर्णकम् flowers, unguent or perfume etc for the body, सा तदाप्रभृति सुमनो-वर्णक नेच्छति Avimāarakam 2 (-f) 1 the 'great-flowered' jasmine -2 the Mālātī creeper °फल the woodapple °फलम् nutmeg -मनस्क a cheerful, happy -मन्तु a 1 advising well -2 very faulty or blameable (-m) a good adviser -मन्त्रः N of the charioteer of Daśāratha -मन्दभाज् a very unfortunate -मर्दित a much harassed -मर्षण a easy to be borne -मित्रा 1 N of one of the wives of Daśāratha and mother of Lakṣmana and Satrugna -मुख a (-खा or -खी f) 1 having a beautiful face, lovely -2 pleasing -3 disposed to, eager for, सुरसद्वयानसुमुखी जनता K1 6 42 -4 favourable, kind -5 well-pointed (as an arrow) -6 (सुमुखा) having a good entrance (-खः) 1 a learned man

स. इ. को....२१२

-2 an epithet of Garuda -3 of Ganeś, सुमुखश्चैकदन्तश्च कपिलो गजकर्णक Mangal S 1 -4 of Śiva (-खम्) 1 the scratch of a finger-nail -2 a kind of building (-खा, -खी) 1 a handsome woman -2 a mirror -मूलकम् a carrot -मृत a stone-dead -मेखलः the Muñja grass -मेघस a having a good understanding, wise, intelligent, इमे अङ्गिरस सत्रमासतेऽयं सुमेघस Bhāg 9 4 3. (-m) a wise man (-f) heart-pea -मेरुः 1 the sacred mountain Meru, q v -2 N of Śiva -यन्त्रित a 1 well-governed -2 self controlled -यमाः a particular class of gods, जातो रुचैरजनयन् सुयमान् सुयज्ञ आकृति-सूनुर्मरानथ दक्षिणायाम् Bhāg 2 7 2 -यवसम् beautiful grass, good pasturage -यामुनः 1 a palace -2 N of Viṣṇu -युक्त. N of Śiva -योगः 1 a favourable juncture -2 good opportunity -योधनः an epithet of Duryodhana q v -रक्त a 1 well coloured -2 impassioned -3 very lovely -4 sweet-voiced, सुरक्तगोपी-जनगीतनि स्वने K1 4 33 -रक्तकः 1 a kind of red chalk -2 a kind of mango tree -रङ्गः 1 good colour -2 the orange -3 a hole cut in a house (सुरङ्गा also in this sense) (-ङ्गम्) 1 red sanders -2 vermilion °वातु red chalk °युज् m a house breaker -रङ्गिका the Mūrvā plant -रजःफलः the jack-fruit tree -रज्जनः the betel nut tree -रत a 1 much sported -2 playful -3 much enjoyed -4 compassionate, tender (-रम्) 1 great delight or enjoyment -2 copulation, sexual union or intercourse, coition, सुरतमृदिता बालवनिता Bh 2 44 °गुर the husband, पर्यच्छे सरसि हर्तेश्चुके पयोषि, लौलाक्षे सुरतगुरावपत्रपिष्णो Si 8 46 °ताण्डवम् vigorous sexual movements, अद्यापि ता सुरतताण्डवसूत्रागरी (स्मरामि) B1 Ch Uttara 28 °ताली 1 a female messenger, a go-between -2 a chaplet, garland for the head °प्रसग addiction to amorous pleasures, कालक्रमेणाय तयो प्रवृत्ते स्वरूपयोग्ये सुरत-प्रसगे Ku 1 19 -रति. f great enjoyment or satisfaction -रस a well-flavoured, juicy, savoury -2 sweet -3 elegant (as a composition) (-स, -सा) the plant सिन्धुवार (-सा) N of Durgā (सा, -सम्) the sacred basil (-सम्) 1 gum myrrh -2 fragrant grass -राजन a governed by a good king, सुराज्ञि देशे राजन्वान् Ak (-m) 1 a good king -2 a divinity -राजिका a small house-lizard -राष्ट्रम् N of a country on the western side of India (Surat) °जम् a kind of poison -2 a sort of black bean (Mar तूर) °ब्रह्म a Brāhmaṇa of Surāṣṭra -रूप a 1 well formed, handsome, lovely, सुरूप कन्या -2 wise, learned (-पः) an epithet of Śiva -रुहकः a horse resembling an ass -रेतस् mental power (चिच्छक्ति), सुरेतसाद पुनराविद्य च्छे Bhāg 5 7 14 -रेम a. fine-voiced, स्यन्दना नो चतुरगा सुरेभा वाविपत्तय । स्यन्दना नो च तुरगा सुरेभा वा विपत्तय ॥ K1 15 16. (-भम्) tin -लक्षण a 1 having auspicious or beautiful marks -2 fortunate (-णम्) 1 observing, examining carefully, determining, ascertaining -2 a good or auspicious mark -लक्षित a well determined or ascer

tained, तुलमान प्रतीमान सर्व च स्यात् सुलक्षितम् Ms 8 403
 -लभः, -लभम् an auspicious moment -लभ a 1 easy to
 be obtained, easy of attainment, attainable, feasible,
 न सुलभा सकलेन्दुमुखी च सा V 2 9, इदमसुलभवस्तुप्रार्थनादुन्नि-
 वारम् 2 6 -2 ready for, adapted to, fit, suitable,
 निष्ठूतश्वरणोपभोगसुलभो लाक्षारस केनचित् S 4 4 -3 natural
 to, proper for, मानुषतासुलभो लघिमा K ० कोप a easily
 provoked, irascible -लिखित a well registered -लुलित
 a 1 moving playfully -2 greatly hurt, injured
 -लोचन a fine eyed (-नः) a deer (-ना) 1 a beauti-
 ful woman -2 N of the wife of Indrajit -लोहकम्
 brass -लोहित a very red (-ता) one of the seven
 tongues of fire. -वक्त्रम् 1 a good face or mouth -2
 correct utterance (-वक्त्रः) N of Siva -वचनम्, -वचस्
 n eloquence -a eloquent -वयस् f a hermaphrodite
 -वर्चकः, -वर्चिकः, -का, -वर्चिन m natron, alkali
 -वर्चला 1 N of the wife of the sun, त चाहमनुवर्तिष्ये यथा
 सूर्य सुवर्चला Rām 2 30 30 -2 linseed -वर्चस्, N of
 Siva -वर्चस्क a splendid, brilliant -वर्ण see s v
 -वर्तित 1 well rounded -2 well arranged -वर्तुलः a
 water-melon -वसन्तः 1 an agreeable vernal season
 -2 the day of full moon in the month of Chaitra, or a
 festival celebrated in honour of Kāmadeva in that month
 (also सुवसन्तरु in this sense) -वह a 1 bearing well,
 patient -2 patient, enduring -3 easy to be borne
 (-हा) 1 a lute -2 N of several plants like रास्ना,
 निर्गुण्डी &c, Mātanga L 10 10 -वासः 1 N of Siva -2
 a pleasant dwelling -3 an agreeable perfume or odo-
 ur -वासकः a water melon -वासरा cross -वासिनी 1
 a woman married or single who resides in her father's
 house -2 a married woman whose husband is alive
 -विक्रान्त a very valiant or bold, chivalrous, सुविक्रान्तस्य
 नृपते सर्वमेव महीतलम् Siva B 16 45 (-न्तः) a hero
 (-न्तम्) heroism -विग्रह a having a beautiful figure
 -विचक्षण a very clever, wise -विद् m a learned man,
 shrewd person (-f) a shrewd or clever woman -विदः
 1 an attendant on the women's apartments -2 a king
 -विदग्ध a very cunning, astute -विदत् m a king
 -विद्वज् 1 a household, family -2 wealth -3 grace,
 favour -विदलः an attendant on the women's apart-
 ments (wrongly for सौविदल q v) (-लम्) the wo-
 men's apartments, harem -विदला a married woman
 -विध a of a good kind -विधम् ind easily -विधिः a
 good rule, ordinance -विनीत a 1 well trained, modest
 -2 well executed (-ता) a tractable cow -विनेय
 a easy to be trained or educated -विभक्त a well pro-
 portioned, symmetrical -विरूढ a 1 fully grown up
 or developed -2 well ridden -विविक्त a 1 solitary
 (as a wood) -2 well decided (as a question) -विहित a
 1 well-placed, well-deposited -2 well-furnished, well-
 supplied, well-provided, well-arranged, सुविहितप्रयोगतया
 आर्यस्य न किमपि परिहास्यते S 1, कलहसमकरन्दप्रवेशावसरे तत्
 सुविहितम् Māl. 1 -3 well done or performed -4 well

satisfied (by hospitality), अनपाने सुविहितास्तस्मिन् यज्ञे
 महात्मन Rām 1 14 16 -वी (बी) ज a having good
 seed (-जः) 1 N of Siva -2 the poppy (-जम्) good
 seed -वीरकम् 1 a kind of collyrium -2 sour gruel
 (काजिक), सुवीरक याच्यमाना मन्त्रिका कर्षति स्फिचौ Mb 8 40 28
 -वीराम्लम् sour rice-gruel -वीर्य a 1 having great vigour
 -2 of heroic strength, heroic, chivalrous (-र्यम्) 1
 great heroism -2 abundance of heroes -3 the fruit of
 the jujube (-र्या) wild cotton -वृक्तिः f 1 a pure
 offering -2 a hymn of praise -वृत्त a 1 well behaved,
 virtuous, good, मयि तस्य सुवृत्त वर्तते लघुसदेशपदा सरस्वती R
 8 77 -2 well rounded, beautifully globular or round,
 मृदुनातिसुगतेन सुमृष्टेनातिहारिणा। मोदकेनापि किं तेन निष्पत्तिर्यस्य
 सेवया॥ or सुमुखोऽपि सुवृत्तोऽपि सन्मार्गपतितोऽपि च। महता
 पादलोमोऽपि व्ययत्येव ऋटक॥ (where all the adjectives are
 used in a double sense) (-त्तम्) a good or virtuous
 conduct, मर्तुश्चिन्तानुवर्तिव सुवृत्त चातुजीविनाम् Pt 1 69
 (-त्ता) a sort of grape -वेल a 1 tranquil, still -2
 humble, quiet (-लः) N of the Trikūta mountain
 -व्रत a strict in the observance of religious vows,
 strictly virtuous or religious (-तः) a religious student
 (-ता) 1 a virtuous wife -2 a tractable cow, one
 easily milked -शस् a well spoken of, famous, glorious,
 commendable -शक a capable of being easily done
 -शर्मन् (m, f) a person desiring intercourse [Un 4
 165] -शल्य the Khadira tree -शाकम् undried ginger
 -शारदः N of Siva -शासित a kept under control,
 well controlled -शिक्षित a well-taught, trained, well-
 disciplined -शिरः fire (-खा) 1 a peacock's crest
 -2 a cock's comb -शीतम् yellow sandal-wood -शीम
 a cold, frigid (-मः) coldness -शील a good-tempered,
 amiable (-ला) 1 N of the wife of Yama -2 N of
 one of the eight favourite wives of Krishna. -शेव a
 full of happiness, pleasant to be resorted, एष पन्था
 उरुगय सुशेव At Br 7 13 11 -शोण a dark-red
 -श्रीका the gum olibanum tree -श्रुत a 1 well heard
 -2 versed in the Vedas -3 gladly heard (also an ex-
 clamation at a श्राद्ध), पित्रे स्वदितमियेव वाच्य गोष्ठे तु सुश्रुतम्
 Ms 3 254 (-तः) N of the author of a system of
 medicine, whose work, together with that of Charaka,
 is regarded as the oldest medical authority, and held
 in great esteem in India even to this day -श्लिष्ट a
 1 well-arranged or united -2 well-fitted Māl 1
 -श्लेषः close union or embrace -श्लोक्य a very
 famous, तेजीयसामपि ह्येतच्च सुश्लोक्य जगद्गुरो Bhāg 3 12 31
 -संवीत a 1 well-girt, स ददर्श तत् श्रीमान् सुग्रीव हेमपिङ्गलम्।
 सुसवीतम् Rām 4 16 15 -2 well dressed -संवृतिः
 good concealment -a well-concealed, परिततोऽप्यपर
 सुसवृति Sī 16 23 -संस्कृत a 1 well cooked or
 prepared -2 kept in good order, सुसंस्कृतोपस्करया व्यये
 चासुक्तहस्तया Ms 5 150 -संगृहीत a 1 well controlled
 or governed, सुसंगृहीतराष्ट्रो हि पार्थिव सुयमेवते Ms 7 118
 -2 well received -3 well kept -4 well abridged

-संघ *a* true to a promise -संनत *a* well-directed (as an arrow) -सत्या *N* of the wife of Janaka -सदृश *a* agreeable to look at -समाहित *a* 1 well arranged, beautifully adorned, very beautiful, ऋतुकाळ प्रतीक्षन्ते नार्थिन सुममाहिते । सगम त्वहमेच्छामि त्वया सह सुमध्यमे ॥ Rām 1 48 18 -2 completely loaded, तद्यथान सुसमाहितम् सर्जयायात् Bri Up 4 3 35 -3 Very intent, attentive -समीहित *a* much desired -सरण *N* of Śiva -सह *a* 1 easy to be borne -2 bearing or enduring well (-हः) an epithet of Śiva -सहाय *a* having a good companion, प्रणेतु शक्यते दण्ड सुसहायेन धीमता Ms 7 31 -साधित *a* well trained or educated -सार *a* having good sap or essence (-रः) 1 good sap, essence, or substance -2 competence -3 the red-flowering Khadira tree -सारवत् *n* crystal -सिकता 1 good sand -2 gravel -3 sugar -सुरप्रिया *j*asmine -सेव्य *a* to be well or easily followed (as a road) -सौभाग्य *m* conjugal felicity -स्थ *a* 1 well suited, being in a good sense -2 in health, healthy, faring well -3 in good or prosperous circumstances, prosperous -4 happy, fortunate (-स्थम्) *a* happy state, well-being, प्रह्लाद सुस्थहृयोऽसि परयन् व्यसनमात्मन Mb 12 222 12, सुस्थे को वा न पण्डित H 3 114 -स्थित *a* in the same sense as सुस्थ (-तम्) *a* house with a gallery on all sides -स्थितिः (also सुस्थता) *f* 1 good condition, well-being, welfare, happiness -2 health, convalescence -स्थिर *a* 1 stable -2 resolute, cool -स्नातः 1 one who bathes at the end of a sacrifice, L D B -2 well purified by bathing -स्मित *a* pleasantly smiling (-ता) *a* woman with a pleased or smiling countenance -स्वपनः an epithet of Śiva -स्वर *a* 1 melodious, harmonious -2 loud^० -यन्त्रम् *a* kind of musical instrument, युता सुस्वरयन्त्रैः Śukra 1 247 -हित *a* 1 very fit or suitable, appropriate -2 beneficial, salutary -3 friendly, affectionate -4 satisfied, सहस्रेष्वेव सुहितत्वमाप न Rām ch 2 64 (-ता) one of the seven tongues of fire -हृद् *a* having a kind heart, cordial, friendly, loving, affectionate, सुहृद् सुहृदोऽन्याश्च दुर्हृदश्चापि दुर्हृद । सम्यक्प्रवृत्तान् पुरुषान्नसम्यगनुपश्यत ॥ Mb 3 208 36 (-म) 1 a friend, सुहृद् परय वसन्त किं स्थितम् Ku 4 27, मन्दायन्ते न खलु सुहृदामभ्युपेतार्यकृत्या Me 10 -2 an ally -भेद 1 the separation of friends -2 *N* of the 2nd book of the हितोपदेश, मित्रलाभ सुहृद्भेदो विग्रहः सर्वत्रेव च । पञ्चतन्त्रात्तथान्यस्माद् ग्रन्थादाकृष्य लिख्यते ॥ H Pr 9 -वाक्यम् the counsel of a friend -हृद् *a* friend -हृदय *a* 1 good-hearted -2 dear, affectionate, loving

सुख 10 P (सुखयति) To make happy, please, delight, (properly a denom. of सुख)

सुख *a* [सुख-अच्] 1 Happy, delighted, joyful, pleased -2 Agreeable, sweet, charming, pleasant, विविक्तवर्णाभरणा सुखश्रुति Ki 14 3, दिशः प्रसेदुर्मरुतो ववु सुखा B 3 14, so सुखश्रवा निस्वना 3 19 -3 Virtuous, pious

-4 Taking delight in, favourable to, S 7 18 -5 Easy^० practicable, श्रेयासि लब्धुमसुखानि विनान्तराये Ki 5 49 -6 Fit, suitable -खा 1 The capital of Varuna -2 (In phil) The effort to win future beatitude -3 Piety, virtue -खम् 1 Happiness, joy, delight, pleasure, comfort, यदेवोपनत दुःखात् सुख तद्रसवत्तरम् V 3 21 -2 Prosperity, अद्वैत सुखदुःखयोरनुगुण सर्वास्ववस्थासु यत् U 1 39 -3 Well-being, welfare, health, देवी सुख प्रष्टु गता M 4 -4 Ease, comfort, alleviation (of sorrow &c), oft in comp., as in सुखरागित, सुखोपविष्ट, सुखाश्रय &c -5 Facility, easiness, ease -6 Heaven, paradise -7 Water -खम् *ind* 1 Happily, joyfully, आतृभिः सहितो राम प्रमुमोद सुख सुखी Rām 7 41 1 -2 Well, सुखमास्ता भवान् 'may you fare well' -3 At ease, comfortably, असजातकिणस्कन्ध सुख स्वपिति गौर्गडि K P 10 -4 Easily, with ease, अज्ञ सुखमाराध्य सुखतरमाराध्यते विशेषज्ञ Bh 2 3, सुखमुपदिश्यते परस्य K -4 Rather, willingly -5 Quietly, placidly, सुख रात्री शयिता वीतमन्यु Kath 1 11 -Comp -अन्त *a* 1 ending in happiness -2 friendly -3 destroying happiness -अधिष्ठानम् *a* happy state -अभियोज्य *a* easily assailable -अभ्युदयिक *a* causing joy or pleasure, सुखाभ्युदयिक चैव नै श्रेयसिकमेव च Ms 12 88 -अर्थः anything that gives pleasure, Ms 6 26 -आगतम् welcome -आजातः *N* of Śiva -आत्मक *a* consisting of pleasure -आत्मन् the Supreme Spirit, Brahma, पृथगाचरतस्तात् पृथगात्मसुखात्मनो Mb 13 120 8 -आधारः paradise -आप *a* easily won or attained -आप्लव *a* suitable for bathing -आयतः, -आयनः *a* good or well-trained horse -आराध्य *a* easy to be conciliated or propitiated -आरोह *a* of easy ascent -आलोक *a* good looking, lovely, charming -आवह *a* conducing to happiness, pleasant, comfortable -आशः 1 eating at ease -2 pleasant food -3 *N* of Varuna -आशकः a cucumber -आसक्तः an epithet of Śiva -आसनम् *a* comfortable seat -आसीन *a* comfortably seated, also सुखनिविष्ट -आस्वाद *a* 1 having a sweet taste, sweet-flavoured -2 agreeable, delightful (-दः) 1 a pleasant flavour -2 enjoyment (of pleasure) -उचित *a* accustomed to comfort or happiness -उत्सवः 1 merry-making, pleasure, festival, jubilee -2 a husband -उदकम्, -उष्णम् warm water -उदयः 1 dawn or realization of happiness -2 an intoxicating drink -उदर्क *a* resulting in happiness -उद्गवा yellow myrobalan, L D B -उद्य *a* to be spoken easily or agreeably -उपविष्ट *a* comfortably seated, sitting at ease -एषिन् *a* desiring happiness, wishing well to -ऊर्जिकः natron -कर, -कार, -दायक *a* giving pleasure, pleasant -चारः *a* good horse -जात *a* happy, सुखजात सुरापित Bk 5 88 -तन्त्र *a* enjoying pleasure, अर्थवर्मा च सगृह्य सुखतन्त्रो न चालस Rām 2 1 27 -द *a* giving pleasure (-दः) *N* of Viṣṇu (-दा) 1 a courtesan of Indra's heaven -2 the river Ganges. -3 the Sāmī tree (-दम्) the seat

of Vishnu -दोद्या a cow easily milked -प्रविचार *a* easily accessible -प्रश्न: inquiry as to welfare -वज्र *a* lovely -बोध: 1 sensation of pleasure -2 easy knowledge -भागिन, -भाज् *a* happy -भेद्य *a* easy to be broken (fig also), fragile, brittle -मानिन seeking joy in -मोदा the gum ohbanum tree -रात्रि: 1 the night of new moon (when lamps are lighted in honour of Lakṣmī) -2 a night when the husband may legally cohabit with his wife, see Ms 3 47 -रात्रि:, -रात्रिका Lakṣmī, -रूप *a* having an agreeable appearance -वर्चक:, -वर्चस् *m* natron, alkali -वह *a* easily borne or carried -वास: a water-melon -वेदनम् consciousness of pleasure -श्रव, -श्रुति *a* sweet to the ear, melodious, विविक्तवर्णीभरणा सुखश्रुति प्रसादयन्ती हृदयान्यपि द्विषाम् K1 14 3 -सगिन *a* attached to pleasure, बद्धमिव रवैरगतिर्जनसिंह सुखगिनमवैमि S 5 11 -संदु (दो) द्या *f* a cow easily milked, L D B -सयोग: gain of eternal bliss, वर्मार्थप्रभव चेव सुखयोगमन्यम् Ms 6 64 -साध्य *a* easy to be accomplished or cured &c -सुखेन *ind* most willingly -स्वेद्य *a* easy of access -स्पर्श *a* 1 agreeable to the touch -2 gratifying, pleasant, सेव्य-मानो सुखस्पर्शे शालनिर्योसगन्विभि R 1 38 -हस्त *a* having a soft or gentle hand

सुखंकर *a* = सुखकर q v above

सुखयति Den P To give pleasure to, please, delight, पौरस्त्यो वा सुखयति मरुताधुसवाहनाभि Mal 9 25

सुखाकृ 8 U To make happy, please

सुखाकृत *a* Pleasant, comfortable, इय कुसुमसघातै-रुपस्तोर्णा सुखाकृता (भूमि) Rām 4 1 89

सुखायते Den A 1 To feel happy or glad -2 To rejoice -3 To be agreeable, give pleasure

सुखित *a* Pleased, delighted, happy -तम् Happiness

सुखिन *a* Happy, glad, joyful -*m* A religious ascetic

सुखंघुण:, सुखंसुण: A kind of staff with a skull at the top (a weapon of Śiva), see खट्वाङ्ग

सुजृष् To hurt, to kill, गोब्राह्मणादयस्तेन सुजृष्यन्ते किल प्रजा Bālcharitam 3 16

सुद् A technical term used by Pāṇini for the first five case-inflections, cf सर्वनामस्थान

सुटङ्क *a* Sharp, shrill (as a disagreeable sound), कोदण्डकोटरकुटीरकटुरसौ सुटङ्कटङ्कार B. R 4 50-51

सुद् 10 U (सुदयति-ते) 1 To despise, disregard -2 To be small, low, or shallow

सुडीनकम् One of the modes of flight, पश्चाद्गति पराधीनं स्वर्गं तु सुडीनकम् Mb. 8 41. 27 (com.).

सुत *p p* 1 Poured out -2 Extracted or expressed (as Soma juice), सुतेन सेमेन विमिश्रतोयाम् Mb 3 120 32 -3 Begotten, produced, brought forth -त: 1 A son -2 A child, offspring -3 A king -4 Expressed Soma juice, अहरहर्ह सुत प्रसुतो भवति Bri Up 2 1 3 -5 The Soma sacrifice, दर्शश्च पूर्णमासश्च चातुर्मास्य पशु सुत Bhāg 7 15 48 -त:, -तम् A Soma libation -Comp -अर्थिन *a* desirous of progeny, मन्थम तु नन पिण्डमद्यान सम्यक्सुता-यिनी Ms 3 262 -आत्मज: a grandson (-जा) a granddaughter -उत्पत्ति: *f* birth of a son, शौनकस्य सुनोत्पत्त्या (पतति) Ms 3 16 -निर्विशेषम् *ind* not differently from a son, just like a son, सर्वाधिताना सुतनिर्विशेषम् R 5 6 -वत्सल: an affectionate father -वत्सरा the mother of seven children -श्रेणी Salvina Cucullata (Mar बृहद्दी, उदीरकानी &c) -स्नेह, paternal affection

सुतंगम: The father of a son

सुतवत् *a* Having sons -*m* The father of a son

सुता A daughter, तमर्थमिव भारत्या सुनया योक्तुमर्हसि Ku 6 79 -Comp -दानम् the gift (in marriage) of a daughter, अलङ्कृत्य सुनादान देव वर्म प्रचक्षते Ms 3 28

सुति: *f* Extraction of Soma juice

सुतिन *a* (-नी *f*) Having a child or children -*m* A father

सुतिनी A mother, तेनाम्बा यदि सुतिनी वद वन्ध्या कीदृशी भवति Subhās

सुतीयति Den P 1 To long for progeny or son -2 To treat like a son

• सुतुष् *a* Well-sounding

सुत्या 1 Extraction or preparation of Soma juice -2 A sacrificial oblation -3 Parturition -Comp -काल: the time of the extraction of Soma, सुत्याकाले सुनिरुते वेदि गन्तरामिव Rām 2 114 8

सुत्रामन् *m* N of Indra, पुत्रा विट्ठलराजस्य सुत्रामन्स-विक्रमा Śiva B 3 4, सुत्रामन्सुर्धुप (दशरथ) Rām oh 2 94, Śiva-mahimna S 13 -*f* The earth

सुत्वन *m* 1 An offerer or drinker of Soma juice -2 A student who has performed his ablutions (subsequent or preparatory to a sacrifice)

सुदि *ind* In the bright fortnight of a lunar month, of वदि

सुधन्वाचार्य: The son of an outcast Vaiśya by a woman of the same class, वैश्यात्तु जायते व्रात्यान् सुधन्वाचार्य एव च Ms 10 23

सुधा [सुधु धीयते, पीयते धे-धा वा क Tv] 1 The beverage of the gods, nectar, ambrosia, निपीय यस्य क्षितिरक्षिण. कथा तथादियन्ते न बुधा. सुधामपि N 1 1 -2 The nectar or honey of flowers -3 Juice -4 Water, -5 N. of the

Ganges -8 White-wash, plaster, mortar, कैलासगिरिगेव सुधासितेन प्राकरेण परिगता K, कालान्तरस्यामसुधेषु नक्तम् R 16 18 -7 A brick -8 Lightning -9 The milk hedge plant -10 Emblic myrobalan -11 Yellow myrobalan -Comp -अंशुः 1 the moon -2 camphor °रत्नम् a pearl -अङ्गः, -आकारः, -आधारः, -आवासः the moon -उद्भवः N of Dhanvantari -कण्ठः the cuckoo -कारः the plasterer, white-washer, सूपकारा सुवाकारा वशचर्मकृतस्तथा (प्रतस्थिरे) Rām 2 80 3 -क्षालित a white-washed -जीविन m a plasterer, bricklayer -द्रवः 1 a nectar-like fluid -2 white wash, plaster -धवलित a plastered, white-washed -निधिः 1 the moon -2 camphor -पाणिः an epithet of Dhanvantari, the physician of the gods -भवनम् a stuccoed house -भित्तिः f 1 a plastered wall -2 a brick-wall -3 the fifth Muhūrta or hour after noon -भुज् m a god, deity -भूविम्बम् the lunar orb, अस्या मुखेन्दावर सुवाभूविम्बस्य युक्त प्रतिविम्ब एष N 7 38 -भृतिः 1 the moon -2 camphor -3 a sacrifice, an oblation -मयम् 1 a brick or stone building -2 a royal palace -मोदकः 1 camphor -2 a kind of sugar, L D B -3 bamboo manna °ज a kind of sugar prepared from it -योनिः the moon -वर्षः a shower of nectar -वर्षिन् m 1 an epithet of Brahman -2 the moon -3 camphor -वासः 1 the moon -2 camphor -वासा a kind of cucumber -शर्करा a lime-stone -सित a 1 white as mortar -2 bright as nectar -3 bound by nectar, जगतीशरणे युक्तो हरिकान्त सुधासित K 15 45 (where it has senses 1 and 2 also) -सृतिः 1 the moon -2 a sacrifice -3 a lotus -स्यन्दिन a ambrosial, flowing with nectar, नेतु वाञ्छति य खलान् पयि सता सूक्तै सुवास्यन्दिभि Bh 2 6 -खवा uvula or soft palate -हरः, -हृत् an epithet of Garuda, see गरुड

सुधित a Nectar-like, गौप्य स्फुरत्पुरटकुण्डलकुन्तलविङ्गण्ड-श्रिया सुधितहासनिरीक्षणेन Bhāg 10 33 23

सुधितिः m, f An axe

सुनका A particular configuration of the planets (when any one of the planets except the sun, occupies a secondary position to the moon)

सुनारः 1 The udder of a bitch -2 The egg of a snake -3 A sparrow

सुनासी (शी) रः An epithet of Indra

सुनीथ a. [सुनी-कथन् Un 2 2] Of prudent behaviour, moral, good

सुन्दः N of a demon and brother of Upasunda, who were sons of Nikumbha [They got a boon from the Creator that they would not die until they should kill themselves On the strength of this boon, they grew very oppressive and Indra had at last to send down a lovely nymph named Tilottamā, and while quarrelling for her, they killed each other]

सुन्दर a (-री f) (सुन्द-अर Un 3 133) 1 Lovely, beautiful, handsome, charming -2 Right -रः N of Cupid -री A beautiful woman, एका भार्या सुन्दरी वा दरी वा Bh 2 115, विद्यावरसुन्दरीणाम् Ku 1 7 -Comp. -काण्डम् 1 a beautiful stalk -2 the 5th book of the Rāmāyana

सुप् 1 A technical term used by Pāṇini for the termination of the Locative plural -2 A name for any one of the several case-endings or terminations

सुप्त p p [स्वप्-कर्तरि क] Slept, sleeping, asleep, न हि सुप्तस्य सिंहस्य प्रविशन्ति मुखे मृगा H Pr 36 -2 Paralyzed, benumbed, insensible, see स्वप् -3 Inactive, dull, latent -सम् Sleep, sound sleep -Comp. -जनः 1 a sleeping person -2 midnight -ज्ञानम् a dream -घातक a ferocious, murderous -त्वच् a paralytic

सुप्तिः f [स्वप् क्तिन्] 1 Sleep, sleepiness, drowsiness -2 Insensibility, paralysis, numbness -3 Trust, confidence -4 A dream

सुमः 1 The moon -2 Camphor -3 Sky -सम् A flower, स्मरस्य रवर्बालनयनसुममालार्चनपदम् Bv 1 84

सुम्नम् 1 A hymn -2 Joy, happiness -3 Favour, protection -4 A sacrifice -Comp -युः a sacrificer [Un 1 37]

सुयासुनः 1 N of Visnu -2 N of Vatsarāja -3 A palace -4 N of a mountain -5 N of a cloud

सुर I 6 P (सुरति) 1 To rule, govern -2 To shine -II 10 P = स्वर q v

सुरः [सुष्ठु राति ददात्यभीष्ट सुरा क] 1 A god, deity, सुराप्रतिग्रहाद् देवा सुरा इत्यभिधिशुना Rām., सुधया तर्पयते सुरान् पितृष्व V 3 7, R. 5 16 -2 The number 'thirty-three' -3 The sun -4 A sage, learned man -5 An idol -Comp -अङ्गना a celestial woman or damsel, an apsaras, प्रजिघाय समाधिभेदिनी हरिरस्मै हरिणी सुराङ्गनाम् R 8 79 -अद्रिः the mountain Meru -अधिपः an epithet of Indra -अध्यक्षः N of Śiva -अरिः 1 an enemy of gods, a demon, गत मय भीरु सुरारिसम्बन्धम् V 1 6 -2 the chirp of a cricket °हृन् m N of Śiva °हन्तु m N of Visnu -अर्चनम् the worship of gods -अर्चावेदमन् n a household temple, a chamber containing the idols of deities, ब्रह्मचारिपरिचारि सुरार्चावेदम् राजश्रद्धिरेष विवेश N 21 21. -अर्हम् 1 gold -2 saffron -3 yellow sandal. -आचार्यः an epithet of Brihaspati -आपगा 'the heavenly river', an epithet of the Ganges -आलयः 1 the mountain Meru -2 heaven, paradise -3 a temple, पूर्त सुरालयारामकृपाजीव्यादिलक्षणम् Bhāg 7 15 49 -आश्रयः Meru -आस्पदम् a temple -इज्यः N of Brihaspati -इज्या the sacred basil -इन्द्रः, -ईशः, -ईश्वरः 1 N of Indra -2 N of Visnu (उपेन्द्र), स्वर्लोकमागच्छ गतज्वराश्चिर सुरेन्द्र गुप्त गतदोषकल्मषम् Rām 1 15 34 °गोप a cochineal °जित m N of Garuda -इभः a celestial elephant. -इष्टः the Sala tree. -ईशः,

-ईश्वरः 1 N of Indra -2 of Śiva (-री) 1 the celestial Ganges -2 Durgā -उत्तमः 1 the sun -2 Indra -उत्तरः, sandal-wood -उपम a god like, divine -ऋषिः (सुराभिः) a divine sage -कारः, an epithet of Viśva karman -कार्मुकम् rain bow -गणः 1 N of Śiva -2 a host of gods -गण्डः a kind of boil, disease -गिरिः mount Meru -गुरुः 1 an epithet of Brihaspati, धर्म शास्त्र सुरगुरुमति शौचमाचारनिन्ता सस्यै पूर्णै जठरपिठरे प्राणिना सभवन्ति Pt 5 97 -2 the planet Jupiter -3 N of Viśnu, ब्रह्मा सुरगुरु स्थापनं क परमेष्ठय Mb 1 1 32 -ग्रामणी m N of Indra -जनः the race of gods -ज्येष्ठः an epithet of Brahman -तरङ्गिणी the Ganges -तरुः a tree of paradise -तोषकः the jewel called Kaustubha, q v -दारु n the Devadāru tree -दीधिका an epithet of the Ganges -दुन्दुभी the sacred basil -द्विपः 1 an elephant of the gods -2 N of Airāvata, सुरद्विपास्फालन-कर्कशाङ्गुलै R 3 55 -द्विष्ट m 1 a demon, प्रणिपत्य सुरा-स्तस्मै नमयित्री सुरद्विषाम् R 10 15 -2 Rāhu, उपस्थिता षोणित-पारणा मे सुरद्विषश्चान्द्रमसी सुवेव R 2 39 -धनुस् n 1 rain bow, सुरवन्दुरिद दूराकृष्ट न नाम शरासनम् V 4 1 -2 kind of nail mark, स्वापराधमल्लपत् पयोधरे मत्कर सुरवन्दुष्करस्तव N 18 134 -धुनी the Ganges -धूपः turpentine, resin -नदी, -निम्नगा an epithet of the Ganges -पतिः an epithet of Indra -पथम् the sky, heaven -पर्वतः the mountain Meru, q v -पादपः a tree of paradise, such as the कल्पतरु -प्रतिष्ठा the setting up of an idol -प्रियः 1 N of Indra -2 of Brihaspati -भूयम् identification with a deity, deification, apotheosis -भूरुहः the Devadāru tree -भूषणम् a necklace of pearls consisting of 1008 strings and 4 Hastas long, Br 9 -मन्दिरम् a temple, उच्चुङ्गसौधसुरमन्दिरगोपुराद् Māl 9 1 -मृत्तिका alum slate -युवतिः f a celestial damsel -राज्यम् dominion over the gods -लासिका a flute, pipe -लोकः heaven सुन्दरी 1 a celestial woman -2 N of Durgā -वर्त्मन् n the sky -वल्लभा white Dūrvā grass -वल्ली the sacred basil -विद्विष्ट, -वैरिन्, -शत्रुः m an evil spirit, a demon -विलासिनी an apsaras -वीथिः N of the way of the नक्षत्रा, नक्षत्रमार्ग विपुल सुरवीथीति विश्रुतम् Mb 3 43 12 -शाखिन् m the Kalpataru q v -श्वेता a small (white) house-lizard -सधन् n heaven, paradise -सालः a wish fulfilling tree, a Lalpavriṣa, दत्तोऽभिमर्तं समस्फुरन् सुरसाला भुवमागता इव Sāhendra 2 57 -सरित्, सिन्धुः f the Ganges, सुरमारिदिव तेजो वह्निनिष्ठममेशम् R 2 75 -सुन्दरी, -स्त्री 1 a celestial woman, ऊरुद्रवा नरसखस्य मुने सुरस्त्री V 1 8 -2 N of Durgā -स्थानम् a temple

सुरङ्गः, -ङ्गा 1 A hole cut in a wall for the purpose of breaking into a house -2 A subterranean passage, a mine dug underneath a building, अनेक-सुरङ्गासचारम् Kau A 1. 20, ऐकागारिकेण तावती सुरङ्गा कार-यित्वा Dk, सुरङ्गया बहिरपगनेषु युष्मासु Mu 2, वकासुवकसोपान-सुरङ्गादीषनिर्गमम् (बिलं व्यधात्) Bm 1. 717 (written also

सुरङ्गा) -Comp -धातुः red chalk, L D B -धुज् m. a burglar, a house-breaker, L D B

सुराभिः a 1 Sweet smelling, fragrant, odorous, पाटलसर्गसुराभिवनवाता S 1 3, Me 16, 21, 34 -2 Pleasing, agreeable -3 Shining, handsome, ता सौरभेयी सुराभिर्गन्धोभि R 2 3, Mv 6 63 -4 Beloved, friendly -5 Celebrated, famous -6 Wise, learned -7 Good, virtuous -भिः 1 Fragrance, odour, perfume, य पुरीष-सुराभिसौगन्धवायुस्त देश दशयोजनं समन्तात् सुराभिं चकार Bhāg 5 5 33 -2 Nutmeg -3 Resin of Śāla, or resin in general -4 The Champaka tree -5 The Śamī tree -6 The Kadamba tree -7 A kind of fragrant grass -8 The season of spring, वासायै हर समृत सुराभिणा पौष्प रजो वीह्वाम् V 2 20 -9 The month of Chaitra -10 The Bakula tree -f 1 The gum olibanum tree -2 The sacred basil -3 Jasmine -4 A sort of perfume or fragrant plant -5 Spirituous liquor -6 The earth -7 A cow, ऊर्जस्वलेन सुरभीरनु नि सपत्न जग्मे जयोदुरविशाल-विषाणमुष्णा Si 5 64 -8 N of the fabulous cow of plenty, सुता तदीया सुरभे कृत्वा प्रतिनिधिम् R 1 81, 75, व्यालम्बेया सुरभितनयालम्भजा मानयिष्यन् Me 47 -9 N of one of the Mātṛs -10 The east -n 1 A fragrant smell, perfume, fragrance -2 Sulphur -3 Gold -Comp. -गन्धम् see सुरभिवल्कल -गोत्रम् oxen, cattle, kine -घृतम् fragrant butter, well-seasoned ghee -त्रिफला 1 nutmeg -2 cloves -3 areca nut -त्वच् f large cardamoms -दारुः the Sarala tree -पत्रा the rose-apple -बाणः an epithet of Cupid -मासः the spring -सुखम् the commencement of spring -वल्कलम् the bark of Laurus Cassia (Mar दालचिनी) -स्त्रवा the gum olibanum tree

सुरभिका A kind of plantain

सुरभिमत् m N of fire

सुरभित a 1 Perfumed, scented -2 Pleasing, beautiful, कीर्त्योऽभित सुरभित Dk 1 1

सुरभी 1 Gum olibanum -2 N of the cow of plenty See सुराभि

सुरला 1 N. of Gangā, L D B -2 N of a river, L D B

सुरा (सु-क्त् Un 2 24) 1 A spirituous liquor, wine, सुरा वै मल्मनानाम् Ms 11 93, गौडी पैष्टी च माध्वी च विज्ञेया त्रिविधा सुरा 94 -2 Water -3 A drinking vessel -4 A snake -Comp. -आकरः 1 a distillery -2 the cocoanut tree -आजीवः, -आजीविन् m a distiller. -आलयः a tavern, dram-shop -आसवः spirituous liquor -उद्ः the sea of spirituous liquor -कारः a distiller -गृहम् a tavern -ग्रहः a vessel for holding liquor, व्यवस्थितस्तेषु विवाहयज्ञ-सुराग्रहरासु निगतिरिष्टा Bhāg 11 5 11 -जीविन् a tavern-keeper, a vintner -ध्वजः a flag or sign hung outside a tavern -प a, 1 a drinker of spirituous liquor, Ms 11 49.

-2 pleasant, agreeable -3 wise, sage -**पानम्**, -**पानम्** the drinking of wine or liquor -**पात्रम्**, -**भाजनम्**, -**भाण्डम्** a wine glass or cup, अप सुराभाजनस्था मद्यभाण्डस्थितास्तथा Ms 11 147 -**पीत** a one who has drunk wine, सुखजात सुरापीत Bk 5 38 -**बीजम्** a substance serving for the preparation of beer -**भागः** yeast -**मण्ड** the froth or scum of spirituous liquor during fermentation -**मूल्यम्** drink-money -**संधानम्** distillation of spirituous liquor -**सुः** 1 a drunkard -2 a heretic

सुरङ्गा See सुरङ्गा A hole made underground, subterranean passage, सुरङ्गा कारयित्वा तु Mb 1 61 22

सुरङ्गाहिः A burglar, house breaker

सुरेभम् Tm, L D B

सुवनः 1 The sun -2 Fire -3 The moon -**नम्** The moonlight, Un 2 76

सुवर्ण a [शोभनो वर्णोऽस्य] 1 Of good or beautiful colour, brilliant in hue, bright, yellow, golden -2 Of a good tribe or caste -3 Of good fame, glorious, celebrated -**र्णः** 1 A good colour -2 A good tribe or caste -3 A sort of sacrifice -4 An epithet of Śiva -5 The thorn-apple -**र्णः** 1 One of the seven tongues of fire -2 Black aloe-wood -3 Turmeric -4 Colocynth -**र्णम्** 1 Gold -2 A golden coin (-m also), नन्वह दशसुवर्णान् प्रयच्छामि Mk 2 -3 A weight of gold equal to 16 Māsas or about 175 grains Troy (m also) -4 Money, wealth, riches -5 A sort of yellow sandal-wood -6 A kind of red chalk -7 N of a tree (नागकेशर) -**Comp** -**अक्षः** N of Śiva -**आख्यः** 1 N of a tree (नागकेशर) -2 the thorn-apple -**अभिषेकः** sprinkling the bride and bridegroom with water into which a piece of gold has been dropped -**कदली** a variety of plantain -**कर्तृ**, -**कार**, -**कृत्** m a goldsmith -**गणितम्** a particular method of calculation in arithmetic -**नैरिकम्** a kind of red-chalk -**चौरिका** gold-stealing -**जीविकः** N of a tribe, (गान्धर्व शास्त्रिकश्चैव कास्यको मणिकारक । सुवर्णजीविकश्चैव पद्मैते वणिज स्मृता ॥) -**धेनुः** a golden offering in the shape of a cow -**पालिका** a kind of vessel made of gold. -**पुष्पः** the globe amaranth -**पुष्पित** a. abounding in gold, e g सुवर्णपुष्पिता पृथ्वी विचिन्वन्ति त्रयो जना । शूरश्च कृतविद्यश्च यश्च जानाति सेवितुम् ॥ Pt 1 45 -**पृष्ठ** a coated with gold, gilded -**विन्दुः** 1 N of Viṣṇu -2 a form of Śiva -**भाण्डम्**, -**भाण्डकम्** a jewel-box -**माक्षिकम्** a kind of mineral substance -**यूथी** yellow jasmine -**रूप्यक** a abounding in gold and silver -**रेतस्** m an epithet of Śiva -**रोमन्** m a ram -**वणिज्** m N of a mixed caste -**वर्णः** N of Viṣṇu. -**वर्णः** turmeric -**सानुः** the Meru mountain having golden peaks, सुवर्णसानुप्रतिमान् प्रासादानुच्चतोरणान् Śiva B 1 55 -**सिद्धः** an adept who has acquired gold by magical means -**स्तेयम्** stealing of gold (one

of the five Mahāpātakas q v), अत ऊर्ध्वं प्रवक्ष्यामि सुवर्ण-स्तेयनिष्कृतिम् Ms 11 98

सुवर्णकम् 1 Brass, bell metal -2 Lead -3 Gold

सुवर्णवत् a 1 Golden -2 Having a golden colour, beautiful, handsome

सुविद्वत् a (Ved) Very mindful, benevolent, propitious -**त्रम्** 1 Grace, favour -2 Wealth, property -3 Household, Un 3 107

सुषम a 1 Very lovely or beautiful, very pleasing -2 Same, all -**मा** Exquisite beauty, great lustre or splendour, कुरबकदुसुम चपलसुषमम् Git 7, सुषमाविषये परीक्षणे निखिल पद्मभाजि तन्मुखात् N 2 27, Bv 1 26, 2 12, 74, 82, 3 7

सुषवी 1 A sort of gourd -2 Black cumin -3 Cumin-seed

सुषाढः An epithet of Śiva

सुषिः f 1 A hole, of सुषि, एतस्य हृदयस्य पञ्च देवसुषय स योऽस्य प्राङ्सुषि स प्राण Oh Up 3 13 1 -2 A tube, pipe

सुषि (पी) म a 1 Cold, frigid -2 Pleasant, agreeable -**मः** 1 Cold -2 A kind of snake -3 The moon-stone

सुषिर a 1 Full of holes, hollow, perforated, चेतनावान्नरो हन्याद्यस्य नासुषिरं शिर Mb 12 266 33 -2 Slow in articulation -**रम्** 1 A hole, an aperture, a cavity, सुषिराणि प्रचक्रिरे Śiva B 13 92 -2 Any wind-instrument (flutes and similar instruments), अवापुस्त्वै सुषिराणि राणिताम् N 15 16

सुषुप्तम् See सुषुप्ति next, जाग्रत्स्वप्न सुषुप्तं च गुणतो बुद्धि-वृत्तयः Bhāg 11 13 27

सुषुप्तिः f 1 Deep or profound sleep, profound repose -2 Great insensibility, spiritual ignorance, अविद्यात्मिका हि बीजशक्तिरव्यक्तशब्दनिर्देशया परमेश्वराश्रया मायामयी महासुषुप्तिर्यस्या स्वरूपप्रतिबोद्धव्यं शेरते ससारिणो जीवा Ś B on Br Sūt 1 4 3

सुषुम्णः, -**म्नः** N of one of the principal rays of the sun, Hch 1 -**म्णा**, -**म्ना** A particular artery of the human body, said to lie between इडा and पिङ्गला, two of the vessels of the body, वैश्वानर याति विहायसा गत सुषुम्नया ब्रह्मपथेन शोचिषा Bhāg 2 2 24

सुषुप्ता 1 Desire of sleeping -2 Sleepiness

सुपेणः 1 N of a tree (करमर्द) -2 N of Viṣṇu -3 A cane or ratan

सुष्टु ind. 1 Well, excellently, beautifully -2 Very much, exceedingly, सुष्टु शोभसे आर्यपुत्र एतेन विनयमाहात्म्येन U 1 -3 Truly, rightly, शब्द सुष्टु प्रयुक्त Sarva S, अथवा सुष्टु खल्विदमुच्यते

सुष्मम् A rope, cord, string

सुसवी See सुषवी above

सुह् 4 P To endure, to bear, L D B

सुह्वा. (m pl) N of a people, आत्मा सरक्षित सुहृद्वृत्ति-
माश्रित्य वैतमीम् R 4 35

सू I 2, 4 A (सूते, सूयते, सूत) To bring forth,
produce, beget, yield (fig also), मयाभ्यक्षेण प्रकृति सूयते
सचराचरम् Bg 9 10, असूत सा नागवधूपभोग्यम् Ku 1 20,
कीर्तिं सूते दुष्कृतं या दिनस्ति U 5 31 -With प्र to bring
forth, beget, produce -II 6 P. (सुवति) 1 To excite,
incite, impel -2 To remit (as debt)

सू a (At the end of comp) Bringing forth, pro-
ducing, yielding &c -f 1 Birth -2 A mother, अलब्ध-
निद्रोऽनुपलक्षितो नृभिर्हिंसा गतो वेनसुख प्रसुताम् Bhāg 4 13 47

सूक. 1 An arrow -2 Air, wind -3 A lotus

सूकरः [सूकरन् क्ति Un 4 5] 1 A hog, pig, see शूकर
-2 A sort of deer -3 A potter -री 1 A sow, पतिलोक
न सा याति ब्राह्मणी या सुरा पिबेत् । इदं सा शुनी गृध्री सूकरी चोप-
जायते ॥ Y 3 256 -2 A sort of moss

सूक्ष्म a [सूक्ष्मन् सूक्ष्म च नेद्, Un 4 181] 1 Subtle,
minute, atomic, जालान्तरस्यसूर्यागौ यन् सूक्ष्म दृश्यते रज, मुख्य-
क्रमेण प्रयोगवचनैकवाक्यता सूक्ष्मा SB on MS 5 1 15 -2 Little,
small, इदमुपहितसूक्ष्मग्रन्थिना स्कन्धदेशे S. 1 19, R 18 49
-3 Fine, thin, delicate, exquisite -4 Nice -5 Sharp,
acute, penetrating -6 Crafty, artful, subtle, ingenious
-7 Exact, precise, accurate, correct -क्ष्म. 1 An atom
-2 The clearing-nut plant -3 An epithet of Śiva
-क्ष्मा 1 Sand -2 Small cardamoms -क्ष्मम् 1 The subtle
all-pervading spirit, the Supreme Soul -2 Minuteness
-3 One of the three kinds of power attainable by an
ascetic, cf सावय -4 Craft, ingenuity -5 Fraud, cheat-
ing, -6 Fine thread &c -7 N of a figure of speech, thus
defined by Mammata -कुनोऽपि लक्षित सूक्ष्मोपयर्थोऽन्यस्मै
प्रकाशयते । धर्मेण तेनचिद्यत्र तत्सूक्ष्म परिचक्षते ॥ K P 10. -8 The
cavity of a tooth -9 Marrow -10 The Vedānta philo-
sophy -Comp -आत्मन् m N of Śiva -पला small
cardamoms -तण्डुलः the poppy -तण्डुला 1 long pepper
-2 a kind of grass -दर्शिता quick sightedness, acuteness,
foresight, wisdom -दर्शिन, -दृष्टि a 1 sharp sighted,
eagle eyed -2 of acute discernment -3 acute, sharp-
minded -दल. mustard -दारु n a thin plank of wood,
a board -देहः, -शरीरम् the subtle body which is in-
vested by the grosser material frame (= लिङ्गशरीर q v)
-पत्रः 1 coriander seed -2 a kind of wild cumin -3 a
sort of red sugar-cane -4 the gum Arabic tree -5 a
sort of mustard -पर्णी a kind of basil -पिप्पली wild
pepper -बीजः the poppy. -बुद्धि a sharp-witted, acute,
shrewd, intelligent (-क्षिः f) sharp wit, acute intel-
lect, mental acumen -भूतम् a subtle element -मक्षिकम्,

-का a mosquito, gnat -मति, -मतिमत् a acute-minded
-मानम् a nice or exact measurement, precise compu-
tation (opp स्थूलमान which means 'broad measurement',
'rough calculation') -शरीरम् (in phil) a subtle body
-शर्करा small gravel, sand -शालिः a kind of fine rice
-षट्चरणः a sort of louse -स्फोटः a kind of leprosy

सूक्ष्मता minuteness, subtlety, fineness, सूक्ष्मता चान्व-
वेक्षेत योगेन परमात्मन Ms 6 65

सूच 10 U (सूचयति-ते, सूचित) 1 To pierce -2 To
point out, indicate, show, manifest, prove, त्वा सूचयिष्यति
तु मात्स्यसमुद्रवोऽय (गन्ध) Mk 1 35, Me 21, प्रस्निग्धा
क्वचिदिह्नुदीफलमिदं सूचयन्त एवोपला S 1 14 -3 To betray,
divulge, reveal, स जातु सेव्यमानोऽपि गुप्तद्वारो न सूच्यते R 17
50 -4 To hint, intimate, suggest -5 To gesticulate,
act, indicate by gestures or signs, वामाक्षिरूपन्दन सूचयति,
रथवेग सूचयति &c -6 To trace out, spy, ascertain
-With अभि to show, indicate, अमन्यत नल प्राप्त कर्मचेष्टाभि-
सूचितम् Mb

सूचः A pointed shoot or blade of Kuśa grass

सूचक a (-चिका f) [सूचणुल्] 1 Indicative,
indicating, proving, showing -2 Betraying, informing,
स विनाश व्रजत्याशु सूचकोऽशुचिरेव च Ms 4 71, 11 50 -कः
1 A piercer -2 A needle, any instrument for perfo-
rating or sewing -3 An informer, a tale bearer, tradu-
cer, spy, नृप ससूचयेत् ज्ञात्वा सूचकं स उदाहृत Sukra 4
589 -4 A narrator, teacher, an instructor -5 The
manager or chief actor of a company -6 A Buddha
-7 A Siddha -8 A villain, scoundrel -9 A demon,
goblin -10 A dog -11 A crow -12 A cat -13 A
kind of fine rice -Comp -वाक्यम् the information
given by an informer

सूचनम्, -ना [सूच-भावे ल्युट्] 1 The act of piercing or
perforating, boring, perforation -2 Pointing out, in-
dication, intimation -3 Informing against, betraying,
calumniating, traducing -4 Gesticulation, indicating
by proper signs or gestures -5 Hinting, hint -6
Information -7 Teaching, showing, describing -8
Spying out, spying, seeing, ascertaining -9 Villainy,
wickedness -10 Hurting, killing

सूचनी A short index or table of contents

सूचा 1 Piercing -2 Gesticulation -3 Spying out,
seeing, sight

सूचि. -ची f [सूच-इत् वा षीप्] 1 Piercing, perforating
-2 A needle, निमेषादपि कौन्तेय यस्यायुरपचीयते । सूच्येवाङ्गन-
चूर्णस्य किमिति प्रतिपालयेत् ॥ Mb 3 35 3. -3 Sharp point
or pointed blade (as of Kuśa grass), अभिनवकुशासूच्या
परिक्षित मे चरणम् S 1, so मुखे कुशासूचिविदे S 4 13 -4 The
sharp point or tip of anything, क कर प्रसारयेत् पन्नगरत्न-
सूच्ये Ku 5 43 -5 The point of a bud -6 A kind of

जैमिनिरपि इहमपि धर्मलक्षणमसूत्रयत् &c -3 To plan, arrange, systematize, तन्निपुण मया निरुद्धार्थदूतीकल्प सूत्रयितव्य Māl 1 -4 To relax, unbind

सूत्रम् [सूत्र-अच्] 1 A thread, string, line, cord, पुष्पमालानुष्ङ्गेण सूत्र शिरसि धार्यते Subhās , मणौ वज्रसमुत्कीर्णे सूत्रस्येवास्ति मे गति R 1 4 -2 A fibre, सुराङ्गना कर्षति खण्डिताप्रात् सूत्र मृणालादिव राजहसी V 1 18, Ku 1 40 -3 A wire -4 A collection of threads -5 The sacred thread or sacrificial cord worn by members of the first three classes, शिखासूत्रवान् ब्राह्मण Tarka K, विप्रत्वं सूत्रमेव हि Bhāg 12 2 3 -6 The string or wire of a puppet -7 A short rule or precept, an aphorism -8 A short or concise technical sentence used as a memorial rule, it is thus defined — स्वल्पाक्षरमसदिग्ध सारवद् विश्वतोमुखम् । अस्तोभमनवद्य च सूत्र सूत्रविदो विदुः -9 Any work or manual containing such aphoristic rules, e g मानवकर्तृपसूत्र, आपस्तम्बसूत्र, गृह्यसूत्र &c -10 A rule, canon, decree (in law) -11 A girdle, वास ससूत्र लघुमास्तोऽहरद् भवस्य देवस्य किलानुपश्यत Bhāg 8 12 23 -12 A line, stroke -13 A sketch, plan, त्वमेव यमोर्ध्वदुष्कामिपत्तये दक्षेण सूत्रेण ससर्जित्या-ध्वरम् Bhāg 4 6 44 -14 Indication, prelude, विशङ्क्य सूत्र पुरुषायितस्य तद् भविष्यतोऽस्मायि तदा तदालिभि N 16 15 -Comp. -अध्यक्षः superintendent of weaving, Kau A 2 -आत्मन् a having the nature of a string or thread (-m) the soul -आली a string of beads &c worn round the neck, a necklace -कण्ठः 1 a Brāhmaṇa -2 a pigeon, dove -3 a wag-tail -कर्मन् n carpentry, अथ भूमिप्रदेशज्ञा सूत्रकर्मविशारदा Rām 2 80 1 विशेषज्ञः a weaver, Rām 2 83 12 -कारः, -कृत् m 1 an author or composer of Sūtras -2 a carpenter -कोणः, -कोणकः a small drum shaped like an hour-glass (डमरु) -कोशः a skein of yarn. -क्रीडा a particular game with strings (one of the 64 kalās) -गण्डिका a kind of stick used by weavers in spinning threads -ग्रन्थः a book of aphorisms -ग्राह् a seizing a thread -ग्राहिन् m a draftsman, an architect -चरणम् N of a class of Charanas or Vedic schools which introduced various Sūtra-works -तन्तुः 1 a thread, string -2 perseverance, energy -तर्कुटी a distaff, spindle -दरिद्र a 'poor in threads', having a small number of threads, thread-bare, अथ पट सूत्रदरिद्रता गत Mk 2 9. -धरः, -धारः 1 'the thread-holder', a stage-manager, the principal actor who arranges the cast of characters and instructs them, and takes a prominent part in the Prastāvanā or prelude, he is thus defined — नाट्यस्य यदनुष्ठानं तत् सूत्र स्यात् सजीवकम् । रङ्गदैवतपूजाकृत् सूत्रधार इति स्मृत ॥ -2 a carpenter, an artisan. -3 the author of a set of aphorisms -4 an epithet of Indra -धृक् m 1 an architect -2 a stage-manager. -पातः applying the measuring line -पिटकः N of one of the three collections of Buddhist writings. -पुष्पः the cotton plant -प्रोत a fastened

with wires (as puppets) -भिद् m a tailor -भृत् m =सूत्रधार q v -यन्त्रम् 1 'a thread machine', shuttle -2 a weaver's loom, सूत्रयन्त्रजविशिष्टवेष्टयाश्चर्यसज्जिबहुशालभञ्जिक N 18 13 -3 a shuttle -वापः weaving (threads) -वीणा a kind of lute -वेष्टनम् 1 a weaver's shuttle -2 the act of weaving -शाखम् the body -स्थानम् (in medic works) the first general section (treating of the physician, disease, remedies &c)

सूत्रणम् 1 The act of stringing together, putting in order, arranging -2 Arranging in aphorisms

सूत्रला A spindle or distaff

सूत्रामन् =सुत्रामन् q v

सूत्रिका A kind of dish (Mar शेषया)

सूत्रित p p [सूत्र-क्त] 1 Strung, arranged, methodised, systematized -2 Prescribed in Sūtras, delivered in aphorisms

सूत्रिन् a (-णी f.) [सूत्र अस्त्यर्थे इनि] 1 Having threads -2 Having rules -m 1 A crow -2 A stage-manager

सूद् I. 1 Ḍ (सूदते) 1 To strike, hurt, wound, kill, destroy -2 To effuse, pour out -3 To deposit -4 To distil, flow -5 To eject, throw away -II 10 U (सूदयति-ते) 1 To incite, prompt, excite, urge on, animate -2 To strike, hurt, kill, मुष्टिभिर्बाहुभि पद्भिः सूदयन्तौ तु राक्षसम् Rām 3 4 7 -3 To cook, dress, season, prepare -4 To pour out, effuse -5 To assent, agree, promise -6 To eject, throw away

सूद् : [सूद्-अच्] 1 Destroying, destruction, massacre -2 Pouring out, distilling -3 A well, spring -4 A cook -5 Sauce, soup -6 Anything seasoned, a prepared dish -7 Split pease -8 Mud, mire -9 Sin, fault. -10 The office of a charioteer. -11 The Lodhra tree -Comp -अध्यक्षः a superintendent of the kitchen -कर्मन् n cookery -शाला a kitchen -शाखम् the science of cooking.

सूदन a (-नी f.) [सूद्-भावे ल्युट्] 1 Destroying, killing, destructive, दानवसूदन, अरिगणसूदन &c, विषीदन्तमिदं वाक्यमुवाच मधुसूदन Bg 2 1, 4 -2 Dear, beloved -नम् 1 Destroying, destruction, massacre -2 Assenting to, promising -3 Ejecting, throwing away

सून p p [सू-क्त कस्य न] 1 Born, produced -2 Blown, blossomed, opened, budded -3 Empty, vacant (perhaps for शून or शून्य in this sense) -नम् 1 Bringing forth, parturition -2 A bud, blossom -3 A flower, दत्ता केनापि सूनावलिमभिमुकुटं सून्मयीमेव दध्ने Vis Guna 197 -4 Fruit -Comp -नायकः, -शरः the god of love, सून्-नायकनिदेशविभ्रमैरप्रतीतचरवेदनोदयम् N 18 129

सूनरी A happy woman.

सूना [सुज न दीर्घश्च Un 3 13] 1 A slaughter-house, butcher's house, भवानपि सूतोपरिचर इव गृध्र आमिषलोलुपो भीरुश्च M 2 -2 The sale of meat -3 Hurting, killing, destroying, सूनायामप्यननुमतमालम्भन तदुपलभ्य Bhāg 5 9 17 -4 The soft palate, uvula -5 A girdle, zone -6 Inflammation of the gland of the neck called mumps -7 A ray of light -8 A river -9 A daughter -10 An elephant's trunk -**नाः** (f pl) The five things in a house by which animal life is likely to be destroyed, see under सूना or पञ्चसूना -**Comp** -**अध्यक्षः** a superintendent of the slaughter-house

सूनावत् A keeper of a slaughter-house, Ms 4 81

सूनिकः, सूनिन् m 1 A butcher, flesh-seller, Y 1 141 -2 A hunter

सूनुः [सूनुक्] 1 A son, पितुरदमेवैको सूतुरभवम् K, सूनु सूतुवाक् षष्ठ R 1 93 -2 A child, an offspring -3 A grandson (daughter's son) -4 A younger brother, अनुस्मृताखण्डलसूनुविक्रम Ki 1 24 -5 The sun, सूनु पुत्रेऽनुजे रवौ इति विश्व -6 The Arka plant

सून् f A daughter

सूनुत a 1 True and pleasant, kind and sincere, तत्र सूनुतगिरश्च सूर्य पुण्यमृग्यजुषमभ्यगीषत Śi 14 21, R 1 93 -2 Kind, affable, gentle, courteous, ता चाप्येता मातर मङ्गलाना वेनु वीरा सूनुता वाचमाहु U 5 31, तृणानि भूमिमुदक वाक् चतुर्थी च सूनुता । एतान्यपि सता गेहे नोच्छिद्यन्ते कदाचन॥ Ms 3 101, R 6 29 -3 Auspicious, fortunate -4 Beloved, dear -5 Ved Quick, active -**ता** 1 The goddess of true speech -2 An excellent song -3 N of Usas -4 Food -**तम्** 1 True and agreeable speech -2 Kind and pleasant discourse, courteous language, तेनाष्टौ परिगमिता समा कथचिद् बालवादेवितथसूनुतेन सूतो R 8 92 -3 Auspiciousness

सूपः [सुखेन पीयते, सु-पा घञर्थे क पृषो० Tv] 1 Broth, soup, सूप भूयिष्ठमश्रीभू नाथ मास यथा पुरा Mb 12 29 128, न स जानाति शास्त्रार्थं दर्शो सूपरसानिव Subhās, Ms 3 226 -2 A sauce, condiment, पच्यन्ता विविधा पाका सूपान्ता पायसादय Bhāg 10 24 26, 11 27 34 -3 A cook -4 A pan, vessel -5 An arrow -6 Split pease -**Comp** -**अङ्गम्** asa foetida -**कारः** a cook -**धूपनम्**, -**धूपकम्** asa-foetida -**श्रेष्ठः** The mudga bean

सूपायः A good means or expedient

सूप्या A kind of bean (Mar मसूर, तूर)

सूमः [स-मक्] 1 Water -2 Milk -3 Sky or heaven

सूयम् Extraction of the Soma juice, libation, sacrifice, दुशासनस्य रुधिर यदा पास्यति पाण्डव । आनर्दं नर्दत सम्यक् तदा सूय भविष्यति ॥ Mb 5 141 47

सूर 4 A (सूर्येति) 1 To hurt, kill -2 To make firm or be firm

सूर्ण a Hurt, injured

सूरः [सुवति प्रेरयति कर्मणि लोकादुदयेन, सू-कृन्, Un 2 24] 1 The sun -2 The Arka plant -3 The Soma -4 A wise or learned man -5 A hero, king -**Comp** -**चक्षुस्** a radiant as the sun -**सुतः** an epithet of Saturn -**सुतः** the charioteer of the sun, i e Aruna

सूरणः N of an esculent root

सूरत a 1 Kindly-disposed, compassionate, tender -2 Calm, tranquil -**ता** A tractable cow

सूरिः [सू-किन्] 1 The sun -2 A learned or wise man, a sage, अथवा कृतवाग्द्वारे वशेऽस्मिन् पूर्वसूरिभि R 1 4, Śi 14 21, Bhāg 1 1 1 -3 A priest -4 A worshipper -5 A title of respect given to Jaina teachers, e g मल्लिनाथसूरि -6 N of Krishna -7 N of Bihaspata

सूरिन् a (-णी f) Wise, learned, an A wise or learned man, scholar, pandit

सूरी 1 N of the wife of the sun -2 N of Kuntī, q v -3 Black mustard

सूर्क्ष (क्ष्यं) 1, 4 P (सूर्क्षति, सूर्यति) 1 To respect, honour -2 To disrespect, disregard, slight

सूर्क्ष (क्ष्यं) णम् Disrespect

सूर्यः A kind of bean

सूर्प See सूर्प

सूर्मिः, -**मी** f 1 An iron or metallic image, सूर्मी ज्वलन्तीं वाञ्छित्येन्त्युना स विशुध्यति Ms 11 103 -2 The pillar of a house -3 Radiance, lustre -4 A flame

सूर्यः [सरति आकाशे सूर्य, यदा सुवति कर्मणि लोक प्रेरयति, of Sk on P III 1 114] 1 The sun, सूर्ये तपत्यावरणाय दृष्टे कल्पेत लोकस्य कथ तमिहा R 5 13 [In mythology, the sun is regarded as a son of Kaśyapa and Aditi. He is represented as moving in a chariot drawn by seven horses, with Aruna for his charioteer. He is also represented as all seeing, the constant beholder of the good and bad deeds of mortals. Samjñā (or Ohhāyā or Āsvini) was his principal wife, by whom he had Yama and Yamunā, the two Āsvins and Saturn. He is also described as having been the father of Manu Vaisvata, the founder of the solar race of kings] -2 The tree called *Arka* -3 The number 'twelve' (derived from the twelve forms of the sun) -4 The swallow wort -5 N of Śiva -**Comp** -**अपायः** sunset, सूर्यापाये न खलु कमल पुष्यति स्वामिख्याम् Me 82 -**अर्घ्यम्** the presentation of an offering to the sun -**अश्मन्** m the sun-stone -**अश्वः** a horse of the sun -**अस्तम्** sunset -**आतपः** heat or glare of the sun, sunshine -**आलोकः** sunshine -**आवर्तः** 1 a kind of sun-flower -2 a head-ache which increases or diminishes according to the course of the sun (Mar अर्धशिशी).

-आह्न *a* named after the sun (-हः) the gigantic swallow-wort (-हम्) copper -इन्दुसंगमः the day of the new moon (the conjunction of the sun and moon), दशै सूर्यन्दुसंगम Ak -उत्थानम्, -उदयः sunrise -ऊढः 1 'brought by the sun', an evening guest, सप्राप्तो योऽतिथि साय सूर्याढो गृहमेधिनाम्। पूजया तस्य देवत्व लभन्ते गृहमेधिन ॥ Pt 1 170 -2 the time of sunset -उपस्थानम्, -उपासना attendance upon or worship of the sun, V 1 -कमलम् the sun-flower, a heliotrope -कान्तः 1 the sun stone, sun crystal, स्पर्शानुकूल इव सूर्यकान्तास्तदन्यतेजोऽभिभवाद्भवन्ति। S 2 7 -2 a crystal -कान्तिः *f* 1 sun-light -2 a particular flower -3 the flower of sesamum -कालः day time, day अनलचक्रम् a particular astrological diagram for indicating good and bad fortune -ग्रहः 1 the sun -2 an eclipse of the sun -3 an epithet of Rāhu and Ketu -4 the bottom of a water-jar -ग्रहणम् a solar eclipse -चन्द्रौ (also सूर्याचन्द्रसौ) *m* du the sun and moon -जः, -तनयः, -पुत्रः 1 epithets of Sugriva, योऽह सूर्यसुत स एष भवता योऽय स वत्सोऽहद Mv 5 55 -2 of Karpā -3 of the planet Saturn -4 of Yama -जा, -तनया the river Yamunā -तेजस् *n* the radiance or heat of the sun -द्वारम् the way of the sun, उत्तरायण *q v*, सूर्यद्वारेण ते विरजा प्रयान्ति यन्नामृत स पुरुषो ह्यव्ययात्मा Mund 1 2 11 -नक्षत्रम् that constellation (out of the 27) in which the sun happens to be. -पर्वन् *n* a solar festival, (on the days of the solstices, equinoxes, eclipses &c) -पादः a sun-beam -पुत्री 1 lightning. -2 the river Yamunā -प्रभव *a* sprung or descended from the sun, क सूर्यप्रभवो वश क चाल्पविषया मति R 1 2 -फणिचक्रम् = सूर्यकालानलचक्रम् *q v* above -बिम्बः the disc of the sun -भक्त *a* one who worships the sun (-क्तः) the tree Bandhūka or its flower -मणिः the sun-stone -मण्डलम् the orb of the sun -मासः the solar month -यन्त्रम् 1 a representation of the sun (used in worshipping him) -2 an instrument used in taking solar observations -रश्मिः a ray of the sun, sun-beam, Ms 5 133 -लोकः the heaven of the sun -वंशः the solar race of kings (who ruled at Ayodhya) -वर्चस् *a* resplendent as the sun -वारः Sunday -विलोकनम् the ceremony of taking a child out to see the sun when four months old, of उपनिष्क्रमणम् -संक्रमः, -संक्रातिः *f* the sun's passage from one zodiacal sign to another -संज्ञम् saffron -सारथिः an epithet of Aruna -सिद्धान्तः a celebrated astronomical work (supposed to have been revealed by the god Sun) -स्तुतिः *f*, -स्तोत्रम् a hymn addressed to the sun -हृदयम् *N* of a hymn to the sun

सूर्यो 1 The wife of the sun -2 The daughter of the sun -3 The hymn about the marriage of Sūryā -4 A new bride -5 A drug -6 The colocynth

सूर्याणी The wife of the god Sun

सूर्याय (Den) To act like the sun, सूर्यायते पावक Pañcharātram 1 9

सूरत *a* 1 Compassionate, tender -2 Tranquil, calm -ता A tractable cow

सूर्ध्व 1 P To respect, regard

सूर्क्षणम् Disrespect (probably, respect), M. W

सूष 1 P [सूषति] To bring forth, bear, produce, beget

सूपणा A mother

सूषा A parturient woman

सूष्यती A woman about to be confined, one who is parturient

सु 1, 3 P (सरति, ससति, also यावति, ससार, असाधीत्, असरत्, सरिष्यति, सर्तुम्, सत) 1 To go, move, proceed, मृगा प्रदाक्षिण सद्य Bk 14 14 -2 To go towards, approach, निष्पाद्य हरय सेतु प्रतीता सख्यर्णवम् Rām -3 To rush upon, assail, ब्राह्मणार्थे समुत्पन्ने योऽरिभि सत्य युध्यति Mb 12 97 10, (त) ससाराभिमुख शूर शार्दूल इव कुञ्जरम् Mb -4 To run, go fast, slip away from, सरति सहसा बाहोर्मध्य गताप्यबल सती M 4 11 -5 To blow (as wind), त चेद्वायौ सरति सरलस्कन्धसचट्टजन्मा Me 55 -6 To flow -7 To cross, traverse -Caus (सारयति-ते) 1 To cause to go or move -2 To extend -3 To rub, touch gently (with the fingers), तन्त्रीमार्द्रा नयनसलिलै सारयित्वा कथंचित् Me 88 -4 To push back or away, remove, सारयन्ती गण्डाभोगात् कठिनाविषमामेकवेणीं करेण Me 93 -5 To put in array, arrange -6 To show, manifest -Desid (सिसीषति) To wish to go &c

सुकः [सक] 1 Air, wind -2 An arrow -3 A thunder bolt -4 A lotus (कैरव) -का 1 A jackal -2 A crane -3 A hell -4 A kind of weapon, L D B

सुकण्डु *f* Itch, scab

सुकालः A jackal, see शुगाल

सुकम्
सुकणी
सुकन् *n*
सुकिणी
सुकिन् *n*,
सुकम्
सुकणी
सुकन् *n*
सुकिणी
सुकिन् *n*.
The corner of the mouth, सुकणी परि-
लेलिहन् Pt 1

सुझा *f* 1 A tinkling string of jewels, तवैव नाम्ना भवितायामभि सुझा च मामनेकरूपा गृहाण Kath 1 16 -2 A way, path, नेता सुझा वित्तमयीमवाप्तो यस्या मज्जन्ति बहवो मनुष्या 2 3

सृगः A sort of arrow or javelin, a sling (भिन्दिपाल)

सृगालः A jackal, see शृगाल

सृज् I 6 P (सृजति, ससर्ज, अस्त्राक्षीत्, स्रक्षति, स्रष्टुम्, सृष्ट)

1 To create, produce, make (in general), to procreate, beget (progeny &c), अर्धेन नारी तस्या स विराजमसृजत् प्रसु Ms 1 32, 33, 34, 36, तन्तुनाम स्वत एव तन्तून् सृजति S B -2 To put on, place on, apply -3 To let go, let loose, release -4 To emit, shed, effuse, pour forth or out, अस्त्राक्षरस कस्य स्वन्त Bk 3 17, आनन्दशीतामिव बाष्पवृष्टिं हिमसृतिं हैमवती ससर्ज R 16 44, 8 35 -5 To send forth, utter (as words), वचस्यवसिते तस्मिन् समर्ज गिरमात्मभू Ku 2 58, 7 47 -6 To throw, cast, discharge, ससर्ज दधिम् Ku 3 69 -7 To leave, quit, abandon, send away, forsake, give up, यदैव पूर्वे जनेन शरीरं सा दक्षरोषात् सुदती ससर्ज Ku 1 53 -8 To get, take (interest on money lent), वसिष्ठविहिता वृद्धिं सृजद्विजविवाधनीम् Ms 8 140 -9 To hang on, fasten to, स्कन्वदेशेऽसृजत्तस्य सृज परमशोभनाम् Mb 3 57 27 -II 4 A (सृज्यते) To be let loose or sent forth -Desid (सिसृक्षति) To wish to create &c

सृष्ट p p [सृज्-क्त] 1 Created, produced -2 Poured out, emitted -3 Let loose -4 Left, abandoned -5 Dismissed, sent away -6 Ascertained, determined -7 Connected, joined -8 Much, abundant, numerous -9 Ornamented, see सृज् -Comp -मासृत् a 1 causing the discharge of wind -2 removing flatulence -मूत्र-पुरीष a promoting evacuation from the bladder and intestine

सृष्टिः f [सृज्-क्ति] 1 Creation, anything created, किं मानसी सृष्टिः S 4, या सृष्टिः स्रष्टुराद्या S 1 1, क्षीरत्नसृष्टि-रपरा प्रतिभाति सा मे S 2 10, स्रष्टिराद्येव धातु Me 84, Bhāg 1 19 16 -2 The creation of the world -3 Nature, natural property -4 Letting loose, emission -5 Giving away, a gift, सृष्टिर्मुष्टिर्दिजाश्चाप्या श्राद्धकर्मसु सपद Ms 3 255 -6 The existence of properties or qualities -7 The absence of properties -8 Offspring (सतान), ससृष्टा ब्राह्मणैरेव त्रिषु वर्णेषु सृष्टय Mb 12 60 42 -Comp. -अन्तरः the offspring of intermarriage between चतुर्वर्ण castes -कर्तृ m the creator -पत्तनम् a particular magical power -सृज् m (Nom. sing सृज्-सृष्ट-इ) the creator, L D B

सृजिकाक्षारः Natron, alkali

सृजयाः m pl N of a people

सृणिः f 1 A goad, a hook to drive an elephant, मदान्धकारिणा दपोपशान्त्यै सृणि H 2 165, Si 5 5, सृण्यग्र-सुन्दरोदग्रव्यायतस्मश्रुभौषणम् Śiva B 21 23 -2 A sickle -णि, m 1 An enemy -2 The moon

सृणी A hook for driving an elephant

सृणि (णी) का Saliva, spittle -कः 1 An elephant's goad

सृतम् Going, flight, escape, निवर्तध्वमधर्मज्ञा युध्यध्व किं सृतेन व Mb 9 28 22

सृतिः f 1 Going, gliding, योनिकोटिसहस्रेषु सृतीश्चास्यान्त-रात्मन Ms 6 63 -2 A way, road, path (fig also), नैते सृती पार्थ जानन् योगी मुह्यति कश्चन Bg 8 27 -3 Hurt- ing, injuring -4 Conduct, कस्माद्वयं कुसृतयं खल्योनयस्ते दाक्षिण्यदृष्टिपदवा भवत प्रणीता Bhāg 8 23. 7 -5 Transmi- gration, स्यान्मे तवाङ्घ्रिहारणं सृतिभिर्भ्रमन्त्या Bhāg 10 60 43 -6 Creation, कोत्स्येन चावेह गत विवातुरवीकसृती कौशल-मित्यमन्यत Bhāg 3 2 13

सृत्वन m 1 Spread, circulation -2 N of Brahman, L D B -3 The disease विसर्प

सृत्वर a (-री f) Going, moving -री 1 A stream, river -2 A mother

सृद्र A snake

सृदाकुः [सृ-काकु दुक् च Un 3 78] 1 Air, wind -2 Fire -3 A deer -4 The thunderbolt of Indra -5 The sun's disc or orb -f A river, stream

सृष्ट 1 P (सर्पति, सृष्ट, desid सिसृक्षति) 1 To creep, crawl, glide gently, सर्पन्तीत्येवमाससृष्टुस्ते ह Ch Up 1 12 4 -2 To go, move, हृदयादिव सृतो हृदयादिव निर्मित Bri Up 3 9 22 -3 To spread, सर्पन्महाधूम इवाद्रिवहि Ki 17 2

सृपाटः A kind of measure

सृपाटिका The beak of a bird

सृपाटी 1 A kind of measure -2 A shoe -3 Base metal -4 A small book

सृष्मन् [सृप्-मनिन् Un 4 159] 1 A goer -2 A ser- pent -3 A child -4 An ascetic

सृप्रः The moon -प्रम् Honey

सृम्, -सृम् 1 P (सर्षति-सृम्भति) To hurt, injure, kill

सृमर a (-री f) Going, moving -रः A kind of deer, Rām 2 29 3

सृ 9 P (सृणाति) To hurt, injure, kill

सृणिः f Injury, hurt

सेक् 1 A (सेक्ते) To go, move

सेकः [सिच्-वञ्] 1 Sprinkling, watering (trees), सेक सीकरिणा करेण विहित कामम् U 3 16, R 1 51, 8 45, 16 30, 17 16 -2 Emission, effusion -3 Seminal effusion -4 A libation, an offering -5 Seminal fluid, कामतो रेतस सेक व्रतस्थस्य द्विजन्मन Ms 11 120 -6 A drop of anything -7 A shower-bath, Suśr -Comp. -पात्रम् 1 a pot for sprinkling water, a watering-pot. -2 a bucket

सेकिमम् A radish.

सेक्त् a (-क्त्री f) One who sprinkles &c -m 1 A sprinkler, impregnator -2 A husband -3 A water-bearer.

सेक्त्रम् A bucket, watering-pot

सेचक a. (-चिकी f) [सिञ्-बुल्] Sprinkling -कः A cloud.

सेचनम् [सिञ्-भावे ल्युट्] 1 Sprinkling, watering, वृक्षसेचने द्वे, वारयसि मे S 1 -2 Effusion, aspersion -3 Oozing, dripping -4 A bucket -5 Emission See सेरु -Comp -घटः a watering-pot

सेचनकम् A shower-bath

सेचनी A bucket

सेगवः A young crab, कुन्नी खादति मासानि माघमा सेगवा इव Mb 12 139 89

सेटुः 1 Water-melon -2 A kind of cucumber

सेतिका N of Ayodhyā

सेतुः [सिञ् Un 1 69] 1 A ridge of earth, mound, bank, causeway, dam, नलिनी क्षतसेतुबन्धनो जलसघात इवासि चिद्रुत Ku 4 6, R 16 2 -2 A bridge in general, वैदेहि पदया मलयाद्विभक्त मत्सेतुना फेनिलमम्बुराशिम् R 13 2, सैन्यैर्बद्धद्विरदसेतुभि 4 38, 12 70, Ku 7 53 -3 A landmark, ज्येष्ठे मासि नयेत् सीमा सुप्रकाशेषु सेतुषु Ms 8 245 -4 A defile, pass, a narrow mountain-road -5 A boundary, limit -6 A barrier, limitation, obstruction of any kind, दुष्येयु सर्ववर्णाश्च भिद्येरन् सर्वसेतव Subhās -7 A fixed rule or law, an established institution, सूचका सेतुभेत्तार ते वै निरयगामिन Mb 13 23 66 -8 The sacred syllable om, मन्त्राणां प्रणव सेतुस्तसेतु प्रणव स्मृत । स्रक्त्यनोद्धृत पूर्वं परस्ताच्च विदीर्यते ॥ Kāhka P -9 A reservoir or a lake, सहोदकं आहार्योदकं वा सेतु बन्धयेत् Kau A 2 1 -10 A bond, fetter -11 An explanatory commentary -Comp. -बन्धः 1 the forming or construction of a bridge, cause-way &c, Kau A 2 1, वयोगते किं वनिता-विलासो जले गते किं खलु सेतुबन्ध Subhās, Ku 4 6 -2 the ridge of rocks extending from the southern extremity of the Coromandel coast towards Ceylon (said to have been built for Rāma's passage to Lankā by Nala and the other monkeys), Bhāg 7 14 31 -3 any bridge or cause-way -भोदिन् a 1 breaking down barriers -2 removing obstructions (-m) N of a tree (दन्ती)

सेतुकः 1 A bank, cause-way, bridge -2 A pass

सेत्रम् A bond, fetter, P III 2. 182

सेदिचम् a (सेदुषी f) Sitting

सेधः 1 Going, reaching. -2 A tail -चा 1 A hedgehog. -2 A porcupine

सेन a Having a lord, possessing a master or leader -नम् The body

सेना [सि-न, सह इनेन प्रभुणा वा, Un 3 10] 1 An army, सेना परिच्छदस्तस्य द्वयमेवार्थसाधनम् R 1 19 -2 Army personified as the wife of Kārtakeya, the god of war, of देवसेना -3 A small army (consisting of 3 elephants, 3 chariots, 9 horse and 15 foot) -4 Any body of men -Comp -अग्रम् the van or front of an army ग the leader or general of an army -अङ्गम् 1 a component part of an army, (these are four — हस्त्यश्वरथपादात् सेनाङ्ग स्याच्चतुष्टयम्) -2 a division of an army -कल्पः an epithet of Śiva -गोपः the keeper of an army -चरः 1 a soldier -2 a camp-follower -निवेशः the camp of an army, सेनानिवेश तुमुल चकार R 5 49 -नी m 1 a leader of an army, commander, general, सेनानीनामह स्कन्द Bg 10 24, Ku 2 51 -2 N of Kārtakeya, अथैनमद्रेस्तनया शुशोच सेनान्यमालीढमिवासुरात्रै R 2 37 -पतिः 1 a general -2 N of Śiva -3 N of Kārtakeya -4 A leader of ten पति divisions, see पति -पत्यम् commandership, generalship -परिच्छद् a surrounded by an army, (in R 1 19 सेनापरिच्छद् is sometimes taken as one word and is interpreted in this way, but it is much better to take them as separate words) -पृष्ठम् the rear of an army -भङ्गः the breaking of an army, complete rout, disorderly flight -मुखम् 1 a division of an army -2 particularly, a division of an army consisting of three elephants, as many chariots, nine horse, and fifteen foot, पति तु त्रिगुणमितामाहु सेनामुख बुधा Mb 1 2 20 -3 a mound in front of a city gate -योगः the equipment of an army -रक्षः a guard, sentinel -वासः a camp -वाहः the leader of an army -रथः a soldier

सेन्द्रिय a 1 Together with the organs of sense, तमोऽयं तु समाश्रित्य चिर तिष्ठति सेन्द्रिय Ms 1 55 -2 Organic (as chemistry)

सेफः The penis, cf शेफ.

सेमन्ती The Indian white rose

सेरः A kind of measure (Mar शेर), it is thus defined in Lilāvati — पादेनगयानकतुल्यटक्कैर्द्विसप्ततुल्यै कथितोऽत्र सेर ॥

सेराल a Pale-yellow

सेराहः A horse of a milk-white colour

सेरु a Binding, fastening, P III 2 159

सेर्य a Full of envy or jealousy, envious, jealous.

सेल् 1 P (सेलति) To go, move

सेव् 1 A (सेवते, सेवित, caus सेवयति-ते, desid सिसे-विषते, the स of सेव् is generally changed to ष after prepositions ending in इ such as नि, परि, वि) 1 To serve.

wait or attend upon, honour, worship, obey, प्रायो भूत्यास्त्यजन्ति प्रचलितविभव स्वामिन सेवमाना Mu 4 21, आचार-पूत पवन सिषेवे R 2 13 'served or refreshed', ऐश्वर्योदन-पेतमीश्वरमय लोकोऽर्थत सेवते Mu 1 14 -2 To go after, pursue, follow -3 To use, enjoy, किं सेव्यते सुमनसा मनसापि गन्ध कस्तूरि राजननशक्तिमृता मृगेण R G -4 To enjoy carnally, केतकी सेवसे हन्त कथ रोल्म्ब निष्प Bv 1 118 -5 To attach or devote oneself to, attend to, cultivate, practise, perform, विद्वद्भि सेविन (धर्म) Ms 2 1, त्वया मनोनिर्विषयार्थ-कामया जेदु एव प्रतिगृह्य सेव्यते Ku 5 38, R 17 49 -6 To resort to, betake oneself to, dwell in, frequent, inhabit, तप्त वारि विहाय तीरनलिनीं कारण्डव सेवते V 2 23, Pt 1 9 -7 To watch over, guard, protect

सेव See सेवन, सेवि (2)

सेवक a [सेव्-भुल्] 1 Serving, worshipping, honouring -2 Practising, following -3 Dependent, servile -कः 1 A servant, dependant, सेवया धनमिच्छद्भि सेवके पश्य किं कृतम् । स्वातन्त्र्य यच्छरीरस्य मूढैस्तदपि हारितम् ॥ H 2 20 -2 A votary, worshipper -3 A sewer -4 A sack

सेवनम् [सिब्-सेव्-ल्युट्] 1 The act of serving, service, attendance upon, worship, पात्रीकृतात्मा गुरुसेवनेन R 18 30, Pt 1 11 -2 Following, practising, employing, इन्द्रियाणा प्रसङ्गेन धर्मस्यासेवनेन च । पापान् सयान्ति ससारानविद्वांसो नराधमा ॥ Ms 12 52 -3 Using, enjoying -4 Enjoying carnally, यत् करोत्येकरात्रेण वृषलीसेवनाद् द्विज Ms 11 178 -5 Devotion to, fondness for -6 Frequenting, dwelling in. -7 Binding, fastening -8 Sewing, stitching -9 A sack.

सेवनी The Indian white rose

सेवना See सेवनम् (1), तानेव ते मदनुसेवनयावरुद्धान् Bhāg 3 23 7

सेवती 1 A needle -2 A seam -3 A suture or seam-like union of parts of the body.

सेवा [सेव्-अ] 1 Service, servitude, dependence, attendance, सेवा लाघवकारिणी कृतधिय स्थाने श्रद्धाति विदु Mu 3 14, हीनसेवा न कर्तव्या H 3 11 -2 Worship, homage, honouring -3 Addiction or devotion to, fondness for -4 Use, practice, employment, exercise -5 Frequenting, resorting to -6 Flattery, coaxing or flattering words, अल सेवया मध्यस्थता गृहीत्वा भण M 3 -Comp -आकार a in the form of servitude, सेवाकारा परिणतिरहो स्त्रीषु कष्टोऽधिकार V 3 1 -काकुः change of voice in service, (this is a variant in V 3 1 for सेवाकारा) -धर्मः 1 the duty of service, सेवाधर्म परमगहनो योगिनामप्यगम्य Pt 1 285 -2 the obligations of service -विलासिनी a female servant -वृत्तिः a livelihood gained by service. -व्यवहारः the practice or law of service

सेवि n 1 The jujube -2 An apple

सेवितं p p [सेव्-क्] 1 Served, attended upon, worshipped -2 Followed, practised, pursued -3 Fre-

quented by, resorted to, inhabited by, haunted by, वर वन व्याघ्रगजादिसैवितम् Pt 5 23 -4 Protected, preserved. -5 Enjoyed, used -6 Abounding in -तम् 1 An apple -2 The jujube -ता Service, attendance -Comp. -मन्मथ a addicted to love

सेवित m An attendant, a dependant, न सेव्य सेविता रह M 4 12

सेविन a 1 Serving, worshipping -2 Following, using -3 Inhabiting, dwelling -4 Having sexual intercourse with -5 Addicted to, fond of, -m A servant

सेव्य a [सेव्-व्यत्] 1 To be served or waited upon -2 To be used or employed -3 To be enjoyed -4 To be taken care of or guarded -5 To be studied -6 To be kept or hoarded -व्यः 1 A master (opp सेवक), भय तावत् सेव्यादभिनिविशते सेवकजनम् Mu 5 12, M 4 12, Pt 1 48 -2 The Asvattha tree -3 A sparrow -4 A kind of intoxicating drink -व्या 1 The parasite plant वन्दा -2 A kind of wild rice -व्यम् 1 A kind of root -2 Red sandal-wood -3 Sea-salt -4 Water -Comp -सेवकौ m dual master and servant

सेवाधि See शेवधि under शेव

सेविका 1 A maid servant -2 A kind of sweetmeat (Mar. फेणी)

सेश्वर a Theistical -Comp. -सांख्यम् the theistical branch of the सांख्य school

सै 1 P (सायति) To waste away, decline, perish

सैह a (-ही f) Belonging to a lion, leonine, युति सैही किं श्वा वृतकनकमालोऽपि लभते H 1 154, Pt 3 154. Si 1 47

सैहल a Belonging to, growing or produced in, Ceylon -ली A kind of pepper (Mar पिपली)

सैहलकः Brass, Girvāṇa

सैहिकः, -सैहिकेयः A metronymic of Rāhu, q v

सैक a. Added to one, plus one

सैकत a (-ती f) [सिकता सन्त्यत्र अण्] 1 Consisting or made of sand, sandy, gravelly, तीयस्थेवाप्रतिहतरय सैकत सेतुमोच U 3 36 -2 Having sandy soil. -तम् 1 A sand-bank, सुरगज इव गाङ्ग सैकत सुप्रतीक R 5 75, 5 8, 10 62, 13 17, 62, 14 76, 16 21, Ku 1 29, S 6 16 -2 An island with sandy shores -3 A bank or shore (in general) -4 A heap of sand (cf. Amara-chandra's oom on Rs 2 9 'सैकतिनी सिकताया वालुकाया समूह सैकत तेन युक्ता') -m pl N of a family of Risis, अन्ये चापरिमेषाश्च ब्राह्मणा वनमाश्रिता । वैखानसा वालुखित्या सैकताश्च तथा परे ॥ Mb 12 244 20 (some take सैकत as a kind of वानप्रस्थ, see सैकतिक) -Comp -इष्टम् ginger

सैकतिक *a* (-की *f*) 1 Belonging or relating to a sand-bank -2 Fluctuating, wavering, living in doubt and error (सदेहजीविन्) -कः 1 A religious mendicant. -2 An ascetic -कम् 1 A thread worn round the wrist or neck to secure good fortune (मङ्गलसूत्र) -2 मातृयात्रा (?)

सैकतिनी *a* Full of sand, समाचिता सैकतिनी वनस्थली Rs 2 9

सैक्षव *a* Sugared, sugary

सैत्यम्, Whiteness, तमालनीलानि तमासि काम पीत्वापि सैत्य न जहाति चन्द्र Rām ch 6 62

सैद्धान्तिक *a* (-की *f*) [सिद्धान्त वेत्ति ठक्] 1 Relating to a dogma or demonstrated truth -2 One who knows the real truth -3 Relating to an astronomical or any other scientific work

सैनानिक. *a* Belonging to the van of an army

सैनान्यम्, -सैनपत्यम् The command of an army, generalship, तस्यामा शितिरुठस्य सैनपत्यमुपेय व Ku 2 61

सैनिक *a* (-की *f*) [सेनाया समवैति ठक्] 1 Relating to an army -2 Martial, military -कः 1 A soldier, पपात भूमौ सह सैनिकाश्रुभि R 3. 61 -2 A guard, sentinel -3 The body of troops drawn up in battle-array, तयोरुपान्तस्थितसिद्धसैनिकम् R 3 57

सैन्दूर *a* Coloured with red-lead

सैन्धव *a*. (-वी *f*) सिन्धुनदीसमीपे देशे भव अण्] 1 Produced or born in the Sindhu-territory -2 Belonging to the Indus -3 River-born -4 Belonging to the sea, oceanic, marine -वः 1 A horse, especially one bred in Sindhu, दीर्घग्रीवा मुखालम्बमेहना पृथुलेचना । महान्तस्तत्तुरोमाणो बलिन् सैन्धवा हया ॥ ' com Mb 7 23 24, जिनोक्तिषु श्राद्ध-तथैव सैन्धवा N 1 71, धावद्भिरसिधाराभि शकलीकृतसैन्धवा Śiva B 22 33 -2 N of a sage -3 N of a country -4 N of Jayadratha, the king of Sindhu, क्रोधादुक्त सैन्धवे चार्जुने Mb 1 1 192 -वः, -वम् A kind of rock-salt -वाः *m* pl 1 The people inhabiting the Sindhu territory -2 (In drama) A kind of Prākṛit song -Comp -घनः a lump of salt -शिला a kind of rock or fossil salt

सैन्धवक *a* (-की *f*) Relating to the Saindhavas. -कः A miserable inhabitant of Sindhu

सैन्धी A sort of spirituous liquor (perhaps from palm-juice)

सैन्यः [सेनाया समवैति ज्य] 1 A soldier, सैन्या प्रियामनुप-भोगनिरर्थकत्वदोषप्रवादममृजन्नगनिम्नगानाम् Śi 5 28. -2 A guard, sentinel -न्यम् 1 An army, a troop, स प्रतस्थेऽरि-नाशाय हरिसैन्यैरनुदुत R 12 67. -2 A camp -Comp. -क्षोभः a mutiny in an army -दुर्गमम् a kind of fort, अभेद्य व्यूहविद्वोरव्याप्त तत्सैन्यदुर्गमम् Śukra 4 851 -शिरस् *n*. the van of an army.

सैमन्तिकम् Red lead

सैरः, -रिः The month of Kārtika

सैरन्ध्रः, सैरिन्ध्रः 1 A menial servant or attendant -2 A mixed tribe, the offspring of a *Dasyu* and an *Ayogava* female, सैरिन्ध्र वायुरावृत्तिं सूते दस्युरयोगवे Ms 10 32.

सैरन्ध्री, सैरिन्ध्री 1 A maid-servant or female attendant in the women's apartments [a woman of the mixed tribe described in सैरन्ध्र (2)] -2 An independent female artisan working in another person's house -3 An epithet of Draupadī (assumed by her when she acted as servant to Sudesṇā, queen of Virāṭa)

सैरिक *a* (-की *f*) 1 Relating to a plough -2 Having furrows -कः 1 A plough ox -2 A ploughman

सैरिमः 1 A buffalo, अवमानित इव कुलीनो दीर्घं नि श्वसिति सैरिम Mk 4 -2 Indra's heaven or Svarga -3 The sky, atmosphere

सैरी (रे) यः, सैरी (रे) यकः *Barleria Cristata* (Mar कोन्हाटी)

सैलगः A robber

सैवाल See शेवाल

सैसक *a* (-की *f*) Leaden, of lead, Ms 11 133

सो 4 P (स्यति, ससौ, असात्-असासीत्, सास्यति, सातुम्, सित, *caus* साययति-ते, *desid* सिषासति, *pass* सीयते, the *स्* of सो is changed to *ष्* after prepositions ending in इ or उ) 1 To kill, destroy -2 To finish, complete, bring to an end, भ्रान्तिमसाहमस्वसु N 9 140

सोढ *p p* [सह-क इडभाव] 1 Borne, suffered, endured, put up with &c, see सह

सोढ *a* (द्वी *f*) [सह-ट्] 1 Enduring, bearing, patient -2 Powerful, able

सोत्क, सोत्कण्ठ *a* 1 Ardently longing, impatiently eager, anxious, as in सोत्कण्ठमालिङ्गनम् -2 Regretful -3 Bewailing, sorrowing -ण्ठम् *ind* 1 With ardent or eager longing, anxiously, प्रोड्डीयैव बलाकया सरमस सोत्कण्ठ-मालिङ्गित Mk 5 23 -2 Regretfully, sorrowfully

सोच्छ्वास *a* Glad, Māl 3 4

सोत्तर *a* With a wager or bet

सोत्प्रास *a* 1 Excessive -2 Exaggerated -3 Ironical, sarcastic -सः Violent laughter. -सः, -सम् Ironical exaggeration, sarcasm, irony, -सम् *ind* Mockingly, of व्याजस्तुति -Comp -हासिन one who laughs mockingly, तमालोक्य प्रियाकेलि नले सोत्प्रासहासिनि N 20 100

सोत्प्रेक्षम् *ind* Carelessly, with indifference.

सोत्सङ्ग *a* Depressed

- सोत्सव** *a* Festive, making merry, joyous
- सोत्साह** *a* Vigorous, active, energetic, persevering
-हम् *and* Actively, energetically, carefully
- सोत्सुक** *a* 1 Regretful, repining, anxious, sorrowful
-2 Yearning, longing for
- सोत्सेक** *a* Haughty, arrogant
- सोत्सेध** *a* Raised, elevated, high, lofty, सोत्सेधै
रुक्मदेशै Mu 4 7
- सोदय** *a* 1 Having an increase of profit -2 Augmented by interest -3 Connected with the rise (of the heavenly bodies &c)
- सोदर, सोदरीय** *a* [समानमुदर यस्य समानस्य स] Born from the same womb, uterine -रः, -रीयः *A* uterine brother, मयोच्यमान पुरुषर्षभ त्वमन्यचित्त सह सोदरीयै -रा *A* uterine sister
- सोदर्यः** *A* co uterine brother, brother of whole blood, (fig also), आदु सोदर्यमात्मानमिन्द्रजिद्वधोभिर्न R 15 26, अवज्ञासोदर्ये दारिद्र्यम् Dk -*a* See सोदर -**Comp**
-स्नेह, sisterly affection, S
- सोद्योग** *a* 1 Making vigorous exertions, diligent, active, persevering, industrious -2 Violent, strong
- सोद्वेग** *a* 1 Anxious, apprehensive -2 Sorrowful
-गम् *and* Anxiously, eagerly.
- सोनहः** Garlic
- सोन्माद** *a* Mad, insane, frantic
- सोपकरण** *a* Provided with all requisite materials or implements, properly equipped, सहोद सोपकरण घातयेदविचारयन् Ms 9 270
- सोपकार** *a* 1 = सोपकरण -2 Assisted, befriended -3 Beneficial (as a deposit in pawn), न त्वेवाधौ सोपकारे कौसीदी वृद्धिमाप्नुयात् Ms 8 143
- सोपक्रम** *a* Undertaken
- सोपग्रहम्** *and* In a conciliatory or friendly manner
- सोपचय** *a* Profitable
- सोपचार** *a* Acting politely, civil, courteous
- सोपद्रव** *a* Visited with calamities or afflictions
- सोपध** *a* 1 Full of fraud or deceit, deceitful -2 What is given away with an end in view, Dānasāgara, Bibl Ind 274, Fas 1 p 45 -3 With penultimate letter
- सोपधान** *a* 1 Cushioned -2 Possessing (excellent) qualities, सोपधाना विष्य वीरा स्थेयसी सत्त्वयान्ति ये S1 2 77
-3 Furnished, set
- स. इ. को....२१८

सोपधि *a* Fraudulent -*and* Deceitfully, fraudulently, अरिपु हि विजयाथिन क्षितीशा विदधति सोपधि सधि-दूषणानि K1 1 45

सोपन्यास, सोपपत्तिक *a* Well-founded or substantiated

सोपप्लव *a* 1 Afflicted with any great calamity -2 Invaded or overrun by enemies -3 Eclipsed (as the sun or moon), ब्रह्मघोषैर्विरहित पर्वतोऽयं न शोभते । रजसा तमसा चैव सोम सोपप्लवो यथा ॥ Mb 12 328 13

सोपरोध *a* 1 Obstructed, impeded -2 Favoured
-धम् *and* Obliging, respectfully

सोपसर्ग *a* 1 Afflicted or visited by any great calamity or misfortune -2 Portentous -3 Possessed by an evil spirit -4 Preceded by a prepositional prefix (in gram)

सोपस्नेहता Moisture, (see उपस्नेह), Chārudatta 3

सोपहास *a* Accompanied with derisive laughter, sneering, sarcastic -सम् *and* Sneeringly, with a sneer

सोपाकः *A* man of a degraded caste, चण्डालेन तु सोपाको मूलव्यसनवृत्तिमान् । पुक्कस्या जायते पाप सदा सज्जनगर्हित ॥ Ms 10 38

सोपादान *a* Furnished with materials

सोपाधि *a*, **सोपाधिक** *a* (-की *f*) 1 Restricted by some conditions or limitations, qualified by particular characteristics, limited, qualified (in phil) -2 Having some peculiar attribute -3 Special

सोपानम् Steps, stairs, a staircase, ladder, आरोहणार्थं नवयौवनेन कामस्य सोपानमिव प्रयुक्तम् Ku 1 39 -**Comp**.
-पङ्क्तिः *f*, -पथः, -पद्धतिः *f*, -परंपरा, -मार्गः *a* flight of steps, a stair case, वापी चास्मिन् मरकतशिलाबद्धसोपानमार्गं Me 78, समारुद्धुर्दिवसायुष क्षये ततान सोपानपरपरामिव R 3 69, 6 3, 16 56 -**माला** winding stairs

सोपानत्क, सोपानह *a* Having a shoe on, सोपानत्के पादे द्वितीयायुपानहमशक्यत्वान्नोपादत्ते SB on MS 1 2 38

सोमः [सू-म्, Un 1 139] 1 *N* of a plant, the most important ingredient in ancient sacrificial offerings -2 The juice of the plant, as in सोमपा, सोमपीथिन्, Ms 3 257 -3 Nectar, beverage of the gods, अलब्धभागा सोमस्य केवलं क्लेशभागिनि Bhāg 8 10 23 -4 The moon [In mythology, the moon is represented as having sprung from the eye of the sage Atri, (cf. R 2 75) or as produced from the sea at the time of churning. The twenty-seven asterisms—mythologically represented as so many daughters of Dakṣa q v —are said to be his wives. The phenomenon of the periodical waning of the moon is explained by a myth which states that his nectareous digits are drunk up by different

gods in regular rotation, or by the invention of another legend which says that the moon, on account of his particular fondness and partiality for Rohini, one of the 27 daughters of Dakṣa, was cursed by his father-in-law to be consumptive, but that at the intercession of his wives the sentence of eternal consumption was commuted to one of periodical consumption. Soma is also represented as having carried off Tārā, the wife of Brihaspati, by whom he had a son named Budha, who afterwards became the founder of the lunar race of kings; see Tārā (b) also], पुष्पामि चौषधी सर्वा सोमो भूत्वा रसात्मक Bg 15 13 -8 A ray of light -6 Camphor -7 Water -8 Air, wind -9 N of Kubera -10 Of Siva -11 Of Yama -12 N of Sugriva -13 (As the last member of comp) Chief, principal, best, as in नृसोम q v -14 An ape -15 One of the Manes -16 the vessel (नाडी) 'Idā', यत्र तद् ब्रह्म निर्द्वन्द्वं यत्र सोम सहामिना । व्यवाय कुर्वते नित्यं धीरो भूतानि वारयन् ॥ Mb 14 20 10 (com) -17 Monday -मा The soma plant -मम् 1 Rice gruel -2 Sky, heaven -Comp. -अभिषवः the extraction of Soma juice -अयनम् a kind of penance, of चान्द्रायण -अहः Monday -आख्यम् the red lotus -आश्रयः N of Siva or Rudra, अयनम् (सोमाश्रयायणम्) N of a place of pilgrimage, ते त्वगच्छन्तहोरात्रा तीर्थं सोमाश्रयायणम् Mb 1 170 3 -ईश्वरः a celebrated representation of Siva -उद्भवा N of the river Narmadā, तेत्युपस्पृश्य पयः पवित्रं सोमोद्भवाया सरितो नृसोम R 5 59 (where Malli quotes Ak 'रेवा तु नर्मदा सोमोद्भवा मेकलकन्यका') -कान्त a lovely as the moon (-न्तः) the moon-stone -क्षयः disappearance or waning of the moon, new moon, श्राद्धस्य ब्राह्मण काल प्राप्तं दधि घृतं तथा । सोमक्षयश्च मास च यदारण्यं युविष्ठिर ॥ Mb 13 23 34 -गर्भः N of Visnu -ग्रहः a vessel for holding Soma -ज a moon-born (-जः) an epithet of the planet Mercury (-जम्) milk -दैवतम् the lunar mansion मृगशिरस्, जेष्ठा दवा सवसा तु नक्षत्रे सोमदैवते Mb 13 64 7 -धारा 1 the sky, heaven -2 the milky way -नाथः 1 N of a celebrated Linga or the place where it was set up, (which by its splendour and enormous wealth attracted the attention of Mahomad of Ghazani who in 1021 A D destroyed the image and carried off the treasures), तेषां मार्गे परिचयवशादार्जितं गुर्जराणां यः सतापं गिथिलमकरोत् सोमनाथं विलोक्य । Vikr 18 87 -प, -पा m 1 one who drinks the Soma, त्रैविद्या मा सोमपा पृतपापा यज्ञैरिष्ट्वा स्वर्गतिं प्रार्थयन्ते Bg 9 20, Mb 12 284 8 -2 a Soma-sacrificer -3 a particular class of Pitris, सोमपा नाम विप्राणां (पितरः) Ms 3 197 -पतिः N of Indra -पानम् drinking Soma juice -पायिन्, -पीयः, -पीथिन्, -पीतिन् m a drinker of Soma juice, तत्र केचित् सोमपीथिन उदुम्बरनामानो ब्रह्मवादिनः प्रतिवसन्ति स्म Māl 1, Bhāg 5 26 29 -पीतिः f 1 drinking Soma -2 a Soma sacrifice -पुत्रः, -भूः, -सुतः epithets of Budha or Mercury. -प्रवाकः a person commissioned to engage sacrificial priests (श्रोत्रिय) for a Soma sacrifice -वन्धुः

1 the sun -2 the white water-lily -यज्ञः, -यागः the Soma sacrifice -याजिन् m one who performs a Soma sacrifice -योगिन् a being in conjunction with the moon -योनिः a sort of yellow and fragrant sandal -राजी a thin crescent of the moon -रोगः a particular disease of women -लता, -वल्लरी 1 the Soma plant -2 N of the river Godāvarī -वंशः the lunar race of kings founded by Budha -वल्लकः 1 a kind of white Khadira -2 N of the plants, करञ्ज and रुद्रफल -वल्लरिः (-री), -वल्लिका, -वल्ली f the moon-plant -वारः, -वासरः Monday -विक्रयिन् m a vendor of Soma juice -वीथी the orbit of the moon -वृक्षः, -सारः the white Khadira -शकला a kind of cucumber -संस्था a form of the Soma-sacrifice, (these are seven -अभिष्टोम, अत्यभिष्टोम, उक्थ, षोडशी, अतिरात्र, आतोयम and वाजपेय) -संज्ञम् camphor -सद् m a particular class of Manes or Pitris, विराट्सुता सोमसद साध्यानां पितरः स्मृता Ms 3 195 -सिद्धान्तः the doctrine of Kāpālikas, या सोमसिद्धान्तमयान्तेव N 10 87 -सिन्धुः an epithet of Visnu -सुत m a Soma distiller -सुत्वत् a pressing Soma-plant for juice, अश्वरेष्वभिचित्वत्सु सोमसुत्वत् आश्रमान् Bk 5 11 -सुता the river Narmadā, cf सोमोद्भवा above -सूत्रम् a channel for conveying water from a Siva-linga प्रदक्षिणा circumambulation around a Siva-linga so as not to cross the Soma sūtra

सोमन् m 1 The moon -2 Ved A Soma sacrificer

सोमिन् a (-नी f) Performing the Soma sacrifice -m A performer of a Soma sacrifice

सोमल a Soft, bland, placid (M W gives सोमाल in this sense)

सोमालक. Topaz

सोम्य a 1 Worthy of Soma -2 Offering Soma -3 Resembling or shaped like Soma -4 Soft, good, amiable

सोरः A crooked movement

सोरण a Astringent, sour (taste), also सोल

सोर्णभू a Having a circle of hair between the eyebrows, सोर्णभुव वारणवर्तिकोशः सविस्मय राजसुतं ददर्श Bu Ch 1 66

सोलः, -सोलिकः Coldness

सोल्लुण्ठः, सोल्लुण्ठनम् Irony, ridicule, sarcasm -ण्ठम्, -नम् ind Ironically, U 5

सोल्लेखम् ind Distinctly

सोवाल a Blackish, smoky.

सोष्णीपम् A house with a verandah in front

सोष्मन् a 1 Warm, hot -2 (In gram) Aspirated -m An aspirate

सौकर (-री f) Hoggish, of a hog, दनुज दधानमय
सौकर वयु K1 12 53

सौकरिकः 1 A boar-hunter -2 pig dealer

सौकर्यम् [सुकरस्य भाव कर्म वा व्यञ्] 1 Hoggishness
-2 Ease, facility, सौकर्यं च कार्यस्यानायासेन सिद्धया साह्य-
निद्धया च बोध्यम् -3 Practicability, feasibility -4 Adroit-
ness, skill -5 An easy or *extempore* preparation of
food or medicine

सौकुमार्यम् 1 Softness, delicacy, tenderness, शिरीष-
पुष्पाधिकसौकुमार्यौ बाहू नदीयाविति मे वितर्क Ku 1 41 -2
Youthfulness

सौक्ष्मकः A small insect

सौक्ष्म्यम् Minuteness, fineness, subtlety

सौख्यायनिकः A bard or other officer who wishes a
prince or any other guest a prosperous march

सौखरात्रिक a One who asks another whether he
has had a good night

सौखशायनिकः, सौखशायिकः [सुखशयनं पृच्छति ठक्]
One who asks another person whether he has slept well
or has had comfortable sleep, मृगवादीननुगृह्णन्त सौखशायनि-
कावृषीन् R 10 14

सौख(प्र)सुप्तिकः [सुखसुप्तिं सुखेन शयनं पृच्छति ठक्] 1 One
who asks another person whether he has slept well
-2 A bard whose duty it is to waken a king or any
other great personage with song and music, अमरा
गुह्यन्त प्रतिकमल प्रबभु सौखप्रसुप्तिका इव ते Cholahampū
p 29, verse 67

सौखिक a (-की f), सौखीय a. (-यी f) Relating
to pleasure, pleasureable, delightful

सौख्यम् Pleasure, happiness, satisfaction, felicity,
enjoyment -Comp -दायकः Phaseolus Mungo (Mar
मूग) -शायनिकः, -शायिकः see सौखशायनिक, Mb 14 70 7
(com सुखावहं सौख्यं शयनं इति पृच्छन्ति ते सौख्यशायनिका)

सौगतः A Buddhist, a follower of Sugata or
Buddha, (the Buddhists are divided into four great
schools, माध्यमिक, सौत्रान्तिक, योगाचार & वैभासिक), सौगतजर्त-
परिव्राजिकायास्तु कामन्दक्या प्रथमा भूमिका भाव एवावर्ति Māl 1

सौगतिकः 1 A Buddhist -2 A Buddhist mendicant
-2 An atheist, a heretic, an unbeliever -कम् Un-
belief, heresy, atheism, scepticism

सौगन्ध a (-न्धी f) Sweet-scented, fragrant -न्धम्
1 Sweet-scentedness, fragrance -2 A kind of fragrant
grass (कटुण) -न्धः A dealer in perfumes

सौगन्धिक a (-का or -की f) Sweet-scented, fragrant
-कः 1 A dealer in perfumes, perfumer -2 Sulphur
-3 A sexually weak man (who is stimulated by the

smell of the female organs) -4 A kind of worm in
festing the bowels -कम् 1 The white water lily, गृहेषु
नानोपवनामलाम्भ सरस्सु सौगन्धिककाननेषु Bhāg 9 6 45 -2
The blue lotus -3 A kind of fragrant grass (कटुण)
-4 A ruby

सौगन्ध्यम् Sweetness of odour, fragrance, perfume

सौगम्यम् Ease, facility

सौचिः, सौचिकः A tailor, Kull on Ms 4 214,
प्रमाणत सौचिकेन रञ्जनानि च वेत्ति यः Sukra 2 154

सौजन्यम् 1 Goodness, kindness of spirit, gentility,
प्रसन्न सौजन्यादयितरुणैर्गण्डिकरणम् U 3 13, Mk 8 38 -2
Magnanimousness, generosity -3 Kindness, compas-
sion, clemency -4 Friendship, love

सौजस्, सौजस्क a Strong, powerful

सौण्डी Long pepper

सौतिः 1 An epithet of Karna -2 N of a great
sage, Mb 1 6 1

सौत्य a Relating or devoted to Soma-pressing, चबन्ध
वारुणैः पार्श्वैर्बलिं सौत्येऽहनि क्रतौ Bhāg 8 21 26

सौत्यम् 1 The office of a charioteer, दीनानायतनस्थो
नानायतनक्षमोऽस्य सौत्येऽधिकृतः Nalod 4 9, Bhāg 1 15 17
-2 The sacrificial act called सवनीय, ऐकादशिनोः सौत्यस्य
द्वैराश्वस्य दर्शनात् MS 8 1 14, सौत्य इति सुत्याकालत्वात्
सवनीयमाहुः SB on MS 8 1 14

सौत्र a (-त्री f) [सूत्र-अण्] 1 Belonging to or
having a thread or string -2 Belonging to, mentioned,
occurring or declared in, a Sūtra q v -त्रः 1 A Brāh-
mana -2 An artificial root occurring in grammatical
Sūtras which cannot be conjugated like a regular
verb, but is used only to form derivative words

सौत्रान्तिका. m pl N of one of the four great schools
of Buddhism, cf सौगत.

सौत्रामणी 1 The east, चकोरनयनारुणा भवति दिक् च
सौत्रामणी Vb 4 1 -2 A kind of sacrifice involving the
use of wine, सुमुदे मदिरादानं विद्वेष द्विजन्मनः । दृष्ट्वा सौत्रामणीमिष्टिं
त कुर्वन्तमदूयत ॥ N 17 182, Bhāg 10 23 8

सौत्रिकः 1 A weaver -2 A texture, anything
woven

सौदर्य n Brotherhood -a Brotherly or sisterly

सौदामनी, सौदामिनी, सौदाम्नी 1 Lightning, सौदामन्या
कनकानिकषस्निग्धया दर्शयोर्वीम् Me 39, सौदामिनीव जलदोदरसधिलीना
Mk 1 35, Māl 8 14 -2 The female of Indra's
elephant -3 A kind of lightning (forked one), काञ्चनाभ
नभश्चक्रे विद्युत्सौदामिनी यथा Rām 7 32 56, Bhāg 1 6 28

सौदायिक a (-की f) Whatever is given to a
woman at her marriage by her parents, or a relative

in general, which becomes her own property, मातृपित्रादिभिर्दत्तं धनं सौदायिकं स्मृतम् Sukra 4 814. -कम् A nuptial present so made

सौध *a* (-धी *f*) [सुधया निर्मितं रक्तं वा अण्] 1 Relating to, or having, nectar -2 Having plaster, or plastered, प्रासादमालासयुक्ता सौधप्राकारसदृता Rām 2 8 19 -धम् 1 A white-washed mansion, any stuccoed house, सितं सितिम्ना सुतरा मुनेर्वपुर्विसारिभिः सौधमिवाथ लम्भयन् Śi 1 25 -2 Any great mansion or palace, large house, सौधवासमुद्वेजं विस्मृतं सचिन्मायं फलनिस्पृहस्तप R 19 2, 7 5, 18 40 -3 Silver -4 Opal -Comp -उत्सङ्गः the level roof of a palace -कारः 1 a plasterer, समाजितं सौधकारैश्चित्रकारैश्च चित्रितम् Mb 1 128 41 -2 a builder of a house -मूर्धनः, -मौलिः the top or turret of a palace -रोहाधिपः an architect, building supervisor, आराभाधिपतिं चैव सौधरोहाधिपं पृथक् Sukra 2 119 -वासः a palatial building

सौधन्वनः N of a caste slightly inferior to the त्रैवर्णिका, but superior to the शूद्र, सौधन्वना नाम जातिरभिधीयते । हीनास्तु किञ्चित् त्रैवर्णिकेभ्यः । जात्यन्तरं न तु शूद्रा न वैश्या न क्षत्रियाः SB on MS 6 1 49

सौधर्म्यम् Rectitude, honesty

सौन *a* (-नी *f*) Relating to butchery or a slaughter-house -नम् Butcher's meat -नः A butcher -पाल *a* having a butcher for a keeper, कसे जीवति दाशार्हं सौनपाल इवावय Bhāg 10 38 41 -Comp -धर्म्यम् a state of deadly hostility

सौनिकः 1 A butcher, cf सौनिक, दश सूनासहस्राणि यो बाह्वयि सौनिक Ms 4 86 -2 A hunter

सौनन्दम् The club of Balarāma

सौनन्दिन *m* An epithet of Balarāma

सौन्दर्यम् [सुन्दरस्य भावः व्यञ्ज्] Beauty, loveliness, gracefulness, elegance, सुधासौन्दर्यं ते सलिलमशिवं न शमयतु G L 1, सौन्दर्यसारसमुदायनिकेतनं वा Māl 1 21, Ku 1 49, 5 41

सौप *a* Relating to the case terminations

सौपर्णम् 1 Dry ginger -2 Emerald -*a* Relating to सुपर्ण bird or Garuda, सौपर्णमन्त्रं प्रतिसज्जहार R 16 80

सौपर्ण्यः An epithet of Garuda

सौपाकः A particular mixed tribe, चण्डालेन तु सौपाकं चण्डालसमवृत्तिमान् Mb 13 48 27

सौपिक *a* Sprinkled with sauce

सौप्तिक *a* (-की *f*) 1 Connected with or relating to sleep -2 Somniferous -कम् A night-attack, an attack on sleeping men, कृतं प्रतिकृतं पश्य हतपुत्रा हि पाण्डवा । सौप्तिके शिविरं तेषां हतं सनरवाहनम् ॥ Mb 10 9 51 -Comp. -पर्वन् *n* N. of the tenth parvan or book of the Mahābhārata

which relates how Asvatthāman, Kṛtavarma and Kṛipā-the only surviving Kuru warriors-attacked by night the Pāṇḍava camp and slaughtered thousands of warriors while asleep -वधः the great nocturnal slaughter of Pāṇḍava-camp (above referred to), मार्गे ह्येष नरेन्द्रसौप्तिकवधे पूर्व कृतो द्रौणिना Mk 3 11

सौप्रतीक *a* Relating to an elephant

सौबलः N of Śakuni q v

सौबली, सौबलेयी N of Gāndhārī, wife of Dhṛtarāstra

सौभम् 1 N of Hariśchandra's city (said to be suspended in air), हतं सौभपतिं शास्त्रवस्त्रया सौभं च पाततम् Mb 3 12 32 -2 N of a town of the Sālvās, ibid, Bhāg 10 76 12 -Comp -पतिः, -राज् a Sālva king, ibid, यथा सौभपतिर्हतः Bhāg 10 76 1

सौभीकः N of Drupada

सौभगम् 1 Good luck, happiness -2 Prosperity, riches, wealth

सौभद्रः, सौभद्रेयः Epithets of Abhimanyu, son of Subhadrā, सौभद्रश्च महाबाहु Bg 1 18

सौभरिः N of a Vedic seer

सौभागिनेयः The son of a favourite wife

सौभाग्यम् [सुभगाया सुभगस्य वा भावः व्यञ्ज् द्विपदवृद्धिः] 1 Good fortune or luck, fortunateness (chiefly consisting in a man's and woman's securing the favour and firm devotion of each other), प्रियेषु सौभाग्यफला हि चारुता Ku 5 41, सौभाग्यं ते सुभगं विरहावस्थया व्यञ्जयन्ती Me 29, (see Malli's remarks on सौभाग्यं in both places), युज्यत आत्मनः सौभाग्यं प्रच्छादयितुम् V 2 -2 Blessedness, auspiciousness, समृद्धं सौभाग्यं सकलवसुधायाः किमपि तत् G L 1 -3 Beauty, charm, grace, (यस्य) हिमं न सौभाग्यविलोपि जातम् Ku 1 3, 2 53, 5 49, R 18 19, U 6 27 -4 Grandeur, sublimity -5 The auspicious state of wifehood (opp widowhood) -6 Congratulation, good wishes -7 Affection, favour -8 Red lead -9 Borax -Comp -चिह्नम् 1 any mark of good fortune or happiness -2 any sign of the blessed state of wifehood (such as the saffron mark on the forehead) -तन्तुः the marriage string (put round the neck of the bride by the bridegroom at the time of marriage and worn by her till widowhood, also called मङ्गलसूत्रं q v) -तृतीया the third day of the bright half of Bhādrapada -देवता an auspicious or tutelary deity -वायनम् an auspicious offering of sweetmeats &c -विलोपिन् *a* marring or impairing beauty, अनन्तरत्नप्रभवस्य यस्य हिमं न सौभाग्यविलोपि जातम् Ku 1 3

सौभाग्यवत् *a* Fortunate, auspicious -ती A married woman whose husband is alive, a married unwidowed woman.

सौभाजनः See सोभाजन (Mar शेवगा), Mb 13 91 39

सौभिकः A juggler

सौभिक्ष a Bringing security and abundance of food

सौभ्रात्रम् Good brotherhood, fraternity, सौभ्रात्रमेवा हि कुलानुसारि R 16 1, 10 81

सौम a Relating or belonging to Soma

सौमकिः The king Drupada, पूर्वस्नेहानुरागित्वात् सदार सौमकिं गत Mb 1 132 60

सौमङ्गल्यम् 1 Welfare, prosperity -2 Any object of the blessed state of wifehood (सौभाग्य), तथा राज्यपि वैदेही सौमङ्गल्यावशेषिता Bhāg 9 11 1

सौमनस a (-सा or -सी f) [सुमन्स्-अण्] 1 Agreeable to the feelings, pleasing -2 Relating to flowers, floral, मम न सौमनसो मनसो मुदे Si 6 12 -सम् 1 Kindness of spirit, benevolence, kindness -2 Pleasure, satisfaction -3 The nutmeg

सौमनसा The outer skin of the nutmeg

सौमनस्यम् 1 Satisfaction of mind, pleasure, delight, सतानश्रवणाद्भ्रातु सौमित्रि सौमनस्यवात् R 15 14, 17. 40, Pt 5 97 -2 A particular offering of flowers made to a Brāhmaṇa at a Śrāddha -3 A flower, रत्नोदवारौषावि-सौमनस्यवनसजो वेणुभुजाङ्घ्रिपाङ्घ्रे Bhāg 3 8 24 -a causing cheerfulness of mind, Bhāg 4 12 45

सौमनस्यायनी 1 The blossom of the Mālātī creeper -2 The Mālātī creeper

सौमायनः A patronymic of Buddha

सौमिक a (-की f) 1 Performed with or relating to the Soma juice -2 Relating to the moon, lunar

सौमितिकम् A variety of woollen cloth, Kau A 2 11

सौमित्रः, -सौमित्रिः 1 An epithet of Lakṣmaṇa, सौमित्रेऽपि पत्रिणामविषये तत्र प्रिये क्वासि भो U 3 45

सौमिहः N of a dramatist who preceded Kālidāsa, भासकाविसौमिहकाविमिश्रादीनाम् M 1

सौमुख्यम् Gentle appearance, cheerfulness, सौमुख्य-तस्तु श्रियमस्य केचिद् वैपुल्यमाशसिपुरायुषश्च Bu Oh 3 11, सौमुख्यमुख्यमवन सौहादैकवितर्दिक् Vis Guṇa 55

सौमेचकम् Gold

सौमेधिकः A sage, seer, one possessed of super-natural wisdom

सौमेरव, -रुक् a (-रवी, -रुकी f) Relating to or coming from Sumeru -रवम्, -रुक् Gold, सौमेरवीमधिगतेन नितम्बशोभाम् Si 4. 31

सौम्य a (-स्या or -स्यी f) [सोमो देवतारय तस्येद वा अण्] 1 Relating or sacred to the moon -2 Having the properties of Soma -3 Handsome, lovely, charming, pleasing, agreeable -4 Gentle, soft, mild, placid, सरम्भ मैथिलीहास क्षणसौम्या निनाय ताम् R 12 36, सौम्यस्वभावोऽपि वृधुप्रताप (where सौम्य means both 'gentle' and 'lunar') Bu Oh 1 10, (the voc सौम्य is often used in the sense of 'good sir', 'gentle sir', 'good man', प्रीतास्मि ते सौम्य चिराय जीव R 14 59, सौम्येति चाभाष्य यथार्थवादी 14 44, Me 51, Ku 4 35, Māl 9 25) -5 Auspicious -6 Bright, brilliant -7 Cool, moist -8 Northern -स्यः 1 N of Budha or the planet Mercury -2 A proper epithet by which a Brāhmaṇa should be addressed, आयुष्मान् भव सौम्येति वाच्यो विप्रोऽभिवादेने Ms 2 125 -3 A Brāhmaṇa -4 The Udumbara tree -5 Blood before it becomes red, serum -6 The gastric juice -7 N of one of the nine divisions of the earth -8 An auspicious planet -9 A Brāhmaṇa drinking the Soma juice -10 A kind of penance (सौम्यकृच्छ्र) -11 An adherent, worshipper, पशुर्ज्ञानमय सौम्या यन्मुखांश्चरुहासवम् Bhāg 2 4 24 -12 The left hand -13 The month मार्गशीर्ष -स्यम् 1 Gentleness -2 The सृगशिरस् constellation -3 The left eye -4 The middle of the hand -स्या 1 N of Durgā -2 The moon-plant -3 A pearl -4 The सृगशिरस् constellation -स्यी Moon-shine -m pl 1 N of the five stars in Orion's head -2 A particular class of Pitris or Manes, अभिष्वत्ताश्च सौम्याश्च विप्राणामेव निर्दिशेत् Ms 3 199 -Comp -उपचारः a gentle measure, mild remedy -कृच्छ्रः, -कृच्छ्रम् a kind of religious penance, पिण्याकाचामतक्रान्दुसकूना प्रतिवासरम् । एकरात्रोपवासश्च कृच्छ्र सौम्योऽयमुच्यते ॥ Y 3 321 -गन्धी the Indian white rose -गोलः the northern hemisphere -ग्रहः a benign or auspicious planet (as बुध, गुरु, शुक्र and चन्द्र) -घातुः the phlegmatic humour, phlegm -नामन् a having a pleasing or agreeable name, Ms 3 10 -वारः, -वासरः Wednesday

सौम्यता, -त्वम् 1 Gentleness -2 Benevolence -3 Beauty

सौर a (-री f) [सूरस्य इद स्रो देवतास्य वा अण्] 1 Relating to the sun, solar -2 Sacred or dedicated to the sun -3 Worshipping the sun -4 Celestial, divine -5 Relating to spirituous liquor -रः 1 A worshipper of the sun, Mb 7 82 16 -2 The planet Saturn -3 A solar month -4 A solar day -5 The plant called Tumburu -6 N of Yama, the god of death -रम् 1 N. of a collection of hymns (extracted from the R̥gveda) addressed to Sūrya -2 The right eye -Comp -नक्तम् a particular religious observance -मासः a solar month (comprising thirty risings and settings of the sun) -लोकः the sun's sphere

सौरत a Relating to sexual enjoyment, स्मायावलेक-लवदाक्षितभावहारिभूमण्डलप्रहितसौरतमन्त्रशौण्डे Bhāg 10 61 4

-तम् 1 Sexual enjoyment, Bhāg 5 17 12 -2 Semi-nal fluid (रेतस्), विषेव आत्मन्यवरुद्धसौरत Bhāg 10 33 27
-त. Mild wind

सौरथः A hero, warrior

सौरभ *a* (-भी *f*) [सुरभिरस्यास्ति अण्] Fragrant, देव-स्त्रीमञ्जनामोदसौरभाम्बुनिलैर्युत Bhāg 8 2 8 -मम् 1 Fragrance, मधुप इव मारुतेऽस्मिन् मा सौरभलोभममृजिनि मस्था Bv 1 18, 121. -2 Saffron (See grammatical note on सौरभ्य below)

सौरभेय *a* (-यी *f*) 1 Relating to *Surabhi* -2 Fragrant, ननु नागा महावीर्या सौरभेयास्तरस्विन Mb 12 360 3 -यः An ox, मा सौरभेयानुशुचो व्येतु ते वृषलाद्भ्यम् Bhāg 1 17 9

सौरभी, सौरभेयी 1 A cow -2 N of the daughter of the cow called *Surabhi*, ता सौरभेयी सुराभिर्यशोभि R 2 3

सौरभ्यः N of Kubera, L D B

सौरभ्यम् 1 Fragrance, odour, sweet scent, सौरभ्य भुवनत्रयेऽपि विदितम् Bv 1 38, पुनाना सौरभ्ये G L 43, R 5 69 -2 Agreeableness, beauty -3 Good character, reputation, glory, fame [Dr Kṣatīśachandra Chatterjee writes in *Mañjūsā*, "Like चापल and चापल्य, both सौरभ and सौरभ्य are found in Sanskrit, but Pāṇini has made provision for both चापल and चापल्य by including the word चापल both in the युवादि group and in the ब्राह्मणादि group सुरभि is included in neither of these groups but comes under the purview of the rule इगन्ताच्च लघुपूर्वात् and so the only form sanctioned by Pāṇini is सौरभ It would appear that सौरभ्य came into use later on after the analogy of सौगन्ध्य]

सौरसः 1 Salted broth -2 A kind of insect infesting the hair -सा The mountain jujube

सौरसेनाः *m* pl N of a district and its people -नी See सौरसेनी

सौरसेयः An epithet of Skanda

सौरसैन्धव *a* (-वी *f*) Belonging to the celestial river or Ganges, Gangetic, पयसा प्रवाह इव सौरसैन्धव Śi 13 27 -व. A horse of the sun

सौरस्यम् Tastiness, savouriness

सौराज्यम् Good government or rule, एको ययौ चैत्र-रथप्रदेशान् सौराज्यरम्यानपरो विदर्भान् R 5 60, तन्वन् सौराज्य-मधिकं नदी भागीरथीमनु Śiva B 1 45

सौरावः Salted broth

सौराष्ट्र *a*. (-ष्ट्रा or -ष्ट्री *f*) Coming from or relating to the district called *Surāstra* (or *Surat*) -ष्ट्रः The district of *Surāstra* -म pl The people of *Surāstra*. -ष्ट्रम् Brass, bell-metal -ष्ट्री A kind of fragrant earth.

सौराष्ट्रकः A kind of bell-metal

सौराष्ट्रिकम् 1 A kind of poison -2 Bell-metal, brass

सौरिः [सूरस्यापत्य पुमान् इण्] 1 N of the planet Saturn -2 The Asana tree -3 N of Yama -4 Of Karna -5 Of Sugrīva -Comp -रत्नम् a kind of gem (sapphire)

सौरिक *a* (-की *f*) 1 Celestial -2 Spirituous, vinous, प्रातिभाव्य वृथादानमाक्षिक सौरिक च यत् Ms 8 159 -3 Due for spirits (such as duty or money) -कः 1 Saturn -2 Heaven, paradise -3 A vendor of spirituous liquor

सौरी 1 The wife of the sun. -2 A cow

सौरीय *a* (-यी *f*) 1 Solar -2 Fit for, or suitable to, the sun

सौरेयः, -सौरेयकः A species of *Barleria* (Mar कोन्हाटी)

सौर्य *a* (-र्यी *f*) Belonging to the sun, solar, गावो ममैन प्रणुदन्तु सौर्या Mb 13 76 11

सौलक्षण्यात् The possession of auspicious marks

सौलभ्यम् 1 Easiness of acquisition -2 Feasibility, facility, ease

सौल्विकः A copper-smith

सौव *a* (-वी *f*) 1 Relating to one's own property -2 Being in or belonging to heaven -वम् An order applicable to all, edict (?)

सौवग्रामिक *a* (-की *f*) Belonging to one's own village

सौवर *a* (-री *f*) 1 Belonging to sound or a musical note -2 Treating of accents, यदचायमभ्यात्म शाब्द सौवर-स्तेजोमयोऽमृतमय पुरुष Bri Up 2 5 9

सौवर्चल *a* (-ली *f*) Coming from the country called सुवर्चल q v -लम् 1 Sochal salt, सौवर्चल यवक्षार सर्जिका च हरीतकीम् Śiva B 30 17 -2 Natron

सौवर्ण *a* (-णी *f*) 1 Golden -2 Weighing one *Suparna* q v -र्णः 1 A Karsa of gold -2 A gold-ring -र्णम् Gold -Comp -कुड्यका A variety of silk garment, Kau A 2 11 -भेदिनी the plant *Priyangu* -हर्म्यम् a silver pavilion, Bu Ch

सौवर्णिक *a* Made of gold, *Pratamā* 1 -कः A gold-smith

सौवास्तिक *a* (-की *f*) Benedictive -कः A family-priest or *Brāhmaṇa* -कम् = स्वस्त्ययनम् q v

सौवाध्यायिक *a* (-की *f*) Belonging to sacred study (or स्वाध्याय q.v)

सौवास्तव *a* (-वी *f*) Having a good site, pleasantly situated or placed, P IV 2 77

सौविदः, सौविदल्लः, सौविदल्लकः An attendant on the women's apartments, राज्ञीरपनयनाकुलसौविदल्लः Si 5 17

सौवीरम् 1 The fruit of the jujube -2 Antimony -3 Sour gruel -रः N of a district or its people (pl in the latter sense) -Comp -अञ्जनम् a kind of antimony or collyrium -सारः antimony

सौवीरकः 1 The jujube tree -2 An inhabitant of Suvira -3 N of Jayadratha -कम् Sour barley-gruel

सौवीर्यम् Great heroism or prowess

सौवत्यम् Faith, devotion

सौशब्दम्, सौशब्दम् The right formation of nominal and verbal forms, cf Si 1 51

सौशाम्यम् Good pacification, reconciliation, कृतो यत्नो मया पूर्व सौशाम्ये कौरवान् प्रति Mb 14 53 15

सौशील्यम् Excellence of disposition, good morals or character, पराकर्मोत्साहमतिप्रनापसौशील्यमायुर्नयनयैश्च। गाम्भीर्य-चातुर्यसुवीर्यधैर्यैर्हनुमत कोऽप्यधिकोऽस्ति लोके॥ Rām 7 36 43

सौश्रवसम् Celebrity, renown

सौश्रियम् Great fortune or happiness

सौषिरः A kind of tooth-disease -रम् Wind-instruments (collectively) .

सौषिर्यम् Hollowness

सौष्ठवम् [सुष्ठु भद्र तस्य भाव अण्] 1 Excellence, goodness, beauty, elegance, superior beauty, सर्वाङ्गसौष्ठवाभिव्यक्तये विरलनेपथ्ययो पात्रयो प्रवेशोऽस्तु M 1, गरीरमसौष्ठवम् Mā 1 17 'not in good trim', K1 1 3 -2 Extreme skilfulness, cleverness, स सायकान् साध्वसविभ्रुताना क्षिपन् परेपामतिसौष्ठवेन K1 17 21 -3 Excess -4 Suppleness, lightness -5 A particular position of the body (as in dancing)

सौस्थयेन and Happily, सौस्थयेनावासितस्तस्थो तत्रोच्चैरटवो तटे Dharmābhyudaya-Mahākāvya 2 38

सौस्नातिकः [सुस्नात पृच्छति ठक्] One who asks another whether an ablution has been auspicious or successfully performed, सौस्नातिको यस्य भवत्यगस्त्य R 6 61

सौस्वर्यम् Euphony, मत्तभ्रमरसौस्वर्यहृष्टरोमलताङ्घ्रिपम् Bhāg 4 24 22

सौहार्दः [सुहृदो भाव अण् द्विपदवृद्धि] The son of a friend -र्दम् Good heartedness, affection, friendliness, friendship, (वेशमानि) विश्राण्य सौहार्दनिधि सुहृद्भ्य R 14 15, सौहार्दहृद्यानि विचेष्टितानि Mā 1 4, Me 117 -Comp. -व्यञ्जक *a* betraying friendship

सौहार्दम्, सौहृदम्, -यम्, सौहृदयम् Friendship, affection, यत् सौहृदादपि जना शिथिलीभवन्ति Mk 1 13, सखीजनस्ते किमु रुढसौहृद V 1 10, Mā 1

सौहित्यम् 1 Satiety, satisfaction, 'पर्याप्तमुपसपन्न पूर्ति सौहित्यमुच्यते' इति हल्युध, S1 5 62, न सौहित्यं विना पानं विना प्राणं न विग्रह Siva B 15 42 -2 Fulness, completion, सौहित्यात् पृथक् कथन्ति रुधिरौत्सेकाश्चमत्कारिण Mv 5 33 -3 Kindness, friendliness

स्कन्द 1 *Ā* (स्कन्दते) 1 To jump -2 To raise -3 To pour out, emit

स्कन्द I 1 *P* (स्कन्दति, स्कन्) 1 To leap, jump -2 To rise, ascend, jump upwards -3 To fall, drop, स्यन्त्वा स्यन्त्वा दिव शम्भोर्मुनिं स्कन्त्वा भुव गताम् Bk 22 11, Ms 7 81 -4 To burst or leap out -5 To perish, come to an end, चरकन्दे तप ऐश्वर्यम् Bhāg 5 9 3 -6 To be spilled, ooze -7 To emit, shed -8 To go, move -9 To become dry -10 To perish -Caus (स्कन्दयति-ते) 1 To pour out, effuse, shed, emit (as the seminal fluid), एक शयोन सर्वत्र न रेत स्कन्दयेत् कचित् Ms 2 180, 9 50 -2 To omit, neglect, pass by -II 10 *U* (स्कन्दयति-ते) To collect

स्कन्दः [स्कन्द-अच्] 1 Leaping -2 Quicksilver -3 N of Kārtikeya, सेनानीनामह स्कन्द Bg 10 24, R 2 36, 7 1, Me 45 -4 N of Siva -5 The body -6 A king -7 The bank of a river -8 A clever man -9 A kind of disease common to children -10 Effusion, spilling -11 Perishing, destruction -Comp -अंशकः quicksilver -जननी N of Parvatī -जित् N of Viṣṇu -पुत्रः a son of Skanda (euphemistic term for a thief), प्रयसमेतत् स्कन्दपुत्राणा सिद्धिलक्षणम् Mk 3 12/13 -पुराणम् one of the 18 Purāṇas -मातृ *f* N of Durgā -पष्टी 1 a festival in honour of Kārtikeya on the sixth day of Chaitra -2 The 6th day of the light half of the Kārtik month

स्कन्दकः 1 One who leaps -2 A soldier.

स्कन्दनम् [स्कन्द-ल्युट्] 1 Emission, effusion -2 Purging, looseness, relaxation (of the bowels) -3 Going, moving -4 Drying up -5 The suppression of bleeding by cold applications

स्कन्तु *a* One who leaps

स्कन्दित *p p* Emitted, effused, shed, मोघ स्कन्दित-मार्षभम् Ms 9 50

स्कन्दोलः Coldness.

स्कन्न *p p* 1 Fallen down, descended -2 Oozed out, or trickled down -3 Emitted, effused, sprinkled. -4 Gone -5 Dried up

स्कन्ध 10 *U* (स्कन्धयति-ते) To collect

स्कन्धः [स्कन्धते आरुह्यतेऽसौ सुयेन शाखया वा कर्मणि घञ् पृषो०, cf Un 4 206] 1 The shoulder, महर्षभस्कन्ध-ममूनस्कन्धम् K1 14 40 -2 The body, सूक्ष्मयोनीनि भूतानि तर्कगम्यानि कानिचिन् । पश्मणेऽपि निपातेन येषां रयान् स्कन्धपर्यय ॥ Mb 12 15 26 -3 The trunk or stem of a tree, तीव्राघातप्रतिहततरुस्कन्धलम्बैरुदन्त S 1 32, R 1 57, Me 55 -4 A branch or large bough, स्कन्धाविहृदोज्ज्वलनीलरुण्डान् Si 4 7 -5 A department or branch of human knowledge, Si 2 28 -6 A chapter, section, division (of a book) -7 A division or detachment of an army, द्वितीय प्रेषयामास बलस्कन्ध युधिष्ठिर Mb 5 196 9, R 4 30 -8 A troop, multitude, group, 'स्कन्ध स्यान्नुपतौ वशे साम्प्रदायसमूहयो' इति मेदिनी, Mb 14 45 1 -9 The five objects of sense -10 The five forms of mundane consciousness (in Buddhist phil), सर्वकार्यशरीरेषु सुक्त्वाङ्गस्कन्धपञ्चकम् Si 2 28 -11 War, battle -12 A king -13 An agreement -14 A road, way, Mb 3 -15 A wise or learned man -16 A heron -17 Articles used at the coronation of a king -18 A part (अंश), तदवधानविस्तृतपुण्यस्कन्धस्य भूरिद् Bhāg 11 23 10 -न्धा 1 A branch -2 A creeper -Comp -अग्निः, -अनलः the trunk of a tree set on fire, fire made with thick logs -आवारः 1 an army or a division of it, स्कन्धावारमनौ निवेद्य विषमे सौवेलमूर्ध्नि स्वयम् Mv 6 17, Dūtavākya 1 -2 a royal capital or residence, तत्तु दृष्ट्वा पुर तच्च स्कन्धावारं च पाण्डवा Mb 1 185 6 -3 a camp, स्कन्धावारनिवेश Kau A 10, उपप्लव्य स गत्वा तु स्कन्धावारं प्रविश्य च Mb 5 8 25 -उपानेय a to be carried on the shoulders (-यः) a form of peace-offering in which fruit or grain is presented, as a mark of submission -घनः cognition, अन्यस्मिन् स्कन्धघनेऽन्येन स्कन्धघनेन यज्ज्ञानं तत् तत्सततिजेनान्येनोपलभ्यते नातत्सततिजेनान्येन । तस्मात् शून्या स्कन्धघना इति SB on MS 1 1 5 -चापः a sort of pole or yoke for carrying burdens, cf शिष्य (Mar कावड) -जः a tree growing from a principal stem -तरुः the cocoa-nut tree -देशः 1 the shoulder, इदमुपहितसूक्ष्मग्रन्थिना स्कन्धदेशे S 1 19 -2 that part of the elephant's body, where the driver sits -3 the stem of a tree -परिनिर्वाणम् the annihilation of the elements of being (with Buddhists) -पीठम् the shoulder blade -फलः 1 the cocoa-nut tree -2 the Bilva tree -3 the glomerous fig tree -वन्धना a sort of fennel -मल्लकः a heron -रुहः the (Indian) fig-tree -वाहः, -वाहकः an ox trained to carry burdens, pack-bullock. -शाखा a principal branch, the forked branch issuing from the upper stem of a tree -शृङ्गाः a buffalo -स्कन्धः every shoulder

स्कन्धस् n 1 The shoulder -2 The trunk of a tree

स्कन्धिकः An ox trained to carry burdens, cf स्कन्धवाह.

स्कन्धिन् a (-नी f) 1 Having shoulders -2 Having branches or a branched stem. -m. A tree.

स्कम्भ् 1 Ā, 5, 9 P (स्कम्भते, स्कम्भोति, स्कम्भ्नाति) 1 To create -2 To stop, hinder, impede, obstruct, curb, restrain, स्कम्भायत निश्च्यति सेवतामतिम् Rv 10 76 4 -3 To prop, support, चस्कम्भ य स्वरभसाऽस्खलता त्रिष्टुभ् Bhāg 2 7 40 -Caus (स्कम्भयति-ते or स्कम्भायति ते) To stop &c

स्कब्ध p p 1 Supported, propped -2 Stopped

स्कम्भः 1 Support, prop, stay -2 Fulcrum -3 The Supreme Being -4 N of the Vedic deity

स्कम्भनम् 1 The act of supporting -2 A support, prop

स्कान्द a (-न्दी f) [स्कन्द अण्] Relating to Skanda -2 Relating to Siva -न्दम् The Skanda Purāṇa

स्कु 5, 9 U (स्कुनोति, स्कुनुते, स्कुनाति, स्कुनीते) 1 To go up by leaps, jump, bound -2 To raise, lift -3 To cover, overspread, अस्कुनाच्चिपुवृष्टिम् Bk 17 82 -4 To approach -With प्रति to cover, Bk 18 73

स्कुन्द् 1 Ā (स्कुदते) 1 To jump -2 To raise, lift

स्कुम्प् 5, 9 P (स्कुम्ना-म्नो-ति) To stop, hinder

स्कोटिका A kind of wagtail

स्खद् 1 Ā (स्खदते) 1 To cut, cut or tear to pieces -2 To destroy -3 To hurt, injure, kill -4 To rout, defeat completely -5 To fatigue, exhaust, trouble -6 To make or be firm

स्खदनम् 1 Cutting, tearing to pieces -2 Hurting, injuring, killing -3 Troubling, harassing -4 Firmness

स्खल 1 P (स्खलति, स्खलिन) 1 To stumble, tumble, fall down, slip, trip, स्खलति चरणं भूमौ न्यस्तं न चाद्रितमा मही Mk 9 13, Ku 5 24 -2 To totter, waver, shake, fluctuate -3 To be disobeyed or violated (as an order), देवस्य शासनं पौरैषु कथं स्खलित्यति Mu 3, 3 24, R 18 43 -4 To fall or deviate from the right course, मन्मथेन परिलुप्तमतीनां प्रायशः स्खलितमप्युपकारि K1 9 37 -5 To be affected or excited, मात्सर्यरागोपहतात्मना हि स्खलन्ति साधुष्वपि मानसानि K1 3 53, 13 6 -6 To err, blunder, commit mistakes, स्खलतो हि करालम्बं सुहृत्सचिवचेष्टितम् H 3 127 (where it has sense 1 also) -7 To stammer, lisp, falter, वदनकमलक शिरो स्मरामि स्खलदसमञ्जसमञ्जुलिपत ते U 4 4, R 9 76, Ku 5 56 -8 To fail, have no effect, राघवं स्खलितवीर्यमात्मनि R 11 83 -9 To drop, drip, trickle, विपद्-तीरस्खलितोर्मिसंहति K1 8 27 -10 To go, move -11 To disappear -12 To collect, gather -Caus (स्खलयति-ते) 1 To cause to stumble or trip -2 To cause to err or blunder, cause to falter or stammer, वचनानि स्खलयन् पदे पदे Ku 4 12, स्खलयति वचनं ते संश्रयत्यङ्गमङ्गम् Mal 3 8

स्खलनम् [स्खल्-भावे ल्युट्] 1 Stumbling, slipping, tripping, falling down -2 Tottering -3 Deviating from the right course -4 Blundering, error, mistake -5 Failure, disappointment, unsuccessfulness -6 Stam-

mering, blundering in speech or pronunciation, faltering -7 Tricking, dripping -8 Dashing against, clashing, collision, रघुलनमुखरभूरिखोतमो निर्झरिण्य U 2 20, Mv 5 10 -9 Mutual striking or rubbing together -10 Discharge, emission (of semen), Kull on Ms 5 68

स्खलित *p p* [स्खल्-क्] 1 Stumbled, slipped, tripped. -2 Fallen, dropped down -3 Shaking, wavering, fluctuating, unsteady -4 Intoxicated, drunk -5 Stammering, faltering, सबाष्पगुण्ठस्खलितै पदैरियम् Ku 5 56 -6 Agitated, disturbed -7 Erring, blundering, सर्वत्र स्खलितेषु दत्तमनसा यातं मया नोद्धतम् Ve 2 1 -8 Dropped, emitted -9 Dripping, trickling down -10 Interrupted, stopped -11 Confounded -12 Gone -13 Wounded, यद्यत्र स्खलित गात्र तत्र दम्भ प्रपातयेत् Sukra 4 970 -14 Incomplete, deficient -तम् 1 Stumbling, tripping, a fall -2 Deviation from the right course -3 Error, blunder, mistake, गोत्रस्खलित Ku 4 8 -4 Fault, sin, transgression -5 Deceit, treachery -6 Circumvention, stratagem -7 Loss, deprivation -Comp -सुभगम् and dashing or flowing along in a charming manner, ससर्पन्त्या स्खलितसुभग दर्शितावर्तनाभे Me 28

स्वडु 6 P (स्वडुजति) To cover

स्तक् 1 P (स्तकति) 1 To resist -2 To strike against, repel, push back

स्तकः A drop, यथा पानीयस्य तैलस्य घृतस्य वा स्तका नानादेशेषु भिन्ना समानदशे एकीभूता भवन्ति तद्वद रश्मयः SB on MS 9 3 27

स्तन् 1 P, 10 U (स्तनति, स्तनयति-ते, स्तनित) 1 To sound, make a sound, resound, reverberate -2 To groan, breathe hard, sigh -3 To thunder, roar loudly, तस्तनुर्ज्वलुर्मन्त्रुर्जगलुर्लुठिरे क्षता Bk 14 30 -With नि 1 to sound -2 to sigh -3 to mourn -With वि to roar

स्तनः [स्तन्-अच्] 1 The female breast, स्तनौ मासग्रन्थी कनककलशावित्युपमिती Bh 3 20, (दरिद्राणा मनोरथा) हृदयेष्वेव लीयन्ते विधवास्त्रीस्तनाविव Pt 2 91 -2 The nipple of the breast -3 The breast, udder, or dug of any female animal, अर्धपीतस्तन मातुरामर्दद्विष्टकेशरम् S 7 14 -Comp -अशुकम् a cloth covering the breasts or bosom, breast-mantle -अग्रः a nipple -अङ्गरागः a paint or pigment smeared on the breasts of women -अन्तरम् 1 the heart. -2 the space between the breasts, (न) मृणालसूत्र रचित स्तनान्तरे S 6 17, R 10 62 -3 a mark on the breast (said to indicate future widowhood) -आभुज a feeding with the udder (said of cows) -आभोगः 1 fullness or expanding of the breasts -2 the circumference or orb of the breast -3 a man with large breasts like those of a woman -आवरणम् a breast-cloth -उपपीडम् pressing the breast -कलशः a jar-like breast -कुङ्मलम् a woman's breast -कोटिः the nipple of the breast -ग्रह. the sucking or drawing of the breast -चूचुकम्

च. ई. को. २१५

the nipple of the breast -तटः, -टम् the slope or projection of the breast, cf तट -त्यागः weaning -प, -पा, -पायक, -पायिन् a sucking the breast, suckling -पतनम् flaccidity of the breast -पानम् sucking of the breast -भरः 1 the weight or heaviness of breasts, पादाग्रस्थितया मुहु स्तनभरेणानीतया नम्रताम् Ratn 1 1 -2 a man having breasts like those of a woman -भव. a particular position in sexual union -मध्यः a nipple (-ध्यम्) the space between the breasts -मुखम्, -वृन्तम्, -शिखा a nipple -रोहितः, -तम् a particular part of the female breast -वेपथुः the heaving of the breast, अद्यापि स्तनवेपथु जनयति श्वास प्रमाणाधिक S 1 29

स्तनयः Ved Thunder

स्तननम् [स्तन्-ल्यट्] 1 Sounding, a sound, noise -2 Roaring, thundering, rumbling (of clouds) -3 Groaning -4 Breathing hard -5 The sound of a hollow cough, Susr

स्तनंघय a [स्तन वयति वे-खश् सुम् च] Sucking the breast, यदि बुभ्यते हरिशिशु रतनवयो भविता करेणुपारशोषिता मही Bv 1 53, तवाङ्कशायां परितुतभाग्यया मया न दृष्टस्तनय स्तनघय Māl 10 6 -यः An infant, a suckling, स्तनवयप्रीति-मवाप्स्यसि त्वम् R 14 78, S 12 40.

स्तनयितुः [स्तन्-इत्] 1 Thundering, thunder, the muttering of clouds, मौर्वीषोपस्तनयितु पृषकपृषनो महान् Mb 6 14 27, Bhāg 1. 14 15 -2 A cloud, रतनयितो-मयूरीव चकितोकोष्ठित स्थिता U 3 7, 5 8 -3 Lightning -4 Sickness. -5 Death -6 A kind of grass

स्तनित *p p* [स्तन्-कर्तरि क] 1 Sounded, sounding, noisy, वीचिक्षोभस्तनितविहगश्रेणिकास्त्रीगुणाय Me 28 -2 Thundering, roaring -तम् 1 The rattling of thunder, rumbling of thunder-clouds, तीयोत्सर्गस्तनितमुखरो मासम् भूविक्रवास्ता Me 39 -2 Thunder, noise -3 The noise of clapping the hands -4 The sound of a vibrating bow-string -Comp. -कुमाराः (with Janas) a particular class of gods -फलः the Vikankata tree -सुभगम् and with pleasant rumbling sounds, तीरोपान्तरतनितसुभग पारयसि स्वाडु यत्र Me 24.

स्तन्यम् [स्तने भव यत्] Mother's milk, milk, स्मरति न भवान् पीत रतन्य विभज्य सहासुना Ve 5 41, पिब स्तन्य पीत Bv 1 60 -Comp -त्यागः leaving off the mother's milk, weaning, स्तन्यत्यागात् प्रभृति सुमुखी दन्तपाद्यालिकेव Māl 10 5, स्तन्यत्याग यावत् पुत्रयोरवैक्षस्व U. 7 -द a producing (good) milk -प a suckling

स्तबकः 1 A bunch, cluster, दुसुमस्तबकस्येव द्वे गती स्तो मनस्विनाम् Bh 2 104, R 13 32, Me. 77, Ku 3 39 -2 A feather of a peacock's tail. -3 A tassel -4 A chapter or section of a book

स्तम् See स्तम्भ.

स्तब्ध *p p* [स्तम्भ कर्मणि कर्तरि वा क] 1 Stopped, blocked up, obstructed -2 Paralysed, senseless, stupefied, be-

numbered -3 Motionless, immoveable, किञ्चित् किञ्चिच्छक-
न्मुञ्चन् मूत्रयन् स्तब्धलोचन Bhāg 10 36 3 -4 Fixed, firm,
hard, rigid, stiff -5 Obstinate, stubborn, hard-hearted,
stern, आत्मसमाविता स्तब्धा वनमानमदान्विता Bg 16 17 -6
Coarse -7 Solidified (as water) -8 Tardy, slack,
inactive, सङ्क्रान्तिरित पन्था येन स्तब्धेन दृष्टित Bhāg 4 2 10
-Comp -कर्ण a pricking up the ears -पाद् a stiff-
legged, lame -बाहु a stiff-armed -मति a dull-
minded -रोमन् m a hog, boar, स्तब्धरोमसमारब्धवर्ध-
स्वरघोषणाम् Siva B 31 65 -लोचन a having motion-
less or unwinking eyes (said of gods)

स्तब्धता, -त्वम् 1 Rigidity, firmness, hardness -2
Stupor, insensibility

स्तब्धिः f 1 Fixedness, hardness, stiffness, rigidity
-2 Firmness, immoveableness -3 Stupor, insensibility,
numbness -4 Obstinacy

स्तम्भः A goat, ram

स्तम्भिः Rigidity

स्तम्भु n =स्तम्भन q. v

स्तम् 1 P (स्तम्भित) To be confused or agitated

स्तम्बः [स्था-अम्बच् किञ्च पुषो० Un 4. 96] 1 A clump
of grass &c, ब्रह्मस्तम्बनिकुञ्जपुञ्जितघनज्याघोषघोर धनु Mv 3
48, आरण्यकोपात्तफलप्रसूति स्तम्बेन नीवार इवावशिष्ट R 5 15
-2 A sheaf of corn, as in स्तम्बकरिता q. v -3 A cluster,
clump or bunch (in general), (कीचक)स्तम्बाडम्बरमूकमौकुलि-
कुल कौञ्चावतोऽयं गिरि U 2 29, R. 15 19 -4 A bush,
thicket -5 A shrub or plant having no decided stem
-6 The post to which an elephant is tied -7 A post,
column, पाशुस्तम्बा बलानां तुरगखुरपुटक्षोदलब्धात्मलाभा Mu
5 23 -8 Stupefaction, insensibility, (probably for
स्तम्भ in these two senses) -9 A mountain -Comp.
-करि a forming sheaves or clusters (-रिः) corn, rice
करिता forming sheaves or clusters, abundant or luxu-
riant growth, न शाले स्तम्बकरिता वपुर्गुणमपेक्षते Mu 1 3
-गहन a overgrown with thickets, Kau A 2 2 -घनः
1 a small hoe for weeding clumps of grass -2 a sickle
for cutting corn -3 a basket for holding the heads
of wild rice -झः, -घातः, -हन, -हननम् -नी a sickle
for cutting corn, a hoe -पुरम् N of a city (ताम्रलिप्त)

स्तम्बकः A clump, bunch, tuft.

स्तम्बेरमः An elephant, स्तम्बेरमा मुप्यरशृङ्खलकर्षिणस्ते
R 5 72, Si 5 31, Mā 9 33, स्तम्बेरमास्तमास्व पर्वत
पर्वता इव Siva B 20 42

स्तम्भ 1 A., 5, 9 P (स्तम्भते, स्तम्भोति, स्तम्भनाति, स्तम्भिन
or स्तब्ध, the स् of the root being changed to स् after
prepositions ending in इ or उ and also after अव) 1
To stop, hinder, arrest, suppress, कण्ठ स्तम्भितबाष्पवृत्ति-
कण्ठ S 4 5. -2 To make firm or stiff, to make
immoveable. -3 To stupefy, paralyze, benumb, प्राणा

ध्वसिरे गात्र तस्तम्भे च प्रिये हते Bk 14 55 -4 To prop,
support, uphold, sustain -5 To become stiff,
rigid or immoveable -6 To be proud or elated, be
stiff-necked -7 To occupy, spread, तत् पुण्याहघोषोऽभूदिव
स्तब्धेव भारत Mb 12 38 19 (The following verse illus-
trates the root in its different conjugations —स्तम्भते
पुरुष प्रायो यौवनेन धनेन च । न स्तम्भनाति क्षितीशोऽपि न स्तम्भोति
युवायसौ ॥) -Caus (स्तम्भयति-न्ते) 1 To stop, arrest
-2 To make firm or rigid -3 To paralyze -4 To
prop, support -5 To suppress, check

स्तम्भः [स्तम्भ् अच्] 1 Fixedness, stiffness, rigidity,
motionlessness, रम्भा स्तम्भ भजति Vikr 18 29, Ki 12
28, गात्रस्तम्भ स्तनमुकुलयोरुत्प्रबन्ध प्रकम्प Mā 2 5, तत्सकल्पो-
पहितजडिम् स्तम्भमभ्येति गात्रम् 1 35, 4 2 -2 Insensibility,
stupefaction, stupor, numbness, paralysis -3 Stop-
page, obstruction, hindrance, सोऽपश्यत् प्रणिधानेन सतते स्तम्भ-
कारणम् R 1 74, बाक्स्तम्भ नाटयति Mā 8 -4 Restraint,
curbing, suppressing, कृतश्चित्तस्तम्भ प्रतिहतधियामञ्जलिरपि
Bh 3 6 -5 Prop, support, fulcrum, नासिराबन्धनार्थाय
न शरा स्तम्भहेतव Rām 2 23 30 -6 A pillar, column,
post -7 A stem, trunk (of a tree) -8 Stupidity -9
Absence of feeling or excitability -10 The suppression
of any force or feeling by supernatural or magical
means -11 Staff-neckedness, जन्मकर्मवयोरुपविश्वैश्वर्य-
वनादिभि । यद्यस्य न भवेत् स्तम्भस्तत्राय मदनुग्रह Bhāg 8 22 26
-12 Filling up, stuffing -Comp -उत्कीर्ण a carved
out of a post of wood (as a statue) -कर a 1 para-
lysing, benumbing -2 obstructing (-रः) a fence
-कारणम् cause of obstruction or impediment -पूजा
worship of the posts of temporary pavilions erected
for marriages or other occasions of solemnity

स्तम्भक a 1 Stopping, arresting -2 Styptic,
astringent

स्तम्भकिन m A kind of musical instrument covered
with leather

स्तम्भनम् [स्तम्भयति स्तम्भ-णिच् ल्युट्] 1 Stopping,
obstructing, hindering, arresting, suppressing, restra-
ining, लोलोल्लोक्षुभितकरणोज्ज्वलस्तम्भनार्थम् U 3 36 -2
Paralysing, benumbing, stupefying -3 Quieting,
composure, पराङ्मुखेऽपि देवेऽत्र कृत्य कार्यं विपश्चिता । आत्मदोष-
विनाशाय स्वचित्तस्तम्भनाय च ॥ Pt 1 360 -4 Making firm
or stiff, fixing firmly -5 Propping, supporting -6
Stopping the flow of blood -7 Anything employed
as an astringent -8 A particular magical art or
faculty, see रतम्भ (10) -नः N of one of the five
arrows of Cupid

स्तम्भिः The sea

स्तम्भिका The leg of a chair.

स्तम्भित a 1 Stopped, hindered -2 Benumbed,
paralyzed, द्वेधास्तम्भितपतिपञ्चकिञ्च पन्था पुरस्तादभूत्

Māl 8 9 -3 Composed, collected, see रतम् -Comp
-बाष्पवृत्ति *a* suppressing the flow of tears, यारयत्यद्य
शकुन्तलेति हृदय सस्पृष्टमुक्कण्ठया, कण्ठस्तम्भितबाष्पवृत्तिकलुषम् S 4 6

स्तम्भिन् *a* 1 Supporting, stopping &c -2 Provided
with pillars -3 Puffed up, arrogant -*m* the sea

स्तम्भिनी The earth (one of the five elements)

स्तर *a* [स्तृ-स्तृ-वञ्] Spreading, extending, covering
-रः 1 Anything spread, a layer, stratum -2 A bed,
couch

स्तरणम् [स्तृ-स्तृ-ल्युट्] 1 The act of spreading, strew-
ing, scattering &c -2 Plastering (of a wall)

स्तरि (री) मन् *m* A bed, couch

स्तरि [स्तृ कर्मणि ई] 1 Smoke, vapour -2 A heifer
-3 A barren cow

स्तरिकु Den (स्तरिकरोति) To render fruitless

स्तवः [स्तृ-अप्] 1 Praising, celebrating, eulogizing
-2 Praise, eulogium, panegyric, ततौ गिर पुरुषवरस्तवा-
न्विता Mb 12 47 108

स्तवक *a* (-विका *f*) [स्तृ-वुन्] Praising, eulogizing
-कः 1 A panegyrist, praiser -2 Praise, eulogium. -3
A cluster of blossoms -4 Bunch of flowers, nosegay,
tuft, bouquet -5 A chapter or section of a book -6
A multitude, of स्तवक also

स्तवकित *a* Full of blossoms or bunches

स्तवनम् [स्तृ-ल्युट्] 1 Praising, praise -2 A hymn.

स्तविः A chanter

स्तावः Praise, eulogy

स्ताव्य *a* To be praised, P. III 1 123

स्तावक. A praiser, panegyrist, flatterer, स्तावका-
स्तानभिप्रेत्य पुथुर्वैय प्रतापवान् Bhāg 4 15 21

स्तवेय्यः N of Indra

स्तवरकः A fence

स्ताघ *a* Shallow

स्ताम्बेरम *a* Belonging to an elephant, रद स्ताम्बेरम
तथा Śiva B 30 12

स्तिष् 5 Ā (स्तिष्ठते) 1 To ascend -2 To assail,
attack

स्तिष् 1 Ā (स्तेपेते) To ooze, drop, drip

स्तिभिः 1 An obstacle, obstruction -2 The ocean
-3 A cluster, bunch, clump

स्तिभिनी A clump, tuft &c

स्तिम्, स्तीम् 4 P (स्तिम्यति, स्तीम्यति) 1 To become
wet or moist -2 To become fixed or immovable, be
rigid. -

स्तिमित *a* [स्तिम्-कर्तरि क्] 1 Wet, moist, स्तिमितोन्नत-
सचारा जनसतापहारिण । जायन्ते विरला लोके जलदा इव सज्जना ॥ Pt
1 29 (here स्तिमित has two senses —steady and moist)
-2 (*a*) Still, unruffled, calm, क्षुभितमुत्कलिनातरल मन पय-
इव स्तिमितस्य महोदधे Māl 3 10 (*b*) Fixed, rigid, unmov-
ed, motionless, steady, वाचस्पति सन्नपि सोऽष्टमूर्तौ त्वाशास्य-
चिन्तास्तिमितो बभूव Ku 7 87, 2 59, स्तिमितविकासितानाम् Māl
1 27, R 2 22, 3 17, 13 48, 79, U 6 25 -3 Closed,
shut, इति विज्ञापितो राज्ञा ध्यानास्तिमितलोचन R 1 73 -4
Benumbed, paralysed -5 Soft, tender -6 Gratified,
satisfied -तम् 1 Moisture -2 Fixity, steadiness
-Comp. -नयन *a* having the eyes intently fixed
-प्रवाह *a* flowing gently along -वायुः still air
-समाधिः steady contemplation

स्तिमितत्वम् Steadiness, stillness

स्तीविः [स्तृ क्तिन्] 1 An officiating priest at a
sacrifice -2 Grass -3 Sky, atmosphere -4 Water
-5 Blood -6 An epithet of Indra -7 The body
-8 Fear

स्तु 2 U (स्तौति-रतवीति, स्तुते-स्तुवीते, तुष्टाव-तुष्टवे, अस्तावीत्-
अरतोष्ट, रतोष्यति-ते, स्तोतुम्, स्तुत, desid तुष्टयति-ते, the स् of
स्तु is changed to ष् after a preposition ending in इ or उ) 1 To praise, laud, eulogize, extol, glorify, cele-
brate, किं निन्दाम्यथवा रतवामि कथय क्षीराणव त्वामहम् Bv
1 41, Mu 3 16, Bk 8 92, 15 70 -2 To celebrate
or praise in song, to hymn, worship by hymns -3 To
praise in ऋक् verses set to music, इह एतौ रतौतिशसतिशब्दौ
समानेऽपि रतुत्यर्थेवे व्यवस्थितविषयौ । प्रगीतेषु मन्त्रवाक्येषु स्तौति-
शब्द अप्रगीतेषु शसतिशब्द SB on MS 7 2 17

स्तुत *p p* [स्तृ-कर्मणि क्] 1 Praised, lauded, eulo-
gized -2 Flattered -तः 1 Praising -2 N of Śiva

स्तुतिः *f* [स्तृ क्तिन्] 1 Praise, eulogy, commendation,
laudation, स्तुतिभ्यो व्यतिरिच्यन्ते दूराणि चरितानि ते R 10 30
-2 A hymn of praise, panegyric, स्तुत्य स्तुतिभिरर्थभि-
रुपतस्ये सरस्वती R 4 6 -3 Adulation, flattery,
empty or false praise, भूतार्थव्याहृति सा हि न स्तुति परमेष्ठिन
R 10 33 -4 N of Durgā -Comp -गीतम् *a* pane-
gyric, hymn -पदम् *a* object of praise -पाठकः *a*
panegyrist, an encomiast, a minstrel, bard, herald
-वादः *a* laudatory speech, panegyric -व्रतः *a* bard.

स्तुत्य *a*. Laudable, commendable, praiseworthy,
R 4 6

स्तुत्या 1 A particular fragrant bark -2 Alum-
slate

स्तुकः A collection of hair, a knot or braid of hair

स्तुका 1 A knot or braid of hair -2 A bunch of
curly hair between the horns of a bull -3 Hip, thigh

स्तुच् 1 Ā (स्तोचते) 1 To be bright, to shine, be
pellucid -2 To be propitious or pleased

स्तुनकः A goat

स्तुभ I 1 P (स्तोभति) 1 To praise -2 To celebrate, extol, worship -II 1 A (स्तोभते) 1 To stop, suppress -2 To paralyse, benumb, stupefy

स्तुभ A goat

स्तुम्भ 5, 9 P (स्तुम्भोति, स्तुम्भनाति) 1 To stop -2 To benumb, stupefy -3 To expel

स्तुविः 1 A worshipper -2 A sacrifice

स्तुषेय्य, -**स्तुषेय्य** (Ved.) Best, excellent, praise-worthy

स्तृ 4 P, 10 U (स्तृप्यति, स्तृपयति-ते) 1 To heap up, accumulate, pile, collect -2 To erect, raise.

स्तृपः 1 A heap, pile, mound (of earth &c), बहुभि-रुपहतानां बहिषा स्तृपमेतत् Mu 3 15 -2 A Buddhist monument, or kind of Tope erected for keeping sacred relics, as those of Buddha -3 A funeral pile -4 Strength, power -**Comp** -**पृष्ठ**, a turtle, tortoise -**मण्डलम्** circumference of a tope

स्तृ I 5 U (स्तृणोति, स्तृणुते, स्तृत, *pass* स्तर्यते) 1 To spread, strew, cover, spread on or over, (महीं) तस्तार सरघाव्याप्ते स क्षौद्रपटलैरिव R 4 63, 7 58 -2 To spread, expand, diffuse -3 To scatter, spread about -4 To clothe, cover, overspread, envelop -5 To kill -**Caus** (स्तारयति-ते) To overspread, cover, strew, रक्तौनाचिह्नित-द्वूमि सैन्यैश्चातरतरद्वजे Bk 15 48 -**Desid** (तिस्तीर्षति-ते) -II 5 P (स्तृणोति) To please, gratify

स्तृ m A star.

स्तृतिः f 1 Spreading, stretching, expansion -2 Covering, clothing

स्तृभ 1 P (स्तृवति) To go

स्तृह, **स्तृह** 6 P (स्तृहति, स्तृहति) To strike, hurt, kill.

स्तृ 9 U (स्तृणाति, स्तृणीते, स्तृणी, *desid* तिस्तरि-री-वति-ते, तिस्तीर्षति-ते) To cover, strew &c, see स्तृ

स्तेन 10 U (Strictly a denom from स्तेन, स्तेनयति-ते) 1 To steal, rob, यस्त्वेतान्युपकृष्टानि द्रव्याणि स्तेनयेन्नर Ms 8 333 -2 To be dishonest in speech, वाच्यर्थो नियता सर्वे वाङ्मूल वाग्विनि सृता । ता तु य स्तेनयेद्वाचं स सर्वस्तेनकृन्नर ॥ Ms 4 256

स्तेनः [स्तेन कर्तरि अच्] 1 A thief, robber, न त स्तेना न चामित्रा हरन्ति न च नश्यति Ms 7 83, यो भुङ्क्ते स्तेन एव स Bg 3 12 -2 A kind of perfume -**नम्** Thieving, stealing -**Comp** -**निग्रहः** 1 the punishment of thieves -2 suppression of theft

स्तेयम् [स्तेनस्य भावः यत् नलोप] 1 Theft, robbery, व्यावृत्तगतिरुद्योने वृत्तमस्तेयसाध्वसात् Ku 2 35 -2 Anything stolen or liable to be stolen. -3 Anything private or secret.

स्तेयिन् m 1 A thief, robber -2 A goldsmith

स्तेनम् Theft, robbery

स्तेन्यम् [स्तेनस्य भावः व्यञ्] 1 Theft, robbery -**न्यः** A thief.

स्तेप् I 1 A (स्तेपते) To ooze -II 10 U (स्तेपयति-ते) To send, throw, cast

स्तेमः Moisture, wetness

स्ते 1 P (स्तायति) To put on, adorn

स्तेमिर्यम् 1 Fixedness, rigidity, immobility -2 Numbness

स्तोक a [स्तुच्-घञ्] 1 Little, small, स्तोकेर्नोन्नतिमायाति स्तोकेनायात्यधोगतिम् Pt 1 150, स्तोक महद्वा वनम् Bh 2 49 -2 Short -3 Few -4 Low, abject -**कः** 1 A small quantity, drop, घृतवन्त पावक ते स्तोकाश्चोतन्ति Art Br 2 12, अद्भ्य स्तोका यान्ति यथा पृथक्त्वम् Mb 7 201 75 -2 The Chātaka bird -3 A spark -**रुम्** ind A little, less, पर्यादप्रप्लुतत्वाद्वियति बहुतर स्तोकमुर्ग्या प्रयाति S 1 7 -**Comp** -**आयुस्** a short-lived -**काय** a little-bodied, small, dwarfish, diminutive -**तमस्** a a little dark -**नम्र** a a little bent down, slightly stooping or depressed, श्रीणीभारादलसगमना स्तोकनम्रा स्तनाभ्याम् Me 84 -**पाण्डुर** a a little pale

स्तोककः 1 The Chātaka bird, स्तोकोको वारि (हत्वा) Ms 12 67, स्तोकोकस्य खलु चञ्चुपुटेन म्लानिरुलसति तद्वनसब्धे N 5 127 -2 A kind of poison

स्तोकरास् ind By little, sparingly

स्तोतव्य a Fit to be praised, laudable, praiseworthy, स कस्य स्तोतव्य कतिविद्युण करय विषय Siva-mahimna 2, स्तोतव्यगुणसपन्न केषा न स्यात् प्रियो जन

स्तोतृ m A praiser, panegyrist

स्तोत्रम् [स्तु घञ्] 1 Praise, eulogium -2 A hymn of praise, panegyric, सकलगुणवरिष्ठ पुष्पदन्ताभिधानो रुचिर-मल्लुष्टै स्तोत्रमेतच्चकार Siva-mahimna 33

स्तोत्रियः, -**या** A particular kind of verse, कत्ययमद्यो-द्वाताऽस्मिन् यज्ञे स्तोत्रिया स्तोष्यति Bri Up. 3 1 10

स्तोभः [स्तुब्-घञ्] 1 Stopping, obstructing -2 A stop, pause -3 Disrespect, contumely -4 A hymn, praise, साङ्केय पारिहास्य वा स्तोभ हेलनमेव वा । वैकुण्ठनामग्रहणम-शेषाघहर विदु ॥ Bhāg 6 2 14 -5 A division of the Sāmaveda -6 Anything inserted, अस्तोभमनवय च सूत्र सूत्रविदो विदु -7 The sound or sounds dissimilar to and in excess of the letters of the Rik which is set to music, य ऋगक्षरेभ्योऽधिको न च तै सवर्ण स स्तोभो नाम SB on MS 9 2 39 -8 A chanted interjection in a Sāman, सत्य यज्ञस्तपो वेदा स्तोभा मन्त्रा सरस्वती Mb 12 199 68 -9 Torpor, paralysis

स्तोम् 10 P. To praise, L. D. B.

स्तोमः [स्तु-मन् Un 1 137] 1 Praise, eulogium, hymn -2 A sacrifice, oblation, as in ज्योतिष्टोम, अग्निष्टोम -3 A Soma libation -4 A collection, multitude, number, group, assemblage, शस्त्रामिज्या स्तुतिस्तोम प्रायश्चित्त व्यधात् क्रमात् Bhāg 3 12 37, लवणत्रासित स्तोम शरण्य त्वा-मुपस्थित U 1 50 -5 A large quantity, mass, भस्मस्तोम-पवित्रलाञ्छनमुरो वत्ते त्वच रौरवीम् U 4 20, Mv 1 18 -6 A measure of 10 धन्वन्तरस or of 96 inches -मम् 1 The head -2 Riches, wealth -3 Grain, corn -4 An iron-pointed stick or shaft -Comp -क्षारः soap

स्तोमयति Den P To praise, laud

स्तोम्य a Laudable, praiseworthy

स्तौपिकम् A kind of Buddhist relic, L D B

स्तौभिकम् N of the second portion of the Samhitā of the Sāmaveda

स्त्येनः [स्त्यै-इनच्] 1 Nectar -2 A thief

स्त्यै 1 U (स्त्यायति ते) 1 To be collected into a heap or mass -2 To spread about, be diffused, शिशिरकटु-कषाय स्त्यायते सल्लकीनाम् Māl 9 6, U 2 21, Mv 5 41 -3 Sound, echo

स्त्यान a [स्त्यै-क्] 1 Collected into a mass, पर्यन्तप्रति-रोधिभेदुरचयस्त्यान चिताज्योतिषाम् Māl 5 11, घनतरुशिखरे स्त्याननीलस्वरूपाम् (रक्तधाराम्) Nāg 5 8 -2 Thick, bulky, gross, रत्यानिनाद्रेण चाक्त रवयमनुभविता भूषण भीममसि Ve 5 35 -3 Soft, bland, smooth, unctuous, रत्यानावनद्धघन-शोणितशोणपाणि Ve 1 21 -4 Sounding -नम् 1 Thickness, grossness, increase in magnitude or bulk, दधति कुहर-भाजामत्र भल्लकग्रामनुरसितगुरुणि स्त्यानमम्बुकृतानि Māl 9 6, U 2 21, Mv 5 41 -2 Unctuousness -3 Nectar -4 Sloth, idleness -5 Echo, sound

स्त्यायनम् Collecting into a mass, crowding together, aggregation

स्त्री [स्त्यायेते शुक्रशोणिते यस्याम्] 1 A woman, श्रुत दृष्ट स्पृष्ट स्मृतमपि नृणां ह्लादजनन न रत्न स्त्रीभ्योऽन्यत् क्वचिदपि कृत लोकरूपतिना । तदर्थं धर्माथो विभववरसौख्यानि च ततो गृहे लक्ष्म्यो मान्या सततमबला मानविभवै ॥ Subh Ratn -2 A female of any animal, गजस्त्री, हरिणस्त्री &c, स्त्रीणामशिक्षितपटुत्वममानुषीषु S 5 22 -3 A wife, स्त्रीणां भर्ता धर्मद्वाराश्च पुसाम् Māl 6 18, Me 28 -4 A white ant -5 The Priyangu plant -6 The feminine gender, or a word used in that gender, आप स्त्रीभूमि Ak -Comp -अगारः, -रम् a harem, the women's apartments -अध्यक्षः a chamberlain -अभिगमनम् sexual intercourse -आजीवः 1 one who lives by his wife -2 one who lives by keeping women for prostitution, Ms 11 63 -करणम् sexual connection -कामः 1 desire of intercourse with women, fondness for women -2 desire of a wife -कार्यम् 1 the business of women -2 attendance on women or women's apartments, वैदेहकानां स्त्रीकार्यं मागधाना वणिक्पथ Ms 10 47. -कितवः a

deceiver or seducer of women -कुमारम् a woman and child -कुसुमम् menses, the menstrual excretion in women -कृतम् sexual connection -कोशः a dagger -क्षीरम् mother's milk, आरण्याना च सर्वेषा मृगाणा माहिप विना । स्त्रीक्षीरं चैव वर्ज्यानि Ms 5 9 -ग a cohabiting with women -गवी a milch-cow -गुरुः a female Guriu or priestess -गृहम् = स्त्र्यगार q v -ग्राहिन् (in law) accepting the guardianship over a woman -घोषः dawn, day-break -घ्नः the murderer of a woman, Ms 9 232 -चरितम्, -त्रम् the doings of women -चिह्नम् 1 any mark or characteristic of the female sex -2 the female organ, vulva -चौरः a seducer of women, libertine -जननी a woman who brings forth only daughters, Ms 9 81 -जातिः f woman-kind, female sex -जितः a hen-pecked husband, स्त्रीजितस्पर्शमात्रेण सर्वं पुण्यं विनश्यति Sabdak, मृष्यन्ति ये चोपपत्ति स्त्रीजितानां च सर्वश (तेषामत्र न मुञ्जीत) Ms 4 217 -देहार्धः N of Śiva -धनम् a woman's private property over which she exercises independent control, it is of six kinds — अध्यग्न्यध्यावहृन्नि दत्तं च प्रीति-कर्मणि । भ्रातृमातृपितृप्राप्तं षड्विधं स्त्रीधनं स्मृतम् ॥ or according to others — पितृमातृपतिभ्रातृदत्तमध्यग्न्युपायनम् । आधिदेवनिष्काशं च स्त्रीधनं परिकीर्तितम्, see also अन्वाधेयम्, बन्धुदत्तम्, यौतकम्, सोदायिकम्, शुरुकम्, पारिणाय्यम्, लावण्याजितम् and पादवन्दनिकम् -धर्मः 1 the duty of a woman or wife -2 the laws concerning women, Ms 1 114 -3 menstruation -4 copulation -धर्मिणी a woman in her courses, स्त्रीधर्मिणी वेपमाना शोणितेन समुक्षिता । एकवज्रा विकृष्टास्मि दु खिता कुक्षसदि ॥ Mb 3 12 62 -धवः a man -ध्वजः 1 the female of any animal -2 an elephant -नाथ a one protected by a woman -निबन्धनम् a woman's peculiar sphere of action or province, domestic duty, housewifery -पण्योपजीविन् m see स्त्र्याजीव above -परः a woman-lover, lecher, libertine -पिशाची a fiend-like wife -पुस् a woman who has become a man -पुंसौ m du 1 wife and husband -2 male and female, स्त्रीपुसावात्मभागी ते भिन्नमूर्ते सिद्धक्षया Ku 2 7 -पुसलक्षणा a hermaphrodite -पुंघर्मः the law regulating the duties of man and wife -पुरम् the women's apartment -पुष्पम् the menstrual excretion -पूर्वः = स्त्रीजित q v, स्त्रीपूर्वी काण्डपृष्ठाश्च . (श्राद्धे नार्हन्ति) Mb 13 23 22 -प्रत्ययः a feminine affix (in gram) -प्रसंगः (excessive) intercourse with women -प्रस् f a woman who brings forth only daughters, Y 1 73 -प्रिय a loved by women (-यः) the mango tree -बन्धः the sexual union -बाध्यः one who suffers himself to be troubled by a woman -बुद्धिः f 1 the female understanding -2 the counsel of a woman, female advice, स्त्रीबुद्धि प्रत्यगता (प्रत्यगवाहा) Subhās -भोगः sexual intercourse -मन्त्रः a female stratagem, woman's counsel -माया women's craft -मुखपः the Asoka tree -यन्त्रम् a machine-like woman, machine in the form of a woman, स्त्रीयन्त्रं केन लोके विषममृ-तमयं धर्मनाशाय सृष्टम् Pt 1 191 -रजस् menstruation -रज्जनम् betel -रत्नम् 1 an excellent woman, स्त्रीरत्नेषु

ममोर्वशी प्रियतमा यूथे तवेय वशा V 4 25 -2 N of Laksmī -राज्यम् the kingdom of women -लम्पट् a desirous of women -लिङ्गम् 1 the feminine gender (in gram) -2 any mark of the female sex (as breast &c) -3 the female organ -लौल्यम् fondness for women -वशः submissiveness to a wife, subjection to women -वासः an ant hill -विधेय a governed by a wife, uxorious, सनिवेद्य सचिवेष्वन पर स्त्रीविधेयनवयौवनोऽभवत् R 19 4 -विवाहः contracting marriage with a woman, अष्टाविमान् समानेन स्त्रीविवाहान्निबोधत Ms 3 20 -विषयः sexual connection -व्रणः the female organ -शौण्ड a fond of women -संसर्गः female company -सस्थान a having a female shape, स्त्रीसस्थान चाप्यरस्तीर्थमारादुक्षिणैना ज्योतिरेक तिरोऽभूत् S 5 30 -संगः attachment to women, or intercourse with women -संग्रहणम् 1 the act of embracing a woman (improperly) -2 adultery, seduction -सभम् an assembly of women -संबन्धः 1 matrimonial alliance with a woman -2 connection by marriage -3 relation to women -सेवा Devotion or addiction to women -स्वभावः 1 the nature of women -2 a eunuch -हत्या the murder of a woman -हन्तृ the murderer of a woman, स्त्रीहन्तृश्च न सवसेत् Ms 11 190 -हरणम् 1 the forcible abduction of women -2 rape -हारिन् m a ravisher or seducer (of women)

स्त्रीतमा, स्त्रीतरा A thorough woman, more thoroughly a woman, P VI 3 44

स्त्रीता, -त्वम् 1 Womanhood -2 Wifehood -3 Effeminacy, feminineness

स्त्रैण a (-णी f) [स्त्रिया इदम् नञ् P IV 1 88] 1 Female, feminine -2 Suited or belonging to women -3 Being among women -4 Devoted to women, यदि स्त्रैण देवी यमनिरत देहाधेयनादवैति त्वामस्मा बत वरद मुखा युवतयः Siva-mahimna 23, स इत्यमाचरन्कामान्स्त्रैणोऽपहवमात्मन Bhāg 9 19 1 -णम् 1 Womanhood, nature of women, feminineness, शिष्टुत्वं स्त्रैण वा भवतु ननु वन्द्यासि जगत U 4 11 -2 The female sex, womanhood, तृणे वा स्त्रैणे वा मम समदृशो यान्ति दिवसा Bh 3 113, इदं तत्प्रत्युत्पन्नमिति स्त्रैणमिति यदुच्यते S 5, तस्य तृणमिव लघुवृत्ति स्त्रैणमाकलयत K -3 A collection of women, भूयिष्ठद्विजबालवृद्धविकलस्त्रैणश्च पौरो जन U 4 24 -4 Ved Sexual enjoyment

स्त्रैणता, -त्वम् 1 Feminineness, effeminacy -2 Excessive fondness for women

स्थक (ग) रम् A betel-nut.

स्थग् 1 P or Caus (स्थगति, स्थगयति) 1 To cover, conceal, hide, veil, पराम्यूहस्थानान्यपि तनुतराणि स्थगयति Māl 1 14 -2 To cover, pervade, fill, रव श्रवणभैरव स्थगितरोदसीकन्दर K P 7.

स्थग a. [स्थग्-अच्] 1 Fraudulent, dishonest -2 Abandoned, impudent, reckless -गः A rogue, cheat.

स्थगणा The earth.

स्थगनम् Concealment, hiding

स्थगरः The plant पुत्रजीवक, Rām 2 94 24

स्थगिका 1 A courtesan -2 The office of betel-bearer -3 A kind of bandage -4 A box (for betel &c), तन प्रविशति लेखमलकरणस्थगिका मुद्रिता चादाय सिद्धार्थक Mu 5 0/1

स्थगित a 1 Covered, hidden, concealed -2 Closed, shut -3 Stopped, interrupted, विस्मृत्य भो स्थगितगीरुप-लक्ष्यसे न Bhāg 10 90 18

स्थगी A betel-box

स्थगु n A hump, तदेव स्थगु-अदीर्घ रघवोणमिवायतम् Rām 2 9 46

स्थण्डिलम् [स्थल्-इलच् रुक् लय ड Tv] 1 A piece of ground (levelled, squared and prepared for a sacrifice), an altar, निषेदुषी रथाण्डिल एव केवले Ku. 5 12, Bhāg 11 11 45 -2 A barren field -3 A heap of clods -4 A limit, boundary -5 A land-mark -6 A place, ground (as before a house), इह तु स्थण्डिले शीघ्र कुशानास्तर सारये Rām 2 111 13 -Comp -शायिन् m, also स्थण्डिलेशयः an ascetic who sleeps on the bare Sthandila or sacrificial ground, (मुनय) आकाशनिलयाश्चैव तथा स्थण्डिलशायिन Rām. 3 6 4 -सितकम् an altar

स्थपति a [स्था-क तस्य पति] Chief, principal -तिः 1 A king, sovereign, 'स्थपतिरधिपतौ तक्षिण बृहस्पतिसचिवयो' इति वैजयन्ती, जगत्त्रयैकस्थपतिस्त्वमुच्चकैः Śi 1 34 -2 An architect, स्थपतिर्बुद्धिसपन्नो वास्तुविद्याविशारद Mb 1 51 15 -3 A wheel-wright, master-carpenter -4 A charioteer -5 One who offers a sacrifice to Brihaspati -6 An attendant on the women's apartments -7 N of Kubera

स्थपत्यः A chamberlain, स्थपत्यशुद्धान्तजनैः परीता Jānakiharana 7 1

स्थपुट a [तिष्ठति स्था क, स्थ पुटं यत्र] 1 Being in distressed or difficult circumstances -2 Unevenly raised, elevated and depressed -m Protuberance -Comp -गत a being in contracted or uneven parts, being in difficult places, अङ्कस्थादरियसस्थ स्थपुटगतमपि कव्यमव्यग्रमिति Māl 5 16

स्थपुटीकृत p p Made uneven

स्थल् 1 P (स्थलति) To stand firm, be firm

स्थलम् [स्थल्-अच्] 1 Firm or dry ground, dry land, terra firma (opp जल), भो दुरात्मन् (समुद्र) दीयता टिडिमाण्डा-नि नो चेत्स्थलता त्वा नयामि Pt 1, प्रतस्थे स्थलवर्त्मना R 4 60, so स्थलकमलिनी or स्थलवर्त्मन् q v -2 Shore, strand, beach -3 Ground, land, soil (in general) -4 Place, spot, उद्यात्वा वाम्नी दशनप्रभाभिः सर्वाधितोर स्थलतारहार R. 5 52 -5 Field, tract, district -6 Station. -7 A piece of raised ground, mound, तत स्थलमुपासन् पर्वतस्याविदूरत । ख्यात.

पञ्चवटीलेख नित्यपुष्पितकानन ॥ Rām 3 13 22 -8 A topic, case, subject, the point under discussion, विवाद°, विचार° &c -9 A part (as of a book) -10 A tent -Comp -अन्तरम् another place -आरूढ a alighted on the ground -अरविन्दम्, -कमलम्, -कमलिनी a land-growing lotus, साभ्रेऽहीव स्थलकमलिनी नप्रबुद्धा नमुताम् Me 91, Ku 1 33 -स्थलकमलः m is also a plant of the lily family (Gloriosa Superba) It is a red-flowered species traditionally called भूकमल The plant goes by the name कळलाची in Marathi which seems to have been derived from Sanskrit स्थलकल्लारी Kāldāsa pointedly refers to the peculiarity that it opens only in response to day-light -कुमुदः the Karavīra plant -चर a land-going, not aquatic -च्युत a fallen or removed from a place or position -ज a 1 Growing or living on dry land, Ms 1 44 -2 accruing from land-transport (taxes) -देवता a local or rural deity -पद्मम् a land-lotus, सरोजलक्ष्मी स्थलपद्महासे Bk 2 3 -पद्मिनी the shrub Hibiscus Mutabilis -मार्गः, -वर्त्मन n a road by land, स्थलवर्त्मना 'by land', पारसीकास्ततो जेतु प्रतस्थे स्थलवर्त्मना R 4 60 -विग्रहः a battle on level ground, a land fight -शुद्धिः f purification or clearance of a place from impurity -सीमन् f a landmark, boundary -स्थ a standing on dry ground

स्थला A spot of dry ground artificially raised and drained (opp स्थली q v. below)

स्थली 1 Dry ground, firm land -2 A natural spot of ground, ground or land (as of a forest), विल्लाप विकीर्ण-मूर्धजा समदु खामिव कुर्वती स्थलीम् Ku 4 4, K1 4 2 -3 A deity of the soil, (= स्थलदेवता q v) -Comp -देवता, a deity of the soil, a tutelary deity, पर्यन्तीना न खलु बहुशो न स्थलादेवताना मुक्तास्थूलास्तर्किसलयेष्वश्रुलेशा पतन्ति Me 108 -भूता a high-lying (as a country) -शायिन a. sleeping on the bare ground

स्थलेशाय a Sleeping on dry ground -यः Any amphibious animal

स्थविः 1 A weaver -2 Heaven -3 A moveable thing -4 Fire

स्थविर a [स्था-किरच् म्यवादेश] 1 Fixed, firm, steady -2 Old, aged, ancient, न तेन रथाविरो भवति येनास्य पलित शिर । बालोऽपि य प्रजानाति त देवा स्थविर विदु ॥ Mb 3 133 11 -रः 1 An old man, ऊर्ध्व प्राणा ह्युक्तामन्ति यून् स्थविर आयति । प्रत्युत्थानाभिवादाभ्या पुनस्तान् प्रनिपद्यते ॥ Ms 2 120 -2 A beggar -3 N of Brahman -रा An old woman, स्थविरे का त्व, अयमर्भक कस्य नयनानन्दकर Dk -Comp -द्युति a having the dignity of an elder, ऋषे पुत्रो महातेजा बालोऽपि स्थविरद्युति Rām 1 50 8

स्थविष्ठ a Greatest, very strong, largest (superl of स्थूल q v) मनोमय सूक्ष्मपुण्येय रूप मात्रा स्वरो वर्ण इति स्थविष्ठ Bhāg. 11. 12. 17.

स्थवीयस् Greater, larger (compar of स्थूल q v), सर्वस्त्वात्मदेहाय विशेषाय स्थवीयसे (नम) Bhāg 4 24 39

स्था 1 P (Ātm also in certain senses; तिष्ठति-ते, तस्यौ तस्ये, अस्थात्-अस्थित, स्थाययति-ते, स्थातु, स्थित, pass स्थीयते, the स् of this root is changed to ष after a preposition ending in इ or उ) 1 To stand, अय स ते तिष्ठति सगमोत्सुक S 3 13, चलत्येकेन पादेन तिष्ठत्येकेन बुद्धिमान् Subhās -2 To stay, abide, dwell, live, ग्रामे or ग्रहे तिष्ठति -3 To remain, be left, यावदेकानुदिष्टरय गन्वो लेपश्च तिष्ठति Ms 4 111, एको गङ्गादत्तास्तित्ति Pt 4 -2 To delay, wait, किमिति स्थीयते S 2 -5 To stop, cease, desist, stand still, तिष्ठयेष क्षणमधिपतिर्ज्योतिषा व्योममध्ये V 2 1 -6 To be kept aside, तिष्ठतु तावत् पत्रलेखागमनवृत्तान्त K 'never mind the account of' &c -7 To be, exist, be in any state or position, often with participles, मेरौ स्थिते दोगरि दोहदक्षे Ku 1 2, व्याप्य स्थित रोदसी V 1 1, या स्थिता व्याप्य विश्व S 1 1, काल नयमाना तिष्ठति Pt 1, Ms 7 8 -8 To abide by, conform to, obey (with loc), शासने तिष्ठ भर्तु V 5 17, R 11 65 -9 To be restrained, यदि ते तु न तिष्ठेयुरपायै प्रथमेक्षिभि Ms 7 108 -10 To be at hand, be obtainable, न विप्र स्तेषु तिष्ठसु सृत् शूद्रण नाययेत् Ms 5 104 -11 To live, breathe, आ क ण् मथि स्थिते चन्द्रगुप्तमभिमवितु-मिच्छति Mu 1 -12 To stand by or near, stand at one's side, help, उत्सवे व्यसने चैव दुर्मिक्षे शत्रुसकटे (राष्ट्रविष्टे) । राज-द्वारे शमनानि च यस्तिष्ठति स बान्धव ॥ H 1 71 (v 1) -13 To rest or depend on, जहातु नैन कथमर्थसिद्धि सशय्य कर्णोदिषु तिष्ठते य K1 3 14 -14 To do, perform, occupy oneself with, न तिष्ठति तु य पूर्वा नोपास्ते यश्च पश्चिमाम् Ms 2 103 -15 (Ātm) To resort or go to (as an umpire), be guided by the advice of, सशय्य कर्णोदिषु तिष्ठते य K1 3 14 -16 (Ātm) To offer oneself to (for sexual embrace), stand as a prostitute (with dat), गोपी स्मरात् कृष्णाय तिष्ठते Sk on P I 4 34 -Caus (स्थापयति-ते) 1 To cause to stand -2 To lay, set, place, put -3 To found, establish -4 To stop -5 To arrest, check -6 To raise, erect -7 To cause to last or continue, make durable -8 To give in marriage, लोकश्रेष्ठे गुणवति वरे स्थापिता त्व मयैव Mal 10 5 -9 To instruct in, initiate into -Desid (तिष्ठसति) To wish to stand &c

स्थ a (At the end of comp) 1 Standing, staying, abiding, being, existing &c, तत्रस्थ, अङ्गस्थ, प्रकृतस्थ, तटस्थ q q v v -2 Immoveable (स्थावर), सृज्यन्ते जङ्गम-स्थानि Mb 12 232 39 -स्थः A place, spot

स्थाणव a 1 Relating to स्थाणु -2 Coming from the trunks or stems of trees, Hoh

स्थाणु a [स्था-नु पृषो० णत्वम्] Firm, fixed, sturdy, stable, immoveable, motionless, नित्य सर्वगत स्थाणुरचलोऽय सनातन Bg 2 24, Mb 1 34 5 -णुः 1 An epithet of Śiva, स स्थाणु स्थिरभक्तियोगसुलभो नि श्रेयसायास्तु व V 1 1 -2 A stake, post, pillar, अपि स्थाणुवदासीन Pt 1 49, किं स्थाणुरयसुत पुरुष -3 A peg, pin, स्थाणौ निषङ्गिण्यनक्षि

क्षणं पुर Si 12 26 -4 The gnomon of a dial -5 A spear, dart -6 A nest of white ants -7 The drug or perfume called *Jecraha* -8 Stamp, trunk, लता वल्लीश्च गुल्माश्च स्थानूनन्दन एव च Rām 2 80 6 -9 A particular posture in sitting -m, n A branchless trunk or stem, any bare stalk or stem, pollard -Comp -छेदः one who cuts down the trunks of trees, one who clears away timber, ग्याणुच्छेदस्य त्रैदारमाहुः अत्यवतो मृगम् Ms 9 44 -दिक्षु f the north east -भूत a become motionless (as the trunk of a tree) -भ्रमः mistaking anything for a post

स्थात् a Standing, stationary, fixed -m A guider, driver

स्थानम् [स्था-व्युट्] 1 The act of standing or remaining, stay, continuance, residence, न किल भवता देव्या स्थानं गृहेऽभिमतं ततः U 3 32 -2 Being fixed or stationary -3 A state, condition, स्थानत्रयात्परं प्राप्तं ब्रह्मभूतमविक्रियम् Bhāg 1 18 26 -4 A place, spot, site, locality, अक्षमालामदत्तारमास्थानात्पदात्पदमपि न गन्तव्यम् K -5 Station, situation, position -6 Relation, capacity, पितृस्थाने 'in the place or capacity of a father', भक्ष्यस्थाने Pt 2 26 -7 An abode, a house, dwelling-house, स एव (नक्त) प्रच्युतं स्थानाच्छुनापि परिसूयते Pt 3 46 -8 (a) A country, region, district (b) A town, city -9 Office, rank, dignity, अमात्यस्थाने नियोजित -10 Object, गुणा पूजास्थानं गुणिषु न च लिङ्गं न च वयः U 4 11 -11 An occasion, a matter, subject, cause, पराभूतस्थाना यपि तनुतराणि स्थगयति Māl 1 14, स्थानं जरापरिभवस्य तदेव पुंसाम् Subhās, so कल्हो, कोप, विवाद &c -12 A fit or proper place, स्थानेष्वेव नियोजयन्ते मृत्याश्चाभरणानि च Pt 1 73 -13 A fit or worthy object, स्थाने खलु सज्जति दृष्टिः M 1, see स्थाने also -14 The place or organ of utterance of any letter, (these are eight — अष्टौ स्थानानि वर्णानामुर कण्ठ गिरस्तथा । जिह्वामूलं च दन्ताश्च नासिकौष्ठौ च तालु च Śik 13) -15 A holy place -16 An altar -17 A place in a town, square, court -18 The place or sphere assigned after death to persons according as they perform or neglect their prescribed duties -19 (In politics, war &c) The firm attitude or bearing of troops, standing firm so as to repel a charge, स्थाने युद्धे च कुशलनभीरुनविकारिण Ms 7 190 -20 A halt -21 A stationary condition, a neutral or middle state, स्थानं वृद्धिं क्षयश्चैव त्रिवर्गश्चैव दण्डज Mb 12 59 31 -22 That which constitutes the chief strength or the very existence of a kingdom, a stamina of a kingdom, i.e. army, treasure, town, and territory, Ms 7 56 (where Kull renders स्थानं by दण्डकोषपुराष्टात्मकं चतुर्विधम्) -23 Likeness, resemblance -24 Part or division of a work, section, chapter &c. -25 The character or part of an actor -26 Interval, opportunity, leisure -27 (In music) A note, tone, modulation of the voice, तौ तु गान्धर्वतत्त्वज्ञौ स्था-मूर्च्छनकोविदौ Rām. 1 1 10 (com -

यद् व हृदयग्रन्थे कपोलफलकादयः । प्राणसंचारणस्थानं स्थानमित्यभि-
नयते ॥ . इति शाण्डिल्य) -28 A pose, posture (of archers etc) -29 An order of the life (आश्रम), भैत्रेयीति होवाच याज्ञवल्क्य उवाच-वा अरेऽहमस्मान् स्थानादस्मि Bri Up 2 4 1 -30 Ground (भूमि), स्थानासनानो भूमि-पाषाण-सिक्ता-शर्करा-वाङ्मला-भस्मशायिनि Mb 12 192 1 -31 Sustenance, maintenance, यच्चैव प्रभवः स्थानं भूतानां सयमो यमः । स्वभावेनैव वर्तन्ते द्वन्द्वयुष्टानि भूरिणः ॥ Mb 12 238 20 (com स्थानं पोषणम्) -32 A mode or attitude in fighting, अस्त्रयन्त्राणि चित्राणि स्थानानि विविधानि च Mb 9 57 18 -33 Storage (of goods), आगमं निर्गमं स्थानं तथा दृष्टिक्षयावुभौ । विचार्य सर्वपण्यानां कारयेत् कथं विक्रयौ ॥ Ms 8 401 -34 A state of perfect tranquillity -35 Any organ of sense -36 Shape, form, appearance (as of the moon) -37 An astronomical mansion -Comp -अधिकारः the superintendence of a shrine, Inser -अध्यक्षः 1 a local governor -2 the superintendent of a place -3 a watchman, police-officer -आसनम् n du standing and sitting down -आसेधः confinement to a place, imprisonment, arrest, of आसेव -चञ्चलः Ocumum Pilosum (Mar तुकुमराई) -कुटिकासनम् leaving the house or any abode (स्थावरगृहत्याग), शिरसो मुण्डनादपि न स्थानकुटिकासनान् Mb 3 200 104 -चिन्तकः a kind of quarter-master -च्युत see स्थानभ्रष्ट -दिप्पटिका the daily account, Sukra 3 369 -दीप्त (in augury) inauspicious on account of situation -पालः a watchman, sentinell, policeman, Y 2 173 -भूमि f a dwelling-place, mansion -भ्रष्ट a ejected from an office, displaced, dismissed, out of employ -माहात्म्यम् 1 the greatness or glory of any place -2 a kind of divine virtue or uncommon sanctity supposed to be inherent in a sacred spot -मृगः N of certain animals (such as turtle, crocodile &c) -योगः assignment of proper places, द्रव्याणां स्थानयोगाश्च क्रयविक्रयमेव च Ms 9 332 -विभागः (in alg) subdivision of a number according to the position of its figures -स्थ a being in one's abode, at home

स्थानकम् [स्थानं स्वार्थे क] 1 A position, situation -2 A particular point or situation in dramatic action, e.g. पताकास्थानकं q v, स्थानकेन अवलोक्य V 1 44/45, it may also mean 'a kind of posture' -3 A city, town -4 A basin -5 Froth, a kind of scum on spirits or wine -6 A mode of recitation -7 A division or section of the Taittiriya, a branch of the Yajurveda -8 A temple in which the idol is kept in an erect posture -9 The attitude of the body (in shooting &c).

स्थानतस् ind 1 According to one's place or position -2 From one's proper place -3 With reference to the organ of utterance

स्थानिक a (-की f) 1 Belonging to a place, local. -2 (In gram) That which takes the place of a thing or is substituted for it. -कः 1 Any one holding an office, a place-man. -2 The governor of a place.

स्थानिन् *a* [स्थानमस्यास्ति रक्ष्यत्वेन इति] 1 Having a place -2 Having fixedness, permanent -3 Having a substitute -*m* 1 The original form or primitive element, that for which anything else is substituted, स्थानिवदादेशोऽनन्विधौ P I 1 56 -2 The form so substituted for anything -3 That which has a place, or is actually expressed

स्थानिचत् *a* Like the original or primitive element, P I 1 56 -**Comp.** -भावः the state of being like the original form, किं स्थानिवद्भावमधत्त दुष्ट तादृक्कृतव्याकरण पुन स N 10 135

स्थानीय *a* 1 Belonging to a place, local -2 Suitable to a place -यम् 1 A town, city -2 Capital, Kau A 2 2 -3 A kind of fortress to defend 800 villages, अष्टगन्तव्या मध्ये स्थानीयम् Kau A 2 1

स्थाने *ind* (loc of स्थान) 1 In the right or proper place, rightly, properly, justly, truly, appropriately, स्थाने हवीकृतं तव प्रकीर्त्या जगत् प्रहृष्यत्यनुरज्यते च Bg 11 36, स्थाने वृत्ता भूपतिभिः परोक्षैः R 7 13, स्थाने प्राणा कामिना दूयधीना M 3 14, Ku 6 67, 7 65 -2 In place of, instead of, in lieu of, as a substitute for, वातो स्थान इवादेश सुमीव सग्यवेशयत् R 12 58 -3 On account of, because of -4 Similarly, like, as -**Comp** -पतित *a* occupying the place of another

स्थापक *a* [स्थापयति स्था-णिच्-ण्वल्] Causing to stand, fixing, founding, establishing, regulating -कः 1 The director of the stage-business, a stage manager -2 The founder of a temple, or erector of an image -3 A depositor

स्थापनम् [स्था-णिच् ल्युट्] 1 (a) The act of causing to stand, fixing, founding, establishing, instituting, Mb 12 255 3 (b) Regulating, directing -2 Fixing the thoughts, concentration of the mind, steady application, abstraction -3 A dwelling, habitation -4 A ceremony performed on a woman's perceiving the first signs of living conception, of पुसवन -5 Fastening, rendering immovable, उत्पापनेऽनन्यथा लौक्ये स्थापनेरपि । परस्पर जिगीषन्तावुपचक्रुस्तस्मिन् ॥ Bhāg 10 44 5 -6 Founding, erecting (a temple, image &c) -7 Preservation, prolongation (of life) -8 A means of stopping (the flow of blood), styptic -9 Storage (of grain) -10 Establishment of a proposition -**Comp.** वृत्त *a* one who is past all restoration to strength

स्थापना 1 Placing, fixing, founding, establishing -2 Arranging, regulating (as a drama), stage-management -3 A prologue of the drama, (see plays of Bhāsa) -4 Storing, keeping, preserving

स्थापनीय *a* 1 To be fixed, established &c -2 To be treated with tonics

स. इ. को. २१६

स्थापयितु *a* Establisher, founder

स्थापित *p p* [स्था-णिच्-क्] 1 Placed, fixed, located, deposited -2 Founded, instituted -3 Set up, raised, erected -4 Directed, regulated, ordered, enacted. -5 Determined, settled, ascertained -6 Appointed to, entrusted with any duty, post &c -7 Wedded, married, Māl 10 5 -8 Firm, steady

स्थाप्य *a* 1 To be placed or deposited -2 To be founded, fixed or established -3 To be appointed or installed -4 To be shut up, confined in -5 To be plunged (in grief &c) -6 To be checked, restrained -प्यम् *A* pledge, deposit -प्यः the image of a god -**Comp.** -अपहरणम् the embezzlement of a deposit

स्थामन् *n* [स्था-मनिन्] 1 Strength, power, stamina, as in the word अश्वस्थामन्, see the quotation from Mb under अश्वस्थामन् -2 The neighing of a horse, अश्वस्थे-वास्य यस्थाम नदतः प्रदिशो गतम् Mb 1 130 48 -3 Fixity, stability -4 Station, seat, place

स्थामवत् *a* Powerful, strong

स्थायः *A* receptacle -या the earth

स्थायिता 1 Constancy, stability -2 Durableness, invariableness

स्थायिन् *a* [स्था-णिनि] 1 Standing, staying, being situated (at the end of comp) -2 Enduring, continuing, lasting, abiding, शरीर क्षणविश्वसि कल्पान्तस्थायिनो गुणा Subhās, कतिपयदिवसस्थायिनी यौवनश्री Bh 3 82, Mv 7 15 -3 Living, dwelling, remaining, सप्तस्थन्ते तृतिपय-दिनस्थायिहसा दशार्णा Me 23 -4 Permanent, firm, steady, invariable, unchangeable -*m* 1 A lasting or permanent feeling, (see स्थायिभाव below), स्थायिनोऽथ प्रवर्तन्ते भावा सचारिणो यथा Si 2 87 -*n* Anything lasting, a permanent state or condition -**Comp** -भावः a fixed or permanent condition of mind, a lasting or permanent feeling, (these feelings being said to give rise to the different *rasas* or sentiments in poetry, each *rasa* having its own *Sthāyibhāva*), they are eight or nine, रतिर्हासश्च शोकश्च कोपोत्साहौ भयं तथा । जुगुप्सा विस्मयश्चेत्यमष्टौ प्रोक्ता शमोऽपि च S D 206, of व्यभिचारिभाव, भाव, विभाव also

स्थायीभू 1 P To become firm, fixed or permanent, take a strong or firm hold on, वचस्तत्र प्रयोक्तव्यं यत्रोक्तं लभते फलम् । स्थायीभवति चात्यन्तं रागं शुद्धपदे यथा ॥ Pt 1 33

स्थायुक *a* (-का or -की *f*) [स्था-उक्त्] 1 Likely to last, enduring -2 Firm, steady, stationary, आयो-धने स्थायुकमस्त्रजातम् Bk 2. 22, अतीते वर्षुके काले, प्रमत्त स्थायुको गृहे ibid 7 18 -3 Located, situated, कुम्भास्थि-कूटावटस्थानस्थायुकमौक्तिकोत्तराकिर N 12 66 -कः The superintendent or head of a village

स्थावर *a* [स्था-वरच्] 1 Fixed to one spot, stable, stationary, immoveable, inanimate (opp जङ्गम), शरीरिणा स्थावरजङ्गमाना सुखाय तज्जन्मदिनं बभूव Ku 1 23, 6 67, 73 -2 Inert, inactive, slow -3 Regular, established -रः A mountain, स्थावराणां हिमालय Bg 10 25 -रम् 1 Any stationary or inanimate object (such as clay, stones, trees &c which formed the seventh creation of Brahman, of Ms 1 41), मान्य स मे स्थावरजङ्गमाना सर्गैरिति प्रत्यवहारहेतु R 2 44, Ku 6 58 -2 A bow-string -3 Immoveable property, real estate -4 A hear loom -5 A large body, (fig) a gross or material body (स्थूलशरीर), गमन निरपेक्षं पञ्चादनवलोक्यन् । ऋजु प्रणिहितो गच्छन्नसंस्थावरवर्जक Mb 12 9 19 -Comp -अस्थावरम्, -जङ्गमम् 1 moveable and immoveable property -2 animate and inanimate things -आत्मन् *a* of immoveable form, स्थाने त्वा स्थावरात्मानं विष्णुमाहुस्तथाहि ते Ku 6 67

स्थावरता, -त्वम् 1 Fixedness, stability -2 The state of a vegetable or mineral, शरीरजे कर्मदोषैर्योति स्थावरता नर Ms 12 9

स्थासकः [स्था-स-स्वार्थादौ क] 1 Perfuming or smearing the body with fragrant unguents -2 A bubble of water or any fluid, रोकमा रेजु स्थासका मूर्तिभाजो दर्पस्यैव व्याप्तदेहस्य जेषा Śi 18 5 -3 A bubble-shaped ornament on a horse's trappings -4 A figure made with unguents

स्थासु *n* Bodily strength

स्थास्तु *a* [स्था-स्तु] 1 Disposed to stand, firm, immoveable -2 Permanent, eternal, lasting, durable, भवन्यस्यैवमङ्गानि स्थास्तूनि बलवन्ति च Śi 2 93, Ku 2 19 -स्तु. A tree, अणुप्रायास्वोषधीषु क्षमीप्रायेषु स्थास्तुषु Bhāg 12 2 15

स्थित *p p* [स्था-क्] 1 Stood, remained, stayed -2 Standing -3 Standing up, risen, स्थित स्थितामुचलित प्रयाता छायेव ता भूपतिरन्वगच्छत् R 2 6 -4 Staying, resting, living, being, existing, situated, धन्या केय स्थिता ते शिरसि Mu 1 1, Me 7, oft with gerunds merely as a copula, वेदान्तेषु यमाहुरेकपुरुष व्याप्य स्थित रोदसी V 1 1, Śi 1 1, Ku 1 1 -5 Happened, occurred, सुहृद पश्य वसन्त किं स्थितम् Ku 4 27 -6 Stationed in, occupying, appointed to, अभिजनवतो भर्तु छाये स्थिता गृहिणीपदे S 4 18 -7 Acting up to, abiding by, conforming to, किमत्र चित्र यदि कामसूक्तं ते स्थितस्याधिपते प्रजानाम् R 5 33, धर्मे स्थिता (राजान) Mā 10 25. -8 Stood still, stopped, desisted -9 Fixed on, firmly attached to, ममात्र भावैकरस मन स्थितम् Ku 5 82 -10 Steady, firm, as in स्थितधी or स्थितप्रज्ञ q v -11 Determined, resolved, इति देहविमुक्तये स्थिताम् (रतिम्) Ku 4 39 -12 Established, decreed -13 Steadfast in conduct, steady-minded -14 Upright, virtuous -15 Faithful to a promise or agreement -16 Agreed, engaged, contracted -17 Ready, being close

or at hand -तम् 1 Standing by itself (as a word) -2 Stopping, standing still -3 Manner of standing -4 Perseverance on the right path -Comp -उपस्थित *a* with and without the particle 'इति' (as a word) -धी *a* firm-minded, steady minded, cool -पाठयम् recitation in Prākṛita by a woman while standing -प्रज्ञ *a* firm in judgment or wisdom, free from any hallucination, contented, प्रजहाति यदा कामान् सर्वान् पार्थ मनोगतान् । आत्मन्येवात्मना तुष्ट स्थितप्रज्ञस्तदोच्यते Bg 2 55 -प्रेमन् *m* a staunch or faithful friend -लिङ्ग *a* having the virile member erected -सक्रेत, -संविद् *a* keeping a promise

स्थितिः *f* [स्था-क्तिन्] 1 Standing, remaining, staying, abiding, living, stay, residence, स्थितिं नो रे दध्या क्षणमपि मदान्नेक्षणं सखे Bv 1 52, रक्षोगृहे स्थितिर्मूलमाग्निशुद्धौ त्वनिश्चय U 1 6 -2 Stopping, standing still, continuance in one state, प्रस्थिताया प्रतिष्ठेया स्थिताया स्थितिमाचरे R 1 89 -3 Remaining stationary, fixity, steadiness, firmness, steady application or devotion, मम भूयात् परमात्मनि स्थिति Bv 4 23, Mā 5 22 -4 A state, position, situation, condition, एषा ब्राह्मी स्थिति पार्थ नैना प्राप्य विमुह्यति Bg 2 72 -5 Natural state, nature, habit, सपर्वतवना कृत्स्ना व्यययिष्यामि ते स्थितिम् Rām 7 98 10, अथ वा स्थितिरियं मन्दमतीनाम् H 4 -6 Stability, permanence, perpetuation, continuance, वशस्थितेरधिगमान्महति प्रमोदे V 5 15, कन्या कुलस्य स्थितये स्थितिज्ञ Ku 1 18, Mv 7 3, R 3 27 -7 Correctness of conduct, steadfastness in the path of duty, decorum, duty, moral rectitude, propriety, अमस्त ज्ञानेन परार्थजन्मना स्थितेरभेता स्थितिमन्तमन्वयम् R 3 27, 11 65, 12 31, कन्या कुलस्य स्थितये स्थितिज्ञ (विधिनोपयेमे) Ku 1 18, S 5 10 -8 Maintenance of discipline, establishment of good order (in a state), स्थित्यै दण्डयतो दण्ड्यान् R 1 25 -9 Rank, dignity, high station or rank -10 Maintenance, sustenance, जगदाधैर्नवसल्लकीकिसलयैररया स्थितिं कल्पयन् Mā 9 32, R 5 9 -11 Continuance in life, preservation (one of the three states of human beings), सर्गस्थितिप्रत्यवहारहेतु R 2 44, Ku 2 6 -12 Cessation, pause, stop, restriction, नासा कश्चिदगम्योस्ति नासा च वयसि स्थिति Pt 1 143 -13 Well-being, welfare -14 Consistency -15 A settled rule, ordinance, decree, an axiom or maxim, अबान्धव शव चैव निर्हरेयुरिति स्थिति Ms 10 55 -16 Settled determination -17 Term, limit, boundary -18 Inertia, resistance to motion -19 Duration of an eclipse -20 Regard, consideration, account, नासा च वयसि स्थिति Pt 1 143 -Comp. -ज्ञ *a* knowing the bounds of morality, कन्या कुलस्य स्थितये स्थितिज्ञ Ku 1 18 -पद् the epithet of Viṣṇu, पादेषु सर्वभूतानि पुस स्थितिपदो विदुः Bhāg 2 6 18 -पदम् the proper basin (for flow), the right path, अपासुद्वृत्तानां निजमुपदिशन्त्या स्थितिपदम् Mu 3, 8. -भिद् *a* violating the bounds of morality -मार्गः the way to compose (the mind), मनसश्च स्थितिमार्गमालम्बे Bu Ch.

5 9 -स्थापक *a* fixing in the original position, having the power of restoring to a previous state, having elastic properties (-कः) elasticity, capability of recovering the former position

स्थितिम् *a* 1 Possessed of firmness, steady, firm, N 5 22 -2 Permanent, स्थितेरभेदा स्थितिमन्तमन्वयम् R 3 27 -3 Virtuous, upright -4 Keeping within limits (as the ocean)

स्थाण्डिलः [स्थण्डिले दायिता अण्] 1 An ascetic who sleeps on the bare ground or on a place prepared for sacrifice -2 A religious mendicant or beggar

स्थापत्यः [स्थपतिरेव स्वार्थे व्यञ्] A guard of the women's apartments, chamberlain, स्थापत्यैर्न स्म वित्तस्ते वर्षीयस्त्वचलकरै N 20 138 -त्यम् 1 The office of the governor of a district -2 Architecture, building, erecting, स्थापत्य चासृजद्वेद क्रमात् पूर्वादिभिर्मुने Bhāg 3 12 38 -Comp -वेदः the science of architecture (one of the four उपवेदः)

स्थालम् [स्थलति निष्प्रत्ययवाच्य आधारे घञ्] 1 A plate or dish -2 A cooking-pot, any culinary vessel, स्थालानां चषकाणां च मृत्पात्राणां च भूरिश Siva B 29 58 -3 The hollow of a tooth -Comp. -पथ, -पथिक *a* imported by land, P V 1 77 Vārt -रूपम् the form or representation of a pot

स्थालकः, -कम् (pl) N of particular bones on the back

स्थालिकः The smell of faeces

स्थाली 1 An earthen pot or pan, a cooking-pot, caldron, kettle, न हि भिक्षुका सन्तीति स्थाल्यो नाधिधीयन्ते Sarva S, स्थाल्या वैद्वयमभ्या पचति तिलखलीमिन्धनैश्चन्दनाद्यै Bh 2 100 -2 A particular vessel used in the preparation of Soma -3 The trumpet-flower -Comp -द्रुमः Ficus Benjamina or Indica (Mar नादुरखी) -पाकः 1 a particular religious act performed by a householder -2 a dish of rice boiled in milk -पुरीषम् the sediment or dirt sticking to a cooking-pot, स्थालीपुरीषादीन्यायसूतवद्भ्यवहरति Bhāg 5 9 11 -पुलाकः boiled rice in a cooking-pot, यथा स्थालीपुलाकेन MS 7 4 12, अलिङ्गास्वपि स्थालीपुलाकवत् सिद्धिः SB on MS 8 1 11 न्याय see under न्याय, also see तुल्यन्याय and तुल्यपाक -बिलम् the interior or hollow of a caldron, P V 1 70 -बिलीयम्, -बिल्यम् *a* fit for cooking (rice etc)

स्थावरादि *n* A kind of poison, L D B.

स्थाविर *a* (-रा or -री *f*) Thick, firm -रम् Old age (commencing after seventy), (बुद्ध स्यात्सप्ततैरुर्ध्व वर्षायान् नवते परम्), गार्हस्थ्येऽयथवा बाल्ये यौवने स्थाविरेऽपि वा Mb 3 200 3

स्थिकः, (-कः) The buttocks, L D B

स्थिर *a* [स्था-किरञ्] (compar स्थेयस्, superl स्थेष्ठ) 1 Firm, steady, fixed, भावस्थिराणि जननान्तरसौहृदानि S. 5.2,

स स्थाणु स्थिरभक्तियोगसुलभो नि श्रेयसायास्तु व V 1 1, Ku 1 30, R 11 19 -2 Immoveable, still, motionless, स्थिरप्रदीप-तामेत्य भुजङ्गा पर्युपासते Ku 2 38 -3 Immoveably fixed, कालेनावरणात्यापारिणते यत्सनेहसारे स्थितम् U 1 39 -4 Permanent, eternal, everlasting, कल्पिष्यन्ते स्थिरगणपदप्राप्तये श्रद्धाना Me 57, Mal 10 25 -5 Cool, collected, composed, placid, calm -6 Quiescent, free from passion -7 Steady in conduct, steadfast -8 Constant, faithful, determined -9 Certain, sure -10 Hard, solid -11 Strong, intense -12 Stern, relentless, hard-hearted, अहो स्थिर कोऽपि तवेप्सितो युवा Ku 5 47 -रः 1 A god, deity -2 A tree -3 A mountain -4 A bull -5 N of Siva -6 N of Kārtakeya -7 Final beatitude or absolution -8 The planet Saturn -9 N of certain zodiacal signs (*Taurus, Leo, Scorpio, and Aquarius*) -रा 1 The earth, पितामहस्तामालीक्य विहस्तामस्थिरा स्थिराम् Siva B 5 47 -2 A strong-minded woman -3 The silkcotton tree -रम् Steadfastness, stubbornness (स्थिरीकृ means 1 to confirm, strengthen, or to corroborate -2 to stop, make fast -3 to cheer up, console, comfort, S 4 -4 To steel (the heart), Amaru स्थिरीभू means 1 to become firm or steady -2 to become calm or tranquil) -Comp -अब्जिपः the marshy date-tree -अनुराग *a* firm in attachment, constant in affection -अपाय *a* subject to constant decay -आत्मन्, -चित्त, -चेतस्, -धी, -बुद्धि, -मति *a* 1 firm-minded, steady in thought or resolve, resolute, न च योगविनेनैवेतर स्थिरधीरा परमात्मदर्शनात् R 8 22 -2 cool, calm, dispassionate -आयति *a* lasting long -आयुस्, -जीविन् *a* long-lived, lasting (-m) the silk-cotton tree (Mar सावरी) -आरम्भ *a* firm in undertakings, persevering -कर्मन् *a* persevering in action, न नव प्रभुरा फलोदयात् स्थिर-कर्मा विरराम कर्मण R 8 22 -कुट्टकः 1 a steady pulverizer -2 a kind of common divisor (in algebra) -कुसुमः the Bakul tree -गतिः the planet Saturn -गन्धः the *Champak* flower (-न्धा) 1 the trumpet-flower -2 the Ketaki plant -छदः the birch tree -छायः 1 a tree which gives shelter to travellers -2 a tree (in general) -जिह्वः a fish -जीवित *a* long-lived -जीविता the silk cotton tree -दंष्ट्रः 1 a snake -2 Visnu in his boar incarnation -3 sound -धामन् *a* belonging to a strong race -पत्रः the marshy date-tree -पद *a* firmly rooted -पुष्पः 1 the *Champak* tree -2 the *Bakula* tree -प्रतिज्ञ *a* 1 persisting in an assertion, obstinate, pertinacious -2 faithful to a promise -प्रतिबन्ध *a* firm in opposition, obstinate, S 2 -प्रतिष्ठा fixed residence or abode -फला *a* kind of gourd (Mar कोहळा) -योनिः a large tree which gives shade and shelter -यौवन *a* ever youthful (-नः) a kind of good or evil genius, a fairy -रङ्गा indigo -रागा *a* kind of curcuma (Mar दाहहृद) -लिङ्ग *a* having a stiff virile organ -चाच् *a* one whose word may be trusted -विक्रम *a* taking firm strides -श्री *a* having

everlasting prosperity -सङ्गर a faithful to a promise, true, veracious -सौहृद a firm in friendship -स्थायिन् a remaining firm or steady, keeping perfectly still (as in meditation)

स्थिरतर a More firm, fixed &c -रः The Supreme Being

स्थिरता, -त्वम् 1 Firmness, steadiness, stability -2 Firm or vigorous effort, fortitude, उत्पन्नमोर्जनयनयोरुपरुद्ध-वृत्ति बाष्प कुरु स्थिरतया विरतायुवन्धम् S 4 14 -3 Constancy, firmness of mind -4 Fixity -5 Fearlessness

स्थिरीकरणम्, स्थिरीकारः Corroboration, confirmation

स्थिरीभावः Immovableness

स्थुङ् 6 P (सुवति) To cover

स्थुरिन् = स्थूरिन् q v

स्थूणा [स्थानक उदन्तादेश प्रपो० Tv] स्थूणायसि स्मृता प्रतिमायां गृहस्तम्भे इति विश्व 1 The post or pillar of a house -2 A post or pillar in general, स्थूणानिखनन्यायेन S B, किमर्थमाक्षेप । दाढ्यार्थ । स्थूणानिखननवत् SB on MS 7 2 1 -3 An iron image or statue, छिन्नस्थूण वृष दृष्ट्वा विलाप च गवा मृशम् Mb 12 265 2 -4 An anvil -Comp -कर्णः 1 a kind of military array -2 a form of Rudra (named also शङ्कुकर्ण), स्थूणाकर्णमथो जाल शर-वर्धमथोत्तवन् Mb 3 167 33 -निखननन्याय see Appendix

स्थूमः 1 Light -2 The moon

स्थूरः 1 A bull -2 A man

स्थूरिन् m A pack-horse or bullock

स्थूरीपृष्ठः A horse not yet ridden on, मित्वा घोणामाव-सेनाधिपक्ष स्थूरीपृष्ठो गाध्रपक्षेण विद्ध । S 18 22

स्थूल् 10 A. To increase, to strengthen, L D B

स्थूल a (compar स्तवीयस् superl स्थाविष्ठ) 1 Large, great, big, bulky, huge, बहुस्पृणापि स्थूलेन स्वीयते बहिरस्मवत् S 2 78 (where it has sense 6 also), स्थूलहस्तावलेपान् Me 14, 108, R. 6 28 -2 Fat, corpulent, stout -3 Strong, powerful, स्थूल स्थूल श्वसिति K 'breathes hard' -4 Thick, clumsy -5 Gross, coarse, rough (fig also) as in स्थूयमानम् q v -6 Foolish, doltish, silly, ignorant -7 Stolid, dull, thick-headed -8 Not exact -9 (In phil) Material (opp. to सूक्ष्म) -लः The jack tree -ला -1 Large cardamoms -2 Scindaspus Officinalis (Mar गजपिपली) -3 Cucumis Utilissimus (Mar शेरकाकडी) -लम् 1 A heap, quantity. -2 A tent -3 The summit of a mountain (कूट) -4 Sour milk, curds -Comp -अन्नम् the larger intestine near the anus -आस्यः a snake -इच्छ a having immoderate desires. -उच्चयः 1 a large fragment of a crag or rock fallen from a

mountain and forming an irregular mound -2 in completeness, deficiency, defect -3 the middle pace of elephants, स्थूले चयेनागमदन्तिकागताम् S 12 16 -4 an eruption of pimples on the face -5 a hollow at the root of an elephant's tusks -कण्टकिका the silk cotton tree -कण्टा the egg-plant -कन्दः 1 a kind of esculent root -2 red garlic -काय a fat, corpulent -काष्ठानिः a tree trunk or a large log of wood set on fire -क्षडः, -क्षेडः an arrow -चापः a large bow like instrument used in cleaning cotton -तालः the marshy date-tree -त्वचा Gmelina Arborea (Mar थोर शिवणी) -वला Aloe Perfoliata (Mar कोरफड) -धी, -मति a foolish, doltish -नालः a kind of large reed. -नास, -नासिक a thick-nosed (-सः, -क.) a hog, boar -नीलः a hawk, falcon -पटः, -टम् coarse cloth -पट्टः cotton (-ट्टम्), -पट्टाकः coarse cloth -पाद a clubfooted, having swelled legs (-दः) 1 an elephant -2 a man with elephantiasis -प्रपञ्चः the gross or material world -फलः the silk cotton tree -भावः Bigness, grossness -भूत n pl the five grosser elements (according to Sāṃkhya phil) -मध्य a. thick in the middle -मरिचम् a kind of berry (ककूल) -मानम् rough or inexact calculation, gross or rough computation -मूलम् a kind of radish -लक्ष, -क्ष्य a 1 munificent, liberal, generous, अकथनो मानयिता स्थूललक्ष्य प्रियवद् Mb 3 45 10 -2 wise, learned -3 inclined to recollect both benefits and injuries -4 taking careless aim -लक्षिता munificence, liberality -वलकल, the red Lodhra tree -विषयः a gross or material object -शङ्खा a woman having a large vulva -शरीरम् the grosser or material and perishable body (opp सूक्ष्म or लिङ्ग-शरीर q v) -शाटकः (-कम्), शाट (टि) का, -शाटिः a thick or coarse cloth -शीर्षिका a small ant having a large head in proportion to its size -गोफ a greatly swollen -वटपदः 1 a large bee -2 a wasp. -सूक्ष्म a mighty and subtle (as the god) -स्कन्धः the lakucha tree -स्थूल a excessively thick -हस्तः 1 an elephant's trunk, दिङ्ना-गाना पथि परिहरन् स्थूलहस्तावलेपान् Me 14 -2 a large or coarse hand

स्थूलक a Large, big, huge, bulky -कः A sort of grass or reed

स्थूलता, -त्वम् 1 Largeness, bulkiness, bigness, कौटिल्य कचसचये प्रवचने मान्य त्रिके स्थूलता (वृश्यते) Pt 1 190 -2 Dulness, stupidity -3 (In phil) Grossness

स्थूलंभविष्णु, स्थूलंभावुक a Liable to become large or stout, P III 2 57

स्थूलयति Den P To become big or stout, grow bulky or fat

स्थूलिन् m A camel

स्थेमन् *m* Firmness, stability, fixity, fixedness, द्राघीयांस सहता स्थेमभाज S1 18 33, न यत्र स्थेमान दधुरतिभयभ्रान्तनयना Bv 1 32

स्थेय *a* [स्था-कर्मणि यत्] To be fixed or placed, to be settled or determined -यः 1 A person chosen to settle a dispute (between two parties), an arbitrator, umpire, a judge, स्थेयाभ्या गृध्रचक्राभ्या वाचा सधि कृत क्षणात् H 4 1 -2 A domestic priest

स्थेयस् *a* (-सी *f*) More firm, stronger, (compared of स्थिर *q v*)

स्थेष्ठ *a* Very firm, strongest, (superl of स्थिर *q v*)

स्थैर्यम् [स्थिरस्य भाव व्यञ्] 1 Firmness, stability, fixity, steadiness -2 Continuance -3 Firmness of mind, resolution, constancy, अमानित्व स्थैर्यमात्मविनिग्रह Bg 13 7 -4 Patience -5 Hardness, solidity -6 Subduing the senses (जितेन्द्रियत्व), ततस्तस्य परिज्ञाय महास्थैर्यं महामुने Rām 7 30 27 -Comp -ज *a* see स्थावर, मातुषा स्थैर्यजाश्चैव पृथग्भोगा विशेषत Mb 13 117 18

स्थौरिन् = स्थौरिन्

स्थौणियः, -स्थौणियकः 1 A kind of perfume -2 A carrot

स्थौरम् 1 Firmness, strength, power -2 A load sufficient for a horse or ass

स्थौरिन् *m* 1 A horse carrying burdens on his back, pack-horse -2 A strong horse

स्थौलक्ष्यम् Munificence, liberality, Ms 7 211

स्थौल्यम् 1 Bigness, bulkiness, stoutness -2 Dulness or density of intellect

स्नवः Trickling, oozing, dripping

स्नस् 1, 4 P (स्नसति, स्नस्यति) 1 To inhabit -2 To eject (as from the mouth), reject

स्नसा A tendon, muscle

स्ना 2 P (स्नाति, स्नात) 1 To bathe, perform a blution, सस्तु पय पपुरनेनिजुरम्बराणि S1 5 28, मृगतृष्णाम्भसि स्नात -2 To perform the ceremony of bathing at the time of leaving the house of one's spiritual preceptor -3 To smear oneself with -*Caus* (स्नापयति-ते, स्नपयति ते) 1 To cause to bathe, wet, moisten, sprinkle, (ताये) सत्यमेना स्नपयाम्बभूवु Ku 7 10, स्मितस्नपिताधरा Gīt 12, U 3 23, K1 5 44, 47, S1 2 7, Me 45 -2 To steep or soak in. -3 To weep for -*Desid* (सिस्नासति) To wish to bathe -With अप् to bathe after mourning. -नि to plunge deep into, *i e* to be perfect or thoroughly versed in, see निष्णात, कुतोऽप्यस्नेह कुटिलनयनिष्णात-मनसाम् Mal 2 7

स्नपन *a* 1 Causing to bathe -2 Used for bathing -नम् 1 Sprinkling, washing -2 Bathing, ablution, रेजे जने. स्नपनसान्द्रतराद्रैर्मूर्ति S1, 5. 57

स्नपित *a* Bathed, washed, sprinkled &c

स्नयः 1 Bathing, ablution -2 Lustration

स्नात *p p* 1 Bathed, washed, purified by ablution, तत शुद्धाम्बरा स्नातास्तस्मा शतमष्ट च Mb 7 82 8 -2 Versed in, मन्ये त्वा विषये वाचा स्नातमन्यत्र छान्दसात् Bhāg 1 4 13 -तः 1 One whose course of holy study is over, वणिङ्मुनिवृत्तस्नाता निर्गम्यार्थान् प्रपेदिरे Bhāg 10 21 49 -2 An initiated householder, of स्नातक -ता = ऋतुस्नाता, तपसा द्योतिता स्नाता ददर्श भगवान्वाष Mb 3 97 13

स्नातकः 1 A Brāhmana who has performed the ceremony of ablution which has to be performed on his finishing his first Āśrama (that of a Brahmachārin), राजस्नातक्योश्चैव स्नातको वृत्तमानभाक् Ms 2 139 -2 A Brāhmana just returned from the house of his preceptor and become an initiated householder (गृहस्थ) -3 A Brāhmana who is a *Bhikṣu* (beggar of alms) for any religious object, नवैतान् स्नातकान् विद्याद् ब्राह्मणान् धर्म-भिक्षुकान् Ms 11 2 -4 Any man of the first three classes who is an initiated householder -Comp -व्रतम् the vows and duties of a स्नातक

स्नात्रम् Bath, ablution

स्नानम् [स्ना-भावे ल्युट्] 1 Bathing, washing, ablution, immersion in water, तत प्रविशति स्नानोत्तीर्ण काश्यप S 4, न स्नानं न विलेपनं न कुसुमं नालकृता मूर्धजा (विभूषयन्ति पुरुष) Bh 2 19 -2 Purification by bathing, any religious or ceremonial ablution -3 The ceremony of bathing or anointing an idol -4 Anything used in ablution तोयकीडानिरतयुवतिस्नानतिकैर्मसद्भि Me 35 -5 Cleansing, washing off -Comp -अगारम् a bath-room -कलशः, -कुम्भः a jar containing lustral water -गृहम् a bath-room, उद्यायावश्यकार्ग्यं ययौ स्नानगृहं वृष Mb 7 82 7 -तीर्थम् a sacred bathing place -तृणम् Kuśa-grass -द्रोणी a bathing tub -यात्रा the festival held on the full-moon day in the month of Jyestha -वस्त्रम् a bathing-garment, सकृत् किं पीडितं स्नानवस्त्रं मुञ्चेत् हुतं पय H 2 104 -विधिः 1 the act of ablution. -2 the proper manner or rules of ablution -शाटी bathing drawers

स्नायीय *a* [स्नानाय हित छ] Fit or suitable for bathing or ablution, worn during bathing, स्नानीयवस्त्रक्रियया पत्रोर्णं वोपयुज्यते M 5 12 -यम् Water or any other article (such as unguents, perfumed powders &c) proper for bathing, बलिक्रियावर्जितसैक्तानि स्नानीयसर्गमना-प्नुवन्ति R 16 21

स्नापकः A servant who bathes his master, or brings bathing-water for him, स्नापका काञ्चनै कुम्भै पूर्णं समुपत-स्थिरे Mb 7 82 8

स्नापनम् The act of causing to bathe, or attending a person while bathing, Ms 2 209,

स्नापित *p p* 1 Caused to bathe, attended on while bathed. -2 Immersed.

स्नास्यत् *m* A student about to become a स्नानक, स्नास्यरतु गुरुणाज्ञप्त शक्त्या गुरुर्धमाहरेत् Ms 2 245

स्नायुः [स्नाति शुभ्यति दोषोऽनया स्ना-उण् Tv] 1 A tendon, muscle, sinew, स्वल्प स्नायुवसावशेषमलिन निर्मासमप्यस्थि यो Bh 2 30 -2 The string of a bow -3 An eruption on the skin of the extremities, also स्नायुक -**Comp** -**अर्मन्** *n* a kind of disease of the eyes -**बन्धः** a bow-string -**मर्मन्** the joint of a sinew -**स्पन्दः** pulse

स्नायुकः See स्नायु

स्नावः, -स्नावन् *m* A tendon, muscle, मासान्यस्य शर्कराणि किनाटं स्नाव तस्थिरम् Bri Up 3 9 28

स्नाविर *a* With sinews, see अस्नाविर

स्निद् 10 U (स्नेहयति-ते) 1 To go -2 To love, be in love

स्निह् 4 P (स्निहति, स्निग्ध) 1 To feel or have affection for, love, be fond of (with loc of the person or thing that is loved or liked), किं नु खलु बालेऽस्मिन्नौरस इव पुत्रे स्निहति मे मनः S 7, स च स्निहन्त्यावयो U 6 (where आवयो may be genitive also) -2 To be easily attached -3 To be pleased with, be kind to -4 To be sticky, viscid, or adhesive -5 To be smooth or bland -**Caus** (स्नेहयति-ते) 1 To make unctuous, anoint, besmear, lubricate -2 To cause to love -3 To dissolve, destroy, kill

स्निग्ध *a* [स्निह्-क्] 1 Loving, affectionate, friendly, attached, tender, नादस्तावद्विकल्कुररीकूजितस्निग्धतार Māl 5 20 -2 Oily, unctuous, greasy, wetted with oil, उत्पश्यामि त्वयि तदगते स्निग्धमिन्नाज्जनामे Me. 61, स्निग्धवेणीसवर्णे 18, Sī 12 62, Māl 10 4 -3 Sticky, viscid, adhesive, cohesive -4 Glistening, shining, glassy, resplendent, कनकानिकषास्निग्धा विद्युत् प्रिया न ममोर्वशी V 4 1, Me 39, U 1 33, 6 21 -5 Smooth, emollient -6 Moist, wet -7 Cooling -8 Kind, soft, bland, amiable, प्रीतिस्निग्धैर्जनपदवधूलोचनैः पीयमान Me 16 -9 Lovely, agreeable, charming, स्निग्धगम्भीरनिर्घोषम् R 1 36, Me 66, U 2 14, 3 22 -10 Thick, dense, compact, स्निग्धच्छायातरु वसति रामगिर्याश्रमेषु (चक्रे) Me 1 -11 Intent, fixed, steadfast (as a gaze or look) -**गधः** 1 A friend, an affectionate or friendly person, विज्ञै स्निग्धैरुपकृतमपि द्वेभ्यतामेति कैश्चित् H 2 149, or स स्निघोऽकुशालान्निवारयति यः Subhās, Pt 2 171 -2 The red castor oil plant -3 A kind of pine -**गधम्** 1 Oil -2 Bee's-wax -3 Light, lustre -4 Thickness, coarseness -5 Civet -**Comp** -**जनः** an affectionate or friendly person, a friend, स्निग्धजनसविभक्त हि दुःख सङ्घवेदनं भवति S 3 -**तण्डुलः** a kind of rice of quick growth. -**दृष्टि** *a* looking intently or with a fixed gaze

-**पत्रः**, -**त्रा** the jujube -**फला** the ichneumon plant (Mar सुगूसेल) -**राजिः** a kind of snake

स्निग्धता, -**त्वम्** 1 Oiliness -2 Blandness -3 Tenderness, affection, love

स्निग्धा Marrow

स्नु 2 P (स्नौति, स्नुत) 1 To drip, trickle, fall in drops, distil, drop, ooze or run out, leak out, -2 To flow, stream

स्नुत *a* Oozed, dropped, flowed &c, त्रिष्टुम्भासात् स्नुतोऽनुष्टुब्जगत्यस्त्र प्रजापते Bhāg 3 12 45

स्नु *m, n* 1 Table land -2 Top, surface (in general) (This word has no forms for the first five inflections and is optionally substituted for सात् after acc dual)

स्नु *f* A sinew, tendon, muscle

स्नुचिका Natron, mineral alkali

स्नुषा A daughter-in-law, समुपास्यत पुत्रभोग्यया स्नुषयेवा-विकृतेन्द्रिय श्रिया R 8 14, 15 72

स्नुस् 4 P (स्नुस्यति) 1 To disappear, become invisible -2 To take, accept

स्नुह् 4 P (स्नुहति, स्नुग्ध or स्नुह) To vomit

स्नुह, स्नुहा, -**हिः** *f*, -**ही** The milk-hedge plant [Raghunandana, the author of Kṛtyatattva (Jivānanda's ed of Smṛitattva vol II, 1895) quotes a verse from the Devīpurāṇa in connection with the worship of the goddess Manasā to get rid of the fear of snake-bite (cf Dr Kane's History of Dharma śāstra, vol V p 125) He explains स्नुही as सिञ्जुश्च The botanic name of the tree is Euphorbia Nerifolia (Mar निवड्डग) It is a plant from the stem of which a sticky substance oozes out]

स्नेहः [स्निह्-घञ्] 1 Affection, love, kindness, tenderness, स्नेहदाक्षिण्ययोर्योगात् कामीव प्रतिभाति मे V 2 4 (where it has sense 6 also), अस्ति मे सोदरस्नेहोऽप्येतेषु S 1 -2 Oiliness, viscosity, unctuousness, lubricity (one of the 24 Gūnas according to the Vaiśeṣikas) -3 Moisture, तृष्णासजननं स्नेह एष तेषां पुनर्भव Mb 12 218 33 -4 Grease, fat, any unctuous substance -5 Oil, निर्विघ्नविषयस्नेहः स दशान्तमुपेयिवात् R 12 1, Pt 1 82 (where the word has sense 1 also), 221, R 4 75 -6 Any fluid of the body, such as semen -**Comp** -**अक्त** *a* oiled, lubricated, greased -**अङ्कनम्** a mark of affection -**अनुवृत्तिः** *f* affectionate or friendly intercourse -**आशः** a lamp -**कुम्भः** an oil-vessel -**केसरिन्** castor-oil. -**छेदः**, -**भङ्गः** breach or loss of friendship -**पक्व** *a*. dressed with oil -**पानम्** drinking oil (as a medicine). -**पूर्वम्** *ind.* affectionately -**प्रवृत्तिः** *f* flow or course of love, त्वयस्या कथमप्यवान्धवक्त्रां स्नेहप्रवृत्तिं च ताम् S.

4 17 -प्रसरः, -प्रस्रवः effusion of love -प्रिय a fond of oil (-यः) a lamp -बीजः the Piyāla tree -भाण्डम् an oil vessel -जीविन् an oilman -भूः phlegm -भूमिः f 1 anything yielding oil -2 an object of love or affection, beloved person -रङ्गः sesamum -रसनम् the mouth -रेकभू m the moon -वरम् fat -वस्तिः f injection of oil, an oily enema -विद्धः the Devadāra tree -विमर्दित a anointed with oil -व्यक्तिः f manifestation of love, display of friendship, (भवति) स्नेहव्यक्तिश्चिरविरहज सुखतो बाष्पमुष्णम् Me 12 -संभाषः kind conversation, friendly talk, chat -सार a having oil for its chief ingredient

स्नेहन् m 1 A friend -2 The moon -3 A kind of disease

स्नेहन a [स्निह्-णिच् त्य ल्युट् वा] 1 Anointing, lubricating -2 Destroying -नम् 1 Anointing, unction, rubbing or smearing with oil or unguents -2 Unctuousness -3 An unguent, emollient

स्नेहल a 1 Fond of -2 Tender

स्नेहित p p 1 Loved -2 Kind, affectionate -3 Anointed, lubricated -तः A friend, a beloved person

स्नेहिन् a (-नी f) [स्नेह-णिनि] 1 Attached, affectionate, friendly -2 Oily, unctuous, fat -m 1 A friend -2 An anointer, a smearer -3 A painter

स्नेहुः 1 The moon -2 A kind of disease -3 A friend, Un 1 10

स्नै 1 P (स्नायति) To dress, wrap round, envelop

स्नैगध्यम् 1 Unctuousness, oiliness, lubricity -2 Tenderness, fondness -3 Smoothness, blandness

स्पन्द 1 Ā (स्पन्दते, स्पन्दित) 1 To throb, palpitate, अस्पन्दिष्टाक्षि वाम च Bk 15 27, 14 83 -2 To shake, tremble, quiver -3 To go, move, स्पन्दन्ति वै तनुमृतामज-शर्वयोश्च Bhāg 12 8 40 -4 To come suddenly to life

स्पन्दः [स्पन्द-घञ्] 1 Throbbing, palpitation -2 Vibration, tremor, motion, मनो मन्दस्पन्द बहिरपि चिरस्यापि विमृशन् Bh 3 51

स्पन्दनम् [स्पन्द-ल्युट्] 1 Throbbing, pulsation, palpitation, quivering, वामाक्षिस्पन्दन सूचयित्वा Māl 1, so अघर°, बाहु°, शरीर° &c -2 Tremor, vibration -3 The quickening of a child in the womb -4 Rapid motion, going

स्पन्दित p p [स्पन्द-क्] 1 Throbbled, quivered -2 Gone -तम् A pulsation, throb, palpitation -2 Activity (of the mind).

स्पन्दोलिका Swinging backwards and forwards, rocking on a swing (a kind of game), Bhāg 10 18 15 (v 1)

स्पर्ध 1 Ā (स्पर्धते) 1 To contend or vie with, emulate, rival, compete, be equal with, अस्पर्धिष्ट च रामेण Bk 15 65, कस्तैस्सह स्पर्धते Bh 2 16 -2 To challenge, defy, bid defiance to

स्पर्ध a Emulous, envious

स्पर्धनम् 1 Competition, emulation -2 Envy, jealousy

स्पर्धा [स्पर्ध-अ] 1 Emulation, rivalry, competition, आत्मनस्तु दुवे स्पर्धा शुद्धवीर्यहृमन्यत -2 Jealousy, envy -3 Defiance -4 Equality with

स्पर्धित p p 1 Emulating, contending -2 Challenged, defied

स्पर्धिन् a (-नी f) 1 Rivaling, emulating, competing, vying with, तवावरस्पर्धिषु विदुषेभ्यु R 13 13, 16. 62 -2 Emulous, envious -3 Proud -m A competitor, an equal

स्पर्ध्य a 1 Desirable -2 Valuable, शयन तत्र सकलस्य रपभ्यास्तिरणसदृशम् Mb 1 47 7

स्पर्श 10 Ā (स्पर्शते) 1 To take, take hold of, touch -2 To unite, join -3 To embrace, clasp

स्पर्शः 1 [स्पर्श्, स्पृश् वा-घञ्] Touch, contact (in all senses), स्पर्शान् कृत्वा बहिर्बाह्याश्चक्षुश्चैवान्तरे भ्रुवो Bg 5 27, तदिदं स्पर्शक्षम रत्नम् S 1 28, 2 7 -2 Contact (in astr) -3 Conflict, encounter -4 Feeling, sensation, the sense of touch -5 The quality of touch or tangibility, touch, the object or विषय of skin (त्वच्), स्पर्शगुणो वायु T S, स्पर्शनं स्पर्शतो स्पर्शान् बुद्धिर्विक्रियतेऽसकृन् Mb 12 285 20 -6 That which affects or influences, affection, seizure -7 Disease, illness, disorder, distemper -8 A consonant of any of the five classes of letters (from क् to म्), कादयो मान्ता स्पर्शा, स्पर्शस्तस्यामवज्जीव स्वरो देह उदाहृत Bhāg 3 12 46 -9 A gift, donation, presentation -10 Air, wind -11 The sky -12 Sexual union, क्रीडस्यो सप्रयोगे स्पर्श कस्याधिको भवेत् Mb 13 12 1 -13 A secret spy -शी An unchaste woman -Comp -अज्ञ a senseless, insensible -अनुकल a. pleasant to the touch, cooling -आनन्दा an apsaras -इन्द्रियम् the organ or sense of touch -उदय a followed by a consonant -उपलः, -मणिः, a kind of jewel considered to be the same as 'philosopher's stone' मणिप्रभवम् gold, L D B -क्षिष्ट a painful to the touch -क्षम a capable of touch, tangible -गुण a having the quality of tangibility (as air), बलवाजायते वायु स वै स्पर्शगुणो मत Ms 1 76 -तन्मात्रम् the subtle element of tangibility -द्वेषः sensitiveness to touch -यज्ञः an offering consisting in the mere touch of the things offered, स्पर्शयज्ञ करिष्यामि विधिरेष सनातन Mb 14 92 19 -रसिक a sensual, lustful -लज्जा, -संकोचपर्णिका the sensitive plant (Mar. लाजाङ्क). -वेद्य a to be apprehended by the sense of

touch -संचारिन् *a* contagious, infectious -स्नानम्
ablution at the entrance of the sun or moon into an
eclipse -स्पन्दः, -स्यन्दः *a* frog

स्पर्शन *a* (-नी *f*) [स्पर्श-स्पृश् वा ल्युट्] 1 Touching,
handling -2 Affecting, influencing -नः Air, wind
-नम् 1 Touching, touch, contact -2 Sensation, feel
ing -3 Sense or organ of touch, Bg 15 9 -4 A
gift, donation

स्पर्शनकम् *A* term used in Sāmkhya philosophy for
the 'skin.'

स्पर्शवत् *a* 1 Tangible -2 Soft, soft or agreeable
to the touch, भूर्जत्वच स्पर्शवतीर्दवाना Ku 1 55

स्पर्शिक *a* Tangible, perceptible

स्पर्शित *a* Given, donated, ज्ञात्वा तपसि सिद्धिं च पत्न्यै
स्पर्शिता तदा Rām 7 30 27 (com स्पर्शिता भार्यात्वेन दत्ता)

स्पष्टम् *m* A distemper, disorder of the body, disease

स्पृष्ट 1 *Ā* (स्पृष्टे) To become wet or moist

स्पृश् 1 *U* (स्पृशति-ते) 1 To obstruct -2 To under-
take, perform -3 To string together -4 To touch
-5 To see, behold, perceive clearly, spy out, espy

स्पृशः [स्पृश्-अच्] 1 A spy, a secret emissary or
agent, स्पृशे शनैर्गतवति तत्र विद्विषाम् Śi 17 20, Mu 3 13,
see अपस्पृश also -2 Fight, war, battle -3 One who
fights with savage animals (for reward), or the fight
itself

स्पष्ट *a* [स्पृश्-क्त नि० इडभाव] 1 Distinctly visible,
evident, clearly perceived, clear, plain, manifest, स्पष्टे
जाति प्रत्यये K 'when it was broad day-break', स्पष्टाकृति
R 18 30, स्पष्टार्थ &c -2 Real, true -3 Full-blown
expanded -4 One who sees clearly -ष्टम् *ind* 1 Clear-
ly, distinctly, plainly -2 Openly, boldly (स्पष्टीकृ
means 'to make clear or distinct', explain, elucidate)
-Comp -अक्षर *a* distinctly spoken -अर्थ *a* intel-
ligible, clear -गर्भा *a* woman who shows evident signs
of pregnancy -प्रतिपत्तिः *f* distinct notion, clear
perception -भाषिन्, -वक्तु *a* plain-spoken, outspoken,
candid

स्पष्टयति Den *P* To make clear, explain, elucidate

स्पष्टीकरणम् Making clear or intelligible

स्पष्टीकृतिः Rectification, correction

स्पृ 5 *P* (स्पृणोति) 1 To deliver or extricate from.
-2 To gratify -3 To grant, bestow, स मेन्द्रो मेधया स्पृणोतु
T Up 1 4 1 -4 To protect -5 To live

स्पृका Trigonella Corniculata (पिण्डका)

स्पृध् *m* A rival, enemy, तयो स्पृधोस्तिष्मगदाहताङ्गयो
Bhāg. 3 18 19. -*f*. Contest, fight,

स्पृश 6 *P* (स्पृशति, पस्पृश, अपस्पृशत्-अस्पृशीत्-अस्पृक्षीत्,
स्पृक्ष्यति-स्पृक्ष्यति, स्पृक्षु-स्पृक्षुम्, स्पृष्ट) 1 To touch, स्पृशन्नपि गजो
हन्ति H 3 14, कर्णे पर स्पृशति हन्ति पर समूलम् Pt 1 304.
-2 To lay the hand on, stroke gently with, touch, हस्तेन
पस्पृश तदङ्गमिन्द्र Ku 3 22 -3 To adhere or cling to,
come in contact with -4 To wash or sprinkle with
water, खानि चैव स्पृशेदद्विरात्मान शिर एव च Ms 2 60 -5
To go to, reach, अस्यापि या स्पृशति वशिन्श्चारणद्वन्द्वगीत S 2
15, R 3 43 -6 To attain to, obtain, reach a parti-
cular state, महोक्षता वत्सतर स्पृशन्निव R 3 32, विनाप्यर्थैर्वीर
स्पृशति बहुमानोन्नतिपदम् H 1 175 -7 To act upon, influ-
ence, affect, move, touch, नन्दस्नेहगुणा स्पृशन्ति हृदय मृत्योऽस्मि
तद्विद्विषाम् Mu 7 16, Ku 6 95 -8 To refer or allude to
-9 To take, receive, accept (as a sacrificial offering)
-10 To injure, harm -11 To come into contact (in
astr) -12 To equal with -*Pass* To be polluted, de-
fined, or tainted, मया गृहीतनामान स्पृश्यन्त इव पाप्मना U 1 48
-*Caus* (स्पृशयति-ते) 1 To cause to touch -2 To give,
present, गा कोटिश स्पर्शयता घटोन्नी R 2 49

स्पृश *a* 1 (At the end of comp) Who or what
touches, touching, affecting, piercing, मर्मस्पृश, हृदिस्पृश
&c -2 Experiencing, betraying

स्पृशः Touch, contact

स्पृशी The prickly night-shade (Mar काटेरिंगणी)

स्पृश्य *a* 1 Tangible -2 To be taken in possession

स्पृष्ट *p p* [स्पृश्-क्त] 1 Touched, felt with the hand
-2 Come in contact with, touching -3 Reaching, ap-
plying or extending to, अपस्पृष्टपुरुषान्तरम् Ku 6 75 -4
Affected, seized, शङ्कास्पृष्टा Me 71, अनघस्पृष्टम् R 10 19
-5 Tainted, defiled, न च या स्पृष्टमैथुना Ms 8 205 -6 Form-
ed by the complete contact of the organs of speech
(the letters of the five classes), अचोऽस्पृष्टा गणस्त्वौषनेम-
स्पृष्टा शल स्मृता । शेषा स्पृष्टा हल प्रोक्ता निबोधानुप्रदानत Śik
38 -ष्टम् Touch -Comp -पूर्व *a* experienced before
-मात्र *a* merely touched

स्पृष्टकम् *A* kind of light embrace, नलस्पृष्टकमेत्य हृष्टा
N 6 35 (यद् येषित समुखमागताया अन्यापदेशाद् व्रजते नरस्य ।
गात्रेण गात्र घटते यदेतदालिङ्गन स्पृष्टकमाहुरायौ ॥ Com by Nārā-
yana)

स्पृष्टास्पृष्टि *n*, स्पृष्टास्पृष्टम् Touching one another,
of *P* II. 2 27

स्पृष्टिः, स्पृष्टिका *f* Touch, contact, तद्वयस्य अस्मच्छरीर-
स्पृष्टिकया शापितोऽसि Mk 3

स्पृह् 10 *U* (स्पृहयति-ते) To wish, long for, desire for,
yearn, envy (with dat), स्पृहयामि खलु दुर्ललितायास्मै S 7,
तप क्लेशायापि स्पृहयन्ति K, न मैथिलेय स्पृहयाबभूव भर्त्रे दिवो
ना यलकेश्वराय R 16 42, Bh 2 45

स्पृहणम् [स्पृह्-ल्युट्] The act of desiring or wishing,
longing for.

स्पृहणीय *a* [स्पृह्-अनीयर्] To be desired or longed for, enviable, desirable, अहो बतासि स्पृहणीयवीर्यं Ku 3 20, वन्धा त्वमेव जगत स्पृहणीयसिद्धिं Māl 10 21, परस्परं स्पृहणीय-शोभनं चेद्विद्वन्मयोर्जायिष्यत् R 7 14, Ku 7 66, U 6 40

स्पृहयाय्य, स्पृहयालु *a* [स्पृह्-आलुच्] Disposed to be desirous or envious of, longing or eager for, covetous (with dat or loc), भोगेभ्यः स्पृहयालवो न हि वयम् Bh 3 64, तपोवनेषु स्पृहयालुरेव R 14 15

स्पृहा [स्पृह्-अञ्] Desire, eager desire, ardent wish, longing, envy, covetousness, कथमन्ये करिष्यन्ति पुत्रेभ्यः पुत्रिणं स्पृहाम् V 3 29, R 8 34

स्पृहालु = स्पृहयालु *q v*

स्पृहा, -स्पृहार्ह *a* Desirable, enviable, किं ते कामा सुर-रार्हा सुदुन्दमनसो द्विजा Bhāg 1 12 6 -**स्पृहा**: The wild citron tree

स्पृ 9 P (स्पृणाति) To hurt, kill

स्पृष्टव्यम् Touch, feeling

स्पृष्ट *m* See स्पृष्ट

स्फट् 1 P (स्फटति) To burst, expand

स्फटः A snake's expanded hood, cf फट-टा -टी Alum

स्फटा 1 A snake's expanded hood -2 Alum

स्फटिकः 1 A crystal, quartz, अपगतमले हि मनसि स्फटिकमणाविव रजनिकरगभस्तय सुखं प्रविशन्त्युपदेशगुणा K -का 1 Sulphate of alumina or alum -2 Camphor -Comp. -अचल. the mount Meru -अद्रिः the mount Kailāsa भिद् *m* camphor -अभ्रः camphor -अश्मन्, -आत्मन्, -मणि *m*, -शिला a crystal stone -कुड्यम्, भित्तिः crystal wall -प्रभ्र *a* crystalline, transparent -स्कम्भः a crystal column

स्फटिकारिः, -स्फटिकारिका *f* Sulphate of alumina

स्फटिकी Alum

स्फटित *p p* Torn

स्फण्ड् I 1 P (स्फण्डति) To burst, open, expand -II 10 U (स्फण्डयति-ते) To jest or joke with, laugh at

स्फण्ड 1 P, 10 U (स्फण्डति, स्फण्डयति-ते) To laugh at, joke with, deride

स्फर् See स्फुर्

स्फरणम् Trembling, quivering, throbbing

स्फरः, -स्फरकः A shield

स्फाटकः A drop of water -कम् Crystal -की Alum.

स्फाटिक *a* (-की *f*) Crystalline, उवाच हासकिरणैः कुर्वण स्फाटिकं जगत् Bm 1 1133, Rām 3 55 8. -कम् 1 A crystal -2 A kind of sandal

स. इ. को ... २१०

स्फाटीकम् Crystal

स्फाटित *p p* Split open, burst, expanded, made to gape

स्फाय 1 A (स्फायते, स्फीत) 1 To grow large or fat, to become big or bulky -2 To swell, increase, expand, सद्गुणैः तयो कोपं पस्फायै शस्त्रलाघवम् Bk 14 109. -*Caus* (स्फावयति-ते) To cause to grow large, augment, increase, तावस्फावयता शस्त्रीर्बाणाश्चाकिरता सुहु Bk 17 43, 4. 33, स्व स्फावयन् शस्त्रिणं प्रभावम् Bk 12 76, 15 99

स्फात *p p* Increased, enlarged, swollen

स्फातिः *f* [स्फाय्-भावे क्तिन् यलोप] 1 Swelling, intumescence -2 Increase, growth

स्फीत *p p* [स्फाय्-क्त रफीभाव] 1 Swollen, increased, अनुजनिधनस्फीताच्छोकादतिप्रणयाच्च तत् Ve 5 40 -2 Fat, thick, big, large, bulky -3 Many, numerous, much, copious, plentiful, abundant -4 Delighted, joyful -5 Pure, मृद्वीर्यं रसिता सिता समशिता स्फीत निपीत पय Bv 4 13 -6 Successful, prosperous, thriving -7 Affected by hereditary disease -8 Dilated, कौतुहलात् स्फीततरैश्च नेत्रैः Bu Ch 3 10 (स्फीतीकृ means 'to augment or enlarge') -Comp -नितम्बा having full buttocks

स्फीतिः *f* 1 Growth, increase, enlargement -2 Abundance, copiousness, plenty, धनधान्यस्य च स्फीतिः सदा मे वर्तता गृहे -3 Prosperity

स्फार *a* [स्फाय्-र्क् Un 2 13] 1 Large, great, increased, expanded, स्फारफुल्लस्फणापीठनिधेयं &c Māl 5 23, Mv 6 32 -2 Much, abundant, यद्वैकुण्ठवराहकण्ठकुहर-स्फारोच्छलद्भिरव Mv 5 2, Bh 3 42 -3 Loud -रः 1 Swelling, increase, enlargement, growth -2 A bubble (in gold) -3 A protuberance -4 Throbbing, quivering, palpitation, vibration -5 Twanging -6 An ornament (of brass etc) in the form of bubbles, L D B -रम् Abundance, much, plenty (स्फारीभू 1 to swell out, expand, spread out, increase, multiply, सुस्निग्धा विमुखीभवन्ति सुहृद स्फारीभवन्त्यापद Mk 1 36, Pt 5. 24. -2 to become manifest.)

स्फारणम् Throbbing, shaking, trembling

स्फारित *p p* Opened, wide, कवलित इव कृत्स्नश्चक्षुषा स्फारितेन Māl 3 16

स्फाल 1 P (स्फालति) To tremble, quiver, throb, palpitate -10 U or *Caus*. (स्फालयति-ते) To cause to tremble or shake.

स्फालः [स्फल्-घञ्] Throbbing, palpitation, beat, trembling

स्फालनम् 1 Quivering, palpitating -2 Causing to shake about or move -3 Rubbing, friction, अनवरतघनु-ज्यास्फालनकूपूर्वम् Ś 2 4 -4 Patting or stroking (as a horse), gentle rubbing

स्फिच् *f* Buttocks, hips, लम्बस्फिग्लम्बजठर Mb 1 152
3, असस्फिक्पृष्ठपिण्डाद्यवयवसुलभान्युग्रपूतीनि जग्वा Mā 5 16

स्फिद् 10 U (स्फिद्यति-ते) 1 To hurt, injure, kill -2 To despise -3 To love -4 To cover

स्फिद् 10 U (स्फिद्यति-ते) To hurt &c, see स्फिद् above

स्फिर *a* (compar स्फेयस्, superl स्फेष्ठ) 1 Abundant, much, large -2 Many, numerous -3 Vast, capacious

स्फुट I 6 P, 1 U (स्फुटति, स्फोटति-ते, स्फुटित) 1 To burst or split open, break forth, be suddenly rent asunder, cleave, split, break, हा हा देवि स्फुटति हृदय ससते देह-बन्ध U 3 38, स्फुटति न सा मनसिजविनिर्गतेन Git 7, Bk 14 56, 15 77 -2 To expand, open, blow, blossom, स्फुटति कुसुमनिकरे विरहिहृदयदलनाय Git 5, Pt 1 136 Kāv 3 167 -3 To run or bound away, disperse, तुरङ्गा पुस्फुटुर्भाता Bk 14 6, 10 8 -4 To become visible, burst into view, become evident or manifest -5 To abate (as a disease) -II 10 U (स्फुटयति-ते) 1 To burst, crack, break open -2 To burst into view -Caus (स्फोटयति-ते) 1 To burst or rend asunder, split, tear open, cleave, divide -2 To manifest, show, make clear -3 To disclose, divulge, make public -4 To hurt, destroy, kill -5 To winnow

स्फुट *a* [स्फुट्-क] 1 Burst, rent asunder, broken, split -2 Opened, expanded, full-blown, स्फुटपरागपरागत-पङ्कजम् Si 6 2, 5 -3 Manifested, displayed, made clear -4 Clear, plain, distinctly visible or manifest, अत्र स्फुटो न कश्चिदलकार K P 1, Ku 5 14, Me 72, Ku 11 44 -5 Bursting into view, कदम्बयष्टि स्फुटकोरकेव U 3 12 -6 White, bright, pure, सुक्ताफल वा स्फुटविद्रुमस्थम् Ku 1 44 -7 Well-known, famous, स्फुटनृत्यलीलमभवत् सुतयो Si 9 79 (= प्रथित) -8 Spread, diffused -9 Loud -10 Apparent, true -11 Corrected -12 Extraordinary, strange -टः, -टः The expanded hood of a snake -टम् *ind* Clearly, evidently, distinctly, certainly, manifestly -Comp -अर्थ *a* 1 intelligible, obvious -2 significant -तार *a* bright or gemmed with stars -पुण्डरीकम् the expanded (lotus of the) heart, अथाशयो वा स्फुटपुण्डरीक पुराधिराज तदलचकार Bu Ch 1 9 -फलम् (in geom) 1 distinct or precise area of a triangle -2 the clear or net result of any calculation -चत्कली the heart-plant (Mar मालमङ्गोष्णी) -सारः the true latitude of a star or planet (?) -सूर्यगतिः *f* the apparent or true motion of the sun

स्फुटनम् [स्फुट्-ल्युट्] 1 Breaking open, rending, bursting forth, tearing open -2 Expanding, opening, blossoming -3 Cracking of the joints

स्फुटिः, -टी *f* 1 Cracking of the skin of the feet, sores or swelling of the feet -2 The (cracked) fruit of कर्कटी

स्फुटिका 1 A small bit broken off, a slice

स्फुटित *p p* [स्फुट्-क्] 1 Burst, broken open, split, cracked, पाकारणस्फुटितदाडिमकान्ति वक्त्रम् Mā 9 31 -2 Budded, blown, expanded (as a flower), स्फुटितकमल-मोदप्राया प्रवान्तु वनानिला U 3 24 -3 Made clear, manifested, shown -4 Torn, destroyed -5 Laughed at -Comp -चरण *a* having wide feet, splay-footed

स्फुटीकरणम् 1 Manifestation -2 Correction

स्फुटद् 10 U (स्फुटयति ते) To despise, slight, disrespect

स्फुड् 6 P (स्फुडति) To cover

स्फुण्ड I 1 P (स्फुण्डति) To open, expand -II 10 U (स्फुण्डयति ते) To jest, joke, laugh at

स्फुण्ड 1 Ā, 10 U (स्फुण्डते, स्फुण्डयति-ते) See स्फुण्ड

स्फुत् *ind* An imitative sound -Comp -करः fire -कारः the sound स्फुत्, a crackling noise

स्फुर 6 P (स्फुरति, स्फुरित) 1 (a) To throb, palpitate (as eyes &c), गान्तमिदमाश्रमपद स्फुरति च बाहु कुत फल-मिहास्य S 1 16, स्फुरता वामकेनापि दाक्षिण्यमवलम्ब्यते Mā 1 8, अभिमतफलशसी चारु पुस्फोर बाहु Bk 1 27, स्फुरति हृदय बाहय रथम् Pratimā 3 1 (b) To shake, tremble, quiver, vibrate in general, स्फुरदधरनासापुटतया U 1 29, 6 33 -2 To twitch, struggle, become agitated, हत पृथिव्या कर्ण स्फुरन्तम् Rām -3 To start, dart, spring forward, पुस्फुरवृषभा परम् Bk 14 6 -4 To spring back, rebound (as a bow) -5 To spring or break forth, shoot out, spring up, rise forth, धमेत स्फुरति निर्मल यज्ञ Ku 3 68 -6 To start into view, become visible or manifest, appear clearly, become displayed, मुखान् स्फुरन्ती को हर्तुमिच्छति हरे परिभूय दध्राम् Mu 1 8, रचितसचिरभूषा दृष्टिमोषे प्रदोषे स्फुरति निरवसादा कापि राधा जगाद Git 11 -7 To flash, scintillate, sparkle, glitter, gleam, shine, स्फुरतु कुचकुम्भयोरुपरि मणिमञ्जरी रज्जयतु तव हृदयदेशम् Git 10, (तया) स्फुरत्प्रभामण्डलया चकारो Ku 1 24, R 3 60, 5 51, Me 15, 27 -8 To shine, distinguish oneself, become eminent, जातस्तु गण्यते सोऽत्र य स्फुरत्यन्वयाधिकम् Pt 1 27 -9 To flash on the mind, rush suddenly into memory -10 To go tremulously -11 To bruise, destroy -Caus (स्फारयति-ते, स्फोरयति-ते) 1 To cause to throb or vibrate -2 To cause to shine, irradiate -3 To throw, cast -With अप to shine forth or out -अभि 1 to spread or be diffused, expand -2 to become known

स्फुर (at the end of a compound) quivering, throbbing, तत सपत्नापनयस्मरणाञ्जुशयस्फुरा Si 2 14

स्फुरः [स्फुर्-भावे घञ्] 1 Throbbing, trembling, quivering -2 Swelling -3 A shield -4 Coruscating

स्फुरणम् [स्फुर् ल्युट्] 1 Throbbing, quivering, trembling (in general) -2 Throbbing or quivering of certain parts of the body (indicating good or bad luck) -3 Breaking forth, arising, starting into view.

-4 Gleaming, flashing, glittering, shining, twinkling
-5 Flashing on the mind, crossing the memory -6
Expansion, manifestation

स्फुरत् *a* Throbbing, shining &c -Comp -उल्का *a*
shooting meteor, aerolite -गन्धः diffused odour

स्फुरित *p p* 1 Trembling, throbbing -2 Shaken
-3 Glittering, shining -4 Unsteady -5 Swollen -6
Manifested, displayed, तत उदयगिरेरिवैक एव स्फुरितयुण्युति-
सुन्दर कलावान् Māl 2 10 -तम् 1 A throb, palpitation,
tremor, (बट्) पुनर्विबुध स्फुरितोत्तराधर Ku 5 88 -2 Agi-
tation or emotion of the mind -3 Flash, gleam, विद्यु-
द्दामस्फुरितचक्रिर्नैत्र पौराङ्गनानाम् Me 27 -4 Sudden ap-
pearance.

स्फुर्च्छ, स्फुर्च्छ 1 P (स्फुर्च्छति) 1 To spread, extend
-2 To forget

स्फूर्ज, स्फूर्ज 1 P (स्फूर्जति) 1 To thunder, make a
sound like thunder-clap, crash, explode, अस्फूर्जोद्गिरिशृङ्ग
च व्यस्राक्षीदगन्धमादन Bk 15 44 -2 To glitter, shine -3
To burst or break forth, स्फूर्जत्येव स एष सप्रति मम न्यकार-
भिन्नस्थिते Mv 3 40

स्फूर्जथुः = स्फूर्जथु below

स्फूर्जः 1 The crashing sound of a thunder-clap -2
Indra's thunder-bolt -3 Sudden burst or rise, as in
नर्मस्फूर्ज. -4 First union of lovers characterized by joy
in the beginning and some expectation of fear in the
end

स्फूर्जथुः A clap or peal of thunder, गर्जाजर्जरीतासु
दिक्षु बाधेरे तस्फूर्जथुस्फूर्जिते Mv 7 13

स्फूर्जनम् 1 The act of thundering -2 An explosion
or crash

स्फूर्जा The crashing sound of a thunder clap, कुर्या-
द्योगिनमप्येष स्फूर्जवान् परिमोदिनम् Bk 7 10

स्फूर्जितम् A thunder, crash

स्फुल 6 P (स्फुलति) 1 To tremble, throb, vibrate
-2 To dart forth, appear -3 To collect -4 To kill,
destroy

स्फुलम् A tent

स्फुलनम् Trembling, throbbing, palpitation

स्फुलिङ्गः, -ङ्गम्, स्फुलिङ्गा [स्फुल् इङ्गक् Un 1 118]
A spark of fire, स्फुलिङ्गावस्थया बहिरधोपेक्ष इव स्थित
S 7 15, Ve 6 8

स्फुलिङ्गिनी One of the seven tongues of fire

स्फूर्तिः *f* [स्फुर्च्छ-स्फुर् वा क्तिन्] 1 Throbbing, shaking,
vibration -2 Spring, bound -3 Blooming, opening
-4 Manifestation, display -5 Flashing on the mind
-6 Poetical inspiration -7 Bragging, boasting

स्फूर्तिमत् *a* 1 Throbbing, tremulous, agitated -2
Tender-hearted -m A follower or worshipper of Śiva
(पाशुपत)

स्फेयस् *a* More abundant, larger (compar of
स्फिर *q v*)

स्फेष्ठ *a* Most abundant, largest (superl of स्फिर
q v)

स्फोटः [स्फुट् करणे घञ्] 1 Breaking forth, splitting
open, bursting -2 Disclosure, as in नर्मस्फोट -3 A
swelling, boil, tumour, अयमपरो गण्डस्थोपरि स्फोट Mu
5 -4 The idea which bursts out or flashes on the
mind when a sound is uttered, the impression produ-
ced on the mind at hearing a sound, बुधैर्वैयाकरणे प्रधान-
भूतस्फोटरूपव्यङ्ग्यव्यञ्जकस्य शब्दस्य च निरिति व्यवहार कृत
K P 1, also see Sarva S (पाणिनीयदर्शन) -5 The
eternal sound recognised by the Mīmāṃsakas, दिशा
त्वमवकाशोऽसि दिश ख स्फोट आश्रय Bhāg 10 85 9, शृणोति
य इम स्फोट सुप्तश्रोत्रे च शून्यहम् 12 6 40 -Comp -करः,
-बीजकः the marking-nut plant

स्फोटकः A swelling, boil, tumour, pimple

स्फोटन *a* (-नी *f*) [स्फुट्-ल्युट्] Breaking asunder,
manifesting, disclosing, making clear -नः Separated
utterance of a close combination of consonants -नम् 1
Rending, suddenly bursting, splitting, cracking -2
Winnowing grain -3 Cracking the finger-joints, snap-
ping the fingers -4 The separation of a double con-
sonant

स्फोटनी The boring tool, an auger, a gimlet

स्फोटा The expanded hood of a serpent

स्फोटिका A kind of bird

स्फोरणम् See स्फुरणम्

स्फयम् 1 A sword shaped implement used in sacri-
fices, Ms 5 117, Y 1 184 -2 A kind of oar, (नौका)
शुभस्फयवेगाभिहता शीघ्र सलिलमवगात् Rām. 2 52 81 -Comp
-वर्तनिः the furrow made by this implement

स्वृ See स्

स्म *ind* 1 A particle added to the present tense
of verbs (or to present participles) and giving them
the sense of the past tense, भासुरको नाम सिंह प्रतिवसति
स्म Pt 1, क्रीणन्ति स्म प्राणमूल्यैर्यशासि S 18 15 -2 A
pleonastic particle (generally added to the prohibitive
particle मा *q v*), भर्तुर्विप्रकृतापि रोषणतया मारम प्रतीप गम
S 4 18, मास्म सीमन्तिनी काचिज्जनयेत् पुत्रमीदृशम् H 2 7 -3 A
particle giving a sense of 'ever', 'always' or 'indeed',
'verily' and like, उवाच विप्रा प्रतिनन्द्य पार्थिव मुदा मुनीना
सदासि स्म शृण्वताम् Bhāg 8 1 83

स्मरः [स्म-भावे अप्] 1 Recollection, remembrance,
स्मरो वाचाकाशाद्भूय Oh Up 7 13 1, 2 -2 Love, स्मर

एव तापहेतुर्निर्वापयिता स एव मे जातः S 3 11 -3 Cupid, the god of love, स्मर पशुसुक एष साधवः Ku 4 28, 42, 43 -4 The 7th astrological mansion -Comp -अङ्गुलिः 1 a finger-nail -2 a lover, lascivious person -अगारम्, -कूपकः, -गृहम्, -मन्दिरम् the female organ -अधिवासः the Āśoka tree -अन्यः a blinded by love, infatuated with passion -आकुल, -आतुर, -आर्त, -उत्सुक a pining with love, love-sick, smit with love -आसवः saliva -उद्दीपनः a sort of hair-oil -उन्मादः amorous folly -उपकरणम् implement of love (as perfumes &c) -कथा lovers' prattle -कर्मन् n any amorous action, a wanton act -कार a exciting love -गुरुः an epithet of Viṣṇu -चक्रः, -चन्द्रः a kind of sexual union -छत्रम् the clitoris -दशा a state of love, state of the body produced by being in love (these are ten) -दुर्मद a infatuated by love -द्वजः 1 the male organ -2 a fabulous fish -3 N of a musical instrument (-जम्) the female organ (-जा) a bright moon-light night -प्रिया an epithet of Rātā -भासित a inflamed by love -मोहः infatuation of love, passion -लेखः a love-letter -लेखनी the Sārikā bird -वल्लभः 1 an epithet of Spring -2 of Anuruddha -वीथिका a prostitute, harlot -शासनः an epithet of Śiva -शास्त्रम् a manual of erotics -सखः 1 the moon -2 the spring -स्तम्भः the male organ -स्मर्यः a donkey, an ass -हरः an epithet of Śiva, स्मरानिष्वाक्रीडा स्मरहर पिशाचा सहचरा Śiva-mahimna 24

स्मरमय a Produced by love, प्रकटयन्त्यनुरागमकृत्रिम स्मरमय रमयन्ति विलासिनः S 6 61

स्मरवती A woman in love

स्मरणम् [स्म-र्युद्] 1 Remembering, remembrance, recollection, केवल स्मरणेनैव पुनासि पुरुष यत R 10 29 -2 Thinking of or about, यदि हरिस्मरणे सरस मनः Git 1 -3 Memory -4 Tradition, traditional precept, इति स्मृत्स्मरणात् (opp श्रुति) -5 Mental recitation of the name of a deity -6 Remembering with regret, regretting -7 Rhetorical recollection, regarded as a figure of speech, thus defined —यथानुभवमर्थस्य दृष्टे तत्सदृशे स्मृति स्मरणम् K P 10 -णी A rosary of beads (for counting) -Comp -अनुग्रहः 1 a kind remembrance -2 the favour of remembrance, अथ तूच्चैस्तर ताभ्या स्मरणानुग्रहात्तव Ku 6 19 -अपत्यतर्पकः a turtle, tortoise -अयोगपद्यम् the non-simultaneousness of recollections -पदवी death

स्मरणीय, स्मर्तव्य, स्मर्य a To be remembered, memorable

स्मर्तु A teacher, preceptor

स्मार a Relating to Smara or the god of love, स्मारस्मारेक्षुचापच्युतशरानिकरक्षणिगल्भसकटाक्ष Visnupāda S 43, स्मार पुष्पमय चाप बाणा पुष्पमया अपि । तथाप्यनङ्गल्लोक्य करोति वशमात्मनः ॥ -रम् Recollection, memory, स सभाद्वारसागम्य विदुर स्मारमोहित Mb 3 6 3,

स्मारक a (-रिका f) Reminding -कम् A memorial (a modern use)

स्मारणम् 1 Calling to mind, reminding, causing to remember -2 Calculating, checking, रमणीयेषु देशेषु बोधा सप्रति कौरव । स्मारणे समय प्राप्ति वत्सानामपि चाङ्गनम् ॥ Mb 3 239 4

स्मार्त a [स्मृतौ विहित, स्मृतिं वेत्यधीते वा अण्] 1 Relating to memory, remembered, memorial -2 Being within memory, स्मार्तमस्ति पुराण मे यथैवाधिगत तथा Mb 3 179 20 -3 Based on or recorded in a Smṛiti, prescribed in a code of laws, कर्म स्मार्तविवाहामौ कुर्वीत प्रत्यह गृही Y 1 97, Ms 1 108 -4 Legal -5 Following or professing the law-books -तै. 1 A Brāhmaṇa well-versed in traditional law -2 One who follows the traditional law, धर्मोऽय गृहमेधिना निगदित स्मार्तैर्लघु स्वर्गद Pt 1 253 -3 N of a sect -तम् An act or rite enjoined by the Smṛiti, a legal act -Comp. -कालः 1 the period to which memory may extend -2 a century

स्मार्तिक a Traditional

स्मि 1 Ā (स्मयते, स्मित) 1 To smile, laugh (gently), काङ्क्षस्थ ईषस्मयमान आस्त Bk 2 11, 15 8, स्मयमान वदनाम्बुज स्मरामि Bv 2 27 -2 To bloom, expand, Pt 1 136. -Caus (स्माययति ते) 1 To cause a smile by, cause to smile -2 To laugh at, deride -3 To astonish (स्माययते in this sense) -Desid (सिस्मायिषते) To wish to smile

स्मयः [स्मि-अच्] 1 Astonishment, wonder, surprise -2 Arrogance, pride, haughtiness, conceit, तस्मै स्मयविश विवर्जिताय R 5 19, प्रभव स्मयदूषिता Bh 3 2, 69, Mu 2 22, विवृतायोधनस्मया (सेनाम्) Śiva B 25 29 -Comp -दानम् an ostentatious donation -नुत्ति the pulling down of pride

स्मयनम् A smile

स्मयमान a One who wonders, तमगस्त्य सुहृद्दृष्ट्वा स्मयमानोऽभ्यभाषत Rām 7 4 2

स्मायः A gentle smile, स्मायावलोऽलम्बदर्शितभावहारि Bhāg 10 61 4

स्मित p p 1 Smiled, smiling -2 Expanded, blown, blossomed, एकेन स्मितपाटलाधररुचौ जल्पन्त्यनल्पाक्षरम् Pt 1 136 -तम् A smile, gentle laugh, सस्मित 'with a smile', सविलक्षस्मितम् &c -Comp. -दृग् a having a smiling look (-f) a handsome woman -पूर्वम् and smilingly, with a smile, सप्तर्षिभिस्तान् स्मितपूर्वमाह Ku 7 47 -मुख a having a smiling face -वाच् a speaking with a smile -शालिन् a smiling -शोभिन् a smiling beautifully

स्मितः f A smile, smiling.

स्मिद् 10 U (स्मेदयति-ते) 1 To slight, scorn, despise. -2 To love -3 To go

स्मील 1 P (स्मीलति) To wink, blink

स्मृ I 5 P (स्मृणोति) 1 To please, gratify -2 To protect, defend -3 To live -II 1 P (Ātm also in epic poetry) (स्मरति, स्मृत, Pass स्मर्यते) 1 (a) To remember, bear or keep in mind, recollect, call to mind, be aware of, स्मरसि सुरसनीरा तत्र गोदावरी वा स्मरसि च तदुपान्तेष्वावयोर्धनानि U 1 26 (b) To call to mind, call upon mentally, think of, स्मरामनोऽभीष्टदेवताम् Pt 1, R 15 45 -2 To recite mentally or call upon the name of a deity &c, य स्मरेत् पुण्डरीकाक्ष सबाह्याभ्यन्तर शुचि -3 To lay down or record in a Smṛiti, तथा च स्मरन्ति -4 To declare, regard, consider, निरतिशय गरिमाण तेन जनन्या स्मरन्ति विद्वास Pt 1 30 -5 To remember with regret, yearn after, long or desire for (oft with gen), स्मर्तुं दिशन्ति न दिव सुरसुन्दरी-य K1 5 28, कश्चिद्धर्तुं स्मरसि रसिके त्व हि तस्य प्रियेति Me 87, Mu 5 14, भक्त्या स्मरता-त्यर्थमर्पित (अङ्गुलीयक) सादर मम Bk 8 118 -6 To teach -Caus (स्मारयति-ते, but स्मरयति-ते in the last sense) 1 To cause to remember, remind, put in mind of, call to mind, अनेन मत्प्रियाभियोगेन स्मारयसि मे पूर्वशिष्या सौदामिनीम् Māl 1, sometimes with two acc, अपि चन्द्रगुप्तदोषा अतिक्रान्तपार्थिव-गुणान् स्मारयन्ति प्रकृती Mu 1, य एव दु स्मर कालस्तमेव स्मारिता वयम् U 6 34 -2 To give information -3 To cause to remember with regret, cause to long or desire for, वरतनो स्मरयन्निहोऽन्यदा Ś1 6 56, 8 64 -Desid (स्मर्यते) To wish to recollect

स्मृत p p [स्मृ-क्त] 1 Remembered, recollected, called to mind -2 Regarded, laid down, recorded, mentioned, प्रसूतिभाज सर्गस्य तावैव पितरौ स्मृतौ Ku 2 7 -3 Appointed, designed, तस्य त्व रणशिरसि स्मृतो निहन्ता Ś 6 29 -4 Enjoined by a Smṛiti or traditional law -तम् Remembrance, recollection, स्मृत च तद्विदा राजन् येन चात्मा प्रसीदति Bhāg 7 11 7 -Comp. -मात्र a only remembered or thought of

स्मृतिः f [स्मृ-क्तिन्] 1 Remembrance, recollection, memory, अश्वत्थामा कर्धृतधनु किं न यात स्मृति ते Ve 3 21, सस्कारमात्रजन्य ज्ञान स्मृति T S, स्मृत्युपस्थितौ इवौ द्वौ श्लोकौ U 6, 4 2 -2 Thinking of, calling to mind -3 What was delivered by human authors, law, traditional law, the body of traditional or memorial law (civil or religious) (opp श्रुति) -4 A code of laws, law-book -5 A text of Smṛiti, canon, rule of law, इति स्मृते -6 Desire, wish -7 Discrimination, discretion, स्मृतौ हताया श्रुतमानदुर्दृश Bhāg 4 3 17 -8 Understanding -Comp. -अन्तरम् another law-book -अपेत a 1 forgotten -2 inconsistent with Smṛiti -3 (hence) illegal, unjust -उक्त a prescribed or enjoined in the codes of law, canonical -जातः the god of love -तन्त्रम् a law-book -पत्रकम् a register-book, राजाशङ्कितलेखस्य धारयेत् स्मृति-पत्रकम् Sukra 2 287 -पथः, -विषयः the object of memory, स्मृतिपथ, स्मृतिविषय गम् to be dead, सर्व यस्य वशा-दगात् स्मृतिपथं कालाय तस्मै नम Bh 3 37, सम ये सद्बुद्धा स्मृति-

विषयता तेषां गमिना 38 -पाठकः a lawyer -प्रत्यवमर्शः retentiveness of memory, accuracy of recollection -प्रबन्धः a legal work -भ्रशः loss or failure of memory -रोधः temporary interruption of memory, loss or failure of memory, शापादसि प्रतिहता स्मृतिरोधश्चे भर्तृपेत-तमसि प्रभुता तवैव। Ś 7 32 -विनयः a reprimand given to a person by reminding him of his duty -विभ्रमः confusion of memory -विरुद्ध a illegal -विरोधः 1 opposition to law, illegality -2 disagreement between two or more Smṛitis or legal texts, स्मृतिविरोधं परिहरति S B, of स्मृत्योर्विरोधे न्यायस्तु बलवान् व्यवहारत Y 2 21 -विषयः the range of memory -शास्त्रम् 1 a law-book, code, digest -2 legal science -शेष a deceased, dead (as a person) -शैथिल्यम् loss of memory -संमतम्, approved by law -साध्य a capable of being proved by law -हीन forgetful -हेतुः a cause of recollection, impression on the mind, association of ideas

* स्मृतिमत् a 1 Having full consciousness -2 Remembering a former life -3 Prudent, discreet -4 Versed in law -5 Anything which causes recollection

स्मेर a [स्मि-रन्] 1 Smiling, विलोक्य वृद्धोक्षमधिष्ठित त्वया महाजन स्मेरमुखो भविष्यति Ku 5 70, Bv 2 4, 3 2, Māl 10 6 -2 Blown, expanded, dilated, blooming, अधिकविकसदन्तर्विस्मयस्मेरतारै Māl 1 28 -3 Proud -4 Evident -रः 1 A smile -2 Manifestation, appearance -Comp. -विष्किरः a peacock

स्यन्द 1 Ā (स्यन्दते, सस्यन्दे, अस्यदत्-अस्यन्त-अस्यन्दिष्ट, स्यन्तरयति ते, स्यन्दिष्यते, स्यन्दिष्यन्-स्यन्तुम्, रयन्, desid सिस्य-न्दिषते, सिस्यन्तसि ते, the स् of स्यन्द is changed to ष after a preposition ending in इ or उ) 1 To ooze, trickle, drop, drip, distil, flow, अयि दलदरविन्द स्यन्दमान मरन्द तव किमपि लिहन्तो मञ्जु गुञ्जन्तु मृङ्गा Bv 1 5, Mu 3 7 -2 To shed, pour forth, स्यन्दते हि दिवा स्वम रात्रौ च द्विजसत्तम Mb 14 57 25 -3 To run, flee -4 Appear, occur, स्यन्दन्ति चाप्यनिष्टानि गात्र सीदति चाप्युत Mb 7 72 4

स्यदः 1 Speed, rapid motion, rush, velocity, प्रतन्व्य कोमला विन्धे सहितार स्यद न ते Bk 22 5 -2 Driving, oozing

स्यन्दः [स्यन्द-भावे घञ्] 1 Flowing, trickling -2 Going rapidly, moving -3 A car, chariot -4 Fluxion, Suśr -5 Trickling perspiration, यत्र कचन स्यन्देनाभिपतति Bhāg 5 21 9 -6 A particular eye-disease -7 The moon

स्यन्दन a (-ना or -नी f) [स्यन्द-त्यु ल्युट् वा] 1 Going quickly, fleet, flowing -2 Quick, swift of foot, fleet, स्यन्दना नो चतुरगा K1 15 16 -नः 1 A war chariot, a car or chariot in general, धर्मारण्यं प्रविशति गज स्यन्दनालोक भीत Ś 1 33, N 15 92, R 1 36 -2 Air, wind -3 A kind of tree (तिनिश). -नम् 1 Flowing, trickling, oozing -2 Rushing, going or flowing quickly -3

Water -नी 1 Saliva -2 The urinary passage -Comp
-आरोहः a warrior who fights while seated in a chariot

स्यन्दिका 1 A drop of saliva -2 A brook, rivulet,
यदन्तर स्यन्दिकासमुद्रये Rām 3 47 45

स्यन्दिन् a (-नी f) 1 Oozing, flowing, trickling,
वाहुरैन्दवमयूखचुम्बितस्यन्दिचन्द्रमणिहारविभ्रम Māl 8 3, U 1
35 -2 Rushing -3 Going

स्यन्दिनी 1 Saliva -2 A cow bearing two calves at
the same time

स्यन्त् p p 1 Oozed, trickled, dropped -2 Dropping,
trickling (as water)

स्यम् 1 P, 10 U (स्यमति, स्यमयति-ते) 1 To sound, to
cry aloud, shout, वज्रधुराजुघूर्णश्च स्येसुधुर्द्विरे तथा Bk 11 77
-2 To go -3 To consider, reflect (Ātm only in this
sense) -4 To guess, to reflect, L D B

स्यमन्तकः A kind of valuable gem (said to yield
daily eight loads of gold and to preserve from all
kinds of dangers and portents), Bhāg 10 56 (For
some account, see the word सत्राजित्)

स्यमि (मी) कः [स्यम्-ईकक्] 1 A cloud -2 An ant-
hill -3 A kind of tree -4 Time

स्यमिका Indigo

स्यात् ind (Strictly 3rd pers sing of the Potential
of अस् 'to be') It may be, perhaps, per chance
-Comp -वादः an assertion of probability (in phil),
a form of scepticism of the Jainas -वादिन् m a sceptic

स्यालः See श्याल

स्यूत p p [सिद् कर्मणि क] 1 Sewn with a needle,
stitched, woven (fig also), चिन्तासंततितन्तुजालनिबिडस्यूतेव
लम्भा भ्रिया Māl 5 10 -2 Pierced -3 Woven together,
joined, नीलोपलस्यूतविचित्रवातुमसौ गिरि रैवतक ददर्श Śi. 4 1
-तः 1 A sack

स्यूतिः f [सिद्-भावे क्तिन्] 1 Sewing, stitching -2
Needle-work -3 A sack -4 Lineage, family -5 Off-
spring

स्यूतः [सिद् नक्] 1 A ray of light -2 The sun -3
A bag, sack -ना 1 A ray of light -2 A girdle

स्योतः A sack, bag

स्यूमः A ray of light (also n) -मम् 1 Water -2
Happiness

स्योन a 1 Beautiful, pleasing -2 Auspicious,
propitious -नः 1 A ray of light -2 The sun -3 A
sack. -नम् Happiness, pleasure -2 A comfortable
seat

स्योनाकः Bignonia Indica (Mar. दिडा)

संस् 1 Ā (असते, यस्त) 1 To fall, fall or drop down,
slip off or down, नाससन् करिणा भ्रैव त्रिपदीच्छेदिनामपि R 4
48, गाण्डीव ससने हस्तात् Bg 1 30, Bk 14 72, 15 61 -2
To sink, drop, fall asunder, हा हा देवि स्फुटति हृदय ससते
देहबन्ध U 3 38, Māl 9 20 v 1 -3 To hang down
-4 To go -5 To be pleased -6 To perish, cease
-Caus (अपयति-ते) 1 To cause to fall or slip down,
move, disturb, वातोऽपि नाससयदशुकानि R 6 75 -2 To
relax, loosen, slacken, रखलयति वचन ते असयत्यङ्गमङ्गम्
Māl 3 8

संसः Falling, slipping

संसनम् [सस् गिच् ल्युट्] 1 Falling -2 Causing to
fall, or bringing down -3 Premature abortion -4 A
laxative

ससिन् a (-नी f) [सस्-गिनि] 1 Falling or slipping
down, hanging down, being loosened, giving way, बन्धे
ससिनि चैकहस्तयमिता पर्याकुल मूर्धजा Ś 1 29 -2 Depend-
ing, pendulous, hanging loosely -3 Miscarrying

सस्त p p [सस्-क्] 1 Fallen or dropped down,
slipped off, fallen off, सस्त शर चापमपि स्वहरतात् Ku 3 51,
कनकवलय सस्त सस्त मया प्रतिसार्यते Ś 3 12, K1 5 33, Me
65 -2 Drooping, hanging loosely down, विषादसस्तसर्वाङ्गी
Mk 4 8, सरतासावतिमात्रलोहिततले बाहू घटोत्पेपणात् Ś 1 29
-3 Loosed -4 Let go, relaxed -5 Pendulous, hang-
ing down -6 Separated -Comp. -अङ्ग, -गात्र a 1
having the limbs relaxed -2 swooning, fainting -अपान
a having prolapsus ani -हस्त a letting go the hold

सस्तिः f 1 Falling, slipping -2 A ship -3 Loosen-
ing, slackening

संह 1 Ā (सहते) To confide or trust

सन्किः f A corner, edge, दिशो ह्यस्य सक्तयो द्यौरस्योत्तर
बिलम् Oh Up 3 15 1

सज् f [सज्यते सज् क्तिन् नि०] 1 A chaplet, wreath
or garland of flowers (especially one worn on the
head), सजमपि शिरस्यन्ध क्षिता पुनोत्यदिशङ्कया Ś 7 24
-2 A garland (in general) -Comp. -दामन् (सगदामन्)
n the tie or fillet of a garland -धर a wearing a
garland, Gīt 12 (-रा) N of a metre

सगवत्, सग्विन् a (-णी f) (compar सजीयस्, superl
सजिष्ठ) Wearing a garland or chaplet, आसुक्ताभरण सग्वी
हसचिह्नदुकूलवान् R. 17 25

सजयति Den P To furnish with a garland

सज्वन् m 1 A garland maker -2 A cloth, Up 4
106 -3 A rope -4 N of Brahman

सज्वा A rope, string, cord

सद्धू f Breaking wind downwards (अपानवायु),

सम्भ 1 A (सम्भते, सञ्च) To confide, see श्रम
-With वि 1 to be confident -2 to rest secure

स्रवः [स्र-अप्] 1 Trickling, oozing, flowing -2 A drop flow, stream, विपुलै रनपयन्ती सा स्तनौ नेत्रजलस्रवै Rām -3 A fountain, spring -4 Urine

स्रवणम् [स्र-ल्युट्] 1 Flowing, trickling, oozing -2 Sweat -3 Urine -4 Premature abortion

स्रवत् a (स्रवन्ती f) Flowing, oozing, trickling &c
-Comp -गर्भा 1 a woman that miscarries -2 a cow miscarrying by accident -मध्यः a gem appearing to pour water from its centre, Kau A 2 11

स्रवन्ती 1 A stream, river, वापीष्विव स्रवन्तीषु R 17 64, Mal 9 24 -2 The region of the spleen

स्रवद्रङ्गः A fair, market

स्रष्टृ m [स्र-तृच्] 1 A maker -2 A creator, an epithet of Brahman, या स्रष्टि स्रष्टुराद्या S 1 1, तत्स्रष्टुरेका-न्तरम् 7 27 -3 N of Siva

स्रस्तरः A couch or sofa (for reclining), bed, शिला-तले स्रस्तरमास्तीर्य निषसाद K, Ms 2 204

स्राक् and Quickly, speedily

स्राम a One whose nose or eyes are always oozing, सामे स्राम Ch Up 8 9 1, (according to M W 'lame', 'sick')

स्राम्यम् Lameness

स्राव. 1 Flow, flowing, oozing, dripping

स्रावक a (-विका f) [स्र णिच्-ण्वल्] Causing to flow, pouring out, exuding -कम् Black pepper

स्रावित a Liquefied

स्रिच् 1 U (स्रवति ते) To injure, harm, ruin

स्रिम् 1 P (स्रमति) To hurt, kill

स्रिम् 1 P (स्रिम्मति) To hurt, kill

स्रिच् 4 P (स्रीव्यति) 1 To go -2 To become dry

स्रु 1 P (स्रवति, स्रुत) 1 To flow, stream, trickle, ooze, drop, exude, न हि निम्बात् स्रवेत् औद्रम् Rām -2 To pour out, shed, let flow, अलोठिष्ठ च भूपृष्ठे शोणित चाप्यस्रुवत् Bk 15 56, 17 18 -3 To go, move -4 To trickle or slip away, waste away, perish, come to nothing, स्रवेत् ब्रह्म तस्यापि भिन्नमाण्डात् पयो यथा Bhāg, Bk 6 18, Ms 2 74 -5 To spread about, get abroad, transpire (as a secret) -6 To slip, issue out before the right time -7 To accrue (as interest) -Caus (स्रावयति ते) 1 To cause to flow, pour out, shed, spill (blood &c), न गात्रात् स्रावयेदस्रम् Ms 4 169 -2 To stir up, arouse

स्रुत् a (Usually at the end of comp) 1 Flowing, dropping, pouring forth, रवेरेण तमयामस्रुतेव Ku 1 45, Si 9 68 -2 Dissolved -3 Become empty

स्रुत p p 1 Flowed, trickled, dripping &c -2 Gone

स्रुतिः f 1 Flowing, oozing, distilling, trickling out, कीटक्षतिस्त्रुतिभिरस्रमिवोद्गमन्त Mu 6 13, पद तुषारस्रुतिधौतरक्तम् Ku 1 6, R 16 44, K 5 44, 16 2, क्षीरस्रुतिधुरभय (वाता) Me 109 'exudation or flow of the sap' -2 Exudation, resin -3 A stream -4 Ved A path, road

स्रुचः N of a district, पन्था स्रुचमुपतिष्ठते Sk, (it was situated at some distance—at least one day's journey—from Pāṭaliputra q v, cf न हि देवदत्त स्रुचे सनिधीयमानरतदहरेव पाटलिपुत्रे सनिधीयते युगपदनेकत्र वृत्तावनेकव-प्रसगात् S B

स्रुचनी Natron

स्रुचन a (-चनी f) 1 Belonging to, or coming from, Srughna -2 Residing in Srughna -चनः An inhabitant of Srughna -चनम् The gate leading to Srughna, cf P IV 3 86

स्रुच् f A sort of wooden ladle, used for pouring clarified butter on sacrificial fire, (usually made of trees like Palāśa or Khadira), ऋत्विजा द्युतविम्वृत्तस्रुचाम् R 11 25, Ms 5 117, Y 1 183 -Comp -जिह्वः N of Agni -प्रणालिका the spout of a ladle

स्रुचः, -चा 1 A sacrificial ladle, चरुणा स्रुचस्रुवाणा च शुद्धिरुष्णेन वारिणा Ms 5 117 -2 A Soma ladle -3 A spring, cascade -Comp -कर्ण a having ladle-mark on the ear -तरुः Flacourtia Sapida (Mar बेदकळ) -प्रग्रहण a taking all to one's self -हस्त. N of Siva

स्रु f 1 A sacrificial ladle, स्रुचमुद्यम्य स्रुचोषधिशङ्कुमिद-मवधीत् Rām 1 60 12 -2 A spring or fountain

स्रुक् 1 A (स्रुक्ते) To go, move

स्रु 1 P (स्रायति) 1 To boil -2 To sweat, see श्रु.

स्रोतम् A stream, see स्रोतस् -Comp -उद्भवम् anti-mony

स्रोतस् n [स्रु-तसि] 1 (a) A stream, current, flow or course of water, पुरा यत्र स्रोत पुलिनमनुवा तत्र सरिताम् U 2 27, Ms 3 163 (b) A torrent, rapid stream, नद्यकाशगङ्गाया स्रोतस्युद्गमदिग्गजे R 1 78, स्रोतसेवोद्गमानस्य प्रतीपतरण हि तत् V 2 5 -2 A stream, river (in general), स्रोतसामस्मि जाह्नवी Bg 10 31 -3 A wave -4 Water -5 The canal of nutriment in the body -6 An organ of sense, निगृह्य सर्वस्रोतासि Rām, तद्वन्न रिक्तमतयो यतयोऽपि रुद्धस्रोतोगणारतमरण भज वासुदेवम् Bhāg 4 22 39 -7 The trunk of an elephant -8 Rush, onset, कराल-स्रोतो जगदाच्छिद्य वाक्च Bg 8 21 18 -9 The spout of a jar -10 An aperture in animal body (रन्ध्र), स्रोतोभ्यो

बहु रक्त तु तस्य सुखाव पात्यत Rām 4 11 46, Mb 13 152
-11 Going, ऊर्ध्वस्रोतस इत्येते देवा वैकारिका स्मृता Mb 14 38
13 -12 Lineage -Comp. -अञ्जनम् (स्रोतोञ्जनम्) antimony -ईशः the ocean -रन्ध्रम् an aperture of the proboscis or trunk of an elephant, a nostril, स्रोतोरन्ध्रध्वनित-सुभग दन्तिभिः पीयमान Me 44 (see Malli thereon), (written श्रोतोरन्ध्र also, q v) -वह् f, -वहा a river, स्रोतोवहा पथि निकामजलामतीत्य जात सखे प्रणयवान् मृगवृष्णिकायाम् S 6 15, 2 17, कार्या सैरुनन्नीनहसमिथुना स्रोतोवहा मालिनी 6 16, R 6 52

स्रोतस्यः 1 N of Siva -2 A thief

स्रोतस्वती, स्रोतस्विनी A river

स्व pron a 1 One's own, belonging to oneself, often serving as a reflexive pronoun, स्वनियोगमशून्य कुरु S 2, प्रजा प्रजा स्वा इव तन्त्रयित्वा 5 5, oft in comp in this sense, स्वपुत्र, स्वकलत्र, स्वद्वय -2 Innate, natural, inherent, peculiar, inborn, सूर्यापाये न खलु कमल पुष्पयति रवामभिख्याम् Me 82, S 1 19, स तरय स्वो भाव प्रकृतिनियतत्वादकृतम् U 6 14 -3 Belonging to one's own caste or tribe, शूद्रैव भार्या शूद्रस्य सा च स्वा च विश स्मृते Ms 3 13, 5 104 -स्वः 1 One's own self -2 A relative, kinsman, एन स्वा अभि-सविशन्ति भर्ता स्वाना श्रेष्ठ पुर एता भवति Brī Up 1 3 18, (दौर्गत्य) येन स्वैरपि मन्यन्ते जीवन्तोऽपि मृता इव Pt 2 100, Ms 2 109 -3 The soul -4 N of Visnu -स्वा A woman of one's own caste -स्वः, स्वम् 1 Wealth, property, as in नि स्व q v -2 (In alg) The plus or affirmative quantity, of धन, स्वशब्दोऽयमात्मीयधनज्ञातीना प्रत्येक वाचको न समुदायस्य SB on MS 6 7 2 -3 The Ego -4 Nature (स्वभाव), वृत्तिभूतानि भूताना चरणामचराणि च। कृता स्वेन नृणा तत्र कामाच्चोदनयापि वा॥ Bhāg 12 7 13 -Comp -अक्षपादः a follower of the Nyāya system of philosophy -अक्षरम् one's own hand-writing -अधिकारः one's own duty or sway, स्वाधिकारात् प्रसक्त Me 1, स्वाधिकारभूमौ S 7 -अधिपत्यम् one's own supremacy, sovereignty -अधिष्ठानम् one of the six Chakras or mystical circles of the body -अधीन a 1 dependent on oneself, self-dependent -2 independent -3 one's own subject -4 in one's own power, स्वाधीना वचनीयतापि हि वर बद्धो न सेवाङ्गलि Mk 3 11 कुशल a having prosperity in one's own power, स्वाधीनकुशला सिद्धिमन्त S 4 पतिका, भर्तृका a woman who has full control over her husband, one whose husband is subject to her, अथ सा निर्गताबाधा राधा स्वाधीनभर्तृका। निजगाढ रतिक्लान्त कान्त मण्डनवाञ्छया Git 12, see S D 112 et seq -अध्यायः 1 self-recitation, muttering to oneself -2 study of the Vedas, sacred study, perusal of sacred books, स्वाध्यायेनार्चयेदृषीन् Ms 3 81, Bg 16. 1, T. Up 1 9 1 -3 the Veda itself -4 a day on which sacred study is enjoined to be resumed after suspension -अर्थिन् m a student who tries to secure his own livelihood during his course of holy study, Ms 11 1 -अध्यायिन् m. 1 a student of the Vedas. -2 a trades-

man -अनुभवः, अनुभूतिः f 1 self-experience -2 self-knowledge, स्वानुभूत्येकसाराय नम शान्ताय तेजसे Bh 2 1 -अनुभावः love for property -अनुरूप a 1 natural, inborn -2 worthy of oneself -अन्तम् 1 the mind, मम स्वान्तवान्त तिरयतु नवीनो जलधर Bv 4 5, Mv 7 17 -2 a cavern -3 one's own death, end -अर्जित a self-acquired -अर्थ a 1 self-interested -2 having its own or true meaning -3 having one's own object or aim -4 pleonastic (-र्थः) 1 one's own interest, self-interest, सर्व स्वार्थ समीहेते Ś1 2 65, स्वार्थोत्सता गुह्यतरा प्रणयिक्रियैव V 4 15 -2 own or inherent meaning, स्वार्थे गिन्, स्वार्थे कप्रत्यय &c, परार्थव्यासङ्गादुपजहदथ स्वार्थपरताम् Bv 1 79 (where both senses are intended) -3 = पुरुषार्थ q v, Bhāg 12 2 6 अनुमानम् inference for oneself, a kind of inductive reasoning, one of the two main kinds of अनुमान, the other being परार्थानुमान पण्डित a 1 clever in one's own affairs -2 expert in attending to one's own interests -पर, परायण a intent on securing one's own interests, selfish, परार्थानुष्ठाने जटयति नृप स्वार्थपरता Mu 3 4 विघात frustration of one's object सिद्धि f fulfilment of one's own object -आनन्दः delight in one's self -आयत्त a subject to, or dependent upon, oneself, स्वायत्तमेकान्तगुण विधात्रा विनिर्मित छादनमज्ञताया Bh 2 7 -आरब्ध, -आरम्भक a self-undertaken -आहत a coined by one's self -इच्छा self will, own inclination -आचार acting as one likes, self-will -मृत्यु an epithet of Bhisma -उत्थ a innate -उदयः the rising of a sign or heavenly body at any particular place -उपधिः a fixed star -कम्पनः air, wind -कर्मन् one's own duty (स्वधर्म), स्वकर्मनिरत सिद्धि यथा विन्दति तच्छृणु Bg 18 45 -कर्मस्य a minding one's own duty, अवीथीरन्नयो वर्णा स्वकर्मस्था द्विजानय Ms 10 1 -कर्मिन् a selfish -कामिन् a selfish -कार्यम् one's own business or interest -कुलक्षयः a fish -कृतम् a deed done by one's self -कृतंभुज् a experiencing the results of former deeds (प्रारब्धभूमि), मा शौचत महाभागवाग्मजान् स्वकृतभुज Bhāg 10 4 18 -गतम् ind. to oneself, aside (in theatrical language) -गृह. a kind of bird -गोचर a subject to one's self, स्वगोचरे सत्यपि चित्तहारिणा K1 8 13 -चर a self-moving -छन्द a 1 self-willed, uncontrolled, wanton -2 spontaneous -3 wild (-न्दः) one's own will or choice, own fancy or pleasure, independence (-न्दम्) ind at one's own will or pleasure, wantonly, voluntarily, स्वच्छन्द दलदरविन्द ते मरन्द विन्दन्तो विदधतु गुञ्जित मिलिन्दा Bv 1 15 -ज a 1 self-born -2 natural (स्वाभाविक), आगता त्वामिय बुद्धि स्वजा वैनायिकी च या Rām 2 112 16 (-जः) 1 a son or child -2 sweat, perspiration -3 a viper (-जा) a daughter (-जम्) blood -जनः 1 a kinsman, relative, इत प्रत्यादेशात् स्वजनमनुगन्तु व्यवसिता Ś 6. 8, Pt 1 5 -2 one's own people or kindred, one's household -गन्धिन् a distantly related to (स्वजनायते Den P. 'becomes or is treated as a relation', Pt 1 5) -जातिः 1 one's own kind -2 one's own family or caste.

-ज्ञातिः a kinsman -ता personal regard or interest, अम्या मे महती र्वता Svapna 1 7 -तन्त्र a 1 self-dependent, uncontrolled, independent, self-willed -2 of age, full grown (-न्त्रम्) one's own (common group of) subsidiaries, जैमिने परतन्त्रापत्ते स्वतन्त्रप्रतिषध स्यात् MS 12 1 8 (-न्त्रः) a blind man -दृश a seeing one's self, ईयते भगवानेभि सगुणो निर्गुण र्वट् Bhāg 3 32 36 -देशः one's own country, native country °ज, °वन्धु a fellow countryman -धर्मः 1 one's own religion -2 one's own duty, the duties of one's own class, Ms 1 88, 91, र्वधर्मे निधन श्रेय परवर्गो भयावह Bg 3 35 -3 peculiarity, one's own rights -निम्न a depending on or subservient to oneself, (पुराणि च) निगृह्य निग्रहमिहो नित्ये नेता स्वनिम्नताम् Siva B 25 9 -पक्षः 1 one's own side or party -2 a friend -3 one's own opinion -पणः one's own stake -परमण्डलम् one's own and an enemy's country -प्रकाश a 1 self-evident -2 self-luminous -प्रतिष्ठ a astringent -प्रधान a independent -प्रयोगात् and by means of one's own efforts -बीजः the soul -भटः 1 one's own warrior -2 bodyguard -भावः 1 own state -2 an essential or inherent property, natural constitution, innate or peculiar disposition, nature, स्वभावहेतुजा भावा Mb 12 211 3, पौरुष कारण केचिदाहु कर्मसु मानवा । दैवमेके प्रशसन्ति स्वभावमपरे जना ॥ 12 238 4, Bg 5 11, स्वभावो दुरतिक्रम Subhās, so कुटिल°, शुद्ध°, मृदु°, चपल°, कठिन° &c °आत्मक a natural, inborn, स्वभावतः प्रवृत्तो य प्राप्नोत्यर्थं न कारणात् । तत् स्वभावआत्मक विद्धि फल पुरुष-मत्तम् ॥ Mb 3 32 19 °उक्ति f 1 spontaneous declaration -2 (in Rhet) a figure of speech which consists in describing a thing to the life, or with exact resemblance, स्वभावोक्तिस्तु डिम्भादे स्वक्रियारूपवर्णनम् K P 10, or नानावस्थ पदार्थानां रूप साक्षाद्विवृण्वती Kāv 2 8 °ज a innate, natural °भाव natural disposition °वाद the doctrine that the universe was produced and is sustained by the natural and necessary action of substances according to their inherent properties, (and not by the agency of a Supreme Being) °सिद्ध a natural, spontaneous, inborn -भूः m 1 an epithet of Brahman -2 of Siva -3 of Visnu -f one's own country, home -मनीषा own judgment -मनीषिका indifference -मात्रेण and by one's self -युतिः the line which joins the extremities of the perpendicular and diagonal -यूथ्यः a relation -योनि a related on the mother's side (-m, f) own womb, one's own place of birth (-f) a sister or near female relative, रेत सैक स्वयोनीषु कुमारीष्वन्यजासु च (गुरुत्वपसर्गं विदुः) Ms 11 58 -रसः 1 natural taste -2 proper taste or sentiment in composition -3 a kind of astringent juice -4 the residue of oily substances (ground on a stone) -राज a 1 self-luminous, त्वमकरण स्वराडखिलकारकशक्तिधर Bhāg 10 87 28 -2 self wise, Bhāg 1 1 1 -m 1 the Supreme Being -2 one of the seven rays of the sun -3 N. of

च. ई. को...२१८

Brahmā, दिहक्षुरागादभिर्मृत स्वराद् Bhāg 3 18 20 -4 N of Visnu, हस्तौ च निरभिधेता बल ताभ्या तत र्वराद् Bhāg 3 26 59 -5 a king with a revenue of 50 lacs to one crore Karsas, ततरतु कोटिपर्यन्त र्वराद् सम्राट् तत परम् Sukra 1 185 -राज्यम् 1 independent dominion or sovereignty -2 own kingdom -राष्ट्रम् own kingdom -रचिः one's own pleasure -रूप a 1 similar, like -2 handsome, pleasing, lovely -3 learned, wise (-पम्) 1 one's own form or shape, natural state or condition, तत्रान्यस्य कथं न भावि जगतो यस्मात् स्वरूप हि तत् Pt 1 159 -2 natural character or form, true constitution -3 nature -4 peculiar aim -5 kind, sort, species °असिद्धि f one of the three forms of fallacy called असिद्ध q v -लक्षणम् a peculiar characteristic or property -लोकः 1 one's own form (आत्मरूप), व्यर्थोऽपि नैवोपरमत पुसा मत् परावृत्तयि स्वालोकात् Bhāg 11 22 34 -2 self knowledge, पुण्य स्वलोकाय न कल्पते वै Bhāg 7 6 16 -वत् a possessed of property, स्ववती श्रुत्यतुरोवात् SB on MS 6 1 20 -वश a 1 self controlled -2 independent -वहित a 1 self-impelled -2 alert, active -वासिनी a woman whether married or unmarried who continues to live after maturity in her father's house -विग्रहः one's own body -विषयः one's own country, home -वृत्तम् one's own business -वृत्ति a living by one's own exertions -सविद् f the knowledge of one's own or the true essence -संवृत a self-protected, self-guarded, माया नित्य स्वसंवृत Ms 7 104 -सवेदनम् knowledge derived from one's self -संस्था 1 self-abiding -2 self possession -3 absorption in one's own self, उन्मत्तमतजडत्वस्वसंस्था गतस्य मे वीर चिकित्सितेन Bhāg 5 10 13 -स्थ a 1 self-abiding -2 self-dependent, relying on one's own exertions, confident, firm, resolute, स्वस्थ त सूचयन्तीव वञ्चितोऽसीति वीक्षिते Bu Ch 4 37 -3 independent -4 doing well, well, in health, at ease, comfortable, स्वस्थ एवारिम Mal 4, स्वस्थे को वा न पण्डित Pt 1 127, see अस्वस्थ also -5 contented, happy (-स्थम्) and at ease, comfortably, composedly -स्थानम् one's own place or home, one's own abode, नक्त स्वस्थानमासाद्य गजन्द्रमपि कर्षति Pt 3 46 °विवृद्धि (Mīmāṃsā) augmentation in its own place (opp दण्डकलितवत् आवृत्ति), तत्र पूर्णे पुनरावृत्तिर्नास्तीति दण्डकलितवद् न स्यात् । न च वृद्ध्या विना तदन्तरं पूर्यते इति स्वस्थानविवृद्धिरागतेति SB on MS 10 5 83 -स्वरूपम् one's true character -हन्त m suicide -हरणम् confiscation of property -हस्तः one's own hand or handwriting, an autograph, see under हस्त -हस्तिका an axe -हित a beneficial to oneself (-तम्) one's own good or advantage, one's own welfare -हेतुः one's own cause

स्वक a One's own, own. -कः A relation, friend. -कम् One's own property

स्वकीय a One's own, own -2 Of one's own family. -या One's own wife

स्वतस् *and* 1 Of oneself, by oneself (used reflexively) -2 From oneself -3 Out of own estate, दातव्य बान्धवै-स्तस्यात् प्रविभक्तैरपि स्वत Ms 8 166 -**Comp** -**प्रमाणम्**, -**सिद्ध** a self-evident, self-proved, axiomatic

स्वता Ownership

स्वत्वम् 1 Self-existence -2 Ownership, proprietary right -**Comp** -**निवृत्तिः**, -**हानिः** loss of proprietary right -**बोधनम्** proof of ownership -**हेतुः** cause of proprietary right

स्वं (इ) ण् 1 P (ख-क-गति) To go, move

स्वच्छ a [सुष्ठु अच्छ प्रा०] 1 Very clear or transparent, pure, bright, pellucid, स्वच्छस्फटिक, स्वच्छमुक्ताफलम् &c -2 White -3 Beautiful -4 Healthy -**च्छः** 1 A crystal -2 The jujube tree -**च्छा** White Dūrvā grass -**च्छम्** 1 A pearl -2 Pure chalk -3 An alloy of silver and gold -**Comp** -**पत्रम्** talc -**मणिः** a crystal -**वालुकम्** pure chalk

स्वच्छता 1 Perfect clearness -2 Purity -3 Transparency

स्वङ्ग 1 Ā (खजते, the स् being changed to ष after prepositions ending in इ or उ) 1 To embrace, clasp, कयाचिदाचुम्ब्य विराय सखजे Bv 2 178, पर्यधुरस्वजत मूर्धनि चोपजत्रौ R 13 70 -2 To encircle, twist round

स्वङ्गः An embrace

स्वङ्गनम् The act of embracing, an embrace

स्वद् 10 U (ख-खा-उयति-ने) 1 To go -2 To finish

स्वतन्त्रता 1 Independence, freedom -2 Originality -3 Wilfulness

स्वद् I 1 Ā (स्वदते, खदित) 1 To be liked, be sweet, be pleasant to the taste (with dat of person), यज्ञदत्ताय स्वदतेऽपूप Kasika, अपा हि तृप्ताय न वारिधारा स्वादु सुगधि स्वदते तुपारा N 3 98, सस्वदे सुखसुर प्रमदाभ्य S1 10 28 -2 To taste, relish, eat -3 To please -4 To sweeten -II 10 U or Caus (स्वादयति-ने) 1 To cause to taste or eat -2 To taste -3 To sweeten

स्वदनम् Tasting, eating

स्वदित p p Tasted, eaten -**तम्** An exclamation meaning 'may it be well tasted or relished', uttered at a Shraddha ceremony after the presentation of rice-balls or oblations of food to the Manes, पृष्ट्वा खदितमित्येव तृप्तानाचामयेत्त Ms 3 251, 254

स्वधा [स्वद्-आ-पृषो-दस्य ध] 1 One's own nature or determination, spontaneity -2 One's own will or pleasure -3 The oblation of food offered to the Pitris or Manes of deceased ancestors, स्वधासप्रहृतपरा R 1 66, Ms. 9 142, Y. 1. 102. -4 The food offered to the

Manes personified -5 Food or oblation in general -6 One's own portion or share -7 A Śraddha or funeral ceremony, Ms 2 142 -8 N of Māyā or illusion -*and* An exclamation uttered on offering an oblation to the Manes (with dat), पितृभ्य स्वधा Sk -**Comp** -**कर** a offering oblations to the Pitris, यदपत्य भवेदस्या तन्मम स्यात् स्वधाकरम् Ms 9 127 -**कारः** the exclamation Svadhā, पूत हि तद्गृह यत्र स्वधाकार प्रवर्तते -**निनयनम्** a formula or sacred text used in making the oblations to the Pitris, नाभिव्याहारयेद्ब्रह्म स्वधानिनयनादते Ms 2 172 -**प्रियः** 1 Agni or fire -2 black sesamum -**भुञ्** m 1 a deceased or deified ancestor -2 a god, deity

स्वधिति. m, f, **स्वधिति** An axe, सूदा महानस नीत्वाऽ-वयस्वधितिनादमुनम् Bhāg 10 55 5 -**Comp** -**हेतिकः** a soldier armed with an axe

स्वधीतिः A good recitor (of the Veda), a Brahman, सिद्धि स्वधीति सुतपा लोकाञ्जयति यावत् Mb 12 71 30

स्वन् 1 P (स्वनति) 1 To sound, make noise, पूर्णं पेराश्च सस्वनम् Bk 14 3, वेणव कीचकास्ते स्युर्ये स्वनन्त्यानि लोद्धता Bk -2 To hum (as a bee), रहस्याख्यायीव स्वनसि मृदु कर्णान्तिकचर S 1 24 -3 To sing -**Caus** (स्वनयति-ने) 1 To cause to resound -2 To sound -3 To adorn (स्वनयति in this sense)

स्वनः [स्वन्-अप्] Sound, noise, शिवाघोरस्वना पश्चाद् बुबुधे विहृतेति ताम् R 12 39, शङ्खस्वन &c -**Comp** -**चक्रः** a manner of coitus -**उत्साहः** a rhinoceros

स्वनिः 1 Sound, noise -2 Fire

स्वानिक a Sounding, as in पाणिस्वानिक 'one who claps his hands'

स्वनित a [स्वन्-कर्तरि क्] Sounded, sounding, making a noise -**तम्** 1 The noise of thunder, thunderclap, of स्तनित -2 Noise, sound (in general)

स्वप् 2 P (स्वपिति, सुप्त, pass सुयते, desid सुषुप्सति) (rarely 1 U स्वपति-ने) 1 To sleep, fall asleep, go to sleep, असञ्जातकिणस्कन्ध सुख स्वपिति गौर्गडि K P 10, इत् स्वपिति केशव Bh 2 76 -2 To recline, repose, lie down, rest -3 To be absorbed in, स्वाप वाञ्छसि चेन्निरर्गत्सुखे चेत सखे सुष्यताम् Bv 4 19 -**Caus** (स्वापयति-ने) To cause to sleep, rock to sleep -With अव, नि, प्र, or सम् to sleep, lie down, प्रसुप्तलक्षण Mal 7, वीज्यते स हि संसुप्त Ku 2 42, तद् प्रसुप्तभुजगेन्द्रभीषण वीक्ष्य दाशरथिराददे धनु R 11 44

स्वपनम् 1 Sleeping, dreaming, sleep -2 Numbness (of the skin), Susr.

स्वप्नः [स्वप्-भावे नक्] 1 Sleeping, sleep, अकाले बोधितो भ्रात्रा प्रियस्वप्नो वृथा भवान् R 12 81, 7 61 12 70, Ku 2 8 -2 A dream, dreaming, स्वप्नेन्द्रजालसदृश खलु जीवलोक Śānta 2 2, स्वप्नो नु माया नु मतिभ्रमो नु Ś 6 10, R. 10 60.

-3 Sloth, indolence, sleepiness, Ms 9 13, 12 33 -4 The state of ignorance (2), भावाद्वैत क्रियाद्वैत द्रव्याद्वैत तथात्मन । वर्तयन् रवानुभूयेह श्रीन् स्वप्नान् धुनुते मुनि ॥ Bhāg 7 15 62 -Comp -अन्तिकम् consciousness in dream -अवस्था a state of dreaming -उपम a 1 resembling a dream -2 unreal or illusory (like a dream) -कर, -कृत् a inducing sleep, soporific, narcotic -गृहम्, -निकेतनम् a sleeping-room, bed-chamber, दु खेन लोक परवानिवागात् समुल्लुक् स्वप्ननिकेतनेभ्य Bk 11 17 -ज a dreamt -तन्दिता languor produced by drowsiness -दर्शनम् dream vision -दृश a dreaming -दोषः involuntary seminal discharge, *pollutio nocturna* -धीगम्य a perceptible by the intellect only when it is in a state of sleep-like abstraction, स्वप्नाभ स्वप्नधीगम्य विद्यात् त पुरुष परम् Ms 12 122 -प्रपञ्चः the illusion of sleep, the world appearing in a dream -विचारः interpretation of dreams -शीलः a disposed to sleep, sleepy, drowsy, न चातिस्वप्नशीलस्य जाग्रतो नैव चार्जुन Bg 6 16 -सृष्टिः f the creation of dreams or illusions in sleep

स्वप्नज् a Sleepy, sleeping, drowsy, अह स्वप्न प्रसादेन तव वन्दामि सह Bk 7 25

स्वप्नया, स्वप्नयया ind In dream, स यत्रैतत् स्वप्नया चरति Bri Up 2 1 18

स्वप्नालु a Sleepy, drowsy

स्वभाजनम् Delighting, making happy, see सभाजनम्.

स्वमेकः A year

स्वयम् ind 1 Oneself, in one's own person (used reflexively and applicable to all persons, such as myself, ourselves, thyself, himself &c &c, and sometimes used with other pronouns for the sake of emphasis), विपश्चोऽपि सवर्थं स्वयं छेत्तुमसाप्रतम् Ku 2 55, यस्य नास्ति स्वयं प्रज्ञा ज्ञानं तस्य करोति किम् Subhās, R 1 70, 3 20, 2 56, Ms 5 39 -2 Spontaneously, of one's own accord, without trouble or exertion, स्वयमेवोत्पद्यन्त एवविधा कुलपाशवो निस्नेहा पशव K -Comp -अधिगत a self-acquired -अनुष्ठानम् one's own achievement -अर्जित a self-acquired -इन्द्रियमोचनम् spontaneous emission of semen -ईश्वरः an absolute sovereign -ईहितलब्ध a gained by one's own effort, अनुपद्यन् पितृद्रव्य श्रेण यदुपाजितम् । स्वयमीहितलब्ध तन्नामो दातुमर्हति ॥ Ms 9 208 -उक्तिः f 1 voluntary declaration -2 information, deposition (in law) -उद्यत a offered spontaneously -उपागतः a son who offers himself voluntarily to an adoptive parent -कृत a self-made, natural (-तः) an artificial or adopted son -गुप्ता Mucuna Pruriens (Mar कुयली) -ग्रहः taking for one-self (without leave) -ग्राह a 1 voluntary, self-choosing -2 one who takes forcibly (-हः) self-choice, self election, नितम्बिनीमिच्छसि मुक्कलज्जा कण्ठे स्वयंग्राहनिषक्तबाहुम् Ku 3 7, Mā 6 7 -जात a self-born -ज्योतिस् self-shining -दत्त a self-

given (-तः) a boy who has given himself to be adopted (by his adoptive parents), one of the twelve kinds of sons recognised in Hindu law, मातापितृविहीनो यस्त्यक्तौ वा स्यादकारणात् । आत्मानं स्पर्शयेद्यस्यै स्वयदत्तस्तु स स्मृत ॥ Ms 9 177 -दृश a self-evident -पाठः an original text -प्रकाश a self-manifesting -प्रभ a self-shining -प्रभु a self-powerful -भुः N of Brahman, शशुस्वयमुहरयो हरिणक्षणा येनाक्रियन्त सततं गृहकर्मदासा Bh 1 1 -भुवः 1 the first Manu -2 N of Brahman -3 of Śiva -भू a self-existent, त्वमेको ह्यस्य सर्वस्य विधानस्य स्वयमुव Ms 1 3 (-भूः) 1 N of Brahman -2 of Viṣṇu -3 of Śiva -4 of Kālā or time personified -5 of Kāmādeva -6 a Jaina derided saint -7 the female breast -8 the Supreme Being -भूतः N of Śiva -भूत a self-maintained -चरः self-choice, self election (of a husband by the bride herself), choice-marriage -चरा a maiden who chooses her own husband, ततस्ते शुश्रुवु कृष्णा पद्मालेषु स्वयवराम Mb 1 61 30 -श्रेष्ठः N of Śiva

स्वर् 10 U (स्वरयति ते) To find fault, blame, reprove, censure

स्वर् ind 1 Heaven, paradise, as in स्वर्लोक, स्वर्वेद्या, स्वर्भौतु, &c, त्व कर्मणा मङ्गलमङ्गलानां कर्तुं स्म लोकं तनुष्व स्व पर वा Bhāg 4 6 45 -2 The heaven of Indra and the temporary abode of the virtuous after death -3 The sky, ether -4 The space above the sun or between the sun and the polar star -5 The third of the three Vyāhritis, pronounced by every Brāhmana in his daily prayers, see व्याहृति -6 Radiance, splendour -7 Water -ind (used in nom, acc, gen, or loc case), स्वर्लोकैर्भवनवरैर्विभूषिता पुरंदर स्वरिव यथामरावतीम् Rām 7 11 50, साधोरपि स्व खलु गामिताधो गमी स तु स्वर्गमित प्रयागे N 6 99 (herein abl case, स्वर् = स्वर्गात्) -Comp. -अतिक्रमः reaching Vaikuntha (beyond heaven) -आपगा, -गङ्गा 1 the celestial Ganges -2 the galaxy or milky way -इङ्गणः a strong wind -गत a dead -गतिः f, -गमनम् 1 going to heaven, future felicity -2 death. -गिरिः Sumeru -जित् m a kind of sacrifice, यजेत वाश्वमेधेन स्वर्जिता गोसवेन वा Ms 11 74 -तरुः (स्वस्तरुः) a tree of paradise -दृश m 1 an epithet of Indra -2 of Agni -3 of Soma -धुनी, -नदी (forming स्वर्गदी) the celestial Ganges, सद्य पुनस्तुपस्पृष्टा स्वर्धुन्यापोनुसेवया Bhāg 1 1 15 -मानवः a kind of precious stone -भानुः N of Rāhu, तुल्येऽपरावे स्वर्भानुर्भानुमन्त चिरेण यत् । हिमाशुमाशु प्रसते तन्मदिम्न स्फुट फलम् Śi 2 49 सुदन the sun -मणिः the sun -मध्यम् the central point of the sky, the zenith -यात a dead -यातु a dying -यानम् dying, death -योषित a celestial woman, *apsaras* -लोकः the celestial world, heaven -वह्नी f a celestial damsel, an *apsaras* -वापी the Ganges -वारवामभू (see -वह्नी above), स्वर्वारवामभुव नृत्य चक्रु Cholaachampū p 22, Verse 51 -वेद्या 'a courtesan of heaven', a

celestial nymph, an *apsaras* -वैद्य *m* du an epithet of the two Asvins -परा 1 an epithet of Soma -2 of the thunderbolt of Indra -सिन्धु = रवर्गज्ञा *q v*

स्वर *a* Going, one who goes (this meaning is given only by *Girvana*), असौ स्वर इतीममाचक्षते स्वर इति प्रत्यास्वर इत्यमु चोद्गीथमुपासीत *Ch Up 1 3 2*

स्वरः [स्वर-अच्, सृ-अप् वा] 1 Sound, noise -2 Voice, रवरेण तस्याममृतसुनेव प्रजल्पितायामभिजानवाचि *Ku 1 45* -3 A note of the musical scale or gamut, a tone, tune, (these are seven — निषादर्षभगान्धारषडजमध्यमधैवता || पञ्चम-धैवत्यमी सप्त तन्त्रीकण्ठेरित्यता स्वरा *Ak*), सप्त स्वरास्त्रयो ग्रामा मूर्च्छनाश्चैकविंशति *Pt 5 54* -4 The number 'seven' -5 A vowel -6 An accent, (these are three, उदात्त, अनुदात्त and स्वरित *q q v v*), निहन्त्यरीनिरुपदे य उदात्त स्वरास्त्रि *Si 2 95* -7 Air breathed through the nostrils -8 Snoring -9 Sweetness of tune or tone, तरमादात्विज्य करिष्यन् वाचि स्वरभिच्छेत्त तया वाचा रवरसपन्नयात्विज्य कुर्यात् *Bri Up 1 3 25* -रा *N* of the chief wife of Brahman -**Comp** -अंशः a half or quarter tone (in music) -अङ्कः a kind of musical composition -अन्तरम् the interval between two vowels, hiatus -उदय *a* followed by a vowel (-यः) 1 the production of sound -2 see स्वरशास्त्र -उपघातः hoarseness -उपध *a* preceded by a vowel -कम्पः trembling of tone -कर *a* producing voice -क्षयः the loss of voice -ग्रामः the musical scale, gamut -च्छिद्रम् the sound-hole of a flute -दीप्त *a* (in augury) inauspicious with regard to voice -नाभिः a kind of flute -पत्तनम् *N* of the Sama-veda -परिवर्तः change of voice -बद्ध composed in musical measure -ब्रह्मन् the Brahman as manifested in sound, स्वरब्रह्मणि निर्भातहृषीकेणपदाम्बुजे अखण्ड चित्तमावेश्य लोकाननुचरन् मुनि || *Bhāg 6 5 22* -भाक्तिः *f* a vowel-sound phonetically inserted in the pronunciation of *र* or *ल* when these letters are followed by a sibilant or any single consonant, (*e g* वर्ष pronounced as वरिष) -भङ्गाः, -भेदः 1 indistinctness of utterance, broken articulation -2 hoarseness or cracking of voice -भङ्गिन् *m* a kind of bird -मञ्चनृत्यम् a kind of dance -मण्डलम् the circle of notes, arrangement of musical scales, सप्त स्वरास्त्रयो ग्रामा मूर्च्छनाश्चैकविंशति तानास्त्वेकोनपञ्चाशदित्येनस्वरमण्डलम् || *Pt 5 54* -मण्डलिका a kind of lute (वीणा) -मात्रा strength of sound -योगः voice -लासिका a flute, pipe -विभाक्तिः separation of a vowel -शास्त्रम् 1 the science of the modulation of sounds -2 the science of the passage of the air through the nostrils (as bearing on the prognostication of future events) -शुद्ध *a* correct in musical measure -शून्य *a* without musical notes, unmelodious, unmusical -संयोगः 1 the junction of vowels -2 the union of notes or sounds, *e e* voice, अन्य एवैष स्वरसंयोग *Mk 1, 3, U 3*, पण्डितकौशिक्या इव स्वरसंयोग श्रूयते *M 5* -संक्रमः 1 a transition or succession of notes, त तस्य स्वरसक्रमं मृदुगिरि श्लिष्ट च तन्त्रीस्वनम् *Mk 3 5* -2

the gamut -संदेहविवादः a kind of round game, *K* -संधिः the coalition of vowels -संपद *f* melody of voice -संपन्न *a* having a melodious voice -सामन् *m* pl epithets of particular days in a sacrificial session

स्वरवत् *a* 1 Having sound, sonorous -2 Having a voice -3 Vocal -4 Having an accent, accented

स्वारत *a* [स्वरो जातोऽस्य इतच्] 1 Sounded, caused to sound, स्वरित्वेणुना सुष्ठु चुम्बितम् *Bhāg 10 31 14* -2 Sounded as a note, pitched -3 Articulated -4 Circumflexed -5 Accented -6 Added, admixed -तः The third or mixed tone lying between high and low, समाहार स्वरित *P I 2 31*, see *Sk* thereon

स्वरितत्वम् Connotation, significance, अयोविकारे स्वरित-त्वमिष्यते *N 9 42*

स्वरुः [रवृ-उ] 1 Sunshine -2 A part of a sacrificial post -3 A sacrifice -4 A thunderbolt, रवरुणा विहृत सद्यो गिरे शुक्लमिषापतत् *Siva B 21 51* -5 An arrow -6 A kind of scorpion

स्वरुस् *m* A thunderbolt

स्वर्य *a* Beneficial to the voice

स्वर्गः Heaven, Indra's paradise, अहो स्वर्गादधिकतरं निर्गृतिस्थानम् *S 7* -**Comp** -आपगा the celestial Ganges -ओकस्, -सद् *m* a god, deity, स्वर्ग स्वर्गसदश्चैव धर्मश्च स्वयमेव तु (उपतिष्ठतु) *Mb 14 92 27* -काम *a* desirous of heaven -गतिः, -गमनम् death -गिरिः the heavenly mountain *Sumeru* -तरङ्गिणी the Ganges, पश्य स्वर्गतरङ्गिणी-परिसरे *Sūkti 62* -तर्षः eager desire for heaven -द, -प्रद *a* procuring (entrance into) paradise -द्वारम् heaven's gate, the door of paradise, entrance into heaven, स्वर्गद्वारकपाटपाटनपटुर्धर्मोऽपि नोपाजित *Bh 3 11* -पतिः, -भर्तृ *m* Indra -पथः the milky way -पर *a* desirous of heaven -मार्गः 1 the road to heaven -2 the milky way -रोदः कुहर, the hollow space between heaven and earth, टाडकार स्वर्गरोद कुहरबलयिनस्त्रासकारी न कस्य *B R 1 49* -लोकः 1 the celestial region -2 paradise ईश्वर 1 Indra -2 the body (as enjoying felicity in Indra's heaven) -वधूः, -स्त्री *f* a celestial damsel, heavenly nymph, an *apsaras*, स्वर्गस्त्रीणा परिष्वङ्ग कथ मर्त्येन लभ्यते -वासः residence in heaven -साधनम् the means of attaining heaven

स्वर्गिन् *a* [स्वर्गोऽस्त्यस्य भोग्यत्वेन इति] Belonging to heaven, heavenly -*m* 1 A god, deity, an immortal, त्वमपि विततयज्ञ स्वर्गिण प्रीणयालम् *S 7 31*, *Me 30*, *Ku 2 45* -2 A dead or deceased man

स्वर्गीय, स्वर्ग्य *a* 1 Heavenly, celestial, divine -2 Leading to heaven, procuring entrance into heaven, न च प्राणिवध स्वर्ग्यस्तस्मान्मास विवर्जयेत् *Ms 5 48*, *S 106*, *Bg 2 2*.

स्वर्जिकः, स्वर्जिन् *m* 1 Natron -2 Salt-petre, nitre

स्वर्णम् [सुष्ठु अणो वर्णो यस्य] 1 Gold -2 A golden coin -3 A kind of red chalk (गैरिक), असूक्ष्मरन्ति धाराभिः स्वर्णवारा इवाचला Rām 7 7 15 -4 A kind of plant (Mar धोत्रा) -Comp -अङ्गः the Āragvadhā tree -अरिः sulphur -कणः a kind of bdellium (Mar कणगुग्गुल) -कणः, -कणिका a grain of gold -काय *a* golden-bodied (-यः) *N* of Garuda -कारः, कृत् *a* goldsmith -गर्भः (=हिरण्यगर्भ) *N* of Brahma -गैरिकम् a kind of red chalk -चूडः 1 the blue jay -2 a cock -जम् *tin* -दीधितिः fire -झीपः *N* of Sumātra -धातुः red ochre -नाभः ammonite (शालग्राम), Mb 5 40 10 -पक्षः *N* of Garuda -पद्मा the celestial Ganges -पाठकः borax -पुष्पः the Champaka tree -फला a kind of Musa (Mar सोनकेळ) -बन्धः a deposit of gold -विन्दुः *N* of Visnu -भूमिका 1 Ginger -2 Cassia bark (Mar दालचिनी) -भृङ्गारः a golden vase -माक्षिकम् a kind of mineral substance, ताम्र लोह च वज्र च काच च स्वर्णमाक्षिकम् Siva B 30 11 -यूथी, -यूथिका yellow jasmīne, Bhāg 8 2 18 -रीतिः bell-metal -रेखा, -लेखा a streak of gold -रेतस् the sun -वज्रम् a sort of steel -वणिज् *m* 1 a gold-merchant -2 a money-changer -वर्णा, -र्णम् turmeric

स्वर्णक *a* Golden, made of gold

स्वर्त् 10 P To go, L D B

स्वर्द् 1 Ā (स्वर्दते) 1 To taste, relish. -2 To be pleasing

स्वल् 1 P (स्वलि) To go, move

स्वल्प *a* [सुष्ठु अल्प प्रा० स०] (compar स्वल्पीयस्, superl स्वल्पिष्ठ) 1 Very small or little, minute -2 Trifling, insignificant -3 Brief, short, स्वल्प तथायु Pt 1 -4 Very few -Comp -अङ्गुलिः the little finger -आहार *a* eating very little, most abstemious -इच्छ *a* unpretentious, unassuming -कङ्कः a species of heron -केशरिन् *m* the Kovidāra tree -दृग् *a* very short sighted (lit and fig) -बल *a* very feeble or weak -वयस् very young -विषयः 1 an insignificant matter -2 a small part -व्ययः very little expenditure, stinginess -त्रीड *a* having little shame, shameless, impudent -शरीर *a* diminutive, dwarfish -स्मृति *a* having a short memory

स्वल्पक *a* Very little, very small or few

स्वल्पीयस् *a* Much less, smaller, more minute (compar of स्वल्प q v), अतः स्वल्पीयसि द्रव्ये यः सोमः पिबति द्विजः Ms 11 8

स्वल्पिष्ठ *a* Smallest, least, most minute (superl. of स्वल्प q v)

स्वशुरः A father-in-law, cf. स्वशुर.

स्वसा, स्वस् *f* [सू अस् ऋन्, Un 2 97] A sister, तस्य शक्तिं रणे कार्ष्णिर्मृत्योर्धोरा स्वसामिव Mb 6 116 3, स्वसारमादाय विदर्भनाय पुरप्रवेशाभिमुखो बभूव R 7 1, 29 -2 A finger (Ved)

स्वस्वत् *a* Going or moving at will or pleasure

स्वस्क् 1 Ā (स्वस्कते) See ष्वस्क्

स्वस्ति *f, n* Welfare, समारम्भान्बुभूषेन हतस्वस्तिरकिञ्चन Mb 12 8 6, जितं त आत्मविदुष्यं स्वस्तये स्वस्तिरस्तु मे Bhāg 4 24 33 -*ind* A particle meaning 'may at be well with (one)', 'fare-well', 'hail', 'adieu' (with dat), रवरितं तेऽस्तवान्तरिक्षेभ्यः पार्थिवेभ्यश्च भारत Mb 3 37 35, स्वस्ति भवते S 2, रवस्त्यस्तु ते R 5 17, it is also used in expressing one's approbation, (often used at the beginning of letters) -Comp. -अयनम् 1 a means of securing prosperity -2 the averting of evil by the recitation of *mantras* or performance of expiatory rites -3 the benediction of a Brāhmana after presentation of offerings, प्रास्थानिक स्वस्त्ययनं प्रयुज्य R 2 70 -*a* Auspicious, इदं रवस्त्ययनं श्रेष्ठम् Ms 1 106, Mb 1 75 2 -कर्मन् *n* causing welfare -कारः a bard -द्, -भावः an epithet of Śiva -मुखः 1 a letter -2 a Brāhmana -3 a bard, panegyrist -वाचकः benediction, congratulation -वाचनम्, -वाचनकम्, -वाचनिकम् 1 a religious rite preparatory to a sacrifice or any religious or solemn observance -2 a complimentary or congratulatory present of flowers &c to any one attended with good wishes and blessings -वाच्यम् congratulation, invoking blessings

स्वस्तिकः [स्वरित शुभाय हितं क] 1 A kind of mystical mark (卐) on persons or things denoting good luck -2 A lucky object -3 The meeting of four roads -4 The crossing of the arms, making a sign like the cross, स्तनविनिहितहस्तस्वरितकभिर्वधूभिः Mā 4 10, Si 10 43 -5 A palace of particular form -6 A particular symbol made with ground rice and shaped like a triangle -7 A kind of cake -8 A voluptuary, libertine -9 Garlic -10 A kind of bard (who utters words of eulogy), पुरं सरैः स्वरितकसूतमागवै Rām 2 16 46 (com स्वस्तिका जयजयेति वादिनो बन्दिनः) -कः, -कम् 1 A mansion or temple of a particular form with a terrace in front -2 A particular mode of sitting practised by Yogins (in which the toes are placed in the inner hollow of the knees) -3 A seat (पीठ) prepared for a deity, Mb 12 40 7 (com स्वस्तिकान् सर्वतोभद्रायङ्कितानि देवतापीठानि) -Comp. -कर्ण *a* marked on the ear with the figure स्वस्तिक -पाणि *a* 1 crossing hands like स्वस्तिक -2 holding auspicious things in hands, श्रुत्वा चेदं वचनं पार्थिवस्य सर्वं पुरं स्वस्तिकपाणिभूतम् Mb 4 68 27 (com स्वस्तिकं मङ्गलारार्त्तिकादि दधिदूर्वादि च पाणौ यस्य तत् स्वस्तिकपाणिभूतम्)

स्वस्तिमत् *a*. Doing well, happy, safe, भूतानुकम्पा तव चेदियं गौरेका भवेत् स्वस्तिमती त्वदन्ते R 2 48.

स्वस्त्रीयः, स्वस्त्रेयः A sister's son, Ms 3 148

स्वस्त्रीया, स्वस्त्रेयी A sister's daughter

स्वागतम् [सुखेन आगतं सुष्ठु आगतं वा] Welcome, happy arrival (used chiefly in greeting a person who is put in the dative case), स्वागतं देख्यै M 1, (तस्मै) प्रीति-प्रमुखवचनं स्वागतं व्याजहार Me 4, स्वागतं स्वानधीकारान् प्रभावै-रवन्मव्य व । युगपद् युगबाहुभ्यः प्राप्तेभ्यः प्राज्यविक्रमा Ku 2 18 -a 1 Welcome -2 Lawfully earned (as money), श्रद्धाकृते हृक्षये ते भवत स्वागतैर्धनैः Ms 4 226 -Comp -प्रश्नः enquiry as to health

स्वागमः Welcome, salutation

स्वाङ्गिकः A drummer

स्वाच्छन्धम् [स्वच्छन्दस्य भावः व्यञ्ज्] The power of following one's own will or fancy, wilfulness, independence, कन्याप्रदानं स्वाच्छन्ध्यादासुरो वर्म उच्यते Ms 3 31 (स्वाच्छन्धेन, स्वाच्छन्धतस् mean 'wilfully', 'voluntarily')

स्वाजन्यम् Kinship, relationship

स्वातन्त्र्यम् [स्वतन्त्रस्य भावः व्यञ्ज्] 1 Freedom of will, independence, न स्त्री स्वातन्त्र्यमर्हति Ms 9 3, न स्वातन्त्र्यं कश्चित् स्त्रिया Y 1 85 -2 (In phil) Free will

स्वातिः, -ती f [स्वेनैव अतति अत् इन् स्त्रीत्वपक्षे वा स्त्रीप्] 1 One of the wives of the sun -2 A sword -3 An auspicious constellation -4 The star *Aicturus*, considered as forming the fifteenth lunar asterism, स्वात्या सागरशुक्तिसप्तदशतः सन्मौक्तिकं जायते Bh 2 67 -Comp. -योगः conjunction with Svāti

स्वादः See स्वाद्

स्वादः, स्वादनम् [स्वाद्-स्वाद-वा घञ्] 1 Taste, flavour -2 Tasting, eating, drinking -3 Liking, relishing, enjoyment -4 Sweetening -5 The beauty or charm (of a poem)

स्वादवम् Agreeable to taste

स्वादित p p 1 Tasted, relished -2 Sweetened -3 Pleased

स्वादिमन् m Savouriness, sweetness, स्वादिमा हि ओदनस्य परिक्रये उपकरोति SB on MS 10 3 38

स्वादिष्ठ a Very sweet, sweetest (superl of स्वादु q v), किं स्वादिष्ठं जगत्त्यस्मिन् सदा सद्भिः समागम

स्वादीयस् a Sweeter, very sweet (compar of स्वादु q v), काव्यामृतरसास्वादः स्वादीयानमृतादपि

स्वादु a [स्वाद्-उण्] (-डु or डी f, compar स्वादीयस्, superl स्वादिष्ठ) 1 Sweet, pleasant to the taste, sapid, savoury, dainty, tasteful, तृषा शुष्यत्यास्ये पिबति सलिलं स्वादु सुरभिः Bh 3. 92, Me 24. -2 Pleasing, agreeable, attractive, lovely, charming -m. 1 Sweet flavour,

sweetness of taste, relish -2 Treacle, molasses -n 1 Sweetness, relish, taste, रुचिं करोति काव्यानि ग्वादु जानाति पण्डितः Subhās -2 Charm, beauty -डुः f A grape -Comp. -अन्नम् sweet or choice food, dainties, delicacies -अम्लः the pomegranate tree -कण्टः, -कण्टकः *Asteracantha Longifolia* (Mar गोखरु). -कार a dainty -खण्डः 1 a piece of any sweet substance -2 molasses -धन्वन् m N of the god of love -पाका *Solanum Indicum* (Mar मोठी रिंगणी) -पिण्डा a kind of date tree -फलम् the jujube (-ला) the jujube tree -मूलम् a carrot -रसा 1 the fruit of the hog-plum -2 the *Satāvari* plant -3 the root काकोली -4 spirituous liquor -5 a grape -लुङ्गी the sweet citron, -शुद्धम् 1 rock-salt -2 marine salt

स्वाद्यम् 1 Astringent and salt taste -2 = रस q v, रूपं ज्योतिः शब्द आकाशवायु रपश्च स्वाद्यं सलिलं गन्ध उर्वी Mb 7 201 74

स्वाद्री Vine, grape

स्वानः Sound, noise, रामस्वानितसंकाशः स्वान इत्यवदत् स ताम् Bk 5 55

स्वापः [स्वप्-घञ्] 1 Sleep, sleeping, स्वापहेतुरनुपाश्रितोऽन्यथा रामबाहुषधानमेष ते U 1 37 -2 Dreaming, dream -3 Sleepiness, sloth -4 Paralysis, palsy, insensibility -5 Temporary or partial loss of sensation from pressure on a nerve, numbness -Comp -व्यसनम् 1 Somnolency -2 Lethargy

स्वापक a Soporiferous, soporific

स्वापतेयम् [स्वपतेरागतं ढञ्] Wealth, property, स्वाप-तेयकृते मर्त्या किं किं नाम न कुर्वते Pt 2 156, Si 14 9

स्वापदः See श्वापद

स्वाप्न a 1 Relating to sleep or dream -2 Dreamy, तं सप्रपञ्चमविरुद्धसमाधियोगं स्वाप्नं पुनर्न भजते प्रतिबुद्धवस्तु Bhāg 11 13 37

स्वाभाविक a (-की f) [स्वभावादागतं ढञ्] Belonging to one's own nature, innate, inherent, peculiar, natural, स्वाभाविकं विनीतत्वं तेषां विनयकर्मणा । सुमूर्च्छं सहजं तेजो हविषेव हविर्भुजाम् R 10 79, 5 69, Ku 6 71 -काः m pl A sect of Buddhists who accounted for all things by the laws of nature

स्वाभाव्यम् Naturalness, natural state or character

स्वाभास a Very illustrious or splendid

स्वाभील a Very formidable

स्वामिन् a (-नी f) [स्व अस्यर्थे भिनि दीर्घ] Possessing proprietary rights -m 1 A proprietor, an owner -2 A lord, master, रघुस्वामिनः सच्चरित्रम् Vikr 18 107 -4 A sovereign, king, monarch -5 A husband. -6 A spiritual preceptor -7 A learned Brāhmaṇa, an

ascetic or religious man of the highest order, (in this sense usually added to proper names) -8 An epithet of Kārtakeya -9 Of Visnu -10 Of Siva -11 Of the sage Vātsyāyana -12 Of Garuda -13 The sacrificer, the owner (at a याग), योऽर्थी रवत्यागेन ऋत्विज परिक्रीणीति, यश्च स्व प्रदेय त्यजति स स्वामी SB on MS 6 3 21, तस्मान्न स्वामिन प्रतिनिधि ibid -14 The image or temple of a god -Comp -उपकारकः a horse कार्यम् the business of a king or master -गुणः the virtue of a ruler -जङ्घिन् m N of Parasurāma. -जनकः the father-in-law -पाल m du the owner and the keeper (of cattle), कयविक्रयानुशयो विवाद स्वामिपालयो Ms 8 5 -भट्टारकः a noble lord -भावः the state of a lord or owner, ownership -मूल a originating in or derived from a master or lord -वात्सल्यम् affection for the husband or lord -सद्भावः 1 existence of a master or owner -2 goodness of a master or lord -सेवा 1 the service of a master -2 respect for a husband

स्वामिता, -त्वम् 1 Ownership, mastership, proprietary right -2 Lordship, sovereignty

स्वामिनी A mistress, proprietress

स्वाम्यम् 1 Mastership, lordship, ownership, स्वाम्य च न स्वात् कस्मिंश्चित् प्रवर्तेताधरोत्तरम् Ms 7 21 -2 Right or title to property. -3 Rule, supremacy, dominion -4 Sound state (of body and soul), स्वाम्ये प्रयत्न कुर्वन्ति त्रयो वर्गा यथाविधि Mb 12 69 78 (com स्वाम्ये स्वास्थ्ये)

स्वाम्नाय a Well handed down by tradition

स्वायत्त a Dependent, on one's self, within one's own control, स्वायत्तमेकान्तगुण विधात्रा विनिर्भित छादनमज्ञताया Bh 2 7

स्वायम्भुव a (-वी f) 1 Relating to Brahman, तुरासाह पुरोधाय धाम स्वायम्भुव ययु Ku 2 1 -2 Descended from Brahman, स्वायम्भुवान्मरीचैर्च्य प्रबभूव प्रजापति S 7. 9 -वः An epithet of the first Manu (as he was a son of Brahman)

स्वारसिक a (-की f) 1 Possessing inherent flavour or sweetness (said of a poetical composition) -2 Voluntary, spontaneous, विधेरपि स्वारसिक प्रयास परस्पर योग्यसमागमाय N 3 48

स्वारस्यम् 1 Possessing natural flavour or excellence -2 Elegance, fitness -3 Naturalness, self evidence

स्वाराज् m, **स्वाराज्यः** An epithet of Indra, भवान् भक्तिमता लभ्यो दुर्लभ सर्वदेहिनाम्। स्वाराज्यस्यायामिमत् एकान्तेनात्माविद्वति Bhāg 4 24 55

स्वाराज्यम् 1 The dominion of heaven, Indra's heaven, न वयं साध्वि साम्राज्यं स्वाराज्यं भोज्यमप्युत Bhāg 10 83 41, Art. Br. -2 Identification with the self-refulgent

(Brahman) (ब्रह्मत्व), सम पश्यन्नात्मयाजी स्वाराज्यमधिगच्छति Ms 12 91, Bhāg 7 15 45

स्वारोचिषः, -स्वारोचिस् m N of the second Manu, see under मनु, स्वारोचिषो द्वितीयस्तु मनुस्मृतौ सुतोऽभवत् Bhāg 8 1 19

स्वालक्षण a Easily perceived

स्वालक्षण्यम् Peculiar characteristics, natural disposition, स्वालक्षण्यपरीक्षार्थं तासां श्रृणुत निष्कृती Ms 9 19, स्वालक्षण्यं वृत्ति Sān K 29

स्वालप a (-ल्पी f) 1 Little, small -2 Few -रूपम् 1 Littleness, smallness -2 Smallness of number

स्वावश्यम् Self-determination

स्वाशित a Well fed or satiated, आशसे स्वाशिता सेना वत्स्यत्येना विभावरीम् Rām 2 84 18

स्वाश्लिष् 4 P To embrace closely, गुरुतल्प्यभिभाष्यै-नस्तस्ते स्वायादयोमये। सर्मा ज्वलन्ती स्वाश्लिष्येन्मन्युना स विशुष्यति॥ Ms 11 103

स्वास्तरः Good straw for a couch

स्वास्थ्यम् 1 Self reliance, selfdependence -2 Fortitude, resoluteness, firmness, स्वास्थ्यं मद्र भजस्वार्थं त्यज्यता कृपणा मति Rām 4 1 120 -3 Sound state, health -4 Prosperity, well-being, comfortableness -5 Ease, satisfaction, spirits, लब्ध मया स्वास्थ्यम् S 4

स्वाहा 1 An oblation or offering made to all gods indiscriminately. -2 N of the wife of Agni, स्वाहा चैव विभावरो (पतिदेवता) Mb 13 146 5 -and An exclamation used in offering oblations to the gods (with dat), इन्द्राय स्वाहा, अग्नये स्वाहा &c -Comp -कारः utterance of the exclamation Svāhā, स्वाहास्वधाकारविवर्जितानि श्मशानतुल्यानि गृहाणि तानि -पतिः, -प्रियः Agni or fire -भुज् m a god, deity

स्विद् ind A particle of interrogation or inquiry, often implying 'doubt', or 'surprise', and translatable by 'what', 'hey', 'hallo', 'can it be that' It is added to interrogative pronouns in this sense or to give an indefinite sense, कास्विदवगुण्ठनवती नातिपरिस्फुटशरीरलावण्या S 5 13, Me 14 It is sometimes used disjunctively in the sense of 'either', 'or', with तु, उत, वा &c, सरोजपत्रे तु विलीनपद्मे विलोलहस्ते स्विदमू विलोचने। शिरोरुहा स्विन्नतपश्मसतते-द्विरेकगुण्ठं तु निशद्वनिश्वलम्॥ Ku 8 35, 12 15, 13 8, 14 60, see आहो also

स्विद् I 4 P (स्विद्यति, स्विदति or स्विन्न) To sweat, perspire, तदा मोहमनुप्राप्त सिध्दिदे हि जनार्दन Mb 7 27 20, स्विद्यति कृणति वेळति K P 10, U 3 41, Ku 7 77, Māl 1 35, स त्वा पश्यति कम्पते पुलकयत्यनन्दति स्विद्यति Gīt 11 -II 1 Ā (स्वेदते, स्विन्न or स्वेदित) 1 To be anointed -2 To be greasy or unctuous, निष्ठापरिस्वद्यदस्त्वं कथनपरिणम-

न्मेदस प्रेतकायान् Mā 5 17 -3 To be disturbed -Caus
(स्वेदयति-ते) 1 To cause to perspire -2 To heat

स्विद् (In comp) Sweating, perspiring

स्विदित p p 1 Sweated, perspired -2 Melted

स्विन्न p p [स्विद्-क्त] 1 Perspiring, covered with sweat -2 Seethed -3 Cooked, boiled

स्विष्ट a Much desired or loved.

स्विष्टि a Sacrificing well

स्वीकृ 8 U 1 To make one's own, appropriate, claim -2 To take, accept -3 To admit, grant, assume (in argument) -4 To assent or agree to, accede

स्वीकरणम्, स्वीकारः, स्वीकृति f 1 Taking, accepting -2 Assenting, agreeing, promising, an assent, a promise -3 Espousal, wedding, marriage, S 5

स्वीय a Own, one's own, लोकलोकविसारि तेन विहित
स्वीय विशुद्ध यश्च S D 97

स्वुच्छ 1 P (स्वच्छति) 1 To spread, extend -2 To forget

स्वृ 1 P (स्वरति, desid सिस्वरिपति, सुस्वृषति) 1 To sound, recite, यदा वा ऋचमाप्रोत्योमित्येवातिस्वरति Ch Up 1 4 4
-2 To praise -3 To pain or be pained -4 To go -With
अभि, प्र to sound -सम् to pain (Ātm), हुत संस्वरिषी-
ष्टारत्वं निर्भय प्रथनोत्तमे Bk 9 28

स्वृ 9 P (स्वृणानि) To hurt, kill

स्वेक् 1 Ā (स्वेकते) To go

स्वेदः [स्विद्-भावे घञ्] 1 Sweat, perspiration, अङ्गुलिस्वे-
देन दूष्येरन्नक्षराणि V 2 -2 Heat, warmth -3 Vapour
-Comp -उदम्, -उदकम्, -जलम् perspiration -चूषकः
a cooling breeze (sucking up sweat) -च्छिद् a cool-
ing -ज a generated by warm vapour or sweat (said
of insects) -मातृ f Chyle

स्वेदनम् [स्विद्-णिच्-त्युद्] 1 Perspiration, sweat -2
Causing to sweat -3 A diaphoretic -4 A kind of
process to which quicksilver is subjected -5 Mucus
-Comp -यन्त्रम् a steam bath (for metals)

स्वेदनिका 1 A boiler, sauce-pan -2 Kitchen

स्वेदनी A frying-pan, sauce-pan

स्वेदित a Fomented, softened

स्वैर a [स्वस्य ईरम् ईर-अच् वृद्धि] 1 Following one's
own will or fancy, self-willed, wanton, uncontrolled,
unrestrained, बद्धमिव स्वैरगतिर्जनमिह सुखसागिनमवैमि S
5 11, अव्याहतै स्वैरगतै स तस्या R 2 5 -2 Free,
unreserved, confidential, सत्त्वभङ्गभयाद्वाङ्मा कथयन्त्यन्यथा
पुर । अन्यथा विवृतायेषु स्वैरालापेषु मन्त्रिण ॥ Mu 4 8 -3
Slow, mild, gentle, Mu 1 2 -4 Dull, lazy -5
Dependent on one's will, voluntary, optional -रम्
Wilfulness, wantonness, तत्रापि निरवरोध स्वैरेण विहरन्
Bhāg 5 14 31 -रम् -and 1 At will or pleasure, as
one likes, at perfect ease, सार्था स्वैर स्वकीयेषु चैरवैश्वस्वि-
वादिषु R 17 64 -2 Of one's own accord, spontane-
ously -3 Slowly, gently, mildly, मोहे मोहे रामभद्रस्य जीव स्वैर
स्वैर प्रेरितैस्तर्पयति U 3 2 -4 Lowly, in an under-tone,
inaudibly (opp स्पष्ट), पश्चात्स्वैरं गज इति किल व्याहत सत्य-
वाचा Ve 3 9 -Comp -आलापः confidential talk
Mu 4 8 -कथा unreserved conversation -चारिन् a
free, independent -विहारिन् a unimpeded -वृत्त,
-वृत्ति, -आचार a acting as one likes, following one's
own will, self-willed

स्वैरकम् and 1 Freely -2 Plainly

स्वैरता, -त्वम् Wantonness, freedom of will and
action, independence, also स्वैरिता in this sense

स्वैरिणी 1 A loose or unchaste woman, a wanton
woman, an adulteress, स्वैरिणी या पतिं हित्वा सवर्णं कामन
श्रयेत् Y 1 67 -2 A bat -3 A line of ascetics, वाराण-
स्यामुपातिष्ठन्मैत्रेय स्वैरिणीकुले Mb 13 120 3 (com. स्व ईरयति
धर्माय प्रेरयति स्वैरिणी मुनिश्रेणी)

स्वैरिन् a Self-willed, wanton, unrestrained, uncon-
trolled

स्वैरिन्ध्री See सैरन्ध्री

स्वोरसः 1 The residue or sediment of oily substances
ground with a stone -2 A husk, shell

स्वीवशीयम् Happiness, prosperity (especially as
regards future life)

ह

ह *ind* An emphatic particle used to lay stress on the preceding word and translateable by 'verily', 'indeed', 'certainly', &c, but it is often used expletively without any particular signification, especially in Vedic literature, तस्य ह शत जाया बभूवुः, तस्य ह पर्वतनारदो गृह ऊषतु &c *Ant Br*, द्रया ह प्राजापत्या देवाश्चासुराश्च *Bri Up* 1 3 1 It is sometimes used as a vocative particle and rarely of disdain or laughter -**हः** 1 A form of Śiva -2 Water -3 Sky -4 Blood -5 A cipher -6 Meditation -7 Auspiciousness -8 Paradise -9 Heaven -10 Drying -11 Fear -12 Knowledge -13 The moon -14 N of Viṣṇu -15 War, battle -16 A horse -17 Pride -18 Horripilation -19 A physician -20 Cause, motive -**हम्** 1 The Supreme Spirit -2 Pleasure, delight -3 A weapon -4 The sparkling of a gem -5 The sound of a lute (-*m* also according to some in these senses)

हंसः [हस्-अच्-पृषो० वर्णागम] (said to be derived from हस्, cf भवेद्वर्णागमाद् हस *Sk*) 1 A swan, goose, duck, हसा सप्रति पाण्डवा इव वनादज्ञातचर्या गता *Mk* 5 6, न शोभते सभामध्ये हसमध्ये बको यथा *Subhāṣ*, *R* 17 25 (The description of this bird, as given by Sanskrit writers, is more poetical than real, he is described as forming the vehicle of the god Brahman, and as ready to fly towards the Mānasa lake at the approach of rains, of मानस According to a very general poetical convention he is represented as being gifted with the peculiar power of separating milk from water *e g* सार ततो ग्राह्यमपाम्य फल्गु हसो यथा क्षीरमिवाम्बुमभ्यात् *Pt* 1, हसो हि क्षीरमादत्ते तन्मिश्रा वर्जयत्यप *S* 6 28, नीरक्षीरविवेके हसालस्य त्वमेव तनुषे चेतुः विश्वस्मिन्धुनान्य कुलव्रत पालयिष्यति *k Bv* 1 18, see *Bh* 2 18 also) -2 The Supreme Soul, Brahman. -3 The individual soul (जीवात्मन्), प्रीणीहि हसशरणं विरम-क्रमेण *Bhāg* 4 29 56 -4 One of the vital airs -5 The sun, हस शुचिषट्सुरन्तरिक्षसद्धोता वेदिषत् *Kath* 2 5 2, उषसि हसमुदीक्ष्य हिमानिकाविपुलवायुरथा परियन्त्रितम् *Rām ch* 4 91 -6 Śiva -7 Viṣṇu -8 Kāmadeva -9 An unambitious monarch -10 An ascetic of a particular order, *Bhāg* 3 12 43 -11 A spiritual preceptor, *Bhāg* 7 9. 18 -12 One free from malice, a pure person -13 A mountain -14 Envy, malice -15 A buffalo -16 A horse -17 A particular incantation, *L. D B.* -18 The best of its kind (at the end of a compound, of कविहस), *L D B* -19 A temple of a particular form -20 Silver -*a* 1 moving, going (गतिमान्), नव-द्वार पुर गत्वा हसो हि नियतो वशी *Mb* 12 239 31 (see com) -2 Pure; दसाय संयतगिरे निगमेश्वराय *Bhāg* 12 8 47, 6 4.

च. ह को....२१९

26 -**साः** (*m pl*) N of a tribe said to live in the Pla-ksa-Dvīpa -**Comp** -**अंशुः** a white -**अङ्गिः** vermilion -**अधिरूढा** an epithet of Sarasvatī -**अभिष्यम्** silver -**आरूढः** N of Brahman -**उदकम्** a kind of cordial li- quor (prepared from infusion of cardamoms) -**कान्ता** a female goose -**कालीतनयः** a buffalo -**कीलकः**, **नीलकः** a particular mode of sexual enjoyment -**कूटः** 1 N of one of the peaks of the Himālaya -2 the hump on the shoulder of an ox (for असकूट) -**गतिः** a having a swan's gait, stalking in a stately manner -**गद्गदा** a sweetly speaking woman -**गामिनी** 1 a woman having graceful gait like that of a swan, अव्यङ्गाङ्गी सौम्यनाम्नी हसवारणगा-मिनीम् (उद्धृत् स्त्रियम्) *Ms* 3 10 -2 N of Brahman -**गुह्यम्** N of a particular hymn, अस्तौषीद्वसुधेन भगवन्त-मघोक्षजम् *Bhāg* 6 4 22 -**छत्रम्** dry ginger -**तूलः** -**लम्** the soft feathers or down of a goose, रत्नखचितेहमपर्यङ्के हसतूलगर्भशयनमानीय *Dk* 1 4, 2 2 -**दाहनम्** aloe-wood. -**नादः** the cackling of a goose -**नादिनी** a wo- man of a particular class (described as having a slender waist, large hips, the gait of an elephant and the voice of a cuckoo, गजिन्द्रगमना तन्वी कोकिलालापसयुता । नितम्बे गुर्विणी या स्यात् सा स्मृता हसनादिनी) -**पक्षः** a particular position of the hand -**पदः** a particular weight (कर्ष) -**पादम्** 1 vermilion -2 quick-silver -**बीजम्** a goose's egg -**माला** a flight of swans, ता हसमाला शरदीव गङ्गाम् *Ku* 1 30 -**यानम्** a car drawn by swans -**युवन्** *m.* a young goose or swan -**रथः**, -**वाहनः** epithets of Brahman -**राजः** a king of geese, a large gander -**लिपिः** a particular mode of writing (with Jainas) -**लोमशम्** green sulphate of iron -**लोहकम्** brass. -**श्रेणी** a line of geese

हंसकः 1 A goose, flamingo -2 An ornament for the ankles (नूपुर or पादकटक), सरित इव सविभ्रमप्रपातप्रणदित-हसकभूषणा विरेजु *Śi* 7 23 (where the word is used in the first sense also), *Dk* 2 5, पादलभनेव कलहसयुगेन हसक-युगलेन परिष्कृताभ्या पादकमलाभ्या *Cholachampū* p 6 -3 A particular beating of time in music, *L D B.* See हंस above for other senses

हंसिका, हंसी A female goose

हंसिरः A kind of mouse

हंहो *ind* 1 A vocative particle corresponding to, 'ho', 'hallo', हंहो चिन्मयचित्तचन्द्रमणय सवर्धयध्व रसान् *Chandr* 1 2 -2 A particle expressing haughtiness, contempt or wonder, ता गामृषि स्युमरश्मि प्रविश्य यतिमब्रवीत् । हंहो वेदा३ यदि मता वमी केनापरे मता ॥ *Mb* 12 268 9 -3 A particle of interrogation (In dramas it is mostly used as a

form of address by characters of the muddling class, हहो ब्राह्मण मा कुय Mu 1)

हकः The calling of elephants -का An owl

हकार. Calling, L D B (Mar हाकारा)

हकाहकः Calling on, challenging

हजा, हजिका A female servant

हजा, हजे ind A vocative particle used in addressing a female attendant or maid-servant, हजे कञ्जणमाले अह इदिसी कडुभासिणी Ratn 3

हजिः m Sneezing or sneeze

हजिका A kind of medicinal plant (भाग-Mar भारंग)

हद् 1 P (हटति, हटति) To shine, be bright

हट्टः [हट्ट-ट टय नेवम्] A market, a fair. -Comp -अध्यक्ष. a market-superintendent -चौरकः a thief who steals from fairs and markets -वाहिनी a gutter in a market place -विलासिनी 1 a wanton woman, prostitute, common woman -2 a sort of perfume -3 turmeric -वेदमाली a row of market-houses

हट्टी A small market or fair

हट्ट 1 P (हटति) 1 To leap, jump -2 To be wicked -3 To oppress -4 To bind to a post -5 To take by force, L D B

हठः 1 Violence, force -2 Oppression, rapine -3 Obstinacy -4 Absolute necessity -5 Going in the rear of an enemy -6 Pistia Stratiotes (आकाशमूली) -7 An unexpected gain, अकस्मादिह य कश्चिदर्थं प्राप्नोति पूरुष । त हठेनेति मन्यन्ते स हि यत्ने न कस्यचित् ॥ Mb 3 32 16 (com अचिन्तितस्यातर्कितस्य च लाभो हठ) (हठेन and हठात् are used adverbially in the sense of 'forcibly', 'violently', 'suddenly', 'against one's will', अम्बालिका च चण्डवर्मणा हठात् परिणेतुमात्मभवनमनीयत् Dk, वानरान् वारयामास हठेन मधुरेण च Rām -Comp -आदेशिन् a prescribing forcible measures against -आयात a absolutely necessary, indispensable -पर्णी moss -बुद्धिः the belief in the unexpected gain (without doing any effort), तथैव हठबुद्धि शक्त कर्मण्यकर्मकृत् Mb 3 32 15 -योगः a particular mode of Yoga or practising abstract meditation, (so called, as distinguished from राजयोग q v, because it is very difficult to practise, it may be performed in various ways, such as by standing on one leg, holding up the arms, inhaling smoke with the head inverted &c) -वादिन् m one using force obstinately, दुर्गन्धिविद्विषदुर्गन्धिमाहिणा हठवादिना Siva B 31 59 -वादिकः a चावीक type person, see हठबुद्धि (प्राग्जन्माभावात् अकृतमेवोपस्थास्यतीति वदन्), Mb 3 32 13 -विद्या the science of forced meditation.

हठालु. / Pistia Stratiotes

हाठिक a Sudden, violent -का Great noise, din, भेरीझाङ्कारेण हाठिकाकर्णकान्तमयचाण्डिमान दिग्दन्तावल्ललय विधूर्णयन् Dk 1 1

हाडिः Wooden fetters or stocks

हडि(डि)कः, हडिः (also हडुकः, हडिपः) A man of the lowest caste

हडुम् A bone -Comp. -जम् marrow

हडकः, -कम् A small hand-drum, cf डक्का

हण्डा ind A vocative particle used in addressing a female of inferior rank, or by equals of the lowest caste in addressing each other, हण्डे हजे हलाहानि नीचा चेटी सखी प्रति Ak -f 1 A large earthen vessel (?) -2 A low caste female, cf हजा

हण्डिका, हण्डी An earthen pot

हण्डे ind See हण्डा ind

हद् 1 A (हटते, हट) To void excrement, evacuate or discharge feces -Desid (जिहत्सते)

हदनम् Voiding excrement, evacuation of ordure

हन्नम् Excrement, ordure

हन् 2 P (हन्ति, जघान, अवधीत्, अवविष्ट-अहत, हनिष्यति, हन्तुम्, हत, pass हन्यते, caus घातयति ते, desid जिघासति) 1 To kill, slay, destroy, strike down, त्रयश्च दूषणखरात्रि-मूर्धनो रणे हता U 2 15, हतमपि च हन्येव मदन Bh 3 18 -2 To strike, beat, चण्डी चण्ड हन्तुमभ्युद्यता मा विद्युद्दाम्ना मेघराजीव विन्ध्यम् M 3 21, Śi 7 56 -3 To hurt, injure, afflict, torment, as in कामहत -4 To put down, abandon, तृष्णा छिन्धि भज क्षमा जहि मदम् Bh 2 77 -5 To remove, take away, destroy, अम्भोजिनीवननिवासविलासमेव हसस्य हन्ति नितरा कुपितो विधाता Bh 2 18 -6 To conquer, overthrow, defeat, overcome, विध्वे सहस्रगुणितैरपि हन्यमाना प्रारब्धमुत्तम-जना न परित्यजन्ति Subhās -7 To hinder, obstruct -8 To mar, spoil, सकला हन्ति स शक्तिसपद Ki 2 37 -9 To raise, वुरगखरहतस्तथा हि रेणु S 1 31 -10 To multiply (in math) -11 To go (rarely used in classical literature in this sense, and when used it is regarded as a fault of composition), e g कुञ्ज हन्ति कुशोदरी S D 7, or तीर्थान्तरेषु स्नानेन समुपार्जितसङ्कृति । सुरस्रोतस्विनीमेष हन्ति सप्रति सादरम् K P 7 (given as an instance of the दोष called असमर्थत्व) -12 (In astr) To touch, come into contact -13 To ward off, avert -Caus 1 To cause to be killed, kill, slay -2 To destroy, ruin, mar, spoil, घातयितुमेव नीच परकार्यं वेत्ति न प्रसाधयितुम् Pt. 1 363. -With अति to injure excessively -अन्तर to strike in the middle

हृत् *p p* [हृ-क्] 1 Killed, slain, सुषेण च हृतोऽसीति मुवादादत्त सायकम् Mb 8 48 31 -2 Hurt, struck, injured, चक्षुरादिषु हृता स्वार्थवचनक्रिया Mu 3 1 -3 Lost, perished, शम न लेभे हृदयज्वरादितो नरर्षभो यूयहतो यथर्षभ Rām 2 85, 21 -4 Deprived or bereft of -5 Disappointed, frustrated, वय तत्त्वान्वेषात् हृता S 1 23 -6 Impeded, obstructed -7 Utterly ruined, extinguished, destroyed -8 Multiplied -9 Whirled up, raised -10 Suffering from -11 Violated (sexually) -12 Miserable, wretched -13 Defective See हृत् It is often used as the first member of comp in the sense of 'wretched', 'miserable', 'accursed', 'worthless', अनुशयदुःखादेद हृतहृदय सप्रति विबुद्धम् S 6 6, Mā 9 28, कुर्यामुपेक्षा हृतजीवितेऽस्मिन् R 14 65, हृतविविलसिताना ही विचित्रो विपाक S 11 64 -तम् 1 Killing, striking -2 Multiplication -ता 1 A violated woman -2 A despised girl (unfit for marriage) -Comp -आश *a* 1 bereft of hope, hopeless, desponding -2 weak, powerless -3 cruel, merciless -4 barren -5 low, vile, wretched, accursed, villainous -आश्रय *a* one whose refuge is destroyed, Bu Ch 13 70 -ईक्षण *a* blind, Bu Ch 8 7 -उत्तर *a* giving no answer -उद्यम *a* broken in purpose, Bu Ch 13 71 -कण्टक *a* freed from thorns or foes -किल्बिष *a* freed from sins, धर्मप्रधान पुरुष तपसा हृतकिल्बिषम् । परलोक नयत्याशु भास्वन्तं रवशरीरिणम् ॥ Ms 4 243 -चित्त *a* bewildered, confounded -छाया *a* bereft of beauty -जल्पितानि useless talk -त्रप *a* shameless -त्वष्ट *a* dimmed in lustre, निशीथदीपा सहसा हृतत्वष्टो बभूवुरालेख्य-समर्पिता इव R 3 15 -दैव *a*, ill fated, luckless, ill-starred -प्रभाव, -वीर्य *a* bereft of power or vigour, मन्त्रेण हृतवीर्यस्य फणिनो दैन्यमाश्रित Ku 2 21 -प्रमाद *a* freed from carelessness -बुद्धिः *a* deprived of sense, senseless -भग, -भाग्यः *a* ill-fated, unfortunate -सूखः *a* dolt, blockhead -युद्ध *a* destitute of martial spirit -रथः *a* chariot of which the horses and the charioteer are slain -लक्षण *a* devoid of auspicious marks, unlucky -विनय *a* lost to a sense of propriety, wicked, सेव्याना हृतविनयैरिवावृताना सपर्क परिहरति स्म चन्दनानाम् K 1 7 29 -शेष *a* surviving -श्री, -संपद् *a* reduced to indigence, impoverished -साव्यस *a* freed from fear -स्त्रीक *a* one who has killed a woman

हृतक *a* [हृत् इव नष्टप्रायत्वात् कृत्] Miserable, ill-bred, wretched, low, vile, (mostly at the end of comp.), न खलु विदितास्ते तत्र निवसन्तश्चाणक्यहृतेन Mu 2, दूषिता स्थ परिभूता स्थ रामहृतेन U 1. -कः A low person, coward

हृतिः *f* [हृत्-भावे-क्तिन्] 1 Killing, destruction, वृत्रहृत्थै यथा देवा परिववृत् पुरंदरम् Mb 7 153 87 -2 Striking, wounding -3 A blow, stroke -4 Loss, failure -5 A defect -6 Multiplication

हृत्: Winter.

हृत्तुः [हृत् क्तु Up 3 30] 1 A weapon -2 A disease or sickness -3 A killer

हृत्या [हृत्-भावे क्यप्] Killing, slaying, slaughter, murder, particularly criminal killing, as in भूणहृत्या, गोहृत्या &c

हृतवन् A killer (निघ्नन्), ते सदोषा हृतास्माभी राज्यस्य परिपन्थिन । तान् हृत्वा भुङ्क्व वर्मण युधिष्ठिर महीमिमाम् ॥ Mb 12 10 8 (see com)

हृत् *a* Killing, slaying, destroying (at the end of comp), as in वृत्रहृत्, पितृहृत्, मातृहृत्, ब्रह्महृत् &c

हनः Killing, slaying

हननम् [हृत्-भावे ल्युट्] 1 Killing, slaying, striking -2 Hurting, injuring -3 Multiplication -नः 1 A drum-stick -2 A kind of worm

हन्तुः 1 Killing, death, वधानिघ्नं त भूयो हन्तव्येऽत्रिरचोदयत् Bhāg 4 19 15, 11 5 50 -2 A bull

हन्तु *a* (-न्त्री *f*) [हृत्-वृत्] 1 One who strikes or kills, striking, killer, न तादृश भवत्येनो मृगहन्तुर्धनार्थिन Ms 5 34, Ku 2 20 -2 One who removes, destroys, counter-acts &c -म 1 A slayer, killer -2 A thief, robber

हृत्: 1 A stroke, blow -2 Killing -3 Death. -4 A man who is sad or depressed

हनीलः Pandanus Odoratissimus (केतकी)

हनु, -न् *m, f* [हृत्-उन्-लौत्वे वा उञ्] The chin, jaw -नु *f* 1 That which injures life -2 A weapon -3 A disease, sickness -4 Death -5 A kind of drug -6 A wanton woman, prostitute -Comp -ग्रहः locked jaw -भेदः 1 the gaping of the jaws -2 N. of a particular form of eclipse -मूलम् the root of the jaw -मोक्षः relaxation of the jaws -स्तम्भः = हनुग्रह -स्वनः sound made with the jaws

हनुका A jaw

हनु (नृ) मत् *m N* of a powerful monkey-chief [He was the son of Afījanā by the god Wind or Marut and hence called Māruta He is represented as a monkey of extraordinary strength and prowess which he manifested on several critical occasions on behalf of Rāma whom he regarded as the idol of his heart When Sītā was carried off by Rāvana, he crossed the sea and brought news about her to his lord He played a very important part in the great war at Lankā] -Comp. -कवचम् *N* of various hymns addressed to हनुमत् -जयन्ती the day of the full moon of Chaitra.

हनुषः [हन्-ऊषन् Un 4 75] A demon

हन्त *ind* A particle implying 1 Joy, surprise, flurry (oh !), हन्त भो लब्धं मया स्वास्थ्यम् S 4, हन्त प्रवृत्त सगीतकम् M 1 -2 Compassion, pity, पुत्रक हन्त ते धानाका G M -3 Grief (oh !, alas !), हन्त धिक् मामधन्यम् U. 1 42, स्मरामि हन्त स्मरामि U 1, काचमूल्यान विक्रीतो हन्त चिन्तामणिर्मया Santu 1 12, Me 106 -4 Good luck or benediction -5 It is often used as an inceptive particle (expressive of an exhortation to do any thing, or asking attention), हन्तास्मिन्नन्मनि भवान् मा द्रष्टुमिहार्हति Bhāg 1 6 22, Bri Up 2 4 1, हन्त ते कथयिष्यामि Rām -Comp -उक्तिः *f* uttering the word 'alas !', tenderness, compassion -कारः 1 the exclamation 'hanta' -2 an offering to be presented to a guest, निवीती हन्तकारेण मनुष्यास्तर्पयेदथ

हपु (बु) षा N of a medicinal substance, Un 4 78.

हम् *ind* An exclamation expressive of anger, courtesy, or respect

हम्बा (म्मा) The lowing of cattle, हम्बायमाना कल्याणी वसिष्ठस्याथ नन्दिनी (आगम्य) Mb 1 175 23 -Comp -रवः lowing of cattle

हम् 1 P To go

हय 1 P (हयति, हयित) 1 To go -2 To worship -3 To sound -4 To be weary

हयः [हय-हि-वा अच्] 1 A horse, तत श्वेतैर्हयैर्युक्ते महति स्यन्दने स्थितौ Bg 1 14, Ms 8. 296, R 9 10 -2 A man of a particular class, see under अश्व -3 The number 'seven'. -4 N of Indra -5 (In prosody) A foot of four short syllables -6 The zodiacal sign Sagittarius -7 The Yak (Bos Grunniens) -Comp. -अङ्गाः Sagittarius (धनुराशि) -अध्यक्षः a superintendent of horses -अरिः the fragrant oleander -आनन्दः green grain of Phaseolus Mungo (Mar हिरवे मूग) -आयुर्वेदः veterinary science -आरुढः a horseman, rider -आरोहः 1 a rider -2 riding (also आरोहम् in this sense) -आलयः a horse-stable -आसनी the gum-olibanum tree -इष्टः barley -उत्तमः an excellent horse -कर्मन् *n* knowledge of horses -कातरा, -कातरिका N of a plant, (Mar चोडे काथर) -कोविद् *a* versed in the science of horses-their management, training &c -गन्धा N of a plant (Mar आसध) -ग्रीवः 1 N of a form of Visnu. -2 N of a demon, ज्ञात्वा तद्वानवेन्द्रस्य हयग्रीवस्य चेष्टितम् Bhāg 8 24 9 (-वा) N of Durgā -च्छटा a troop of horses -हः a horse dealer, groom, jockey -द्विषत् *m* the buffalo -पः -पतिः a groom -पुच्छिका, -पुच्छी Glycane Debilis (Mar रानउडीद्) -प्रियः barley. -प्रिया the Kharjura tree -मारः, -मारकः the fragrant oleander -मारणः the sacred fig-tree. -मुखः N of a form of Visnu, Mb 1 23 16 -मेघः a horse sacrifice; सर्वान् कामानवाप्नोति हय-

मेघफल तथा Y. 1 181. -वाहनः 1 an epithet of Kubera -2 Revanta, the son of the sun -शाला a stable for horses -शास्त्रम् the art or science of training and managing horses -शिक्षा hippology -संग्रहणम्, -सयानम् the restraining or curbing of horses, driving horses, पश्य मे हयसयाने शिक्षा केशवनन्दन Mb 3 19 5

हयंकषः 1 A driver, charioteer -2 N of Mātali, the charioteer of Indra

हया, हयी A female horse, mare

हयनः A year -नम् A covered carriage

हयिः *m*, *f* Wish, desire

हर *a* (-रा, -री *f*) [ह अच्] 1 Taking away, removing, depriving one of, as in खेदहर, शोकहर -2 Bringing, conveying, carrying, taking, अपयहरा K1 5 50, R 12 51 -3 Seizing, grasping -4 Attracting, captivating -5 Claiming, entitled to, as in रिक्थहर &c, परिहृतमयश पातितमस्मात्तु च घातितोऽर्धराज्यहर Mu 2 19 -6 Occupying, समादिदेशैकवधू भवित्री प्रेम्णा शरीरार्धहरा हरस्य Ku 1 50 -7 Dividing -रः 1 Śiva, ध्रुवाप्सरोगीतिरपि क्षणेऽस्मिन् हर प्रस-ख्यानपरो बभूव Ku 3 40, 67, 1 50, Me 7 -2 N of Agni or fire -3 An ass -4 A divisor -5 The denominator of a fraction -6 The act of seizing, taking -7 A seizer, ravisher -Comp -अद्रिः the Kailāsa mountain -ईश्वरः Śiva and Visnu forming one person -गौरी one of the forms of Śiva and Pārvatī conjoined (अर्वनारीनदेश्वर) -चूडामणिः 'Śiva's crest-gem', the moon -तेजस् *n* quick-silver -नेत्रम् 1 Śiva's eye -2 the number 'three' -प्रियः Nernum Odorum (करवीर) -बीजम् 'Śiva's seed', quick-silver -वल्लभः the white thorn-apple (धतूर) -वाहनः a bull -शेखरा 'Śiva's crest', the Ganges -सखः N of Kubera, -सूनुः Skanda, व्याजहार हरसूनुसनिभ R. 11 83

हरकः 1 A stealer, thief -2 A rogue -3 A divisor -4 N. of Śiva -5 A long flexible sword

हरणम् [ह-भावे ल्युट्] 1 Seizing, taking -2 Carrying away, carrying off, removing, stealing, कन्याहरणम् Ms 3 33, धेनुवत्सहरणम् R 11 74 -3 Depriving of, destroying, as in प्राणहरणम् -4 Dividing -5 A gift to a student -6 The arm -7 Semen virile -8 Gold -9 A nuptial present, (= यौतक q v), आजगमु खाण्डवप्रस्थ-मादाय हरण बहु Mb 1 221. 33 -10 A shell, cowrie -11 Boiling water

हरि *a* [ह-इन्] 1 Green, greenish-yellow, हरिता हरिभि शष्पैरिन्द्रगोपैश्च लोहिता Bhāg. 10 20 11 -2 Tawny, bay, reddish-brown (कपिल), हरियुग्य रथ तस्मै प्रजिघाय पुरदर R 12 84, 3 43 -3 Yellow, महोरगवराहाय हरिकेश विभो जय Mb 6. 65 52, 3 42 7 -रिः 1 N of Visnu, हरियैक पुरुषोत्तम स्मृत R. 3. 49. -2 N. of Indra, प्रजिघाय समाधि-

भेदिनी हरिरस्मै हरिणीं सुराङ्गनाम् R 8 79, 3 55, 68 -3 N of Siva. -4 N of Brahman -5 N of Yama -6 The sun, एव स्तुत स भगवान् वाजिरूपधरो हरि Bhāg 12 6 73 -7 The moon -8 A man -9 A ray of light -10 Fire -11 Wind, तासां तु वचनं श्रुत्वा हरि परमकौपल । प्रविश्य सर्वगात्राणि बभञ्ज भगवान् प्रभु ॥ Rām 1 32 23 -12 A lion, करिणामरिणा हरिणा हरिणाली हन्यता तु कथम् Bv 1 50, 51 -13 A horse, तत कदाचिद्वरिसंप्रयुक्तं महेन्द्रवाह सहसोपयातम् Mb 3 165.1, Sukra 4 916 -14 A horse of Indra, सत्यमतीत्य हरितो हरीश्वरं वर्तन्ते वाजिन S 1, 7 7 -15 An ape, a monkey, व्यर्थं यत्र कपीन्द्रसख्यमपि मे वीर्यं हरीणां वृथा U. 3 45, शत्रुर्वज्रधरात्मजेन हरिणा घोरेण चानिष्यते Mv 4 6, R 12. 57 -16 The cuckoo -17 A frog -18 A parrot -19 A snake -20 The tawny green or yellow colour -21 A peacock -22 N of the poet Bhartrihari -23 The sign of the zodiac, Leo -24 An organ of sense (इन्द्रिय), युक्ता ह्यस्य हरयः शानां दशेति Bri Up 2 5 19 -Comp -अक्षः 1 a lion हर्यक्षसमाविक्रमान् Siva B 31. 53. -2 N of Kubera -3 of Siva, सखीलमिव हर्यक्षं वने मत्तमिव द्विपम् Mb 9 12 3 -4 N of an Asura (हिरण्याक्ष), एव गदाभ्यां गुर्वीभ्यां हर्यक्षो हरिरेव च Bhāg 3 18 18 -अश्वः 1 Indra, हयाश्च हर्यश्चतुरगवर्णां Bhāg 8 15 5 -2 Siva -कान्त a. 1 dear to Indra -2 beautiful as a lion -केलीयः the country called वङ्ग q v -केशः N of Siva, हरिकेशस्तथेत्युक्त्वा भूतानां दोषदर्शिवान् Mb 10 17 11 -गणः a troop of horses -गन्धम् a kind of sandal -गोपकः cochineal -चन्दनः, -नम् 1 a kind of yellow sandal (the wood or tree), तत्र प्रकोष्ठे हरिचन्दनाङ्किते R 3 59, 6 60, S 7 2, Ku 5 69 -2 one of the five trees of paradise, पञ्चैते देवतरवो मन्दार पारिजातक । सतान् कल्पवृक्षश्च पुंसि वा हरिचन्दनम् ॥ Ak (-नम्) 1 moonlight -2 saffron -3 the filament of a lotus -चापः, -पम् a rainbow -तालः (by some regarded as derived from हरित) a kind of yellow-coloured pigeon (-लम्) yellow orpiment, अचल एष भवानिव राजते स हरितालसमान-नवाशुक S 4 21, Ku 7 23, 33, पारद हरिताल च Siva B 30 19, H D. 1 (-ली) 1 the Dūrvā grass -2 a streak or line in the sky -3 = हरितालिका (1) -तालकः a kind of yellow-coloured pigeon (-कम्) 1 yellow orpiment -2 a theatrical decoration -तालिका 1 the third day of the bright half of Bhādrapada -2 the Dūrvā plant -तुरंगमः N of Indra -दासः a worshipper or votary of Visnu -दिनम् the 11th day (एकादशी) in a fortnight sacred to Visnu -दिश f 'Indra's quarter', the east -देवः the asterism Śrāvana -द्रवः 1 a green fluid -2 powder of the blossoms of the Nāgakesāra tree -द्रुः a tree -द्वारम् N of a celebrated Tirtha or sacred bathing-place. -नेत्रम् 1 the eye of Visnu -2 the white lotus (-त्रः) an owl -पदम् the vernal equinox -पर्णम् a radish. -प्रियः 1 the Kadamba tree -2 a conch-shell -3 a fool -4 a madman -5 Siva. (-यम्) 1 the root Usīra. -2 a

sort of sandal -प्रिया 1 Laksmī -2 the sacred basil. -3 the earth -4 the twelfth day of a lunar fortnight -बीजम् yellow orpiment -भक्तः a worshipper of Visnu -भुज् m a snake -मन्यः, -मन्यकः a chick-pea, Sukra 4 969 -मेघः, -मेघस् m N of Visnu, नमो विशुद्धसत्त्वाय हरये हरिमेघसे Bhāg 4 30 24, 11. 29 45 -रोमन् a having fair hair on the body, very young, सुवर्णशिरसोऽप्यत्र हरिरोम्णं प्रगायत Mb 5 110 12 (com हरिरोम्णं अपलितस्य नित्यतरुणस्येत्यर्थः) -लोचनः 1 a crab -2 an owl -वंशः N of a celebrated work by Vyāsa supplementary to the Mahābhārata -वर्षः N of one of the nine divisions of Jambudvīpa -वल्लभा 1 Laksmī -2 the sacred basil -वासरः 'Visnu's day', the eleventh day of a lunar fortnight (एकादशी) -वाहनः 1 Garuda -2 Indra -3 N of the sun दिश f the east, अलकसयमनादिव लोचने हरीते मे हरिवाहनदिङ्मुखम् V 3 6 -बीजम् yellow orpiment -शरः an epithet of Siva (Visnu having served Siva as the shaft which burnt down 'the three cities' or cities of the demon Tripura) -सखः a Gandharva, सपदि हरिसखैर्वधूनिदेशाद्भवन्ति मनो-रमवल्कीरुदङ्गैः Ku 10 18 -संकीर्तनम् repeating the name of Visnu -सुतः, -सुतुः N of Arjuna -हयः 1 Indra, रक्षसां रुक्ता राव श्रुत्वा हरिहयानुज Rām 7 7 41, हरिहयाग्रसरेण धनुर्धृता R 9 12 -2 the sun -3 N of Skanda -4 of Ganeśa -हरः a particular form of deity consisting of Visnu and Siva conjoined, see हरेश्चर 'आत्मक 1 N of Garuda -2 of Siva's bull -हेतिः f 1 the rain-bow, कथमवलोकयेयमधुना हरिहेतिमती (ककुम्) Māl 9. 18 -2 the discus of Visnu हूति the ruddy goose, हरिहेतिहूति मिथुन पततो S 9 15

हरिकः [हरि-सज्ञाया कन्] 1 A horse of a yellowish or tawny colour -2 A thief -3 A gambler (with dice).

हरिण a. (-णी f) [ह-इनन्] 1 Pale, whitish, न चाश्वेन विनिर्यासि विवर्णो हरिण कृश Mb 1 100 61, रूपेण पश्ये हरिणेन पश्य N 22 134 -2 Reddish or yellowish white. -3 Having rays, विश्वरूप हरिण जातवेदसम् Prasna U 1. 8 -णः 1 A deer, an antelope, (said to be of five kinds - हरिणश्चापि विज्ञेय पञ्चभेदोऽत्र भैरव । ऋष्य खड्गो रुद्रश्चैव पृषतश्च सृगस्तथा Kāhikā P), अपि प्रसन्न हरिणेषु ते मन Ku 5 35 -2 The white colour -3 A goose -4 The sun. -5 Visnu -6 Siva -Comp. -अक्ष a deer-eyed, fawn-eyed (-क्षः) N of Siva (-क्षी f) 'deer-eyed', a woman with beautiful eyes -अङ्कः 1 the moon -2 camphor -कलङ्कः, -धामन् m the moon -नयन, -नेत्र, -लोचन a deer-eyed, fawn-eyed -नर्तकः a Kinnara -लाञ्छनः the moon -हृदय a deer-hearted, timid

हरिणकः 1 A deer, क वत हरिणकानां जीवितं चातिलोल्मः S 1 10 -2 A small deer.

हरिणी 1 A female deer, doe, चकितहरिणीप्रेक्षणा Me 84, R 9 55, 11 69 -2 One of the four classes of women (also called चित्रिणी q v) -3 Yellow jasmine -4 A good golden image -5 N of a metre -6 The green colour -7 Turmeric -8 Madder -Comp -दृश a deer eyed (-f) a deer-eyed woman, किमभवद्विपिने हरिणीद्वय U 3 27

हरित् a [हृ इति] 1 Green, greenish -2 Yellow, yellowish -3 Greenish-yellow -m 1 The green or yellow colour -2 A horse of the sun, a bay horse, मत्स्यमतीत्य हरितो हरीश्च वर्तन्ते वाजिन S 1, दिशो हरिद्विर्हरिता-मिवेश्वर R 3 30, Ku 2 43 -3 A swift horse -4 A lion -5 The sun -6 Visnu -7 The kidney-bean -m, n 1 Grass -2 A quarter, region -3 A quarter or point of the compass, प्रायात् प्रतीची हरित विचित्रश्च तत्स्तत Rām 7 75, 10, R 3 30 -4 Turmeric (usually f only in the last 3 senses) -Comp -अन्तः the end of the quarters (दिगन्त), दृगन्तानावसे किमिति हरिदन्तेषु पुरुषाव Bv 1 60 -अन्तरम् different regions, various quarters, आमोदानय हरिदन्तराणि नेतुम् Bv 1 15 -अश्वः 1 the sun, प्रविघाटयिता समुत्पत्तं हरिदश्च कमलकरानिव K1 2 46, R 3 22, 18 23, Śi 11 56 -2 the aśka plant -गर्भः green or yellowish Kuśa grass with broad leaves -पर्णम् a radish -पतिः the regent of a quarter -मणिः (हरिन्मणिः) an emerald, हरिन्मणिद्वयामृत्याभिरामैर्गृहाणि नीधैरिव यत्र रेजु Śi 3 49 -रञ्जनी Turmeric -वर्ण a greenish, green coloured

हरित a (-ता or हरिणी f) [हृ इतच्] Green, of a green colour, verdant, रम्यान्तर कमलिनीहरितैः सरोभि S 4 10, Ku 4 14, Me 21, K1 5 38 -2 Tawny -3 Dark-blue -तः 1 The green colour -2 A lion -3 A kind of grass -Comp -अश्मन् m 1 an emerald -2 blue vitriol -उपलः an emerald, प्रेक्षा क्षिपन्त हरितोपलद्वे Bhāg 3 8 24 -उपलेपनम् green plastering or drawing -कपिश a yellowish brown -छद a green-leaved. -पण्यम् trading in vegetables, Kau A 2 1 -हरिः the sun.

हरितकम् 1 A pot-herb, green grass, अश्मन् पुरो हरितकं मुदमादधान Śi 5 58

हरिता 1 The Dūrvā grass -2 Turmeric -3 A brown-coloured grape

हरिताल &c See under हरि

हरिद्रः, हरिद्रकः The yellow sandal tree

हरिद्रा [हरिं पीतवर्णं द्रवति दु-गतौ-ड] 1 Turmeric -2 The root of turmeric powdered, see Malli on N. 22 49. -Comp. -अङ्ग. a kind of pigeon -आम a of a yellow colour (-भः) 1 the yellow colour -2 Zedoary -गणपतिः, -गणेशः a particular form of the god

Ganeśa -राग, -रागक a 1 turmeric-coloured -2 unsteady in attachment or affection, fickle-minded (as a lover), (thus defined by Hādyudha — अणमात्रातुरागश्च हरिद्राराग उच्यते)

हरिद्रुः 1 A tree -2 A kind of plant (Mar दारुहृद)

हरिमन् m 1 Yellowness -2 Paleness -3 Time -4 Jaundice

हरियः A yellow coloured horse

हरिश्चन्द्रः N of a king of the solar dynasty [He was the son of Trisanku and was famous for his liberality, probity, and unflinching adherence to truth. On one occasion his family-priest Vasīṣṭha commended his qualities in the presence of Viśvāmitra, who refused to believe them. A quarrel thereupon ensued, and it was at last decided that Viśvāmitra should himself test the king. The sage accordingly subjected him to the most crucial test with a view to see if he could not be but once made to swerve from his plighted word. The king, however, stood the test with exemplary courage, adhering to his word though he had to forego the kingdom, to sell off his wife and son, and at last, even his own self to a low-caste man, and-as the last test, as it were, of his truthfulness and courage—to be even ready to put his own wife to death as a witch! Viśvāmitra thereupon acknowledged himself vanquished, and the worthy king was elevated along with his subjects to heaven.]

हरिपः = हर्ष q v

हरीतकी The yellow myrobalan tree (Mar बाळहिरडा), सौवर्चल यवक्षार सर्जिका च हरीतकीम् Śiva B 30 17

हरेणुः [ह-एणु Un 2 1] 1 Pease, pulse -2 A creeper serving as the boundary of a village -3 N of Lankā -णुः f 1 A respectable woman -2 A copper-coloured deer -3 A fragrant drug, L D B

हरेणुकः Pease, pulse

हर्तृ a (-त्री f) One who takes away, seizes, robs, accepts &c -m 1 A thief, robber, हर्तुर्याति न गोचरम् Bh 2 16. -2 The sun

हर्मन् n. Gaping, yawning

हर्मित p p 1 Gaped, yawned -2 Cast, thrown -3 Burnt

हर्मुटः 1 The sun -2 A tortoise

हर्म्यम् [ह-यत् मुद् च] 1 A palace, mansion, any large or palatial building, हर्म्यपृष्ठं समारुढ काकोऽपि गद-डायते Subhāṣ, बाह्योद्यानस्थितहराशिरश्चन्द्रिकाधौतहर्म्या Me. 7,

Rs 1. 28, Bk 8 36, R 6 47, Ku 6 42 -2 An oven, a fire-place, hearth -3 A fiery pit, abode of evil spirits, the infernal regions -Comp -अङ्गनम्, -णम् the courtyard of a palace -तलम्, -पृष्ठम्, -वलभी f the upper room of a palace -स्थलम् the room of a palace

हर्मिका f A summer house on a Stūpa

हर्ष 1 P (हर्षति) 1 To go -2 To worship -3 To take -4 To threaten -5 To be weary or fatigued

हर्षतः 1 A horse -2 A horse fit for the Asva-medha sacrifice -3 A sacrifice, Un 3 109

हर्षः [हृष्-ञञ्] 1 Joy, delight, pleasure, satisfaction, gladness, rapture, glee, exultation, हर्षो हर्षो हृदयवसति पञ्चबाणस्तु बाण P R 1 22, सहोत्थित सैनिकहर्षनि स्वने R 3 61 -2 Thrilling, bristling, erection (of the hair of the body), as in रोमहर्ष q v, नेत्रे जल गात्ररुहेषु हर्ष Bhāg 2 3. 24 -3 Joy, considered as one of the 33 or 34 subordinate feelings, हर्षस्तिवद्यावातेर्मन प्रसादोऽध्रुगदृष्टादिकर S D 195, or इष्टप्राप्त्यादिजन्मा सुखविशेषो हर्ष R G -4 The erection of the sexual organ, lustfulness -5 Ardent desire -Comp -अन्वित a full of joy, happy, so हर्षाविष्ट -आकुल a agitated with joy -उत्कर्षः excess of happiness or joy, ecstasy -उदयः rise of joy -कर a gratifying, delighting -कीलकः a kind of sexual enjoyment -गर्भ a blissful -जम् semen -जड a dull or paralyzed with joy, परामृशन् हर्षजडेन पाणिना तदीयमङ्ग कुलिशव्रणाङ्कितम् R 3 68 -दोहलः, -लम् lustful desire -वर्धनः N of a great king of Northern India and founder of an era, A D 605 or 606 -विवर्धन a. increasing joy -संपुटः a kind of sexual enjoyment -स्वनः a cry or shout of joy

हर्षक a (-र्षका or -र्षिका f) [हृष्-णिच् ण्वल्] Delighting, gladdening, delightful, pleasing

हर्षण a (-णा or -णी f) [हृष्-णिच् ल्यु] 1 Causing delight, gladdening, delightful, pleasant -2 Causing the hair of the body to stand erect, सवादामिममश्रौषमद्भुत रोमहर्षणम् Bg 18 74 -णः 1 N of one of the five arrows of Kāmadeva -2 A morbid affection of the eyes -3 A deity presiding over the funeral ceremonies -4 A funeral and other rites, L D B -5 One of the 27 yogas (Astr), L D B -णम् 1 Joy, delight, happiness, gladdening, delighting, दुर्हृदामप्रहर्षाय सुहृदा हर्षणाय च Mb -2 Raising the spirit (of an army), खातकव्यूहतत्त्वज्ञ बल-हर्षणकोविदम् Mb 12 118 11 -3 Erection of the sexual organ, sexual excitement

हर्षयितु a [हृष्-णिच् इत्] Gladdening, pleasing, delighting -n Gold -m A son

हर्षित a 1 Delighted, happy -2 Made happy, gladdened -तम् Joy, delight

हर्षुलः [हृष्-उलच् Un 1 98] 1 A deer -2 A lover -ला A girl with a beard (unfit for marriage) -a 1 Jocular (परिहाराशाल), हय वा दन्तिन अभिहन्त्यनादत्य हर्षुले पार्थिवे सुदो Mb 12 56 54 -2 Lustful

हल् 1 P (हलति, हलित) To plough

हल, हलम् 1 A plough -2 A weapon -3 A land-measure

हलम् [हल् घञर्थे करणे क] 1 A plough, वहसि वपुषि विशदे वसन जलदाभम् । हलहतिभीतिमिलितयसुनाभम्, or हल कलयते Gīt 1 -2 Deformity, ugliness, ततो मया रूपगुणैरहल्या र्जा विनिर्मिता । हल नामेह वैरूप्य हल्य तत्प्रभव भवेत् ॥ Rām 7 30 22. -3 Hindrance -4 Quarrel -Comp -अभः a pig-bald horse -आयुधः 1 an epithet of Balarāma -2 N of the author of अभिधान-रत्नमाला -ककुद् f the projecting beam of a plough -गोलकः a kind of insect, फल वा मूलक हत्वा अपूप वा पिपीलिका । चोरयित्वा च निष्पाव जायते हलगोलक ॥ Mb 13 111 100 (com हलगोलक दीर्घपुच्छो गोलरूपी कीटविशेष) -दण्डः the shaft or pole of a plough -धर, -भृत् m 1 a ploughman -2 N of Balarāma, केशव धृतहलधररूप जय जगदीश हरे Gīt 1, असन्यस्ते सति हलभृतो मेचके वाससीव Me 61 -भूतिः, -भृतिः f ploughing, agriculture, husbandry -मार्गः a furrow -मुखम् a ploughshare -वाहा a particular landmeasure -सीरः a ploughshare -हति f 1 striking or drawing along with a plough -2 ploughing

हलदी, हलदीका, हलदी f Turmeric

हलहल a Ploughing, making furrows

हलहलकः Eagerness, Heb 8

हलहला An exclamation of applause or approbation

हला 1 A female friend -2 The earth -3 Water -4 Spirituous liquor -and A vocative particle used in addressing a female friend, (only in theatrical language), हला शकुन्तले अत्रैव तावन्मुहूर्त तिष्ठ S 1, of हण्डा also

हलिः 1 A large plough -2 A furrow -3 Agriculture

हलिकः A ploughman

हलिन m 1 A ploughman, an agriculturist -2 Balarāma -Comp -प्रियः the Kadamba tree (-या) spirituous liquor

हलिनी A number of ploughs

हलिनः The teak tree

हलीषा, हलेषा The handle of a plough

हल्य *a* 1 Arable, to be ploughed -2 Ugly, deformed -ल्यम् 1 A ploughed field -2 Deformity, ugliness, Rām 7 30 22, see हलम् (2)

हल्या *A* number of ploughs

हलाहः *A* spotted or variegated horse, a piebald horse

हलाहलः, हलाहलम् 1 = हाल (ल) हल -2 *A* kind of snake -3 *A* sort of lizard -4 *A* kind of deadly poison, see हाल (ल) हलम्

हलुहारः *A* kind of horse

हलुकम् *The* red lotus

हल्लनम् *Rolling* or tossing about (as in sleep)

हल्लीशम् (-षम्) 1 One of the 18 Uparūpakas or minor dramatic compositions, (described as a piece in one act and consisting mainly of singing and dancing by one male and seven, eight or ten female performers, see S D 555 -2 *A* kind of circular dance

हल्लीश (स) कः *Dancing* in a ring, घोषवासस्यानुरूपोऽय हल्लीसकृतबन्व उपयुज्यताम् Bālacharitam 3, हल्लसिक सललित रुचिर वहामि ibid 4 6

हवः [हु-अ, द्वे-अप् सप्र० पृषो० वा] 1 An oblation, a sacrifice, भीमतामपरोऽन्मोक्षिमेषधित महाहवे Śi 19 54 -2 Invocation, prayer -3 Calling, a call -4 Order, command -5 Challenge

हवनम् [हु-भावे ल्युट्] 1 Offering an oblation with fire -2 *A* sacrifice, an oblation -3 *A* sacrificial ladle -4 Calling, summoning, invocation -5 Challenging to fight -नः 1 Fire -2 *A* fire receptacle -Comp -आयुस् *m* fire

हवनी = हवित्री *q v*

हवनीय *a* [हु कर्मणि अनौयर्] Sacrificial -यम् 1 Anything fit for an oblation -2 Clarified butter or ghee.

हवित्री *A* hole made in the ground for holding the sacred fire (to which oblations are offered)

हविष्मत् *a* Possessed of oblations

हविष्मती *N* of the mythical cow Kāmadhenu, तस्मै स नरदेवाय मुनिरर्हणामाहरत् । ससैन्यामात्यवाहाय हविष्मत्या तपोधन ॥ Bhāg 9 15 24

हविष्यम् [हविषे हित यत्] 1 Anything fit for an oblation, दर्भो पवित्र पूर्वाह्णे हविष्याणि च सर्वश Ms 3 256, 11 77, 106, Y 1 239, (नन्दवज्रकुमारिका) चैरुहविष्य भुजाना कात्यायन्यर्चनव्रतम् Bhāg 10 22 1 -2 Clarified butter -3 Wild rice -4 Rice mixed with ghee. -Comp. -अन्नम्

food fit to be eaten during certain holidays or days of fast -आशिन, -भुज् *m* fire

हविस् *n* [हव्ये हु-कर्मणि असुन्] 1 An oblation or burnt offering in general, वहति विविधुत या हवि S 1 1, Ms 3 87, 132, 5 7, 6 12 -2 Clarified butter, न जातु काम कामानामुपभोगेन शाम्यति । हविषा कृष्णवर्त्मेव भूय एवामिवर्धते Bhāg 9 19 14 -3 Water -4 *N* of Śiva -5 *A* sacrifice, स्यादन्यायत्वादिय्यागामी हविशब्द MS 6 4 21, यदीमानि हवीषीह विमथिष्यन्त्यसाधव Mb 12 8 10 -6 Food (अन्न), ब्राह्मणेभ्यो हविर्त्वा मुच्यते तेन पाप्मना Mb 13 136 16 -Comp -अशनम् (हविरशनम्) devouring clarified butter or oblations (-नः) fire -गन्धा (हविर्गन्धा) the Sami tree -गेहम् (हविर्गेहम्) a house in which sacrificial oblations are offered -भुज् *m* (हविर्भुज्) fire, अन्वारितमरुन्धत्या स्वाहयेव हविर्भुजम् R 1 56, 10 69, 13 41, Ku 5 20, Śi 1 2, Kāv 2 168 -यज्ञः (हविर्यज्ञः) a kind of sacrifice -याजिन (हविर्याजिन) *m* a priest

हव्य *a* [हु-कर्मणि यत्] To be offered in oblations -व्यम् 1 Clarified butter -2 An oblation or offering to the gods (opp कव्य *q v*) -3 An oblation in general, ममेष्ट नित्यशो हव्यैर्मन्त्रैः सपूज्य पावकम् Rām. 7 30 12 -व्या *A* cow, इडे रन्ते हव्ये etc ŚB on MS 3 10 49 -Comp. -आशः fire -कव्यम् oblations to the gods and to the Manes, or spirits of deceased ancestors, हव्यकव्याभिवाह्याय सर्वस्यास्य च गुणैः Ms 1 94, 3 97, 128, *et seq* -पाकः an oblation cooked with butter and milk, or the pot in which it is cooked -लेहिन, -वाह, -वाह, -वाहन *m* 'the bearer of oblations', fire, तथा हि तोयौघविभिन्नसहति स हव्यवाह प्रययौ परामवम् K 1 16 61, अथ सचिन्तयामास भगवान् हव्यवाहन Mb 3 217 10

हस 1 P (हसति, हसित) 1 To smile, laugh (gently), हससि यदि किञ्चिदपि दन्तसचिकौमुदी हरति दरतिमिरमतिघोरम् Git 10, Bk 7 63, 14 93 -2 To laugh at, mock, ridicule (with acc), यमवाप्य विदर्भू प्रभु हसति ग्रामपि शक्रभर्तुकाम N 2 16 -3 (Hence) To surpass, excel, throw into the back-ground, यो जहासेव वासुदेवम् K, Śi 1 71 -4 To resemble, श्रिया हसद्भि कमलानि ससितै K 1 8 44 -5 To jest, joke -6 To open, bloom, blow, हसद्दन्धुजीवप्रसूनै -7 To brighten up, or to clear up, भार्वा-नुदेयति हसिष्यति चक्रवालम् Subhāṣ -Oaus (हासयति-ते) To cause to smile, प्रमथमुखविकारैर्हासयामास गूढम् Ku 7 95.

हसः 1 Laugh, laughter -2 Derision. -3 Merriment, mirth -Comp. -कृत् *a* causing laughter

हसत् *pres p* Mocking, excelling, मृत्पिण्डशेखरितकोटिभिरर्धचन्द्र शृङ्गे शिखाग्रगतलक्ष्ममलं हसाद्भि Śi 5 63. -f *A* portable fire-vessel (Mar शोगडी)

हसनम् *Laughing, laughter*

हसनी *A* portable fire-place. -Comp. -भणिः fire.

हसन्तिका A portable fire-vessel

हसन्ती 1 A portable fire-vessel -2 A lamp stand
-3 A kind of Mallikā -4 A kind of fairy (=शाकिनी)

हसिका Laughter, derision

हसित *p p* [हस्-कर्तरि क] 1 Laughed, laughing -2
Blown, expanded -तम् 1 Laughter -2 Joke, jesting,
कीर्तितानि हसितेऽपि तानि य द्रीडयन्ति चरितानि मानिनम् Ku 13 47
-3 The bow of the god of love

हस्तः [हस्-तच् न इद् Un 3 86] 1 The hand, हस्त गत
'fallen in the hand or possession of', गौतमीहस्ते विसर्जये-
ष्यामि S 3 'I shall send it by Gautami', so हस्ते पतिता,
हस्तसनिहिता कुरु &c, शशुना दत्तहस्ता Me 62 'leaning on Sam-
bhu's hand', हस्ते कृ 1 (हस्तेकृत्य-कृत्वा) 'to take or seize
by the hand, take hold of the hand, take in hand, take
possession of', Prov -हस्तकङ्कण किं दर्पणे प्रेक्ष्यते Karpūr
'sight requires no mirror' -2 The trunk of an
elephant, Ku 1 86, अथवा हस्तिहस्तचञ्चलानि पुरुषभाग्यानि
भवन्ति Avimārakam 2 -3 N of the 13th lunar
mansion consisting of five stars -4 The fore-arm, cu-
bit, a measure of length (equal to 24 *angulas* or about
18 inches, being the distance between the elbow and
the tip of the middle finger) -5 Hand-writing, signa-
ture, धनी वीरगत दद्यात् स्वहस्तपरिचिह्नितम् Y 1 319, स्वहस्त-
कालसपन्न शासनम् 1 320 'bearing date and signature',
धार्यतामय प्रियाया स्वहस्त V 2 'the autograph of
my beloved', 2 20 -6 (Hence fig) Proof, in-
dication, Mu 3 -7 Help, assistance, support, वात्या
खेद कृशाङ्ग्या सुचिरमवयवैर्दत्तहस्ता करोति Ve 2 21 -8 A
mass, quantity, abundance (of hair), in comp with
केश, कच &c, पाश पक्ष्म हस्तश्च कलापार्था कचात् परे Ak,
रतिविगलितबन्धे केशहस्ते सुकेश्या सति कुसुमसनाथे किं करोत्येष बर्हि
V 4 22 -स्तम् 1 A pair of leather-bellows -2 Skill
(in using the hand), कलासु कौशलमक्षभूमिहेस्तादिषु Dk
2 2 -Comp -अक्षरम् one's own hand or signature,
one's own sign-manual -अग्रम् the finger (being the
extremity of the hand) -अङ्गुलिः *f* any finger of the
hand -अभ्यासः contact with the hand -अवलम्बः,
आलम्बनम् support of the hand, दत्तहस्तावलम्बे प्रारम्भे
Ratn 1 8 'being aided or helped on' -आमलकम् 'the
fruit of the myrobalan held in the hand', a phrase
used to denote that which can be clearly and easily
seen or understood, of करतलामलकफलवदखिल जगदालोकयताम्
K 43 -आवापः 1 a finger-guard (ज्याघातवारणम्), V 5,
S 6 -2 a hand-fetter, व्यालकुञ्जरदुर्गेषु सर्पचौरभयेषु च ।
हस्तावापेन गच्छन्ति नास्तिका किमत परम् ॥ Mb 12 181 5
-कमलम् 1 a lotus carried in the hand -2 a lotus-like
hand -कौशलम् manual dexterity -क्रिया manual
work or performance, handicraft -गत, -गामिन् *a*
come to hand, fallen into one's possession, obtained,

स इ को...२२०

secured, त्व प्रार्थ्यसे हस्तगता ममैभि R 7 67, 8 1 -ग्राहः
taking by the hand -वापल्यम् = हस्तकौशलम् *q v*
-तलम् 1 the palm of the hand -2 the tip of an ele-
phant's trunk -तालः striking the palms together, clap-
ping the hands -तुला 'hand-balance', weighing in the
hand, हस्ततुल्यापि निपुणा पलप्रमाण विजानन्ति Pt 2 83 -दक्षिण
a 1 situated on the right hand -2 Right, correct
-दोषः a slip of the hand -धारणम्, -वारणम् warding
off a blow (with the hand) -पादम् the hands and
feet, न मे हस्तपाद प्रसरति S 4 -पुच्छम् the hand below
the wrist -पृष्ठम् the back of the hand -प्रद 'a sup-
porting, helping -प्राप्त, -वर्तिन्, -स्थ, -स्थित *a* 1 held
in the hand -2 gained, secured -प्राप्य *a* easily
accessible to the hand, that can be reached with the
hand, हस्तप्राप्यस्तबकनमितो बालमन्दारवृक्ष Me 77 -बिम्बम्
perfuming the body with unguents -भ्रष्ट *a* escaped
-मणिः a jewel worn on the wrist -रोधम् 'and in the
hands, हस्तरोध दधद् धनु Bk 5 32 -लाघवम् 1 manual
readiness or skill -2 a sleight of the hand, legerdemain
-लेखः Sketching practice before producing an object
of art, hand-drawing, अस्यैव सर्गाय भवत्करस्य सरोजसृष्टिर्मम
हस्तलेख N 7 72, हस्तलेखमसृजत् खलु जन्मस्थानरेणुकमसौ भवदर्शम्
ibid 21 6, -वापः = हस्तक्षेप shooting (arrows) with
the hand, यस्यैकषष्टिर्निशितास्तीक्ष्णवारा दुवासस समतो हस्तवाप
Mb 5 23 22 -वाम *a* situated on the left (or wrong)
hand -विन्यासः position of the hands -संवाहनम् rub-
bing or shampooing with the hands, सभोगान्ते मम समुचितौ
हस्तसंवाहनानां यास्ययूह सरसकदलीगर्भगौरश्चलत्वम् Me 98
-सिद्धिः *f* 1 manual labour, doing with the hands
-2 hire, wages -सूत्रम् a bracelet or thread-string
worn on the wrist, धान्यङ्गुलीभिः प्रतिसार्यमाणमूर्णामय कौतुकहस्त-
सूत्रम् Ku 7 25 -स्वस्तिकः crossing the hands, स्तनविनि-
हितहस्तस्वस्तिकाभिर्वधूभिः Mal 4 10 -हार्य *a* manifest

हस्तकः 1 A hand -2 The position of the hand
-3 A measure of length -4 A turn spit

हस्तवत् *a* Dexterous, skilful, clever, केनचित् हस्त-
वतैकागारिकेण तावतीं सुरङ्गा कारयित्वा Dk 2 2

हस्ता The thirteenth lunar mansion

हस्ताहस्ति and Hand to hand, हस्ताहस्ति जन्ममजनि
Dk.

हस्तिकम् A multitude of elephants, Mb 9.

हस्तिका A kind of strung instrument

हस्तिन् *a* (-नी *f*) [हस्त गुण्णादण्डोऽस्त्यस्य इति] 1 Having
hands -2 Having a trunk -*m* An elephant, Ms 7.
96, 12 43, (elephants are said to be of four kinds,
भद्र, मन्द्र, मृग, and मिश्र) -Comp. -अध्यक्षः a superinten-
dent of elephants -अशना Boswellia Serrata (Mar-
साहई, कुसुद) -आजीवः an elephant-driver -आयुर्वेदः *a*

work dealing with the treatment of the elephant's diseases -आरोहः an elephant driver or rider -कश्यः 1 a lion -2 a tiger -कर्णः the castor oil plant -गिरिः the city and district of Kāñchī -घ्नः 1 an elephant killer -2 a man -चारः a kind of weapon -चारिन् m an elephant-driver -जागरिकः a keeper of elephants -जिह्वा a particular vein -दन्तः 1 the tusk of an elephant -2 a peg projecting from a wall (-न्तम्) 1 ivory -2 a radish -दन्तकम् a radish -नखम् a sort of turret protecting the approach to the gate of a city or fort -नासा an elephant's trunk -पः, -पकः an elephant driver or rider, जज्ञे जैनैमुकुलिताक्षमनाददाने सरव्वहस्तिपक-निष्ठुरचोदनाभि S1 5 49, इति घोषयतीव डिण्डिम करिणो हस्तिपका-हृद कण्ठ H 2 86 -पर्णी the कर्कटी plant -प्रधान a chiefly depending on elephants, Kau A 2 2 -बन्धकी a female elephant helping in tethering wild ones, Kau A 2 2 -मदः the ichor issuing from the temples of an elephant in rut -मयूरक. N of a plant (Mar आज-मोदा) -मल्लः 1 N of Airāvata, सुराधिपाधिष्ठितहस्तिमल्ललीला दधौ राजतगण्डशैल S1 4 13 -2 of Ganeśa -3 of Śankha, the eighth of the chief Nāgas -4 a heap of ashes -5 a shower of dust -6 frost -यूयः, -यम् a herd of elephants -वक्त्र. N of Ganeśa, Dk 2 3 -वर्चसम् the splendour or magnificence of an elephant -वाहः 1 an elephant-driver -2 a hook for driving elephants -विपाणी Musa Sapientum (Mar केळ) -शाला an elephant-stable -शुण्डा, -ण्डी A kind of shrub (Mar इद्रवारणी, कवडळ) -श्यामाकः a kind of millet -षड्गवम् a collection of six elephants -स्नानम् = गजस्नानम् q v, अवशेन्द्रियवित्ताना हस्तिस्नानमिव क्रिया H 1 17 -हस्त. an elephant's trunk

हस्तिन (ना) पुरम् N of a city founded by king Hastin, said to be situated some fifty miles north-east of the modern Delhi, it forms a central scene of action in the Mahābhārata, it's other names are — गजाङ्घ्रय, नागसाङ्घ्रय, नागाङ्घ्र, हस्तिन

हस्तिनी 1 A female elephant -2 A kind of drug and perfume -3 A woman of a particular class, one of the four classes into which writers on erotical science divide women (described as having thick lips, thick hips, thick fingers, large breasts, dark complexion, and libidinous appetite), the Ratimāñjarī thus describes her — स्थूलावरा स्थूलनितम्बविम्बा स्थूलाङ्गुलि रथूलकुचा सुशीला । कामोत्सुका गाढरतिप्रिया च नितान्तभोक्त्री (नितम्ब-खर्वा) खलु हस्तिनी स्यात् (करिणी मता सा) 8

हस्तेकरणम् Marrying

हस्त्य a 1 Belonging to the hand -2 Done with the hand, manual -3 Given with the hand

हस्य a [हस्-रक् Un 2 12] 1 Smiling -2 Stupid, foolish, ignorant

हहलम् A kind of deadly poison

हहा m A kind of Gandharva, cf हाहा

हा ind A particle expressing 1 Grief, dejection, pain, as expressed by 'ah', 'alas!', 'woe me', in English, हा प्रिये जानकि U 3, हा हा देवि स्फुटति हृदयम् U 3 38, हा पित कासि हे सुभ्रु Bk. 6 11, हा वत्से मालति कासि Mal 10 &c, (in this sense हा is often used with the acc of person, हा कृष्णभक्तम् Sk) -2 Surprise, हा कथ महाराज-दशरथस्य वर्मदारा प्रियसखी मे कौसल्या U 4 -3 Anger or reproach -Comp -कारः the exclamation हा -हाकृत a filled with cries

हा I 3 Ā (जिहीते, हान, pass हायते, desid जिहासते) 1 To go, move, जिहीथा विख्याता स्फुटमिह भवद्वाङ्मवरयम् H D 28, K1 13 23, Nalod 1 38 -2 To get, attain -II 3 P (जहाति, हीन) 1 To leave, abandon, quit, gave up, forsake, relinquish, dismiss, मूढ जहीहि वनागम-तृष्णा कुरु तनुदुद्धे मनसि वितृष्णाम् Moha M 1, सा स्त्रीस्वभावाद-सहा भरस्य तयोर्द्वयोरेकतर जहाति Mu 4 13, R 5 72, 8 52, 12 24, 14 61, 87, 15 59, S 4 14, बुद्धियुक्तो जहातीह उभे सुकृतदुष्कृते Bg 2 50, Bk 3 53, 5 91, 10 71, 20 10, Me 51, 62, Bv 2 129, Rs 1 38 -2 To resign, forego -3 To let fall -4 To omit, disregard, neglect -5 To remove -6 To avoid, shun -Pass (हीयते) 1 To be left or forsaken, भिषतिमिरनिकर न जहे शशिरदिम-सगमयुजा नभ श्रिया K1 12 12 -2 To be excluded from, be deprived of, lose (with instr or abl), विरूपाक्षो जहे प्राणे Bk 14 35, जनयित्वा सुत तस्या ब्राह्मण्यादेव हीयते Ms 3 17, 5 161, 9 211 -3 To be deficient or wanting in, usually with परि q v, धैर्यं यस्मै न हीयते Pt 1 103 -4 To diminish, decrease, decay, decline, wane (fig also), प्रवृद्धो हीयते चन्द्र समुद्रोऽपि तथाविध R 17 71, H Pr 42 -5 To fail (as in a law-suit), भूतमप्यनुपपन्नस्त हीयते व्यवहारत Y. 2 19 -6 To be left out or omitted -7 To be weakened -Caus (हापयति-ते) 1 To cause to leave, abandon &c -2 To drive away, expel -3 To lose -4 To neglect, omit, delay the performance of, द्रुतमेतु न हापयिष्यते सहस्र तस्य विधातुमुत्तरम् S1 16 33, Ms 3 71, 4 21, Y 1 121 -Desid (जिहासति) To wish to leave &c

हात a Given up, abandoned

हातुः m, f 1 Death -2 Road.

हानम् 1 Leaving, abandoning, loss, failure, अज्ञान-भवास्य हि मूलकारण तद्धानमेवात्र विधौ विधीयते A Rām 7 5 9. -2 Escaping -3 Prowess, power -4 Want, lack. -5 Cessation.

हानिः f [हा-क्तिन् तस्य नि] 1 Abandonment, relinquishment. -2 Loss, failure, absence, non-existence, कञ्चित् स्फुटालकारविरहेऽपि न काव्यत्वहानि K P 1 'it does not cease to be a Kāvya' &c. -3 Loss, damage, detriment, प्रासोद्गलितसिक्थेन का हानि करिणो भवेत् Subhās,

का नो हानि Sarva S -४ Decrease, deficiency, यथा हानि क्रमप्राप्ता तथा वृद्धि क्रमागता Hariv, Y. 2 207, 244 -५ Neglect, omission, breach, प्रतिज्ञा, कार्य -६ Passing away, waste, loss, कालहानि R 13 16 -७ गति (from हा ३ A), हानिभङ्गविकल्पानां नवानां सचयेन च Mb 12 239 33 -Comp -कर a causing loss, detrimental, injurious, अनादिष्टोऽपि भूपस्य दृष्ट्वा हानिकरं च य । यतते तस्य नाशाय स मृत्योऽहो महीभुजाम्॥ Pt 1 88

हापनम् Causing to quit or abandon, expelling

हाङ्गरः A large fish

हाटक a (-की f) Golden -कम् 1 Gold, नवहाटकेष्टक-चित् ददर्श स; क्षितिपस्य पस्त्यमथ तत्र ससदि S 13 63 -२ The thorn-apple -३ A kind of magical drink, या वै विलायनं प्रविष्टं पुरुषं रसेन हाटकाख्येन साधयित्वा Bhāg 5 24 16 -Comp -ईशः, -ईशानः, -ईश्वरः N of a form of Śiva, ततोऽधस्ताद्वितले हरो भगवान् हाटकेश्वर स्वपार्षदभूतगणावृत Bhāg. 5 24 17 -हाडिका An earthen pot -गिरिः the mountain Meru

हात्रम् [हा-करणे त्र] 1 Wages, hire -२ Injuring, killing -३ Death -त्रः A demon

हान्त्रः Death, dying -न्त्रम् A demon, Up 4 168.

हापनम् The act of causing to quit or abandon

हापुत्री, हापुत्रिका A kind of wag tail

हाफिका Yawning, gaping

हायक a Giving up, abandoning, नैव यमीं न चाधमीं पूर्वोपचितहायक Mb 14 19 7

हायनः, -नम् A year, त्रस्तैकहायनकुरङ्गविलोलद्वे U. 3 28, Mā 4 8 -नः 1 A kind of rice -२ A flame

हारः [ह-कर्मणि घञ्] 1 Taking away, removal, seizing -२ Conveying -३ Abstraction, deprivation -४ A carrier, porter -५ A garland or necklace of pearls &c, a necklace in general, हारोऽयं हरिणाक्षीणा लुठति स्तन-मण्डले Amaru 100, पाण्ड्योऽयमसार्पितलम्बहार R 6 60, 5 52, 6 16, Me 74, Rs 1 4, 2 18 -६ War, battle -७ (In math) The denominator of a fraction -८ A divisor -९ (In prosody) A long syllable -Comp. आवलिः, -ली f 1 a string of pearls, तरुणीस्तन एव शोभते मणिहारावलिरामणीयकम् N 2 44, हारावलीतरलकाञ्चितकाञ्चिदाम Git 11 -२ N of a vocabulary of uncommon words by पुरुषोत्तमदेव -गुटि (लि) का the bead or pearl of a necklace, ताम्रोदरेषु पतितं तरुपल्लवेषु निर्धौतहारगुलिकाविशद हिमाम्भ R 5. 70 -फलम्, -फलकम् a necklace of five strings -यष्टिः f a necklace, string of pearls, दधति पृथुकुचाग्रैरुत्तैर्हारयष्टिम् Rs 2 25, 1 8, K 1 9 2 -हारा a kind of reddish-brown grape

हारकः [हृ ष्वल्] 1 A thief, plunderer, लवणहारक Y 3 215 -२ A cheat, rogue -३ A string of pearls -४ A divisor (in math) -५ A kind of prose composition -६ A gambler -७ A kind of science

हारि a Attracting, captivating, pleasing, charming -रिः f 1 Defeat -२ Losing a game -३ A body of travellers, caravan -Comp -कण्ठः a cuckoo

हारित p p 1 Caused to be taken or seized -२ Presented, offered -३ Attracted -४ Robbed, carried -५ Lost, हतं शत्रुं हृतं मित्रं रत्नमाला न हारिता Pt 5 85 -६ Surpassed, exceeded -तः 1 The green colour -२ A kind of pigeon, कास्यं हृत्वा तु दुर्बुद्धिर्हारितो जायते नर Mb 13 111 102

हारितकः A green vegetable

हारहरः Spirituous liquor -रा A grape.

हारिण a (-णी f) Belonging to a deer -णम् Venison, flesh of deer

हारिणिकः A deer catcher, hunter

हारिन् a (-णी f) [हारो अस्त्यस्य इनि, हृ-णिनि वा] 1 Taking, conveying, carrying -२ Robbing, taking away, बाजिकुञ्जराणां च हारिण Y 2 273, 3 208 -३ Seizing, disturbing, तद्रजो प्रतिप विद्यात् सततं हारिं देहिनाम् Ms 12 28 -४ Obtaining, securing -५ Attracting, captivating, pleasing, delighting, ravishing, तवासि गीतरागेण हारिणा प्रसभं हतं S 1 5, S 1 10 13, 69, विष्टपहारिणि हरो Bh 2 25 -६ Surpassing, excelling -७ Having a necklace

हारिद्रः 1 A yellow colour, हारिद्रवर्णं सुसुखं च शुक्रम् Mb 12 280 33 -२ The Kadamba tree -३ A kind of vegetable poison -४ A kind of fever -द्रम् Gold, तथापि नालोकि तदस्य रूपं हारिद्रमज्ञाय वितीर्णमङ्गम् N 6 45, 7 13 -a yellow, yellow-coloured

हारी f A pearl, L D B

हारीतः 1 A kind of pigeon, मारीचोद्भ्रान्तहारीता मलयाद्रेरुपत्यका R 4 46 -२ A rogue, cheat -३ N of a writer of a Smṛiti or code of laws, Y 1 4

हार्दम् [हृदयस्य कर्म युवा० अण् हृदादेश] 1 Affection, love, अमर्षशून्येन जनस्य जन्तुना न जातहार्देन न विद्विषादर K 1 33, S 1 9 69, V 5 10 -२ Kindness, tenderness -३ Will -४ Intention, meaning, अर्जुनं सहसाऽऽज्ञाय हरेर्हार्दिमयासिना Bhāg 1 7 55 -a Relating to or being in the heart, सल्लिख्य हार्दमनुमानसदुक्तितीक्ष्णज्ञानासिना भजत माखिलसशयाधिम् Bhāg 11 13 33

हार्दिक्यः 1 N of Kṛita-varman, Mb 1 2 32, मुञ्च हार्दिक्यं शङ्काम् । Ve 3 7 -२ Friendship

हार्दिन् n Anything greatly liked or desired.

हार्य a 1 To be taken or conveyed -2 To be borne or carried on, यद्धया वारणराजहार्यया Ku. 5 70 -3 To be taken away or snatched off, इत परानर्भकहार्यशस्त्रान् वैदर्भि पर्यानुमता मयासि R 7 67 -4 To be displaced or borne away (as by wind), नि श्वासहार्यशुकमाजगाम घर्मे प्रिया वेशमिवोपदेष्टुम् R 16 43 -5 To be shaken (as one's resolution), विमुच्य सा हारमहार्यनिश्चया Ku 5 8 -6 To be secured or won over, to be attracted, conquered or influenced, बहसि हि धनहार्यं पण्यभूत शरीरम् Mk 1 31, Ku 5 53, Ms 7 217 -7 To be seized or robbed, नहि तस्यास्ति किञ्चित् स्व भर्तृहार्यधनो हि स Ms 8 417 -8 To be destroyed, सनिबद्धमपहर्तुमहार्यं भूरि दुर्गतिभय भुवनानाम् K1 18 30 -9 To be warded off, स सप्रधार्यैवमहार्यसार सार विनेष्यन् सगणस्य शत्रो K1 16 25 -10 Captivating, charming, हार्योऽय विषयो ब्रह्मन् गान्धर्वो नाम नामत Mb 13 19 49 -र्यः 1 A snake -2 The tree called Bibhitaka -3 The dividend (in math) -र्या A kind of sandal-wood

हाल. [हलो अस्त्यस्य अण्, हल एव वा अण्] 1 A plough -2 N of Balarāma -3 N of a king, Sālivāhana king -4 A kind of bird -ला Spirituous liquor -ली A wife's younger sister -Comp -मृत् m an epithet of Balarāma

हालकः A horse of a yellowish-brown colour

हाल (ला) हलम् 1 A sort of deadly poison produced at the churning of the ocean, (being of a very virulent character it began to burn up everything when it was swallowed by the god Siva), अहमेव गुरु सुदारुणानामिति हालहल मास्म तात ह्यम् । ननु सन्ति भवादृशानि भूयो भुवनेऽस्मिन् वचनानि दुर्जनानाम् Subhās, हालहल न विष विष रमा Subhās -2 (Hence) A deadly poison or poison in general, हालहल खलु पिपासति कौतुकेन Bv 1 95, 2 73, मधु तिष्ठति वाचि योषिता हृदये हालहल महद्विषम् Pt 1 188 (Also written हलाहल or हालहाल)

हालहली, हाला Wine, spirituous liquor, हित्वा हाला-मभिमतरसा रेवतीलोचनाङ्काम् Me 51, Pt 1 58, S1 10 21, हालया साकमज्ञात हालहलमदापयत् Siva B 28 21

हालाहलः 1 A kind of insect -2 A kind of lizard -ला A small mouse -ली Spirituous liquor -लम् 1 = हालहल (1) -2 Spirituous liquor

हालिकः [हलेन खनति हल प्रहरणमस्य तस्येदं वा ठक् ठञ् वा] 1 A ploughman, an agriculturist, कस्मिंश्चिदधिष्ठाने हालिक-दपन्तो प्रतिवसत स्म Pt 4 92/93 -2 One that draws a plough (as a plough-ox) -3 One who fights with a plough -a Relating or belonging to a plough, P IV 3 124

हालिनी A kind of large house-lizard

हाली A wife's younger sister

हालुः A tooth

हावः [हे-भावे घञ् नि० सप्र०, हु-करणे घञ् वा] 1 A call, calling -2 Any feminine coquettish gesture calculated to excite amorous sensations, dalliance (of love), blandishments, हावहारि हसित वचनाना कौशल दृशि विकारविशेषा S1 10 13, जगु सराग नटु सहावम् Bk 3 43, गतै सहावै कलहसविक्रमम् K1 8 29 (हाव is thus defined by उज्ज्वल-मणि — श्रीवारेचकसयुक्तो भूनेत्रादिविकासकृत् । भावादीषत् पकाशो य स हाव इति कथ्यते ॥ see S D 127 also

हावकः 1 One who calls or summons -2 One who calls the bride

हाडु [हा ३ डु] An exclamation of joy, T Up 3 10

हासः [हस्-भावे घञ्] 1 Laughter, laughing, smile, भासो हास P R 1 22 -2 Joy, mirth, merriment -3 Laughter, as the prevailing feeling of the *rasa* called हास्य, see S D 207 -4 Derisive laughter, सरम्भ मैथिलि-हास क्षणसौम्या निनाय ताम् R 12 36 -5 Opening, blowing, expanding (as of lotuses &c), कूलानि सामर्षतयेव तेनु सरोजलक्ष्मी स्थलपद्महासै Bk 2 3 -6 Pride, arrogance अनन्यहेतुष्वय मे गति स्यादात्यन्तिकी यत्र न मृत्युहास Bhāg 3 27 30 -Comp -शील a prone to mirth

हासाः (Ved) काल, Un 4 228

हासकः A buffoon, merry-andrew (भण्ड), न नृत्यगीत-शीलेषु हासकेषु च वार्मिक Mb 12 36 37

हासिका 1 Laughter -2 Mirth, merriment

हासन a Funny, comical

हासनिकः A play-fellow .

हास्य a [हस्-प्यत्] Laughable, ridiculous, सरुद्ध-चेष्टस्य मृगेन्द्र काम हास्य वचस्तथदह विवक्षु R 2 43 -स्यम् 1 Laughter, क्रीडा शरीरसस्कार समाजोत्सवदर्शनम् । हास्य परगृहे यान त्यजेत् प्रोषितभर्तुका ॥ Y 1 84 -2 Mirth, amusement, sport, तस्माद्यूत न सेवेत हास्यार्थमपि बुद्धिमान् Ms 9 227 -3 Jest, joke -4 Derision, ridicule, तुष्टैर्बद्धं तदल्लु रघु-स्वामिन सच्चरित्र कुदैर्नीतस्त्रिभुवनजयी हास्यमार्गं दशास्य Vikr 18 107 -स्यः The sentiment of mirth or humour, one of the eight or nine sentiments in poetry, it is thus defined — विकृताकारवाग्वेषचेष्टादि कुहकाद्भवेत् । हास्यो हास-स्थायिभाव (so must the line be read instead of हासो हास्य-स्थायिभाव) श्वेत प्रमथदेवत S D 228 -Comp -आस्पदम् a butt (of ridicule), laughing-stock. -कथा a funny tale -कारः = हासक q v, तथोपविष्ट राजानमुपासन्ते विचक्षणा । कथाना बहुरूपाणा हास्यकारा समन्तत ॥ Rām 7 43 1 -पदवी, -मार्गः ridicule, derision, Vikr. 18 107 -रसः the sentiment of mirth or humour, see हास्य above

हासस् m The moon

हास्तिकः An elephant-driver or rider -कम् A herd of elephants, खेदायत श्वसितवेगनिरस्तमुग्धमूर्धन्यरत्ननिकरैरिव हास्तिकानि S1 5 30

हास्तिनम् N of Hastināpura, q v -a Having the depth of an elephant (as water), सरस्तल हास्तिनम् Dk 2 7

हाह (हा) लम् Deadly poison

हाहवः A kind of hell

हाहस् m A Gandharva

हाहा m N of a Gandharva, हा हेति गायन् यदशोचि तेन नान्नापि हाहा हरिगायनोऽभूत् N 2 27, हाहाह्वद्भ्या त्वा गन्धर्वाभ्या परिददामि Kaus 7 56 13 -and An exclamation denoting pain, grief or surprise, (it is simply हा repeated for the sake of emphasis, see हा), हा हा देवि स्फुटति हृदय भवसते देहबन्व U 3 38 -Comp -कारः 1 a grief, lamentation, loud wailing -2 the din or uproar of battle -रवः the cry हाहा

हि ind (Never used at the beginning of a sentence) It has the following senses —1 For, because (expressing a strict or logical reason), अभिरिहास्ति धूमो हि दृश्यते G M., R 5 10 -2 Indeed, surely, देव प्रयोगप्रवान हि नाव्यशास्त्रम् M 1, न हि कमलिनीं दृष्ट्वा ग्राहमवेक्षते मतवृज M 3 -3 For instance, as is well known, प्रजानामेव भूत्यर्थं स ताभ्यो बलिमप्रहीत् । सहस्रगुणमुत्तुष्टुमादते हि रस रवि R 1 18 -4 Only, alone (to emphasize an idea), मूढो हि मदनेनायास्यते K 155 -5 Sometimes it is used merely as an expletive

हि 5 P (हिनेति, हित, caus हाययति, desid जिघीषति) 1 To send forth, impel -2 To cast, throw, discharge, shoot, गदा शकजिता जिघ्ये Bk 14 36 -3 To excite, incite, urge -4 To promote, further -5 To gratify, please, exhilarate -6 To go or proceed -7 To forsake, abandon, सर्वेषु भूतेष्वधियज्ञमीश यजस्व योगेन च कर्म हिन्वन् Bhāg 7 10 12

हिंस 1, 7 P, 10 U (हिंसति, हिन्सि, हिंसयति-ते, हिंसित) 1 To strike, hit -2 To hurt, injure, harm, दीर्घो बुद्धिमतो बाहू स ताभ्या हन्ति हिंसित Pt 1 307 -3 To afflict, torment, हिन्सि प्रत्यङ्ग ज्वर इव गरीयानित इतो Mal 2 1 -4 To kill, slay, destroy completely, कीर्तिं सूते दुष्कृतं या हिन्सि U 5 31, R 8 45, न हिन्सत्यात्मनात्मानं ततो याति परा गतिम् Bg 13 28, Bk 6 38, 14 57, 15 78

हिंसक a [हिंस-वृत्] 1 Injurious, noxious, hurtful -2 Hostile -3 Ferocious, savage -कः 1 A savage animal, a beast of prey -2 An enemy -3 A Brāhmaṇa skilled in the Atharvaveda

हिंसनम्, -ना [हिंस-ल्युट्] Striking, hurting, killing, वर्जयेत् प्राणिना चैव हिंसनम् Ms 2 177, 10 48, Y 1 33

हिंसनीय a To be hurt or killed, पित्र्ये देवे च कर्मणि श्राद्धादौ पशवो हिंसनीया नान्यत्रेति मनुर्भित्तिवाच Kull on Ms 5 41

हिंसा [हिंस-ञ] 1 Injury, mischief, wrong, harm, hurt (said to be of three kinds —कायिक 'personal', वाचिक 'verbal' and मानसिक 'mental'), अहिंसा परमो धर्मः. -2 Killing, slaying, destruction, गान्धर्वमादत्स्व यत् प्रयोजनं चारिहिंसा विजयश्च हस्ते R 5 57, 3 313, Ms 10 63 -3 Robbery, plunder -Comp -आत्मक a injurious, destructive -कर्मन n 1 any hurtful or injurious act -2 magic used to effect the ruin or injury of an enemy. (=अभिचार q v) -प्राणिन् m a noxious animal -प्राय a generally injurious, हिंसाप्राया पराधीना कृषिं यत्नेन वर्जयेत् Ms 10 83 -रत a delighting in mischief, हिंसारतश्च यो नित्यं नेहासौ सुखमेधते Ms 4 170, also हिंसाविहार in this sense -रचि a intent on or delighting in mischief, व्याघ्राघ्रात-सृगीरुपाकुलमृगन्यायेन हिंसारचे Mal 5 29 -समुद्भव a arising from injury

हिंसारः 1 A tiger -2 Any noxious animal

हिंसालु [हिंसा अस्यर्थे आलु] 1 Injurious, mischievous, hurtful -2 Murderous -m A mischievous or savage dog (हिंसालुक also)

हिंसित a Injured, hurt -तम् Injury, hurt

हिंसीनः A savage animal, beast of prey

हिंसीरः [हिंस ईरन् Un 5 22] 1 A tiger -2 A bird (खग) -3 A mischievous fellow

हिंस्य a Liable to be injured or killed, मधुपर्के च यज्ञे च पितृदेवतकर्मणि । अत्रैव पशवो हिंस्या नान्यत्रेत्यब्रवीन्मनु ॥ Ms 5. 41, R 2 57.

हिंस्र a [हिंस-र] Injurious, noxious, mischievous, hurtful, murderous, व्याधिता वाधिवेतन्या हिंस्रार्थी च सर्वदा Ms. 9 80, 12 56 -2 Terrible -3 Cruel, fierce, savage -स्रः 1 A fierce animal, beast of prey, सा दुष्प्रवर्णा मनसापि हिंस्रै R 2 27 -2 A destroyer. -3 N of Śiva -4 N of Bhīma -5 A man who delights in injuring living creatures, Ms 3 164 -स्रम् Cruelty, Ms 1 29 -Comp -जन्तुः, -पशुः a beast of prey. -यन्त्रम् 1 a trap -2 a mystical text used for malevolent purposes

हिंस्रकः A savage or noxious animal, a beast of prey

हिंसा 1 A vein, nerve -2 Spikenard (जटामासि) -3 The Guñjā plant, L D B -4 A kind of grain (गवेष्टु), L D B -5 Fat

हिकक् I. 1 U (हिकति-ते, हिकित) 1 To make an indistinct or inarticulate sound -2 To hiccough -II 10 A. (हिकयते) To hurt, injure, kill

हिकिका, हिकितम्, हिका 1 An indistinct sound -2 Hiccough, शुकानामपि सर्वेषां हिकिका प्रोच्यते ज्वर Mb. 12 283. 55. -3 (हिका) An owl.

हिंकारः 1 A kind of low roar or sound like 'h'm', (used in ritual), लोकेषु पञ्चविध सामोपासीत पृथिवी हिंकार
Ch Up 2 2 1 -2 A Tiger

हिङ्गु *m, n* [हिम गच्छति गम्-ङ् नि०] 1 The plant called *Asa foetida* -2 The substance prepared from this plant (*asa foetida*) for household use, especially in seasoning articles of food, अश्राद्धेयानि धान्यानि कोद्रवा पुलका-स्तथा । हिङ्गुद्रव्येषु शाकेषु पलाण्डु लघुन तथा ॥ Mb 13 91 38 -3 The Nimba tree, Bhāg 4 6 17 -**Comp.** -**निर्यासः** 1 the gummy exudation of the *hingu* tree -2 the nimba tree -**पञ्च**: the *ingudi* tree

हिङ्गुलः, -लम् }
हिङ्गुलिः } Vermilion, cinnabar
हिङ्गुलु *m, n* }

हिङ्गुलिका The prickly nightshade

हिङ्गुली The egg plant

हिङ्गुज्ज्वला A kind of perfume

हिङ्गूलम् An esculent root (as of *Amorphophallus Campanulatus*, Mar सुरण)

हिज्जः, हिज्जलः N of a tree (commonly called *Hij-jal*)

हिज्जीरः A rope or fetter for fastening an elephant's foot, Hch 7

हिडिम्बः N of a demon slain by Bhīma -**म्बा** 1 The sister of Hidimba who married Bhīma -2 The wife of Hanumat, of epithets like हिडिम्बापति, -रमण -**Comp.** -**जित्**, निषूदन, -भिद्, -रिपु *m* epithets of Bhīma

हिण्ड 1 A (हिण्डते, हिण्डित) 1 To go, wander, roam over -2 To disregard, slight

हिण्डनम् [हिण्ड-ल्युट्] 1 Wandering, roaming about. -2 Sexual intercourse -3 Writing

हिण्डिकः An astrologer

हिण्डि (ण्डी)रः 1 Cuttle-fish bone -2 A man, male -3 The egg-plant -4 A tonic or stomachic -**रम्** The pomegranate

हिण्डी N of Durgā -**Comp.** -**कान्तः**, -**प्रियतमः** N. Siva.

हिण्डुकः N of Siva

हित *a* [धा-क्, हि-क् वा] 1 Put, laid, placed -2 Held, taken -3 Suitable, fit, proper, good (with dat), गोभ्यो हित गोहितम् -4 Useful, advantageous -5 Beneficial, advantageous, wholesome, salutary (said of words, diet &c), हित मनोहारि च दुर्लभ वच Ki 1 4, 14 63 -6

Friendly, kind, affectionate, well-disposed (generally with loc), माता मित्र पिता चेति स्वभावात् त्रितय हितम् H. 1 35 -7 Sent, impelled -8 Gone, proceeded -9 Auspicious. -**तः** A friend, benefactor, friendly adviser, हितान्न य सशृणुते स किंप्रसु Ki 1 5, आपदमापतन्तीना हितोऽप्यायाति हेतु-ताम् H 1 28 -**ता** A causeway, dike, Ms 9 274 -2 N of particular veins, हिता नाम नाड्यो द्वांसप्ततिसहस्राणि हृदयात् पुरीतमभिप्रतिष्ठन्ते Bri Up 2 1 19 -**तम्** 1 Benefit, profit or advantage -2 Anything proper or suitable -3 Well-being, welfare, good -**Comp.** -**अनुबन्धिन्** *a.* involving or causing welfare -**अन्वेषिन्**, -**अर्थिन्** *a.* seeking another's welfare, स रामस्य हितान्वेषी त्वदर्धे हि स मावदत् Mb 3 280 56 -**आशंसा** congratulation -**इच्छा** good will, good wishes -**इच्छु** *a.* wishing well of, kindly disposed, a well-wisher -**उक्तिः** *f.* salutary instruction, friendly or kind advice -**उपदेशः** 1 friendly advice, salutary instruction -2 N of a celebrated collection of tales ascribed to Visnu-Sarman, श्रुतो हितोपदेशोऽय पाठव सस्कृतोक्तिषु । वाचा सर्वत्र वैचित्र्य नीतिविद्या ददाति च ॥ H Pr 2 -**एषिन्** *a.* desiring another's welfare, well-wisher, benevolent, विमल कलुषीभवच्च चेत कथयत्येव हितैषिण रिपु वा Ki 13 6 -**कर**, -**कर्तृ**, -**कृत्**, -**कारक** *a.* 1 doing a kind act or service, friendly, favourable -2 useful, rendering a service, serviceable, मूषिका गृहजातापि हन्तव्या साप-कारिणी । उपप्रदानैर्माज्जरो हितकृत् प्रार्थयते जनै ॥ Pt 1 95 -3 beneficial, doing good, दग्धाना किल बहिना हितकर सेकोऽपि तस्योद्भव Pt 1 371 (-**रः**) a friend, benefactor, नरपति-हितकर्ता द्वेष्यता याति लोके Pt 1 181, पण्डितोऽपि धरं शत्रुर्न मूर्खो हितकारक 417 -**काम** *a.* desirous of befriending or benefiting, सुहृदा हितकामाना न करोतीह यो वच Pt 1 315. -**काम्या** desire for another's welfare, goodwill -**कारिन्**, -**कृत्** *m.* a benefactor -**पथ्य** *a.* useful and salutary. -**प्रणी** *m.* a spy -**प्रवृत्त** *a.* intent on the welfare of -**प्रेम्सु** *a.* = हितकाम, यो बन्धनवधक्लेशान् प्राणिना न चिकीर्षति । स सर्वस्य हितप्रेम्सु सुखमत्यन्तमश्नुते ॥ Ms 5 46 -**बुद्धि** *a.* friendly-minded, a well-wisher -**वचनम्**, -**वाक्यम्** friendly advice. -**वादिन्** *m.* a friendly counsellor

हितकः 1 A child -2 The young of an animal.

हिन्तालः A kind of palm, केसरहिन्तालबद्धबहलच्छायम् Bk 13 33

हिन्दुः also हिन्दू N of the people of Hindusthan or Bhāratavarsa The name appears to have been derived from Sindhu, the name of the celebrated river where the Vedic Aryans recited their Vedic mantras In the Avesta *su* is pronounced as *h*, so सप्तसिन्धु was pronounced by the Persians as हप्तहिन्दु The Bhavisya-Purāṇa speaks of हप्तहिन्दु Here are a few references in a few Kōśas and the Purāṇas - (1) The Kālikā-Purāṇa says, "कलिना बलिना नूनमधर्माकलिते कले । यदनैर्धौरमाक्रान्ता हिन्दवो विन्यमाविशन् ॥" (2) The Merutanta of the 8th century A. D. — "हिन्दुधर्मप्रलोपतारो जायन्ते चक्रवर्तिन । हीन च दूषयत्येव

हिन्दूरित्युच्यते श्रिये ॥ ” (3) The Rāmakōśa— “हिन्दुर्दुष्टो न भवति नानार्यो न विदूषक । सद्वर्त्मपालको विद्वान् श्रौतधर्मपरायण ॥ ”
 (4) The Hemantakavikōśa— “हिन्दुर्हि नारायणादिदेवताभक्त ”
 (5) The Adbhutarūpakōśa— “हिन्दुर्हिन्दुश्च पुंसि द्वौ दुष्टाना च विधर्षणे । ” —Comp —धर्मः the Hindu religion

हिन्दोलः 1 A swing —2 The swing on which the figures of Krishna are carried about during the swing-festival in the bright half of Śrāvana, or the festival itself

हिन्दोलकः, —हिन्दोला 1 A swing —2 A cradle

हिबुकम् The fourth astrological house (पाताल)

हिम ^a [हिमम्] Cold, frigid, frosty, dewy —मः
 1 The cold season, winter —2 The moon —3 The Himālaya mountain —4 The sandal tree —5 Camphor —मम् 1 Frost, hoar-frost, हिमनिर्मुक्तयोयोगे चित्राचन्द्रमसोरिव R 1 46, 9 25, 9 28, 15 66, 16 44, K 1 5 12, अनन्तरत्न-प्रभवस्य यस्य हिम न सौभाग्यविलोपि जातम् Ku 1 3, 11 —2 Cold, coldness —3 A lotus —4 Fresh butter —5 A pearl —6 Night —7 Tin —8 Sandal wood —Comp —अंशु, 1 the moon, प्राचीमूले तनुमिव कलामात्रशेषा हिमाशो Me 91, मलिनमपि हिमाशोर्लक्ष्म लक्ष्मी तनोति S 1 20, R 5 16, 6 47, 14 80, S 1 2 49 —2 camphor अभिख्यम् silver —अङ्कः camphor —अचलः, —अद्रिः the Himālaya mountain, प्रस्थ हिमाद्रे-र्धृगनाभिगन्धि किञ्चित् कणत् किनरमभ्युवास Ku 1 54, R 4 79, 4 3 °जा, °तनया 1 Pārvati —2 the Ganges —अम्बु, —अम्मस् ⁿ 1 cold water —2 dew, निर्धौतहारगुल्फिकाविशद हिमाम्भ R 5 70 —अनिलः a cold wind —अपहः fire —अब्जम् a lotus —अभ्रः camphor —अरातिः 1 fire —2 the sun —3 the arka and chitraka plants —अरिः fire °शत्रु water, Bu Oh 11 71 —आगमः the cold or winter-season. —आनद्ध ^a frozen —आर्त ^a pinched or shivering with cold, chilled —आलयः 1 the Himālaya mountain, अस्त्युत्तरस्या दिशि देवतात्मा हिमालयो नाम नगाधिराज Ku 1 1 —2 the white Khadira tree °उता an epithet of Pārvati —आहः, —आह्वयः camphor (—यम्) a lotus —उत्तरा the tawny grape —उत्पन्ना a kind of sugar —उद्भवा the plant called Zedoary —उज्जः the moon, यदा-प्यान हिमोन्नेण भनक्त्युपवन कपि Bk 9 2 —ऋतुः the winter season —करः 1 the moon, छठति न सा हिमकरकिरणेन Git 7 —2 camphor —कूटः 1 the winter season —2 the Himālaya mountain —खण्डम् a hail stone —गिरिः the Himālaya —गुः the moon —गृहम् a room furnished with cool appliances —जः the Maināka mountain —जा 1 the plant Zedoary —2 Pārvati —ज्योतिस् ^a cool-rayed (as the moon) —ज्वरः ague —झटिः, —झण्टिः mist, fog. —तैलम् a kind of camphor ointment —दीधितिः the moon, प्रथम कलाभवद्वार्धमथो हिमदीधितिर्महद्भूदुदित S 1 9 29 —दुर्दिनम् wintry weather, cold and bad weather —द्युतिः the moon —द्रुमः the Nīmba tree —दुह ^m the sun, हरे प्रगमनं नास्ति, न प्रभान हिमद्रुह Bk 9 107 —धातुः the Himālaya mountain —धामन् ^m the moon —ध्वस्त ^a.

bitten, nipped, or blighted by frost —पातः 1 cold rain, Pt 3 —2 fall of snow —प्रस्थः the Himālaya mountain —भातुः the moon —भास्, —रश्मि ^m the moon, शोभाभि-भूतहिमबाहुकबाहुकेन छायायुषा सविधरोपितपादपेन Rām ch 5 42, N 2 88, कस्तूरिका च काश्मीर पाटीर हिमबाहुकाम् Śiva B 30 13 —शर्करा a kind of sugar produced from Yavanāla —शीतल ^a ice-cold —शैलः the Himālaya mountain —अथः the moon, चन्दनदुमसच्छन्ना निराकृत-हिमश्रथा Bk 22 4 —संहतिः ^f a mass of ice or snow —सरस् ⁿ ‘a lake of snow’, cold water, न सतापच्छेदो हिमसरसि वा चन्द्रमसि वा Māl 1 31 —सुत ^m the moon —स्रुतिः the snow-shower —हासकः the marshy date-tree

हिमकः The Vikankata tree

हिमवत् ^a Snowy, icy, frosty —^m The Himālaya mountain, राज्ञा हिमवत् सारो राज्ञ सारो हिमाद्रिणा R 4 79, V 5 22 —Comp —कुक्षिः a valley of the Himālaya —पुरम् N of Osadhīprastha, the capital of Himālaya, तत्प्रयातोषधिप्रस्थ सिद्धये हिमनदुरम् Ku 6 33 —सुतः the Maināka mountain —सुता 1 Pārvati —2 the Ganges

हिमवल् ^m A pearl

हिमा 1 The cold season, winter —2 Small carda-moms —3 A kind of grass —4 The fragrant drug and perfume called Renukā

हिमानी 1 [महद् हिमम्, आनुक्] A mass or collection of snow, snow-drift, नगसुपरि हिमानीगौरमासाद्य जिष्णु K 1 4 38, Bv 1 26 —2 A kind of sugar

हिमिका Hoar-frost

हिमित ^a Changed into snow or ice

हिमेष्टु ^a Suffering from cold, chilly, frozen

हिमः The planet Mercury

हिम्य ^a 1 Snowy, frosty —2 Cold, frigid

हिम्बु To please, L D B

हिरण्युः N of Rāhu

हिरण्यम् [ह-ल्युद् नि°] 1 Gold —2 Semen —3 A cowrie

हिरण्यमय ^a (—यी ^f) Made of gold, golden, हिरण्ययी सीताया प्रतिकृति U 2, R 15 61 —यः The god Brahman —यम् One of the nine divisions of the world

हिरण्यम् [हिरण्यमेव स्वार्थे यत्] 1 Gold, Ms 2 246 —2 Any vessel of gold, मन्त्रवत् प्राशन चास्य हिरण्यमधुसर्पिषाम् Ms 2 29 (some take in the first sense) —3 Silver, (ददौ) हिरण्यस्य सुवर्णस्य मुक्ताना विद्रुमस्य च Rām 1 74 5, Mb. 13 57 34 —4 Any precious metal —5 Wealth, property, अपदेश्यैश्च सन्यस्य हिरण्य तस्य तत्त्वत् Ms 8 182 —6 Semen virile —7 A cowrie —8 particular measure —9 A substance —10 The thorn-apple (धतूर). —ण्या One of the seven tongues of fire —Comp. —अक्षः N. of

a celebrated demon, twin brother of Hiranyakāśipu, अश्वे हिरण्याक्षरिपो स जात हिरण्यानामे तनवे नयज्ञ R 18 25 [On the strength of a boon from Brahman, he became insolent and oppressive, seized upon the earth, and carried it with him into the depths of the ocean. Visnu therefore became incarnate as a boar, killed the demon and lifted up the earth] -कक्ष a wearing a golden girdle -कर्तृ m goldsmith, यथा हिरण्यकर्ता वै रूप्यममौ विशोधयेत् Mb 12 280 11 -कवच a having golden armour (said of Śiva) -कशिपुः N of a celebrated king of demons [He was a son of Kāśyapa and Diti, and by virtue of a boon from Brahman, he became so powerful that he usurped the sovereignty of Indra and oppressed the three worlds. He freely blasphemed the great god and subjected his son Prahrāda to untold cruelties for acknowledging Visnu as the Supreme deity. But he was eventually torn to pieces by Visnu in the form of Narasimha, see प्रह्लाद] -कारः a goldsmith. -केशी a branch (शाखा) of Yajurveda -कोशः gold and silver (whether wrought or unwrought) -गर्भः 1 N of Brahman (as born from a golden egg) -2 N of Visnu -3 the soul invested by the subtle body or सूक्ष्मशरीर q v -द a giving or granting gold, भूमिदो भूमिमाप्नोति दीर्घमायुर्हिरण्यद Ms 4 230 (-दः) the ocean (-दा) the earth -नाभः 1 the mountain Maināka -2 N of Visnu (-भम्) a building having three halls (towards east, west and south) -वाहुः 1 an epithet of Śiva -2 the river Sona -विन्दुः fire -रेतस् m 1 fire, द्विषामसह्य सुतरा तरुणा हिरण्यरेता इव सानिलोऽभूत् R 18 25 -2 the sun -3 N of Śiva -4 the *Ohitraka* or *Arka* plant. -वर्चस् a shining with golden lustre -वर्णा a river -वाहः 1 the river Sona -2 N of Śiva.

हिरण्यकः Eagerness for gold

हिरण्यय a (-यी f) Golden

हिरण्यवः 1 A divine treasure -2 Golden ornament

हिरण्यनी A gold-mine

हिरक् ind Ved 1 Without, except -2 Amongst, in the midst of -3 Near -4 Below

हिल् 6 P (हिलति) To sport amorously, wanton, dally, express amorous desire

हिलिहिल a Sporting, dallying

हिलमोचिः, -मोचिका, -मोची Enhydra Hingeha (Mar चाकवत).

हिल्लः A kind of aquatic bird

हिल्लोलः 1 A wave, billow -2 The musical mode called Hindola. -3 A caprice, whim -4 A kind of court.

हिल्वलाः f pl N of five small stars in the head of the lunar mansion called मृगशिरस्

ही ind An interjection of 1 Surprise (ah!), ही नीर कुराजेति ही भीम इति जल्पताम् Mb 1 135 2, हतविधिलसिताना ही विचित्रो विपाक Si 11 64, or आ, कष्टम्, बत, ही, चित्रम्.. Bk 6 11 and ही चित्र लक्षणेनोचे Bk. 14 39, (often repeated in theatrical language in this sense). -2 Fatigue, despondency or sorrow. -3 Reason (of हि)

हीन p p [हा-क तस्य न ईत्वम्] 1 Left, abandoned, forsaken &c, यो वैश्य स्याद् बहुपशुहीनकतुरसोमप । कुटुम्बात् तस्य तद् द्रव्यमाहरेयज्ञसिद्धये ॥ Ms 11 12 -2 Destitute or deprived of, bereft of, without, (with instr or in comp), तथा (सतया) हीन विधातर्मा कथ पश्यन्न दूयसे R 1 70, गुणैर्हीना न शोभन्ते निर्गन्धा इव किंशुका Subhās, so द्रव्य, मति, उत्साह &c, अन्नहीनो दहेद्राष्ट्र मन्त्रहीनस्तु ऋत्विज । दीक्षित दक्षिणाहीनो नास्ति यज्ञसमो रिपु Ms 11 40 (v 1) -3 Excluded, shut out from (with abl) -4 Decayed, wasted -5 Deficient, defective, हीनातिरिक्तगात्रो वा तमप्यपनयेत्तत Ms 3 242 -6 Subtracted -7 Less, lower, हीनान्नवस्त्रेषु स्यात् सर्वदा गुरु-सनिधौ Ms 2 194, हीना हीनान् प्रसूयन्ते 10 31 -8 Low, base, mean, vile -9 Defeated (in a law-suit) -10 Lost, strayed from (a caravan) -नः 1 A defective witness -2 A faulty respondent, (Nārada enumerates five kinds — अन्यवादी क्रियाद्वेषी नोपस्थायी निरुत्तर । आहूतप्रपलायी च हीन पञ्चविध स्मृत ॥) -3 Subtraction -ना A female mouse, of दीना -नम् Deficiency, want -Comp. -अङ्ग a deficient in a limb, crippled, maimed, defective, हीनाङ्गी बाधिकाङ्गी वा या भवेत् कन्यका नृणाम् । भर्तु स्यात् सा विनाशाय स्वशीलनिषन्नाय च ॥ Pt 5 95, Ms 4 141, Y 1 222 (-गी) a small ant -कर्मन्, क्रिय a neglecting the customary religious rites, Ms 3 7 -कुल, -ज a. baseborn, of low family -कृतु a one who neglects his sacrifice, Ms 11 12 -जाति a 1 of a low caste -2 excommunicated, outcaste, degraded, हीनजातिस्त्रिय मोहादुद्धवन्तो द्विजातय । कुलान्येव नयन्त्याशु ससतानानि शूद्रताम् ॥ Ms 3 15 -पक्ष a unprotected -प्रतिज्ञा a faithless -यानम् N of the earliest system of Buddhist doctrine. -योनिः f low birth or origin -रोमन् a bald -वर्ण a. 1 of low caste -2 of inferior rank -वादः a defective statement, contradictory evidence, prevarication -वादिन् a 1 making a defective statement -2 prevaricating. -3 dumb, speechless -4 cast in law, defeated -सख्यम् associating with low persons -सामन्तः a deposed king, Sukra 1 189 -सन्धिः an agreement made by an inferior king -सेवा attendance on base persons

हीनक a. Deprived of

हीनित a 1 Deprived of one's own. -2 Separated from -3 Subtracted

हीन्तालः The marshy date tree.

हीरः [ह-क नि] 1 A snake -2 A necklace. -3 A lion -4 N of the father of Sriharsa, the author of the

Naishadha-charita -5 N of Siva -रः, -रम् The thunderbolt of Indra -2 A diamond, (occurring in the concluding stanza of each canto of नैषधचरित) -Comp. -अङ्गः the thunder-bolt of Indra

हीरकः A diamond

हीरा 1 An epithet of Lakṣmī -2 An ant

हीलम् Semen virile

हीलना Injury

हीलुकम् A kind of rum (distilled from molasses)

हीही ind A particle expressive of surprise or merriment, see ही

हु 3 P (जुहोति, हुत, pass हुयते, caus हावयति-ते, desid जुहुषति) 1 To offer or present (as oblation to fire), make an offering to or in honour of a deity (with acc), sacrifice; यो मन्त्रपूता तनुमप्यहौषीत् R 13 45, जटाधर स जुहुषीह पावकम् K1 1 44, हविर्जुहुषि पावकम् Bk 20 11, Ms 3 87, Y 1 99 -2 To perform a sacrifice -3 To eat

हुत p p [हु-क] 1 Offered as an oblation to fire, burnt as a sacrificial offering, हुत च दत्त च तथैव तिष्ठति Karnabhāra 1 22 -2 One to whom an oblation is offered, S 4, R 2 71 -तः N of Siva -तम् 1 An oblation, offering. -2 An Oblation to fire, द्वे देवानभाजयदिति हुत च प्रहुत च Bri Up 1 5 2, Bg 9 16 -Comp -अग्नि a who has made an oblation to fire, हुताग्निर्ब्राह्मणा-श्चाचर्य प्रविशेत् स शुभा सभाम् Ms 7 145, यथाविधिहुताग्नीनाम् R 1 6 (-m) a sacrificial fire -अशः 1 fire -2 N of the number 'three' -3 Plumbago Ceylanica (Mar चित्रक) -अशनः 1 fire, समीरणो नोदयिता भवेति व्यादिस्यते केन हुताशनस्य Ku 3 21, R 4 1 -2 N of Siva -3 the Ohitraka tree सहाय an epithet of Siva -अशानी the full-moon day in the month of Phālguna (होलिका) -आशः fire, प्रदक्षिणीकृत्य हुत हुताशम् R. 2 71 -जातवेदस् a one who has made an oblation to fire -भुज् m fire, शक्यो वारयितु जलेन हुतभुक् Bh 2 11, नैशस्याचिर्हुतभुज इव च्छिन्नभूयिष्ठभूमा V 1 7, U 5 9 प्रिया Svāhā, the wife of Agni. -वहः fire, जनाकीर्णं मन्ये हुतवहपरीत गृहमिव S 5 10, शीताशुस्तपनो हितो हुतवह Git 9, Me 45, Rs 1 27 -होमः a Brāhmaṇa who has offered oblations to fire, आश्रमादाश्रम गत्वा हुतहोमो जितेन्द्रिय Ms 6 34 (-मम्) a burnt offering

हुतिः f Offering oblations, यज्ञो न मेऽस्ति हुतिदानदया-दियुक्त Bhagavaccharana S 10

हुइ I. 1 P (होइति) To go -II 6 P (हुइति) 1 To collect -2 To dive, sunk

हुडः 1 A ram. -2 An iron stake for keeping out thieves -3 A kind of fence -4 An iron club -5 A kind of bulwark or fence. -6 A place for voiding excrement on a chariot -7 A cloud

हुडुः A ram, जम्बुको हुडुयुदेन Pt 1 162

सं. इ को ..२२१

हुडुकः 1 A small hour-glass-shaped drum or small cymbal, न ते हुडुकेन न सोऽपि ढक्या न मर्दलै सापि न तेऽपि ढक्या N 15 17 -2 A kind of bird (दायूह) -3 The bolt of a door -4 A drunken man -5 A stick bound with iron

हुडुत् n 1 Noise of a bull -2 A sound of threat

हुडुम्बः Parched rice (called हुडुम्), L D B

हुण्ड 1 Ā (हुण्डते) 1 To collect -2 To select, choose

हुण्डः 1 A tiger -2 A ram -3 A blockhead -4 A village-hog -5 A demon

हुण्डनम् Becoming benumbed or paralyzed

हुण्डिः m, f A heap or lump of rice

हुण्डिका 1 A bill of exchange, bond (Mar. हुडी), Raj T -2 Assignment (for the maintenance of soldiers), ibid

हुम् ind A particle (originally an imitative sound) expressing 1 Remembrance or recollection, हु शतम् or रामो नाम बभूव हु तदबला सीतेति हुम् -2 Doubt, चैत्रो हु मेत्रो हुम् -3 Assent, U 5 35 -4 Anger -5 Aversion -6 Reproach -7 Interrogation (In spells and incantations हुम् is often found used with dat, e g ओं कवचाय हुम्) (हुङ् means 'to utter the sound hum', 'to roar, grunt, bellow', as in अनुहुङ् 'to roar in return', अनुहुङ्कस्ते घनध्वनिं न हि गोमायुस्तानि केसरी S1 16, 25) -Comp. -कारः, -कृतिः f 1 uttering the sound 'hum', पृष्टा पुन पुन कान्ता हुकारैरेव भाषते -2 a menacing sound, sound of defiance, क्षतहुकारशसिन Ku 2 26, हुकारेणैव धनुष स हि विज्जानपोहति S 3 1, R 7 58, Ku 5 54 -3 roaring, bellowing in general -4 the grunting of a boar -5 the twang of a bow -कृतम् 1 an incantation -2 the grunt of a wild boar -3 the roar of thunder

हुंभा = हवा, तस्या हुभारवोत्पृष्टा पृहवा शतशो वृष Rām 1 54 18

हुरुङ्कः A kind of bolt or hook (for elephants)

हुर्च्छ 1 P (हुर्च्छति) 1 To be crooked -2 To act dishonestly, deceive -3 To escape, L D B

हुर्छैनम् Dishonesty, cunning

हुल् 1 P (होलति) 1 To go -2 To cover or conceal. -3 To kill

हुलः A kind of implement or knife

हुलहुली A kind of inarticulate sound, uttered by women on joyful occasions

हुलिहुली 1 Nuptial music -2 Roaring, howling, Mk

हुलुः A ram

हुहु (हू), हुहू m A kind of Gandharva, मुक्तो देवल-शापेन हुहूगन्धर्वसंताप Bhāg 8 4 3

हू ind 1 An interjection of calling -2 Of con-tempt -3 Of pride -4 Of grief (oh! ah! alas &c).

हुइ 1 Ā (हुइते) To go

हृणः (-नः) 1 A barbarian, foreigner, सद्यो मण्डितमत्त-
हृणचिबुकप्रसर्पधि नारङ्गकम्, प्रास प्रास चरति परित कश्चिदेणाङ्कहृण
Rām ch 6 96 -2 A kind of golden coin, (probably
current in the country of the Hūṇas) -णाः m pl N
of a country or its people, हृणावरोधानाम् R 4 68

हृत p p [हृ-क् सप्रसारणम्] 1 Called, summoned, invi-
ted &c, see हृ

हृतम् The act of calling, P VIII 2 84

हृतिः f [हृ-क्त्विन् सप्रसारणम्] 1 Calling, inviting -2
Challenging -3 A name, as in हरिहेतिहृति q v

ह्रम् &c See ह्रम्, (a particle expressing anger), ह्र
मातर, देवतानि विक् Bk 6 11

ह्रवः A jackal

हृ 1 U (हरति-ते, जहार, जहे, अहर्षात्, अहृत, हरिष्यति-ते,
हर्तुम्, हृत, *pass* हियते) 1 To take, carry, convey, lead,
(often used with two accusatives in this sense), अजा ग्राम
हरति Sk, सदेश मे हर धनपतिकोधाविशेषितस्य Me 7, Ms 4 74
-2 To carry off or away, take or draw to a distance,
हरामि रामसौमित्रि मृगो भूत्वा मृगयुवौ Bk 5 47 -3 To take
away, rob, plunder, steal, दुर्वृत्ता जारजन्मानो हरिष्यन्तीति
शङ्कया Bv 4 45, R 3 39, Ku 2 47, Bk 2 89, Ms
7 43 -4 To strip off, deprive of, despoil, take away,
वृन्तात्स्थल्य हरति पुष्पमनोकहानाम् R 5 69, Bk 15 116, Ms 8
334 -5 To take away, cure, destroy, उत्कण्ठा ता हरिष्यामि
मेघलेखामिवाजिल Rām 7 40 19, तथापि हरते ताप लोकानामुन्नतो
घन Bv 1 39, R 15 24, Me 31 -6 To attract, captivate,
win over, influence, subdue, enchant, चेतो न कस्य हरते
गतिरङ्गनाया Bv 2 157, ये भावा हृदय हरन्ति 1 103, तवास्मि
गीतरागेण हारिणा प्रसभ हृत S 1 5, हरति मे हरिबाहनदिहमुखम्
V 3 6, मृगया जहार चतुरेव कामिनी R 9 69, 10 83, Rs
6 21, इन्द्रियाणि प्रमाथीनि हरन्ति प्रसभ मन Bg 2 60, 6 44,
Ms 6 59 -7 To gain, acquire, obtain, ततो विश नृपो हरेत्
Ms 8 391, 163, Y 2 123, स हरतु सुभगपताकाम् Dk
-8 To have, possess, अङ्गै सुकुमारतरै सा कुसुमाना श्रिय हरति
Bv. 2 163 -9 To surpass, eclipse, त्वा हरन्ती श्रिय श्रिय
Bk 5 71 -10 To marry, पित्रे न दद्याच्छुल्क तु
कन्यामृतुमतीं हरन् Ms 9 93 -11 To divide -12 To cast,
throw (as an arrow) -13 To accept, receive, inherit
-14 To offer -*Caus* (हारयति-ते) 1 To cause to take,
carry or convey, send (something) by one, (with
acc or instr), मृत्य मृत्येन वा भारं हारयति Sk, जीमूतेन
स्वकुशलमयीं हारयिष्यन् प्रवृत्तिम् Me 4, Ms 8 114, Ku 2
39 -2 To cause to be taken away, to lose, be deprived
of -3 To give away -*Desid* (जिहीर्षति-ते) To wish
to take &c -II 3 P (जिहृति) To take by force

हृत् a (At the end of comp only) Taking away,
seizing, removing, carrying off, attracting &c.

हृत p p [हृ-क्] 1 Taken or carried away -2
Seized -3 Captivated -4 Accepted -5 Divided, see हृ
-तम् A portion, share -*Comp* -अधिकार a 1 dismis-
sed from authority, turned out -2 deprived of one's

due rights -उत्तर a deprived of an answer, हृतोत्तर
तत्वाविचारमध्ये K1 17 43 -उत्तरीय a having the upper
garments stripped off -दार a bereft of one's wife
-द्रव्य, -धन a spoiled of wealth -प्रसाद a deprived
of calmness -मानस a robbed of one's senses -शिष्ट
a spared from pillage -सर्वस्व a stripped of all one's
property, utterly ruined -सार a robbed of the best
part

हृतिः f 1 Seizure -2 Robbing, spoliation -3 Des-
truction -4 (In astr) A portion of a particular
side of a triangle on the celestial globe

हृ (हि) णीयते Den A 1 To be angry -2 To feel
ashamed (with instr or gen), त्वयाद्य तस्मिन्नपि दण्डधारिणा
कथ न पत्या धरणी हृणीयते N 1 138, दिवोपि वज्रायुधभूषणया
हृणीयते वीरवती न भूमि Bk 2 38

हृणिः m 1 Anger -2 Flaming

हृणी (णि) या 1 Censure, reproach -2 Shame,
निलीय तस्यैव तनौ हृणीयया Rām ch 2 73 -3 Compassion

हृत्वन् m [हृ-क्वानिप् Un 4 105] 1 A fisherman
-2 N of Śiva

हृद् n (This word has no forms for the first five
inflections, and is optionally substituted for हृदय after
acc dual) 1 The mind, heart, व्यक्त गृहाद्यपि मया भवताप-
शान्त्यै नासीदसौ हृतहृदो मम मायया ते Bhagavaccharana S 15
-2 The chest, bosom, breast, इमा हृदि व्यायतपातमक्षिणोत्
Ku 5 54 -3 The soul -4 The interior or essence
of anything -*Comp* -आमयः sickness of heart
-आवर्तः a lock or curl of hair on a horse's chest
-उत्क्लेशः, -उत्क्लेशः nausea -कम्पः tremor of the heart,
palpitation -ग a reaching up to the breast (as water,
आचमनजल), हृद्भाभि पूयते विप्र कण्ठगाभिस्तु भूमिप Ms 2 62
-गत a 1 seated in the mind, conceived, designed -2
cherished (-तम्) design, meaning, intent -ग्रन्थः a
heart-sore -ग्रहः spasm of the heart -देशः the region
of the heart -द्योतन a breaking the heart -द्रवः too
quick pulsation -पिण्डः, -पण्डम् the heart -रोगः 1 a
heart-disease, heartburn -2 sorrow, grief, anguish
-3 love -4 the sign Aquarius of the zodiac -लासः
(हृलासः) 1 hiccough -2 disquietude, grief -लेखः
(हृलेखः) 1 knowledge, reasoning, कीर्त्यर्थमल्पहृलेखा पटव
कृत्स्ननिर्णया Mb 12 262 27 -2 heart-ache -लेखा
(हृलेखा) grief, anxiety, यदा व्यपेतहृलेख मनो भवति तस्य वै
Mb 12 294 31 -वण्टकः the stomach -शयः 1 the god
of love, अहोरूपमहो धाम अहो अस्या नव वय । इति ते तामाभिदुत्य
पप्रच्छुर्जातहृच्छया ॥ Bhāg 8 9 2 -2 love, हृच्छयेनाभिभू-
तात्मा भीमसेनमकामयत् Mb 3 12 95 -3 soul, conscience
(अन्तर्यामी), नून तयोरनुमते हृदि हृच्छयचोदित Mb 12 334 13
-शूलम् an acute pain in the chest -शोकः heartburn
or anguish -सारः courage, अद्राक्षमहमेतत्ते हृत्सार महद्दुःसुतम्
Bhāg 7 3 18 -स्तम्भः paralysis of the heart -स्फोटः
breaking of the heart

हृदयम् 1 The heart, soul, mind, हृदये दिग्धशरैरिवाहत Ku 4 25, so अयोहृदय R 9 9, पाषाणहृदय &c -2 The bosom, chest, breast, बाणभिन्नहृदया निपेतुषी R 11 19 -3 Love, affection -4 The interior or essence of anything -5 The secret science, अश्च, अक्ष &c, श्रुतुपर्णो नलसखो योऽश्वविद्यामयान्नलात्। दत्वाऽक्षहृदय चास्मै सर्वकामस्तु तत्सुत ॥ Bhag 9 9 17 -6 True or divine knowledge -7 The Veda -8 Wish, intention, एव विरिञ्चादिभिरीक्षितस्तद्विज्ञाय तेषा हृदय तथैव Bhag 8 6 16 -9 = अहकारम् q v, मनो विस्मृजते भावं बुद्धिरभ्यवसायिनी। हृदय प्रियाप्रिये वेद त्रिविधा कर्मचोदना Mb 12 248 1 -**Comp** -**आत्मन्** m a heron -**आविष्** a heart-rending, heart-piercing, रोचनैर्भूषिता पम्पामस्माक हृदयाविधम् Bk 6 73 -**ईशः**, -**ईश्वरः** a husband (-शा, -री f) 1 a wife -2 a mistress -**उदङ्कः** heaving of the heart -**उद्देष्टनम्** contraction of the heart -**उन्मादकर** a bewitching hearts -**कम्पः** tremor of the heart, palpitation -**कुम्भः** weakness of the heart -**क्षोभः** agitation of the heart -**ग्रन्थिः** anything which binds the soul or grieves the heart (as अवियारूपससार-बन्धन), भिद्यते हृदयग्रन्थिश्छिद्यन्ते सर्वसंशया Mund 2 2 8 -**ग्रहः** spasm of the heart -**ग्राहिन्** a heart-captivating -**चोर** one who steals the heart or affections -**छिद्** a heart-rending, heart-piercing -**जः** a son -**ज्ञ** a knowing the heart or its secret -**दाहिन्** a heart-burning -**दीपः**, -**दीपकः** N of a glossary of materia medica by Vopadeva -**दौर्बल्यम्** faint heartedness -**पुरुषः** beating of the heart -**प्रमाथिन्** a agitating the heart, क रुजा हृदयप्रमाथिनी क च ते विश्वसनीयमायुधम् M 3 1 -**प्रस्तर** a cruel -**रज्जुः** (in geom) a central line -**रोगः**, -**शल्यम्** a thorn or wound in the heart, a heart-disease, P VI 3 51, समुत्थाता नन्दा नव हृदयशल्य इव भुव Mu 1 13 -**लेखः** 1 knowledge -2 heart-ache, anxiety -**विद्**, -**वेदिन्** a heart-piercing -**विरोधः** oppression of the heart -**वृत्ति** f disposition of the heart -**शैथिल्यम्** depression, faintheartedness -**शोषण** a heart-withering -**संघट्टः** paralysis of the heart -**संमित** a breast-high -**स्थ** a being or cherished in the heart -**स्थानम्** the breast, bosom

हृदयंगम a 1 Heartstarring, touching, thrilling -2 Lovely, handsome, Māl 1 -3 Sweet, attractive, pleasant, agreeable, अहो हृदयंगम परिहास Māl 3, वल्लकी च हृदयंगमस्त्वना R 19 13, Ku 2 16 -4 Fit, appropriate -5 Dear, beloved, cherished, क तु ते हृदयंगम सखा Ku 4 24 -**मम्** An appropriate speech

हृदयालु, हृदयिक, हृदयिन् a Tender hearted, good-hearted, affectionate

हृदय्य a Dear to the heart, पुत्राच्च स्मरस्ता दुहितृहृदय्य Bhag 7 6 12

हृदि (दी) कः N of a Yādava prince

हृदिस्पृश a 1 Touching the heart -2 Dear, beloved -3 Agreeable, charming, beautiful

हृद्य a [हृदि स्पृश्यते मनोज्ञत्वात् हृद्-यत्] 1 Hearty, cordial, sincere -2 Dear to the heart, cherished, dear, desired, beloved, लोकोत्तरा च कृतिराकृतिरार्तहृद्या Bv 1 69 -3 Agreeable, pleasant, charming, भूम्ना रसाना गहना प्रयोगा सोहार्दहृद्यानि विचोष्टितानि Māl 1 4, 8 4, R 11 68 -4 Affectionate, kind -5 Savoury, dainty, रम्या स्निग्धा स्थिरा हृद्या आहारा सात्त्विकप्रिया Bg 17 8 -**द्या** 1 Red arsenic -2 A she goat -**द्यम्** 1 White cumin -2 Thick sour milk -**Comp** -**गन्धः** the Bilva tree -**गन्धा** the great-flowered jasmine -**गन्धम्** 1 small cumin -2 sochal salt

हृद्यता, हृद्यत्वम् Heartiness, cordiality, agreeableness

हृष्ट 1, 4 P (हर्षति, हृष्यति, हृष्ट or हृषित) 1 To be delighted or rejoiced, be pleased or glad, to exult, rejoice, अद्वितीय रुचात्मान मत्वा किं चन्द्र हृष्यसि Bv 2 54, Mv 7 13 -2 To bristle or stand erect, stand on end (as the hair of the body), सुखवेदनाहृषिनिरोमकूपया Śi 13 13, हृषितास्तनूरुहा Dk, हृष्यन्ति रोमकूपानि Mb -3 To become erect (said of other things, e g the penis) -4 To lie, tell a lie -**Caus** (हर्षयति-ते) To please, delight, fill with pleasure

हृषिः m, f 1 Joy, satisfaction -2 Splendour -3 A liar

हृषित p p [हृष्-क्त वा० इद्] 1 Pleased, delighted, glad, happy, rejoiced, enraptured -2 Thrilled, having the hair bristling -3 Astonished -4 Bent, bowed -5 Disappointed -6 Fresh -7 Armed, accoutred -8 Dulled, blunted

हृषीकम् [हृष्-ई कक् Up 4 26] An organ of sense, न मे हृषीकाणि पतन्त्यसत्पथे Bhag 2 6 33 -**Comp** -**ईशः** an epithet of Visnu, or Krisna, पाञ्चजन्य हृषीकेशो देवदत्त धनजय (दम्भौ) Bg 1 15, et seq (हृषीकाणीन्द्रियाण्यहुरस्तेषामोशो यतो भवान्। हृषीकेशस्ततो विष्णो ख्यातो देवेषु केशव ॥ Mb)

हृष्टु a 1 Pleased, rejoiced -2 Telling lies -**धुः** 1 Fire -2 The sun -3 The moon

हृष्ट p p [हृष्-क्त] 1 Pleased, rejoiced (= हृषित) -2 Bristling, erect, standing on end -3 Rigid, stiff -4 Blunted -5 Surprised -**Comp** चित्त, -मानस a rejoiced in mind, glad at heart, happy -तनु, -तनूरुह, -रोमन् a having the hair on the body bristling or thrilling (with joy) -रूप a in a happy mood -चदन a having a cheerful countenance -संकल्प a contented, pleased -हृदय a joyous-hearted, cheerful, merry

हृष्टिः f [हृष्-क्तिन्] 1 Delight, happiness, joy, pleasure, वस्ताण्डव देवि भूयादभीष्टयै च हृष्टयै च न Māl 5 23 -2 Pride -3 Knowledge -**Comp** -**योनिः** a kind of semi-impotent man.

हे ind 1 A vocative particle (oh!, ho!), हे कृष्ण हे यादव हे सखेति Bg 11 41, हे राजानस्त्यजत सुकविप्रेमबन्धे विरोधम् Vikr 18 107 -2 A particle used in challenging. -3 An interjection expressing defiance, envy, ill-will or disapprobation

हेका Hicough

हेद 1 P (हेडति) 1 To be wicked -2 To vex, trouble, harass -3 To strike, hurt, injure -4 To be born or produced -5 To purify -6 To cause prosperity, produce happiness

हेडः 1 Vexation -2 Hindrance, obstruction, opposition -3 Injury, hurt

हेड् I 1 Ā (हेडते) To disregard, slight, neglect, अहेडमानास्त्वरया स्म दत्ता रात्र्या तु ते तत्पुत्रमेव याता Ram 2 68 22 -II 1 P (हेडति) 1 To surround -2 To attire

हेडः Disregard, slight -Comp. -जः anger, displeasure

हेडावु (वु) कः A horse-dealer

हेतिः m, f [ह्व करणे किन् नि०] A weapon, a missile, समरविजयी हेतिखलि Bh 2 44, R 10 12, K 1 3 56, 14 30 -2 A stroke, injury -3 A ray of the sun -4 Light, splendour -5 Flame, वहन्ति सर्वभूतानि त्वतो निष्कम्य हेतय Mb 5 16 6, S 1 14 25 -6 An implement, instrument, सन्ध्यङ् नियम्य यतयो यमकर्तृहेति जहपु स्वराडि निपानखनित्रमिन्द्र Bhāg 2 7 48 -7 Shot, impact (of a bow-string) -8 A young sprout

हेतुः [हि-तु Un 1 73] 1 Cause, reason, object, motive, इति हेतुस्तदुद्भवे K P 1, M 1 23, R 1 10, नीचैराख्य गिरिमधिवसेत्तत्र विश्रामहेतो Me 25, S 3 12. -2 Source, origin, स पिता पितरस्तासा केवल जन्महेतव R 1 24 'authors of their being' -3 A means or instrument -4 The logical reason, the reason for an inference, middle term (forming the second member of the five-membered syllogism) -5 Logic, science of reasoning -6 Any logical proof or argument -7 A rhetorical reason (regarded by some writers as a figure of speech), it is thus defined — हेतादुत्तुमता सार्धमभेदो हेतुस्त्वयते -8 (In gram) The agent of the causal verb, P I 4 55 -9 (with Buddhists) Primary cause -10 (with Pāśu-patas) The external world and senses (that cause the bondage of the soul) -11 Mode, manner -12 Condition -13 Price, cost, दीनाराणा दशशती पञ्चाशदधिकाभवत् । धान्यखारीकये हेतुर्देशे दुर्भिक्षविक्षते Rāj T 5 71 (N B The forms हेतुना, हेतो, rarely हेतौ, are used adverbially in the sense of 'by reason of', 'on account of', 'because of', with gen or in comp, तमसा बहुरूपेण वेष्टिता कर्महेतुना Ms 1 49, शास्त्रविज्ञानहेतुना, अल्पस्य हेतोर्बहु हातुमिच्छन् R 2 47, विस्मृत कस्य हेतो Mu 1 1 &c) -Comp -अपदेशः ad-ducing the *hetu* (in the form of the five-membered syl-logism) -अवधारणम् (in dram.) reasoning -आक्षेप (in Rhet) an objection accompanied with reasons, न स्तूयसे नेरन्द्र त्व ददासीति कदाचन । स्वमेव मत्वा गृह्णति यतस्त्वद्धन-मर्थिन ॥ इत्येवमादिआक्षेपो हेत्वाक्षेप इति स्मृत । Kāv 2 167-168 -आभासः 'the semblance of a reason', a fallacious middle term, fallacy, (it is of five kinds — सव्यभिचार or अनेकान्तिक, विरुद्ध, असिद्ध, सत्प्रतिपक्ष and बाधित) -उत्प्रेक्षा,

-उपमा a simile accompanied with reasons -उपक्षेपः, -उपन्यासः adducing a reason, statement of an argu-ment -कर्तृ m the causal subject, याजयेदिति हेतुकर्तुरेवेतत् प्रत्यक्ष वचनम्, लक्षणया यजे कर्तु SB on MS 10 8 39 -दुष्ट a unreasonable -दृष्टिः scepticism -बलिक a strong in argument -युक्त a well-founded -रूपकम् a meta-phor accompanied with reasons -वादः 1 disputation, controversy -2 fraud (कपट), न हेतुवादालोभाद्वा धर्मं जह्वा कथन् Mb 5 91 24 -3 assigning a cause (sceptically), न यक्षयन्ति न होष्यन्ति हेतुवादविमोहिता Mb 3 190 26 -वादिन् 1 a disputant -2 a sceptic -विशेषोक्तिः a mention of difference accompanied with reasons, एकचक्रो रथो यन्ता विकलो विषमा हया । आकामत्येव तेजस्वी तथाप्यर्को नभस्तलम् ॥ सैषा हेतुविशेषोक्तिस्तेजस्वीति विशेषणम् ॥ Kāv 2 328-329 -शास्त्रम् a logically-treated work, any heretical work question-ing the authority of Smritis or revelation, योऽवमन्येत ते मूले हेतुशास्त्राश्रयाद् द्विज Ms 2 11 -हेतुमत् m du cause and effect भाव the relation existing between cause and effect

हेतुक a 1 Causing, producing (at the end of comp) -2 Destined for -कः 1 A cause, reason -2 An instrument -3 A logician, Ms 12 111

हेतुता, -त्वम् Causation, the existence of cause

हेतुमत् a 1 Having a reason or cause -2 Having the *hetu* -m An effect

हेतुवन्निगदः A prose (Vedic) statement supplying or stating the purpose, असति हेतो न ह्यत्रातुयाजान् यक्ष्यन् भवतीति हेतुवन्निगदो नोपपद्येत । SB on MS 4 1 41

हेमम् [हि-मन्] 1 Gold -2 The thorn apple -मः 1 A dark or brown-coloured horse -2 A particular weight of gold -3 The planet Mercury -मा 1 The earth -2 A handsome woman

हेमन् n [हि-मनिन्] 1 Gold, हेमन् सलक्ष्यते ह्यमौ विशुद्धि श्यामिकापि वा R 1 10 -2 Water -3 Snow -4 The thorn-apple -5 The Késara flower -6 Winter, the cold sea-son. -7 The planet Mercury -8 The Dhattūra plant, हेमनामकतरुप्रसवेन त्र्यम्बकस्तदुपकल्पितपूज N 21 34 -Comp. -अङ्कः a adorned with gold, Mu 2 10 (v 1), see next word -अङ्ग a. golden, सुगाङ्गे हेमाङ्ग त्वर तव सिंहासनमिदम् Mu 2 10 (-ङ्गः) 1 Garuda -2 a lion -3 the mountain Sumeru -4 N of Brahman -5 of Visnu -6 the Champaka tree -अङ्गदम् a gold brace-let -अद्रिः 1 the mountain Sumeru -2 N of an author of the encyclopaedic work चतुर्वर्गचिन्तामणि -अम्भोजम् a golden lotus, Nelumbium Speciosum (variety yellow), हेमाम्भोजप्रसवि सलिल मानसस्याददान Me 64 -अम्भोरुहम् golden lotus, हेमाम्भोरुहसस्याना तद्वाप्यो धाम साप्रतम् Ku 2 44 -आह्वः 1 the wild Champaka tree -2 the Dhattūra plant -कक्ष a having golden walls -क्षः a golden girdle -कन्दलः coral -करः, -कर्तृ, -कारः, -कारकः a goldsmith, (हत्वा) विविधानि च रत्नानि जायते हेमकर्तृषु Ms 12 61; हेममात्रमुपादाय रूप वा हेमकारक Y 3.

147 -कलशः a golden pinnacle, Inscr -किंजल्कम् the Nāgakesāra flower -कुम्भः a golden jar -कूटः N of a mountain, S 7 -केतकी the Ketaka plant, bearing yellow flowers (स्वर्णकेतकी) -केलिः 1 an epithet of Agni -2 the Chitraka plant -केशः N of Śiva -गन्धिनी the perfume named Renukā -गर्भः a containing gold in the interior -गिरिः the mountain Sumeru -गौरः the Āśoka tree -घ्नम् lead -घ्नी turmeric -चन्द्रः N of a celebrated Jaina lexicographer (of the 11th century) -छन्न a covered with gold (-न्नम्) gold covering -ज्वालः fire -तरुः the thorn-apple -तारम् blue vitriol -दुग्धः, -दुग्धकः the glomerous fig tree -धान्यकः the 1½ Māsaka weight -धारणम् the 8-Palas weight of gold -पर्वतः the mountain Meru -पुष्पः, -पुष्पकः 1 the Āśoka tree -2 the Lodhra tree -3 the Champaka tree (-n) 1 the Āśoka flower -2 the flower of China rose -पुष्पिका yellow jasmine -पृष्ठ a gilded -व (व) लम् a pearl -माला the wife of Yama -माक्षिकम् pyrites मालिनम् m the sun -यूथिका the golden or yellow jasmine. -रागिणी f turmeric -रेणुः a kind of atom (अरेणु) -वलम् a pearl -व्याकरणम् Hemachandra's grammar -शङ्खः N of Viṣṇu -शृङ्गम् 1 a golden horn -2 a golden summit -सारम् blue vitriol -सूत्रम्, -सूत्रकम् a kind of necklace (Mar गोफ)

हेमकम् Gold

हेमलः 1 A goldsmith -2 A touchstone -3 A chameleon

हेम्य a. Golden

हेमन्तः, -न्तम् One of the six seasons, cold or winter season (comprising the months मार्गशीर्ष and पौष), नव-प्रबालोद्गमस्यरम्य प्रफुल्लोद्गम परिपक्वशालि । विलीनपद्म प्रपत-तुषारो हेमन्तकाल समुपागत त्रिये ॥ Rs 4 1 -Comp -नाथः the wood-apple tree

हेमन्ती Winter

हेमनः The planet Mercury

हेय a Fit to be left or abandoned, स्वप्ने निरुक्त्या गृहमेधिसौख्य न यस्य हेयानुमित स्वय स्यात् Bhāg 5 11 3

हेरम् [हि-रन्] 1 A kind of crown or diadem -2 Turmeric -3 Demoniācal illusion

हेरकः, हेरिकः A spy, secret emissary

हेरम्बः [हे शिवे रम्बति रम्ब-अञ् अलुक् समा० Tv] 1 N. of Ganeśa, जेता हेरम्बभृत्प्रमुखगणचमूचकिणस्तारकारे Mv 2 17, हे हेरम्ब, किमम्ब, रोदिषि कथ, कर्णौ छठ्यामिभू Subhās -2 A buffalo -3 A boastful hero -Comp -जननी N. of Pārvatī (mother of Ganeśa)

हेरुकः 1 An attendant on Śiva -2 N of Ganeśa. -3 N of a Buddha (=चक्रसम्बर)

हेल् 1 Ā (हेल्ले) To disregard, see हेड्

हेल्यञ्जी A common herb, L D B

हेलनम्, -ना 1 Disregarding, slighting, contempt, insulting -2 Sporting amorously, wanton dalliance

हेला [हेल् भावे-उस्य ल] 1 Contempt, disrespect, insult, तत्पूर्वमसद्वयस द्विपाधिपा क्षण सहेला परितो जगाहिरे Si 12 72 -2 (a) Amorous sport or dalliance, wanton sport, हेलात्यन्त समालक्ष्य विकार स्यात् स एव च S D 128, भावो हावश्च हेला च त्रयस्तत्र शरीरजा D R 2 32 (b) Pleasure, delight, pastime, सुगन्धेन्दुसुन्दरतदीयमुखावलो रुहेलाविश्वस्वल्कुत्-हलनिहवाय Māl 9 43. -3 Strong sexual desire, प्रौढे-च्छयाऽतिरुढाना नारीणा सुरतोत्सवे । शृङ्गारशास्त्रतत्त्वज्ञैर्हेल्य सा परि-कीर्तिता ॥ -4 Ease, facility, निवेशयामासिथ हेलयोद्धतम् Si 1 34, हेल्या 'easily', without any difficulty or trouble -5 Moonlight -6 A pause in a note or shaking (as in music)

हेलावत् a Careless, taking things easily

हेलावुकः A horse-dealer

हेलिः [हिल् इन्] The sun, व्यतरन्नरुणाय विश्रम सृजते हेलि-हयालिकालनाम् N 2 80, 3 80, विक्रीय त हेलिहिरण्यपिण्ड तारा-वराटानियमादित यौ N 22 13, हेलि केलिसरोजबन्धु Yaśas-tilaka 3 408, also हेलिक in this sense -f 1 Wanton or amorous sport, dalliance -2 An embrace -3 A marriage-procession in the street

हे (है) लिहिल a Of a sportive or wanton nature

हेवाकः Ardent or intense desire, eagerness, (this word, like the word लट्भ q v, is used only by later writers like Kalhana, Bilhana, and is probably derived from Persian or Arabic, cf Mar हेवा), अस्मिन्नासीत्तदनु निबिडाच्छेदहेवाकलीलविष्टाहुक्कणितवलय सतत राजलक्ष्मी Vikr 18 101, cf हेवाकिन् below

हेवाकस a High, intense, ardent, हेवाकसस्तु शृङ्गारो हावोक्षिभूविकारकृत् D R 2 31, (might the word here not be derived from हेवाक?)

हेवाकिन् a Ardently desirous of, eager for, (in comp), जायन्ते महतामहो निरुपमप्रस्थानहेवाकिना नि सामान्यमहर्ष-योगपिण्डना वार्ता विपत्तावपि Kalhana

हेष् 1 Ā (हेषते, हेषित) To neigh (as a horse), to bray, roar (in general)

हेषः, हेषा, हेषितम् Neighing, braying, रथाङ्गसक्तीडित-मन्त्रहेष Ki 16 8, सरावधूताभ्रविमानसंकुल कुर्वन्नमो हेषितभीषिता-ञ्जिल Bhāg 10 37 1

हेषिन् m A horse

हेहे ind A vocative particle used in addressing or calling out loudly

है ind A vocative particle

हैडिम्बः, -म्बिः Ghatotkacha (son of Hidimba), तत्राद्भुतमपश्याम हैडिम्बस्य पराक्रमम् Mb 6 58 15.

हेतुक a (-की f) [हेतौ प्रसृत उण्] 1 Causal, causative -2 Argumentative, rationalistic -कः 1 A logical reasoner, an arguer -2 A follower of the Mīmāṃsā

doctrines -3 A rationalist, sceptic, वेदवादरतो न स्यात् पाखण्डी न हेतुकः । शुष्कवादविवादे न कश्चित् पक्षः समाश्रयेत् ॥ Bhāg 11 18 30 -3 A heretic, हेतुकान् बकवृत्तिंश्च बाह्मात्रेणापि नार्चयेत् Ms 4 30

हैम *a* (-मी *f*) [हिम-हेमन्-अण्] 1 Cold, wintry, frigid -2 Caused by frost, मृणालिनी हैममिवोपरागम् R 16 7 -2 Golden, made of gold, पादेन हैम विलिलेख पीठम् R 6 15, Bk 5 89, Ku 6 6 -3 Of a golden yellow colour -मा, -मी Yellow jasmine -मम् Hoar-frost, dew -मः An epithet of Śiva -Comp -मुद्रा, -मुद्रिका a golden coin

हैमन् *a* (-नी *f*) [हेमन्त एव हैमन्ते भवो वा अण् तलोप] 1 Wintry, cold, गजपतिद्वयसीरपि हैमन्स्तुहिनयन् सरित पृषता पति Śi 6 55, K1 17 12 -2 Pertaining to winter, *i e* long (as nights), प्रेम्णा मन सु रजनीष्वपि हैमनीषु Śi 6 77 -3 Growing in or suitable for winter, हैमनैर्निवसन् सुमध्यमा R 19 41, -3 Golden, made of gold -नः 1 The month Mārgaśīrṣa -2 The winter season (=हेमन्त *q v*) -3 A kind of rice which grows in winter (षष्टिक)

हैमन्तिक *a* [हैमन्ते काले भव ठञ्] 1 Wintry, cold -2 Growing in winter -कम् A kind of rice

हैमल See हैमन्त

हैमवत *a* (-ती *f*) [हिमवतो अदूरभवो देश तस्येद वा अण्] 1 Snowy -2 Flowing from the snowy, *i e* Himālaya mountain, आनन्दशीतामिव बाष्पवृष्टिं हिमस्रुतिं हैमवती ससर्ज R 16 44 -3 Bred in, belonging to, or situated on, the Himālaya mountain, यद्यच्चक्रे महाबाहुस्तस्मिन् हैमवते गिरौ Mb 3 160 4, स्थाण्वाश्रम हैमवत जगाम Ku 3 23, 2 67 -तः A kind of poison -तम् Bhāratavarṣa or India

हैमवतिक *a* Living in the Himālaya mountain, स हैमवतिकान् जित्वा कर सर्वानदापयत् Mb 3 254 6

हैमवती 1 N of Pārvatī -2 Of the river Ganges, एवमुक्तं प्रत्युवाच राजा हैमवतीं तदा Mb 3 108 16 -3 A kind of myrobalan -3 A kind of drug -3 Common flax -3 A tawny grape

हैयंगवम्, हैयंगवीनम् [ह्यो गोदोहात् भव ह्यस् गो ख नि०] 1 Clarified butter prepared from the preceding day's milk, fresh ghee, हैयंगवीनमादाय घोषवृद्धानुपस्थितान् R 1 45, Bk 5 12 -2 Butter prepared a day before it is used, fresh butter, भित्त्वा मृषाश्रुर्दृषदमना रहो जघास हैयंगव-मन्तर गत Bhāg 10 9 6

हैरण्य *a* Golden, made of gold -Comp. -वासस् *a* clothed in golden feathers (as an arrow)

हैरण्यकः 1 Goldsmith -2 A guardian of golden treasure

हैरिकः A thief.

हैहय *m* pl. N of a people and their country -यः 1 N of the great-grandson of Yadu -2 N. of Arjuna Kārtavīrya (who had a thousand arms and was slain by Paraśurāma *q. v*), धेनुवत्सहरणाच्च हैहयस्त्वं च कीर्तिमप-हर्तुमुद्यत R 11 74

हैहयः Arjuna Kārtavīrya

हो *ind* 1 A vocative particle used in calling to a person or in challenging -2 Of surprise.

होइ I 1 Ā (होइते) To disregard, disrespect -II. 1 P (होइति) To go

होडः A raft, float.

होड् *m* A robber

होदम् Stolen goods, न होदेन विना चौर चातयेद्धार्मिको नृप Ms 9 270

होतु *a* (-त्री *f*) [हु-तृच्] Sacrificing, offering oblations with fire, बहति विधिहुत या हविर्यां च होत्री S 1 1 -*m* 1 A sacrificial priest, especially one who recites the prayers of the Rīgveda at a sacrifice, जनकस्य वैदेहस्य होताश्वलो बभूव -2 A sacrificer, इति वादिन एवास्य होतुराहुतिसाधनम् R. 1 82, Ms 11 36 -3 An epithet of Agni -Comp. -कर्मन् *a* the function of the होतु -प्रवरः the election of a होतु -ष (स) दनम् the होतु's seat, होतृषदनाद्धेवापि दुरद्रीथमनुसमाहरति Ch Up 1 5 5

होतुकः, होत्रकः An assistant of the Hotri

होत्रम् [हु-घृन्] 1 Anything fit to be offered as an oblation (as ghee) -2 A burnt offering -3 A sacrifice

होत्रा 1 A sacrifice -2 Praise, सत्त्वेन कुरुते युद्धे राजन् सुबलवानपि । नोद्यमेन न होत्राभि सर्वां स्वीकुरुते प्रजा ॥ Mb 3 33 69 -3 Ved Speech -3 The office of होतृक priest

होत्रिन् *m* A sacrificing priest who offers the oblations

होत्री The offerer of oblations, one of the eight forms of Śiva, या हविर्यां च होत्री S 1 1

होत्रिय *a* [होत्राय हित होत्रुरिद वा छ] Belonging to an oblation -यः The priest who offers oblations to gods. -यम् The sacrificial hall

होतवन् A sacrificer

होमः [हु-मन्] 1 Offering oblations to gods by throwing ghee into the consecrated fire, (one of the five daily Yajñas, to be performed by a Brāhmaṇa, called देवयज्ञ *q v*), इष्टिर्याग । स एवसिचनाधिको होमः ŚB on MS 6 8 7 -2 A burnt offering -3 A sacrifice, R 3 38, Mb. 12 165 26 -Comp -अग्निः the sacrificial fire -कर्मन् sacrificial act -कल्पः mode of sacrificing -कुण्डम् a hole in the ground for receiving the consecrated fire -तुरङ्गः a sacrificial horse, नियुज्य त होमतुरङ्गरक्षणे R 3 38 -धानम् a sacrificial chamber -धान्यम् 1 sesamum -2 barley -धूमः the smoke of a burnt offering or sacrificial fire -धेनुः a cow yielding milk for an oblation -भस्मन् *n* the ashes of a burnt offering -भाण्डम् a sacrificial implement -वेला the time for offering oblations. -शाला a sacrificial hall or chamber

होमकः See होतृ

होमिः [हु-इन् सुद् च] 1 Clarified butter. -2 Water. -3 Fire -3 The Chitraka tree

होमिन् *m* [होमोऽस्त्यस्य इति] The offerer of an oblation, a sacrificer in general

होमीय, -होम्य *a* Belonging to or fit for an oblation -**म्यम्** (also होम्यम्) 1 Ghee -2 Anything for an oblation (होमद्रव्य), अग्नीनामव्ययं ह्येतद्वैद्यं वेदविदो विदुः । तस्माददाति यो धेनुः स होम्यः सप्रयच्छति ॥ Mb 13 66 47

होरा [हु-रन्] 1 The rising of a zodiacal sign, होरासु गणितेष्वपि Śiva B 10 35 -2 Part of the duration of a sign -3 An hour -4 A mark, line -5 Horoscope, horoscopy

होलकः Chick-pea or pulse half parched in the pod (Mar हुळ)

होला The Holi festival

होलाकः A kind of vapour-bath

होलाकम् A religious act performed by those that hail from east India, ये प्राच्या इति (समाख्याता) ते होलाकादीन् (करिष्यन्ति) SB on MS 1 3 19 -**Comp** -**अधिकरणन्यायः** A rule of interpretation according to which in the absence of a श्रुति text supporting what is stated in स्मृतिस and कल्पसूत्रा, the existence of a general श्रुति text in its support may be assumed on the strength of inference. It is not, however, admissible to assume the existence of restricted श्रुति texts (i. e. texts restricting a particular act to a particular class or land), सामान्य-श्रुतिकल्पनायामस्ति प्रमाणं न विशेषश्रुतिकल्पनायाम् । This rule is discussed by जैमिनि and शबर at MS 1 3 15-23

होलाका 1 The spring-festival celebrated at the approach of the spring season, during the ten- but particularly three or four- days preceding the full-moon day in the month of Phālguna (commonly called *Holi*), -2 The full-moon day in the month of Phālguna

होलिका, होली The festival called होलाका q v above

होहौ, हो *ind* A vocative particle (ho' holla')

हौड् 1 P (हौडति) 1 To disregard, disrespect -2 To go

हौतभुजम् The कृत्तिका constellation

हौतक *a* Belonging to the Hotri priest, sacerdotal

हौत्रम् [होतुरिदम् अण्] The office of the priest called Hotri q v

हौम्यम् Clarified butter

हु 2 Ā (हुते-हुत) 1 To take away, rob, abstract, deprive (one) of, अभ्यगोष्ठार्थशास्त्राणि यमस्याहोष्ट विक्रमम् Bk 15 88 -2 To conceal, hide, withhold, Māl 1 -3 To hide from any one (with dat), गोपी कृष्णाय हुते Sk, P I 4 34

हवः, -वनम् Hiding, concealment

हुतिः *f* 1 Abstraction, concealment -2 Denial

ह्यल् 1 P (ह्यलति) 1 To go -2 To shake, move.

ह्यस् *ind* [गते अहनि नि०] Yesterday -**Comp.** -भव *a* what occurred yesterday

ह्यस्तन *a* (-नी *f*) Belonging to yesterday, as in ह्यस्तनी वृत्ति, ह्यस्तनेन च कोपेन शक्तिं वै प्राहिणोन्मयि Mb 5 184 4 -**Comp** -**दिनम्** yesterday, the previous day

ह्यस्त्य *a* Belonging to yesterday, hesternal, P IV 2 105

ह्य् 1 P (ह्यगति) To hide, cover, conceal

ह्यणीया Censure, reproach, shame

हृदः [हाद्-अच् नि०] 1 A deep lake, a large and deep pool of water, आपगा गरुडेनेव हृदाद्दधृतपन्नगा Rām 2 47 17, Kī 15 17, हृदे गभीरे हृदि चावगाढे शसन्ति कार्यान्तर हि सन्त N 3 53 -2 A deep hole or cavity, नाभिहृदै परिग्रहीतरयाणि निम्नै Śi 5 29 -3 A ray of light -**Comp** -**ग्रहः** a crocodile

हृदिनी 1 A river, सुशीततोया विस्तीर्णा हृदिनी वेतसैर्वृताम् Mb 3 64 12, Bhāg 2 7 28, 10 21 9 -2 A lighting

हृद्रोगः The sign *Aquarius* of the zodiac (derived from Greek)

हृप् 10 P (हृपयति) 1 To speak -2 To sound, creak

हृस् 1 P (हृसति, हृसित) 1 To sound -2 To become small or diminished or lessened, wane, disappear, चक्षुर्भ्राम्यति रूपमेव हृसते वक्त्र च ललायते Pt 4 78 -**Caus** To shorten, lessen, diminish

हृसित *p p* 1 Sounded -2 Shortened, curtailed

हृसिमन् *m* Smallness, shortness

हृसिष्ठ *a* (Superl of हृस्व) Shortest, smallest

हृसीयस् *a* (Compar of हृस्व) Shorter, smaller

हृस्व *a* [हृस्-वच्] (compar हृसीयस्, superl हृसिष्ठ) 1 Short, small, little -2 Dwarfish, low or short in stature -3 Short (opp to दीर्घ in prosody) -4 Minor, very young in age, जाता हृस्वा प्रजा प्रमीयते Mb 3 197 13 -5 Unimportant, insignificant -**स्वः** 1 A dwarf -2 A short vowel -**स्वम्** Green or black sulphate of iron -**Comp** -**अग्निः** Calotropis Gigantea = wort (Arka) -**अङ्ग** *a*. dwarfish, short-bodied (-ङ्गः) a dwarf -**गर्भः** the Kuśa grass -**गवेषुका** Uraria Lagopodioides (Mar लहान चिकणा) -**जात्य** *a* of a small kind -**दर्भः**, -**कुशः** the short or white Kuśa grass -**दा** gum olibanum -**निर्विशकः** a small sword -**पर्णः** Ficus Infectoria (Mar लघुपिपरी) -**फलः** the date tree. -**बाहुक** *a* short-armed -**मूर्ति** *a* short in stature, dwarfish, pigmy -**मूलः** the short red cane

हृस्वक *a* See हृस्व

ह्रासः [ह्रस्-वच्] 1 Sound, noise -2 Decrease, diminution, decline, deterioration, decay, अन्ये कलियुगे नृणा युगहासानुरूपत Ms 1 85, Y 2 249 -3 Small number -4 Paucity, scarcity

ह्रासक *a* Shortening, diminishing, lessening

ह्रासनम् 1 N of the seventh, e the last stage of must of an elephant, Mātanga L 9 18 -2 Diminution.

हाद 1 Ā (हादते) 1 To sound -2 To roar

हादः [हाद्-भावे घञ्] Noise, sound, दुन्दुभीना हाद K1 16 8, so घनुर्हाद &c

हादिन् a. Sounding, roaring

हादिनी 1 The thunderbolt of Indra -2 Lightning -3 A river -4 The tree called शलकी

हादुनिः, नी Hail, हादुनयो विस्फुलिङ्गा Bri Up 6 2 10

हाम्, हीम्, हूम् &c An exclamation of sacred mantras, ओं हा हीं हू ओं नमो भगवते हृषीकेशाय Bhāg 5 18 18

हिणीयते See हणीयते, प्रतिहतपरिस्पन्द स्तोता विपद्य हिणीयते Mv 1 51 (v 1)

हिणीया 1 Reproach, censure -2 Shame, bashfulness -3 Pity, of हणीया

ही 3 P (जिहति, हीण हीत) 1 To blush, be modest -2 To be ashamed (used by itself or with abl or gen), जिह्म्यार्थपुत्रेण सह गुरुसमीप गन्तुम् S 7 6, अन्योन्यस्यापि जिहीम किं पुन सहवासिनाम् K1 11 58, R 15 44, 17 73, Bk 3 53, 5 102, 6 132 -Caus (हेपयति-ते) To put to shame (fig also), cause to blush, make ashamed, सकौस्तुभ हेपयतीव कृष्णम् R 6 49, हेपिता हि बहवो नरेश्वरा 11 40, किं वा जात्या स्वामिनो हेपयन्ति S1 18 23, K1 11 64, 13 41, Ve 1 17

ही f 1 Shame, रतेरपि हीपदमादधाना Ku 3 57, दारिद्र्याद् हियमेति हीपरिगत प्रभ्रयते तेजस Mk 1. 14, R 4 80 -2 Bashfulness, modesty, हीसन्नकण्ठी कथमप्युवाच Ku 7 85 -Comp -जित, -मूढ a overcome or confounded by shame, हीमूढाना भवति विफलप्रेरण चूर्णमुष्टि Me 68 -चारिन् a bashful -निरासः shamelessness -निषेव a modest, shy, जाता कुले ह्यनुशसा वदान्या हीनिषेवा कर्मणा निश्चयज्ञा Mb 5 25 5 -पदम् cause of shame -बल a extremely modest -यन्त्रणा the constraint of bashfulness, हीयन्त्रणा-मानशिरे मनोज्ञाम् R 7 23

हीका [ही-कक्] 1 Bashfulness, coyness, shyness -2 Timidity, fear -कः 1 A father, Un 3 47 -2 A mongoose

हीकु a [ही-उन् कुक् च] 1 Bashful, modest, shy. -2 Timid -कुः 1 Tim -2 Lac -3 A cat

हीष्ण, हीत p p 1 Ashamed, तत्रैव दुश्चरितमद्य निवेदयन्ती हीणासि पापहृदये न सखीजनेऽस्मिन् Ve. 2 12, हीतमिव नभसि वीतमले न विराजते स्म वपुरशुमालिन् K1 12 13 -Comp. -मुख a 1 blushing -2 bashful, modest, इतीरिता पत्ररथेन तेन हीणा च हृष्टा च बभाण मैत्री N 3 67

हीतिः Shame, modesty

हेपणम् The act of putting to shame, excelling, surpassing -2 Embarrassment

हेपित a 1 Ashamed -2 Surpassed

हीह (हीच्छति) To be ashamed or modest, blush.

हीवेरम् -लम् A kind of perfume (Mar. बाळा).

हृद्, -हृद् 1 P (होदति, हूदति) 1 To go -2 To contract or be contracted.

हेप् 1 Ā (हेपते) To go

हेष् 1 Ā (हेषते) 1 To neigh (as a horse), whinny. -2 To go, creep

हेषा, हेषितम् Neighing

हेषिन् a Neighing, whinnying

हेषुकः A kind of spade

हौड 1 P (होडति) To go

हुग् 1 P (हृगति) To cover, hide

हृत्तिः f Joy, gladness, (हृषि f also in this sense)

हृप् 10 P (हृपयति) 1 To speak -2 To sound, creak -3 To speak well, L D B

हृस् 1 P (हृसति) To sound

हृद् 1 Ā (हादते, हृन् or हृदति) 1 To be glad or delighted, rejoice -2 To sound -3 To be pleasant, हादते तनयस्पर्श L D B -Caus (हादयति) To gladden, delight.

हादः, हादकः Pleasure, joy, delight, also हादिका

हादनम् The act of rejoicing, joy, delight -2 Refreshing, refreshment

हादित p p Delighted, refreshed

हादिन् a 1 Delighting, pleasing &c. -2 Very noisy or loud

हादिनी See हादिनी

हीक, हीकु See हीक, हीकु, [Up 3 47] (हीक = लज्जावान्), Un 3 86, (हीकु हीकुश्च लज्जावान्)

हेषा See हेषा

हल्ल 1 P (हलति) 1 To go, move -2 To shake, tremble -3 To go astray, stumble -Caus (ह-ह-लयति-ते but हलयति only with prepositions) To shake, move, cause to tremble, स छिन्नबाहुरपतद् विह्वले हलयन् भुवम् Bk. 6 45, (especially with वि)

हला Gong astray, failure

हालः Failure, cessation

हृ 1 P (हृरति) 1 To be crooked -2 To be crooked in conduct, cheat, deceive -3 To be afflicted or injured

हृस् n pl Crookedness, deceit

हार्यः 1 A serpent -2 A horse

हे 1 U (हृयति-ते, जुहाव, जुहुवे, अहृत्-त, अहृस्त, ह्रास्यति-ते, हातुम्, हृत, Pass हृयते, caus हाययति-ते, desid जुहृषति-ते) 1 To call by name, ता पार्वतीत्याभिजेनेन नाम्ना बन्धुप्रिया बन्धुजनो जुहाव Ku 1 26 -2 To call out, invoke, call upon -3 To call, name -4 To challenge -5 To vie with, emulate -6 To ask, beg.

ह्रा A name, appellation [Saubhari's Dvyākṣara-nāmāmalā gives other meanings - ह्रा जिह्वा तरुणी सरित् 42]

हातव्य a To be called

हानम् 1 Calling -2 A cry, sound -3 A challenge (for fight), सुग्रीवोऽप्यनददधोर वालिनो हानकारणात् Ram 4 12 15

हायक a. Calling, summoning, challenging etc

APPENDIX A

SANSKRIT PROSODY

Introduction

The earliest and most important work in Sanskrit prosody is the Pingala chhandas śāstra, attributed to the sage Pingala, which consists of Sūtras distributed over eight books. The Agni Purāṇa also gives a complete system of prosody founded apparently on Pingala's. Several other original treatises have likewise been composed by various authors, such as the Śrutabodha, Vāṇībhūṣana, Vṛtta-darpana, Vṛtta-ratnākara, Vṛtta-kaumudī, Chhandomañjarī &c. In the following pages the Chhandomañjarī and Vṛtta-ratnākara have been chiefly drawn upon, Vedic as well as Prākṛita metres being ignored in this Appendix.

Sanskrit composition may be in the form of गद्य 'prose' or पद्य 'verse' or poetry expressed in the form of stanzas.

A stanza or *padya* is a combination of four *padas* or quarters, which are regulated either by the number of syllables (अक्षर), or by the number of syllabic instants (मात्रा).

A पद्य is a वृत्त or जाति.

A वृत्त is a stanza the metre of which is regulated by the number and position of syllables in each Pāda or quarter. A जाति is a stanza the metre of which is regulated by the number of syllabic instants in each quarter.

Vṛttas are divided into three classes — समवृत्त in which the Pādas or quarters composing the stanza are all similar, अर्धसमवृत्त in which the alternate quarters are similar, and विषमवृत्त in which the quarters are all dissimilar.

A syllable is as much of a word as can be pronounced at once, that is, a vowel with or without one or more consonants.

A syllable is लघु 'short' or गुरु 'long', according as its vowel is 'short' or 'long'. The vowels अ, इ, उ, ऋ, and ए are short, and आ, ई, ऊ, ऋ, ए, ऐ, ओ, and औ are long. But a short vowel becomes long in prosody when it is followed by an *Anusvara* or *Visarga*, or by a conjunct consonant, as the vowel अ in गन्ध.

or ग (The consonants प्र & ह, as also ञ, & क, are said to be exceptions, before which the vowel may be short by a sort of poetical licence, e.g. in Ku 7 11 or Si 10 60, where, however, emendations have been proposed by critics to render the metre conformable to the general laws of prosody.) So also the last syllable of a *pāda* is either long or short, according to the exigence of the metre, whatever be its natural length.

सानुस्वारश्च दीर्घश्च विसर्गो च गुरुर्भवेत् ।

वर्णं सयोगपूर्वश्च तथा पादान्तगोऽपि वा ॥

In metres regulated by the number of syllabic instants, one instant or Mātrā is allotted to a short vowel, and two to a long one.

For the purpose of scanning metres regulated by the number of syllables, writers on prosody have devised eight 'Ganas' or syllabic feet, each consisting of three syllables, and distinguished from one another by particular syllables being short or long. They are given in the following verse —

मञ्जिगुरुलघुलघुलघु नकारो

भादिगुरु पुनरादिलघुर्गः ।

जो गुरुमध्यगतो रलमध्य

सोऽन्तगुरु कथितोऽन्तलघुस्तः ॥

आदिमध्यावसानेषु यरता यान्ति लघवम् ।

भजसा गौरवं यान्ति मनौ तु गुरुलघवम् ॥

Expressed in symbols (the symbol ∪ denoting a short syllable, and — a long one), the different Ganas may be represented as follows —

य ∪ — — (Bacchius)

र — ∪ — (Amphimacer)

त — — ∪ (Anti-bacchius)

भ — ∪ ∪ (Dactylus)

ज ∪ — ∪ (Amphibrachys)

स ∪ ∪ — (Anapaestus)

म — — — (Molossus)

न ∪ ∪ ∪ (Tribrachys)

Similarly ल (∪) is used to denote a short syllable, and ग (—) a long one.

N B — Sanskrit prosodists classify Vrittās according to the number of syllables contained in each quarter. Thus they enumerate twenty-six classes of 'Sama-vrittās', as the number of syllables in each quarter of a regular metre may vary from one to twenty-six. Each of these classes comprehends a great number of possible metres according to the different modes in which long and short syllables may be distributed. For example, in the class where each quarter contains six syllables, each of the six syllables may be either short or long, and thus the number of possible combinations is $2 \times 2 \times 2 \times 2 \times 2 \times 2$ or $2^6 = 64$, though not even half a dozen are in general use, so in the case of the twenty-six syllabled class, the possible varieties are 2^{26} or 87,108,864! But if we consider the cases where the alternate quarters are similar or all dissimilar, the variety of possible metres is almost infinite. Pingala, as also the Līlāvati and the last chapter of Vṛttaratnākara, give directions for computing the number of possible varieties and for finding their places, or that of any single one, in a regular enumeration of them. The different varieties, however, which have been used by poets are few when compared with the vast multitude of possible metres. But even these are too many to be dealt with in an Appendix like this, and we shall, therefore, only give such kinds as are most frequently employed or require particular notice, in the following order —

| | |
|-----------|-------------|
| Section A | समवृत्त |
| Section B | अर्धसमवृत्त |
| Section C | विषमवृत्त |
| Section D | जाति &c |

Note—In the following definitions the letters representing the Ganas such as म, म, स, &c as also ल, ग, will often be found to have dropped their vowels for the exigence of metre, e.g. मभ्न stands for म, र, म, न, so म्ती, for म, त &c. The first line gives the Definition of a metre, the second, the Scheme in Ganas with the Yati or Cæsura—the pause that may be made in reciting a quarter or verse, and which is usually indicated by the words in the Definition standing in the Instrumental case—denoted in brackets by Arabic figures, and then comes the example, (many of these examples are drawn from the works of Māgha, Bhāṛavi, Kālidāsa, Dandin &c.).

SECTION A

Metres with 4 Syllables in a quarter

(प्रतिष्ठा)

कन्या

| | |
|-------|--|
| Def | मौ चेत् कन्या । |
| Sch G | ग, म |
| Ex | भास्वत् कन्या सैका वन्या । यस्या कूले कृष्णोऽखिलः ॥ |

Metres with 5 Syllables in a quarter

(सुप्रतिष्ठा)

पङ्क्ति

| | |
|-------|--|
| Def | भूगौ गिति पङ्क्ति । |
| Sch G | म, ग, ग |
| Ex | कृष्णसनाथा तर्णकपङ्क्तिः । यामुनकच्छे चारु चचार ॥ |

Metres with 6 Syllables in a quarter

(गायत्री)

(1) तनुमध्यमा

| | |
|-------|--|
| Def | त्यौ चेत् तनुमध्यमा । |
| Sch G | त, य |
| Ex | मूर्तिर्भुरशत्रोरत्यद्भुतरूपा । आस्ता मम चित्ते नित्यं तनुमध्या ॥ |

(2) विद्युल्लेखा

[also called वाणी]

| | |
|-------|--|
| Def | विद्युल्लेखा मो म । |
| Sch G | म, म (3 3) |
| Ex | (a) श्रीदीप्ती ह्रीकीर्ती वीनीती गो प्रीती । एधेते द्वे द्वे ते ये नेमे देवेशे ॥ Kāv 3 86 |
| | (b) गोपत्रीणा मुख्या विद्युल्लेखारूपा । कालिन्दीतीरे सा रेमे श्रीकृष्णेन ॥ |

(3) शशिवदना

| | |
|-------|---|
| Def | शशिवदना न्यौ । |
| Sch G | न, य |
| Ex | शशिवदनाना व्रजतरुणीनाम् । अवरसुधोर्मि मधुरिपुरैच्छत् ॥ |

(4) सोमराजी

| | |
|-------|---|
| Def | द्विया सोमराजी । |
| Sch G | य, य (2 4) |
| Ex | हरे सोमराजी-समा ते यश श्री । जगन्मण्डलस्य छिनत्त्यन्धकारम् ॥ |

Metres with 7 Syllables in a quarter

(उष्णिक्)

(1) कुमारललिता

| | |
|-------|--|
| Def | कुमारललिता जू स गा । |
| Sch G | ज, स, ग (3 4) |
| Ex | मुरारितनुबली कुमारललिता सा । ब्रजजनयनाना ततान मुदमुचै ॥ |

(2) मदलेखा

| | |
|-------|---|
| Def | मस्गौ स्यान्मदलेखा । |
| Sch G | म, स, ग (3 4) |
| Ex | रङ्गे बाहुविरुणाद् दन्तीन्मन्मदलेखा । लमाभून्मुरशत्रौ कस्तूरीरसचर्चौ ॥ |

(3) मधुमती

| | |
|-------|--|
| Def | ननगि मधुमती । |
| Sch G | न, न, ग (5 2) |
| Ex | रविदुहितृतटे नवकुसुमतति । व्यधित मधुमती मधुमथनमुदम् ॥ |

Metres with 8 Syllables in a quarter

(अनुष्टुप्)

(1) अनुष्टुप् (also called श्लोक)

There are several varieties of this metre, but that which is most in use has eight syllables in each quarter, but of variable quantity. Thus the fifth syllable of each quarter should be short, the sixth long, and the seventh alternately long and short

| | |
|----|---|
| Ex | श्लोके षष्ठ गुरु ज्ञेयं सर्वत्र लघु पञ्चमम् । द्विचतुष्पादयोर्ह्रस्व सप्तम दीर्घमन्ययो ॥ वागर्थीविव सपृच्छौ वागर्थप्रतिपत्तये । जगत पितरौ बन्दे पार्वतीपरमेश्वरौ ॥ R 1 1 |
|----|---|

(2) गजगति

| | |
|-------|--|
| Def | नभलगा गजगति । |
| Sch G | न, भ, ल, ग (4 4) |
| Ex | रविमुतापरिसरे विहरतो वृशि हरे । ब्रजवधूगजगतिमुदमल व्यतनुत ॥ |

(3) प्रमाणिका

| | |
|-------|--|
| Def | प्रमाणिका जरौ लगौ । |
| Sch G | ज, र, ल, ग (4 4) |
| Ex | पुनातु भक्तिरच्युता सदाच्युताद्भिपन्नयो श्रुतिस्मृतिप्रमाणिका भवाम्बुराशितारिका ॥ |

(4) माणवक

| | |
|-------|---|
| Def | भातलगा माणवकम् । |
| Sch G | भ, त, ल, ग (4 4) |
| Ex | चञ्चलचूड चपलैवेत्सकुले केलिपरम् । ध्याय सखे स्मेरमुख नन्दसुत माणवकम् ॥ |

(5) विद्युन्माला

| | |
|-------|--|
| Def | मो मो गो गो विद्युन्माला । |
| Sch G | म, म, ग, ग (4 4) |
| Ex | वासोबली विद्युन्माला बर्हश्रेणी शाकशाप । यस्मिन्नास्ता तापोच्छित्यै गोमध्यस्थ कृष्णाम्भोद ॥ |

(6) समानिका

| | |
|-------|---|
| Def | ग्लौ रजौ समानिका तु । |
| Sch G | ग, ल, र, ज (4 4) |
| Ex | यस्य कृष्णपादपद्ममस्ति हृत्-तडागसद्य । धी समानिका परेण नोचितात्र मत्सरेण ॥ |

Metres with 9 Syllables in a quarter

(बृहती)

(1) भुजगशिशुभृता

| | |
|-------|---|
| Def | भुजगशिशुभृता नौ म । |
| Sch G | न, न, म (7 2) |
| Ex | हृदतटनिकटक्षौणी भुजगशिशुभृता याऽसीत् । मुररिपुदलिते नागे ब्रजजनसुखदा साऽभूत् ॥ |

(2) भुजङ्गसङ्गता

| | |
|-------|---|
| Def | सजरैर्भुजङ्गसङ्गता । |
| Sch G | स, ज, र (3 6) |
| Ex | तरला तरङ्गरिङ्गितैर्यमुना भुजङ्गसङ्गता । कथमेति वत्सचारकक्षपल सदेव तां हरि ॥ |

(3) मणिमध्य

| | |
|-------|--|
| Def | स्यान्मणिमध्य चेद्भ्रमसा । |
| Sch G | भ, म, स (5 4) |
| Ex | कालियभोगाभोगगतस्तन्मणिमध्यस्फीतरुचा । चित्रपदामो नन्दसुतश्चारु ननर्त स्मेरमुख ॥ |

Metres with 10 Syllables in a quarter

(पङ्क्ति)

(1) त्वरितगति

| | |
|-------|---|
| Def | त्वरितगतिश्च नजनौ । |
| Sch G | न, ज, न, ग (5 5) |
| Ex | त्वरितगतिर्ब्रजयुवतिस्तरणिमुता विपिनगता ॥ मुररिपुणा रतिगुरुणा परिरमिता प्रमदमिता ॥ |

(2) मत्ता

| | |
|-------|--|
| Def | ज्ञेया मत्ता मभसगच्छा । |
| Sch G | म, भ, स, ग (4 6) |
| Ex | पोत्वा मत्ता मधु मधुपाली कालिन्दीये तटवनकुञ्जे । उद्दीव्यन्तीर्ब्रजजनरामा कामासक्ता मधुजिति चक्रे ॥ |

(3) रुक्मवती

(Also called चम्पकमाला).

| | |
|-------|--|
| Def | रुक्मवती सा यत्र भमरगा । |
| Sch G | म, म, स, ग (5 5) |
| Ex | कायमनोवाक्यै परिशुद्धै- र्यस्य सदा कसद्विषि भक्ति । राज्यपदे हर्म्यालिखदारा रुक्मवती विप्र खलु तस्य ॥ |

Metres with 11 Syllables in a quarter

(त्रिष्टुप्)

(1) इन्द्रवज्रा

| | |
|-------|--|
| Def | स्यादिन्द्रवज्रा यदि तौ जगौ ग । |
| Sch G | त, त, ज, ग, ग (5 6) |
| Ex | गाष्ठे शिरि सव्यकरेण धृत्वा रुष्टेन्द्रवज्राहतिमुकट्टौ । यो गोकुल गोपकुल च सुस्थ चक्रे स नो रक्षतु चक्रपाणि ॥ |

(2) उपेन्द्रवज्रा

| | |
|-------|---|
| Def | उपेन्द्रवज्रा प्रथमे लघौ सा । |
| Sch G | ज, त, ज, ग, ग (5 6) |
| Ex | उपेन्द्रवज्रादिमणिच्छटाभि- र्विभूषणानां छुरित वपुस्ते । स्मरामि गोपीभिरुपास्यमान सुरदुमूले मणिमण्डपस्थम् ॥ |

(3) उपजाति

| | |
|-------|--|
| Def. | अनन्तरोदीरितलक्ष्मभाजौ पादौ यदीयावुपजातयस्ता । इत्थ किलान्यास्वपि मिश्रितासु वदन्ति जातिष्विदमेव नाम ॥ |
| Sch G | When इन्द्रवज्रा and उपेन्द्रवज्रा are mixed in one stanza, the metre is called उपजाति It is said to have 14 varieties |
| Ex | अस्त्युत्तरस्या दिशि देवतात्मा हिमालयो नाम नगाधिराज । पूर्वापरौ तोयनिधी वगाह्य स्थित पृथिव्या इव मानदण्ड ॥ Ku 1 1 |

See R 2, 5, 6, 7, 13, 14, 16, 18, Ku 3, K1 17, &c

When other metres also are mixed in one stanza, the metre is still called उपजाति, e g in the following verse from Māgha there is a combination of वशस्थ and इन्द्रवज्रा

इत्थ रथाश्वभनिषादिना प्रगे
गणो नृपाणामथ तोरणाद्वहि ।
प्रस्थानकालक्षमवेषकल्पना-
कृतक्षणेपमुदैक्षताच्युतम् ॥ Śi. 12 1.

(4) दोधक

| | |
|-------|--|
| Def | दोधकमिच्छति भञ्जितयादौ । |
| Sch G | म, म, म, ग, ग (6 5) |
| Ex | या न ययौ प्रियमन्यवधूभ्य सारतरागमना यतमानम् । तेन सहेह बिभर्ति रद स्त्री सा रतरागमनायतमानम् ॥ Śi 4 45 |

(5) भ्रमराविलसितम्

(भ्रमराविलसिता)

| | |
|-------|--|
| Def | म्भौ न्लौ ग स्याद् भ्रमराविलसितम् । |
| Sch G | म, म, न, ल, ग (4 7) |
| Ex | प्रीत्यै यूना व्यवहिततपना प्रौढध्वान्त दिनमिह जलदा । दोषामन्यं विदवति सुरत- कीडयासश्रमशमपटव ॥ Śi 4 62 |

(6) रथोद्धता

| | |
|-------|---|
| Def. | रात्परैर्नरलगै रथोद्धता । |
| Sch G | र, न, र, ल, ग (3 8 or 4 7). |
| Ex | कौशिकेन स किल क्षितीश्वरो राममध्वरविघातशान्तये । काकपक्षधरमेत्य याचित- स्तेजसा हि न वय समीक्ष्यते ॥ R 11 1 |

See Ku 8 also.

(7) वातोर्मी

| | |
|-------|---|
| Def | वातोर्मीय गदिता म्भौ तगौ ग । |
| Sch G | म, म, त, ग, ग (4 7) |
| Ex | ध्याता मूर्ति क्षणमप्यच्युतस्य श्रेणी नाम्नां गदिता हेलयाऽपि । ससारेऽस्मिन् दुरित हन्ति पुसा वातोर्मी पोतमिवाम्भोधिमध्ये ॥ |

(8) शालिनी

| | |
|-------|---|
| Def | मातौ गौ चेच्छालिनी वेदलोके । |
| Sch G | म, त, त, ग, ग (4 7) |
| Ex | अहो हन्ति ज्ञानवृद्धि विधत्ते धर्म दत्ते काममर्थं च स्ते । मुक्ति दत्ते सर्वदोषास्यमाना पुसा श्रद्धाशालिनी विष्णुभक्ति ॥ |

(9) स्वागता

| | |
|-------|--|
| Def | स्वागता रनभगेर्गुरुणा च । |
| Sch G | र, न, म, ग, ग (3 8) |
| Ex | यावदागमयतेऽथ नरेन्द्रान् स स्वयवरमहाय महौन्द्र । तावदेव ऋषिरिन्द्रदिहक्षु- नार्दद्विदशधाम जगाम ॥ N. 5 1 |

See K1 9, Śi 10

Metres with 12 Syllables in a quarter

(जगती)

(1) इन्द्रवंशा

| | |
|-------|---|
| Def | तच्चन्द्रवंशा प्रथमाक्षरे गुरौ । |
| Sch G | इन्द्रवंशा is the same as वंशस्थविल or वंशस्थ (see 13 below) except that its first syllable is long — The Ganas are, त, त, ज, र |
| Ex | दैत्येन्द्रवंशाभिरुदीर्णदीविति पीताम्बरोऽसौ जगता तमोपह । यस्मिन् ममज्जु शलभा इव स्वय ते कसचाणूरमुखा मखद्विष ॥ |

(2) चन्द्रवर्त्म

| | |
|-------|--|
| Def | चन्द्रवर्त्म निगदान्ति रनभसै । |
| Sch G | र, न, भ, स (4 8) |
| Ex | चन्द्रवर्त्म पिहित घनतिमिरै राजवर्त्म रहित जनगमनै । इष्टवर्त्म तदर्लकुह सरसे कुञ्जवर्त्मनि हरिस्तव कुतुकी ॥ |

(3) जलधरमाला

| | |
|-------|---|
| Def | अभ्यङ्गै स्याज्जलधरमालाम्भौ स्मौ । |
| Sch G | म, भ, स, म (4 8) |
| Ex. | या भक्तानां कलिदुरितोत्तप्ताना तापच्छेदे जलधरमाला नव्या । भग्याकारा दिनकरपुत्रीकूले केलीलोला हरिततुरग्यात् सा व ॥ See K1 5 23 |

(4) जलोद्धतगति

| | |
|-------|--|
| Def | रसैर्जसजसा जलोद्धतगति । |
| Sch G | ज, स, ज, स (6 6) |
| Ex | समीरशिशिर शिरस्सु वसता सता जवनिका निकाममुखिनाम् । विभर्ति जनयन्त्रय मुदमपा- मपायधवला बलाहकतती ॥ Ś1 4 54 |

(5) तामरस

| | |
|-------|---|
| Def | इह वद तामरसं नजजा य । |
| Sch G | न, ज, ज, य (5 7) |
| Ex | रूपुटसुषमामकरन्दमनोज्ञं व्रजललनानयनालिनिपीतम् । तव मुखतामरसं सुरशत्रौ हृदयतडागविकाशि ममास्तु ॥ |

(6) तोटक

| | |
|-------|--|
| Def | वद तोटकमब्धिसकारयुतम् । |
| Sch G | स, स, स, स (4 4 4). |
| Ex | स तथेति विनेतुखदारमते प्रतिगृह्य वचो विससर्ज सुनिम् । तदलब्धपद हृदि शोकघने प्रतियातमिवान्तिकमस्य गुरो ॥ R 8 91 See Ś1. 6 71. |

(7) द्रुतविलम्बित

| | |
|-------|--|
| Def | द्रुतविलम्बितमाह नभौ भरौ । |
| Sch G | न, भ, भ, र (4 8 or 4 4 4) |
| Ex | मुनिमुताप्रणयस्मृतिरोधिना मम च मुक्तमिदं तमसा मन । मनसिजेन सखे प्रहरिष्यता धनुषि चूतशरश्च निवेशित ॥ Ś 6 See R 9, Ś1 6 also |

(8) प्रभा

(also called मन्दाकिनी)

| | |
|-------|--|
| Def | स्वरशरविरतिर्नौ रौ प्रभा । |
| Sch G | न, न, र, र (7 5) |
| Ex. | अतिपुरभिरभाजि पुष्पाश्रिया- मतनुत रतयेव सतानक । तरुणपरमृत. स्वर्न राणिणा- मतनुत रतये वसन्तानक ॥ Ś1 6 67, also K1 5 21 |

(9) प्रमिताक्षरा

| | |
|-------|---|
| Def | प्रमिताक्षरा सजससै कथिता । |
| Sch G | स, ज, स, स (5 7) |
| Ex | विहगा कदम्बपुरभाविह गा कलयन्त्यनुक्षणमनेकलयम् । अमयन्तुपैति मुहुरभ्रमय पवनश्च धूतनवनीपवन ॥ Ś1 4 36, K1 6, Ś1 9 also |

(10) भुजङ्गप्रयात

| | |
|-------|--|
| Def | भुजङ्गप्रयात चतुर्भिर्यकारै । |
| Sch G | य, य, य, य (6 6) |
| Ex | घनैर्निष्कुलीना कुलीना भवन्ति घनैरापद मानवा निस्तरन्ति । घनेभ्य परो बान्धवो नास्ति लोके घनान्यर्जयध्व घनान्यर्जयध्वम् ॥ |

(11) मणिमाला

| | |
|-------|--|
| Def | त्यौ त्यौ मणिमाला लिप्ता गुहचक्त्रै । |
| Sch G | त, य, त, य (6 6) |
| Ex | प्रहामरमौलौ रत्नोपलक्लप्ते जातप्रतिबिम्बा शोणा मणिमाला । गोविन्दपदाब्जे राज्ञी नखराणा- मास्ता मम चित्ते ध्वान्त शमयन्ती ॥ |

(12) मालती

(Also called यमुना)

| | |
|-------|--|
| Def | भवति नजावथ मालती जरौ । |
| Sch G | न, ज, ज, र (5 7) |
| Ex | इह कलयाच्युत केलिकानने मधुरससौरभसारलोहप । कुसुमकृतास्मितचाशविभ्रमा- सलिरपि चुम्बति मालतीं महु ॥ |

(13) वंशस्थविल

(Also called वंशस्थ and वंशस्तनित)

| | |
|-------|---|
| Def | वदन्ति वंशस्थविल जतौ जरौ । |
| Sch G | ज, त, ज, र (5 7) |
| Ex | तथा समक्ष दहता मनोभव पिनाकिना भममनोरथा सती । निनिन्द रूप हृदयेन पार्वती त्रियेषु सौभाग्यफला हि चारुता ॥ Ku 5 1 See R 3 also |

(14) वैश्वदेवी

| | |
|-------|---|
| Def | बाणाश्वैरिच्छन्ना वैश्वदेवी ममौ या । |
| Sch G | म, म, य, य (5 7) |
| Ex | अर्चामन्येषा त्व विहायामराणा- मद्वैतेनैक विष्णुमभ्यर्च्य भक्त्या । तत्राशेषाः सन्त्यर्चिते भाविनी ते भ्रात सपन्नाराधना वैश्वदेवी ॥ |

(15) स्रग्विणी

| | |
|-------|---|
| Def | कीर्तितैषा चतुरेफिका स्रग्विणी । |
| Sch G | र, र, र, र (6 6) |
| Ex | इन्द्रनीलोपलेनेव या निर्मिता शातकुम्भद्रवालङ्कृता शोभते । नव्यमेघच्छवि पीतवासा हरे- मूर्तिरास्ता जयायोरसि स्रग्विणी ॥ See S1 4 42 |

Metres with 13 syllables in a quarter

(अतिजगती)

(1) कलहंस

(Also called सिहनाद and कुटजा)

| | |
|-------|---|
| Def | सजसा सगौ च कथित कलहंस । |
| Sch G | स, ज, स, स, ग (7 6) |
| Ex | यमुनाविहारकुतुके कलहंसो व्रजकामिनीकमलिनीकृतकेलि । जनचित्तहारिकलकण्ठनिनाद प्रमदं तनोतु तव नन्दतनूज ॥ See S1 6 73 |

(2) क्षमा

(Also called चन्द्रिका and उत्पलिनी)

| | |
|-------|--|
| Def | दुरगरसयतिनौ ततौ ग क्षमा । |
| Sch G | न, न, त, त, ग (7 6) |
| Ex | इह दुरधिगमै किंचिदेवागमै सततमसुतर वर्णयन्त्यन्तरम् । अमुमतिविपिन वेद दिग्ग्यापिन पुरुषमिव पर पद्मयोनि परम् ॥ K1 5 18. |

(3) प्रहर्षिणी

| | |
|-------|---|
| Def | व्याशाभिर्मनजरगा प्रहर्षिणीयम् । |
| Sch G | म, न, ज, र, ग (3 10) |
| Ex | ते रेखाब्जकुलिशातपत्रचिह्न सम्राजश्चरणयुग प्रसादलभ्यम् । प्रस्थानप्रणतिभिरङ्गुलीषु चक्रु- मौलिसकृच्युतमकरन्दरेणुगौरम् ॥ R 4 88 See K1 7, S1 8 |

(4) मञ्जुभाषिणी

(Also called सुनन्दिनी and प्रबोधिता)

| | |
|-------|---|
| Def | सजसा जगौ च यदि मञ्जुभाषिणी । |
| Sch G | स, ज, स, ज, ग (6 7) |
| Ex | यमुनामतीतमथ शुश्रुवानमु तपसस्तनूज इति नाधुनोच्यते । स यदाऽचलभिजपुरादहर्निश नृपतेस्तदादि समचारि बार्तया ॥ S1 13 1 |

(5) मत्तमयूरम्

| | |
|-------|---|
| Def | वेदै रन्ध्रैर्मतौ यसगा मत्तमयूरम् । |
| Sch G | म, त, य, स, ग (4 9) |
| Ex | दृष्ट्वा दृश्यान्याचरणीयानि विधाय प्रेक्षाकारी याति पद मुक्तमपायै । सम्यग्गृहाष्टिस्तस्य पर पश्यति यस्ता यश्चोपास्ते साधु विधेय स विधत्ते ॥ K1 18 28 S1 4 44, 6 76, also R 9 75 |

(6) रुचिरा

(Also called प्रभावती)

| | |
|-------|--|
| Def | जमौ सजौ गिति रुचिरा चतुर्ग्रहे । |
| Sch G | ज, भ, स, ज, ग (4 9) |
| Ex | कदा मुख वरतनु कारणादृते तवागत क्षणमपि कोपपात्रताम् । अपर्वणि ग्रहकलुषेन्दुमण्डला विभावरी कथय कथ भविष्यति ॥ M 4 16 See Bk 1 1, S1 17. |

Metres with 14 Syllables in a quarter

(शकवरी)

(1) अपराजिता

| | |
|-------|--|
| Def | ननरसलवुगै स्वरैरपराजिता । |
| Sch G | न, न, र, स, ल, ग (7 7) |
| Ex | यदनबधिभुजप्रतापकृतास्पदा यदुनिचयचमूः परैरपराजिता । व्यजयत समरे समस्तरिपुत्रज स जयति जगता गतिर्गसम्भवज ॥ |

(2) असंबाधा

| | |
|-------|---|
| Def | मत्तौ न्सौ गावक्षग्रहविरतिरसबाधा । |
| Sch G | म, त, न, स, ग, ग (5 9) |
| Ex | वीर्यामौ येन ज्वलति रणवशात् क्षिप्ते दैत्येन्द्रे जाता धरणिरेयमसंबाधा । धर्मस्थित्यर्थं प्रकटिततनुसम्बन्ध साधूना बाधा प्रशमयतु स कसारि ॥ |

(3) पथ्या

(Also called मजरी)

| | |
|-------|---|
| Def | सजसा यलौ च सह गेन पथ्या मता । |
| Sch G | स, ज, स, य, ल, ग (5 9) |
| Ex | • स्थगयन्त्यम् शमितचातकार्तस्वरा जलदास्तडितुलितकान्तकार्तस्वरा । जगतीरिह स्फुरितचारुचामीकरा सवितु क्वचिक् कपिष्ठयन्ति चामी करा ॥ Si 4 24 |

(4) प्रमदा

(also called कुररीस्ता)

| | |
|-------|--|
| Def | नजभजला गुरुश्च भवति प्रमदा । |
| Sch G | न, ज, भ, ज, ल, ग (6 8) |
| Ex | अनतिचिरोज्झितस्य जलदेन चिर- स्थितबहुबुद्बुदस्य पथसोऽनुकृतिम् । विरलाविकीर्णवज्रशकला सकला- मिह विदधाति धौतकलधौतमही ॥ Si 4 41 |

(5) प्रहरणकालिका

| | |
|--------|---|
| Def | ननभनलगिति प्रहरणकालिका । |
| Sch G. | न, न, भ, न, ल, गु (7 7) |
| Ex | व्यथयति कुसुमप्रहरण कालिका प्रमदवनभवा तव धनुषि तना । विरहविपदि मे शरणमिह ततो मधुमयनगुणस्सरणमविरतम् ॥ |

(6) मध्यक्षामा

(Also called हसद्येनी or कुटिल)

| | |
|-------|--|
| Def | मध्यक्षामा युगदशविरमा म्भौ न्यौ गौ । |
| Sch G | म, भ, न, य, ग, ग (4 10) |
| Ex. | नीतोच्छ्राय मुहुराशिशिररसेरुसै- रानीलाभैर्विरचितपरभागा रत्नै । ज्योत्स्नाशङ्कामिह वितरति हंसद्येनी मध्येऽप्यङ्ग स्फटिकजतभित्तिच्छाया ॥ Ki 5 81. |

(7) वसन्ततिलका

(Also called वसन्ततिलक, उद्धर्षिणी, सिंहोन्नता)

| | |
|-------|--|
| Def | उक्ता वसन्ततिलका तभजा जगौ ग । |
| Sch G | त, भ, ज, ज, ग, ग (8 6) |
| Ex | यात्येकतोऽस्तशिखर पतिरोषधीना- माविष्कृतारुणपुर सर एकतोऽर्क । तेजोद्वयस्य युगपद् व्यसनोदयाभ्या लोको नियम्यत इवात्मदशान्तरेषु ॥ S. 4. 1 |

(8) वासन्ती

| | |
|-------|--|
| Def | मात्तो नो मो गौ यदि गादिता वासन्तीयम् । |
| Sch G | म, त, न, म, ग, ग (4 6 4) |
| Ex | आम्यद्भृङ्गीनिर्भरमधुरालापोद्गीतै श्रीखण्डाद्रेरदभुतपवनैर्मन्दान्दोला । लीलालोला पल्लवावलसद्भस्तोलासै कसारातौ नृत्यति सदशी वासन्तीयम् ॥ |

Meters with 15 Syllables in a quarter

(अतिशक्वरी)

(1) तूणक

| | |
|-------|--|
| Def | तूणक समानिकापदद्वय विनान्तिमम् । |
| Sch G | र, ज, र, ज, र (4 4 4 3, or 7 8) |
| Ex | सा सुवर्णकेतक विकाशि मृङ्गपूरित पञ्चबाणबाणजालपूर्णहेमतूणकम् । राधिका वितर्क्य माधवाद्य मासि माधवे मोहमेति निर्भर त्वया विना कलानिधे ॥ |

(2) मालिनी

| | |
|-------|---|
| Def | ननमयययुदेय मालिनी भोगिलोकै । |
| Sch G | न, न, म, य, य (8 7) |
| Ex | शशिनमुपगतेय कौमुदी मेघमुक्त जलनिधिमनुरूप जङ्गकन्यावतीर्णा । इति समगुणयोगप्रीतयस्तत्र पौरा श्रवणकटु नृपाणामेकवाक्य विवदु ॥ R 6 85 |

(3) लीलाखेल

| | |
|-------|---|
| Def | एकन्यूनौ विद्युन्मालापादौ चेल्लीलाखेल । |
| Sch G | म, म, म, म, म |
| Ex | मा कान्ते पक्षस्यान्ते पर्याकाशे देशे स्वाप्सी कान्त वक्त्र वृत्त पूर्ण चन्द्र मत्वा रात्रौ चेत् । क्षुक्षाम प्राटश्चेतश्चेतो राहु कूर प्राद्यात् तस्माद् भवान्ते हर्म्यस्यान्ते शय्यैकान्ते कर्तव्या ॥ Sar K |

(4) शशिकला

| | |
|-------|---|
| Def | गुरुनिधनमनुलघुरिह शशिकला । |
| Sch G | न, न, न, न, स (all short syllables except the last) |
| Ex | मलयजतिलकसमुदितशशिकला व्रजयुगतिलसदलिकगगनगता । सरसिजनयनहृदयसलिलनिधिं व्यतनुत विततरभसपरितरलम् ॥ |

Metres with 16 Syllables in a quarter

(अष्टि)

(1) चित्र

| | |
|-------|--|
| Def | चित्रसंज्ञमिरित रजौ रजौ रगौ च वृत्तम् । |
| Sch G | र, ज, र, ज, र, ग (8 8 or 4 4 4 4). |
| Ex | विदुमासुणावरौष्ठशोभिवेणुबाद्यहृष्ट- बल्लवीजनाङ्गसगजातमुग्धकण्ठकाङ्ग । त्वा सदैव बासुदेव पुण्यल-यपाद देव वन्यपुष्पचित्रकेश सस्मरामि गोपवेश ॥ |

(2) पञ्चचामर

| | |
|-------|--|
| Def | प्रमाणिकापदद्वयं बदन्ति पञ्चचामरम् । or जरौ जरौ ततो जगौ च पञ्चचामरं वदेत् । |
| Sch G | ज, र, ज, र, ज, ग (8 8 or 4 4 4 4) |
| Ex | सुरदुर्मूलमण्डपे विचित्ररत्ननिर्मिते लसद्वितानभूर्षते सलीलविभ्रमालसम् । सुशङ्कनाभ्रवल्लवीकरप्रपञ्चचामर- स्फुरत्समीरवैजित सदाच्युत भजामि तम् ॥ |

(3) वाणिनी

| | |
|-------|--|
| Def | नजभजरैर्यदा भवति वाणिनी गयुक्तै । |
| Sch G | न, ज, भ, ज, र, ग |
| Ex | स्फुरतु ममाननेऽद्य ननु वाणि नीतिरम्य तबचरणप्रसादपरिपाकत कवित्वम् । भवजलराशिपारकरणक्षम मुकुन्द सततमह स्तभै स्वरचितै स्तेनानि नित्यम् ॥ |

Metres with 17 Syllables in a quarter

(अत्यष्टि)

(1) चित्रलेखा

(Also called अतिशायिनी).

| | |
|-------|---|
| Def | ससजा भजगा गु दिक्स्वरैर्भवति चित्रलेखा |
| Sch G | स, स, ज, भ, ज, ग (10 7) |
| Ex | इति धौतपुरन्ध्रमत्सरान् सरसि मज्जनेन श्रियमाप्तवतोऽतिशायिनीमपमलाङ्गभास । अनलोक्य तदैव यादवानपरवारिराशे शिशिरैतररोचिषाग्यपा ततिषु मञ्जुमीषे ॥ S: 8 71 |

(2) नर्दटक

| | |
|-------|--|
| Def | यदि भवतो नजौ भजजला गुरु नर्दटकम् । |
| Sch G | न, ज, भ, ज, ज, ल, ग (8 9) |
| Ex | तरुणतमालनीलबहुलोन्नमदम्बुधरा शिशिरसमीरणावधूतनूतनवारिकणा । कथमबलोकयेयमधुना हरिहेतिमती- र्मदकलनीलकण्ठकलहैर्मुखरा ककुभ ॥ Mal 9 18, see 5 31 |

(3) पृथ्वी

| | |
|-------|---------------------------------------|
| Def | जसौ जसयला वसुग्रहयतिश्च पृथ्वी गुरु । |
| Sch G | ज, स, ज, स, य, ल, ग (8 9). |
| Ex | इत स्वपिति केशव कुलमितस्तदीयद्विषा- |

मितश्च शरणार्थिन शिखरिणा गणा शेरते ।
इतोऽपि बलवानल सह समस्तसंवर्तकै-
रहो विततमूर्जित भरसह च सिन्धोर्वेषु ॥ Bh 2 76

(4) मन्दाक्रान्ता

| | |
|-------|---|
| Def | मन्दाक्रान्ताम्बुधिरसनगैर्मौ भनौ तौ गयुभम् । |
| Sch G | म, भ, न, त, त, ग, ग (4 6 7) |
| Ex | गोपी भर्तुर्विहरविधुरा काचिदिन्दीवराक्षी उन्मत्तेव स्खलितकबरी नि श्वसन्ती विशालम् । अत्रैवास्ते मुररिपुरिति आन्तितृतीसहाया त्यक्त्वा गेहं हृदि यमुनामञ्जुकुञ्ज जगाम ॥ Pad D 1 |

(The whole of the Meghadūta is written in this metre)

(5) वंशपत्रपतित

| | |
|-------|--|
| Def | दिङ्मुनिवशपत्रपतित भरनभनलग्नै । |
| Sch G | भ, र, न, भ, न, ल, ग (10 7) |
| Ex | दर्पणनिर्मलासु पतिते घनतिमिरमुषि ज्योतिषि रौप्यभित्तिषु पुर प्रतिफलति मुहु । श्रीढमसमुखोऽपि रमणैरपहृतवसना काञ्चनकन्दरासु तरुणीरिह नयति रवि ॥ S: 4 67 |

(6) शिखरिणी

| | |
|-------|---|
| Def | रसै रुद्रैश्छिन्ना यमनसभला ग शिखरिणी |
| Sch G | य, म, न, स, भ, ल, ग (6 11) |
| Ex | दिगन्ते श्रूयन्ते मदमलिनगण्डा करटिन करिष्य कारुण्यास्पदमसमशीला खलु मृगा । इदानीं लोकेऽस्मिन्नुपमश्रिखाना पुनरय नखाना पाण्डित्य प्रकटयतु कस्मिन् मृगपति ॥ Br 1 2 |

(7) हरिणी

| | |
|-------|--|
| Def | नसमरसला ग षड्वेदैर्हृदैर्हरिणी मता । |
| Sch G | न, स, म, र, स, ल, ग (6 4 7) |
| Ex | सुतलु हृदयाप्रत्यादेशव्यलीकमपैतु ते किमपि मनस समोहो मे तदा बलवानभूत् । प्रबलतमसामेवप्राया शुभेषु हि वृत्तय सजमपि शिरस्यन्ध क्षिप्ता धुनोत्यहिसङ्कया ॥ S 7 24 |

Metres with 18 Syllables in a quarter

(घृति)

(1) कुसुमितलतावेलिता

| | |
|-------|--|
| Def | स्याद्भूतत्वैश्च कुसुमितलतावेलिता म्त्तौ नयौ यौ |
| Sch G | म, त, न, य, य, य (5 6 7) |
| Ex | क्रीडत्कालिन्दीललितलहरीवारिभिर्दक्षिणात्यै वातै खेलेद्भिः कुसुमितलतावेलिता मन्दमन्दम् मृङ्गालीगीतै किंसलयकरोल्लासितैर्लस्यलक्ष्मी तन्वाना चेतौ रभसतरलं चक्रपाणेश्वकार ॥ |

(2) चित्रलेखा

| | |
|-------|--|
| Def | मन्दाक्रान्ता नपरलघुयुता कीर्तिता चित्रलेखा । |
| Soh G | म, भ, न, य, य, य (4 7 7) |
| Ex | शङ्केऽसुष्मिष्णु जगति मृगदृशा माररूप यदासी- दाकृष्येद व्रजयुवतिसभा वैवसा सा व्यधायि । नैगादृक् चेत कथमुदधिसुतामन्तरेणाच्युतस्य प्रीत तस्या नयनयुगमभूच्चित्रलेखाद्भुतायाम् ॥ |

(3) नन्दन

| | |
|-------|---|
| Def | नजभजरैस्तु रेफसहितै शिवैर्हयैर्नन्दनम् । |
| Soh G | न, ज, भ, ज, र, र (11 7) |
| Ex | तरणिसुतातरङ्गपवनै सलीलमान्दोलित मधुरिपुगादपङ्कजरज सुपूतपृथ्वीतलम् । सुरहरचित्रचैष्टितकलाकलापसस्मारक क्षितितलनन्दनं व्रज सखे सुखाय वृन्दावनम् ॥ |

(4) नाराच

| | |
|-------|--|
| Def | इह ननरचतुष्कसृष्ट तु नाराचमाचक्षते । |
| Soh G | न, न, र, र, र, र (8 5 5) |
| Ex | रघुपतिरपि जातवैदोविशुद्धा प्रगृह्य प्रिया प्रियसुहृदि विभीषणे सगमय्य श्रिय वैरिण । रविसुतसहितेन तेनानुयात ससौमित्रिणा भुजविजितविमानरत्नाधिरूढ प्रतस्थे पुरीम् ॥ |

R 12 104

(5) शार्दूलललित

| | |
|-------|--|
| Def | म सो ज सतसा दिनेशक्रतुभि शार्दूलललितम् । |
| Soh G | म, स, ज, स, त, स (12 6) |
| Ex | कृत्वा कसमृगे पराक्रमविधि शार्दूलललितं यश्चक्रे क्षितिभारकारिषु दूर चैद्यप्रभृतिषु । सतोष परम तु देवनिवहे त्रैलोक्यशरण श्रेयो न स तनोत्वपारमहिमा लक्ष्मीप्रियतम ॥ |

Metres with 19 Syllables in a quarter

(अतिघृति)

(1) मेघविस्फूर्जिता

| | |
|-------|---|
| Def | रसर्वैर्यमौ नसौ ररगुरुयुतौ मेघविस्फूर्जिता स्यात् । |
| Soh G | य, म, न, स, र, र, ग (6 6 7) |
| Ex | कदम्बामोदाख्या विपिनपवना केकिन कान्तकेका विनिद्रा कन्दल्यो दिशि दिशि मुदा दर्दुरा वृत्तनादा । निशा नृत्यद्विद्युद्विलसितलसन्मेघविस्फूर्जिता चेत प्रिय स्वाधीनोऽसौ दनुजदलनो राज्यमस्मात् किमन्यत् ॥ |

(2) शार्दूलविक्रीडित

| | |
|-------|---|
| Def | सूर्याश्चैर्यदि म सजौ सततगा शार्दूलविक्रीडितम् । |
| Soh G | म, स, ज, स, त, त, ग (12 7) |
| Ex | वेदान्तेषु यमाहुरेकपुरुष व्याप्य स्थित रोदसी यस्मिन्नीश्वर इत्यनन्यविषय शब्दो यथार्थाक्षर । अन्तर्यश्च मुमुक्षुभिर्नियमितप्राणादिभिर्मृगयते स म्थाणु म्थिरभक्तियोगसुलभो नि श्रेयसायास्तु व ॥ |

V 1 1

४ इ को...२

(3) सुमधुरा

| | |
|-------|---|
| Def | मौ भनौ मो नो गुरुश्चेद् हयश्वतुरसैरुक्ता सुमधुरा । |
| Soh G | म, र, भ, न, म, न, ग (7 6 6) |
| Ex | वेदार्थान् प्राकृतस्त्व वदसि न च ते जिह्वा निपातिता मथ्याह्ने वीक्षसेऽर्कं न तव सहसा दृष्टिर्विचलिता । दीप्ताग्नौ पाणिमन्त क्षिपसि स च ते दग्धो भवति नो चारित्र्याच्चारुदत्त चलयसि न ते देहं हरति भू ॥ |

Mk 9 21

(4) सुरसा

| | |
|-------|--|
| Def | मौ भनौ यो नो गुरुश्चेत् स्वरमुनिकरणैराह सुरसाम् । |
| Soh G | म, र, भ, न, य, न, ग (7 7 5) |
| Ex | कामक्रीडासतृष्णो मधुसमयसमारम्भरभसात् कालिन्दीकूलकुञ्जे विहरणकुतुकाकृष्टहृदय । गोविन्दो बल्लवीनामधररससुधा प्राप्य सुरसां शङ्के पीयूषपाने प्रचुरकृतसुख व्यस्मरदसौ ॥ |

Metres with 20 Syllables in a quarter

(कृति)

(1) गीतिका

| | |
|-------|--|
| Def | सज्जा भरौ सलगा यदा कथिता तदा खलु गीतिका । |
| Soh G | स, ज, ज, भ, र, स, ल, ग (5 7 8) |
| Ex | करतालचञ्चलकङ्कणस्वनमिश्रणेन मनोरमा रमणीयवेणुनिनादरङ्गिमसगमेन सुखावहा । बहुलानुरागनिवासराससमुद्भवा भवरागिण विदधौ हरिं खलु वल्लवीजनचारुचामरगीतिका ॥ |

(2) सुवदना

| | |
|-------|---|
| Def | ज्ञेया सप्ताश्वषड्भिर्मरभनययुता भनौ ग सुवदना । |
| Soh G | म, र, भ, न, य, भ, ल, ग (7 7 6) |
| Ex | उत्तुङ्गास्तुङ्गकूल सुनमदसलिला प्रस्यन्दिसलिल श्यामा श्यामोपकण्ठद्रुममतिमुखरा कल्लोलमुखरम् । छोट खातावसीदत्तटसुदृशनैस्तसादिततटा शोण सिन्दूरशोणा मम गजपतय पास्यन्ति शतश ॥ |

Mu 4 16

Metres with 21 Syllables in a quarter

(प्रकृति)

(1) पञ्चकावली

(Also called सरसी, घृतश्री)

| | |
|-------|---|
| Def | नजभजजा जरौ नरपते कथिता भुवि पञ्चकावली । |
| Soh G | न, ज, भ, ज, ज, र (7 7 7) |
| Ex | तुरगशताकुलस्य परित परमेकतुरङ्गजन्मन प्रमथितभूयुत प्रतिपथ मथितस्य मृश महीभृता । परिचलतो बलानुजबलस्य पुर सततं घृतश्रिय- श्चिरगलितश्रियो जलनिधेश्व तदाऽभवदन्तर महत् ॥ |

Śi 3 82

(2) स्रग्धरा

| | |
|-------|--|
| Def | स्रग्धर्याना त्रयेण त्रिसुनियतियुता स्रग्धरा कीर्तितेयम् । |
| Sch G | म, र, भ, न, य, य, य (7 7 7) |
| Ex | या सृष्टि स्रग्धराया वहति विधिहुत या हविर्या च होत्री ये द्वे काल विधत्त श्रुतिविषयगुणा या स्थिता व्याय विश्वम् । यामाहु सर्वभूतप्रकृतिरिति यया प्राणिन प्राणवन्त प्रत्यक्षाभि प्रपन्नस्तनुभिरवतु वस्ताभिरष्टाभिरीश ॥ |

S 1 1

Metres with 22 Syllables in a quarter

(आकृति)

हंसी

| | |
|-------|---|
| Def | मौ गौ नाश्वत्वारो गो गो वसुभुवनयतिरिति भवति हंसी । |
| Sch G | म, म, ग, ग, न, न, न, न, ग, ग |
| Ex. | ol म, म, त, न, न, न, स, ग (8 14) सार्ध कान्तेनैकान्तेऽसौ विकचकमलमधु सुरभि पिबन्ती कामक्रीडाकृतस्फीतप्रमदसरसतरमलधु रसन्ती । कालिन्दीये पद्मारणे पवनपतनपरितरलपरागे कसारान्ते पश्य स्वेच्छ सरभसगतिरिह विलसति हंसी ॥ |

Metres with 23 Syllables in a quarter

(विकृति)

अद्रितनया

| | |
|-------|--|
| Def | नजभजभा जमौ लघुगुरु लुधैस्तु गदितेयमद्रितनया । |
| Sch G | न, ज, भ, ज, भ, ज, भ, ल, ग (11 12) |
| Ex | खरतरशौर्यपावकशिखापतङ्गनिभममददनुजो जलधिसुताविलासवसति सता गतिरशेषमान्यमहिमा । सुवनहितावतारचतुरश्वराचरधरोऽवतीर्ण इह हि क्षितिवलयेऽस्ति कसशमनस्तवेति तमवोचदद्रितनया ॥ |

Metres with 24 Syllables in a quarter

(संक्रुति)

तन्वी

| | |
|-------|---|
| Def | भूतमुनानैर्यतिरिह भतना रभौ भनयाश्च यदि भवति तन्वी । |
| Sch G | भ, त, न, स, भ, भ, न, य (5 7 12) |
| Ex. | माधव मुग्धैर्मधुकरविरुतै कोकिलकूजितमलयसमीरै कम्पमुपेता मलयजसलिलै लावनतोऽप्यविगततनुदाहा । पद्मपलाशैर्विरचितशयना देहजसज्जरभरपरिदूतै- निश्वसती सा सुदुरतिपुरुष ध्यानलये तव निवसति तन्वी ॥ |

Metres with 25 Syllables in a quarter

(अतिकृति)

क्रौञ्चपदा

| | |
|-------|--|
| Def | क्रौञ्चपदा रभौ रभौ ननना न्गाविषुशरवसुमनिविरतिरिह भवेत् । |
| Sch G | भ, म, स, भ, न, न, न, न, ग (5 5 8 7) |
| Ex | क्रौञ्चपदालीचित्रिततीरा मदकलरगकुलकलकलचिरा फुल्लसरोजश्रेणिविलासा मधुमुदितमधुपरवरभसकरी । फेनविलासप्रोज्ज्वलहासा ललितलहरिभरपुलकितसुतनु पश्य हरेऽसौ कस्य न चेतो हरति तरलगतिरिहमकिरणजा ॥ |

Metres with 26 Syllables in a quarter

(उत्कृति)

भुजङ्गविज्जाम्भित

| | |
|-------|--|
| Def | वस्वीशाश्वैश्छेदोपेत ममतननयुगरसलगैर्भुजङ्गविज्जाम्भितम् । |
| Sch G | म, म, त, न, न, न, न, र, स, ल, ग (8 11 7) |
| Ex | हेलोदश्चन्त्यश्चत्पादप्रकटविकटनटनभरो रणत्तरतालक श्चारुप्रेङ्खन्चूडाबर्ह श्रुतितरलनवकिसलयस्तरङ्गितहारधृक् । त्रस्यन्नागव्रीभिर्भक्त्या मुकुलितकरकमलयुग कृतस्तुतिरच्युत पायाद् वशिष्ठन्द कालिन्दीहृदकृतनिजवसति- बृहद्भुजङ्गविज्जाम्भितम् ॥ |

दण्डक

Metres with 27 or more letters in each quarter are designated by the general name दण्डक The highest number of syllables in a quarter of this species of metre is said to be 999 In each quarter there must be first two *naganas* or six short syllables, and the remaining may be either *raganas* or *yaganas*, or all the feet may be *saganas* The classes of दण्डक usually mentioned are चण्डवृष्टिप्रयात, प्रचितक, मत्तभातङ्गलीलाकर, सिंहविक्रान्त, कुसुमस्तवक, अनङ्गशेखर, सग्राम &c Māl 5 23 is an instance of this last species of Dandaka

SECTION B

अर्धसमवृत्त (Half-equal Metres)

(1) अपरवक्त्र

(Sometimes called वैतालीय)

| | |
|-------|---|
| Def | अयुजि ननरला गुरु समे तदपरवक्त्रमिदं नजौ जरौ । |
| Sch G | न, न, र, ल, ग (odd quarter) न, ज, ज, र (even quarter) |
| Ex | स्फुटसुमधुरवेणुगीतिभि- स्तमपरवक्त्रमवेत्येव माववम् । मृगयुवतिगणै सम स्थिता ब्रजवनिता धृतचित्तविभ्रमा ॥ |

(2) उपचित्र

| | |
|-------|---|
| Def | विषमे यदि सौ सलगा दले भौ युजि भाद् गुरुकावुपचित्रम् । |
| Sch G | स, स, स, ल, ग (odd quarter) भ, भ, भ, ग, ग, (even quarter) |
| Ex | मुरवैरिवधुस्तनुता मुद् हेमनिभाशुकचन्दनलितम् । गगन चपलामिलित यथा शारदनीरवरूपचित्रम् ॥ |

(3) पुष्पिताग्रा

(Also called औपच्छन्दसिक)

| | |
|-------|--|
| Def | अयुजि नयुगरेफतो यकारो युजि तु नजौ जरगाश्च पुष्पिताग्रा । |
| Sch G | न, न, र, य (odd quarter) न, ज, ज, र, ग (even quarter) |
| Ex | अथ मदनवधूरुपप्लवान्त व्यसनकृशा परिपालयाबभूव । शशिन इव दिवातनरय लेखा किरणपरिक्षयधूसरा प्रदोषम् ॥ |

Ku 4 46

(4) वियोगिनी

(Also called वैतालीय or सुन्दरी)

| | |
|-------|---|
| Def | विषमे ससजा गुरु समे समरा लोऽथ गुरुर्वियोगिनी । |
| Sch G | स, स, ज, ग (odd quarter) स, भ, र, ल, ग (even quarter) |
| Ex | सहसा विदधीत न क्रिया- मविवेक परमापदा पैदम् । वृणते हि विमृश्यकारिण गुणलुब्धा स्वयमेव सपद ॥ K1 2 30 |

(5) वेगवती

| | |
|-------|---|
| Def | सयुगात् सगुरु विषमे चेद् भाविह वेगवती युजि भादौ । |
| Sch G | स, स, स, ग (odd quarter) भ, भ, भ, ग, ग (even quarter) |
| Ex | स्मरवेगवती व्रजरामा केशववशरवैरतिमुग्धा । रभसान्न गुरुन् गणयन्ती केलिनिवृज्जगहाय जगाम ॥ |

(6) हरिणप्लुता

| | |
|-------|---|
| Def | सयुगात्सलघू विषमे गुरु- युजि नभौ भरमौ हरिणप्लुता । |
| Sch G | स, स, स, ल, ग (odd quarter) न, भ, भ, र (even quarter) |
| Ex | स्फुटफेनचया हरिणप्लुता बल्लिमनोज्ञतया तरणे सुता । कलहसकुलारवशालिनी विहरतो हरति स्म हरेर्मन ॥ |

N B Metres like अपरवक्त्र or औपच्छन्दसिक and वैतालीय or वियोगिनी are usually treated as *Jāṭis*, (see Section D) But they are sometimes defined in the Gāṇa scheme, and are, therefore, given under the class of *Vṛttas*

SECTION C

विषमवृत्त (Unequal Metres)

The most common metre of this class is called उद्गता

| | |
|-------|---|
| Def | प्रथमे सजौ यदि सलौ च नसजगुरुकाव्यनन्तरम् । यद्यथ भनजलगा स्युरथो सजसा जगौ च भवतीयमुद्गता ॥ |
| Sch G | स, ज, स, ल, (first quarter) न, स, ज, ग (second ,,) भ, न, ज, ल, ग, (third ,,) स, ज, स, ज, ग, (fourth ,,) |
| Ex | अथ बासवस्य वचनेन रुचिरवदनखिलोचनम् । क्लान्तिरहितमभिराधयितु विधिवत्तपासि विदधे धनञ्जय ॥ K1 12 1 |

See Ś1 15 also

Another variety of उद्गता is mentioned, wherein the third quarter has भ, न, भ, ग instead of भ, न, ज, ल, ग.

Other kinds of metre in which every quarter of the stanza differs in the number of syllables, are included under the general name 'Gāthā' The same name is applicable to stanzas consisting of any number of quarters other than four As in the case of उपजाति, any two or more quarters of a regular metre may be combined to form अर्धसमवृत्त or विषमवृत्त

SECTION D

जाति (Metres regulated by the number of syllabic instants)

(a) The most common variety of such metres is आर्या It is said to have nine sub-divisions —

पथ्या विपुला चपला मुखचपला जघनचपला च ।
गीत्युपगीत्युद्गीतय आर्यागीतिर्नवैव वार्याया ॥

Of these nine kinds the last four are generally used and deserve mention

(1) आर्या

| | |
|-----|---|
| Def | यस्या पादे प्रथमे द्वादशमात्रास्तथा तृतीयेऽपि । अष्टादश द्वितीये चतुर्थके पञ्चदश सार्या ॥ Śrut 4 |
|-----|---|

The first and the third quarters must each contain 12 mātrās or syllabic instants (one being allotted to a short vowel, and two to a long one), the second 18 and the fourth 15.

Ex प्रतिपक्षेणापि पतिं सेवन्ते भर्तृवत्सला साध्यः ।
अन्यसरिता शतानि हि समुद्रगा प्रापयन्त्यब्धिम् ॥
M 5 19

The whole of Govardhana's आर्यासप्तशती is written in this metre

(2) गीति

Def आर्यपूर्वार्धसम द्वितीयमपि भवति यत्र हसगते ।
छन्दोविदस्तदानीं गीतिं ताममृतवाणि भाषन्ते ॥

The first and third quarters of this metre must contain 12 syllabic instants each, and the second and fourth 18 each

Ex पाटीर तव पटीयान् क परिपाटीमिमामुरीकर्तुम् ।
यत् पिषतामपि तृणा पिष्टोऽपि तनोषि परिमलै पुष्टिम् ॥
Bv 1 12

(3) उपगीति

Def आर्योत्तरार्धतुल्य प्रथमार्धमपि प्रयुक्तं चेत् ।
कामिनि तामुपगीतिं प्रतिभाषन्ते महाकवयः ॥ Śrut 6.

The first and third quarters of this metre must contain 12 syllabic instants each, and the second and fourth 15 each

Ex नवगोपसुन्दरीणा रासोल्लासे मुरारातिम् ।
अस्मारयदुपगीतिः स्वर्गकुरङ्गीदृशां गीते ॥

(4) उद्गीति

आर्याशकलद्वितये विपरीते पुनरिदोद्गीति ।

The first and third quarters of this metre must contain 12 syllabic instants each, the second 15, and the fourth 18

Ex नारायणस्य सततमुद्गीतिः ससृष्टिर्भक्त्या ।
अर्चयामासक्तिर्दुस्तरससारसागरे तरणि ॥

(5) आर्यागीति

Def आर्याप्राग्दलमन्तेऽधिक्युरु तादृक् परार्धमार्यागीतिः ।

The first and third quarters of this metre must contain 12 syllabic instants each, and the third and fourth 20 each

Ex. सवधूका सुखिनोऽस्मिन्नवरतममन्दरागतामरसदृश ।
नासेवन्ते रसवन्नवरतममन्दरागतामरसदृश ॥ Śi 4 51

Note — All these five sorts are sometimes defined in the Gana scheme

(b) वैतालीय

Def षड्विधमेऽष्टौ समे कलास्ताश्च समे स्युर्नो निरन्तरा ।
न समाऽत्र पराश्रिता कला वैतालीयेऽन्ते रलौ युरु ॥

This is a stanza of four quarters, the first and third of which contain the tune of fourteen short syllables, and the second and fourth sixteen. Again, the first and third quarters of this metre must contain 6 syllabic instants, and the second and fourth 8 each, followed by a रगण (— — —) and a short and a long vowel

(— —) The rules further require that the syllabic instants in the even quarter should not be all composed of short syllables or long syllables, and that even syllabic instant in each quarter (i.e. the 2nd, 4th and 6th) should not be formed conjointly with the next (i.e. 3rd, 5th, and 7th)

Ex कुशन् खलु तुभ्यमेव तद् वचनं कृष्ण यदभ्यधामहम् ।
उपदेशपरा परञ्चपि स्वविनाशाभिमुखेषु साधवः ॥
Śi 16 41

(c) औपच्छन्दसिक

Def पर्यन्ते यौ तथैव शेषमौपच्छन्दसिकं सुधीभिस्तुम् ।

This is the same as वैतालीय except that at the end of each quarter there must be a रगण and यगण instead of रगण and ल, ग only, in other words, it is the same as वैतालीय with only a long syllable added at the end of each quarter

Ex चपुषा परमेण भूधराणामथ सभाव्यपराक्रम विभेदे ।
मृगमाशु विलोक्याचकार स्थिरदध्नीप्रमुख महेन्द्रसूनु ॥
K1 13 1

So in the next 52 verses of the same canto See Śi 20 also

It will be noticed that वियोगिनी or सुन्दरी and अपरवक्त्र are only particular cases of वैतालीय, and पुष्पिताम्रा and मालभारिणी, of औपच्छन्दसिक. Prosodists treat both these classes of metres in the Gana scheme as well as in the Mātrā scheme, hence they have been noticed here as well as in Section C

(d) मात्रासमक

The metre called मात्रासमक consists of four quarters each of which contains 16 syllabic instants. The most general variety is that in which the ninth syllabic instant is composed of a short syllable, and the last is a long syllable. It is defined as मात्रासमक नवमो लगान्त्य ।

But there are several varieties of this metre arising from particular syllabic instants being short or long. For example, if the 9th and 12th moments are formed by short syllables, and the 15th and 16th by a long one, and the rest are optional, it is called चानवासिका. If the 5th, 8th, and 9th are formed by short syllables and the 15th and 16th by a long one, it is called चित्रा. If the 5th and 8th are short, as also the 9th and 10th and 15th and 16th are long, it is called उपचित्रा. And if the 5th, 8th, and 12th are short, 15th and 16th long, and the rest indeterminate, it is called विश्लोक. Sometimes two or more of these varieties are combined in the same stanza, and in that case the measure is called पादाकुलक, in which there is no other restriction than that each quarter should have sixteen syllabic instants

Ex मूढ जहीहि धनागमतृष्णा कुरु तनुबुद्धे मनसि वितृष्णाम् ।
यल्लभसे निजकर्मोपात्तं वित्तं तेन विनोदय चित्तम् ॥ Moha M

A Classified List of Sanskrit Metres

(1) Ganas with their definitions and symbols

मन्त्रिगुरुल्लघुश्च नकारो, भादिगुरु पुनरादिलघुर्य ।
जो गुरुमध्यगतो रत्नमध्य सोऽन्तगुरु कथितोऽन्तलघुस्त ॥
गुरुरेको गकारस्तु लकारो लघुरेकर ।
क्रमेण त्रैषा रेखाभि सस्थान दर्शयते यथा ॥

छन्दोमञ्जरी, प्रथम स्तवक 8-9

| Ancient symbols | Gana | Modern symbols |
|-----------------|---------------------------|----------------|
| SSS | मगण (All long) | — — — |
| lll | नगण (All short) | ⌒ ⌒ ⌒ |
| Sll | भगण (First letter long) | — ⌒ ⌒ |
| lSS | यगण (First letter short) | ⌒ — — |
| lSl | जगण (Middle letter long) | ⌒ — ⌒ |
| Sls | रगण (Middle letter short) | — ⌒ — |
| llS | सगण (Third letter long) | ⌒ ⌒ — |
| SSl | तगण (Third letter short) | — — ⌒ |
| S | ग (The long letter) | — |
| l | ल (The short letter) | ⌒ |

(2) Works consulted

The classification of metres as arranged by Prof H D Velankar, M A, in the Jayadāman is reproduced herewith for ready reference. An effort has been made to give Sanskrit definitions in the same metre wherever they are available. The number of letters varies from one letter to 45 letters in a pāda. The main section is given as a Heading with a figure on the right, which represents the number of varieties. The Ganas of the metres are arranged alphabetically, followed by the यति and the definitions and the names of the metres given in the different works. The readers are requested to make use of the symbols either ancient or modern, given at the top of this section.

The metres listed are collected from the following 11 old and important treatises on Sanskrit metres, arranged in an approximate chronological order —

- 1 Ohhandassāstra of Pingala (P) published in the Kāvya-mālā Series No 91 (3rd edition), Bombay, 1938
- 2 Nāṭyaśāstra of Bharata (Bh) published in the Kāśī Sanskrit Series No 60, Benares, 1929
- 3 Jayadevachhandas of Jayadeva (Jd) published in Jayadāman
- 4 Vṛttajātasamuchchaya of Vīrahanka (Vjs) published in the Journal BBRAS, 1929 and 1931,

5 Ratnamañjūṣā of an unknown Digambara Jain author (Rm) published by the Bharatiya Jñāna-Pīṭha, Durgākunda, Benares.

6 Svāyambhūchhandas of Svāyambhū (Sb) published in the Journal BBRAS, 1935

7 Vṛttaratnākara of Kedāra (Vr) critically edited in Jayadāman

8 Ohhandonusāsana of Jayakīrti (Jk) published also in Jayadāman

9 Ohhandonusāsana of Hemchandra (H) with brief footnotes (Hc) both published in the Jayadāman

10 Prākṛita Pangala (Pp) published in the Bibliotheca Indica, Calcutta, 1902

11 Jānāśrayi (Js) published in the Trivendrum Sanskrit series

A few additional metres which are not given in these older works are added in this list (the choice being purely subjective) from the following five works which, with the exception of the first, are comparatively modern

1 Utpala's commentary on Varāhamihira's Brihatsamhitā ch 103, quoted by verses (Utpala, V), published in the Vīṣṇanagaram Sanskrit series Vol X Benares 1895 onwards

2 Kavīdarpana of an unknown author who knows Hemachandra (Kd), published in the Annals BORI 1935-36

3 Ohhandomañjarī of Gangādasa (Chm) published in the Kāśī Sanskrit Series No 55, 1927

4 Mandāramarandachampū (Mm) published in the Kāvya-mālā Series, No 52, Bombay, 1895

5 Ohhandahkaustubha (Okau) from a manuscript No 894 of 1886-92 in the Bhāndārkar Research Institute, Poona

6 Vānībhūṣana of Damodar published in the Kāvya-mālā Series No. 53 (VB)

Prākṛit metres defined in some of these works (Nos 4 6 9 10) are not included in the Jayadāman. A list and an index of Prakṛit metres collected from eight old works (including the abovementioned ones) prepared on a similar plan is published in the Journal BBRAS, 1946.

वर्णवृत्तानि-समचतुष्पदी

[The arrangement is as follows —The capital letters in the beginning denote the Scheme of Ganas The portion within the rectangular brackets gives the definitions of the metres with their source The words after the bracket denote the different names given to the वृत्त by the various authors The caesura, when indicated, is shown within circular brackets immediately after the Scheme of Ganas]

1 उक्ता

ग [श्री H 2 6] गी, गौ, श्री

2 अत्युक्ता (4)

गगं [गौ ली H 2 7] आशिस्, काम, नौ, पद्म, ली
गल [ग्ले तु यत्र जातु जनु Jk 2 6] जनु, दु ख, सार
लग [लगौ यद् तदा सुखम् Jk 2 5] मही, सुख
लल [लौ मद H 2 8] पुष्प, मद, मधु, वलि

3 मध्या (8)

ज [सुविद्धि सुवस्तु Jk 2 13] सुगन्ध, सुवस्तु
त [तेनैव सेनेति Jk 2 12] पञ्चाल, सेना
न [नगणयुगय दगिति जगति Jk 2 15] कमल, दृक्
भ [यद्यविभोय च हृद्यमिहोद्यति Jk 2 14] मन्दर, हृद्य
म [मो नारी H 2 11] ताली, नारी, श्यामाङ्गी
य [य केशा H 2 12] केशा, धू, धृति, मनोज्ञ, वन, शशी
र [रो मृगी H 2 13] चञ्चल, तडित, प्रिया, मृगी, सुधी
स [सो मदन H 2 14] प्रवर, मदन, रजनी, रमण

4 प्रतिष्ठा (16)

जग [जगौ जया Jk 2 21] जया, नगानिता (०णिका), लासिनी, विलासिनी
जल [जपा जलि Jk 2 29] जपा
तग [तारा तगौ Jk 2 20] तारा, सोमप्रिया
तल [ताहि त्रुप Jk 2 28] त्रुप
नग [मधु नगौ Jk 2 23] कुसुमिता, मधु, मृगवधु, सती
नल [नलि दयि Jk 2 31] दयि
भग [भगौ सुमुखी Jk 2 22] ललिता, सुमुखी
भल [भालि जनु Jk 2 30] जनु
मग [मगौ कन्या H 2 15] कन्या, गीति, तीर्णा
मल [वल्ली मालि Jk 2 24] वल्ली
यम [यगौ व्रीडा H 2 20] वृद्धि, व्रीडा
यल [यलौ सद्य Jk 2 25] सद्य
रग [रगौ समृद्धि H 2 18] ऋद्धि, पुण्य, पुष्प, समृद्धि
रल [रलौ राहि Jk 2 26] धारी, वर्त्म
सग [सुमति रगौ Jk 2 19] भ्रमरी, सुमति
सल [कदली स्लि Jk 2 27] कदली

5 सुप्रतिष्ठा (14)

जगग [सती जगौ ग Jk 2 35] शिखा, सती
तगग [तिष्ठद्गु ताद्रौ Jk 2 39] तिष्ठद्गु, हारि
तलग [नन्दा तलगौ Jk 2 37] नन्दा, मन्दा
नलग [नलगि धृति Jk 2 41] अभिमुखी, कमलमुखी, धृति, मृगचपला,

नलल [नललि यमरुम् Pp 2 39] यमरु
भगग [भौ गौ पङ्क्ति H 2 25] अक्षरोपपदा, अक्षरपङ्क्ति, काञ्चनमाला, कुन्तलतन्वी, पङ्क्ति, भूतलतन्वी, हस
भलल [शर्म भलगा Jk 2 36] रति, शर्म
मगग [मगगा विद्युद्भ्रान्ता Bh 32 68] विद्युद्भ्रान्ता, समोहा
मलल [मलगा सावित्री H 2 30] सावित्री
यलल [यलगा जया Kd 4 8] जया
रगग [रो गौ प्रीति H 2 23] प्रीति
रलल [राहगौ धृति Jk 2 34] धृति, भामिनी, वायुरा, विदम्बक
सगग [सो गौ घनपङ्क्ति H 2 31] घनपङ्क्ति, सुदती
सलल [सलगौ रमा Jk 2 38] प्रिया, रमा

6 गायत्री (24)

जज [जजौ सुमालती Pp 2 54] सुमालती
तत [मन्थानस्तौ Pp 2 50] कामावतार, मन्थान
तय [त्रौ चेत् तनुमध्या Jk 2 44] तनुमध्या
तर [त्रौ जला H 2 47] जला
तस [त्रौ चेद् वसुमती Vr 3 9] वसुमती
नन [ननौ दमनकम् Pp 2 56] दमनक
नय [न्यौ शशिवदना H 2 39] कनकलता, चतुरशा, मकरशीर्षा, मुकुलिता, शशिवदना
नर [मणिरुचिर्नरौ Jk 2 48] गिरा, मणिरुचि, शफरिका
भम [भमौ विक्रान्ता H 2 49] विक्रान्ता
भय [भ्यौ कामलतिका H 2 41] कामलतिका, कामललिता
भर [भ्रौ लघुमालिनी H 2 45] मालिनी, लघुमालिनी
मम [मौ सावित्री H 2 33] विद्युद्रेखा, शेषराज, सावित्री
मय [तटी म्यौ Jk 2 42] तटी, रम्या, सुनन्दा
मर [भ्रौ तटी H 2 34] तटी, नदी
मस [म्यौ मुकुलम् H 2 42] पङ्क्ति, मुकुल, वीथी, (v 1 अनुकूल, सोमकुल)
यम [म्यौ शिखण्डिनी H 2 51] शिखण्डिनी
यय [यौ सोमराजी H 2 38] द्रुत, शङ्खनारी, सोमराजी
रन [नौ कच्छपी H 2 44] कच्छपी
रम [मौ मालिनी H 2 40] नीलतोया, मालिनी
रर [हसमाला ररौ Jk 2 51] द्वियोधा, खगिणी, हसमाला
सभ [रभौ गुरुमध्या H 2 37] गुरुमध्या
सम [रमौ सूचीमुखी H 2 50] सूचीमुखी
सय [र्यौ विमला H 2 46] विमला
सस [सौ रमणी H 2 35] कुमुद, तिष्ठ, तिलक, नलिनी, रमणी

7 उष्णिक् (25)

जरग [जौ ग सुभद्रा H 2 67] विलम्बिता, सुभद्रा
जसग (3 4 or 2 5) [जसौ ग कुमारललिता H 2 54] कुमारललिता
तनग [लग्गा मधुकरिका H 2 65] मधुकरिका, वज्र
तभग [चूडामणिस्तभगा. Vr 3 12 1] चूडामणि
तसग [त्रौ गो भ्रमरमाला H 2 57] भ्रमरमाला, वज्रक
नजल [नजला सुवास Pp 2 60] सुवास
ननग [मधुमती ननगा Vr 3 12 2] चपला, द्रुतगति, मधुमती, लटह, हरिविलसित
नभग [मधुमती नभगा Vr 3 12 3] मधुमती
नयग [न्यौ ग कुमुदती H 2 68] कुमुदती, कुसुमवती,

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| नरग | [त्रौ गो मनोज्ञा H 2 70] प्रकाशिता, मनोज्ञा |
| नसल | [नसला करहन्त्री Pp 2 62] करहन्त्री |
| भजग | [भजौ ग शारदी H 2 64] धुनी, पञ्चमगति, शारदी |
| भनग | [चित्रमिह भनगै Jk 2 59] चित्र |
| भभग | [भौ ग कलिका H 2 59] कलिका, भोगवती, सोपान |
| भसग | [भसौ गो विधुवक्त्रा H 2 60] मदलेखा, विधुवक्त्रा |
| मभग | [भसौ ग सरलम् H 2 61] सरल |
| ममग | [मौ गा गान्धर्वी H 2 52] गान्धर्वी, शीर्षरूपक |
| मसग | [मसौ गो मदलेखा H 2 55] मदलेखा |
| यसग | [भसौ गो मुदिता H 2 69] मुदिता |
| रजग | [जौ ग उष्णिक् H 2 53] उष्णिक्, कामिनी, खेटक, गोमिनी, रक्ता, शिखा, समानिका |
| ररग | [रौ गो हसमाला H 2 58] हसमाला |
| रसग | [रसौ ग उद्धता H 2 58] उद्धता, उद्धता |
| सजग | [रजौ गो विमला H 2 66] विमला |
| सरग | [सौ गो दीप्ता H 2 71] दीप्ता, हंसमाला |

8 अनुष्टुभ (85)

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| जतगग | [जतगा ग वितानम् Vr 3 19] वितानम् |
| जरगल | [जरगला सुचन्द्रप्रभा Okau 2 27] सुचन्द्रप्रभा |
| जरलग | [प्रमाणिका जरौ लगौ Vr 3 18] नगस्वरूपिणी, नाराचक, प्रमाणिका, बालगार्भिणी, मत्तचेष्टित, स्थिर |
| तजलग | [आनुष्टुभि ताजलगा Jk 2 62] अनुष्टुभ |
| ततगग | [तौ गौ यदा केतुमाला Jk 2 71] केतुमाला |
| तमगल | [तौ मोगला मृत्युञ्जय । अ० वृ० र० 8 69] मृत्युञ्जय |
| तरगग | [त्रौ गौ विभा H 2 72] विभा |
| तरलग | [नाराचक तरौ लगौ Jk 2 70] नाराच (नाराचिका) |
| तसगग | [तसगा ग श्यामा Vjs 5 10] श्यामा |
| नजगग | [नजगा ग चित्तविलासितम् Bh 15 26] चित्तविलासित |
| नजलग | [नजौ लगौ ललितगति H 2 80] ललितगति |
| ननगग | [नौ गौ रतिमाला H 2 86] रतिमाला, तुङ्ग, मधुकर-सदृशाख्या |
| ननलग | [ननलगा कुसुमम् Vjs. 5 14] कुसुम, सुविकासितकुसुम |
| नभलग | [नभलगा गजगति Ohm 2 21] गजगति |
| नरलग | [नरलगौ सुमालती Jk 2 72] सुमालती |
| नसगग | [नसौ गौ गुणलयनी H 2 15] गुणलयनी |
| नसलग | [नसलगा मही Bh 32 133] कमल, मही |
| भतलग (4 4) | [माणवक भातलगा Jk 2 69] माणवक, माणवकक्रीडितक |
| भनलग | [भनलगौनेदी Bh 32 139] नदी |
| भभगग | [चित्रपदा भौ गौ P 6 5] चित्रपदा, वितान |
| भरलग | [नागरक भरौ लगौ Vr 3 19] नागरक |
| भनगग | [भनौ गौ हसस्तम् H 2 79] हसस्त |
| ममगग (4 4) | [मौ मो गो गो विद्युन्माला Ohm 2 18] विद्युन्माला, विद्युलेखा, सोमक्रान्त |
| मरलग | [म्रौ रगौ चेद्वक्ष्यते क्षमा Jk 2 63] क्षमा |
| यरगल | [सुचन्द्राभा युरौ ग्लौ Okau 8 146] सुचन्द्राभा |
| रजगग | [जौ गौ सिंहलेखा H 2 81] मानिनी, मालिनी, समानिका, सिंहलीला, सिंहलेखा |
| रजगल | [रात् जगलै समानी Jk 2 66] समानी |
| रयलग | [रो यलौ गुरु स्यालता P 6 4] अनुष्टुभ, लता, हसिनी |
| ररगग | [पद्ममाला च रौ गौ Okau 2 26] पद्ममाला, पद्मिनी. |
| रसगग | [गाथो रसगौ. Vjs 4 57] गाथ. |

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| सनलग | [विमलजला सनलगै Bh 32 128] विमलजला |
| सभगग | [सभगा गो यदि मोद अ० वृ० र० 8 52] मोद |
| सरगल | [सुविलासा सरौ ग्लौ Okau 2 28] सुविलासा |
| ससलग | [सौ लगौ मही H 2 85] मही |
| 8 Short letters | [वसुलमचलम् P 6 4] अचल |

9 बृहती (80)

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| जतर | [जतौर्यदा चारुहासिनी Jk 2 77] चारुहासिनी |
| तनम | [तन्मा मकरलता H 2 102] कनकलता, मकरलता |
| तभय | [तभ्या रुचिरा H 2 100] रुचिरा |
| नजय | [नज्या शशिलेखा H 2 103] शशिलेखा |
| नजर | [नजरा बुद्बुदम् Bh 32 284] बुद्बुद |
| ननम | [भुजगशिशुभृता नौ म Vr 3 21] मधुकरिका, भुजग-शिशुभृता, भुजगशिशुभृता |
| ननर | [ननरयुतमुपच्युतम् Jk 2 82] उपच्युत |
| ननस | [नौ सौ लघुमणिगुणनिकर H 2 104] कमला, लघुमणि-गुणनिकर |
| नयस | [नयसै साराङ्गिका Pp 2 79] साराङ्गिका |
| नरर | [कुसुमिता नरौ रो यदा P 6 7] कुसुमिता, बृहतीका. |
| नसय | [नस्या विशाला H 2 101] गुर्वी, बिम्ब, विशाला, शलभ-विचलिता |
| भजस | [भजसा उदयम् H 2 92] उदय |
| भभर | [भौ रपरौ तदनुसुक्तम् Jk 2 80] अनुसुक्त |
| भमम (5-4) | [स्निग्धा स्याद् भममा यत्र हराननयुगैर्यति Mm 10 6] वक्त्र, स्निग्धा |
| भमस | [स्यान्मणिमभय चेद् भमसा Okau 9 199] मणिबन्ध, मणिमभ्या, सिंहाक्रान्ता |
| मतय | [मात् ल्यौ स्तथैव सुन्दरलेखा Jk 2 74] सुन्दरलेखा |
| मनय | [मनयैर्मकरलता Kd 4 21] मकरलता |
| मभस | [मभ्या सिंहाक्रान्ता H 2 105] सिंहाक्रान्ता, पवित्रा |
| ममम | [ममौ मा रूपमाला Pp 2 88] रूपमाला, कर्पूर |
| मसस | [म सौ कनकम् H 2 77] कनक, गाथा |
| ययय | [बृहत्य त्रयो या Jk 2 73] बृहत्य |
| रजर | [रजरा कामिनी H 2 106] कामिनी, तरङ्गवती, भाविनी |
| रनर | [नरा भद्रिका H 2 94] भद्रिका |
| रनस (3 6) | [रानसौ खल हलमुखी Jk 2 76] हलमुखी |
| ररर | [रररैर्महालक्ष्मी Pp 2 76] महालक्ष्मी |
| सजज | [सजौ जस्तोमरम् Pp 2 86] तोमर |
| सजर | [सजरैर्भुजङ्गसंगता Okau 2 32] भुजङ्गसंगता |
| सजस | [बृहतीजमक्षि सजसै Jk 2 75] अक्षि |
| ससम | [सौ मस्तारम् H 2 98] तार |
| ससस | [सि सौम्या H 2 99] सौम्या. |

10 पङ्क्ति (36)

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| जजजग | [जिगावुषिता (जजजा ग उषिता) H 2 116] उषिता |
| तजजग | [तौ जौ ग उपस्थिता H 2 120] उपस्थिता |
| ततरग (5-5) | [आन्दोलिका ततरगा सायकैर्यति Mm 16.8] आन्दोलिका |
| तयभग | [तयभगा सुषमा Pp 2 96] सुषमा |
| तयसग | [त्यौ सगाविति चेत् सा मदिराक्षी Jk 2 88] मदिराक्षी. |
| नजनग (5-5) | [कुलटा स्यान्नजनगा पद्मभि पद्मभिर्वति Mm. 16. 11.] अमृतगति, कुलटा, त्वरितगति. |

नजयग [नजयगा विपुलभुजा H 2 125] विपुलभुजा
 नननग [निगौ निलया (ननना गो निलया) H 2 115] निलया
 नरजग (6-4) [नरजगैर्भवेन्ननोरमा शास्त्रसागरै Okau 10 344] मनोरमा
 भतनग [भलगा मृगचपला H 2 122] मृगचपला, सुरदयिता
 भनमग [भनौ मगौ बन्धुकम् H 2 118] बन्धुक
 भभभग [भत्रितयाद्रिति चित्रगति Jk 2 89] चित्रगति, दोषक, वृत्त, सारवती
 भभमग [भौ मगुरु यदि बन्धूकाख्यम् Jk 2 91] बन्धुक
 भमजग [दीपकमाला भो मजौ गुरु Vr 3 28 2] दीपकमाला
 भमतग [दीपकमाला चेद् द्वौ भौ तगौ Vr 3 28 3] दीपकमाला
 भमनग [भमनगैर्वृत्तसमृद्धा Bh 32 204] वृत्तसमृद्धा
 भमसग (5-5) [रुक्मवतीय भाति भमसगै (शरैर्बाणैर्यति) Jk 2 86] रुक्मवती, पुष्पसमृद्धि, रुक्मवती, रूपवती, सुभावा
 मनजग [मनौ जगौ चेति पणवनामकम् Vr 3 28 5] पणव
 मननग [मो नौ ग कुमुदिनी H 2 123] कुमुदिनी, कुसुमसमुदिता
 मनयग (3-7) [मान्ग्यौ ग पणवकमाह ज Jk 2 85] कुवलय-माला, पणव
 मभनग (4-6) [हसी मभनगै प्रोक्ता यतिर्वेदैर्गुहाननै Mm 13 4] हसी
 मभभग (4-6) [हसक्रीडा मभभा गयुता Jk 2 95] हसक्रीडा
 मभसग (4-6) [ज्ञेया मत्ता मभसगयुक्ता Vr 3 26] मत्ता, विलासिता
 मसजग [पङ्क्तौ शुद्धविराप्मसौ जगौ Jk 2 84] शुद्धविराट्
 मससग [म सौ ग उद्धतम् H 2 124] उद्धत
 रजरग [स्यान्मयूरसारिणी रजौ गौ Jk 2 92] मयूरसारिणी
 रमसग [मसगा कलिका H 2 121] कलिका
 रयजग (5-5) [मौक्तिक रयौ चेज्जगोत्तरौ Jk 2 93] पङ्क्तिः, मौक्तिक, पथ्या, मरालिका
 रसजग [रसजगा लालिनी Mm 20 3] लालिनी
 रससग [र सौ गो मणिरङ्ग H 2 117] मणिरङ्ग, मणिराग
 सजजग (5-5) [कमला स्यात् सजजगा विच्छिन्ना सायकै शरै Mm 13 10] कमला, संयुता
 सजसग [सजसगा माला H 2 126] प्रमिता, माला
 सतयग (5-5) [कलगीत सतयगा शरैर्बाणैर्यतिर्भवेत् Mm 13 7] कलगीत
 ससजग [ससजगा एकरूपम् Ind Stu VIII p 370] एकरूप
 सससग [त्रिसगा अपि मेघवितानम् Vr 3 28 8] मेघवितान, वितान
 रररग [रररयश्चेत् त्रयीनामक ग अ० वृ० र०] त्रयी

11 त्रिष्टुभ (45)

जतजगग (5-6) [उपेन्द्रवज्रा जतजा गुरु चेत् Jk 2 116 (बाणर्तुभिर्यति) Mm] उपेन्द्रवज्रा
 जरजगग [विलासिनी जूरौ जगौ ग P 6 26] विलासिनी
 जसतगग [उपस्थितमिदं ज सस्तगौ ग । वृत्तसार] उपस्थित, शिखण्डित
 जसयलग [जसयलगा सारिणी Rm 5 33] सङ्गता, सारिणी
 जसरगग [शिखण्डितमिदं जसौ रगौ गश्चेत् Vr 3 43 2] शिखण्डित
 तजजगग [ताजजौ गुरुणैवमुपास्थिता स्यात् Jk 2 103] उपस्थिता.
 तजजलग [स्यान्मोटनक तजजाश्च लगौ P 6 15] मोटक, मोटनक
 ततजगग [स्यादिन्द्रवज्रा यदि तौ जगौ ग Ohm 2 41] इन्द्रवज्रा
 तततगग [विश्वङ्कमाला भवेत्तौ तगौ ग । वृ० र० परि० 11 293] लयग्राहि, विश्वङ्कमाला
 तननलग [तो नौ लगौ मुखचपला H 2 149] अभिहिता, मुखचपला
 तनरलग [तनरा लगौ उद्यता Bh 32 308] उद्यता
 तभजलग [तभजलगा उत्थापनी H 2 148] उत्थापनी, विश्लोक
 नजजलग (5-6) [नजजलगैर्गदिता सुमुखी Vr 3 32 (पृषत्क-श्रुतभिर्यति)] वृत्तपादगति, सुमुखी
 नतनलग [असुविलासो नतनलगव Vr 3 43 5] असुविलास
 नननगग [नननगा ग दमनकम् Pp 2 109] दमनक
 नननलग [नननलगैर्दमनकम् Mu 3 133] दमनक
 ननरगग [कुपुरुषजनिता ननौ गौ ग Vr 3 43 6] कुपुरुषजनिता
 ननरलग [ननरलगयुतैव भद्रिका Jk 2 104] भद्रिका, अपरवक्त्र, सुभद्रिका (चान्द्रिका)
 ननसगग [ननसगगुरुचिता वृन्ता Vr 3 40] चित्रा, वृत्ता, वृत्ताङ्गी, वृन्ता, पृथ्वी
 नयनलग [नयनलगा कमलदलाक्षी H. 2 150] कमलदलाक्षी, रुचिरमुखी
 नयभगग (6-5) [अनवसिता न्यौ भगौ गुरुन्ते Vr 3 43 8] अनवसिता, पतिता, श्री, माणिक्यमाला
 नयसगग [नयसगा ग Br Sanhitā 33 29, 35 8] -The same as above
 नररलग (6-5) [राजहसी नरौ रो लगौ यति स्यादनुसायकै Mm. 9 11] राजहसी, विभूषणा
 नसनगग [नसना गावशोका H 2 152] अशोका, गताविशोका
 भतनगग (5-6) [स्यादनुकूला भतनगगाश्चेत् Ohm 2 11 8] अनुकूला, प्रत्यबोध, मौक्तिकमाला, श्री, कुङ्कुमलदन्ती, रुचिरा, सान्द्रपद, भद्रपद
 भतनगल [सान्द्रपद भ्तौ नगलभुभिश्च Okau] सान्द्रपद

- भभभगग** [दोवकमिच्छति भत्रितयाद् गौ Ohm 2 51] दोवक, भित्तक
- भभरगग** [भौ रो गौ रोचकम् H 2 127] रोचक
- मतजगग** (4-7) [भौ उगौ ग स्यादब्धिनभैर्गुणाङ्गी अ० वृ० र० 11 353] गुणाङ्गी
- मततगग** (4-7) [विश्रामोऽवौ शालिनी मेन तौ गौ Jk 2 100] शालिनी
- मभतगग** (4-7) [वातोर्मा माद्वतगा गेन युक्ता Jk 2 111] वातोर्मा, ऊर्मिमाला, वातोर्मिमाला
- मभनलग** (4-7) [मात् भौ लौ चेद् भ्रमरविलसितम् Jk 2 101] भ्रमरविलसित
- मभभगग** (4-7) [मो भौ गो वा वातोर्मा H 2 137] वातोर्मा
- मभसगग** [मभसा गौ पीनश्रोणि Bh 32 202] पीनश्रोणि
- मममगग** [मत्रितयाद् गौ मालती Pp 2 112] मालती
- मसजगग** (6-5) [भौ उगौ गो रसख सदैरूपम् Jk 2 113] एकरूप, मणि, मेरुप
- रजरलग** [श्रेणिरभ्यभाणि राजरौ लगौ Jk 2 102] ताल, नि श्रेणिका, श्येनी (वैतिका), श्रेणि, सेनिका
- रजसलग** (5-6) [रेण जेन सेन लग्योर्दुता Ohm 2 63] दुता, रजिता
- रनभगग** [स्वागता रनभौर्गुणा च Ohm 2 50] दीपक, स्वागता
- रनरलग** [रात्रौ लग्युतौ रथोद्वता Jk 2 99] रथोद्वता
- रससलग** [अच्युत रससल्लुणोच्यते Jk 2 107] अच्युत
- सजयलग** [सज्या लो सारणी H 2 153] सारणी
- सभरलग** [सभरलौ अपरान्तिका भवेत् Jk 2 105] अपरान्तिका
- समनलग** [स्मनगा विमला H 2 151] विमला
- सससलग** [उपचित्रमिद सससा लगौ Vr 3 43 13] उपचित्र, विदुषी

12 जगती (53)

- जजजज** [चतुर्जगण वद मौक्तिकदाम V1 3 64 1] मौक्तिकदाम
- जतजर** (6-6) [वदन्ति वशस्थविल जतौ जरौ Ohm 2 66, गुहास्थर्तुभिर्धति Okau 2 61] अभ्रवशा, वशस्था, वशस्थविल, शुद्धविराट्
- जभजर** [जभौ जरौ वदति पञ्चचामरम् Vr 3 64 3] पञ्चचामर, प्रियवदा
- जभसय** (4-8) [कृतोद्यति स्मृतिरिति जाद्वसौ य Jk 2 147] स्मृति
- जरजर** [जरौ जरौ वदन्ति पञ्चचामरम् Vr 3 64. 1] पञ्चचामर, प्रमाण, वसन्तचत्वर, वसन्तचामर, विभावरी
- जरभर** [जरौ भरौ च हंसाख्यम् Bh 32 321] हंसाख्य.

४ इ को... ३

- जसजस** (6-6) [ऋतौ जसजसा जलोद्धतगति Jk 2 127] जलोद्धतगति
- जससय** [ज्सौ स्यौ कोल H 2 193] कोल
- ततजर** [स्यादिन्द्रवंशा ततजै रसयुतै Vr 3 46] इन्द्रवंशा
- तततत** [कामावतारस्तकारैश्चतुर्भिस्तु Jk 2 119] कामावतार, सारंगरूपक
- तभजर** [धीरैरभाणि ललिता तभौ जरौ Vr 3 57] ललिता
- तभसय** (4-8) [ज्ञाता श्रुतिर्गतिरिति भाक्तभौ स्यौ Jk 2 146] श्रुति
- तयतय** (6-6) [ल्यौ ल्यौ मणिमाला छिन्ना गुहवक्त्रै Ohm 2 79] अब्जविचित्रा, मणिमाला, पुष्पविचित्रा
- तयमय** (7-5) [वाहिनी ल्यौ म्यावृषिकामशरा P 6 42] वाहिनौ.
- नजजय** (8-4) [अभिनवतामरस नजजाय P 6 27, Vr 3 64] अभिनवतामरस, कमलविलासिनी, तामरस, ललितपदा
- नजजर** (6-6, 5-7) [भवति नजावथ मालती जरौ Vr 3 63] तति, मालती, यमुना, वरतनु
- नजभय** (8-4) [इह नवमालिनी नजपरौ भ्यौ Vr 3 62, वसुसमुद्रैरिति P 6 43] (7-5) [अर्वासायकैश्चिन्ना M M] } नवमालिका, नवमालिनी, वनमालिनी
- ननजस** [ननजसा इह कमललोचना Bh 32 225] कमललोचना
- नननन** [नचतुष्क तरलनयना Pp 2 137] तरलनयना
- ननभर** [ननभरसहिताभिहितोज्ज्वला Vr 3 59] चलनेत्रिका, उज्ज्वला
- ननमय** (8-4) [पुटो नौ म्यौ वसुसमुद्रा P 6 32] पुट
- ननमर** [ललितमभिहित नौ भौ नामत Ohm 2 87] तत, ललित
- ननरय** (5-7) [भवति ननरयैस्तु कामदत्ता Jk 2 141] कामदत्ता
- ननरर** (7-5) [ननररघटिता तु मन्दाकिनी Ohm 2 75] गौरी, चञ्चलाक्षी, प्रमुदितवदना, मन्दाकिनी
- ननरर** (7-5) [स्वरशरविरतिर्नौ रौ प्रभा Vr 3 64 9] प्रभा
- नभजय** (5-9) [नभजयैश्च मुखरं कलहसा Jk 2 132] कलहसा, द्रुतपद, मुखर
- नभजर** [भुवि भवेन्नभजरै प्रियवदा Ohm 2 82] प्रियवदा, मत्तकोकिल
- नभनय** [द्रुतपद भवति नभनयाश्चेत् Ohm 2 88] द्रुतपद
- नभभर** [द्रुतविलम्बिताह नभौ भरौ Vr 3 48] द्रुतविलंबित, सुन्दरी, हरिणप्लुता, उज्ज्वला
- नयनय** (6-6) [नयसहितौ न्यौ कुसुमविचित्रा (भिदसै रसै) Vr 3 51] कुसुमविचित्रा, गजललित
- नयरय** (6-6) [कुमुदनिभा भवति नयरयै Bh 16 40] कुमुदनिभा
- नरनर** (6-6) [मना नरौ नरौ भिन्ना वज्रकोणैर्गुहाननै P 6 27 9] मता, बहुमता.

- नररर [नो रिमेषावली H 2 188] मेधावली, वसन्ता
 भतनस (5-7) [ललना भूतौ नसाविन्द्रियर्षय P 8 6] रति,
 ललना.
 भभभभ (3-3-3-3) [मोटकनाम समस्तभमीरय (त्रिभिर्भयतिचतुष्टयम्)
 Ohm 2 98] भागिनी, मोटक, मोदक
 भभभस (4-8) [जलमाला भभभसा सागरैर्वसुभिर्भयति Mm
 17 13] जलमाला
 भभभसम [कान्तोत्पीडा भौ स्मौ P 6 40] कान्तोत्पीडा
 भभभस (5-7) [पञ्चमुनी भौ सात्सयुता ललना Vr 3 64
 12] ललना, ललिता
 मभभय (4-8) [माद्भौ य स पुरवाग्नि पुण्डरीकम् Jk 2 136]
 पुण्डरीक
 मभभसम (4-8) [अव यज्ञैर्जलधरमाला भौ स्मौ Vr 3 61]
 जलधरमाला
 मभभम [सर्वे मा यस्मिन् सोऽय विद्याधर स्यात् Ohm 2 89]
 कल्याण, काञ्चन, विद्याधर
 मभभस [मभभसै विक्रान्ता Bh 32 12] विक्रान्ता
 मभभय (5-7) [वैश्वदेवी भौ याविन्द्रियग्रन्थय P 6-41] चन्द्र-
 कान्ता, चन्द्रलेखा, वैश्वदेवी
 यययय [भुजङ्गप्रयात चतुर्भिर्भयकारै Ohm 2 69] अग्रमेया,
 भुजङ्गप्रयात
 रजरज [रजौ रजौ समानम् Rm 5 1] समान
 रनभस [चन्द्रवर्त्म भवतीह रनभसै Jk 2 131] चन्द्रवर्त्म,
 वितान
 रभजर [दुग्धवृत्त रभजरैरुदीरितम् P 6 27 5] दुग्ध
 रयनय [यन्या दुमुदिनी H 2 185] दुमुदिनी
 रररर [रैश्वर्यभिर्मता वाग्बिदै सग्विणी Jk 2 120] पद्मिनी,
 लक्ष्मीधर, सग्विणी
 सजसस [प्रमिताक्षरा सजससै- कथिता Ohm 2 73] प्रमिताक्षरा
 सयसय [शिबिका सयौ स्यौ च महेन्द्रवज्रा Jk 2 137] केकिरव,
 शिबिका, महेन्द्रवज्रा
 सससस [इह तोटकमाह चतु सचितम् Jk 2 121] छित्तरु,
 तोटरु, नन्दिनी, भ्रमरावलि

13 अतिजगती (46)

- जतसजग (5-8) [जतौ सजौ गो भवति मञ्जुहासिनी Ohm 2
 107] मञ्जुभाषिणी, मञ्जुवादिनी-हासिनी, मन्दभाषिणी,
 सन्धिवाग्निणी
 जभसजग (4-9) [जभौ सजौ गिति सचिराद्विविश्रमा Jk 2
 163] कलावती, प्रभावती, सचिरा, अतिसचिरा, सदागति
 जसतसग [उपस्थितमिद जसौ तसौ सगुरुकौ चेत् P 7 1 12 or
 Vr 3 70 2] उपस्थित.
 तभजजग [तभौ जौ गोऽभ्रकम् H. 2. 215] अभ्रक

- तभरजग (4-9) [वेदैर्ग्रहैस्तभरा जगौ प्रभावती Vr 3 70 3]
 प्रभावती
 तभसजग (4-9) [लक्ष्मीर्भवेत्तभसजगैर्यति ध्रुतौ Jk 2 154]
 प्रभावती, सचि, लक्ष्मी
 नजजरग [भवति मृगेन्द्रमुख नजौ जरौ ग P 7 1 9]
 मृगेन्द्रमुख, सुवक्त्रा, अचल
 नजततग (7-6) [कुटिल (कूटज) गतिर्नजौ सप्तभिस्तौ गुरु Vr
 3 70 6] कुटिल (कूटज) गति
 नजनसग [नजनसगैरपि मदकलिता स्यात् Jk 2 115] मद-
 कलिता
 नजमतग (7-6) [कूटजगतिर्नजौ सप्तर्तुर्मतौ गुरु Ohm 2 108]
 कूटजगति
 नजसजग [नजसजगैर्भवति मञ्जुभाषिणी Jk 2 156] मञ्जु-
 भाषिणी
 नतततग [अतिजगत्या नतौ तौ गुरु कौमुदी Jk 2 149] कौमुदी,
 उर्वशी
 नततरग (7-6) [उर्वशी नस्ततरगा राज्याङ्गैर्ऋतुभिर्भयति Mm
 1 19] उर्वशी
 ननततग (7-6) [कुटिलगतिर्नतौ तौ स्वरर्तव P 8 8] कुटिल-
 गति, क्षमा, चन्द्रिका, विशुत्
 ननतरग (4-9) [नौ त्रौ ग क्षमा H 2 200] क्षमा
 ननतसग [नौ तसौ गो गौरी H 2 213] गौरी
 ननननग [नीगौ त्वरितगति H 2 219] चपल, त्वरितगति,
 लघुगति
 नननसग [गौरी नौ तसौ ग् P 7 4] गौरी
 ननमरग (7-6) [नौ भो ग क्षमा H 2 203] क्षमा
 ननरयग [नौ यौ गश्चन्द्रिका H 2 205] चन्द्रिका
 ननसरग [भवति भुवि ननसरैर्गेन गौरी Vr 3 70 8] गौरी
 ननससग [नयुगलसयुगलैरिति चण्डी Ohm 2 98] कमल-
 लोचना, कमलाक्षी, चण्डी
 नसजजग [नसौ जौ गो लय H 2 208] लय
 नसततग [नसौ तौ गो विद्युन्मालिका H 2 209] विद्युन्मालिका
 नसततग (6-7) [ऋतुमुनियतिर्विद्युन्नसौ तौ गुरु Vr 3 70 9]
 विद्युत्
 नसररग (6-7) [नसरयुगैश्चन्द्रलेखर्तुलोकै Vr 3 70 10]
 चन्द्रलेखा
 भनजजल [भनजा जलौ पङ्कावली Pp 2 148] पङ्कावली
 भभभभग [गन्तभकारचतुष्कयुताङ्गसचि Jk 2 161] अङ्गसचि
 मतयसग (4-9) [मतमयूर म्त्तौ तसौ ग् समुद्रनवकौ P 7 3]
 मतमयूर
 मतसरग (5-8) [म्तौ सौ ग कौडम्भो वै H 2 216]
 कौडम्भ

- मनजरग** (3-10) [मनौ जौ ग पुरविरति प्रहर्षिणी स्यात् Jk. 2 150] प्रहर्षिणी, मयूरपिच्छ
- ममभमग** (4-9) [मोहप्रलाप श्रुतिभिर्ग्रहैर्भिन्नो ममत्रिगा Mm. 1 60 2] मोहप्रलाप
- ममजजग** (4-9) [मौ जौ ग श्रेयोमाला H 2 201] श्रेयोमाला.
- ममतनग** [ममता नगौ विद्युन्माला Bh 32 164] विद्युन्माला.
- यमररग** (6-7) [यमौ रौ विख्याता चञ्चरीकावली ग Vr 3. 70 11] चञ्चरीकावली, चन्द्रिका, चन्द्रिणी, मञ्जरीकावली.
- ययययग** [इद कन्दुक यत्र येभ्यश्चतुर्भ्यो ग P 7 1 2] कन्दुक
- ययययल** [यचतुष्कात् ल कन्द Pp 2 145] कन्द
- सजसजग** (5-8) [सजसा जगाविति जयाऽथ नन्दिनी Jk 2. 159] कनकप्रभा, जया, नन्दिनी, प्रबोविता, मञ्जुभाषिणी, मनोवती, विलम्बिता, सुनन्दिनी, सुमङ्गली
- सजसमग** [सुनन्दिनी सजसा मगौ ग० पु० 1 209 21] सुनन्दिनी.
- सजसमग** [कुटज वदन्ति कवय सजसस्यै Jk 2 152] कलहस, कुटज, नन्दिनी, नवनन्दिनी, भ्रमरी, सिंहनाद, सुमङ्गलिका.
- सनसतग** [सनसा तगौ बुद्बुदकम् Bh 32 310] बुद्बुदक.
- सभनसग** (4-9) [चतुर्भिर्नवभिश्चिन्ना रति सभनसा गुरु Mm 17 26] रति.
- सयसजग** [मणिकुण्डल स्यौ सजगान्भितौ यदा Jk 2 158] मणिकुण्डल, सुदन्त.
- ससससग** [इह तारकमाह चतु सचित गम् Pp 2 143] [or यदि तौटकृतपदे गुरुरेको भवतीह तदा किल तारककृतम्, वाणीभूषण 2 151] तारक

14 शकवरी (44)

- जभनयगग** (4-10) [युगादिभि कुटिलमिति मत जभौ न्यो ग Vr 3. 77 1] कुटिल
- जसरनगग** (7-7) [जसौ नौ गौ राजरमणीयम् H 2 229] राजरमणाय.
- तभजजगग** (8-6) [प्राहुर्वसन्ततिलका तभजा जगौ ग Jk 2. 169] इन्दुमुखी, उद्धर्षिणी, कर्णोत्पला, मधुमाधवी, शोभा-वती, वसन्ततिलका, सिंहोद्धता, सिंहोन्नता
- तयसभगग** (6-8) [कलहंसी तयसभा गौ यती रससिद्धिभि Mm 18 2] कलहंसी
- नजभजगग** (8-6) [नजभजगैर्गुरुरथ वसुषट् कुमारी Vr 3. 77 8] कुमारी
- नजभजलग** [नजभजला गुरुश्च भवति प्रमदा Ohm 2 124] धृति, प्रमदा, मणिकण्टक
- ननतजगग** (7-7) [ननतजगुरौ सप्तयतिर्नदी स्यात् Vr 3 77 2] नदी
- ननततगग** (7-7) [स्वरभिदि यदि नौ तौ च नान्दीमुखी गौ Ohm. 2 117] नान्दीमुखी, वसन्त,

- ननननगग** (8-6) [त्रिननगगिति वसुयति सुपावित्रम् Vr 3 77. 5] उपचित्र, सुपावित्र.
- ननभनलग** (7-7) [ननभनलगिति प्रहरणकलिता Vr 3 73] प्रहरणकलिका-ता
- ननमयलग** (7-7) [नौ म्यौ लगौ करिमकरभुजा H 2 223] करिमकरभुजा
- ननरसलग** (7-7) [ननरसलधुगै स्वरैरपराजिता Vr 3 72] अपराजिता
- ननससगग** [ननसा सगगा विभ्रमा Bh 32 168] विभ्रमा
- नभनतगग** [नभन्ता गौ शरभललितम् H. 2 239] शरभललित.
- नभनतगग** (4-6-4) [तत् (नभन्ता गौ) शरभा घचै (चतुर्भि - षड्भि) H 2 240] शरभा
- नमरसलग** (7-7) [नम्रसलगा सिंह H 2 228] सिंह.
- नरनरलग** [नरनरैर्लगौ च राचित सुकेसरम् Vr 3 77 6] सुकेसर.
- भजसनगग** [इन्दुवदना भजसनै सगुरुगुमै Ohm 2 118] इन्दुवदना, कान्ता, महिता, वनमयूर, वरसुन्दरी, विला-सिनी, स्खलित
- भजसनलग** [भजसनात् लगौ चेदिन्दुवदना H 2 238] इन्दुवदना
- भनननलग** [चक्रपदमिह भनननलगुशभि P 7 5 17] चक्रपद
- भभरसलग** [दुर्दुरक भगणद्वयेन रसौ लगौ Jk 2 178] दुर्दुरक
- भसततगग** [भाद्रवति हि लक्ष्मी सात् ततौ गौ च रुद्रा Jk 2 168] रुद्रा, लक्ष्मी
- मतनमगग** [मात्तो नो मो गौ यदि गदिता वासन्तीयम् Ohm 2 115] वासन्ती
- मतनसगग** (5-9) [असम्बावा मृतौ न्सौ गाविन्द्रियनवकौ P 7 5] असम्बाधा.
- मतयनलग** [मतयना लगौ वदन्ति भूतलतन्वीम् Bh 32 166] भूतलतन्वी, कुसुमवती
- मतयसगग** (4-10) [वेदैर्दिग्भिर्मात्तयसा गोवृष उक्तो गौ, अ० वृ० र०] गोवृष
- मभनमगग** (4-10) [मभ्यक्षामा युगदशविरामा म्भौ न्मौ गौ P. 7 5 2] मभ्यक्षामा, हसश्रेणी
- मभनयगग** (4-6-4) [मो भो न्यौ गौ यदि कुटिलकमुक्त रत्तम्, अ० वृ० र०, वेदरससमुद्रा P 8 10] कुटिला, कुटिल, कुटिलक
- मभनयगग** (4-10) [हसश्यामा मभनयगगभाक् संचाब्धौ Jk 2. 167] हसश्यामा, हसश्रेणी, मभ्यक्षामा
- मभनयलग** [म्भौ न्यौ लगौ चेदिह भवति च चन्द्रौरस P 7 5 14] चन्द्रौरस.
- मरततगग** (7-7) [शकवर्यां भौ च तौ गौ चन्द्रशालाऽद्वियत्याम् Jk. 2. 166] चन्द्रशाला, लक्ष्मी.

मरमयलग (7-7) [मर्मयलग ज्योत्स्ना छै (सप्तभिर्यति) H. 2 227] ज्योत्स्ना

मररसलग (7-7) [मो रौ सो तयो जया H. 2 226] जया

ममत्तनगग [लक्ष्मीरन्तविरामा मसौ तनगुद्युग्मम् P 7 5 10] लक्ष्मी

मसतभगग [लक्ष्मीरन्तविरामा मसौ तनौ गुद्युग्मम् Vr 3 77. 9] लक्ष्मी.

मसमभगग (7-7) [द्विसप्तच्छिदलोला मसौ मसौ गौ चरणे चेत P 7 5 8] अलोला, लोला

रनभभगग [शोभते वनलता रनभा भगुग ग Jk 2 180] लता, वनलता, वलता

सज्जनरलग (5-9) [सज्जनरगा शरविरति सुदर्शना Jk 2 174] सुदर्शना

सज्जमयलग (5-9) [सजसा यलौ गिति शरग्रहेर्मजरी P 7 5 12] मजरी, वसुवा, पश्या, प्रयिता

सजसयलग (10-4) [पश्या सजसयतौ स्यात् ककुब्धि भ्रुतिभिर्यति Mm 18 3] पश्या

समनयगग (4-10) [युगतिभिः कुटिलमिति मत रसौ न्यौ गौ Vr 3 77 12] कुटिल

सभसजगग (4-10) [सभसा जगौ गिति गतिविश्रमा सुनन्दा Jk 2. 181] सुनन्दा,

15 अतिशक्वरी (34)

जससभय [मयूरललितं भवति जात्सभयाश्चेत् Jk 2 194] मयूरललित

तजससय [तजसस्या शिशु H 2 259] शिशु

तभजजर [छन्दो भवेत्तभजजै रयुनैर्मृदङ्गकम् Vr 3 84 1] मृदङ्ग

नजजभर [नजजभरैरविन्दक कलभाषिणी Jk 2 192] अरविन्दक, कलभाषिणी

नजभजर [भवति नजौ भजौ रसहितौ प्रभद्रकम् P 7 11 8] प्रभद्रक, सुकेसर, सुपेलक

ननतभर (8-7) [ननतभरकृताष्टस्वरैरुपमालिनी P 7 11 9] उपमालिनी

ननननस (7-8) [चन्द्रावर्ता नौ नौ स् (सप्तभिर्यति) P 7 11] चन्द्रवर्त, चन्द्रावर्ता, शशिकला

ननननस (6-9) [नौ नौ स् मालर्तुनवकौ चेत P 7 12] माला, शरभ, लक्ष्

ननननस (8-7) [वसुमुनियतिरिति मणिगुणनिकर Ohm. 2 133] मणिगुणनिकर

ननननस (4-1-4-6) [इयमपि गतिगतिरितिह रुचिरा Jk 2 187] रुचिरा

ननभभर [नादभभ्रा गौ H 2 257] गौ.

ननमयय (8-7) [लसति वसुविरामा मालिनी नौ मयौ य Jk 2 183] मालिनी, नान्दीमुखी,

ननमरर (8-7) [नौ मो रौ चन्द्रोद्योत H 2 217] चन्द्रोद्योत

ननरयय [नौ रो यौ भोगिनी H 2 258] भोगिनी

नसनरर [विपिनतिलक नसनरैरुद्युग्मैर्भवेत् Ohm 2 136] विपिनतिलक

भजसनर [शस निशिपालकमिद भजसनाश्च र Ohm 2 147] निशिपालक

भभमसस [भभमा ससौ सगतकम् Vjs 4 64] सगतक

भमसभस [भमसा भसौ भूतलतन्वी Bh 37 170] भूतलतन्वी

भयससय [भयसस्या केतनम् H. 2 260] केतन

ममममम (4-4-4-3) [मा बाणा स्युर्यस्या सा कामकीडामंशा ज्ञेया Vr 3 84 4] कामकीडा, ज्योतिस्, मिश्री, लीलासेल, सारङ्गी

मममयय (8-7) [चित्रानामच्छन्दश्चित्र चेत त्रयो मा यकारौ P 7 11 2] चञ्चला, चित्रा, मण्डूकी

मरमयय (7-8) [मौ म्यौ यान्तौ भवेता सप्ताष्टभिश्चन्द्रलेखा P 7 11 3] चन्द्रलेखा, चन्द्रसेना

रजरजर (7-8) [राजरौ जरौ यदा महोत्सवो गतागतम् Jk 2 190] उत्सव, उत्साह, तूणक, महोत्सव

रनभभर (5-10) [सुन्दर विह रनौ भभरा मणिभूषणम् Jk 2 191] सुन्दर, मणिभूषण

रनभभर (3-12) [ख पुरे रनभभा रयुता रमणीयकम् Jk 2 196] रमणीयक, उत्तर

ररजजर (7-8) [चामर रो रजजरा वा द्वीपवसुभिर्यति Mm 18 10] चामर, तूणक,

ररततम (8-7) [चन्द्रलेखाऽष्टकृदेवा ररौ तौ मयुक्तौ चेत Jk 2 195] चन्द्रलेखा

ररतयय (7-8) [ररता ययौ चन्द्रकान्ता Okau 2 120] चन्द्रकान्ता

ररमयय (7-8) [चन्द्रकान्ताभिवा रौ म्यौ यो विराम स्वराष्टौ Vr 3 84 6] चन्द्रकान्ता, चन्द्रलेखा

ररमसय (7-8) [चन्द्रकान्ता मता रौ म स्यौ विरति स्वराष्टौ P 7 11 4] चन्द्रकान्ता

ररररर [चन्द्रलेखाभिवानं भवेत् पञ्चमी रै स्फुटम् Vr 3 84 7] चन्द्रलेखा

सज्जनय (5-10) [सज्जना न्यौ शरदशयतिरियमेला P 7 11 6] अतिरेखा, एला, रेखा

सज्जभर [कथयन्ति मानसहसनाम सजौ जभरा Ohm 2 145] मानसहस, मनोहस

सजससय [शृषभाख्यमेतदुदित सजमा सयौ चेत P 7 11. 5] शृषभ, वृषभ

ससससस [सगणै शिववक्त्रमितैर्गदिता नलिनी P 7. 11. 12] नलिनी, भ्रमरावलि, श्री,

16 अष्टिः (33)

- जरजरजग [जरौ जरौ जगाविद वदन्ति पञ्चामरम् Jk 2 203]
नाराच, पञ्चामर, महोत्सव
- तनभतयग [तो नो भतयगकारयुतश्चेदिह बालाख्या Ohm 2
162] बाला
- तमयरतग (4-4-4-4) [मन्दाकिनी तमयर्ता गो वेदैर्वेदयतिर्भवेत्
Mm 18 14] मन्दाकिनी
- नजभजतग [गरुडस्तं नजौ भजतगा यदा स्युस्तदा Ohm 2.
156] गरुडस्त
- नजभजरग (7-9) [नजभजरगस्युक्ता सप्तभिरभैश्च वाणिनी छिन्ना
Mm 18 19] वाणिनी
- नजरभभग [नजरभभेन गेन च स्यान्मणिकल्पलता Ohm 2
159] इन्दुमुखी, चिन्तामणि, मणिकल्पलता
- नननजसग (5 11) [कमलदलमिषुविरति नौ नजसगाश्चेत् Jk
2 201] कमलदल, ललितपद
- नननननग [सुगौ चलधृति H 2 268 (नु=नपञ्चक्रम्)] चलधृति
- नननननल [द्विगुणितवसुल्लुभिरचलधृतिरिह Ohm 2 155]
अचलधृति, गीत्यार्या
- नभजजजग (4-12) गतियतिर्नभजजा जिगति मङ्गलमङ्गना Jk 2
200] मङ्गलमङ्गना
- नमजसनग (4-4-4-4) [नमौ जसनगा सुललिता सुगैर्युगयतिर्भवेत्
Mm. 18-16] सुललिता
- नयनयसग (12-4) [नयनयसाङ्ग खरखरख चेद् भुवि कान्तम्
Jk 2 206] कान्त
- भभभभभग [पञ्चभकारयुताऽश्वगतिर्यदि चान्यगुरु Ohm 2 15 8]
अश्वगति, अश्वक्रान्ता, खगति, नील, पद्ममुखी, सगत,
सोपानक
- भभभभभग [अष्टिभवा भवतुष्कसगै स्मरशरमाला Jk 2 198]
शरमाला, स्मरशरमाला
- भरनननग (7-9) [अत्रिनगैर्मुने समृद्धभगजविलसितम् Jk 2 202]
श्रद्धभगजविलसित, गजवरविलसित, गजतुरगविलसित,
मत्तगजविलसित
- भरनभभग (5-6-5) [भाति हि भामिनी भरनभद्वयगैर्मुवेने Jk
2 208] भामिनी, शैलशिखा.
- भरनरनग (10-6) [सक्रियता भरौ नरनगाश्च धीरललिता Ohm
2 157] धीरललिता, प्रमुदिता, महिषी, ललिता
- भरयननग (10-6) [भो रयना नगौ च यस्या वरयुवतिरियम्
Ohm. 2 161] वरयुवति.
- भसमतनग (8-8) [भात्समतनगैरष्टच्छेदे स्यादिह चकिना Ohm
2 150] चकिता
- मतसततग (4 5-7) [स्तौ स्तौ लौ कोमललता घडै (घ=चतुर,
ङ = पञ्च) H 2 285] कोमललता
- मनसतरग [मनस्तर्गा सुरतललिता H 2 280] सुरतललिता,

मभनमनग (4-6-6) मभौ नो म्नौ गो मदनललिता वेदै षड्भुभि
Ohm 2 152] मदनललिता

मममममग [यस्मिन् सर्वे गा राजन्ते ब्रह्माथ तद् रूप नाम Ohm
2 160 or सुगौ कामुकी H 2 266] कामुकी, ब्रह्मरूप

यमनसरग (6-10) [जयानन्द यान्मनौ सुललितमृतुच्छित्सरौ ग
Jk 2 205] जयानन्द, सुललित, प्रवरललित

रजरजरग [चित्रसङ्गमीरित समानिकापदद्वय तु Ohm 2 148]
चित्र

रजरजरल [रजौ रजौ रलौ चञ्चला Pp 2 172] चञ्चला,
चित्रशोभा

रननननग [नीगा ललना H 2 283 (नी-नचतुष्कम्)] ललना

सजससजग [सजसा सजौ ग उव्रता Bh 32 313] उव्रता

सतयसभग (4-4-4-4) प्रमदा सत्यसभगा वर्णैर्वर्णयतिर्भवेत् Mm
18-15] प्रमदा

सभमसभग [सभमा सभगा स्खलितविक्रमा Bh 16 32]
स्खलितविक्रमा

ससनननग [सौ नौ मो गो वेळिता H 2 284] वेळिता

सससससग [सुगौ कामुकी H 2 267 (सु-सपञ्चक्रम्)] कामुकी,
सोमङ्क

17 अत्यष्टिः (21)

जसजसयलग (8-9) जसौ जसयल वसुप्रहयतिश्च पृथ्वी गुरु Vr
3 88] पृथ्वी, विलम्बितगति

नजजयनलग [नजजयना लगौ रुचिरमुखी Bh 32 175]
रुचिरमुखी

नजभजजग (7-10) नजभजजेषु गौ यदि वदन्ति च वाणिनी
ताम् Vr 3 93 3] नकुटक, वाणिनी

नजभजजलग (7-10) [हयदशभिर्नजौ भजजला सगु नकुटक्रम्
P 7 16 6] अवितय, कुटक, नकुटक, नदुटक

नजभजजलग (7-6-4) [सुनिगुहकार्णवै कृतयति वद कोकिलकम्।
नकुटकमेव यतिभेदात् कोकिलकम् P 7 15 7] कोकिलक

नजभजभलग (12-5) [समदविलासिनी नजभजैर्भलेरिनशरै
Vr 3 93 1] विलासिनी, समदविलासिनी

नननननग (5-12) [शरविरतिरिषुनगणगगिति वसुधारा Jk
2. 216] वसुधारा

ननभसरलग (7-6-4) [कथित च घनमयूर ननभसरलग स्वरै रसै-
द्विधम् Mm 18 25] घनमयूर

ननभसरलग (6-4-7) [रसयुगहययुङ् नौ भ्रौ सो लगौ हि यदा
हरि P 7. 16 4] हरि

नसजसयलग [नसजा सयल गो मालावर Pp. 2 178] मालावर

नसमततग (6-4-7) [न स्मौ तौ गौ पञ्चम् H 2 294] पञ्च.

नसममयलग (6-4-7) [नसम्यल्गा रोहिणी H 2. 295]
रोहिणी

नसमरसलग (6-4-7) [नसमरसला ग षड्वेदैर्ह्यैरिणी मता
Ohm 2 167] हरिणी, वृषभचरित, वृषभललित

भरनभनलग (10-7) [दिग्यति वशपत्रपतित भरनभनलगै Jk
2 213] वगदल, वशपत्रपतित, वशपत्र, ललित

मभनततगग (4-6-7) [मन्दाक्रान्ता गतिप्रभुयतिर्माङ्गनौ तौ च गौ
चेत् Jk 2 210] मन्दाक्रान्ता, श्रीवरा

मभनमयलग (4-6-7) [वेदार्थैर्मभनमयला गश्चेत्तदा हारिणी
Ohm 2 170] हारिणी

मभनरसलग (4-6-7) [भाराक्रान्ता मभनरसला गुरु श्रुतिषड्वेदे
Ohm 2 171] भाराक्रान्ता

यता/सभलग [कलातन्त्र यस्तनमभलघुभिर्गेन सहितम् P 7 17
8] कलातन्त्र

यभनरसलग (4-6-7) [भवेत् कान्ता युगरसहयैर्यभौ नरसा लगौ
P 7 17 5] कान्ता, भाराक्रान्ता

यमनसभलग (6-11) [रसै स्तैश्चिन्ना यमनसभला ग शिखरिणी
Ohm 2 163] शिखरिणी

ससजभजगग (10-7) [ससजा भजगा गुदिकस्वरैर्भवति चित्रलेखा
P 7 17 1] अतिशायिनी, चित्रलेखा

18 घृति (37)

नजभजर (11-7) [नजभजरैस्तु रेफसहितै शिवैर्ह्यैर्यैरन्दनम्
Ohm 2 177] नन्दन

ननमतभर (7-4-7) [नौ म्त्तौ औ ललितम् H 2 308] ललित

ननममयय (7-4-7) [नौ मौ यौ चन्द्रमाला H 2 307]
चन्द्रमाला

ननरभर (10-8) [भवति नयुगल रभौ रौ दशभिर्गिरीन्द्रैलता
Vr 3-94 1] लता

ननरभरस (10-8) [भवति नयुगल रभौ सौ दशभिर्गेन्द्रलता
Ohm 2 190] गजेन्द्रलता

ननररर (10-8) [इह ननरचतुष्कसृष्ट तु नाराचमाचक्षते (दश-
वसुभिर्भयति) Ohm 2 178] नाराच, महामालिका,
लालसी, निशा, वरदा, लालसा, सिंहविक्रीडित

ननररर (13-5) [त्र्यधिकदशयतिर्नौ रौ भवेता ररौ तारका
Vr 3 94 4] तारका, निशा, प्रिया

ननससतय (4-9-5) [गतिनिवियतिरिति नौ यदि सौ त्र्यौ पङ्कज-
सुक्ता Jk 2 253] पङ्कजसुक्ता, पङ्कजवक्त्रा

नसमतभर (6-4-8) [म्त्तौ म्त्तौ औ हरिणीपदं वचै (षट्चतुर्भि)
यति H 2 318] हरिणीपद.

नसममयय (6-5-7) [न्सौ मौ यावनल्लेखा चवै (षट्पञ्चभि)
यति H 2 312] अनल्लेखा

मभभनय (6-4-8) [भीन्या भजि (भी=चतुर्भकारा) H 2.
319] भजि, विच्छित्ति

मभभभस [पञ्चभकारकृताश्वगतिर्यदि चान्तसरचिता Vr 3 94.
5] अश्वगति,

मभभभस (11-7) [धूर्जटिविश्रमण मणिमाला भाङ्गौ मभसयुतौ
Jk 2 222] मणिमाला

भरनननस (9-9) [भादूरनना नसौ अमरपदकमिदमभिहितम्
Vr 3 94 6] अमरपदक

भसनजनर (6-5-7) [हीरकमुदित भसनजनैरिह रगणोऽन्तत
Ohm 2 195] हीरक

मतनजभर (5-7-6) [स्तन्जभा कुरङ्गिका वचै (पचसप्तभि)
H 2 311] कुरङ्गिका

मतनययय (5-6-7) [कुसमितलतावेलिता म्त्तौ न्यौ याविन्द्रियर्तु-
स्वरा P 7 21] कुसमितलतावेलिता, चन्द्रलेखा, चित्रलेखा

मतनययय (4-7-7) [मना यि वचै (चतुर्भि सप्तभि) चित्रलेखा
H 2 303] चित्रलेखा

मननततम (4-7-7) [वर्णाश्वैर्मननततमकै कीर्तिता चित्रलेखयम्
Ohm 2 184] चित्रलेखा

मभनजभर (4-7-7) म्भौ न्जौ औ चैचलामिदमुदित युगैर्मुनिभि
स्वरै Ohm 2 188] चल

मभनययय (4-7-7) [वेदाङ्गान्तैर्मभनयययुगै स्यादिय चन्द्रलेखा
Ohm 2 194] चन्द्रलेखा

मभनयर (4-7-7) [अर्थाश्वैर्मभनयरयुगैर्वृत्त मतं केसरम्
Ohm 2 187] केसर, केशर

ममभमयय (5-6-7) [तद् भूतत्वैर्मौ म्भौ विरतिश्चेत्सिंहवि-
स्फूर्जित यौ Ohm 2 191] सिंहविस्फूर्जित

ममभमसम (9-9) [ममभा मसमा मजीरा Pp 2 180] मजीरा

मरभनतस (7-11) [मौ म्भौ सौ स्वरद्वैर्यतिरिति महासेनमुदितम्
P 7 21 17] महसेन

मरभयर (11-7) [धृया म्रभ्या रौ काञ्ची टै (एकादशभि) यति
H 2 300] काञ्ची, वाचालकाञ्ची

मसजजभर (8-5-5) [मात्सो जौ भरसयुतौ करिबाणखैरिणप्लुता
Ohm 2 181] हरिणप्लुता, हरनर्तक

मसजसतस (12-6) [म सो ज सतसा दिनेशश्रुताभि शार्दूल-
ललितम् Ohm 2 180] शार्दूलललित

मसजसरम (12-6) [शार्दूल वद मासषट्कयति म सौ जसौ रो
मथेत् Ohm 2 186] शार्दूल

मससरर (3-6-8-1) [विलासो म ससौ राश्व गुणषड्वसुभिर्भयति
Mm 19 5] विलास

यमनसतस (6-6-6) [सुधा तर्कैस्तर्कैर्भवति श्रुताभिर्यो मो नसतसा
Ohm 2 183] क्रीडा, मुक्तामाला, सुधा

यमयययय [इद क्रीडाचक्रं यमाभ्या समस्तैर्यकारै समेतम् Ohm
2 193] क्रीडाचक्र

रसजजभर (8-5-5) [सौ जजौ भरसयुतौ करिबाणखैरिणनर्तनम्
Ohm. 2 192] उज्ज्वल, चर्चरी, मालिकोत्तरमालिका,
विबुधप्रिया, हरनर्तन

रसजयभर (6-5-7) [सौ जयौ भरसयुतावृत्तबाणाश्वैर्वैरकृतनम् Vr,
3, 94, 15] वरकृतन,

सजसजतर [रजौ रजौ औ बुदबुदम् H 2 320] बुदबुद
सतनययय (5-6-7) [सतना यौ य शररसयतिर्भाति मन्दारमाला
Jk 2 221] मन्दारमाला
सनजनभस (3-5-5-5) [सुरभि पुरशरयोर्यतिरिति सान्नजनभसा
Jk 2 225] सुरभि, शुभ

19 आतिघृतिः (26)

जनभसनजग (5-5-5-4) [शरत्रयैर्युगैदिल्ला जन्मस्नजगा वरुथिनी
Mm 19 7] वरुथिनी
जसजसजसग (6-6-7) [जसौ त्रिरमुकौ गुरुश्च रसयोर्यतिश्च रति-
लीला Jk 2 230] रतिलीला
जसजसतभग (8-4-7) [गजाब्धितुरगैर्जसौ जसतभा गश्चेत्
समुद्रतता Vr 3 96 1] समुद्रतता
नजभयभजग (7-12) [नजभयभा जगौ च रचना मुन्यकयतिरत्र
सा Vr 3 96 3] रचना
नजभयसजग (11-8) [नजभयसा जगौ च रचना शूलिककुम्भिरत्र
सा Vr 3 96 2] रचना
नननजननल [ननना जनना लश्चन्द्रमाला Pp 2 190] चन्द्रमाला
ननननतनग [नचतुष्कात् तनगा कनकलता Bh 32 177]
कनकलता
ननननननग [नषट्कगा धवला Pp 2 244] धवला
ननरजरजग [नयुगललघू निरन्तरौ यदा स पञ्चचामर Ohm 2
201] पञ्चचामर
ननजरजरल [नयुगललगुर्निरन्तर यदा स पञ्चचामर P 7 22 6]
पञ्चचामर
नभरसजजग (9-10) [नवाभिर्दशभिस्त्रिन्न सरल न्नसजा जगौ
Mm 19 8] तरल, सरल
मतनसततग (5-7-7) [वृत्त बिम्बाख्य शरमुनितुरगैर्मतौ न्सौ ततौ
चेद् गुरु Ohm 2 202] चन्द्रबिम्ब, बिम्ब, वञ्चित,
विचित
मतनसररग (5-7-7) [भूताश्वाश्चान्त मतनसररगै कीर्तिता पुष्पदाम
Vr 3 96 6] पुष्पदाम, फुल्लदाम
मरभनयनग (7-7-5) [म्रौ न्नौ यो नो गुरुश्चेत्स्वरमुनिकरणैराह
सुरसाम् Ohm 2 199] सुरसा
मरभससजग (7-12) [म्रौ म सौ जगौ माधवीलता छै (छ=7)
H 2 332] माधवीलता
मसजसततग (12-7) [सूर्याश्चैर्मसजस्तता सगुरव शार्दूल-
विकीर्तितम् Ohm 2 198] शार्दूलविकीर्तित
मसजसनजग (12 7) [म्सौ जसौ न्नौ गो वायुवेगा H 2 322]
वायुवेगा
यभनयजजग (12-7) [इनाश्चै स्याद् यभनयजजगा कीर्तिता
मणिमञ्जरी Ohm 2 204] मणिमञ्जरी
यमननररग (6-7-6) [भौ नौ रौ गो मुग्धक च्छै (च=षट्;
छ=सप्त) H 2 329] मुग्धक.

यमनसजजग (6-6-7) [रसै षड्भिलोकै यमनसजजा गुरु-
मैकरन्दिका Ohm 2 203] मकरन्दिका
यमनसततग (5-7-7) [भौ न्सौ तौ गदयाया H 2 325]
छाया
यमनसभतग (6-6-7) [इय छाया रयाता ऋतुरसहयैर्यो मनसा
न्तौ गुरु Vr 3 96 9] छाया
यमनसररग (6-6-7) [रसत्त्वै भौ न्सौ ररगुदयुतौ मेघविस्फूर्जिता
स्यात् Ohm 2 196] मेघविस्फूर्जिता, चन्द्रकान्ता,
रम्भा, विस्मिता, सुद्रता
रभजतततग (10-9) [भौ जतौ तौ सगुरुकौ यदा दिग्गहोच्छेद-
भागल्लकी Vr 3 96 10] बल्लकी
रससतजजग (10-9) [दिग्विरामि रसौ सतजा जगो शार्ङ्गि भवेच्च
गतागतम् Jk 2 229] शार्ङ्गि, ऊर्जित
सतयभममग (10-9) [दशबाणार्थैर्यतिवारी स्तौ यभमा मो ग
शम्भु Pp 2 194] शम्भु
ससससससग [सूगौ तरणीवदनेन्दु (सू=सषट्कम्) H 2 333]
तरणीवदनेन्दु

20 कृतिः (17)

तभजभजभलग [तभौ जभौ जभौ तगौ शशाङ्करचितम् H 2 344]
शशाङ्करचित
नजनभसनलगा [मदकलनी नजनभसा नलगा Mm 19 10]
मदकलनी.
ननननननलगा [कनकलता सा कथिता षण्णैर्युक्ता तथा लगाभ्याच
Mm 19 11] कनकलता
नभभमससलगा (11 9) [नभभमा ससला गिति मुद्रा रुद्रयति.
कवाचिदुज्ज्वलम् Jk 2 236] मुद्रा, लज्ज्वल
भनयननरलगा (3 6-11) [न्नौ न्नौ त्रौ तगौ दीपिकाशिखा गवैः
H 2 343] दीपिकाशिखा
भभभभरसलगा [भञ्जितयाङ्गरसाङ्गुरु यदि भासते भुवि भासुग्
Jk 2 235] नन्दक, भासुर
भरनभभरलगा (9 11) [अन्नभ्रतगा ग्रहे स्त्रैर्विच्छिन्नो-पलमालिका
Mm 19 12] उत्पलमालिका, कामलता
मनसनमयलगा (5 8-7) [न्नौ न्नौ म्यौ तगौ सद्रत्नमाला छजै-
(पञ्चाष्टाभिर्यति) H 2 340] सद्रत्नमाला.
मरभनततगग (7 6 7) [म्रौ न्नौ तौ गौ चित्रमाला छजै H.
2 339] चित्रमाला, सुप्रभा, सुवशा.
मरभनयभलगा (7-7 6) [ज्ञेया सप्ताश्वषड्भिर्मरभनययुता भ्लौ गः
सुवदना Ohm 2 206, Vr 3 97] सुवदना
मरभनससगग (7-6-7) [रयाता पूर्वे सुवंशा यदि मरभना सद्रत्नं
गो गुरुश्च Ohm 2 210] सुवशा.
यमननततगग (6 7-7) [रसैरश्चैर्यमननततगैर्येन शोभेयमुक्ता Vr.
3 98 2] शोभा
रजरजरजगल [वृत्तमीदृश तु नामतो रजौ रजौ रजौ गुरुर्लघुश्च
Ohm 2 208] वृत्त, गण्डका.

रजरजरजलग [रजत्रयलगेयुक्तं मालव केचिदूचिरे Mm 19 14]
मालव

रसससससलग [रासपञ्चकमन्तलग पुटभेदमत्र गतागतम् Jk 2
287] पुटभेद

सजजभरसलग [सजजा भरौ सलगा यदा कथिता तदा राखु गीतिका
Ohm 2 207] गीतिका, गीता, प्रमदानन

सभरनमयलग (18-7) [सभरा न्म्या लगिति त्रयोदशयतिमैतैभ-
विक्रीडितम् Vr 3 98 4] मत्तैभविक्रीडित

21 प्रकृतिः (13)

तरनिजभर (7-7-7) [त्रौ न्नौ जभौ र कथागति छै H 2
346] कथागति

नजजजजभर [नगणजकारचतुष्कभरैरपि रजिता वनमजरी Jk 2
240] वनमजरी

नजभजजजर [नजभजजा जरौ यदि तदा गदिता सरसी कवीश्वरै
Ohm 2 213] चित्रलता, चम्पकमालिका, रचिरा,
सरसी, सलिलनिधि, सिद्धि, वृत्तश्री, सिद्धक

नजभजजजर (11-10) [नजभजजाजरौ हरहरिद्विरति खलु
पञ्चकावली Vr 3 99 2] पञ्चकावली, शशिवदना

भभभभभभर [भौ भभभाश्च भरौ यदि कीर्तय पुत्रक मत्तविलासिनीम्
Vr 3 99 3] मत्तविलासिनी,

भरननजजय [भरौ ननौ जजौ यो नरेन्द्रम् Pp 2 202] नरेन्द्र

भरनरनर (10-11) [औ औ औ रो ललितविक्रमो वै H 2
347] ललितविक्रम

ममतनननस (85-8) [मौ तनिसा मत्तकीडा जवै H 2 348]
मत्तकीडा

मरभनययय (7-7-7) [औ न्नौ यौ य प्रकृत्या स्वरगिरिविरति
स्रग्वरा नाम वृत्तम् Jk 2 288] स्रग्वरा

रजतनननस [जेतनिसाश्चन्दनप्रकृति H 2 349] चन्दनप्रकृति,
श्रेणि

रनरनरनर [त्री नौ रस्तरङ्ग H 2 352] तरङ्ग, तरङ्गमालिका

रनरनरनर (6-6-6-3) [सुरनर्तकी रनरना रनरा विरती रमर्तु-
शास्त्रगुणे Mm 19 17] सुरनर्तकी

रसनजनभर (11 10) [पद्मसद्य रसानजनभर हरविरतिश्च गता-
गतम् Jk 2 243] पद्मसद्य

22 आकृतिः (12)

तभयजसरनग (7-15) [मत्तैभाख्य तभयजसरनगयुक्तं स्वरार्ध-
फणिभिन्नम् Mm 19 18] मत्तैभ

नजभजभजभग [नजौ भजौ भजभगा अश्वललितम् Bh 16
100-101] अश्वललित

नभजभजभजग [नगणतो भजगणौ त्रिधा गुरुपरौ यदा मदन-
सायक Jk 2 247] मदनसायक,

भभभभभभभग [सप्तभकारयुक्तैकगुरुर्गदितेयमुदारतरा मदिरा Ohm
2 213] मदिरा, लताकुसुम, सगता

भरनरनरनग (10-12) [मद्रक भूरौ नूरौ नूरौ नगौ दिगादित्या
P 7 26] मद्रक, विशुद्धचरित, भद्रक, प्रभद्रक

मतयननननग [मत्यनी(नचतुष्क)गा वरतनु H 2 356]
कौञ्चा, वरतनु

ममतनननसग [मौ गौ नाश्चत्वारो गो गो वसुभुवनयतिरिति भवति
हसी Ohm 2 212] हसी

मसजयभभनग [लालिय भुजगेन्द्रभाषितमेतच्चैन्मसजयभभनगुभि
Vr 3 100 3] लालिय

मसजसजसजग (12-10) [मसौ जसौ जसौ जगौ दीपार्चिष्ठे
H 2 357] दीपार्चि

मसरस्तजनग [लालिय भुजगेन्द्रेण भाषितमेतच्चैत् मसरस्तजनगुभि
Ohm 2 215] लालिय

सजतनसररग (8-7-7) [सजता नसो ररौ ग फणितुरगह्यै
स्यान्महास्रग्वरा Ohm 2 216] महास्रग्वरा

सततनसररग (8-7-7) [सततान सश्व रौ ग फणितुरगयति
स्यान्महास्रग्वराख्या Jk 2 245] महास्रग्वरा.

23 विकृतिः (12)

जसजसयययलग [जसौ जसौ यिलगा वृन्दारकम् H 2 364]
वृन्दारक

तजजजजजजलग [शङ्खाख्यमिद भगवद्भदित तगणाजगणा षडतो
लगुरु Jk 2 252] शङ्ख

नजजजजजजलग [नगणजषट्कलाद्रिति हसगतिश्च महातरुणीदयितम्
Jk 2 248] हसगति, महातरुणीदयित, सुवालहरी

नजभजभजजलग (11-12) [नजौ भजौ भजौ नलगा अश्वललितं
रुद्रादित्यै H 2 358] अश्वललित, हयलीलगति

नजभजभजभलग (11-12) [नजभजभा जभौ लघुगुरु बुवैस्तु
गदितेयमाद्रितनया Ohm 2 217] आद्रितनया, अश्वललित,
ललित

नजभजसजनलग (11-12) [नजभजसजनलगयुतं रुद्राकैर्भिन्न-
मश्वललित्वाख्यम् Mm 19 23] अश्वललित

भभभभभभभगग (12-11) [भैरय सप्ताभेरत्र कृता गुरुणा गुरुणा च
मयूरगति स्यात् Vr 3 102 1] मयूरगति, मदिरा

भमनभनननगग [भमौ नभौ ननना गौ पुष्पसमृद्धा Bh 32 290]
पुष्पसमृद्धा

भमसभनननलग [भमौ रसौ निरुगाश्चपलगति H 2. 363]
चपलगति

ममतननननलग (8-5-10) [मत्ताक्रीडं मौ तनौ नौ न्नौ गुरुपि च
विषधरशरविरमणम् Jk 2 250] मत्ताक्रीड, विद्युन्माला,
मन्दक्रीडा.

रनरनरनरलग [चित्रक क्व च रनौ त्रिधा रलगमत्र भात्युस्तरङ्ग-
मालिका Jk 2 251] चित्रक, उस्तरङ्गमालिका.

ससभसतजजलग [इह सुन्दरिका पिङ्गलमुनिनोक्ता सद्यथो भसता
जलभगा Ohm 2 219] सुन्दरी, सुन्दरिका

24 सङ्कृतिः (12)

- ननभनजननय (7-7-10) [इह ललितलता स्वरगिरिविरतिर्नन-
भनजननयशोभा Jk 2 254] ललितलता
- ननररररर [नौ र्मेघमाला (रू = रषट्कम्) H 2 367]
मेघमाला, मृङ्गाञ्जनीलालका
- नभजभजभजर [अथ महामदनसायको नगणतस्त्रिधाभजगणौ
रनेवनौ Jk 2 256] महामदनसायक
- नयभतनननस [न्यौ न्तौ निसौ सभ्रान्ता (नि = नात्रिकम्) H 2
370] सभ्रान्ता
- भतनसभभनय (5-7-12) [भूतमुनीनैर्यतिरिह भतना र्भौ
भनयाश्च यदि भवति तन्वी Ohm 2 220] तन्वी
- भभभतनननस [भितनिसा द्रुतलघुपदगति H 2 369] द्रुतलघुपद-
गति, स्वलित
- भभभभभभभ [नाम किरीटमिद भगणा यदि पिङ्गलनागमुनीन्द्रमत
किल Ohm 2 221] किरीट, सुभद्र
- भमसभनननय (5-5-8-6) [हसपद स्याद्वाच गणा स्युर्वत-
शरवसुयति मसभनना न्यौ Jk 2 255] हसपद
- मभयमनभनस (8-8-8) [वेश्याप्रीति मभयमनभनसयुक्ताऽहि-
फणिगजैश्छिन्ना Mm 19 26] वेश्याप्रीति
- मसजसततभर [म्सौ ज्यौ तौ भ्रौ विभ्रमगति H 2 371]
विभ्रमगति
- ररररररर (8-8-8) [स्वैरिणीकीडन प्रोक्तमष्टमी रगणैर्युतम्
Mm 19 25] स्वैरिणीकीडन
- ससससससस (8-8-8) [सगणैरिह वृत्तवर वसुभि किल
दुर्मिलयुक्तमिद कविभि Ohm 2 222] घोटक, दुर्मिल

25 अतिकृतिः (6)

- तयभभननननग (10-15) [त्यौ भौ नी (न-चतुष्कम्) गौ हसपदा
जै (दशभि) H 2 374] हसपदा
- नजजयननननग [नजज्या नीगौ चपलम् H 2 375] चपल
- ननननसभभभग (8-7-10) [अभिकृतिभवमिति गतिन-स-पुर-
भग् हसल्य भुजगाद्रियति Jk 2 257] हसल्य
- भमसभननननग (5-5-8-7) [कौश्वपदा स्याद् भो मसभावेदिषु-
शरवसुमुनियतिरिनलघुगै Ohm 2 223 or कौश्वपद
भात् किंच मसौ न्नौ त्रिनगणगुरुशरशरवसुयतय Jk
2 258] कौश्वपद-दा
- ममममतयमग (4-4-5-12) [मन्तेभाख्य मौ मौ मात् त्यौ
मश्वान्ते ग स्याद् विश्रामोऽब्धौ चतुरस्मिन् बाणेऽप्येवम्
Jk 2 259] मन्तेभ
- सजनजभनरनग (8-8-9) [कलकण्ठाख्य सजनजभनरनगाश्वाहि-
भोगिनिधिभिन्ना Mm 19 27] कलकण्ठ

26 उत्कृतिः (12)

- नजनसभनननलग [नजो न्सौ भनिलगा वेगवती H 2. 379]
वेगवती

स. इ. को....४

नजभजजजभजलग (14-12) [मनुविरातिर्नजौ भजगणत्रितय
भजला गुर्येदि सुधाकलश Jk 2 264] सुधाकलश

ननननननननगग (8-8-10) [वसुवसुयतिरथ गुरुयुगपरवसु-
नयुगिति वनलतिका स्यात् Jk 2 262] वनलतिका

नयनयननननगग (6-6-8-6) [नयनयनात्रयमपि गौ चेद्रसरस-
वसुयतिरिति मकरन्दम् Jk 2 263] मकरन्द

भनजनसननभगग (7-7-7-5) [भनजनसनभगगैरर्वावर्षिभुभिदि
रजनम् Mm 20 2] रजन

भननसमनननलग { (13-13) [भो नौ र्मौ निलगा आपीडो है
H 2 378] आपीड.
(14-12) [-do-Rm 7 30] }

मननननननसगग (9-6-6-5) [मो ना षट् सगगिति यदि नव-
रसरसशरयतियुतमपवाहाख्यम् Ohm 2 225] अपवाह

ममतनननरसलग (8-11-7) [वस्वीशाश्चैच्छेदोपेत ममतननयुग-
रसलगै भुजङ्गविजृम्भितम् Ohm 2 224] भुजङ्ग-
विजृम्भित

मयनतननरयलग (8-11-7) [म्यौ न्तौ नौ रयौ लगौ यदि
चाहुर्वसुमदनदहनर्षिभिर्भुजङ्गेरितम् Vr 3 106 2]
भुजङ्गेरित

मयनतननरसलग (8-11-7) [म्यौ न्तौ नौ रसौ ल्यौ यदि च
आहुर्वसुमदनदहनर्षिभिर्भुजङ्गेरितम् Vr. 3 106 1]
भुजङ्गेरित

यययययययलग [चेटीगतिश्च गायत्री या लगौ छिदिनैर्मृगै
Mm 20 1] चेटीगति

ननभनजनननगल (9-7-10) [यस्या नकारयुगल परतो भकार
तस्मान्नजौ च नगणत्रयतो गलौ स्त ।
खण्डैर्नगैर्दशभिरत्र यतिर्विशाला
सा पिङ्गलेन कथिता कमलाऽतिरम्या ॥
वृत्तचन्द्रिका 2 139] कमला.

शेषजातिः

27 (5)

ननननभनभनस (13-6) [गतिनगणभनभनसकलितं त्रिपदललित
तदनुयतिमिलितम् Jk 2 267] त्रिपदललित

नसभनतजतसय (7-7-13) [नसभनतजाङ्गी तसयसृदुपाङ्गी
लसतीति तद्भङ्गविरति त्रिभङ्गी Jk 2 268] त्रिभङ्गी

मतततननययय (11-16) [मतिनायि मालाचित्र है H 2 381]
मालाचित्र, मालावृत्त

मभननननननस (4-8-8-7) [मालावृत्तं गतिवसुवसुयति मभ-
रसमितन-स-विकसितकुसुमम् Jk 2. 265] विकसित-
कुसुम

ममतनभममभम (8-11-8) [मालावृत्तं मालावृत्तेष्वथ वसुधूर्जटि-
यत्तन्वीत ख्यात मौ तनभा मौ म्मौ Jk 2 266]
मालावृत्त

28 .. (2)

जरजरजरजरजग [जरौ जरौ जरौ जरौ जगौ क्रमेण चेधदा ।
तदा भुजङ्गनायको मनोजशेखर जगौ ॥ वृ चं] मनोजशेखर.

रजरजरजरजरल [रजौ रजौ रजौ रजौ रलौ क्रमेण चैवदा ।
अशोकपुष्पमञ्जरी समीरिता फणीश्वरै ॥ वृ च] अशोक-
पुष्पमञ्जरी

29 (4)

तननननननननल [तगणात् परतो यत्र नगणाष्टकमुज्ज्वलम् ।
ततो लगौ भुजङ्गेन प्रोक्त शास्त्ररमद्भुतम् ॥ P 7 36 3]
शास्त्र

नननननननननल (8-8-8-5) [त्रिवसुगयतिरथ नवनगणलगिह
सुविहितगतिरिति भवति कला Jk 2 270] कला

ननभननननननल (7-7-8-7) [ननभनजननैर्ननलगामिह चेन्
मुनिगिरिवसुयतिरिति मणिकिरण Jk 2 269] मणि-
किरण.

मतयतनननरसल (4-7-11-7) [म्ताौ स्तौ निर्संगा प्रमोद-
महोदयो षष्ठै H 2 382] प्रमोदमहोदय

30 (2)

भजसनभजसनभय [वृत्तललित ललितवृत्तमपि सुन्दरल्यात्तवरं
भजसना भजसना +यौ Jk 2 271] वृत्तललित,
ललितवृत्त

ममतननननजभर (8-15-7) [मातनीजभ्रा पिपीलिका जणे
H. 2 385] पिपीलिका

31 (2)

नननननननननन (8-8-8-7) [नगणदशकमपि सगुरु सयति
यदि सुगमरति लसति जगति लहरिका Jk 2 272]
लहरिका

× × × × × × (16-15) [विचारचर्चा गलयोर्गणाना न यत्र
भूपैस्तिथिभिर्यतिगुरु । अन्ते धरापावकवर्णपादा समी-
रितासौ फणिना घनाक्षरी ॥ P 7 36 4] घनाक्षरी

32 (1)

[भूपैर्भूपैर्विराम स्याद्गणभेदगलोज्झितै
शैयान्ते लघुना युक्ता रूपपूर्वा घनाक्षरी ॥ P. 7 36 5]
रूपघनाक्षरी

33 (1)

भननभननभननभय [त्रिर्भननसुपरि च विदुर्भयुतयगणमवने-
र्भवति ललितपदगर्भमिह चक्रे Jk 2 273] चक्र

34 (2)

भननभननभननभनन [चित्रलयमतिनिबिडमत्र भुवि भननगणवत्
त्रिरिदमिह बुध परत्र भनगुरुमाक् । Jk 2 274]
चित्रलय

ममतनननननसजजग [Rm 7 32] मेघदण्डक, अतिच्छन्दस्

35 (1)

ममतनननननललजरभर [एवैव (पिपीलिका) नीपरत
पञ्चलवृद्धा क्रमेण जभ्रा पिपीलिकाकरभम् H 2. 386]
पिपीलिकाकरभ.

38 (1)

मननननननननननल (10-10-10-8) [द्वादश ना लगौ
ललितलता त्रिर्भै H 2 384] ललितलता

40 (1)

ममतनननननननलजभर [मातनी दशलवृद्धा जभ्रा पिपीलिका-
पणव H 3 386] पिपीलिकापणव

45 (1)

ममतनननननननननजभर [मातनी पञ्चदशलवृद्धा जभ्रा
पिपीलिकामाला H 2 386] पिपीलिकामाला

II वर्णवृत्तः - दण्डक

Any number of लग pairs [त्यावनङ्गशेखर H 2 397]
अनङ्गशेखर

4 ल + any Ganas [नगणाद्वितयादेवमेकैकगणवर्धनात् कुसुदाब्ज-
तरङ्गादिनाम्ना भेदाश्च पूर्ववत् ॥ Mm 21 8-9] अब्ज

6 ल + 8 रगणः [नद्वयादष्टैर् अर्ण Mm 20 8] अर्ण

6 ल + 9 रगणः [नद्वयाद् नवैर् अर्णव मत Mm 20 8] अर्णव

Any number of गल pairs [यत्र दृश्यते गुरो परो लघु क्रमात्
स उच्यते बुधै अशोकपुष्पमञ्जरी इति Ohm 2 232]
अशोकपुष्पमञ्जरी

6 ल + any Panchamāstras [नाभ्या पञ्चमात्रै उत्कलिका
H 2 401] उत्कलिका

6 ल + 13 रगणः [नद्वयादुद्दामो विश्वरैर्मत Mm 21 2] उद्दाम

नग + 13 रगणः [नगभ्या त्रयोदशरा कङ्कलि मता H 2 390]
कङ्कलि

Any number of तगणः + गग [ता गौ कामबाण H 2 399]
कामबाण

Any number of सगणः [यथेष्ट सा कुसुमास्तरण H 2 395]
कुसुमास्तरण, कुसुमस्तवक

नग + 12 रगणः [नगभ्या द्वादशरा केलि उक्ता H 2 390]
केलि

5 ल + any Ganas [शरला यथेष्ट गणा चण्ड Jk 6 33]
चण्ड

5 ल + any रगणः [लोर्थथेष्ट रा चण्डकाल H 2 391]
चण्डकाल, चण्डपाल.

6 ल + 7 रगणः [नद्वयात् सप्तै चण्डवृष्टिप्रयाताख्य दण्डक
Mm 20. 6] चण्डवृष्टि, चण्डवृष्टिप्रयात

6 ल + any यगणः [नाभ्या या चण्डवेग Sb 1 162] चण्डवेग

6 ल + 11 रगणः [नद्वयाज्जीमूतो रुद्रै मत Mm 20 1] जीमूत.

नग + 9 रगणः [नगभ्या नवैर् दम्भोलि दण्डक H 2 390]
दम्भोलि.

नग + 8 रगणः [नगभ्यामष्टैर् पन्नगो नाम दण्डक H 2 390]
पन्नग.

6 ल + 7 यगणः [नाभ्यां सप्तया (प्रचित इति नयुमतो ये)
Jk 6 38] प्रचित

6 + 16 रगणः [नद्वयात् षोडशरै भुजङ्ग] भुजङ्ग

Any number of भगणः + गग [भा गौ भुजङ्गविलास H 2
400] भुजङ्गविलास

Any number of रगणः [यथेष्ट रा मत्तमातङ्ग H 2 394]
मत्तमातङ्ग

नग + 11 रगणः [नभ्या एकादशरा मालती H 2 390]
मालती

6 ल + 3 ग + Any यगणः [लृगिभ्या या मेघमाला H 2 398]
मेघमाला

6 ल + 12 रगणः [नद्वयात् लीलाकर सूर्यरै उक्त Mm 21.2]
लीलाकर

नग + 14 रगणः [नभ्या चतुर्दशरा लीलाविलास H 2 390]
लीलाविलास

6 ल + 7 भगणः + गग [रसलात् सप्तभा गौ वर्णक Utpala
v 62] वर्णक

7 ल + any Ganas [लसत्कात् यथेष्ट गणा वात Jk 6 33]
वात

6 ल + 10 रगणः [नद्वयाद् दशरै व्याल उदीरित Mm. 21 1]
व्याल

6 ल + 14 रगणः [नद्वयात् मनुरै शङ्खनामा दण्डको मत Mm
21 3] शङ्ख

6 ल + 15 रगणः [नद्वयात् तिथिरै पद्मको मत Mm 21 2]
पद्मक, समुद्र

6 ल + 4 रज pairs + रलग [नद्वयात् रजयो चतुष्कयुता रलग
समुद्र ईरित Utpala v 63] समुद्र

3 ल + any Ganas [गतिलब्धादिका गणा सिंहाङ्गय Jk 6
33] सिंह

Any number of यगणः [यथेष्ट या सिंहकीड H 2 396]
सिंहकीड.

5 ल + Any यगणः [लोयथेष्ट या सिंहविकीड H. 2 396]
सिंहविकीड.

नग + 10 रगणः [नभ्या दशरै. हेलावली उक्ता H 2 390]
हेलावली

III वर्णवृत्तः - अर्धसमचतुष्पदी

(The figures within the brackets refer to the number
of letters in the 1st and 2nd lines forming the half)

र, जरलग (3-8) [ओजे (विषमे पादे) र, युजि (समे पादे)
ज्रला कामिनी H 3 20] कामिनी

र, जरजर (3-12) [ओजे र, युजि ज्रज्रा, शिखी H. 3 21]
शिखी,

र, जरजरजग (8-16) [ओजे र, युजि ज्रज्रा जगौ नितम्बिनी.
H 3 22] नितम्बिनी.

र, जरजरजरलग (3-20) [ओजे र, युजि त्रिज्रौ ल्गौ वारुणी
H 3-23] वारुणी

र, जरजरजरजर (3-24) [(विषमे) र (समे) चतुर्ज्रौ वतसिनी
H 3 24] वतसिनी

सलग, ससलग (5-11) [(ओजे) रला, (युजि) सिला इला
H 3 26] इला.

सलग, 8 स (5-24) [(ओजे) रला, (समे) सृ (सकाराष्टक)
सृगाङ्गमुखी H 3 27] सृगाङ्गमुखी

रजग, जरलग (7-8) [(ओजे) राजगौ, (युजि) जगौ ल्गौ
यदा तदा प्रवर्तकम् Jk 3 9] प्रवर्तक

जरलग, र (8-3) [कामिन्याद्या व्यत्यये वानरी H 3 25]
वानरी

रसलग, सजजग (8-10) [सौ ल्गौ विषमे यदि सजजा गुरु-
ललिता समे Vr 4 1 1] ललिता

ससस, भभभग (9-10) [(ओजे) सससा, (अनोजे) भभभा ग
Vjs. 3 51] भामिनी

तजरग, मसजगग (10-11) [ओजे भद्रविराद् तज्रा गोऽनोजे
मसजा गौ Mm 21 14] भद्रविराद्

सजसग, भरनगग (10 11) [ओजे केतुमती सजसा गोऽनोजे
भरना गौ Mm 21 15] केतुमती.

ससजग, सभरलग (10-11) [विषमे ससजास्ततो गुरु । सम-
पादे मुरली सभरला । Vr 4 5 1] अपरवक्त्र,
प्रबोधिता, मुरली, ललिता, विबोधिता, वियोगिनी, शिखा-
मणि, सुन्दरी

सससग, भभभगग (10-11) [सह सन्नितयेन गुरुश्चेत् । भन्नितयेन
च वेगवती गौ Jk 3 4] वेगवती, सारसिका

भभभग, सससस (10-12) [(ओजे) भभभगा, अनोजे तु
सचतुष्कम् Vjs 3 52] प्रसन्ना

मससग, सभभस (10-12) [(ओजे) मसागा, (अनोजे)
सभासा करिणी H 3 18] करिणी

जतजगग, ततजगग (11-11) [जतौ जगौ गो विषमे, समे स्यात्
तौ जगौ ग एषा विपरीतपूर्वा Vr 4 7] विपरीताख्यानकी,
हृषी

ततजगग, जतजगग (11-11) [आख्यानकी तौ जगुरु गमोजे, जता-
वनोजे जगुरु गुरुश्चेत् || Vr 4 6] आख्यानकी, भद्रा

सससलग, भभभगग (11-11) [उपचित्र ससौ सला ओजे
भभभा गुरु Mm 21 11] उपचित्र

नवरलग, नजजर (11-12) [अयुजि ननरला गुरु, समे यदपर-
वक्त्रमिदं नजौ जरौ Pp 2 3 18] अपरवक्त्र,
पल्लविताम्र.

भभभगग, नजजय (11-12) [भन्नयमोजगतं गुरुकौ चेत् युजि च
नजौ जययुतौ द्रुतमभ्या Okap] द्रुतमभ्या, चल्मभ्या

ससजगग, सभरय (11-12) [समजा प्रथमे पदे गुरु चेत् । सभरा येन च मालभारिणी स्यात् Vr 4 9 1] माल-
भारिणी, वसन्तमालिका, औपच्छन्दसिक, सुबोधिता, प्रिया

सससलग, नभभर (11-12) [सयुगात् सलघू विषमे गुरु । युजि
नभौ च भरौ हरिणप्लुता Vr. 4 8] हरिणप्लुता

भभतलग नजनसग (11-13) [भाति नरा भगणाभ्या तलगै ।
नजनसगैरपि विलसितलीला Jk 3-17] विलसितलीला

ततजगग, तभजजगग (11-14) [चूडामणिस्तद्वयजा गुरु चेद् ।
प्रज्ञामहोदयमता तभजा जगौ ग Jk 3 25] चूडामणि

जरजर, र (11-3) [ज्रज्जा र शिखिव्यत्यये शिखण्डी H 3 25]
शिखण्डी.

नननय, ममग (12-7) [पुरमितनगणयमथ, मौ ग । क्षान्ति
प्रोक्ता चूडेयम् ॥ Jk 3 18] क्षान्ति, चूडा

भभभभ, भभभगग (12-11) [आमलकी भचतुष्टयमत्र तु । भत्रयगा
श्रित सैव च चुक्षा Jk 3 20] आमलकी, चुक्षा

जतजर, ततजर (12-12) [(विषमे) जतौ जरौ शङ्खनिधि ।
(समे) तु तौ जरौ । श्रीपाल्यकीर्तीशमते सुनन्दिनी Jk
3 21] शङ्खनिधि, सुनन्दिनी

जभसय, तभसय (12-12) [तथोदिता यतिरिह जादूभसौ य ।
तादूभ सयावपि विपरीतभामा Jk 3 24] विपरीतभामा

ततजर, जतजर (12-12) [तौ जौ तथा पद्मनिधिर्जतौ जरौ ।
स्वयम्भुदेवशमते तु नन्दिनी ॥ Jk 3 22] पद्मनिधि,
नन्दिनी.

तभसय, जभसय (12-12) [भामा भवेद्भुवि गतिभाषिरामा ।
तमौ यदा सयमथ जादू भसौ य । Jk 3 23] भामा

ननभभ, ननरर (12-12) [अयुजि ननभभा समकेऽपि तु । नयुगर-
युगल तदा कौमुदी ॥ Vr 4 10 1] कौमुदी

नजजर, सजयजग (12-13) [यदि विषमे भवतो नजौ जरौ ।
सजया समे जगुरु मञ्जुसौरभम् Vr 4 10 2]
मञ्जुसौरभ

ननरय, नजजरग (12-13) [नगणयुगरयेण पुष्पिताप्रा । नजजरगै-
र्विदिता जिनव्रतायै Jk 3 12] पुष्पिताप्रा

रजरज, जरजरग (12-13) [ओजे परावती रज्जा जोऽनोजे तु जरौ
ज्रगा] परावती, यवध्वनि, यवमती, यववती

रजरज, तरजरग (12-13) [रो जरौ जसयुतौ पदे पदेऽथ । युग्मे
तरौ जरौ गुरुमृगी यवानी Vr 4 10 3] मृगी, यवानी

नभभर, नभभभर (12-15) [(ओजे) नभभ्रा, (अनोजे)
नभिरा मकरावली H 3 12] मकरावली

जरजरग, रजरज (13-12) [ज्रज्जा यववतीव्यत्यये र्जर्जा षट्-
पदावली H 3 11] षट्पदावली

सजसजग, सजसस (13-12) [ओजे सजसजगा युक्ते सजससा
मितभाषिणी । Mm 22 5] मितभाषिणी

रजरजग, जरजरग (13-13) [(ओजे) रजौ रजौ गो,
(अनोजे) जरौ जरौ गो यववती Rm 2 27] यवमती

ननननस, ननभनलग (15-14) [विषवरविरमणमुदधिनगणसा
यतियतिरुगी ननभनलघुगा । Jk 3 19] उरुगी

जरजरजग, र (16-3) [(ओजे) ज्रज्जा जगौ नितम्बिनीव्यत्यये,
(अनोजे) र सारसी H 3 22] सारसी

तभरजरगग, रजरय (17-12) [ओजे तपरौ भरौ जरौ गुरु समे
जौ यौ । कीर्तिता बुधेरिय तु षट्पदाख्या Vr 4 12 1]
षट्पदा

भरनजनलग, नजभजनस (17-18) [(ओजे) भ्रञ्जनलगा जै
(अनोजे) न्जभजनसाष्टै मानिनी H 3 19] मानिनी

भरनभनलग, नजभजनस (17-18) [(ओजे) स्यादिह मानिनी
दिशि यति भरनभनलगा । (युजि) नजभजना गणा
ससहिता यदि हरविरति Jk 3 14] मानिनी

जरजरजरलग, र (20-3) [(ओजे) त्रिजौ लौ वारुणीव्यत्यये
रोऽपरा H 3 25] अपरा

सभतयसभगग, समतयसस (20-18) [सभतैर्यसभैर्गाभ्या
युक्ता विषमपादयो । सभतैर्यससैर्युक्ता कलिकाललिता
युजो । Mm 22 78] कलिकाललिता

जरजरजरजर, र (24-3) [(ओजे) चतुर्जौ वर्तसिनीव्यत्यये
रो (युजि) हसी । H 3 25] हसी

IV वर्णवृत्तः - विषमचतुष्पदी

(Figures within brackets indicate the number of letters regardless of their quantity)

[वक्त्र नाद्यान्नसौ स्यातामन्वेयोऽनुष्टुभि ख्यातम् Vr 2 21]
वक्त्र अनुष्टुप्

(4 ग + लगगग) × 4 [Bh 16 131-132] वक्त्र अनुष्टुप्
(ररगग, मरगग, यसगग, जर्सगग) [Utpala v 56]
वक्त्र अनुष्टुप्

(4 ग + लगगग) in 2 and 4 Only [युजोश्चतुर्थतो जेन पथ्यावक्त्र
प्रकीर्तितम् Ohm 5 3] पथ्यावक्त्र

(4 ग + लगगग) × 4 [Sb 3 16] सुवक्त्र,
(4 + लगगग) in 1 and 3 only [जगणोऽन्धेयदौजयोर्गणो
युग्मयोश्चेत्यम् । विपरीतोक्तलक्षणाद्विपरीतादि पथ्या
स्यात् Jk 4 4 or ओजयोर्जेन वारिधेस्तदेव विप-
रीतादि Vr 2 23] विपरीतपथ्या

(ससगग, ससलग) × 2 [Bh 16 121] पथ्यावृत्त

(ससलग, ससगग) × 2 [Bh 16 122-123] विपरीतपथ्या

(4 + न + 1) in 1 and 3 only [चपलावक्त्रमयुजोर्नकारश्चेत्
पयोराशे Vr 2 24] चपलावक्त्र

(6 + ल + 1) either in 2 and 4 or in all 4 and other
varieties of विपुला like तविपुला [यस्या ल. सप्तमे
युग्मे सा युग्मविपुला मता Vr 2 25] विपुलावक्त्र

(8-12-16-20) [प्रथमोऽयमष्टवर्ण (अनुष्टुप्) द्वादशवर्णो द्वितीयक
पाद । षोडशवर्णोऽथ तृतीयो, विंशत्यक्षरस्तु र्य । यस्य
तदेतत्पदचतुर्ध्वं नानागति त्रयोदशधा ॥ Jk. 4 16]
पदचतुर्ध्वं,

(6 ल + गग, 10 ल + गग, 14 ल + गग, 18 ल + गग) (8-12-16-20) [आपीड सर्वल प्रोक्त पूर्वपादन्तगद्वय (G P P K 211 2)] आपीड, पदसचि, दामावारा

(गग + 6 ल, गग + 10 ल, गग + 14 ल, गग + 18 ल) (8-12-16-20) [आदौ गुरु न चान्ते चेत् प्रत्यापीडो भवेदयम् Mm 28 14] प्रत्यापीड, अनुपदसचि

(गग + 4 ल + गग, गग + 8 ल + गग, गग + 12 ल + गग, गग + 16 ल + गग) (8-12-16-20) [तदादौ द्विग अन्ते च H 3 42] प्रत्यापीड, सपीड

(12-8-16-20) [आद्यपादस्य द्वितीयपादविपर्यासेन कलिका मण्डरी वा H 3 44] कलिका, मण्डरी, मञ्जरी

(16-12-8-20) [प्रथमस्य तृतीयस्य विपर्यासे लवली P 5 24] लवली, आपीड

20 12 16 8 [आपीडस्यादिमस्तुर्य

8 12 20 16 (आपीडस्य) तुरीयश्चेत् तृतीयक

8 16 12 20 (आपीडस्य) तृतीयोऽपि द्वितीयोऽङ्घ्रि

12 8 16 20 (आपीडस्य) द्वितीय प्रथम (अङ्घ्रि) यदि उक्ता सामृतधारेति मञ्जरीत्यपि कैश्चन Mm 19 21] अमृतधारा, आपीड, मञ्जरी

सजसल, नसजग, भनजलग, सजसजग (10-10-11-13) [प्रथमे सजौ यदि सलौ च, नसजगुरुकाप्यनन्तरे। यद्यथ भनजलगा स्यु अथो सजसा जगौ प्रभवतीयमुद्रता॥ Pp 2 324] उद्रता

सजसल, नसजग, रनभग, सजसजग (10-10-10-13) [उद्रतायास्तृतीयोऽङ्घ्रि रनभगौ सहितौ यदि। तदा सौरभक ब्रूतेऽन्ये सौरलकमूचिरे॥ Mm 23 3-4] सौरभक, सौरलक

सजसल, नसजग, ननसस, सजसजग (10-10-12-13) [उद्रतायास्तृतीयोऽङ्घ्रि ननससैल्लित मतम् Mm 23 5] ललित

सजसल, नसजग, भनजलग, नननग (10-10-11-12) [उद्रतायाश्चतुर्थोऽङ्घ्रि नननै सरल मतम् Mm 23 6] सरल

सजसल, नसजग, नभजलग, सजसजग (10-10-11-13) [उद्रताया तृतीयोऽङ्घ्रि नभजलगै भवति कीर्ति] कीर्ति

मसजभगग, सनजरग, ननस, नननजय (14-13-9-15) [आद्ये मसजभैर्गाभ्या द्वितीये स्नजगैर्युतम्। तृतीये ननसैर्युक्तं तुयै त्रिनजयैर्यदि॥ उपस्थितप्रकुपित तमाहु पूर्वसुरय। Mm 23 10 11] उपस्थितप्रकुपित, उपस्थितप्रकुपित

मसजभगग, सनजरग, ननसननस, नननजय (14-13-18-15) [अस्यैवाङ्घ्रिस्तृतीयश्चेत् ननसैर्ननसैर्युत। तदा तु वर्धमानाख्य वृत्तं पूर्वे बभाषिरे॥ Mm 23 13-14] वर्धमान

मसजभगग, सनजरग, तजर, नननजय (14-13-9-15) [तार्तीयकस्तु तस्याङ्घ्रिस्तजरै सयुता यदि। वृत्तं वदन्ति तच्छुद्ध-विराड्भनायकम्॥ Mm 23 13 14] शुद्धविराड्भनायकम्.

तमयग, ततजग, सतम, सससलग (10-10-9-11) [Utpala v 53] विलास

तमम, तरजग, सतम, सससलग (9-12-9-11) [Utpala v 53] विलास

उपेन्द्रवज्रा + इन्द्रवज्रा [उपेन्द्रवज्रास्फुरदिन्द्रवज्रा, पादौ विमिश्रौ यदि तौ भवेताम्। नानाविकल्पैरुपजातिरेषा, प्रकल्पितार्थैः क्वचिदिन्द्रमाला॥ Jk 2 117] उपजाति, इन्द्रमाला, उपेन्द्रमाला

A mixture of any of the metres under section I [सर्वजातीनामपि सकर उपजाति H 2 157] उपजाति

A mixture of वशस्थ and इन्द्रवश [यत्रेन्द्रवशाचरणो न्युनाकित चेद्वशस्थपादेन सहित्यनेरुधा। करम्बजातिर्भवतीह सा क्वचित् कुलालचक्र क्व च वशमालिका॥ Jk 2 145] वशमाला, करम्बजाति, कुलालचक्र

A mixture of श्रुति and स्मृति [श्रुत्यङ्घ्रिणा स्मृतिचरणो यथा-स्व नियुक्ति चेदिह बहुभिर्विकल्पैः। यदा समार्धसम-नियामतोऽन्यत् सिंहच्छत मुनिदमसागरोक्तम्॥ Jk 2 148] सिंहच्छत

A mixture of रुचि and रुचिरा [पादौ यदा रुचिरुचिरोद्भवाविमौ विमिश्रितौ यदि भवत कवीच्छया। समाक्षर गणविपरीत-लक्षण छन्दश्चितौ भवति तदा प्रकीर्णकम्॥ Jk 2 165] प्रकीर्णक

ययम, भयय, जमसय, ममजलग (9-9 12-11) Brihat-samhitā 43 55

मसर, जसनगग, तरगग, ररगग (9 11 8 8) Brihat-samhitā 45 16

[विषमाक्षरपाद वा पादैरसम दशधर्मवत्। यच्छन्दो नोक्त-मत्र गायेति तत्सुरिभि प्रोक्तम्॥ Vr 5 12] गाथा

A line has first a जगण and then long and short letters following one another regularly until the line gets 16 letters in all In the last 12 letters a long letter may be replaced by two short ones at the option of the poet [जकारतो ग्लयुमक नकारगणविकल्पितम्। स्वकारि गुरुपर यदा प्रकाश्यते तदा रमा॥ Jk 6 31]

No Ganas are prescribed (11-18-10-10) [See Anargha-rāghava of Murāri Com on I 19] कुसुदाकर

V मात्रावृत्तः - द्विपदी

(The चतुर्मात्रगण mentioned in this and the next sections must be kept separate by avoiding a long letter at their junction, which thus must not combine the last Mātrā of an earlier Chaturmātrā with the first Mātrā of a latter one)

आर्या First half has 7 Chaturmātrās and a long letter at the end, second has five Chaturmātrās followed by one short letter, one Chaturmātrā and one long letter. Thus the two halves have

30 and 27 Mātrās respectively. In each half the Chaturmātras in odd places must not be a जगण, the 6th Chaturmātra in the first half must be either जगण or सर्वलघु. In the latter case a new word must begin with the 2nd Laghu. But if the 7th Gana of the first half or the 5th Gana of the second half are of the सर्वलघु type, a new word must begin with the first Laghu. (सप्त चतुर्मात्रगणा गुरुणार्योर्ध्वे न चायुजि ज । ज षष्ठो न्लगणो वा लघु-रपरे त्रिगणविषमाङ्गि ॥ पादौ प्रथमत्यौ द्वादशमात्रौ द्वितीय आर्याया । अष्टादशमात्रोऽसौ चतुर्थक पञ्चदश-मात्र ॥ Jk 5 2-3

पथ्या आर्या When a यति is clearly felt at the end of the third Chaturmātra, the Āryā is called Pathyā (आर्योऽजपादनिधने यस्या पथ्योभयत्र, पूर्वार्धे । यस्या तु पूर्वपथ्या परार्धयस्या च परपथ्या ॥ Jk 5 4)

विपुला आर्या When a यति is not clearly felt at the end of the 3rd Chaturmātra i.e. when only one letter of a word commenced in the third Chaturmātra belongs to either the 3rd or the 4th Chaturmātra, the Āryā is called विपुला (गणत्रय समुल्लङ्घ्य विषमश्चरणो यदि । द्वयोः शकल्योरेना विपुलार्या प्रचक्षते ॥ Mm 24 1 2)

चपला आर्या When the second and the fourth Chaturmātras of an Āryā are जगण both preceded and followed by a long letter, it is called चपला. When this happens only in the first half, it is मुखचपला, when only in the second, it is जघनचपला, (द्वितीयावोजयो-र्यत्र समयोरादिमौ तथा । जगणौ सप्रकाशेति चपला-र्येति सा मता ॥ चपलालक्षणं त्वाद्ये पथ्यालक्षणमन्तिमे । शकले स्यात् तर्हि मुखचपलेति प्रकीर्तिता ॥ पथ्यार्या-लक्षणं त्वाद्ये चपलालक्ष्म चान्तिमे । दले यदि स्याज्जघन-चपलेति प्रकीर्तिता ॥ Mm 24 3-8

There are about 80 varieties of the Āryā for which Piṅgala's Chandas-Sāstra may be referred to

गीतिः When the second half of an Āryā wholly resembles the first, it is called गीति (आद्यर्धसमा गीति P 4 28)

उपगीतिः When the first half of an Āryā wholly resembles the second it is called उपगीति (उपगीति तु दलयो पथ्यार्योत्तरलक्ष्म चेत् Mm 24 11)

उद्गीतिः When the two halves of an Āryā exchange their places, it is called उद्गीति (उद्गीति स्यात् शकल्यो पथ्यार्याया व्यत्यये सति Mm 24 12)

आर्यागीतिः or स्कन्धकः When each half of an Āryā contains 8 Chaturmātras, it is called Āryā-gīti or स्कन्धक. According to some writers

like Sulhana, it is an Āryā extended by two Mātrās in each half, so that its two halves have respectively 32 and 29 Mātrās in them (अर्धे वसुगण आर्यागीति P 4 31), of Mm 24 13-18

आर्यापूर्वार्धे यदि गुरुणैकेनाधिकेन निधने युक्तम् ।

इतरत् तद्वन्निखिल यदीयमुदितैवमार्यागीति ॥ Vr 2 11

शिखा, चूलिका (28 ल + ग, 30 ल + ग), (रुचिरा लघवो यत्र विंशतिश्चेत् पुनर्नव । अष्टाविंशतिलैर्गेन युत शिखितमुच्यते ॥ त्रिंशलैर्गेन युक्त तु गणित परिकीर्तितम् । विषमे शैखित युक्ते गौणित यदि सा शिखा ॥ Mm 25 8-11)

खजा or खज्जा (30 ल + ग, 28 ल + ग) अस्या तु (शिखाया) विपरीताया खजेति परिकीर्त्यते ॥ Mm 25 12.

अतिरुचिरा, चूलिका (27 ल + ग, 29 ल + ग), त्रिगुणनवलघुरन-सितिगुरुरिति दलयुगकृततनुरतिरुचिरा ॥ Vr 2 42

अनङ्गक्रीडा, सौम्याशिखा, विशिखा (16 ग + 32 ल), गुरव षोडशायुक्ते द्वात्रिंशलघवो युजि । यदि स्थुर्बुक्तेऽनङ्गक्रीडा ता तु मनीषिण ॥ Mm 25 13-14

अनङ्गक्रीडा, ज्योतिःशिखा (32 ल + 16 ग) द्विचान्यष्टौ दीर्घाण्यर्धे यस्या सोक्ताऽनङ्गक्रीडा । शकलमपरमपि सलिलनिधि-गुणितबसुलघुकसुपरिचदितपद्विस्तृति ॥ Jd 4 30

VI मात्रावृत्तः - चतुष्पदी

(These are divided into two groups i.e., the Vartāliya (Nos 1-12) and the मात्रासमक (Nos 13-18) Metres in the second group are all of them of the समवृत्त type, while those in the first are usually of the अर्धसमवृत्त type with a few exceptions. Nos 19-28 form a miscellaneous group of metres of four lines. Figures within brackets indicate the number of Mātrās. In the blocks of 6, 8 or 10 Mātrās in Nos 1-5 and 10, an even Mātrā must not be combined into a long letter with the following one.)

१ वैतालीय (6 + रलग, 8 + रलग) As a वर्णवृत्त this becomes वियोगिनी or अपरवक्त्र ओजयो पादयोरादौ षण्मात्रा रलगा अथ । युक्तयो पादयोरादावष्टमात्रा रलौ गुरु ॥ केवल नैव लघवस्त्वेतयोराद्यष्टकल ॥ समस्तेष्वपि पादेषु द्वितुयोरिस्थिता कला ॥ त्रिबाणसप्तमस्थानस्यैतैश्च त्रुटिभि सह । गुरु त्व न भजेयुधैर्वैतालीयं प्रकीर्तितम् ॥ Mm 25 17-22

(१) **समवैतालीयम्** - वैतालीयसमाङ्गिलक्षण प्रतिपाद खल्ल यत्र वर्तते । तत्समवैतालीयनामक सदस्य छन्दोऽनुशासने ॥ Jk 6 5

(२) **विषमवैतालीयम्** - विषमाङ्गित यदत्र तद् वैतालीयस्य लक्षणम् । परितो विषमभिधानमृद् वैतालीयं तदुच्यते ॥ Jk 6 6

२ औपच्छन्दसिकम् (6 + रय, 8 + रय) औपच्छन्दसिकं प्रोक्त सर्वत्रान्ते रयौ यदि ॥ Mm 26. 5,

(१) समौपच्छन्दसिकम्- औपच्छन्दसिकस्य लक्षण यत्समपादोदितमत्र वर्तते चेत् । प्रतिपाद तन्नाम तत्समौपच्छन्दसिकं छन्दोविदै प्रणीतम् ॥ Jk 6.7

(२) विषमौपच्छन्दसिकम्- ओजाद्विगत तथा यदौपच्छन्दसिकाख्यस्य लक्षण चेत् । अभितो विषमाभिवान-कौपच्छन्दसिकं छन्दसीह दृष्टम् ॥ Jk 6 8

३ आपातलिका (६ + भगग, ८ + भगग) आपाताली कीर्तितेय पर्यन्ते भगगा यदि ॥ Mm 26. 6

(१) समापातलिका- आपातलिकाजातिसमाद्विप्रणितलक्षण-मष्टकलक्षम् । यत्र यदा भगुद्वितयान्त प्रत्यङ्गि समापातलिका सा ॥ Jk 6 1

(२) विषमापातलिका- आपातलिकाविषमाद्विप्रणितलक्षमण्य-भितोऽस्मिन् । षष्मात्राद्वादिगयुग्मे सति विषमापातलिका स्यात् ॥ Jk 6 10

४ प्राच्यवृत्ति (६ + रलग, ८ + ग + ३ + रलग) समयोर्ध्वदि पादगोर्ध्वौ तुर्यपञ्चमकलासमागमे । वैतालीयोक्तयोर्यदा प्राच्यवृत्तिरितिनाम वर्तते ॥ Jk 6 11

There are two more varieties based on Nos 2 and 3 above -

(१) औपच्छन्दसिकाप्राच्यवृत्तिः - यदि औपच्छन्दसाख्यजातौ प्राच्यवृत्तिनियमो भवेद्यथास्वम् । विदितौपच्छन्दसाभिधानप्राच्यवृत्तिरियमुच्यते विधिज्ञैः ॥ Jk 6 16

(२) आपातलिकाप्राच्यवृत्तिः - आपातलिकाहयजातौ प्राच्यवृत्तिगदितिर्यदि यस्याम् । साऽपि तदापातलिकाख्यप्राच्यवृत्तिरभवद्गणवृत्त्या ॥ Jk 6 21

५ उदीच्यवृत्ति (ल + ग + ३ + रलग, ८ + रलग) उदीच्यवृत्तिर्द्वितीयल । सहितोऽन्येण भवेद्युग्मयो ॥ V1 6 16

It is also of two varieties based on Nos 2 and 3 -

(१) औपच्छन्दसिकोदीच्यवृत्तिः - उदीच्यवृत्तीयलक्षणचेदौपच्छन्दसिके यथास्वमित्थम् । तदोच्यतेऽसौ कलाप्रवीणैरौपच्छन्दसिकाद्युदीच्यवृत्तिः ॥ Jk 6 17

(२) आपातलिकोदीच्यवृत्तिः - उदीच्यवृत्तेर्नियमोऽसौ यदि तु भवत्यापातलिकायाम् । उदीच्यवृत्तिस्त्विति नाम्ना गदितापातलिकादिरभिज्ञैः ॥ Jk 6 22

६ प्रवृत्तक (ल + ग + ३ + रलग, ८ + ग + ३ + रलग) उदीच्यप्राच्यगृह्योस्तु पादयोर्विषमौ समौ । समौ चेद्यदि तद्वृत्तप्रवृत्तकमितीर्यते ॥ Mm 26 10 11

(१) औपच्छन्दसिकप्रवृत्तकम्- प्रवर्तकीय यथास्वमौपच्छन्दसेऽत्र यदभाणि लक्षण तत् । प्रवर्तयत्यश्मेतदौपच्छन्दसप्रजनितं प्रवर्तकाख्यम् ॥ Jk 6 18

(२) आपातलिकाप्रवृत्तकम्- उदीरितापातलिकाया यत्प्रवर्तकमत परिदृष्टम् । यदा तदापातलिकादिः स्यात् प्रवर्तकमिहार्धसमाभम् ॥ Jk. 6 23

७ अपरान्तिका It is of 6 kinds according as its four lines are respectively composed of the even Pādas of Nos 1-4 above The first two varieties

are sometimes called दक्षिणान्तिका, the 3rd नलिन and the 6th उपपातलिका Pingala and वृत्तरत्नाकर recognise only one variety of this metre based on No 4

८ चारुहासिनी It is of 6 kinds according as the four lines are respectively composed of the uneven Pādas of Nos 1-3 and 5 above. Pingala and Vṛttaratnākara recognise only one variety of this metre based on No 5 above

९ दक्षिणान्तिका When the second and the third Mātrās are combined into a long letter in every Pāda we get दक्षिणान्तिका from every one of the above-mentioned metres under Nos 1 to 3

१० मागधी (८ + ल + २ + ल + ग, १० + ल + २ + ल + ग) अयुजो-लघवोऽष्टदश युजोन्लौ जो वा गुरुणात्तदन्तयो । न्लगणे तु तदादिलघुयतिर्न विषमलघुतोऽत्रेति मागधी ॥ Jk 6 26

११ पञ्चिमाम्तिका The four lines of this metre are made with the odd lines of No 10 of H 3 63

१२ उपहासिनी All the four lines of this metre are made with the even lines of No 10 of H 3 64

१३ मात्रासमक Each of its four lines consists of four Chatumātrās, the first of which must not be a जगण A short letter must stand for the 9th Mātrā मात्रासमेकषु वदन्ति चतुर्मात्रोक्तचतुर्गणमार्यजना । मात्रासमक गपराशान्त मात्रा नवमीह तु लघ्वी स्यात् ॥ Jk 5 26

‘मात्रासमक नवमो ल् गोऽन्त्य । वृ० २०

१४ उपचित्रा The composition of the lines is as in No 13 but the 9th and 10th Mātrās together are represented by a long letter (उपचित्रा तु मात्राभ्यो वसुभ्यो भगणो यदि । Mm 25 5)

१५ विश्लोक The composition of the lines is as in No 13, but the 5th and 8th Mātrās must be represented by short letters (जो वा नलौ वा विश्लोकः ख्यातो मात्राचतुष्टयात् । Mm 25 2)

१६ चित्रा The composition of the lines is as in No 13 but the 5th, 8th and 9th Mātrās must be represented by short letters (लघुश्चेन्नवमश्चित्रा तथेवाष्टमपञ्चमौ Mm 25 4)

१७ वानवासिका The composition of the lines is as in No 13, but the 9th and 12th Mātrās must be represented by short letters (मात्राचतुष्टयात् जो वा नलौ वा द्व्यष्टिभ्यो मात्राभ्यो वानवासिका Mm 25 3 or मात्राभ्योऽष्टाभ्य एव यस्या जो नलौ वा पूर्ववदिह शेषम् । सविशेषाद् वानवासिकेति प्रवदन्ति विशेषवादिनस्ताम् ॥ Jk. 5. 29.)

१८ पादाकुलक A stanza of this metre consists of lines of any of the metres mentioned in Nos 13-17 above

(कैश्वन्मात्रासमकादीना पादैर्मिश्रैर्द्वित्रिचतुर्णाम् ।

पादाकुलकं कविपादैस्तद् व्यापादितं चतुष्पद्येवम् ॥

अप्रतिपादितपादैर्गन्तै प्रतिपादितपादैरपि सार्धम् ।

प्रोक्तं पिङ्गलपादाकुलकं तिलकं सुचतुष्पष्टिकलानाम् ॥

Jk 5 31-32)

१९ नटचरण A line consists of one Chaturmātra of any kind, followed by four long letters. The यति is after the 8th Mātrā (चो गीर्नटचरणं जै यति । H 3 71)

२० नृत्तगति A line contains two Chaturmātras, two long letters, one Chaturmātra and two long letters occurring in succession. The Chaturmātras may be of any kind (चौ गौ चो गौ नृत्तगतिः है । H 3 72)

२१ अचलधृति Each of the lines contains 16 short letters only. This is called गीत्यार्या by Pingala. This is generally regarded as a Mātrā Vṛtta and mentioned at the beginning of the Mātrāsamaka group. From another point of view it is a वर्णवृत्त and for reference of P 1 16 8 (उक्ताचलधृतिः प्राज्ञै द्व्यष्टाभिर्लघुभिर्वृता । Mm 25 1)

२२ पद्धति In each of its four lines, we have 4 Chaturmātras, those in the odd places must not be जगण्स while the last one must be a जगण or a सर्वलघु. This is really a favourite metre of the Apabhramśa poets, but now and then Jain poets composed Sanskrit stanzas in this metre (चीनौजे जो जो लीर्बन्तेऽनुप्रासे पद्धतिः । H 3 73)

२३ द्विपदी Each line has 6 Mātrās followed by 5 Chaturmātras with a long letter at the end. A Jagana or a सर्वलघु must be used for the 2nd and the 6th places, i.e. for the first and the 5th Chaturmātras. A जगण must not be used

anywhere else. When a सर्वलघु is used as said above, the यति must occur after the first short letter, i.e. a new word must begin with the 2nd short letter. Jayakirta 6 28 regards this and the next two as Sanskrit metres, but Hemachandra considers these as Prākṛit metres of H 4 64-67.

२४ अब्जनाल A line of this metre is obtained by adding a long letter at the end of a line of a द्विपदी, (Jk 6 29). Hemachandra calls this आरनाल, (see H 4 66 and No 23 above).

२५ कामलेखा When the penultimate short letter in the lines of a द्विपदी (No 23) is dropped, we get a line of Kāmalekhā

(षष्ठगणान्तलघुविहीना चेत् प्रथमं द्विपदीकासौ । निष्ठित-शेषलक्षणयुता भवतीति हि कामलेखा Jk 6 29.)

२६ गुण A line of this metre contains 3 Chaturmātras of any kind except the जगण, but at the end of the 3rd line a couple of short letters must always be added

(तोयधिमात्रागणत्रितयाद् गो यदि नात्र जकारगण ।
स्थायितृतीयपदाह्वयुगे सति सोऽयमभाणि गुणो गुणिभिः ॥
Jk 6 27)

२७ शिखा This is an Ardhasama-Chatuspadi obtained by doubling the metre of the same name under Ardhasama-Dwipadi Mātrā Vṛtta, (see V 9) (शिखा एकोनत्रिंशदेकत्रिंशदन्ते गु P 5 43)

२८ खज्जा This is similarly obtained by doubling the metres mentioned under No. V 10, (खज्जा महत्ययुजीति P 5 44)

२९ शम्या This is a Chatuspadi, a Pāda of which contains 5 4 जगण्स or 5 नगण्स

N B - For more particulars readers are requested to refer to Jayadāman edited by Prof. H. D. Velankar, edition 1949

A P P E N D I X B

Giving the dates, works etc of
Important Sanskrit Writers

(Referred to in the dictionary)

अप्पय्य दीक्षित This celebrated author of कुवलयानन्द came from the Southern India and flourished in the first half of the 17th century कुवलयानन्द is an elementary treatise on Alankār His other works are the वृत्तिवार्तिक and चित्रमीमांसा

अमरसिंह This very famous lexicographer is said to have flourished in the 5th century at the court of Vikramāditya He was a Jaina by religion His well-known lexicon अमरकोश contains about 1592 verses in the Anuṣṭup metre and treats of about 25000 Sanskrit words

अमर, अमरक or अमरू The author of the अमरशतक In a traditional story he is said to be the king in whose dead body Sankarāchārya entered to learn the science of erotics There are a number of commentaries on the अमरशतक This poet had already attained celebrity by the 8th century A D , as he was referred to by Ānandavardhana

अश्वघोष This Buddhist author might have flourished in the 1st century A D His well-known work, the बुद्धचरित, gives the history and teachings of Buddha In addition, he wrote the सूत्रालंकार, सौन्दरानन्द काव्य and the drama सारिपुत्रप्रकरण

आर्यभट्ट This foremost Indian astronomer was born in A D 476 His astronomical work, the आर्यसिद्धान्त, is based on higher mathematics

उज्ज्वलदत्त Was a celebrated commentator on the Śakatyāna's Unādisūtras He is reverentially referred to by Bhattoji Dixita in his Siddhānta-kaumudī

उदयनाचार्य This author of the कुसुमाञ्जलि seems to have flourished at the end of the 10th century His other works are the लक्षणावलि, कर्णावलि and न्यायवार्तिक-तात्पर्यटीकापरिशुद्धि

उद्भट One of the earliest writers on Alankār He was the chief Pandit at the court of king Jayapīda of Kashmir His works are the भागवतविवरण, कुमारसम्भवकाव्य and अलंकारसारसंग्रह He flourished at about 800 A D

कण्वट Author of the भाष्यप्रदीप, being a commentary on Patañjali's Mahābhāṣya He is considered by Dr Buhler to be not older than the 13th century

कल्हण The author of the well-known राजतरङ्गिणी 'the chronicle of kings' He was a contemporary of king Jayasimha of Kashmir who reigned from 1129-1150 A D. राजतरङ्गिणी is a historical epic and gives information about many kings of Kashmir

काञ्चनाचार्य The author of a dramatic work named वनजयविजय He seems to have flourished in the 12th century at the court of king Jayadeva of Kanoja

कालिदास The celebrated author of the अभिज्ञानशाकुन्तल, विक्रमोर्वशीय, मालविकाग्निमित्र, रघुवश, कुमारसम्भव, मेघदूत, and शतसुहृद and some other minor works Much has been written by the Eastern and Western scholars about the date of Kālidāsa, and there is no unanimity on this point Popular tradition identifies his patron Vikramāditya with the founder of the Samvat (संवत्) Era, 56 B C , but some scholars place the era of Vikramāditya to the year 544 A D Hence the range of fixing his time is 600 years However, the 4th century A D is the time of the Gupta dynasty is accepted by a majority of scholars There is also a similar controversy about his locality

कुमारदास The author of the poem जानकीहरण According to tradition, Kumārādāsa was a Sinhalese king who lived between 517 and 526 A D The entire text of the जानकीहरण has not yet been recovered, however, it seems that the poet has modelled his work in form and spirit on the two Mahākāvya of Kālidāsa and the subject-matter coincides with the work of Bhatta

कुल्लुकभट्ट The famous commentator on the मनुस्मृति His commentary मन्वर्थसुक्तावलि is taken as an authority to interpret Manu's text He hails from Bengal and seems to have flourished in the 12th century His other works are the श्राद्धसागर, विवादसागर, अशौचसागर and स्मृतिसागर.

कुसुमदेव Author of the दृष्टान्तशतक of unknown date. This work consists of 100 verses, each verse having the instruction in the first line and simile in the second

कृष्णभट्ट सार्वभौम Author of the पदाङ्कदूत, who was at the court of king Raghurāma of Nadia (Bengal) and composed this poem in 1723 A D In this work the footprints of Kṛṣṇa are asked by the Gopīs to carry their message to Kṛṣṇa to Mathurā

कृष्णमिश्र The author of the well-known allegorical drama प्रबोधचन्द्रोदय He belonged to the second half of the 11th century and wrote this play for his patron king Kirtivarman of the Chandella dynasty

केदारभट्ट This author of the वृत्तरत्नाकर might have flourished in the 13th century His work is a great authority on metres and naturally there seems to have been more than twenty commentaries on this text

क्षेमीश्वर His play, the चण्डकौशिक, is based on the mythological story of king Harisohandra He seems to be a young contemporary of Rājasekhara and was patronised by the king Mahipāl, who ruled over Kānyakubja in the 10th century

क्षेमेन्द्र This Kashmirian writer flourished in the 11th century at the time of king Ananta (1020-1063) of Kashmir Many works like the समयमातृका, भारतमञ्जरी, बृहत्कथामञ्जरी, राजावलि, औचित्यविचार, कविकण्ठाभरण &c are to his credit He was a student of Abhinavagupta

गङ्गादास The author of the छन्दोमञ्जरी In this work he describes the varieties of metres and illustrates them by verses in praise of Kṛṣṇa He also wrote the अच्युतचरित and दिनेशचरित in praise of the sun He may be placed in the 10th or 11th century

गुणाढ्य The foremost story-writer of India His original बृहत्कथा was composed in Paisācī Prākṛit language क्षेमेन्द्र and सोमदेव made adaptations of this work in Sanskrit under the names बृहत्कथामञ्जरी and कथासरित्सागर respectively and these Kashmirian versions represent the original text of Guṇādhya to a great degree Guṇādhya was born at Pratisthāna on the Godāvarī, the capital of Śātavahana kings and might have flourished in the 1st century A D

गोवर्धनाचार्य The author of the आर्यासप्तशती The poet seems to have taken Hala's गायसप्तशती as his model He was a court-poet of Lakṣmanasena of Bengal and contemporary of Jayadeo, the author of गीतगोविंद His erotic poem (आर्यासप्तशती) must have inspired the Hindi poet Vihārīlāl to compose his सप्तसई

घटकर्पूर The author of the घटकर्पूरकाव्य This small poem has many commentaries, one (घटकर्पूर-कुलक-वृत्ति) being of Abhinavagupta, and is the earliest यमक-काव्य Tradition associates Kālidāsa with Ghatakarpara and some scholars place the latter even earlier than Kālidāsa He has also written another short didactic poem called नीतिसार

चाणक्य or **कौटिल्य** The author of the well-known कौटिलीय अर्थशास्त्र Another name of this author is Viśnu-gupta or Viśnuśarman Tradition says that Chānakya uprooted the Nanda dynasty and placed Chandragupta Maurya on the throne of Magadha in 321 B C He was also a law-maker and the अर्थशास्त्र is nothing but a political science of that period, although some scholars ascribe this work to a later period

The work चाणक्यशतक, a collection of didactic verses, is ascribed to Chānakya, as the other recensions चाणक्यनीति, चाणक्यनीतिदर्पण, वृद्धचाणक्य and लघुचाणक्य are done

जगद्धर N of a celebrated commentator who has written commentaries on works like मारुतीमातृवृत्त and वेणीसहार He lived after the 14th century

जगन्नाथपण्डित N of a celebrated modern author His most celebrated work is the रसगङ्गाविर, a treatise on Rhetorics or Poetics, his other works are भामिनीविलास, the five लहरीs (गङ्गा, पीयूष, सुधा, अमृत and करुणा) and a few minor works He is supposed to have flourished during the time of the Emperor Shahjahan of Delhi He must have seen the end of Jehangir's reign, and the temporary accession of Dara to the throne in 1658 His date, at least his active career, lay, therefore, between 1620 and 1660 A D

जयदेव Author of that charming lyric poem the गीतगोविंद He was an inhabitant of the village Kinduwlva in the Virabhūmi district of Bengal He is said to have lived in the time of a king called Lakṣmanasena, who is identified by Dr Buhler with the Vaidya king of Bengal, whose inscription is dated as Vikrama Samvat 1173 or 1116 A D The poet must have, therefore, flourished in the 12th century

गीतगोविंद has no less than 40 commentaries, and it is actually sung in accompaniment with dancing It occupies a distinctive place in the history of Sanskrit poetry, both in its emotional and literary aspects

जयदेव (पीयूषवर्ष) The author of the चन्द्रालोक and प्रसन्नराघव The first is a treatise on Poetics and the second is a drama embracing the story of Rāma This Jayadeva is quite different from the author of गीतगोविंद and seems to have flourished not earlier than the 12th century

जयराम A Maratha poet at the court of Shahaji Bhosale, the father of the great Shivaji He has very lucidly described the court of his patron Shahaji at Bangalore in his राधामाधवविलासचपू The पर्णालपर्वतप्रहणाख्यान is compiled in Tanjore at the court of Vyankoji, Shivaji's step-brother, in the year 1673 A D The subject matter of this poem is the siege of the fort Panhālā (पर्णाल) and its capture by Shivaji in the year 1672

ज्योतिरीश्वर कविशेखर The author of the *युतसमागम*, a farce (प्रहसन) in one act. This was composed under king Harisimha of Karnāta family, who ruled in Mi-thilā in the first quarter of the 14th century. There is another work written by this author, named *पञ्चसायक*, on the art of love.

दण्डिन Author of the two prominent works—the *दशकुमारचरित* and *काव्यादर्श*. Some scholars do not ascribe these two works to one and the same writer. The *दशकुमारचरित* is described as a romance of reguery and the *काव्यादर्श* is a work on Sanskrit Poetics. To ascertain the date of Dandin is also difficult. He might have lived in all probability in the 7th century. His *अवन्तिसुन्दरीकथा* is an epitome of the *दशकुमारचरित* but in poetry form.

धनञ्जय Author of the *दशरूप*, a work on dramaturgy. Dhananjaya practically re-edited the *भरतनाट्यशास्त्र* and is taken as authority by later writers on *Alankāra* and *Nāṭyaśāstra*. His commentator *धनिक* was his own brother and they both were at the court of Munja of Dhar, in the latter half of the 10th century.

नारायण Author of the famous *हितोपदेश*. This popular didactic work is avowedly based on the *पञ्चतन्त्र*, but it has its own plan. Some stories are quite new and there is a large selection of didactic matter from the *कामन्दकीय नीतिसार*. Nārāyaṇa might have flourished in the 14th century.

पताञ्जलि The celebrated author of the *महाभाष्य*. He wrote a commentary on Pāṇini's *Sūtras* and Kātyāyana's *Vārtikas*. Aphorisms on the Yoga system of philosophy, named the *योगसूत्र*, are ascribed to this Patañjali.

The grammarian Bhartṛhari wrote a commentary on the *महाभाष्य* work. There is no unanimity about Patañjali's date among scholars. However, the majority accepts the 2nd century B C as the most probable date.

परमानन्द Author of the epic *शिवभारत*. This Maratha poet flourished in the regime of the great Shivaji, the founder of the Maratha Empire, and it is but natural for him to compile a *Mahākāvya* on the adventurous life of Shivaji. This *शिवभारत* is not yet found in a complete form.

प्रबोधानन्द सरस्वति Author of the *द्वन्द्वावनशतक* of unknown date. His other works are the *चैतन्यचन्द्रामृत*, *विवेकशतक* and *सगीतमाधव*.

बाण The well-known author of the *हर्षचरित*, *कादम्बरी* and *चण्डिकाशतक*. The *पार्वतीपरिणय* and *रत्नावली* are also ascribed to him. His date is indisputably fixed by that

of his patron Harsavardhana of Kānyakubja, who was reigning during the whole of Hiuen Tsang's travels in India, which lasted from 629 A D to 645 A D. Bāṇa must, therefore, have lived in the latter half of the 7th century.

The *हर्षचरित* has the distinction of being the first attempt at writing a prose *Kāvya* on historical theme and the *कादम्बरी* deals with a legendary fiction.

बिल्हण Author of the *Mahākāvya* *विक्रमाङ्कदेवचरित*, the *चौरपञ्चाशिका*, *बिल्हणचरित* and *कर्णसुन्दरी*. Bilhana was a Kashmiri Brāhmaṇa, and had travelled all over India. He composed the *विक्रमाङ्कदेवचरित* in honour of his patron Chalukya Vikramāditya of Kalyāṇī. The *चौर* (सुरत) *पञ्चाशिका* is a passionate poem of secret love. In the *बिल्हणचरित* the legend of Bilhana's love for a princess is told in a voluptuous way. Both these deal with the same story of secret love. *The *कर्णसुन्दरी* is a *Nāṭikā* on the love-marriage of Chalukya Karnadeva of Anhilvad (1064-74 A D) with a *Vidyādhara* princess (Karnasundarī). Bilhana belonged to the second half of the 11th century.

बोपदेव Author of the *सुगधबोध*, *कविकल्पद्रुम* and many other works. He was a contemporary of Hemādri and both flourished at the court of the Yādava kings of Devagiri, in the second half of the 13th century. The *सुगधबोध* is a celebrated work on grammar.

भट्टनारायण Author of the *वेणीसहार*, a drama based on the sensational incident of Bhīma's ferocious revenge on the Kauravas for violating the decency of Draupadī. This play is one of the earliest and best examples of the declamatory type of drama, which is a half-poetical and half-dramatic composition. The author lived in the first half of the 7th century.

भट्टि Author of the *भट्टिकाव्य*, also known as *रावणबध*. This so-called *Mahākāvya* seeks to comprehend the entire story of the Rāmāyana, but it is composed deliberately to illustrate the rules of grammar and rhetorics. He must have lived between 500 and 600 A D.

भट्टोजी दीक्षित Author of the *सिद्धान्तकौमुदी*, a celebrated grammatical work giving a particular arrangement of Pāṇini's *Sūtras* with commentary. He lived in the 17th century and wrote many other works of reputation.

भर्तृहरि Author of the three celebrated *शतक*s (*शृङ्गार*, *नीति* and *वैराग्य*). The author's personality is mysterious or semi-historical. Therefore, his exact date cannot be ascertained. Some scholars place him in the 1st or 2nd century A D and others put him in the 6th or 7th century. His *शतकत्रय* is a specimen of sententious poetry, enveloping lofty ideas for the cultivation of a

spirit of detachment The grammarian भर्तृहरि, the author of the वाक्यपदीय, who died about 651 A D, was a Buddhist and seems to be different from the भर्तृहरि of Sataka fame

भवभूति The well-known author of the महावीरचरित, मालतीमाधव and उत्तररामचरित He was a native of Vidarbha and lived at the court of king Yaśovarman of Kānyakubja, who was subdued by Lalitāditya of Kashmir (698-729 A D) Bhavabhūti flourished therefore at the end of the 7th century As a dramatist, he occupies a very high place, next to that of Kālidāsa The मालतीमाधव is a romantic love story of middle-class life, and the महावीरचरित and उत्तररामचरित deal respectively with the earlier and the later history of Rāma

भानुदत्त Author of the रसमञ्जरी and रसतरङ्गिणी The रसमञ्जरी deals with the nature of the heroes and heroines and the parts they play The रसतरङ्गिणी deals merely with the various components of Rasa Bhānudatta seems to have flourished towards the end of the 13th or the beginning of the 14th century

भारवि Author of the किरातार्जुनीय, a Mahākāvya In the Aihole inscription (634 A D) he is mentioned with Kālidāsa, which shows that he must have achieved enough poetic fame at that time The subject matter of the किरातार्जुनीय is taken from one of the episodes of Arjuna's career, described in the Vana-parva of the Mahābhārata Sanskrit critics extol his profundity of thought (अर्थगौरव) He seems to have flourished in the beginning of the 7th century

भास A very ancient author of many plays including the स्वप्नवासवदत्त, प्रतिज्ञायौगन्धरायण, प्रतिमा &c Before 1912 Bhāsa was known only by reputation, having been honoured by Kālidāsa and Bāna as a great predecessor Between 1912 and 1915 his thirteen plays discovered in the Kerala were published in a lot These plays have been based on stories from the Rāmāyana, Mahābhārata and the Purāṇas But the स्वप्नवासवदत्त, प्रतिज्ञायौगन्धरायण, अभिमारक and चारुदत्त have legendary plots Bhāsa's language possesses a peculiar grace and he has attained fame by his versatile imageries and originality of conception He is generally placed in the 5th century B C

भास्कराचार्य Author of the astro-mathematical work, the सिद्धान्तशिरोमणि with its 4 divisions (लीलावती, बीजगणित, ग्रहगणित and गोलाध्याय) He belongs to the 12th century

भोजदेव Author of the well known सरस्वतीकण्ठाभरण, a compilation on Alankāra Numerous other works are ascribed to him. In his book, the सरस्वतीकण्ठाभरण, he discusses merits and demerits of poetry, the figures of

speech and sentiments He flourished in the 11th century

मयूर Author of the well-known poem सूर्यशतक He was closely related to Bāna and both were at the court of Harṣa The सूर्यशतक is written in praise of the sun but it reveals the author's spirit of literary display, and hence it is favoured by rhetoricians, grammarians and lexicographers

मम्मट N of the author of the काव्यप्रकाश He was a native of Kashmir, but had his education at Benares His काव्यप्रकाश covers the whole ground of rhetorics or poetics It has two parts—सूत्रs or कारिकाs and वृत्तिs This work has been very much revered and hence we find numerous commentaries on it in all centuries after the 11th, in which Mammata flourished

मल्लिनाथ A great and much esteemed commentator of famous Sanskrit works of Kālidāsa, Māgha, Bhāravi, Vidyādhara, Varadarāja &c He was of Kolāchala family in Andhra country and was a Telugu Brāhmaṇa

He belonged probably to the 14th century

माघ Author of the शिशुपालवध, a Mahākāvya on the well-known episode of the Mahābhārata Māgha has a copious and elegant diction, and his phraseology and imagery often attain to perfection The usually accepted date of this great poet is the latter part of the 7th century

माधव Author of the सर्वदर्शनसंग्रह, a treatise on all systems of the Indian philosophy He seems to be different from the well-known Vijayanagar minister, Vidyāranya Mādhavāchārya He is said to be the son of Śāyaṇa, the Vedic commentator and hence the nephew of Mādhavāchārya (Indian Antiquary, Vol XIV, p 20) This Mādhava lived in the 14th century

माधवाचार्य Author of the जैमिनीयन्यायमालाविस्तर The work is a compendium of the Mīmāṃsā philosophy This Mādhvāchārya is the celebrated scholar and promoter of Vedic studies at the court of the Vijayanagar kingdom His date is the 14th century A D

मित्रमिश्र Author of the वीरमित्रोदय, a work on Dharma-śāstra He also wrote the आनन्दकन्दचम्पू, which treats of the birth of Śrīkṛṣṇa Mitramiśra flourished in the 17th century at the court of Orchha

मुरारि Author of the अनर्घराघव, a drama in 7 acts on the story of the Rāmāyana This play has been considered a standard for poetic criticism and grammatical learning He might have flourished at the end of the 8th or at the beginning of the 9th century.

यास्क Author of the निरुक्त, a commentary on निघण्टु, the Vedic glossary - the fourth Vedāṅga. This vocabulary tries to explain the meaning of Vedic words and Mantras. Yāska may be taken as the foremost linguist or philologist of India. He is supposed to have flourished in the 8th or 7th century B C.

युवराज Author of the रामचरित. He was a Keral prince (1800-1851) and resided at Kohlingapur. His other works are the त्रिपुरदहनचरितम्, रससदनभाण, सुधानन्दलहरी and some stotras.

रणछोड Author of the राजप्रगल्भ. Only two cantos of this epic are found in an inscription (E I, Vol V). This poet lived at the end of the 18th century.

रत्नाकर Author of a Mahākāvya, named हरविजय. He was a Kashmirian Pandit and flourished under kings Jayāpīda (832-844) and Avantivarman (855-884). His poem is a stupendous work of 50 cantos and it relates to the story of the slaying of the demon Andhaka by the god Siva.

राघव Compiler of the नानार्थमञ्जरी, a lexicon on the lines of the मेदिनी, शाश्वत &c. This work is critically edited by Shri K V Krishnamoorthy Sharma in 1954. The author seems to belong to the 14th century.

राजशेखर Author of many works like the बालरामायण, बालभारत, विद्वत्शालभञ्जिका, कर्पूरमञ्जरी and काव्यमीमांसा. The बालरामायण dramatises in ten acts the entire story of the Rāmāyana. The बालभारत is also called प्रचण्डपाण्डव and is a play on the Mahābhārata story. The कर्पूरमञ्जरी a Sattaka and the विद्वत्शालभञ्जिका a Nāṭikā are smaller works in four acts. The काव्यमीमांसा is a good handbook for poets. He is said to have lived in the first quarter of the 10th century.

रुद्रट Author of the काव्यालंकार and शृङ्गारतिलक. He was the earliest author on Alankāra who had a rational method of classification of Alankāras. His शृङ्गारतिलक delineates Rasas as developed in poems as opposed to plays. This work is ascribed by some scholars to a रुद्रभट्ट of a later period. Rudrata lived in the 9th century A D.

रूपगोस्वामी Author of the उद्भवदत्त, ईसदत्त and other Dūtakāvya. He flourished in the 16th century.

वराहमिहिर A celebrated astronomer and the author of the बृहत्संहिता. Tradition places him as one of the nine gems at the court of Vikramāditya. He has written many books on astronomy and astrology. The बृहत्संहिता is a well-known astrological technical work. Varāhamihira seems to have flourished in the 6th century A D.

वर्धमान Author of the गणरत्नमहोदधि, a collection of grammatical Ganas. He was a Jain Pandit at the court of Siddharāja Jayasinha of the Solanki dynasty of Gujarat (1094-1143). He seems to have written other books like the क्रियागुप्त (where the predicate is concealed) and the सिद्धराजवर्णन.

वल्लभदेव Author of the सुभाषितावलि, an anthology of 3527 verses of different writers. It contains a large variety of subjects like love, the conduct of life, natural scenery and seasons, worldly wisdom &c. Vallabha-deva seems to have lived in the 15th century.

वात्स्यायन Author of the well known कामसूत्र, a treatise on sexual love. His date is controversial and varies from the 2nd century B C to the 4th century A D.

वामनभट्टबाण Author of the पार्वतीपरिणय, नलाभ्युदय and शृङ्गारभूषण. He is also named अभिनवभट्टबाण, because he imitated the style of Bāṇa. He was at the court of Vemabhūpāla, the ruler of the Trilinga country in the 1st half of the 15th century.

वासुदेव Author of the नलोदय, a story of Nala in 4 cantos. Nalodaya is a Yamaka Kāvya of this Kerala poet and commands numerous commentaries. He has also written three other Kāvyas - त्रिपुरदहन, सौरी-कथोदय and युधिष्ठिरविजय. This poet lived at the court of Kulasekharavarman (of uncertain date, but probably between the 10th and 12th century).

विशाखदत्त Author of the सुदाराक्षस, one of the great Sanskrit dramas. It is a drama of purely political intrigue, still it well absorbs the mind of the audience by the unique skill of the poet. The date of the author is again subject to much speculation. However, he may be placed between the 5th and the 9th century.

विश्वनाथ Author of the celebrated work साहित्यदर्पण and also a commentator of the काव्यप्रकाश. He wrote a number of other works, such as the राघवविलास, कुवलयान्वचरित, प्रभावती, प्रशस्तिरत्नावलि &c. His साहित्यदर्पण was composed in 1384 A D.

वेङ्कटाध्वरिन् Author of the विश्वगुणादर्शचम्पू. He belonged to the first half of the 17th century. In his curious Champū two Gandharvas take a bride's eye view of various countries from their aerial car and expose the good and bad manners and customs of the time. The author has also many other works to his credit.

शंकराचार्य The celebrated teacher of the Vedānta philosophy and author of the शारीरभाष्य and of a large number of original works. He is said to have been born in 788 A D and to have died in 820 A D at the early age of 32. Some scholars put him in the 6th or 7th century. Various Stotras such as आनन्दलहरी, मोहमुहुर etc are ascribed to him.

शारदातनय Author of the भावप्रकाश, a treatise on Rasas. He summarises views of all writers before and after the time of Bharata, but he has greatly developed the Śringāra Rasa on the lines suggested by Bhoja in his Śringāraprakāśa. He has also written a commentary on the काव्यप्रकाश. He seems to have flourished in the 12th century.

शिवदास Compiler of a version of the वेताल-पञ्च विंशति, which is a collection of 25 folk-tales. The earliest version is preserved in the बृहत्कथा. Jambhaladatta's version is almost entirely in prose. This work is also known in several forms in modern Indian languages. Śivadāsa may have flourished in the 14th or 15th century.

सूद्रक Author of the मृच्छकटिक, a very old Sanskrit drama, which might be a recast of the fragmentary चारुदत्त, ascribed to Bhāsa. This drama is a departure from the dramatisation of time-worn royal stories and legends to a more refreshing plot of everyday life, yet it is full of real poetry and sentiment found in master pieces of Kālidāsa and Bhavabhūta. Sūdraka may be assigned to the 1st century A.D.

श्रीहर्ष Author of the नैषधचरित, one of the five great Mahākāvya. The work is based on the well-known Mahābhārata story of Nala and Damayanti. Śrīharṣa was a logician and philosopher and hence the ideas from these sciences are often imported into his narrations and descriptions. It is a repository of traditional learning and should, therefore, be approached with the full equipment of such learning. The poet may have probably flourished in the second half of the 12th century.

सिलहणमित्र Author of the शान्तिशतक, a didactic poem in imitation of that of Bhartrihari. He was a poet from Kashmir and might have lived in the 12th century.

सुन्दरदेव Author of the सूक्तिसुन्दर, an anthology of verses of various poets in praise of the rulers of the 16th and 17th centuries (including Akbar and Shahjahan). Sunderadeva must have flourished in the 17th century.

सुबन्धु Author of the वासवदत्ता, a romantic story, different from the Vāsavadattā of the Udayana legend, and entirely invented and embellished by Subandhu. His sole aim in this work seems to illustrate the potency of expression of the Sanskrit language and his dexterity in framing discourse made of equivoques in every syllable. He was a contemporary of Bāna.

सोमदेव Compiler of the कथासरित्सागर, a condensed Sanskrit version of Guṇādhya's Paśāchī बृहत्कथा (see गुणाध्याय). This is a great ocean of stories of every con-

ceivable description — tales of wondrous maidens and their fearless lovers, of kings, of state-craft and intrigue, of magic and spells, of murder and war, of devil and goblins, stories of animals in fact and fable, of beggars, ascetics, drunkards, gamblers, prostitutes and bawds. Somadeva was at the court of king Ananta of Kashmir (1029-1064) and for the amusement of the queen Sūryavatī he compiled this huge work of 24000 verses.

सोमेश्वर Author of the कीर्तिकौमुदी. This work is the biography of Vastupāla, minister of the Vaghelā princes (Lavaṇa-prasāda and Vīra-dhavalā) and has a historical and poetical value. Somēśvara also wrote a romantic epic called the दुरयोत्सव. He lived in Gujarat between 1179 and 1262 A.D.

सौमरि Author of the एकार्थनाममाला and व्यक्षरीनाममाला. The first work deals with एकार्थः i.e. single consonants and the second with double consonants. Dr. E. D. Kulkarni, of the Deccan College is the editor of these Kōśas and he remarks in the preface that the author Saubhari must have flourished not later than Samvat 1639.

हनुमत् The mythical author of the well-known महानाटक or हनुमन्नाटक. It is a very extensive work on the entire Rāmāyaṇa story. Its two principal recensions, one of Damodara Miśra and the other of Madhusūdana, ascribe this Nāṭaka to the legendary servant of Rāma, Hanumat. Hence there is no historical evidence about the author.

हर्ष Author of the three dramas — नागानन्द, रत्नावली and प्रियदर्शिका. The story of the नागानन्द is drawn from the कथासरित्सागर, रत्नावली describes the secret love between king Udayana and Śāgarikā (an attendant of the queen), and the drama प्रियदर्शिका has been modelled on the मालविकाग्निमित्र. All these dramas though attributed to king Harṣa of Mālava are supposed to have been written by his court poets like Dhāvaka and Bāna.

हलायुध Author of the कविरहस्य, a sort of lexicon of roots (धातुपाठ) and at the same time a eulogy of the Rāstrakūṭa king, Kṛṣṇarāja III (940-956). His other work, the अभिधानरत्नमाला, is a vocabulary. He flourished in the 10th century.

The author of the धर्मविशेक seems to be different from this.

हेमचन्द्र A great lexicographer and a grammarian of the 11th and 12th centuries. He wrote many works embracing almost all fields of Sanskrit and Prakrit literature. The देशीनाममाला, अभिधानचिन्तामणि, अनेकार्थसंग्रह and निघण्टुशेष are his works on lexicography.

A P P E N D I X C

On Important Geographical Names in Ancient India

अङ्ग It was one of the sixteen political divisions of India, situated on the right bank of the Ganges. Its capital was Champā, also called Angapurī, which is identified with the modern Bhāgalpur. It was the kingdom of Romapāda of the Rāmāyana and of Karpā of the Mahābhārata.

अनुराधपुर (q v page 105) The branch of the celebrated Pipaala-tree of Buddha-Gayā was brought to this ancient capital of Ceylon by Mahinda, the son of Aśoka. This tree still exists in the Mahā-vihāra.

अनूपदेश The country on the river Narmadā, south Malwa, same as Haihaya, Mahisa and Māhisaka. Its capital was Māhismatī.

अन्ध्र N of a people and their country. It is the modern Telangana or Andhra. The limits of this ancient country were probably confined to the Ghāts on the west, and the rivers Godāvarī and Kṛṣṇā on the north and south. It bordered on Kalīnga (see Dk 7), and its capital अन्ध्रनगर is probably the old town of Vengi.

अपरान्त It is the Ariaka of Ptolemy. Some scholars identify it with Konkana and others with the whole western sea-board of India. According to Dr R. G. Bhandarkar, Aparānta was the northern Konkana, the capital of which was Suppāraka (Mar सोपारं) near Bassein. One of Aśoka's inscriptions is recently found in this locality.

अमरकण्टक A part of the मेकल hills in Gondwana in which the Narmadā and Sonā rivers have their source. It may be the आम्रकूट, referred to in the Meghadūta (verse 17).

अमरनाथ A celebrated shrine of Śiva in the Bhairavaghaṭi range of the Himalayas.

अमरावती This famous Stūpa is about 18 miles to the west of Bezvada on the bank of the Kṛṣṇā. It was built in about 380 A. D.

अमरेश्वर A celebrated place on the opposite side of Omkārnātha, on the southern bank of the Narmadā, where one of the twelve great Śivalingas (ओंकार) is worshipped.

अयोध्या The modern Oudh. It was the kingdom of Rāma, with the capital of the same name (see अयोध्या page 213). During the Buddhist period Ayodhya was divided into Uttara Kosala and Dakṣiṇa Kosala, the river Sarayū being the boundary line between Vikramāditya of the Gupta dynasty restored the sacred places in Ayodhya.

अरुणा A branch of the Sarasvatī in Kuruksetra. It is identified by some scholars with Mārkandā.

अरुणाचल Tiruvannamalai (South Arcot).

अलकनन्दा A tributary of the Ganges—the united stream of the विष्णुगङ्गा (also called धवलगङ्गा) and सरस्वती-गङ्गा. Its source called वसुधारा is in the Himalayas.

अवन्ति N of a country, north of Narmadā. Its capital was Ujjayanī, (also called Avantipurī and Viśālā) situated on the Sīpra. It is the western part of Mālwa. In the time of Mahābhārata the country extended on the south to the banks of the Narmadā and on the west probably to the banks of the Mahī. Avanti was the kingdom of Vikramāditya. It has been called Mālava since the seventh or eighth century A. D.

अश्मक There is no agreement among scholars about the situation of this ancient country (See page 277). Aśmaka is identified by some with the Buddhist Assaka situated between the Godāvarī and Māhismatī on the Narmadā and its capital was Pratisthāna. It was a part of the Mahārāstra country at the time of Aśoka.

It is also an old name of Travancore.

अहिक्षेत्र, अहिच्छत्र The name अहिच्छत्र is at present confined to the great fortress in the lands of Alampur Kot and Nasratganj. It was the capital of North Pāncālā or Rohilkhand.

आनर्तपुर, also आनन्दपुर The modern Vadnagar in northern Gujarat. This was visited by Huen Tsang. See आनर्त (page 334).

आभीर The country on the western coast of India from the Tapti to Devagad. The south-eastern portion of Gujarat. According to the Mahābhārata.

(2 31), the Ābhīras lived near the seashore and on the bank of the Sarasvatī, a river near Somnāth in Gujarat. There is no unanimity among Purāṇas and other texts about the exact locality of this country. There is one verse giving its position, श्रीकोट्टकणादधोभागे तापीत पश्चिमे तटे । आभीरदेशो देवेशि विन्ध्यशैले व्यवस्थित ॥

आरण्य (क) A kingdom situated on the south of Ujjain and Vidarbha. Its capital was Tagara.

आर्यावर्त (q v page 356) The river Narmadā was the boundary between Aryāvarta and Dakṣiṇā-patha.

इक्षु 1 An affluent of the Narmadā -2 The river Oxus, it flowed through Śakadvīpa.

इक्षुमती The river Kālindī, flowing through Kumaun, Rohilkhand and the district Kanauj, पितृपैतामहीं पुण्या तेहरिभुमती नदीम् Rām 2 68 17

इन्द्रप्रस्थ (Also called हरिप्रस्थ, शकप्रस्थ, खण्डवप्रस्थ, &c) Identified with the old Delhi, though it stood on the left bank of the Yamunā, while Delhi stands on the right. It was the capital of Yudhiṣṭhira.

इरावती 1 The river Rāvi in the Punjab -2 The Rapti in Oudh.

इल्ललपुर Ellora, the site of the famous caves.

उत्कल, उड्ड, ओड्ड N of a country, the modern Orissa, which lay to the south of Tāmralipta, and extended to the river Kapiśā (of स तीर्त्वा कपिशा सैन्यैर्बद्धादिरदसेतुभि । उत्कलदर्शितपथ कलिङ्गाभिमुखो ययौ ॥ R 4 38) The chief towns of the province are Cuttack and Puri. It formed a part (north, as उत्कल is a corruption of उत्कलिङ्ग) of Kalinga, the river Vaitarani being its northern boundary.

ऋक्षपर्वत The eastern part of the Vindhya range, extending from the Bay of Bengal to the source of the Narmadā and the Sona.

ऋष्यमुख A mountain situated eight miles from Anāgondi on the river Tungabhadra.

एकचक्रा Chakarnagar, sixteen miles south-west of Itawah, U P (of एकचक्रा गतास्ते तु कुन्तिपुत्रा महारथा Mb 1 157 1, 2)

एकाम्रकानन Bhuvaneshvara in Orissa. It was the capital of Orissa from the 6th century B C to the time of Yayāti Keśari in the middle of the 5th century A D.

कनखल N of a village near Hardwara, which is situated on the Ganges at the southern base of the Sewalika mountains. कनखल was also the name of the surrounding mountains. It was the scene of दक्षयज्ञ, very famous in the Purāṇas.

कपिलवस्तु The birth place of Buddha. It has been identified with Bhula in the north western part of the Basti district, U P.

कपिशा 1 The country to the north of the Kabul river. It is the Kapiśi of Pāṇini. According to Dr R G Bhandarkar, Kapiśā was North Afghanistan -2 The river Suvarṇarekhā in Orissa -3 The river Kāsā which flows through the district of Midnapur, Bengal. See सुष्म.

क (का) पिस्थल Kaithal in Karnal district, Punjab. It is said to have been founded by Yudhiṣṭhira.

करतोया (also called सदानिरा) A sacred river flowing through the districts of Rangpur, Dacca and Bogra. It was the boundary between the kingdoms of Bengal and Kāmarūpa.

कलिङ्ग A country lying to the south of Orissa and extending to the mouths of the Godavari. It is identified with the old Northern Circars of the British time. कलिङ्गनगर (q v) was its capital.

कलिङ्गनगर Appears to have been the general name of the capitals of Kalinga which were different at different periods as Maupur, Rājapura (probably Rajamahendri), Bhuvaneshvara, Simhapura, &c.

कलिक, कोल्कट The capital of Paṇḍya at the mouth of Tāmraparni in Tinneveli. It is identified also with Tuticorin.

कल्याण, कल्याणि, कल्याणपुर The capital of Kuntala-deśa. Someśvara Chalukya founded the city in the 11th century and made it a seat of his government in place of Manyakheta. This town is situated 36 miles west of Bidar, Andhra state. Authors like Viṣṇuśvara, Bilhana flourished at the court of Kalyāṇi kings. Basava, the founder of the Lingayat sect was the minister of king Bijjala of Kalyāṇi.

काञ्ची (पुर) Conjeveram. It was the capital of Dravida or Chola (See द्रविड). Kanchīpura is said to have been founded by Kulottunga Chola I (11th century) on the site of a forest called afterwards Tondamandala. The eastern portion of the town is विष्णुकाञ्ची and the western, शिवकाञ्ची.

कान्यकुब्ज Kanauj. It is on the bank of the Kālī-nadi. It was the capital of Gādhī Rājā and birth-place of Viśvāmitra. It had also been the capital of many kingdoms afterwards.

कामरूप An important kingdom said to have extended from the banks of the Karatoya or Sadānīrā to the extremities of Assam. It must have extended upto the Himalaya on the north and the borders of China on the east, as its king is said to have assisted Duryodhana.

कौशिकी The river Kusī in Bihar It has a reference in the Rāmāyana (कौशिकी परमोदारा प्रवृत्ता च महानदी Rām 1 34 8) It joins the Ganges at Jot-narahari Near the banks of this river stood the hermitage of the sage ऋष्यशृङ्ग

खरोष्ट्र Kaśgar It is situated in that part of the Turkestan which is called Lesser Bucharā The ancient alphabets called Kharosthī were introduced in India from this country

खण्डव-वन (-प्रस्थ) See इन्द्रप्रस्थ This name was applied to a great portion of the Mirat division According to the Mahābhārata, Khāṇḍava vana was situated on a river called अश्वरथा (Mb 3 160 21)

गन्धमादन A part of the Kalāsa range of the Himalayas Hanumāna resided here Badarikāśrama is situated on this mountain

गाधिपुर Kanauj It was the capital of Gādhī, the father of Viśvāmītra

गान्धार N of an ancient country between India and Persia It lies along the river Kabul between the Khoaspes (Kunar) and the Indus Its capitals were Puruṣapura (Peshawar) and Taxila Ancient sculptures have been discovered in this part and belong to the 1st century A D गान्धार is the corruption of गन्धर्व-देश of the epic and Buddhist period Some scholars derive it from Kandahar

गिरिव्रजपुर Rājgur in Bihar It was the ancient capital of Magadha The name राजग्रह occurs in Buddhist works for this place (cf गिरिव्रज पुरवर शीघ्रमासेदुरजसा Rām 2 68 21)

गुर्जर Gujarat Formerly it included the greater part of Khandesh and Malwa In the Huen Tsiang's time the name was not extended to सौराष्ट्र The modern Marwar was then known by the name गुर्जर

गोनर्द 1 The Punjab It is so called from king Gonarda of Kashmir who conquered this part -2 Gonda in Oudh, a place of birth of Patañjali, the celebrated author of Mahābhāṣya, hence he was called गोनर्दीय

गोपराष्ट्र, गोवराष्ट्र Igatpuri sub-division of the Nasik district Some identify this with Southern Konkana (cf Mb 6 9 44)

गोवर्धन 1 A mount near वृन्दावन in the district of Mathura Kṛṣṇa is called गोवर्धनगिरिधारी from an episode in his life at Gokul -2 The Nasik district There is also a village near Nasik named गोवर्धन

गौड, पुण्ड्र The whole of Bengal was denominated Eastern Gauda, and Uttara Kosalā, the northern Gauda According to Cunningham, Gonda, a sub-division of Uttara Kosalā, is a corruption of Gauda

Gondwana was the Western Gauda The Skanda Purāṇa thus describes its position—वङ्गदेश समारभ्य भुवने-शान्तग शिवे। गौडदेश समाख्यात सर्वविद्याविशारद ॥ The southern Gauda was the bank of the Kāveri

चन्द्रभागा 1 The river Chinab, or the united rivers of the Jhelum and the Chinab, in the Punjab The river rises from a lake (लोहित्यसरोवर), south of Ladakh -2 The river Bhīmā, at Pandharpur

चन्द्रवती Chanderi in the Lalitpur district, Madhya-Pradesh It was the capital of Śisupāla, king of Chedi

चम्पा, चम्पानगरी, चम्पावती It was the capital of Anga country It was situated at a distance of four miles to the west of Bhagalpur

चम्पा 1 Siam -2 Tonquin and Cambodia -3 A river flowing between the countries of Anga and Magadha -4 The Chambā territory

चम्पावती Chaul and Revadandā in the Kolaba district, Bombay state

चर्मवती The river Chambal in Rajputana The river is said to have been formed by the blood of cows, sacrificed at the yajña of Ranti-deva (cf व्यालम्बेथा सुरभितनयालम्भजा मानायेव्यन् स्रोतोमूर्त्यौ रुवि परिणता रन्तिदेवस्य कीर्तिम् Me 47)

चेदि N of a country and their people The Chedis were also called Dāhalas and Traipuras They occupied the banks of the Narmadā and were the same as the people of दशार्ण Their capital was at one time त्रिपुरी The Chedis are considered by some to have inhabited the modern Bundelkhand, while by others their country is identified with the modern Chandail The Haihayas or Kalachuris ruled at Māhismatī situated on the Narmadā

चेर It comprised the present countries of Mysore, Coimbatore, Salem, South Malabar, Travancore and Cochin The name is a corruption of Kerala This kingdom, which flourished from the 3rd to the 7th century A D, had its capital at Skandapura in the Coimbatore district, but Talkād near Mysore was its larger capital

चोल 1 The Coromandel Coast One of its capitals was Kāñchipura The Chola kingdom merged afterwards as a marriage-dowry into the Pāndya kingdom -2 N of a country, situated on the banks of Kāveri and said to cover the southern portion of Mysore The country latterly came to be called Karnātaka

जनस्थान 'Human habitation', a part of the great Dandakā forest which stood in the vicinity of the mountain called Praśravana The celebrated Panchavati stands in this tract Some scholars take Pancha-

vati as a place near Nasik and others like Pargiter consider it as the region on both banks of Godāvarī, probably the country around the junction of that river with the Prānahitā (or Waingangā)

जीर्णनगर The town Junnar in the Poona district It was the capital of the Ksatrapa king Nahapāna and there are many caves and inscriptions in the Nanerghāta near this place

जेजभुक्ति The modern Bundelkhand It was the kingdom of Chandels and its capitals were Mahoba, Kharjuraha and Kalinjara, one after another

जेतवन-विहार An ancient Vihāra erected by Anāthapīṇḍaka for the residence of Buddha It is one mile to the south of Śrāvastī

ज्योतिर्मठ One of the four Mathas established by Sankarāchārya (at Badrināth)

झारखण्ड The territory Chotā Nagpur All the hilly region between Birbhum and Benares together with the Santal Parganā was included in this Jhāra-khanda

डाकिनी The territory around Bhīmā-Sankara, at the source of the Bhīmā, in the Poona district (cf डाकिन्या भीमशकरम्)

तक्षशीला Taxila in the Rawalpindi district, Punjab It was at one time the capital of Gandhāra and contained the celebrated university of Northern India upto the 1st century A D

तगर This has been variously identified by various scholars with Dharagarā (Dowlatabad) or Dharur, Junnar (Poona district), Ter (Thair) in Naldurg district (95 miles south east of Parthana), Kulburga, Kolhapur and Trikūta

तलकाड The capital of Chera on the Kaverī Its ancient name was तालवनपुर It was the capital of the Ganga dynasty of Mysore

ताम्रपर्णी 1 Ceylon of the Buddhists -2 The river Tambaravari in Tinnevely (see page 768 under ताम्र)

ताम्रलिप्त See under सुव्र

त्रिकालिङ्ग The three Kalingas were the three kingdoms of Dhanakataka or Amarāvati on the Kṛṣṇā, Andhra or Warangal, and Kalinga or Rājamahendri It is the modern Telingana (country between the Godāvarī and the Kṛṣṇā)

त्रिकूट 1 It has been identified with Junnar and it is the Tagara of Ptolemy (cf त्रिकूटमेव तत्रौचैर्जयस्तम्भ चकार स R 4 59) -2 N of a mountain in the south-east corner of Ceylon (cf तैरुहे केशरिकान्तत्रिकूटशिखरोपमा Si 2 5)

त्रिगर्त Jālandhara The most arid country in ancient times It stood for the desert on the east of the

Satadru and included the tract between Sutlej and the Sarasvatī, containing Ludhiana and Patiala on the north and some portion of the desert on the south The Hemakośa identifies Trigarta with Jālandhara

त्रिपुर-री The modern Tevur, on the Narmadā, 6 miles from Jabbalpur Here the god Śiva is said to have killed Tripurāsura It was the capital of the Kalachuri Rājas

दक्षिणापथ The southern India and particularly Deccan, also portion of the Indian peninsula lying to the south of the Narmadā The name seems to have been originally given to the remote settlement of the Aryans on the upper Godāvarī (cf अस्ति दक्षिणापथे विदर्भेषु पद्मपुर नाम नगरम् M 1)

दण्डकारण्य 1 The present (Samyukta) Mahārāstra It was situated between the Vindhya and Saivala mountains and a part of it was called जनस्थान (cf तस्यासौ दण्डविषयो विन्ध्यशैवलयोर्द्वय ॥ शतो ब्रह्मर्षिणा तेन वैधर्म्ये सहिते कृते । ततः प्रभृति काकुत्स्थ दण्डकारण्यमुच्यते ॥ तपस्विन स्थिता ह्यत्र जनस्थानमतोऽभवत् । Rām 7 81 18-20) -2 The tract of all forests from Bundelkhand to the river Kṛṣṇā

दन्तपुर The ancient capital of Kalinga and identified with Puri in Orissā It was the place where Buddha's tooth was kept before taking it to Ceylon

दमिल, दमिल Kerala, the Malabar Coast, or the South Malbar दमिल country was very close to Ceylon (नागदीप), and Dhatusena (459-477 A D) restored the national dynasty after defeating foreign usurpers

दरद Dardistan, north of Kashmir on the upper bank of the Indus

दर्भवती Dabhoi in Gujarat

दशपुर The modern town of Dholpur It was on the north of Avanti and capital of Rantideva Some scholars identify this with Mandasor in Mālwa (cf. पात्रीदुर्वन् दशपुरवधूनेत्रकौतूहलानाम् Me 49)

दशार्ण N of a country, through which flows the Daśārṇa (Dasen) It was the eastern part of Mālwa, its capital being Vidiśā, the modern Bhilsa, situated on the Vetravati (cf तस्यासन्ने परिणतफलश्यामजम्बूवनान्ता सप्तस्यन्ते कतिपयदिनस्थाविहसा दशार्ण Me 23, 24)

दक्षिणात्य The Deccan, the part of India lying to the south of the Vindhya range

दारुवन, दारुकावन A forest territory containing a Jyotirlinga named Nigesa It is the same as Aundhya Naganāth in the Marathawādā (old Nizam's territory), 'सेतुबन्धे तु रामेश नागेश दारुकावने ।' -द्वादशज्योतिर्लिङ्गस्तोत्रम्

द्वपद्मती The वगर which flowed through Ambala and Sirhind, now lost in the sands of Rajputana It

formed the southern boundary of Kuruksetra. It has been identified with the modern Chitang, running parallel to the Sarasvatī.

देवराष्ट्र N of an empire in the Deccan. It was conquered by Samudra Gupta at about 340 A. D.

द्रविड N of a country to the south of the wild tract between the Kṛṣṇā and the Polar. In its larger sense it included the whole of the Coromandel coast to the south of the Godāvarī. But in its strict sense it must not have extended beyond the Kāverī. Its capital was Kāñchī.

द्वारवती Dwārakā in Gujarat, the capital of Kṛṣṇa after his flight from Mathurā.

द्वारसमुद्र Halebidu. It was the capital of Mysore in the 12th century. It was also called द्वारवती.

द्वैतवन Deoband, about 50 miles to the north of Mirat. Here Yudhisthira had stayed with his brothers. It seems to be a lake (इदं द्वैतवनं नाम सरः पुण्यजलोचितम् Mb 3 24 10, com — द्वैतं द्वौ शोकमोहौ वनजलं यस्मिन्). It is the birthplace of Jaimini, the founder of the Mīmāṃsā school of philosophy.

धनकटक, धरणीकोट The modern Bezwaḍa in the Andhra Pradesh. It was the capital of Andhra-bhṛityas or Śātavāhanas and was a place of considerable note from at least 200 B. C.

धर्मोदय A place of Buddhist pilgrimage in the district of Gayā.

धवलगिरि The Dhauḷi hill in Orissa on which one of the Edicts of Aśoka is inscribed.

नालन्दा Bargaon in Bihar, seven miles from Rajgir. It was the celebrated seat of Buddhist learning upto the 13th century A. D.

निषध N of a country ruled over by Nala. Its capital is said to have been Alakā, situated on the river Alakanandā. It appears to have formed part of the modern Kumaon in Northern India. This is also the name of one of the Varsa mountains.

नैमिष, नैमिषारण्य A forest residence of ancient Rṣis (यतस्तु निमिषेणैव निहतं दानवं बलम् । अरण्येऽस्मिन्स्ततस्तेन नैमिषारण्यसंज्ञितम् ॥ see नैमिष, page 940). Here the sage Sauti related the story of Mahābhārata to the inhabitants. It is at a short distance from Nimsar in U. P. and is situated on the left bank of the Gomati.

पञ्चाल N of a celebrated region, which lay, according to Rājā-Sekhara (B. R. 10 86), between the streams of Yamunā and the Ganges, and is, therefore, the Gangetic Doab. In the time of Drupada it extended from the banks of Charmanvatī (Chambal) upto Gangādvāra on the north. The northern portion

from Bhāgirathī was called 'उत्तरपञ्चाल', which was Ahichhatra. The southern portion was called 'दक्षिण-पञ्चाल' which was merged in the kingdom of Hastināpura after the death of Drupada.

पद्मपुर It was the native place of the poet Bhavabhūti (अस्ति दक्षिणापथे विदर्भेषु पद्मपुरं नाम नगरम् Mā 1 4/5). It was situated somewhere near Chandrapura at a short distance from Amarāvati.

पद्मावती Identified with the modern Narwar (Nalapura) in Malwa, as being situated on the river Sindh or Sindhu. The other rivers, that are in its vicinity, are the Pārā or Pārvatī, Luṇa and Madhuvar, which correspond to the Pārā, Lavanā and Madhumatī, mentioned by Bhavabhūti, as flowing in the vicinity of the town. This town was the scene of Bhavabhūti's Malatī-Madhava.

पम्पा N of a celebrated lake, and a tributary of the river Tungabhadra. The river Pampā rises in the Risyamukha mountain, eight miles from the Anagondi hills, in Bellary district.

परशुरामक्षेत्र (also called रामक्षेत्र) Konkana, a large territory between Surat and Goa. Its capital was Thana. परशुरामक्षेत्र or सप्तकोट्यक्षेत्र comprised seven divisions, viz Kerala, Tulunga, Gaurāstra, Karahāta, Barālāta, Barbara and Konkana proper.

प(पु)रुष्णी The river Ravi in the Punjab (of इमं मे गङ्गा सचता परुष्ण्या Rv 10 75 5). The great Vedic battle of the ten confederate kings (दाशराजयुद्ध) in the early part of the Aryan migration was fought on the banks of this river.

पाटलिपुत्र Patna. It was an important town in Magadha or South Bihar, situated at the confluence of the Ganges and the Soṇa. It was also called कुसुमपुर. It was built in 480 B. C. for the purpose of repelling the attacks of the Vajjis of Vaiśālī. It was a flourishing capital of great royal dynasties like Mauryas and Guptas. But it began to decline from the sixth century and Hsuen Tsang found it as an ordinary village.

पाण्ड्य N of a country in the extreme south of India, and lying to the south-west of Cholas. The mountain Malaya and the river Tāmraparṇī fix its position indisputably, cf. B. R. 3 31. It may be identified with the modern Tinnevely. The holy island of Rāmesvara belonged to this kingdom. Kālidāsa calls the capital of Pāndya-dēśa the 'serpent-town', which is probably the same as Negapattan, 160 miles south of Madras, cf. R. 6 59-64. However its capitals at different periods were Uriyur (modern Trichinopoly), Mathura (modern Madura) and Kolkai at the mouth of the river Tāmraparṇī.

पारसीक Persia and the people inhabiting it The name also is applicable to the tribes inhabiting the outlying districts on the north-western frontier (of पारसीकास्ततो जेतु प्रतस्थे स्थलवर्त्मना R 4 60)

पारिपात्र, पारियात्र 1 The western part of the Vindhya range, a great portion of the west coast of India According to the Ramāyana it was situated on the western sea (दुर्दशा पारियात्रस्य गत्वा द्रक्ष्यथ वानरा Rām 4 42 20) -2 N of one of the seven principal mountains (see कुलाचल, p 586)

पुण्ड्रदेश, पौण्ड्र N of a country, bounded on the east by the Karatoyā, on the west by the Kauśikī, on the north by the Hemakūta mountain and on the south by the Ganges

पुरुषपुर Peshawar It was the capital of Gāndhāra King Kaniska also made it his capital and built here a carved-wood tower of thirteen storeys and a magnificent monastery

पुरुषोत्तमक्षेत्र Purī in Orissa, also called श्रक्षेत्र

पुलिन्ददेश N of a country comprising the western portion of Bundelkhand and the district of Sāgar

प्रतिष्ठान 1 The capital of Purūravas, one of the earliest kings of the lunar dynasty, situated opposite प्रयाग or Allahabad It is said in Harivamśa to have been situated on the north bank of the Ganges, in the district of Prayāga Kālidāsa places it at the junction of the Ganges and Yamunā, of V 2 -2 Parthana in the Aurangabad district, Marathawādā, on the bank of the Godāvari It was the capital of the Sātavāhan kings and Śālvāhana, the founder of the Śaka era (78 A D) was born and ruled here

बदरी, बदरिकाश्रम, बदरीनाथ, बदरीनारायण It is a peak on the main Himalayan range and there is a temple of Nara-Nārāyana built on the west bank of Alakanandā It is a famous place of pilgrimage

बनवासी See वैजयन्ती The place got the name during the Buddhist period

बाह्लीक See बाह्लिक

बाह्लिक, वाहीक The country between the Bias and the Sutlej According to Pāṇini and Patañjali, Vāhika was another name for the Punjab According to the Mahābhārata (8 45) the Vāhikas lived between the Sutlej and the Indus, and their capital was Śakala See Vāhika

ब्रह्मावर्त 1 The country lying between the rivers Sarasvatī and Drusadvatī (See page 1174) -2 The town of Bithur on the Ganges, near Cawnpur It is a place of pilgrimage

भ (भा) रतवर्ष India This was named after the king Bharata, the son of Duśyanta and Śakuntalā

According to some Purānas, it was called Himāhva-varṣa, before Bharata, it was then bounded on the north by the Himalayas, on the south by the ocean, on the east by the country of the Kirātas, and on the west by the country of the Yavanas

भरुकच्छ, भृगुकच्छ, भृगुक्षेत्र Baroach (भडोच) Matsya Purāna (ch 114) mentions that Balī Rājā performed the sacrifice here in which he was deprived of his kingdom by Vāmana It was also called भृगुर In the Suppāraka Jātaka, it is said to be a sea port in the kingdom of Bharu

भीमरथा-थी The river Bhīmā which rises at Bhīmā-sankara (Poona district) and joins the Kṛṣṇā near Raichur

भोजकट The second capital of Vidarbha founded by Rukmi It was also called भोजपुर. The Bhojas had ruled over Vidarbha In an inscription of Pravarasena II of the Vākātaka dynasty, Bhojakata is described as a kingdom, coinciding with the ancient Vidarbha.

भोजपाल Bhopal Bhojapāla means the Bhoja's Dam which was constructed by the Bhojarāj of Dhar

भोजपुर 1 See भोजकट -2 Mathurā, the ancient capital of the Bhojas

मगध The Bihar or properly South Bihar territory Its old capital was गिरिव्रज (or राजगृह) which consisted of five hills—विपुलगिरि, रत्नगिरि, उदयगिरि, शोणगिरि and वैभार (or व्याहार)गिरि Its next capital was Pāṭaliputra (q v) Magadha was also called कौकट in later literature The country of Magadha extended once south of the Ganges from Benares to Monghyr, and southwards as far as Singbhum

मणिपुर The present Maṇikapattana, a seaport at the mouth of the Chilka lake. It was the capital of Kalinga, the kingdom of Babhruvāhana

मत्स्यदेश See बिराट

मद्र A country in the Punjab, between the Ravi and the Chinab Its capital was Śakala

मध्यदेश The country bounded by the river Sarasvatī in Kuruksetra, Allahabad, the Himalaya and the Vindhya It was called Majjhimadeśa by the Buddhists The countries of पञ्चाल, कुङ्ग, मत्स्य, यौधेय, पटच्छर, कुन्ति and शुरसेन were included in Madhyadeśa.

मरु, मरुस्थली Marwar, the great desert east of Sind It also denotes the whole of Rajputana

मलय One of the seven principal chains of mountains in India It is most probably to be identified with the southern portion of the Ghāts running from the south of Mysore, and forming the eastern boundary of Travancore It is said by Bhavabhūta to be encircled by the river Kāverī (कावेरीवलयितमेखलस्य सानावैतस्मिन्

मलयगिरीदेव पतामि Mv 5 3), and is said to teem in cardamoms, pepper, sandal, and betel-nut trees Kālidāsa calls the mountains Malaya and Dardura 'the two breasts of the southern region' (स्तनाविव दिशस्तस्या शैलौ मलयदर्दुरौ R 4 51)

मल्लदेश The district of Multan, see मालव Laksmana's son Chandraketu was made king of Malla-deśa by his uncle Rāma

महाकोसल Comprised the whole country from the source of the Narmadā at Amarakantaka on the north, to the Mahānadī on the south, and from the river Wain-Gangā on the west to the Harda and Jonk rivers on the east It was the kingdom of the Kalachuris

महेन्द्र One of the seven principal chains of mountains in India, identified with Mahendra Male, which divides Ganjam from the valley of the Mahānadī and probably included the whole of the eastern Ghāts between the Mahānadī and Godāvarī Parāsurāma retired to this mountain after he was defeated by Rāma

महोदय Kanaūj (कान्यकुब्ज) In the 7th century it was the most celebrated place in India (of B R 10 88-89) It has a reference in the Rāmāyana (कुशनामस्तु धर्मात्मा पुर चक्रे महोदयम् Rām 1 32 6)

मातङ्ग N of a country to the south-east of Kāmārūpa in Assam It was celebrated for its diamond mines

मानस A lake said to be situated in Hātaka which appears to be the same as Ladak On the north of Hātaka is Harivarsa, the country of the northern Kurus The lake was celebrated in former times as the abode of Kinnaras and is said by poets to be the annual resort of swans at the approach of the rains

माया, मायापुरी Hardwar and Kanakhala (two miles from Hardwar) It was here that the दक्षयज्ञ was performed, in which Satī sacrificed herself

मालव 1 Malwa Before the 7th or 8th century, the country was called Avantī and its capital was Ujjayinī In the 10th century it was Dhārā-nagara -2 The country of Mallas, its capital was Multan (of Mb 2 32 7)

माहिषक N of a country on the Narmadā Its capital was Māhismatī

मिथिला See विदेह

मुरला 1 See Kerala, also page 1278 under मुरला -2 The river Narmadā -3 Perhaps, the river Mūlā-Muthā which rises near Poona. It is named as मुहला in inscriptions

मेकल The mount Amarakantaka, the source of the Narmadā (which is also called मेकलकन्यका) The mount is a part of the Vindhya range

यज्ञपुर Jaipur in Orissa, on the river Vāntarānī (Mb 3 114) It is said to have been founded by Rājā Yayāti Kēsārī in the 6th century

यवद्वीप The island of Java It was also called पूर्वकलिङ्ग

युगन्धर A country lying near Kuruksetra (Mb 4 1 13), on the west bank of Yamunā

यौधेय The country lying between the Vitastā (Jhelum) and the Sindhu

रसातल One of the seven lower regions (पाताल) It is identified with Western Tartary, the country of Huns

राजगृह 1 Rajgir, the ancient capital of Magadha -2 Rājagiri on the north bank of the Bias in the Punjab It was the capital of the Kākaya kings. (of प्रविश्यासहपरिख रम्य राजगृह पुरम् Rām 2 70 1)

राट See सुह

रामगिरि 1 Ramtek, 24 miles north of Nagpur, or -2 Ramagad in Sirguja, Ohhota Nagpur Kālidās places the scenes of his story in Meghadūta at Rāmāgiri It is also called शैवलगिरि

रैवत, रैवतक The mount Gīrnar in Gujarat (of गता रैवतके कन्या विदित्वा जन्मेजय Mb 1 220 1)

लक्ष्मणावती 1 The capital of the Gauda country It stood on the left bank of the Ganges -2 Lucknow in Oudh

लाट (ड) Southern Gujarat including Khandesh, situated between the river Mahī and the lower Tapti It comprises the districts of Surat, Bharoch, Kheda and parts of Baroda

वङ्ग A name for eastern Bengal (to be clearly distinguished from गौड or northern Bengal) It seems to have included at one time Tippera and the Garo hills It is also called Samatata or the 'Plains'

वर्धमान 1 The modern Burdwan in Bengal -2 The present Vadhvāna in Kāthiāwāda -3 From the Kathāsaritsāgara this appears to have been situated between Allahabad and Benares

वलभी A seaport and a capital town in Saurashtra-Gujarat It was a University seat of Buddhist learning in Western India in the 7th century A D

वड्या Bassein (Mar वसई), in the Bombay state It is mentioned in one of the Kanheri inscriptions. Vimala or Nirmala Tirtha here is a place of pilgrimage It was the kingdom of the Śilāhāras

वाकाटक A country between the Bay of Bengal and the Śrī-śailya hills, south of the Dn. Hyderabad.

The Vākātaka kings ruled over Vidarbha from 250 to 525 A D [Vide Maharashtra Parishaya, page 507]

वातापि (पुर) The modern Badami in the Bijapur district It was the capital of Pulakesi I in the middle of the 6th century A D There are famous caves here

वाराणसी Benares This is at present situated at the confluence of the rivers Vārāṇā and Asi, but formerly at the confluence of the Ganges and Gomati (गङ्गाया उत्तरे कूले वप्रान्ते राजसत्तम । गोमत्या दक्षिणे कूले शक्रस्येवामरावतीम् ॥ Mb 13 30 18) It was the capital of Kāśī, and seat of a Brahmanical University

वाह्मि (ह्री) क The modern Balkh According to the Rāmāyaṇa (2 78), Vāhlika was situated between Ayodhyā and Kekaya Bāhlika is said to be another name for Vāhlika, of तत परमविक्रान्तो बाल्हीकान् पाकशासनि । महता परिमर्देन वसे चक्रे दुरासदान् ॥ Mb 2 27 22 According to the Trikāṇḍaśeṣa, Vāhlika and Trigarta were the names of the same country

विक्रमशिला-विहार A celebrated seat of Buddhist learning and a Buddhist monastery, founded in the 8th century It is in the Bhagalpur district, Bihar

विजयवाडा The modern Bezvada on the river Kṛṣṇā It was the ancient capital of the Eastern Chālukyas

वितस्ता The river Jhelum

विदर्भ The modern Berar, a great kingdom in ancient times lying to the north of Kuntala and extending from the banks of Kṛṣṇā to about the banks of the Narmadā On account of its great size, the country was also called 'Mahārāstra', of B R 10 74 Kunda-napura, also called Vidarbha was its ancient capital, which probably stands for the modern Bidar The river Varadā (Wardā) divided Vidarbha into two parts, Amarāvati being the capital of the northern, and Pratisthāna of the southern part The Bhojas of the Purāṇas lived in Vidarbha In ancient times, Vidarbha included the kingdom of Bhopal and Bhilsa to the north of the Narmadā

विदिशा Bhilsa in Malwa It was the capital of ancient Daśārṇa (of तेषां दिक्षु प्रथितविदिशालक्षणा राजधानीम् Me 24) See दर्शण

विदेह N of a country lying to the north-east of Magadha Its capital Mithilā is the same as Janakapur in the district Darbhanga Videha must have covered, in ancient times, besides a portion of Nepal, all such places as Sitāmadhi, Sitākunda, or the northern part of the old district Tirhut and the north-western portion of Champaran It was the country of the Vajjis at the time of Buddha

विद्यानगर Hampi-Vijayanagar on the river Tungabhadra

विनाशिनी The river Banas in Gujarat

विन्ध्याचल The Vindhya range of mountains (see विन्ध्य page 1448) The विन्ध्यावासिनी temple is one of the most sacred places of pilgrimage (Ks ch 52, 54) It is situated on a part of the hills near Mirzapur, a station on the Eastern Railway

विन्ध्याटवी The great forest lying on the south of the western extremity of the Vindhya range, portions of Khandesh and Aurangabad

विपाशा The river Bias, in the Punjab The origin of the name is given in the Mahābhārata (1 179)

विराट N of a country lying to the west of Dhāpur, the Pāṇḍavas are said to have entered it from the banks of the Yamunā, through the land of the Rohitakas and Sūrasenas towards the north of Daśārṇa Vairāta, the capital of Virāta, is probably the same as Bairat, 40 miles north of Jeypore It is also called मत्स्यदेश

विशाखा Oudh was called by this name during the Buddhist period Dr Burgess identifies this with Lucknow

विशाखापत्तन The modern Vizagapatam

विशाला 1 Ujjayini (of पूर्वोद्दिष्टासुपसर पुरी श्रीविशाला विशालम् Me 30) -2 Besād in the Mozaffarpur in Bihar, this is वैशाली of the Buddhist period -3 An affluent of the Gandakī in Vaiśālī

वृन्दावन 'Rādhā's wood', now forming an important town a few miles north-west of Mathura and standing on the left bank of the Yamunā Here Kṛṣṇa played love with the Gopis

वेङ्गि This ancient country had covered the districts between the Kṛṣṇā and the Godāvarī The capital is of the same name A branch of the Chālukya dynasty was founded here by Visnuvardhana in the 7th century A D

वेणा, वेन्ना, वेणी, वेण्वा, वेण्या 1 N of a river joining the Kṛṣṇā -2 The river वेनगङ्गा in the Nagpur district, it is a tributary of the Godāvarī

वेणाकटक Warangal in the Andhra state and old capital of Telangana

वैदूर्य-पर्वत 1 The island of Māndhātā in the Narmadā, on which the celebrated temple of Omkāra-nātha is situated -2 The mountain in Gujarat near the source of the river Viśvāmītrā

वेस्तनगर The modern Besnagar, close to Sanchi (Bhopal), about three miles from Bhilsa It is on the junction of the Bes with the Betva (वेत्रवती) It was the ancient capital of Daśārṇa A column (गुरुवज्र) has been set up here by Heliodorus of Taxila

वैजयन्ती Same as Banavāsī, in North Kanara, the capital of the Kadambas. This is mentioned as Vajayanta in the Rāmāyaṇa (दिशमास्थाय कैकेयि दक्षिणा दण्डकान् प्रति । वैजयन्तमिति ख्यात पुर ॥ २ ९ १२) Dr R G Bhandarkar identifies it with विजयदुर्ग in the Deccan.

वैतरणी There are many rivers bearing this name. The one in the Kalinga country is mentioned in the Mahābhārata (एते कलिङ्गा कौन्तेय तत्र वैतरणी नदी ३ ११४ ४). The other, also called Danturā, rises near Nasik, on the north of Bassein and is mentioned in some Purāṇas.

वैद्यनाथ The country of the modern Kangra district, Punjab. It is also identified with Kīragrāma.

वैशाली This ancient country was situated in the southern part of the district Muzaffarpur (Tirhut). On its north was Videha and on the south was Magadha. Vaiśālī, the country and its capital, flourished at the time of Buddha and many places in this country are sanctified by the residence of Buddha.

व्रज Gokula of Mahāvāna. It is a place in the neighbourhood of Mathura, where Kṛiṣṇa was reared by Nanda, in his infancy.

व्रजमण्डल This extends to वृन्दावन and many villages and places, associated with the adventures of Kṛiṣṇa.

शकस्थान Sistan, where the Śakas first settled themselves. This place was called Drangiana before it bore the name Śakasthāna.

शाकद्वीप The country of the शक tribe, the Sacae of the classical writers, and generally identified with the Scythians. Śākadvīpa is Tartary including Turkestan in Central Asia.

शाकल The capital of Madradesā (of तत शाकलमभ्येत्य मद्राणां गृध्रभेदनम् Mb २ ३२ १४). It is identified with Sialkote in the Lahore division.

शात्मलि-द्वीप Chaldia, Mesopotamia or Assyria.

शाल्व This territory comprised portions of the states of Jodhpur, Jaipur and Alwar. It was also called मार्तिकावत or मृत्तिकावती. Its capital शाल्वपुर is the modern Alwar.

शूर्पारक Sopara, in the district of Thana, about 4 miles north-west of Bassein. It was the ancient capital of अपरान्त or the Northern Konkana.

श्रावस्ती N of a town in northern Kosala where Lava is said to have reigned. It was called शरावती (of स निवेश्य . शरावत्या सता सूतेर्जनिताशुलव लवम् R १५ ९७). It is identified with Sahet Mahet, north of Ayodhya. It was also called धर्मपत्तन or धर्मपुरी.

श्रीक्षेत्र Puri in Orissa.

समतट The Delta of the Ganges and the Brahmaputra. This country was situated to the east of the Bhāgirathī and south of Pundra. Its capital was Karmmānta (modern Kamta) near Comilla.

सह्य One of the seven principal chains of mountains in India. It is still known as Sahyadri, and is the same as the Western Ghāts as far as their junction with the Nilagiris north of the Malaya.

सिन्धु १ The river Indus. -२ The country of Sind. -३ See पञ्चावती.

सिन्धु, सिन्धुदेश The country of the upper Indus.

सुमेरु The mountain Rudra-Himalaya in Garwal, where the river Ganges has got its source, it is near Badarikāśrama. The Kedāranātha mountain is traditionally known as the original Sumeru.

सुह्य N of a country which lay to the west of Vanga. Its capital was ताम्रलिप्त, which was in ancient times a place of considerable maritime trade. The Suhmas are sometimes called Rādhas, the people of the western Bengal.

सौराष्ट्र (also called आनर्त) The modern peninsula of Kathiawar. Dwārakā is called आनर्तनगरी or अग्नि-नगरी. The old Dwārakā stood near Madhupura, 95 miles south-east of Dwārakā, and also near mount Raivataka, which appears to be the same as the Girnar hill near Junagad. Valabhi appears to have been the next capital of the country. The celebrated lake Prabhāsa was situated in the same country and stood on the sea-coast.

सौवीर, सिन्धु-सौवीर The modern province of Sind. According to some writers it was situated between the Indus and the Jhelum.

हिरण्यवाह The river Sona (q v).

हेमकूट The 'golden-peaked' mountain, one of the ranges of mountains which divide the known continent into nine Varsas (वर्षपर्वत), it is generally supposed to be situated north of the Himalaya — or between the Meru and the Himalaya — forming with it the boundaries of the Kimpurusa-varsa or abode of Kinnaras (इतश्च नातिदूरे तस्यास्माद्भारतवर्षादुत्तरेणानन्तरे किंपुरुषनाम्नि वर्षे वर्षपर्वतो हेमकूटो नाम निवास । K १३६). Kalidās speaks of it as 'having plunged into the eastern and western oceans and emitting golden fluid', See S 7. It is another name for Kailāsa mountain.

हैहय Khandesh, parts of Aurangabad and South Malwa. Same as अनुपदेश. Its capital was Māhismatī.

ह्लादिनी, also ह्लादिनी This river was situated between Kekaya on the west and the river Satadru (Sutlej) on the east. Bharata crossed this on his way to Oudh from Kekaya (Rām. २ ७१).

A P P E N D I X D

(Taken from the Preface of the महाराष्ट्र शब्दकोश, Vol 1)

A list of old Sanskrit Lexicons

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| <p>१ अकारादि निघण्टु २ अगस्त्यनिघण्टु ३ अनादिकोश ४ अनेकाक्षरकोश ५ अनेकार्थ ६ अनेकार्थकोश-हेमचन्द्र ७ अनेकार्थतिलक, नानार्थरत्नतिलक- महिप ८ अनेकार्थदीपिका - Ref मल्लिनाथ, (किरातार्जुनीय 11-59) ९ अनेकार्थध्वनिमञ्जरी-गदासिंह and महाक्षपणक. १० अनेकार्थनाममाला ११ अनेकार्थशेष-हेमचन्द्र १२ अनेकार्थसंग्रह-हेमचन्द्र (टीका- अनेकार्थकैरवाकरकौमुदी- महेन्द्रसूरि) १३ अनेकार्थसंग्रह-अर्वाचीन १४ अनेकार्थसमुच्चय-शाश्वत १५ अभिधानचिन्तामणि अथवा अभि- धानचिन्तामणिनाममाला-हेमचन्द्र (टीका-अवचूरी, नामसारोद्धार, व्युत्पत्तिरत्नाकर- देवसागरगणि, महेन्द्रसूरि, वादिश्रीवल्लभ, नाम्नाम् सारोद्धार-वल्लभगणि, अभिधान- चिन्तामणौ शेषसंग्रह, शेषनाममाला, शेषसंग्रहसारोद्धार, बृहदभिधान- चिन्तामणि) १६ अभिधानतन्त्र अथवा नामलिङ्गा- नुशासन-जटाधर १७ अभिधानमञ्जरी १८ अभिधानमाला - Ref. रायमुकुट तथा भट्टोजी. १९ अभिधानरत्नमाला-हलायुध (टीका-आजड) २० अमरकोश अथवा नामालिङ्गानुशा- सन अथवा त्रिकाण्ड-अमरसिंह २१ अमरदत्त(कोशकार)-Ref हलायुध, मेदिनीकर, रायमुकुट, भानुजी</p> | <p>२२ अमरमङ्गल-Ref महेश्वर, केशव २३ अमरमाला-Ref क्षीरस्वामी, वर्ध- मान, रायमुकुट, भरतसेन, भानुजी २४ अमरशेष-Ref देवण (स्मृति चन्द्रिका), त्रिकाण्डशेष-पुरुषोत्तम २५ अर्धनारीश्वर (कोशकार) -Ref चारित्रवर्धन (रघुवंश) २६ असालतिप्रकाश- got compiled by the king Asālati of Kashmir २७ उग्र (कोशकार), टीका on हेमचन्द्र २८ उत्पलमाला अथवा उत्पलिनी- उत्पल-Ref पुरुषोत्तमदेव (हारा- वली), मेदिनीकोश, मल्लिनाथ, रायमुकुट, शिवराम (वासवदत्ता), भानुजी. २९ एकवर्णार्थसंग्रह-भरतसेन ३० एकाक्षरकोश-पुरुषोत्तमदेव, महाक्षपणक, महीधर, वररुचि ३१ एकाक्षरनाममाला (अमरकृत ?) -अमरकान्त, वररुचि, सुधाकलश, हिरण्यनाभ, विश्वशंभु ३२ एकाक्षरनाममालिका-विश्वशंभु ३३ एकाक्षरनिघण्टु-इरुगप दण्डाधि- नाथ, वररुचि, शान्तवीर, देशिकेन्द्र, सदाचार्य ३४ एकाक्षरमाला ३५ एकाक्षरनिघण्टुमाला - Ref हेमाद्रि (रघुवंश) ३६ एकाक्षरमाधवनिघण्टु. ३७ एकाक्षरमातृकाकोश ३८ एकाक्षरमालिका-अमरसिंह (?), विश्वशंभुमुनि ३९ एकाक्षररत्नमाला ४० एकाक्षराभिधान-(वररुचिकृत) ४१ एकाक्षराभिधानमाला-Ref पद्मनाभदत्त ४२ एकाक्षरीकोश-माधव</p> | <p>४३ एकार्थनाममाला तथा द्व्यर्थनाम- माला-सौभरि ४४ ऐन्द्रनिघण्टु-वररुचि ४५ औणादिकपदार्णव-पेद्भट्ट, ४६ कल्पद्रु (नाममाला)-केशव ४७ कविजनशेखरि-आदिनाथ. कवि ४८ कविजीवन-धर्मराज ४९ कविदीपिकानिघण्टु - विक्रमादि- त्यराज. ५० कविसेवादिनिघण्टु ५१ कात्य-Ref क्षीरस्वामी, हेमचन्द्र, केशव, महेश्वर, रायमुकुट, भानुजी ५२ कात्य (कोशकार)-Ref मङ्ग ५३ कोशकल्पतरु-विश्वनाथ ५४ कोशसंग्रह-राधाकृष्ण ५५ कोशसार-Ref शिवराम (वासव- दत्ता) ५६ क्रियानिघण्टु, भट्टमल्ल ५७ गणनिघण्टु ५८ गणमञ्जरी-निहंक कविवल्लभ ५९ गाथाकोशबह्वी ६० गीर्वाणभाषाभूषण त्रिविक्रमाचार्य ६१ गोवर्धनकोश-Ref मेदिनीकर ६२ चन्द्रकोश-Ref भट्टोजी. ६३ चन्द्रनन्दन (कोशकार)-Ref. क्षीरस्वामी (अमरकोश), ६४ जैमिनीनिघण्टु ६५ तारपाल (कोशकार)-Ref मेदिनीकर, रायमुकुट, भानुजी. ६६ त्रिकाण्डशेष अथवा अमरशेष -पुरुषोत्तमदेव-Ref मेदिनीकर, रघुनन्दन, उज्ज्वलदत्त, मल्लिनाथ, शिवदत्त etc ६७ त्रिरूपकोश-कचणारिहणकवि ६८ त्रिलिङ्गनिर्णयसाहरण or रत्न- कोश ६९ त्रिविक्रम (कोशकार)-Ref हेमाद्रि, दिनकर (' रघुवंश ')</p> |
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- ७० दामोदर (कोशकार)-Ref
रायमुकुट
७१ द्रव्यगुणविचार (कोश ?)-रत्ना-
कर (सूचीपत्र)
७२ द्वन्द्वादिश
७३ द्विरूपकोश - Ref रायमुकुट,
पुरुषोत्तमदेव, हर्ष, महेश्वर
७४ द्विरूपध्वनिसंग्रह-भरतसेन
७५ द्व्यक्षरनाममाला-सौभरि
७६ द्व्यर्थकोश-पुरुषोत्तमदेव
७७ ध्रुवन्तरिनिघण्टु-वैद्यक
७८ धरणिश-धरणीदास-Ref
मेदिनीकर, रायमुकुट, उज्ज्वलदत्त,
गदसिंह and others.
७९ धातुकोश (कविकल्पद्रुम)-
वोपदेव
८० धातुपारायण-जूमरनान्दिन, पूर्ण-
चन्द्र, हेमचन्द्र
८१ नक्षत्रकोश
८२ नक्षत्रनिघण्टु
८३ नक्षत्राभिधान
८४ नानार्थकोश-शाश्वत, हेमचन्द्र
८५ नानार्थध्वनिसंज्ञरी-गदसिंह
अथवा दुर्गासिंह
८६ नानार्थपदपेटिका-सर्वज्ञसुजन
८७ नानार्थमञ्जरी
८८ नानार्थरत्नतिलक (See अनेकार्थ-
तिलक)
८९ नानार्थरत्नमाला इरुगप दण्डाधि-
नाथ or दण्डिनाथ, दण्डेश or
भास्कर (हरिहरकालीन)
टीका-बन्धभट्ट
९० नानार्थरत्नाकर
९१ नानार्थशब्दकोश-मथुरेश (See
शब्दरत्नावली)
९२ नानार्थशब्दरत्न-कालिदास, टीका
तरला-निचुल कवि योगिचन्द्र
९३ नानार्थशब्दानुशासन-मण्डनमिश्र
९४ नानार्थसंग्रह-अजयपाल-Ref.
गणरत्नमहोदधि, मेदिनीकर,
उज्ज्वलदत्त, रायमुकुट, शिवदास
९५ नानार्थसंग्रह-हरिश्चन्द्र
९६ नामानिघण्टु (वैदिक)-माधव-
Ref देवराज.
९७ नामाभिधान-सर्वज्ञनारायण-Ref
रायमुकुट, भानुजी.

- ९८ नामप्रपञ्च-Ref रायमुकुट
९९ नाममातृकानिघण्टु - वरदराजा-
चार्य
१०० नाममाला-दण्डिन्
१०१ नाममाला - Ref क्षीरस्वामी
(अमरकोश), वामन, हेमचन्द्र,
मेदिनीकर
१०२ नाममाला (वर्णानुक्रमरचित-
कोश)
१०३ नाममाला-धनजय (धनजय-
निघण्टु), धनजयकोश, प्रमाण-
नाममालानिघण्टुसमय (two-
parts - एकार्थ and नानार्थ),
धनजयनाममाला
१०४ नाममाला-सायु
१०५ नाममाला-हर्षकीर्ति (शारदीय-
आख्यानाममाला)
१०६ नाममालाकोश.
१०७ नाममालिका-भोज महिप
१०८ नामलिङ्गाख्या कौमुदी-
रामकृष्ण, सूचीपत्र
१०९ नामलिङ्गानुशासन-अमरसिंह
११० नामसंग्रह-भानुचन्द्र
१११ नामसंग्रहनिघण्टु-भार्गवाचार्य
११२ नामसंग्रहमाला-अप्पय्यदीक्षित
११३ नामसारोद्धार-हेमचन्द्र (टीका
on अभिनवचिन्तामणि).
११४ नामावली-गोवर्धन (?) -
धनजय
११५ निघण्टुशेष-हेमचन्द्र
११६ निहंक कविवल्लभ-गणमञ्जरी
११७ निजविनोद-महादेव वेदान्ती
११८ नीलकण्ठकोश-(See अमरकोश
टीका)
११९ नैघण्टुकैकाध्याय-बाह्लिकेयमिश्र
१२० न्यायकोश
१२१ पञ्चतत्त्वप्रकाश-वेणीदत्त
१२२ पञ्चरूपकोश
१२३ पदचन्द्रिका-मयूर
१२४ पदमञ्जरी-कविवल्लभ, भल्लट-
कवि
१२५ पदार्थकौमुदीकोश.
१२६ पदार्थकौमुदीसारकोश
१२७ पदार्थभास्कर
१२८ पद्मकोश-प्रयागदास.
१२९ पर्यायपदमञ्जरी-हम्मीरमिश्र.

- १३० पर्यायरत्नमाला-महेश्वरमिश्र
१६१ पर्यायार्णव-नीलकण्ठमिश्र
१३२ प्रयुक्तपदमञ्जरी-ईश्वरकृष्ण-
कालिदास
१३३ बालप्रबोधिका-नत्तिकरकवि
१३४ बीजकोश
१३५ बीजनिघण्टु
१३६ बृहद्रत्नाकर-वामनभट्ट
१३७ भागुरि-Ref क्षीरस्वामी,
हलायुध, महेश्वर, हेमचन्द्र, केगव,
महिप, मेदिनीकर, रायमुकुट,
मल्लिनाथ
१३८ भारतमाला
१३९ भावप्रकाशनिघण्टु
१४० सुवनप्रदीपिका-सार्वभौममिश्र
१४१ भूरिप्रयोग-पद्मानभदत्त-Ref
नारायणशर्मन, रामनाथ,
भट्टोजी
१४२ मातृकाकोश-चतुर्भुजाशिष्य
१४३ मातृकानिघण्टु, मातृकाक्षर-
निघण्टु-महीधर
१४४ मात्राकोशभारविका
१४५ भावबोध-Ref मेदिनीकर
१४६ मानमञ्जरी (संस्कृत तथा भाषा-
कोश)-नन्दकवि
१४७ मालतीमाला-Ref मल्लिनाथ,
रामानन्द (काशीखण्ड)
१४८ सुक्तावली-Ref रंगनाथ
१४९ सुप्रबोध (1394 A D)
१५० मुनि-व्याधि ? or कात्यायन ?
१५१ मेदिनीकोश or नानार्थकोश-
मेदिनीकर - Ref. शिवकोश,
असालतिकोश, भूरिप्रयोग.
१५२ यादवकोश-यादवप्रकाश (See
वैजयन्ती)
१५३ रघुनन्दनकोश- (स्मृतितत्त्व-
कोश)
१५४ रत्नकोश - Ref मल्लिनाथ,
रायमुकुट, गदसिंह, शिवराम
(वासवदत्ता), भानुजी, रत्न-
कोश-कालिदास
१५५ रत्नप्रकाश-Ref. मल्लिनाथ
(शिशुपाल वध 12, 16).
१५६ रत्नमाला-माधव-Ref राय-
मुकुट

- १५७ राजकोशनिघण्टु, राजव्यवहार-
कोश-रघुनाथपाण्डित
१५८ राधाकृष्णकोश-राधाकृष्ण
१५९ रुद्रकोश-रुद्र-Ref मल्लिनाथ,
मेदिनीकर
१६० रूपभेदप्रकाश (See शब्दभेद-
प्रकाश)
१६१ रूपरत्नाकर-Ref रायमुकुट,
भानुजी
१६२ लघुनिघण्टुसार-केशव
१६३ लघ्वमर
१६४ लिङ्गभट्टीय-भानुदीक्षित.
१६५ लिङ्गानुशासन
१६६ वररुचिकोश-Ref हलायुध,
मेदिनीकर (एकाक्षरकोश, एका-
क्षर-निघण्टु, एकाक्षरनाममाला,
एकाक्षराभिधान, ऐन्द्रनिघण्टु)
१६७ वर्णनिघण्टु (प्रश्नशास्त्र)
१६८ वर्णप्रकाश-कविकर्णपूर
१६९ वस्तुकोश.
१७० वाचस्पति (कोशकार)-Ref
हेमचन्द्र, महेश्वर, केशव, राय-
मुकुट, भट्टोजी, भानुजी, पुरुषो-
त्तमदेव, मेदिनीकर, सुन्दरगणि
१७१ वामननिघण्टु-वामन
१७२ विक्रमादित्यकोश (हारावली)-
Ref मेदिनीकर, सुन्दरगणि,
भानुजी
१७३ विचित्रनाममाला
१७४ विबुधोपदेश
१७५ विश्वनिघण्टु-विश्वकवि, परमे-
श्वरभट्ट (?)
१७६ विश्वकोश-विश्वप्रकाश-महेश्वर,
रत्नाकर, वाचस्पति
१७७ विश्वमेदिनी - वाचस्पतिमिश्र,
सारस्वतमिश्र
१७८ विश्वप्रकाश-वाचस्पति, महेश्वर
१७९ विश्वरूप (कोशकार)-Ref
महेश्वर, मेदिनीकर, भट्टोजी
१८० विश्वलोचन-Ref विश्वप्रकाश
(?)

- १८१ वेदनिघण्टु-पिङ्गलाचार्य (?)
१८२ वैजयन्ती-यादवकोश-यादवभट्ट
-Ref हेमचन्द्र, मल्लिनाथ,
देवण
१८३ शब्दकल्पद्रुम-केशव
१८४ शब्दकल्पद्रुम-राधाकान्तदेव
१८५ शब्दकल्पद्रुम-व्यासकेशव
१८६ शब्दकौस्तुभ-भट्टोजी
१८७ शब्दचन्द्रिका-बाणकवि
१८८ शब्दचिन्तामणि-व्यास विठ्ठला-
चार्य
१८९ शब्दतरङ्गिणी-Ref उज्ज्वलदत्त.
१९० शब्दप्रभेद-शिवदीन
१९१ शब्दभेद-Ref जयमङ्गल (भट्टि-
काव्य)
१९२ शब्दभेदनिर्देश
१९३ शब्दभेदप्रकाश or शब्दभेद-
नाममाला-महेश्वर, (टीका-
ज्ञानविमलगाणि)-पुरुषोत्तमदेव
१९४ शब्दमाला-रामेश्वरशर्मन्
१९५ शब्दमुक्तामहारणव-रामचन्द्रपुत्र
तारामणि, (compiled for Col
ebrooke-modern)
१९६ शब्दरत्न
१९७ शब्दरत्नप्रदीप - काशीराम
(son of मथुरादास)
१९८ शब्दरत्नसमन्वय-शाहाजी राजा,
तञ्जावर
१९९ शब्दरत्नाकर-महिप, वामनभट्ट,
or शब्दप्रभेदनाममाला-सुन्दर-
गणि
२०० शब्दरत्नावली
२०१ शब्दरत्नावली-मथुरेश
२०२ शब्दलिङ्गार्थचन्द्रिका-Ref वेङ्कट,
सुजन (टीका-चकोरभट्टाचार्य,
विद्वत्कल्लोलभट्टाचार्य)
२०३ शब्दशब्दार्थमञ्जूषा-Ref वेङ्कट
२०४ शब्दसदभसिन्धु (शब्दार्णवा-
भिधान)-काशीनाथभट्टाचार्य
२०५ शब्दसारनिघण्टु
२०६ शब्दस्तोममहानिधि

- २०७ शब्दाब्धि-Compiled at the
instance of प्राणकृष्ण
२०८ शब्दाब्धितरि-रामगोविन्द
२०९ शब्दार्णव-Ref पुरुषोत्तमदेव
(in हारावली), मेदिनीकर,
उज्ज्वलदत्त, रायमुकुट, मल्लिनाथ,
भानुजी, शिवकोश, सुन्दरगणि
२१० शब्दार्थकल्पतरु-वेङ्कट
२११ शब्दार्थचन्द्रिका
२१२ शब्दार्थचिन्तामणि
२१३ शब्दार्थमञ्जरी)
२१४ शब्दार्थमञ्जूषा (टीका-मुरारि-
मिश्र)
२१५ शब्दार्थरत्नाकर-सुन्दरगणि
२१६ शाश्वत-अनेकार्थसमुच्चय-Ref
क्षीरस्वामी, वररुचि, गणरत्न-
महोदधि, मेदिनीकर, उज्ज्वलदत्त,
मल्लिनाथ
२१७ शिवकोश-शिवदत्त (टीका-
शिवप्रकाश)
२१८ शीघ्रबोधिनी नाममाला-पुण्ड-
रीक विठ्ठल
२१९ शेष-Ref क्षीरस्वामी
२२० श्रीधर-Ref सुन्दरगणि
२२१ श्रुतशब्दार्थ-समुच्चय-
सोमेश्वर
२२२ श्लेषार्थपदसग्रह-श्रीहर्षकवि
२२३ षडर्थनिर्णय-कवि राक्षस.
२२४ सवजन (कोशकार)-Ref मल्लि-
नाथ, संजीवनी
२२५ सरस्वतीविलास-विद्वत्चकोर-
भट्ट, सरिद्वल्लभमिश्र
२२६ सारस्वताभिधान-भावपाद
२२७ सुप्रसिद्ध पदमञ्जरी-मुरारि-
श्रीपति सार्वभौम
२२८ हारावली-पुरुषोत्तमदेव-Ref
मेदिनीकर, भूरिप्रयोग, असालति-
प्रकाश, शिवकोश (टीका-
मथुरानाथ शुक्ल), बृहद्धारावली
-Ref रायमुकुट, भानुजी

APPENDIX E

A Collection of Popular Sanskrit Maxims

न्यायसंग्रहः

अक्के (अर्के) चेन्मधु विन्देत किमर्थं पर्वतं व्रजेत् If one finds honey close at hand in the corner (or on the Ark tree), then why go to the mountain for it? If a required thing is available without efforts near at hand one does not waste one's time and energy to get it from a distant place of SB on MS 1 2 4 where the second line is as follows इष्टस्यार्थस्य ससिद्धौ को विद्वान् यत्नमाचरेत् ॥ also यदि ह्यल्पान्महतद्वय कर्मण सम फल जायेत ततोऽर्के चेन्मधु विन्देत्यनेनैव न्यायेनाल्पेन सिद्धिं महति न करिष्वत् प्रवर्तेत । तन्त्रवार्तिके on SB on MS 1 2 17

अकृतव्यूहाः पाणिनीयाः The followers of Pāṇini do not supply an ellipsis or bring about a modification in the structure or formation of a word without proper reasoning Here the word पाणिनीया is only illustrative (उपलक्षणमात्रम्), it stands for all intelligent persons resorting to sound reasoning बुद्धिमन्त ऊहापोहकुशला पुरुषा निमित्त विनाशोन्मुख दृष्ट्वा तत्प्रयुक्त कार्यं न दुर्बन्तीत्यर्थः । लौ न्याय (लौकिकन्यायसाहस्यी)

अङ्गुणविरोधे तादर्थ्यादिति न्यायः (MS 12 2 25) If there be a contradiction between the accessory of the subordinate and the principal the accessory of the subordinate subserves the principal, as it is meant for accomplishing the completion of the principal of अङ्गुणेन प्रधानगुणस्य विरोधे सति अङ्गस्य प्रधानत्वात् । प्रधानसादृश्यसिद्ध्यर्थं हि अङ्गं क्रियते । 'धर्मधर्मविरोधे च धर्मिणो बलवत्तरा ।' अङ्गाङ्गापेक्षया साक्षादङ्गं बलीय । मीमांसाकोष (मी को)

अङ्गारन्यायः Charcoal when heated burns if it is touched and blackens when extinct, both ways it is harmful अङ्गार thus resembles a wicked person of त्वया स्वहस्तेनाङ्गारा कथिता । Pt 1, उष्णो दहति चाङ्गार शीतं कृष्णायते कर्म । H 1 80

अग्निशिखान्यायः Flames of fire, by nature, always go upwards According to Jainism Ātman also goes above कदर्थितस्यापि हि धैर्यवृत्तेन शक्यते धैर्यगुणा प्रमादुम् । अधोमुखस्यापि कृतस्य बह्वेर्नाथः शिखा यान्ति कदाचिदेव ॥ Bh 2 106

अग्निहोत्रन्यायः Vide Dictionary p 18

अङ्गुलिदीपिकया ध्वान्तध्वंसविधिः The maxim applies when a person attempts to dispel darkness with a lamp which is not bigger than his finger The maxim

implies the use of a manifestly inadequate means to bring about a great result of यत्र महाकर्मनिष्पत्तये स्वल्पमर्थात् तत्रासमर्थप्राय कारणं प्रयुज्यते तत्राय (न्याय) सचरति । लौ न्याय

अङ्गुल्यग्रं न तेनैवाङ्गुल्यग्रेण स्पृश्यते The tip of a finger cannot be touched by itself The edge of a sword cannot cut itself A man cannot mount on his own shoulder (स्वस्कन्धारोहण) of न हि पाकः पच्यते छिदा वा छिद्यते । नापि करणकर्मत्वं कर्तृकर्मत्वं वा एकस्य सम्भवति । न ह्यङ्गुल्यग्रेणैवाङ्गुल्यग्रं स्पृश्यते नाप्यङ्गुल्यग्रमात्मानं स्पृशति । तेनासा विधाना दृष्टान्ते क्वाचिदप्यदर्शनाज्ञानेऽपि नास्ति सभन । पार्थसारथि on श्लोकवार्तिक, शून्यवाद

अङ्गुल्यग्रे हस्तियूथशतमास्ते The existence of a hundred herds of elephants on the tip of a finger illustrates an absurdity or complete disbelief यत्राश्वद्वयतोपन्यासी विवक्ष्यते, तत्रायमवतरतीति । लौ न्याय उक्तं चैतदुम्बकेन— "यदाप्तोऽपि क्रस्मैचिदुपदिशति न त्वयाननुभूतार्थविषयं वाक्यं प्रयोक्तव्यं यथाङ्गुल्यग्रे हस्तियूथशतमास्ते इति । तत्रार्थव्यभिचारं स्फुटं ।" चित्सुखी

अजाकृपाणीयन्यायः The maxim of the she-goat and the sword The goat is suddenly killed by accidental contact with a sword The maxim illustrates any surprising event happening altogether by chance. In the maxims, काकनालीय, खल्वाटनिस्सीय etc belonging to the same class, there is unexpected इष्टलाभ or अनिष्टलाभ, while here there is nothing but अनिष्टप्राप्ति एवमागच्छन्त्या अजाया कृपाणपतनाद्यथा बधस्तत्सदृश मरणमिति फलितोऽर्थः । लौ न्याय यथाजया भूमिं खनन्त्यात्मबधाय कृपाणो दार्शितस्तत्तुल्यं वृत्तं केनचिदात्मविनाशाय कृतमजाकृपाणीयम् । com on G M 3 196 Mōlesworth defines it as "The maxim of the sword upon the neck of the goat Expressive of meekness and absolute helplessness" of अजापुत्रं बलिं दद्याद् देवो दुर्बलघातकः ।

अजागलस्तनन्यायः The maxim of the fleshy protuberance or nipple hanging down from the neck of goats Figuratively this stands as an emblem of anything worthless or useless धर्मार्थकाममोक्षाणां यस्यैकोऽपि न विद्यते । अजागलस्तनस्यैव तस्य जन्म निरर्थकम् ॥

अजा(ज्ञा)तपुत्रनामोत्कीर्तनन्यायः The maxim of proclaiming the name of a son before he is born This

act resembles the counting of chickens before they are hatched. But man often indulges in giving names to his activities which are non-existent.

अतिदेशन्यायः Vide Dictionary p 42.

अत्यन्तपराजयाद्वरं संशयोऽपि It is better to have even a doubtful condition than a crushing defeat, of मारणाय गृहीतोऽङ्गच्छेदे स्वीकरोति । and मरणाद्वरं व्याधि । Survival after all is preferable to complete destruction. "Half a loaf is better than no bread" सर्वनाशे समुत्पन्ने हार्धं त्यजति पण्डित । Pt

अधिकारन्यायः The rule regarding qualifications (required of a sacrificer). The sixth adhyāya of MS deals with this topic दर्शपूर्णमासाभ्यां स्वर्गकामो यजेत । ज्योतिष्टोमेन स्वर्गकामो यजेत । etc are the injunctions under discussion किंचित् पुरुषविशेषणत्वेनाश्रुतमाधिकारिविशेषण भवति । यथाभ्ययनसिद्धा विद्या, अभिसाध्येषु च कर्मसु आवागमसिद्धाभिप्रायः, सामर्थ्यं च । मीमांसान्यायप्रकाश

अनन्यलभ्यः शब्दार्थः The meaning of a word is that which cannot be known from any other source (such as implication etc) of स एव हि शब्दस्यार्थो य प्रकृष्टान्तरेण न लभ्यते । अनन्यलभ्य शब्दार्थ इति न्यायात् । अत एव न गङ्गापदस्य तीरमर्थः । लक्षणयैव प्रतिपत्तिसम्भवात् । मीमांसान्यायप्रकाश य शब्दो यत्र वृद्धिरसति वृत्त्यन्तरे प्रयुज्यते स तस्य वाचको यथा स्वर्गशब्दः सुखविशेषे प्रयुज्यमानस्तस्य वाचकः । कुसुमाञ्जलि

अनारभ्याधीतविधिन्यायः The maxim of the injunctions (such as यस्य खादिर जुहो भवति स च्छान्दसामेव रसेनावयति, सरमा अस्याहुतयो भवन्ति । यस्य पर्णमयी जुहुर्भवति न स पापश्लोकं श्रुणोति । etc) studied or taught or read without reference to any particular subject. These vidhis are to be construed with प्रकृत्यर्थे alone (तस्मात् प्रकृत्यर्थोऽनारभ्यविधिः ।)

अनुवृत्तिन्यायः The maxim of service, obedience or repetition of सिंहे बली द्विरदशूकरमासमोक्ता सप्तसरेण कुक्षे रतिमेकवारम् । पारावत खरक्षिलकणभोजनोऽपि कामीति नित्यमनुवृत्तिरिहापि हेतु ॥

अन्तरङ्गबहिरङ्गयोरन्तरङ्गं बलीयः The rule which proves that out of the proximate (closely related) and the remote (distantly related) the former is stronger. Read 'तत् कस्य हेतोः ? अत्र हि पूर्वं प्रत्ययो भवेत् । ये धर्मा अपूर्वार्था, ते साक्षादपूर्वणासम्बन्धमानास्तदङ्गेषु विज्ञायन्ते । अतस्तत्र बुद्धिरपूर्वासम्भवेन निवर्तमाना अङ्गेषु प्रवर्तमाना अन्तरङ्गे तावदापतति । ततो व्यवहिते बहिरङ्गे । यत्र च पूर्वमापतति तत्रैव तिष्ठति, तदतिक्रमे कारणाभावात् ।' SB, on MS 12 2 11

अन्तर्दीपिकान्यायः The maxim of a lamp in a central position. The maxim applies to a thing which serves a double purpose of 'नित्यं सर्वदा । नित्यं स्थितं नित्यं तपसा नित्यं सम्यग्ज्ञानेनेति सर्वत्र नित्यशब्दोऽन्तर्दीपिकान्यायेनानुपपन्नः ।' Samkara on Mund 3, 1 5 of देहलीदीपन्याय and मध्यदीपन्याय

अन्धकर्तृकीयन्यायः The maxim of the blind man and the quail. This maxim, along with अजाकृपाणीय, काकतालीय etc, is used to express a wholly fortuitous occurrence 'अन्धकर्तृका च अन्धकर्तृकम् । अन्धकर्तृकं वर्तमाना उपर्यतर्कितं पादन्यास उच्यते । तत्तुल्यमन्धकर्तृकीयम्' com on G M 3 195, ससारसागरमिमं भ्रमतां नितान्तं जीवेन मानवभवं समवापि देवात् । तत्रापि यद्भुवनमन्यकुले प्रसूति सत्सगतिश्च तदिहान्धकर्तृकीयम् । यद्वास्तिलक २ 153

अन्धगजन्यायः The maxim of blind men and an elephant. Several blind men, each one touching the particular limb of an elephant, tried to form an idea of the shape of that elephant. As none of them could get the entire view of the elephant none could form a comprehensive judgment of the shape of the animal. Their judgment was bound to be incomplete, defective and lop-sided. The maxim illustrates the divergence of views held by the ignorant about God.

अन्धगोलाङ्गुलन्यायः The maxim of the blind man and the cow's tail. The maxim is used to illustrate how the gullible are often waylaid by the wicked. A wicked man found a blind man wandering helplessly. The wicked man expressing sympathy for the blind, deprived him of his valuables and putting a cow's tail into his hand told him to follow her. The result is anybody's guess 'यदि चाज्ञस्य सतो मुमुक्षोरचित्तनमोत्तमानमात्मेत्युपदिशेत् प्रमथ्यभूतं शास्त्रं स श्रद्धान्तयान्धगोलाङ्गुलन्यायेन तदामदृष्टिं न परित्यजेत् तद्व्यतिरिक्तं चात्मानं न प्रतिपद्येत् तथा सति पुरुषार्थाद् विद्वन्नेतानर्थं च ऋच्छेत् ।' S B on Br Sū 1 1 7

अन्धदर्पणन्यायः The maxim of a mirror for a blind man. The maxims like शरण्यारोदनन्याय, मूर्खसेवनन्याय, जलताडनन्याय etc belong to the class of this maxim. The maxim is used to illustrate the vainness of efforts. यस्य नास्ति स्वयं प्रज्ञा शास्त्रं तस्य करोति किम् । लोचनाभ्यां विहीनस्य दर्पणं किं करिष्यति ॥ H 3 115

अन्धपरंपरान्यायः The maxim of a continuous series of blind men. The maxim is used in those cases where people blindly or thoughtlessly follow others, not caring to see whether their doing so would not be a leap in the dark of अविद्यायामन्तरे वर्तमाना स्वयं धीरा पण्डितमन्यमान् । दन्द्रन्यमाना परियन्ति मूढा अन्धैरेव नीयमाना यथान्धा ॥ Kath 1 2 5, अनादिभ्योऽपि अन्धपरंपरान्यायेनाप्रतिष्ठैवानवस्था व्यवहारलोपिनी स्यान्नाभिप्रायसिद्धिः । S B, on Br Sū 2 2 30

अन्योन्याश्रयन्यायः The rule of mutual interdependence. The causes which are mutually dependent lead to no sound result in science. A vessel tied to another vessel leads to the safety of neither.

अन्वयव्यतिरेकन्यायः The rule of presence and absence, positive and negative assertion. All A is B. All not-B is not-A. यत्सत्त्वे यत्सत्त्वमन्वयः, यदभावे यदभावी व्यतिरेकः । अन्वयेन व्यतिरेकेण च व्यतिरेकमिति हेतावयं प्रवर्तते । यथा बहो साध्ये धूमवत्त्वम् । यत्र यज्ञं धूमस्तत्र तत्राग्निरित्यन्वयव्याप्तिः । यत्र

बहिर्नास्ति तत्र धूमोऽपि नास्तीति व्यतिरेकव्याप्तिः, यथा महानसादौ । -लौ न्याय, आकृतिज्ञानसत्त्वे व्यक्तिज्ञानम्, आकृतिज्ञानाभावे व्यक्तिज्ञानाभाव इति आकृतिरेव शब्दार्थः, न व्यक्ति । एव प्रीतिसत्त्वे स्वर्गशब्दप्रयोगः, प्रीत्यभावे न इति प्रीतिरेव स्वर्गशब्दवाच्या । -मी को

अपवादैस्तर्गा बाध्यन्ते General rules are set aside by special ones of Mbh 2 1 24, लब्धप्रतिष्ठा प्रथम युय किं बलवत्तरै । अपवादैरिवोत्सर्गं कृतव्यावृत्तयः परै ॥ Ku 2 27, य कश्चन रघुना हि परमेक परतप । अपवाद इवोत्सर्गं व्यावर्तयितु-मीश्वर ॥ R 15 7

अपन्यानं तु गच्छन्तं सोदरोऽपि विमुञ्चति A co-uterine brother leaves a person following a wrong (dangerous, impious) path. The general golden rule is महाजनो येन गतः सपन्था । One who does not follow this rule becomes a heretic, an atheist of यान्ति न्यायप्रवृत्तस्य तिर्यञ्चोऽपि सहायताम् । अपन्यानं तु गच्छन्तं सोदरोऽपि विमुञ्चति ॥ Rām, A R, अपयं पदमपयन्ति हि श्रुतवन्तोऽपि रजोनिमीलिना ॥ R 9 74

अपराह्णच्छायाऽन्धायः The maxim of the shadow in the latter half of the day. In the afternoon the shadow of the sun is underneath our feet while towards evening it goes on lengthening. The case is quite the reverse from the sunrise till midday आरम्भयुर्वी क्षयिणी क्रमेण लब्धी पुरा दृष्टिमती च पश्चात् । दिनस्य पूर्वार्धपरार्धभिन्ना ऽथेव मैत्री खलमज्जनानाम् ॥ The maxim is used to illustrate the nature of friendship of the good and the wicked

अप्राप्ते शास्त्रमर्थवत् Scripture becomes purposeful when an injunction has not been enjoined by any other scriptural injunction तथाहि-‘आत्मा वा अरे द्रष्टव्यं श्रोतव्यो मन्तव्यो निदिध्यासितव्यः’ इति श्रुतिः । अत्र श्रोतव्य इत्यनुवादः । (स्वाध्यायोऽध्ययनव्य इति) अध्ययनविधिना साङ्गस्य स्वाध्यायस्य ग्रहणे अर्थतत्वेदस्य पुरुषस्य प्रयोजनवदर्थदर्शनात् । तन्निर्णयाय स्वरसत एव श्रवणे प्रवर्तमानतया तस्य प्राप्तत्वात् । मन्तव्य इति चानुवादः श्रवणप्रतिष्ठार्थत्वेन मननस्यापि प्राप्तत्वात् । लौ न्याय, प्रमाणान्तरसिद्धस्य न शास्त्रविषयत्वम् । सिद्धान्तचन्द्रिका 1 1 1

अब्धिफेनादिन्यायः The maxim of the superimposition of the name and form of foam etc on the ocean of सृष्टिर्नाम ब्रह्मरूपे सच्चिदानन्दरूपवस्तुनि । अब्धौ फेनादिवत् सर्वनामरूपप्रसारणम् । न्यायरूपदृष्टान्तमाह - अब्धौ फेनादिवदिति । अब्धौ अवस्थिताया विक्षेपात्मिकाया मायायास्तत्रैव फेनतरङ्गबुद्बुदाकारेण विवर्तनं सृष्टिशब्देनोच्यते, तथात्रापीति भावः । -लौ न्याय, आवर्त-बुद्बुदतरङ्गमयान् विकारानम्भो यथा सलिलमेव हि तत् समस्तम् । U 3 47 The maxim is used to illustrate the विवर्तवाद of the Advaita Vedānta.

अभ्यन्तरे हि समुदायेऽवयवे इति न्यायः The maxim of the application to the part when it is applicable to the whole thing. When a tree moves by the force of wind the branches of it also move without fail समुदायेषु हि शब्दाः प्रवृत्ता अवयवेष्वपि वर्तन्ते । तथा, पूर्वं पञ्चाला, उत्तरे पञ्चाला, तैलं भुक्तम्, घृतं भुक्तम्, शुक्लं, नीलं, कृष्णं इति । एवमयं समुदाये व्याकरणशब्दः प्रवृत्तोऽवयवेष्वपि प्रवर्तते । लौ न्याय

अभ्यर्हितं पूर्वम् That which is more worthy should come first. The origin of the maxim is in Mbh 2 2 34.

(अभ्यर्हितं पूर्वं निपततीति वक्तव्यम् । मातापितरौ श्रद्धामेधे ।) However, it is extended to other fields of ऋग्वेदस्य प्राथम्येन सर्वत्रात्मनात्वादभ्यर्हितं पूर्वमिति न्यायेनाभ्यर्हितत्वात् तद् व्याख्यानमादौ युक्तम् । Sāyana's Intro to Rv, अभ्यर्हितं पूर्वमिति न्यायमाश्रित्य तन्त्रप्रसंगप्रतिपादकयोरेकादशद्वादशाध्याययोः पूर्वोत्तरभाव उपपादितः । J N V 12

अभ्युपगमसिद्धान्तन्यायः The rule of an implied axiom or a dogmatic corollary. This is an admitted proposition in the न्यायदर्शन. A corollary, though not explicitly stated, follows the statement of aphorism so as to render a demonstration of the corollary superfluous.

अम्बुनि मज्जन्यलावूनि ग्रावाणः प्लवन्ते Gourds sink in water, but stones float. This maxim is used to illustrate an obvious absurdity which is opposed to the direct proof (प्रत्यक्षप्रमाण) of मज्जन्यलावूनि शिला प्लवन्ते मुह्यन्ति नावोऽम्भसि शब्ददेव । Mb 2 66 11, एवजातीयकप्रमाणविरुद्धवचनमप्रमाणम् । अम्बुनि मज्जन्यलावूनि ग्रावाणः प्लवन्त इति यथा । SB on MS 1 1 5, 4 3 16

अयमपरो गण्डस्योपरि स्फोटः Here is another boil on the top of a previous one! An illustration of difficulty upon difficulty, another evil to add to the first. This is a proverbial phrase to express the sense of the English proverb ‘to add misery to misfortune’ of तदो गण्डस्स उवरी पिण्डो सवुत्तो । S 2, Mu 5, विद्वशालभजिका 1 The maxim stands for a series of misfortunes (दुःखपरंपरा)

अयस्कान्तन्यायः The maxim illustrates as to how the inactive, passive पुरुष is drawn into activity अयमुदासीनत्वे कर्मप्रवर्तकत्वविवक्षायामवतरति । यथा कूटस्थोऽध्यक्षोऽयस्कान्तकल्पः प्रवर्तकः स चराचरं जगदुत्पादयति, तथा प्रकृतेऽपि बोध्यम् । लौ न्याय Iron is inactive but it is drawn towards itself by the magnet

अयाचितमण्डनन्यायः The favourites of God, though penniless, get wealth due to God's grace अजगरप्रवर्तनवद् याच्ना विनैव लब्धं वस्तुविशेषमयाचितमित्युच्यते । अयाचितं च तन्मण्डनं चेति समासः । यथा ईश्वरसुहृद् स्वयं निर्धना अपि तदीयेन धनेन फलभाजः । तद्वद् यत्र व्यवहारस्तत्रास्य प्रवृत्तिः । लौ न्याय

अरण्यचन्द्रिकान्यायः The maxim of the moonlight in the forest. It illustrates the uselessness of an object of enjoyment without the presence of an enjoyer निनिन्द रूपं हृदयेन पार्वती प्रियेषु सौभाग्यफला हि चारुता । Ku 5 1, स्त्रीणां प्रियालोकफलो हि वेषः ।

अरण्यरोदनन्यायः The simile of crying in the wilderness. There is no person in wild region to pay attention to the wailing cry of a bereaved person, none to console or sympathise, hence it becomes useless of अन्धदर्पणन्याय, ऊषरवृष्टिन्याय etc अरण्यरुदितं कृतं शवशरीरमुद्धर्तितं स्थले कमलरोपणं सुचिरमृषरे वर्षितम् । श्वपुच्छमवनामितं बाधिरकर्णजाप-कृतं कृतान्धमुखमण्डना यद्वुधो जनं सेवितः ॥ Pt

अरुण्यतीप्रदर्शनन्यायः The maxim of pointing out of the star अरुण्यती. It is used to illustrate the principle

of gradual instruction, after having sifted the unimportant things यथास्वर्त दिदर्शयिषुस्तत्समीपस्था स्थूला तारामसुख्या प्रथममस्वर्ततीति आहयित्वा ता प्रत्याख्याय पश्चादस्वर्ततीमेव आहयति तद्वन्नायमात्मेति ब्रूयात् । S B on Br Sūt 1 1 8, 1 1 12

अर्थवशाद्विभक्तिविपरिणाम. The rule regarding the change of case taking into consideration the sense of a sentence Similarly we have to resort to लिङ्गविपरिणाम, वचनविपरिणाम

अर्थी समर्थो विद्वानधिक्रियते This is akin to अविकार-न्याय गात्र हि अविशेषप्रवृत्तमपि मन्यमानेनाविकरोति शक्तवादार्थित्वा-धर्म्यदस्तत्वादुपनयनादिशान्नाच्चेति वर्णितमेतदविकारलक्षणे । S B on Br Sūt 1 3 25

अर्धकुक्कुटीन्यायः A butcher wishes to have a half of hen for cooking, while the other half he wants to be in tact for laying eggs But this desire of the butcher will never be realized You cannot have usufruct and growth by multiplication simultaneously One cannot eat the cake and have it

अर्धजरतीयन्यायः The maxim of the semi senile woman यथा स्त्री न तस्मिन् श्लथस्तनत्वात् कृष्णकेशत्वान्न जरती बन्तु शक्यते तद्वत् सिद्धासिद्ध प्रयोजनम् । G M 3 195 "Action of indeterminate character, speech vague and indefinite, a proceeding void of learning or bearing" Molesworth You must either accept a thing in toto or reject it in toto, you cannot have a half-way house of इति विकारार्थे मयटप्रवाहे सत्यानन्दमय एवाकस्मादर्धजरतीयन्यायेन कथमिव मयट प्राचुर्यार्थत्वं ब्रह्मविषयत्व वाभीयत इति । S B on Br Sūt 1 1 19, 1 2 8, यत्र सर्वत्यागे ग्रहणे वा प्रसक्ते निर्युक्तिक-मेकाशोपादानमशान्तरत्यागश्च क्रियते, तत्राय न्यायोऽन्तरतीति । यथा जरती वृद्धा स्त्री, तस्या पतिस्तदर्थं मुखमात्रं गृह्णाति ह्यवयवान्तर त्यजति इति युक्तिशून्यम्, तथा य ईशवचनत्वेनागमप्रामाण्यमुपगच्छन्ति तेषां बुद्धवचसामपि प्रामाण्यप्रसंगो वेदस्यापि बाप्रामाण्यापत्ति । यदि वा ईशवचनत्वसाम्येऽपि वेदस्य प्रामाण्यप्रामाण्यं च बुद्धवचसामङ्गी-क्रियेन तदेतदपि युक्तिशून्यमिति भाव । लौ न्याय

अर्धवैशसन्त्यायः The simile of slaying of one half (of a body, while the other half is kept alive) The maxim is used to illustrate absurdity, contradiction or incongruity, naturally it is akin, in some respects, to अर्धजरतीयन्याय of विधिना कृतमर्धवैशस ननु मा कामवधे विमुञ्चता । अनपायिनि सश्रयद्वये गजभमे पतनाय वल्लरी ॥ Ku 4 31, अविरोधे श्रुतिमूल न मूलान्तरसम्भव । विरोधे त्वन्यमूलत्वमिति स्यादध-वैशसम् । तन्त्रवार्तिक

अवयवप्रसिद्धेः समुदायप्रसिद्धिर्बलीयसी This rule is proved with the help of रथकारन्याय (वर्षासु रथकारोऽमीन् आदधीत ।) of लब्धात्मिका हि समुदायप्रसिद्धिरवयवप्रसिद्धिं बाधते तस्यास्त्वात्मलाभो यत्र प्रमाणान्तरेण पूर्वानुभूतावयववार्थरहितेऽर्थे शब्द-प्रयोगो दृश्यते । यथा अश्वकर्णत्वरहिते वृक्षेऽश्वकर्णशब्दस्य । तन्त्र. 1 4 11 As a parallel illustration, in the English word, cockroach, we have neither a cock nor a roach !

अशक्तोऽहं गृहारम्भे शक्तोऽहं गृहभञ्जने I am too weak to construct a house, but I am well able to destroy one This proverbial sentence is found in Dhundirāja's commentary on Mu 3 11, cf also घातयितुमेव नीच परकार्यं वेति न प्रसाधयितुम् । पातयितुमेव शक्तिर्नास्तीरुद्धर्तुमन्नपिदम् ॥ Pt 1 363

अशोकवानिकान्यायः The maxim of the grove of Asoka tree Ravana kept Sītā in the grove of Asoka trees, but it is not easy to account for his preference of that particular grove to any other one, so when a man finds several ways of doing a thing, any one of them may be considered as good as another, and the preference of any particular one cannot be accounted for

अश्मलोष्टन्यायः The maxim of the stone and clod of earth A clod of earth may be considered to be hard as compared with cotton, but is soft as compared with its inferiors, but sinks into insignificance when compared with its betters The maxim is also used to denote the relative importance of two things, though absolutely both may be bad, e g गोपालपरशुरामौ उभावपि अतीव दुर्मेधसौ । किं तु अश्मलोष्टन्यायेन गोपाल परशुरामाद्वरीयान् । cf Mar 'दगडापेक्षा बीट मऊ', पाषाणोष्टकन्याय

अस्त्रमस्त्रेण शाम्यति A weapon is silenced by a weapon The maxim is perhaps analogous to the saying "Diamond cuts diamond", or, "Set a thief to catch a thief" It occurs in Suresvara's नेष्कर्म्यमिद्धि 1 81, cf विष विषेण व्यथते बज्र बज्रेण भिद्यते । गजेन्द्रो दृष्टसारेण गजेन्द्रेणैव बभूवते ॥ नीतिसार 8 67

अस्नेहदीपन्यायः The simile of a lamp without oil (that is, from which the oil has burnt out) of तत्र वर्षसहस्राणि निर्विकल्पसमाधिना । दश स्थित्वा शशामासात्मान्यस्नेह-दीपवत् ॥ योगवासिष्ठ 2 1 44, निर्विष्टविषयस्नेह स दशान्तमुपेयिवान् । आसीदासन्ननिर्वाण प्रदीपार्चिरिबोषसि ॥ R 12 1

अहिकुण्डलन्यायः The maxim of the snake and its coils Viewed as a whole the snake is one, non-different, while an element of difference appears if we view it with regard to its coils, hood, erect posture and so on The maxim is used to illustrate the relation of the highest Self and the soul as analogous to that of the snake and its coils The expression is akin to the expressions "a forest and its trees", "a lake and its waters", so often used by the Vedāntins as illustrations of identity अहं सर्पस्य यथा कुण्डलादिष्वेष्टन स्वाभाविक तथा यस्य स्वाभाविकधर्मो व्यपदिश्यते तत्रास्य प्रवृत्ति । वाचस्पत्य

आकाशमुष्टिहननन्यायः The maxim of striking the sky with one's fist The maxim illustrates a vain attempt at an impossibility of यस्तन्मूलतुपादाय तुरीमात्रपरि-प्रहात् । पट कर्तुं समीहित स हन्याद् व्योम मुष्टिभि ॥ तन्त्र

आख्यातानामर्थं भुवतां शक्तिः सहकारिणी Power of understanding on the part of the hearer, co-operates

with the verbs expressing a certain sense of आख्यात-शब्दानामर्थं ब्रुवता प्राक्. सहकारिणी। एव चेद् यथाशक्ति व्यवस्था भवितुमर्हति। तथा, “अज्जिज्ञा सक्तुन् प्रदाव्ये जुहोति” इति। द्विहस्त-सयोगोऽज्जलि, स व्योक्रोशोऽर्थान् कर्तव्य। तथा हि शक्यते होमो निर्वर्तयितुम्। तद् यथा, कटे भुङ्क्ते कास्यपात्र्या भुङ्क्ते इत्यर्थात् कल्याणे कटे समासीन कास्यपात्र्यामोदन निधाय भुङ्क्ते इति। SB on MS 1. 4 25

आदावन्ते च यन्नास्ति वर्तमानेऽपि सत्तथा That which at the beginning and the end has no [real] existence, has none either during the intervening period. The Vedāntins of Samkara's school hold that existence is of three kinds, namely, पारमार्थिक (true), of which Brahman is the sole representative, -व्यावहारिक (practical), to which all phenomena belong, and प्रातिभासिक (apparent), which includes such things as a snake surmised in a rope, or nacre mistaken for silver. The second and third kind, therefore, have no real existence from the beginning to the end of their supposed existence.

आम्रसिकपितृतर्पणन्यायः Watering a mango-tree, and, at the same time, satisfying the Manes with a libation. The maxim is used to illustrate an act of bringing about two results by one operation of कथं पुनरेकेन यत्नोभय लभ्यम्। लभ्यमित्याह। कथम्। द्विगता अपि हेतवो भवन्ति तद्यथा। आम्राश्च सिक्ता पितृश्च प्रीणिता इति। Mbh 1 1 1, 8. 2. 3

आम्रान् पृष्टः कोविदारानांचटे Questioned as to mango trees, he speaks of Kovidāra trees. Its origin is found in Mbh 1 2 45 अन्यद्भवान् पृष्टोऽन्यदाचष्टे। आम्रान् पृष्ट कोविदारानांचटे। अतः हि लोके प्रकृष्टप्रकाशश्चन्द्र इत्यत्र प्रकृष्टपदेना-प्रकृष्टपदोत्पादे प्रकाशपदेनाप्रकाशपदमन्धकारादेश्च व्यवच्छेदेन जिज्ञासितश्चन्द्रप्रातिपदिकमात्रार्थं प्रतिपाद्यते। इतरथा आम्रान् पृष्ट कोविदारानांचष्टे इति न्यायेन वक्तुराजिज्ञासार्थमर्थं प्रतिपाद्यतोऽभ्रदेय-वचनत्वप्रसंगान्। लौकिकन्यायरत्नाकर

आमोदषट्पदन्यायः The maxim of the hidden fragrance understood by the bees of आकारेणैव चतुरास्तर्कयन्ति परेऽस्मिन्। गर्भस्थं केतुं पुष्पमामोदेनैव षट्पदा ॥ A R

आशामोदकतृप्तन्यायः The illustration of one who is satisfied with sweetmeats in prospect. The maxim speaks of a person who relies on future imaginary good in store for him आशामोदकतृप्तये ये चोपाजितमोदका। रसवीर्य-विपाकश्चि तुल्य तेषां प्रसज्यते ॥ न्यायकन्दली

इभुदण्डन्यायः From top to bottom every part of sugar-cane increases in sweet juice, similar is the case with सज्जनमैत्री इहोरग्रान् पर्वाणि पर्वाणि यथा रसविशेष तद्वत् सज्जन-मैत्री, विपरीतानां तु विपरीता इति। लौ न्याय

इतो द्यमन्न इतस्तदी On one side a tiger, on the other a precipice! A serious dilemma of दुटुम्बमपि मे प्रेय प्रेयान्त्वमपि हे सखे। किं करोमि द्विधाचित इतो द्यमन्न-इतस्तदी ॥ हेमचन्द्र

इषुकारन्यायः The illustration of the arrow-maker. It is used of one wholly engrossed in his work, and hence unconscious of his surroundings of इषुकारो नर कश्चिदिषावाप्तकामात् समीपेनापि गच्छन्त राजानं नावबुद्धवान् ॥ Mb 12 178 12, इषुकारन्यायेन सुगो भविष्यति। यथेष्टुकारो जाग्रदपी-ष्वासक्तमनस्तथा नान्यान् विषयानीक्षत एव सुगो सुसलसघातादिजनित-दुःखानुभवव्यग्रमनस्तथा जाग्रदपि नान्यान् विषयानीक्षत इति। न। अचेतयमानत्वात्। S B on Br Sūt 3. 2. 10

इषुवेगक्षयन्यायः The simile of the gradual diminution of the speed of an arrow प्रवृत्तफलस्य कर्माशयस्य मुक्तेषोरिव वेगक्षयान्निवृत्तिः। S B on Br Sūt 3 3 32

उत्कृष्टदृष्टिर्निकृष्टेऽध्यसितव्या The idea of something higher is to be superimposed upon something lower एव प्राप्ते ब्रूम। ब्रह्मदृष्टिरेवादित्यादिषु स्यादिति। कस्मात्, उत्कर्षात्। एवमुत्कर्षणादित्यादयो दृष्टा भवन्ति। उत्कृष्टदृष्टेस्तेष्वध्यामात्। तथा लौकिको न्यायोऽनुमतो भवति। उत्कृष्टदृष्टिर्हि निकृष्टेऽध्यसितव्येति लौकिको न्यायः। यथा राजदृष्टि क्षत्तरि। S B on Br Sūt 4 1 5

उदरे भृते कोशो भृतः “When his stomach is full his coffers are full” It is used of a lazy fellow who has no ambition beyond his daily bread, ‘whose god is his belly’

उपसर्गन्यायः The maxim of a preposition changing the meaning of a verb उपसर्गेण धात्वर्थो बलादन्यत्र नीयते। प्रहाराहारसहारविहारपरिहारवत् ॥ अ. यत्रैकवस्तुनोपाधिभेदेन नानात्व-विवक्षा तत्रायं प्रवर्तते। उपसर्जनसुपसृज्यते वा यथैक एवोपसर्गो नानाक्रियायोगरूपोपाधिभेदेन नानार्थता भजति। लौ न्याय

उभयतः पाशा रज्जुः A Rope which binds at both ends, an embarrassing position, a dilemma यद्यपि न बाधस्तथापि त्रिकल्पस्तावत् प्राप्नोति न हि दुस्त्यार्थानां क्वाचित् समु-च्चयो दृष्टः। सेयमुभयतः पाशा रज्जुः। तन्त्र 3 6 42

उष्ट्रकण्टकभक्षणन्यायः The maxim of a camel's eating thorns. A camel derives pleasure from eating Sami leaves not minding the pricking thorns. However, things are not in themselves essentially pleasant or unpleasant, and that what causes pleasure to one may be painful to another, and that even the same thing which at one time is agreeable may at another time be the reverse. उष्ट्रस्य शमीकण्टकश्चेज्जातदुःखकालेऽपि शमीपत्रभक्षण-सुखलेशो यथा तथा भीष्टविषयोपार्जनदुःखकाले तदुपाजितद्रव्यजसुखलेशो यत्रोपदिश्यते तत्रास्य प्रवृत्तिः। वाचस्पत्यः, अ. कर्णोऽसृत् सूक्तिरस विमुच्य दोषेषु यत्नं सुमहान् खलस्य। अवक्षते केलिवने प्राविश्य क्रमेलक कण्टक-जालमेव ॥ Vikr 1 29

उष्ट्रलगुडन्यायः The illustration of the camel and the stick. The very stick carried by the camel is used to strike the camel. This is used to demolish the very objections raised by the opponent against our arguments अर्थं हि स्वमते परेणोद्भाव्यमानानां दूषणानां तन्मते पातनेऽवतरति। लौ न्यायः of “Hoist with his own petard” Hamlet 3 4 The context of this nyāya (आत्मतत्त्वविवेक) seems

to warrant, however, a different explanation Here the allusion is to the camel, itself the ugliest of animals, going in search of an ugly animal to beat it with a stick in response to the injunction, "Beat the Ugly" (Turner Jubilee Volume I p 94)

ऊषरवृष्टिन्यायः The simile of rain on a saline barren waste Vide अरण्यरोदनन्याय etc ययोषरे बीजमुत्त न रोहेन वा वसा प्राप्नुयाद् बीजभागम् । एव श्राद्ध भुक्तमनर्हमाणैर्न चेह नामुत्र फल ददाति ॥ Mb 13 90 44

ऊहापोहन्यायः The rule of full discussion, consideration of pros and cons इमे मनुष्या दृश्यन्ते ऊहापोहविशारदा । Mb 13 145 43 ऊह (modification, change) forms the subject-matter of MS 9 'अपूर्वोपेक्षणमूह' इति जैमिनि । 'अध्याहारस्तर्क ऊह' इत्यमर । तर्कनिराकरणमपोह, अपगत ऊह इत्यर्थः । इसौ द्वौ मिलित्वा यत्र स्त तत्रायन्याय प्रवर्तते । यथा, ऊहापोहकुशलस्य जन ऊहापोहकौशलहीनश्चायमिति । लौ न्याय

ऋतुमतीकन्यकान्यायः The illustration of a maiden who has attained puberty She leaves her father's roof and becomes completely one with her husband Similarly, the प्रज्ञा of the Brahma-knower finds unalloyed solace in the परब्रह्म Both ऋतुमती कन्यका and ब्रह्मविद प्रज्ञा are ideal पतिव्रताः

एकवृत्तगतफलद्वयन्यायः The maxim of two fruits attached to one stalk It is used by writers on Rhetorics to illustrate a particular kind of श्लेष (Paronomasia), namely the coalescence of two meanings under one word The maxim is found in Marāthī literature and according to Molesworth it is equivalent to the English proverb "killing two birds with one stone"

एका क्रिया द्वयकरी बभूव One and the same act of a person becomes fruitful leading to liberation for himself and becomes the cause of sustenance of the universe सुमुक्षुणा श्रोत्रियेण क्रियमाण कर्म सत्त्वशुद्धिद्वारा स्वस्य मोक्षहेतुर्भवति, वृष्टपादिद्वारा जगत्स्थितिहेतुश्च भवत्यत उभयथापि कर्म कर्तव्यमेवेति । लौ न्याय A single act leads both to स्वार्थ and परार्थ

कण्ठचामीकरन्यायः The simile of the golden ornament on the neck A person is supposed to have a golden ornament round the neck and yet to be unaware of it until some one points it out The illustration is quite popular in Vedānta and is used to tell us that although we are already Brahman and free, we are not aware of the fact until instructed by a competent teacher

कदम्बकोरक (गोलक-मुकुल) न्यायः The maxim of the buds of the Kadamba tree It is used to denote simultaneous rise or action, like the bursting forth of the buds of the Kadamba tree at one and the same time of पित्रा स्वपाणिपद्मेन स्पृश्यमानोऽवनीपति । उत्कोरककदम्बामो बभूव पुलकाङ्कुरै ॥ हेमचन्द्र, वीचीतरङ्गन्यायेन तदुत्पत्तिस्तु कीर्तिता । कदम्बकोरकन्यायादुत्पत्ति कस्यचिन्मते ॥ Bhāṣā P

स इ को ..

कदलीफलन्यायः The simile of the fruit of the plantain tree As the foetus of the she-mule conduces to the destruction of the अश्वतरी, similarly the fruit of the कदली leads to the destruction of the plantain tree itself of वृश्चिकीगर्भन्याय

कनककुण्डलन्यायः The illustration of the complete identity of gold and the various ornaments prepared from gold यथा सुवर्णजन्यकुण्डलस्य सुवर्णाभिन्नत्वम्, तथा ब्रह्मरूपकारणजन्यजगत कार्यस्य ब्रह्मरूपकारणताभिन्नत्वमिति लौ न्याय

कम्बलनिर्णेजनन्यायः The simile of cleansing of a coarse blanket (by beating it on the feet, and so dusting them at the same time) It is used to denote the accomplishment of two objects by one operation, "Killing two birds with one stone" अपि च दधि उभय-मसमर्थं कर्तुं फल साधयितुं होम च । ननु कम्बलनिर्णेजनवेदेतद् भविष्यति । निर्णेजनं ह्युभय करोति । कम्बलशुद्धिं पादयोरञ्च निर्मलताम् । SB on MS 2 2 25 This coarse, rough blanket, in the case of the very poor, is often their sole garment by day as well as their only covering at night .

करविन्यस्तबिल्वन्यायः The simile of the woodapple on the (open palm of the) hand It is said of something unmistakably clear - "as plain as a pike-staff" of करस्थामलकन्याय निशेषोपनिषत्सारस्तदेतदिति साप्रतम् । उक्त्याविष्कियते साक्षात् करविन्यस्तबिल्ववत् ॥ सुरेश्वर

करिघण्टान्यायः The maxim of an elephant and his bell This denotes the superiority of intelligence over physical strength मतिरेव बलाद्वरीयसी यदभावे करिणामिय दशा इति घोषयतीव डिण्डिम करिणो हस्तिपकाहत क्वणन् ॥ H 2 84

करिवृहिन्यायः The maxim of the trumpeting of an elephant 'वृहित करिगर्जितम्' इत्यमर । Hence the word करि is superfluous But the addition in this and similar cases is made for some special purpose, given by Raghu-nātha as follows विशिष्टवाचकानामपि पदानां सति पृथग्विशेषण-वाचकपदसमवधाने विशेष्यमात्रपरताया करिवृहिन्याय प्रवर्तते । of सौन्दर्यसप्ततारुण्य यस्यास्ते ते च विभ्रमा । षट्पदान् पुष्पमालेव कान्ता-कर्षति सा सखे ॥ मालाशब्दो यद्यपि पुष्पस्यैव सज्जि शक्तस्तथापि न पुष्पपदमप्युद्धार्यम् । लक्षणयोक्तृष्टत्वप्रतिपादकत्वात् । अयमेव करिवृहिन्याय । K P 7 10 of गजघटान्याय, नीलेन्दीवरन्याय, पर्वता-चित्यकान्याय, वाजिमन्दुरान्याय, मृगवागुरान्याय etc

कलञ्जन्यायः Vide Dictionary p 544

कांस्यभोजिन्यायः The simile of the man who eats from a brazen vessel कांस्यभोजिवत् । तद्यथा । शिष्यस्य कांस्य-पात्रभोजित्वनियम उपाध्यायस्यानियम । यदि तयोरेकस्मिन् पात्रे भोजन-मापद्यतेऽमुख्यस्यापि शिष्यस्य धर्मो नियम्येत । मा भूद्धर्मलोप इति । SB on MS 12 2 34 The principle here laid down is that of some one's doing something which he is not bound to do, in order that he may not hinder another who is required to do it The converse is that of a man abstaining from doing something, possibly harmless in his case, lest another should do the same and suffer harm

काकतालीयन्यायः The maxim of the crow and the Palmyra tree It takes its origin from the unexpected and sudden fall of a palm-fruit upon the head of a crow at the very moment of its sitting on a branch of that tree, and is used to denote a very unexpected and accidental occurrence, whether welcome or unwelcome of यत्तया मेलनं तत्र लाभो मे यश्च सुभुव । तदेतत् काकतालीय-मवितर्कितसम्भवम् । चन्द्रालोक, पतत् तालफलं यथा काकेनोपमुक्तमेव रहोदर्शनक्षुभितहृदया तन्वी मया भुक्ता । Kuval काकागमनमिव तालपतनमिव काकतालीयम् । काकतालीयम् । Mbh There are in all five explanations of this न्याय (1) A crow happened to go to the foot of a palm tree A fruit immediately fell on his head and killed him This is purely accidental, there being no relation of cause and effect between the two events काकस्यागमन यादृच्छिकं तालस्य पतनं च । तेन तालेन पतता काकस्य वधः कृतः । Kāśi (2) A crow came and perched on the palm tree At that very moment the tree fell down This was an accident, for the tree could not have given way under the crow's weight (3) "As the fruit of a palmyra falling at the alighting upon it of a crow may appear to fall in consequence" Molesworth (4) A crow chanced to go to a palm tree Immediately a fruit fell down and was torn open The crow had a feast Vide चन्द्रालोक and Kuval quoted above (5) A person while clapping his hands chanced to capture between his palms a crow that was flying of नीलकण्ठः on Mbh 12 177 11 तालं करतलयोऽशब्दजनकसंयोगः । तस्मिन् क्रियमाणे उत्पत्तौ काको दैवात् तत्र तालाभ्यामाक्रान्तोऽभूत् तदेतत् काकतालीय-मुच्यते । काकरूपशंसमकालं तालफलस्य तालवृक्षस्य वा पतनं तदित्यन्ये ।, ग्रहाणां चरितं स्वप्नो निमित्तान्युपपादितम् । फलन्ति काकतालीयं प्राज्ञास्तेभ्यो न बिभ्यति ॥ Ve 2 15, अहो नु खलु भो, तदेतत् काकतालीयं नाम । Māl 5

काकदधिघातकन्यायः The simile of a crow as a destroyer of curds An example of उपलक्षणं where one represents many or a part stands for a whole So if any one warned to keep the crow off the curds, it would imply that all other possible raiders were also to be warded off काकेभ्यो रक्षयता सर्पिरिति बालोऽपि चोदितः । उपघातपरे बाक्ये न श्वादिभ्यो न रक्षति । Vak P 11 314 This is illustrated in वेदान्तपरिभाषा as an example of जहदजहदक्षणा, "जहदजहदक्षणादाहरणं तु काकेभ्यो दधि रक्षयतामित्यादिकमेव । तत्र शक्य-काकपरित्यागेनाशक्यदभ्युपघातकवपुरस्कारेण अकाके काके च काकशब्दस्य प्रवृत्तेः ।

काकदन्तगवेषण (परीक्षा) न्यायः The maxim of searching after a crow's teeth, used to denote any useless, unprofitable, or impossible task नचिकेतो मरणं मरणसंबद्धं अशनं प्रेत्यास्ति नास्तीति काकदन्तपरीक्षारूपं मानुप्राक्षीमैव प्रष्टुमर्हसि । Samkara on Kath. 1 25 व्यङ्ग्योऽर्थो भवतु मा वाभूत् कस्तत्राभिनिवेशः । काकदन्तपरीक्षाप्रायमेव तन् स्यादिति भावः । अभि-नवशुभं on ध्वन्यालोक 3 19. cf वायसदशनविमर्गन्यायः

काकाक्षिगोलकन्यायः The maxim of the crow's eye-ball It takes its origin from the supposition that the crow has but one eye (cf words like एकदृष्टि, एकाक्ष etc), and that it can move it, as occasion requires, from the socket on one side into that of the other The maxim is applied to a word or phrase which, though used only once in a sentence, may, if occasion requires, serve two purposes, e.g. द्वीपो जियामन्तरीप इत्यत्र अजियामित्यस्य काकाक्षिगोलकन्यायेन अन्तरीपशब्देनायन्वयः । cf बलिनो-द्विषतोर्मध्ये वाचात्मानं समर्पयन् । द्वैधीभावेन वर्तते काकाक्षिबदलक्षितः । Kām 11 24, तस्मिन्नास्थदिषीकास्त्रं रामो रामावबोधितः । आत्मानं मुमुचे तस्मादिकेनैवव्ययेन स । R 12 23

काकोलूकनिशाचरः The simile of the crow's and owl's night-time What is day to the former is night to the latter and vice versa cf पत्रं नैव यदा करीरावटपे दोषो बसन्तस्य किं नोलूकोऽप्यवलोकते यदि दिवा सूर्यस्य किं दूषणम् ॥ Bh 2 93, काकोलूकनिशोवाय ससारोऽज्ञातवेदिनो । या निशा सर्वभूताना-मित्यबोचत् स्वयं हरिः ॥ सुरेश्वरः.

काकपिकन्यायः The illustration of the crow and the cuckoo Similarly काचमणिन्यायः and गोगवयन्यायः The distinction between these pairs, apparently similar, is grasped at the proper time of their test of काकं कृष्णं पिकं कृष्णं को भेदः पिककाकयोः । प्राप्ते वसन्तसमये काकः काकं पिकं पिकं ॥, मणिलुठति पादेषु काचः शिरसि धार्यते । क्रयविक्रयेवेलायां काचः काचो मणिर्मणिः ॥, यथा गोगवयभ्रान्तिः कस्य नाम न जायते । दोहने ज्ञायते सम्यग् गौरेषा गवयो न हि ॥

कुड्यं विना चित्रकर्मव Like a decoration without a wall (to be decorated, or like a painting without a canvas) It denotes an unreality, like a hare's horn etc of चित्रं यथाश्रयमृते स्थाण्वादिभ्यो विना यथा छाया । तद्वद्विना विशेषैर्निष्ठति निराश्रयं लिङ्गम् ॥ Sām K. 41, प्रसङ्गसाधनं नाम नास्त्येव परमार्थतः । तद्धि कुड्यं विना तत्र चित्रकर्मव लक्ष्यते ॥, न हि नभः कुसुमस्य सौरभासौरभविचारो युक्तः । न्यायमञ्जरी, सैवेयं मम चित्रकर्मरचना भित्तिं विना वर्तते Mu 2 4

कुलालचक्रन्यायः The maxim of the potter's wheel Read यथा हस्तदण्डादिभ्रामिरेति कुलालचक्रमुपरतेऽपि तस्मिन्स्तद्वला-देवासंस्कारक्षयं भ्रमति, तथा भवस्येनात्मना अपवर्गप्राप्तये बहुशो यत् कृतं प्रणिधानं मुक्तस्य तदभावेऽपि पूर्वसंस्कारादलोकान्तं गमनमुपपद्यत इत्याहता आहुः । लौ न्यायः

कुल्याप्रणयनन्यायः The illustration of the laying down of a water-course for irrigation It is an example of a thing made for one purpose subserving other purposes also The origin of this न्यायः seems to be अन्यायार्थं प्रकृतेमन्यार्थं भवति । cf अतो न विधेयप्रत्यये तात्पर्यमिति कुल्याप्रणयनन्यायेनोभयार्थत्वाविधेयत्वात् । यथा शाल्यर्थे कुल्या प्रणीयन्ते ताभ्य एव पानीयं च पीयते तद्वत् । निवरणप्रमेयसंग्रहः

कुसुमस्तवकन्यायः The maxim of a bouquet of flowers, either the flowers occupy the prominent place on the head of people or they wither away in forest unnoticed There is no third alternative for them.

कुसुमस्तम्भक figuratively stands for the मनस्विन्, the spirited कुसुमस्तम्भकस्येव द्वे गती स्तो मनस्विनाम् । मूर्ध्नि वा सर्व-
लोकस्य विशीर्येत बनेऽथवा ॥ Bh 2 33

कूटकार्षापणन्यायः The simile of (the unwilling employment of) base money It is used by कुमारिल (यो हि कूटकार्षापणेन कंचित् कालमज्ञो लोकमध्ये व्यवहरति न तेन विवेकज्ञान-
जनितव्युत्पत्तिनापि तथैव व्यवहर्तव्यम् । तन्त्र 1 3 3) in the course of an argument on the relative value of Smṛiti and Śruti. The teaching of स्मृति which is in opposition to that of श्रुति must be given up, just as a man knowing that he has been using counterfeit coins must at once abstain from using them शब्दापभ्रशवदेव गौण-
आन्यादिप्रयोगनिमित्ता अर्थापभ्रशा भवन्ति ते शास्त्रस्यैरेवाविच्छेदार्थ-
क्रियानिमित्तपुण्यार्थिभिः शक्यन्ते साध्वसाधुकार्षापणमभ्यादिव तत्परीक्षिभि-
र्विवेक्तुम् । तन्त्र 1 3 8

कूपमण्डूकन्यायः The maxim of a frog in a well It is applied to an inexperienced person brought up in the narrow circle of home, and ignorant of public life and mankind "Home-keeping youths have ever home-
ly wits" (Two Gentlemen of Verona 1 1) कथं मामपि दशदिग्विबलासिनीकण्ठपूरीकृतकीर्तिपल्लव त्रिभुवनवीरनामधेय कूपमण्डूक इव सागरमविख्यातमपदिशसि । P R 1, यत्र महाजनप्रणीतसत्यपदार्थ-
ज्ञानलवदुर्विदग्धोऽल्पज्ञो न समनुते तत्रास्य प्रवृत्तिः । तथा च यथा समुद्रमज्ञात्वा निराकुर्वन् कूपमण्डूक उपहास्यता प्राप्तस्तथान्यमतान-
भिज्ञस्तद्दूषणपर उपहासास्पदी भवतीति न्यायसंगतिरिति । लौ न्याय

कूपयन्त्रघटिकान्यायः The maxim of the buckets at-
tached to the water-wheel It takes its origin from the fact that while some of the buckets filled with water go up, some are emptied of their contents, while others go down quite empty It is used to denote the various vicissitudes of worldly existence of घटीयन्त्रन्याय-
काश्चित्तुच्छयति प्रपूरयति वा काश्चिन्नयत्युन्नतिं काश्चित् पातविधौ करोति च पुन काश्चिन्नयत्याकुलान् । अन्योन्य प्रतिपक्षसततिमिमा लोकस्थितिं बोधयन्नेष क्रीडति कूपयन्त्रघटिकान्यायप्रसक्तो विधिः ॥ Mk 10 59

कूर्माङ्गन्यायः The maxim of the limbs of the tortoise It is used to illustrate that there is no such thing as the production of the non-existent, or the destruction of the existent यथा कूर्मदेहे तदिच्छया तदङ्गानि नि सरन्ति लीयन्ते च तत्रैव, एव यस्येच्छावशात् स्वोपाध्यज्ञानकार्यजातस्य स्वोपाधौ सकोचविकाशकारित्वमेव विवक्षाविषयेऽस्य प्रवृत्तिः । लौ न्याय

कृतक्षौरस्य नक्षत्रपरीक्षा of सुष्ठितक्षिरोनक्षत्रान्वेषण, कृते कार्ये किं मुहूर्तप्रणेन, न हि विवाहानन्तरं वरपरीक्षा and सावग, मुडिअमुडो गक्खत्ताई पुच्छसि । Mu 5, समर्थकारणज्ञानाद्योऽपि प्रामाण्यनिश्चयम् । श्रुते सोऽपि कृतोद्वाहस्तत्र लभ परीक्षते ॥ न्यायमञ्जरी

कृत्वाचिन्तान्यायः In Sanskrit all philosophical treatises (दर्शनग्रन्थः) have a peculiar method of argu-
ing out every topic (अधिकरण) Both the पूर्वपक्षिन् and the सिद्धान्तिन् take for granted all possible objections of the opponent, whether actually put forth or other-
wise, and try to refute them This gives thoroughness to the discussion and leaves no stone unturned (खण्डन-

मण्डन) कृत्वा (यद्यप्येतद्विषयकसहायो नोदेति तथापि तद्विषयगत-
सकलविचारस्योपन्यासाय कल्पना कृत्वा) चिन्ता (विचार) । "The Bhāṣya has introduced certain points of discussion simply for the sake of argument, in order to exhaust all possible alternatives with regard to the subject-matter of the adhikarana." M M Ganganatha Jha

कैमुतिकन्यायः The maxim of how much more-how much less, much more-much less It has another name काव्यार्थापत्तिः Read कैमुत्येनार्थसंसिद्धिः काव्यार्थापत्तिरिष्यते । स जितस्त्वन्मुखेनेन्दु का वार्ता सरसीरुहाम् ॥ cf श्रेष्ठिप्रभावान्मथि नान्तकोऽपि प्रभु प्रहर्तुं किमुतान्यहिंसा । R 2 62, सर्वाविनयाना-
मेकैकमप्येषामायतन किमुत समवाय । K, किमुतस्य भावः कैमुत्य-
कैमुतिको वा ।

क्रिया हि विकल्प्यते न वस्तु Action may vary, but substance cannot कर्तुमकर्तुमन्यथा वा कर्तुं शक्यं लौकिक वैदिक च कर्म । यथाश्वेन गच्छति पद्भ्यामन्यथा वा न वा गच्छतीति । न तु वस्त्वेव नैवमस्ति नास्तीति वा विकल्प्यते । S B. on Br Sūtra 1 1 2, 2 1 27

क्वोष्ठः क च नीराजना What connection has a camel with the lustration of arms ! None at all The phrase is used to indicate that certain things are not connected The नीराजनविधिः was a ceremony performed by kings or generals before going forth to battle, and consisted of the purification of the component parts of the army of R 4 25 on which मल्लिनाथ remarks वाजिग्रहण गजादीना-
मुपलक्षणं तेषामपि नीराजनाविधानात् ।

क्षते क्षारमिव Like salt on a wound 'क्षार क्षते क्षिप्' has become proverbial and means to aggravate the pain which is already unbearable "To make bad worse", "to add insult to injury" of प्राष्टद् प्रावृद्धिं ब्रवीति शठधी क्षार क्षते प्रक्षिपन् । Mk 5 18, य एव मे जन पूर्व-
मासीन्मूर्तो महोत्सव । क्षते क्षारमिवासह जात तस्यैव दर्शनम् ॥ U 4 7

क्षीरदग्धजिह्वान्यायः of Marāṭhī 'दुधानें तोंड पोळें म्हणजे मनुष्य ताक देखील फुकून पितो' "Once bitten twice shy" यथा तप्तक्षीरेण दग्धजिह्वः काश्चित् तत् फूट्कृत्य पिबति तथा दैवात् सुख-
कारिवस्तुत प्राप्तानिष्टविवक्षाया बोध्योऽयमिति । उक्तं च — क्षीरेण दग्धजिह्वस्तत् फूट्कृत्य पामर पिबति । दम्भिनमवलोक्य जनस्तद्वन्मा-
शङ्कते त्वया त्यक्तम् ॥ इति भक्तवाक्य भगवन्तः प्रति । लौ न्याय

क्षीरनीरन्यायः The simile of milk and water. It is used to illustrate the most intimate union of two or more things क्षीरोदके सपृक्त आमिश्रभूतत्वात् ज्ञायते कियत् क्षीर-
कियदुदक कस्मिन्नवकाशे क्षीर कस्मिन्नवकाश उदकमिति । Mbh 1 2 32 Writers on Alamkāra employ it to exemplify the figure of speech सकर (Commixture) and distinguish it from ससृष्टि (Collocation) which is compared with तिलतण्डुलन्याय of अथैतेषामलकाराणां यथासंभव क्वचिन्मेलने लौकिकाल-
काराणां मेलन इव चार्त्वातिशयोपलम्भान्नरसिंहन्यायेन पृथगलकाराव-
स्थितौ तानिर्णय कियते । तत्र तिलतण्डुलन्यायेन स्फुटावगम्यभेदालंकार-
मेलने ससृष्टिः । नीरक्षीरन्यायेनास्फुटभेदालंकारमेलने सकर । Kuval

खले कपोतन्यायः The simile of pigeons alighting on a threshing-floor. It is used by writers on Alamkāra to illustrate the production of a certain effect by the simultaneous action of numerous causes. In the figure समाधि, काकतालीयन्याय works, while in समुच्चय this खले कपोतन्याय is useful of समुच्चयोऽयमेकस्मिन् सति कार्यस्य साधके । खले कपोतिकन्यायात् तत्कर स्यात् परोऽपि चेत् ॥ S D 10

खल्वाटबिल्वीयन्यायः The maxim of the bald (or bare-headed) man, and the woodapple यथा खल्वाट पथे-टन्नतर्कित श्रीफलतरोरधस्तादागतौ दैववशाच्च बिल्वमुपरि पतित तद्वदन्योऽयुभयवस्तुसंयोग एवमुच्यते । G M 3 195 of अजाकृपाणीयन्याय and काकतालीयन्याय खल्वाटो दिवसेश्वरस्य किरणे सतापितो मस्तके वाञ्छन् देशमनातप विविवशात् तालस्य मूल गत । तत्राप्यस्य महाफलेन पतता भ्रम सशब्द शिर प्रायो गच्छति यत्र भाग्यरहितस्तत्रैव यान्त्यापद ॥ Bh 2 90

गगनारविन्दन्यायः The maxim of a sky-lotus मूषक-विषाणन्याय and this one are used to illustrate अत्यन्ताभाव

गडुरिकाप्रवाहन्यायः The maxim of a continuous rush of sheep. It is used to indicate the blind following of others like a flock of sheep गडुरिकानामवीना सघादिका चेन्नयादौ पतति तदा तत्सघान्तर्गता सर्वा अपि वार्यमाणा अपि तत्र पतन्तीति लोकप्रसिद्धा यत्र वार्यमाणानामपि अनिष्टमार्गे धावन तत्रास्य प्रवृत्ति । वाचस्पत्य

गन्धर्वनगरन्यायः The illustration of the city of गन्धर्वस It is used to denote the unreality of this world on the analogy of the गन्धर्वनगर which is non-existent अनेकवर्ण वियतीन्द्रचार्य प्रह्लात् समन्तान् परिवेष उक्त । तथैव भाना पतन च विवृत् तथैव गन्धर्वपुर विचित्रम् ॥ तत्त्वविवेक

गार्हपत्यन्यायः Vide Dictionary p 658

गिरिमुत्पाद्य मूपिकोद्धृता of Marāthī 'डोंगर पोखरून उदीर काढणे' यत्र कृतेऽपि बह्वायाससाध्ये कर्मणि, तुच्छफलोपलब्धिस्तत्राय प्रवर्तते इति । लौ न्याय, खननाच्छुबिल सिंह पाषाणशकलाकुलम् । प्राप्नोति नखभङ्ग वा फल वा मूपिको भवेत् ॥ Pt

गुडजिह्विकान्यायः The maxim of the tongue [smeared] with treacle [in order to disguise an unpalatable draught] अर्थवाद in शास्त्र and उपदेश in काव्य serve the purpose of गुडजिह्विका Read यथा तिक्तताभिया निम्बपानमकुर्वाणस्य बालस्य जिह्वाया गुडलेप दत्वा पित्रादिस्त निम्बं पाययति एवमर्थवाद-वाक्यानि बह्वायाससाध्ये कर्मण्यप्रवर्तमान पुरुष स्वर्गोक्ष्मादिक श्रावयित्वा प्रवर्तयन्ति । फलश्रुतिरपि रोचनार्था । वाचस्पत्य, ये सुकुमारमतयोऽतिसुखिस्वभावा राजकुमारादयो नीरसे नीतिशास्त्रे प्रवर्तयितुमशक्यास्तान् काव्य कान्तेव सरसतापादनेनाभिमुखीकृत्योपदेश ग्राहयति गुडजिह्विकया शिष्टानिवोधम् । यथाहु - स्वादुकाव्यरसोन्मिथ वाक्यार्थमुपभुङ्क्ते । प्रथमालीढमघब पिबन्ति कटु भेषजम् ॥ काव्यप्रदीप

गोदोहनन्यायः The simile of the milk-pail. It is used as an illustration of something which is occasionally, and not universally connected with an act or performance as an essential part of it काव्यसूक्ताना महाव्रते आज्य-शस्त्रत्वेन यथोक्ताना गोदोहनन्यायेन पुरुषार्थत्वमेव न कर्तव्यत्वम् । SB. on MS 4 1. 2, सन्ति कर्मिण्यपभ्रयाणि विज्ञानानि 'ओमित्येत-

दक्षरमुद्गीथमुपासीत' इत्येवमादीनि । किं तानि नित्यान्येव स्यु कर्मसु पर्णमयीत्वादिवदुतानित्यानि गोदोहनादिवदिति विचारयाम । तस्मा-यथा कृत्वाभ्रयाण्यपि गोदोहनादीनि फलसंयोगादनित्यानि एवमुद्गीथाशु-पासनानीत्यपि द्रष्टव्यम् । S B on Br Sūt 3 3 42

गोबलीवर्दन्यायः The maxim of the cattle and the bull of ब्राह्मणवसिष्ठन्याय and ब्राह्मणपरिव्राजकन्याय बलीवर्दस्य गोविशेषत्वेऽपि बलीवर्दस्य झटिति गोत्वेन बोधनार्थं यथा प्रयोगस्तथा-न्ययो सामान्यविशेषरूपयोर्झटिति बोधनार्थं यत्र प्रयोगस्तत्रास्य प्रवृत्ति । वाचस्पत्य, अत्र चानिकशब्दोपादाने गोबलीवर्दन्यायेन पुनरुक्तिपरिहार । Kull on Ms 8 28, यद्यप्यस्य न्याय पूर्वन्याय (ब्राह्मणवसिष्ठ)-समानार्थकप्रायोऽस्ति तथापि ह्येतावास्तु विशेष । यत्र विशेषणोपात्तस्य प्राशस्त्यभिप्रेतं तत्र पूर्वन्यायप्रवृत्ति, यत्र तन्नास्ति किं तु प्रसिद्ध्य-प्रसिद्धिनिबन्धन भवेत् तत्राय प्रवर्तते । लौ न्याय

ग्रहैकत्वन्यायः Vide Dictionary p 679

प्राणि रेखेव "Like a delineation on stone" It is used of something unalterably fixed of Marāthī 'काळ्या दगावरची रेख' तन्मा वज्रकुमाराय सप्रदत्तान् यथा तु मे । मरण शरण तात प्राणि रेखेव गीरियम् ॥ हेमचन्द्र

घटप्रदीपन्यायः The simile of a lighted lamp inside a vessel. This maxim teaches that as the lamp continues to burn after it has lighted up the interior of the vessel, and is indeed essential to the continuance of that illumination, so the expressed meaning of a sentence is absolutely essential as a basis for the figurative meaning which it also conveys of न त्वेष वाच्य-व्यङ्ग्ययोन्याय । न हि व्यङ्ग्ये प्रतीयमाने वाच्यबुद्धिर्दूरीभवति । वाच्यावभासाविनाभावेन तस्य प्रकाशनात् । तस्माद् घटप्रदीपन्यायस्तयो । यथैव हि प्रदीपद्वारेण घटप्रतीतानुपपन्नाया न प्रदीपप्रकाशो निवर्तते तद्वद् व्यङ्ग्यप्रतीतौ वाच्यावभास । भबन्नालोक 3 38

घटानां निर्मातुस्त्रिभुवनविधातुश्च कलहः अस्य न्यायस्य अल्पशक्तिमतो बहुशक्तिमता सह विग्रहविषक्षायामवतार इति । लौ. न्याय of हठादाकृष्टाना कतिपयपदाना रचयिता जन स्पर्धालुश्चेदहह कविना वदयवचसा । भवेदथ श्रो वा किमिह बहुना पापिनि कलौ घटाना निर्मातुस्त्रिभुवनविधातुश्च कलह ॥ Bh 2

घटीयन्त्रन्यायः This has the same meaning and application as the कूपयन्त्रघटिकन्याय See आपद्गत इससि किं श्रविणान्धमूढ लक्ष्मी स्थिरा न भवतीति किमत्र चित्रम् । किं त्व न पश्यसि घटीर्जलयन्त्रचक्रे रिक्ता भवन्ति भरिता भरिताश्च रिक्ता ॥ प्रबन्ध-चिन्तामणि The maxim occurs as अरघटघटीयन्त्रन्याय The word अरघट has become राहाट in Marāthī as in राहाटगडगे

घटकुटीप्रभातन्यायः The maxim of day-break near a toll-station. It takes its origin from the attempt of one (say, a cartman) who with the intention of avoiding a toll takes at night an unfrequented road, but unfortunately finds himself at day-break near the very toll-station and is obliged to pay the toll which he studiously tried to avoid. Thus the maxim is used to denote the occurrence of that which one studiously tries to avoid. The saying is employed to illustrate उद्देश्यासिद्धि, that is, failure to accomplish a desired object.

घुणाक्षरन्यायः The maxim of letters bored by an insect in wood. It takes its origin from the unexpected and chance resemblance of an incision in wood or in the leaf of a book made by an insect to the form of some letter and is used to denote any fortuitous or chance occurrence. घुणोत्किरणात् कथञ्चिन्निष्पन्नमक्षरं घुणाक्षरम् । तदिव यदकुशलेन देवान्निष्पद्यते तद्घुणाक्षरीयम् ॥ G M 3 195, अहो घुणाक्षरन्यायो यदिदं भ्रमरद्वयं प्रति मयोक्तं बन्दिद्वयं प्रति फलितं वचः । P R 1, श्रीनिर्मितिप्राप्तघुणक्षतैकवर्णोपमावाच्यमलं ममार्जं Śi 3 58

चक्रभ्रमणन्यायः The simile of the [continued] revolving of the potter's wheel. Followers of both Sāṃkhya and Vedānta propound the very important doctrine that whilst accumulated and current works are destroyed by true knowledge, fructescent works, which brought about the present existence, are not. Therefore the जीवन्मुक्त has to continue here until death, just as the potter's wheel continues to revolve until the impetus given to it exhausts itself of Ś B on Br Sū 4 1 15

चन्द्रन्यायः The simile of sandal oil. As the application of a drop of the sandal oil to one part of the body produces a pleasant sensation in the whole of it, so soul, abiding in one part, namely in the heart, is yet perceived as present in the entire frame. यथा हरिचन्दनबिन्दुः शरीरैकदेशसंबद्धोऽपि सन् सकलदेहव्यापिनमाह्लादं करोति इत्येव आत्मापि देहैकदेशस्थः सकलदेहव्यापिनीमुपलब्धिं करिष्यति । S B on Br Sū 2 3 23-24

चन्द्रचन्द्रिकान्यायः The maxim of the moon and her light. It is used of two inseparable things अतः सर्वदेवकारणस्य रुद्रस्य या शक्तिश्चन्द्रचन्द्रिकान्यायेन तदुद्बोधरूपिणी स्वाधीनवल्लभेति प्रसिद्धा सैव भवानी । आनन्दगिरि

चौरापराधान्माण्डव्यनिग्रहन्यायः The maxim of the punishment of Māṇḍavya for the crime committed by robbers. The story of the sage, अणी माण्डव्यः, is found in Mbh 1 107-108. Whilst he was practising severe austerities, some robbers concealed themselves there and committed plunder in his hermitage. The king's guard found them there, and, believing the sage to be implicated in the affair, carried him off together with them and impaled them all together. माण्डव्यः was eventually removed from the stake, but its point (अणी) remained in him, and hence his name एव दुष्टसंगासक्तानामवश्यमेव दुर्गतिर्भवतीति भावः । लौ न्याय

छत्रिन्यायः The maxim of the men with umbrellas. The thought here is of a crowd of men, many of them with umbrellas up, and so all seeming to have them. The maxim is an illustration of a permitted synonym. लोके छत्रिणो यान्तीति प्रयोगे सपरिवारे राज्ञि गच्छति छत्र्यच्छत्रिसमुदाये छत्रिशब्दो वर्तते । लौ न्याय, ऋतं पिबन्तावित्यत्र तु जीवे पिबत्य-शनायाद्यतीतं परमात्मापि साहचर्याच्छत्रिन्यायेन पिबतीत्युपचर्यते । S B on Br Sū 3 3 34

जलकतकरेणुन्यायः The simile of the particles of the Kataka nut [placed] in water [in order to clear it]. फलकतकवृक्षस्य [निवलीच्या झाडाचें बी] यद्यप्यम्बुप्रसादकम् । न नामग्रहणादेव तस्य वारिं प्रसीदति ॥ Ms 6 67, अपा कतकसपर्काद् यथात्यन्तप्रसन्नता । अपास्ताशेषसारभावनस्यैवमात्मनः ॥ सुरेश्वर

जलचन्द्रन्यायः The maxim of the moon reflected in water. These reflections appear to be varied in form and numerous, though the moon is really one. एक एव तु भूतात्मा भूतभूते व्यवस्थितः । एकधा बहुधा चैव दृश्यते जलचन्द्रवत् ॥

जलताडनन्यायः of अरण्यारोदनन्याय, ऊषरवृष्टिन्याय etc. The meaning and application of the maxim is the same.

जातेष्टिन्यायः Vide Dictionary p 733.

जामातृशुद्धिन्यायः The story of a son-in-law's revision of a book. This is the original of the Marāṭhī जावईशोध. This is "a phrase founded on a popular story, to express the examination of a piece of composition by a shallow-witted fellow incapable of discerning its merits." Molesworth पण्डितोपदिष्टं सर्वथा मौनमेवावलम्बमानो (महिषीपालः) राजकन्यकया तद्वैदग्ध्यजिज्ञासया नचलिखितपुस्तकस्य शोधनायोपरुद्धः । करतले पुस्तकं विन्यस्य तदक्षराणि बिन्दुमात्ररहितानि नखच्छेदिन्या केवलान्येव कुर्वन् राजपुत्र्या महिषीपाल एव निर्णीतः । ततः प्रसूतिं जामातृशुद्धिरिति सर्वतः प्रसिद्धिरभूत् । प्रबन्धचिन्तामणि

जामातृश्रुतिन्यायः सूपदेरतिथ्युपकारकत्वम्. Broth cooked for the son-in-law is also useful for the unexpected guests of देहलीदीपन्यायः न हि दीपस्य रथ्याप्रासादयो-र्युगपदुपकारकत्वेन जामातृश्रुतिन्यायः सूपस्यातिथिभ्यः प्रथमपरि-बेषणेन च प्रासगिकत्वं हीयते । Kuval of also another maxim गृहार्थमारोपितस्य दीपस्य रथ्योपकारकत्वम्

टिट्ठिन्यायः The simile of the bird named टिट्ठि (Parra Jacana). It is used as an illustration of ridiculous conceit. The origin is found in H 2 187 अज्ञाज्ञि-भावमज्ञात्वा कथं सामर्थ्यनिर्णयः । पश्य टिट्ठिभमात्रेण समुद्रो व्याकु-लीकृतः ॥ of यथा दृढाभ्यवसायस्य पक्षिणो गच्छसाहाय्यादण्डलाभं तथा दृढबुद्धेर्जिज्ञासोरतिदुर्लभस्यापि तत्त्वज्ञानस्येशानुग्रहात् सुखेन लाभो भविष्यतीति । लौ न्याय

तककौण्डिन्यायः The maxim of buttermilk for कौण्डिन्यः लौकिकोऽयं दृष्टान्तः । लोके हि सत्यपि सभवे बाधनं भवति तद्यथा - दधि ब्राह्मणेभ्यो दीयता तत्र कौण्डिन्याय इति सत्यपि संभवे दधिदानस्य तत्रदानं निवर्तकं भवति । Mbh. 1 1 47 It is intended to indicate a special exception to a general rule (सामान्यशास्त्रस्य विशेषशास्त्रेण बाधः) as in the sentence ब्राह्मणेभ्यो दधि दीयता तत्र कौण्डिन्याय, where an exception is made in the case of कौण्डिन्य though included amongst the Brāhmanas

तत्प्रत्ययन्यायः Vide Dictionary p 754.

तदादितदन्तन्यायः Vide Dictionary p 757

तन्तुन्यायः The illustration of threads. It is used to denote the inherent power of threads to produce a

piece of cloth अयं समुदायस्य कार्यसाधकविबक्ष्याया प्रवर्तते । यथा तन्तव सूत्राणि बहूनि मिलितानि कार्यं साधयन्ति तथा महान्तोऽपि मिलिता स्वकार्यं साधयन्तीति भावः । लौ न्याय

तप्तं तप्तेन संबध्यते Hot goes with hot Like loves like of साधारणोऽयमुभयो प्रणय स्मरस्य तप्तेन तप्तमयसा घटनाय योग्यम् । V 2 16, अभितप्तमयोऽपि मार्दव भजते कैव कया शरीरिषु । R 8 43

तप्तपरशुग्रहणन्यायः The maxim of taking hold of the heated axe. This is one of the ordeals prescribed to prove one's guiltlessness or otherwise in ancient India of पुरुष सोम्योत हस्तगृहीतमानयन्ति । स यदि तस्य कर्ता भवति तत एवानृतमात्मानं कुर्वते सोऽनृताभिसंधोऽनृतेन आत्मानमन्तर्धाय परशु- तप्तं प्रतिगृह्णाति स दहतेऽथ हन्यते । Ch Up 6 16

तस्करकन्दुन्यायः The simile of a thief (who engaged himself) as a cook His inability to perform the duties, however, led to his discovery and arrest This is intended to teach the folly of undertaking to do something quite beyond our powers अशक्ये विनियुक्तोऽपि कृष्णलब्धं श्रपयेदिति । सर्वोऽमनायसौ कुर्वन् कुर्यात् तस्करकन्दुवत् ॥ सुरेश्वर

तिलतण्डुलन्यायः The simile of rice and sesamum seeds It is used to illustrate an easily distinguishable union of two or more things (सद्यष्टि), in contradistinction to the more intimate and indistinguishable union (सकर) exemplified by the commingling of milk and water See क्षीरनीरन्याय

तुलायष्टिन्यायः The maxim of the horizontal beam of a balance It is used to illustrate that a slight addition or subtraction of weight disturbs the balance The तुलायष्टि figuratively suggests खलजनस्वभावः स्तोकेनोन्मितायाति स्तोकेनायात्यधोगतिम् । अहो सुसदृशी चेष्टा तुलाकोटे खलस्य च ॥ H 1 150

तुलोन्नमनन्यायः The simile of the raising [with the hand, one scale] of a balance Naturally the other scale goes down, so the simile is used to illustrate the bringing about of two or more results by one operation

तुषकण्डनन्यायः The simile of the grinding of chaff It is used, like पिष्टपेषणन्याय, of an unnecessary and useless effort अविचारयतो युक्तिकथनं तुषकण्डनम् । नीचेषूपकृन् राजन् बालकास्विव मूत्रितम् ॥ H 4 13

तुष्यतुर्जुनन्यायः The simile, let the wicked be pleased ! Though the opponent's argument is fallacious, the सिद्धान्तिन् accepts it seriously for the sake of argument, saying let the devil be pleased, and then demolishes it thoroughly

तृणभक्षणन्यायः The custom of taking grass in the mouth (literally of eating grass) as a token of submission cf. Marāṭhī 'दाती तृणं धरणे' There is a reference to this custom in Hch वैरिणोऽपि हि मुच्यन्ते प्राणान्ते तृणभक्षणम् । तृणाहारा सदैवैते हन्यन्ते पशवः कथम् ॥ प्रबन्धचिन्तामणि

तृणारणिमणिन्यायः The simile of straw, aram wood, and the burning gem [as means of producing fire] The kind of fire produced by each varies, and the method of production, too, is different, that being in one case blowing, in another attrition, and in the third the rays of the sun एव यत्र कार्यकारणबाहुल्यं कार्यतावच्छेदकं कारणतावच्छेदकं च नाना तत्रास्य प्रवृत्तिः । वाचस्पत्य

त्यजेदेकं कुलस्यार्थं One should abandon an individual for the sake of a whole family Sacrifice of the lower one for the higher one ! त्यजेदेकं कुलस्यार्थं ग्रामस्यार्थं कुलं त्यजेत् । ग्रामं जनपदस्यार्थं आत्मां पृथिवीं त्यजेत् ॥ H 1 115.

दण्डापूपिकान्यायः The maxim of the stick and the cakes When a stick and cakes are tied together, and one says that 'the stick has been pulled down or eaten by a rat,' we are naturally led to expect that the cakes also have been pulled down or eaten by the rat, as a matter of course, the two being so closely connected together, so, when one thing is closely connected with another in a particular way and we say something of the one, it naturally follows that what we assert of the one can, as a matter of course, be asserted of the other of सूक्ष्मेण दण्डो भक्षित इत्यनेन तत्सहचरितमपूपभक्षणमर्थादायातं भवतीति नियतसमानन्यायादर्थान्तरमापततीत्येष न्यायो दण्डापूपिका । S D 10

दण्डिन्यायः The simile of a man with a stick [or, men with sticks] cf. Mbh 8 2 83 This resembles छत्रिन्याय Read दण्डिनो गच्छन्तीत्यत्र तु दण्ड्यदण्डिषु समूहिषु लक्ष्यमाणेषु तदन्तर्गतस्याविशेषाद् दण्डिशब्दार्थस्य परिग्रहः । तत्त्वचिन्दु

देवदत्तहन्तृहतन्यायः The illustration of the slaying of the murderer of देवदत्त The point is that the death of the murderer does not bring his victim to life again. न हन्यस्यासिद्धत्वादयस्य प्रादुर्भावो भवति । न हि देवदत्तस्य हन्तरि हते देवदत्तस्य प्रादुर्भावो भवति । Mbh 1 1 57

दृष्टिदृष्टिन्यायः The maxim of the creation while we are awake प्रजापते स्वापकाले तत्कल्पितं स्थावरजङ्गमप्रपञ्चं सर्वोऽपि तदीयेऽज्ञानेऽन्याकृताख्ये लीयते रात्र्यागमे । तथा दिवसागमे पुनस्तत् एव यथापूर्वमाविर्भवतीति । एव दृष्टिदृष्टिन्यायेनास्मत्कल्पितोऽप्ययं वियदादिप्रपञ्चोऽस्मत्सुषुप्तौ लीयतेऽस्मत्प्रबोधे यथापूर्वं प्रादुर्भवतीति । लौ न्याय

दृष्टे संभवति अदृष्टकल्पना न न्याय्या When a thing is established by a direct proof, there is no scope for unseen idea प्रत्यक्षप्रमाणसिद्धिं कार्ये अप्रत्यक्षकल्पना न कार्या तस्या अयोग्यत्वादिति । लौ न्याय, दृष्टे संभवत्यदृष्टकल्पनानवकाश इति न्यायेन धर्मजिज्ञासाधिकरणे अध्ययनविधिः फलवदर्थविबोधरूपदृष्टान्त इति सिद्धार्थः । बालमीमांसाप्रकाश, दृष्टे सति अदृष्टकल्पना निष्प्रमाणिका । तन्त्र 1 3 2-4, विक्रयो हि श्रूयते, शतमविरथ दुहितुमते दद्याद् आर्षे गोमिथुनमिति । न चैतद् दृष्टार्थं सति आनमनेऽदृष्टार्थं भवितुमर्हति । SB on MS 6 1 10

देहलीदीपन्यायः The maxim of a lamp on the threshold A lamp so placed gives light both inside and

outside the house, and is therefore used as an illustration of anything which fulfills a double purpose यथा आसदे कृत प्रदीप सन्निधानाद्राजमार्गेऽप्युपकरोति । SB on MS 12 1 3 of काकाक्षिगोलकन्याय and जामात्रार्थे श्रपितस्य संपादे-रतिथ्युपकारकत्वम्

द्विर्वद्धं सुबद्धं भवति (The figure of) a thing fastened twice becomes neatly fastened. If an additional support or proof is accorded to a thing already proved the thing is proven beyond doubt

धनंजयन्यायः The simile of Arjuna It is used to show that something, though once done, may be done again, as in the case of Arjuna who defeated the Kuru race after Krishna had already defeated them of नित्यबोधमहिम्ना बाधितेऽपि द्वैते वाक्यजबोवस्य धनजयन्यायेन बाधकत्वोपपत्ते । यथाहु 'नित्यबोधपरिपीडित जगदिभ्रम नुदति वाक्यजा मति । वासुदेवनिहत धनजयो हन्ति कौरवकुल यथा पुन । रघुनाथ, मयैवैते निहता पूर्वमेव निमित्तमात्र भव सव्यसाचिन् । Bg 11 33, मया हतास्त्व जहि मा व्यथिष्ठा युध्यस्व जेतासि रणे सपत्नान् । ibid 34

धनुर्गुणन्यायः The simile of [fastening] rope to a bow The archers apply rope to the curved bow, similarly the good superimpose good qualities on the wicked of आजन्मतोऽतिकुटिलेऽपि जने महान्तस्त्वारोपयन्ति हि गुण धनुषीव शूरा ॥ सायण

धान्यपलालन्यायः The simile of grain and its husk of Mbh 1 2 39, 3 3 18, 3 4 21, 4 1 92 अवर्जनीय-तया दुःखमागतमपि परिहृत्य सुखमात्रं भोक्ष्यते । तद्यथा-मत्स्यार्थी सश-लकान् सकण्टकान् मत्स्यानुपादत्ते स यावदादेयं तावदादाय विनिवर्तते । यथा वा धान्यार्थी सपलालनि धान्यान्याहरति स यावदादेयं तावदादाय निवर्तते । Sar S. 1 The nyāya seems to have a different application in Marāṭhī literature according to Moles worth "The law of the corn and its straw Conquer the king and you conquer his subjects, accomplish or acquire a matter and you attain all it sustains or involves"

न खलु धीमतां कश्चिद्विषयो नाम (S 4) There is, indeed, nothing which is beyond the ken of their understanding to the intelligent

न खलु शालग्रामे किरातशतसंकीर्णे प्रतिवसन्नपि ब्राह्मणः किरातो भवति A Brahmana does not become a Kirāta by living on the Śālagrāma mountain filled with hundreds of barbarians ! This is equivalent to the English proverb "A horse does not become an ass by being born in the stable of the latter" of न ह्यश्वस्थाने गा पश्यन्त्वश्वोऽयमित्यमूढोऽध्यवस्यति । S B on Br Sūt 1 4 1, अन्यथा किरातशतसंकीर्णदेशनिवासिनो ब्राह्मणजनस्यापि किरातत्वापत्ते । भावती 1 1 5

न च सर्वत्र तुल्यत्वं स्यात् प्रयोजककर्मणाम् Acts which impel others to action are not always of the same kind Read न च सर्वत्र तुल्यत्व स्यात् प्रयोजककर्मणाम् । चलनेन ह्यसि

योद्धा प्रयुक्ते छेदनं प्रति ॥ सेनापतिस्तु बाचैव मृत्यानां विनियोजक । राजा सन्निधमात्रेण विनियुक्ते कदाचन ॥ श्लोकवार्तिक, स त्वनक्षन्नयोऽभिचाकशीति पश्यत्येव केवलम् । दर्शनमात्रेण हि तस्य प्रेरयितृत्व राजवत् ॥ Sankara on Munda 3 1 1

नटाङ्गनान्यायः The simile of a wife of an actor When an actor asks an actress on the stage as to whose wife she was, her answer was that she was his wife Consonants, in language, resemble नटाङ्गना व्यङ्ग-नानि पुनर्नटभार्यावद्भवन्तीति । यथा नटानां स्त्रियो रङ्गभृता यो य पृच्छति कस्य यूय कस्य यूयमिति त त तव तव इत्याहु । एव व्यङ्गनानि अपि यस्य यस्य अच (vowel) कार्यमुन्यते त त भजन्ते । लौ न्याय

नदीसमुद्रन्यायः The simile of a river going to the ocean As every river becomes one with ocean, irrespective of name and form, every devotee becomes united with the Lord यथा नद्यः स्यन्दमाना समुद्रेऽस्त गच्छन्ति नामरूपे विहाय । तथा विद्वान् पुण्यपापे विधूय परस्परं पुरुषमुपैति दिव्यम् ॥

न धर्मवृद्धेषु वयः समीक्ष्यते In case of those who are rich in piety, age is not of moment of कृताभिक्षो हुतजात-वेदस त्वगुत्तरासङ्गवर्तीमधीतिनीम् । दिव्यवस्तामृषयोऽभ्युपागमन्न धर्मवृद्धेषु वयः समीक्ष्यते ॥ Ku 5 16, न तेन वृद्धो भवति येनास्य पलित शिर । यो वै युवाप्यधीयानस्त देवा स्थविर विदुः ॥ Ms 2 156, तेजसां हि न वयः समीक्ष्यते । R 11 3, शिशुत्वं क्लृप्तं वा भवतु ननु वन्या-सि जगता गुणा पूजास्थान गुणिषु न च लिङ्गं न च वयः ॥ U 4 11, प्रकृतिरियं सत्त्ववता न खलु वयस्तेजसो हेतु ॥ Subhās

न यद्विरिशृङ्गमारुह्य गृह्यते तदप्रत्यक्षम् A thing does not become imperceptible because perceived by one who has ascended a mountain peak of ननु यदि श्रोत्रक-रणकैर्नैव प्रत्ययेन साधुत्वासाधुत्वे प्रतिप्रतार प्रतिपद्यन्ते व्याकरणाध्ययन-बन्धयुद्धयोऽपि प्रतिपश्यन् । न च प्रतिपद्यन्ते तस्मान्न ते इन्द्रियविषये इति । नैष दोषः । नैयाकरणोपदेशसाहायकोपकृतश्रोत्रेन्द्रियग्राह्यत्वाभ्युप-गमात् । यथा ब्राह्मणत्वादजातिरुपदेशसव्यपेक्षचक्षुरिन्द्रियग्राह्यापि न प्रत्य-क्षगम्यतामपोज्झति । यथाह न यद्विरिशृङ्गमारुह्य गृह्यते तदप्रत्यक्षमिति । तत्र 1. 2 2

नरसिंहन्यायः The simile of the union of man and lion It is used to illustrate a particular kind of Alamkāra consisting of a combination of figures See क्षीरनीरन्याय

नर्तकन्यायः The simile of a dancer One dancer gives pleasure to many spectators, just as one lamp gives light to many persons of प्रत्यक्षकार्योपयोजनानि तन्त्रेणो-ताङ्गिनो यत । एकैकस्योपकारकत्वं तस्मात् प्रत्यक्ष्यनुष्ठिति ॥ विधा-नबदनुष्ठान सकृदेवोपकारकम् । तद्देशकालकर्तृणामेकत्वावर्तकादिवत् ॥ J N. V 11 1 10

नष्टाश्वदग्धरथन्यायः The maxim of the lost horses and burnt chariot This is based on the story of two men travelling in their respective chariots, and one of them losing his horses and the other having his chariot burnt, through the outbreak of a fire in the village in which they were putting up for the night The horses

that were left were harnessed to the remaining chariot and the two men pursued their journey together Its teaching is union for mutual advantage of सप्रयोगो वा नष्टाश्वद्वयवत् । Kāty on P 1 1 50, तयोर्नष्टाश्वद्वयवत् सप्रयोग । SB on MS 2 1 1

न हि करकङ्कणदर्शनाय आदर्शपेक्षा One does not need a looking-glass in order to look at a bracelet on the wrist of अहवा हत्यकण किं दप्पणेन पेक्खीअदि । Karpūr, Marāṭhī “हान्त्या काकणाला आरसा कशाला ?”

न हि काकिन्यां नष्टायां तदन्वेषणं कार्षापणेन क्रियते If a man has lost a cowrie he does not spend a कार्षापण in the search for it This will resemble expending a sovereign in order to recover a farthing of. न हि कपाले नष्टे तदन्वेषणार्था इष्टिर्युक्ता । न हि काकिन्या नष्टाया तदन्वेषण कार्षापणेन क्रियते ॥ SB on MS 4 3 39

न हि गोधां सर्पन्ती सर्पणादाहिर्भवति An iguana creeping along does not on that account become a snake यदप्युच्यते न खल्वन्यत् प्रकृतमनुवर्तनादन्यद्भवति न हि गोधा सर्पन्ती सर्पणादाहिर्भवति । भवेद् द्रव्येष्वेतदेव स्यात् । शब्दस्तु खलु येन येन विशेषेणाभिसम्बध्यते तस्य तस्य विशेषको भवति । Mbh 1 1. 23, 1 3 12, 6 1 50

न हि ग्रामस्थः कदा ग्रामं प्राप्नुयामित्यरण्यस्थ इव आशास्ते A man who is already in a village does not express a longing to get there, such as a man might who was out in the jungle ! of न हि प्राणात्मनि उत्पन्नाभिमानस्य तत्प्राप्त्याशसनं सम्भवति । न हि ग्रामस्थः कदा ग्रामं प्राप्नुयामित्यरण्यस्थ इव आशास्ते । असनिकृष्टविषये ह्यनात्मन्याशसनं न तत् स्वात्मनि सम्भवति । Sāmkara on Brī Up. 1 3 28

न हि त्रिपुत्रो द्विपुत्र इति कथ्यते A man who has three sons would not be designated as a man with two sons Therefore, if an order was given to bring the father of two sons, it would not do to bring one who had three sons त्रित्वस्य द्वित्वव्यापकत्वेऽपि वाक्यस्य सावधारणत्वात् पुत्रत्रयवत् पुत्रद्वयवत्त्वेऽपि न तस्य द्विपुत्रशब्दवाच्यता । न्यूनसंख्याव्यवच्छेदकत्वेन त्रिशब्दस्य न यथा द्विपुत्रवाचकत्वेन यत्र विवक्षा तत्रास्य प्रवृत्तिरिति । लौ न्याय

न हि निन्दा निन्द्यं निन्दितुं प्रयुज्यते किं तर्हि निन्दितादितरत् प्रशंसितुम् SB on MS 2 4 21 Blame is not employed in order to blame something that is blameworthy, but rather to praise something other than that न हि निन्दा निन्द्यं निन्दितुं प्रवर्तते अपि तु विधेयं स्तोतुम् । तत्र , यथेतरयकब्राह्मणे ‘प्रातः प्रातरनुत ते वदन्ति’ इत्यनुदितहोमनिन्दा उदितहोमप्रशंसार्थेति गम्यते । यथा मानवे (4 124) ऋग्वेदो देवदेवत्यो यजुर्वेदस्तु मानव । सामवेदस्तु पित्र्य स्यात् तस्मात्तस्याशुचिर्ध्वनि ॥ इति सामवेदनिन्दा इतरवेदप्रशंसार्था । आगमप्रामाण्य

न हि पूतं स्याद् गोक्षीरं श्वदूतौ घृतम् Even cow's milk would cease to be pure if placed in a vessel made of dogskin Read शाक्योक्ताहिंसन धर्मो न वा धर्मः श्रुतवत् । न यमो न हि पूतं स्याद् गोक्षीरं श्वदूतौ घृतम् ॥ ब्रह्मचर्यमहिंसा चापरिग्रहं च सत्यं च यत्नेन रक्षेदिति श्रुताबाहिंसादिधर्मत्वेनोक्त । स एव

धर्मः शाक्येनाप्युक्त । तस्माच्छाक्यस्मृतिर्धर्मे प्रमाणमिति चेत् । न । स्वरूपेण धर्मस्यापि गोक्षीरन्यायेन शाक्यसम्बन्धे सत्यधर्मत्वप्रसंगात् । तदीयग्रन्थेनाहिंसादि नावगन्तव्य । तस्मान्न सा स्मृतिर्धर्मे प्रमाणम् । J. N V 1 3 4, सम्मूलमप्यहिंसादि श्रद्धातिनिक्षिप्तक्षीरवदनुपयोग्य विस्मयणीय च । तत्र 1 3 7

न हि भिक्षुकाः सन्तीति स्यात्यो नाधिधीयन्ते न च मृगाः सन्तीति यवा नोप्यन्ते Men do not refrain from setting the cooking pots on the fire because there are beggars [who may ask for some of the contents], nor do they abstain from sowing barley because there are wild animals which may devour it of Mbh 1 1 39, 4 1 1, 6 1 13 दोषभीतेरनारम्भ तत्कारुषलक्षणम् । कैरजीर्णभयाद् भ्रातर्भोजनं परिहीयते ॥ H 2 56, of Marāṭhī proverb “का न सदन बाधावे कीं त्यात पुढे विळें करिल घूस ।” मोरोपत

न हि यद् देवदत्तस्य युध्यमानस्य स्थानमवगतं तदेव भुञ्जानस्यापि भवति The position occupied by देवदत्त when eating is not that which he occupies when fighting Read एकत्वेऽपि हि शब्दस्य शक्तिभेदः प्रयोजने । तत्र कार्यान्तरस्थानं न स्यात् कार्यान्तरेष्वपि ॥ न शब्दैकत्वेन यत् किञ्चित् कार्यं स्थानं दृष्टसामर्थ्यं तदेवान्यत्रापि इति शक्यते वक्तुम् । न हि यद् देवदत्तस्य भवति इति गम्यते । कार्यप्रयुक्ता हि स्थानविशेषादयो न स्वरूपप्रयुक्ता । तत्र

न हि वरविघाताय कन्योद्वाहः The bride is not married for the destruction of the bride-groom विषकन्याया वृताया यत्र वरस्य घातः सम्भाव्यते तत्र ता नोद्वाहेदेव विवक्षायामस्य प्रवृत्तिः । तथा चानिष्टान्तरपातादिसमावनायामभीष्टहेतुरपि वस्तु न वरणीयमित्येव तन्न्यायतात्पर्यम् । अयमेव न्यायः कश्चित् न हि वरघाताय कन्यामुद्वाहयतीति न्यायतया पठ्यते । तारानाथ

न हि विचिन्तयेनापि तथा पुरुषः प्रवर्तते यथा लोभेन Not even a hundred injunctions could move a man to action as readily as the desire for gain does of क्रियाफलं कर्तारमाभिप्रेति । याजका यजन्ति गा लस्यामहे इति । कर्मकरा कुर्वन्ति पादिकमहर्लस्यामहे इति । Mbh 1 3 72, ऋत्विग्भ्यो दक्षिणा दद्यादिति दानं विधीयते । लोभादेवार्जनाङ्गत्वात् प्राप्तस्तीषा प्रतिग्रहः ॥ न हि दद्यादित्यस्य प्रतिगृह्णीयादित्ययमर्थो भवति । भवेदपि सामर्थ्याद्यदि तदाक्षेपमन्तरेण दानविधिर्नोपपद्यते । स तु लोभप्राप्तिप्रतिग्रहबलेनोपपद्यमानो न शक्नोत्याक्षेपुम् । न हि यथा लोभेन । तत्र 3 4 34

न हि विवाहानन्तरं वरपरीक्षा of. ऊषरवृष्टिन्याय, अरण्यरोदनन्याय, पिष्टपेषणन्याय etc of the same import यत्र क्रिया निष्फला तत्रास्य न्यायस्य प्रवृत्तिः । “Doctor after death”

न हि श्यामाकबीजं परिकर्मसहस्रेणापि कलमाङ्कुराय कल्पते Not even by the employment of a thousand different processes can Syāmāka grain be made to germinate as rice of न हि जातु वटाङ्कुरो कुटजबीजाज्जायते । न खलु कुटजबीजाद् वटाङ्कुरो जायते । भावती 1 2 18, 4 1 1, अन्यदुप्तं जातमन्यदित्येतन्नोपपद्यते । उप्यते यद्धि यद् बीजं तत्तदेव प्ररोहति ॥ Ms 9 40, “Whatsoever a man soweth that shall he also reap”

न हि सर्वः सर्वं जानाति Everybody does not know everything Read व्याख्यात न्यायवृन्द निजमतिमनतिक्रम्य यावन्मयाप्त पार प्राप्तु न शक्नोति न हि भवति गुरु किं पुनर्मादृशो ना । सर्वं सर्वं न वेति प्रथितमिदमतो नास्ति मेऽत्रापराध शिष्टा ज्ञेया स्वयं वै सुविमलमतिभिः सम्यगाराधितार्थे ॥ रघुनाथ

न हि सहस्रेणाप्यन्धैः पाटञ्चरेभ्यो गृहं रक्ष्यते Not even a thousand blind men can protect a house from robbers

न हि सुशिक्षितोऽपि नटबहुः स्वस्कन्धमधिरोढुं पटुः No young actor, however well-trained, is clever enough to get on his own shoulder न हि नट शिक्षित सन् स्वस्कन्धमधिरोक्ष्यति । S B on Br Sūt 3 3 54

न हि सोपानत्के पादे पुनरप्युपानहं प्रतिमुञ्चति One cannot put on again another shoe on the same foot which has already one

न हि स्वतोऽसती शक्तिः कर्तुमन्येन शक्यते (श्लोकवार्तिक) If a power is not of itself present in a person or thing, it cannot be supplied by another यदि स्वयं दधिभाव-शीलता न स्यान्नैवौष्ण्यादिनापि बलाद्धिभावमापद्यते । न हि वायुराकाशो वा औष्ण्यादिना बलाद्धिभावमापद्यते । साधनसामग्र्या च तस्य पूर्णता संपाद्यते । S B on Br Sūt 2 1 24, of न हि यो यस्य स्वतो धर्मो न सभवति सोऽन्यस्य साधर्म्यं तस्य सभविष्यति । S B on Br Sūt 2 2 29

न हीश्वरव्याहृतयः कदाचित् पुष्पान्ति लोके विपरीतमर्थम् (Ku 3 63) For, the words of the Lord never foster a contradictory meaning in the the world

न ह्यन्यस्य वितथभावेऽन्यस्य वैतथ्यं भवितुमर्हति The falseness of one person does not prove somebody else to be false ननु सामान्यतो दृष्ट पौरुषेय वचन वितथमुपलभ्य वचनसाम्यादिमपि वितथमवगम्यते । नान्यत्वात् । न ह्यन्यस्य अर्हति । अन्यत्वादेव । न हि देवदत्तस्य श्यामत्वे यज्ञदत्तस्यापि श्यामत्वं भवितुमर्हति । SB on MS 1 1 2, न ह्यनाप्तवाक्यस्य वैतथ्ये सत्याप्तवाक्यस्यापि वैतथ्यम् । पार्थसारथि

न ह्येषे स्थाणोरपराधो यदेनमन्धो न पश्यति It is not the fault of the post that a blind man cannot see it

नागृहीतविशेषणा बुद्धिर्विशेष्यमुपसंक्रामति Intellect which has not grasped the adjective, does not perceive the substantive जातिरेव शब्दार्थ इति मीमांसकमतम् । तथा हि, व्यक्तीनामानन्त्यादेकव्यक्तौ शक्तिग्रहे व्यक्त्यन्तराबोधोऽत्र न व्यक्तौ शक्तिसम्भव । जातिविशिष्टाया व्यक्तौ शक्तिरित्युक्तौ तु नागृहीत-विशेषणा बुद्धिर्विशेष्यमुपसंक्रामतीति न्यायाद् आवश्यकत्वाच्च जातावेव शक्तिरस्तु व्यक्त्यबोधस्तु आपेक्षात् । लौ न्याय, विभक्तिर्हि लिङ्गसख्या-प्रातिपदिकार्थानां श्रुत्यैव क्रियार्थतामाह । क्रिया साध्या साधन तत्परिच्छेदकानि च लिङ्गसख्यादीनपेक्षते । अतः सर्वविशेषणविशिष्टा क्रियैव विधीयते । तत्र प्रत्यय पूर्व विशेषणे व्याप्रीयतेऽन्यथानुपपत्त्या, न हि अगृहीतविशेषणा विशिष्टे बुद्धि इति । तत्र 4 1 5, of न ह्यप्रतीति विशेषणे विशिष्ट केचन प्रत्येतुमर्हन्ति । SB on MS 1. 3 38

नान्तरीयकन्यायः The maxim of invariable, inseparable association, (तदभावे तदभावरूपा व्याप्तिः) of

च ३ को ...९

अविनाभाव सबन्धमात्र न तु नान्तरीयकत्वम् । K P 2, यत्र च सबन्धो विधीयते तत्रान्यतरस्यान्यत्र विधानम्, सबन्धो नान्तरीयको यद् वा सबन्धस्य विधानं नान्तरीयकौ सबन्धनौ SB on MS 3 3 21, नान्तरीयमवश्यभावीत्यर्थः । यथा— प्रति-बन्धकाभावे नान्तरीयकार्योत्पत्ति अवश्यभाविनीत्यर्थ इत्युक्तम् । यथा च कश्चिदन्नार्थी शालिकलाप सपलाल सतुषमाहरति नान्तरीयकत्वात्, स यावदादेयं तावदादाय तुषपलालान्युत्सृजति । तथा कश्चिन्मासार्थी मत्स्यान् सकण्टकान् सशल्कलानाहरति नान्तरीयकत्वात्, स यावदादेयं तावदादाय शल्कलकण्टकान्युत्सृजतीति । लौ न्याय

नारिकेलफलाम्बुन्यायः The maxim of 'water in a coconut fruit' Used to illustrate when a thing is beyond any logical reasoning यथा दृढावयवसंयोगवति नारिकेलफले कथं जलमायातीति न तर्कगोचरतामेति, तथागता लक्ष्मीर्नैव लक्ष्यते । उक्तं च “आगता लक्ष्यते नैव नारिकेलफलाम्बुवत्” इति । लक्ष्मीरिति शेषः । लौ न्याय of Marāṭhī proverb “देवाची करणी आणि नारळात पाणी ”

नासाधितं करणम् That which itself is not an accomplished fact cannot be an instrument with which to bring about some other result of नासाधिते हि धात्वर्थे करणत्वं ततोऽस्य सा । साध्यता वक्ति सस्कारो नैवाशङ्क्य क्रियात्वत् । J N V

निरङ्कुशः कवयः (Sk) Poets are unfettered, completely free This is used to emphasize the well-known 'poetic licence'. This condones all grammatical and other lapses committed by Kālidāsa and other great writers प्रभु स्वातन्त्र्यमापन्नो यदिच्छति करोति तत् । पाणिनेर्न नदी गङ्गा यमुना च स्थली नदी ॥ “I, too, am indignant when the worthy Homer nods, but in a long work it is allowable to snatch a little sleep” Horace, Ars Poetica

निरस्तपादपे देशे परण्डोऽपि द्रुमायते (Subhāṣ) When there is dearth of wise and honest persons, persons with smattering of knowledge are accorded honour and respect यत्र बहुसज्जनदुर्लभत्वेऽल्पज्ञादरस्तत्रार्थं प्रवर्तते । उक्तं च— यत्र विद्वज्जनो नास्ति श्लाघ्यस्तत्राल्पधीरपि । निरस्त द्रुमायते । लौ न्याय of Mārāṭhī proverb “बासरात लगडी गाय शहाणी ”

निर्धनमनोरथन्यायः The simile of 'the cars of the mind' or wish of the penniless उत्पद्यन्ते विलीयन्ते दरिद्राणां मनोरथा । Udb, उन्नम्योन्नम्य तत्रैव निर्धनानां मनोरथा । हृदयेष्वेव लीयन्ते विषवाक्षीस्तनाविव ॥ “If wishes were horses, beggars might ride ”

निवातस्थितदीपन्यायः The simile of a lamp placed in a windless place This is used to denote that a person whose mind has attained complete serenity becomes steadied in meditation, just as a lamp in a windless place, burns steadily, without flicker of यथा दीपो निवातस्थो नेङ्गते सोपमा स्मृता । योगिनो यतचित्तस्य युजतो योगमात्मन । Bg 6 19.

निषादस्थपत्तिन्यायः Vide Dictionary p 926.

नीरक्षीरन्यायः The simile of discriminating water and milk mixed together It is used to denote the

discriminatory power of separating chaff from corn, right from wrong and truth from falsehood यथा समिश्रिते नीरक्षीरे ह्रीद नीरमिद क्षीरमिति पृथक्कर्तुं केऽपि पक्षिणो विना हस न शक्नुवन्ति, तथा चेद तद्व्यमिदमतथ्यमिति ज्ञातुं विवेकज्ञ परमहस विना न कोऽपि शक्नोति पण्डित इति भावः । उक्तं च, क्षीरं ब्रह्म जगच्च नीरमुभय तद्योगमभ्याहत दुर्भेदं त्वितरेतर चिरतर सम्यग् विभक्तीकृतम् । येनाशेषविशेषदोषलहरीमासेदुषीं शेषुषीं सोऽयं शीलवता पुनाति परमो हसो द्विजात्यप्रणी ॥ लौ न्यायः, नीरक्षीरविवेके हसालस्य त्वमेव तनुषे चेत् । विश्वेऽस्मिन्नुपानयः कुलव्रत पालयिष्यति क ॥

नृपनापितुत्रन्यायः The maxim of the king and barber's son It is used to denote a man's innate fondness for his own possessions, however ugly or despicable in the eyes of others (यत्रातिनिन्देऽपि स्वकीयेऽतिरम्यताबुद्धि-विवर्क्षं तत्रायमवतरतीति ।) It takes its origin from a story which states that a king on one occasion asked his barber to bring him the finest boy that he could see in his kingdom. The barber roamed for a long time over every part of the realm, but could discover no boy such as the king wanted. At last wearied and disappointed he returned home, and being charmed with the beauty of his own boy, who, to do him justice, was a personification of ugliness and deformity, went to the king and presented the boy to him. The king was at first very angry with the barber for having trifled with him, but on consideration excused him, as he ascribed the barber's preference of his own ugly boy to the dominant desire of human beings to consider their own possessions as supreme good of सर्व कान्तमालीय पश्यति । S 2

नो खल्वन्धाः सहस्रमपि पान्थाः पन्थानं विन्दन्ति Not even a thousand blind travellers can discover the road (to be taken), न हि प्रावानिकान्यन्तर्बहिष्करणानि त्रयोदश सत्त्व-प्रवानान्यपि स्वयमेवाचेतनानि तद्वृत्तयश्च स्व वा पर वा वेदितुमुत्सहन्ते । नो खल्वन्धा विन्दन्ति । चक्षुष्मता चैकेन चेद् वेद्यते स एव तर्हि मार्गदर्शी स्वतन्त्र कर्ता नेता तेषाम् । भामती 1 1 5.

न्यग्रोधबीजन्यायः The maxim of the fig-tree seed It is used to denote that a seed, though small and subtle, sown in fertile land grows manifold यथा न्यग्रोधबीजं स्तोक-मपि सुक्षेत्रं उप्तं सद् बहुविस्तीर्णता याति, तथा प्रकृतेऽपि । लौ न्यायः

पङ्कप्रक्षालनन्यायः The maxim of the washing off the mud Just as it is more advisable for one to avoid getting into mud than to get into it and then wash it off, so it is more advisable for one to avoid getting into danger than to expose oneself to it and then try to get out of it somehow or other of यमोर्थ यस्य वित्तहा वर तस्य निरीहता । प्रक्षालनादि पङ्कस्य दूरादस्पर्शनं वरम् । Pt 1 159, अग्निहोत्रादीनामपि गुण्यान्तरबद् विनाशयत्वात् पङ्कप्रक्षालनन्याया-पातादाखल्युपायं तानि नानुष्ठेयानि । S B on Br Sūt 4 1 16, "Prevention is better than cure"

पङ्गवन्धन्यायः The maxim of the lame man and the blind man The conception is that of a lame man

mounted on the shoulders of one who is blind, so that the former is furnished with the power of locomotion and the latter with sight It is intended to illustrate mutual dependence for mutual advantage पुष्पस्य दर्श-नार्थं कैवल्यार्थं तथा प्रधानस्य । पङ्गवन्धवदुभयोरपि सयोगस्तत्कृतं सर्ग ॥ Sām K 21

पञ्जरचालनन्यायः The maxim of the moving of the bird cage This furnishes an illustration of the power of united effort ननु पञ्जरचालनन्यायेनैतद् भविष्यति । यथैकपञ्जर-वर्तिन एकादशपक्षिण प्रत्येकं प्रतिनियतव्यापाराः सन्तः सभूयैकं पञ्जरं चालयन्ति । एवमेकशरीरवर्तिन एकादशप्राणाः प्रत्येकं प्रतिनियतवृत्तयः सन्तः सभूयैका प्राणाख्या वृत्तिं प्रतिलस्यन्त इति । S B on Br Sūt 2 4 9

पञ्जरमुक्तपक्षिन्यायः The simile of a bird let loose from its cage, used to illustrate the upward flight of the soul released from the body बन्धमुक्तस्योर्ध्वगमनं दृष्टं यथा पञ्जरमुक्तशुकस्य यथा वा वारिनिर्भनपरिणतैरण्डबीजस्य यथा वा दृढपङ्क-लिप्तजलनिमज्जनप्रक्षीणपङ्कलेपशुष्कालावूफलस्य । वेदान्तकल्पतरुपरिमल

पदातिन्यायः The simile of a footman (in the game of Chess) It is used to suggest the crookedness of the wicked at the nick of the moment बुद्धिबलापरपर्यायचतुरङ्गाख्य-क्रीडने (the game of chess) पदाति (Mar प्यादे) -ऋजुमार्गेण चलन् हननावसरे वक्रमार्गमुरीकरोति । अयं भावः । बुद्धिबलाख्यक्रीडने कल्पितौ राजमन्त्रिणौ सह चतुरङ्गबलेनान्योन्यं युध्यत । तत्र तेषां गति-भेदोऽस्ति । पदातेस्तु ऋजुपथेन गमनम्, वक्रमार्गेण चाप्रस्थानानुहन्तृत्व-मिति तद्विदो वदन्तीति । एव दुर्जनाचारो ज्ञेयः । ऋजुना पथा चलन्नपि हनने वक्रा गतिं कलयन् । बुद्धिबलाख्य क्रीडन् पदातिरिव दुर्जनो ज्ञेयः ॥ लौ न्यायः

पदार्थानुसमयन्यायः Vide Dictionary p 960

पद्मपत्रस्थिततोयन्यायः The maxim of water on the lotus leaf It is used to illustrate two things (1) All creation is sentient, (2) the company of the great yields the best reward of लिप्यते न स पापेन पद्मपत्रमिवाम्भसि । पद्मपत्रस्थित तोयं धत्ते मुक्ताफलश्रियम् । महाजनस्य संपूर्णं कस्य नोन्नतिकारकं ॥, मुक्ताकारतया तदेव निलीनपत्रस्थितं राजते । Bh 2

पर्जन्यन्यायः The simile of rain, of ईश्वरस्तु पर्जन्यवद् द्रष्टव्यः । Br Sūt 2 3 42, कृतकारि खल्वपि शास्त्रं पर्जन्यवत् । तद्यथा पर्जन्यो यावद्दूतं पूर्णं च सर्वमभिवर्षति Mbh 1 2 9, 6 1 127 It rains everywhere without special favour or dis-favour Rain is equal and equitable to all यथा पर्जन्यो बीजविशेषेषु रागं केषुचिद् द्वेषं चाकृत्वा उदासीनं सन् वर्षति, एवमीश्वरोऽपि पुण्यबत्सु रागं पापिषु द्वेषं चाकुर्वन् जगत् सृजति । नीलकण्ठः on Bg 9 9, पर्जन्य इव भूतानामाधारः पृथिवीपतिः । विकलेऽपि हि पर्जन्ये जीव्यते न तु भूपतौ ॥ H 1 174

पश्यस्यद्रौ ज्वलदग्निं न पुनः पादयोरधः (हेमचन्द्रः) You see the fire burning on the mountain, but not that which is under your feet "Why beholdest thou the mote that is in thy brother's eye, but perceivest not the beam that is in thine own eyes" of Marathi proverbs "आपल्या पायाखाली काय जळते ते पाहावे ।", "दुसःन्याच्या

ढोळ्यातले कुसळ दिसतें पण आपल्या ढोळ्यातले सुसळ दिसत नाही”, “लोकां सांगे ब्रह्मज्ञान आपण कोरडे पाषाण !” (यत् पर शिक्षयस्येव न स्व शिक्षयसि स्वयम् ।)

पाठचरलुण्ठिते वेश्मानि यामिकजागरणम् The vigilance of the watchman after the house has been plundered by thieves This is equivalent to the English proverb, “Shutting the stable door after the horse is gone”

पाठक्रमन्यायः Vide Dictionary p 1008

पित्तं यदि शर्करया शाम्यति कोऽर्थः पटोलैः If bile is counteracted [pacified] by sugar what is the use of a species of [bitter] cucumber [used as medicine] It is used to illustrate the futility of strenuous efforts to succeed in an undertaking which requires little effort सामसाध्येषु कार्येषु यो दण्ड योजयेद् बुध । स पित्ते शर्कराशाम्ये पटोल कटुक पिबेत् । Pt 3 132

पिपीलिकागतिन्यायः The maxim of the speed of ants “Slow and steady wins the race” यथा पिपीलिका वृक्षशिर स्थितमधुरफलरसास्वादने झटित्यशक्ता सत्यपि बह्मयासेन गच्छन्ती कालान्तरे तद्रसमवश्यमास्वादते, तथैवाज्ञानी पुरुष श्रुतिस्मृति-पुराणविहितकर्मोपासनादिमार्गसजातशुद्धान्त करणतया जन्मान्तरेषु कदाचित् प्राप्तपूर्णज्ञानोऽवश्य ब्रह्मानन्दमनुभवतीति । लौ न्याय, योजनानां शत गच्छेच्छन्नैर्यान्ती पिपीलिका । अगच्छन् नैनैर्योऽपि पदमेक न गच्छति ॥

पिष्टपेषणन्यायः The maxim of grinding flour or meal, used to denote a superfluous or unprofitable exertion like the attempt of a man to grind pounded flour of न हि स्निग्धस्य स्नेहेन शक्यं कर्तुं पिष्टस्य वा पेषणम् । SB on MS 9 2 3, यदि स्तावच्छ्रुतस्यार्थस्य प्रश्नं कृतस्ततः पिष्टपेषणवत् पुनरुक्तोऽनर्थक प्रश्न स्यात् । Samkara on Ken. 32, तुषकण्डनन्याय and कृतस्य करणं वृथा ।

पुष्टलगुडन्यायः The simile of a stout cudgel Such a stick hurled at a yelping cur, may at the same time strike and silence other dogs near it, and so the nyāya seems to be used somewhat in the sense of “killing two birds with one stone” एकतान्त्रिकमतनिरासाय प्रयुक्तया युक्त्या तत्सदृशमतान्तरनिराकरणं यदा विवक्ष्यते तदा पुष्टलगुडन्याय-प्रवृत्तिः । रघुनाथ The maxim is akin to प्रधानमल्लनिर्बहणन्याय

पूर्वं ह्यपवादा अभिनिविशन्ते पश्चादुत्सर्गाः Special rules are taken into consideration first and afterwards general rules See Mbh 2 4 83, 3 1 3, 3 2 12 etc

प्रत्यक्षे किमनुमानम् Where there is direct sense perception, what need is there of inference? It is a well-known principle of वेदवाक्यानुमानं हि तावदेव प्रवर्तते । तदर्थ-विषयं यावत् प्रत्यक्षं नोपलभ्यते ॥, प्रत्यक्षे श्रूयमाणे तु न विद्येतानुमानिकम् । न हि हस्तिनि दृष्टेऽपि तत्पदेनानुमेयते ॥ तत्र 1 3 2-3, प्रत्यक्षमनुमानाद्वर्त्य । SB on MS 3 1. 12

प्रधानमल्लनिर्बहणन्यायः The maxim of the destruction of the chief antagonist It illustrates the principle that when the most formidable enemy has been

defeated, the less formidable are already virtually overcome अतः प्रधानमल्लनिर्बहणन्यायेनातिदिशति । एतेन प्रधान-कारणवादप्रतिषेधन्यायकलापेन सर्वेऽपवादिकारणवादा अपि प्रतिषिद्धतया व्याख्याता वेदितव्या । S B on Br Sūt 1 4 28

प्रपानकरसन्यायः The simile of a kind of drink (sherbet) It is used to illustrate the production of some new thing by the union of others, just as sherbet is the result of the commingling of various ingredients प्रतीयमानं प्रथमं प्रत्येकं हेतुरुच्यते । ततः सवलितं क्षुब्धं विभावादि सचेतसाम् । प्रपानकरसन्यायाच्चर्व्यमाणो रसो भवेत् । यथा खण्डमरीच्यादीनां समेलनादपूर्वं इव कश्चिदास्वादः प्रपानकरसे सजायते विभावादिसमेलनादिहापि तथैवत्यर्थः । S D This is meant to show how the flavour is single, though spoken of as resulting from a composition of causes

प्रयोजनमनुद्दिश्य न मन्दोऽपि प्रवर्तते (श्लोकवार्तिक) — Even a stupid person does not adopt a course of action without a motive

प्रस्तरप्रहरणन्यायः Vide Dictionary p 1119

फलवत्संनिधावफलं तदङ्गम् (SB on MS 4 4 19) The principle that whatever has no result of its own, but is mentioned in connection with something else which has such a result, is subordinate to the latter of S B on Br Sūt 2 1 14

बधिरकर्णजपन्यायः The illustration of whispering in the ear of a deaf man See अरण्यरोदनन्याय etc

बहिर्न्यायः Vide Dictionary p 1154

बहूनामनुग्रहो न्यायः The association of many is good policy of बहूनामन्यसाराणां मेलनं कार्यसाधकम् । तुणैः सपाद्यते रज्जुस्तया नागोऽपि बध्यते ॥ Pt 1 331

बीजवृक्षन्यायः The maxim of the seed and tree A tree is an outcome of a seed and the seed is the effect of the tree It is very difficult to decide which is earlier in time Each is a cause and effect of the other.

बीजाङ्कुरन्यायः The maxim of an eternal series of seed and shoot As the seed produces the shoot, so the latter in turn reproduces the former Each therefore is a cause and effect न च कर्मन्तरेण शरीरं सम्भवति । न च शरीरमन्तरेण कर्म सम्भवतीति इतरेतराश्रयत्वप्रसङ्गः । अनादित्वे तु बीजाङ्कुरन्यायेनोपपत्तेर्न कश्चिद् दोषो भवति । S B on Br Sūt 2 1 16, बीजं विना नाङ्कुरो जायते, अङ्कुरं विना च न बीजोत्पत्तिरिति । एव यत्र परस्परकार्यकारणभावस्तत्रात्र न्यायः, प्रवर्तते । तथा च बीजजातीयं प्रत्यङ्कुरजातीयम्, अङ्कुरजातीयं प्रति बीजजातीयं कारणम् । अतो बीजाङ्कुरप्रवाहानादितया च यद् बीजं प्रति यदङ्कुरस्य कारणत्वं तदङ्कुरं प्रति तद्बीजस्य न कारणत्वमतो नान्योन्याश्रयः । लौ न्याय, of the maxim of the same import अण्डकुक्कुटीन्याय

बुभुक्षितं किं न करोति पापम् What sin does a hungry man not do? Hunger leads to any sin, impiety or crime of दरिद्रं किं न कुरुते ।

ब्राह्मणग्रामन्यायः The maxim of a village in which Brāhmanas abound This shows the village has more numerous Brāhmanas than in some other village (प्रचुर-ब्राह्मणो ग्राम) or in the village the Brāhmanas outnumber the other castes (प्रचुरब्राह्मणो ग्राम) This is according to the maxim प्राधान्येन व्यपदेशा भवन्ति of मल्लग्रामन्याय

ब्राह्मणपरिव्राजकन्यायः The maxim of the Brāhmanas and the mendicants In such a sentence as ब्राह्मणा भोजयितव्या परिव्राजकाश्च, the separate mention of the mendicants, who are included in the term Brāhmana, merely emphasizes their position as a special part of the general body The maxim has the same import as गोबलीवदन्याय, तक्रकौण्डिन्याय and ब्राह्मणवसिष्ठन्याय of वैदिकानां लौकिकैर्वेदेषु प्राधान्यव्यापनार्थं पृथग्ग्रहणं यथा ब्राह्मणा आगता वसिष्ठोऽप्यागत इति । पदमञ्जरी

ब्राह्मणश्रमणन्यायः The maxim of the Brāhmana-ascetic The श्रमण is a Buddhist ascetic and hence not a Brāhmana, but the expression ब्राह्मणश्रमण implies that though now a Buddhist formerly he was a Brāhmana of अत्रामित इत्यादावपिशब्दाभावाद् विरोधाभासो व्यङ्ग्यः । व्यङ्ग्यस्यालंकार्यत्वेऽपि ब्राह्मणश्रमणन्यायादलंकारत्वमुपचर्यते । S D

भक्षितेऽपि लघुने न शान्तो व्याधिः Although the garlic has been eaten the disease is not cured of ननु भक्षितेऽपि लघुने न शान्तो व्याधिरिति न्यायेन प्रपञ्चस्याधिष्ठान-व्यतिरिक्ततया प्रतीयमानत्वात् कथमेतत्तद्विरुद्धिरित्याशङ्का तृणीकुर्वन्नाह अखण्डमिति । com on वेदान्तसार This is used to illustrate the non-attainment of the coveted result in spite of the performance of a prohibited act

भद्रमभद्र वा कृतमात्मनि प्रकल्पते An act good or bad conduces [to happiness or otherwise] of the performer himself of Marāthī proverb “करावें तसें भरावें”

भस्मनि आज्याहुतिः Offering clarified butter on ashes instead of on the sacrificial fire This is used to illustrate wasted or misdirected effort of स य इदमविद्वानग्निहोत्र जुहोति यथाङ्गारानपोह्य भस्मनि जुहुयात् तादृक् स्यात् । Oh Up 5 24, अकार्यवारणोद्युक्तो मूढे य परिब्रूयते । वाग्बिस्तरो वृथा तस्य भस्मन्याज्याहुतिर्यथा ॥, नोपदेश-शतेनापि मूढोऽकार्याग्निवर्त्यते । शीताग्न्युपसनात् केन राहुर्वक्यैर्निवारित ॥ उपमितिभ्रमप्रपञ्चा कथा

भस्मीभूतस्य देहस्य पुनरागमनं कुतः This is the theory of the लोकायतिका or Materialists They do not believe in pre-birth and rebirth So they do not take into consideration धर्म and मोक्ष पुरुषार्थस्य of यावज्जीव सुख जीवेद् ऋण कृत्वा घृत पिबेत् । भस्मी कुत ॥, असत्यमप्रतिष्ठ ते जगदाहु-रनीश्वरम् । अपरस्परसंभृतं किमन्यत् कामहेतुकम् ॥ Bg 16 8

भारैकदेशावतरणन्यायः The illustration of the lowering of one part of a load [and thus easing one's burden] दृढविपर्ययज्ञानानन्तर सहसैव च सम्यग्ज्ञानोत्पादातिभाराद् भारैकदेशावतरणार्थं सशयोत्थापनामात्रमेव तावद्युक्तम् । तत्र 1 3 22

भिक्षुपादप्रसारणन्यायः The maxim of a beggar's obtaining a firm footing [in a patron's house] of

the English equivalent “Give him an inch and he will take an ell” यथा कश्चिद् भिक्षुर्यथेष्टभोजनाच्छादनवासगृहादि-लभार्थं कस्यचिद् धनिनो गृहे प्रविश्य युगपत् सर्वाभीष्टलभ मन्यमान प्रथम धनिगृहे मे पादप्रसारणमस्तु पश्चादनेन परिचयसुत्पाद्य सर्वमभीष्ट सपादयामीति धिया स्वल्पमपि भिक्षा बहुमन्यमान पश्चात् क्रमेण स्वाभीष्ट सपादयत्येवं यत्र विवक्षा तत्रास्य प्रवृत्तिः । रघुनाथ of Mar “भटाला दिली ओसरी भट हातपाय पसरी”, “चञ्चुप्रवेशे सुसलप्रवेशः ।”

भिह्रीचन्दनन्यायः The maxim of a Bhil woman and sandal tree of the English equivalent “Familiarity breeds contempt” अतिपरिचयादब्रह्मा सततगमनादनादरो भवति । मलये भिल्लपुरन्ध्री चन्दनतरुकाष्ठमिन्धनं कुर्वते ॥ Subhās, of Mar “अतिपरिचय खोटा मान राहात नाहीं ।”

भूतं भव्याय कल्पते A thing accomplished in the past conduces to the attainment of the result in future The मीमांसका अवोचन्तः that an accomplished sacrificial act is not an end in itself but for the bringing about of a result in the future such as the attainment of heaven etc This, consequently, necessitates belief in the theory of अपूर्व as a connecting link between the two

भूमिरथिकन्यायः The simile of the man who in order to become proficient makes drawings of a war-chariot on the ground यत्तावदुपाध्याय शिष्यसन्निधावधीते तद्ग्रहणार्थम् । यच्छिष्यस्तद्वारणार्थम् । ग्रहणधारणे प्रयोगार्थं भूमिरथिकवत् शुष्केष्टिवद्वा । तद्यथा भूमिरथिको भूमौ रथमालिख्य शिक्षां करोति सप्रामे प्राशुभाबो भवितेति यथा च छात्र शुष्केष्टीं प्रयुङ्क्ते प्रयोगे प्राशुकर्मा भवितास्मीति । एवमेतद् दृष्टव्यम् । SB on MS 7 2 15

भूलिङ्गशकुनिन्यायः The simile of the bird भूलिङ्ग The purport of the maxim seems to be, “Practice what you preach” of अथ चैषा न ते बुद्धिं प्रकृतिं याति भारत । मयैव कथितं पूर्वं भूलिङ्गशकुनिर्यथा ॥ भूलिङ्गशकुनिर्नाम पार्श्वे हिमवतः परे । भीष्म तस्या सदा वाचं श्रूयन्तेऽर्थविगर्हिता ॥ मा साहसमितीदं सा सततं वाशते किल । साहसं चात्मनातीव चरन्ती नाबुध्यते ॥ सा हि मासार्गलं भीष्मं मुखात् सिंहस्य खादत । दन्तान्तरविलम्बं यत् तदादत्ते-ऽल्पचेतना ॥ इच्छत सा हि सिंहस्य भीष्मं जीवत्यसशयम् । तद्वत् त्वमप्यर्थमिष्टं सदा वाचं प्रभाषसे ॥ इच्छता भूमिपालानां भीष्मं जीवत्य-सशयम् । लोकविद्विष्टकर्मा हि नान्योऽस्ति भवता सम ॥ Mb 2 44 27-32, यो भूलिङ्गन्यायेन परोपदेशमात्रकुशलं स्वयं च यथेष्टाचरणशीलं सोऽपि दाम्भिकत्वात् त्यक्तव्यः । भूलिङ्गाख्यं पक्षी मा साहसं कुर्वति पुन पुनरुच्चैर्वेदन् सिंहदंष्ट्रान्तलम् मासलवं जिघृक्षतीति प्रसिद्धम् । रघुनाथ.

अष्टावसरन्यायः The simile of a lost opportunity or proper occasion It is used to illustrate that something does not take place when the occasion for its taking place has once gone यदपि यजमानस्य अष्टावसरं क्रियमाणं विगुणं भवति इति तदपि गुणलोपे मुख्यस्य इत्यनेन विरुद्धम् । तत्र 3 5 46 of निर्वाणदीपे किमु तैलदानं चौरैः गते वा किमु सावधानम् । वयोगते किं वनिताविलस पयोगते किं खलु सेतुबन्ध । Subhās, Mar “बैल गेला नि शोपा केला”

मक्षिकान्यायः The simile of a fly It is used to illustrate the fault-finding nature of the wicked just as a fly concentrates on a wound

मच्छाखुन्यायः The simile of a rat entering a casket It is used to express the effort to obtain the coveted thing ending in a positive harm to one's life कदाचित् कश्चिन्मूषको भक्ष्याशया सर्पमच्छूया दृष्ट्वा प्रविष्टस्तत्र तेन भक्षित ।

मणिविक्रयदृष्टान्तः The illustration afforded by the sale of gems It is intended to teach that, in disposing of precious stones, one who understands their value will derive greater advantage than one who is without that knowledge यदेव विद्यया करोति . तदेव वीर्यवत्तर भवति । दृष्ट हि लोके वणिक्शबरयो पद्मरागादिमणिविक्रये वणिजो विज्ञानाधि-
क्यात् फलाधिक्यम् । तस्माद् यदेव विद्यया विज्ञानेन युक्त सन् करोति कर्म तदेव कर्म वीर्यवत्तरमविद्वत्कर्मणोऽधिकफलं भवति । Samkara on Ch Up 1, 1 10

मण्डूकच्छ्रुतिन्यायः The maxim of a frog's leap It is used by grammarians and others to express the passing from one rule or topic to another over intervening ones of Mbh 1 1 3, 6 1 17 etc, केचन मण्डूकच्छ्रुतिन्याये-
नानुवर्तनस्यानुचितत्वाद् आन्तिमदनन्तरमपह्नुतिर्ग्रन्थकृता लक्षिता उल्लेख-
श्चातिशयोक्त्यनन्तरमिति ग्रन्थ विपर्यासितवन्त । जयरथ's com
on अलङ्कारसर्वस्व 20

मदशक्तिवत् The simile of the power of an intoxicant अत्रैके देहमात्रात्मदर्शिनो लोकायतिका देहव्यतिरिक्तस्यात्मनोऽभाव-
मन्यमाना समस्तव्यस्तेषु बाह्येषु पृथिव्यादिषु अदृष्टमपि चैतन्य शरीरा-
कारपरिणतेषु भूतेषु स्यादिति सभाव्यन्तस्तेभ्यश्चैतन्यं मदशक्तिवद्विज्ञान-
चैतन्याविशिष्टं कायं पुरुष इति चाहु । S B on Br Sūt 3 3 58

मधु पश्यसि दुर्बुद्धे प्रपातं नानुपश्यसि (Mbh 12 311 7) Oh wicked one, you behold the honey but do not behold the precipice of मधु य केवलं दृष्ट्वा प्रपातं नानु-
पश्यति । स अष्टो मधुलोभेन शौचैत्येव यथा भवान् ॥ Mbh 11 1 37,
यो हि मधुन्येव दत्तदृष्टिर्दुर्बलं शास्त्रामधिरोहति तस्य विनिपात एव भवति ।
“मधुदृष्टिबन्धनस्य गुणकाम प्रपश्यत । क्रियाफलविनाशात्मा विनिपात-
प्रसज्यते ॥” शास्त्रदीपिका 3 6 3, दुग्धं पश्यति मार्जारो यथा न लघुह्ना-
हितिम् । Subhāṣ, of “घो देखा पण बडगा नहि देखा !”

**महतापि प्रयत्नेन तस्मिन्मायां परामृशन् । कृष्णशुक्ल-
विवेकं हि न कश्चिदधिगच्छति** (तत्र 1 3 1) Not even by
the most thorough examination, could one distinguish
between black and white in pitchy darkness. This
illustrates the impossibility of tracing the sources
from which Manu and other Smṛiti writers derived
their laws

मर्कटमदिरापानादिन्यायः The simile of monkey drink-
ing wine etc of Marāṭhī equivalents “आधींच तोंरे
त्यात शिरलें वारें !, आधींच मर्कट तशांतहि मद्य प्याला । झाली
तशातचि तयासहि भूतबाधा ॥”

मात्स्यन्यायः The simile drawn from fish It is used
to illustrate the oppression of the weak by the strong,
“Might is right”, “Survival of the fittest” Read
मत्स्य एव मत्स्य गिहति Sat Br 1 8 1, दुर्बलं बलवन्तो
हि मत्स्या मत्स्य विशेषतः । भक्षयन्ति सदा वृत्तिर्बिहिता न सनातनी ॥
Mbh 3 190. 8, राजा चेन्न भवेल्लोके पृथिव्या दण्डधारक । जले

मत्स्यानिवाभक्ष्यन् दुर्बलं बलवत्तरा ॥ अराजका प्रजा पूर्वं विनेशुरिति
न श्रुतम् । परस्परं भक्षयन्तो मत्स्या इव जले कृशान् ॥ Mbh 13 67
16-17, Rām 2 67 31, परस्पराभिषतया जगतो भिन्नवर्त्मन ।
दण्डाभावे परिध्वंसी मात्स्यन्यायो प्रवर्तते ॥ Kām 2 40

मानाधीना मेयसिद्धिः To know the thing to be mea-
sured you must know the measure मानाधीना मेयसिद्धिरिति
न्यायेन प्रमाणस्य प्रथममुद्देशे तदनुसारेण लक्षणस्य कथनीयतया प्रथमो-
द्दिष्टस्य प्रमाणस्य प्रथमं लक्षणं कथ्यते । Sar S न्यायदर्शन

माषराशिप्रविष्टमषीन्यायः The simile of a grain of
soot in a heap of spotted beans This is akin to the
English proverb “a needle in a haystack” शकार-
भावे भावे बलिणं कच्छु अथआले माशलाशिपविष्टा विज मशी-
गुह्या दीशन्ती दीशन्ती जेष पणष्टा वशतशेषिआ Mk 1 ,

मिथिलायां प्रदीप्तायां न मे दह्यति किञ्चन (Mbh 12 178)
“If Mithilā should be in flames nothing of mine would
be burnt up” (said by Janaka) It is used to indicate
the freedom from anxiety of one who has nothing to
lose न हास्यकर्म क्षीयते । कर्माभावादेवेति नित्यानुवादः । यथाविदुष
कर्मक्षयलक्षणं ससारदुःखं सततमेव न तथा तदस्य विद्यत् इत्यर्थः ।
मिथिलायां किञ्चनेति तद्वत् । Samkara on Br Up 1 4 15

मुण्डितशिरोनक्षत्रान्वेषणम् Enquiring as to a suitable
date for the shaving of one's head when one has al-
ready performed that ceremony See कृतक्षौरस्य नक्षत्र-
परीक्षा

मुनिर्मनुते मूर्खो मुच्यते A sage meditates on Brah-
man and a fool is emancipated This illustrates an
impossible sequence (असंगति) “The fathers have eaten
sour grapes and the children's teeth are set on edge”
Ezekiel XVIII 2 एतेनेदमपास्तं मुनिर्मनुते मूर्खो मुच्यते इत्ये-
तच्छास्त्रफलप्रयोजकतरि इति न्यायविरुद्धम् । तथा चाभाषक ‘काचिन्निषादी
तनयं प्रसूते कश्चिन्निषादस्तु कषायपायी’ इति । मुनिकर्तृकश्रवणादिविवि-
कलस्य साक्षात्कारस्य मूर्खेऽनभ्युपगमात् । वेदान्ततत्त्वविवेक

मृगतृष्णा (तृष्णिका) न्यायः The simile of mirage
It illustrates that the existence of the universe is ill-
founded, like a mirage जातं सखे प्रणयवान् मृगतृष्णिकायाम् ।
S 6 16, मृगतृष्णारूपमेतद् दर्शनम् । S B on MS 9 1 31,
रे चित्तं चिन्तय चिरं चरणौ सुरारे पारं गमिष्यसि यतो भवसागरस्य ।
पुत्रा कलत्रमितरे सुहृदः सहायाः सर्वं बिलोकय सखे मृगतृष्णिकाम् ॥

मृतमारणन्यायः Akin to ऊषरदृष्टिन्यायः, अरण्यरोदनन्यायः,
पिष्टपेषणन्यायः etc

यः कुरुते स एव भुङ्क्ते He who performs an action
will himself reap the fruit thereof, whether in the
form of a reward or retribution This doctrine is com-
mon to all the six orthodox schools of the Marāṭhī
proverb “करील तो भरील”

यः कारयति स करोत्येव He who causes a thing to
be done by another is himself the real doer of it This
nyāya is of common occurrence एवमेकेनापि पिबता द्वौ
पिबन्तानुच्यते । यद्वा जीवस्तावत् पिबतीश्वरस्तु पाययति पाययन्नपि
पिबतीत्युच्यते । Samkara on Mund 3.1 1

यत् करमस्य पृष्ठे न माति तत् कण्ठे निबध्यते That for which there is no room on a camel's back, is tied to his neck ! The maxim illustrates the piling up of misfortunes almost beyond endurance It is akin to the English maxim "It is the last straw which breaks the camel's back" महाभारतमाक्रान्तमूर्तेरारादिकारिण । यत् पृष्ठे माति नोष्टस्य गलके तन्निबध्यते ॥ उपमितिभ्रमप्रपञ्चा कथा

यत् कृतकं तदनित्यम् Anything that has been made is non-eternal In other words, that which has a beginning has also an end, except of course, the नैयायिक's प्रवसाभाव, which has a beginning but no end !

यदध्वेन हृतं पुरा तत् पश्चाद् गर्दभः प्रातुं केनोपायेन शक्नुयात् (न्यायमञ्जरी) The maxim occurs in the course of a discussion of the relative value and authority of Śruti and Smṛiti न च श्रुतिजनितप्रत्ययस्य स्मृतिजनितो बाधकत्व प्रतिपद्यते । स्मार्तस्य बाधक श्रौतो बलवत्त्वात् प्रतीयते । प्रत्यक्षे चानुमाने च प्रागेतदध्यवधारितम् । न च शीघ्रहृतेऽर्थेऽस्ति चिरादागच्छतो गति । अक्षैरपहृत को हि गर्दभे प्राप्नुमर्हति ॥ तत्र 1 3 3

यस्य नास्ति पुत्रो न तस्य पुत्रस्य क्रीडनकानि कियन्ते (ŚB on MS 10 3 5) Toys are not made for the son of a man who has no son ! न हि अनङ्गे कर्मणि अङ्गस्य विशेषो विधि स्यात् । भवति च विशेषविधि 'आश्ववाल प्रस्तर' इति । न हि असति प्रस्तरे प्रस्तरविशेष शिष्येत यथा यस्य कियन्ते ।

याचितकमण्डनन्यायः The maxim of borrowed ornaments To appear in borrowed plumes अस्या मुखश्रीप्रतिबिम्बमेव जलाच्च तातान्मुकुराच्च मित्रात् । अभ्यर्थ्य धत् खलु पद्मचन्द्रौ विभूषण याचितक कदाचित् ॥ N 7 56

यादृशो यक्षस्तादृशो बलिः As is the यक्ष, so should be the offering The general sense of the maxim seems to be "tat for tat", "a Roland for an Oliver" of Mar "जहास तसे", "जशी देणावल तशी धुणावल"

यावद्वचनं वाचनिकम् Conveying the meaning actually expressed (and therefore needing nothing to supplement it) कश्चात्र विशेष । स यदि वाचनिकस्ततो यावद्वचनमेव कर्तव्य । तत्र 3 5 19

रज्जुसर्पन्यायः The maxim of the superimposition of serpent on the rope This is the usual illustration of विवर्तवाद like शुक्तिरजत etc यथा रज्जोरज्ञानतया सर्पात्मना भान ज्ञातायास्तु स्वरूपेण, तथा ब्रह्मणोऽनवबुद्धस्य सप्रपञ्चत्वेन, बुद्धस्य च निष्प्रपञ्चत्वेन भान न मानान्तरविरुद्धमित्यर्थः । लौ न्याय As a serpent is a विवर्त (an apparent or illusory form) of a rope, so is the world a विवर्त of the real entity Brahman, and the illusion is removed by विद्या or true knowledge.

रथकारन्यायः Vide Dictionary p 1327.

राजपुत्रन्यायन्यायः The illustration of the king's son [who was brought up] as a hunter The story is that a young prince, abandoned by his parents at his birth, was adopted by a hunter and brought up as his son The boy remained in ignorance of his real origin until

he was discovered by a kindly person and restored to his rightful position of Samkara on Br Up 2 1 20

राजपुरप्रवेशन्यायः The simile of the manner of entering a royal city विद्युद्बलतया राजपुरप्रवेशे राजपुररक्षकेस्ताडनादिक क्रियेतेति भिया श्रेणीभूततया यथा तत्पुरप्रवेश एव सुद्युद्बलतया यत्र कार्यकारणस्य विवक्षा तत्रास्य प्रवृत्ति । वाचस्पत्य We do not grasp the meaning of a long sentence as a whole, but the sense of each word enters the mind singly on the principle of राजपुरप्रवेश of अभिहितान्वयवाद

रात्रिसन्नन्यायः Vide Dictionary p 1338

राधावेधोपमा The simile of piercing the central figure of a target It means hitting the bull's eye It is used of something difficult of accomplishment and requiring great skill

रुधिरसंपर्कवतो विषस्य शरीरे प्रसर्पणम् The circulation within the body of poison which has entered the blood It is used as a warning against the beginnings of evil in however small a degree of विष रुधिरमासाद्य प्रसर्पति यथा तनौ । तथैव छिद्रमासाद्य दोषश्चित्ते प्रसर्पति ॥ बोधिचयावतार 7 69, "The beginning of strife is as when one letteth out water, therefore leave off contention before there be quarrelling" of Mar "भाडणापेक्षा अबोल बरा"

रुमाक्षितकाष्ठन्यायः The illustration of wood thrown into the salt-lake [or mine], Rumā Rumā is "विशिष्टलवणाकर" [मेदिनीकोश] and situated near Ajmere यथा रुमाया लवणाकरेषु मेरौ यथा वोज्ज्वलस्वप्नभूमौ । यज्जायते तन्मयमेव तत् स्यात् तथा भवेद् वेदविदात्मनुष्टि ॥ तत्र The tradition is that anything thrown in there becomes saline itself

रुदिर्योगमपहरति Popular usage overpowers etymological meaning

लक्षणप्रमाणाभ्यां वस्तुसिद्धिः [The existence, or nature, of] an object is established by means of some distinguishing characteristic, and by a recognized form of proof [such as sense-perception, scripture etc] "यथा गन्धवत्त्वादिलक्षणेन प्रत्यक्षप्रमाणेन च पृथिन्यादिसिद्धि ।" or, just as the wonders of creation establish the "eternal power and Godhead" of the invisible Deity, to which scripture also bears testimony

लाङ्गलं जीवनम् A plough is existence That is, it is a means of existence, cause and effect being here identified as in आयुर्धृतम् which is an illustration of शुद्धा सारोपा लक्षणा of यथा लाङ्गल गवादीनुद्धवहति इति निमित्तमात्रत्वादेवमुच्यते न तु प्रत्यक्षमेव लाङ्गल गवादीनुद्धवहति । Ś B on Br Sūt 3 2 4

लोष्टप्रस्तारन्यायः The maxim of the expanse [or modification] of clods of earth It is used to illustrate the endless diversity or manifoldness of one original form (i.e. प्रकृतिविकृतिभाव), e.g. from मृत्तिका, a potter prepares a pitcher, a tray and other varieties of earthen vessels. तेन लोष्टप्रस्तारन्यायेनानन्तवैविध्यमुक्तम् । अभिनवगुप्त on ध्वन्यालोक.

लोहचुम्बकन्यायः The maxim of iron and magnet. It is used to denote a very close affinity between two things by virtue of which they are instinctively attracted towards each other, though at a distance.

वज्रलेपन्यायः The maxim of the smearing of a kind of very hard cement. It is used to denote permanency, indelibility and adamant nature of an object. अन्यक्षेत्रे कृत पाप पुण्यक्षेत्रे वितरयति । पुण्यक्षेत्रे कृत पाप वज्रलेपो भविष्यति ॥ Subhās, वज्रलेपवदितेव Māl 5 10, नि शेष यान्तु शान्ति पिशुनजनगिरो दुर्जया वज्रलेपा Ratn 4 21, Mar काळ्या दगडा-वरची रेव ”

वटे यक्षन्यायः The belief as to a goblin in a Banyan tree. There is a popular belief, based solely on the tradition of the elders, that a यक्ष or goblin, lives in every Banyan tree. It is used as an illustration of ऐतिह्य (Tradition) which some regard as a means of proof (प्रमाण) but which is rejected by गौतम in his न्याय-सूत्र 2 2 1 of जगति बहु न तथ्य नित्यमैतिह्यमुक्तम् । भवति तु यदि सत्य नागमाद् भिद्यते तत् ॥ श्लोकवार्तिक, ऐतिह्य न तु सत्यमत्र हि वटे यक्षोऽस्ति वा नेति वा । को जानाति कदा च केन कलित यक्षस्य कीदृग्वपु ॥ न्यायमञ्जरी

वत्सक्षीरन्यायः The maxim of a calf and [its mother's] milk. According to the Sāmkhya System of philosophy even the insentient Prakṛti proceeds to liberate the Puruṣa, just as inanimate milk conduces to the growth of the calf. वत्सविवृद्धिनिमित्त क्षीरस्य यथा प्रवृत्तिरज्ञस्य । पुरुषविमोक्षनिमित्त तथा प्रवृत्ति प्रधानस्य ॥ Sām K

वदतो व्याघातः The simile of the speaker contradicting or defeating or negating his former statement by the latter one of यावज्जीवमह मौनी ब्रह्मचारी च मे पिता । माता तु मम वन्धव्यैव पुत्रहीन पितामह ॥ Subhās

वधूमाषमापनन्यायः The simile of the measuring out of beans by the daughter-in-law. The nyāya refers to a debtor who, in his zeal to pile up arguments in quick succession, fails to be aware of his flaws in them that may be apparent to his adversary. of माष-मापनव्याकुला वधू स्वगुह्यसवरण यथा न करोति तथा त्वयापि स्वदोषो न समाहित इत्यर्थः । शकरमिश्र's com on आत्मतत्त्वविवेक (Turner Jubilee Volume, p 94)

वध्यघातकन्यायः The maxim of the destroyer and his prey. It is used of two things which cannot exist together यथावच्छेपेनमूषकादिना दूषिता भूमिमुपलभ्य तद्विरोधिना घातकस्य मार्जारोदेरभावोऽर्थोदवगम्यते तथा सत्यादिपदात् पदार्थ परमार्थत्वादिक प्रतीत्य प्रतीतपरमार्थत्वादिबिरोधिनाऽसत्यत्वादेरभावोऽर्थापत्त्या ज्ञायते न हि सत्यादेरसत्यादेश्चैकाधिकरणत्व घटते । आनदगिरि on तैत्तिरीयवार्तिक 2 1 66

वनसिंह (व्याघ्र) न्यायः The illustration of a lion (tiger) in a forest. It is used of things which mutually aid or protect each other of हदनकन्याय of similar import. When these two are together they become invincible, in-

vulnerable but when separated they are easily assailable and vulnerable सोऽय वनसिंहहदनकन्याय । किरातैर्हन्तु शक्योऽपि सिंहो महद्वन शरण प्रविश्य दुराधर्षस्तेभ्यो न बिभेति वन च तत् सिंहा-धिष्ठानानुगृहीत तैर्दुष्प्रवेश भवति । वेदान्तकल्पतरुपरिमल, न स्याद्वनमृते व्याघ्रान् व्याघ्रा न स्युर्नस्ते वनम् । वन हि रक्ष्यते व्याघ्रैर्व्याघ्रान् रक्षति काननम् ॥ Mb 5 37 46, नक्र स्वस्थानमासाद्य गजेन्द्रमपि कर्षति । स एव प्रच्युत स्थानाच्छुनापि परिभूयते ॥ Pt 3 46

वरगोष्ठीन्यायः The simile of the choice [of a bride-groom] in an assembly where conversation about such matters takes place. Relatives come together and in the course of their conversation marriage is settled by mutual agreement. वरलाभाय गोष्ठी वरगोष्ठी । तथा यथा वर-वधूबन्धूनामैकमये सति विवाहादिरूपमेक कार्य निष्पाद्यते तथा प्रकृतेऽपि । लौ, न्याय

वरं सांशयिकान्निष्कादसांशयिकः कार्षापणः Better is a certain कार्षापण than an uncertain निष्क of वरमद्य कपोत श्वो मयूरात् । “A bird in hand is worth two in the bush” of Mar “हातचें सोडून पळ्याच्या मागे लागणे ”

वरमद्य कपोतः श्वो मयूरात् Better is a pigeon today than a peacock tomorrow

वराटकान्वेषणे प्रवृत्ताश्चिन्तामणिं लब्धवान् A person proceeding to find a cowrie came across the philosopher's stone [which yields its possessor all desires] अपि चिन्तामणिश्चिन्तापरिश्रममपेक्षते । Māl 10 22, चिन्तामणि-श्चिन्तितमेव सूते Subhās, of Mar “देवापाशी मागितला एक डोळा तर देवानें दिले दोन”, काश्या स्वर्गादिकमुद्दिश्य यागाद्यनुष्ठाताप्य-कस्मान्मरणे प्राप्ते मोक्षमेव लभते । लौ न्याय

वह्निधूमन्यायः A maxim of the invariable concomitance of fire and smoke (यत्र यत्र धूमस्तत्र तत्र वह्निः) This is used to denote such invariable concomitance between two persons or things (अन्वयव्याप्ति and व्यतिरेकव्याप्ति, e g where there is A there is B, where there is not B, there is not A, यत्र यत्र धूमस्तत्र तत्र वह्निः । यत्र यत्र वह्निभावस्तत्र तत्र धूमाभावः ।)

वाक्यभेदन्यायः The maxim of splitting a sentence. It is taken to be a fundamental rule of composition with Sanskrit authors that there should be only one leading idea in one sentence. In fact, a sentence is defined to be “a proposition containing a single idea, but where the expression of that idea is divided into parts, each part stands in need of other or others” (अर्थैकवादेक वाक्य साकार्ष्ण चेद् विभागे स्यात् । MS 2 1 46) “Where it is possible to take a sentence as embodying a single idea or a single proposition, it is wrong to attribute two ideas or two propositions to it” (सम्बन्धैक-वाक्यत्वे वाक्यभेदो न युज्यते ।) The principle of presuming a sentence to have only one leading idea is that, where there is a word expressing an injunction (विधि) in one part of it the remaining part or parts must be regarded as अर्थवादाः, which by definition, are merely subsidiary clauses (वाक्यशेषः)

विक्रीते करिणि किमङ्कुशे विवादः When an elephant is sold what is the use of higgling about the goad of सोमिन्निर्वदति विभीषणाय लङ्का देहि त्वं भुवनपते विनैव कोशम् । सोमिन्नि प्रति निजगाद रामचन्द्रो विक्रीते करिणि किमङ्कुशे विवाद ॥, नारद कुचपरिरम्भणेषु वाम्य वैप्रत्य विरचति चुम्बने कदापि । किं नीवीगतमबले रुणासि पाणि विक्रीते करिणि किमङ्कुशे विवाद ॥, Mar “ हत्ती गेला आणि शेपूट राहिले । ”

विना मलयमन्यत्र चन्दनं न प्ररोहति A sandal tree does not grow except on the Malaya mountain This illustrates that a wise man prospers by taking recourse to another great man who appreciates merits

विनिगमनाविरहस्यायः The simile of the absence of reasoning or argument supporting one of the two sides, एकतरपक्षपातिनी युक्तिविनिगमना, वैकल्पिके वस्तुन्यकस्मिन्नवधारणा शक्तिरिति यावत् । तस्या विरहो वियोग इत्यर्थः । लौ न्याय

विलूननासिकस्यादर्शदर्शनम् Showing a looking-glass to a man whose nose has been cut off ! This is used as an adjunctment to wrath

विवेकभ्रष्टानां भवति विनिपातः शतमुखः The downfall of those who have lost their discretion takes place through hundred openings of. शिरः शार्वं स्वर्गात् पशुपतिशिरस्त क्षितिरुह महीध्रादुत्तुङ्गादवनिमवनेश्चापि जलधिम् । अधोऽधो गङ्गेय स्थलमुपगता स्तोक्रमधुना विवेक शतमुख Bh 2 of Mar “ बुढत्याचा पाय खोलात ”

विश्वजिन्त्यायः Vide Dictionary p 1475

विषकुम्भं पयोमुखम् A bowl of poison with milk on the surface “ A wolf in the sheep's clothing ” “ Oh villain, villain, smiling, damned villain ” Hamlet 1 5, परोक्षे कार्यहन्तार प्रत्यक्षे प्रियवादिनम् । वर्जयेत् तादृश मित्र विष . मुखम् । Chān 18 of “ मुखमें राम बगलमें छुरी ”, “ बोलणीं मान-भावाचीं करणी कसाबाची ”

विषकुम्भिन्यायः The maxim of the worms bred in poison It is used to denote a state of things which, though fatal to others, is not so to those who being bred in it, are inured or naturalized to it like poison which though fatal to others, is not so to the worms bred in it “ What is one man's food is another man's poison ” of विप्रास्मिन् नगरे महान् कथय कस्ताल्लुमाणा गण को दाता रजको ददाति वसन प्रातर्गृहीत्वा निशि । को दक्ष परदारबित्तहरणे सर्वोऽपि दक्षो जन कस्माज्जीवसि हे सखे विषकुम्भिन्यायेन जीवाम्यहम् ॥ वृद्धचाणक्य.

विषवृक्षन्यायः The maxim of the poison tree, used to denote that a thing, though hurtful and mischievous does not deserve to be destroyed by the very person who has reared it, just as even a poison tree ought not to be cut down by the planter himself विषवृक्षोऽपि सवर्ध स्वयं छेतुमसाप्रतम् । Ku. 2 55, Pt. 1 245.

विहंगमन्यायः The simile of a bird, of पिपीलिकगति-न्याय and प्लवगमन्याय (the maxim of a monkey leaping

from one branch of a tree to another) An ant is proverbially slow of gait, a monkey jumps or leaps, hence quicker, but a bird flies and naturally is the quickest of all यथा पिपीलिकाप्लवगमापेक्षया विहंगमोऽनायासे-नोच्चतममपि मधुर फलरसमास्वादते, तथैवोत्तमाधिकारी ज्ञानी मध्यमा-धिकार्यपेक्षयानायासेन जन्मान्तरीयसस्कारै शुद्धान्त करणतया लब्धपूर्ण-ज्ञानोऽचिरादेव चिदानन्दरूपता प्राप्नोतीति । लौ न्याय , of देखे उत्प्लवना-सरिसा । पक्षी फळासि झोबि जैसा । सागे नरु केवि तैसा । पावे वेगा ॥ ४१ ॥ तैसे देख पा विहंगममते । अधिष्टूनि ज्ञानाते । साख्य सद्य मोक्षाते । आकलिते ॥ ४३ ॥ ज्ञानेश्वरी अ ३

वीचित्ररङ्गन्यायः The maxim of a wave urging forward another wave In the ocean one wave propels another till the first and all others in succession reach the shore So this maxim is used to denote successive operation, as in the case of the production of sound सर्व शब्दो नभोवृत्ति श्रोत्रोत्पन्नस्तु गृह्यते । वीचीतरङ्गन्यायेन तदुत्पत्तिस्तु कीर्तिता ॥ कदम्बकौरकन्यायादुत्पत्ति कस्यचिन्मते । Bhāṣā P 165, 166

वृक्षप्रकम्पनन्यायः The illustration of the shaking of a tree A man is supposed to be up a tree whilst others are standing below it One of the latter points to a particular branch which he wishes to be shaken and the others point out other branches for the same purpose, so the man shakes the whole tree at once and thus satisfies everybody by the one effort !

वृक्षवृत्तिन्यायः The illustration of the subsistence of trees It is used to denote the manner of subsistence on things received of their own accord, without efforts (अयाचितवृत्ति) अयाचितोपस्थितमम्बु केवल रसात्मकस्योद्भुतपतेश्च रसमय । बभूव तस्या किल पारणाविधिर्न वृक्षवृत्तिव्यतिरिक्तसाधन ॥ Ku 5 22

वृद्धकुमारी-वाक्य(वर)-न्यायः The maxim of the old virgin's boon, that is, asking such a boon as will cover all that one wishes to have The Mbh. 8 2 3 says that an old virgin, when asked by Indra to choose a boon said, “ पुत्रा मे बहुक्षीरमोदन कास्यपात्र्या भुञ्जीरन् । ” This one boon if granted, would give her a husband, progeny, abundance of corn, cattle etc, and gold of वृद्धकुमारीवरप्रार्थन in तत्र 2 2 2

वृद्धिमिष्टवतो मूलमपि ते नष्टम् Whilst seeking to obtain interest, the creditor loses [that and] the capital too of. वृद्धिमिष्टवतो मूलमपि विनष्टमिति न्याय । वृद्धिर्धनप्रयोगे-ऽधमर्णात् प्राप्याशमेदलाभ । तामिष्टवत उत्तमर्णस्याधमर्णदौष्टपाद् यथा मूल नश्यत्येव यत्राभीष्टान्तरसंपादनाय प्रयतमानस्य मूल नश्यति तत्रास्य प्रवृत्ति । वाचस्पत्य.

वृश्चिकभिया पलायमान आशीविषमुखे निपतितः Running away through fear of a scorpion, he falls into the jaws of a poisonous snake Avoiding Scylla, he falls into Charybdis ! of एकामसिद्धिं परिहरतो द्वितीयापद्यते । of. Mar. “ आगीतून निघून फुफाव्यात पडणे. ”

व्यालनकुलन्यायः The maxim of the snake and the mungoose. The well-known innate apathy (जातिवैर, शाश्वतिक विरोध) of these two for one another (cf P 2 4 9) is a commonly used illustration of inherent opposition between two things. The maxim is better known as अहिनकुलन्याय of अत्रान्तरे देववशात् कृष्णसर्पो बिलाभि-
ष्कान्त । नकुलोऽपि त स्वभाववैरिण मत्वा भ्रातृ रक्षणार्थं सर्पेण सह युद्ध्वा सर्पं खण्डय कृतवान् । Pt 5 2

शकुनिग्राहकगतिन्यायः The simile of the movements of a bird catcher यथा शकुनिग्राहकस्य शकुनिं जिघृक्षतश्छन्ना गतिर्भवति शनैः पदन्यास दृष्टिप्रणिधानमशब्दकरण च कथमनवबुद्ध शकुनिर्गृह्यत इत्येवमिहाप्यनवबुद्धमिव गृहीतुं यज्ञ प्रच्छन्नगतिरपाशुत्वं नाम । यथा शकुनिग्राहकस्य यस्मिन् देशे शनैः पदन्यासो न स तद्देशार्थोऽपि तु तद्देशाभिगतस्य शकुनेरर्थेन क्रियत एवमिहाप्युपाशुत्वं न तद्देशाना पदार्थानामर्थेन क्रियते तद्देशाभिगतस्य यज्ञस्य अर्थेन गम्यते । SB on MS 9 1 22

शते पञ्चाशत् Fifty [is contained] in a hundred. The greater includes the less व्यापकशतसंख्याया यथा व्याप्यपञ्चाशत्संख्या निविष्टा एव यत्र व्यापके व्याप्यस्य निवेशस्तत्रास्य प्रवृत्ति । वाचस्पत्य

शरपुरुषीयन्यायः The maxim of the man and the arrow. शरश्च क्षिप्तं प्राकाराच्च पुरुष उत्थितः स तेन हतः । तत्तुल्य शरपुरुषीयम् । G M 3 196 It illustrates a purely accidental and unforeseen occurrence and is therefore, akin to अजाकृपाणीय, खल्वाटबिल्वीय and others of a like nature

शर्करोन्मज्जनीयन्यायः The maxim of the pebble and the [man's] emerging [from the water] The moment when the pebble is thrown a man who has been diving or swimming emerges from the water, and is struck by it. Vide the previous न्याय G M 3 196

शालभन्यायः The illustration of the moth. The destruction of the silly moth by flying into a lighted lamp is a figure often met with in Sanskrit literature शृणु येन स कर्मणा गतः शालभत्व हरलोचनादिभिः । Ku 4 40, सद्यः परात्मपरिमाणविवेकमूढः कः शालभेन विधिना लभता विनाशम् । Mu 1 10, कौरव्यवशदाविस्मिन् क एष शालभायते । Ve 1 19 According to मेरुतुङ्ग the moth, envious of the brilliance of the light, tries to extinguish it at the cost of its own life लज्जवलगुणमभ्युदित क्षुद्रो द्रष्टुं न कथमपि क्षमते । दग्ध्वा तनुमपि शलभो दीप दीपादिषु हरति ॥

शवोद्वर्तनन्यायः The simile of perfuming a dead body. For explanation vide अरण्यरोदनन्याय, Mar "प्रेताचा शृगार"

शशविषाणन्यायः The maxim of the hare's horn. It is used to denote total negation (अत्यन्ताभाव)

शाखाचन्द्रन्यायः The maxim of the bough and the moon. As the moon, though distant from the bough of a tree, is spoken of as 'the moon on the bough' because she appears to be near it, so this maxim is used when the position of an object, though at a very great

स. इ. को... १०

distance, is fixed by that of another object to which it appears to be contiguous. The maxim is akin to अरुन्धतीप्रदर्शनन्याय

शान्ते कर्मणि वेतालोदयः When the prescribed ritual for the removal or prevention of evil, is at an end, up comes a goblin ! The maxim implies ultimate failure inspite of effort

शीर्षे सर्पो देशान्तरे वैद्यः A snake above the head and the doctor in another country ! उवरि घण घणराडिअ दूरे दइदा किमेददावडिअम् । हिमवदि दिव्वोसहिओ सीसे सप्पो समाविट्ठो ॥ Mu 1 22, Karpūr 4

शुक्लेष्टिन्यायः The figure of a mock sacrifice. That is, the performance of sacrificial ceremonies, by a 'pupul' with a view to his offering of a real sacrifice. This is akin to भूमिरधिकन्याय q v

शृङ्गग्राहिकान्यायः The maxim of seizing oxen by their horns. That is, by way of specification, and not in the sense of English proverb "Taking the bull by the horns !" यथा गोव्रजे का मदीया गौरिति गोप धृष्ट शृङ्ग गृहीत्वा गा प्रदर्शयेत् तथाबोधक शास्त्र विधायकमुच्यते । (शृङ्गस्य ग्रहणं यस्या क्रियाया सा शृङ्गग्राहिका ।), रामकृष्ण's com on आत्म-पुराण 4 561-62

शैलूषीन्यायः The illustration of an actress. The actress who plays several roles in succession is likened to उपमा developing into several figures of speech. उपमैका शैलूषी सप्राप्ता चित्रभूमिकाभेदात् । प्रीणयति काव्यरङ्गे नर्तयति तद्विदा चेत् ॥

श्येनकपोतीयन्यायः The maxim of the hawk and the pigeon. श्येनकपोतयोरिव श्येनकपोतीयो दुर्योग । यथा कपोतोऽतर्कित-मागतेन श्येनेन गृहीतस्तथाकस्मिको यो दुर्योगः स एवमुच्यते । G M 3 195 The maxim is akin to शरपुरुषीय and others of similar import

श्वः कार्यमद्य कुर्वीत One should do today that which one intends to do tomorrow "Boast not thyself of tomorrow, for thou knowest not what a day may bring forth" श्वः कार्यमद्य कुर्वीत पूर्वाह्ने चापराह्णिकम् । न हि प्रतीक्षते मृत्युः कृतं वास्य न वा कृतम् ॥ Mb 12 175, 278, 323 of the names of three fish in Pt अनागतविधाता, यद्भविष्य and प्रत्युत्पन्नमति

श्वपुच्छोन्नामनन्यायः The simile of the attempt to straighten a dog's tail. It is an illustration of wasted effort of अरण्यरोदनन्याय and other maxims of similar import. Also Mar "कुत्र्याचै रोपूट नळीत घातलें तरी वाकडे तें वाकडेच ।"

श्वलीढमिव पायसम् Like a milky preparation that has been licked by a dog. It is used of something which has become impure and therefore unacceptable of न हि पूत स्याद् गोक्षीरं श्वहतौ घृतम् ।

श्वभ्रूनिर्गच्छोक्तिन्यायः The maxim of the mother-in-law who said, 'Be off' भिक्षामदत्ते माणवकाय भिक्षा प्रत्या-

चक्षाणामात्मन स्तुषा भर्त्सयित्वा श्वश्रू पुनस्तमाह्वय समागते तस्मिन् नास्ति भिक्षा निर्गच्छति तथैव प्रत्याचष्टे। ज्ञानोत्तम's com on नैष्कर्म्यसिद्धि 1 28 The maxim illustrates mother-in-law's supremacy, rather autocratic rule or dictatorship, in household affairs. Even the justified refusal of the daughter-in-law requires confirmation and sanction of the mother-in-law cf Mar "नकार द्यावयाचा तोहि सास्नेच।"

इवा कर्णे वा पुच्छे वा छिन्ने श्वैव भवति नाश्वो न गर्दभः
A dog, when an ear or its tail has been cut off, is still a dog, not a horse nor a donkey। एकदेशविकृतमन्यवत् Mbh of न हि गोरगृध्रि जते विषाणे वा भवे गोत्व निरोधीयते। and न हि केवलभोजी देवदत्तो अन्यै सह पृच्छत्या भुञ्जानोऽन्यत्त्व मपश्यते। तत्र, cf Mar "आवीं होता वाध्या दैवयोगे झाला पाग्या, त्याचा एलकोट राहिना मूळस्वभाव जाईना" तुकारामगाथा, See also नीलीमाण्डपतितस्य शृगालस्य।

षोडशग्रहणाग्रहणन्यायः The maxim of the acceptance and non-acceptance of षोडशी cup (cf. अतिरात्रे षोडशिन गृह्णाति। नातिरात्रे षोडशिन गृह्णाति।) This is a case of direct conflict and there cannot be any attempt to reconcile them. In such a case, option to follow one or the other rule is the only course left. The final decision in the matter is this will not be a contradiction, but the second proposition (viz नातिरात्रे षोडशिन गृह्णाति।) will be read as a पर्युदास (exception), which does not affect the essence of the first proposition.

सकृत्कृते कृतः शास्त्रार्थः To do a thing once is sufficient to satisfy the demands of the Śāstra. It seems to resemble the Marāṭhī phrase शास्त्रापुरता which Molesworth thus defines "To be enough indeed for the supplying, serving, or fulfilling of any matter or point required by the Śāstra, but without excess beyond, to exist in just sufficient quantity or to be performed with just definiteness of action, as to warrant the name or designation borne, and to preclude disallowal of its existence or its performance, to be enough to swear by"

सकृत्प्रवृत्तायाः किमवगुण्ठनेन A woman who has fallen once need veil her face no more अरुणाशब्द (अरुण्या पिङ्गाक्ष्या एकहायन्या सोम कीणाति) तावदवश्यमेव केनचिद् गुणिना सबन्धनीय। एरुहायनीशब्दस्यापि क्रियासबन्धात् स्वातन्त्र्यमपनीतम्। नत्र पदान्तरसबन्धेऽपि सकृत्प्रवृत्ताया किमवगुण्ठनेन इतिवत् तस्य तावत्येव श्रुतिपडिति। तत्र 3 1 12

सकृद्गतिन्यायः "When two rules while they apply simultaneously mutually prohibit each other, that which is once superseded is superseded altogether" Kierhorn. of यथा तुल्यबलयोरेक प्रेष्यो भवति स तयो पर्यायेण कार्यं करोति तदा तमुभौ युगपत् प्रेषयतो नानादिक्षु च कार्यं तदोभयोरनं करोति योगपद्यासंभवात्। Mbh 1 4 2, 1 1 56, 6 3. 42 etc

सदृशात् सदृशोद्भवः Like produces like cf. न चैष नियमो लोके सदृशात् सदृशोद्भवः। शब्देभ्योऽपि समुत्पादो गोमयादपि

दृश्यते॥ Though scorpions are produced from cowdung it is equally true that they are produced from scorpions also. So the rule is not disproved of Mbh 1 4 30, Ś B on Br Sūt 2 1 6

संदशन्यायः The maxim of a pair of tongs अभिक्रमण which is enjoined in between घृतानयन and मिथुनभावना both of which are accessories (अङ्गs) of प्रयाजs, becomes the अङ्ग of the प्रयाजs परप्रकरणस्थानामङ्गे श्रुत्यादिभिस्त्रिभि ज्ञाते पुनश्च तैरेव सदशेन तदिष्यते॥ तत्र 3 1 14, दर्शपूर्णमाससंबन्धिना प्रयाज्याद्यङ्गानामेकस्मिन् घृतानयनरूपेऽङ्गे श्रुत्यादित्रयान्यतमप्रमाणेन प्रयाजाङ्गत्वेन बोधिते तथा पुनरन्यस्मिन् मिथुनभावनारूपेऽङ्गे श्रुत्यादित्रयान्यतमप्रमाणेन प्रयाजाङ्गत्वेन बोधिते तयोरङ्गत्वेन विनियुक्तयोर्द्वयोर्मध्ये पठितम् [अभिक्रमण] सदशपतितत्वात् प्रयाजाङ्गत्वेनेष्यत इत्यर्थः। प्रभा on मीमांसान्यायप्रकाश p 148, सदशो नाम एकाङ्गानुवादेन विधीयमानयोरङ्गयोरन्तराले विहितत्वम्। मी न्या p 147

संदिग्धस्य वाक्यशेषाभिर्णयः The meaning of an ambiguous expression is to be determined from the context of सदिग्धेषु वाक्यशेषात् MS 1 4 29, सदिग्ध वाक्यशेषेण निर्णयमवधारितम्। विद्युद्देशेन निर्णयति किं तु शेषं करिष्यति॥ तत्र 3 4 36

संभवत्येकवाक्यत्वे वाक्यभेदश्च नेष्यते (श्लोकार्थिक 1 1 1) When a sentence can suitably be regarded as one, it is not right to divide it cf Ś B on Br Sūt 1 4 3, वक्तुर्भेदेऽप्येकवाक्यता साकाङ्क्षत्वात् पूर्वोत्तरवाक्ययोरेकार्थत्वं वाक्यैकसंभवे तद्भेदस्यायोगादित्यर्थः। आनदगिरि on Ś B on Br Sūt 1 2 15

सर्वं ज्ञानं धर्मिण्यभ्रान्तं प्रकमे तु व्यत्ययः No cognition is erroneous in respect of a thing as possessed of certain properties, but there may be error in regard to the exact form of the thing. For example, a man sees a glittering object on the ground, and supposes it to be silver, but it turns out to be naere, and not silver. There is no mistake in his cognition of the shining object, but his conception of the nature of the object is erroneous.

सर्वनाशो समुत्पन्ने अर्थे त्यजति पण्डितः (Pt 4 27, 5 42) When the loss of all is impending, a wise man will give up half [if by so doing he can save the other half] सर्वं पण्डितः। अर्थेन कुर्वते कार्यं सर्वनाशो हि दुस्तरः॥

सर्वं बलवतः पथ्यम् Everything is suitable or proper for the strong "Might is right" A strong man may be lawless with impunity of मात्स्यन्याय

साकमेधीयन्यायः Vide Dictionary p 1663

साक्षः पुरुषः परेण चेन्नयिते नूनमक्षिभ्यां न पश्यति (ŚB on MS 1 2 31) If a man with eyes is led by somebody else, it is clear that he does not see with his eyes. This is used by an objector to illustrate his argument that it is not necessary to understand the meaning of

Vedic sentences employed in sacrificial rites, since the way in which they are to be used is clearly laid down in works prepared for the purpose

सावकाशनिरवकाशयोर्निरवकाशो बलीयान् That injunction which leaves no room for others is stronger than one which leaves such room for others An injunction directing animal sacrifices 'अग्नीषोमीय पशुमालभेत' which leaves no room for option, overpowers the more general one forbidding the taking of life (न हिंस्यात् सर्वभूतानि) In this way one Smṛiti may prevail over another

सिंहावलोकनन्यायः The maxim of a lion's backward glance It is used when one casts a retrospective glance at what he has left behind, while at the same time he is proceeding, just as the lion, while going onward in search of prey, now and then bends his neck backwards to see if anything be within his reach The lion has the habit of looking in front and behind, after killing its prey, to see if there is any rival to dispute possession सिंहावलोकनन्यायेन शयो पौत्रमूर्जपुत्र भरत स्तौति सार्धेन गुह्ये । नीलकण्ठ's com on Mb 3 221 1

सिकताकूपवत् The simile of a well dug in sandy soil (the sides of which are incessantly falling in) It is used as an argument that will not hold water किं बहुना, सर्वप्रकारेण यथा यथाय वैनाशिकसमय उपपत्तिमन्वाय परीक्ष्यते तथा तथा सिकताकूपवद् विदीर्यत एव । न काचिदत्रोपपत्तिं पश्याम । S B on Br Sūt 2 2 32

सिकतातैलन्यायः The figure of oil from sand A non-entity like शशविषाण of लभेत सिकतासु तैलमपि यत्नत पीडयन् पिबेच्च मृगतृष्णिकासु सलिल पिपासार्दित । कदाचिदपि पर्यटम् शशविषाणमासादयेत् न तु प्रतिनिविष्टमूर्खजनचित्तमाराधयेत् ॥ Bh 2 5, न यत्नेनापि महता प्राप्यते तैलमश्नत । (v 1 रत्नमश्नत) योगवासिष्ठ 2 5 23, यच्च यदात्मना यत्र न वर्तते न तत् तत् उत्पद्यते यथा सिकताभ्यस्तैलम् S B on Br Sūt 2 1 16

सुन्दोपसुन्दन्यायः The simile of Sunda and Upasunda It is used of conflicting and mutually destructive things अन्योन्यादयनाशकभावविवक्षाया सुन्दोपसुन्दन्याय । यथा हि सुन्दोपसुन्दसौ सहोदराबधुरौ तिलोत्तमार्थं वयघातकभावेनोभावि नष्टाविति भारते प्रसिद्धम् ॥ लौकिकन्यायसमूह This nyāya is used when the things in opposition are of equal strength, but when they are of unequal strength, and the weaker go to the wall, the मात्स्यन्याय is employed

सुभगामिश्रुकन्यायः The maxim of the mother-in-law (सुभगा) and the mendicant The import of the maxim would be that the more important woman in the house (सुभगा) could not tolerate the less important woman (दुर्भगा) taking the liberty of dismissing the beggar without her permission, she therefore recalled the dismissed beggar and then dismissed him herself of श्वश्रु-निर्गच्छोक्तिन्याय (Turner Jubilee Volume, p 93)

सुवर्णन्यायः The illustration of gold Purity or otherwise of a person is determined by four tests just as gold यथा चतुर्भिः कनक परीक्ष्यते निघर्षणच्छेदनतापताडनै । तथा चतुर्भिः पुरुष परीक्ष्यते श्रुतेन शीलिन कुलेन कर्मणा ॥ Subhās, हेम्न सलक्ष्यते ह्यमौ विशुद्धि श्यामिकापि वा । R 1 10

सूक्तवाकन्यायः Vide Dictionary p 1686

सूचि (ची) कटाहन्यायः The maxim of the needle and the kettle It is used to denote that when two things—the one easy and the other difficult—are required to be done, the easier should be first attended to, as when one has to prepare a needle and a kettle, he should first take in hand a needle as it is an easier work compared with the preparation of a kettle

सूत्रबद्धशकुनन्यायः The simile of a bird tied by a cord यथा शकुनि सूत्रेण प्रबद्धो दिश दिश पतित्वा अन्यत्रायतनमलब्ध्वा बन्धनमेवोपश्रयते एवमेव खलु सोम्य तन्मनो दिश दिश पतित्वा अन्यत्रायतनमलब्ध्वा प्राणमेवोपश्रयते प्राणबन्धन हि सोम्य मन । Ch Up 6 8 2

सूर्यास्तन्यायः The maxim of the sun's setting It is used to denote that a mere statement 'गतेऽस्तमर्क' with वान्यार्थ suggests several different meanings to several different hearers The same advent of night suggests to a paramour, thief, and a pious Brāhmaṇa etc that it is proper time to meet the lady-love at the rendezvous, to stir out for house-breaking and to perform religious rites such as सायसन्ध्या etc respectively

सोपानत्के पादे द्वितीयासुपानहमशक्यत्वाभ्योपादत्ते A man does not attempt to put a second shoe on a foot already having a shoe on, for it would be an impossibility of SB on MS 1 2 33 where the पूर्वपक्षिन् objects to certain Vedic texts as unnecessarily setting forth things already known

सोपानारोहणन्यायः The simile of the ascent of a staircase It is used of knowledge arrived at gradually, by easy steps "Line upon line, precept upon precept, here a little and there a little" एव चानात्मविद् आत्मानं विविदिषोर्नारदस्य प्रश्ने परमात्मानमेवास्मै व्याख्यास्यामीत्यभि-सधिमान् सनत्कुमार सोपानारोहणन्यायेन स्थूलादारभ्य तत्तद्भूमव्युत्पादन-क्रमेण भूमानमतिदुर्ज्ञानतया परमसूक्ष्म व्युत्पादयामास । भावती 1 3 8

सौमरिन्यायः The illustration afforded by सौमरि The illustration leads to the inference that the sage, सौमरि entered into fifty bodies simultaneously and enjoyed the company of all his fifty wives सौमरेरभिनिमित्तविविधदेहस्यापययिणं मान्वातुकन्याभि पञ्चाशता विहार पौराणिकै-स्मर्यते । भावती 4 4 11, the story occurs in V P. 4 2, Bhāg 9 6

स्थालीपुलाकन्यायः The maxim of the cooking-pot and boiled rice In a cooking-pot all the grains being equally moistened by the heated water, when one grain is found to be well-cooked, the same may be inferred with regard to the other grains So the maxim is used when

the condition of the whole class is inferred from that of the part पर्याप्तो ह्येकं पुलाकं स्थाल्या निदर्शनाय । Mbh 1 4 23, लिङ्गस्य पूर्ववत्वाच्चोदनाशब्दसामान्यादेकेनापि निरूपयेत् यथा स्थाली-पुलाकेन । एतन्न्यायपूर्वकं लिङ्गमेकत्रापि दृश्यमानं तुल्यन्यायानां सर्वेषां धर्मवत्ता ज्ञापयति । यथा स्थाल्यां तुल्यपाकानां पुलाकानामेकमुपमृद्या-न्येषामपि सिद्धता जानाति । SB on MS 7 4 12, of Mar " शितावरून भाताची परीक्षा "

स्थूणानिखननन्यायः The maxim of digging or fixing in the post As a stake or post to be firmly fixed in the ground is again and again moved and thrust inward, so this maxim is used when one (say, a disputant) adds several corroborative illustrations, arguments etc to strengthen and confirm still more his strong position आक्षेपपूर्विका हि परिहारोक्तिर्विवक्षितेऽर्थे स्थूणा-निखननन्यायेन दृढा बुद्धिसुत्यादयति । S B on Br Sūt 3 3 53, 2 1 34, 3 4 2, यदि स एव निर्णयः, किमर्थमाक्षेपः । दार्ढ्यार्थः, स्थूणानिखननवत् । SB on MS 7 2 1, of Marāthi "खुटा हलवून बळकट करणे "

स्नेहदीपन्यायः The illustration of oil in a lamp The burning of a lamp depends on oil as its feeder, if oil is over, the lamp automatically is extinguished So there is the relation of cause and effect between स्नेह and दीप. वपुषा करणोज्ज्वलेन सा निपतन्ती पतिमायपातयत् । ननु तैल-निषेकबिन्दुना सह दीपार्चिरुपैति मेदिनीम् ॥ R 8 38, निर्विघ्नविषयस्नेहः स दधान्तमुपेयिवात् । आसीदासन्नानिर्वाणं प्रदीपार्चिरिवोपसि ॥ ibid 12 1, यावत्तैल तावदाख्यानम् ।

स्फटिकलौहित्यन्यायः The simile of the redness of the crystal This redness is due to the proximity of a red object, such as a rose (जपाकुसुम) etc अन्यदीयगुण-ग्रहणाप्रहणे च रक्तस्फटिकवस्त्रमालिन्यादिन्यायिनान्यदीयगुणेनैव अनु-रञ्जनानुरञ्जने विवक्षितं । Kuval under the figure अतद्गुणं, नानाविधवस्तूनां वर्णान् धत्ते यथामलं स्फटिकं । तद्वदुपावेर्गुणभावितास्य भावविमुर्धत्ते ॥ १६ ॥ विगतोपाधि स्फटिक स्वप्रभया भाति निर्मलो यद्वत् । चिद्दीप स्वप्रभया तथा विभातीह निरुपाधि ॥ ११ ॥ परमार्थसार

स्वभावो दुरतिक्रमः Nature is hard to overcome यः स्वभावो हि यस्य स्यात् तस्यासौ दुरतिक्रमः । इवा यदि क्रियते राजा स किं नाश्नात्युपानहम् ॥ H 3 56, एकस्य न क्रमः क्वापि वैचित्र्यं च समस्य न । शक्तिभेदो न चाभिन्नः स्वभावो दुरतिक्रमः ॥ कुसुमाञ्जलि 1 7, "Nature, to be commanded, must be obeyed" Bacon, of Mar " स्वभावाला औषध नाही "

स्वामिभृत्यन्यायः The maxim of master and servant It is used to mark the relation of the feeder and the fed, or the supporter and the supported, subsisting

between any two objects न हि साम्ये सत्युपकार्योपकारकभावो भवति । न हि प्रदीपौ परस्परस्योपकुर्वतः । ननु चेतनमपि कार्यकारण स्वामिभृत्यन्यायेन भोक्तृरुपकरिष्यति । न, स्वामिभृत्ययोरप्यचेतनाशस्यैव चेतनं प्रत्युपकारकत्वात् । S B on Br Sūt 2 1 4, 2 3 43

हस्तामलकन्यायः The simile of a myrobalan on hand It is used to denote an evident result or reward, requiring no proof It stands for a self-evident fact वाक्यमप्रतिबद्धं सत् प्राक्परोक्षावभासितं । करामलकवद् बोधमपरोक्षं प्रसूयते ॥ of Marāthi " हातचा मळ "

हितं मनोहारि च दुर्लभं वचः (K1 1 4, 14 63) Words which are salutary and persuasive and arrest attention are difficult to find सत्यं ब्रूयात् प्रियं ब्रूयान्न ब्रूयात् सत्यम-प्रियम् । प्रियं च नानृतं ब्रूयादेष धर्मः सनातनः ॥ Mb, अप्रियस्य च पथस्य वक्ता श्रोता च दुर्लभः । Rām

हंसकाकन्यायः The maxim of a goose and a crow It is used to denote the chasm which could never be bridged between the proverbially superior and the inferior इभतुरगशतैः प्रयान्ति मूढा गुणवन्तो विबुधाश्चलन्ति पद्भ्याम् । गिरिशिखरगतापि काकपङ्क्तिः पुलिनगतैर्न समेति राजहंसे ॥ Subhāṣ, प्रासादशिखरारूढः काको न गच्छायते । Mb

हंसवक्रन्यायः The maxim of a goose and a crane It is used to denote the permanent distinction between these two and a reliable truth and the best thing becoming a butt of laughter at the hands of the ignoramus हंस इवेतो बक इवेतौ को भेदो बकहंसयोः । नीरक्षीर-पृथक्कारो हसो हसो बकः बकः ॥, " कस्त्वं लोहितलोचनास्यचरणो ", " हस ", " कुतो ", " मानसात् ", " किं तत्रास्ति ", " सुवर्णपङ्कजवनः नीरः सदा निर्मलम् । रत्नानां निचयाः सुवर्णलतिकाः वैदूर्यरोहाः क्वचिन् ", " मण्डूका अपि सन्ति तत्र ", " न " " बकैराकर्ण्य हीहीकृतम् " ॥

होलाकाधिकरणन्यायः Vide Dictionary p 1767

हृदनक्रन्यायः The simile of an alligator in a lake It is used of things which mutually aid or protect each other See वनसिंहन्याय

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APPENDIX F

GRAMMATICAL CONCORDANCE

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अक्—(1) A grammatical abbreviation which is used to denote the vowels अ, इ, उ, ऋ, ए

(2) That which does not contain क् (the अक् suffix), P 1 132

अकथित—It is one of the varieties of कर्मकारक It is that object which is not otherwise intended to be expressed as अपादान, अधिकरण etc, if the speaker intends to express that in any other case, he can put it in the other case, as गो पयो दोग्धि, अन्वसृजि गा व्रजे etc There are some verbs in Sanskrit which take अकथित object, in addition to their usual direct one The roots that are capable of governing two accusatives are mentioned in the following करिका—

दुह्यात्पचूदष्टृषिप्रच्छिच्छिन्नासृजिमथमुषाम् ।
कर्मयुक् स्यादकथित तथा स्यान्निहृष्टवहाम् ॥

अकर्तृक—Not having an agent, of नाकर्तृक कर्मास्ति (no verbal process without an agent)

अकर्त्रभिप्रायार्थ—The grammatical rule which prescribes the आत्मनेपद in the case where the result of the action is not beneficial to the agent

अकर्मक—Intransitive When the action and the result reside in the same substratum, the root is intransitive, the root भू or अस् is intransitive, because the action favourable to the result (सत्तानुकूलव्यापार) and the result सत्ता reside in the same substratum, i.e. the agent घट etc, फलव्यापारयोरैकनिष्ठतायामकर्मक । —वै भू

अकालक—The term refers to Pāṇini's grammar because Pāṇini was the first to do away with the कालाधिकार in Sanskrit grammar, पाणिन्युपज्ञमकालक व्याकरणम् । —Kāśi 24 21

अकृतव्यूह—The follower of Pāṇini who does not insist (on the taking effect of a rule, when its cause or causes disappear), Pbh 56

अकृताभ्यागम—Liability for what is not done

अकित्—That which receives no augment having an indicative क् (P 74 83), that which has no indicative क्

अक्षर—That which does not admit of the analysis, element, word, to be moved as subordinate to some-

thing else (Vbh), letter (Mbh 1 1 2), vowel (Tp 12), syllable

अखण्डत्व—The state of not being subject to be divided, Pur Pv 14

अखण्डपदस्फोट—The word without division into stem and suffix—which is the conveyer of the sense as a unit

अखण्डवाक्यस्फोट—The undivided linguistic unit which is the conveyer of the meaning

According to the अखण्डवाक्यस्फोट theory, the analysis into letters, or the distribution of the meaning between stems and suffixes or between the words in a sentence is purely fictional and the sentence itself undivided into its constituent elements conveys the meaning

अखण्डोपाधि—Indivisible imposed property (opposed to a generic character)

अगमक—(The grammatical rule) which does not prove (the particular proposition), inadequate

अगृहीतशक्तिग्राहकत्व—The state of being the conveyer of a convention (of a particular word), which was not previously comprehended, Pbh 8

अग्लोपिन्—(अक्-लोपिन्) (The original stem) whose vowels अ, इ, उ, ऋ, ए, and ए are dropped (अक् is a प्रत्याहार), P 74 2

अघोष—Non-voicing, hard articulation or effort as applied to the hard consonants and विसर्ग

अङ्ग—Subordinate member, auxiliary (to a rule), assisting an operation, being a formal cause (of an operation), the stem or base to which the suffix has been added (हन् + ति), the base or stem together with the intermediate विकरण (करिष्य + व)

अङ्गाङ्गिभाव—Relation of reciprocal subservency (between two grammatical rules), Pbh 12

अच्—A grammatical abbreviation used to denote all the vowels (अ, इ, उ, ऋ, ए, ओ, ऐ, औ)

अचरितार्थ—(Grammatical operation) which cannot take effect anywhere, Pbh 67

अजहत्स्वार्थावृत्ति—(A compound or a complex unit) which involves the additional meaning without losing

the respective meaning of the constituent members of the compound, cf व्यपेक्षा

अजितसेनाचार्य— Author of the मणिप्रकाशिका, a commentary on यक्षवर्मन्⁸ चिन्तामणि on the शाकटायन-शब्दानुशासन

अञ्चूत्तरपद— A compound word which has अञ्चु as the last member

अद्— A grammatical abbreviation used to denote the letters अ, इ, उ, ऋ, लृ, ए, ओ, ऐ, औ, ह्, य्, व्, र्, P 842

अण्— A grammatical abbreviation used to denote अ, इ, उ, P 1151, or used to denote the vowels अ, इ, उ, ऋ, लृ, ए, ओ, ऐ, औ, the semivowels य्, व्, र्, लृ and letter ह्, P 1169

अणिकर्तृ— The agent of a non-causal verb, P 1452

अण्यदर्थ— Not having the sense of impersonal action or not having the passive sense, P 6460

अतद्गुणसविज्ञान-बहुव्रीहि— बहुव्रीहि compound where the meaning of the constituent members has no connection with what is construed with the meaning of the whole compound, e g चित्रगुमानय (bring me a man possessing variegated cows) Here the meaning 'cow' has no connection with the action of bringing with which the meaning of the whole बहुव्रीहि compound is construed

अतिदेश— An extended application by analogy, analogical transference, analogical extension of an argument, cf

अन्यत्रैव प्रणीताया कृत्स्नाया धर्मसहते ।
अन्यत्र कार्यत प्राप्तिरतिदेश स उच्यते ॥

अतिपरोक्षवृत्ति— A word in which the root is not clear

अतिव्याप्ति— Overpervasion, where that which is expressed by the definition is so wide as to pervade more than the element to be defined e g 'Cows are horned beasts'

अतिसर्ग— Permission to do as one likes, P 33163

अत्यन्तसंयोग— Uninterrupted continuity of time or space through the action, P 235 The words denoting duration of time and space are put in the accusative case, कोश कुटिला नदी । मास गुडवाना । Sk

अद्यत्— A root (घातु) which possesses a short अ as its root vowel in the original घातुपाठ, P 7262

अदन्त— Words ending in short vowel अ (अत् + अन्त), P 847

अदर्शन— Elision or disappearance of affix or stem or augment, or of the part of affix or stem or augment, P 1160

अदिप्रभृति— Having अद् at the head i e the roots of the second conjugation, P 2472

अदुपदेश— That which is given in grammar with vowel अ, P 61186

अदुपध— A unit having short 'अ' as its penultimate; P 8198

अदूषण— No objection to a particular form in grammar, Sir Pv 191

अधिकरण— (1) Material things or substances, P 11418.
(2) A grammatical agreement, P 1243
(3) Location

Acc to भर्तृहरि, अधिकरण is said to be that which is a substratum of action indirectly through the medium of the agent or the object and which is helpful for the accomplishment of the action, e गृ राम कटे आस्ते and स्थाल्या पचति, कट and स्थाली are indirectly the substrata of the actions of sitting and cooking, through the medium of the agent (person) and food respectively

अधिकरण is threefold

(1) औपश्लेषिक When the action does not pervade its substratum, but is only a part of it, कटे आस्ते, one sits only in a part of a mat

(2) अभिव्यापक When the substratum of the action is wholly pervaded, तिलेषु तैलम्

(3) वैषयिक मोक्षे इच्छा, the sense being मोक्षविषयक इच्छा

अधिकरणाविचाल— A change in the apportionments or distribution of substance, here अधिकरण means, matter, stuff, substance विचाल means change in number, i e to make one into many or to make many into one, P 5348

अधिकार— (P 1311) Rules which have to be repeated wholly or in part P shows that a particular सूत्र is an अधिकारसूत्र, by the word प्राक् followed by a word in the ablative case P 1456, or the सूत्र⁸ marked with स्वरित accent where चि has the same P 413 It is threefold

सिंहावलोकितं चैव मण्डकप्लुतमेव च ।

* गङ्गाप्रवाहवच्चापि अधिकारस्त्रिधा मत ॥

अधिकार्यवचन— An exaggerated statement whether of praise or censure, P 2133

अध्याहर्तव्य— Which has to be supplied, Sir Pv 51

अध्याहार— Supplying (a particular word which is necessary), Pbh 61

अभ्यै— A termination showing तुमर्थ (a termination of the infinitive of purpose used in the Vedic literature), P 349

अर्धमात्रालाघव— (The grammarians rejoice over) the saving (even) the length of half a short vowel.

- accent, the vowel grammatically accented, P 1 2 30
In the text of Rv the अनुदात्त is marked by a horizontal line below the word, e g अग्निना (अनु)
- अनुनासिक**—Accompanied by a nose sound, the nasal consonants and अनुस्वार, the nasalization of vowel or semivowel, a sound where both nose and mouth are involved, P 1 1 8
- अनुपन्यास**—No raising (of an objection), Pbh 114
- अनुपप्लव**—No repetition (of a rule), Pbh 35
- अनुपसर्जन**—That which is not a subordinate term in a compound, P 4 1 14
- अनुपाख्य**—That which is not perceived, observed or known clearly, P 6 3 80
- अनुपात्य**—Not breaking the series or order, P 3 3 38
- अनुपादान**—(Which) cannot be said with propriety, Pbh 47
- अनुप्रदान**—The articulatory process (प्रयत्न) occurring outside the buccal cavity, secondary features as nasality, Extra-buccal process
(a) voicing and non-voicing,
(b) aspiration and non-aspiration,
(c) nasality and non-nasality
- अनुबन्ध**—That which is tagged on, significant or indicator letters, certain symbolic letters or syllables attached to roots, terminations, augments and substitutes, either at the beginning or at the end, to indicate accentuation or पद or grammatical operation in connection with them, such as गुणवृद्धि which a stem undergoes, as in शीङ्, इद्, ङीष् etc It is the same as इत्
- अनुभूतिस्वरूपाचार्य**—Author of the सारस्वतप्रक्रिया, belongs to the सारस्वत school, date ranges from 1250 A D to 1350 A D
- अनुमन्तु**—A kind of सप्रदान that approves of a gift as in उपाध्यायाय गा ददाति where the priest permits the giver to give him a cow (though he does not actually request him to do so)
- अनुल्लेख**—(Such a meaning of a term) having nowhere been mentioned in the authoritative books, Pbh 47.
- अनुलोमसांधि**—Combination of letters where vowel precedes and consonant follows it
- अनुवाद**—(Portion of a rule) stating simply (that, concerning which something is taught in the rule), Pbh. 93
Repetition by way of explanation, illustration, corroboration, P 2 4 3
- अनुवृत्ति**—Continued influence of the governing word, the act of continuance of the governing word in the

following rule (or rules) The process of supplying the word from the preceding सूत्र, a whole rule or an expression in a given rule which 'turns up' again, that is to be supplied in a rule taught later

अनुवृत्तिनिर्देश—Employment of a letter (in a rule) similar to that which is already mentioned in the first fourteen aphorisms, e g the letter अ is employed in the rule अस्य च्वौ (P 7 4 32), which is similar to that mentioned in the प्रत्याहारसूत्र अइउण्, Mbh 1 1 1

अनुषङ्ग—(अनु + सङ्, to stick to, to attach to)

It means close connection and is applied to the penultimate nasals of roots in grammatical literature, probably because those nasals were felt to be separate entities attached to the roots, since they appear sometimes with those nasals and sometimes without, उपधाभूतस्य नकारस्य अनुषङ्ग इति प्राचा सज्ञा ।

अनुस्वार—After sound, subordinate sound, a nasal sound marked by a dot above the line

It is restricted to a post-vocalic position, primarily occurs before the fricatives and ह् The phonetic feature of this sound is not known clearly It may be nasalized fricative or it may be a nasalization and lengthening of the vowel It is either vocalic or consonantal, P 8 3 4

अनुव्यानन्तर्य—Not being the name of ऋषि or in-expressing an immediate descendant, P 4 1 104

अनेकाच्—That which contains more than one vowel, non-monosyllabic

अनेकान्त—A grammatical element (specifically indicator letters) which does not form a part of anything, as in अनेकान्ता अनुबन्धा, Pbh 5, (the indicator letters do not form a part of that to which they are attached)

अनेकाल्—A grammatical element (specially substitute) which consists of more than one letter, P 1 1.55

अनेजन्त—A grammatical element which does not end in either ए or ओ or ऐ or औ

अन्तरङ्ग—(1) A rule the causes of the application of which lie within or before the sum of the causes of a बहिरङ्ग rule

(2) A kind of कर्मकारक, the connection (of a word signifying substance) with a verb is prior to that of a word (signifying time, verbal action, the roads to be traversed, countries) with a verb Therefore द्रव्य-वाचक कर्म is अन्तरङ्ग while the कालादिवाचक कर्म is बहिरङ्ग

अन्तर्भावितपर्यय—(The non-causative root) having the sense of causative force

अन्तस्थ—Standing between, standing between stops and fricative (Uvata RP 19), standing midway between the vowels and consonants, semivowels. P refers to the semivowel by the term यण्

अन्तस्था—An intermediary, liquid-sounds, अर्धस्वर or semivowels—य, व, र, ल

अन्त कार्य—An अन्तरङ्ग operation (the causes of the application of which) lie within the order (of the pronunciation of letters) of the causes of a बहिरङ्ग, अन्त कार्यत्वं च पूर्वोपस्थितनिमित्तकत्वम् । Pbh

अन्तःपादम्—That does not occur in the middle of a पाद (fourth part of a stanza), P 3266

अन्तादिवत्—The single substitute (which takes the place of preceding and following) is considered as the final of the preceding (form) and the initial of the succeeding (form) An आदेश is like the स्थानी, but in an एकादेश the स्थानी is intermediate or rather the स्थानी is the collection or the sum, of the preceding and the succeeding

अन्तोदात्त—(A word) whose final vowel is accented, P 4152

अन्यतरस्याम्—(Loc form of अन्यतर).

Either way, optionally, विभाषा, P 1453

अन्यतरोपदेश—A list of either (correct words or incorrect words), Mbh

अन्यपदार्थप्रधान—(The characteristic feature of the बहुव्रीहि compound) is that the meaning denoted by the word that is not a member of the compound stands predominant in respect to the meaning denoted by the members

अन्यपूर्वक—This term refers to that object (कर्मकारक) where it is specially sanctioned by the rules of grammar in the place of other कारक^s as in कर्मभिक्षुभ्यति Here the accusative case denoting the sense of object is sanctioned by the special rule of P 1236 for the सप्रदानकारक

अन्वक्षरसंधि—Combination according to the succession of letters

अन्ववसर्ग—Permission to do as one likes, P 1496, अन्ववसर्ग कामचाराजुज्ञ Sk on P 1496

अन्वादेश—Saying after, re-employment, mentioning or sanctioning which is already mentioned P 2432

अन्विताभिधानवाद—This view is founded by the new school of the मीमांसक^s (प्रभाकर) According to this view, the individual morphemes or morphemic sequences do not convey any particular meaning when they are detached or separated from the sentences but when they occur united together in a sentence

स इ को ११

they convey the particular or absolute meaning. According to this view the relation is also denoted by the morphemic sequences when they occur in juxtaposition with other morphemes, and there is not separate constructional meaning as such, but it is conveyed by the words when they are part of a sentence

अपदान्त—That which is not a final (letter) in a पद, P 8324

अपादान—A कारक which denotes the limit of separation, the thing which remains more or less unaffected in the course of separation According to भर्तृहरि an object whether movable or immovable, which is the substratum of separation, at the same time that it is not substratum of the action is called अपादान Thus in वृक्षात् पर्ण पतति both a leaf and a tree are the substrata of the act of separation, but leaf is also the substratum of the action of falling And therefore tree is अपादान and a leaf is not, P 1424

अपित्—Not having the प as indicatory letter P 124

अपृक्त—Not united, uncombined In the प्रातिशाख्य it is used in the sense of 'a word consisting of a single letter' P restricted this term to suffixes consisting of a single letter, P 1241

अपेक्षितक्रिय—A kind of अपादान where the action of separation is to be understood as in कुतो भवान् (wherefrom do you come?) where, आगत is to be understood

अपोद्धार—Disintegration (of the constituent member from the constitute), Vāk P 124

अप्पयदीक्षित—Author of सत्रप्रज्ञाश, son of रत्नराज अवरिन् and grandson of आचार्य दीक्षित He flourished between 1478 and 1545 A D

अप्रत्यय—Not an affix, other than affix, augment and substitute, P 1169 Sk interprets अप्रत्यय as अविधीयमान (that which is not prescribed in grammar), प्रतीयते विधीयते इति प्रत्यय

अप्रथमासमानाधिकरण—Not agreeing with what ends with the nominative case P 32124

अप्राप्तविभाषा (or अप्राप्ते विभाषा)—An operation allowed in a particular operation which another rule makes it impossible When there is no such general rule but there is an optional rule, then the optional rule is called अप्राप्तविभाषा

अप्राप्तियोग्य—The element of the word which has no scope for application (of a grammatical rule), Pbh 65

अबाधक—Not superseding, अबाधन्यपि निपातनानि भवन्ति (the ordinary rules of grammar are not necessarily

superseded by the fact that forms contrary to them are put down in a rule), Pbh 108

अभयचन्द्र— Author of the प्रक्रियासङ्ग्रह, flourished in the first half of the 14th century A D Belongs to शाकटायन school

अभयानन्दिन— Author of the shorter version of the जैनेन्द्र grammar Earlier than 1205 A D

अभाषितपुंस्क— A noun which is always either feminine or neuter and has no corresponding masculine form, P 7348

अभिनिधान— Close contact, non-release of a consonant, this feature takes place when a stop is followed by a stop, making it obscure, arrested, esp suppression of initial अ after ए or ओ

अभिमन्यु— A king of Kashmir Restored the corrupt text of the महाभारत

अभिरामविद्यालङ्कार— Author of a gloss on the कारकपाद of गोपीचन्द्र's commentary on the सक्षितसार

अभिहितान्वयवाद— This view is propounded by the भाट्ट school of Mīmāṃsā This school admits that when the morphemes or morphemic sequences are used in a sentence, each morpheme or morphemic sequence denotes independently separate meaning

According to this view the अन्वयार्थ (the relation between different meanings denoted by morphemes or morphemic sequences) is not the denoted meaning of morphemes but it is conveyed by the morphological construction or syntactical construction

अभूततद्भाव— When the cause of a thing arrives at the state of being that very thing so produced is said to be अभूततद्भाव, when something arrived at the state of being while it was not so previously, the state of that what it was not, changing into anything which one has not been before, Vārt on P 5450

अभेदक— A feature of a letter which does not render the letter distinctive even in the presence or in the absence of that particular feature, allophonic feature अभेदका गुणा (when the same letters have different qualities these qualities do not render them different letters), Pbh 109

अभ्यस्त— The root along with the reduplicated portion, P 615

अभ्यास— Repetition, reduplicated (Nirukta), P restricted this term to the first portion of reduplicated root, P 1371

अभ्युपगमविरोध— Running counter to cherished or accepted dogma

अभ्युपाय— Means, mode, method (specially in understanding of the grammatical construction or formation), Mbh

अमरचन्द्र— A pupil of जिनदत्तसूरि of वायडगच्छ Author of स्यादिसमुच्चय on declensions and their irregularities He lived about the middle of the 13th century A D

अम्बुकृतम्— Pronounced in shutting the lips, the sound then remaining as it were in the mouth

प्रस्त निरस्तमविलम्बित हतमम्बुकृत मातमथो विकम्पितम् ।

सदृष्टमेणीकृतमर्थक द्रुत विकीर्णमेता स्वरदोषभावना ॥ Mbh

(पस्पशा) अम्बुकृतो यो व्यक्तोऽप्यन्तर्मुख इव श्रूयते । प्रदीप on Mbh

अमोघवृत्ति— Written by शाकटायन Date ranges from 817 A D to 877 A D

अयोगवाह— Contextually dependent element distinguished from the independent letters, विसर्जनीय, जिह्वामुलीय, अनुस्वार, यम The letters not mentioned in the वर्ण-सामान्या (Mbh 1 1 2), letters which attain their realisation when joined with other independent letters Uvata VP

अर्थ— Sense, signification, notion, object, purpose, purpose of (the use of) a grammatical element, concept

अर्थप्रत्यय— Certainty of meaning, निरुक्त I 15

अर्थनिमित्तक— A grammatical operation caused by the meaning (opposed to an operation caused by the word-form) and eventually being बहिरङ्ग Pbh 41

अर्थयाथात्म्य— True nature as it is of things or denoted meanings

अर्धक— Shortened sound (in a wrong way), Mbh (पस्पशा) अर्धको दीर्घोऽपि ह्रस्व इव । प्रदीप on Mbh

अलक्षण— An ambiguous rule or statement (not clearly understood), व्याख्यानतो विशेषप्रतिपत्ति न हि सदेहादलक्षणम् । Pbh I

अल्— A grammatical abbreviation used to denote all letters

अल्पप्राण— Little breath, non-aspirate (Mbh 1 1 4), the first, third and fifth letters of a वर्ण the first and third यम and the semivowels

अल्पाख्य— Denoting a sense of a small quantity, P 4151

अल्पाक्षर— The word which consists of fewer vowels, P 2233

अल्पापेक्ष— A grammatical operation dependent on a smaller number of causes and eventually being अन्तरङ्ग, Pbh 42

अलुक् समास— A compound in which the case-termination of the first member is not dropped as in युविष्ठिर, जनुषान्व

अवच्छिन्न— Limited

अवच्छेद— Exact delimitation of a grammatical operation, Pbh 113

अवच्छेदक— That which exactly determines a predicate, Pbh 33

अवच्छेदकतावच्छेदक— Limitor of limitor

अवच्छेदकसंबन्ध— Limiting relation

अवयवप्रसिद्धि— The meaning based on the derivation of a word, अवयवप्रसिद्धि समुदायप्रसिद्धिबलीयसी (the conventional meaning which a word conveys when taken as a whole, is stronger than the derivative meaning of a word), Pbh 100

अवयवावयविभाव— (A grammatical) relation of a whole and its constituents

अवयवावयविविभाग— Process of dividing a whole (grammatical utterance) into its constituent parts

अवलम्बित— A sound mixed with another sound, Mbh (परस्पर्शा), अवलम्बितो वर्णान्तरासम्भिन्न । प्रदीप on Mbh

अवसान— Resting place, conclusion, termination, end, pause, in grammar it means the end of a word, verse, sentence, or utterance, P 14 110

अवागयोगविद्— The non-grammarian (who cannot use the right word in the right place)

अविद्यमानवद्— (A consonant or grammatical unit) which is regarded as not-existing (in respect to a rule which is given with reference to an accent)

अव्यक्तानुकरण— An imitation of an unarticulated sound, P 54 57

अव्यय— Which does not undergo any change, an undecidable

सदृश त्रिषु लिङ्गेषु सर्वासु च विभक्तिषु ।

वचनेषु च सर्वेषु यन्न व्येति तदव्ययम् ॥ Mbh 11 37

अव्यापक— Not concomitant (with every grammatical rule)

अव्याप्ति— Non-pervasion Where the definition is too narrow, so that the part of the element to be defined is not pervaded by that which is expressed by the definition, e g 'Cows are dark beasts'

अव्याहत— Not conflicting with

अव्युत्पत्तिपक्ष— Alternative according to which (उणादि words) have no etymology, Pbh 21

अश्— A grammatical abbreviation used to indicate all vowels, the semi-vowels, the nasals and letters ह्, झ्, भ्, घ्, ङ्, ञ्, ष्, र्, ल्, ळ्, द्

अशास्त्रीय— Which is not taught in an authoritative grammatical system

अशिद्— (A grammatical element) which does not have श् as indicative letter, P 6 1 45

अष्टाध्यायी— Written by Pāṇini The work consists of over 4,000 grammatical aphorisms composed in a sort of algebraic formula, thrown into eight अध्याय^s of four पाद^s, and which employs single letters and syllables for the names of the cases, moods, persons etc in which linguistic phenomena are classified Date ranges from 600 B C to 350 B C

असत्त्व— That which does not signify substance (निष्ठात्^s), P 11 57.

असमञ्जस— Not standing to reason, incoherent

असमर्थसमास— A compound which is formed in absence of mutual connection between the members which are compounded, e g असूर्यपश्य (those who do not see the sun) Here the compound असूर्य is असमर्थसमास because here न् is not connected with सूर्य but with पश्य

असरूप— A grammatical element (specially affixes) which differs in form, P 31 94

असर्वविषयत्व— The not-being (for a grammatical rule) of universal application

असाधकत्व— Not possessing probatory power

असार्वत्रिक— Not being universally valid

असिद्ध— Not realised in regard to what precedes them, P 8 2 1, an operation nonrealised in regard to preceding operations

असिद्धवत्— An operation considered as not to have taken effect (in regard to the application of any other rule mentioned in the section P 6 4 23 to 6 4 129)

असंयोगपूर्व— Not preceded by any conjunct consonant, P 6 4 82

असंज्ञक— A mock-name for the चान्द्र school In this grammar सज्ञा^s are not treated separately Where पाणिनि has used the term सज्ञा, चन्द्रगोमिन् uses the word 'नामन्' Date ranges from 470 A D to 550 A D.

असत्कार्यवाद— Doctrine of origination of non-existent, of non-existence of effect prior to its origination

असंभव— Impossibility, where that which is expressed by the definition does not coincide at all with the element to be defined, e g 'Cows are solid-hoofed beasts'

असर्वविभक्ति— That which is not declined in all the cases, P 1 1 38

अस्पृष्ट—Non-contact, the process of minimal closure
This feature provides the criterion for the distinction of vowels from consonants, P's 38 In the case of vowels the organs do not come into complete contact with the point of articulation The reverse is the case of consonants

अस्वाङ्गपूर्वपद—(Compound) having the antecedent word not being a word denoting a part of the body, P 4154

आकाङ्क्षा—It is an absence of completion of the sense owing to the inability of a word to convey a connected idea in absence of other words To form an intelligible construction the linguistic utterance requires the आकाङ्क्षा The utterance like 'गौ, अश्व, पुरुष, इस्ती' does not form construction because the words are used in disorganised way and they lack in आकाङ्क्षा

आकृतिगण—A list of specimens belonging to a certain grammatical rule which does not give every word belonging to that rule, but only specimens where a simple गण exhibits every word, e g अर्शआदिगण, स्वरादिगण, चादिगण etc The list in the गणपाठ is generally exhaustive and a word 'वृत्' at the end of the गण often shows this The गण^s which are not regarded exhaustive by पाणिनि and which are not ended by the word 'वृत्' are regarded as आकृतिगण^s बालमनोरमा explains आकृतिगण thus आकृत्या एवजातीयकतया निर्णेतव्योऽयं गण इत्यर्थः । लोकप्रयोगानुसारेणैवजातीयका शब्दा अस्मिन् गणे निवेशनीया इति यावत् ।

आक्षिप्त—Cast down, in a given register a syllable with a falling tone, swarita, Vāk P

आक्षेप—(1) (In phonetics) Casting down, falling tone of आक्षिप्त

(2) (In grammar) Assumption of something on the basis of the peculiarities in the rule which otherwise cannot be explained, indication of परिभाषा by certain peculiarities in the rule which cannot be explained otherwise

आख्यात—(1) A root, सर्वाणि नामानि आख्यातजानि । निरुक्त
(2) A finite verb, चत्वारि पदजातानि नामाख्यातोपसर्ग-निपाता । निरुक्त The grammarians use the word in the sense of a finite verb एतेन आख्यातपदेन धातु आख्यायते सर्वव्रतानीभूतार्थोऽनेनेति व्युत्पत्तेरिति परास्तम् । लघुमञ्जुषा

(3) The modern मीमांसक^s use the word in the sense of the तिङ् suffixes, यजेतेत्यत्रास्त्यशद्वयम्, यजिधातु प्रत्ययश्च, प्रत्ययेऽपि अशद्वयम् । आख्यातत्वं लिङ्त्व च । मीमांसा-न्यायप्रकाश

आख्यात-पद विकरणा. — The words which modify the finite verb (1 e make it accented)

आख्यातशक्तिवाद—A work on the meaning of the verbal suffixes by रघुनाथशिरोमणि It is a new treat-

ment of the matter discussed in the आख्यातशक्तिवाद chapter of T O (तत्त्वचिन्तामणि) IV

आगमशासनानित्यत्व—The fact of a rule teaching (the addition of) an augment not being universally valid

आगमिधर्मविशिष्ट—(An augment) is regarded as endowed with the same properties to which it is added, Mbh

आगर्वीय—The roots belonging to the sub-division of चुरादिगण

आङ्—It is the name of the suffix टा (the instr sing) given by the ancient grammarians, P 73105

आङ्ग—(An operation) taught in the अङ्गाधिकार (P 64-74) which affects the अङ्ग or base

आजानिक—The eternal convention established by the history of human society in unknown remote past, in the sense that the words have been current in human society from a period of time of which history does not keep any reliable record

आजानिकश्चाधुनिक सङ्केतो द्विविधो मनः ।

नित्य आजानिकस्तत्र या शक्तिरिति गीयते ॥ Vāk P

आतिदेशिक—Resulting from transferring, आतिदेशिक कार्यम् अनित्यम् । 'Whatever (by a rule of grammar) is transferred (from one element to another) need not necessarily come to pass'

आत्मनेपद—Word to one's self, that form of the verb which implies an action belonging to self, the terminations of the middle voice, P 14100

आत्मनेभाषा—of आत्मनेपद

आदेश—Author of महाभाष्यप्रदीपस्फूर्ति, a commentary on महाभाष्यप्रदीप son of वेङ्कट

आदेश—That which is ordered in the place of another, a substitute, योऽभूत्वा भवति । Mbh

आधुनिक—The modern convention, e g the technical terms (सङ्गा^s) used with their specialized sense in most of the treatises of various sciences,

कादचित्कस्त्वाधुनिक शास्त्रकारादिभिः कृतः ॥ Vāk P

आधृषीय—Of a secondary गण in the tenth गण of the धातुपाठ

आनुमानिकस्थान्यादेशभाव—The relation between substitute and that which is substituted, which is resulted from the statements and reasoning (without being actually stated in a rule), Pbh 11

आन्यभाष्यम्—The state of being different (in the expression 'आन्यभाष्य तु कालशब्दव्यवायात्' state of being a different letter on account of the intervention of time and sound, e g the अकार found after द् in the word दण्ड is different from the अकार found after ण्ड in the word दण्ड), Mbh 111

आप्— It is a grammatical formula [प्रत्याहार formed with आ of टा (instr sing) and प् of उप् (loc pl)], used to denote the case-endings of the instrumental, dative, ablative, genitive, and locative, in all numbers, P 7 2 112

आपिशलि— An ancient grammarian mentioned by P 6 1 92 Founder of the pre-Pāṇinian grammatical school, his rules are quoted by काशिका, कैयट and बोपदेव

आभीय— The rules P 6 4 22-129 are called आभीय, the grammatical operations prescribed by these sūtras are also called आभीय When two rules of this आभीय section simultaneously appear for application in one and the same place, both are applied, one being considered as non-existent for the purposes of the other, P 6 4 22

आभ्यन्तर (प्रयत्न)— The articulatory process occurring within the buccal cavity For it P uses the term आस्यप्रयत्न 1 19, mouth process, it refers to the area from the lips to the Adam's apple This process is of four kinds, स्पृष्ट, ईषत्स्पृष्ट, विवृत, सवृत

आमन्त्रित— Vocative word, P 2 1 2

आर्यभावना (or आर्यी भावना)— The effort (प्रयत्न or कृति) or volition on the part of the agent According to the मीमांसक the root-portion of the verb denotes accomplished activity like त्याग, पाक etc (completed action), while the personal suffixes (the तिप् suffixes) denote the effort of the agent (आर्यी भावना)

आर्यधातुक— The suffixes other than verbal endings (the तिप् suffixes) and those with an indicatory 'श्' are called आर्यधातुक, P 3 4 114 In ancient times विकरण was regarded as part of the root, so the verbal endings were added to the root with the विकरण, these roots with विकरण were known as सार्वधातुक, but those roots without विकरण were known as आर्यधातुक because before these endings only half of the root was desirable

आर्यीय— The secondary suffixes ठप्, ठक् (क-इक) etc taught by the rules, P 5 1 19-71

आवचन— Incomplete pronunciation, ईषद्वचनमावचनम् । Mbh on P 1 1 8

आयतनभाव— Aptitude to be the abode of

आशीः— The name of the fricative used by the कान्ठ system

आशीलिङ्— Fricative form of the verb

आश्रयाश्रयिभाव— Relation between the substratum and the substrata

आसत्ति— Juxtaposition The linguistic utterance, which forms the construction, should not be intervened by

any longer pause or by any discontinuous morphemic sequences (words) If we utter the words गाम् and आनय with the interval of five minutes then they cannot form a construction, owing to absence of juxtaposition between them Similarly the utterance गिरिभुक्तमभिमान देवदत्तेन does not form construction because the connected words गिरिभिमान् are intervened by the discontinuous word भुक्तम्

आस्थापित— Arrested, of अभिनिधान

आस्वदीय— The roots belonging to the subdivision of the चुरादिगण

इक्— A grammatical abbreviation used to denote इ, उ, ऋ and लृ, P 6 1 77

इच्— A grammatical abbreviation used to denote vowels इ, उ, ऋ, लृ, ए, ओ, ऐ, औ, P 6 3 68

इजादि— (इच् आदि) That which begins with a vowel except अ (इच् is a grammatical formula which denotes the vowels except अ)

इद्— The augment इ (द्), P 1 2 2

इण्— A grammatical abbreviation used to denote the vowels इ and उ, P 8 3 57

इत्— पाणिनि and his followers use the monosyllabic term 'इत्' for the polysyllabic term अनुबन्ध Indian commentators derive the word from the root 'इ' to go, having added the agent suffix क्प् Thus एति गच्छतीति इत् Many European scholars believe the word to be a corruption of 'इति', of अनुबन्ध, P 1 3 2

इतरेतराश्रयत्व— Mutual interdependence

इत्यंभूताख्यान— Mere statement of circumstances, P 1 4 90

इदुदुपध— That which has short इ or उ as a penultimate letter, (इत्, उत्, उपवे यस्य), P 8 3 41

इन्दिरापति— Author of परीक्षा, a commentary on लघु-शब्देन्दुशेखर

इन्दुमित्र— Author of अनुन्यास, a commentary on काशिका He flourished between 743 and 1093 A D

इन्द्र— Son of कश्यप and अदिति Pupil of बृहस्पति, प्रजापति, अश्विनीकुमार and यम First constitutor of grammar

इन्द्रदत्तोपाध्याय— Author of फक्किप्रकाश, a commentary on कौमुदी.

इयङुवङ्स्थानौ— (the letters इ and उ) which admit the substitutes इयङ् (इय्) and उवङ् (उव्), P 1 4 4

इष्टसाधन— The causes of the desired result The नैयायिकs insist that the mere knowledge of the विधि or प्रेरणा would not make the man always act if he does

not understand that this action is the cause of the desired result. Therefore the नैयायिक^s assert that this is the primary meaning of the potential suffix. The मीमांसक^s and the grammarians argue that the primary meaning of potential suffix is प्रवर्तना or प्रेरणा. From the प्रवर्तना it can be inferred that the object in question is the cause of the desired result on the basis of the knowledge of invariable concomitance between the object of प्रवर्तना and the cause of the desired result.

इष्टसिद्धि—To bring out only such results as may be desirable, Pbh 101

इष्टि—What is desired, desirability, as that which is desired by an authoritative teacher of grammar, specifically by पतञ्जलि

ईषच्छ्वास—Slight aspiration, P^s

ईषत्स्पर्श—Formed by slight contact of the organs of utterance applied to semi-vowels

उक—A grammatical abbreviation used to denote the vowels उ, ऋ, ए

उक्तपुस्क—of भाषितपुस्क

उक्तानुवाददोष—Objection that (a restricted rule) states that which has been already stated, Pbh 101

उगिद्—Having उ, ऋ, or ए as an indicative letter, P 7170

उग्रभूति—Author of a न्यास on बालबोधिनी of भट्ट जगद्धर

उज्ज्वलदत्त—Author of a वृत्ति on उणादिसूत्र^s. Its date is c. 1250 A D

उत्तरपदार्थप्रधान—(A तत्पुरुष compound) where the meaning denoted by the last member stands qualified in respect to that of the other member

उत्तरविद्या—Epithet of grammar. Grammar is called उत्तरविद्या because it can be grasped only by intelligent students (उत्तर = skilful)

उदय—That which rises, then it came to mean that which follows. It is used in this sense in all प्रातिशाख्य^s, उदयशब्द परशब्देन समानार्थ प्रातिशाख्येषु प्रासिद्धः ।

उदयचन्द्र—Author of a larger न्यास on हेमचन्द्र^s बृहद्वृत्ति. Preceptor of देवेन्द्रसूरि who has abridged the work

उदयसौभाग्य—Author of दुर्धिका on the प्राकृत chapter of हेमचन्द्र. A pupil of हर्षकुल of लघुतपागच्छ. He flourished in the reign of Bahadur Shah of Gujarat (1525-1537 A D). The work was written in 1533 A D

उदात्त—Raised sound (P 1232). The vowel that is perceived as having a high tone, in given register a syllable with high tone. In the text of the Rv

this accent is unmarked. In German system of transliteration of Sanskrit it is shown by a vertical stroke or by putting a small 'उ' above the vowel.

उदासीन (कर्म)—It is one of the varieties of अनौचित्य-कर्म (that which is not intended by the agent). उदासीन (कर्म) is that which is attained by the agent through indifference, e g in ग्राम गच्छन् तृण स्पृशति (while going to a village he touches a straw). Here the agent has no intention in touching a straw, P 1450

उद्देश्यता—Said of a word form being subjected to (a rule), Pbh 35

उच्चीच—High-low, another name of स्वरित, of स्वरित

उपगीत—The phoneme attached to the other phoneme that is sung, Mbh (परपशा), उपगीत समीपवर्णान्तर-गीत्यानुक्तः । प्रदीप on Mbh

उपग्रह—(1) The term उपग्रह is used to denote all the distinct senses conveyed by the use of परस्मैपद and आत्मनेपद, i e whether the action is performed for the benefit of the agent or not, the use of the आत्मनेपद shows that the benefit of the action accrues to the agent. In the case of परस्मैपद roots, the use of परस्मैपद shows that the action is being done for others; ("लदेशव्यङ्ग्य क्रियाविशेषो मुख्य उपग्रह" शब्दकोस्तुभः॥)

(2) It also means 'that which is seized', hence addition of sound

उपघोषिन्—The syllable इ

उपजन—A grammatical augment (a meaningless syllable or letter inserted in any part of the radical word), उपजनमाविक्यम् । निरुक्त

उपधा—That which is set or placed next to a preceding letter or word, RP. The penultimate letter (in a word or stem), P 1165

उपभ्रमनीय—Blowing upon, voiceless bilabial fricative, a half विसर्ग. It is the bilabial spirant produced by the sound of विसर्जनीय before 'प' or 'फ'. The symbolic representation of the sound is 'ःप', 'ःफ'. TP, VP, SK नेपदेव describes this sound as गजकुम्भाकृति

उपपद—(1) The word which is determined by the general meaning of the word employed in the locative and which occurs in the 3rd Chapter of Pāṇini's अष्टाध्यायी is called उपपद. Thus in the सूत्र 'कर्मण्य' (32.1) the word 'कर्मणि' is employed in the locative case which means the word in the accusative case. Therefore the word in the accusative case will be called उपपद, e g कुम्भ + कृ + अण् = कुम्भकार, 'a potter' where the word 'कुम्भम्' is उपपद, P 3192.

(2) A word standing near another word (उपोच्चारित पदम् उपपदम्), in this sense the word is used by पाणिनि in 1377

उपपदविभक्ति—Case ending in connection with an individual word

उपबन्ध—(उप + बन्ध—near, to bind) That which is attached to It is used in the sense of a suffix in the निरुक्त अध्वर्यु अपि वाधीयाने युरुपबन्ध । निरुक्त 18

उपलक्षण—Implication of something else in addition to what is denoted, स्वप्रतिपादकत्वे सति स्वेतरप्रतिपादकत्वम् उपलक्षणम् ।

उपसर्ग—Literally means discharged near, then 'addition to the verb' i.e. preposition, verbal prepositional prefixes P defines the word उपसर्ग as 'the words प्र etc., are called उपसर्ग^s when they are connected with verb', P 1459 According to शाकटायन, उपसर्ग^s modify the sense of nouns and verbs, but are themselves practically without any meaning So he regarded them as empty morphs गार्थे, on the other hand, says that the उपसर्ग^s have a sense of their own, by means of which they cause modification in the cases of nouns and verbs When the उपसर्ग^s govern the nouns or pronouns they are known as कर्मप्रवचनीय^s to later grammarians When they are neither connected with a verb nor do they govern the cases of nouns, then they are known as निपात^s

उपसर्गप्रतिरूपक—(Form) having the appearance (only) of a preverb

उपात्तविषय—A kind of अपादान when the root expresses its own sense to which the sense of another root is subordinate as in बलाहकाद्विद्योते ज्योति (बलाहकान्नित्य ज्योतिर्विद्योते)

उपाधि—Imposed property

उभयत्रविभाषा (or प्राप्तप्राप्तविभाषा) — That which is प्राप्तविभाषा as well as अप्राप्तविभाषा of प्राप्तविभाषा, अप्राप्तविभाषा

उभयपदाश्रयत्व — Fact (for a grammatical operation) to be applicable to both elements or members (of compound word)

उभयरूपत्व—Double nature

उभयाश्रय—Fact (for a grammatical operation) to have a double concerning or a double domain of application (so that it may be called बहिरङ्ग)

उरस्य—Pulmonic sound, the voiced fricative 'हृ' and voiceless fricative 'हृ' are considered as उरस्य (pulmonic), because the place of articulation in the case of these sounds is the lung PS tells us that 'हृ' before nasals and semivowels is considered as उरस्य, e.g. किन्तुते, किन्तुह In rest of the cases they are considered as glottal (कण्ठ्य)

उकाल—A vowel, whose time is that of short उ, long ऊ

and the prolated उरे, is called respectively ह्रस्व (short), दीर्घ (long), and प्लुत (prolated), P 1227

ऊष्मन्—Hot vapour, those sounds where the emission of hot breath is involved According to RP letters श्, ष्, स्, हृ (voiced), विसर्जनीय (voiceless -हृ), अनुस्वार, जिह्वामूलीय and उपध्मानीय are called ऊष्मन्^s VP excludes अनुस्वार, विसर्जनीय, जिह्वामूलीय and उपध्मानीय for which P uses the term 'शल्' (1 e श्, ष्, स्, हृ)

एकजातीय—Of one kind

एकतरपक्षपातिनी (युक्ति)—Argument favouring one side more than the other

एकदेशविकृत—That which has undergone a change in regard to one of its parts

एकदेशिन्—(The substance) that consists of parts P 221

एक-प्राण-भाव—Breath-group The basic unit for the phonetic description, TP V 1, act of breathing once.

एकमुनिपक्ष—Alternative (where we have recourse not to the महाभाष्य but to the one sage viz पाणिनि) only to explain a difficult formation

एकयोगनिर्दिष्ट—Words which are mutually connected in one rule

एकवत्—That which takes the termination of the singular, P 1269

एकविभक्ति—(1) One and the same case, P 1264

(2) (Member of a compound) which (when the compound is dissolved) appears throughout in one and the same case, P 1244

एकानुत्तरपद—A compound where the second member is a monosyllable

एकाधिकरण—The unity of substance, (the substance consisting of parts) which is distinguished by singularity, P 221

एकान्त—A grammatical element (specifically indicatory letters) that forms a part (of anything) as in एकान्ता अनुबन्धा (Pbh 5) The indicatory letters form a part of that to which they are attached

एकार्थिभाव—The act of conveying only one idea, the unity of meaning, oneness of meaning denoted by the compound where the individual meanings of the constituent members of the compound merge into one and lose their separateness The grammarians uphold the एकार्थिभाव point of view in the compounds and say that the compound-form like चित्रगु as a whole denotes the meaning 'the owner of handsome cows', where its constituent parts cease to retain their

individual meanings पृथगर्थानां पदानामेकार्थाभावः समर्थम् इत्युच्यते । Mbh on P 211 इत्थं तावद् भाष्ये पक्षसृष्टिः प्रतीयते । समासादेकार्थाभावः, विग्रहवाक्ये च व्यपेक्षैकः पक्षः ।

एकादृ—That which has a single letter, single letter P 1241

एङ्—A grammatical abbreviation used to denote ए and ओ, P 61109

एच्—A grammatical abbreviation used to denote the vowels ए, ओ, ऐ and औ, P 1148

एणीकृतः—A sound uttered ambiguously, Mbh (पस्पशा), एणीकृतोऽविशिष्टः किमयमोकारः अथवौकारः इति यत्र सदेहः ।—प्रदीप on Mbh

एकपद्य—The state of being one word, Kāśī on P 2125

ऐन्द्र व्याकरण—Its author इन्द्र is regarded as the first of grammarians, P refers to this grammar by the word प्राचाम् शाल्यायन and व्याडि were followers of this school

ऐकस्वर्य—The state of having but one accent (as of a compound), Kāśī on P 2125

ओज—Odd (विषम) as the first, third, fifth etc in a series, ऋक्प्रातिशाख्य

ओरम्मट्ट—Author of व्याकरणदीपिका His date is 1843 A.D.

ओष्ठ्य—Labial letters, उ, पवर्ग and उपध्मानीय The shape of the lips in the pronouncing of these letters is variously described as rounded or protruded

औणादिक—A suffix belonging to the उणादि class, the word derived by adding उणादि suffix

औदुम्बरायण—Name of a grammarian mentioned in the निरुक्त

औपदेशिक—Originally enunciated (as opposed to प्रायोगिक), Pbh 120

औपमन्यव—Name of a grammarian mentioned in the निरुक्त

और्णवाम—Name of a grammarian mentioned in the निरुक्त

कच्छायन—A Pāli grammar based on कान्व

कण्ठ—Glottis, throat

कण्ठ्य—Glottal letters अ, इ (voiced), विसर्जनीय (voiceless-ह्रस्व), the later Pāṇinian scheme as represented in Sk refers to कवर्ग as glottal, अङ्गुहविसर्जनीयानां कण्ठ—Sk.

कन्दर्पसिद्धान्त—A commentator on सौष

करण—(1) (In phonetics) the lower part of the glottis (2) The organs of articulation by which the articulation is started as opposed to the स्थान

—येन उपक्रम्यते तत् करणम् । A P (3) (In grammar) The most indispensable accessory that helps the agent in the accomplishment of the action, P 1442

According to मर्तुहरि, of all the accessories of action that which is intended to be described as most indispensable for the accomplishment of action is called करण करणत्व of accessory depends upon the desire of the speaker and we may have the usage स्थाल्या पच्यते instead of स्थाल्या पच्यते ।

करिष्यत्—The name of the Future in the Aitareya Brāhmaṇa

कल—The phoneme articulated in wrong way, Mbh. (पस्पशा), स्थानान्तरनिष्पन्नः काकलिकत्वेन प्रसिद्धः । प्रदीप on Mbh

कल्म—The term कल्म was used by the ancient grammarians as a technical name for those objects (कर्मकारक^s) that are sanctioned and recognized by the rule of P 1451

कर्तृ—(Whatever the speaker chooses as) the independent source of action is called agent (कर्तृ), the agent of an action, acting of his own accord, P 1454, the substratum of activity (व्यापार) denoted by the verbal root वात्वर्यव्यापाराश्रय कर्ता ।

कर्तृस्थक्रियक—Where the क्रिया (of क्रिया) inheres in the agent, (a root) whose action is confined to the agent

कर्तृस्थभावक—The term refers to the root when the result of an action is not specifically perceptible in the object, e.g. the action of going or knowing does not cause any perceptible change in the object, in the case of the कर्तृस्थभावक roots the reflexive construction like ज्ञायते घट स्वयमेव is not allowed

कर्मप्रवचनीय—One of the longest technical terms in Sanskrit grammar It means that which spoke of an action (कर्म = क्रिया प्रोक्तवन्तः) (1) That which once referred to actions but now governs substantives. (2) That which is used with the word ending in the accusative According to Mbh, words which are no longer expressive of क्रिया but indicate the relation given rise to by a क्रिया (whether present or absent) are कर्मप्रवचनीय^s P as usual does not define the term but simply enumerates कर्मप्रवचनीय^s, P 1483

कर्मधारय—It is a तत्पुरुष compound, which maintains (does not change) the construction or the case-meaning of its parts, the compound whose constituent members are construed with the same action एकार्थप्रतिपादनरूपकर्मणः धारय ।

कर्मव्यतिहार—Reciprocity or interchange of an action; P 1314

कर्मस्थभावक—The term refers to the root when the result of an action is specifically perceptible in the

object, e g the root भिद् is कर्मस्थभावक as the action of splitting produces a perceptible change in the object (wood), the reflexive construction (कर्मकर्तरि) like भिद्यते काष्ठं स्वयमेव is allowed in the case of कर्मस्थ-भावक roots only

कर्मोपसङ्ग्रह—The explanation of यास्क is obscure According to दुर्ग it stands for aggregation which is only one of the meanings conveyed by the term

कर्षण—Dragging, extension, extension of duration (कालविप्रकर्ष)

कविकल्पद्रुम—A list of roots arranged according to their endings by बोपदेव

कातन्त्रविस्तर—A commentary by वर्धमान on दुर्गसिंह's वृत्ति वर्धमान was patronized by कर्णदेव, probably the ruler of Gujarat in 1088 A D He is different from वर्धमान, author of गणरत्नमहोदधि

कात्यायन—He is said to have been born at कौशाम्बी, to सोमदत्त and वासवदत्ता and educated under वर्ष at पाटलिपुत्र, but this is not certain His probable date is around 300 B C

In explaining पाणिनि's सूत्र^s he adopts the method which is generally used in dealing with the अधिकरण by giving the पूर्वपक्ष, answering the points raised and finally giving सिद्धान्त He also explains grammatical points on the analogy of incidents found in the world and mentioned in the Vedas, cf वार्तिक

कार—The Suffix which, when it has been added to the वर्ण, designates the letter, कात्यायन (वर्णात् कार) e g ककार, गकार etc This is the usual method of designating a particular letter

कारक—Cause of action, instrumental in bringing about an action, that which is construed with a word denoting sense of an action, P 1 4 23

कारकचक्रप्रयोक्तृ—The term refers to the agent because he instigates the whole circle of accessories (कारक^s) towards the accomplishment of action, वै भू

कारकव्यापार—Operation of causal agencies

कारिकावलि—An elementary grammar, meant for his son, by नारायण भट्टाचार्य चक्रवर्ती

कार्य—The grammatical operation

कार्यकाल—(संज्ञा^s and परिभाषा^s) leave their places and unite with the operation enjoined by the Pāṇinian rules which require for their own construction the संज्ञा^s and परिभाषा^s that are indicated by certain peculiarities in the rule, Pbh 4

कार्यिन्—A grammatical element undergoing a grammatical operation, requiring an affix

सं इं को १२

कालदुष्ट—(A word) corrupt by the effect of time

कालभिन्न—The letters which differ considerably in length

कालविप्रकर्ष—Extension of duration

कालसामान्यवाचिन्—(A word or grammatical element) which denotes an undifferentiated time

कालापकाः (Plural)—Adept in the कालाप school of grammar ३

काशकृत्स्न—Founder of a grammatical school, prior to पाणिनि

काशिका—Jointly written by जयादित्य and वृषभ in 650 A D

काशीनाथ—(1) Author of सार, a commentary on प्रक्रियाकौमुदी

(2) Author of सारस्वतभाष्य, a commentary on सारस्वत-प्रक्रिया, lived prior to 1610 A D

काश्यप—(1) An ancient grammarian mentioned by P 8 4 67

(2) Author of बालवबोध (1200 A D.) He was a Ceylonese Buddhist priest different from ancient काश्यप

कु—The class of gutturals, क्, ख्, ग्, घ्, ङ्, P 8 3 37

कुमारतातय—A commentator of पातञ्जल महाभाष्य

कुमारीस्तनयुगाकृति—The graphic description of विसर्जनीय.

कुर्वत् (or कुर्वती)—The name of the present (लट्) used by the Aitareya Brāhmaṇa

कुशल—Commentator on कातन्त्रवृत्तिपञ्जिका

कृत्ति—A bad expression

कृत्—The name of the primary suffixes which form nouns from roots, Vāk P पाणिनि defines the terms thus the suffixes which follow the roots except the तिङ् suffixes are called the कृत् suffixes, P 3 1 93

कृतम्—The name of the Past tense in the Aitareya Brāhmaṇa

कृताकृतप्रसङ्ग—Contingency of the application (of a rule) when some operation was to take effect and when it does not take effect, Pbh 39

कृतार्थ—Said of a rule which serves the purpose, Sīr. Pr 49

कृत्य—The suffixes which form the potential passive participles by adding तव्य, अ, अनीय, य and एलिम् are included under the name 'कृत्य' suffixes, which is subdivision of कृत् suffixes (कृत्य itself being such a participle), [P 2 1 68] Potential passive participles

are generally used either with instrumental or with genitive case

कृत्वसुच्—The affix कृत्वसुच् (कृत्वस्) added to numerals to denote the repetition of action, P 5437 In the वेद^s, कृत्वस् is used as a separate word, (e g भूरि कृत्व, पञ्च कृत्व)

कृत्वोऽर्थ—The numeral adverbs denoting repetition of action, P 8343

केवलसमुदायशक्ति—cf रुढि

केवलावयवशक्ति—cf योग

कैयट—cf कैश्यट

कैश्यट—Author of महाभाष्यप्रदीप, a commentary on महाभाष्य Son of जैश्यट, pupil of महेश्वर The lower limit of his date is sure 1300 A D

कौण्डभट्ट—Author of वैयाकरणसिद्धान्तभूषण, an original work on syntax and philosophy on the lines of भट्टोजी, his uncle

किङ्त्—The suffixes with the indicatory letters क् and ङ् 1 e weak endings पाणिनि generally uses this term instead of the terms निगृह्यस्थान and सक्रम

क्रम—Doubling or the lengthening of consonants in certain contexts P refers to this phenomenon in the following rules by the term द्वे — 8446, 8447, 8450, 8451, 8452

क्रमदीश्वर—Author of सक्षितसार modelled on भट्टहरि^s महाभाष्यदीपिका

क्रिया—That which is accomplished by the movement of the agent, सपरिस्पन्दनसाधनसाध्या क्रिया । cf कर्तृशक्तियक

क्रियातिपत्ति—The non-realisation of an action, P 33139 The name of the conditional (लङ्) in the कातन्त्र system

क्रियान्तराकाङ्क्ष—That which has expectancy of another word denoting the sense of action to complete the sense The forms पाक, कृति etc have expectancy of other verbs as भवति etc, because they cannot stand alone without a verb

क्रियान्वयित्व—Connection (of a कारक) with an action, Pbh 97

क्रियार्थोपपद—Existence of another verb denoting an action performed for the sake of the future action, P 2314

क्रियासममिहार—The intensity of the action or the repetition of the action, P 3122

क्रियासामान्यवाची—That which denotes an action in general (1 e the roots कृ, भू, अस्), Sk under P 3140

कैयादिक—The roots belonging to the कयादि class (9th conjugation)

कृदन्त—A noun derived from a root by the addition of a कृत् affix, a primary derivative noun

कृष्णमित्र—Author of भावप्रदीप, a commentary on भट्टोजी^s शब्दकौस्तुभ and रत्नार्णव, a commentary on सिद्धान्तकौमुदी

कृष्णमिश्र—Author of रत्नार्णव, a commentary on सिद्धान्तकौमुदी, कल्पलता, on प्रौढमनोरमा, and भावदीप, on शब्दकौस्तुभ

कृष्णाचार्य—Father of रामचन्द्र, the author of प्रक्रियाकौमुदी

क्षीरस्वामिन—Author of (1) धातुवृत्ति, a commentary on धातुपाठ, (2) निपाताव्ययोपसर्गवृत्ति, (3) निघण्टुवृत्ति, (4) a commentary on अमरकोश, (5) क्षीरतरङ्गिणी His date is roughly 1050 A D

क्षेमेन्द्र—Son of हरिमट्ट or हरिमट्ट, pupil of कृष्णाश्रम Lived before the first quarter of 16th century A D

क्षेमेन्द्रटिप्पनखण्डन—A work by वनेश्वर who flourished before 1535 A D

खय—A grammatical abbreviation used to denote the first two letters of each वर्ग

गजकुम्भाकृति—The graphic description of उपध्मानाय.

गणकार्य—An operation affecting a गण, गणकार्यमनित्यम् (Pbh) 'an operation affecting a गण is not universally valid'

गणरत्नमहोदधि—A complete work on गणपाठ in metrical form, written by वर्धमान in 1140 A D

गति—The technical term गति is the name given to certain particles and undeclinables for purposes of compounds and their accentuation The गति^s are also connected with the verbs, P 1460-79

गमकत्व—Being intelligible

गार्ग्य—An ancient grammarian mentioned by P 8240

गालव—An ancient grammarian mentioned by P

गुण—The vowels अ, ए, ओ, P 112, the title गुण (or secondary feature) corresponds to the Indo-European 'reduced' grade vowels

गुणरत्नसूरि—Author of कियारत्नसमुच्चय (1408 A D) on the use and conjugational peculiarities of more important Sankrit roots Pupil of देवसुन्दरसूरि

गुणवृद्धिस्थान—Endings or suffixes in which there is the presence of the cause of गुण and वृद्धि, 1 e strong endings or suffixes This term is preserved in the कातन्त्र system

गुणीभूत—(An augment which) forms a part (of that to which it has been) added, Pbh 10

गुरु— A long vowel, a short vowel followed by a consonant group, P 14 11-12, (a syllable containing) a long vowel, (a syllable containing) a short vowel followed by a consonant group or by a final consonant

गुरुपसादशास्त्रिन्— Author of वरवर्णिनी, a commentary on लघुशब्देन्दुशेखर

गोत्र— Literally it means that which protects cows, grammarians use this word in connexion with अपत्य and distinguish between गोत्रापत्य and युवापत्य. The use of the former is restricted to the grandson and his descendants, if no older offspring of the same ancestor than his grandson lives. If the son lives, then the fourth descendant is known as युवन्, so also if some older offspring lives, P 4 1162-165

गोपालकृष्णशास्त्री— Author of शाब्दिकचिन्तामणि, a commentary on पातञ्जलमहाभाष्य

गोपालगिरि— Author of सुबोविनी, a commentary on प्रबोधचन्द्रिका of विज्जलभूपति

गोपालचक्रवर्तिन्— Author of a commentary on जौमार grammar

गोपीनाथ तर्काचार्य— Author of a subcommentary to श्रीपति's supplement to कातन्त्र

गोयीचन्द्र— Author of a commentary on कमदीश्वर's सक्षितसार and works on उणादि's and 127 परिभाषा's

गौणमुख्यन्याय— Rule concerning primary and secondary meaning of a word, Pbh 15

गौणलाक्षणिकत्व— Said of a word metaphorically denoting a person or a thing on account of certain qualities (which the latter has in common with, which is expressed by the word in its primary sense), Pbh 15

ग्रहणकशास्त्र— The rule (P 1 169) which prescribes that letters refer to their own form as well as to the homogeneous letters

ग्रहणवत्— The word or grammatical element which is mentioned in a rule

ग्राह्यग्राहकभाव— Nature or relation of denoted and denoter, or perceived and perceiver, or object and agent

घ— The term denotes the comparative suffix 'तर' and superlative suffix 'तम', P 1 122

घि— The 'non-नदी' (non-feminine) words ending in short 'इ' or short 'उ' are called घि words, except the word सखि. The peculiarity of these words is that the vowels 'इ' and 'उ' of these words take गुण in the dative and ablative singular, e.g. हरये, गुरवे etc. मति being a feminine noun does not get the designa-

tion घि but retains its name of 'नदी'. For, otherwise, its declension will be मत्ये, formed by applying the rule P 7 3 112

घु— The roots दा, and धा not originated from the roots 'दाप्' and 'दैप्', P 2 1 20

घुले सदाशिवभट्ट— Author of सदाशिवभट्टी, a commentary on लघुशब्देन्दुशेखर

घोष— Voicing, the soft sound heard in the articulation of the sonant consonants (ग, घ, ज, झ, ढ, ध, ण, ट, ठ, ड, ढ, ब, म्, ञ, ण, न, म, य, र, ल, व, ह), the vowels and अनुस्वार, the यम् with the first 10 of the soft consonants (altogether 40 sounds)

ङम्— A grammatical abbreviation used to denote the nasals ङ, ण and न, P 8 3 32

ङमुद्— (ङम् + उद्) The three augments. ङुद्, णुद्, and उद् (ङम् is a grammatical formula = प्रत्याहार, meaning ङ, ण and न, and 'उद्' is a unit of indicatory letters showing that ङ, ण and न are augments), P 8 3 32.

चन्द्रकीर्ति— The author of the commentary called सुबोविका or दीपिका on साहित्यप्रक्रिया, belonged to the middle of the sixteenth century

चन्द्रगोमिन्— The founder of the new school of grammar, the new school being founded upon the principle of brevity and precision in the Pāṇinian grammar, has arranged the उणादि list, वातुपाठ, गणपाठ, लिङ्गातुशासन or लिङ्गकारिका's, उपसर्गवृत्ति and वर्णसूत्र's on the new principles, but no work on परिभाषा is seen in his school. Date ranges from 465 A D to 544 A D approximately

चन्द्रशेखर विद्यालङ्कार— Commentator of गोयीचन्द्र's commentary on सक्षितसार

चर्— A grammatical abbreviation used to denote the hard-unaspirate letters and sibilants, P 8 4 44

चर्करीत— This is a गणसूत्र. The word चर्करीत is the name given to the intensive verbs excluding यङ्. All यङ्ङ्ङ् intensive roots are conjugated as अदादि roots. In fact they belong to this class

चाक्रवर्मण— An ancient grammarian mentioned by P 6 1 130

चातुर्कष्ट— That which is attracted (from a preceding rule) by (the particle) च

चान्द्रव्याकरण— The treatise of the new school of grammar founded by चन्द्रगोमिन्, the सूत्र's are very brief and at times new ones (as compared to those of Pāṇini). The 3100 सूत्र's are thrown into 6 अध्याय's of 4 पाद's each. This school is called as असंज्ञक because संज्ञा's are not treated here separately

चिकित्सा— A commentary on काशिका

चित्तवत्कर्तृक—(A root denoting the sense of action) whose agent is endowed with reason, P 1388

चिदूपाश्रम— Author of दीपव्याकरण for students

चिन्त्य— Said of an opinion (or a word-form) which is untenable (Pbh 5) or at least regarded with suspicion (Pbh 48)

चु— The letters च, छ, ज, झ, ञ, P 8230

चैतन्यामृत— A वैष्णव grammar

छच्— A grammatical abbreviation used to denote the consonants, छ, ङ, थ, च, द, त्, P 837

जगद्धर भट्ट— Author of बालबोधिनी

जगन्नाथ— Author of मनोरमाकुचमर्दिनी Pupil of शेषकृष्ण Court-poet of Shahjahan, contemporary of भट्टोजी दीक्षित Flourished in 1630 A D

जयकृष्ण— Son of रघुनाथभट्ट, author of a commentary on the स्वर and वैदिकी प्रक्रिया of सिद्धान्तकौमुदी, thus supplementing the तत्त्वबोधिनी, belongs to the first half of the 18th century A D

जश्— A grammatical abbreviation used to denote the soft-unaspirates, ज, ब, ग, झ, ञ, P 8453

जहत्स्वार्थ वृत्ति— (A compound or a complex unit) which loses its original meaning, a compound where the individual meanings of constituent members merge into one, so that they cease to retain their original meaning separately cf एकार्थभाव, Vart 2 on P 211

जहद्धर्मत्व— Fact (for a word) of being subject to loss of its modality

जातबहिरङ्ग— A बहिरङ्ग operation which has taken effect prior to the operation of अन्तरङ्ग rule

जातिपक्ष— Alternative according to which (a word-form etc given in a rule) denotes a genus, alternative representing the whole class, Pbh. 11

जातिस्फोट— The linguistic symbol, conveyer of meaning, which is virtually a class (revealed by the various individual instances which are the members of the class and are designated as ध्वनि, but are not themselves स्फोटः)

जिनेन्द्रबुद्धि— Author of काशिकान्यास alias काशिकाविवरण-पञ्जिका, a commentary on काशिका He is not later than 750 A D

जिह्वाग्र— Tip of the tongue

जिह्वासम्य— Middle of the tongue

जिह्वामूल— Root of the tongue In the later Pāṇinian scheme this word refers specifically to the place of articulation of the जिह्वामूलीय (the विसर्ग before क् and ख्).

जिह्वामूलीय— Formed at the root of the tongue, the general term for velar, the term applied generally in the प्रातिशाख्य^s to the ऋ, लृ, विसर्ग, spirants and कवर्ग, but in the later Pāṇinian scheme this term particularly applied to the peculiar pronunciation (अर्धविसर्गमक) of the विसर्ग before क् and ख्

जुमारनन्दिन— Author of रसवती, a वृत्ति on कमदीश्वर^s सक्षिप्तसार and reviser of पाणिनीय धातुपाठ

जैयट— Father of कैयट, author of महाभाष्यप्रदीप

जोगराज— Author of पादप्रकरणसङ्गति

जौहोत्यादिक— The roots belonging to the जुहोत्यादि class, 1 e to the third class of roots, P 3156, Sk

ज्ञानेन्द्रसरस्वती— Author of तत्त्वबिन्दु, a commentary on सिद्धान्तकौमुदी Pupil of वामनेन्द्र सरस्वती

ज्ञापक— Any rule or term or any proceeding of पाणिनि which indicates any परिभाषा rule or reasoning without which the rule or term or proceeding of पाणिनि would be meaningless or superfluous

झय— A grammatical abbreviation denoting the letters of the five वर्ग^s except the nasals, P 8462

झर्— A grammatical abbreviation used to denote all consonants except ह्, the semivowels and the nasals, P 8465

झल्— A grammatical abbreviation used to denote all the consonants except the semivowels and nasals, P 8453

झष्— A grammatical abbreviation used to denote the soft aspirates of the five वर्ग^s, P 8240

ञम्— A grammatical abbreviation used to denote all the nasals, P

झिण्— That which has an indicative letter च्, or ण्; P 71115

टकितौ (Dual)— The augments having the indicative letters ट् and क्, e g अट्, वुक् etc

टि— The last vowel in a word or stem along with the final consonant or consonants, if any, P 1164. It may have been suggested to the ancient grammarians by the word कोटि

टु— The letters ट्, ढ्, ड्, ण्, P 8442

दुण्डिका— (1) A commentary on हेमचन्द्र^s बृहद्वृत्ति

(2) A commentary on दुर्गासिंह^s वृत्ति

तङ्— It is a grammatical formula (प्रत्याहार) used to denote the middle endings

तत्कालप्राप्तिक— (Said of a grammatical operation) which applies simultaneously (with another), Pbh 43.

तत्त्वबोधिनी—A commentary on सिद्धान्तकौमुदी It is written by ज्ञानेन्द्रसरस्वती who omits the स्वर and वैदिकी प्रक्रिया which is supplemented by जयकृष्ण ज्ञानेन्द्रसरस्वती belongs to the first half of the 18th century A D

तत्पुरुष—A compound in which the second member is the principal member and the first is connected with it by some case (राज्ञ पुरुष राजपुरुष or वाचा कलह वाक्कलह etc), P 1242

तदधीनवचन—(To be) under the control of, or under the supremacy of, or under the proprietorship of, P 5454

तदाद्याचिख्यासा—Intention to express the starting point of a work which is first invented or commented, P 2421

तद्वगुणसंविज्ञानबहुव्रीहि—A बहुव्रीहि compound where the meaning of the constituent member has connection with what is construed with the meaning of the whole compound, e g लम्बकर्णमानय, 'bring long-eared' Here one is not brought without having long ears and hence it is right to accept that the meaning of constituent is also construed with what is construed with the meaning of whole compound

तद्धित—The word is formed from the rule 'तस्मै हितम्' (good for that or him or that which is beneficial to others but not to one's own), a secondary affix forming a secondary derivative from a primary derivative, opposed to कृत् suffix as अ or एय etc, as in गात्र and गात्रेय

पाणिनि uses this term for the secondary suffixes which fall under the अधिकार rule "तद्धिता", P 1.1.38

तद्धितान्त—The secondary derivative formed by the addition of a तद्धित affix

तद्राज—The affixes treated in Sūtras 4.1.168 up to 4.1.173 (six rules) are called तद्राज affixes (the king of affixes) because they have a special designation of गोत्र and युवन्, P 4.1.172.

तन्मध्यपतितः—That which is inserted in (the word-form).

तपर—A letter which has त् after or before it, (refers to its own form as well as those homogeneous letters which have the same prosodial length or time), e g the letter अत् denotes six letters अ, अ, अ, अ, अ, अ, (and not long or prolated अ), P 1170

तर्कतिलकभट्टाचार्य—Author of a commentary on सारस्वत-सूत्र⁸ The son of द्वारिक or द्वारकादास and the younger brother of मोहन मधुसूदन He wrote his work in 1614 A.D. in the reign of Jahangir

ताच्छब्द—The having that form of a word (तद् शब्द, तादर्थ्यात् ताच्छब्दम्। Mbh

ताच्छीलिक—The suffix which denotes the sense of 'one whose habit is that'

तात्पर्य (ज्ञान)—(The knowledge of) the purport of the speaker, (the knowledge of) the intention of the speaker, it (तात्पर्यज्ञान) is a necessary condition for the exact apprehension of the construction which consists of homophoneous forms

तादात्म्य—A grammatical relation of identity existing between a noun and an adjective used in the same case

तिङ्—The प्रत्याहार contains the following eighteen terminations, nine of which are Ātmanepada and the rest are Parasmaipada It means the terminations applied to roots, 1 e Verbs They are तिप् तस् सि, सिप् थस् थ, मिप् वस् मस्। त आताम् झ, थास् आथाम् भ्वम्, इद् वहि महिद्॥ The first nine suffixes are of Parasmaipada and the rest are of Ātmanepada 'तङ्' represents the Ātmanepada terminations

तिङन्त—That which ends in the तिङ् terminations, 1 e. the verb either in Parasmaipada or in Ātmanepada

तिङन्तप्रतिरूपक—(Word) having the appearance (only) of a verbal form (e g अस्ति used as a particle)

तिरुमल—Author of सुमनोरमा, a commentary on कौमुदी

तिरुमलयज्वन्—Author of अनुपदा, a commentary on पातञ्जलमहाभाष्य Son of मलयज्वन्

तु—The letters त्, थ्, द्, ध्, न्, P 8460

तुमर्थ—Having the meaning of an infinitive, P 2215

तुल्ययोग—That which has an equal affectation by any action or thing, P 2228

तृज्वत्—(The word) which is treated as if it ended in तृच् (तृ), e g the word कोष्ट (a jackal) is declined in the strong cases like कोष्ट (कोष्टा कोष्टारौ कोष्टार etc), P 7195

तोपल दीक्षित—Author of प्रकाश, a commentary on सिद्धान्तकौमुदी

तोलकप्पियम्—One of the oldest Tamil grammars, full of ऐन्द्र system Read and approved in पाण्ड्य king's assembly Closely related to कातन्त्र, प्रातिशाख्य⁸ and कण्ठायन⁸ Pal grammar

तौदादिक—The roots belonging to the तुदादि class, 1 e the sixth class of roots, Sk

त्रिपादी—Rules given in P 82 to 84.

त्रिलोचन—Author of उत्तरपरिशिष्ट to श्रीपुति⁸ supplement to कातन्त्र

त्रिलोचनदास— Author of कातन्त्रवृत्तिपात्रिका, a commentary on दुर्गासिंह² वृत्ति

त्रैपादिक— (Operation) taught in P 82 to 84

त्रैशब्द— Three kinds of (śabda) 'expression', triple form of speech, Mbh on P 1474

त्रैस्वर्य— (चतुर्वर्णोदि) Three accents (उदात्त, अनुदात्त and स्वरित), P 1233, Kāśī

दयानन्द सुरस्वती— Author of अष्टाध्यायीभाष्य Born in 1821 A D and died in 1883 A D

दयापालि (or **दयालपाल**)— Author of रुपसिद्धि, a shorter abridgement of शाकटायन²s grammar, similar in scope to लघुसिद्धान्तकौमुदी A pupil of मतिसागर and a co-student of वादिराज alias जयसिंह II, the चालुक्य Emperor (1025 A D)

दशगणी— The ten classes of roots, P 131

दुर्गादास— Wrote a commentary on बोपदेव²s कविकल्पद्रुम His date is 1639 A D

दुर्विनीत— Author of शब्दावतार

दुःस्पृष्टम्— Imperfect contact, Rv Pr

दूराद्भूत— Addressing (a person) from a distance, P 8284

दृष्टानुविधि— Applying grammatical rule in conformity with that which is seen (to the usage), दृष्टानुविधि छन्दसि भवति ।

देवताद्वन्द्व— A compound whose members are two or more names of deities, P 6326

देवदत्तहन्तृहतन्याय— The maxim says that देवदत्त does not revive when his murderer has been killed, the implication of this maxim in grammar is that the grammatical operation does not take place although its अपवाद has not been effected, because its उत्सर्ग is already put to an end by the अपवाद

देवनन्दिन— The founder of the Janendra school of grammar The date is placed circ 450 A D

देवेन्द्रसूत्रि— Author of हैमलघुन्यास, a commentary on बृहद्वृत्ति, purporting to be an abridgment of a larger न्यास by उदयचन्द्र, his preceptor

दैवादिक— The roots belonging to the दिवादि class, 1 e to the fourth class of roots, P. 8365

द्योत्यद्योतकभाव— Connection between that to be suggested and that which suggests (such as between उपसर्ग and verbal form)

द्विगु— (द्वयो गवो समाहार) A compound made up of two components, P gives the name द्विगु to those compounds which are brought under the rule 2.1.52,

possessive compound having a numeral adjective for its prior member द्विगु compounds were in origin 'determinative' compounds, but they are treated as the possessive compounds in respect of dealing with the accent Pāṇinīyas treat them as a sub-division of तत्पुरुष comps

द्वियम— (The sound) of two pitches (acute-grave), the term refers to स्वरित vowel, Tp

द्वेष्य (कर्म)— It is one of the varieties of अनीप्सितकर्म (that which is not intended by the agent) द्वेष्यकर्म is that which is attained by the agent through hate, e g in विष भक्षयति (while eating rice he eats poison) विषम् is a द्वेष्यकर्म Here eating of poison is not intended by the agent, but he hates it, P 1450

द्व्यजवरार्थ— The word of four or more syllables, the word whose half consists of at least two vowels, द्व्यज् अवर न्यून न तु ततो न्यूनम् अनेकाजिति यावत् । तादृशमर्थ यस्य । Sk on P 5457

धनेश्वर— Author of a new grammar for beginners called प्रक्रियामणि, and a commentary on the महाभाष्य called महाभाष्यचिन्तामणि He flourished before 1595 A D

धरणीधर— Author of वैयाकरणसर्वस्व

धर्मधर्मिन् (Dual)— A quality and bearer of it धर्म-धर्मिणोरभेद (no distinction between a quality and the bearer of quality)

धातु— Element, constituent part, essential ingredients of words पाणिनि does not define the term धातु semantically, but simply enumerates the roots in his गणपाठ and says that the utterances beginning with भू etc are roots, P 131 कात्यायन defines the term धातु semantically 'क्रियावचनो धातु', the words denoting the sense of an action are called roots

धात्वर्थफलाश्रय— The term refers to the object (कर्म-कारके), that which is the substratum of the result denoted by the verbal root In the sentence देवदत्त ओदनं पचति, ओदन is the object, because it is the substratum of the result softening (विकृति)

धात्वर्थन्यापाराश्रय— The term refers to the agent, that which is substratum of the activity denoted by the verbal root In the sentence देवदत्त ओदनं पचति, देवदत्त is agent, because he is the substratum of the activity (action of cooking) while the object is the substratum of the result of the action

धात्वर्थानुवादक— That which repeats the sense of the verbal root, e g in भूयते, आस्यते etc the तिङ् suffixes express the same sense which is denoted by the roots भू and आस् etc

ध्रुव— (1) (In phonetics) Continuance

(2) (In grammar) A limit from which separation

is to be effected, fixed point in relation to actions of separation, P 1424

नति—Bending, curvature Rv Pr. employs this term with reference to the nature of prosody

नदी—Feminine stems which are not used in other genders ending in ई or ऊ are designated as नदी, feminine stems ending in long ई or ऊ which change their finals to इय् and उय् respectively are optionally designated as नदी before the genitive plural endings. Feminine stems ending in इ and उ, short or long are also optionally designated as नदी before the dative, ablative, genitive and locative singular endings, P 143-6

नन्दकिशोरभट्टः—Author of a supplement to बोपदेव's मुग्वबोध. His date is 1398 A D

नागोजीभट्टः—Author of उद्योत on कैयट's महाभाष्यप्रदीप, परिभाषेन्दुशेखर, शब्देन्दुशेखर, शब्दरत्न, a commentary on प्रौढमनोरमा, विषमी, a commentary on भट्टोजी's शब्द-कौस्तुभ and वैयाकरणसिद्धान्तमञ्जूषा. Pupil of हरिदीक्षित, son of शिवभट्ट and सती, a Māhārāstriya Brāhmaṇa sur-named काले, a resident of Benares, a protege of रामसिंह, a local prince of शुङ्गवेरपुर. He flourished between 1688 to 1728 A D

नाद—Voice as opposed to श्वास (breath), this term refers to the letters, semivowels, nasals, the third and fourth letters of the वर्ग and ह्

नामिन्—It is the name given to the vowels with the exception of अ (short or long or prolated), the vowels after which the dental स् is changed into the cerebral ष् are known as नामिन्. नमयन्ति दन्त्य सन्त मूर्धन्य कुर्वन्ति इति नामिन् । इ, उ, ऋ, ए, ऐ, ओ, औ इति । उवट

नारायण—Author of विवरण on कैयट's प्रदीप

नारायण सुधी—Author of अष्टाध्यायी-प्रदीप

नासिकामूल—The root of the nose, velum, the यम are produced by the root of nose, नासिकामूल यमानाम् ।

नासिक्य—The nasal consonants, having a nasal component (अनुनासिक), in later times this term came to be used in opposition to अनुनासिक and was restricted to the nasal glide or transition sound between 'ह्' and a nasal (because of its connection with ह् and nasal), the यम and अनुस्वार.

नित्य—A rule which applies both before and after the taking effect of another rule that applies simultaneously and which is in conflict with the application of the rule in question

नित्यसमास—A compound which cannot be dissolved so as to convey the same sense of the compound, or the same meaning of which cannot be expressed by its con-

stituent members separately—as द्विजार्थ (द्विजाय अयम्), cf अविग्रहोऽस्वपदविग्रहो वा नित्यसमास । In a नित्यसमास the case-endings of the constituent elements cannot fully bring out the sense of a compound, e g the compound कृष्णसर्प means a snake irresistible by herbs or physicians, while कृष्ण सर्प means merely a black serpent

नित्यानन्द पर्वतीय—Author of दीपक, a commentary on लघुशब्देन्दुशेखर. Pupil of बालशास्त्री रानडे. He died in 1931 A D

निपात—Those that are not regarded as essential parts of the sentence, nor as having independent existence as well as those that have their forms and senses fixed and convey the conjunction etc of actions and things (verbs and nouns). Regarding निपात, P as usual does not define the term semantically, but simply enumerates, P 1456

निपातन—A form put down by the authorities of grammar, which (according to the rules of the language) should have been formed differently, अन्यादशे प्रयोगे प्राप्ते अन्यादशप्रयोगकरणम् । Pbh 106

निमित्त—That which is the cause or condition of the grammatical operation is called निमित्त in grammar

निमित्तनिमित्तिन्—(Du) 'Cause and effect' in expression निमित्तनिमित्तिनोरेकपदे (the cause and effect of a grammatical operation being located in the same word), one of the markers of अन्तरङ्गत्व

निरनुबन्धक—Void of अनुबन्ध (in the परिभाषा 'निरनुबन्धकग्रहणे न सानुबन्धकस्य' when a form void of अनुबन्ध is employed in grammar, it does not denote that which has अनुबन्ध attached to it)

निरवकाश—(A rule) which otherwise would have no opportunity for the taking effect of it, Pbh 67.

निरस्त—Harsh sound, Mbh. निरस्तो निष्ठुर । प्रदीप on Mbh

निराकरण—Refutation, way out of difficulty

निरुपाख्य—Indescribable, void of characterization.

निरूपक—Describer.

निरूपित—Described

निर्दिश्यमान—(A grammatical element) actually enun-
ciated in a rule, Pbh 12

निर्दिष्टविषय—A kind of अपादान where the limit of separation is fixed, or, where the root directly denotes the meaning 'separation' as in अश्वान् पतति

निर्धारण—Specifying or separating one out of many, the separation of one out of many on account of the

generic character, quality, action and singular term.
जातिगुणक्रियासङ्गाभि समुदायादेकदेशस्य पृथक्करण निर्धारणम्।
Sk under P 2210

निर्भुज—सहितापाठ, in which all euphonic combinations are carried out

निर्मलदर्पण—A commentary on प्रक्रियाकौमुदी

निर्वर्त्य (कर्म)—One of the ईप्सिततमकर्म^s निर्वर्त्य कर्म is defined thus an object (कर्मकारक) is called निर्वर्त्य when by the action of the agent something is brought into existence which was before non-existent or something is brought into manifestation which before exists only latently in its cause. The definition is based on two different views, सत्कार्यवाद and असत्कार्यवाद, e.g. कुम्भ करोति (he makes the jar), here कुम्भ is निर्वर्त्य कर्म, because a jar is brought into existence which was non-existent or a jar is brought to the manifestation which was latently existent in its cause

निवृत्तप्रमाण—(The causative root) which ceases to have the force of causative and whose meaning remains the same as of the pure non-causative

निवृत्तिस्थान—The word stands for गुणवृद्धिनिवृत्तिस्थान opposed to गुणवृद्धिस्थान. It means literally the places, i.e. endings (or suffixes) in which there is the absence of a cause of गुण or वृद्धि, i.e. weak endings of suffixes अथुप्यस्तेनिवृत्तिस्थानेवादिशेषो भवतीति। निरुक्त II 1

निषेच्य—A grammatical operation which should be (abandoned) forbidden

निष्ठा—The name of the past participial suffixes क्त and क्तवत्, P 1126

नीलकण्ठ वाजपेयिन्—Author of भाष्यतत्त्वविवेक, a commentary on the पातञ्जलमहाभाष्य, सुखबोधिनी, a commentary on सिद्धान्तकौमुदी and पाणिनीयदीपिका. He flourished from 1543 to 1593 A.D.

नेमस्पृष्ट—Half contact (one of the intermediate degrees of constriction) of ईषस्पृष्ट

नैगमी—The name of the subjunctive in the AVP

नैघण्टुक—Subordinate

न्यग्भूत—Going down (said of the time-power of a grammatical form, which is being changed)

न्यायपञ्चानन—Son of विद्याविनोद. Author of a commentary on सक्षिप्तसार of गोपीचन्द्र

न्यायसिद्धि—A maxim (परिभाषा) established by reasoning or argumentation

पञ्चवस्तु—A recast of Jamendra grammar

पदवर्धन तात्याशास्त्री—Author of भूति, a commentary on परिभाषेन्दुशेखर. Pupil of बालशास्त्री रानडे. Died in 1919 A.D.

पतञ्जलि—The date assigned to him is 150 B.C. The personal history of पतञ्जलि is very little known. He was contemporary of पुष्यमित्र and probably much honoured by him for his learning. He has written an extensive commentary on वार्तिक. He skilfully interprets पाणिनि's rule and shows the usefulness of कात्यायन's additional corrections. Many times he defends पाणिनि by skilful interpretation against the unfair criticism of कात्यायन.

पद—(1) Any inflected word after the addition of a case termination and a verbal termination, P 1414

(2) The middle base or the base of nouns before the case endings which begin with consonant to the exclusion of य and first five suffixes सु, औ, जस्, अस्, औद्, शस्) and before the तद्धित suffixes to the exclusion of those which begin with य, P 1417

(3) It also means voice as in आत्मेनेपद (voice for oneself) and the परस्मैपद (voice for another)

पदगौरव—Said of a rule which involves the employment of a greater number of words or of longer words

पदलाघवविचार—The procedure which examines whether a word can be saved (in the rule)

पदविभाग—Separating the syllables of a word to derive it from different roots

पदसंस्कारपक्ष—The alternative (that the various elements) of which a word is made up (or all placed side by side before the rules of grammar are applied to them), Pbh 43. The alternative (where we have recourse) to the formation of the word (itself, not to the meaning or to the connection between the word and sentence)

पदस्फोट—A word itself a conveyer of the meaning. It is very hard to discriminate which exactly is the base and which is the suffix in the word 'घटेन' or 'ते' or 'मे', and therefore, it is necessary to postulate that a word as a whole conveys the meaning

पदार्थ—The sense of word understood, P 1496, of अप्रयुज्यमानस्य पदस्य अर्थ पदार्थ

पदावधिक—The grammatical description in which the parts of a word are placed side by side, Pbh 63

पद्मनाभदत्त—Son of दामोदरदत्त, grandson of श्रीदत्त. Founder of सौप्त्य school, author of भूरिप्रयोग and सुप्त्य-पञ्जिका, a commentary on it

परमप्रकृति—Original base

परपरसंबन्ध—Indirect relation

परसमीपबोधक—Denoting (the phoneme) which stands near the rest, Pbh 5

परस्मैपद—The word for another, the transitive or active word and its terminations, the form of the verb which implies an action belonging to others, active endings, P 1499

परस्मैभाषा—cf परस्मैपद

परा—Subtle sound, luminiferous consciousness raised in the मूलधार (a mystical circle situated above the generative organs) This परा speech is known as अद्ब्रह्म This is exceedingly subtle and cognizable by योगिन alone

पराश्रय—Dependent, the term refers to those letters which are bound to a more closely limited series of contexts, १. विसर्ग, जिह्वामूल्य, उपमानीय, अनुस्वार, यम, P 5

परिग्रहण—Complete enumeration

परिनिष्ठित—A form whose formation has been completed

परिसंख्यान—Comprehensive enumeration Mbl

परोक्षवृत्ति—A word in which a root is slightly altered

परोक्षा—The name of the perfect (लिट्) in the कतन्त्र system

पश्यन्ती—A little manifested sound that comes up to the navel region from the मूलधार (a mystical circle situated above the generative organs) where परा speech rises This पश्यन्ती speech is subtle and not divisible into parts, and cognizable by योगिन alone in समाधि This is second stage of gradual amplification of sound

परपशा—The first chapter (आहिक) of the महाभाष्य is named परपशा This name should have been at least as old as the time of माघ since he mentions it in one of the verses in the Si 11112 The word परपशा is derived from the root रपश् which means to refute or to touch upon This आहिक refutes the arguments of others and touches upon the preliminaries of the शास्त्र

पाठक उदयशंकर—Author of ज्योत्स्ना, a commentary on लघुशब्देन्दुशेखर and पाठकी, on परिभाषेन्दुशेखर

पाणिनि—Nothing is known of his life except the fact that he was born in the extreme Northwest of India at शालतुर The date of पाणिनि is most commonly fixed in the fourth century B C which is in accordance with the native tradition which connects him with the नन्द king of मगध He is the author of अष्टाध्यायी, वातुपाठ, गणपाठ etc His अष्टाध्यायी consists of 4,000 aphorisms of the greatest brevity This brevity was achieved by the invention of an algebraical system of notation of a kind not found outside the grammatical school In his गणपाठ he gives every root along with its सं ई. को . १३

meaning The roots are classified in ten major groups or classes (called गण^s), the basis of the classification being the manner in which the roots form the present stem The गणपाठ forms the most important accessory treatise to the अष्टाध्यायी The significance of गणपाठ is that it introduces a comprehensive principle of classification by which similar grammatical formation may be grouped together or brought under the operation of common grammatical rule

पिण्ड—Conjunction, a type of consonant group

पितृ—The terminations having 'प्' as the indicatory letter, the term generally represents singular परस्मैपद terminations, before which the final vowels or the penultimate short vowels of the base take गुण or इदि substitute Hence these are known as the 'strong terminations', P 3492

पु—The letters प्, फ्, ब्, भ्, म्, P 8387

पुञ्जराज—Author of a commentary on सारस्वतश्रुतिया, belonged to the श्रीमाल family of मलबार He was a minister to Ghayasuddin Khilji of Malva (1469-1500 A D), of पुण्यराज

पुण्डरीकाक्ष—Author of a commentary on श्रीपति's supplement to कतन्त्र

पुण्यराज (पुञ्जराज)—Author of a commentary प्रकाश on the वाक्यपदीय

पुण्यसुन्दरगणि—Arranged for the हैम school the different Sanskrit roots in an alphabetical order giving after each root its meaning, गण and other conjugational peculiarities

पुरुष—The term 'पुरुष' in the grammatical sense of 'person' appears to have been used by यास्क, तत्र परोक्षकृता सर्वाणि नामविभक्तिभिर्व्युज्यन्ते, प्रथमपुरुषेऽव्याख्यानस्य । निरुक्त 72 पाणिनि drops the term पुरुष and uses the terms प्रथम (3rd person), मध्यम (2nd person), उत्तम (1st person) instead of the term पुरुष P 14105-108

पुरुषोत्तमदेव—Author of प्राणपणा, a commentary on पातञ्जल महाभाष्य, also wrote कुण्डलीव्याख्यान, कारककारिका, भाषावृत्ति, दुर्घटवृत्ति, परिभाषावृत्ति, ज्ञापकसमुच्चय and उणादिवृत्ति

पूजार्थ—(The specific mention of the names of other grammarians by Pāṇini) which shows respect for their views, (need not necessarily indicate that Pāṇini differs from their view)

पूरणी—The words in the feminine gender ending in an ordinal affix, P 5248. An ordinal number in the feminine gender

पूर्वपदार्थप्रधान—(An अव्ययीभाव compound) where the meaning denoted by the first member (indeclinable)

stands as qualificand in relation to that of the other member

पूर्वोपस्थितनिमित्तक— A rule, the causes of the application of which precede the causes of the application of the other rule in the order of the pronunciation of the letters

पृथ्वीधर— Author of a commentary on बर्धमान^स कातन्त्र-विस्तार, a commentary on दुर्गासिंह^स वृत्ति

पृषोदरादिवृत्ति— Written in 1857 A. D. by पद्मनाभदत्त, son of गोविंद and grandson of श्रीपति

प्रकार— A natural application of the term प्रकार (qualifier) is to refer to what stands as a qualifier (in the शाब्दबोध), the term प्रकार refers to what stands as a qualifier in the subject of the sentence or in the predicate of the sentence. Thus in the knowledge 'the tall man (is) handsome,' height as well as beauty is प्रकार (qualifier) in the शाब्दबोध. In the शाब्दबोध only one meaning stands as विशेष्य (a chief qualificand) and the rest are प्रकार^स

प्रकृतिप्रत्यापत्ति— Turning back to its original form, for example कसवधमाचष्टे = कसं चातयति, where the word वध resumes its original form 'हृ' in the expression कसं चातयति, Katy on P 3126

प्रकृतिविकारभाव— Relation of cause and effect

प्रक्रिया— Mode of a grammatical description, process of grammatical analysis, system

प्रक्रियाकौमुदी— A work supposed to be a model for सिद्धान्तकौमुदी. It is written by रामचन्द्र belonging to the first half of the 15th century A. D.

प्रतिकण्ठ— (निपातन) Specific ready-made forms which behave abnormally, or irregularly

प्रतिप्रसव— Return to the original state. Return to a general rule when its अपवाद (exception) is forbidden for its effect. For example, in the formation of the nom. du. of 'वृक्ष' (from वृक्ष+औ) वृद्धि operation (औ for व+औ) takes place by the general rule, P 6188, because its अपवाद operation पूर्वसवर्णदीर्घ, P 61102, is forbidden by the rule, P 61104

प्रतिभा— The creative power, intellect, शब्दब्रह्म, (शब्द is not mere phonetic sound but it is pure intellect that forms ultimate world-elements), Vāk P 1119

प्रतिरूपक— A word-form imitating another kind of word-form

प्रतिलक्षम्— (Adv) As many times as there are individuals

प्रतिलोमसंधि— Combination of letters where consonant precedes and vowel follows it

प्रतिवेष्टित— The term for the retroflex series, the मूर्धन्य sounds

प्रत्यक्षवृत्ति— A word in which a root is clearly visible

प्रत्यय— To go towards or against, subsequent word or sound, that which follows (Vāj P), augment (TP), case-ending (गोपथब्रा०). From the प्रातिशाख्य^स it appears that the term प्रत्यय at one time is used in the senses of suffix, prefix, infix and augment. P uses this term in the above sense only once, in 1169 P frames the अधिकारसूत्र and tells us that the prescribed items which fall in 3rd to 5th chapters and come after the base are प्रत्यय^स, P 311-2

प्रत्ययलक्षण— The grammatical operation dependent upon the suffix, P 1162

प्रत्ययलोप— The elision of an affix, P 1162

प्रत्याहारसूत्र^स— According to tradition these सूत्र^स are revealed to पाणिनि by God शिव. They are meant to produce brevity. वाजसनेयि प्रातिशाख्य has the same प्रत्याहारसूत्र^स as of पाणिनि

प्रथम— The first (or third) person or its terminations

प्रथमा— (1) The first or nominative case and its terminations

(2) When the word is used in the dual (प्रथमयो) it denotes the first two cases and their terminations, P 61102

प्रथमान्तविशेष्यकः (शाब्दबोध)— (A semantic paraphrase of a sentence) where the meaning denoted by the word ending in the nominative stands qualificand (in respect to other meanings which stand qualifiers). This is the view of the नैयायिक^स according to whom the meaning of the प्रथमान्त, (the stem with the nominative case) should be considered as leading concept in verbal cognition, cf कर्तृमुख्यविशेष्यक

प्रधानप्रत्ययार्थवचन— (1) The proposition (वचन) (that the meaning of a word in a compound) is determined by its principal word and (in a derivative word the meaning) is determined by the suffix, Kāś on P 1256

(2) The proposition that the meaning of the affix (प्रत्यय) stands as the predominant or leading concept, Sk on P 1256

प्रभाचन्द्राचार्य— Author of न्यास, a commentary on अमोघवृत्ति

प्रमत्तगीत— That which is composed by an intoxicated person, Mbh

प्रयत्न— The basic articulatory process, the articulatory effort.

प्रयागवेङ्कटादि— Author of विद्वन्मुखभूषण, a commentary on पातञ्जलमहाभाष्य

प्रयोगवृत्तिपर— (A grammatical) operation depending on usage

प्रयोजककर्ता— Agent of the causative verb, the instigator agent

प्रयोजन— (1) The advantages (derived from the study of grammar) and the authority that enjoins it. In both the meanings the derivation of the word प्रयोजनम् is प्रयुज्यते अनेन, Mbh

(2) Motive of a word used in a rule by the authorities of grammar

प्रयोज्यकर्मत्व— Fact of being an object of the action which is instigated

प्रवण— The term प्रवण lit means 'downhill slope', a continuous fall, the term explains the स्वरित vowel where according to some it is a continuous fall of the high tone (उदात्त)

प्रवर्तकोपाध्याय— Author of महाभाष्यप्रदीपप्रकाशिका

प्रसङ्ग— The earlier term for उत्सर्ग (a general rule), प्रसङ्गादपवादो बलीयान्, Ass

प्रसारण— Changing a semivowel into a vowel, Avp (of सप्रसारण)

प्रस्तीर्ण— Spread, flat, a characteristic feature of dental articulation

प्राकृतध्वनि— The phonological structure, the sound pattern of the norm, the name of the class of which various instances are members. This is indicated by वैकृतध्वनि. All the non-linguistic personal variations are eliminated at this stage. It should be considered as an auditory image of the normal expression in the mind keeping the time order with it.

प्राग्दीव्यतीय— The suffixes enumerated by P from 4334 to 168

प्रातिपदिक— पाणिनि's commentators do not take trouble of defining this five-syllabled term श्रीवर, a Bengali commentator of the 17th century A. D., explains it as that which embraces every inflected word which is in the different inflected forms such as वृक्षम्, वृक्षान् etc. पाणिनि defines the term in 1.2.45-46 as, that which conveys sense and is neither root nor affix (nor a word ending in a suffix) is a प्रातिपदिक e.g. the non-derivative words like दिव्य, इवित्थ etc. The words ending in primary (कृत्) and secondary (तद्धित) suffixes and compounds also are प्रातिपदिक, e.g. the word like कर्तृ formed with the primary suffix कृत्, दाशरथि formed by the secondary suffix इश् and compounds like राजपुरुष are also प्रातिपदिक.

प्रातिश्रुत्क— The resonators, a list of five resonators is also given by the Tp, उर, कण्ठ, शिर, मुख, नासिका च.

प्राप्तविभाषा (or प्राप्ति विभाषा)—An operation allowed in a particular operation which another rule makes necessary, when the general rule is already given and then follows the optional rule, then the optional rule is called प्राप्तविभाषा.

प्राप्य (कर्म)—An object which is neither brought into existence or manifestation nor changed or modified by the action of the agent but when it is simply attained or reached by the action of the agent is called प्राप्य, an object which is constant and not even slightly affected by the action of the agent is called प्राप्य, it is an object where the results of the action are neither perceived nor inferred, e.g. घट जानाति. Here no difference is seen in the jar before knowing it and after knowing it, Vāk P 3.51

प्रायिक— (Rule) commonly valid but not universally so

प्रायोगिक— That which occurs in the ordinary language (as opposed to औपदेशिक), Pbh 120

प्रेरक— A kind of सप्रदान which incites some one to give anything as in विप्राय गा ददाति। Here the Brāhmana incites the giver to give him a cow

प्रेरणा— of विप्रि

प्रेषणी— Av uses this term for the imperative

प्रौढमनोरमा— A commentary on his Sk written by भट्टोजी दीक्षित himself about A. D. 1630

प्रौढवाद— Bold statement

प्लुत— Protracted vowel, a vowel three times longer than the short vowel like अ and its value is 3 मात्रा

फलोपहित— Immediately preceding the result.

फुल्लराज— Commentator of वाक्यपदीय

वर्ष— The elevation behind the row of teeth, the socket of a tooth

वश्— A grammatical abbreviation used to denote the soft unaspirates except 'ज'

बहिरङ्ग— A rule the causes of the application of which lie without or beyond the sum of the causes of the application of अन्तरङ्ग rule

A variety of a कर्मकारक, कालादिवाचक कर्म is regarded बहिरङ्ग, of (2) अन्तरङ्ग

बह्वपेक्ष— (A grammatical operation) dependent on a greater number of causes and eventually being बहिरङ्ग

बाधक— A rule or operation which supersedes the other rule or operation.

बाध्य—A rule or operation which is superseded by another rule or operation

बालमनोरमा—(1) An abridgment by भट्टोजी of his own प्रौढमनोरमा, a commentary on सिद्धान्तकौमुदी which is also his own (2) A commentary by वासुदेव दीक्षित on Sk

बालरामपञ्चानन—Author of प्रबोधप्रकाश, a शैव grammar and धातुप्रकाश

बालावबोध—(1) A popular recast of the चान्द्र grammar (1200 A D), by मत्स्यप, a Buddhist Ceylonese priest

(2) Written by नरहरि to remove the obstacles in the way of student learning पञ्चमहाकाव्य^s arising from the circumstance of their not having studied grammar before

बाहुल्य—Fact (for a grammatical operation) of being subject to diversity (that is to apply in some cases, not to apply in other cases)

बाह्यप्रयत्न—The external articulatory efforts, extrabuccal process

बालंभट्ट—Author of उद्योत, a commentary on शब्दकौस्तुभ

बिन्दुद्वय—Double dot, graphic representation of the विसर्जनीय

बुद्धिनिर्ग्राह्य—(A word) grasped by the mind, Mbh 111

बृहस्पति—Second propounder of grammar

बोपदेव—The founder of a modern school of grammarians, wrote सुग्धबोध, a new treatise on grammar. Date ranges from 1200 A D to 1300 A D

ब्रह्मन्—First propounder of grammar

भ—Name of the weakest base of nouns (as opposed to पद), i. e. of the base before the vowel terminations except in strong cases, before feminine suffixes, and before तद्धित^s beginning with vowels or य, P. 1418 etc. भ may be the first syllable of भट्ट or भम because, before weak endings the stem often undergoes reduction or syncope, P. 1416

भट्टोजी दीक्षित—The author of सिद्धान्तकौमुदी, has written a commentary प्रौढमनोरमा on it, also a commentary on the P's सूत्र^s named शब्दभेस्तुभ. Date is placed circ 1630 A D

भरत—Commentator of भट्टिकाव्य.

भर्तृहरि—The author of वाक्यपदीय and a commentary named दीपिका on the महाभाष्य of पतञ्जलि

Date ranges from 550 A D to 650 A D

भवत्—The name of the present in the शाङ्खायन आरण्यक and in the सुग्धबोध grammar.

भवन्ती—The name of the present (लट्) used by कात्यायन

भव्य—The name of the simple future in the सुग्धबोध grammar

भविष्यत्—The name of the future in the शाङ्खायन आरण्यक

भविष्यन्ती—The name of the simple future in the कातन्त्र system and ऐतरेय ब्राह्मण

भष्—A grammatical abbreviation used to denote the soft aspirates except 'क्ष', P. 8237

भागुरि—Author of a grammar

भारद्वाज—An ancient grammarian mentioned by P. 7263

भाव—(1) The action which can be accomplished without mark of the agent (of कर्तृस्थभावक) अपरिस्पन्दनसाधनसाध्यो वात्वर्थो भावः, e. g. the action of seeing which does not require the movement on the part of the agent

(2) Ultimate result. In a verb the ultimate result is principal action itself is subordinate. Action is just a means to bring about the भाव

(3) भाव = Action to be accomplished (साध्य) In a verb an action is principal and the various means used for the action are subordinate, निरुक्त

(4) Action of an accomplished nature, सिद्धावस्थापन्नो वात्वर्थो भावः। Sk

भावगर्हा—The contempt in regard to the sense of the action, P. 3124

भावना—Technical term in the मीमांसा system. Lit. it means bringing into being, that which produces some effect, it is defined as भवितुर्भवानुवृत्ते भावकव्यापारविशेषः, the particular activity of the person or thing capable of producing the effect, the effort or activity on the part of the agent to achieve his desired end, it is a व्यापार of to be, which is of accomplished nature. According to the मीमांसक^s this भावना is denoted by the verb ending suffixes

भावनाविशेष्यकः (शब्दबोध)—(A semantic paraphrase of a sentence) where productive operation (भावना) stands qualificand (in respect to other meanings which are qualifiers), this is the view of the मीमांसक^s according to whom the predominant idea in the sense of a sentence is productive operation

भाविन्—It is the name given to vowels with the exception of अ and आ, that which causes change of a dental स into the corresponding cerebral ष कण्ठ्यावकाराकारौ वर्जयित्वा स्वराणां भाविसज्ञा भवति। उबट

भाव्यमान—That which is taught in a rule.

भाषितपुंस्क—A (feminine or neuter) word of which also a masculine is mentioned or exists (and whose meaning only differs from that of the masculine by the notion of gender), e.g. the word गङ्गा is not भाषितपुंस्क, whereas such words as सुष्ठु and ग्रामणी are so P 7149

भास्करशास्त्री अभ्यंकर—Commentator of परिभाषेन्दुशेखर and शब्देन्दुशेखर His date is 1783-1871 A D

भीमभट्ट—Author of भैमी, a commentary on परिभाषेन्दुशेखर

भुग्न—Bent The Rv Pr gives this title to the half elided or released letter व, a mode of junction

भूत—The name of the past tense in शाङ्खायन आरण्यक and सुबबोव Grammar

भूतकरण—The name given to the augment in the प्रातिशाख्य In the original Indo-European language the tenses had no time signification but they only denoted differences in the aspect of the action The augment was prefixed to the Imperfect, Plu perfect, Aorist and Conditional to express past time This is why augment is called भूतकरण

भैरवमिश्र—Author of a commentary भैरवी on नागोजी भट्ट's परिभाषेन्दुशेखर and लघुशब्देन्दुशेखर

भोज—Author of सरस्वतीकण्ठाभरण, a grammatical work and सरस्वतीकण्ठभरण, a rhetorical work

भोजव्याकरण—Written by विनयसुन्दर for the benefit of a king भोज, son of भारमल्ल

भ्रष्टावसरन्याय—The implication of this maxim in grammar is that a grammatical operation does not take place, when the occasion for the taking place of it has once gone by

भङ्गरस—Author of चिन्तामणिप्रतिपद, a commentary on यक्षवर्मन्'s चिन्तामणि

मण्डन—Son of वाठड, महाप्रवान and सङ्घपति to Alpūsāhi Commented on सारस्वतप्रक्रिया

मध्यमपदलोपिन्—(Compound) where the middle member has been dropped

मध्यमा—Subtle sound It is revealed by the air which passes to the region of heart from the navel region where the पश्यन्ती speech is revealed from the परा speech परा is minutest, पश्यन्ती is minuter and मध्यमा is minute speech The पश्यन्ती speech is the third stage of gradual amplification of नाद The मध्यमा sound might be cognized at the time of जप or when ears are shut up The मध्यमा नाद is called स्फोट also

मन्तुदेव—Author of दर्पणा, a commentary on वैयाकरण-भूषणसार and दोषोद्धरण, on परिभाषेन्दुशेखर

मय—A grammatical abbreviation used to denote the

consonants belonging to all the वर्ग⁸ except 'ञ', P 8333

मलयगिरि—Author of शब्दानुशासन and a commentary on it Flourished about 1143 A D

मल्लय-यज्वन्—A commentator of कैयट⁸ महाभाष्यप्रदीप

महादेव—Author of a commentary known as शब्दमिदि on दुर्गसिंह⁸ वृत्ति

महाप्राण—Big-breath, the term for the aspirate sound

महाभाष्य-चिन्तामणि—A commentary on महाभाष्य by वनेश्वर

महावाक्य—A compound sentence, a sentence which consists of more than one sentence वाक्योच्चयो, महा-वाक्यम्।

महासज्ञा—Large-said (technical term in grammar which means significant in general)

मात्रा—The length of time required to pronounce a short vowel (1 long vowel contains 2 मात्रा⁸, and a prolated vowel, 3 मात्रा⁸) the device adopted by the Indians for the purpose of phonological description where the basic vowel units are considered as members of qualitatively similar pairs, each comprising a short, a long and a prolated member

माधव—Son of काहु and pupil of श्रीरङ्ग, commented on the सारस्वतप्रक्रिया He flourished after 1553 A D

माधवीय धातुवृत्ति—Written by सायण (1350 A D) the great Vedic भाष्यकार

मानसरञ्जनी—A commentary by वरुण on सिद्धान्तकौमुदी

मिताक्षरा—Commentary on अष्टाध्यायी, written by अनन्तभट्ट, the author of तर्कमग्न 17th century A D

मुखनासिकावचन—That which is pronounced by the nose along with the mouth, nasal sounds, P 118

मुखसुखार्थम्—(adv) For the faculty of elocution

मुनित्रय—The triad of sages (पाणिनि, कात्यायन and पतञ्जलि)

मूर्धन्य—The term for the retroflex series, for the मूर्धन्य⁸ the articulator is the tip of the tongue retro flexed

मूलाधार—A mystical circle situated above the generative organs where the परा speech rises

मेघरत्न—A Jain of बृहत्खरतरगच्छ, pupil of विनयसुन्दर Author of सारस्वतव्याकरणद्वण्डिका or सारस्वतदीपिका He flourished before 1556 A D

मेघविजय—Author of हैमकौमुदी alias चन्द्रप्रभा (1669 A D), modelled on सिद्धान्तकौमुदी

मैत्रेयरक्षित—Author of वातुप्रदीप and तन्त्रप्रदीप,

यक्षवर्मन्—Author of चिन्तामणि, a commentary on शाकटायन's शब्दानुशासन

यञ्—A grammatical abbreviation used to denote the semivowels, nasals and soft aspirates य, ञ्

यज्ञेश्वरभट्ट—Author of गणरत्नावलि

यण्—A grammatical abbreviation used to denote the semivowels P 6177

यत्न—The articulatory effort

यथोद्देश—Not going beyond the place where a संज्ञा or परिभाषा is taught, संज्ञा and परिभाषा remain where they are taught, Pbh 2

यम—A twin-letter (the consonant interposed and generally understood but not written in practice, when a nasal is immediately preceded by one of the four other consonants in each class), within a word, when a non-nasal स्पर्श is followed by a nasal, it is separated by the appropriate यम e.g. पलिङ्गनी, चख्खत्तु, अग्नि, घृण्णन्ति, here the doubled letters क्, ख्, ग् and घ् are यम

यय्—A grammatical abbreviation used to denote all consonants except the sibilants and the aspirate 'ह', P 8448

यय्—A grammatical abbreviation used to denote all the consonants except the aspirate 'ह', P 8445

यु (du.)—The short or long इ and उ P 6477

युक्तिसिद्ध—of न्यायसिद्ध

युग्म—सम, even

युवन्—The fourth or still lower descendant is known as युवन् if elder offspring of the same ancestor still lives of गोत्र P 41163

यू (du)—The long ई and ऊ, P 143

योग—(केवलव्यवशक्ति) A meaning based on the derivation or etymology. This is illustrated by the word like पाचक, a 'cook', where the meaning of the word is fully accounted for by its morphemic meaning

योगप्रमाण—The etymological meaning which is considered as authoritative, P 1255

योगरूढि—(समुदायावयवगतिसकर) A denotation of a word based on its derivative sense as well as the word as a whole. This is illustrated by the word पङ्कज, which means by the pure convention a lotus and this meaning is justified by the derivation पङ्क-जनि-कर्तृत्व 'mud-production-agent' = a thing that grows in mud. This word does not denote merely derivative sense like पाचक, because then it may mean anything that is born in mud (plants etc.). Therefore, the convention

supported by the derivation denotes the meaning lotus

योगवाह—of अयोगवाह

योगविभाग—To make two rules out of one

योग्यता—(1) Possibility of applying (a grammatical operation, opp to real application of it)

(2) Compatibility. The linguistic utterance, which forms the construction, is said to have compatibility when meanings conveyed by them are not inconsistent with each other. The utterance अभिना सिद्धति is not a construction, because it is incompatible, since it is impossible that अभिना (with fire) should be instrumental of action of sprinkling

यौगिकरूढ—A word which denotes two different meanings, one based on the derivation and the other based on the pure convention. It is illustrated by the word उद्भिद. It means according to derivation a tree or a bush that comes up after breaking (the earth). Again the word also means the sacrifice which is its pure conventional meaning irrespective of its derivative sense

रक्त—Coloured by nasalization (of vowels)

रक्षोहागमलच्चसंदेह (PI)—(The advantages derived from the study of grammar) the protection (of the वेद), modification (of the वैदिक मन्त्र), easy means (of acquiring the knowledge of words), absence of ambiguity and the authority (वेद), Mbh.

रघुनन्दनशिरोमणि—Author of a commentary on दुर्ग-सिंह's वृत्ति

रघुनाथ—Author of लघुभाष्य on the सारस्वत. A pupil of भट्टोजी दीक्षित, son of विनायक. Belongs to 17th century A D

रङ्ग—(Nasal) colour, nasalization (of vowels)

रङ्गनाथ-यज्वन्—Author of मञ्जरीकरन्द, a commentary on हरदत्त's पदमञ्जरी

रमाकान्त—Author of a commentary on काशीश्वर's गणपाठ of the सौपथ

रय्—A grammatical abbreviation used to denote all the consonants, except the semivowels य् and व्, P 1226

राग—(Nasal) colour, nasalization (of vowels)

राघवेन्द्राचार्य—Author of त्रिपथगा, a commentary on परिभाषेन्दुशेखर, विषयी, a commentary on शब्देन्दुशेखर and प्रभा, a commentary on वैयाकरणभूषणसार. His date is the first half of the 19th century A D

रामकृष्ण—Author of वैयाकरणसिद्धान्ततरत्नाकर, a commentary on सिद्धान्तकौमुदी

रामचन्द्र चक्रवर्ती— Author of a sub-commentary to श्रीपति¹⁸ supplement to कान्द

रामचन्द्र विद्याभूषण— Author of परिभाषावृत्ति (1688 A D) to मुग्धबोध

रामचन्द्र सरस्वती— Author of विवरण, a commentary on कैयट¹⁸ महाभाष्यप्रदीप

रामचन्द्रभट्ट तारे— Author of पाणिनिस्त्रवृत्ति

रामचन्द्राश्रम— Author of सिद्धान्तचन्द्रिका, a commentary on the सारस्वत, and its abridgment, लघुसिद्धान्तचन्द्रिका

रामतर्कवागीश— Commented on the मुग्धबोध and arranged the उणादिकोश alphabetically

रामदेव मिश्र— Author of वृत्तिप्रदीप, a commentary on the Kāśī. He flourished between 1058 and 1813 A D

रामनाथ— Author of कातन्त्र धातुवृत्ति

रामभट्ट— Author of विद्वत्प्रबोधिनी or रामभट्टी, a commentary on the सारस्वतप्रक्रिया. He was an आन्ध्र coming from तेलगण. Son of नरसिंह and कामा. His sons were लक्ष्मी-वर and जनार्दन

रामशर्मन्— Commented on मध्यसिद्धान्तकौमुदी

रामसेवक— Son of देवीदत्त. Author of महाभाष्यप्रदीपव्याख्या. His date is 1593-1643 A D

रामानन्द— Author of तत्त्वदीपिका, a commentary on सिद्धान्तकौमुदी. Son of मधुकर त्रिपाठी. His date is 1623 to 1663 A D.

रुद्रधर— Author of अष्टाध्यायीवृत्ति

रुढि— (केवलसमुदायशक्ति) A convention based on the word as a whole where it has nothing to do with its derivation or morphemic meaning. This is illustrated by the words like दित्य etc., i.e. proper nouns

रूपगोखामिन्— Pupil of चैतन्य (1484-1527 A D), author of हस्तिनामृत which employs the various names of राधा and कृष्ण and of their acts by way of illustrations and as technical terms

लक्ष्मणैकचक्षुष्क— Who is guided solely by the rules (of grammar)

लक्ष्मीनृसिंह— Wrote a commentary बिलस on सिद्धान्तकौमुदा

लक्ष्मीनृसिंह— Author of विशिखा, a commentary on परिभाषेन्दुशेखर

लक्ष्यतावच्छेदक— The definitive feature of the secondary meaning, the characteristic property of the secondary sense.

लक्ष्यैकचक्षुष्क— Who is guided solely by the forms of the language

लघु— The term for short vowel, P. 1.4.10. (A syllable

ble containing) a short vowel not followed by a consonant-group

लघुप्रयत्नतर— Having a lighter articulatory process, the half-elided य and व P 83.18

लघुमनोरमा— An anonymous commentary on सि कौमुदा

लघुसिद्धान्तचन्द्रिका— An abridgment of सिद्धान्तचन्द्रिका, both written by रामचन्द्राश्रम

लाघवगौरवचर्चा— The discussion which points out that the particular solution, out of various solutions, is adequate and advantageous because it is less complex and simpler and the other is not advantageous because it involves a heavy statement and is cumbersome

लिङ्ग— The word is used in the sense of mark, token (Up), characteristic (निरुक्त 1.17). From this the word came to mean the characteristic of the male or the organ of male, phallus, organ of generation, the sign of sex. Then it came to signify the grammatical gender

लिङ्गविशिष्ट— A form which is derived (from प्रिति-पदिक) by the addition of (an affix denoting) gender

लुक्— (Probably from the root लृञ् to tear off) The dropping out or disappearance of प्रत्यय¹⁸ or affixes of लोप

लुग्विकरण— Said of roots which have लृक् (zero morpheme i.e. disappearance) for their विकरण.

लुप्— पाणिनि uses this word in the sense of elision of suffixes, but this term is confined to the तद्धित section. In the case of the elision of a तद्धित suffix by the word 'लुप्', the gender and the number of the word formed with the suffix are the same as those of original word, P 1.2.51

लुमत्— The symbols containing the syllable लृ i.e. लृक्, लृप् and लृञ् (which are distinguished from लोप), P 1.1.63

लोकेशकार— Author of तत्त्वदीपिका (1683 A D), a commentary on सिद्धान्तचन्द्रिका

लोप— Dropping, elision, the term लोप is distinguished from the terms लृक्, लृप् and लृञ् which are only applicable to affixes, when लोप of an affix takes place, a blank is substituted, which exerts the same influence on the base as the affix itself, but when either लृक् or लृप् or लृञ् of an affix is enjoined, then the affix is not only dropped but it is also operative on the base, thus in the 1st plu. of कति, where जस् not only is dropped but it is also operative on the base, thus in the 1st plural of कति, where जस् is dropped by लृञ् the change of the final of the base to the गुण does not take place, i.e. both the affix and its effect on the

base are abolished, moreover, लेप् refers only to the last letter of an affix, whereas by लुक्, लुप् and लु the dropping of the whole affix is implied P 1160

लौकिकन्यायमूल—A maxim (परिभाषा) established on the basis of the practice of ordinary life

वगीवादन—Author of a commentary on गोयीचन्द्र's commentary on the सधितसार of रुमदाश्वर

वचन—(1) Word, speaking, mentioning then it came to mean in grammar the injunction of a teacher, rule (2) Number it is supposed that वचन as a technical term, was used with 'एक', 'द्वि' and 'बहु' and then separated from these and used as a generic term to denote the sense of number

वनमालिन—Author of मनोन्मजिनी, a commentary on वेयाकरणभूषण

वरदराज—Author of मध्यमिद्वान्तकौमुदी and लघुसिद्धान्तकौमुदी, abridgments of सिद्धान्तकौमुदा

वररुचि—An alms of कात्यायन

वर्णकाल—It is a generic term which is used to denote a whole family of sounds Mbh 111

वर्णसमास्नाय—Assemblage or aggregate of letters (mentioned at the beginning of पाणिनि's grammar)

वर्णस्फोट—The letters are the conveyer of the meaning According to वर्णस्फोट theory, a meaning is understood from suffixes such as ति or यु in पचति and रामेयु respectively In this way it is necessary to postulate that the suffixes and the stems convey the meaning

वर्णाश्रय—(A grammatical operation) which depends on the letter or letters (of the affix and not on the affix as such)

वर्तमाना—The name of the present (लट्) in the कतन्त्र system

वर्त्य—The projection behind the roots of teeth, the alveolar arch

वल्—A grammatical abbreviation used to denote all the consonants except the semivowel 'य'

वश्—A grammatical abbreviation used to denote the nasals, the soft unaspirates and soft aspirates, and the semivowels except 'य'

वस्तुतन्त्र—Referring to existing reality

वाक्यस्फोट—A sentence, the integral linguistic unit, is the conveyer of meaning It is very hard to discriminate what the two words are, in the expression 'दधीदम्' or in 'हेरेडव' So it is necessary to postulate that the sentence as a whole conveys the meaning

वाग्योगविद्—The learned grammarian (who uses the

right word in the right place), Mbh Lit the expression means one who knows the convention of words, the combination of stems and suffixes

वाच्यवाचकभाव—Relation between the denoted meaning and the word that denotes it

वामनाचार्य—Author of लिङ्गानुशासन

वारणावनेशशास्त्रिन—Author of a commentary, अमृतसूति on प्रक्रियाकौमुदी

वार्ण—(An operation) which concerns (a combination of) letters, (or which is taught in सवि-rule)

वार्तिक—कात्यायन's (वररुचि's) commentary on पाणिनि's अष्टायायी, just after the latter's composition These वार्तिक (notes) are of the same brevity as of the original work, but were fortunately soon made the subject of an extensive commentary (महाभाष्य) by पतञ्जलि The characteristic feature of a वार्तिक is criticism in regard to that which is omitted or imperfectly expressed in a सूत्र वार्तिक is defined by हेमचन्द्र as उक्तानुक्त-दुरुक्तार्थचिन्ताकारि तु वार्तिकम् The object of the वार्तिक is, on the one hand, to discuss such objections as might be raised to the rules of पाणिनि's grammar and, on the other hand, to justify पाणिनि without bias or prejudice, by defending him against ill founded criticism Where defence or justification of पाणिनि is impossible कात्यायन rejects the rule of पाणिनि

वासरूपविधि—The rule (P 3194) which prescribes that अपवाद suffix which is not uniform with उत्सर्ग suffix, supersedes the latter only optionally

वासुदेव दीक्षित वाजपेयिन—Author of बालमनोरमा, a commentary on सिद्धान्तकौमुदी Son of महादेव and अन्नपूर्णा, pupil of विश्वेश्वर He flourished between 1687-1738 A D

वासुदेवभट्ट—A pupil of चण्डीश्वर, author of सारस्वतप्रसाद, a commentary on सारस्वतप्रक्रिया (1588 A D)

वासुदेवशास्त्री अभ्यंकर—Author of तत्त्वादर्थ, a commentary on परिभाषेन्दुशेखर and गूढाभिप्राय, a commentary on लघुशब्देन्दुशेखर His date is 1863-1942 A D

विकरण—Producing a change, the term for the affix or conjugational characteristic which is placed between the root and terminations or between the last vowel and the following consonant of the root In the system of पाणिनि the विकरण are शप् (3168), शपो लुक् (2472), लु (2475), श्यप् (3169), थु (3173), शन (3177), श्रप् (3178), उ (3179), श्रा (3181), णिच् (3125), चिच् (3166), यक् (3167), च्लि (3143) [and the substitutes of च्लि, सिच् (3144), क्स (3145), चह् (3148), अह् (3152)], तासि and स्य (3133), सिप् (3134), आम् (3135), the first nine of which are added in the Pres, Impf, Imperative and Potential

and before ळ which contains a mute palatal ञ, in the case of active verbs, यद् is added in the case of कर्मणोऽन्तर्भावः passive or neuter, च्छि and its substitutes (सिच, ऋच, चड्, अड्, चिण्) are added in the Aorist, तामि in the first Future, स्य in the 2nd Future and Conditional and सिप् before लोट् (in the Subjunctive), आम् in the Perfect

विकार—Modification, variant

विकार्य (कर्म)—An object (कर्मकारक) which is changed from one state to another by the action of the agent is called विकार्य. It is chiefly of two kinds, when its previous form is completely destroyed by the action of the agent and when it is only modified by him, e.g. काष्ठं भस्म करोति (reduces fuel to ashes) and सुवर्णं कुण्डलं करोति (makes ear-rings out of gold). In the first example, the former form of fuel is totally destroyed while in the latter, gold is changed into a different form without destroying its nature

विकृतावयवनिबन्धनकार्य—A grammatical operation that depends on the part which has undergone a change.

विक्रम—The victory of विसर्ग before क, ख, प and फ

विच्छेद—The division of the medial non-nasal stop into two parts before a nasal, e.g. [Pad^{ma}], Vp. The division of non-nasal stop may mean the oral stop and its nasal release, e.g. [Pad^{ma}]

विज्जलभूपति—Author of प्रबोधचन्द्रिका, an elementary grammar. The illustrative examples are connected with the names of राम. He is the son of विक्रम and चन्द्रावती and belongs to चोहान race ruling at Patna.

विट्ठल—A commentator on the सारस्वत

विट्ठलाचार्य—Author of प्रसाद, a commentary on रामचन्द्र's प्रक्रियाकौमुदी. Son of वृषिहाचार्य and grandson of रामकृष्णाचार्य, father of लक्ष्मीवराचार्य. He cannot be later than 1525 A.D.

विद्यानाथ दीक्षित—Author of प्रक्रियारञ्जन, a commentary on रामचन्द्र's प्रक्रियाकौमुदी

विधि—It is the desire of the speaker to induce the hearer to do the intended things. In the popular example गमानय (bring a cow) addressed by the master to his servant, the desire of the speaker that the servant (addressee) may act to bring a cow (अयं गवानयने प्रवर्तताम्) is the विधि. It is same as शाब्दी भावना. Both the मीमांसक^s and the grammarians have agreed to the view on the basis of P.'s rule 3.3.161 that विधि or प्रेरणा is the primary meaning of the लिट्, लोट्, लृट् and लोट्

विधिप्रतिषेधशास्त्र—A grammatical rule prescribing सं इ. को. १४

what operation should be applicable and what should not be

विधेयविषय—(A maxim) concerning (only) that which is taught (in a grammatical rule)

विध्यङ्गभाव—'Becoming integral part of a grammatical rule'

विनयविजयगणिन्—Author of हेमलघुप्रक्रिया (1052 A.D.) and its commentary, हेमप्रकाश (1077 A.D.), pupil of कीर्तिविजयगणिन्

विप्रतिषेध—Conflict, conflict in the application of two rules of Pāṇini, when the two rules each of which has its proper 'domain' (of application), happen to become simultaneously applicable in certain instances without it being possible to let them take effect both at the same time, P. 1.4.2

विभज्यान्वाख्यान—Formation of a word out of its part, when that word is dissolved into all its constituents, Pbh. 49

विभाषा—The allowing rule to be optional, where there is a prohibition as well as an alternative course left open, P. 1.1.44

विभाषित—Admitting an alternative, optional, P.

विमलसरस्वती—Author of रूपमाला, a recast of अष्टाध्यायी. He flourished before 1350 A.D. भट्टोजी acknowledges his indebtedness to him in प्रौढमनोरमा

विरोधप्रतिसंघान—A grasp of the question which of the two conflicting rules that happen to become simultaneously applicable, ought to take place

विलम्बित—Reduced tempo.

विवक्षाधीनत्व—Fact (for a word-form) of being submitted to the intention (of the speaker even if contrary to a rule of grammar)

विवक्षार्थ—(A quality) meant to distinguish (a term from another)

विवक्षित—(A quality) assigned (to a term) for the purpose (of distinguishing it from another).

विवरण—(1) A commentary on कैयट^s महामाध्यप्रदीप, written by ईश्वरानन्द, the pupil of सत्यानन्द

(2) A commentary on कैयट^s महामाध्यप्रदीप written by नारायण

(3) A commentary on हेमचन्द्र^s लिङ्गानुशासन and उणादिसूत्र^s.

विवारमिच्छा—The letter which differs considerably in the degree of openness (or in quality)

विद्युत—The most open vowel

विवृति—A hiatus left between a final vowel and an initial vowel (a type of junction)

ते + आ = त आ तस्मे + इति = तस्मा इति

विशिष्टलिङ्ग—Word of a different gender, P 247

विशेषण—Qualifier, a natural application of the term 'qualifier' (in १ शब्दबोध) is to refer to what is expressed in the subject or what denotes the distinctive characteristic of the विशेष्य (qualified). Thus in the knowledge 'the tall man' height is a qualifier

विशेषवचन—A specific term opposed to the generic term (सामान्यवचन), P 83.74

विशेष्य—A natural application of the term qualified (विशेष्य) is to refer to what is expressed by the subject of the sentence or what stands as a leading concept in the शब्दबोध. In the knowledge 'भूतले घट' 'on the ground (is) a pot', pot is the qualified, while in the knowledge 'घटवद भूतलम्' 'pot-possessing (is) the ground', ground is the qualified

विशेष्यविशेषणभाव—Connection between the term qualifying and the term qualified

विश्वकर्मशास्त्रिन्—Author of व्याकृति, a commentary on प्रक्रियासौमुदी

विश्वनाथ दण्डिमह—A commentator of परिभाषेन्दुशेखर and बृहच्छब्देन्दुशेखर. A pupil of बालशास्त्री राजने

विश्वेश्वर—Author of व्याकरणसुवामहानिधि

विषयसप्तमी—Loc. of the domain concerned (that is, locative meaning in the domain of, opp to the परसप्तमी)

विष्णुशास्त्री भट—Author of चित्चन्द्रिका, a commentary on परिभाषेन्दुशेखर. He flourished in the 19th century A D

विष्णुशास्त्री मह—Author of विष्णुभट्टी, a commentary on परिभाषेन्दुशेखर

विष्णुमित्र—Author of क्षीरोदर, a commentary on पातञ्जलभाष्य

विष्णुमिश्र—Author of a commentary on the भूतप्रयोग of पद्मनाभ

विसर्ग—Voiceless ह (-h) which occurs primarily in final position

विसर्जनीय—of विसर्ग

वीरेश्वर—Son of शेषकृष्ण, the preceptor of भट्टोजी दीक्षित. Himself the preceptor of जगन्नाथ

वृत्—The word 'वृत्' employed at the end of the गणपाठ shows that the list in the गणपाठ is exhaustive and not merely illustrative

वृत्ति—(1) The power of expressing a sense different

from what was inherent originally in the word. When a word undergoes a वृत्ति or modification, it gains an additional sense. This additional sense always refers to something other than the original connotation of the word, to express the sense of another word by a different word is a वृत्ति

This वृत्ति is of five sorts I (1) कृत्, the process by which a primary noun is derived from a verbal root (2) तद्धित, the process by which a secondary noun is formed from a primitive noun (3) समास, the process by which two or more nouns are composed to form one noun (4) एरुशेष, the process by which one is retained to the exclusion of other nouns and the noun so retained denotes all the nouns so excluded (5) सनाद्यन्त धातु, the process by which a verb is formed from a noun and a derivative verb from a primitive verb, such as the Desiderative, the Causative, the Intensive, and the Denominative verbs कृच्छ्रित-यमासेरुशेषसनाद्यन्तधातुरूपा पञ्च वृत्तयः । परार्थमिधानं वृत्तिः । Sk II (1) Turning into something, paraphrasing Pāṇini's abstract formulation into syntactically complete and understandable sentences, as a designation of abstract procedure through which one expression or sound turns into another one (2) Method of composition, Mbh

वृत्तिरत्न—A commentary on Kāśikā Vṛtti on Pāṇini's Aśādhyaṣi

वृत्तिसमवायार्थ—[The letters mentioned in the first fourteen aphorisms] are intended for the grouping of letters suited to पाणिनि's method of composition

वृद्ध—The word that contains आ, ऐ, or औ (वृद्धि vowels) in the first syllable, P 1.1.72

वृद्धि—Increase, extension, (in grammar) vowels आ, ऐ, औ, P 1.1.1, the term वृद्धि corresponds to the Indo-European 3rd grade vowels (raised grade vowels)

वृषभदेव—Commentator of वाक्यपदीय

वैकृतध्वनि—The actual sound spoken by the speaker and heard by the listener. It includes all the various differences in intonation, tempo, pitch etc depending on individual speaker

वैखरी—A form of speech spoken by men. It is revealed by the air which passes to the region of the mouth from the region of the heart. This is fourth stage of gradual amplification of sound and is intelligible

वैद्यनाथ पायगुंडे—A pupil of नागोजी मह. He is also called बालभट्ट. He is the author of गदा on परिभाषेन्दुशेखर, चिदस्थिमाला, on शब्देन्दुशेखर, प्रभा, on शब्दकौस्तुभ, भावप्रकाशिका, on शब्दरत्न, छाया, on महाभाष्यप्रदीपोद्योत and कला, on वैयाकरणसिद्धान्तमञ्जूषा. The son of महादेव and

वेणी, and a protege of लक्ष्मीदेवी, wife of king चन्द्रसिंह of मिथिल

वैयधिकरण्य—Absence of co ordination of two elements (in a sentence or a compound word)

वैयर्थ्य—(Stud of a grammatical rule or operation) being without object or practical use

वैयाकरणाख्या—A technical term of grammar, P 637

व्यक्तिपक्ष—Alternative of (a word in a rule denoting) an individual

व्यक्तिस्फोट—The linguistic symbol, conveyer of meaning, is virtually particular or individual

व्यञ्जन—The term for consonant, those which manifest the meaning, the consonants rather than the vowels are responsible for the differentiation of meanings

व्यपदेशी—(A grammatical element) which has received special designation so far as the application to it of some grammatical operation is concerned

व्यपेक्षा—Mutual relation between the two meanings denoted by the words or the stem and suffix, the syntactical union of the words expressing two different ideas. व्यपेक्षा means syntactical union of the meanings of the words in the sentence where the individual meanings are kept separately which are mutually related to each other का पुन शब्दयोर्व्यपेक्षा न ब्रूम शब्दयोरिति । किं तर्हि ? अर्थयो । Mbh on P 211 नानाभूतयो पदार्थयोर्यो योग स व्यपेक्षा ।

व्यभिचार—The non-existence (of a grammatical combination) setting aside (of a maxim)

व्यर्थ—(1) Without purpose, meaningless, व्यर्थ सज्ज्ञापयति । Sk (2) Of different purposes (विभिन्ना अर्थयय), Kāty (Vārttika 59 on P 1264)

व्यवस्था—(1) Adoption (in grammar of one view or the other) according as it suits the forms (that have to be made up by the rule)

(2) A relation in time or space P 1134, the fixed limit with regard to their own meaning, स्वाभि-
वेयावधिनियमो व्यवस्था Sk, order, arrangement, class

व्यवस्थितविभाषा—Stud of a rule in which the operations are optional (not in the ordinary manner) so that the operation must take place in particular instances, while in others, it is not allowed to take place

व्याकरणदुर्घटोद्घाट—A commentary by केशवदेव पञ्चानन-
भट्टाचार्य on the commentary of गोपीचन्द्र on सक्षितसार

व्याख्यान—(1) A commentary by रुसिंह on प्रक्रियाकौमुदी
(2) A learned interpretation (of a rule) which

gives example, counter example for the clear explanation of the text and which paraphrases the text by filling up ellipsis so that abstract formulation in the text would be syntactically complete

व्याडि—Author of समग्र, a basis for पतञ्जलि's महाभाष्य परिभाषा are also ascribed to him He is later than पाणिनि

व्यापार—Operation, activity, that which produces a result.

व्यापारविशेष्यक (शब्दबोध)—(A semantic paraphrase of a sentence) where the meaning-activity (denoted by the root) stands qualificand (in respect to other meanings which stand qualifiers) This is the view of the grammarians according to whom the meaning of activity denoted by the root should be considered as a leading concept in verbal cognition of वाच्यमुद्ध्यविशेष्यक

व्युपध—That which has इ or ई, उ or ऊ as its penultimate, P 1226

शक्यतावच्छेदक—The distinctive feature of the denoted meaning, the characteristic property of the denoted or primary meaning

शङ्कर—Commentator of पुरुषोत्तमदेव's महाभाष्यलघुवृत्ति

शङ्करशास्त्री मारुलकर—Author of a commentary शङ्करी on वैयाकरणभूषणसार His date is 1878-1958 A D

शब्दब्रह्म—Revered sound identified with the supreme, it is featureless, intellectual in essence and possesses the characteristics which are favourable to cosmic creation

शब्दमहार्णवव्यास—An anonymous commentary on हेमचन्द्र's बृहद्वाचि

शब्दरसार्णव—An anonymous commentary on सिद्धान्त-
कौमुदी

शब्दसागर—An anonymous commentary on सिद्धान्तकौमुदी

शब्दानुशासन—The science of grammar wherein the derivation of words is explained, Mbh

शङ्—A grammatical abbreviation used to denote the sibilants

शर्ववर्मन्—Founder of वातन्त्र or कात्यप or कौमार school Patronized by सानवाहन

शाकटायन—(1) Credited with the authorship of उणादिसूत्र's and कृत्प्रकरण in the वातन्त्र He is mentioned by पाणिनि

(2) Author of अमोघवृत्ति, शब्दानुशासन, परिभाषासूत्र's, गणपाठ, धातुपाठ and लिङ्गानुशासन Many of his सूत्र's are same as those of पाणिनि's He flourished between 817 and 877 A. D.

शाकल्य—(1) An ancient grammarian mentioned by P 8 4 51 (2) A constator of पदपाठ

शान्तनवाचार्य—Author of किदसूत्र⁸ He is later than पाणिनि

शब्दबोध—Apprehension of meaning of words, verbal knowledge the term later came to mean an interpretation or paraphrase of a morphemic or syntactic construction into another linguistic expression The expansion or paraphrase of linguistic utterance is called शब्दबोध which resolves all ambiguity of statement by determining the exact relationship between the meaning denoted by morpheme or morphemic sequences by the way of elaboration of the general idea of a sentence is purported to be interpreted by a particular school

शब्दी भावना—It is the speaker's desire to induce the hearer to do what he intends him to do In Vedas which are believed to be अपोरोक्ष्य (self-revealed), the speaker's desire cannot be the शब्दी भावना except the potency of the विधिशब्द in the injunction Hence it is called शब्द (pertaining to विधिशब्द) This is denoted by the terminations like विधिलिङ् (Optative), लेट् (Imperative), तव्य (Potential participle) and लेट् (Subjunctive)

शब्दी योग्यता—Compatibility of words A linguistic utterance is said to have compatibility when that is grammatically capable to convey the idea which is intended to be spoken The sentence जल घटं सिञ्चति lacks the compatibility, because the linguistic unit जलम् is grammatically incapable to convey the idea that water is instrument of action of sprinkling In the absence of compatibility the linguistic utterance does not form a construction

शास्त्रप्रक्रियास्मरणपूर्वकप्रयोग—The employment of words after due remembrance of the process of grammatical formation (and the rules which apply to that form)

शिवनारायणशास्त्रिन्—Author of विजया, a commentary on लघुशब्देन्दुशेखर

शिवभट्ट—Author of कुङ्कुमविलास, a commentary on हरदत्त⁸ पदमञ्जरी

शिवराम चक्रवर्ती—Author of a subcommentary to श्रीपति's supplement to कातन्त्र

शिवरामेन्द्र सरस्वती—Commentator of पातञ्जलमहाभाष्य and सिद्धान्तकौमुदी

शीघ्रोपस्थितिकत्व—(Said of a grammatical rule) being more immediately present (to the mind than another rule).

शुद्ध—Pure non-nasalized vowels.

शेषकृष्ण—Author of प्रक्रियाप्रकाश, a commentary on प्रक्रियाकौमुदी, the preceptor of भट्टोजी दीक्षित He must be placed in 1600 A D

शेषनारायण—Author of सूक्तिरत्नाकर, a commentary on पातञ्जल महाभाष्य

शेषविष्णु—Author of महाभाष्यप्रकाशिका, a commentary on महाभाष्य Son of महादेवसूरि and grandson of कृष्णसूरि His date ranges from 1543 to 1593 A D

शेषशर्मन्—A commentator of परिभाषेन्दुशेखर

श्चु.—The letters श्, च्, छ्, ज्, झ्, ञ्, P 8 4 40

श्रीधर—Author of श्रीवरी, a commentary on लघुशब्देन्दुशेखर

श्रीधर चक्रवर्तिन्—A commentator on the सौपद्य

श्रीपति—Author of a supplement to the कातन्त्र

श्रीवल्लभवाचनाचार्य—Author of दुर्गपदप्रबोध (1605 A D), a commentary on हेमचन्द्र's लिट्यानुशासन

श्रोत्रोपलब्धि—(A word) which is heard by the ear, Mbh 1 1 1

श्रौत—Read in a grammatical rule, actually enunciated

श्रौतस्थान्यादेशभाव—The relation between substitute and that which is substituted when that relation is actually stated in a rule by way of enunciation (of substitute and that which is substituted), Pbh 11

श्रुत्यबन्ध—The laxity of junction

श्रु—पाणिनि uses this term in the sense of elision of suffix which is confined to the elision of the विकरण and the reduplication of the root in the case of जुहोत्यादिगण (the roots of 3rd conjugation) where 'श्' has been added to छ for सार्वधातुकसंज्ञा

श्वस्तनी—The name of the Periphrastic future (लुट्) in the कृतन्त्र system

षट्—A technical term for numerals ending in ष् and ण् and the words ending in the इति suffix like कति, P 1 1 24-25

ष्टु—The letters ष्, ट्, ड्, ङ्, ढ्, ण्, P 8 4 41.

संयोग—Conjunction, consonant group

संयोगान्त—The grammatical unit which ends in a double consonant, P 8 2 23

संविज्ञात—A conventional name, in grammar रुढ

संवृत—A relatively closer vowel

संस्कारवेला—Time when (the crude form of) a word is liable to undergo a grammatical operation

संहिता (सम् + धा)—Putting together, conjunction, connection, union, Tup

In the प्रतिशाख्य⁸ it is used in the sense of सहित text (as treated according to euphonic rules) as opposed to the पद text, the modifications caused by the utmost juxtaposition of letters (a sense in which the word संधि is used) According to पाणिनि the word is used in the sense of the preparatory state to the actual junction, then the junction of letters according to euphonic letters, P 1 1 17

सकर्मक—Transitive root, when the action and the result reside in the different substrata the root is transitive, e g the root पच् is सकर्मक because the action favourable for cooking resides in the agent while the result विकृति (softening) resides in object, फलव्यापारयो भिन्न-निष्ठताया धातु सकर्मकः ।

संकेत—A tacit agreement that such and such a word denotes such and such a meaning This agreement owes its origin to popular usage or grammar or dictionaries The relation between the word and the meaning is not due to any intrinsic motivation but it is established by convention, which is but an assumed relationship between the words and their meanings, अस्माच्छब्दादयमर्थो बोद्धव्य इतीच्छा संकेत ।

संक्रम—The term is used to denote the sense of weak endings, इहान्ये वैयाकरणा मृजेरजादौ सक्रमे विभाषावृद्धिसारभन्ते । परिमृजन्ति । परिमार्जन्ति । Mbh 1 1 3, सक्रमो नाम गुणवृद्धि-विषयप्रतिषेध । Kāś

संख्या—The numerals (एक, द्वि etc), the words बहु and गण, the words ending in the तद्धित suffixes बहु and उति (यावत्, तावत्, कति etc) are known as संख्या

संचारित्व—Being made use of (in the sphere of a grammatical rule)

संज्ञापूर्वक—(A grammatical rule) containing a conventional term

सत्—The name of the present participle suffixes शत् and शानत् in the system of पाणिनि, P 3 2 127

सत्त्व—Substance It is principal in a noun and action is subordinate This is based on the theory that nouns are root-born (धातुजानि नामानि)

सदानन्द—Author of सुबोधिनी, a commentary on सागरस्वत

सदाशिव मित्र—Author of गूढार्थदीपिनी

संतान—Euphonic combination according to Tup

संधान—An additional syllable added in the पदपाठ makes the सहितापाठ It is called संधान, e g इषे + त्वा = इषे त्वा ।

संधि—A juxtaposition of letters, Ry Pr, the modification caused by the juxtaposition of letters, euphonic junction of final and initial letters in grammar.

संभ्यक्षर—Combination of letters or compound vowels or diphthongs, ए, ओ, ऐ, औ

सपादसप्ताध्यायी—Contained in Pān. I to VII, VIII-1, (that is, the first seven अध्याय⁸ and the first पाद of the eighth as opposed to त्रिपादी)

सप्तमी—The name of the Potential (विविलिङ्) used by the कान्त्र system, as with the exclusion of Vedic Subjunctive

समकालप्राप्तबहिरङ्ग—A बहिरङ्ग rule of open throat which applies simultaneously with the अन्तरङ्ग rule of operation

समन्तभद्र—Author of a टिप्पणी on यशवर्मन्²³ चिन्तामणि, which is a commentary on शाकटायन²³ शब्दानुशासन

समभिव्याहार—An adjunct (of an affix to a word)

समर्थ—(1) Of the same purpose, (समात्रोऽर्थो येषाम्), having become of one purpose

(2) Furnished with purpose (अर्थेन सहितं), not superfluous, capable of fulfilling a certain purpose

समवायः—The grouping of letters in particular order समवाय वर्णानामनुपव्येण सन्निवेश । Mbh

समानकर्तृक—(The root or the action) which has the same agent, P 3 1 7

समानपद—The same word, P 8 4 1

समानाक्षर—A simple vowel (short or long opp to संभ्यक्षर or diphthong) १ ए, अ, इ, उ, ऋ, ॡ

समुदायावयवशक्तिसकर—of योगवृद्धि

संप्रदान—(1) That form of कारक which is desired (by the agent) to be the recipient of the fruit of ownership (स्वत्व) pertaining to the object of the root दा (to give) B 1 4 32

(2) According to कान्तायन, the कारक which the agent desires to connect with the action, is also संप्रदान, पत्ये शेते

(3) A person who is the object (उद्देश) of the desire उद्देश्य चतुर्थर्थ । वै भ

संप्रसारण—Spread out The phenomenon संप्रसारण occurs when the semivowels य, व, र, ॠ plus syllabicity alter with इ, उ, ऋ, ॡ respectively The idea is that य, व, र, ॠ plus syllabicity contain इ, उ, ऋ, ॡ in a condensed form, but when they are fully spread out इ, उ, ऋ, ॡ make their appearance in the place of य, व, र, ॠ The term implies both the processes and alternates according to पाणिनि

सर्वनामन्—This is an old term and is found from आपस्तम्ब 7 वर्मसूत्र onwards Mbh (1 1 27) explains the significance of the term thus the term which has universal

applicability Nouns and adjectives are restricted in their application to certain objects, a pronoun may be used indifferently पाणिनि does not define this term semantically but usually simply enumerates pronouns in his गणपठ P 1 1 27

सर्वनामस्थान—The strong endings सु, ओ, जस्, अम् and औद् in the case of masculine and feminine and जस् and शस् in the case of neuter are named सर्वनामस्थान It is a significant term because before weak endings the stem suffers loss or reduction in some of its parts, while before strong endings the stem remains with all the parts intact, P 1 1 42, 43

सर्वपदार्थप्रधान—(A द्वन्द्व compound) where the meanings denoted by the members of a compound are of an equal importance

सर्वेश्वर दीक्षित—Author of महाभाष्यस्कृति, a commentary on महाभाष्य

सवर्ण—A letter belonging to the same group, which is of equal effort in the mouth, P 1 1 9, a letter which has the same place of articulation and which has the same organ of articulation homo organic sounds

सहजकीर्ति—A pupil of हेमचन्द्रगणिक of खरतरगन्ध Author of सारस्वतप्रक्रियावार्तिक (1623 A. D.)

सागमक—(A grammatical element) to which the argument is attached

सापेक्ष—(A member of the compound) having an expectancy of another word that is outside the compound

When a member of the compound is expectant of another word outside the compound, a compound is not formed The expression 'महन् कष्टं भिन' does not form the compound 'कष्टं भिन' because the member 'कष्टम्' has an expectancy of another word 'महत्' which is outside the compound The सापेक्ष word is treated as असमर्थ and in absence of सामर्थ्य a compound is not formed सापेक्षमसमर्थवत्।

सापेक्षधर्मौ—(dual) Mutually dependent properties

सामन्वित—The word ending in the vocative case which is called आमन्त्रित P 2 3 48

सामर्थ्य—The syntactical expectancy of another word to complete the sense, mutual relation of two words, reciprocal expectancy of meaning (संप्रक्षितार्थ समर्थ, सबद्धार्थ समर्थ = व्यपेक्षा-लक्षणसामर्थ्य), the oneness of meanings, unity of meanings (सगतार्थ समर्थ, ससृष्टार्थ समर्थ = एकार्थी-भावलक्षणसामर्थ्यम्) यदा तावदेकार्थाभाव सामर्थ्यं तदैवं विग्रहं ऋरिष्यते, सगतार्थ समर्थ, ससृष्टार्थ समर्थ इति। एकीभूतमिति गम्यते। M. B. on P 2 1 1 In the absence of सामर्थ्य (mutual connection) a compound is not formed The expression 'भायो राज्ञः, पुरुषो देवदत्तस्य' does not

form the compound 'राजपुरुष' because the two members 'राज्ञः' and 'पुरुष' are not mutually connected with each other

सामवश सन्धि—Lengthening of a short vowel for the sake of requirements of metre

सामान्यवचन—Expressing a common property, P 2 1 55 Expressing a general wider notion, P 3 4 5

सामान्याप्रयोग—Non employment of a word denoting the sense of a common property (between उपमेय and उपमान) P 2 1 56, e. g. in the sentence पुरुषो व्याघ्र इव (a person as if a tiger) the common property (strong-शूर) is dropped

सारसिद्धान्तकौमुदी—An abridgment of सिद्धान्तकौमुदी by वरदराज.

सारस्वत व्यूढमिश्र—Author of बालबोध, a commentary on सिद्धान्तकौमुदी

सार्थक—Said of a grammatical rule 'serving a purpose', Pbh 59

सार्धधातुक—All verbal endings (तिङ् suffixes) and all affixes with an indicatory letter 'श्', P 3 4 113 In ancient times the विकरण was regarded as part and parcel of the root, so those endings before which the विकरण was preserved were known as सार्धधातुक endings, because the endings were added to the entire root

सावकाश—(A grammatical rule) possessing a scope.

सिद्धा—A primitive original base

सिद्धान्तकौमुदी—Written by मट्टोजी दीक्षित, modelled on प्रक्रियाकौमुदी and presumably हेमचन्द्रानुशासन. The work has outlasted पाणिनि himself It was written in the earlier half of the 17th century A. D.

सिद्धान्तरत्न—A commentary on सारस्वत, written by जिनेन्द्र or जिनरत्न

सिद्धान्त्येकदिन—One who is only partially acquainted with the true state of case Pbh 418

सीरदेव—Author of a treatise on परिभाषा, named परिभाषावृत्ति

सुद—It is a grammatical formula (प्रत्याहार) denoting the first five case endings सु, ओ, जस्, अम्, औद्, P 1 1 43

सुधाञ्जन—An anonymous commentary on सिद्धान्तकौमुदी

सुबोधिका—A commentary on सारस्वतप्रक्रिया It is ascribed to (1) अमृतभारती, a pupil of अमलसरस्वती (2) विश्वेश्वरादि, a pupil of अद्वयसरस्वती and (3) सत्यप्रबोध-भट्टारक, a pupil of ब्रह्मसागरमुनि The work was written before 1497 A. D.

सेनक—An ancient grammarian mentioned by P 54112

सोमदेव—Author of शब्दार्णवचन्द्रिका, a commentary on जैनेन्द्रव्याकरण. He was an inhabitant of अजुरिका (modern आजरे) and contemporary of शिलाहार राजा II

सोष्मन्—Having aspiration, aspirated (such of the sounds ख, घ, छ, झ, ट, ड, थ, द, त, प, फ, भ, of the sibilants and ह)

सोष्मघोषिन्—The syllables घ, झ, ढ, ध, भ

सौत्राक्षर—Letters found in the rules of पाणिनि

स्तु—The letters स, त्र, य, द, व, न, P 8440

स्त्याख्य—That which denotes the name of female, the word which has the feminine gender (having no masculine gender) P 143

स्थान—That which is approached, the place or origin of utterance, the point of articulation of any sound [said to be 8 in number, viz कण्ठ (throat), तालु (palate), ओष्ठ (lips), मूर्धन्य (top of palate), दन्त (teeth), कण्ठतालु (throat and palate), कण्ठोष्ठ (throat and lips), दन्तोष्ठ (teeth and lips) to which are added नासिका 'nose' and उरस् 'chest']

स्थानी—That which should be in the place, but is not there, the original form or primitive element of a word in place of which something else is substituted स्थानी हि नाम यो भूवा न भवति। Mbh on P 1155

स्थानेयोगा—(The genitive case) that which assumes the peculiar relation of 'instead', (the genitive case) which designates that for which something is substituted, e.g. इक = इक स्थाने (in the place of इक्), P 1140

स्थिरमति—He translated the चान्द्र texts into Tibetan language

स्पर्श—(1) Contact sound or mute. These are the 5 वर्ग from क to प

(2) Maximal closure which provides the criterion for the category of stops.

स्पृष्ट—Formed by complete contact of the organs of utterance (applied to all consonants except semivowels, sibilants and ह)

स्फोट—(1) As described by पतञ्जलि, स्फोट may be a single letter or a fixed combination of letters, it remains constant and is not affected by the peculiarities of the individual speaker. It is the permanent element and unchanging and is manifested by ephemeral ध्वनि uttered by the speaker and heard by the listener

(2) According to मर्तुहरि, it is the integral linguistic

symbol which is the conveyor of meaning, but which cannot be pronounced or written. It is something analogous to linguistic sign. It is considered as a timeless and indivisible symbol denoting a meaning, revealed by means of the articulated sounds used in a time series pattern.

(3) According to Indian grammarians, the word cannot be analysed into its component letters, but that over and above these, there is an indivisible something, which forms the essence of the word and that is denominated as स्फोट. The reasons given for this belief are that the individual letters do not occur simultaneously, and consequently when one letter is being pronounced other has ceased to exist.

स्फोटन—The separation of certain conjunct consonants by the insertion of an audible vocal sound—Vik P

स्फोटायन—An ancient grammarian mentioned by P 61123

स्वरभक्ति—Vowel-separation, a vowel sound phonetically inserted between र or लृ and a following consonant (e.g. वर्प is pronounced as वरिप)

स्वरित—A compound tone. It begins at the level of उदात्त and the rest is at the level of the अनुदात्त. In a given register a syllable with falling tone is स्वरित. Generally the first half of स्वरित is उदात्त.

स्वरूपसत्—(A term in a grammatical operation) being present in the form (of a particular case), Pbh 37

स्वरूपानुपमर्द—Without violating the form

स्वार्थिका—The suffixes which do not convey any particular meaning of their own but leave the meaning which is conveyed by the original base (to which they are added) unchanged.

हंसविजयगणिन्—Author of शब्दार्णवचन्द्रिका, a commentary on the introductory verses of सारस्वतप्रक्रिया. Pupil of विजयानन्द. He flourished in c. 1650 A.D.

हनुमूल—The root of the jaw

हरदत्त—Author of पदमञ्जरी, a commentary on the काशिका. Son of पद्मकुमार or रत्नकुमार. Younger brother of अमिकुमार. Pupil of अपराजित. A native of the Tamil country, acquainted with Telugu literature and gives an instance of a vernacular word. He probably flourished in 1100 A.D.

हरिनाथ—Author of अकाण्डताण्डव, a commentary on परिभाषेन्दुशेखर.

हरिदीक्षित—Author of बृहच्छ्रवण and लघुशब्दरत्न. Preceptor of Nāgoji Bhatta.

हरिनामासुत—(1) Written by रूपगोस्वामिन

(2) Written by जावगोस्वामिन

हरिराम—Author of महाभाष्यप्रदीपव्याख्या, a commentary on केयट^२ महाभाष्यप्रदीप

हरिवल्लभ—Author of दर्पणा, a commentary on शब्दकौस्तुभ and of लघुभूषणतन्त्रि, on वैयाकरणभूषणसार

हर्षकीर्ति—Author of धातुपाठ for the सारस्वत school, and a commentary on it, called तरङ्गिणी. A pupil of चन्द्रकीर्ति, himself the author of a commentary, दोषिका or सुबोधिका. Since हर्षकीर्ति informs that his preceptor was honoured by Sāhi Salem (1545-1553 A D), the emperor of Delhi, his date is c. 1560 A D

हल्—A grammatical abbreviation used to denote all the consonants, P 133

हश्—A grammatical abbreviation used to denote the nasal, the soft aspirates and unspirited, the semi-vowels and the aspirate 'ह' P 83 17

हेतु—(1) The agent of the causal verb, P 1455

(2) Anything capable of accomplishing the desired object is called हेतु, where the thing produced is a

substance or a quality or an action. The difference between the करण and हेतु is as follows: the करण is invariably associated with the action, but हेतु is not necessarily connected with it, e.g. दण्डेन घट. A pot made by the stick where the stick is हेतु

हेतुहेतुमद्भाव—Relation of instigator (independent agent of action, प्रयोजक) and instigated (dependent agent of action, प्रयोज्य)

हेमचन्द्र—Born on कार्तिकपौर्णिमा (1088 or 1089 Nov or Dec) at धुन्दुरु in गुजरात. Parents चचिंग and पहिति. Died at the age of 84. Author of शब्दानुशासन, शब्दानुशासन-वृहद्वृत्ति, लघुवृत्तिशब्दानुशासनरहस्य and व्याश्रयमहाकाव्य (resembling भट्टिकाव्य)

हेमहंसविजयगणिन्—Author of न्यायार्थमञ्जूषा (1457 A D), a commentary on परिभाषा^३ used in हेमचन्द्र^३ शब्दानुशासन

हेलाराज—Commentator of वाक्यपदीय

ह्यस्तन—The name of the Imperfect (लङ्) used by the कतन्त grammar and Mbl^४ (ed Kaelhorn, vol II p 57, II 4-5)

ह्रस्व—A short vowel

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